

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.1-Binomial/1.1.6-Improper-linear-
binomial/82-1.1.6.4

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3.112	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^7} dx$	853
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3.117	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	904
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3.124	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$	955
3.125	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$	963
3.126	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	972
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3.134	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$	1054
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3.136	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$	1073
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3.138	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$	1090
3.139	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	1097
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3.189	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	1460
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3.194	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1498
3.195	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1506
3.196	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1513
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3.198	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1526
3.199	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	1533

3.200	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx$	1540
3.201	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx$	1547
3.202	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx$	1554
3.203	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx$	1561
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3.208	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1593
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3.210	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1604
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3.225	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1702
3.226	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1708
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3.231	$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2) dx$	1749
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3.234	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx$	1766
3.235	$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx$	1772
3.236	$\int (ex)^{1+p} (2b + 3cx) (bx + cx^2)^p dx$	1779
3.237	$\int x^2 (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$	1784
3.238	$\int x (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$	1792
3.239	$\int (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$	1799
3.240	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} dx$	1805
3.241	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} dx$	1811
3.242	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^3} dx$	1817
3.243	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^4} dx$	1823
3.244	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^5} dx$	1830
3.245	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^6} dx$	1837
3.246	$\int x^2 (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx$	1845
3.247	$\int x (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx$	1856
3.248	$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx$	1866
3.249	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	1873
3.250	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	1880
3.251	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	1886
3.252	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	1892
3.253	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	1898
3.254	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	1904
3.255	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	1911
3.256	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$	1918
3.257	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$	1926
3.258	$\int x^2 (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx$	1934
3.259	$\int x (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx$	1951
3.260	$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx$	1966
3.261	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	1973
3.262	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	1983
3.263	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	1991

3.264	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$	1998
3.265	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$	2005
3.266	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$	2011
3.267	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$	2018
3.268	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$	2026
3.269	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$	2033
3.270	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	2040
3.271	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$	2048
3.272	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$	2056
3.273	$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2065
3.274	$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2072
3.275	$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2079
3.276	$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2085
3.277	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2091
3.278	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2096
3.279	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2102
3.280	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2108
3.281	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2115
3.282	$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2123
3.283	$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2130
3.284	$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2136
3.285	$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2142
3.286	$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2147
3.287	$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2153
3.288	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2160
3.289	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2166
3.290	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2174
3.291	$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2183
3.292	$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2190
3.293	$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2196
3.294	$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2202

3.295	$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2207
3.296	$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2213
3.297	$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2220
3.298	$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2228
3.299	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2238
3.300	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2245
3.301	$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	2259
3.302	$\int \sqrt{ex}(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	2270
3.303	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2279
3.304	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2287
3.305	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2294
3.306	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2301
3.307	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2308
3.308	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2313
3.309	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2319
3.310	$\int \sqrt{ex}(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx$	2326
3.311	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2344
3.312	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2358
3.313	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2369
3.314	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2377
3.315	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2384
3.316	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2391
3.317	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2398
3.318	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx$	2405
3.319	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx$	2411
3.320	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx$	2418
3.321	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2425
3.322	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2442
3.323	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2456

3.324	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2467
3.325	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2475
3.326	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx$	2483
3.327	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx$	2492
3.328	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx$	2501
3.329	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx$	2509
3.330	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx$	2515
3.331	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx$	2522
3.332	$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2529
3.333	$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2538
3.334	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2546
3.335	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2553
3.336	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2559
3.337	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2565
3.338	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2570
3.339	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2576
3.340	$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2582
3.341	$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2590
3.342	$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2597
3.343	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2603
3.344	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2608
3.345	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2614
3.346	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{3/2}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2621
3.347	$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2629
3.348	$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2638
3.349	$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2646
3.350	$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2653
3.351	$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2658
3.352	$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2664

3.353	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2671
3.354	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2678
3.355	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2686
3.356	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^3 dx$	2696
3.357	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^2 dx$	2704
3.358	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3) dx$	2711
3.359	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	2717
3.360	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx$	2722
3.361	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx$	2728
3.362	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^p dx$	2734
3.363	$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b+3cx)(ax^2+bx^3)^p dx$	2741
3.364	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3 dx$	2747
3.365	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2 dx$	2757
3.366	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n}) dx$	2767
3.367	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx$	2774
3.368	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx$	2780
3.369	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx$	2786
3.370	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx$	2792
3.371	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx$	2798
3.372	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx$	2804
3.373	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} dx$	2810
3.374	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx$	2816
3.375	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx$	2822
3.376	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^p dx$	2828
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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [376]. This is test number [82].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (376)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	100.00 (376)	0.00 (0)
Maple	94.95 (357)	5.05 (19)
Fricas	94.95 (357)	5.05 (19)
Reduce	94.95 (357)	5.05 (19)
Giac	92.29 (347)	7.71 (29)
Maxima	60.90 (229)	39.10 (147)
Mupad	53.72 (202)	46.28 (174)
Sympy	33.51 (126)	66.49 (250)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

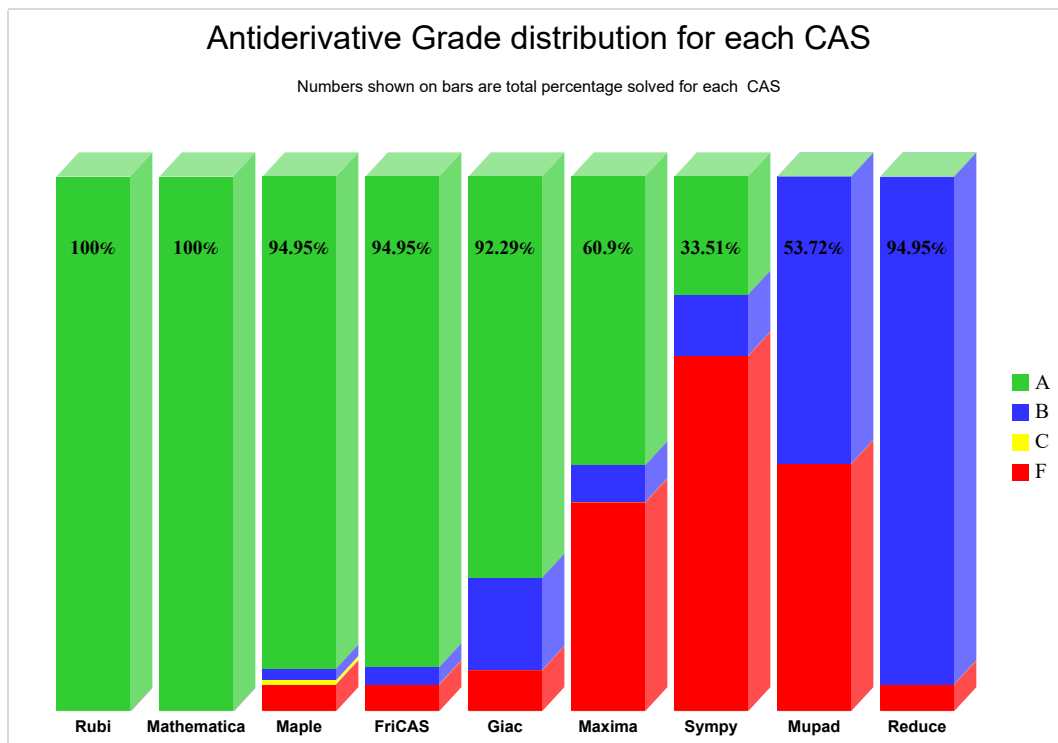
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

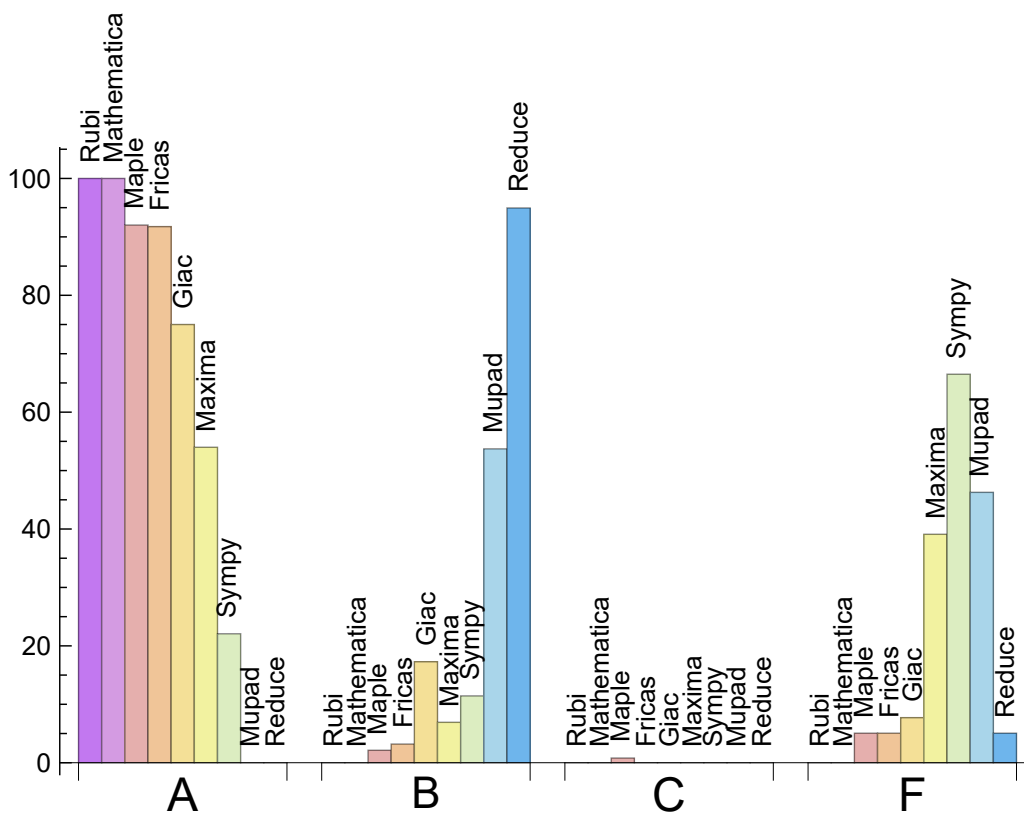
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	100.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mathematica	100.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Maple	92.021	2.128	0.798	5.053
Fricas	91.755	3.191	0.000	5.053
Giac	75.000	17.287	0.000	7.713
Maxima	53.989	6.915	0.000	39.096
Sympy	22.074	11.436	0.000	66.489
Mupad	0.000	53.723	0.000	46.277
Reduce	0.000	94.947	0.000	5.053

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	19	68.42	0.00	31.58
Maple	19	100.00	0.00	0.00
Reduce	19	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	29	93.10	6.90	0.00
Maxima	147	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	174	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	250	85.60	14.40	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.04
Fricas	0.10
Giac	0.19
Mathematica	0.20
Reduce	0.21
Rubi	0.46
Maple	0.75
Mupad	4.93
Sympy	6.85

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Maple	93.27	0.83	78.00	0.76
Mathematica	93.86	0.83	86.00	0.84
Mupad	113.07	1.15	80.50	0.93
Rubi	116.93	1.00	109.00	1.00
Maxima	127.44	1.21	97.00	1.07
Reduce	146.83	1.25	133.00	1.12
Fricas	180.43	1.49	152.00	1.45
Giac	183.71	1.52	125.00	1.05
Sympy	482.60	4.50	93.50	1.31

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

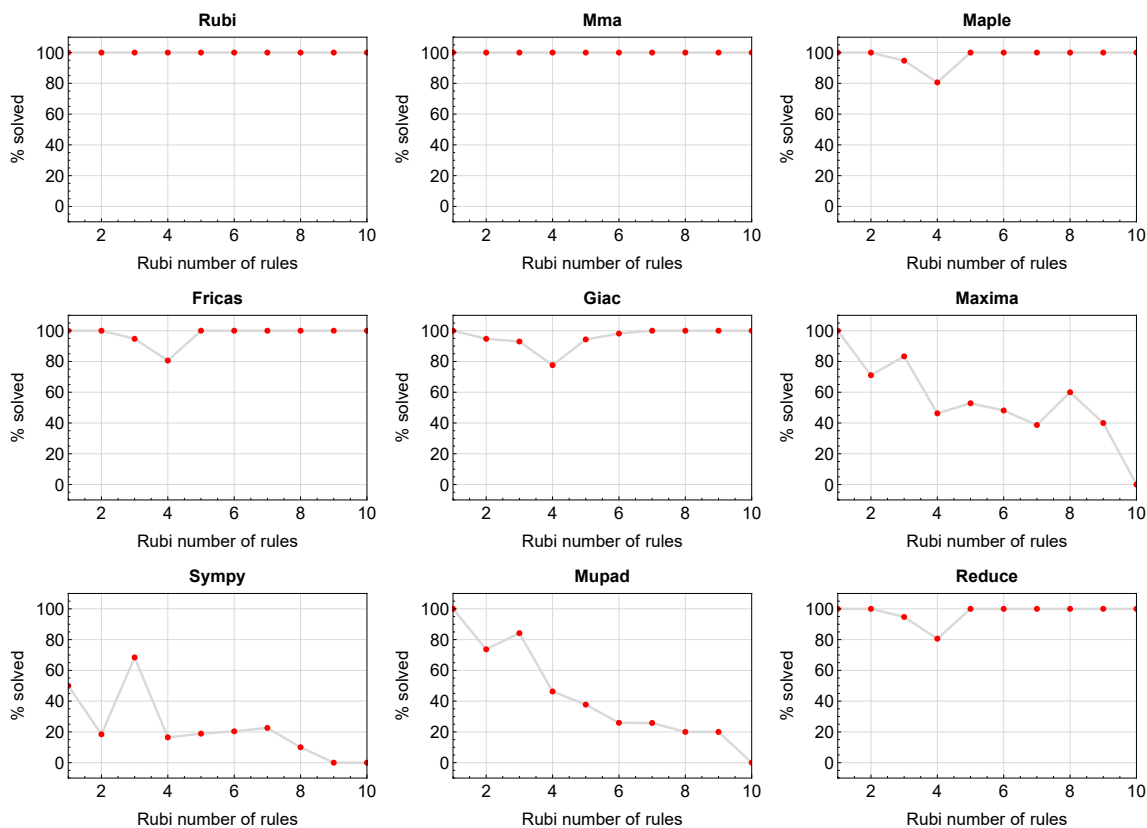


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

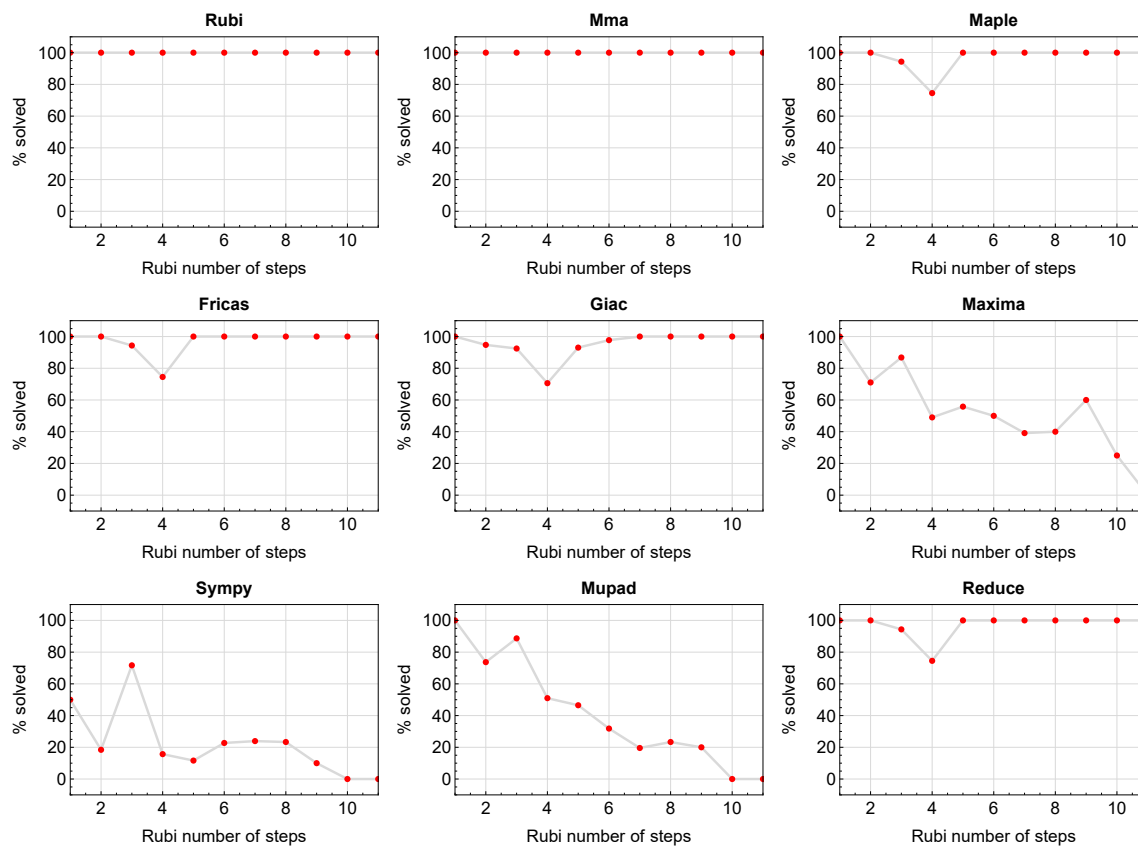


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

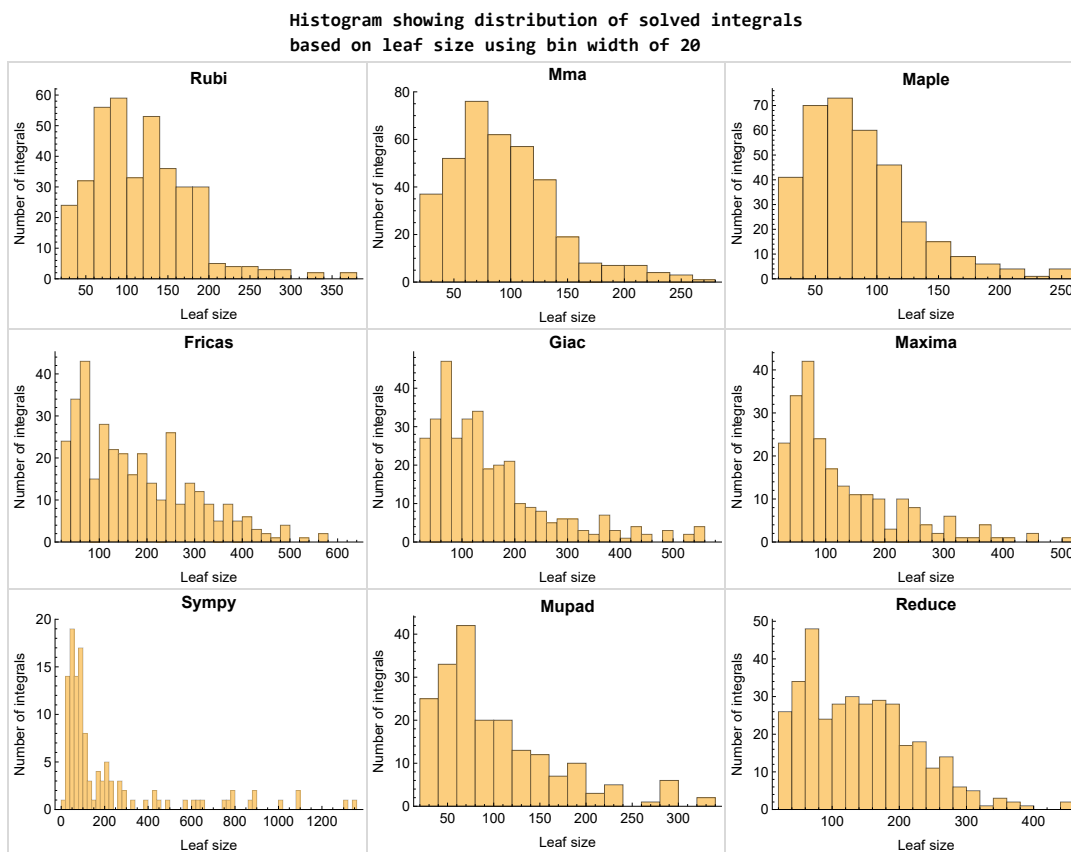


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

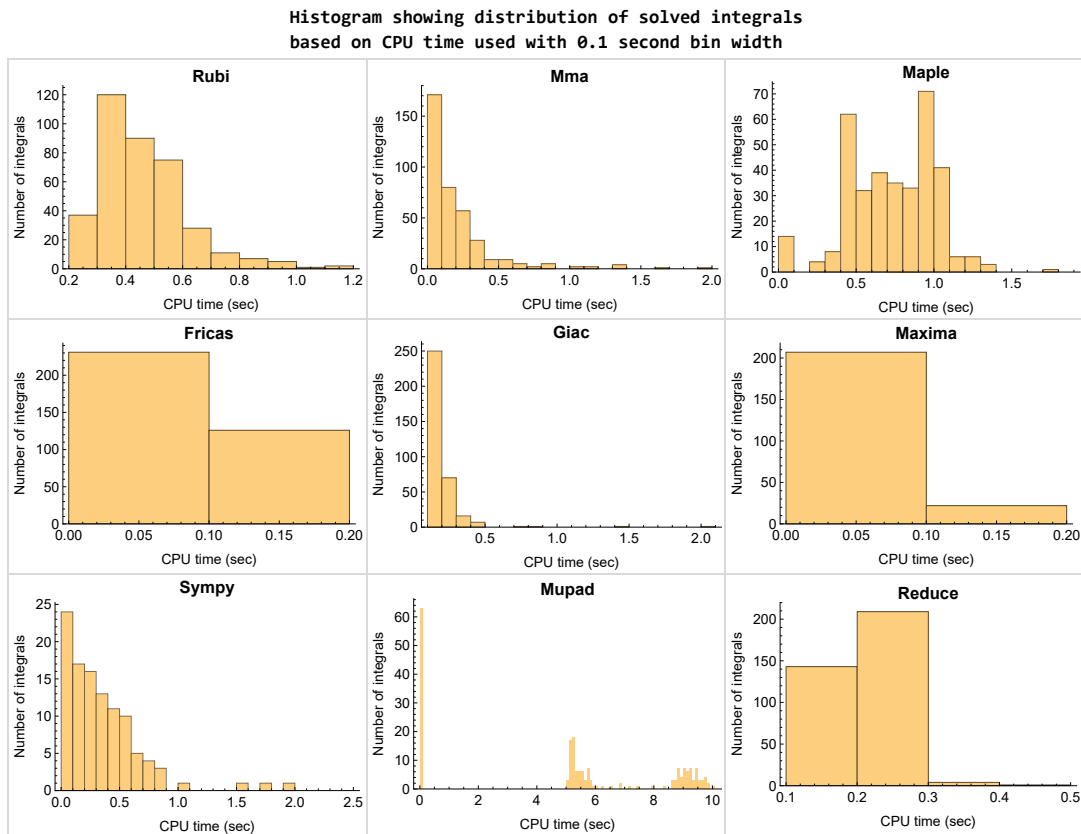


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

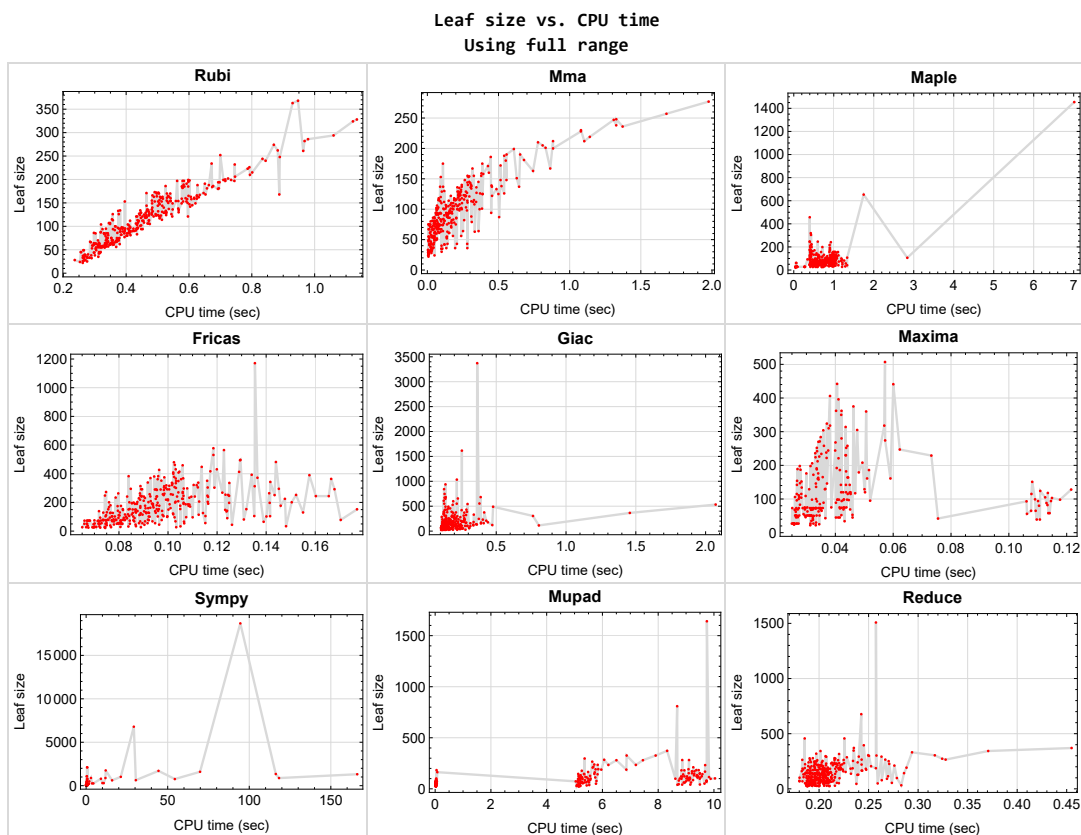


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

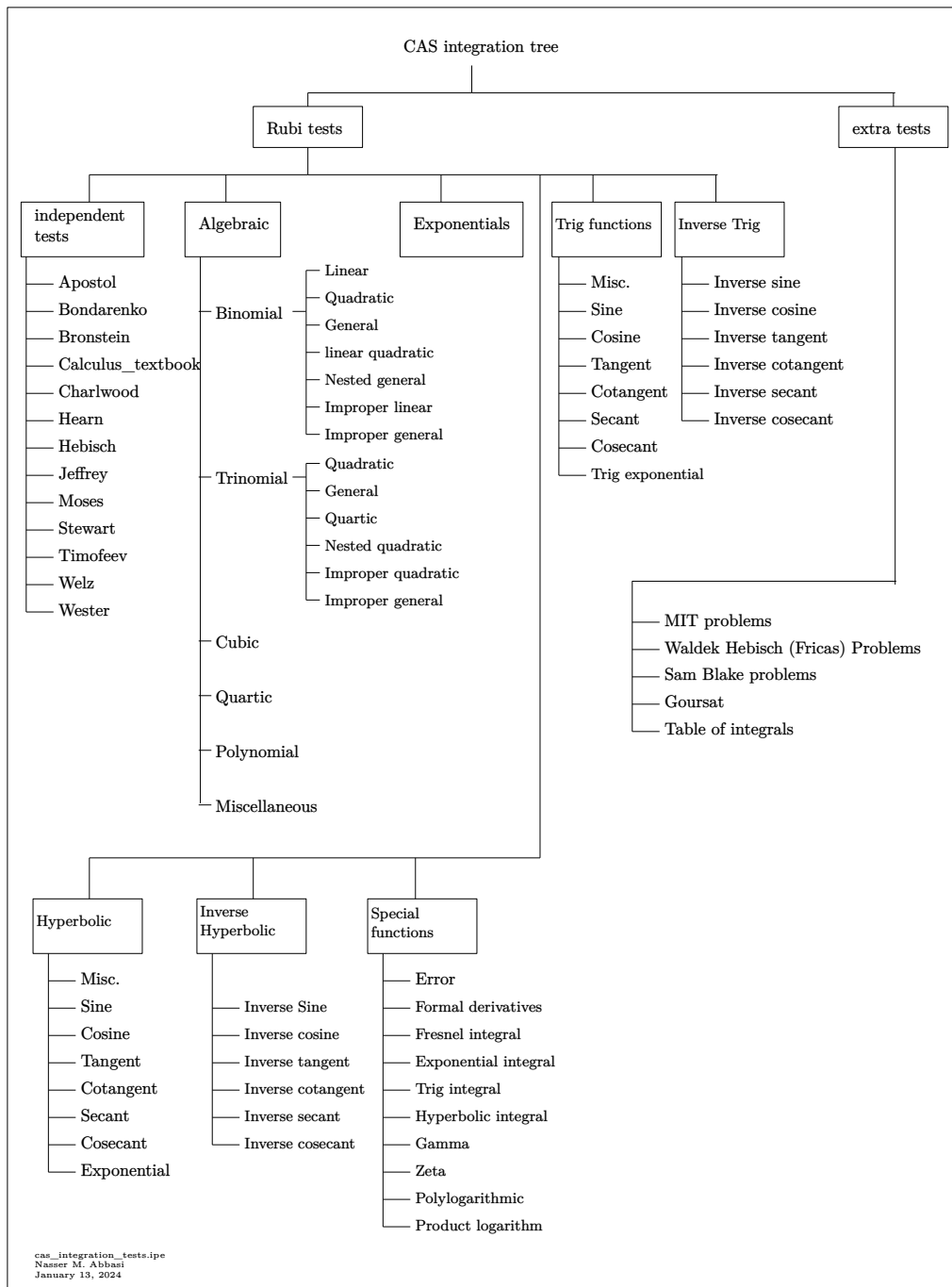
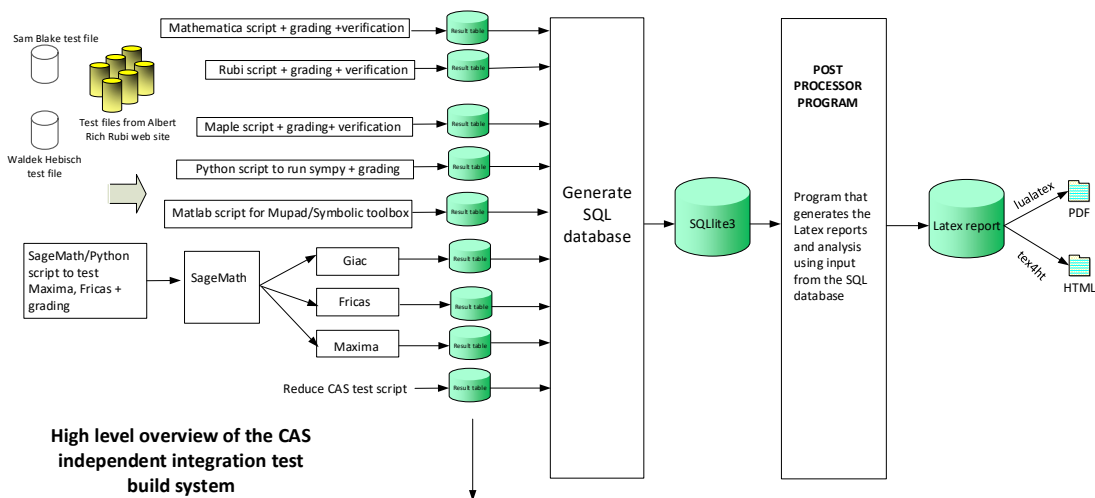


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	138

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	35
Mma	36
Maple	37
Fricas	37
Maxima	38
Giac	39
Mupad	40
Sympy	40
Reduce	41

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376 }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376 }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 357, 358 }

B grade { 26, 342, 348, 349, 356, 364, 365, 366 }

C grade { 249, 261, 262 }

F normal fail { 232, 233, 234, 235, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 198, 199, 200, }

201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 231, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 358 }

B grade { 26, 56, 57, 137, 197, 229, 230, 356, 357, 364, 365, 366 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 232, 233, 234, 235, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 367, 368, 369, 376 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375 }

Maxima

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 182, 183, 204, 205, 206, 207, 229, 230, 231, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 273, 274, 275, 276, 282, 283, 284, 285, 291, 292, 293, 294, 356, 357, 358, 364, 365, 366 }

B grade { 26, 109, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 162, 163, 164, 165, 184, 185, 186, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 232, 233, 234, 235, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334,

335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353,
354, 355, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Giac

**A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27,
28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52,
53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77,
78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101,
102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132,
133, 134, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 162,
167, 171, 172, 173, 174, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191,
192, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215,
216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 237, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245,
252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278,
279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297,
298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317,
318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 336, 337,
338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351 }**

**B grade { 26, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 135, 136, 137, 138,
139, 140, 141, 163, 164, 165, 175, 185, 186, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 229, 230, 231, 236, 238,
239, 240, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 310, 335, 344,
345, 346, 352, 355, 356, 357, 358, 364, 365, 366 }**

C grade { }

**F normal fail { 158, 159, 160, 161, 166, 168, 169, 170, 232, 233, 234, 235, 359, 360, 361, 362,
363, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376 }**

F(-1) timedout fail { 353, 354 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 229, 230, 231, 236, 237, 238, 239, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 273, 274, 275, 276, 282, 283, 284, 285, 291, 292, 293, 294, 307, 308, 309, 318, 319, 320, 329, 330, 331, 337, 338, 339, 343, 344, 345, 346, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 364, 365, 366 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 107, 108, 114, 115, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 142, 143, 144, 145, 153, 154, 155, 162, 163, 164, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 232, 233, 234, 235, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 340, 341, 342, 347, 348, 349, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 103, 104, 105, 114, 115, 116, 117, 130, 131, 142, 143, 144, 145 }

B grade { 26, 32, 40, 41, 42, 48, 49, 50, 56, 57, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 99, 100, 101, 102, 127, 128, 129, 146, 229, 230, 231, 236, 356, 357, 358, 364, 365, 366 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 223, 224, 225, 226, 232, 233, 234, 235, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 321, 322, 323, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 367, 368, 372, 373, 374, 375 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 96, 97, 98, 181, 192, 193, 202, 203, 212, 213, 221, 222, 227, 228, 309, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 347, 348, 349, 350, 369, 370, 371, 376 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Reduce**A grade { }**

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333,

334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352,
353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 364, 365, 366 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 232, 233, 234, 235, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373,
374, 375, 376 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	28	27	27	29	29	28	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.005	0.087	0.025	0.067	0.021	0.139	0.208	0.025

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	28	27	27	29	29	28	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.005	0.085	0.026	0.089	0.016	0.133	0.197	0.021

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	29	28	27	27	29	29	28	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.005	0.086	0.027	0.065	0.017	0.117	0.216	0.021

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	25	24	24	26	26	26	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.86	0.86	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.008	0.040	0.026	0.068	0.017	0.121	0.189	0.023

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.006	0.046	0.033	0.074	0.042	0.114	0.188	5.152

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	23	22	26	19	23	28	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.05	1.00	1.18	0.86	1.05	1.27	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.008	0.049	0.031	0.070	0.064	0.105	0.190	0.024

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	28	26	25	29	27	26	30	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.96	0.93	1.07	1.00	0.96	1.11	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.009	0.042	0.026	0.071	0.111	0.220	0.197	0.019

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	28	28	27	27	31	27	28	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.90	0.87	0.87	1.00	0.87	0.90	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.008	0.038	0.027	0.070	0.139	0.190	0.189	0.022

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	29	28	27	27	31	27	28	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.94	0.82	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.007	0.040	0.025	0.069	0.166	0.110	0.187	0.022

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	52	51	51	54	53	51	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.010	0.678	0.026	0.066	0.023	0.126	0.204	0.034

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	52	51	51	54	53	51	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.008	0.681	0.030	0.080	0.022	0.126	0.220	0.027

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	49	52	51	51	54	53	51	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.009	0.606	0.031	0.072	0.046	0.132	0.190	0.028

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	49	52	51	51	54	53	51	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.009	0.668	0.034	0.084	0.022	0.183	0.205	0.027

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	47	49	48	48	49	49	49	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	1.29	1.26	1.26	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.008	0.580	0.027	0.070	0.023	0.153	0.259	0.026

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	43	46	46	46	46	46	45	45
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.014	0.579	0.026	0.078	0.060	0.226	0.238	0.023

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	43	44	46	52	42	46	54	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.00	1.05	1.18	0.95	1.05	1.23	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.023	0.598	0.030	0.072	0.092	0.138	0.273	0.027

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	44	43	46	53	46	47	55	46
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.98	1.05	1.20	1.05	1.07	1.25	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.028	0.634	0.027	0.070	0.164	0.123	0.196	0.035

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	47	46	50	53	54	51	53	48
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.94	1.02	1.08	1.10	1.04	1.08	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.024	0.642	0.033	0.072	0.270	0.121	0.194	5.167

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	50	48	51	51	56	51	51	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.07	1.13	1.13	1.24	1.13	1.13	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.012	0.645	0.029	0.067	0.380	0.144	0.191	0.023

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	53	48	51	51	56	51	51	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.87	0.93	0.93	1.02	0.93	0.93	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.013	0.651	0.026	0.067	0.421	0.253	0.186	0.021

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	75	75	73	73	82	77	74	69
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.03	0.99	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.012	0.596	0.033	0.066	0.023	0.109	0.208	0.022

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	75	75	73	73	82	77	74	69
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.03	0.99	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.011	0.652	0.030	0.073	0.024	0.107	0.200	0.018

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	75	75	73	73	80	77	74	69
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.07	1.03	0.99	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.010	0.654	0.033	0.067	0.025	0.107	0.188	0.017

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	75	75	73	73	82	77	74	69
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.03	0.99	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.008	0.596	0.034	0.068	0.026	0.157	0.200	0.018

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	67	76	73	73	80	76	74	68
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.23	1.18	1.18	1.29	1.23	1.19	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.014	0.621	0.025	0.084	0.026	0.243	0.191	0.018

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	67	73	69	69	73	72	72	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.76	1.92	1.82	1.82	1.92	1.89	1.89	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.008	0.599	0.032	0.072	0.025	0.125	0.188	0.017

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	53	63	70	68	68	73	70	68	63
N.S.	1	0.98	1.17	1.30	1.26	1.26	1.35	1.30	1.26	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.023	0.664	0.026	0.086	0.071	0.131	0.203	0.020

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	67	69	69	75	70	71	78	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.06	1.06	1.15	1.08	1.09	1.20	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.032	0.612	0.035	0.074	0.098	0.137	0.194	5.125

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	71	63	69	74	68	69	77	70
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.97	1.06	1.14	1.05	1.06	1.18	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.022	0.616	0.032	0.081	0.180	0.121	0.215	5.249

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	73	61	69	75	73	70	78	70
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.95	1.08	1.17	1.14	1.09	1.22	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.040	0.611	0.026	0.070	0.336	0.109	0.194	0.038

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	58	71	64	72	75	80	73	76	71
N.S.	1	0.98	1.20	1.08	1.22	1.27	1.36	1.24	1.29	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.033	0.720	0.033	0.086	0.510	0.141	0.197	0.046

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	72	66	73	73	82	75	74	71
N.S.	1	1.00	1.60	1.47	1.62	1.62	1.82	1.67	1.64	1.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.018	0.658	0.035	0.068	0.672	0.189	0.210	5.132

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	74	66	73	73	82	75	74	73
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.88	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.00	0.99	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.014	0.601	0.031	0.067	0.822	0.109	0.195	0.026

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	75	66	73	73	82	75	74	74
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.00	0.99	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.015	0.599	0.032	0.068	1.019	0.124	0.210	0.026

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	80	82	93	94	85	95	99	94
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.94	1.07	1.08	0.98	1.09	1.14	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.023	0.757	0.034	0.072	0.122	0.143	0.213	0.030

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	61	63	69	71	61	70	75	72
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.95	1.05	1.08	0.92	1.06	1.14	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.018	0.754	0.029	0.071	0.109	0.116	0.193	5.110

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	41	43	46	47	37	46	50	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.96	1.02	1.04	0.82	1.02	1.11	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.013	0.684	0.027	0.072	0.096	0.184	0.209	5.184

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	25	26	25	24	20	26	28	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.04	1.00	0.96	0.80	1.04	1.12	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.007	0.734	0.034	0.072	0.073	0.160	0.201	0.028

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	35	29	30	30	29	41	32	32	28
N.S.	1	1.17	0.97	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.37	1.07	1.07	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.007	0.698	0.033	0.081	0.216	0.117	0.191	5.070

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	42	44	43	41	95	51	46	33
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.02	1.00	0.95	2.21	1.19	1.07	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.014	0.767	0.037	0.075	0.175	0.115	0.200	0.051

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	58	62	63	68	131	75	78	73
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.00	1.02	1.10	2.11	1.21	1.26	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.025	0.702	0.034	0.089	0.218	0.112	0.208	5.043

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	81	82	89	94	165	99	104	97
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.95	1.03	1.09	1.92	1.15	1.21	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.045	0.766	0.036	0.076	0.266	0.107	0.193	5.128

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	87	92	98	139	92	102	136	115
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.02	1.09	1.54	1.02	1.13	1.51	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.049	0.821	0.032	0.072	0.212	0.123	0.199	5.212

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	66	67	75	111	68	77	109	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.97	1.09	1.61	0.99	1.12	1.58	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.037	0.755	0.030	0.080	0.198	0.114	0.190	0.042

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	41	47	50	69	44	48	79	56
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.04	1.11	1.53	0.98	1.07	1.76	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.022	0.706	0.032	0.077	0.143	0.174	0.211	5.297

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	31	32	35	39	27	33	49	31
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.00	1.09	1.22	0.84	1.03	1.53	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.009	0.768	0.032	0.076	0.092	0.145	0.191	0.029

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	38	41	43	61	32	47	53	40
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.98	1.02	1.45	0.76	1.12	1.26	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.023	0.712	0.032	0.081	0.135	0.128	0.190	5.092

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	81	56	63	69	111	128	74	128	57
N.S.	1	1.25	0.86	0.97	1.06	1.71	1.97	1.14	1.97	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.030	0.754	0.027	0.075	0.248	0.114	0.240	5.177

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	85	85	100	151	184	107	166	105
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.18	1.78	2.16	1.26	1.95	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.051	0.709	0.033	0.084	0.286	0.115	0.243	5.167

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	106	107	129	180	219	134	192	132
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.95	1.14	1.59	1.94	1.19	1.70	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	0.068	0.793	0.031	0.077	0.323	0.114	0.288	5.213

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	86	92	106	167	107	99	175	108
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.98	1.13	1.78	1.14	1.05	1.86	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.040	0.767	0.028	0.076	0.385	0.142	0.224	5.206

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	75	71	83	131	83	70	148	87
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	1.00	1.17	1.85	1.17	0.99	2.08	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.021	0.746	0.028	0.075	0.280	0.117	0.191	0.047

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	54	51	63	79	63	52	92	63
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.93	1.15	1.44	1.15	0.95	1.67	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.014	0.762	0.030	0.076	0.182	0.129	0.208	5.264

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	26	25	38	38	39	24	37	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.89	1.36	1.36	1.39	0.86	1.32	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.011	0.701	0.032	0.067	0.134	0.134	0.188	0.019

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	53	55	68	109	63	59	121	62
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.96	1.19	1.91	1.11	1.04	2.12	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.043	0.700	0.032	0.080	0.220	0.182	0.207	0.040

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	81	83	104	195	168	103	223	84
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.94	1.18	2.22	1.91	1.17	2.53	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.035	0.789	0.028	0.085	0.304	0.120	0.186	5.191

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	128	102	106	136	234	219	127	263	132
N.S.	1	1.16	0.93	0.96	1.24	2.13	1.99	1.15	2.39	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	0.063	2.839	0.033	0.079	0.361	0.115	0.183	5.213

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	129	132	165	263	262	159	291	163
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.94	1.18	1.88	1.87	1.14	2.08	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.101	0.556	0.036	0.080	0.392	0.113	0.207	0.077

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	31	28	27	32	46	29	30	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.72	0.69	0.82	1.18	0.74	0.77	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.026	0.270	0.027	0.072	0.185	0.111	0.193	0.028

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	33	28	27	32	37	29	30	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.72	0.69	0.82	0.95	0.74	0.77	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.029	0.283	0.026	0.070	0.529	0.109	0.196	0.026

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	33	28	27	30	46	29	28	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.72	0.69	0.77	1.18	0.74	0.72	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.023	0.266	0.025	0.074	0.104	0.112	0.205	5.166

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	31	27	27	27	44	29	27	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.73	0.73	0.73	1.19	0.78	0.73	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.026	0.269	0.026	0.070	0.114	0.136	0.199	5.203

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	31	28	27	26	41	29	28	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.80	0.77	0.74	1.17	0.83	0.80	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.024	0.076	0.032	0.074	0.197	0.138	0.193	0.026

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	28	27	27	27	41	27	32	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.77	0.77	0.77	1.17	0.77	0.91	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.029	0.082	0.026	0.103	0.249	0.143	0.193	5.128

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	31	28	27	27	46	27	32	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.76	0.73	0.73	1.24	0.73	0.86	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.029	0.076	0.031	0.077	0.381	0.128	0.195	0.020

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	55	52	51	56	80	53	53	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.27	0.84	0.84	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.046	0.415	0.028	0.075	0.294	0.114	0.195	0.035

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	55	52	51	56	66	53	53	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.05	0.84	0.84	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.033	0.420	0.031	0.080	0.690	0.110	0.209	0.028

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	55	52	51	56	80	53	53	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.27	0.84	0.84	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.036	0.402	0.027	0.080	0.203	0.120	0.194	0.028

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	54	52	51	54	80	53	51	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.83	0.81	0.86	1.27	0.84	0.81	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.034	0.409	0.032	0.107	0.200	0.133	0.205	0.030

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	54	51	51	51	78	53	50	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.84	0.84	0.84	1.28	0.87	0.82	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.032	0.732	0.032	0.075	0.239	0.126	0.192	0.028

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	55	52	51	51	75	53	52	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.88	0.86	0.86	1.27	0.90	0.88	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.038	0.756	0.031	0.079	0.384	0.110	0.196	0.029

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	51	51	50	73	51	54	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.86	0.86	0.85	1.24	0.86	0.92	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.048	0.679	0.035	0.081	0.414	0.112	0.218	0.030

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	77	76	73	78	114	77	76	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.89	0.86	0.92	1.34	0.91	0.89	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.054	0.714	0.029	0.075	0.477	0.112	0.202	0.023

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	77	76	73	78	95	77	76	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.89	0.86	0.92	1.12	0.91	0.89	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.047	0.737	0.035	0.082	0.807	0.114	0.193	0.020

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	77	76	73	78	114	77	76	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.89	0.86	0.92	1.34	0.91	0.89	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.046	0.707	0.035	0.074	0.296	0.108	0.199	0.020

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	77	76	73	78	114	77	76	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.89	0.86	0.92	1.34	0.91	0.89	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.050	0.697	0.032	0.076	0.317	0.115	0.202	0.020

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	77	76	73	76	114	77	74	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.89	0.86	0.89	1.34	0.91	0.87	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.074	0.700	0.027	0.075	0.384	0.149	0.203	0.019

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	76	75	73	73	110	77	73	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.88	1.33	0.93	0.88	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.052	0.691	0.036	0.072	0.435	0.163	0.202	0.019

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	75	76	73	73	105	77	75	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.96	0.92	0.92	1.33	0.97	0.95	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.067	0.697	0.026	0.075	0.626	0.125	0.206	0.022

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	74	75	73	73	105	75	78	70
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.93	0.90	0.90	1.30	0.93	0.96	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.071	0.724	0.033	0.081	0.734	0.116	0.263	0.034

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	105	101	100	105	229	294	115	127	125
N.S.	1	0.93	0.89	0.88	0.93	2.03	2.60	1.02	1.12	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.128	0.799	0.113	0.088	10.788	0.138	0.239	5.144

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	86	81	76	82	180	260	91	98	101
N.S.	1	0.96	0.90	0.84	0.91	2.00	2.89	1.01	1.09	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.121	0.865	0.113	0.095	4.445	0.135	0.279	0.042

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	67	63	53	58	129	221	64	73	76
N.S.	1	0.97	0.91	0.77	0.84	1.87	3.20	0.93	1.06	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.075	0.789	0.114	0.092	1.730	0.152	0.209	0.046

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	49	40	39	102	180	39	58	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.80	2.08	3.67	0.80	1.18	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.049	0.802	0.110	0.086	0.658	0.130	0.200	0.037

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	49	40	39	112	178	39	64	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.80	2.29	3.63	0.80	1.31	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.059	0.871	0.111	0.088	0.840	0.241	0.212	5.154

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	66	64	54	56	141	218	55	80	54
N.S.	1	0.96	0.93	0.78	0.81	2.04	3.16	0.80	1.16	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.109	0.799	0.106	0.098	1.548	0.262	0.205	5.202

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	85	83	76	80	192	262	80	108	71
N.S.	1	0.94	0.92	0.84	0.89	2.13	2.91	0.89	1.20	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.112	0.808	0.110	0.093	3.636	0.216	0.193	0.061

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	104	107	95	103	241	299	104	133	90
N.S.	1	0.92	0.95	0.84	0.91	2.13	2.65	0.92	1.18	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.162	0.818	0.115	0.104	9.984	0.207	0.200	5.189

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	126	110	99	115	290	877	122	183	146
N.S.	1	1.09	0.95	0.85	0.99	2.50	7.56	1.05	1.58	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.168	0.826	0.108	0.097	118.255	0.186	0.201	5.133

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	107	88	77	88	231	762	95	153	107
N.S.	1	1.14	0.94	0.82	0.94	2.46	8.11	1.01	1.63	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.138	0.811	0.113	0.091	54.383	0.139	0.212	5.266

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	88	67	62	65	198	634	65	133	62
N.S.	1	1.19	0.91	0.84	0.88	2.68	8.57	0.88	1.80	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.099	0.815	0.109	0.096	30.475	0.104	0.205	5.232

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	63	57	58	177	615	60	119	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.89	0.91	2.77	9.61	0.94	1.86	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.094	0.805	0.114	0.094	15.924	0.164	0.192	0.059

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	87	67	64	65	215	794	60	138	65
N.S.	1	1.21	0.93	0.89	0.90	2.99	11.03	0.83	1.92	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.091	0.822	0.108	0.100	9.060	0.182	0.210	5.262

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	107	92	77	93	257	882	85	165	81
N.S.	1	1.11	0.96	0.80	0.97	2.68	9.19	0.89	1.72	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.147	0.777	0.106	0.098	11.835	0.117	0.188	5.149

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	126	115	101	118	316	1017	110	197	103
N.S.	1	1.07	0.97	0.86	1.00	2.68	8.62	0.93	1.67	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.188	0.836	0.113	0.101	21.255	0.111	0.204	5.239

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	153	129	120	151	408	0	146	278	183
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	0.79	0.99	2.68	0.00	0.96	1.83	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.212	0.836	0.108	0.104	0.000	0.115	0.194	0.050

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	134	110	98	124	349	0	119	248	143
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.75	0.95	2.68	0.00	0.92	1.91	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.182	0.842	0.111	0.104	0.000	0.123	0.195	5.346

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	115	94	83	99	319	0	87	229	96
N.S.	1	1.07	0.88	0.78	0.93	2.98	0.00	0.81	2.14	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.162	0.819	0.109	0.099	0.000	0.187	0.207	5.287

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	95	86	79	94	291	1316	82	213	84
N.S.	1	0.97	0.88	0.81	0.96	2.97	13.43	0.84	2.17	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.156	0.826	0.110	0.095	166.174	0.124	0.201	5.371

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	94	86	80	94	291	1345	82	213	84
N.S.	1	0.94	0.86	0.80	0.94	2.91	13.45	0.82	2.13	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.147	0.807	0.115	0.100	116.264	0.129	0.207	5.524

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	113	96	84	98	331	1598	86	237	116
N.S.	1	1.07	0.91	0.79	0.92	3.12	15.08	0.81	2.24	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.172	0.845	0.118	0.102	69.836	0.133	0.216	5.392

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	133	117	98	128	375	1703	108	260	114
N.S.	1	1.03	0.91	0.76	0.99	2.91	13.20	0.84	2.02	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.191	0.846	0.122	0.098	44.361	0.126	0.198	5.430

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	160	201	116	242	303	238	158	214	215
N.S.	1	0.81	1.02	0.59	1.23	1.54	1.21	0.80	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.541	0.831	0.936	0.034	0.119	0.432	0.143	0.219	5.674

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	112	137	102	198	254	206	130	175	165
N.S.	1	0.70	0.86	0.64	1.24	1.59	1.29	0.81	1.09	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.645	0.886	0.028	0.102	0.532	0.335	0.209	5.488

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	97	122	82	154	205	167	100	136	127
N.S.	1	0.80	1.01	0.68	1.27	1.69	1.38	0.83	1.12	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.454	0.892	0.027	0.103	0.412	0.207	0.202	5.556

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	82	87	61	109	154	0	75	98	101
N.S.	1	0.89	0.95	0.66	1.18	1.67	0.00	0.82	1.07	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.141	0.867	0.030	0.105	0.000	0.118	0.207	5.477

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	77	82	57	89	139	0	80	100	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.17	0.81	1.27	1.99	0.00	1.14	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.259	0.898	0.040	0.095	0.000	0.132	0.198	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	74	91	61	85	142	0	140	94	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.25	0.84	1.16	1.95	0.00	1.92	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.139	0.893	0.035	0.124	0.000	0.121	0.198	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	36	37	100	55	0	191	107	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.63	0.65	1.75	0.96	0.00	3.35	1.88	1.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.133	0.868	0.027	0.095	0.000	0.127	0.216	5.574

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	89	56	54	146	80	0	251	148	146
N.S.	1	0.99	0.62	0.60	1.62	0.89	0.00	2.79	1.64	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.180	0.898	0.037	0.092	0.000	0.141	0.200	5.710

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	121	78	70	192	105	0	311	187	192
N.S.	1	0.97	0.62	0.56	1.54	0.84	0.00	2.49	1.50	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.189	0.941	0.040	0.115	0.000	0.129	0.257	5.849

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	153	100	88	238	129	0	371	226	238
N.S.	1	0.96	0.62	0.55	1.49	0.81	0.00	2.32	1.41	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	0.213	0.934	0.037	0.087	0.000	0.271	0.271	5.708

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	185	123	105	284	153	0	431	265	284
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.54	1.46	0.78	0.00	2.21	1.36	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.598	0.255	0.996	0.035	0.096	0.000	0.287	0.328	6.063

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	197	236	148	324	400	444	220	292	0
N.S.	1	0.75	0.89	0.56	1.23	1.52	1.68	0.83	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.599	1.372	0.965	0.037	0.102	0.480	0.270	0.263	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	149	219	133	280	351	386	192	253	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.96	0.59	1.23	1.55	1.70	0.85	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	1.141	0.987	0.042	0.116	0.566	0.254	0.234	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	134	167	116	236	298	326	160	214	208
N.S.	1	0.72	0.90	0.62	1.27	1.60	1.75	0.86	1.15	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.863	0.915	0.033	0.108	0.437	0.180	0.214	5.648

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	124	181	99	189	257	490	136	175	0
N.S.	1	0.78	1.14	0.62	1.19	1.62	3.08	0.86	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.679	0.891	0.027	0.101	1.957	0.186	0.220	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	118	110	82	147	206	0	107	136	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.91	0.68	1.21	1.70	0.00	0.88	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.243	0.911	0.028	0.113	0.000	0.225	0.197	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	103	101	73	129	187	0	107	137	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.96	0.70	1.23	1.78	0.00	1.02	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.384	0.888	0.036	0.108	0.000	0.253	0.194	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	106	111	78	146	171	0	170	125	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.12	0.79	1.47	1.73	0.00	1.72	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.282	0.928	0.033	0.109	0.000	0.285	0.196	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	97	100	78	158	189	0	259	136	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.02	0.80	1.61	1.93	0.00	2.64	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.242	0.876	0.034	0.094	0.000	0.271	0.205	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	36	39	176	78	0	311	148	142
N.S.	1	1.00	0.63	0.68	3.09	1.37	0.00	5.46	2.60	2.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.195	0.919	0.034	0.170	0.000	0.185	0.203	5.825

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	89	56	56	222	104	0	371	187	188
N.S.	1	0.99	0.62	0.62	2.47	1.16	0.00	4.12	2.08	2.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.238	0.937	0.037	0.142	0.000	0.127	0.205	5.961

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	121	79	73	268	130	0	431	226	234
N.S.	1	0.97	0.63	0.58	2.14	1.04	0.00	3.45	1.81	1.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.312	1.012	0.040	0.155	0.000	0.149	0.216	6.213

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	153	100	90	314	153	0	491	265	280
N.S.	1	0.96	0.62	0.56	1.96	0.96	0.00	3.07	1.66	1.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.532	0.367	1.033	0.044	0.132	0.000	0.157	0.243	6.502

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	185	122	106	360	177	0	551	304	326
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.54	1.85	0.91	0.00	2.83	1.56	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.165	1.072	0.051	0.146	0.000	0.217	0.250	6.869

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	332	234	277	241	406	497	741	280	370	0
N.S.	1	0.70	0.83	0.73	1.22	1.50	2.23	0.84	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	1.976	0.927	0.038	0.130	0.583	0.243	0.455	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	186	257	217	362	448	656	251	331	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.87	0.74	1.23	1.52	2.22	0.85	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	1.680	0.896	0.040	0.114	0.643	0.159	0.294	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	171	238	193	318	393	570	219	292	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.94	0.77	1.26	1.56	2.26	0.87	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	1.327	0.901	0.038	0.134	0.517	0.141	0.240	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	161	212	169	271	352	886	196	253	0
N.S.	1	0.71	0.93	0.74	1.19	1.55	3.90	0.86	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	1.103	0.901	0.035	0.097	2.985	0.125	0.204	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	161	200	116	226	305	796	168	214	0
N.S.	1	0.84	1.04	0.60	1.18	1.59	4.15	0.88	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.883	0.948	0.034	0.112	0.785	0.129	0.201	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	144	129	97	187	254	0	139	175	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.84	0.63	1.22	1.66	0.00	0.91	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.271	0.937	0.028	0.123	0.000	0.161	0.222	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	140	126	92	172	241	0	139	180	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.93	0.68	1.27	1.79	0.00	1.03	1.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.540	0.971	0.032	0.111	0.000	0.179	0.206	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	135	137	93	191	225	0	200	175	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.98	0.66	1.36	1.61	0.00	1.43	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.567	0.453	0.973	0.034	0.106	0.000	0.214	0.196	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	132	136	97	244	225	0	293	179	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.05	0.75	1.88	1.73	0.00	2.25	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.344	0.984	0.040	0.095	0.000	0.196	0.203	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	120	113	95	258	239	0	379	179	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.90	0.76	2.06	1.91	0.00	3.03	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.309	1.006	0.036	0.116	0.000	0.149	0.201	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	36	39	258	102	0	431	187	188
N.S.	1	1.00	0.63	0.68	4.53	1.79	0.00	7.56	3.28	3.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.281	1.009	0.044	0.096	0.000	0.135	0.221	6.858

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	89	63	56	304	127	0	491	226	234
N.S.	1	0.99	0.70	0.62	3.38	1.41	0.00	5.46	2.51	2.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.333	1.065	0.036	0.092	0.000	0.136	0.217	7.199

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	121	87	73	350	153	0	551	265	280
N.S.	1	0.97	0.70	0.58	2.80	1.22	0.00	4.41	2.12	2.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.504	1.126	0.042	0.095	0.000	0.128	0.267	7.453

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	153	107	90	396	177	0	611	304	326
N.S.	1	0.96	0.67	0.56	2.48	1.11	0.00	3.82	1.90	2.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.130	1.207	0.041	0.096	0.000	0.124	0.317	7.909

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	185	130	107	442	202	0	671	343	372
N.S.	1	0.95	0.67	0.55	2.27	1.04	0.00	3.44	1.76	1.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	0.119	1.335	0.041	0.092	0.000	0.130	0.371	8.321

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	182	163	116	252	304	228	163	214	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.83	0.59	1.28	1.54	1.16	0.83	1.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	0.743	1.018	0.034	0.116	0.503	0.146	0.222	0.000

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	150	188	99	206	257	204	135	175	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.16	0.61	1.27	1.59	1.26	0.83	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.540	0.970	0.032	0.093	0.531	0.188	0.184	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	118	125	82	160	208	180	107	136	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.98	0.65	1.26	1.64	1.42	0.84	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.499	0.961	0.034	0.104	0.479	0.202	0.216	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	75	108	64	115	159	151	81	99	0
N.S.	1	0.82	1.17	0.70	1.25	1.73	1.64	0.88	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.331	1.033	0.027	0.091	0.556	0.186	0.199	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	86	46	75	116	122	58	65	77
N.S.	1	1.00	1.56	0.84	1.36	2.11	2.22	1.05	1.18	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.204	0.927	0.029	0.085	0.366	0.176	0.200	5.787

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	74	49	49	117	0	59	56	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.42	0.94	0.94	2.25	0.00	1.13	1.08	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	0.096	0.947	0.032	0.102	0.000	0.148	0.201	5.769

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	35	32	62	34	0	76	66	33
N.S.	1	1.00	0.61	0.56	1.09	0.60	0.00	1.33	1.16	0.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.105	0.881	0.026	0.087	0.000	0.133	0.201	5.435

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	89	54	49	106	57	0	133	107	56
N.S.	1	0.99	0.60	0.54	1.18	0.63	0.00	1.48	1.19	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.136	1.003	0.026	0.081	0.000	0.361	0.212	5.294

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	121	79	66	152	82	0	191	148	113
N.S.	1	0.97	0.63	0.53	1.22	0.66	0.00	1.53	1.18	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.169	0.952	0.028	0.078	0.000	0.174	0.209	5.269

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	153	100	83	198	106	0	251	187	146
N.S.	1	0.96	0.62	0.52	1.24	0.66	0.00	1.57	1.17	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.183	0.993	0.031	0.084	0.000	0.162	0.220	5.340

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	185	123	100	244	130	0	311	226	177
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.51	1.25	0.67	0.00	1.59	1.16	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	0.217	1.007	0.038	0.080	0.000	0.267	0.215	5.260

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	168	148	107	212	314	0	164	181	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.95	0.69	1.36	2.01	0.00	1.05	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.888	0.556	1.039	0.034	0.089	0.000	0.282	0.206	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	125	87	163	263	0	136	150	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.72	1.35	2.17	0.00	1.12	1.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.597	0.387	0.987	0.034	0.089	0.000	0.246	0.198	0.000

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	86	103	67	115	203	0	107	125	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.24	0.81	1.39	2.45	0.00	1.29	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.271	1.000	0.028	0.087	0.000	0.237	0.206	0.000

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	77	63	65	165	0	80	86	64
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	1.05	1.08	2.75	0.00	1.33	1.43	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.115	0.948	0.035	0.094	0.000	0.158	0.200	5.420

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	33	30	30	55	44	0	33	70	31
N.S.	1	0.70	0.64	0.64	1.17	0.94	0.00	0.70	1.49	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.100	0.967	0.029	0.090	0.000	0.169	0.205	5.205

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	60	52	49	96	68	0	0	94	62
N.S.	1	0.70	0.60	0.57	1.12	0.79	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.137	0.945	0.027	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.198	5.352

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	92	75	66	142	93	0	0	124	87
N.S.	1	0.75	0.61	0.54	1.16	0.76	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.200	0.960	0.027	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.213	5.561

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	124	98	83	188	117	0	0	153	161
N.S.	1	0.79	0.62	0.53	1.20	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.97	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.225	0.984	0.034	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.204	5.725

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	156	123	102	234	142	0	0	180	191
N.S.	1	0.81	0.64	0.53	1.22	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.233	0.997	0.035	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.207	5.755

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	149	180	120	362	381	0	246	286	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.16	0.77	2.34	2.46	0.00	1.59	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.621	0.551	1.079	0.042	0.094	0.000	0.159	0.228	0.000

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	123	125	103	310	322	0	217	225	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.09	0.90	2.70	2.80	0.00	1.89	1.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	0.389	1.031	0.038	0.110	0.000	0.145	0.196	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	88	93	88	221	240	0	188	141	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.11	1.05	2.63	2.86	0.00	2.24	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.174	1.050	0.041	0.110	0.000	0.136	0.189	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	35	37	134	51	0	119	106	37
N.S.	1	1.00	0.52	0.55	2.00	0.76	0.00	1.78	1.58	0.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.098	0.967	0.028	0.081	0.000	0.188	0.184	5.527

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	70	55	53	111	77	0	0	141	63
N.S.	1	0.86	0.68	0.65	1.37	0.95	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.137	0.962	0.027	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.193	5.514

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	70	72	73	130	101	0	82	163	76
N.S.	1	0.64	0.65	0.66	1.18	0.92	0.00	0.75	1.48	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.167	1.033	0.037	0.083	0.000	0.239	0.203	5.487

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	95	98	92	176	128	0	0	195	111
N.S.	1	0.63	0.65	0.61	1.17	0.85	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.278	1.018	0.030	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.200	5.744

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	127	123	109	224	153	0	0	224	235
N.S.	1	0.67	0.65	0.58	1.19	0.81	0.00	0.00	1.19	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.264	1.002	0.033	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.195	5.831

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	159	145	126	270	177	0	0	251	266
N.S.	1	0.71	0.65	0.56	1.21	0.79	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.517	0.295	1.028	0.034	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.270	5.635

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	197	113	129	142	150	0	137	137	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.55	0.63	0.69	0.73	0.00	0.67	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.584	0.092	0.908	0.044	0.100	0.000	0.136	0.232	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	163	94	105	120	126	0	113	114	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.56	0.62	0.71	0.75	0.00	0.67	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.516	0.062	0.966	0.042	0.076	0.000	0.116	0.270	0.000

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	129	72	81	98	102	0	89	91	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.55	0.61	0.74	0.77	0.00	0.67	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.053	0.913	0.044	0.078	0.000	0.113	0.213	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	56	57	75	78	0	65	68	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	0.60	0.79	0.82	0.00	0.68	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.045	0.925	0.039	0.079	0.000	0.306	0.180	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	61	37	37	45	53	0	100	44	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.62	0.62	0.75	0.88	0.00	1.67	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.030	0.927	0.046	0.081	0.000	0.314	0.195	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	82	80	79	0	151	0	55	72	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.99	0.98	0.00	1.86	0.00	0.68	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.070	1.184	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.210	0.180	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	93	80	78	0	160	0	63	104	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.96	0.94	0.00	1.93	0.00	0.76	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.097	0.966	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.124	0.203	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	97	94	83	0	190	0	110	132	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.93	0.82	0.00	1.88	0.00	1.09	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.148	0.967	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.114	0.185	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	127	116	108	0	241	0	114	170	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.84	0.78	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.83	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.474	0.230	0.963	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.806	0.197	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	161	140	133	0	290	0	176	205	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.80	0.76	0.00	1.66	0.00	1.01	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	0.242	0.980	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.123	0.192	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	195	159	157	0	337	0	181	240	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.75	0.74	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.85	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.598	0.380	0.984	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.167	0.203	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	197	110	131	318	174	0	299	160	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.53	0.64	1.54	0.84	0.00	1.45	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.099	0.946	0.057	0.089	0.000	0.221	0.183	0.000

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	163	94	107	274	150	0	251	137	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.56	0.63	1.62	0.89	0.00	1.49	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.537	0.091	0.959	0.057	0.087	0.000	0.214	0.205	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	129	75	83	229	127	0	203	114	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.57	0.63	1.73	0.96	0.00	1.54	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.084	0.974	0.073	0.077	0.000	0.194	0.195	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	56	59	182	102	0	155	91	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	0.62	1.92	1.07	0.00	1.63	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.051	0.977	0.044	0.077	0.000	0.156	0.196	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	61	37	39	129	76	0	106	67	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.62	0.65	2.15	1.27	0.00	1.77	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.044	0.948	0.050	0.077	0.000	0.143	0.214	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	107	100	113	0	198	0	72	105	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.95	1.08	0.00	1.89	0.00	0.69	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.117	0.980	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.110	0.197	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	119	94	102	0	187	0	102	126	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	0.89	0.00	1.64	0.00	0.89	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	0.132	1.013	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.109	0.198	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	121	101	95	0	209	0	119	148	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.84	0.79	0.00	1.74	0.00	0.99	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.177	0.987	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.233	0.208	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	125	118	108	0	242	0	128	170	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.88	0.81	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.96	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.457	0.242	0.995	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.152	0.199	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	155	140	133	0	291	0	176	205	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.81	0.77	0.00	1.68	0.00	1.02	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	0.307	0.981	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.135	0.203	0.000

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	189	158	156	0	338	0	168	240	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.76	0.75	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.80	1.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.583	0.393	1.106	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.124	0.189	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	197	120	131	507	199	0	489	183	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.58	0.64	2.46	0.97	0.00	2.37	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	0.094	0.978	0.057	0.086	0.000	0.478	0.183	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	163	101	107	441	174	0	417	160	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.60	0.63	2.61	1.03	0.00	2.47	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.508	0.074	0.999	0.060	0.079	0.000	0.130	0.206	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	129	82	83	375	150	0	345	137	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.62	0.63	2.84	1.14	0.00	2.61	1.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.066	0.963	0.046	0.087	0.000	0.123	0.209	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	63	59	305	125	0	273	114	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.66	0.62	3.21	1.32	0.00	2.87	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.053	1.018	0.048	0.091	0.000	0.142	0.189	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	61	45	39	230	100	0	200	90	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.75	0.65	3.83	1.67	0.00	3.33	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.047	0.967	0.044	0.092	0.000	0.117	0.198	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	132	114	151	0	248	0	88	144	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.87	1.15	0.00	1.89	0.00	0.67	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.150	0.998	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.115	0.190	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	144	118	129	0	241	0	137	163	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.81	0.88	0.00	1.65	0.00	0.94	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.188	1.055	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.117	0.205	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	147	122	118	0	241	0	155	175	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.79	0.76	0.00	1.55	0.00	1.00	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.272	0.993	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.146	0.206	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	149	127	119	0	261	0	134	187	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.81	0.76	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.86	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.231	0.984	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.181	0.191	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	153	140	132	0	292	0	177	205	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.82	0.78	0.00	1.72	0.00	1.04	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.285	1.014	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.181	0.252	0.000

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	183	160	157	0	339	0	181	240	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.78	0.76	0.00	1.65	0.00	0.88	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.432	1.010	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.174	0.239	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	163	94	100	120	103	0	116	91	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.56	0.60	0.72	0.62	0.00	0.69	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	0.066	0.975	0.045	0.077	0.000	0.144	0.269	0.000

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	129	75	76	98	79	0	89	68	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.58	0.58	0.75	0.61	0.00	0.68	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.065	0.990	0.041	0.079	0.000	0.120	0.200	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	95	55	52	75	55	0	62	45	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.59	0.56	0.81	0.59	0.00	0.67	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.041	0.957	0.041	0.073	0.000	0.221	0.205	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	61	36	31	45	32	0	34	25	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.62	0.53	0.78	0.55	0.00	0.59	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.033	0.995	0.040	0.084	0.000	0.134	0.211	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	68	57	0	134	0	36	52	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.98	0.00	2.31	0.00	0.62	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.046	1.016	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.161	0.207	0.000

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	73	68	0	147	0	57	92	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.03	0.00	2.23	0.00	0.86	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.084	0.977	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.144	0.188	0.000

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	99	92	85	0	191	0	111	133	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.88	0.81	0.00	1.82	0.00	1.06	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.134	1.013	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.119	0.194	0.000

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	133	115	109	0	244	0	127	170	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.81	0.77	0.00	1.72	0.00	0.89	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.466	0.225	0.993	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.130	0.193	0.000

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	170	93	107	0	116	0	134	93	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.57	0.66	0.00	0.71	0.00	0.82	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.086	1.017	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.140	0.197	0.000

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	136	74	83	0	92	0	102	70	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.58	0.65	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.80	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.467	0.080	1.032	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.113	0.201	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	102	54	58	0	67	0	69	46	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.59	0.64	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.76	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.043	0.976	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.114	0.192	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	70	34	38	0	45	0	34	27	0
N.S.	1	1.25	0.61	0.68	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.61	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.030	1.043	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.113	0.198	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	69	63	0	195	0	49	71	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.93	0.00	2.87	0.00	0.72	1.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.075	0.986	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.110	0.192	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	81	94	0	251	0	87	133	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.97	0.00	2.59	0.00	0.90	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.120	1.055	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.191	0.191	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	131	105	109	0	307	0	125	168	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.77	0.80	0.00	2.24	0.00	0.91	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.189	1.027	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.116	0.205	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	165	132	133	0	362	0	165	195	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.75	0.76	0.00	2.06	0.00	0.94	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	0.237	1.039	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.123	0.191	0.000

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	199	153	157	0	409	0	197	218	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.72	0.74	0.00	1.92	0.00	0.92	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.598	0.288	1.034	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.138	0.199	0.000

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	170	93	107	0	127	0	125	100	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.56	0.65	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.76	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	0.071	1.017	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.119	0.196	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	135	70	82	0	102	0	92	76	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.55	0.64	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.72	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.061	1.045	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.120	0.194	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	104	53	59	0	79	0	55	54	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.58	0.65	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.60	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.048	1.012	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.124	0.209	0.000

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	73	36	38	0	56	0	28	35	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.62	0.66	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.48	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.039	0.997	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.280	0.193	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	98	83	101	0	265	0	61	144	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.88	1.07	0.00	2.82	0.00	0.65	1.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.093	1.079	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.169	0.192	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	144	105	112	0	370	0	90	275	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.81	0.86	0.00	2.85	0.00	0.69	2.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	0.148	1.025	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.122	0.216	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	164	129	127	0	427	0	149	316	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.75	0.74	0.00	2.48	0.00	0.87	1.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	0.236	1.118	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.121	0.220	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	198	154	151	0	480	0	200	343	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.72	0.71	0.00	2.25	0.00	0.94	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.602	0.295	1.071	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.122	0.201	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	125	90	122	161	383	2111	683	457	282
N.S.	1	1.03	0.74	1.01	1.33	3.17	17.45	5.64	3.78	2.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	0.138	1.058	0.051	0.084	0.576	0.138	0.185	8.863

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	95	74	92	115	219	1081	388	249	181
N.S.	1	1.04	0.81	1.01	1.26	2.41	11.88	4.26	2.74	1.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.107	0.987	0.045	0.089	0.411	0.180	0.197	8.834

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	64	60	61	69	96	425	173	101	99
N.S.	1	1.07	1.00	1.02	1.15	1.60	7.08	2.88	1.68	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.057	0.057	0.043	0.103	0.291	0.130	0.187	8.617

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	62	50	0	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	92	67	0	0	0	0	0	809	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	100	74	0	0	0	0	0	1674	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	108	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.457	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	24	31	42	33	61	61	32	45
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.19	1.62	1.27	2.35	2.35	1.23	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.050	1.288	0.076	0.105	0.783	0.211	0.283	8.736

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	158	94	57	120	128	0	286	117	121
N.S.	1	0.95	0.56	0.34	0.72	0.77	0.00	1.71	0.70	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	0.066	1.300	0.050	0.077	0.000	0.110	0.206	8.822

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	126	72	41	98	104	0	237	93	101
N.S.	1	0.96	0.55	0.31	0.75	0.79	0.00	1.81	0.71	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	0.067	1.335	0.041	0.098	0.000	0.114	0.189	8.775

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	136	56	27	75	79	0	188	69	81
N.S.	1	1.45	0.60	0.29	0.80	0.84	0.00	2.00	0.73	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.040	1.208	0.043	0.073	0.000	0.114	0.201	8.740

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	61	37	41	45	55	0	130	44	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.62	0.68	0.75	0.92	0.00	2.17	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.025	1.115	0.042	0.088	0.000	0.115	0.187	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	80	74	49	0	154	0	111	71	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.91	0.60	0.00	1.90	0.00	1.37	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.078	1.217	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.123	0.190	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	91	75	64	0	163	0	71	101	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.90	0.77	0.00	1.96	0.00	0.86	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.139	1.215	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.219	0.180	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	94	94	82	0	190	0	120	131	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	0.82	0.00	1.90	0.00	1.20	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.155	1.261	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.199	0.184	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	124	116	100	0	241	0	127	170	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.85	0.74	0.00	1.77	0.00	0.93	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	0.258	1.190	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.244	0.189	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	159	137	118	0	292	0	196	206	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.78	0.67	0.00	1.67	0.00	1.12	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.625	0.242	0.614	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.268	0.195	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	226	137	58	186	201	0	600	189	171
N.S.	1	0.94	0.57	0.24	0.78	0.84	0.00	2.50	0.79	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.792	0.111	0.619	0.042	0.076	0.000	0.192	0.186	9.299

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	194	115	41	164	176	0	528	165	152
N.S.	1	0.95	0.56	0.20	0.80	0.86	0.00	2.58	0.80	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.697	0.078	0.605	0.044	0.081	0.000	0.188	0.191	9.212

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	252	99	27	142	152	0	456	141	132
N.S.	1	1.51	0.59	0.16	0.85	0.91	0.00	2.73	0.84	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.700	0.065	0.578	0.042	0.076	0.000	0.157	0.197	9.285

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	129	80	64	120	129	0	384	117	122
N.S.	1	0.98	0.61	0.49	0.92	0.98	0.00	2.93	0.89	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.058	0.473	0.043	0.074	0.000	0.123	0.187	9.035

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	95	61	61	97	103	0	309	93	101
N.S.	1	1.01	0.65	0.65	1.03	1.10	0.00	3.29	0.99	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.049	0.541	0.043	0.075	0.000	0.140	0.199	9.013

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	61	42	41	72	78	0	226	68	42
N.S.	1	1.02	0.70	0.68	1.20	1.30	0.00	3.77	1.13	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.039	0.465	0.042	0.079	0.000	0.130	0.183	9.496

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	93	82	0	201	0	133	105	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.78	0.00	1.91	0.00	1.27	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.096	0.493	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.124	0.192	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	117	88	100	0	190	0	114	123	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.77	0.88	0.00	1.67	0.00	1.00	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.138	0.536	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.336	0.201	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	119	101	94	0	212	0	133	146	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.84	0.78	0.00	1.77	0.00	1.11	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.508	0.164	0.574	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.189	0.187	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	122	119	108	0	242	0	142	170	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.89	0.81	0.00	1.82	0.00	1.07	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.216	0.609	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.190	0.194	0.000

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	153	136	132	0	295	0	196	206	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.79	0.76	0.00	1.71	0.00	1.13	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.592	0.304	0.617	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.183	0.202	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	186	155	156	0	334	0	189	242	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.75	0.76	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.92	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	0.327	0.682	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.189	0.195	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	294	175	58	252	273	0	1034	261	232
N.S.	1	0.94	0.56	0.18	0.80	0.87	0.00	3.29	0.83	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	1.060	0.109	0.639	0.044	0.075	0.000	0.218	0.191	9.685

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	279	262	153	41	230	248	0	938	237	211
N.S.	1	0.94	0.55	0.15	0.82	0.89	0.00	3.36	0.85	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.883	0.094	0.601	0.044	0.074	0.000	0.136	0.213	9.259

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	368	137	27	208	225	0	842	213	192
N.S.	1	1.53	0.57	0.11	0.87	0.94	0.00	3.51	0.89	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.947	0.090	0.597	0.049	0.148	0.000	0.126	0.198	9.087

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	197	118	82	186	201	0	746	189	172
N.S.	1	0.96	0.58	0.40	0.91	0.98	0.00	3.64	0.92	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.716	0.080	0.494	0.052	0.150	0.000	0.130	0.196	9.212

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	163	99	86	164	176	0	650	165	153
N.S.	1	0.98	0.59	0.51	0.98	1.05	0.00	3.89	0.99	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.606	0.067	0.550	0.044	0.108	0.000	0.136	0.191	9.095

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	129	80	85	142	152	0	554	141	141
N.S.	1	0.98	0.61	0.65	1.08	1.16	0.00	4.23	1.08	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.523	0.059	0.516	0.045	0.177	0.000	0.380	0.186	8.895

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	95	61	61	119	126	0	456	117	120
N.S.	1	1.01	0.65	0.65	1.27	1.34	0.00	4.85	1.24	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.051	0.566	0.045	0.114	0.000	0.170	0.201	8.866

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	61	42	41	94	102	0	344	92	123
N.S.	1	1.02	0.70	0.68	1.57	1.70	0.00	5.73	1.53	2.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.044	0.529	0.042	0.140	0.000	0.124	0.201	9.563

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	130	112	96	0	251	0	151	145	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.85	0.73	0.00	1.92	0.00	1.15	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.567	0.117	0.579	0.000	0.143	0.000	0.122	0.209	0.000

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	142	108	128	0	244	0	153	165	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.74	0.88	0.00	1.67	0.00	1.05	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.604	0.226	0.615	0.000	0.160	0.000	0.160	0.244	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	145	115	117	0	244	0	173	173	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.74	0.75	0.00	1.57	0.00	1.12	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	0.196	0.644	0.000	0.166	0.000	0.159	0.248	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	147	125	118	0	264	0	152	186	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.80	0.76	0.00	1.69	0.00	0.97	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.601	0.218	0.718	0.000	0.141	0.000	0.154	0.234	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	150	138	132	0	292	0	195	206	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.82	0.78	0.00	1.73	0.00	1.15	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.596	0.310	0.754	0.000	0.168	0.000	0.161	0.204	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	181	155	156	0	343	0	205	242	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.75	0.76	0.00	1.67	0.00	1.00	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.695	0.379	0.891	0.000	0.142	0.000	0.165	0.192	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	215	175	180	0	390	0	268	278	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.72	0.74	0.00	1.60	0.00	1.10	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	0.386	0.903	0.000	0.158	0.000	0.198	0.216	0.000

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	158	94	92	120	105	0	143	93	104
N.S.	1	0.96	0.57	0.56	0.73	0.64	0.00	0.87	0.56	0.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.059	0.648	0.044	0.135	0.000	0.121	0.191	9.072

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	124	75	75	98	81	0	120	69	84
N.S.	1	0.96	0.58	0.58	0.76	0.63	0.00	0.93	0.53	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.048	0.645	0.041	0.131	0.000	0.146	0.209	9.112

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	90	55	56	75	56	0	93	45	62
N.S.	1	0.98	0.60	0.61	0.82	0.61	0.00	1.01	0.49	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.037	0.605	0.044	0.115	0.000	0.121	0.204	8.916

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	36	36	45	34	0	65	24	40
N.S.	1	1.00	0.62	0.62	0.78	0.59	0.00	1.12	0.41	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.031	0.503	0.041	0.148	0.000	0.111	0.200	8.691

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	56	66	27	0	137	0	77	51	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.14	0.47	0.00	2.36	0.00	1.33	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.041	0.415	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.118	0.199	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	62	68	38	0	148	0	60	90	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.06	0.59	0.00	2.31	0.00	0.94	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.082	0.448	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.138	0.200	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	97	93	43	0	197	0	115	132	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.89	0.41	0.00	1.88	0.00	1.10	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.142	0.463	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.146	0.205	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	131	116	64	0	246	0	131	170	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.82	0.45	0.00	1.73	0.00	0.92	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.205	0.506	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.155	0.205	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	165	135	82	0	295	0	180	206	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.75	0.46	0.00	1.65	0.00	1.01	1.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.599	0.225	0.498	0.000	0.145	0.000	0.154	0.189	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	167	91	109	97	114	0	166	95	110
N.S.	1	1.05	0.57	0.69	0.61	0.72	0.00	1.04	0.60	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.634	0.062	0.635	0.045	0.113	0.000	0.119	0.204	9.135

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	133	72	85	74	90	0	134	71	86
N.S.	1	1.06	0.58	0.68	0.59	0.72	0.00	1.07	0.57	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.075	0.543	0.042	0.124	0.000	0.132	0.196	9.075

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	101	51	61	52	65	0	99	46	61
N.S.	1	1.15	0.58	0.69	0.59	0.74	0.00	1.12	0.52	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.049	0.523	0.042	0.139	0.000	0.235	0.196	8.951

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	69	32	40	34	44	0	60	26	41
N.S.	1	1.28	0.59	0.74	0.63	0.81	0.00	1.11	0.48	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.032	0.575	0.043	0.126	0.000	0.307	0.210	9.154

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	64	67	58	0	197	0	106	72	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.02	0.88	0.00	2.98	0.00	1.61	1.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.066	0.451	0.000	0.141	0.000	0.293	0.204	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	90	77	41	0	252	0	97	132	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.82	0.44	0.00	2.68	0.00	1.03	1.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.150	0.553	0.000	0.152	0.000	0.237	0.204	0.000

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	191	105	27	0	313	0	137	168	0
N.S.	1	1.41	0.78	0.20	0.00	2.32	0.00	1.01	1.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.592	0.177	0.542	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.356	0.208	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	160	129	46	0	364	0	177	196	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.74	0.26	0.00	2.09	0.00	1.02	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.589	0.220	0.469	0.000	0.167	0.000	0.440	0.196	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	194	148	65	0	413	0	209	220	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.70	0.31	0.00	1.96	0.00	0.99	1.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.693	0.263	0.481	0.000	0.129	0.000	0.429	0.202	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	166	92	109	117	125	0	157	102	110
N.S.	1	1.03	0.57	0.68	0.73	0.78	0.00	0.98	0.63	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.625	0.075	0.705	0.047	0.089	0.000	0.315	0.205	9.412

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	131	70	85	95	99	0	121	77	85
N.S.	1	1.05	0.56	0.68	0.76	0.79	0.00	0.97	0.62	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.067	1.007	0.052	0.100	0.000	0.114	0.208	9.251

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	102	53	61	74	77	0	81	54	62
N.S.	1	1.16	0.60	0.69	0.84	0.88	0.00	0.92	0.61	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.050	0.895	0.043	0.097	0.000	0.112	0.188	9.179

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	71	36	40	53	55	0	51	34	41
N.S.	1	1.27	0.64	0.71	0.95	0.98	0.00	0.91	0.61	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.040	0.622	0.046	0.092	0.000	0.258	0.189	8.860

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	94	83	79	0	268	0	120	145	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.90	0.86	0.00	2.91	0.00	1.30	1.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.094	0.524	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.215	0.187	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	136	104	75	0	372	0	103	277	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.81	0.59	0.00	2.91	0.00	0.80	2.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	0.133	0.520	0.000	0.136	0.000	0.294	0.190	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	171	122	58	0	431	0	161	319	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.72	0.34	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.95	1.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.646	0.225	0.510	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.227	0.197	0.000

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	188	144	45	0	482	0	208	347	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.68	0.21	0.00	2.28	0.00	0.99	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.663	0.281	0.494	0.000	0.144	0.000	0.245	0.235	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	363	167	26	0	531	0	235	371	0
N.S.	1	1.46	0.67	0.10	0.00	2.14	0.00	0.95	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.930	0.317	0.476	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.202	0.235	0.000

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	261	186	65	0	578	0	267	395	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.65	0.23	0.00	2.03	0.00	0.94	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.964	0.445	0.523	0.000	0.118	0.000	0.212	0.245	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	248	210	199	0	378	0	303	220	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.81	0.77	0.00	1.47	0.00	1.17	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.889	0.778	0.715	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.183	0.243	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	206	151	171	0	313	0	269	179	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.71	0.80	0.00	1.46	0.00	1.26	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.747	0.628	0.517	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.197	0.202	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	164	172	144	0	270	0	235	142	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.00	0.84	0.00	1.57	0.00	1.37	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.625	0.514	0.570	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.169	0.200	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	124	110	127	0	221	0	184	103	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.84	0.97	0.00	1.69	0.00	1.40	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.173	0.411	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.159	0.196	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	121	105	117	0	199	0	124	103	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.96	1.07	0.00	1.83	0.00	1.14	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.211	0.405	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.240	0.201	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	114	98	119	0	204	0	122	96	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.92	1.11	0.00	1.91	0.00	1.14	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.157	0.408	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.472	0.221	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	43	45	0	66	0	98	111	74
N.S.	1	1.00	0.61	0.64	0.00	0.94	0.00	1.40	1.59	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.141	0.399	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.158	0.205	9.002

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	70	67	0	91	0	142	153	99
N.S.	1	1.00	0.62	0.60	0.00	0.81	0.00	1.27	1.37	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.168	0.445	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.160	0.191	9.143

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	154	85	91	0	115	0	182	193	122
N.S.	1	0.99	0.54	0.58	0.00	0.74	0.00	1.17	1.24	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.203	0.396	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.188	0.209	8.944

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	343	328	248	243	0	459	0	655	299	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.72	0.71	0.00	1.34	0.00	1.91	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.134	1.327	0.401	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.225	0.250	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	301	286	228	217	0	414	0	369	262	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	0.72	0.00	1.38	0.00	1.23	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.979	1.079	0.430	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.191	0.225	0.000

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	260	244	205	198	0	367	0	329	222	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.79	0.76	0.00	1.41	0.00	1.27	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.834	0.810	0.411	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.203	0.197	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	202	190	175	0	320	0	286	182	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.88	0.81	0.00	1.48	0.00	1.32	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.724	0.652	0.417	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.190	0.216	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	162	136	150	0	273	0	230	142	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.79	0.87	0.00	1.59	0.00	1.34	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.631	0.211	0.431	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.404	0.196	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	159	126	133	0	247	0	158	143	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	0.87	0.00	1.61	0.00	1.03	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	0.371	0.500	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.410	0.205	0.000

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	161	121	134	0	233	0	187	127	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.82	0.91	0.00	1.59	0.00	1.27	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	0.267	0.447	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.269	0.209	0.000

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	149	125	145	0	252	0	153	139	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.89	1.03	0.00	1.79	0.00	1.09	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.576	0.227	0.426	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.390	0.209	0.000

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	43	45	0	89	0	105	153	99
N.S.	1	1.00	0.61	0.64	0.00	1.27	0.00	1.50	2.19	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.208	0.471	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.245	0.208	9.490

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	64	67	0	115	0	145	193	122
N.S.	1	1.00	0.57	0.60	0.00	1.03	0.00	1.29	1.72	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	0.251	0.435	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.211	0.222	9.375

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	154	88	91	0	140	0	189	233	146
N.S.	1	0.99	0.56	0.58	0.00	0.90	0.00	1.21	1.49	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.558	0.309	0.472	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.225	0.220	9.294

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	324	247	246	0	462	0	421	302	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.71	0.71	0.00	1.34	0.00	1.22	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.122	1.310	0.600	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.252	0.258	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	302	282	230	223	0	417	0	375	262	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.76	0.74	0.00	1.38	0.00	1.24	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.968	1.079	0.444	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.212	0.216	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	240	212	199	0	368	0	331	222	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.82	0.77	0.00	1.43	0.00	1.28	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.844	0.883	0.446	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.339	0.223	0.000

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	200	155	174	0	321	0	271	182	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.72	0.81	0.00	1.50	0.00	1.27	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.715	0.282	0.418	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.205	0.222	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	197	148	159	0	301	0	193	187	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.76	0.82	0.00	1.55	0.00	0.99	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.745	0.514	0.410	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.263	0.219	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	199	139	159	0	287	0	235	182	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.71	0.81	0.00	1.46	0.00	1.19	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.710	0.451	0.431	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.274	0.209	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	199	145	160	0	287	0	245	182	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.78	0.86	0.00	1.53	0.00	1.31	0.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.734	0.359	0.414	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.375	0.211	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	184	143	169	0	304	0	183	183	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.81	0.95	0.00	1.72	0.00	1.03	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.674	0.302	0.418	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.338	0.232	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	43	45	0	113	0	105	193	121
N.S.	1	1.00	0.61	0.64	0.00	1.61	0.00	1.50	2.76	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.280	0.409	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.277	0.221	9.438

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	64	67	0	138	0	149	233	144
N.S.	1	1.00	0.57	0.60	0.00	1.23	0.00	1.33	2.08	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.360	0.419	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.192	0.225	9.587

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	154	94	91	0	163	0	189	273	168
N.S.	1	0.99	0.60	0.58	0.00	1.04	0.00	1.21	1.75	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.449	0.412	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.254	0.324	9.680

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	210	199	174	0	350	0	256	182	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.91	0.79	0.00	1.60	0.00	1.17	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.794	0.608	0.405	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.139	0.247	0.000

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	168	138	150	0	297	0	218	142	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.79	0.86	0.00	1.70	0.00	1.25	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	0.521	0.411	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.272	0.286	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	126	112	128	0	226	0	172	102	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.85	0.98	0.00	1.73	0.00	1.31	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.322	0.398	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.134	0.216	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	100	108	0	185	0	135	66	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.30	0.00	2.23	0.00	1.63	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.210	0.401	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.139	0.211	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	80	84	94	0	177	0	85	60	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.09	1.22	0.00	2.30	0.00	1.10	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.112	0.394	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.214	0.207	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	42	44	0	45	0	78	69	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.60	0.63	0.00	0.64	0.00	1.11	0.99	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.120	0.401	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.245	0.201	9.661

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	63	67	0	68	0	132	111	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.56	0.60	0.00	0.61	0.00	1.18	0.99	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.141	0.424	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.189	0.207	9.740

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	154	83	91	0	92	0	172	153	102
N.S.	1	0.99	0.53	0.58	0.00	0.59	0.00	1.10	0.98	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.542	0.182	0.403	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.163	0.227	10.038

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	180	171	214	0	362	0	230	157	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	1.25	0.00	2.12	0.00	1.35	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.692	0.426	0.428	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.173	0.217	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	138	112	199	0	301	0	178	127	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.91	1.62	0.00	2.45	0.00	1.45	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.343	0.418	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.151	0.203	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	90	90	174	0	246	0	126	88	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.03	2.00	0.00	2.83	0.00	1.45	1.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.119	0.398	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.173	0.191	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	40	44	0	55	0	111	71	68
N.S.	1	1.00	0.61	0.67	0.00	0.83	0.00	1.68	1.08	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.100	0.408	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.190	0.211	9.729

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	110	61	66	0	76	0	304	95	98
N.S.	1	0.99	0.55	0.59	0.00	0.68	0.00	2.74	0.86	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.151	0.415	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.763	0.209	9.881

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	149	82	91	0	103	0	323	129	115
N.S.	1	0.99	0.54	0.60	0.00	0.68	0.00	2.14	0.85	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	0.171	0.415	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.284	0.204	9.823

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	191	101	115	0	131	0	375	159	148
N.S.	1	0.99	0.53	0.60	0.00	0.68	0.00	1.95	0.83	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.651	0.229	0.430	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.414	0.224	9.488

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	223	190	319	0	494	0	290	296	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.89	1.49	0.00	2.31	0.00	1.36	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.787	0.557	0.425	0.000	0.129	0.000	0.181	0.207	0.000

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	181	133	304	0	431	0	236	230	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.82	1.87	0.00	2.64	0.00	1.45	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.657	0.486	0.431	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.230	0.212	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	130	108	247	0	336	0	151	146	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.90	2.06	0.00	2.80	0.00	1.26	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.528	0.200	0.397	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.151	0.211	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	42	44	0	68	0	73	110	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.49	0.52	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.86	1.29	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.120	0.401	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.141	0.204	9.731

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	123	61	67	0	97	0	171	146	109
N.S.	1	1.13	0.56	0.61	0.00	0.89	0.00	1.57	1.34	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.495	0.154	0.425	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.391	0.212	9.512

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	159	77	90	0	123	0	365	169	134
N.S.	1	1.05	0.51	0.59	0.00	0.81	0.00	2.40	1.11	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	0.170	0.437	0.000	0.102	0.000	1.457	0.209	9.393

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	188	102	115	0	141	0	0	200	152
N.S.	1	0.97	0.53	0.59	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.627	0.239	0.427	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.217	9.497

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	232	121	139	0	160	0	0	229	183
N.S.	1	0.97	0.51	0.58	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.746	0.295	0.447	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.218	9.452

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	274	134	163	0	187	0	533	260	183
N.S.	1	0.98	0.48	0.58	0.00	0.67	0.00	1.90	0.93	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.870	0.309	0.474	0.000	0.101	0.000	2.072	0.219	9.367

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	125	90	457	161	383	2111	683	457	282
N.S.	1	1.03	0.74	3.78	1.33	3.17	17.45	5.64	3.78	2.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.142	0.399	0.059	0.096	0.704	0.389	0.226	9.106

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	95	74	92	115	219	1081	388	249	181
N.S.	1	1.04	0.81	1.01	1.26	2.41	11.88	4.26	2.74	1.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.109	0.342	0.044	0.099	0.465	0.291	0.197	8.939

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	64	60	61	69	96	425	173	101	99
N.S.	1	1.07	1.00	1.02	1.15	1.60	7.08	2.88	1.68	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.065	0.062	0.045	0.110	0.327	0.203	0.207	8.836

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	65	52	0	0	0	0	0	117	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	94	69	0	0	0	0	0	821	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	100	74	0	0	0	0	0	1674	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	123	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	121	115	0	0	0	0	0	1514	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	137	115	1454	247	1171	18686	3372	1508	1641
N.S.	1	0.94	0.79	9.96	1.69	8.02	127.99	23.10	10.33	11.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.198	7.014	0.062	0.135	94.522	0.364	0.257	9.747

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	106	96	653	179	565	6790	1616	677	809
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	5.88	1.61	5.09	61.17	14.56	6.10	7.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.155	1.748	0.048	0.123	29.238	0.254	0.243	8.680

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	62	74	205	99	190	1756	544	211	297
N.S.	1	0.98	1.17	3.25	1.57	3.02	27.87	8.63	3.35	4.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.085	0.409	0.043	0.094	11.991	0.295	0.276	5.362

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	85	61	0	0	0	0	0	421	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	106	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	113	93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	172	127	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	0.345	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.037	0.000

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	172	127	0	0	0	0	0	86	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.279	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	34.695	0.000

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	166	121	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	0.221	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.723	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	170	106	0	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.216	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.304	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	170	114	0	0	0	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	0.281	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.373	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	173	115	0	0	0	0	0	126	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.327	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.290	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	155	103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.288	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [153] had the largest ratio of [.409090999999999982]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
2	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
3	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
4	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
5	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
6	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
7	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
8	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
9	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
10	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
11	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
12	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
13	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
14	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
15	A	4	4	1.00	20	0.200
16	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
17	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
18	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
19	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
20	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
21	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
23	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
24	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
25	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
26	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
27	A	4	4	0.98	20	0.200
28	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
29	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
30	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
31	A	4	4	0.98	20	0.200
32	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
33	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
34	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
35	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
36	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
37	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
38	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
39	A	2	2	1.17	17	0.118
40	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
41	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
42	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
43	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
44	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
45	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
46	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
47	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
48	A	2	2	1.25	17	0.118
49	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
50	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
51	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
52	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
53	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
55	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
56	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
57	A	2	2	1.16	17	0.118
58	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
59	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
60	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
61	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
62	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
63	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
64	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
65	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
66	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
67	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
68	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
69	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
70	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
71	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
72	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
73	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
74	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
75	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
76	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
77	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
78	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
79	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
80	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
81	A	8	7	0.93	22	0.318
82	A	7	6	0.96	22	0.273
83	A	6	5	0.97	22	0.227
84	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
85	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	6	5	0.96	22	0.227
87	A	7	6	0.94	22	0.273
88	A	8	7	0.92	22	0.318
89	A	8	7	1.09	22	0.318
90	A	7	6	1.14	22	0.273
91	A	6	5	1.19	22	0.227
92	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
93	A	6	5	1.21	22	0.227
94	A	7	6	1.11	22	0.273
95	A	8	7	1.07	22	0.318
96	A	9	8	1.01	22	0.364
97	A	8	7	1.03	22	0.318
98	A	7	6	1.07	22	0.273
99	A	6	5	0.97	22	0.227
100	A	6	5	0.94	22	0.227
101	A	7	6	1.07	22	0.273
102	A	8	7	1.03	22	0.318
103	A	7	6	0.81	22	0.273
104	A	5	4	0.70	20	0.200
105	A	5	4	0.80	19	0.211
106	A	5	4	0.89	22	0.182
107	A	5	4	1.10	22	0.182
108	A	7	6	1.01	22	0.273
109	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
110	A	3	3	0.99	22	0.136
111	A	4	4	0.97	22	0.182
112	A	5	5	0.96	22	0.227
113	A	6	6	0.95	22	0.273
114	A	8	7	0.75	22	0.318
115	A	6	5	0.66	20	0.250
116	A	6	5	0.72	19	0.263
117	A	6	5	0.78	22	0.227

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	6	5	0.98	22	0.227
119	A	6	5	0.98	22	0.227
120	A	8	7	1.07	22	0.318
121	A	8	7	0.99	22	0.318
122	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
123	A	3	3	0.99	22	0.136
124	A	4	4	0.97	22	0.182
125	A	5	5	0.96	22	0.227
126	A	6	6	0.95	22	0.273
127	A	9	8	0.70	22	0.364
128	A	7	6	0.63	20	0.300
129	A	7	6	0.68	19	0.316
130	A	7	6	0.71	22	0.273
131	A	7	6	0.84	22	0.273
132	A	7	6	0.94	22	0.273
133	A	7	6	1.04	22	0.273
134	A	9	8	0.96	22	0.364
135	A	9	8	1.02	22	0.364
136	A	9	8	0.96	22	0.364
137	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
138	A	3	3	0.99	22	0.136
139	A	4	4	0.97	22	0.182
140	A	5	5	0.96	22	0.227
141	A	6	6	0.95	22	0.273
142	A	8	7	0.92	22	0.318
143	A	7	6	0.93	22	0.273
144	A	6	5	0.93	22	0.227
145	A	4	3	0.82	20	0.150
146	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
147	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
148	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
149	A	3	3	0.99	22	0.136

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	4	4	0.97	22	0.182
151	A	5	5	0.96	22	0.227
152	A	6	6	0.95	22	0.273
153	A	10	9	1.08	22	0.409
154	A	7	6	1.00	22	0.273
155	A	6	5	1.04	22	0.227
156	A	5	4	1.00	20	0.200
157	A	1	1	0.70	19	0.053
158	A	2	2	0.70	22	0.091
159	A	3	3	0.75	22	0.136
160	A	4	4	0.79	22	0.182
161	A	5	5	0.81	22	0.227
162	A	8	7	0.96	22	0.318
163	A	7	6	1.07	22	0.273
164	A	5	4	1.05	22	0.182
165	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
166	A	2	2	0.86	20	0.100
167	A	2	2	0.64	19	0.105
168	A	3	3	0.63	22	0.136
169	A	4	4	0.67	22	0.182
170	A	5	5	0.71	22	0.227
171	A	6	6	0.96	24	0.250
172	A	5	5	0.96	24	0.208
173	A	4	4	0.98	24	0.167
174	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
175	A	2	2	1.02	24	0.083
176	A	5	4	1.01	24	0.167
177	A	5	4	1.12	24	0.167
178	A	5	4	0.96	24	0.167
179	A	6	5	0.92	24	0.208
180	A	7	6	0.92	24	0.250
181	A	8	7	0.92	24	0.292

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	6	6	0.96	24	0.250
183	A	5	5	0.96	24	0.208
184	A	4	4	0.98	24	0.167
185	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
186	A	2	2	1.02	24	0.083
187	A	6	5	1.02	24	0.208
188	A	6	5	1.04	24	0.208
189	A	6	5	1.01	24	0.208
190	A	6	5	0.93	24	0.208
191	A	7	6	0.90	24	0.250
192	A	8	7	0.90	24	0.292
193	A	6	6	0.96	24	0.250
194	A	5	5	0.96	24	0.208
195	A	4	4	0.98	24	0.167
196	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
197	A	2	2	1.02	24	0.083
198	A	7	6	1.01	24	0.250
199	A	7	6	0.99	24	0.250
200	A	7	6	0.95	24	0.250
201	A	7	6	0.96	24	0.250
202	A	7	6	0.90	24	0.250
203	A	8	7	0.89	24	0.292
204	A	5	5	0.98	24	0.208
205	A	4	4	0.99	24	0.167
206	A	3	3	1.02	24	0.125
207	A	2	2	1.05	24	0.083
208	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
209	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
210	A	5	4	0.94	24	0.167
211	A	6	5	0.94	24	0.208
212	A	5	5	1.04	24	0.208
213	A	4	4	1.06	24	0.167

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	3	3	1.12	24	0.125
215	A	2	2	1.25	24	0.083
216	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
217	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
218	A	6	5	0.96	24	0.208
219	A	7	6	0.94	24	0.250
220	A	8	7	0.93	24	0.292
221	A	5	5	1.03	24	0.208
222	A	4	4	1.05	24	0.167
223	A	3	3	1.14	24	0.125
224	A	2	2	1.26	24	0.083
225	A	5	4	1.04	24	0.167
226	A	6	5	1.11	24	0.208
227	A	7	6	0.95	24	0.250
228	A	8	7	0.93	24	0.292
229	A	3	3	1.03	22	0.136
230	A	3	3	1.04	22	0.136
231	A	3	3	1.07	20	0.150
232	A	3	3	1.24	22	0.136
233	A	3	3	1.16	22	0.136
234	A	3	3	1.18	22	0.136
235	A	4	4	1.12	22	0.182
236	A	1	1	1.00	27	0.037
237	A	5	5	0.95	24	0.208
238	A	4	4	0.96	22	0.182
239	A	2	2	1.45	21	0.095
240	A	2	2	1.02	24	0.083
241	A	5	4	0.99	24	0.167
242	A	5	4	1.10	24	0.167
243	A	5	4	0.94	24	0.167
244	A	6	5	0.91	24	0.208
245	A	7	6	0.91	24	0.250

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	7	7	0.94	24	0.292
247	A	6	6	0.95	22	0.273
248	A	2	2	1.51	21	0.095
249	A	4	4	0.98	24	0.167
250	A	3	3	1.01	24	0.125
251	A	2	2	1.02	24	0.083
252	A	6	5	1.00	24	0.208
253	A	6	5	1.03	24	0.208
254	A	6	5	0.99	24	0.208
255	A	6	5	0.92	24	0.208
256	A	7	6	0.88	24	0.250
257	A	8	7	0.90	24	0.292
258	A	9	9	0.94	24	0.375
259	A	8	8	0.94	22	0.364
260	A	2	2	1.53	21	0.095
261	A	6	6	0.96	24	0.250
262	A	5	5	0.98	24	0.208
263	A	4	4	0.98	24	0.167
264	A	3	3	1.01	24	0.125
265	A	2	2	1.02	24	0.083
266	A	7	6	0.99	24	0.250
267	A	7	6	0.97	24	0.250
268	A	7	6	0.94	24	0.250
269	A	7	6	0.94	24	0.250
270	A	7	6	0.89	24	0.250
271	A	8	7	0.88	24	0.292
272	A	9	8	0.88	24	0.333
273	A	5	5	0.96	24	0.208
274	A	4	4	0.96	24	0.167
275	A	3	3	0.98	24	0.125
276	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
277	A	2	2	0.97	21	0.095

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	4	3	0.97	24	0.125
279	A	5	4	0.92	24	0.167
280	A	6	5	0.92	24	0.208
281	A	7	6	0.92	24	0.250
282	A	5	5	1.05	24	0.208
283	A	4	4	1.06	24	0.167
284	A	3	3	1.15	24	0.125
285	A	2	2	1.28	24	0.083
286	A	4	3	0.97	24	0.125
287	A	5	4	0.96	22	0.182
288	A	2	2	1.41	21	0.095
289	A	7	6	0.92	24	0.250
290	A	8	7	0.92	24	0.292
291	A	5	5	1.03	24	0.208
292	A	4	4	1.05	24	0.167
293	A	3	3	1.16	24	0.125
294	A	2	2	1.27	24	0.083
295	A	5	4	1.02	24	0.167
296	A	6	5	1.06	24	0.208
297	A	7	6	1.01	24	0.250
298	A	8	7	0.89	22	0.318
299	A	2	2	1.46	21	0.095
300	A	10	9	0.92	24	0.375
301	A	9	8	0.96	28	0.286
302	A	8	7	0.96	28	0.250
303	A	7	6	0.95	28	0.214
304	A	6	5	0.95	28	0.179
305	A	6	5	1.11	28	0.179
306	A	6	5	1.07	28	0.179
307	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
308	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
309	A	4	4	0.99	28	0.143
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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	11	10	0.96	28	0.357
311	A	10	9	0.95	28	0.321
312	A	9	8	0.94	28	0.286
313	A	8	7	0.94	28	0.250
314	A	7	6	0.94	28	0.214
315	A	7	6	1.04	28	0.214
316	A	7	6	1.10	28	0.214
317	A	7	6	1.06	28	0.214
318	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
319	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
320	A	4	4	0.99	28	0.143
321	A	11	10	0.94	28	0.357
322	A	10	9	0.93	28	0.321
323	A	9	8	0.93	28	0.286
324	A	8	7	0.93	28	0.250
325	A	8	7	1.02	28	0.250
326	A	8	7	1.01	28	0.250
327	A	8	7	1.06	28	0.250
328	A	8	7	1.04	28	0.250
329	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
330	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
331	A	4	4	0.99	28	0.143
332	A	8	7	0.96	28	0.250
333	A	7	6	0.96	28	0.214
334	A	6	5	0.96	28	0.179
335	A	5	4	1.00	28	0.143
336	A	5	4	1.04	28	0.143
337	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
338	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
339	A	4	4	0.99	28	0.143
340	A	7	6	1.05	28	0.214
341	A	6	5	1.12	28	0.179

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	5	4	1.03	28	0.143
343	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
344	A	3	3	0.99	28	0.107
345	A	4	4	0.99	28	0.143
346	A	5	5	0.99	28	0.179
347	A	8	7	1.04	28	0.250
348	A	7	6	1.11	28	0.214
349	A	6	5	1.08	28	0.179
350	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
351	A	3	3	1.13	28	0.107
352	A	4	4	1.05	28	0.143
353	A	5	5	0.97	28	0.179
354	A	6	6	0.97	28	0.214
355	A	7	7	0.98	28	0.250
356	A	3	3	1.03	24	0.125
357	A	3	3	1.04	24	0.125
358	A	3	3	1.07	22	0.136
359	A	3	3	0.98	24	0.125
360	A	3	3	1.11	24	0.125
361	A	3	3	1.18	24	0.125
362	A	4	4	1.11	24	0.167
363	A	4	4	1.14	29	0.138
364	A	4	4	0.94	26	0.154
365	A	4	4	0.95	26	0.154
366	A	4	4	0.98	24	0.167
367	A	4	4	1.04	26	0.154
368	A	4	4	1.13	26	0.154
369	A	4	4	1.14	26	0.154
370	A	4	4	1.17	28	0.143
371	A	4	4	1.17	28	0.143
372	A	4	4	1.18	28	0.143
373	A	4	4	1.17	28	0.143

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
374	A	4	4	1.17	28	0.143
375	A	4	4	1.18	28	0.143
376	A	4	4	1.23	26	0.154

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$	164
3.2	$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$	169
3.3	$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$	174
3.4	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x} dx$	179
3.5	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx$	184
3.6	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx$	189
3.7	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^4} dx$	194
3.8	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^5} dx$	199
3.9	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^6} dx$	204
3.10	$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$	209
3.11	$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$	215
3.12	$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$	221
3.13	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x} dx$	226
3.14	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx$	232
3.15	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx$	237
3.16	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx$	242
3.17	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx$	247
3.18	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx$	253
3.19	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx$	259
3.20	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx$	265
3.21	$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$	271
3.22	$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$	277
3.23	$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$	283
3.24	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x} dx$	289

3.25	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx$	295
3.26	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx$	301
3.27	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx$	307
3.28	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx$	313
3.29	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx$	319
3.30	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx$	325
3.31	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx$	331
3.32	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx$	337
3.33	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx$	343
3.34	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$	349
3.35	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$	355
3.36	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$	361
3.37	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$	367
3.38	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$	372
3.39	$\int \frac{d+ex}{bx+cx^2} dx$	377
3.40	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)} dx$	382
3.41	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(bx+cx^2)} dx$	387
3.42	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(bx+cx^2)} dx$	393
3.43	$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	399
3.44	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	405
3.45	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	411
3.46	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	417
3.47	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	422
3.48	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	427
3.49	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	433
3.50	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	439
3.51	$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	446
3.52	$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	452
3.53	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	458
3.54	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	464
3.55	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	469
3.56	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	475

3.57	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	481
3.58	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	488
3.59	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx$	495
3.60	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx$	500
3.61	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	505
3.62	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	510
3.63	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	515
3.64	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	520
3.65	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	525
3.66	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx$	530
3.67	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx$	536
3.68	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	542
3.69	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$	548
3.70	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$	554
3.71	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx$	560
3.72	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx$	566
3.73	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx$	572
3.74	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx$	578
3.75	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	584
3.76	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx$	590
3.77	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx$	596
3.78	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx$	602
3.79	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx$	608
3.80	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx$	614
3.81	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$	620
3.82	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$	628
3.83	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$	635
3.84	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$	642
3.85	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)} dx$	648
3.86	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx$	654
3.87	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx$	661
3.88	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx$	668
3.89	$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	676

3.90	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	685
3.91	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	693
3.92	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	700
3.93	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	707
3.94	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	714
3.95	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	722
3.96	$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	731
3.97	$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	740
3.98	$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	748
3.99	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	755
3.100	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	762
3.101	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	769
3.102	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$	777
3.103	$\int x^2(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$	786
3.104	$\int x(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$	797
3.105	$\int (A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$	805
3.106	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} dx$	812
3.107	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^2} dx$	819
3.108	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^3} dx$	826
3.109	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^4} dx$	833
3.110	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^5} dx$	839
3.111	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^6} dx$	846
3.112	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^7} dx$	853
3.113	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^8} dx$	862
3.114	$\int x^2(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	872
3.115	$\int x(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	885
3.116	$\int (A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	895
3.117	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	904
3.118	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	912
3.119	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	919
3.120	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	926
3.121	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	934

3.122	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	942
3.123	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	948
3.124	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$	955
3.125	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$	963
3.126	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	972
3.127	$\int x^2(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx$	983
3.128	$\int x(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx$	997
3.129	$\int (A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1008
3.130	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	1018
3.131	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	1027
3.132	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	1036
3.133	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$	1045
3.134	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$	1054
3.135	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$	1063
3.136	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$	1073
3.137	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$	1083
3.138	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$	1090
3.139	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	1097
3.140	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$	1105
3.141	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$	1114
3.142	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1126
3.143	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1137
3.144	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1147
3.145	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1155
3.146	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1162
3.147	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1168
3.148	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1174
3.149	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1180
3.150	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1187
3.151	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1194
3.152	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^6\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1202
3.153	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1211

3.154	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1219
3.155	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1226
3.156	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1232
3.157	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1238
3.158	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1243
3.159	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1249
3.160	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1255
3.161	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1262
3.162	$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1270
3.163	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1280
3.164	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1289
3.165	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1296
3.166	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1303
3.167	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1309
3.168	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1315
3.169	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1322
3.170	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1330
3.171	$\int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$	1339
3.172	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$	1347
3.173	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$	1354
3.174	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$	1360
3.175	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1366
3.176	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1371
3.177	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	1377
3.178	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1383
3.179	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	1389
3.180	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx$	1396
3.181	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx$	1403
3.182	$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1411
3.183	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1421
3.184	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx$	1429
3.185	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1436

3.186	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1442
3.187	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	1448
3.188	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1454
3.189	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	1460
3.190	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx$	1467
3.191	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx$	1473
3.192	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx$	1480
3.193	$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1488
3.194	$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx$	1498
3.195	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1506
3.196	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1513
3.197	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	1520
3.198	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1526
3.199	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	1533
3.200	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx$	1540
3.201	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx$	1547
3.202	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx$	1554
3.203	$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx$	1561
3.204	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1569
3.205	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1576
3.206	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1582
3.207	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1588
3.208	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1593
3.209	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1598
3.210	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1604
3.211	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$	1610
3.212	$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1617
3.213	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1624
3.214	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1630
3.215	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1636

3.216	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1641
3.217	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1647
3.218	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1653
3.219	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1660
3.220	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1668
3.221	$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1678
3.222	$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1685
3.223	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1691
3.224	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1697
3.225	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1702
3.226	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1708
3.227	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1715
3.228	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1723
3.229	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax+bx^2)^3 dx$	1734
3.230	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax+bx^2)^2 dx$	1742
3.231	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax+bx^2) dx$	1749
3.232	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx$	1755
3.233	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx$	1760
3.234	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx$	1766
3.235	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax+bx^2)^p dx$	1772
3.236	$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b+3cx)(bx+cx^2)^p dx$	1779
3.237	$\int x^2(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	1784
3.238	$\int x(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	1792
3.239	$\int (c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	1799
3.240	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} dx$	1805
3.241	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} dx$	1811
3.242	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^3} dx$	1817
3.243	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^4} dx$	1823
3.244	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^5} dx$	1830
3.245	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^6} dx$	1837
3.246	$\int x^2(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx$	1845
3.247	$\int x(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx$	1856
3.248	$\int (c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx$	1866

3.249	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	1873
3.250	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	1880
3.251	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	1886
3.252	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	1892
3.253	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	1898
3.254	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	1904
3.255	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	1911
3.256	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$	1918
3.257	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$	1926
3.258	$\int x^2(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2} dx$	1934
3.259	$\int x(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2} dx$	1951
3.260	$\int (c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2} dx$	1966
3.261	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	1973
3.262	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	1983
3.263	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	1991
3.264	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$	1998
3.265	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$	2005
3.266	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$	2011
3.267	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$	2018
3.268	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$	2026
3.269	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$	2033
3.270	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	2040
3.271	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$	2048
3.272	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$	2056
3.273	$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2065
3.274	$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2072
3.275	$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2079
3.276	$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2085
3.277	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2091
3.278	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2096
3.279	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2102
3.280	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2108

3.281	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2115
3.282	$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2123
3.283	$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2130
3.284	$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2136
3.285	$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2142
3.286	$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2147
3.287	$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2153
3.288	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2160
3.289	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2166
3.290	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2174
3.291	$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2183
3.292	$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2190
3.293	$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2196
3.294	$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2202
3.295	$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2207
3.296	$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2213
3.297	$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2220
3.298	$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2228
3.299	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2238
3.300	$\int \frac{c+dx}{x(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2245
3.301	$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	2259
3.302	$\int \sqrt{ex}(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	2270
3.303	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2279
3.304	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2287
3.305	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2294
3.306	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2301
3.307	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2308
3.308	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2313
3.309	$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2319
3.310	$\int \sqrt{ex}(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx$	2326
3.311	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2344

3.312	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2358
3.313	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2369
3.314	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2377
3.315	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2384
3.316	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2391
3.317	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2398
3.318	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx$	2405
3.319	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx$	2411
3.320	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx$	2418
3.321	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2425
3.322	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2442
3.323	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2456
3.324	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2467
3.325	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2475
3.326	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx$	2483
3.327	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx$	2492
3.328	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx$	2501
3.329	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx$	2509
3.330	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx$	2515
3.331	$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx$	2522
3.332	$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2529
3.333	$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2538
3.334	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2546
3.335	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2553
3.336	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2559
3.337	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2565
3.338	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2570
3.339	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$	2576

3.340	$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2582
3.341	$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2590
3.342	$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2597
3.343	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2603
3.344	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2608
3.345	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2614
3.346	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{3/2}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$	2621
3.347	$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2629
3.348	$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2638
3.349	$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2646
3.350	$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2653
3.351	$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2658
3.352	$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2664
3.353	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2671
3.354	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2678
3.355	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$	2686
3.356	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^3 dx$	2696
3.357	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^2 dx$	2704
3.358	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3) dx$	2711
3.359	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx$	2717
3.360	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx$	2722
3.361	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx$	2728
3.362	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^p dx$	2734
3.363	$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b+3cx)(ax^2+bx^3)^p dx$	2741
3.364	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3 dx$	2747
3.365	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2 dx$	2757
3.366	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n}) dx$	2767
3.367	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx$	2774
3.368	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx$	2780
3.369	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx$	2786
3.370	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx$	2792
3.371	$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx$	2798

3.372	$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx$	2804
3.373	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}}} dx$	2810
3.374	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c+dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx$	2816
3.375	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c+dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx$	2822
3.376	$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx$	2828

3.1 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	165
Maple [A] (verified)	166
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	167
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	167
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	167
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	168
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	168
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	168

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}Abx^4 + \frac{1}{5}(bB + Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}Bcx^6$$

output $1/4*A*b*x^4+1/5*(A*c+B*b)*x^5+1/6*B*c*x^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}Abx^4 + \frac{1}{5}(bB + Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}Bcx^6$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output $(A*b*x^4)/4 + ((b*B + A*c)*x^5)/5 + (B*c*x^6)/6$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(b + cx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (x^4(Ac + bB) + Abx^3 + Bcx^5) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{4}Abx^4 + \frac{1}{6}Bcx^6$$

input `Int[x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(A*b*x^4)/4 + ((b*B + A*c)*x^5)/5 + (B*c*x^6)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^4(10Bcx^2+12Acx+12Bbx+15Ab)}{60}$	28
default	$\frac{Abx^4}{4} + \frac{(Ac+Bb)x^5}{5} + \frac{Bcx^6}{6}$	28
norman	$\frac{Bcx^6}{6} + \left(\frac{Ac}{5} + \frac{Bb}{5}\right)x^5 + \frac{Abx^4}{4}$	29
risch	$\frac{1}{4}Abx^4 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ac + \frac{1}{5}bBx^5 + \frac{1}{6}Bcx^6$	30
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}Abx^4 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ac + \frac{1}{5}bBx^5 + \frac{1}{6}Bcx^6$	30
orering	$\frac{x^3(10Bcx^2+12Acx+12Bbx+15Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{60cx+60b}$	44

input

```
int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/60*x^4*(10*B*c*x^2+12*A*c*x+12*B*b*x+15*A*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bcx^6 + \frac{1}{4} Abx^4 + \frac{1}{5} (Bb + Ac)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*B*c*x^6 + 1/4*A*b*x^4 + 1/5*(B*b + A*c)*x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{Abx^4}{4} + \frac{Bcx^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ac}{5} + \frac{Bb}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `A*b*x**4/4 + B*c*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*c/5 + B*b/5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bcx^6 + \frac{1}{4} Abx^4 + \frac{1}{5} (Bb + Ac)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*B*c*x^6 + 1/4*A*b*x^4 + 1/5*(B*b + A*c)*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bcx^6 + \frac{1}{5} Bbx^5 + \frac{1}{5} Acx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Abx^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*B*c*x^6 + 1/5*B*b*x^5 + 1/5*A*c*x^5 + 1/4*A*b*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{Bcx^6}{6} + \left(\frac{Ac}{5} + \frac{Bb}{5}\right)x^5 + \frac{Abx^4}{4}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output `x^5*((A*c)/5 + (B*b)/5) + (A*b*x^4)/4 + (B*c*x^6)/6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{x^4(10bcx^2 + 12acx + 12b^2x + 15ab)}{60}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output `(x**4*(15*a*b + 12*a*c*x + 12*b**2*x + 10*b*c*x**2))/60`

3.2 $\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	169
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Rubi [A] (verified)	170
Maple [A] (verified)	171
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	172
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	172
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	172
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	173
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	173
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	173

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{3}Abx^3 + \frac{1}{4}(bB + Ac)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}Bcx^5$$

output $1/3*A*b*x^3+1/4*(A*c+B*b)*x^4+1/5*B*c*x^5$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{3}Abx^3 + \frac{1}{4}(bB + Ac)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}Bcx^5$$

input `Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output $(A*b*x^3)/3 + ((b*B + A*c)*x^4)/4 + (B*c*x^5)/5$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \int x^2(A + Bx)(b + cx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{85} \\ & \int (x^3(Ac + bB) + Abx^2 + Bcx^4) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{4}x^4(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{3}Abx^3 + \frac{1}{5}Bcx^5 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(A*b*x^3)/3 + ((b*B + A*c)*x^4)/4 + (B*c*x^5)/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(12Bcx^2+15Acx+15Bbx+20Ab)}{60}$	28
default	$\frac{Abx^3}{3} + \frac{(Ac+Bb)x^4}{4} + \frac{Bcx^5}{5}$	28
norman	$\frac{Bcx^5}{5} + \left(\frac{Ac}{4} + \frac{Bb}{4}\right)x^4 + \frac{Abx^3}{3}$	29
risch	$\frac{1}{3}Abx^3 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ac + \frac{1}{4}x^4Bb + \frac{1}{5}Bcx^5$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{3}Abx^3 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ac + \frac{1}{4}x^4Bb + \frac{1}{5}Bcx^5$	30
orering	$\frac{x^2(12Bcx^2+15Acx+15Bbx+20Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{60cx+60b}$	44

input

```
int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/60*x^3*(12*B*c*x^2+15*A*c*x+15*B*b*x+20*A*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bcx^5 + \frac{1}{3} Abx^3 + \frac{1}{4} (Bb + Ac)x^4$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*B*c*x^5 + 1/3*A*b*x^3 + 1/4*(B*b + A*c)*x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{Abx^3}{3} + \frac{Bcx^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{Ac}{4} + \frac{Bb}{4} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `A*b*x**3/3 + B*c*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*c/4 + B*b/4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bcx^5 + \frac{1}{3} Abx^3 + \frac{1}{4} (Bb + Ac)x^4$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*B*c*x^5 + 1/3*A*b*x^3 + 1/4*(B*b + A*c)*x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bcx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Bbx^4 + \frac{1}{4} Acx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Abx^3$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*B*c*x^5 + 1/4*B*b*x^4 + 1/4*A*c*x^4 + 1/3*A*b*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{Bcx^5}{5} + \left(\frac{Ac}{4} + \frac{Bb}{4}\right)x^4 + \frac{Abx^3}{3}$$

input `int(x*(b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output `x^4*((A*c)/4 + (B*b)/4) + (A*b*x^3)/3 + (B*c*x^5)/5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{x^3(12bcx^2 + 15acx + 15b^2x + 20ab)}{60}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output `(x**3*(20*a*b + 15*a*c*x + 15*b**2*x + 12*b*c*x**2))/60`

3.3 $\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	174
Mathematica [A] (verified)	174
Rubi [A] (verified)	175
Maple [A] (verified)	176
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	176
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	177
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	177
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	177
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	178
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	178

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{2}Abx^2 + \frac{1}{3}(bB + Ac)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}Bcx^4$$

output `1/2*A*b*x^2+1/3*(A*c+B*b)*x^3+1/4*B*c*x^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{12}x^2(Bx(4b + 3cx) + A(6b + 4cx))$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(x^2*(B*x*(4*b + 3*c*x) + A*(6*b + 4*c*x)))/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1140$$

$$\int (x^2(Ac + bB) + Abx + Bcx^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{2}Abx^2 + \frac{1}{4}Bcx^4$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(A*b*x^2)/2 + ((b*B + A*c)*x^3)/3 + (B*c*x^4)/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1140 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;`
`SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(3Bcx^2+4Acx+4Bbx+6Ab)}{12}$	28
default	$\frac{Abx^2}{2} + \frac{(Ac+Bb)x^3}{3} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4}$	28
norman	$\frac{Bcx^4}{4} + \left(\frac{Ac}{3} + \frac{Bb}{3}\right)x^3 + \frac{Abx^2}{2}$	29
risch	$\frac{1}{2}Abx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3Ac + \frac{1}{3}Bbx^3 + \frac{1}{4}Bcx^4$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{2}Abx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3Ac + \frac{1}{3}Bbx^3 + \frac{1}{4}Bcx^4$	30
orering	$\frac{x(3Bcx^2+4Acx+4Bbx+6Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{12cx+12b}$	42

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/12*x^2*(3*B*c*x^2+4*A*c*x+4*B*b*x+6*A*b)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{2} Abx^2 + \frac{1}{3} (Bb + Ac)x^3$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*B*c*x^4 + 1/2*A*b*x^2 + 1/3*(B*b + A*c)*x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{Abx^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ac}{3} + \frac{Bb}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x),x)`output `A*b*x**2/2 + B*c*x**4/4 + x**3*(A*c/3 + B*b/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{2} Abx^2 + \frac{1}{3} (Bb + Ac)x^3$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*B*c*x^4 + 1/2*A*b*x^2 + 1/3*(B*b + A*c)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bcx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Bbx^3 + \frac{1}{3} Acx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Abx^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*B*c*x^4 + 1/3*B*b*x^3 + 1/3*A*c*x^3 + 1/2*A*b*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{Bc}{4} x^4 + \left(\frac{Ac}{3} + \frac{Bb}{3} \right) x^3 + \frac{Ab}{2} x^2$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `x^3*((A*c)/3 + (B*b)/3) + (A*b*x^2)/2 + (B*c*x^4)/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{x^2(3bcx^2 + 4acx + 4b^2x + 6ab)}{12}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(x**2*(6*a*b + 4*a*c*x + 4*b**2*x + 3*b*c*x**2))/12`

3.4 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	179
Mathematica [A] (verified)	179
Rubi [A] (verified)	180
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	181
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	181
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	182
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	182
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	182
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	183
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	183

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x} dx = Abx + \frac{1}{2}(bB+Ac)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}Bcx^3$$

output `A*b*x+1/2*(A*c+B*b)*x^2+1/3*B*c*x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x} dx = Abx + \frac{1}{2}(bB+Ac)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}Bcx^3$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x,x]`

output `A*b*x + ((b*B + A*c)*x^2)/2 + (B*c*x^3)/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int (A + Bx)(b + cx) dx$$

↓ 49

$$\int (x(Ac + bB) + Ab + Bcx^2) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(Ac + bB) + Abx + \frac{1}{3}Bcx^3$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x,x]`

output `A*b*x + ((b*B + A*c)*x^2)/2 + (B*c*x^3)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
default	$Abx + \frac{(Ac+Bb)x^2}{2} + \frac{Bcx^3}{3}$	25
gospers	$\frac{x(2Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+6Ab)}{6}$	26
norman	$\frac{Bcx^3}{3} + \left(\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2}\right)x^2 + Abx$	26
risch	$Abx + \frac{1}{2}Acx^2 + \frac{1}{2}Bbx^2 + \frac{1}{3}Bcx^3$	27
parallelrisch	$Abx + \frac{1}{2}Acx^2 + \frac{1}{2}Bbx^2 + \frac{1}{3}Bcx^3$	27
orering	$\frac{(2Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+6Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{6cx+6b}$	41

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `A*b*x+1/2*(A*c+B*b)*x^2+1/3*B*c*x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bcx^3 + Abx + \frac{1}{2} (Bb + Ac)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*B*c*x^3 + A*b*x + 1/2*(B*b + A*c)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = Abx + \frac{Bcx^3}{3} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x,x)`output `A*b*x + B*c*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*c/2 + B*b/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bcx^3 + Abx + \frac{1}{2} (Bb + Ac)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*c*x^3 + A*b*x + 1/2*(B*b + A*c)*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bcx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Bbx^2 + \frac{1}{2} Acx^2 + Abx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*B*c*x^3 + 1/2*B*b*x^2 + 1/2*A*c*x^2 + A*b*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{Bcx^3}{3} + \left(\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2}\right)x^2 + Abx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x,x)`output `x^2*((A*c)/2 + (B*b)/2) + A*b*x + (B*c*x^3)/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{x(2bcx^2 + 3acx + 3b^2x + 6ab)}{6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x,x)`output `(x*(6*a*b + 3*a*c*x + 3*b**2*x + 2*b*c*x**2))/6`

3.5 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	184
Mathematica [A] (verified)	184
Rubi [A] (verified)	185
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	186
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	186
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	187
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	187
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	187
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	188
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	188

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx = (bB+Ac)x + \frac{1}{2}Bcx^2 + Ab \log(x)$$

output `(A*c+B*b)*x+1/2*B*c*x^2+A*b*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^2} dx = (bB+Ac)x + \frac{1}{2}Bcx^2 + Ab \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2))/x^2,x]`

output `(b*B+A*c)*x+(B*c*x^2)/2+A*b*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab}{x} + Ac + bB + Bcx \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$x(Ac + bB) + Ab \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} Bcx^2$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^2,x]`

output `(b*B + A*c)*x + (B*c*x^2)/2 + A*b*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bcx^2}{2} + Acx + Bbx + Ab \ln(x)$	22
risch	$\frac{Bcx^2}{2} + Acx + Bbx + Ab \ln(x)$	22
parallelrisc	$\frac{Bcx^2}{2} + Acx + Bbx + Ab \ln(x)$	22
norman	$\frac{(Ac+Bb)x^2 + \frac{Bcx^3}{2}}{x} + Ab \ln(x)$	30

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*B*c*x^2+A*c*x+B*b*x+A*b*ln(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bcx^2 + Ab \log(x) + (Bb + Ac)x$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $1/2*B*c*x^2 + A*b*\log(x) + (B*b + A*c)*x$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = Ab \log(x) + \frac{Bcx^2}{2} + x(Ac + Bb)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**2,x)`

output $A*b*\log(x) + B*c*x**2/2 + x*(A*c + B*b)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bcx^2 + Ab \log(x) + (Bb + Ac)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/2*B*c*x^2 + A*b*\log(x) + (B*b + A*c)*x$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bcx^2 + Bbx + Acx + Ab \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*B*c*x^2 + B*b*x + A*c*x + A*b*\log(\text{abs}(x))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = x(Ac + Bb) + \frac{Bc x^2}{2} + Ab \ln(x)$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x)`

output `x*(A*c + B*b) + (B*c*x^2)/2 + A*b*log(x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \log(x) ab + acx + b^2x + \frac{bc x^2}{2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^2,x)`

output `(2*log(x)*a*b + 2*a*c*x + 2*b**2*x + b*c*x**2)/2`

3.6 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	189
Mathematica [A] (verified)	189
Rubi [A] (verified)	190
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	191
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	191
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	192
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	192
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	192
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	193
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	193

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{Ab}{x} + Bcx + (bB + Ac) \log(x)$$

output `-A*b/x+B*c*x+(A*c+B*b)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{Ab}{x} + Bcx + (bB + Ac) \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^3,x]`

output `-((A*b)/x) + B*c*x + (b*B + A*c)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{85} \\ & \int \left(\frac{Ac + bB}{x} + \frac{Ab}{x^2} + Bc \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & \log(x)(Ac + bB) - \frac{Ab}{x} + Bcx \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^3,x]`

output `-((A*b)/x) + B*c*x + (b*B + A*c)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{Ab}{x} + Bcx + (Ac + Bb) \ln(x)$	23
risch	$-\frac{Ab}{x} + Bcx + A \ln(x) c + B \ln(x) b$	23
norman	$\frac{Bcx^3 - Abx}{x^2} + (Ac + Bb) \ln(x)$	28
parallelrisch	$\frac{A \ln(x)xc + B \ln(x)xb + Bcx^2 - Ab}{x}$	28

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-A*b/x+B*c*x+(A*c+B*b)*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{Bcx^2 + (Bb + Ac)x \log(x) - Ab}{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(B*c*x^2 + (B*b + A*c)*x*log(x) - A*b)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{Ab}{x} + Bcx + (Ac + Bb) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**3,x)`output `-A*b/x + B*c*x + (A*c + B*b)*log(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = Bcx + (Bb + Ac) \log(x) - \frac{Ab}{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*c*x + (B*b + A*c)*log(x) - A*b/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = Bcx + (Bb + Ac) \log(|x|) - \frac{Ab}{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*c*x + (B*b + A*c)*log(abs(x)) - A*b/x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \ln(x) (Ac + Bb) + Bcx - \frac{Ab}{x}$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x`

output `log(x)*(A*c + B*b) + B*c*x - (A*b)/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{\log(x) acx + \log(x) b^2x - ab + bcx^2}{x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x))/x^3,x`

output `(log(x)*a*c*x + log(x)*b**2*x - a*b + b*c*x**2)/x`

3.7 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	194
Mathematica [A] (verified)	194
Rubi [A] (verified)	195
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	196
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	196
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	197
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	197
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	197
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	198
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	198

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{Ab}{2x^2} - \frac{bB + Ac}{x} + Bc \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*A*b/x^2-(A*c+B*b)/x+B*c*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{Ab}{2x^2} + \frac{-bB - Ac}{x} + Bc \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(A*b)/x^2 + (-b*B) - A*c)/x + B*c*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ac + bB}{x^2} + \frac{Ab}{x^3} + \frac{Bc}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ac + bB}{x} - \frac{Ab}{2x^2} + Bc \log(x)$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/2*(A*b)/x^2 - (b*B + A*c)/x + B*c*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{Ab}{2x^2} - \frac{Ac+Bb}{x} + Bc \ln(x)$	26
risch	$\frac{(-Ac-Bb)x - \frac{Ab}{2}}{x^2} + Bc \ln(x)$	27
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-2Bc \ln(x)x^2 + 2Acx + 2Bbx + Ab}{2x^2}$	29
norman	$\frac{(-Ac-Bb)x^2 - \frac{Abx}{2}}{x^3} + Bc \ln(x)$	30

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*A*b/x^2-(A*c+B*b)/x+B*c*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx = \frac{2Bcx^2 \log(x) - Ab - 2(Bb + Ac)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/2*(2*B*c*x^2*\log(x) - A*b - 2*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx = Bc \log(x) + \frac{-Ab + x(-2Ac - 2Bb)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**4,x)`

output $B*c*\log(x) + (-A*b + x*(-2*A*c - 2*B*b))/(2*x**2)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx = Bc \log(x) - \frac{Ab + 2(Bb + Ac)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $B*c*\log(x) - 1/2*(A*b + 2*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx = Bc \log(|x|) - \frac{Ab + 2(Bb + Ac)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $B*c*\log(\text{abs}(x)) - 1/2*(A*b + 2*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^2$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx = Bc \ln(x) - \frac{\frac{Ab}{2} + x(Ac + Bb)}{x^2}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^4,x)`

output `B*c*log(x) - ((A*b)/2 + x*(A*c + B*b))/x^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^4} dx = \frac{2 \log(x) bc x^2 - ab - 2acx - 2b^2x}{2x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^4,x)`

output `(2*log(x)*b*c*x**2 - a*b - 2*a*c*x - 2*b**2*x)/(2*x**2)`

3.8 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	199
Mathematica [A] (verified)	199
Rubi [A] (verified)	200
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	201
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	202
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	202
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	202
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	203
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	203
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	203

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Ab}{3x^3} - \frac{bB+Ac}{2x^2} - \frac{Bc}{x}$$

output `-1/3*A*b/x^3-1/2*(A*c+B*b)/x^2-B*c/x`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{3Bx(b+2cx)+A(2b+3cx)}{6x^3}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/6*(3*B*x*(b + 2*c*x) + A*(2*b + 3*c*x))/x^3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ac + bB}{x^3} + \frac{Ab}{x^4} + \frac{Bc}{x^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ac + bB}{2x^2} - \frac{Ab}{3x^3} - \frac{Bc}{x}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/3*(A*b)/x^3 - (b*B + A*c)/(2*x^2) - (B*c)/x`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,`
`d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*`
`f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n`
`+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,`
`1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{6Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+2Ab}{6x^3}$	28
default	$-\frac{Ab}{3x^3} - \frac{Ac+Bb}{2x^2} - \frac{Bc}{x}$	28
risch	$\frac{-Bcx^2 + \left(-\frac{Ac}{2} - \frac{Bb}{2}\right)x - \frac{Ab}{3}}{x^3}$	28
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+2Ab}{6x^3}$	28
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{Ac}{2} - \frac{Bb}{2}\right)x^2 - \frac{Abx}{3} - Bcx^3}{x^4}$	31
orering	$-\frac{(6Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+2Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{6x^4(cx+b)}$	44

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6/x^3*(6*B*c*x^2+3*A*c*x+3*B*b*x+2*A*b)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6Bcx^2 + 2Ab + 3(Bb + Ac)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/6*(6*B*c*x^2 + 2*A*b + 3*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-2Ab - 6Bcx^2 + x(-3Ac - 3Bb)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**5,x)`output `(-2*A*b - 6*B*c*x**2 + x*(-3*A*c - 3*B*b))/(6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6Bcx^2 + 2Ab + 3(Bb + Ac)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(6*B*c*x^2 + 2*A*b + 3*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6Bcx^2 + 3Bbx + 3Acx + 2Ab}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(6*B*c*x^2 + 3*B*b*x + 3*A*c*x + 2*A*b)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Bcx^2 + \left(\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2}\right)x + \frac{Ab}{3}}{x^3}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^5,x)`

output `-((A*b)/3 + x*((A*c)/2 + (B*b)/2) + B*c*x^2)/x^3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-6bcx^2 - 3acx - 3b^2x - 2ab}{6x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^5,x)`

output `(- 2*a*b - 3*a*c*x - 3*b**2*x - 6*b*c*x**2)/(6*x**3)`

3.9 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	204
Mathematica [A] (verified)	204
Rubi [A] (verified)	205
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	206
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	207
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	207
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	207
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	208
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	208
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	208

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{Ab}{4x^4} - \frac{bB+Ac}{3x^3} - \frac{Bc}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/4*A*b/x^4-1/3*(A*c+B*b)/x^3-1/2*B*c/x^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{3Ab+4bBx+4Acx+6Bcx^2}{12x^4}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/12*(3*A*b + 4*b*B*x + 4*A*c*x + 6*B*c*x^2)/x^4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{Ac + bB}{x^4} + \frac{Ab}{x^5} + \frac{Bc}{x^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{Ac + bB}{3x^3} - \frac{Ab}{4x^4} - \frac{Bc}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*b)/x^4 - (b*B + A*c)/(3*x^3) - (B*c)/(2*x^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{6Bcx^2+4Acx+4Bbx+3Ab}{12x^4}$	28
default	$-\frac{Ab}{4x^4} - \frac{Ac+Bb}{3x^3} - \frac{Bc}{2x^2}$	28
risch	$-\frac{\frac{Bcx^2}{2} + \left(-\frac{Ac}{3} - \frac{Bb}{3}\right)x - \frac{Ab}{4}}{x^4}$	28
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6Bcx^2+4Acx+4Bbx+3Ab}{12x^4}$	28
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{Ac}{3} - \frac{Bb}{3}\right)x^2 - \frac{Abx}{4} - \frac{Bcx^3}{2}}{x^5}$	31
orering	$-\frac{(6Bcx^2+4Acx+4Bbx+3Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{12x^5(cx+b)}$	44

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/12/x^4*(6*B*c*x^2+4*A*c*x+4*B*b*x+3*A*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{6Bcx^2 + 3Ab + 4(Bb + Ac)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(6*B*c*x^2 + 3*A*b + 4*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-3Ab - 6Bcx^2 + x(-4Ac - 4Bb)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**6,x)`output `(-3*A*b - 6*B*c*x**2 + x*(-4*A*c - 4*B*b))/(12*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{6Bcx^2 + 3Ab + 4(Bb + Ac)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(6*B*c*x^2 + 3*A*b + 4*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{6Bcx^2 + 4Bbx + 4Acx + 3Ab}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*(6*B*c*x^2 + 4*B*b*x + 4*A*c*x + 3*A*b)/x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{Bcx^2}{2} + \left(\frac{Ac}{3} + \frac{Bb}{3}\right)x + \frac{Ab}{4}}{x^4}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^6,x)`output `-((A*b)/4 + x*((A*c)/3 + (B*b)/3) + (B*c*x^2)/2)/x^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-6bcx^2 - 4acx - 4b^2x - 3ab}{12x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^6,x)`output `(- 3*a*b - 4*a*c*x - 4*b**2*x - 6*b*c*x**2)/(12*x**4)`

3.10 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	209
Mathematica [A] (verified)	209
Rubi [A] (verified)	210
Maple [A] (verified)	211
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	212
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	212
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	212
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	213
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	213
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	214

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b(bB + 2Ac)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}c(2bB + Ac)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}Bc^2x^8$$

output $1/5*A*b^2*x^5+1/6*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^6+1/7*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^7+1/8*B*c^2*x^8$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b(bB + 2Ac)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}c(2bB + Ac)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}Bc^2x^8$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]$

output $(A*b^2*x^5)/5 + (b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^6)/6 + (c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^7)/7 + (B*c^2*x^8)/8$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^4(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (Ab^2x^4 + cx^6(Ac + 2bB) + bx^5(2Ac + bB) + Bc^2x^7) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{7}cx^7(Ac + 2bB) + \frac{1}{6}bx^6(2Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{8}Bc^2x^8$$

input `Int[x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(A*b^2*x^5)/5 + (b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^6)/6 + (c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^7)/7 + (B*c^2*x^8)/8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^5(105Bc^2x^3+120Ac^2x^2+240x^2Bbc+280Abcx+140xBb^2+168b^2A)}{840}$	52
default	$\frac{Bc^2x^8}{8} + \frac{(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^7}{7} + \frac{(2Abc+Bb^2)x^6}{6} + \frac{Ab^2x^5}{5}$	52
norman	$\frac{Bc^2x^8}{8} + (\frac{1}{7}Ac^2 + \frac{2}{7}Bbc)x^7 + (\frac{1}{3}Abc + \frac{1}{6}Bb^2)x^6 + \frac{Ab^2x^5}{5}$	52
risch	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^2x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ac^2 + \frac{2}{7}x^7Bbc + \frac{1}{3}x^6Abc + \frac{1}{6}x^6Bb^2 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5$	54
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^2x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ac^2 + \frac{2}{7}x^7Bbc + \frac{1}{3}x^6Abc + \frac{1}{6}x^6Bb^2 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5$	54
orering	$\frac{x^3(105Bc^2x^3+120Ac^2x^2+240x^2Bbc+280Abcx+140xBb^2+168b^2A)(cx^2+bx)^2}{840(cx+b)^2}$	70

input

```
int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/840*x^5*(105*B*c^2*x^3+120*A*c^2*x^2+240*B*b*c*x^2+280*A*b*c*x+140*B*b^2
*x+168*A*b^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bc^2x^8 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{7} (2Bbc + Ac^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Bb^2 + 2Abc)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*B*c^2*x^8 + 1/5*A*b^2*x^5 + 1/7*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{Ab^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Bc^2x^8}{8} + x^7\left(\frac{Ac^2}{7} + \frac{2Bbc}{7}\right) + x^6\left(\frac{Abc}{3} + \frac{Bb^2}{6}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output `A*b**2*x**5/5 + B*c**2*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*c**2/7 + 2*B*b*c/7) + x**6*(A*b*c/3 + B*b**2/6)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bc^2x^8 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{7} (2Bbc + Ac^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Bb^2 + 2Abc)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{8}Bc^2x^8 + \frac{1}{5}A*b^2*x^5 + \frac{1}{7}*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^7 + \frac{1}{6}*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^6$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}Bc^2x^8 + \frac{2}{7}Bbcx^7 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6}Bb^2x^6 + \frac{1}{3}Abcx^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{8}Bc^2x^8 + \frac{2}{7}B*b*c*x^7 + \frac{1}{7}A*c^2*x^7 + \frac{1}{6}B*b^2*x^6 + \frac{1}{3}A*b*c*x^6 + \frac{1}{5}A*b^2*x^5$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Bb^2}{6} + \frac{Ac b}{3} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{7} + \frac{2Bbc}{7} \right) + \frac{Ab^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Bc^2x^8}{8}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x),x)
```

output

$$x^6*((B*b^2)/6 + (A*b*c)/3) + x^7*((A*c^2)/7 + (2*B*b*c)/7) + (A*b^2*x^5)/5 + (B*c^2*x^8)/8$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$$
$$= \frac{x^5(105bc^2x^3 + 120ac^2x^2 + 240b^2cx^2 + 280abcx + 140b^3x + 168ab^2)}{840}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`output `(x**5*(168*a*b**2 + 280*a*b*c*x + 120*a*c**2*x**2 + 140*b**3*x + 240*b**2*c*x**2 + 105*b*c**2*x**3))/840`

3.11 $\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	215
Mathematica [A] (verified)	215
Rubi [A] (verified)	216
Maple [A] (verified)	217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	219
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	219
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}Ab^2x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b(bB + 2Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}c(2bB + Ac)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}Bc^2x^7$$

output $1/4*A*b^2*x^4+1/5*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^5+1/6*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^6+1/7*B*c^2*x^7$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}Ab^2x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b(bB + 2Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}c(2bB + Ac)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}Bc^2x^7$$

input `Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(A*b^2*x^4)/4 + (b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^5)/5 + (c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^6)/6 + (B*c^2*x^7)/7$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^3(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (Ab^2x^3 + cx^5(Ac + 2bB) + bx^4(2Ac + bB) + Bc^2x^6) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{4}Ab^2x^4 + \frac{1}{6}cx^6(Ac + 2bB) + \frac{1}{5}bx^5(2Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{7}Bc^2x^7$$

input `Int[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(A*b^2*x^4)/4 + (b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^5)/5 + (c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^6)/6 + (B*c^2*x^7)/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^4(60Bc^2x^3+70Ac^2x^2+140x^2Bbc+168Abcx+84xBb^2+105b^2A)}{420}$	52
default	$\frac{Bc^2x^7}{7} + \frac{(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^6}{6} + \frac{(2Abc+Bb^2)x^5}{5} + \frac{b^2Ax^4}{4}$	52
norman	$\frac{Bc^2x^7}{7} + (\frac{1}{6}Ac^2 + \frac{1}{3}Bbc)x^6 + (\frac{2}{5}Abc + \frac{1}{5}Bb^2)x^5 + \frac{b^2Ax^4}{4}$	52
risch	$\frac{1}{7}Bc^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ac^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^6Bbc + \frac{2}{5}x^5Abc + \frac{1}{5}Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4}b^2Ax^4$	54
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7}Bc^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ac^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^6Bbc + \frac{2}{5}x^5Abc + \frac{1}{5}Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4}b^2Ax^4$	54
orering	$\frac{x^2(60Bc^2x^3+70Ac^2x^2+140x^2Bbc+168Abcx+84xBb^2+105b^2A)(cx^2+bx)^2}{420(cx+b)^2}$	70

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/420*x^4*(60*B*c^2*x^3+70*A*c^2*x^2+140*B*b*c*x^2+168*A*b*c*x+84*B*b^2*x+
105*A*b^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{6} (2 Bbc + Ac^2) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Bb^2 + 2 Abc) x^5$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/7*B*c^2*x^7 + 1/4*A*b^2*x^4 + 1/6*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{Ab^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{Bc^2 x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{6} + \frac{Bbc}{3} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{2Abc}{5} + \frac{Bb^2}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`output `A*b**2*x**4/4 + B*c**2*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*c**2/6 + B*b*c/3) + x**5*(2*A*b*c/5 + B*b**2/5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{6} (2 Bbc + Ac^2) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Bb^2 + 2 Abc) x^5$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/7*B*c^2*x^7 + 1/4*A*b^2*x^4 + 1/6*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^5$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^2x^7 + \frac{1}{3} Bbcx^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ac^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Bb^2x^5 + \frac{2}{5} Abcx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^2x^4$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/7*B*c^2*x^7 + 1/3*B*b*c*x^6 + 1/6*A*c^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*b^2*x^5 + 2/5*A*b*c*x^5 + 1/4*A*b^2*x^4$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Bb^2}{5} + \frac{2Ac b}{5} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{6} + \frac{Bbc}{3} \right) + \frac{Ab^2x^4}{4} + \frac{Bc^2x^7}{7}$$

input `int(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x),x)`

output $x^5*((B*b^2)/5 + (2*A*b*c)/5) + x^6*((A*c^2)/6 + (B*b*c)/3) + (A*b^2*x^4)/4 + (B*c^2*x^7)/7$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx$$
$$= \frac{x^4(60b c^2 x^3 + 70a c^2 x^2 + 140b^2 c x^2 + 168abcx + 84b^3 x + 105a b^2)}{420}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`output `(x**4*(105*a*b**2 + 168*a*b*c*x + 70*a*c**2*x**2 + 84*b**3*x + 140*b**2*c*x**2 + 60*b*c**2*x**3))/420`

3.12 $\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx$

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Maple [A] (verified)	223
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	223
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	224
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	224
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	225
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	225

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}Ab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b(bB + 2Ac)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}c(2bB + Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6$$

output $1/3*A*b^2*x^3+1/4*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^4+1/5*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^5+1/6*B*c^2*x^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (A+Bx) (bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{60}x^3(20Ab^2+15b(bB+2Ac)x+12c(2bB+Ac)x^2+10Bc^2x^3)$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(x^3*(20*A*b^2 + 15*b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x + 12*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^2 + 10*B*c^2*x^3))/60$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1140$$

$$\int (Ab^2x^2 + cx^4(Ac + 2bB) + bx^3(2Ac + bB) + Bc^2x^5) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}Ab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5}cx^5(Ac + 2bB) + \frac{1}{4}bx^4(2Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(A*b^2*x^3)/3 + (b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^4)/4 + (c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^5)/5 + (B*c^2*x^6)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1140 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;` `SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(10Bc^2x^3+12Ac^2x^2+24x^2Bbc+30Abcx+15xBb^2+20b^2A)}{60}$	52
default	$\frac{Bc^2x^6}{6} + \frac{(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^5}{5} + \frac{(2Abc+Bb^2)x^4}{4} + \frac{Ax^3b^2}{3}$	52
norman	$\frac{Bc^2x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{5}Ac^2 + \frac{2}{5}Bbc\right)x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{2}Abc + \frac{1}{4}Bb^2\right)x^4 + \frac{Ax^3b^2}{3}$	52
risch	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ac^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5Bbc + \frac{1}{2}x^4Abc + \frac{1}{4}x^4Bb^2 + \frac{1}{3}Ax^3b^2$	54
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ac^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5Bbc + \frac{1}{2}x^4Abc + \frac{1}{4}x^4Bb^2 + \frac{1}{3}Ax^3b^2$	54
orering	$\frac{x(10Bc^2x^3+12Ac^2x^2+24x^2Bbc+30Abcx+15xBb^2+20b^2A)(cx^2+bx)^2}{60(cx+b)^2}$	68

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/60*x^3*(10*B*c^2*x^3+12*A*c^2*x^2+24*B*b*c*x^2+30*A*b*c*x+15*B*b^2*x+20*A*b^2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6}Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5}(2Bbc+Ac^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(Bb^2+2Abc)x^4$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*B*c^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*b^2*x^3 + 1/5*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{Ab^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Bc^2x^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{5} + \frac{2Bbc}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Abc}{2} + \frac{Bb^2}{4} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`output `A*b**2*x**3/3 + B*c**2*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*c**2/5 + 2*B*b*c/5) + x**4*(A*b*c/2 + B*b**2/4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} Bc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5} (2Bbc + Ac^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Bb^2 + 2Abc)x^4$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*B*c^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*b^2*x^3 + 1/5*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} Bc^2x^6 + \frac{2}{5} Bbcx^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Bb^2x^4 + \frac{1}{2} Abcx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^2x^3$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*B*c^2*x^6 + 2/5*B*b*c*x^5 + 1/5*A*c^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*b^2*x^4 + 1/2*A*b*c*x^4 + 1/3*A*b^2*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Bb^2}{4} + \frac{Acb}{2} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{5} + \frac{2Bbc}{5} \right) + \frac{Ab^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Bc^2x^6}{6}$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x),x)`

output `x^4*((B*b^2)/4 + (A*b*c)/2) + x^5*((A*c^2)/5 + (2*B*b*c)/5) + (A*b^2*x^3)/3 + (B*c^2*x^6)/6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{x^3(10bc^2x^3 + 12ac^2x^2 + 24b^2cx^2 + 30abcx + 15b^3x + 20ab^2)}{60}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`

output `(x**3*(20*a*b**2 + 30*a*b*c*x + 12*a*c**2*x**2 + 15*b**3*x + 24*b**2*c*x**2 + 10*b*c**2*x**3))/60`

3.13 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	231

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2}Ab^2x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b(bB+2Ac)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}c(2bB+Ac)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}Bc^2x^5$$

output `1/2*A*b^2*x^2+1/3*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^3+1/4*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^4+1/5*B*c^2*x^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{60}x^2(30Ab^2 + 20b(bB+2Ac)x + 15c(2bB+Ac)x^2 + 12Bc^2x^3)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x,x]`

output `(x^2*(30*A*b^2 + 20*b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x + 15*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^2 + 12*B*c^2*x^3))/60`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int x(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2 dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (Ab^2x + cx^3(Ac + 2bB) + bx^2(2Ac + bB) + Bc^2x^4) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}Ab^2x^2 + \frac{1}{4}cx^4(Ac + 2bB) + \frac{1}{3}bx^3(2Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{5}Bc^2x^5$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x,x]`

output `(A*b^2*x^2)/2 + (b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^3)/3 + (c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^4)/4 + (B*c^2*x^5)/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{x^2(12Bc^2x^3+15Ac^2x^2+30x^2Bbc+40Abcx+20xBb^2+30b^2A)}{60}$	52
default	$\frac{Bc^2x^5}{5} + \frac{(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^4}{4} + \frac{(2Abc+Bb^2)x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2b^2A}{2}$	52
norman	$\frac{Bc^2x^5}{5} + \left(\frac{1}{4}Ac^2 + \frac{1}{2}Bbc\right)x^4 + \left(\frac{2}{3}Abc + \frac{1}{3}Bb^2\right)x^3 + \frac{x^2b^2A}{2}$	52
risch	$\frac{1}{5}Bc^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ac^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^4Bbc + \frac{2}{3}x^3Abc + \frac{1}{3}x^3Bb^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^2b^2A$	54
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}Bc^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ac^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^4Bbc + \frac{2}{3}x^3Abc + \frac{1}{3}x^3Bb^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^2b^2A$	54
orering	$\frac{(12Bc^2x^3+15Ac^2x^2+30x^2Bbc+40Abcx+20xBb^2+30b^2A)(cx^2+bx)^2}{60(cx+b)^2}$	67

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/60*x^2*(12*B*c^2*x^3+15*A*c^2*x^2+30*B*b*c*x^2+40*A*b*c*x+20*B*b^2*x+30*
A*b^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bc^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^2x^2 + \frac{1}{4} (2Bbc + Ac^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Bb^2 + 2Abc)x^3$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*B*c^2*x^5 + 1/2*A*b^2*x^2 + 1/4*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{Ab^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bc^2x^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{4} + \frac{Bbc}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{2Abc}{3} + \frac{Bb^2}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x,x)`output `A*b**2*x**2/2 + B*c**2*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*c**2/4 + B*b*c/2) + x**3*(2*A*b*c/3 + B*b**2/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bc^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^2x^2 + \frac{1}{4} (2Bbc + Ac^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Bb^2 + 2Abc)x^3$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/5*B*c^2*x^5 + 1/2*A*b^2*x^2 + 1/4*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^3$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bc^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Bbcx^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ac^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Bb^2x^3 + \frac{2}{3} Abcx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^2x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/5*B*c^2*x^5 + 1/2*B*b*c*x^4 + 1/4*A*c^2*x^4 + 1/3*B*b^2*x^3 + 2/3*A*b*c*x^3 + 1/2*A*b^2*x^2$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Bb^2}{3} + \frac{2Ac b}{3} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{4} + \frac{Bbc}{2} \right) + \frac{Ab^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bc^2x^5}{5}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x,x)`

output $x^3*((B*b^2)/3 + (2*A*b*c)/3) + x^4*((A*c^2)/4 + (B*b*c)/2) + (A*b^2*x^2)/2 + (B*c^2*x^5)/5$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x} dx$$
$$= \frac{x^2(12bc^2x^3 + 15ac^2x^2 + 30b^2cx^2 + 40abcx + 20b^3x + 30ab^2)}{60}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x,x)`

output `(x**2*(30*a*b**2 + 40*a*b*c*x + 15*a*c**2*x**2 + 20*b**3*x + 30*b**2*c*x**2 + 12*b*c**2*x**3))/60`

3.14 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	232
Mathematica [A] (verified)	232
Rubi [A] (verified)	233
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	234
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	234
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	235
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	235
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	236
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	236
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	236

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(bB-Ac)(b+cx)^3}{3c^2} + \frac{B(b+cx)^4}{4c^2}$$

output `-1/3*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x+b)^3/c^2+1/4*B*(c*x+b)^4/c^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{12}x(12Ab^2+6b(bB+2Ac)x+4c(2bB+Ac)x^2+3Bc^2x^3)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^2,x]`

output `(x*(12*A*b^2 + 6*b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x + 4*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^2 + 3*B*c^2*x^3))/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int (A + Bx)(b + cx)^2 dx$$

↓ 49

$$\int \left(\frac{(b + cx)^2(Ac - bB)}{c} + \frac{B(b + cx)^3}{c} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{B(b + cx)^4}{4c^2} - \frac{(b + cx)^3(bB - Ac)}{3c^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^2,x]`

output `-1/3*((b*B - A*c)*(b + c*x)^3)/c^2 + (B*(b + c*x)^4)/(4*c^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result	size
default	$\frac{B c^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{(A c^2 + 2Bbc)x^3}{3} + \frac{(2Abc + B b^2)x^2}{2} + x b^2 A$	49
gospers	$\frac{x(3B c^2 x^3 + 4A c^2 x^2 + 8x^2 Bbc + 12Abcx + 6xB b^2 + 12b^2 A)}{12}$	50
risch	$\frac{1}{4} B c^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A c^2 + \frac{2}{3} x^3 Bbc + x^2 Abc + \frac{1}{2} x^2 B b^2 + x b^2 A$	50
parallemrisch	$\frac{1}{4} B c^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 A c^2 + \frac{2}{3} x^3 Bbc + x^2 Abc + \frac{1}{2} x^2 B b^2 + x b^2 A$	50
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{3} A c^2 + \frac{2}{3} Bbc)x^4 + (Abc + \frac{1}{2} B b^2)x^3 + x^2 b^2 A + \frac{B c^2 x^5}{4}}{x}$	54
orering	$\frac{(3B c^2 x^3 + 4A c^2 x^2 + 8x^2 Bbc + 12Abcx + 6xB b^2 + 12b^2 A)(c x^2 + b x)^2}{12x(cx+b)^2}$	70

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*B*c^2*x^4+1/3*(A*c^2+2*B*b*c)*x^3+1/2*(2*A*b*c+B*b^2)*x^2+x*b^2*A`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bc^2 x^4 + Ab^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (2Bbc + Ac^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Bb^2 + 2Abc)x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{4}Bc^2x^4 + Ab^2x + \frac{1}{3}(2Bb^2c + Ac^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(Bb^2 + 2Ab^2c)x^2$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx = Ab^2x + \frac{Bc^2x^4}{4} + x^3\left(\frac{Ac^2}{3} + \frac{2Bbc}{3}\right) + x^2\left(Abc + \frac{Bb^2}{2}\right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**2,x)
```

output

$$Ab^2x + Bc^2x^4/4 + x^3(Ac^2/3 + 2Bb^2c/3) + x^2(Abc + Bb^2/2)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4}Bc^2x^4 + Ab^2x + \frac{1}{3}(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{4}Bc^2x^4 + Ab^2x + \frac{1}{3}(2Bb^2c + Ac^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(Bb^2 + 2Ab^2c)x^2$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bc^2x^4 + \frac{2}{3} Bbcx^3 + \frac{1}{3} Ac^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Bb^2x^2 + Abcx^2 + Ab^2x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*B*c^2*x^4 + 2/3*B*b*c*x^3 + 1/3*A*c^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*b^2*x^2 + A*b*c*x^2 + A*b^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Bb^2}{2} + Acb \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{3} + \frac{2Bbc}{3} \right) + \frac{Bc^2x^4}{4} + Ab^2x$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^2,x)`

output `x^2*((B*b^2)/2 + A*b*c) + x^3*((A*c^2)/3 + (2*B*b*c)/3) + (B*c^2*x^4)/4 + A*b^2*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{x(3bc^2x^3 + 4ac^2x^2 + 8b^2cx^2 + 12abcx + 6b^3x + 12ab^2)}{12}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^2,x)`

output `(x*(12*a*b**2 + 12*a*b*c*x + 4*a*c**2*x**2 + 6*b**3*x + 8*b**2*c*x**2 + 3*b*c**2*x**3))/12`

$$3.15 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	237
Mathematica [A] (verified)	237
Rubi [A] (verified)	238
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	239
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	240
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	240
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	240
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	241
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	241
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	241

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx = 2Abcx + \frac{1}{2}Ac^2x^2 + \frac{B(b+cx)^3}{3c} + Ab^2 \log(x)$$

output `2*A*b*c*x+1/2*A*c^2*x^2+1/3*B*(c*x+b)^3/c+A*b^2*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx = b^2Bx + bcx(2A+Bx) + \frac{1}{6}c^2x^2(3A+2Bx) + Ab^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^3,x]`

output `b^2*B*x + b*c*x*(2*A + B*x) + (c^2*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/6 + A*b^2*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {9, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{90} \\
 & A \int \frac{(b + cx)^2}{x} dx + \frac{B(b + cx)^3}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{49} \\
 & A \int \left(\frac{b^2}{x} + 2cb + c^2x \right) dx + \frac{B(b + cx)^3}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\
 & A \left(b^2 \log(x) + 2bcx + \frac{c^2x^2}{2} \right) + \frac{B(b + cx)^3}{3c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^3,x]`

output `(B*(b + c*x)^3)/(3*c) + A*(2*b*c*x + (c^2*x^2)/2 + b^2*Log[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bc^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2x^2}{2} + x^2Bbc + 2Abcx + xBb^2 + Ab^2 \ln(x)$	46
risch	$\frac{Bc^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2x^2}{2} + x^2Bbc + 2Abcx + xBb^2 + Ab^2 \ln(x)$	46
parallelrisc	$\frac{Bc^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^2x^2}{2} + x^2Bbc + 2Abcx + xBb^2 + Ab^2 \ln(x)$	46
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{2}Ac^2+Bbc)x^4+(2Abc+Bb^2)x^3+\frac{Bc^2x^5}{3}}{x^2} + Ab^2 \ln(x)$	53

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*B*c^2*x^3+1/2*A*c^2*x^2+x^2*B*b*c+2*A*b*c*x+x*B*b^2+A*b^2*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bc^2 x^3 + Ab^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} (2 Bbc + Ac^2) x^2 + (Bb^2 + 2 Abc) x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*B*c^2*x^3 + A*b^2*log(x) + 1/2*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx = Ab^2 \log(x) + \frac{Bc^2 x^3}{3} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{2} + Bbc \right) + x(2Abc + Bb^2)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**3,x)`output `A*b**2*log(x) + B*c**2*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*c**2/2 + B*b*c) + x*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bc^2 x^3 + Ab^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} (2 Bbc + Ac^2) x^2 + (Bb^2 + 2 Abc) x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*c^2*x^3 + A*b^2*log(x) + 1/2*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bc^2x^3 + Bbcx^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ac^2x^2 + Bb^2x + 2Abcx + Ab^2 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*B*c^2*x^3 + B*b*c*x^2 + 1/2*A*c^2*x^2 + B*b^2*x + 2*A*b*c*x + A*b^2*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{2} + Bbc \right) + x(Bb^2 + 2Ac b) + \frac{Bc^2x^3}{3} + Ab^2 \ln(x)$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^3,x)`

output `x^2*((A*c^2)/2 + B*b*c) + x*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c) + (B*c^2*x^3)/3 + A*b^2*log(x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^3} dx = \log(x) a b^2 + 2abcx + \frac{a c^2 x^2}{2} + b^3 x + b^2 c x^2 + \frac{b c^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^3,x)`

output `(6*log(x)*a*b**2 + 12*a*b*c*x + 3*a*c**2*x**2 + 6*b**3*x + 6*b**2*c*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*x**3)/6`

3.16 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	242
Mathematica [A] (verified)	242
Rubi [A] (verified)	243
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	244
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	244
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	245
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	245
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	245
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	246
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	246

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{Ab^2}{x} + c(2bB+Ac)x + \frac{1}{2}Bc^2x^2 + b(bB+2Ac)\log(x)$$

output `-A*b^2/x+c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x+1/2*B*c^2*x^2+b*(2*A*c+B*b)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{2}Bcx(4b+cx) + A\left(-\frac{b^2}{x} + c^2x\right) + b(bB+2Ac)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^4,x]`

output `(B*c*x*(4*b + c*x))/2 + A*(-(b^2/x) + c^2*x) + b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^2}{x^2} + \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{x} + c(Ac + 2bB) + Bc^2x \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ab^2}{x} + cx(Ac + 2bB) + b \log(x)(2Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{2}Bc^2x^2$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^4,x]`

output `-((A*b^2)/x) + c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x + (B*c^2*x^2)/2 + b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,`
`d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*`
`f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n`
`+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,`
`1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bc^2x^2}{2} + Ac^2x + 2Bbcx + b(2Ac + Bb) \ln(x) - \frac{Ab^2}{x}$	44
risch	$\frac{Bc^2x^2}{2} + Ac^2x + 2Bbcx - \frac{Ab^2}{x} + 2A \ln(x)bc + B \ln(x)b^2$	46
norman	$\frac{(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^4 + \frac{Bc^2x^5}{2} - x^2b^2A}{x^3} + (2Abc + Bb^2) \ln(x)$	54
parallelrisc	$\frac{Bc^2x^3 + 4A \ln(x)xbc + 2Ac^2x^2 + 2B \ln(x)xb^2 + 4x^2Bbc - 2b^2A}{2x}$	55

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*B*c^2*x^2+A*c^2*x+2*B*b*c*x+b*(2*A*c+B*b)*ln(x)-A*b^2/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc^2x^3 - 2Ab^2 + 2(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 2(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x \log(x)}{2x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{2}(Bc^2x^3 - 2Ab^2 + 2(2Bb^2c + Ac^2)x^2 + 2(Bb^2 + 2Ab^2c)x \log(x))/x$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{Ab^2}{x} + \frac{Bc^2x^2}{2} + b(2Ac + Bb) \log(x) + x(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**4,x)`

output $-Ab^2/x + Bc^2x^2/2 + b(2Ac + Bb) \log(x) + x(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bc^2x^2 - \frac{Ab^2}{x} + (2Bbc + Ac^2)x + (Bb^2 + 2Abc) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{2}Bc^2x^2 - Ab^2/x + (2Bb^2c + Ac^2)x + (Bb^2 + 2Ab^2c) \log(x)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bc^2x^2 + 2Bbcx + Ac^2x - \frac{Ab^2}{x} + (Bb^2 + 2Abc) \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{2}Bc^2x^2 + 2Bb^2cx + Ac^2x - Ab^2/x + (Bb^2 + 2A^2bc)\log(\text{abs}(x))$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx = x(Ac^2 + 2Bbc) + \ln(x)(Bb^2 + 2Ac^2) - \frac{Ab^2}{x} + \frac{Bc^2x^2}{2}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^4, x)$$

output

$$x*(A*c^2 + 2*B*b*c) + \log(x)*(B*b^2 + 2*A*c^2) - (A*b^2)/x + (B*c^2*x^2)/2$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \log(x) abcx + 2 \log(x) b^3x - 2a^2b^2 + 2a^2c^2x^2 + 4b^2cx^2 + b^2c^2x^3}{2x}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^4, x)$$

output

$$(4*\log(x)*a*b*c*x + 2*\log(x)*b**3*x - 2*a*b**2 + 2*a*c**2*x**2 + 4*b**2*c*x**2 + b*c**2*x**3)/(2*x)$$

$$3.17 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	247
Mathematica [A] (verified)	247
Rubi [A] (verified)	248
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	249
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	249
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	250
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	250
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	251
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	251
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b(bB+2Ac)}{x} + Bc^2x + c(2bB+Ac)\log(x)$$

output $-1/2*A*b^2/x^2-b*(2*A*c+B*b)/x+B*c^2*x+c*(A*c+2*B*b)*\ln(x)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b(bB+2Ac)}{x} + Bc^2x + c(2bB+Ac)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^5,x]`

output $-1/2*(A*b^2)/x^2 - (b*(b*B + 2*A*c))/x + B*c^2*x + c*(2*b*B + A*c)*\text{Log}[x]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^2}{x^3} + \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{x^2} + \frac{c(Ac + 2bB)}{x} + Bc^2 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{x} + c \log(x)(Ac + 2bB) + Bc^2x$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^5,x]`

output `-1/2*(A*b^2)/x^2 - (b*(b*B + 2*A*c))/x + B*c^2*x + c*(2*b*B + A*c)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,`
`d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*`
`f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n`
`+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,`
`1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{Ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b(2Ac+Bb)}{x} + c^2xB + c(Ac + 2Bb) \ln(x)$	43
risch	$c^2xB + \frac{(-2Abc-Bb^2)x - \frac{b^2A}{2}}{x^2} + A \ln(x) c^2 + 2B \ln(x) bc$	47
norman	$\frac{(-2Abc-Bb^2)x^3 + Bc^2x^5 - \frac{x^2b^2A}{2}}{x^4} + (Ac^2 + 2Bbc) \ln(x)$	54
parallelrisc	$\frac{2A \ln(x)x^2c^2 + 4B \ln(x)x^2bc + 2Bc^2x^3 - 4Abcx - 2xBb^2 - b^2A}{2x^2}$	56

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-1/2*A*b^2/x^2 - b*(2*A*c+B*b)/x + c^2*x*B + c*(A*c+2*B*b)*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bc^2x^3 + 2(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 \log(x) - Ab^2 - 2(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{2}(2Bc^2x^3 + 2(2Bb^2c + Ac^2)x^2 \log(x) - Ab^2 - 2(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x)/x^2$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx = Bc^2x + c(Ac + 2Bb) \log(x) + \frac{-Ab^2 + x(-4Abc - 2Bb^2)}{2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**5,x)
```

output

$$Bc^2x + c(Ac + 2Bb) \log(x) + (-Ab^2 + x(-4Abc - 2Bb^2))/(2x^2)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx = Bc^2x + (2Bbc + Ac^2) \log(x) - \frac{Ab^2 + 2(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x}{2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$Bc^2x + (2Bb^2c + Ac^2) \log(x) - \frac{1}{2}(Ab^2 + 2(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x)/x^2$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx = Bc^2x + (2Bbc + Ac^2) \log(|x|) - \frac{Ab^2 + 2(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*c^2*x + (2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(A*b^2 + 2*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx = \ln(x) (Ac^2 + 2Bbc) - \frac{\frac{Ab^2}{2} + x(Bb^2 + 2Ac b)}{x^2} + Bc^2x$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^5,x)`

output `log(x)*(A*c^2 + 2*B*b*c) - ((A*b^2)/2 + x*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c))/x^2 + B*c^2*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^5} dx \\ &= \frac{2 \log(x) a c^2 x^2 + 4 \log(x) b^2 c x^2 - a b^2 - 4 a b c x - 2 b^3 x + 2 b c^2 x^3}{2 x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^5,x)`

output
$$\frac{(2*\log(x)*a*c**2*x**2 + 4*\log(x)*b**2*c*x**2 - a*b**2 - 4*a*b*c*x - 2*b**3*x + 2*b*c**2*x**3)/(2*x**2)}$$

$$3.18 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	253
Mathematica [A] (verified)	253
Rubi [A] (verified)	254
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	255
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	256
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	256
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	257
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	257
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	257

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx = -\frac{Ab^2}{3x^3} - \frac{b(bB+2Ac)}{2x^2} - \frac{c(2bB+Ac)}{x} + Bc^2 \log(x)$$

output $-1/3*A*b^2/x^3-1/2*b*(2*A*c+B*b)/x^2-c*(A*c+2*B*b)/x+B*c^2*\ln(x)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx = -\frac{3bBx(b+4cx)+2A(b^2+3bcx+3c^2x^2)}{6x^3} + Bc^2 \log(x)$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^2/x^6,x]$

output $-1/6*(3*b*B*x*(b+4*c*x)+2*A*(b^2+3*b*c*x+3*c^2*x^2))/x^3+B*c^2*\text{Log}[x]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^2}{x^4} + \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{x^3} + \frac{c(Ac + 2bB)}{x^2} + \frac{Bc^2}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ab^2}{3x^3} - \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{2x^2} - \frac{c(Ac + 2bB)}{x} + Bc^2 \log(x)$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^6,x]`

output `-1/3*(A*b^2)/x^3 - (b*(b*B + 2*A*c))/(2*x^2) - (c*(2*b*B + A*c))/x + B*c^2*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,`
`d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*`
`f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n`
`+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,`
`1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{A b^2}{3x^3} - \frac{b(2Ac+Bb)}{2x^2} - \frac{c(Ac+2Bb)}{x} + B c^2 \ln(x)$	46
risch	$\frac{(-A c^2 - 2Bbc)x^2 + (-Abc - \frac{1}{2}B b^2)x - \frac{b^2 A}{3}}{x^3} + B c^2 \ln(x)$	50
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-6B c^2 \ln(x)x^3 + 6A c^2 x^2 + 12x^2 Bbc + 6Abcx + 3x B b^2 + 2b^2 A}{6x^3}$	54
norman	$\frac{(-Abc - \frac{1}{2}B b^2)x^3 + (-A c^2 - 2Bbc)x^4 - \frac{x^2 b^2 A}{3}}{x^5} + B c^2 \ln(x)$	55

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*A*b^2/x^3-1/2*b*(2*A*c+B*b)/x^2-c*(A*c+2*B*b)/x+B*c^2*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 Bc^2 x^3 \log(x) - 2 Ab^2 - 6(2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 - 3(Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x}{6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/6*(6*B*c^2*x^3*log(x) - 2*A*b^2 - 6*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*b^2 + 2
*A*b*c)*x)/x^3
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx = Bc^2 \log(x) + \frac{-2Ab^2 + x^2(-6Ac^2 - 12Bbc) + x(-6Abc - 3Bb^2)}{6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**6,x)
```

output

```
B*c**2*log(x) + (-2*A*b**2 + x**2*(-6*A*c**2 - 12*B*b*c) + x*(-6*A*b*c - 3
*B*b**2))/(6*x**3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx = Bc^2 \log(x) - \frac{2Ab^2 + 6(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 3(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x}{6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*c^2*log(x) - 1/6*(2*A*b^2 + 6*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c
)*x)/x^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx$$

$$= Bc^2 \log(|x|) - \frac{2Ab^2 + 6(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 3(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*c^2*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*b^2 + 6*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx = Bc^2 \ln(x) - \frac{x^2(Ac^2 + 2Bbc) + \frac{Ab^2}{3} + x\left(\frac{Bb^2}{2} + Acb\right)}{x^3}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^6,x)`

output `B*c^2*log(x) - (x^2*(A*c^2 + 2*B*b*c) + (A*b^2)/3 + x*((B*b^2)/2 + A*b*c))/x^3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(x) b c^2 x^3 - 2a b^2 - 6abcx - 6a c^2 x^2 - 3b^3 x - 12b^2 c x^2}{6x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^6,x)`

output `(6*log(x)*b*c**2*x**3 - 2*a*b**2 - 6*a*b*c*x - 6*a*c**2*x**2 - 3*b**3*x - 12*b**2*c*x**2)/(6*x**3)`

$$3.19 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx$$

Optimal result	259
Mathematica [A] (verified)	259
Rubi [A] (verified)	260
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	261
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	262
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	262
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx = -\frac{A(b+cx)^3}{4bx^4} - \frac{(4bB-Ac)(b+cx)^3}{12b^2x^3}$$

output `-1/4*A*(c*x+b)^3/b/x^4-1/12*(-A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x+b)^3/b^2/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx = -\frac{4Bx(b^2+3bcx+3c^2x^2)+A(3b^2+8bcx+6c^2x^2)}{12x^4}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^2)/x^7,x]`

output `-1/12*(4*B*x*(b^2+3*b*c*x+3*c^2*x^2)+A*(3*b^2+8*b*c*x+6*c^2*x^2))/x^4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 87

$$\frac{(4bB - Ac) \int \frac{(b+cx)^2}{x^4} dx}{4b} - \frac{A(b + cx)^3}{4bx^4}$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(b + cx)^3(4bB - Ac)}{12b^2x^3} - \frac{A(b + cx)^3}{4bx^4}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^7,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(b + c*x)^3)/(b*x^4) - ((4*b*B - A*c)*(b + c*x)^3)/(12*b^2*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{`
`a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p`
`_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p`
`+ 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p`
`+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]`
`/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege`
`rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{b(2Ac+Bb)}{3x^3} - \frac{c(Ac+2Bb)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2A}{4x^4} - \frac{Bc^2}{x}$	48
risch	$-\frac{Bc^2x^3 + (-\frac{1}{2}Ac^2 - Bbc)x^2 + (-\frac{2}{3}Abc - \frac{1}{3}Bb^2)x - \frac{b^2A}{4}}{x^4}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{12Bc^2x^3 + 6Ac^2x^2 + 12x^2Bbc + 8Abcx + 4xBb^2 + 3b^2A}{12x^4}$	52
paralrelrisch	$-\frac{12Bc^2x^3 + 6Ac^2x^2 + 12x^2Bbc + 8Abcx + 4xBb^2 + 3b^2A}{12x^4}$	52
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{1}{2}Ac^2 - Bbc)x^4 + (-\frac{2}{3}Abc - \frac{1}{3}Bb^2)x^3 - Bc^2x^5 - \frac{x^2b^2A}{4}}{x^6}$	56
orering	$-\frac{(12Bc^2x^3 + 6Ac^2x^2 + 12x^2Bbc + 8Abcx + 4xBb^2 + 3b^2A)(cx^2 + bx)^2}{12x^6(cx+b)^2}$	70

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*b*(2*A*c+B*b)/x^3-1/2*c*(A*c+2*B*b)/x^2-1/4*b^2*A/x^4-B*c^2/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{12Bc^2x^3 + 3Ab^2 + 6(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 4(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(12*B*c^2*x^3 + 3*A*b^2 + 6*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3Ab^2 - 12Bc^2x^3 + x^2(-6Ac^2 - 12Bbc) + x(-8Abc - 4Bb^2)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**7,x)`

output `(-3*A*b**2 - 12*B*c**2*x**3 + x**2*(-6*A*c**2 - 12*B*b*c) + x*(-8*A*b*c - 4*B*b**2))/(12*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{12 Bc^2x^3 + 3 Ab^2 + 6 (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 4 (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x}{12 x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(12*B*c^2*x^3 + 3*A*b^2 + 6*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{12 Bc^2x^3 + 12 Bbcx^2 + 6 Ac^2x^2 + 4 Bb^2x + 8 Abcx + 3 Ab^2}{12 x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*(12*B*c^2*x^3 + 12*B*b*c*x^2 + 6*A*c^2*x^2 + 4*B*b^2*x + 8*A*b*c*x + 3*A*b^2)/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{2} + Bbc \right) + \frac{Ab^2}{4} + x \left(\frac{Bb^2}{3} + \frac{2Acb}{3} \right) + Bc^2 x^3}{x^4}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^7,x)`output `-(x^2*((A*c^2)/2 + B*b*c) + (A*b^2)/4 + x*((B*b^2)/3 + (2*A*b*c)/3) + B*c^2*x^3)/x^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^7} dx = \frac{-12bc^2x^3 - 6ac^2x^2 - 12b^2cx^2 - 8abcx - 4b^3x - 3ab^2}{12x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^7,x)`output `(-3*a*b**2 - 8*a*b*c*x - 6*a*c**2*x**2 - 4*b**3*x - 12*b**2*c*x**2 - 12*b*c**2*x**3)/(12*x**4)`

3.20 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	270

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx = -\frac{Ab^2}{5x^5} - \frac{b(bB + 2Ac)}{4x^4} - \frac{c(2bB + Ac)}{3x^3} - \frac{Bc^2}{2x^2}$$

output

```
-1/5*A*b^2/x^5-1/4*b*(2*A*c+B*b)/x^4-1/3*c*(A*c+2*B*b)/x^3-1/2*B*c^2/x^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx = -\frac{5Bx(3b^2 + 8bcx + 6c^2x^2) + 2A(6b^2 + 15bcx + 10c^2x^2)}{60x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/60*(5*B*x*(3*b^2 + 8*b*c*x + 6*c^2*x^2) + 2*A*(6*b^2 + 15*b*c*x + 10*c^2*x^2))/x^5
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^2}{x^6} + \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{x^5} + \frac{c(Ac + 2bB)}{x^4} + \frac{Bc^2}{x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ab^2}{5x^5} - \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{4x^4} - \frac{c(Ac + 2bB)}{3x^3} - \frac{Bc^2}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^8,x]`

output `-1/5*(A*b^2)/x^5 - (b*(b*B + 2*A*c))/(4*x^4) - (c*(2*b*B + A*c))/(3*x^3) - (B*c^2)/(2*x^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{A b^2}{5x^5} - \frac{b(2Ac+Bb)}{4x^4} - \frac{c(Ac+2Bb)}{3x^3} - \frac{B c^2}{2x^2}$	48
risch	$-\frac{B c^2 x^3 + (-\frac{1}{3} A c^2 - \frac{2}{3} B b c) x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} A b c - \frac{1}{4} B b^2) x - \frac{b^2 A}{5}}{x^5}$	51
gosper	$-\frac{30B c^2 x^3 + 20A c^2 x^2 + 40x^2 B b c + 30A b c x + 15x B b^2 + 12b^2 A}{60x^5}$	52
parallelrisch	$-\frac{30B c^2 x^3 + 20A c^2 x^2 + 40x^2 B b c + 30A b c x + 15x B b^2 + 12b^2 A}{60x^5}$	52
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{1}{3} A c^2 - \frac{2}{3} B b c) x^4 + (-\frac{1}{2} A b c - \frac{1}{4} B b^2) x^3 - \frac{B c^2 x^5}{2} - \frac{x^2 b^2 A}{5}}{x^7}$	56
orering	$-\frac{(30B c^2 x^3 + 20A c^2 x^2 + 40x^2 B b c + 30A b c x + 15x B b^2 + 12b^2 A)(c x^2 + b x)^2}{60x^7 (c x + b)^2}$	70

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/5*A*b^2/x^5-1/4*b*(2*A*c+B*b)/x^4-1/3*c*(A*c+2*B*b)/x^3-1/2*B*c^2/x^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bc^2x^3 + 12 Ab^2 + 20 (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 15 (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(30*B*c^2*x^3 + 12*A*b^2 + 20*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12Ab^2 - 30Bc^2x^3 + x^2(-20Ac^2 - 40Bbc) + x(-30Abc - 15Bb^2)}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**8,x)`

output `(-12*A*b**2 - 30*B*c**2*x**3 + x**2*(-20*A*c**2 - 40*B*b*c) + x*(-30*A*b*c - 15*B*b**2))/(60*x**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bc^2x^3 + 12 Ab^2 + 20 (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 15 (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(30*B*c^2*x^3 + 12*A*b^2 + 20*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bc^2x^3 + 40 Bbcx^2 + 20 Ac^2x^2 + 15 Bb^2x + 30 Abcx + 12 Ab^2}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(30*B*c^2*x^3 + 40*B*b*c*x^2 + 20*A*c^2*x^2 + 15*B*b^2*x + 30*A*b*c*x + 12*A*b^2)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^2}{3} + \frac{2Bbc}{3} \right) + \frac{Ab^2}{5} + x \left(\frac{Bb^2}{4} + \frac{Ac b}{2} \right) + \frac{Bc^2 x^3}{2}}{x^5}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^8,x)`output `-(x^2*((A*c^2)/3 + (2*B*b*c)/3) + (A*b^2)/5 + x*((B*b^2)/4 + (A*b*c)/2) + (B*c^2*x^3)/2)/x^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^8} dx = \frac{-30b^2c^2x^3 - 20ac^2x^2 - 40b^2cx^2 - 30abcx - 15b^3x - 12ab^2}{60x^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^8,x)`output `(- 12*a*b**2 - 30*a*b*c*x - 20*a*c**2*x**2 - 15*b**3*x - 40*b**2*c*x**2 - 30*b*c**2*x**3)/(60*x**5)`

3.21 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$

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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	275
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	275
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	276

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{6}Ab^3x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^7 + \frac{3}{8}bc(bB + Ac)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^9 + \frac{1}{10}Bc^3x^{10}$$

output `1/6*A*b^3*x^6+1/7*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^7+3/8*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^8+1/9*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^9+1/10*B*c^3*x^10`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{6}Ab^3x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^7 + \frac{3}{8}bc(bB + Ac)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^9 + \frac{1}{10}Bc^3x^{10}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$(A*b^3*x^6)/6 + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^7)/7 + (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^8)/8 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^9)/9 + (B*c^3*x^10)/10$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^5(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (Ab^3x^5 + b^2x^6(3Ac + bB) + c^2x^8(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^7(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^9) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{6}Ab^3x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2x^7(3Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{9}c^2x^9(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{3}{8}bcx^8(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{10}Bc^3x^{10}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$(A*b^3*x^6)/6 + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^7)/7 + (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^8)/8 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^9)/9 + (B*c^3*x^10)/10$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bc^3x^{10}}{10} + \left(\frac{1}{9}Ac^3 + \frac{1}{3}Bbc^2\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{3}{8}Abc^2 + \frac{3}{8}Bb^2c\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{3}{7}Ab^2c + \frac{1}{7}Bb^3\right)x^7 + \frac{Ab^3x^6}{6}$
gospers	$\frac{x^6(252Bc^3x^4 + 280Ac^3x^3 + 840x^3Bbc^2 + 945Abc^2x^2 + 945x^2Bb^2c + 1080Ab^2cx + 360xBb^3 + 420Ab^3)}{2520}$
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^9}{9} + \frac{(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^8}{8} + \frac{(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)x^7}{7} + \frac{Ab^3x^6}{6}$
risch	$\frac{1}{10}Bc^3x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9Ac^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^9Bbc^2 + \frac{3}{8}x^8Abc^2 + \frac{3}{8}x^8Bb^2c + \frac{3}{7}x^7Ab^2c + \frac{1}{7}Bb^3x^7 + \frac{1}{6}Ab^3x^6$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10}Bc^3x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9Ac^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^9Bbc^2 + \frac{3}{8}x^8Abc^2 + \frac{3}{8}x^8Bb^2c + \frac{3}{7}x^7Ab^2c + \frac{1}{7}Bb^3x^7 + \frac{1}{6}Ab^3x^6$
orering	$\frac{x^3(252Bc^3x^4 + 280Ac^3x^3 + 840x^3Bbc^2 + 945Abc^2x^2 + 945x^2Bb^2c + 1080Ab^2cx + 360xBb^3 + 420Ab^3)(cx^2 + bx)^3}{2520(cx+b)^3}$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/10*B*c^3*x^10+(1/9*A*c^3+1/3*B*b*c^2)*x^9+(3/8*A*b*c^2+3/8*B*b^2*c)*x^8+(3/7*A*b^2*c+1/7*B*b^3)*x^7+1/6*A*b^3*x^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} Bc^3x^{10} + \frac{1}{6} Ab^3x^6 + \frac{1}{9} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^9 + \frac{3}{8} (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x^7$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*B*c^3*x^10 + 1/6*A*b^3*x^6 + 1/9*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^9 + 3/8*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^7`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{Ab^3x^6}{6} + \frac{Bc^3x^{10}}{10} + x^9 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{9} + \frac{Bbc^2}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{3Abc^2}{8} + \frac{3Bb^2c}{8} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{3Ab^2c}{7} + \frac{Bb^3}{7} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output `A*b**3*x**6/6 + B*c**3*x**10/10 + x**9*(A*c**3/9 + B*b*c**2/3) + x**8*(3*A*b*c**2/8 + 3*B*b**2*c/8) + x**7*(3*A*b**2*c/7 + B*b**3/7)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} Bc^3x^{10} + \frac{1}{6} Ab^3x^6 + \frac{1}{9} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^9 \\ + \frac{3}{8} (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x^7$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*B*c^3*x^10 + 1/6*A*b^3*x^6 + 1/9*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^9 + 3/8*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} Bc^3x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} Bbc^2x^9 + \frac{1}{9} Ac^3x^9 + \frac{3}{8} Bb^2cx^8 \\ + \frac{3}{8} Abc^2x^8 + \frac{1}{7} Bb^3x^7 + \frac{3}{7} Ab^2cx^7 + \frac{1}{6} Ab^3x^6$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/10*B*c^3*x^10 + 1/3*B*b*c^2*x^9 + 1/9*A*c^3*x^9 + 3/8*B*b^2*c*x^8 + 3/8*A*b*c^2*x^8 + 1/7*B*b^3*x^7 + 3/7*A*b^2*c*x^7 + 1/6*A*b^3*x^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = x^7 \left(\frac{Bb^3}{7} + \frac{3Ac^2b}{7} \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{9} + \frac{Bb^2c}{3} \right) \\ + \frac{Ab^3x^6}{6} + \frac{Bc^3x^{10}}{10} + \frac{3bcx^8(Ac + Bb)}{8}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x),x)`

output `x^7*((B*b^3)/7 + (3*A*b^2*c)/7) + x^9*((A*c^3)/9 + (B*b*c^2)/3) + (A*b^3*x^6)/6 + (B*c^3*x^10)/10 + (3*b*c*x^8*(A*c + B*b))/8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^6(252b^3c^3x^4 + 280a^3c^3x^3 + 840b^2c^2x^3 + 945abc^2x^2 + 945b^3cx^2 + 1080ab^2cx + 360b^4x + 420ab^3)}{2520}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`

output `(x**6*(420*a*b**3 + 1080*a*b**2*c*x + 945*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 280*a*c**3*x**3 + 360*b**4*x + 945*b**3*c*x**2 + 840*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 252*b*c**3*x**4))/2520`

3.22 $\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{5}Ab^3x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^6 + \frac{3}{7}bc(bB + Ac)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}Bc^3x^9$$

output

```
1/5*A*b^3*x^5+1/6*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^6+3/7*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^7+1/8*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^8+1/9*B*c^3*x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{5}Ab^3x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^6 + \frac{3}{7}bc(bB + Ac)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}Bc^3x^9$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$(A*b^3*x^5)/5 + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^6)/6 + (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^7)/7 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^8)/8 + (B*c^3*x^9)/9$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \int x^4(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{85} \\ & \int (Ab^3x^4 + b^2x^5(3Ac + bB) + c^2x^7(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^6(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^8) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{5}Ab^3x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^2x^6(3Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{8}c^2x^8(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{3}{7}bcx^7(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{9}Bc^3x^9 \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$(A*b^3*x^5)/5 + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^6)/6 + (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^7)/7 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^8)/8 + (B*c^3*x^9)/9$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bc^3x^9}{9} + \left(\frac{1}{8}Ac^3 + \frac{3}{8}Bbc^2\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{3}{7}Abc^2 + \frac{3}{7}Bb^2c\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2}Ab^2c + \frac{1}{6}Bb^3\right)x^6 + \frac{Ab^3x^5}{5}$
gospers	$\frac{x^5(280Bc^3x^4 + 315Ac^3x^3 + 945x^3Bbc^2 + 1080Abc^2x^2 + 1080x^2Bb^2c + 1260Ab^2cx + 420xBb^3 + 504Ab^3)}{2520}$
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^9}{9} + \frac{(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^8}{8} + \frac{(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^7}{7} + \frac{(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)x^6}{6} + \frac{Ab^3x^5}{5}$
risch	$\frac{1}{9}Bc^3x^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8Ac^3 + \frac{3}{8}x^8Bbc^2 + \frac{3}{7}x^7Abc^2 + \frac{3}{7}x^7Bb^2c + \frac{1}{2}x^6Ab^2c + \frac{1}{6}Bb^3x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^3x^5$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{9}Bc^3x^9 + \frac{1}{8}x^8Ac^3 + \frac{3}{8}x^8Bbc^2 + \frac{3}{7}x^7Abc^2 + \frac{3}{7}x^7Bb^2c + \frac{1}{2}x^6Ab^2c + \frac{1}{6}Bb^3x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^3x^5$
orering	$\frac{x^2(280Bc^3x^4 + 315Ac^3x^3 + 945x^3Bbc^2 + 1080Abc^2x^2 + 1080x^2Bb^2c + 1260Ab^2cx + 420xBb^3 + 504Ab^3)(cx^2 + bx)^3}{2520(cx+b)^3}$

input

```
int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/9*B*c^3*x^9+(1/8*A*c^3+3/8*B*b*c^2)*x^8+(3/7*A*b*c^2+3/7*B*b^2*c)*x^7+(1/2*A*b^2*c+1/6*B*b^3)*x^6+1/5*A*b^3*x^5
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bc^3x^9 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^3x^5 + \frac{1}{8} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^8 + \frac{3}{7} (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x^6$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/9*B*c^3*x^9 + 1/5*A*b^3*x^5 + 1/8*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^8 + 3/7*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^6`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{Ab^3x^5}{5} + \frac{Bc^3x^9}{9} + x^8 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{8} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{8} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{3Abc^2}{7} + \frac{3Bb^2c}{7} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^2c}{2} + \frac{Bb^3}{6} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`output `A*b**3*x**5/5 + B*c**3*x**9/9 + x**8*(A*c**3/8 + 3*B*b*c**2/8) + x**7*(3*A*b*c**2/7 + 3*B*b**2*c/7) + x**6*(A*b**2*c/2 + B*b**3/6)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bc^3 x^9 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{8} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^8 \\ + \frac{3}{7} (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x^6$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*B*c^3*x^9 + 1/5*A*b^3*x^5 + 1/8*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^8 + 3/7*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} Bc^3 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} Bbc^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{8} Ac^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} Bb^2 cx^7 \\ + \frac{3}{7} Abc^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{6} Bb^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^2 cx^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^3 x^5$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*B*c^3*x^9 + 3/8*B*b*c^2*x^8 + 1/8*A*c^3*x^8 + 3/7*B*b^2*c*x^7 + 3/7*A*b*c^2*x^7 + 1/6*B*b^3*x^6 + 1/2*A*b^2*c*x^6 + 1/5*A*b^3*x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Bb^3}{6} + \frac{Ac b^2}{2} \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{8} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{8} \right) \\ + \frac{Ab^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{Bc^3 x^9}{9} + \frac{3bcx^7(Ac + Bb)}{7}$$

input `int(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x),x)`

output `x^6*((B*b^3)/6 + (A*b^2*c)/2) + x^8*((A*c^3)/8 + (3*B*b*c^2)/8) + (A*b^3*x^5)/5 + (B*c^3*x^9)/9 + (3*b*c*x^7*(A*c + B*b))/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^5(280b^3c^3x^4 + 315a^3c^3x^3 + 945b^2c^2x^3 + 1080ab^2c^2x^2 + 1080b^3cx^2 + 1260a^2b^2cx + 420b^4x + 504a^2b^3)}{2520}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`

output `(x**5*(504*a*b**3 + 1260*a*b**2*c*x + 1080*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 315*a*c**3*x**3 + 420*b**4*x + 1080*b**3*c*x**2 + 945*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 280*b*c**3*x**4))/2520`

3.23 $\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^3 dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	284
Maple [A] (verified)	285
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	285
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	286
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	286
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	287
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	287
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	288

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}Ab^3x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{2}bc(bB + Ac)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8$$

output `1/4*A*b^3*x^4+1/5*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^5+1/2*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^6+1/7*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^7+1/8*B*c^3*x^8`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}Ab^3x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{2}bc(bB + Ac)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(A*b^3*x^4)/4 + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^5)/5 + (b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^6)/2 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^7)/7 + (B*c^3*x^8)/8$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$$

↓ 1140

$$\int (Ab^3x^3 + b^2x^4(3Ac + bB) + c^2x^6(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^5(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^7) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{4}Ab^3x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2x^5(3Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{7}c^2x^7(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{1}{2}bcx^6(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(A*b^3*x^4)/4 + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^5)/5 + (b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^6)/2 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^7)/7 + (B*c^3*x^8)/8$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1140 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bc^3x^8}{8} + \left(\frac{1}{7}Ac^3 + \frac{3}{7}Bbc^2\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2}Abc^2 + \frac{1}{2}Bb^2c\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{3}{5}Ab^2c + \frac{1}{5}Bb^3\right)x^5 + \frac{Ab^3x^4}{4}$
gosper	$\frac{x^4(35Bc^3x^4+40Ac^3x^3+120x^3Bbc^2+140Abc^2x^2+140x^2Bb^2c+168Ab^2cx+56xBb^3+70Ab^3)}{280}$
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^8}{8} + \frac{(Ac^3+3Bbc^2)x^7}{7} + \frac{(3Abc^2+3Bb^2c)x^6}{6} + \frac{(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^5}{5} + \frac{Ab^3x^4}{4}$
risch	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ac^3 + \frac{3}{7}x^7Bbc^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Abc^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bb^2c + \frac{3}{5}x^5Ab^2c + \frac{1}{5}Bb^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}Ab^3x^4$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7Ac^3 + \frac{3}{7}x^7Bbc^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Abc^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bb^2c + \frac{3}{5}x^5Ab^2c + \frac{1}{5}Bb^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}Ab^3x^4$
orering	$\frac{x(35Bc^3x^4+40Ac^3x^3+120x^3Bbc^2+140Abc^2x^2+140x^2Bb^2c+168Ab^2cx+56xBb^3+70Ab^3)(cx^2+bx)^3}{280(cx+b)^3}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{7}Ac^3x^7 + \frac{3}{7}Bbc^2x^7 + \frac{1}{2}Abc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{2}Bb^2cx^6 + \frac{3}{5}Ab^2cx^5 + \frac{1}{5}Bb^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}Ab^3x^4$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{4}Ab^3x^4 + \frac{1}{7}(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^7 + \frac{1}{2}(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x^5$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{8}Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{4}Ab^3x^4 + \frac{1}{7}(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^7 + \frac{1}{2}(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x^5$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{Ab^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Bc^3x^8}{8} + x^7 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{7} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{7} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Abc^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^2c}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3Ab^2c}{5} + \frac{Bb^3}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`output `A*b**3*x**4/4 + B*c**3*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*c**3/7 + 3*B*b*c**2/7) + x**6*(A*b*c**2/2 + B*b**2*c/2) + x**5*(3*A*b**2*c/5 + B*b**3/5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bc^3x^8 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^3x^4 + \frac{1}{7} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x^5$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*B*c^3*x^8 + 1/4*A*b^3*x^4 + 1/7*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8} Bc^3x^8 + \frac{3}{7} Bbc^2x^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2} Bb^2cx^6 \\ + \frac{1}{2} Abc^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Bb^3x^5 + \frac{3}{5} Ab^2cx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^3x^4$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*B*c^3*x^8 + 3/7*B*b*c^2*x^7 + 1/7*A*c^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*b^2*c*x^6 + 1/2*A*
b*c^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*b^3*x^5 + 3/5*A*b^2*c*x^5 + 1/4*A*b^3*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Bb^3}{5} + \frac{3Ac b^2}{5} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{7} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{7} \right) \\ + \frac{Ab^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Bc^3x^8}{8} + \frac{bcx^6(Ac + Bb)}{2}$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x),x)`

output `x^5*((B*b^3)/5 + (3*A*b^2*c)/5) + x^7*((A*c^3)/7 + (3*B*b*c^2)/7) + (A*b^3
*x^4)/4 + (B*c^3*x^8)/8 + (b*c*x^6*(A*c + B*b))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^4(35b^3c^3x^4 + 40a^3c^3x^3 + 120b^2c^2x^3 + 140abc^2x^2 + 140b^3cx^2 + 168ab^2cx + 56b^4x + 70ab^3)}{280}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`output `(x**4*(70*a*b**3 + 168*a*b**2*c*x + 140*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 40*a*c**3*x**3 + 56*b**4*x + 140*b**3*c*x**2 + 120*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 35*b*c**3*x**4))/280`

3.24 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^2(bB+3Ac)x^4 + \frac{3}{5}bc(bB+Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}Bc^3x^7$$

output `1/3*A*b^3*x^3+1/4*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^4+3/5*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^5+1/6*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^6+1/7*B*c^3*x^7`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^2(bB+3Ac)x^4 + \frac{3}{5}bc(bB+Ac)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}Bc^3x^7$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x,x]`

output

$$(A*b^3*x^3)/3 + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^4)/4 + (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^5)/5 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^6)/6 + (B*c^3*x^7)/7$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (Ab^3x^2 + b^2x^3(3Ac + bB) + c^2x^5(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^4(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^6) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^2x^4(3Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{6}c^2x^6(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{3}{5}bcx^5(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{7}Bc^3x^7$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3/x, x]$$

output

$$(A*b^3*x^3)/3 + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^4)/4 + (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^5)/5 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^6)/6 + (B*c^3*x^7)/7$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{Bc^3x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{6}Ac^3 + \frac{1}{2}Bbc^2\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{3}{5}Abc^2 + \frac{3}{5}Bb^2c\right)x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{4}Ab^2c + \frac{1}{4}Bb^3\right)x^4 + \frac{Ab^3x^3}{3}$
gospers	$\frac{x^3(60Bc^3x^4+70Ac^3x^3+210x^3Bbc^2+252Abc^2x^2+252x^2Bb^2c+315Ab^2cx+105xBb^3+140Ab^3)}{420}$
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^7}{7} + \frac{(Ac^3+3Bbc^2)x^6}{6} + \frac{(3Abc^2+3Bb^2c)x^5}{5} + \frac{(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^4}{4} + \frac{Ab^3x^3}{3}$
risch	$\frac{1}{7}Bc^3x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ac^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bbc^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Abc^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Bb^2c + \frac{3}{4}x^4Ab^2c + \frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{7}Bc^3x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ac^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^6Bbc^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Abc^2 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Bb^2c + \frac{3}{4}x^4Ab^2c + \frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3$
orering	$\frac{(60Bc^3x^4+70Ac^3x^3+210x^3Bbc^2+252Abc^2x^2+252x^2Bb^2c+315Ab^2cx+105xBb^3+140Ab^3)(cx^2+bx)^3}{420(cx+b)^3}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/7*B*c^3*x^7+(1/6*A*c^3+1/2*B*b*c^2)*x^6+(3/5*A*b*c^2+3/5*B*b^2*c)*x^5+(3
/4*A*b^2*c+1/4*B*b^3)*x^4+1/3*A*b^3*x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{6} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) x^4$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*B*c^3*x^7 + 1/3*A*b^3*x^3 + 1/6*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{Ab^3x^3}{3} + \frac{Bc^3x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{6} + \frac{Bbc^2}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3Abc^2}{5} + \frac{3Bb^2c}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Ab^2c}{4} + \frac{Bb^3}{4} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x,x)`

output `A*b**3*x**3/3 + B*c**3*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*c**3/6 + B*b*c**2/2) + x**5*(3*A*b*c**2/5 + 3*B*b**2*c/5) + x**4*(3*A*b**2*c/4 + B*b**3/4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{6} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^6 \\ + \frac{3}{5} (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) x^4$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*B*c^3*x^7 + 1/3*A*b^3*x^3 + 1/6*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bc^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} Bbc^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ac^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} Bb^2 cx^5 \\ + \frac{3}{5} Abc^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Bb^3 x^4 + \frac{3}{4} Ab^2 cx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^3 x^3$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*B*c^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*b*c^2*x^6 + 1/6*A*c^3*x^6 + 3/5*B*b^2*c*x^5 + 3/5*A*b*c^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*b^3*x^4 + 3/4*A*b^2*c*x^4 + 1/3*A*b^3*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x} dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Bb^3}{4} + \frac{3Ac b^2}{4} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{6} + \frac{Bbc^2}{2} \right) + \frac{Ab^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{Bc^3 x^7}{7} + \frac{3bcx^5(Ac + Bb)}{5}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x,x)`output `x^4*((B*b^3)/4 + (3*A*b^2*c)/4) + x^6*((A*c^3)/6 + (B*b*c^2)/2) + (A*b^3*x^3)/3 + (B*c^3*x^7)/7 + (3*b*c*x^5*(A*c + B*b))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x} dx = \frac{x^3(60b^3c^3x^4 + 70abc^3x^3 + 210b^2c^2x^3 + 252abc^2x^2 + 252b^3cx^2 + 315ab^2cx + 105b^4x + 140ab^3)}{420}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x,x)`output `(x**3*(140*a*b**3 + 315*a*b**2*c*x + 252*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 70*a*c**3*x**3 + 105*b**4*x + 252*b**3*c*x**2 + 210*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 60*b*c**3*x**4))/420`

3.25 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx$

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Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	297
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	298
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	298
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	299
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	299
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	300
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	300

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{b(bB - Ac)(b+cx)^4}{4c^3} - \frac{(2bB - Ac)(b+cx)^5}{5c^3} + \frac{B(b+cx)^6}{6c^3}$$

output `1/4*b*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x+b)^4/c^3-1/5*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x+b)^5/c^3+1/6*B*(c*x+b)^6/c^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{60}x^2(30Ab^3 + 20b^2(bB + 3Ac)x + 45bc(bB + Ac)x^2 + 12c^2(3bB + Ac)x^3 + 10Bc^3x^4)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^2,x]`

output `(x^2*(30*A*b^3 + 20*b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x + 45*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^2 + 12*c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^3 + 10*B*c^3*x^4))/60`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int x(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{(b + cx)^4(Ac - 2bB)}{c^2} + \frac{b(b + cx)^3(bB - Ac)}{c^2} + \frac{B(b + cx)^5}{c^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(b + cx)^5(2bB - Ac)}{5c^3} + \frac{b(b + cx)^4(bB - Ac)}{4c^3} + \frac{B(b + cx)^6}{6c^3}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^2,x]`

output `(b*(b*B - A*c)*(b + c*x)^4)/(4*c^3) - ((2*b*B - A*c)*(b + c*x)^5)/(5*c^3) + (B*(b + c*x)^6)/(6*c^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result	si
gospers	$\frac{x^2(10Bc^3x^4+12Ac^3x^3+36x^3Bbc^2+45Abc^2x^2+45x^2Bb^2c+60Ab^2cx+20xBb^3+30Ab^3)}{60}$	70
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^6}{6} + \frac{(Ac^3+3Bbc^2)x^5}{5} + \frac{(3Abc^2+3Bb^2c)x^4}{4} + \frac{(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^3}{3} + \frac{Ab^3x^2}{2}$	70
risch	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^3x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ac^3 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Bbc^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Abc^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Bb^2c + x^3Ab^2c + \frac{1}{3}x^3Bb^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ab^3x^2$	70
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}Bc^3x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ac^3 + \frac{3}{5}x^5Bbc^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Abc^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Bb^2c + x^3Ab^2c + \frac{1}{3}x^3Bb^3 + \frac{1}{2}Ab^3x^2$	70
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{5}Ac^3+\frac{3}{5}Bbc^2)x^6+(\frac{3}{4}Abc^2+\frac{3}{4}Bb^2c)x^5+(Ab^2c+\frac{1}{3}Bb^3)x^4+\frac{Ab^3x^3}{2}+\frac{Bc^3x^7}{6}}{x}$	70
orering	$\frac{(10Bc^3x^4+12Ac^3x^3+36x^3Bbc^2+45Abc^2x^2+45x^2Bb^2c+60Ab^2cx+20xBb^3+30Ab^3)(cx^2+bx)^3}{60x(cx+b)^3}$	90

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/60*x^2*(10*B*c^3*x^4+12*A*c^3*x^3+36*B*b*c^2*x^3+45*A*b*c^2*x^2+45*B*b^2
*c*x^2+60*A*b^2*c*x+20*B*b^3*x+30*A*b^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bc^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^3 x^2 + \frac{1}{5} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^5 + \frac{3}{4} (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) x^3$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*B*c^3*x^6 + 1/2*A*b^3*x^2 + 1/5*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^5 + 3/4*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{Ab^3x^2}{2} + \frac{Bc^3x^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{5} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Abc^2}{4} + \frac{3Bb^2c}{4} \right) + x^3 \left(Ab^2c + \frac{Bb^3}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**2,x)`output `A*b**3*x**2/2 + B*c**3*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*c**3/5 + 3*B*b*c**2/5) + x**4*(3*A*b*c**2/4 + 3*B*b**2*c/4) + x**3*(A*b**2*c + B*b**3/3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bc^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^3 x^2 + \frac{1}{5} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^5 + \frac{3}{4} (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) x^3$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*B*c^3*x^6 + 1/2*A*b^3*x^2 + 1/5*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^5 + 3/4*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bc^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} Bbc^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ac^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} Bb^2 cx^4 + \frac{3}{4} Abc^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Bb^3 x^3 + Ab^2 cx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^3 x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*B*c^3*x^6 + 3/5*B*b*c^2*x^5 + 1/5*A*c^3*x^5 + 3/4*B*b^2*c*x^4 + 3/4*A*b*c^2*x^4 + 1/3*B*b^3*x^3 + A*b^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*A*b^3*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Bb^3}{3} + Ac b^2 \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{5} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{5} \right) + \frac{Ab^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{Bc^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{3bcx^4(Ac + Bb)}{4}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^2,x)`output `x^3*((B*b^3)/3 + A*b^2*c) + x^5*((A*c^3)/5 + (3*B*b*c^2)/5) + (A*b^3*x^2)/2 + (B*c^3*x^6)/6 + (3*b*c*x^4*(A*c + B*b))/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^2(10b^3c^3x^4 + 12abc^3x^3 + 36b^2c^2x^3 + 45ab^2c^2x^2 + 45b^3cx^2 + 60ab^2cx + 20b^4x + 30ab^3)}{60}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^2,x)`output `(x**2*(30*a*b**3 + 60*a*b**2*c*x + 45*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 12*a*c**3*x**3 + 20*b**4*x + 45*b**3*c*x**2 + 36*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 10*b*c**3*x**4))/60`

3.26 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	301
Mathematica [A] (verified)	301
Rubi [A] (verified)	302
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	303
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	304
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	304
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	305
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	305
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	306
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	306

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(bB - Ac)(b + cx)^4}{4c^2} + \frac{B(b + cx)^5}{5c^2}$$

```
output -1/4*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x+b)^4/c^2+1/5*B*(c*x+b)^5/c^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx = Ab^3x + \frac{1}{2}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^2 + bc(bB + Ac)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}Bc^3x^5$$

```
input Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^3,x]
```

```
output A*b^3*x + (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^2)/2 + b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^3 + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^4)/4 + (B*c^3*x^5)/5
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int (A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx$$

↓ 49

$$\int \left(\frac{(b + cx)^3(Ac - bB)}{c} + \frac{B(b + cx)^4}{c} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{B(b + cx)^5}{5c^2} - \frac{(b + cx)^4(bB - Ac)}{4c^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*((b*B - A*c)*(b + c*x)^4)/c^2 + (B*(b + c*x)^5)/(5*c^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^5}{5} + \frac{(Ac^3+3Bbc^2)x^4}{4} + \frac{(3Abc^2+3Bb^2c)x^3}{3} + \frac{(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^2}{2} + Ab^3x$	73
risch	$\frac{1}{5}Bc^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ac^3 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Bbc^2 + Abc^2x^3 + Bb^2cx^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2Ab^2c + \frac{1}{2}x^2Bb^3 + Ab^3x$	73
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}Bc^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ac^3 + \frac{3}{4}x^4Bbc^2 + Abc^2x^3 + Bb^2cx^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2Ab^2c + \frac{1}{2}x^2Bb^3 + Ab^3x$	73
gospers	$\frac{x(4Bc^3x^4+5Ac^3x^3+15x^3Bbc^2+20Abc^2x^2+20x^2Bb^2c+30Ab^2cx+10xBb^3+20Ab^3)}{20}$	74
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{4}Ac^3+\frac{3}{4}Bbc^2)x^6+(\frac{3}{2}Ab^2c+\frac{1}{2}Bb^3)x^4+(Abc^2+Bb^2c)x^5+Ab^3x^3+\frac{Bc^3x^7}{5}}{x^2}$	76
orering	$\frac{(4Bc^3x^4+5Ac^3x^3+15x^3Bbc^2+20Abc^2x^2+20x^2Bb^2c+30Ab^2cx+10xBb^3+20Ab^3)(cx^2+bx)^3}{20x^2(cx+b)^3}$	94

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/5*B*c^3*x^5+1/4*(A*c^3+3*B*b*c^2)*x^4+1/3*(3*A*b*c^2+3*B*b^2*c)*x^3+1/2*
(3*A*b^2*c+B*b^3)*x^2+A*b^3*x
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bc^3 x^5 + Ab^3 x + \frac{1}{4} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^4 + (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*B*c^3*x^5 + A*b^3*x + 1/4*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^4 + (B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx = Ab^3 x + \frac{Bc^3 x^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{4} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{4} \right) + x^3 (Abc^2 + Bb^2c) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Ab^2c}{2} + \frac{Bb^3}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**3,x)`

output `A*b**3*x + B*c**3*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*c**3/4 + 3*B*b*c**2/4) + x**3*(A*b*c**2 + B*b**2*c) + x**2*(3*A*b**2*c/2 + B*b**3/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bc^3 x^5 + Ab^3 x + \frac{1}{4} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^4 + (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) x^2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*B*c^3*x^5 + A*b^3*x + 1/4*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^4 + (B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bc^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} Bbc^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ac^3 x^4 + Bb^2 cx^3 + Abc^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Bb^3 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} Ab^2 cx^2 + Ab^3 x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*B*c^3*x^5 + 3/4*B*b*c^2*x^4 + 1/4*A*c^3*x^4 + B*b^2*c*x^3 + A*b*c^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*b^3*x^2 + 3/2*A*b^2*c*x^2 + A*b^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Bb^3}{2} + \frac{3Ac b^2}{2} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{4} + \frac{3Bb c^2}{4} \right) + \frac{Bc^3 x^5}{5} + Ab^3 x + bcx^3 (Ac + Bb)$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^3,x)`output `x^2*((B*b^3)/2 + (3*A*b^2*c)/2) + x^4*((A*c^3)/4 + (3*B*b*c^2)/4) + (B*c^3*x^5)/5 + A*b^3*x + b*c*x^3*(A*c + B*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{x(4b^3c^3x^4 + 5a^3c^3x^3 + 15b^2c^2x^3 + 20abc^2x^2 + 20b^3cx^2 + 30ab^2cx + 10b^4x + 20ab^3)}{20}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^3,x)`output `(x*(20*a*b**3 + 30*a*b**2*c*x + 20*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 5*a*c**3*x**3 + 10*b**4*x + 20*b**3*c*x**2 + 15*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 4*b*c**3*x**4))/20`

$$3.27 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	307
Mathematica [A] (verified)	307
Rubi [A] (verified)	308
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	309
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	310
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	310
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	311
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	311
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	312
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	312

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx = 3Ab^2cx + \frac{3}{2}Abc^2x^2 + \frac{1}{3}Ac^3x^3 + \frac{B(b+cx)^4}{4c} + Ab^3 \log(x)$$

output `3*A*b^2*c*x+3/2*A*b*c^2*x^2+1/3*A*c^3*x^3+1/4*B*(c*x+b)^4/c+A*b^3*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{12}x(12b^3B + 18b^2c(2A+Bx) + 6bc^2x(3A+2Bx) + c^3x^2(4A+3Bx)) + Ab^3 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^4,x]`

output `(x*(12*b^3*B + 18*b^2*c*(2*A + B*x) + 6*b*c^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + c^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x)))/12 + A*b^3*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {9, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{90} \\
 & A \int \frac{(b + cx)^3}{x} dx + \frac{B(b + cx)^4}{4c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{49} \\
 & A \int \left(\frac{b^3}{x} + 3cb^2 + 3c^2xb + c^3x^2 \right) dx + \frac{B(b + cx)^4}{4c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\
 & A \left(b^3 \log(x) + 3b^2cx + \frac{3}{2}bc^2x^2 + \frac{c^3x^3}{3} \right) + \frac{B(b + cx)^4}{4c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^4,x]`

output `(B*(b + c*x)^4)/(4*c) + A*(3*b^2*c*x + (3*b*c^2*x^2)/2 + (c^3*x^3)/3 + b^3*Log[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Ac^3x^3}{3} + x^3Bbc^2 + \frac{3Abc^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3x^2Bb^2c}{2} + 3Ab^2cx + xBb^3 + Ab^3 \ln(x)$	70
risch	$\frac{Bc^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Ac^3x^3}{3} + x^3Bbc^2 + \frac{3Abc^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3x^2Bb^2c}{2} + 3Ab^2cx + xBb^3 + Ab^3 \ln(x)$	70
parallelrisch	$\frac{Bc^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Ac^3x^3}{3} + x^3Bbc^2 + \frac{3Abc^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3x^2Bb^2c}{2} + 3Ab^2cx + xBb^3 + Ab^3 \ln(x)$	70
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{3}Ac^3+Bbc^2)x^6+(\frac{3}{2}Abc^2+\frac{3}{2}Bb^2c)x^5+(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^4+\frac{Bc^3x^7}{4}}{x^3} + Ab^3 \ln(x)$	76

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/4*B*c^3*x^4+1/3*A*c^3*x^3+x^3*B*b*c^2+3/2*A*b*c^2*x^2+3/2*x^2*B*b^2*c+3*
A*b^2*c*x+x*B*b^3+A*b^3*ln(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bc^3 x^4 + Ab^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + \frac{3}{2} (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*B*c^3*x^4 + A*b^3*log(x) + 1/3*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 3/2*(B*b^2*c
+ A*b*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx = Ab^3 \log(x) + \frac{Bc^3 x^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{3} + Bbc^2 \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Abc^2}{2} + \frac{3Bb^2c}{2} \right) + x(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**4,x)
```

output

```
A*b**3*log(x) + B*c**3*x**4/4 + x**3*(A*c**3/3 + B*b*c**2) + x**2*(3*A*b*c
**2/2 + 3*B*b**2*c/2) + x*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bc^3 x^4 + Ab^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^3 + \frac{3}{2} (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^2 + (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*B*c^3*x^4 + A*b^3*log(x) + 1/3*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 3/2*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bc^3 x^4 + Bbc^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} Ac^3 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} Bb^2 cx^2 + \frac{3}{2} Abc^2 x^2 + Bb^3 x + 3Ab^2 cx + Ab^3 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*B*c^3*x^4 + B*b*c^2*x^3 + 1/3*A*c^3*x^3 + 3/2*B*b^2*c*x^2 + 3/2*A*b*c^2*x^2 + B*b^3*x + 3*A*b^2*c*x + A*b^3*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx = x(Bb^3 + 3Ac b^2) + x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{3} + Bbc^2 \right) + \frac{Bc^3 x^4}{4} + Ab^3 \ln(x) + \frac{3bcx^2(Ac + Bb)}{2}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^4,x)`output `x*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c) + x^3*((A*c^3)/3 + B*b*c^2) + (B*c^3*x^4)/4 + A*b^3*log(x) + (3*b*c*x^2*(A*c + B*b))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^4} dx = \log(x) ab^3 + 3ab^2cx + \frac{3abc^2x^2}{2} + \frac{ac^3x^3}{3} + b^4x + \frac{3b^3cx^2}{2} + b^2c^2x^3 + \frac{bc^3x^4}{4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^4,x)`output `(12*log(x)*a*b**3 + 36*a*b**2*c*x + 18*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**3*x**3 + 12*b**4*x + 18*b**3*c*x**2 + 12*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 3*b*c**3*x**4)/12`

3.28 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	313
Rubi [A] (verified)	314
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	316
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	316
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	317
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	317
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	317
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	318

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{x} + 3bc(bB+Ac)x + \frac{1}{2}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}Bc^3x^3 + b^2(bB+3Ac)\log(x)$$

output

```
-A*b^3/x+3*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x+1/2*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^2+1/3*B*c^3*x^3+b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{x} + 3bc(bB+Ac)x + \frac{1}{2}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}Bc^3x^3 + (b^3B+3Ab^2c)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^5,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{A*b^3}{x}\right) + 3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^2)/2 + (B*c^3*x^3)/3 + (b^3*B + 3*A*b^2*c)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\ & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \int \left(\frac{Ab^3}{x^2} + \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{x} + c^2x(Ac + 3bB) + 3bc(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^2 \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{Ab^3}{x} + b^2 \log(x)(3Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{3}Bc^3x^3 \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\left(\frac{(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3}{x^5}, x\right)]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{A*b^3}{x}\right) + 3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x + (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^2)/2 + (B*c^3*x^3)/3 + b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^3x^2}{2} + \frac{3Bbc^2x^2}{2} + 3Abc^2x + 3Bb^2cx + b^2(3Ac + Bb) \ln(x) - \frac{Ab^3}{x}$	69
risch	$\frac{Bc^3x^3}{3} + \frac{Ac^3x^2}{2} + \frac{3Bbc^2x^2}{2} + 3Abc^2x + 3Bb^2cx - \frac{Ab^3}{x} + 3A \ln(x) b^2c + B \ln(x) b^3$	71
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{2}Ac^3 + \frac{3}{2}Bbc^2)x^6 + (3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^5 - Ab^3x^3 + \frac{Bc^3x^7}{3}}{x^4} + (3Ab^2c + Bb^3) \ln(x)$	78
parallelrisch	$\frac{2Bc^3x^4 + 3Ac^3x^3 + 9x^3Bbc^2 + 18A \ln(x)xb^2c + 18Abc^2x^2 + 6B \ln(x)xb^3 + 18x^2Bb^2c - 6Ab^3}{6x}$	80

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*B*c^3*x^3+1/2*A*c^3*x^2+3/2*B*b*c^2*x^2+3*A*b*c^2*x+3*B*b^2*c*x+b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*ln(x)-A*b^3/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bc^3x^4 - 6Ab^3 + 3(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 18(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 6(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x \log(x)}{6x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*B*c^3*x^4 - 6*A*b^3 + 3*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 18*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 6*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x*log(x))/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{x} + \frac{Bc^3x^3}{3} + b^2 \cdot (3Ac + Bb) \log(x)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{2} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{2} \right) + x(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**5,x)`

output `-A*b**3/x + B*c**3*x**3/3 + b**2*(3*A*c + B*b)*log(x) + x**2*(A*c**3/2 + 3*B*b*c**2/2) + x*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bc^3 x^3 - \frac{Ab^3}{x} + \frac{1}{2} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^2 + 3(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x + (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*c^3*x^3 - A*b^3/x + 1/2*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^2 + 3*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x + (B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bc^3 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} Bbc^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ac^3 x^2 + 3Bb^2 cx + 3Abc^2 x - \frac{Ab^3}{x} + (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*B*c^3*x^3 + 3/2*B*b*c^2*x^2 + 1/2*A*c^3*x^2 + 3*B*b^2*c*x + 3*A*b*c^2*x - A*b^3/x + (B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*log(abs(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{2} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{2} \right) + \ln(x) (Bb^3 + 3Ac^2b) - \frac{Ab^3}{x} + \frac{Bc^3x^3}{3} + 3bcx(Ac + Bb)$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^5,x)`

output $x^2*((A*c^3)/2 + (3*B*b*c^2)/2) + \log(x)*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c) - (A*b^3)/x + (B*c^3*x^3)/3 + 3*b*c*x*(A*c + B*b)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{18 \log(x) a b^2 c x + 6 \log(x) b^4 x - 6 a b^3 + 18 a b c^2 x^2 + 3 a c^3 x^3 + 18 b^3 c x^2 + 9 b^2 c^2 x^3 + 2 b c^3 x^4}{6 x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^5,x)`

output $(18*\log(x)*a*b**2*c*x + 6*\log(x)*b**4*x - 6*a*b**3 + 18*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 3*a*c**3*x**3 + 18*b**3*c*x**2 + 9*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 2*b*c**3*x**4)/(6*x)$

3.29
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	319
Mathematica [A] (verified)	319
Rubi [A] (verified)	320
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	321
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	322
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	322
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	323
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	323
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	324
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	324

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2(bB+3Ac)}{x} + c^2(3bB+Ac)x + \frac{1}{2}Bc^3x^2 + 3bc(bB+Ac)\log(x)$$

output

`-1/2*A*b^3/x^2-b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x+c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x+1/2*B*c^3*x^2+3*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{2x^2} + \frac{-b^3B-3Ab^2c}{x} + c^2(3bB+Ac)x + \frac{1}{2}Bc^3x^2 + 3(b^2Bc+Abc^2)\log(x)$$

input

`Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^6,x]`

output

$$-1/2*(A*b^3)/x^2 + (-b^3*B) - 3*A*b^2*c)/x + c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x + (B*c^3*x^2)/2 + 3*(b^2*B*c + A*b*c^2)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^3}{x^3} + \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{x^2} + c^2(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{3bc(Ac + bB)}{x} + Bc^3x \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ab^3}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{x} + c^2x(Ac + 3bB) + 3bc \log(x)(Ac + bB) + \frac{1}{2}Bc^3x^2$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3/x^6, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(A*b^3)/x^2 - (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c))/x + c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x + (B*c^3*x^2)/2 + 3*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bc^3x^2}{2} + Ac^3x + 3Bbc^2x - \frac{Ab^3}{2x^2} + 3bc(Ac + Bb) \ln(x) - \frac{b^2(3Ac+Bb)}{x}$	63
risch	$\frac{Bc^3x^2}{2} + Ac^3x + 3Bbc^2x + \frac{(-3Ab^2c - Bb^3)x - \frac{Ab^3}{2}}{x^2} + 3A \ln(x)bc^2 + 3B \ln(x)b^2c$	70
norman	$\frac{(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^6 + (-3Ab^2c - Bb^3)x^4 - \frac{Ab^3x^3}{2} + \frac{Be^3x^7}{2}}{x^5} + (3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c) \ln(x)$	78
parallelrisch	$\frac{Bc^3x^4 + 6A \ln(x)x^2bc^2 + 2Ac^3x^3 + 6B \ln(x)x^2b^2c + 6x^3Bbc^2 - 6Ab^2cx - 2xBb^3 - Ab^3}{2x^2}$	79

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*B*c^3*x^2+A*c^3*x+3*B*b*c^2*x-1/2*A*b^3/x^2+3*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*ln(x)-b^2*
(3*A*c+B*b)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bc^3x^4 - Ab^3 + 2(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 6(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 \log(x) - 2(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(B*c^3*x^4 - A*b^3 + 2*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 6*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2*log(x) - 2*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{Bc^3x^2}{2} + 3bc(Ac + Bb) \log(x) + x(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)$$

$$+ \frac{-Ab^3 + x(-6Ab^2c - 2Bb^3)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**6,x)`output `B*c**3*x**2/2 + 3*b*c*(A*c + B*b)*log(x) + x*(A*c**3 + 3*B*b*c**2) + (-A*b**3 + x*(-6*A*b**2*c - 2*B*b**3))/(2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bc^3 x^2 + (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x + 3(Bb^2c + Abc^2) \log(x) - \frac{Ab^3 + 2(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*B*c^3*x^2 + (3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x + 3*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*log(x) - 1/2*(A*b^3 + 2*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bc^3 x^2 + 3Bbc^2 x + Ac^3 x + 3(Bb^2c + Abc^2) \log(|x|) - \frac{Ab^3 + 2(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*B*c^3*x^2 + 3*B*b*c^2*x + A*c^3*x + 3*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(A*b^3 + 2*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx = \ln(x) (3Bb^2c + 3Abc^2) - \frac{x(Bb^3 + 3Ac b^2) + \frac{Ab^3}{2}}{x^2} + x(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2) + \frac{Bc^3x^2}{2}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^6,x)`output `log(x)*(3*A*b*c^2 + 3*B*b^2*c) - (x*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c) + (A*b^3)/2)/x^2 + x*(A*c^3 + 3*B*b*c^2) + (B*c^3*x^2)/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{6 \log(x) ab c^2 x^2 + 6 \log(x) b^3 c x^2 - a b^3 - 6 a b^2 c x + 2 a c^3 x^3 - 2 b^4 x + 6 b^2 c^2 x^3 + b c^3 x^4}{2 x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^6,x)`output `(6*log(x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 6*log(x)*b**3*c*x**2 - a*b**3 - 6*a*b**2*c*x + 2*a*c**3*x**3 - 2*b**4*x + 6*b**2*c**2*x**3 + b*c**3*x**4)/(2*x**2)`

3.30
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx$$

Optimal result	325
Mathematica [A] (verified)	325
Rubi [A] (verified)	326
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	327
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	328
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	328
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	329
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	329
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	330

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2(bB+3Ac)}{2x^2} - \frac{3bc(bB+Ac)}{x} + Bc^3x + c^2(3bB+Ac)\log(x)$$

output `-1/3*A*b^3/x^3-1/2*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^2-3*b*c*(A*c+B*b)/x+B*c^3*x+c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{3x^3} + \frac{-b^3B-3Ab^2c}{2x^2} - \frac{3(b^2Bc+Abc^2)}{x} + Bc^3x + (3bBc^2+Ac^3)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^7,x]`

output `-1/3*(A*b^3)/x^3 + (-b^3*B - 3*A*b^2*c)/(2*x^2) - (3*(b^2*B*c + A*b*c^2)/x + B*c^3*x + (3*b*B*c^2 + A*c^3)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^3}{x^4} + \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{x^3} + \frac{c^2(Ac + 3bB)}{x} + \frac{3bc(Ac + bB)}{x^2} + Bc^3 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ab^3}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{2x^2} + c^2 \log(x)(Ac + 3bB) - \frac{3bc(Ac + bB)}{x} + Bc^3 x$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^7, x]`

output `-1/3*(A*b^3)/x^3 - (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c))/(2*x^2) - (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c))/x + B*c^3*x + c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{Ab^3}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2(3Ac+Bb)}{2x^2} - \frac{3bc(Ac+Bb)}{x} + Bc^3x + c^2(Ac + 3Bb) \ln(x)$	61
risch	$Bc^3x + \frac{(-3Abc^2-3Bb^2c)x^2 + (-\frac{3}{2}Ab^2c - \frac{1}{2}Bb^3)x - \frac{Ab^3}{3}}{x^3} + A \ln(x) c^3 + 3B \ln(x) b c^2$	70
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{3}{2}Ab^2c - \frac{1}{2}Bb^3)x^4 + (-3Abc^2 - 3Bb^2c)x^5 + Bc^3x^7 - \frac{Ab^3x^3}{3}}{x^6} + (Ac^3 + 3Bb c^2) \ln(x)$	77
parallelrisc	$\frac{6A \ln(x)x^3c^3 + 18B \ln(x)x^3bc^2 + 6Bc^3x^4 - 18Abc^2x^2 - 18x^2Bb^2c - 9Ab^2cx - 3xBb^3 - 2Ab^3}{6x^3}$	80

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*A*b^3/x^3-1/2*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^2-3*b*c*(A*c+B*b)/x+B*c^3*x+c^2*(A*c+
3*B*b)*ln(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 Bc^3x^4 + 6 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 \log(x) - 2 Ab^3 - 18 (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 - 3 (Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2c)x}{6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{6}(6Bc^3x^4 + 6(3B^2bc^2 + A^2c^3)x^3 \log(x) - 2A^2b^3 - 18(B^2b^2c + A^2bc^2)x^2 - 3(B^2b^3 + 3A^2b^2c)x)/x^3$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx = Bc^3x + c^2(Ac + 3Bb) \log(x) + \frac{-2Ab^3 + x^2(-18Abc^2 - 18Bb^2c) + x(-9Ab^2c - 3Bb^3)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**7,x)`

output $Bc^3x + c^2(Ac + 3B^2b) \log(x) + (-2A^2b^3 + x^2(-18A^2bc^2 - 18B^2b^2c) + x(-9A^2b^2c - 3B^2b^3))/(6x^3)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx = Bc^3x + (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) \log(x) - \frac{2Ab^3 + 18(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 3(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $Bc^3x + (3B^2bc^2 + A^2c^3) \log(x) - \frac{1}{6}(2A^2b^3 + 18(B^2b^2c + A^2bc^2)x^2 + 3(B^2b^3 + 3A^2b^2c)x)/x^3$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx = Bc^3x + (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) \log(|x|) - \frac{2Ab^3 + 18(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 3(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*c^3*x + (3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*b^3 + 18*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx = \ln(x) (Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2) - \frac{x^2(3Bb^2c + 3Abc^2) + x\left(\frac{Bb^3}{2} + \frac{3Ac^2b}{2}\right) + \frac{Ab^3}{3}}{x^3} + Bc^3x$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^7,x)`output `log(x)*(A*c^3 + 3*B*b*c^2) - (x^2*(3*A*b*c^2 + 3*B*b^2*c) + x*((B*b^3)/2 + (3*A*b^2*c)/2) + (A*b^3)/3)/x^3 + B*c^3*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(x) a c^3 x^3 + 18 \log(x) b^2 c^2 x^3 - 2a b^3 - 9a b^2 c x - 18ab c^2 x^2 - 3b^4 x - 18b^3 c x^2 + 6b c^3 x^4}{6x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^7,x)`output `(6*log(x)*a*c**3*x**3 + 18*log(x)*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 2*a*b**3 - 9*a*b**2*c*x - 18*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 3*b**4*x - 18*b**3*c*x**2 + 6*b*c**3*x**4)/(6*x**3)`

3.31
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx$$

Optimal result	331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	331
Rubi [A] (verified)	332
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	333
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	334
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	334
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	335
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	335
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	336
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	336

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx = -\frac{b^3B}{3x^3} - \frac{3b^2Bc}{2x^2} - \frac{3bBc^2}{x} - \frac{A(b+cx)^4}{4bx^4} + Bc^3 \log(x)$$

output `-1/3*b^3*B/x^3-3/2*b^2*B*c/x^2-3*b*B*c^2/x-1/4*A*(c*x+b)^4/b/x^4+B*c^3*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2bBx(2b^2+9bcx+18c^2x^2)+3A(b^3+4b^2cx+6bc^2x^2+4c^3x^3)}{12x^4} + Bc^3 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^8,x]`

output `-1/12*(2*b*B*x*(2*b^2+9*b*c*x+18*c^2*x^2)+3*A*(b^3+4*b^2*c*x+6*b*c^2*x^2+4*c^3*x^3))/x^4+B*c^3*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {9, 87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & B \int \frac{(b + cx)^3}{x^4} dx - \frac{A(b + cx)^4}{4bx^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & B \int \left(\frac{b^3}{x^4} + \frac{3cb^2}{x^3} + \frac{3c^2b}{x^2} + \frac{c^3}{x} \right) dx - \frac{A(b + cx)^4}{4bx^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & B \left(-\frac{b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{3b^2c}{2x^2} - \frac{3bc^2}{x} + c^3 \log(x) \right) - \frac{A(b + cx)^4}{4bx^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^8,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(b + c*x)^4)/(b*x^4) + B*(-1/3*b^3/x^3 - (3*b^2*c)/(2*x^2) - (3*b*c^2)/x + c^3*Log[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{b^2(3Ac+Bb)}{3x^3} - \frac{3bc(Ac+Bb)}{2x^2} - \frac{Ab^3}{4x^4} + Bc^3 \ln(x) - \frac{c^2(Ac+3Bb)}{x}$	64
risch	$\frac{(-Ac^3-3Bbc^2)x^3 + (-\frac{3}{2}Abc^2 - \frac{3}{2}Bb^2c)x^2 + (-Ab^2c - \frac{1}{3}Bb^3)x - \frac{Ab^3}{4}}{x^4} + Bc^3 \ln(x)$	73
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{3}{2}Abc^2 - \frac{3}{2}Bb^2c)x^5 + (-Ab^2c - \frac{1}{3}Bb^3)x^4 + (-Ac^3 - 3Bbc^2)x^6 - \frac{Ab^3x^3}{4}}{x^7} + Bc^3 \ln(x)$	78
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-12Bc^3 \ln(x)x^4 + 12Ac^3x^3 + 36x^3Bbc^2 + 18Abc^2x^2 + 18x^2Bb^2c + 12Ab^2cx + 4xBb^3 + 3Ab^3}{12x^4}$	78

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$-1/3*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^3-3/2*b*c*(A*c+B*b)/x^2-1/4*A*b^3/x^4+B*c^3*\ln(x)-c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)/x$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{12Bc^3x^4 \log(x) - 3Ab^3 - 12(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 - 18(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 - 4(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x}{12x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$1/12*(12*B*c^3*x^4*\log(x) - 3*A*b^3 - 12*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 - 18*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 - 4*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^4$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx$$

$$= Bc^3 \log(x) + \frac{-3Ab^3 + x^3(-12Ac^3 - 36Bbc^2) + x^2(-18Abc^2 - 18Bb^2c) + x(-12Ab^2c - 4Bb^3)}{12x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**8,x)
```

output

$$B*c**3*\log(x) + (-3*A*b**3 + x**3*(-12*A*c**3 - 36*B*b*c**2) + x**2*(-18*A*b*c**2 - 18*B*b**2*c) + x*(-12*A*b**2*c - 4*B*b**3))/(12*x**4)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx$$

$$= Bc^3 \log(x) - \frac{3Ab^3 + 12(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 18(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 4(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*c^3*log(x) - 1/12*(3*A*b^3 + 12*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 18*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx$$

$$= Bc^3 \log(|x|) - \frac{3Ab^3 + 12(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 18(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 4(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*c^3*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(3*A*b^3 + 12*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 18*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx$$

$$= Bc^3 \ln(x) - \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3Bb^2c}{2} + \frac{3Abc^2}{2} \right) + x \left(\frac{Bb^3}{3} + Ac b^2 \right) + \frac{Ab^3}{4} + x^3 (Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)}{x^4}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^8,x)`output `B*c^3*log(x) - (x^2*((3*A*b*c^2)/2 + (3*B*b^2*c)/2) + x*((B*b^3)/3 + A*b^2*c) + (A*b^3)/4 + x^3*(A*c^3 + 3*B*b*c^2))/x^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(x) b c^3 x^4 - 3 a b^3 - 12 a b^2 c x - 18 a b c^2 x^2 - 12 a c^3 x^3 - 4 b^4 x - 18 b^3 c x^2 - 36 b^2 c^2 x^3}{12 x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^8,x)`output `(12*log(x)*b*c**3*x**4 - 3*a*b**3 - 12*a*b**2*c*x - 18*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 12*a*c**3*x**3 - 4*b**4*x - 18*b**3*c*x**2 - 36*b**2*c**2*x**3)/(12*x**4)`

3.32 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	337
Mathematica [A] (verified)	337
Rubi [A] (verified)	338
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	339
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	340
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	340
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	341
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	341
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	342
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	342

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx = -\frac{A(b+cx)^4}{5bx^5} - \frac{(5bB-Ac)(b+cx)^4}{20b^2x^4}$$

output `-1/5*A*(c*x+b)^4/b/x^5-1/20*(-A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x+b)^4/b^2/x^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx = -\frac{5Bx(b^3+4b^2cx+6bc^2x^2+4c^3x^3)+A(4b^3+15b^2cx+20bc^2x^2+10c^3x^3)}{20x^5}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^9,x]`

output `-1/20*(5*B*x*(b^3+4*b^2*c*x+6*b*c^2*x^2+4*c^3*x^3)+A*(4*b^3+15*b^2*c*x+20*b*c^2*x^2+10*c^3*x^3))/x^5`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 87

$$\frac{(5bB - Ac) \int \frac{(b+cx)^3}{x^5} dx}{5b} - \frac{A(b + cx)^4}{5bx^5}$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(b + cx)^4(5bB - Ac)}{20b^2x^4} - \frac{A(b + cx)^4}{5bx^5}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^9,x]`

output `-1/5*(A*(b + c*x)^4)/(b*x^5) - ((5*b*B - A*c)*(b + c*x)^4)/(20*b^2*x^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
 [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
 a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
 .), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{Ab^3}{5x^5} - \frac{bc(Ac+Bb)}{x^3} - \frac{c^2(Ac+3Bb)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2(3Ac+Bb)}{4x^4} - \frac{Bc^3}{x}$	66
risch	$-\frac{Bc^3x^4 + (-\frac{1}{2}Ac^3 - \frac{3}{2}Bbc^2)x^3 + (-Abc^2 - Bb^2c)x^2 + (-\frac{3}{4}Ab^2c - \frac{1}{4}Bb^3)x - \frac{Ab^3}{5}}{x^5}$	74
gospers	$-\frac{20Bc^3x^4 + 10Ac^3x^3 + 30x^3Bbc^2 + 20Abc^2x^2 + 20x^2Bb^2c + 15Ab^2cx + 5xBb^3 + 4Ab^3}{20x^5}$	76
parallelrisch	$-\frac{20Bc^3x^4 + 10Ac^3x^3 + 30x^3Bbc^2 + 20Abc^2x^2 + 20x^2Bb^2c + 15Ab^2cx + 5xBb^3 + 4Ab^3}{20x^5}$	76
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{1}{2}Ac^3 - \frac{3}{2}Bbc^2)x^6 + (-\frac{3}{4}Ab^2c - \frac{1}{4}Bb^3)x^4 + (-Abc^2 - Bb^2c)x^5 - \frac{Ab^3x^3}{5} - Bc^3x^7}{x^8}$	79
orering	$-\frac{(20Bc^3x^4 + 10Ac^3x^3 + 30x^3Bbc^2 + 20Abc^2x^2 + 20x^2Bb^2c + 15Ab^2cx + 5xBb^3 + 4Ab^3)(cx^2 + bx)^3}{20x^8(cx + b)^3}$	94

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-1/5*A*b^3/x^5 - b*c*(A*c+B*b)/x^3 - 1/2*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)/x^2 - 1/4*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^4 - B*c^3/x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{20 Bc^3x^4 + 4 Ab^3 + 10 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 20 (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 5 (Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2c)x}{20 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(20*B*c^3*x^4 + 4*A*b^3 + 10*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 20*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^5`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4Ab^3 - 20Bc^3x^4 + x^3(-10Ac^3 - 30Bbc^2) + x^2(-20Abc^2 - 20Bb^2c) + x(-15Ab^2c - 5Bb^3)}{20x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**9,x)`

output `(-4*A*b**3 - 20*B*c**3*x**4 + x**3*(-10*A*c**3 - 30*B*b*c**2) + x**2*(-20*A*b*c**2 - 20*B*b**2*c) + x*(-15*A*b**2*c - 5*B*b**3))/(20*x**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx = \frac{20 Bc^3x^4 + 4 Ab^3 + 10 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 20 (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 5 (Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2c)x}{20 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/20*(20*B*c^3*x^4 + 4*A*b^3 + 10*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 20*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx = \frac{20 Bc^3x^4 + 30 Bbc^2x^3 + 10 Ac^3x^3 + 20 Bb^2cx^2 + 20 Abc^2x^2 + 5 Bb^3x + 15 Ab^2cx + 4 Ab^3}{20 x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/20*(20*B*c^3*x^4 + 30*B*b*c^2*x^3 + 10*A*c^3*x^3 + 20*B*b^2*c*x^2 + 20*A*b*c^2*x^2 + 5*B*b^3*x + 15*A*b^2*c*x + 4*A*b^3)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^2(Bb^2c + Abc^2) + x\left(\frac{Bb^3}{4} + \frac{3Ac b^2}{4}\right) + \frac{Ab^3}{5} + x^3\left(\frac{Ac^3}{2} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{2}\right) + Bc^3x^4}{x^5}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^9,x)`output `-(x^2*(A*b*c^2 + B*b^2*c) + x*((B*b^3)/4 + (3*A*b^2*c)/4) + (A*b^3)/5 + x^3*((A*c^3)/2 + (3*B*b*c^2)/2) + B*c^3*x^4)/x^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-20b^3c^3x^4 - 10a^3c^3x^3 - 30b^2c^2x^3 - 20abc^2x^2 - 20b^3cx^2 - 15ab^2cx - 5b^4x - 4ab^3}{20x^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^9,x)`output `(-4*a*b**3 - 15*a*b**2*c*x - 20*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 10*a*c**3*x**3 - 5*b**4*x - 20*b**3*c*x**2 - 30*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 20*b*c**3*x**4)/(20*x**5)`

3.33 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	343
Mathematica [A] (verified)	343
Rubi [A] (verified)	344
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	345
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	346
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	346
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	347
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	347
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	348
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	348

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{6x^6} - \frac{b^2(bB+3Ac)}{5x^5} - \frac{3bc(bB+Ac)}{4x^4} - \frac{c^2(3bB+Ac)}{3x^3} - \frac{Bc^3}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/6*A*b^3/x^6-1/5*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^5-3/4*b*c*(A*c+B*b)/x^4-1/3*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)/x^3-1/2*B*c^3/x^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{3Bx(4b^3+15b^2cx+20bc^2x^2+10c^3x^3)+A(10b^3+36b^2cx+45bc^2x^2+20c^3x^3)}{60x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^10,x]`

output

$$-1/60*(3*B*x*(4*b^3 + 15*b^2*c*x + 20*b*c^2*x^2 + 10*c^3*x^3) + A*(10*b^3 + 36*b^2*c*x + 45*b*c^2*x^2 + 20*c^3*x^3))/x^6$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{Ab^3}{x^7} + \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{x^6} + \frac{c^2(Ac + 3bB)}{x^4} + \frac{3bc(Ac + bB)}{x^5} + \frac{Bc^3}{x^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{Ab^3}{6x^6} - \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{5x^5} - \frac{c^2(Ac + 3bB)}{3x^3} - \frac{3bc(Ac + bB)}{4x^4} - \frac{Bc^3}{2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3/x^10,x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(A*b^3)/x^6 - (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c))/(5*x^5) - (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c))/(4*x^4) - (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c))/(3*x^3) - (B*c^3)/(2*x^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{A b^3}{6x^6} - \frac{b^2(3Ac+Bb)}{5x^5} - \frac{3bc(Ac+Bb)}{4x^4} - \frac{c^2(Ac+3Bb)}{3x^3} - \frac{B c^3}{2x^2}$	66
risch	$-\frac{-\frac{B c^3 x^4}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3} A c^3 - B b c^2) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{4} A b c^2 - \frac{3}{4} B b^2 c) x^2 + (-\frac{3}{5} A b^2 c - \frac{1}{5} B b^3) x - \frac{A b^3}{6}}{x^6}$	74
gosper	$-\frac{30B c^3 x^4 + 20A c^3 x^3 + 60x^3 B b c^2 + 45A b c^2 x^2 + 45x^2 B b^2 c + 36A b^2 c x + 12x B b^3 + 10A b^3}{60x^6}$	76
parallelrisch	$-\frac{30B c^3 x^4 + 20A c^3 x^3 + 60x^3 B b c^2 + 45A b c^2 x^2 + 45x^2 B b^2 c + 36A b^2 c x + 12x B b^3 + 10A b^3}{60x^6}$	76
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{1}{3} A c^3 - B b c^2) x^6 + (-\frac{3}{4} A b c^2 - \frac{3}{4} B b^2 c) x^5 + (-\frac{3}{5} A b^2 c - \frac{1}{5} B b^3) x^4 - \frac{A b^3 x^3}{6} - \frac{B c^3 x^7}{2}}{x^9}$	79
orering	$-\frac{(30B c^3 x^4 + 20A c^3 x^3 + 60x^3 B b c^2 + 45A b c^2 x^2 + 45x^2 B b^2 c + 36A b^2 c x + 12x B b^3 + 10A b^3) (c x^2 + b x)^3}{60x^9 (c x + b)^3}$	94

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*A*b^3/x^6-1/5*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^5-3/4*b*c*(A*c+B*b)/x^4-1/3*c^2*(A*c+
3*B*b)/x^3-1/2*B*c^3/x^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{30 Bc^3x^4 + 10 Ab^3 + 20(3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 45(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 12(Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2c)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(30*B*c^3*x^4 + 10*A*b^3 + 20*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 45*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^6`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-10Ab^3 - 30Bc^3x^4 + x^3(-20Ac^3 - 60Bbc^2) + x^2(-45Abc^2 - 45Bb^2c) + x(-36Ab^2c - 12Bb^3)}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**10,x)`output `(-10*A*b**3 - 30*B*c**3*x**4 + x**3*(-20*A*c**3 - 60*B*b*c**2) + x**2*(-45*A*b*c**2 - 45*B*b**2*c) + x*(-36*A*b**2*c - 12*B*b**3))/(60*x**6)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{30 Bc^3x^4 + 10 Ab^3 + 20(3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 45(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 12(Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2c)x}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(30*B*c^3*x^4 + 10*A*b^3 + 20*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 45*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{30 Bc^3x^4 + 60 Bbc^2x^3 + 20 Ac^3x^3 + 45 Bb^2cx^2 + 45 Abc^2x^2 + 12 Bb^3x + 36 Ab^2cx + 10 Ab^3}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(30*B*c^3*x^4 + 60*B*b*c^2*x^3 + 20*A*c^3*x^3 + 45*B*b^2*c*x^2 + 45*A*b*c^2*x^2 + 12*B*b^3*x + 36*A*b^2*c*x + 10*A*b^3)/x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3Bb^2c}{4} + \frac{3Abc^2}{4} \right) + x \left(\frac{Bb^3}{5} + \frac{3Ac b^2}{5} \right) + \frac{Ab^3}{6} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{3} + Bbc^2 \right) + \frac{Bc^3x^4}{2}}{x^6}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^10,x)`output `-(x^2*((3*A*b*c^2)/4 + (3*B*b^2*c)/4) + x*((B*b^3)/5 + (3*A*b^2*c)/5) + (A*b^3)/6 + x^3*((A*c^3)/3 + B*b*c^2) + (B*c^3*x^4)/2)/x^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-30b^3c^3x^4 - 20ac^3x^3 - 60b^2c^2x^3 - 45abc^2x^2 - 45b^3cx^2 - 36ab^2cx - 12b^4x - 10ab^3}{60x^6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^10,x)`output `(-10*a*b**3 - 36*a*b**2*c*x - 45*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 20*a*c**3*x**3 - 12*b**4*x - 45*b**3*c*x**2 - 60*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 30*b*c**3*x**4)/(60*x**6)`

3.34
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$$

Optimal result	349
Mathematica [A] (verified)	349
Rubi [A] (verified)	350
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	351
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	352
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	352
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	353
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	353
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	354
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	354

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{Ab^3}{7x^7} - \frac{b^2(bB+3Ac)}{6x^6} - \frac{3bc(bB+Ac)}{5x^5} - \frac{c^2(3bB+Ac)}{4x^4} - \frac{Bc^3}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/7*A*b^3/x^7-1/6*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^6-3/5*b*c*(A*c+B*b)/x^5-1/4*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)/x^4-1/3*B*c^3/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{7Bx(10b^3+36b^2cx+45bc^2x^2+20c^3x^3)+3A(20b^3+70b^2cx+84bc^2x^2+35c^3x^3)}{420x^7}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^11,x]`

output

$$-1/420*(7*B*x*(10*b^3 + 36*b^2*c*x + 45*b*c^2*x^2 + 20*c^3*x^3) + 3*A*(20*b^3 + 70*b^2*c*x + 84*b*c^2*x^2 + 35*c^3*x^3))/x^7$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^3}{x^8} + \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{x^7} + \frac{c^2(Ac + 3bB)}{x^5} + \frac{3bc(Ac + bB)}{x^6} + \frac{Bc^3}{x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ab^3}{7x^7} - \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{6x^6} - \frac{c^2(Ac + 3bB)}{4x^4} - \frac{3bc(Ac + bB)}{5x^5} - \frac{Bc^3}{3x^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3/x^11,x]$$

output

$$-1/7*(A*b^3)/x^7 - (b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c))/(6*x^6) - (3*b*c*(b*B + A*c))/(5*x^5) - (c^2*(3*b*B + A*c))/(4*x^4) - (B*c^3)/(3*x^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{A b^3}{7x^7} - \frac{b^2(3Ac+Bb)}{6x^6} - \frac{3bc(Ac+Bb)}{5x^5} - \frac{c^2(Ac+3Bb)}{4x^4} - \frac{B c^3}{3x^3}$	66
risch	$-\frac{B c^3 x^4 + (-\frac{1}{4} A c^3 - \frac{3}{4} B b c^2) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{5} A b c^2 - \frac{3}{5} B b^2 c) x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} A b^2 c - \frac{1}{6} B b^3) x - \frac{A b^3}{7}}{x^7}$	74
gospers	$-\frac{140B c^3 x^4 + 105A c^3 x^3 + 315x^3 B b c^2 + 252A b c^2 x^2 + 252x^2 B b^2 c + 210A b^2 c x + 70x B b^3 + 60A b^3}{420x^7}$	76
parallelrisch	$-\frac{140B c^3 x^4 + 105A c^3 x^3 + 315x^3 B b c^2 + 252A b c^2 x^2 + 252x^2 B b^2 c + 210A b^2 c x + 70x B b^3 + 60A b^3}{420x^7}$	76
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{1}{4} A c^3 - \frac{3}{4} B b c^2) x^6 + (-\frac{3}{5} A b c^2 - \frac{3}{5} B b^2 c) x^5 + (-\frac{1}{2} A b^2 c - \frac{1}{6} B b^3) x^4 - \frac{A b^3 x^3}{7} - \frac{B c^3 x^7}{3}}{x^{10}}$	79
orering	$-\frac{(140B c^3 x^4 + 105A c^3 x^3 + 315x^3 B b c^2 + 252A b c^2 x^2 + 252x^2 B b^2 c + 210A b^2 c x + 70x B b^3 + 60A b^3)(c x^2 + b x)^3}{420x^{10}(c x + b)^3}$	94

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/7*A*b^3/x^7-1/6*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^6-3/5*b*c*(A*c+B*b)/x^5-1/4*c^2*(A*c+
3*B*b)/x^4-1/3*B*c^3/x^3
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{140 Bc^3x^4 + 60 Ab^3 + 105 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 252 (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 70 (Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2c)x}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/420*(140*B*c^3*x^4 + 60*A*b^3 + 105*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 252*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-60Ab^3 - 140Bc^3x^4 + x^3(-105Ac^3 - 315Bbc^2) + x^2(-252Abc^2 - 252Bb^2c) + x(-210Ab^2c - 70Bb^3)}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**11,x)`output `(-60*A*b**3 - 140*B*c**3*x**4 + x**3*(-105*A*c**3 - 315*B*b*c**2) + x**2*(-252*A*b*c**2 - 252*B*b**2*c) + x*(-210*A*b**2*c - 70*B*b**3))/(420*x**7)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{140 Bc^3x^4 + 60 Ab^3 + 105 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 252 (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 70 (Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2c)x}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/420*(140*B*c^3*x^4 + 60*A*b^3 + 105*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 252*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{140 Bc^3x^4 + 315 Bbc^2x^3 + 105 Ac^3x^3 + 252 Bb^2cx^2 + 252 Abc^2x^2 + 70 Bb^3x + 210 Ab^2cx + 60 Ab^3}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/420*(140*B*c^3*x^4 + 315*B*b*c^2*x^3 + 105*A*c^3*x^3 + 252*B*b^2*c*x^2 + 252*A*b*c^2*x^2 + 70*B*b^3*x + 210*A*b^2*c*x + 60*A*b^3)/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3Bb^2c}{5} + \frac{3Abc^2}{5} \right) + x \left(\frac{Bb^3}{6} + \frac{Ac^2b}{2} \right) + \frac{Ab^3}{7} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ac^3}{4} + \frac{3Bbc^2}{4} \right) + \frac{Bc^3x^4}{3}}{x^7}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^11,x)`output `-(x^2*((3*A*b*c^2)/5 + (3*B*b^2*c)/5) + x*((B*b^3)/6 + (A*b^2*c)/2) + (A*b^3)/7 + x^3*((A*c^3)/4 + (3*B*b*c^2)/4) + (B*c^3*x^4)/3)/x^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-140b^3c^3x^4 - 105a^3c^3x^3 - 315b^2c^2x^3 - 252abc^2x^2 - 252b^3cx^2 - 210ab^2cx - 70b^4x - 60ab^3}{420x^7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^11,x)`output `(- 60*a*b**3 - 210*a*b**2*c*x - 252*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 105*a*c**3*x**3 - 70*b**4*x - 252*b**3*c*x**2 - 315*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 140*b*c**3*x**4)/(420*x**7)`

3.35 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	355
Mathematica [A] (verified)	355
Rubi [A] (verified)	356
Maple [A] (verified)	357
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	358
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	358
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	359
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	359
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	360
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	360

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{b^2(cd-be)x}{c^4} - \frac{b(cd-be)x^2}{2c^3} + \frac{(cd-be)x^3}{3c^2} + \frac{ex^4}{4c} - \frac{b^3(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^5}$$

output

```
b^2*(-b*e+c*d)*x/c^4-1/2*b*(-b*e+c*d)*x^2/c^3+1/3*(-b*e+c*d)*x^3/c^2+1/4*e*x^4/c-b^3*(-b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{cx(-12b^3e + 6b^2c(2d+ex) - 2bc^2x(3d+2ex) + c^3x^2(4d+3ex)) + 12b^3(-cd+be)\log(b+cx)}{12c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]
```

output

$$(c*x*(-12*b^3*e + 6*b^2*c*(2*d + e*x) - 2*b*c^2*x*(3*d + 2*e*x) + c^3*x^2*(4*d + 3*e*x)) + 12*b^3*(-(c*d) + b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(12*c^5)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{b+cx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{b^3(be-cd)}{c^4(b+cx)} - \frac{b^2(be-cd)}{c^4} + \frac{bx(be-cd)}{c^3} + \frac{x^2(cd-be)}{c^2} + \frac{ex^3}{c} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{b^3(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^5} + \frac{b^2x(cd-be)}{c^4} - \frac{bx^2(cd-be)}{2c^3} + \frac{x^3(cd-be)}{3c^2} + \frac{ex^4}{4c} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(b^2*(c*d - b*e)*x)/c^4 - (b*(c*d - b*e)*x^2)/(2*c^3) + ((c*d - b*e)*x^3)/(3*c^2) + (e*x^4)/(4*c) - (b^3*(c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/c^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
norman	$-\frac{(be-cd)x^3}{3c^2} + \frac{ex^4}{4c} + \frac{b(be-cd)x^2}{2c^3} - \frac{b^2(be-cd)x}{c^4} + \frac{b^3(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^5}$	82
default	$-\frac{-\frac{1}{4}c^3x^4e + \frac{1}{3}bc^2x^3e - \frac{1}{3}c^3dx^3 - \frac{1}{2}b^2cex^2 + \frac{1}{2}bc^2dx^2 + b^3ex - b^2cxd}{c^4} + \frac{b^3(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^5}$	91
risch	$\frac{ex^4}{4c} - \frac{bx^3e}{3c^2} + \frac{x^3d}{3c} + \frac{b^2ex^2}{2c^3} - \frac{bdx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{b^3ex}{c^4} + \frac{b^2xd}{c^3} + \frac{b^4\ln(cx+b)e}{c^5} - \frac{b^3\ln(cx+b)d}{c^4}$	100
parallelrisch	$\frac{3ex^4c^4 - 4x^3bc^3e + 4c^4dx^3 + 6x^2b^2c^2e - 6bc^3dx^2 + 12\ln(cx+b)b^4e - 12\ln(cx+b)b^3cd - 12xb^3ce + 12b^2c^2dx}{12c^5}$	100

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3/c^2*(b*e-c*d)*x^3+1/4*e*x^4/c+1/2*b/c^3*(b*e-c*d)*x^2-b^2*(b*e-c*d)/c
^4*x+b^3*(b*e-c*d)/c^5*ln(c*x+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{3c^4ex^4 + 4(c^4d - bc^3e)x^3 - 6(bc^3d - b^2c^2e)x^2 + 12(b^2c^2d - b^3ce)x - 12(b^3cd - b^4e)\log(cx+b)}{12c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*c^4*e*x^4 + 4*(c^4*d - b*c^3*e)*x^3 - 6*(b*c^3*d - b^2*c^2*e)*x^2 + 12*(b^2*c^2*d - b^3*c*e)*x - 12*(b^3*c*d - b^4*e)*log(c*x + b))/c^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{b^3(be-cd)\log(b+cx)}{c^5} + x^3\left(-\frac{be}{3c^2} + \frac{d}{3c}\right) + x^2\left(\frac{b^2e}{2c^3} - \frac{bd}{2c^2}\right) + x\left(-\frac{b^3e}{c^4} + \frac{b^2d}{c^3}\right) + \frac{ex^4}{4c}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`output `b**3*(b*e - c*d)*log(b + c*x)/c**5 + x**3*(-b*e/(3*c**2) + d/(3*c)) + x**2*(b**2*e/(2*c**3) - b*d/(2*c**2)) + x*(-b**3*e/c**4 + b**2*d/c**3) + e*x**4/(4*c)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{3c^3ex^4 + 4(c^3d - bc^2e)x^3 - 6(bc^2d - b^2ce)x^2 + 12(b^2cd - b^3e)x}{12c^4} - \frac{(b^3cd - b^4e) \log(cx+b)}{c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*(3*c^3*e*x^4 + 4*(c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*x^3 - 6*(b*c^2*d - b^2*c*e)*x^2 + 12*(b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*x)/c^4 - (b^3*c*d - b^4*e)*log(c*x + b)/c^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{3c^3ex^4 + 4c^3dx^3 - 4bc^2ex^3 - 6bc^2dx^2 + 6b^2cex^2 + 12b^2cdx - 12b^3ex}{12c^4} - \frac{(b^3cd - b^4e) \log(|cx+b|)}{c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*(3*c^3*e*x^4 + 4*c^3*d*x^3 - 4*b*c^2*e*x^3 - 6*b*c^2*d*x^2 + 6*b^2*c*e*x^2 + 12*b^2*c*d*x - 12*b^3*e*x)/c^4 - (b^3*c*d - b^4*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{d}{3c} - \frac{be}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{\ln(b+cx)(b^4e - b^3cd)}{c^5} + \frac{ex^4}{4c} - \frac{bx^2 \left(\frac{d}{c} - \frac{be}{c^2} \right)}{2c} + \frac{b^2x \left(\frac{d}{c} - \frac{be}{c^2} \right)}{c^2}$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x)`output `x^3*(d/(3*c) - (b*e)/(3*c^2)) + (log(b + c*x)*(b^4*e - b^3*c*d))/c^5 + (e*x^4)/(4*c) - (b*x^2*(d/c - (b*e)/c^2))/(2*c) + (b^2*x*(d/c - (b*e)/c^2))/c^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{12 \log(cx+b)b^4e - 12 \log(cx+b)b^3cd - 12b^3cex + 12b^2c^2dx + 6b^2c^2ex^2 - 6bc^3dx^2 - 4bc^3ex^3 + 4c^4d}{12c^5}$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(12*log(b + c*x)*b**4*e - 12*log(b + c*x)*b**3*c*d - 12*b**3*c*e*x + 12*b**2*c**2*d*x + 6*b**2*c**2*e*x**2 - 6*b*c**3*d*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*e*x**3 + 4*c**4*d*x**3 + 3*c**4*e*x**4)/(12*c**5)`

3.36 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	365

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{b(cd-be)x}{c^3} + \frac{(cd-be)x^2}{2c^2} + \frac{ex^3}{3c} + \frac{b^2(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^4}$$

output

```
-b*(-b*e+c*d)*x/c^3+1/2*(-b*e+c*d)*x^2/c^2+1/3*e*x^3/c+b^2*(-b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{cx(6b^2e-3bc(2d+ex)+c^2x(3d+2ex))+6b^2(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{6c^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(d+e*x))/(b*x+c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(c*x*(6*b^2*e-3*b*c*(2*d+e*x))+c^2*x*(3*d+2*e*x))+6*b^2*(c*d-b*e)*Log[b+c*x]/(6*c^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{b+cx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{b^2(be-cd)}{c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{b(be-cd)}{c^3} + \frac{x(cd-be)}{c^2} + \frac{ex^2}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b^2(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^4} - \frac{bx(cd-be)}{c^3} + \frac{x^2(cd-be)}{2c^2} + \frac{ex^3}{3c}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `-((b*(c*d - b*e)*x)/c^3) + ((c*d - b*e)*x^2)/(2*c^2) + (e*x^3)/(3*c) + (b^2*(c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1]) || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b(be-cd)x}{c^3} - \frac{(be-cd)x^2}{2c^2} + \frac{ex^3}{3c} - \frac{b^2(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^4}$	63
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}ex^3c^2 - \frac{1}{2}bce x^2 + \frac{1}{2}c^2d x^2 + b^2ex - bc dx}{c^3} - \frac{b^2(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^4}$	67
risch	$\frac{ex^3}{3c} - \frac{be x^2}{2c^2} + \frac{x^2d}{2c} + \frac{b^2ex}{c^3} - \frac{dbx}{c^2} - \frac{b^3\ln(cx+b)e}{c^4} + \frac{b^2\ln(cx+b)d}{c^3}$	76
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-2ex^3c^3 + 3be x^2c^2 - 3c^3d x^2 + 6\ln(cx+b)b^3e - 6\ln(cx+b)b^2cd - 6xb^2ce + 6b^2c^2dx}{6c^4}$	76

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b/c^3*(b*e-c*d)*x-1/2/c^2*(b*e-c*d)*x^2+1/3*e*x^3/c-b^2*(b*e-c*d)/c^4*ln(c*x+b)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3ex^3 + 3(c^3d - bc^2e)x^2 - 6(bc^2d - b^2ce)x + 6(b^2cd - b^3e)\log(cx+b)}{6c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{6}(2c^3ex^3 + 3(c^3d - b^2c^2e)x^2 - 6(b^2c^2d - b^2c^2e)x + 6(b^2c^2d - b^3e)\log(cx + b))/c^4$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^3(d + ex)}{bx + cx^2} dx = -\frac{b^2(be - cd)\log(b + cx)}{c^4} + x^2\left(-\frac{be}{2c^2} + \frac{d}{2c}\right) + x\left(\frac{b^2e}{c^3} - \frac{bd}{c^2}\right) + \frac{ex^3}{3c}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x), x)
```

output

$$-b**2*(b*e - c*d)*\log(b + c*x)/c**4 + x**2*(-b*e/(2*c**2) + d/(2*c)) + x*(b**2*e/c**3 - b*d/c**2) + e*x**3/(3*c)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^3(d + ex)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2c^2ex^3 + 3(c^2d - bce)x^2 - 6(bcd - b^2e)x + (b^2cd - b^3e)\log(cx + b)}{6c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6}(2c^2ex^3 + 3(c^2d - b^2c^2e)x^2 - 6(b^2cd - b^3e)x)/c^3 + (b^2c^2d - b^3e)\log(cx + b)/c^4$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2c^2ex^3 + 3c^2dx^2 - 3bcex^2 - 6bcdx + 6b^2ex}{6c^3} + \frac{(b^2cd - b^3e) \log(|cx+b|)}{c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + 3*c^2*d*x^2 - 3*b*c*e*x^2 - 6*b*c*d*x + 6*b^2*e*x)/c^3 + (b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{d}{2c} - \frac{be}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{\ln(b+cx)(b^3e - b^2cd)}{c^4} + \frac{ex^3}{3c} - \frac{bx \left(\frac{d}{c} - \frac{be}{c^2} \right)}{c}$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x)`output `x^2*(d/(2*c) - (b*e)/(2*c^2)) - (log(b + c*x)*(b^3*e - b^2*c*d))/c^4 + (e*x^3)/(3*c) - (b*x*(d/c - (b*e)/c^2))/c`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{-6 \log(cx+b)b^3e + 6 \log(cx+b)b^2cd + 6b^2cex - 6bc^2dx - 3bc^2ex^2 + 3c^3dx^2 + 2c^3ex^3}{6c^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output $(-6 \log(b + cx) b^3 e + 6 \log(b + cx) b^2 c d + 6 b^2 c e x - 6 b c^2 d x - 3 b c^2 e x^2 + 3 c^3 d x^2 + 2 c^3 e x^3) / (6 c^4)$

3.37 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	371

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{(cd-be)x}{c^2} + \frac{ex^2}{2c} - \frac{b(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^3}$$

output $(-b*e+c*d)*x/c^2+1/2*e*x^2/c-b*(-b*e+c*d)*\ln(c*x+b)/c^3$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{cx(2cd-2be+cex)+2b(-cd+be)\log(b+cx)}{2c^3}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(x^2*(d+e*x))/(b*x+c*x^2),x]$

output $(c*x*(2*c*d-2*b*e+c*e*x)+2*b*(-(c*d)+b*e)*\text{Log}[b+c*x])/(2*c^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \int \frac{x(d+ex)}{b+cx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{86} \\ & \int \left(\frac{b(be-cd)}{c^2(b+cx)} + \frac{cd-be}{c^2} + \frac{ex}{c} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & -\frac{b(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^3} + \frac{x(cd-be)}{c^2} + \frac{ex^2}{2c} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `((c*d - b*e)*x)/c^2 + (e*x^2)/(2*c) - (b*(c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1]) || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{2}ce^2x^2+be^2x-cd^2}{c^2} + \frac{b(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^3}$	43
norman	$-\frac{(be-cd)x}{c^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{2c} + \frac{b(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^3}$	44
parallelrisch	$\frac{e^2x^2c^2+2\ln(cx+b)b^2e-2\ln(cx+b)bcd-2bce^2x+2c^2dx}{2c^3}$	51
risch	$\frac{e^2x^2}{2c} - \frac{be^2x}{c^2} + \frac{xd}{c} + \frac{b^2\ln(cx+b)e}{c^3} - \frac{b\ln(cx+b)d}{c^2}$	52

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/c^2*(-1/2*c*e*x^2+b*e*x-c*d*x)+b/c^3*(b*e-c*d)*ln(c*x+b)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{c^2ex^2 + 2(c^2d - bce)x - 2(bcd - b^2e)\log(cx+b)}{2c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c^2*e*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d - b*c*e)*x - 2*(b*c*d - b^2*e)*log(c*x + b))/c^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{b(be-cd)\log(b+cx)}{c^3} + x\left(-\frac{be}{c^2} + \frac{d}{c}\right) + \frac{ex^2}{2c}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`output `b*(b*e - c*d)*log(b + c*x)/c**3 + x*(-b*e/c**2 + d/c) + e*x**2/(2*c)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{cex^2 + 2(cd-be)x}{2c^2} - \frac{(bcd-b^2e)\log(cx+b)}{c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(c*e*x^2 + 2*(c*d - b*e)*x)/c^2 - (b*c*d - b^2*e)*log(c*x + b)/c^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{cex^2 + 2cdx - 2bex}{2c^2} - \frac{(bcd-b^2e)\log(|cx+b|)}{c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x - 2*b*e*x)/c^2 - (b*c*d - b^2*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = x \left(\frac{d}{c} - \frac{be}{c^2} \right) + \frac{ex^2}{2c} + \frac{\ln(b+cx)(b^2e-bcd)}{c^3}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x)`output `x*(d/c - (b*e)/c^2) + (e*x^2)/(2*c) + (log(b + c*x)*(b^2*e - b*c*d))/c^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\log(cx+b)b^2e - 2\log(cx+b)bcd - 2bcex + 2c^2dx + c^2ex^2}{2c^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(2*log(b + c*x)*b**2*e - 2*log(b + c*x)*b*c*d - 2*b*c*e*x + 2*c**2*d*x + c**2*e*x**2)/(2*c**3)`

3.38 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	372
Mathematica [A] (verified)	372
Rubi [A] (verified)	373
Maple [A] (verified)	374
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	374
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	375
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	375
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	375
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	376
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c} + \frac{(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^2}$$

output

```
e*x/c+(-b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c} + \frac{(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(e*x)/c + ((c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \int \frac{d+ex}{b+cx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{49} \\ & \int \left(\frac{cd-be}{c(b+cx)} + \frac{e}{c} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & \frac{(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{c^2} + \frac{ex}{c} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(e*x)/c + ((c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ex}{c} + \frac{(-be+cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^2}$	26
norman	$\frac{ex}{c} - \frac{(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^2}$	27
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(cx+b)be - \ln(cx+b)cd - cex}{c^2}$	31
risch	$\frac{ex}{c} - \frac{\ln(cx+b)be}{c^2} + \frac{\ln(cx+b)d}{c}$	32

input `int(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e/c*x+(-b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{cex + (cd - be) \log(cx + b)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*e*x + (c*d - b*e)*log(c*x + b))/c^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c} - \frac{(be-cd)\log(b+cx)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`output `e*x/c - (b*e - c*d)*log(b + c*x)/c**2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c} + \frac{(cd-be)\log(cx+b)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `e*x/c + (c*d - b*e)*log(c*x + b)/c^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c} + \frac{(cd-be)\log(|cx+b|)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `e*x/c + (c*d - b*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c} - \frac{\ln(b+cx)(be-cd)}{c^2}$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x)`output `(e*x)/c - (log(b + c*x)*(b*e - c*d))/c^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{-\log(cx+b)be + \log(cx+b)cd + cex}{c^2}$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(- log(b + c*x)*b*e + log(b + c*x)*c*d + c*e*x)/c**2`

3.39 $\int \frac{d+ex}{bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	377
Rubi [A] (verified)	378
Maple [A] (verified)	379
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	379
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	379
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	380
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	380
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	380
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	381

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{d \log(x)}{b} - \frac{(cd-be) \log(b+cx)}{bc}$$

output `d*ln(x)/b-(-b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b/c`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{d \log(x)}{b} + \frac{(-cd+be) \log(b+cx)}{bc}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(d*Log[x])/b + ((-c*d) + b*e)*Log[b + c*x]/(b*c)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{bx + cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1141

$$c \int \left(\frac{d}{bcx} - \frac{cd - be}{bc(b + cx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$c \left(\frac{d \log(x)}{bc} - \frac{(cd - be) \log(b + cx)}{bc^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `c*((d*Log[x])/(b*c) - ((c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/(b*c^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1141 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; EqQ[p, -1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{bc} + \frac{d\ln(x)}{b}$	30
norman	$\frac{(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{bc} + \frac{d\ln(x)}{b}$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{d\ln(x)c + \ln(cx+b)be - \ln(cx+b)cd}{bc}$	33
risch	$\frac{d\ln(x)}{b} + \frac{\ln(-cx-b)e}{c} - \frac{\ln(-cx-b)d}{b}$	38

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(b*e-c*d)/b/c*ln(c*x+b)+d/b*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{cd \log(x) - (cd - be) \log(cx + b)}{bc}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(c*d*log(x) - (c*d - b*e)*log(c*x + b))/(b*c)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{d \log(x)}{b} + \frac{(be-cd) \log\left(x + \frac{-bd + \frac{b(be-cd)}{c}}{be-2cd}\right)}{bc}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output $d \cdot \log(x)/b + (b \cdot e - c \cdot d) \cdot \log(x + (-b \cdot d + b \cdot (b \cdot e - c \cdot d)/c)/(b \cdot e - 2 \cdot c \cdot d))/(b \cdot c)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{d \log(x)}{b} - \frac{(cd - be) \log(cx + b)}{bc}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $d \cdot \log(x)/b - (c \cdot d - b \cdot e) \cdot \log(cx + b)/(b \cdot c)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{d \log(|x|)}{b} - \frac{(cd - be) \log(|cx + b|)}{bc}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $d \cdot \log(\text{abs}(x))/b - (c \cdot d - b \cdot e) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(cx + b))/(b \cdot c)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{d \ln(x)}{b} - \ln(b + cx) \left(\frac{d}{b} - \frac{e}{c} \right)$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output $(d \cdot \log(x))/b - \log(b + c \cdot x) \cdot (d/b - e/c)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{\log(cx + b) be - \log(cx + b) cd + \log(x) cd}{bc}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output $(\log(b + c \cdot x) \cdot b \cdot e - \log(b + c \cdot x) \cdot c \cdot d + \log(x) \cdot c \cdot d)/(b \cdot c)$

3.40 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	382
Mathematica [A] (verified)	382
Rubi [A] (verified)	383
Maple [A] (verified)	384
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	384
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	385
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	385
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	386
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	386
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	386

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d}{bx} - \frac{(cd-be)\log(x)}{b^2} + \frac{(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^2}$$

output `-d/b/x-(-b*e+c*d)*ln(x)/b^2+(-b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d}{bx} + \frac{(-cd+be)\log(x)}{b^2} + \frac{(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-(d/(b*x)) + ((-c*d) + b*e)*Log[x])/b^2 + ((c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/b^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2(b + cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{be - cd}{b^2x} - \frac{c(be - cd)}{b^2(b + cx)} + \frac{d}{bx^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{\log(x)(cd - be)}{b^2} + \frac{(cd - be)\log(b + cx)}{b^2} - \frac{d}{bx}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-(d/(b*x)) - ((c*d - b*e)*Log[x])/b^2 + ((c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1]) || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^2} - \frac{d}{bx} + \frac{(be-cd)\ln(x)}{b^2}$	44
norman	$-\frac{(be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^2} - \frac{d}{bx} + \frac{(be-cd)\ln(x)}{b^2}$	44
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(x)xbe - \ln(x)xcd - \ln(cx+b)xbe + \ln(cx+b)xcd - bd}{x b^2}$	47
risch	$-\frac{d}{bx} - \frac{\ln(cx+b)e}{b} + \frac{\ln(cx+b)cd}{b^2} + \frac{\ln(-x)e}{b} - \frac{\ln(-x)cd}{b^2}$	55

input `int((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(b*e-c*d)/b^2*ln(c*x+b)-d/b/x+(b*e-c*d)/b^2*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(cd - be)x \log(cx + b) - (cd - be)x \log(x) - bd}{b^2x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((c*d - b*e)*x*log(c*x + b) - (c*d - b*e)*x*log(x) - b*d)/(b^2*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d}{bx} + \frac{(be - cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2e - bcd - b(be - cd)}{2bce - 2c^2d}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{(be - cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2e - bcd + b(be - cd)}{2bce - 2c^2d}\right)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `-d/(b*x) + (b*e - c*d)*log(x + (b**2*e - b*c*d - b*(b*e - c*d))/(2*b*c*e - 2*c**2*d))/b**2 - (b*e - c*d)*log(x + (b**2*e - b*c*d + b*(b*e - c*d))/(2*b*c*e - 2*c**2*d))/b**2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(cd - be) \log(cx + b)}{b^2} - \frac{(cd - be) \log(x)}{b^2} - \frac{d}{bx}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*d - b*e)*log(c*x + b)/b^2 - (c*d - b*e)*log(x)/b^2 - d/(b*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{(cd - be) \log(|x|)}{b^2} - \frac{d}{bx} + \frac{(c^2d - bce) \log(|cx + b|)}{b^2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(c*d - b*e)*log(abs(x))/b^2 - d/(b*x) + (c^2*d - b*c*e)*log(abs(c*x + b)) / (b^2*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d}{bx} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2cx}{b} + 1\right) (be - cd)}{b^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)),x)`output `- d/(b*x) - (2*atanh((2*c*x)/b + 1)*(b*e - c*d))/b^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{-\log(cx + b) bex + \log(cx + b) cdx + \log(x) bex - \log(x) cdx - bd}{b^2x}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(- log(b + c*x)*b*e*x + log(b + c*x)*c*d*x + log(x)*b*e*x - log(x)*c*d*x - b*d)/(b**2*x)`

3.41 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(bx+cx^2)} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	391

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d}{2bx^2} + \frac{cd-be}{b^2x} + \frac{c(cd-be)\log(x)}{b^3} - \frac{c(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^3}$$

output -1/2*d/b/x^2+(-b*e+c*d)/b^2/x+c*(-b*e+c*d)*ln(x)/b^3-c*(-b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b^3

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{-\frac{b(bd-2cdx+2bex)}{x^2} + 2c(cd-be)\log(x) + 2c(-cd+be)\log(b+cx)}{2b^3}$$

input Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]

output (-((b*(b*d - 2*c*d*x + 2*b*e*x))/x^2) + 2*c*(c*d - b*e)*Log[x] + 2*c*(-(c*d) + b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/(2*b^3)

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^3 (b + cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{c^2 (be - cd)}{b^3 (b + cx)} - \frac{c (be - cd)}{b^3 x} + \frac{be - cd}{b^2 x^2} + \frac{d}{bx^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c \log(x)(cd - be)}{b^3} - \frac{c(cd - be) \log(b + cx)}{b^3} + \frac{cd - be}{b^2 x} - \frac{d}{2bx^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/2*d/(b*x^2) + (c*d - b*e)/(b^2*x) + (c*(c*d - b*e)*Log[x])/b^3 - (c*(c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(be-cd)c \ln(cx+b)}{b^3} - \frac{d}{2bx^2} - \frac{be-cd}{b^2x} - \frac{(be-cd)c \ln(x)}{b^3}$	62
norman	$-\frac{d}{2b} - \frac{(be-cd)x}{b^2} + \frac{(be-cd)c \ln(cx+b)}{b^3} - \frac{(be-cd)c \ln(x)}{b^3}$	62
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(x)x^2bce - 2 \ln(x)x^2c^2d - 2 \ln(cx+b)x^2bce + 2 \ln(cx+b)x^2c^2d + 2b^2ex - 2bcdx + b^2d}{2x^2b^3}$	78
risch	$-\frac{d}{2b} - \frac{(be-cd)x}{b^2} + \frac{c \ln(-cx-b)e}{b^2} - \frac{c^2 \ln(-cx-b)d}{b^3} - \frac{c \ln(x)e}{b^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(x)d}{b^3}$	79

input `int((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(b*e-c*d)/b^3*c*ln(c*x+b)-1/2*d/b/x^2-(b*e-c*d)/b^2/x-(b*e-c*d)/b^3*c*ln(x)`
`)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(c^2d - bce)x^2 \log(cx + b) - 2(c^2d - bce)x^2 \log(x) + b^2d - 2(bcd - b^2e)x}{2b^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$-1/2*(2*(c^2*d - b*c*e)*x^2*\log(c*x + b) - 2*(c^2*d - b*c*e)*x^2*\log(x) + b^2*d - 2*(b*c*d - b^2*e)*x)/(b^3*x^2)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{-bd + x(-2be + 2cd)}{2b^2x^2} - \frac{c(be - cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2ce - bc^2d - bc(be - cd)}{2bc^2e - 2c^3d}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{c(be - cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2ce - bc^2d + bc(be - cd)}{2bc^2e - 2c^3d}\right)}{b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x), x)
```

output

$$\frac{(-b*d + x*(-2*b*e + 2*c*d))/(2*b**2*x**2) - c*(b*e - c*d)*\log(x + (b**2*c*e - b*c**2*d - b*c*(b*e - c*d))/(2*b*c**2*e - 2*c**3*d))/b**3 + c*(b*e - c*d)*\log(x + (b**2*c*e - b*c**2*d + b*c*(b*e - c*d))/(2*b*c**2*e - 2*c**3*d))/b**3}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{(c^2d - bce) \log(cx + b)}{b^3} + \frac{(c^2d - bce) \log(x)}{b^3} - \frac{bd - 2(cd - be)x}{2b^2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-(c^2*d - b*c*e)*\log(c*x + b)/b^3 + (c^2*d - b*c*e)*\log(x)/b^3 - 1/2*(b*d - 2*(c*d - b*e)*x)/(b^2*x^2)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(c^2d - bce) \log(|x|)}{b^3} - \frac{(c^3d - bc^2e) \log(|cx + b|)}{b^3c} - \frac{b^2d - 2(bcd - b^2e)x}{2b^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(c^2*d - b*c*e)*log(abs(x))/b^3 - (c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/(b^3*c) - 1/2*(b^2*d - 2*(b*c*d - b^2*e)*x)/(b^3*x^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{\frac{d}{2b} + \frac{x(b e - c d)}{b^2}}{x^2} - \frac{2c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{c(b e - c d)(b + 2c x)}{b(c^2 d - b c e)}\right) (b e - c d)}{b^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)),x)`output `-(d/(2*b) + (x*(b*e - c*d))/b^2)/x^2 - (2*c*atanh((c*(b*e - c*d)*(b + 2*c*x))/(b*(c^2*d - b*c*e)))*(b*e - c*d))/b^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2 \log(cx + b) bce x^2 - 2 \log(cx + b) c^2 d x^2 - 2 \log(x) bce x^2 + 2 \log(x) c^2 d x^2 - b^2 d - 2b^2 ex + 2bcdx}{2b^3 x^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output `(2*log(b + c*x)*b*c*e*x**2 - 2*log(b + c*x)*c**2*d*x**2 - 2*log(x)*b*c*e*x**2 + 2*log(x)*c**2*d*x**2 - b**2*d - 2*b**2*e*x + 2*b*c*d*x)/(2*b**3*x**2)`

3.42 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	393
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Rubi [A] (verified)	394
Maple [A] (verified)	395
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	396
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	396
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	397
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	397
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	398
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	398

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d}{3bx^3} + \frac{cd-be}{2b^2x^2} - \frac{c(cd-be)}{b^3x} - \frac{c^2(cd-be)\log(x)}{b^4} + \frac{c^2(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
-1/3*d/b/x^3+1/2*(-b*e+c*d)/b^2/x^2-c*(-b*e+c*d)/b^3/x-c^2*(-b*e+c*d)*ln(x)/b^4+c^2*(-b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{b(-6c^2dx^2+3bcx(d+2ex)-b^2(2d+3ex))}{x^3} + \frac{6c^2(-cd+be)\log(x) + 6c^2(cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{6b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((b*(-6*c^2*d*x^2 + 3*b*c*x*(d + 2*e*x) - b^2*(2*d + 3*e*x)))/x^3 + 6*c^2*(-(c*d) + b*e)*\text{Log}[x] + 6*c^2*(c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(6*b^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{d + ex}{x^4 (b + cx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(-\frac{c^3 (be - cd)}{b^4 (b + cx)} + \frac{c^2 (be - cd)}{b^4 x} - \frac{c (be - cd)}{b^3 x^2} + \frac{be - cd}{b^2 x^3} + \frac{d}{b x^4} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{c^2 \log(x)(cd - be)}{b^4} + \frac{c^2 (cd - be) \log(b + cx)}{b^4} - \frac{c(cd - be)}{b^3 x} + \frac{cd - be}{2b^2 x^2} - \frac{d}{3bx^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)), x]$$

output

$$-1/3*d/(b*x^3) + (c*d - b*e)/(2*b^2*x^2) - (c*(c*d - b*e))/(b^3*x) - (c^2*(c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[x])/b^4 + (c^2*(c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/b^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(be-cd)c^2 \ln(cx+b)}{b^4} - \frac{d}{3bx^3} - \frac{be-cd}{2b^2x^2} + \frac{(be-cd)c^2 \ln(x)}{b^4} + \frac{(be-cd)c}{b^3x}$	82
norman	$\frac{(be-cd)cx^2}{b^3} - \frac{d}{3b} - \frac{(be-cd)x}{2b^2} + \frac{(be-cd)c^2 \ln(x)}{b^4} - \frac{(be-cd)c^2 \ln(cx+b)}{b^4}$	82
risch	$\frac{(be-cd)cx^2}{b^3} - \frac{d}{3b} - \frac{(be-cd)x}{2b^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(-x)e}{b^3} - \frac{c^3 \ln(-x)d}{b^4} - \frac{c^2 \ln(cx+b)e}{b^3} + \frac{c^3 \ln(cx+b)d}{b^4}$	97
parallelrisch	$\frac{6 \ln(x)x^3 b^2 c^2 e - 6 \ln(x)x^3 c^3 d - 6 \ln(cx+b)x^3 b c^2 e + 6 \ln(cx+b)x^3 c^3 d + 6b^2 c e x^2 - 6b c^2 d x^2 - 3b^3 e x + 3b^2 c x d - 2b^3 d}{6b^4 x^3}$	105

```
input int((e*x+d)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(b*e-c*d)/b^4*c^2*ln(c*x+b)-1/3*d/b/x^3-1/2*(b*e-c*d)/b^2/x^2+(b*e-c*d)/b^4*c^2*ln(x)+(b*e-c*d)/b^3*c/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{6(c^3d - bc^2e)x^3 \log(cx + b) - 6(c^3d - bc^2e)x^3 \log(x) - 2b^3d - 6(bc^2d - b^2ce)x^2 + 3(b^2cd - b^3e)x}{6b^4x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*(c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*x^3*log(c*x + b) - 6*(c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*x^3*log(x) - 2*b^3*d - 6*(b*c^2*d - b^2*c*e)*x^2 + 3*(b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*x)/(b^4*x^3)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{-2b^2d + x^2 \cdot (6bce - 6c^2d) + x(-3b^2e + 3bcd)}{6b^3x^3} + \frac{c^2(be - cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2c^2e - bc^3d - bc^2(be - cd)}{2bc^3e - 2c^4d}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{c^2(be - cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2c^2e - bc^3d + bc^2(be - cd)}{2bc^3e - 2c^4d}\right)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `(-2*b**2*d + x**2*(6*b*c*e - 6*c**2*d) + x*(-3*b**2*e + 3*b*c*d))/(6*b**3*x**3) + c**2*(b*e - c*d)*log(x + (b**2*c**2*e - b*c**3*d - b*c**2*(b*e - c*d))/(2*b*c**3*e - 2*c**4*d))/b**4 - c**2*(b*e - c*d)*log(x + (b**2*c**2*e - b*c**3*d + b*c**2*(b*e - c*d))/(2*b*c**3*e - 2*c**4*d))/b**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{(c^3d - bc^2e) \log(cx + b)}{b^4} - \frac{(c^3d - bc^2e) \log(x)}{b^4} - \frac{2b^2d + 6(c^2d - bce)x^2 - 3(bcd - b^2e)x}{6b^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*log(c*x + b)/b^4 - (c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*log(x)/b^4 - 1/6*(2*b^2*d + 6*(c^2*d - b*c*e)*x^2 - 3*(b*c*d - b^2*e)*x)/(b^3*x^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{(c^3d - bc^2e) \log(|x|)}{b^4} + \frac{(c^4d - bc^3e) \log(|cx + b|)}{b^4c} - \frac{2b^3d + 6(bc^2d - b^2ce)x^2 - 3(b^2cd - b^3e)x}{6b^4x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*log(abs(x))/b^4 + (c^4*d - b*c^3*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/(b^4*c) - 1/6*(2*b^3*d + 6*(b*c^2*d - b^2*c*e)*x^2 - 3*(b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*x)/(b^4*x^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{c^2 (be - cd)(b + 2cx)}{b(c^3 d - bc^2 e)}\right) (be - cd)}{b^4} - \frac{\frac{d}{3b} + \frac{x(be - cd)}{2b^2} - \frac{cx^2 (be - cd)}{b^3}}{x^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)),x)`output `(2*c^2*atanh((c^2*(b*e - c*d)*(b + 2*c*x))/(b*(c^3*d - b*c^2*e)))*(b*e - c*d))/b^4 - (d/(3*b) + (x*(b*e - c*d))/(2*b^2) - (c*x^2*(b*e - c*d))/b^3)/x^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(cx + b) b c^2 e x^3 + 6 \log(cx + b) c^3 d x^3 + 6 \log(x) b c^2 e x^3 - 6 \log(x) c^3 d x^3 - 2b^3 d - 3b^3 e x + 3b^2 c d}{6b^4 x^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(- 6*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*e*x**3 + 6*log(b + c*x)*c**3*d*x**3 + 6*log(x)*b*c**2*e*x**3 - 6*log(x)*c**3*d*x**3 - 2*b**3*d - 3*b**3*e*x + 3*b**2*c*d*x + 6*b**2*c*e*x**2 - 6*b*c**2*d*x**2)/(6*b**4*x**3)`

3.43 $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	399
Rubi [A] (verified)	400
Maple [A] (verified)	401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	402
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	402
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	404
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b(2cd-3be)x}{c^4} + \frac{(cd-2be)x^2}{2c^3} + \frac{ex^3}{3c^2} + \frac{b^3(cd-be)}{c^5(b+cx)} + \frac{b^2(3cd-4be)\log(b+cx)}{c^5}$$

output

```
-b*(-3*b*e+2*c*d)*x/c^4+1/2*(-2*b*e+c*d)*x^2/c^3+1/3*e*x^3/c^2+b^3*(-b*e+c*d)/c^5/(c*x+b)+b^2*(-4*b*e+3*c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{6bc(-2cd+3be)x + 3c^2(cd-2be)x^2 + 2c^3ex^3 + \frac{6b^3(cd-be)}{b+cx} + 6b^2(3cd-4be)\log(b+cx)}{6c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(d+e*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x]
```


output

$$(6*b*c*(-2*c*d + 3*b*e)*x + 3*c^2*(c*d - 2*b*e)*x^2 + 2*c^3*e*x^3 + (6*b^3*(c*d - b*e))/(b + c*x) + 6*b^2*(3*c*d - 4*b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/(6*c^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(b+cx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{b^3(be-cd)}{c^4(b+cx)^2} - \frac{b^2(4be-3cd)}{c^4(b+cx)} + \frac{b(3be-2cd)}{c^4} + \frac{x(cd-2be)}{c^3} + \frac{ex^2}{c^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{b^3(cd-be)}{c^5(b+cx)} + \frac{b^2(3cd-4be)\log(b+cx)}{c^5} - \frac{bx(2cd-3be)}{c^4} + \frac{x^2(cd-2be)}{2c^3} + \frac{ex^3}{3c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^5*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$-((b*(2*c*d - 3*b*e)*x)/c^4) + ((c*d - 2*b*e)*x^2)/(2*c^3) + (e*x^3)/(3*c^2) + (b^3*(c*d - b*e))/(c^5*(b + c*x)) + (b^2*(3*c*d - 4*b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}ex^3c^2 - bce x^2 + \frac{1}{2}c^2dx^2 + 3b^2ex - 2bcdx}{c^4} - \frac{b^2(4be - 3cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^5} - \frac{b^3(be - cd)}{c^5(cx+b)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{e x^5}{3c} - \frac{(4be - 3cd)x^4}{6c^2} + \frac{b(4be - 3cd)x^3}{2c^3} - \frac{b(4eb^3 - 3cd b^2)x}{c^5}}{x(cx+b)} - \frac{b^2(4be - 3cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^5}$
risch	$\frac{ex^3}{3c^2} - \frac{be x^2}{c^3} + \frac{dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{3b^2ex}{c^4} - \frac{2bdx}{c^3} - \frac{4b^3\ln(cx+b)e}{c^5} + \frac{3b^2\ln(cx+b)d}{c^4} - \frac{b^4e}{c^5(cx+b)} + \frac{b^3d}{c^4(cx+b)}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-2ex^4c^4 + 4x^3bc^3e - 3c^4dx^3 + 24\ln(cx+b)x b^3ce - 18\ln(cx+b)x b^2c^2d - 12x^2b^2c^2e + 9bc^3dx^2 + 24\ln(cx+b)b^4e - 18\ln(cx+b)b^3d}{6c^5(cx+b)}$

input `int(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c^4*(1/3*e*x^3*c^2-b*c*e*x^2+1/2*c^2*d*x^2+3*b^2*e*x-2*b*c*d*x)-b^2/c^5*(4*b*e-3*c*d)*ln(c*x+b)-b^3*(b*e-c*d)/c^5/(c*x+b)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^4ex^4 + 6b^3cd - 6b^4e + (3c^4d - 4bc^3e)x^3 - 3(3bc^3d - 4b^2c^2e)x^2 - 6(2b^2c^2d - 3b^3ce)x + 6(3b^3cd - 4b^4e + (3b^2c^2d - 4b^3ce)x) \log(cx + b)}{6(c^6x + bc^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*c^4*e*x^4 + 6*b^3*c*d - 6*b^4*e + (3*c^4*d - 4*b*c^3*e)*x^3 - 3*(3*b*c^3*d - 4*b^2*c^2*e)*x^2 - 6*(2*b^2*c^2*d - 3*b^3*c*e)*x + 6*(3*b^3*c*d - 4*b^4*e + (3*b^2*c^2*d - 4*b^3*c*e)*x)*log(c*x + b))/(c^6*x + b*c^5)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2 \cdot (4be - 3cd) \log(b+cx)}{c^5} + x^2 \left(-\frac{be}{c^3} + \frac{d}{2c^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{3b^2e}{c^4} - \frac{2bd}{c^3} \right) + \frac{-b^4e + b^3cd}{bc^5 + c^6x} + \frac{ex^3}{3c^2}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output `-b**2*(4*b*e - 3*c*d)*log(b + c*x)/c**5 + x**2*(-b*e/c**3 + d/(2*c**2)) + x*(3*b**2*e/c**4 - 2*b*d/c**3) + (-b**4*e + b**3*c*d)/(b*c**5 + c**6*x) + e*x**3/(3*c**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^3cd - b^4e}{c^6x + bc^5} + \frac{2c^2ex^3 + 3(c^2d - 2bce)x^2 - 6(2bcd - 3b^2e)x}{6c^4} + \frac{(3b^2cd - 4b^3e)\log(cx+b)}{c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b^3*c*d - b^4*e)/(c^6*x + b*c^5) + 1/6*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)*x^2 - 6*(2*b*c*d - 3*b^2*e)*x)/c^4 + (3*b^2*c*d - 4*b^3*e)*log(c*x + b)/c^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(3b^2cd - 4b^3e)\log(|cx+b|)}{c^5} + \frac{2c^4ex^3 + 3c^4dx^2 - 6bc^3ex^2 - 12bc^3dx + 18b^2c^2ex}{6c^6} + \frac{b^3cd - b^4e}{(cx+b)c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(3*b^2*c*d - 4*b^3*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^5 + 1/6*(2*c^4*e*x^3 + 3*c^4*d*x^2 - 6*b*c^3*e*x^2 - 12*b*c^3*d*x + 18*b^2*c^2*e*x)/c^6 + (b^3*c*d - b^4*e)/((c*x + b)*c^5)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{d}{2c^2} - \frac{be}{c^3} \right) - x \left(\frac{b^2e}{c^4} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{d}{c^2} - \frac{2be}{c^3} \right)}{c} \right) - \frac{\ln(b+cx)(4b^3e - 3b^2cd)}{c^5} + \frac{ex^3}{3c^2} - \frac{b^4e - b^3cd}{c(xc^5 + bc^4)}$$

input `int((x^5*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `x^2*(d/(2*c^2) - (b*e)/c^3) - x*((b^2*e)/c^4 + (2*b*(d/c^2 - (2*b*e)/c^3))/c) - (log(b + c*x)*(4*b^3*e - 3*b^2*c*d))/c^5 + (e*x^3)/(3*c^2) - (b^4*e - b^3*c*d)/(c*(b*c^4 + c^5*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-24 \log(cx+b)b^4e + 18 \log(cx+b)b^3cd - 24 \log(cx+b)b^3cex + 18 \log(cx+b)b^2c^2dx + 24b^3cex - 18b^4e}{6c^5(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`output `(- 24*log(b + c*x)*b**4*e + 18*log(b + c*x)*b**3*c*d - 24*log(b + c*x)*b**3*c*e*x + 18*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 24*b**3*c*e*x - 18*b**2*c**2*d*x + 12*b**2*c**2*e*x**2 - 9*b*c**3*d*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*e*x**3 + 3*c**4*d*x**3 + 2*c**4*e*x**4)/(6*c**5*(b + c*x))`

3.44 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	405
Rubi [A] (verified)	406
Maple [A] (verified)	407
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	407
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	408
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	408
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	409
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	409
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	409

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(cd-2be)x}{c^3} + \frac{ex^2}{2c^2} - \frac{b^2(cd-be)}{c^4(b+cx)} - \frac{b(2cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{c^4}$$

output

$(-2*b*e+c*d)*x/c^3+1/2*e*x^2/c^2-b^2*(-b*e+c*d)/c^4/(c*x+b)-b*(-3*b*e+2*c*d)*\ln(c*x+b)/c^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2c(cd-2be)x + c^2ex^2 + \frac{2b^2(-cd+be)}{b+cx} + 2b(-2cd+3be)\log(b+cx)}{2c^4}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$(2*c*(c*d - 2*b*e)*x + c^2*e*x^2 + (2*b^2*(-(c*d) + b*e))/(b + c*x) + 2*b*(-2*c*d + 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(2*c^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(b+cx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{b^2(be-cd)}{c^3(b+cx)^2} + \frac{b(3be-2cd)}{c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{cd-2be}{c^3} + \frac{ex}{c^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{b^2(cd-be)}{c^4(b+cx)} - \frac{b(2cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{c^4} + \frac{x(cd-2be)}{c^3} + \frac{ex^2}{2c^2}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((c*d - 2*b*e)*x)/c^3 + (e*x^2)/(2*c^2) - (b^2*(c*d - b*e))/(c^4*(b + c*x)) - (b*(2*c*d - 3*b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{2}ce^2x^2+2bex-cdx}{c^3} + \frac{b(3be-2cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^4} + \frac{b^2(be-cd)}{c^4(cx+b)}$	67
norman	$\frac{\frac{b(3eb^2-2dbc)x}{c^4} - \frac{(3be-2cd)x^3}{2c^2} + \frac{ex^4}{2c}}{x(cx+b)} + \frac{b(3be-2cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^4}$	78
risch	$\frac{ex^2}{2c^2} - \frac{2bex}{c^3} + \frac{dx}{c^2} + \frac{b^3e}{c^4(cx+b)} - \frac{b^2d}{c^3(cx+b)} + \frac{3b^2\ln(cx+b)e}{c^4} - \frac{2b\ln(cx+b)d}{c^3}$	84
parallelrisc	$\frac{ex^3c^3+6\ln(cx+b)x b^2ce-4\ln(cx+b)xb c^2d-3be x^2c^2+2c^3dx^2+6\ln(cx+b)b^3e-4\ln(cx+b)b^2cd+6eb^3-4cdb^2}{2c^4(cx+b)}$	107

input

```
int(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/c^3*(-1/2*c*e*x^2+2*b*e*x-c*d*x)+b/c^4*(3*b*e-2*c*d)*ln(c*x+b)+b^2*(b*e-c*d)/c^4/(c*x+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{x^4(d + ex)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{c^3ex^3 - 2b^2cd + 2b^3e + (2c^3d - 3bc^2e)x^2 + 2(bc^2d - 2b^2ce)x - 2(2b^2cd - 3b^3e + (2bc^2d - 3b^2ce)x)}{2(c^5x + bc^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}(c^3ex^3 - 2b^2cd + 2b^3e + (2c^3d - 3b^2c^2e)x^2 + 2(b^2c^2d - 2b^2c^2e)x - 2(2b^2cd - 3b^3e + (2b^2c^2d - 3b^2c^2e)x) \log(cx + b)) / (c^5x + b^4c^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b(3be-2cd)\log(b+cx)}{c^4} + x\left(-\frac{2be}{c^3} + \frac{d}{c^2}\right) + \frac{b^3e-b^2cd}{bc^4+c^5x} + \frac{ex^2}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output
$$\frac{b(3b^3e - 2c^2d)\log(b + cx) + x(-2b^2e/c^3 + d/c^2) + (b^3e - b^2cd)}{(bc^4 + c^5x) + e^2x^2/(2c^2)}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2cd - b^3e}{c^5x + bc^4} + \frac{cex^2 + 2(cd - 2be)x}{2c^3} - \frac{(2bcd - 3b^2e)\log(cx + b)}{c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-\frac{(b^2cd - b^3e)}{(c^5x + b^4c^4)} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(c^2ex^2 + 2(cd - 2b^2e)x)}{c^3} - \frac{(2b^2cd - 3b^3e)\log(cx + b)}{c^4}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(2bcd-3b^2e)\log(|cx+b|)}{c^4} + \frac{c^2ex^2+2c^2dx-4bcex}{2c^4} - \frac{b^2cd-b^3e}{(cx+b)c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(2*b*c*d - 3*b^2*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^4 + 1/2*(c^2*e*x^2 + 2*c^2*d*x - 4*b*c*e*x)/c^4 - (b^2*c*d - b^3*e)/((c*x + b)*c^4)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{d}{c^2} - \frac{2be}{c^3} \right) + \frac{ex^2}{2c^2} + \frac{b^3e-b^2cd}{c(xc^4+bc^3)} + \frac{\ln(b+cx)(3b^2e-2bcd)}{c^4}$$

input `int((x^4*(d+e*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x)`output `x*(d/c^2 - (2*b*e)/c^3) + (e*x^2)/(2*c^2) + (b^3*e - b^2*c*d)/(c*(b*c^3 + c^4*x)) + (log(b+c*x)*(3*b^2*e - 2*b*c*d))/c^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{6\log(cx+b)b^3e - 4\log(cx+b)b^2cd + 6\log(cx+b)b^2cex - 4\log(cx+b)b^2c^2dx - 6b^2cex + 4b^2c^2dx - 3b^2cd}{2c^4(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
(6*log(b + c*x)*b**3*e - 4*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c*d + 6*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c*e
*x - 4*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*d*x - 6*b**2*c*e*x + 4*b*c**2*d*x - 3*b*c**2*e*
x**2 + 2*c**3*d*x**2 + c**3*e*x**3)/(2*c**4*(b + c*x))
```

3.45 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	411
Rubi [A] (verified)	412
Maple [A] (verified)	413
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	413
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	414
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	414
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	415
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	415
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	415

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c^2} + \frac{b(cd-be)}{c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{(cd-2be)\log(b+cx)}{c^3}$$

output

```
e*x/c^2+b*(-b*e+c*d)/c^3/(c*x+b)+(-2*b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{cex + \frac{b(cd-be)}{b+cx}}{c^3} + \frac{(cd-2be)\log(b+cx)}{c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(c*e*x + (b*(c*d - b*e))/(b + c*x) + (c*d - 2*b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(b+cx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{cd-2be}{c^2(b+cx)} + \frac{b(be-cd)}{c^2(b+cx)^2} + \frac{e}{c^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b(cd-be)}{c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{(cd-2be)\log(b+cx)}{c^3} + \frac{ex}{c^2}$$

input

```
Int[(x^3*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(e*x)/c^2 + (b*(c*d - b*e))/(c^3*(b + c*x)) + ((c*d - 2*b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ex}{c^2} + \frac{(-2be+cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^3} - \frac{b(be-cd)}{c^3(cx+b)}$	47
norman	$\frac{\frac{ex^3}{c} - \frac{b(2be-cd)x}{c^3}}{x(cx+b)} - \frac{(2be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^3}$	58
risch	$\frac{ex}{c^2} - \frac{b^2e}{c^3(cx+b)} + \frac{bd}{c^2(cx+b)} - \frac{2\ln(cx+b)be}{c^3} + \frac{\ln(cx+b)d}{c^2}$	61
paralelrisch	$-\frac{2\ln(cx+b)xbce - \ln(cx+b)xc^2d - ex^2c^2 + 2\ln(cx+b)b^2e - \ln(cx+b)bcd + 2eb^2 - dbc}{c^3(cx+b)}$	82

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e*x/c^2+(-2*b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^3-b/c^3*(b*e-c*d)/(c*x+b)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2ex^2 + bce x + bcd - b^2e + (bcd - 2b^2e + (c^2d - 2bce)x) \log(cx+b)}{c^4x + bc^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(c^2*e*x^2 + b*c*e*x + b*c*d - b^2*e + (b*c*d - 2*b^2*e + (c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)
*x)*log(c*x + b))/(c^4*x + b*c^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-b^2e + bcd}{bc^3 + c^4x} + \frac{ex}{c^2} - \frac{(2be - cd) \log(b+cx)}{c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)
```

output

```
(-b**2*e + b*c*d)/(b*c**3 + c**4*x) + e*x/c**2 - (2*b*e - c*d)*log(b + c*x)
)/c**3
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bcd - b^2e}{c^4x + bc^3} + \frac{ex}{c^2} + \frac{(cd - 2be) \log(cx+b)}{c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(b*c*d - b^2*e)/(c^4*x + b*c^3) + e*x/c^2 + (c*d - 2*b*e)*log(c*x + b)/c^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c^2} + \frac{(cd-2be)\log(|cx+b|)}{c^3} + \frac{bcd-b^2e}{(cx+b)c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `e*x/c^2 + (c*d - 2*b*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^3 + (b*c*d - b^2*e)/((c*x + b)*c^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{ex}{c^2} - \frac{b^2e-bcd}{c(xc^3+bc^2)} - \frac{\ln(b+cx)(2be-cd)}{c^3}$$

input `int((x^3*(d+e*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x)`output `(e*x)/c^2 - (b^2*e - b*c*d)/(c*(b*c^2 + c^3*x)) - (log(b + c*x)*(2*b*e - c*d))/c^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2\log(cx+b)b^2e + \log(cx+b)bcd - 2\log(cx+b)bcex + \log(cx+b)c^2dx + 2bcex - c^2dx + c^2ex^2}{c^3(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*log(b + c*x)*b**2*e + log(b + c*x)*b*c*d - 2*log(b + c*x)*b*c*e*x +  
log(b + c*x)*c**2*d*x + 2*b*c*e*x - c**2*d*x + c**2*e*x**2)/(c**3*(b + c*x  
)
```

3.46 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	417
Mathematica [A] (verified)	417
Rubi [A] (verified)	418
Maple [A] (verified)	419
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	419
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	420
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	420
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	420
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	421
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	421

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{cd-be}{c^2(b+cx)} + \frac{e \log(b+cx)}{c^2}$$

output

$$-(-b*e+c*d)/c^2/(c*x+b)+e*\ln(c*x+b)/c^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-cd+be}{c^2(b+cx)} + \frac{e \log(b+cx)}{c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$(-(c*d) + b*e)/(c^2*(b + c*x)) + (e*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/c^2$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(b+cx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{cd-be}{c(b+cx)^2} + \frac{e}{c(b+cx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e \log(b+cx)}{c^2} - \frac{cd-be}{c^2(b+cx)}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-((c*d - b*e)/(c^2*(b + c*x))) + (e*Log[b + c*x])/c^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{be-cd}{c^2(cx+b)} + \frac{e \ln(cx+b)}{c^2}$	32
default	$-\frac{-be+cd}{c^2(cx+b)} + \frac{e \ln(cx+b)}{c^2}$	33
risch	$\frac{be}{c^2(cx+b)} - \frac{d}{c(cx+b)} + \frac{e \ln(cx+b)}{c^2}$	39
parallelrisc	$\frac{\ln(cx+b)xce+\ln(cx+b)be+be-cd}{c^2(cx+b)}$	39

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(b*e-c*d)/c^2/(c*x+b)+e*ln(c*x+b)/c^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{cd-be-(cex+be)\log(cx+b)}{c^3x+bc^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(c*d - b*e - (c*e*x + b*e)*log(c*x + b))/(c^3*x + b*c^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{be-cd}{bc^2+c^3x} + \frac{e \log(b+cx)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`output `(b*e - c*d)/(b*c**2 + c**3*x) + e*log(b + c*x)/c**2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{cd-be}{c^3x+bc^2} + \frac{e \log(cx+b)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(c*d - b*e)/(c^3*x + b*c^2) + e*log(c*x + b)/c^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e \log(|cx+b|)}{c^2} - \frac{cd-be}{(cx+b)c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `e*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^2 - (c*d - b*e)/((c*x + b)*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{be-cd}{c^2(b+cx)} + \frac{e \ln(b+cx)}{c^2}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `(b*e - c*d)/(c^2*(b + c*x)) + (e*log(b + c*x))/c^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\log(cx+b)b^2e + \log(cx+b)bcecx - bcecx + c^2dx}{bc^2(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`output `(log(b + c*x)*b**2*e + log(b + c*x)*b*c*e*x - b*c*e*x + c**2*d*x)/(b*c**2*(b + c*x))`

$$3.47 \quad \int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	422
Mathematica [A] (verified)	422
Rubi [A] (verified)	423
Maple [A] (verified)	424
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	424
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	425
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	425
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	425
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	426
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	426

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{cd-be}{bc(b+cx)} + \frac{d \log(x)}{b^2} - \frac{d \log(b+cx)}{b^2}$$

output `(-b*e+c*d)/b/c/(c*x+b)+d*ln(x)/b^2-d*ln(c*x+b)/b^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{b(cd-be)}{c(b+cx)} + d \log(x) - d \log(b+cx)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((b*(c*d - b*e))/(c*(b + c*x)) + d*Log[x] - d*Log[b + c*x])/b^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(b+cx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{cd}{b^2(b+cx)} + \frac{d}{b^2x} + \frac{be-cd}{b(b+cx)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{d \log(b+cx)}{b^2} + \frac{d \log(x)}{b^2} + \frac{cd-be}{bc(b+cx)}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(c*d - b*e)/(b*c*(b + c*x)) + (d*Log[x])/b^2 - (d*Log[b + c*x])/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{(be-cd)x}{b^2(cx+b)} + \frac{d \ln(x)}{b^2} - \frac{d \ln(cx+b)}{b^2}$	41
default	$-\frac{be-cd}{bc(cx+b)} - \frac{d \ln(cx+b)}{b^2} + \frac{d \ln(x)}{b^2}$	44
risch	$-\frac{e}{(cx+b)c} + \frac{d}{b(cx+b)} + \frac{d \ln(-x)}{b^2} - \frac{d \ln(cx+b)}{b^2}$	48
parallelrisc	$\frac{\ln(x)xcd - \ln(cx+b)xcd + bd \ln(x) - \ln(cx+b)bd + bex - cdx}{b^2(cx+b)}$	54

input

```
int(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(b*e-c*d)/b^2*x/(c*x+b)+d*ln(x)/b^2-d*ln(c*x+b)/b^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bcd - b^2e - (c^2dx + bcd) \log(cx+b) + (c^2dx + bcd) \log(x)}{b^2c^2x + b^3c}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $(b*c*d - b^2*e - (c^2*d*x + b*c*d)*\log(c*x + b) + (c^2*d*x + b*c*d)*\log(x)) / (b^2*c^2*x + b^3*c)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-be+cd}{b^2c+bc^2x} + \frac{d(\log(x) - \log(\frac{b}{c} + x))}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output $(-b*e + c*d) / (b**2*c + b*c**2*x) + d*(\log(x) - \log(b/c + x)) / b**2$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{cd-be}{bc^2x+b^2c} - \frac{d \log(cx+b)}{b^2} + \frac{d \log(x)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(c*d - b*e) / (b*c^2*x + b^2*c) - d*\log(c*x + b) / b^2 + d*\log(x) / b^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{d \log(|cx+b|)}{b^2} + \frac{d \log(|x|)}{b^2} + \frac{bcd-b^2e}{(cx+b)b^2c}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-d*log(abs(c*x + b))/b^2 + d*log(abs(x))/b^2 + (b*c*d - b^2*e)/((c*x + b)*
b^2*c)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x(d + ex)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2cx}{b} + 1\right)}{b^2} - \frac{be - cd}{bc(b + cx)}$$

input

```
int((x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
- (2*d*atanh((2*c*x)/b + 1))/b^2 - (b*e - c*d)/(b*c*(b + c*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x(d + ex)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\log(cx + b)bd - \log(cx + b)cdx + \log(x)bd + \log(x)cdx + bex - cdx}{b^2(cx + b)}$$

input

```
int(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - log(b + c*x)*b*d - log(b + c*x)*c*d*x + log(x)*b*d + log(x)*c*d*x + b*
e*x - c*d*x)/(b**2*(b + c*x))
```

3.48 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	427
Mathematica [A] (verified)	427
Rubi [A] (verified)	428
Maple [A] (verified)	429
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	429
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	430
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	430
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	431
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	431
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	431

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{d}{b^2x} - \frac{cd-be}{b^2(b+cx)} - \frac{(2cd-be)\log(x)}{b^3} + \frac{(2cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^3}$$

output

$-d/b^2/x - (-b*e+c*d)/b^2/(c*x+b) - (-b*e+2*c*d)*\ln(x)/b^3 + (-b*e+2*c*d)*\ln(c*x+b)/b^3$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{bd}{x} + \frac{b(-cd+be)}{b+cx} + (-2cd+be)\log(x) + (2cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^3}$$

input

`Integrate[(d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^2, x]`

output

$(-((b*d)/x) + (b*(-c*d) + b*e))/(b + c*x) + (-2*c*d + b*e)*\text{Log}[x] + (2*c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/b^3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1141}$$

$$c^2 \int \left(\frac{d}{b^2 c^2 x^2} - \frac{2cd - be}{b^3 c^2 x} + \frac{2cd - be}{b^3 c(b + cx)} + \frac{cd - be}{b^2 c(b + cx)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$c^2 \left(-\frac{\log(x)(2cd - be)}{b^3 c^2} + \frac{(2cd - be) \log(b + cx)}{b^3 c^2} - \frac{cd - be}{b^2 c^2(b + cx)} - \frac{d}{b^2 c^2 x} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `c^2*(-(d/(b^2*c^2*x)) - (c*d - b*e)/(b^2*c^2*(b + c*x)) - ((2*c*d - b*e)*Log[x])/(b^3*c^2) + ((2*c*d - b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/(b^3*c^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1141 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; EqQ[p, -1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{(be-2cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^3} + \frac{be-cd}{b^2(cx+b)} - \frac{d}{b^2x} + \frac{(be-2cd)\ln(x)}{b^3}$
norman	$\frac{c(-be+2cd)x^2 - \frac{d}{b}}{x(cx+b)} + \frac{(be-2cd)\ln(x)}{b^3} - \frac{(be-2cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^3}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{(be-2cd)x}{b^2} - \frac{d}{b}}{x(cx+b)} - \frac{\ln(cx+b)e}{b^2} + \frac{2\ln(cx+b)cd}{b^3} + \frac{\ln(-x)e}{b^2} - \frac{2\ln(-x)cd}{b^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(x)x^2b^2c^2e - 2\ln(x)x^2c^3d - \ln(cx+b)x^2b^2c^2e + 2\ln(cx+b)x^2c^3d + \ln(x)x^2b^2ce - 2\ln(x)xb^2c^2d - \ln(cx+b)xb^2ce + 2\ln(cx+b)xb^2c^2e}{b^3cx(cx+b)}$

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(b*e-2*c*d)/b^3*ln(c*x+b)+(b*e-c*d)/b^2/(c*x+b)-d/b^2/x+(b*e-2*c*d)/b^3*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-b^2d + (2bcd - b^2e)x - ((2c^2d - bce)x^2 + (2bcd - b^2e)x) \log(cx+b) + ((2c^2d - bce)x^2 + (2bcd - b^2e)x) \log(x)}{b^3cx^2 + b^4x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b^2*d + (2*b*c*d - b^2*e)*x - ((2*c^2*d - b*c*e)*x^2 + (2*b*c*d - b^2*e)*x)*log(c*x + b) + ((2*c^2*d - b*c*e)*x^2 + (2*b*c*d - b^2*e)*x)*log(x)/(b^3*c*x^2 + b^4*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-bd + x(be - 2cd)}{b^3x + b^2cx^2} + \frac{(be - 2cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2e - 2bcd - b(be - 2cd)}{2bce - 4c^2d}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{(be - 2cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2e - 2bcd + b(be - 2cd)}{2bce - 4c^2d}\right)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output `(-b*d + x*(b*e - 2*c*d))/(b**3*x + b**2*c*x**2) + (b*e - 2*c*d)*log(x + (b**2*e - 2*b*c*d - b*(b*e - 2*c*d))/(2*b*c*e - 4*c**2*d))/b**3 - (b*e - 2*c*d)*log(x + (b**2*e - 2*b*c*d + b*(b*e - 2*c*d))/(2*b*c*e - 4*c**2*d))/b**3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{bd + (2cd - be)x}{b^2cx^2 + b^3x} + \frac{(2cd - be) \log(cx + b)}{b^3} - \frac{(2cd - be) \log(x)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*d + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(b^2*c*x^2 + b^3*x) + (2*c*d - b*e)*log(c*x + b)/b^3 - (2*c*d - b*e)*log(x)/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(2cd - be) \log(|x|)}{b^3} - \frac{2cdx - bex + bd}{(cx^2 + bx)b^2} + \frac{(2c^2d - bce) \log(|cx + b|)}{b^3c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(2*c*d - b*e)*log(abs(x))/b^3 - (2*c*d*x - b*e*x + b*d)/((c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2) + (2*c^2*d - b*c*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/(b^3*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{d}{b} - \frac{x(be-2cd)}{b^2}}{cx^2 + bx} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2cx}{b} + 1\right) (be - 2cd)}{b^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `-(d/b - (x*(b*e - 2*c*d))/b^2)/(b*x + c*x^2) - (2*atanh((2*c*x)/b + 1)*(b*e - 2*c*d))/b^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\log(cx + b) b^2 ex + 2 \log(cx + b) bcdx - \log(cx + b) bce x^2 + 2 \log(cx + b) c^2 d x^2 + \log(x) b^2 ex - 2 \log(x) b^3}{b^3 x (cx + b)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
( - log(b + c*x)*b**2*e*x + 2*log(b + c*x)*b*c*d*x - log(b + c*x)*b*c*e*x*  
*2 + 2*log(b + c*x)*c**2*d*x**2 + log(x)*b**2*e*x - 2*log(x)*b*c*d*x + log  
(x)*b*c*e*x**2 - 2*log(x)*c**2*d*x**2 - b**2*d - b*c*e*x**2 + 2*c**2*d*x**  
2)/(b**3*x*(b + c*x))
```

3.49 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	433
Mathematica [A] (verified)	433
Rubi [A] (verified)	434
Maple [A] (verified)	435
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	436
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	436
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	437
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	437
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	438
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	438

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{d}{2b^2x^2} + \frac{2cd-be}{b^3x} + \frac{c(cd-be)}{b^3(b+cx)} + \frac{c(3cd-2be)\log(x)}{b^4} - \frac{c(3cd-2be)\log(b+cx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
-1/2*d/b^2/x^2+(-b*e+2*c*d)/b^3/x+c*(-b*e+c*d)/b^3/(c*x+b)+c*(-2*b*e+3*c*d)*ln(x)/b^4-c*(-2*b*e+3*c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{b(-6c^2dx^2+b^2(d+2ex)+bcx(-3d+4ex))}{x^2(b+cx)} + 2c(3cd-2be)\log(x) + 2c(-3cd+2be)\log(b+cx)}{2b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{-((b*(-6*c^2*d*x^2 + b^2*(d + 2*e*x) + b*c*x*(-3*d + 4*e*x)))/(x^2*(b + c*x))) + 2*c*(3*c*d - 2*b*e)*\text{Log}[x] + 2*c*(-3*c*d + 2*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x]}{2*b^4}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{d + ex}{x^3(b + cx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{c^2(2be - 3cd)}{b^4(b + cx)} - \frac{c(2be - 3cd)}{b^4x} + \frac{c^2(be - cd)}{b^3(b + cx)^2} + \frac{be - 2cd}{b^3x^2} + \frac{d}{b^2x^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{c \log(x)(3cd - 2be)}{b^4} - \frac{c(3cd - 2be) \log(b + cx)}{b^4} + \frac{2cd - be}{b^3x} + \frac{c(cd - be)}{b^3(b + cx)} - \frac{d}{2b^2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^2),x]
```

output

$$-1/2*d/(b^2*x^2) + (2*c*d - b*e)/(b^3*x) + (c*(c*d - b*e))/(b^3*(b + c*x)) + (c*(3*c*d - 2*b*e)*\text{Log}[x])/b^4 - (c*(3*c*d - 2*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/b^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$\frac{c(2be-3cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^4} - \frac{(be-cd)c}{b^3(cx+b)} - \frac{d}{2b^2x^2} - \frac{be-2cd}{b^3x} - \frac{c(2be-3cd)\ln(x)}{b^4}$
norman	$\frac{c(2bce-3c^2d)x^3}{b^4} - \frac{d}{2b} - \frac{(2be-3cd)x}{2b^2} + \frac{c(2be-3cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^4} - \frac{c(2be-3cd)\ln(x)}{b^4}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c(2be-3cd)x^2}{b^3} - \frac{(2be-3cd)x}{2b^2} - \frac{d}{2b}}{(cx+b)x^2} - \frac{2c\ln(x)e}{b^3} + \frac{3c^2\ln(x)d}{b^4} + \frac{2c\ln(-cx-b)e}{b^3} - \frac{3c^2\ln(-cx-b)d}{b^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4\ln(x)x^3bc^2e-6\ln(x)x^3c^3d-4\ln(cx+b)x^3bc^2e+6\ln(cx+b)x^3c^3d+4\ln(x)x^2b^2ce-6\ln(x)x^2bc^2d-4\ln(cx+b)x^2b^2ce+6\ln(cx+b)x^2bc^2d}{2b^4x^2(cx+b)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c*(2*b*e-3*c*d)/b^4*ln(c*x+b)-(b*e-c*d)/b^3*c/(c*x+b)-1/2*d/b^2/x^2-(b*e-2
*c*d)/b^3/x-c*(2*b*e-3*c*d)/b^4*ln(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^3 d - 2(3bc^2 d - 2b^2 ce)x^2 - (3b^2 cd - 2b^3 e)x + 2((3c^3 d - 2bc^2 e)x^3 + (3bc^2 d - 2b^2 ce)x^2) \log(cx + b) - 2((3c^3 d - 2bc^2 e)x^3 + (3b^2 cd - 2b^3 e)x^2) \log(x)}{2(b^4 cx^3 + b^5 x^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b^3*d - 2*(3*b*c^2*d - 2*b^2*c*e)*x^2 - (3*b^2*c*d - 2*b^3*e)*x + 2*((3*c^3*d - 2*b*c^2*e)*x^3 + (3*b*c^2*d - 2*b^2*c*e)*x^2)*log(c*x + b) - 2*((3*c^3*d - 2*b*c^2*e)*x^3 + (3*b*c^2*d - 2*b^2*c*e)*x^2)*log(x)/(b^4*c*x^3 + b^5*x^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-b^2 d + x^2(-4bce + 6c^2 d) + x(-2b^2 e + 3bcd)}{2b^4 x^2 + 2b^3 cx^3} - \frac{c(2be - 3cd) \log\left(x + \frac{2b^2 ce - 3bc^2 d - bc(2be - 3cd)}{4bc^2 e - 6c^3 d}\right)}{b^4} + \frac{c(2be - 3cd) \log\left(x + \frac{2b^2 ce - 3bc^2 d + bc(2be - 3cd)}{4bc^2 e - 6c^3 d}\right)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output `(-b**2*d + x**2*(-4*b*c*e + 6*c**2*d) + x*(-2*b**2*e + 3*b*c*d))/(2*b**4*x**2 + 2*b**3*c*x**3) - c*(2*b*e - 3*c*d)*log(x + (2*b**2*c*e - 3*b*c**2*d - b*c*(2*b*e - 3*c*d))/(4*b*c**2*e - 6*c**3*d))/b**4 + c*(2*b*e - 3*c*d)*log(x + (2*b**2*c*e - 3*b*c**2*d + b*c*(2*b*e - 3*c*d))/(4*b*c**2*e - 6*c**3*d))/b**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2d - 2(3c^2d - 2bce)x^2 - (3bcd - 2b^2e)x}{2(b^3cx^3 + b^4x^2)} - \frac{(3c^2d - 2bce)\log(cx + b)}{b^4} + \frac{(3c^2d - 2bce)\log(x)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b^2*d - 2*(3*c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)*x^2 - (3*b*c*d - 2*b^2*e)*x)/(b^3*c*x^3 + b^4*x^2) - (3*c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)*log(c*x + b)/b^4 + (3*c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)*log(x)/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(3c^2d - 2bce)\log(|x|)}{b^4} - \frac{(3c^3d - 2bc^2e)\log(|cx + b|)}{b^4c} - \frac{b^3d - 2(3bc^2d - 2b^2ce)x^2 - (3b^2cd - 2b^3e)x}{2(cx + b)b^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(3*c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)*log(abs(x))/b^4 - (3*c^3*d - 2*b*c^2*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/(b^4*c) - 1/2*(b^3*d - 2*(3*b*c^2*d - 2*b^2*c*e)*x^2 - (3*b^2*c*d - 2*b^3*e)*x)/((c*x + b)*b^4*x^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{d}{2b} + \frac{x(2be-3cd)}{2b^2} + \frac{cx^2(2be-3cd)}{b^3}}{cx^3 + bx^2} - \frac{2c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{c(2be-3cd)(b+2cx)}{b(3c^2d-2bce)}\right)(2be-3cd)}{b^4}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^2),x)`output `-(d/(2*b) + (x*(2*b*e - 3*c*d))/(2*b^2) + (c*x^2*(2*b*e - 3*c*d))/b^3)/(b*x^2 + c*x^3) - (2*c*atanh((c*(2*b*e - 3*c*d)*(b + 2*c*x))/(b*(3*c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)))*(2*b*e - 3*c*d))/b^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{4 \log(cx + b) b^2 c e x^2 - 6 \log(cx + b) b c^2 d x^2 + 4 \log(cx + b) b c^2 e x^3 - 6 \log(cx + b) c^3 d x^3 - 4 \log(x) b^2 c e}{2b^4 x^2 (c$$

input `int((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`output `(4*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c*e*x**2 - 6*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 4*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*e*x**3 - 6*log(b + c*x)*c**3*d*x**3 - 4*log(x)*b**2*c*e*x**2 + 6*log(x)*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 4*log(x)*b*c**2*e*x**3 + 6*log(x)*c**3*d*x**3 - b**3*d - 2*b**3*e*x + 3*b**2*c*d*x + 4*b*c**2*e*x**3 - 6*c**3*d*x**3)/(2*b**4*x**2*(b + c*x))`

3.50 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	440
Maple [A] (verified)	441
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	442
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	442
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	443
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	443
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	444
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	444

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{d}{3b^2x^3} + \frac{2cd-be}{2b^3x^2} - \frac{c(3cd-2be)}{b^4x} - \frac{c^2(cd-be)}{b^4(b+cx)} - \frac{c^2(4cd-3be)\log(x)}{b^5} + \frac{c^2(4cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{b^5}$$

output

```
-1/3*d/b^2/x^3+1/2*(-b*e+2*c*d)/b^3/x^2-c*(-2*b*e+3*c*d)/b^4/x-c^2*(-b*e+c*d)/b^4/(c*x+b)-c^2*(-3*b*e+4*c*d)*ln(x)/b^5+c^2*(-3*b*e+4*c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{2b^3d}{x^3} - \frac{3b^2(-2cd+be)}{x^2} + \frac{6bc(-3cd+2be)}{x} + \frac{6bc^2(-cd+be)}{b+cx} + 6c^2(-4cd+3be)\log(x) + 6c^2(4cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{6b^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^2), x]
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} &((-2*b^3*d)/x^3 - (3*b^2*(-2*c*d + b*e))/x^2 + (6*b*c*(-3*c*d + 2*b*e))/x \\ &+ (6*b*c^2*(-(c*d) + b*e))/(b + c*x) + 6*c^2*(-4*c*d + 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[x] + 6*c \\ &^2*(4*c*d - 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(6*b^5) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^2} dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 9 \\ &\int \frac{d + ex}{x^4 (b + cx)^2} dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 86 \\ &\int \left(-\frac{c^3(3be - 4cd)}{b^5(b + cx)} + \frac{c^2(3be - 4cd)}{b^5x} - \frac{c^3(be - cd)}{b^4(b + cx)^2} - \frac{c(2be - 3cd)}{b^4x^2} + \frac{be - 2cd}{b^3x^3} + \frac{d}{b^2x^4} \right) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow 2009 \\ &-\frac{c^2 \log(x)(4cd - 3be)}{b^5} + \frac{c^2(4cd - 3be) \log(b + cx)}{b^5} - \frac{c^2(cd - be)}{b^4(b + cx)} - \frac{c(3cd - 2be)}{b^4x} + \frac{2cd - be}{2b^3x^2} - \\ &\quad \frac{d}{3b^2x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} &-1/3*d/(b^2*x^3) + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*b^3*x^2) - (c*(3*c*d - 2*b*e))/(b^4*x) \\ &- (c^2*(c*d - b*e))/(b^4*(b + c*x)) - (c^2*(4*c*d - 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[x])/b^5 + \\ &(c^2*(4*c*d - 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/b^5 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{c^2(3be-4cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^5} + \frac{(be-cd)c^2}{b^4(cx+b)} - \frac{d}{3b^2x^3} - \frac{be-2cd}{2b^3x^2} + \frac{c^2(3be-4cd)\ln(x)}{b^5} + \frac{c(2be-3cd)}{b^4x}$
norman	$\frac{c(-3bc^2e+4dc^3)x^4}{b^5} - \frac{d}{3b} - \frac{(3be-4cd)x}{6b^2} + \frac{c(3be-4cd)x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{c^2(3be-4cd)\ln(x)}{b^5} - \frac{c^2(3be-4cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^5}$
risch	$\frac{c^2(3be-4cd)x^3}{b^4} + \frac{c(3be-4cd)x^2}{2b^3} - \frac{(3be-4cd)x}{6b^2} - \frac{d}{3b} - \frac{3c^2\ln(cx+b)e}{b^4} + \frac{4c^3\ln(cx+b)d}{b^5} + \frac{3c^2\ln(-x)e}{b^4} - \frac{4c^3\ln(-x)d}{b^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{18\ln(x)x^4bc^3e-24\ln(x)x^4c^4d-18\ln(cx+b)x^4bc^3e+24\ln(cx+b)x^4c^4d+18\ln(x)x^3b^2c^2e-24\ln(x)x^3bc^3d-18\ln(cx+b)x^3b^2c^2e+24\ln(cx+b)x^3bc^3d}{6b^5(cx+b)x^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -c^2*(3*b*e-4*c*d)/b^5*ln(c*x+b)+(b*e-c*d)/b^4*c^2/(c*x+b)-1/3*d/b^2/x^3-1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/b^3/x^2+c^2*(3*b*e-4*c*d)/b^5*ln(x)+c*(2*b*e-3*c*d)/b^4/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2b^4d + 6(4bc^3d - 3b^2c^2e)x^3 + 3(4b^2c^2d - 3b^3ce)x^2 - (4b^3cd - 3b^4e)x - 6((4c^4d - 3bc^3e)x^4 + (4b^3c^3d - 3b^2c^2e)x^3)}{6(b^5cx^4 + b^6x^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*b^4*d + 6*(4*b*c^3*d - 3*b^2*c^2*e)*x^3 + 3*(4*b^2*c^2*d - 3*b^3*c*e)*x^2 - (4*b^3*c*d - 3*b^4*e)*x - 6*((4*c^4*d - 3*b*c^3*e)*x^4 + (4*b*c^3*d - 3*b^2*c^2*e)*x^3)*log(c*x + b) + 6*((4*c^4*d - 3*b*c^3*e)*x^4 + (4*b*c^3*d - 3*b^2*c^2*e)*x^3)*log(x))/(b^5*c*x^4 + b^6*x^3)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{-2b^3d + x^3 \cdot (18bc^2e - 24c^3d) + x^2 \cdot (9b^2ce - 12bc^2d) + x(-3b^3e + 4b^2cd)}{6b^5x^3 + 6b^4cx^4} \\ &+ \frac{c^2 \cdot (3be - 4cd) \log\left(x + \frac{3b^2c^2e - 4bc^3d - bc^2 \cdot (3be - 4cd)}{6bc^3e - 8c^4d}\right)}{b^5} \\ &- \frac{c^2 \cdot (3be - 4cd) \log\left(x + \frac{3b^2c^2e - 4bc^3d + bc^2 \cdot (3be - 4cd)}{6bc^3e - 8c^4d}\right)}{b^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output

```
(-2*b**3*d + x**3*(18*b*c**2*e - 24*c**3*d) + x**2*(9*b**2*c*e - 12*b*c**2*d) + x*(-3*b**3*e + 4*b**2*c*d))/(6*b**5*x**3 + 6*b**4*c*x**4) + c**2*(3*b*e - 4*c*d)*log(x + (3*b**2*c**2*e - 4*b*c**3*d - b*c**2*(3*b*e - 4*c*d)))/(6*b*c**3*e - 8*c**4*d)/b**5 - c**2*(3*b*e - 4*c*d)*log(x + (3*b**2*c**2*e - 4*b*c**3*d + b*c**2*(3*b*e - 4*c*d)))/(6*b*c**3*e - 8*c**4*d)/b**5
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2b^3d + 6(4c^3d - 3bc^2e)x^3 + 3(4bc^2d - 3b^2ce)x^2 - (4b^2cd - 3b^3e)x}{6(b^4cx^4 + b^5x^3)} + \frac{(4c^3d - 3bc^2e)\log(cx + b)}{b^5} - \frac{(4c^3d - 3bc^2e)\log(x)}{b^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/6*(2*b^3*d + 6*(4*c^3*d - 3*b*c^2*e)*x^3 + 3*(4*b*c^2*d - 3*b^2*c*e)*x^2 - (4*b^2*c*d - 3*b^3*e)*x)/(b^4*c*x^4 + b^5*x^3) + (4*c^3*d - 3*b*c^2*e)*log(c*x + b)/b^5 - (4*c^3*d - 3*b*c^2*e)*log(x)/b^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(4c^3d - 3bc^2e)\log(|x|)}{b^5} + \frac{(4c^4d - 3bc^3e)\log(|cx + b|)}{b^5c} - \frac{2b^4d + 6(4bc^3d - 3b^2c^2e)x^3 + 3(4b^2c^2d - 3b^3ce)x^2 - (4b^3cd - 3b^4e)x}{6(cx + b)b^5x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-(4c^3d - 3bc^2e) \log(\text{abs}(x))/b^5 + (4c^4d - 3bc^3e) \log(\text{abs}(cx + b))/(b^5c) - 1/6*(2b^4d + 6*(4b^3c^3d - 3b^2c^2e)*x^3 + 3*(4b^2c^2d - 3b^3c^2e)*x^2 - (4b^3c^2d - 3b^4e)*x)/((cx + b)*b^5*x^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2c^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{c^2(3be-4cd)(b+2cx)}{b(4c^3d-3bc^2e)}\right) (3be-4cd)}{b^5} - \frac{\frac{d}{3b} + \frac{x(3be-4cd)}{6b^2} - \frac{cx^2(3be-4cd)}{2b^3} - \frac{c^2x^3(3be-4cd)}{b^4}}{cx^4 + bx^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d + e*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^2), x)$$

output

$$(2c^2 \operatorname{atanh}((c^2(3b^3e - 4c^3d)(b + 2cx))/(b(4c^3d - 3bc^2e)))) * (3b^3e - 4c^3d)/b^5 - (d/(3b) + (x(3b^3e - 4c^3d))/(6b^2) - (cx^2(3b^3e - 4c^3d))/(2b^3) - (c^2x^3(3b^3e - 4c^3d))/b^4)/(b^4x^3 + b^4x^4)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-18 \log(cx + b) b^2 c^2 e x^3 + 24 \log(cx + b) b c^3 d x^3 - 18 \log(cx + b) b c^3 e x^4 + 24 \log(cx + b) c^4 d x^4 + 18 \log(cx + b) c^4 e x^4}{(cx + b)^2 (bx + cx^2)^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^2, x)$$

output

```
( - 18*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*e*x**3 + 24*log(b + c*x)*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 18*
log(b + c*x)*b*c**3*e*x**4 + 24*log(b + c*x)*c**4*d*x**4 + 18*log(x)*b**2*
c**2*e*x**3 - 24*log(x)*b*c**3*d*x**3 + 18*log(x)*b*c**3*e*x**4 - 24*log(x)
)*c**4*d*x**4 - 2*b**4*d - 3*b**4*e*x + 4*b**3*c*d*x + 9*b**3*c*e*x**2 - 1
2*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 - 18*b*c**3*e*x**4 + 24*c**4*d*x**4)/(6*b**5*x**3*(b +
c*x))
```

3.51 $\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	446
Mathematica [A] (verified)	446
Rubi [A] (verified)	447
Maple [A] (verified)	448
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	449
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	449
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	450
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	450
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	451

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(cd-3be)x}{c^4} + \frac{ex^2}{2c^3} + \frac{b^3(cd-be)}{2c^5(b+cx)^2} - \frac{b^2(3cd-4be)}{c^5(b+cx)} - \frac{3b(cd-2be)\log(b+cx)}{c^5}$$

output

$(-3*b*e+c*d)*x/c^4+1/2*e*x^2/c^3+1/2*b^3*(-b*e+c*d)/c^5/(c*x+b)^2-b^2*(-4*b*e+3*c*d)/c^5/(c*x+b)-3*b*(-2*b*e+c*d)*\ln(c*x+b)/c^5$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2c(cd-3be)x + c^2ex^2 + \frac{b^3(cd-be)}{(b+cx)^2} + \frac{2b^2(-3cd+4be)}{b+cx} + 6b(-cd+2be)\log(b+cx)}{2c^5}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^6*(d+e*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$(2*c*(c*d - 3*b*e)*x + c^2*e*x^2 + (b^3*(c*d - b*e))/(b + c*x)^2 + (2*b^2*(-3*c*d + 4*b*e))/(b + c*x) + 6*b*(-(c*d) + 2*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(2*c^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(b+cx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 86 \\ & \int \left(\frac{b^3(be-cd)}{c^4(b+cx)^3} - \frac{b^2(4be-3cd)}{c^4(b+cx)^2} + \frac{3b(2be-cd)}{c^4(b+cx)} + \frac{cd-3be}{c^4} + \frac{ex}{c^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{b^3(cd-be)}{2c^5(b+cx)^2} - \frac{b^2(3cd-4be)}{c^5(b+cx)} - \frac{3b(cd-2be)\log(b+cx)}{c^5} + \frac{x(cd-3be)}{c^4} + \frac{ex^2}{2c^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^6*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$((c*d - 3*b*e)*x)/c^4 + (e*x^2)/(2*c^3) + (b^3*(c*d - b*e))/(2*c^5*(b + c*x)^2) - (b^2*(3*c*d - 4*b*e))/(c^5*(b + c*x)) - (3*b*(c*d - 2*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/c^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{2}ce^2x^2+3bex-cdx}{c^4} + \frac{3b(2be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^5} + \frac{b^2(4be-3cd)}{c^5(cx+b)} - \frac{b^3(be-cd)}{2c^5(cx+b)^2}$
risch	$\frac{ex^2}{2c^3} - \frac{3bex}{c^4} + \frac{dx}{c^3} + \frac{(4eb^3-3cdb^2)x + \frac{b^3(7be-5cd)}{2c}}{c^4(cx+b)^2} + \frac{6b^2\ln(cx+b)e}{c^5} - \frac{3b\ln(cx+b)d}{c^4}$
norman	$\frac{-(2be-cd)x^5 + \frac{ex^6}{2c} + \frac{2b(6eb^2-3dbc)x^3}{c^4} + \frac{b^2(18eb^2-9dbc)x^2}{2c^5}}{x^2(cx+b)^2} + \frac{3b(2be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{ex^4c^4+12\ln(cx+b)x^2b^2c^2e-6\ln(cx+b)x^2bc^3d-4x^3bc^3e+2c^4dx^3+24\ln(cx+b)xb^3ce-12\ln(cx+b)xb^2c^2d+12\ln(cx+b)b^4e}{2c^5(cx+b)^2}$

```
input int(x^6*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/c^4*(-1/2*c*e*x^2+3*b*e*x-c*d*x)+3*b/c^5*(2*b*e-c*d)*ln(c*x+b)+b^2/c^5*
(4*b*e-3*c*d)/(c*x+b)-1/2*b^3*(b*e-c*d)/c^5/(c*x+b)^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^4ex^4 - 5b^3cd + 7b^4e + 2(c^4d - 2bc^3e)x^3 + (4bc^3d - 11b^2c^2e)x^2 - 2(2b^2c^2d - b^3ce)x - 6(b^3cd - 2b^4e)}{2(c^7x^2 + 2bc^6x + b^2c^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c^4*e*x^4 - 5*b^3*c*d + 7*b^4*e + 2*(c^4*d - 2*b*c^3*e)*x^3 + (4*b*c^3*d - 11*b^2*c^2*e)*x^2 - 2*(2*b^2*c^2*d - b^3*c*e)*x - 6*(b^3*c*d - 2*b^4*e + (b*c^3*d - 2*b^2*c^2*e)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*b^3*c*e)*x)*log(c*x + b)/(c^7*x^2 + 2*b*c^6*x + b^2*c^5)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3b(2be-cd)\log(b+cx)}{c^5} + x\left(-\frac{3be}{c^4} + \frac{d}{c^3}\right) + \frac{7b^4e - 5b^3cd + x(8b^3ce - 6b^2c^2d)}{2b^2c^5 + 4bc^6x + 2c^7x^2} + \frac{ex^2}{2c^3}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output `3*b*(2*b*e - c*d)*log(b + c*x)/c**5 + x*(-3*b*e/c**4 + d/c**3) + (7*b**4*e - 5*b**3*c*d + x*(8*b**3*c*e - 6*b**2*c**2*d))/(2*b**2*c**5 + 4*b*c**6*x + 2*c**7*x**2) + e*x**2/(2*c**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{5b^3cd - 7b^4e + 2(3b^2c^2d - 4b^3ce)x}{2(c^7x^2 + 2bc^6x + b^2c^5)} + \frac{ce^2x^2 + 2(cd - 3be)x}{2c^4} - \frac{3(bcd - 2b^2e)\log(cx+b)}{c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(5*b^3*c*d - 7*b^4*e + 2*(3*b^2*c^2*d - 4*b^3*c*e)*x)/(c^7*x^2 + 2*b*c^6*x + b^2*c^5) + 1/2*(c*e*x^2 + 2*(c*d - 3*b*e)*x)/c^4 - 3*(b*c*d - 2*b^2*e)*log(c*x + b)/c^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3(bcd - 2b^2e)\log(|cx+b|)}{c^5} + \frac{c^3ex^2 + 2c^3dx - 6bc^2ex}{2c^6} - \frac{5b^3cd - 7b^4e + 2(3b^2c^2d - 4b^3ce)x}{2(cx+b)^2c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3*(b*c*d - 2*b^2*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^5 + 1/2*(c^3*e*x^2 + 2*c^3*d*x - 6*b*c^2*e*x)/c^6 - 1/2*(5*b^3*c*d - 7*b^4*e + 2*(3*b^2*c^2*d - 4*b^3*c*e)*x)/((c*x + b)^2*c^5)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = x \left(\frac{d}{c^3} - \frac{3be}{c^4} \right) + \frac{x(4b^3e - 3b^2cd) + \frac{7b^4e - 5b^3cd}{2c}}{b^2c^4 + 2bc^5x + c^6x^2} + \frac{ex^2}{2c^3} + \frac{\ln(b+cx)(6b^2e - 3bcd)}{c^5}$$

input `int((x^6*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `x*(d/c^3 - (3*b*e)/c^4) + (x*(4*b^3*e - 3*b^2*c*d) + (7*b^4*e - 5*b^3*c*d)/(2*c))/(b^2*c^4 + c^6*x^2 + 2*b*c^5*x) + (e*x^2)/(2*c^3) + (log(b + c*x)*(6*b^2*e - 3*b*c*d))/c^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{12 \log(cx+b)b^4e - 6 \log(cx+b)b^3cd + 24 \log(cx+b)b^3cex - 12 \log(cx+b)b^2c^2dx + 12 \log(cx+b)b^2c^2}{2c^5(c^2x^2 + 2bx + b^2)}$$

input `int(x^6*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`output `(12*log(b + c*x)*b**4*e - 6*log(b + c*x)*b**3*c*d + 24*log(b + c*x)*b**3*c*e*x - 12*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 12*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*e*x**2 - 6*log(b + c*x)*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*b**4*e - 3*b**3*c*d - 12*b**2*c**2*e*x**2 + 6*b*c**3*d*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*e*x**3 + 2*c**4*d*x**3 + c**4*e*x**4)/(2*c**5*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))`

3.52 $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	452
Mathematica [A] (verified)	452
Rubi [A] (verified)	453
Maple [A] (verified)	454
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	454
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	456
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	456
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	456

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{ex}{c^3} - \frac{b^2(cd-be)}{2c^4(b+cx)^2} + \frac{b(2cd-3be)}{c^4(b+cx)} + \frac{(cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{c^4}$$

output

```
e*x/c^3-1/2*b^2*(-b*e+c*d)/c^4/(c*x+b)^2+b*(-3*b*e+2*c*d)/c^4/(c*x+b)+(-3*
b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{ex}{c^3} + \frac{-b^2cd+b^3e}{2c^4(b+cx)^2} + \frac{2bcd-3b^2e}{c^4(b+cx)} + \frac{(cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{c^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(e*x)/c^3 + (-b^2*c*d + b^3*e)/(2*c^4*(b + c*x)^2) + (2*b*c*d - 3*b^2*e)
/(c^4*(b + c*x)) + ((c*d - 3*b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(b+cx)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{b^2(be-cd)}{c^3(b+cx)^3} + \frac{b(3be-2cd)}{c^3(b+cx)^2} + \frac{cd-3be}{c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{e}{c^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^2(cd-be)}{2c^4(b+cx)^2} + \frac{b(2cd-3be)}{c^4(b+cx)} + \frac{(cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{c^4} + \frac{ex}{c^3}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(e*x)/c^3 - (b^2*(c*d - b*e))/(2*c^4*(b + c*x)^2) + (b*(2*c*d - 3*b*e))/(c^4*(b + c*x)) + ((c*d - 3*b*e)*Log[b + c*x])/c^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$\frac{ex}{c^3} + \frac{(-3be+cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^4} - \frac{b(3be-2cd)}{c^4(cx+b)} + \frac{b^2(be-cd)}{2c^4(cx+b)^2}$
risch	$\frac{ex}{c^3} + \frac{(-3eb^2+2dbc)x - \frac{b^2(5be-3cd)}{2e}}{c^3(cx+b)^2} - \frac{3\ln(cx+b)be}{c^4} + \frac{\ln(cx+b)d}{c^3}$
norman	$\frac{ex^5}{c} - \frac{2b(3be-cd)x^3}{c^3} - \frac{b^2(9be-3cd)x^2}{2c^4} - \frac{(3be-cd)\ln(cx+b)}{c^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6\ln(cx+b)x^2b^2c^2e - 2\ln(cx+b)x^2c^3d - 2ex^3c^3 + 12\ln(cx+b)xb^2ce - 4\ln(cx+b)xb^2cd + 6\ln(cx+b)b^3e - 2\ln(cx+b)b^2cd + 12x^2b^2c^2e}{2c^4(cx+b)^2}$

input

```
int(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e*x/c^3+(-3*b*e+c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/c^4-b/c^4*(3*b*e-2*c*d)/(c*x+b)+1/2*b^2*(b*e-c*d)/c^4/(c*x+b)^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{x^5(d + ex)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3ex^3 + 4bc^2ex^2 + 3b^2cd - 5b^3e + 4(bc^2d - b^2ce)x + 2(b^2cd - 3b^3e + (c^3d - 3bc^2e)x^2 + 2(bc^2d - 3b^3e - 2bc^2d + 3b^3e)x^3 + (c^3d - 3bc^2e)x^4 + 2(bc^2d - 3b^3e - 2bc^2d + 3b^3e)x^5 + (c^3d - 3bc^2e)x^6}{2(c^6x^2 + 2bc^5x + b^2c^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot (2c^3ex^3 + 4b^2c^2ex^2 + 3b^2cd - 5b^3e + 4(b^2c^2d - b^2c^2e)x + 2(b^2cd - 3b^3e + (c^3d - 3b^2c^2e)x^2 + 2(b^2c^2d - 3b^2c^2e)x) \cdot \log(cx + b)) / (c^6x^2 + 2b^2c^5x + b^2c^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-5b^3e + 3b^2cd + x(-6b^2ce + 4bc^2d)}{2b^2c^4 + 4bc^5x + 2c^6x^2} + \frac{ex}{c^3} - \frac{(3be - cd) \log(b+cx)}{c^4}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output
$$(-5b^3e + 3b^2cd + x(-6b^2ce + 4bc^2d)) / (2b^2c^4 + 4bc^5x + 2c^6x^2) + ex/c^3 - (3be - cd) \cdot \log(b + cx) / c^4$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3b^2cd - 5b^3e + 2(2bc^2d - 3b^2ce)x}{2(c^6x^2 + 2bc^5x + b^2c^4)} + \frac{ex}{c^3} + \frac{(cd - 3be) \log(cx + b)}{c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot (3b^2cd - 5b^3e + 2(2b^2c^2d - 3b^2c^2e)x) / (c^6x^2 + 2b^2c^5x + b^2c^4) + ex/c^3 + (cd - 3b^2e) \cdot \log(cx + b) / c^4$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{ex}{c^3} + \frac{(cd-3be)\log(|cx+b|)}{c^4} + \frac{3b^2cd-5b^3e+2(2bc^2d-3b^2ce)x}{2(cx+b)^2c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `e*x/c^3 + (c*d - 3*b*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^4 + 1/2*(3*b^2*c*d - 5*b^3*e + 2*(2*b*c^2*d - 3*b^2*c*e)*x)/((c*x + b)^2*c^4)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{ex}{c^3} - \frac{\ln(b+cx)(3be-cd)}{c^4} - \frac{x(3b^2e-2bcd) + \frac{5b^3e-3b^2cd}{2c}}{b^2c^3+2bc^4x+c^5x^2}$$

input `int((x^5*(d+e*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^3,x)`output `(e*x)/c^3 - (log(b+c*x)*(3*b*e-c*d))/c^4 - (x*(3*b^2*e-2*b*c*d) + (5*b^3*e-3*b^2*c*d)/(2*c))/(b^2*c^3+c^5*x^2+2*b*c^4*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-6\log(cx+b)b^3e+2\log(cx+b)b^2cd-12\log(cx+b)b^2cex+4\log(cx+b)bc^2dx-6\log(cx+b)bc^2e}{2c^4(c^2x^2+2bcx+b^2)}$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 6*log(b + c*x)*b**3*e + 2*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c*d - 12*log(b + c*x)*b**2
*c*e*x + 4*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*d*x - 6*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*e*x**2 + 2*log(
b + c*x)*c**3*d*x**2 - 3*b**3*e + b**2*c*d + 6*b*c**2*e*x**2 - 2*c**3*d*x*
*2 + 2*c**3*e*x**3)/(2*c**4*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))
```

3.53 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	459
Maple [A] (verified)	460
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	460
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	461
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	461
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	462
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	462
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	462

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b(cd-be)}{2c^3(b+cx)^2} - \frac{cd-2be}{c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{e \log(b+cx)}{c^3}$$

output $1/2*b*(-b*e+c*d)/c^3/(c*x+b)^2-(-2*b*e+c*d)/c^3/(c*x+b)+e*\ln(c*x+b)/c^3$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3b^2e - 2c^2d*x - bc(d - 4e*x) + 2e(b+cx)^2 \log(b+cx)}{2c^3(b+cx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(3*b^2*e - 2*c^2*d*x - b*c*(d - 4*e*x) + 2*e*(b + c*x)^2*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(2*c^3*(b + c*x)^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(b+cx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{cd-2be}{c^2(b+cx)^2} + \frac{b(be-cd)}{c^2(b+cx)^3} + \frac{e}{c^2(b+cx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{cd-2be}{c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{b(cd-be)}{2c^3(b+cx)^2} + \frac{e \log(b+cx)}{c^3}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(b*(c*d - b*e))/(2*c^3*(b + c*x)^2) - (c*d - 2*b*e)/(c^3*(b + c*x)) + (e*log[b + c*x])/c^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1]) || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(2be-cd)x + \frac{b(3be-cd)}{2c^3}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{e \ln(cx+b)}{c^3}$	51
default	$\frac{e \ln(cx+b)}{c^3} - \frac{-2be+cd}{c^3(cx+b)} - \frac{b(be-cd)}{2c^3(cx+b)^2}$	54
norman	$\frac{(2be-cd)x^3 + \frac{b(3be-cd)x^2}{2c^3}}{x^2(cx+b)^2} + \frac{e \ln(cx+b)}{c^3}$	59
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(cx+b)x^2c^2e+4 \ln(cx+b)xbce+2 \ln(cx+b)b^2e+4bcex-2c^2dx+3eb^2-dbc}{2c^3(cx+b)^2}$	77

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(1/c^2*(2*b*e-c*d)*x+1/2*b*(3*b*e-c*d)/c^3)/(c*x+b)^2+e*ln(c*x+b)/c^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{bcd - 3b^2e + 2(c^2d - 2bce)x - 2(c^2ex^2 + 2bcex + b^2e) \log(cx+b)}{2(c^5x^2 + 2bc^4x + b^2c^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(b*c*d - 3*b^2*e + 2*(c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)*x - 2*(c^2*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*e*x +
b^2*e)*log(c*x + b))/(c^5*x^2 + 2*b*c^4*x + b^2*c^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^4(d + ex)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3b^2e - bcd + x(4bce - 2c^2d)}{2b^2c^3 + 4bc^4x + 2c^5x^2} + \frac{e \log(b + cx)}{c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)
```

output

```
(3*b**2*e - b*c*d + x*(4*b*c*e - 2*c**2*d))/(2*b**2*c**3 + 4*b*c**4*x + 2*
c**5*x**2) + e*log(b + c*x)/c**3
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^4(d + ex)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{bcd - 3b^2e + 2(c^2d - 2bce)x}{2(c^5x^2 + 2bc^4x + b^2c^3)} + \frac{e \log(cx + b)}{c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(b*c*d - 3*b^2*e + 2*(c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)*x)/(c^5*x^2 + 2*b*c^4*x + b^2*
c^3) + e*log(c*x + b)/c^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{e \log(|cx+b|)}{c^3} - \frac{2(cd-2be)x + \frac{bcd-3b^2e}{c}}{2(cx+b)^2 c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `e*log(abs(c*x + b))/c^3 - 1/2*(2*(c*d - 2*b*e)*x + (b*c*d - 3*b^2*e)/c)/((c*x + b)^2*c^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{3b^2e-bcd}{2c^3} + \frac{x(2be-cd)}{c^2}}{b^2+2bcx+c^2x^2} + \frac{e \ln(b+cx)}{c^3}$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `((3*b^2*e - b*c*d)/(2*c^3) + (x*(2*b*e - c*d))/c^2)/(b^2 + c^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*x) + (e*log(b + c*x))/c^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2 \log(cx+b) b^3 e + 4 \log(cx+b) b^2 c e x + 2 \log(cx+b) b c^2 e x^2 + b^3 e - 2 b c^2 e x^2 + c^3 d x^2}{2 b c^3 (c^2 x^2 + 2 b c x + b^2)}$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`

output

```
(2*log(b + c*x)*b**3*e + 4*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c*e*x + 2*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2
*e**x**2 + b**3*e - 2*b*c**2*e*x**2 + c**3*d*x**2)/(2*b*c**3*(b**2 + 2*b*c*
x + c**2*x**2))
```


3.54 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	464
Mathematica [A] (verified)	464
Rubi [A] (verified)	465
Maple [A] (verified)	466
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	466
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	467
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	467
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	467
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	468
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)^2}{2(cd-be)(b+cx)^2}$$

output `-1/2*(e*x+d)^2/(-b*e+c*d)/(c*x+b)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{be+c(d+2ex)}{2c^2(b+cx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(b*e + c*(d + 2*e*x))/(c^2*(b + c*x)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {9, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(b+cx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$-\frac{(d+ex)^2}{2(b+cx)^2(cd-be)}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d + e*x)^2/((c*d - b*e)*(b + c*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2cex+be+cd}{2(cx+b)^2c^2}$	25
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2cex-be-cd}{2c^2(cx+b)^2}$	27
risch	$\frac{-\frac{ex}{c}-\frac{be+cd}{2c^2}}{(cx+b)^2}$	29
default	$-\frac{e}{(cx+b)c^2} - \frac{-be+cd}{2c^2(cx+b)^2}$	35
orering	$-\frac{(2cex+be+cd)(cx+b)x^3}{2c^2(cx^2+bx)^3}$	37
norman	$\frac{-\frac{ex^3}{c} + \frac{(-be-cd)x^2}{2c^2}}{x^2(cx+b)^2}$	39

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(2*c*e*x+b*e+c*d)/(c*x+b)^2/c^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2cex+cd+be}{2(c^4x^2+2bc^3x+b^2c^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c^4*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x + b^2*c^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-be - cd - 2cex}{2b^2c^2 + 4bc^3x + 2c^4x^2}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`output `(-b*e - c*d - 2*c*e*x)/(2*b**2*c**2 + 4*b*c**3*x + 2*c**4*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2cex + cd + be}{2(c^4x^2 + 2bc^3x + b^2c^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(2*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/(c^4*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x + b^2*c^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2cex + cd + be}{2(cx+b)^2c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(2*c*e*x + c*d + b*e)/((c*x + b)^2*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{be+cd}{2c^2} + \frac{ex}{c}}{b^2 + 2bcx + c^2x^2}$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `-((b*e + c*d)/(2*c^2) + (e*x)/c)/(b^2 + c^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{ce x^2 - bd}{2bc(c^2x^2 + 2bcx + b^2)}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`output `(- b*d + c*e*x**2)/(2*b*c*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))`

3.55 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	469
Mathematica [A] (verified)	469
Rubi [A] (verified)	470
Maple [A] (verified)	471
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	471
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	472
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	472
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	473
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	473
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	473

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{cd-be}{2bc(b+cx)^2} + \frac{d}{b^2(b+cx)} + \frac{d \log(x)}{b^3} - \frac{d \log(b+cx)}{b^3}$$

output `1/2*(-b*e+c*d)/b/c/(c*x+b)^2+d/b^2/(c*x+b)+d*ln(x)/b^3-d*ln(c*x+b)/b^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b(3bcd-b^2e+2c^2dx)}{c(b+cx)^2} + \frac{2d \log(x) - 2d \log(b+cx)}{2b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((b*(3*b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*c^2*d*x))/(c*(b + c*x)^2) + 2*d*Log[x] - 2*d*Log[b + c*x])/(2*b^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(b+cx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{cd}{b^3(b+cx)} + \frac{d}{b^3x} - \frac{cd}{b^2(b+cx)^2} + \frac{be-cd}{b(b+cx)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{d \log(b+cx)}{b^3} + \frac{d \log(x)}{b^3} + \frac{d}{b^2(b+cx)} + \frac{cd-be}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(c*d - b*e)/(2*b*c*(b + c*x)^2) + d/(b^2*(b + c*x)) + (d*Log[x])/b^3 - (d*Log[b + c*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$\frac{cdx - \frac{be-3cd}{2bc}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{d \ln(-x)}{b^3} - \frac{d \ln(cx+b)}{b^3}$
default	$-\frac{be-cd}{2bc(cx+b)^2} - \frac{d \ln(cx+b)}{b^3} + \frac{d}{b^2(cx+b)} + \frac{d \ln(x)}{b^3}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{(be-2cd)x^3}{b^2} + \frac{c(be-3cd)x^4}{2b^3}}{x^2(cx+b)^2} + \frac{d \ln(x)}{b^3} - \frac{d \ln(cx+b)}{b^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(x)x^2c^2d - 2 \ln(cx+b)x^2c^2d + 4 \ln(x)xbcd - 4 \ln(cx+b)xbcd + bce x^2 - 3c^2dx^2 + 2b^2d \ln(x) - 2 \ln(cx+b)b^2d + 2b^2ex - 4bcdx}{2b^3(cx+b)^2}$

input

```
int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(c*d*x/b^2-1/2*(b*e-3*c*d)/b/c)/(c*x+b)^2+d/b^3*ln(-x)-d*ln(c*x+b)/b^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2bc^2dx + 3b^2cd - b^3e - 2(c^3dx^2 + 2bc^2dx + b^2cd) \log(cx+b) + 2(c^3dx^2 + 2bc^2dx + b^2cd) \log(x)}{2(b^3c^3x^2 + 2b^4c^2x + b^5c)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
1/2*(2*b*c^2*d*x + 3*b^2*c*d - b^3*e - 2*(c^3*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2*d*x + b^2*c*d)*log(c*x + b) + 2*(c^3*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2*d*x + b^2*c*d)*log(x))/(b^3*c^3*x^2 + 2*b^4*c^2*x + b^5*c)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-b^2e+3bcd+2c^2dx}{2b^4c+4b^3c^2x+2b^2c^3x^2} + \frac{d(\log(x) - \log(\frac{b}{c}+x))}{b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)
```

output

```
(-b**2*e + 3*b*c*d + 2*c**2*d*x)/(2*b**4*c + 4*b**3*c**2*x + 2*b**2*c**3*x**2) + d*(log(x) - log(b/c + x))/b**3
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2c^2dx+3bcd-b^2e}{2(b^2c^3x^2+2b^3c^2x+b^4c)} - \frac{d \log(cx+b)}{b^3} + \frac{d \log(x)}{b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(2*c^2*d*x + 3*b*c*d - b^2*e)/(b^2*c^3*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^2*x + b^4*c) - d*log(c*x + b)/b^3 + d*log(x)/b^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{d \log(|cx+b|)}{b^3} + \frac{d \log(|x|)}{b^3} + \frac{2bc^2dx + 3b^2cd - b^3e}{2(cx+b)^2b^3c}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-d*log(abs(c*x + b))/b^3 + d*log(abs(x))/b^3 + 1/2*(2*b*c^2*d*x + 3*b^2*c*d - b^3*e)/((c*x + b)^2*b^3*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{be-3cd}{2bc} - \frac{cdx}{b^2}}{b^2 + 2bcx + c^2x^2} - \frac{2d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2cx}{b} + 1\right)}{b^3}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `-((b*e - 3*c*d)/(2*b*c) - (c*d*x)/b^2)/(b^2 + c^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*x) - (2*d*atanh((2*c*x)/b + 1))/b^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-2 \log(cx+b) b^2 cd - 4 \log(cx+b) b c^2 dx - 2 \log(cx+b) c^3 d x^2 + 2 \log(x) b^2 cd + 4 \log(x) b c^2 dx + 2 \log(x) c^3 d x^2}{2b^3c(c^2x^2 + 2bcx + b^2)}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 2*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c*d - 4*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*d*x - 2*log(b + c*x)*c
**3*d*x**2 + 2*log(x)*b**2*c*d + 4*log(x)*b*c**2*d*x + 2*log(x)*c**3*d*x**
2 - b**3*e + 2*b**2*c*d - c**3*d*x**2)/(2*b**3*c*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x*
*2))
```

3.56 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{d}{b^3x} - \frac{cd-be}{2b^2(b+cx)^2} - \frac{2cd-be}{b^3(b+cx)} - \frac{(3cd-be)\log(x)}{b^4} + \frac{(3cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
-d/b^3/x-1/2*(-b*e+c*d)/b^2/(c*x+b)^2-(-b*e+2*c*d)/b^3/(c*x+b)-(-b*e+3*c*d)*ln(x)/b^4+(-b*e+3*c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{2bd}{x} + \frac{b^2(-cd+be)}{(b+cx)^2} + \frac{2b(-2cd+be)}{b+cx} + 2(-3cd+be)\log(x) + 2(3cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{2b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((-2*b*d)/x + (b^2*(-(c*d) + b*e))/(b + c*x)^2 + (2*b*(-2*c*d + b*e))/(b + c*x) + 2*(-3*c*d + b*e)*\text{Log}[x] + 2*(3*c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(2*b^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(b+cx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{86} \\ & \int \left(\frac{be-3cd}{b^4x} - \frac{c(be-3cd)}{b^4(b+cx)} - \frac{c(be-2cd)}{b^3(b+cx)^2} + \frac{d}{b^3x^2} - \frac{c(be-cd)}{b^2(b+cx)^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & -\frac{\log(x)(3cd-be)}{b^4} + \frac{(3cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^4} - \frac{2cd-be}{b^3(b+cx)} - \frac{d}{b^3x} - \frac{cd-be}{2b^2(b+cx)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$-(d/(b^3*x)) - (c*d - b*e)/(2*b^2*(b + c*x)^2) - (2*c*d - b*e)/(b^3*(b + c*x)) - ((3*c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[x])/b^4 + ((3*c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/b^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$-\frac{(be-3cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^4} + \frac{be-2cd}{b^3(cx+b)} + \frac{be-cd}{2b^2(cx+b)^2} - \frac{d}{b^3x} + \frac{(be-3cd)\ln(x)}{b^4}$
norman	$-\frac{dx}{b} + \frac{2c(-be+3cd)x^3}{b^3} + \frac{c^2(-3be+9cd)x^4}{2b^4} + \frac{(be-3cd)\ln(x)}{b^4} - \frac{(be-3cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^4}$
risch	$\frac{c(be-3cd)x^2}{b^3} + \frac{3(be-3cd)x}{2b^2} - \frac{d}{b} - \frac{\ln(cx+b)e}{b^3} + \frac{3\ln(cx+b)cd}{b^4} + \frac{\ln(-x)e}{b^3} - \frac{3\ln(-x)cd}{b^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2\ln(x)x^3b^2c^2e-6\ln(x)x^3c^3d-2\ln(cx+b)x^3bc^2e+6\ln(cx+b)x^3c^3d+4\ln(x)x^2b^2ce-12\ln(x)x^2bc^2d-4\ln(cx+b)x^2b^2ce+12\ln(x)x^2bc^2d-4\ln(cx+b)x^2b^2ce+12\ln(x)x^2bc^2d}{2b^4x}$

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(b*e-3*c*d)/b^4*ln(c*x+b)+(b*e-2*c*d)/b^3/(c*x+b)+1/2*(b*e-c*d)/b^2/(c*x+
b)^2-d/b^3/x+(b*e-3*c*d)/b^4*ln(x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 195 vs. $2(86) = 172$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-2b^3d + 2(3bc^2d - b^2ce)x^2 + 3(3b^2cd - b^3e)x - 2((3c^3d - bc^2e)x^3 + 2(3bc^2d - b^2ce)x^2 + (3b^2cd - b^3e)x)}{2(b^4c^2x^3 + 2b^5cx^2 + b^6x)}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*b^3*d + 2*(3*b*c^2*d - b^2*c*e)*x^2 + 3*(3*b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*x - 2*((3*c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*x^3 + 2*(3*b*c^2*d - b^2*c*e)*x^2 + (3*b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*x)*log(c*x + b) + 2*((3*c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*x^3 + 2*(3*b*c^2*d - b^2*c*e)*x^2 + (3*b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*x)*log(x)/(b^4*c^2*x^3 + 2*b^5*c*x^2 + b^6*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-2b^2d + x^2 \cdot (2bce - 6c^2d) + x(3b^2e - 9bcd)}{2b^5x + 4b^4cx^2 + 2b^3c^2x^3} + \frac{(be - 3cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2e - 3bcd - b(be - 3cd)}{2bce - 6c^2d}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{(be - 3cd) \log\left(x + \frac{b^2e - 3bcd + b(be - 3cd)}{2bce - 6c^2d}\right)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output `(-2*b**2*d + x**2*(2*b*c*e - 6*c**2*d) + x*(3*b**2*e - 9*b*c*d))/(2*b**5*x + 4*b**4*c*x**2 + 2*b**3*c**2*x**3) + (b*e - 3*c*d)*log(x + (b**2*e - 3*b*c*d - b*(b*e - 3*c*d))/(2*b*c*e - 6*c**2*d))/b**4 - (b*e - 3*c*d)*log(x + (b**2*e - 3*b*c*d + b*(b*e - 3*c*d))/(2*b*c*e - 6*c**2*d))/b**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2b^2d + 2(3c^2d - bce)x^2 + 3(3bcd - b^2e)x}{2(b^3c^2x^3 + 2b^4cx^2 + b^5x)} + \frac{(3cd - be)\log(cx+b)}{b^4} - \frac{(3cd - be)\log(x)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(2*b^2*d + 2*(3*c^2*d - b*c*e)*x^2 + 3*(3*b*c*d - b^2*e)*x)/(b^3*c^2*x^3 + 2*b^4*c*x^2 + b^5*x) + (3*c*d - b*e)*log(c*x + b)/b^4 - (3*c*d - b*e)*log(x)/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(3cd - be)\log(|x|)}{b^4} + \frac{(3c^2d - bce)\log(|cx+b|)}{b^4c} - \frac{2b^3d + 2(3bc^2d - b^2ce)x^2 + 3(3b^2cd - b^3e)x}{2(cx+b)^2b^4x}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(3*c*d - b*e)*log(abs(x))/b^4 + (3*c^2*d - b*c*e)*log(abs(c*x + b))/(b^4*c) - 1/2*(2*b^3*d + 2*(3*b*c^2*d - b^2*c*e)*x^2 + 3*(3*b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*x)/((c*x + b)^2*b^4*x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3x(be-3cd)}{2b^2} - \frac{d}{b} + \frac{cx^2(be-3cd)}{b^3} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2cx}{b} + 1\right) (be-3cd)}{b^4}$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `((3*x*(b*e - 3*c*d))/(2*b^2) - d/b + (c*x^2*(b*e - 3*c*d))/b^3)/(b^2*x + c^2*x^3 + 2*b*c*x^2) - (2*atanh((2*c*x)/b + 1)*(b*e - 3*c*d))/b^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log(cx+b) b^3 ex + 6 \log(cx+b) b^2 cdx - 4 \log(cx+b) b^2 ce x^2 + 12 \log(cx+b) b c^2 d x^2 - 2 \log(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`output `(- 2*log(b + c*x)*b**3*e*x + 6*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c*d*x - 4*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c*e*x**2 + 12*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 2*log(b + c*x)*b*c**2*e*x**3 + 6*log(b + c*x)*c**3*d*x**3 + 2*log(x)*b**3*e*x - 6*log(x)*b**2*c*d*x + 4*log(x)*b**2*c*e*x**2 - 12*log(x)*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 2*log(x)*b*c**2*e*x**3 - 6*log(x)*c**3*d*x**3 - 2*b**3*d + 2*b**3*e*x - 6*b**2*c*d*x - b*c**2*e*x**3 + 3*c**3*d*x**3)/(2*b**4*x*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))`

3.57 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	481
Mathematica [A] (verified)	481
Rubi [A] (verified)	482
Maple [A] (verified)	483
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	484
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	484
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	485
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	485
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	486
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	486

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{d}{2b^3x^2} + \frac{3cd-be}{b^4x} + \frac{c(cd-be)}{2b^3(b+cx)^2} + \frac{c(3cd-2be)}{b^4(b+cx)} + \frac{3c(2cd-be)\log(x)}{b^5} - \frac{3c(2cd-be)\log(b+cx)}{b^5}$$

output

```
-1/2*d/b^3/x^2+(-b*e+3*c*d)/b^4/x+1/2*c*(-b*e+c*d)/b^3/(c*x+b)^2+c*(-2*b*e+3*c*d)/b^4/(c*x+b)+3*c*(-b*e+2*c*d)*ln(x)/b^5-3*c*(-b*e+2*c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{b(-12c^3dx^3+6bc^2x^2(-3d+ex)+b^3(d+2ex)+b^2cx(-4d+9ex))}{x^2(b+cx)^2} + 6c(2cd-be)\log(x) + 6c(-2cd+be)\log(b+cx)}{2b^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-((b*(-12*c^3*d*x^3 + 6*b*c^2*x^2*(-3*d + e*x) + b^3*(d + 2*e*x) + b^2*c*x*(-4*d + 9*e*x)))/(x^2*(b + c*x)^2)) + 6*c*(2*c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[x] + 6*c*(-2*c*d + b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x]}{(2*b^5)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {1141, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1141

$$c^3 \int \left(\frac{d}{b^3 c^3 x^3} + \frac{3(2cd - be)}{b^5 c^2 x} - \frac{3(2cd - be)}{b^5 c(b + cx)} - \frac{3cd - be}{b^4 c^3 x^2} - \frac{3cd - 2be}{b^4 c(b + cx)^2} - \frac{cd - be}{b^3 c(b + cx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$c^3 \left(\frac{3 \log(x)(2cd - be)}{b^5 c^2} - \frac{3(2cd - be) \log(b + cx)}{b^5 c^2} + \frac{3cd - be}{b^4 c^3 x} + \frac{3cd - 2be}{b^4 c^2 (b + cx)} - \frac{d}{2b^3 c^3 x^2} + \frac{cd - be}{2b^3 c^2 (b + cx)^2} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$c^3 * (-1/2*d/(b^3*c^3*x^2) + (3*c*d - b*e)/(b^4*c^3*x) + (c*d - b*e)/(2*b^3*c^2*(b + c*x)^2) + (3*c*d - 2*b*e)/(b^4*c^2*(b + c*x)) + (3*(2*c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[x])/(b^5*c^2) - (3*(2*c*d - b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(b^5*c^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1141 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[
(d + e*x)^m*(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x] /; EqQ[p, -
1] || !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && ILtQ[p,
0] && IntegerQ[m] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{c(2be-3cd)}{b^4(cx+b)} - \frac{(be-cd)c}{2b^3(cx+b)^2} + \frac{3c(be-2cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^5} - \frac{d}{2b^3x^2} - \frac{be-3cd}{b^4x} - \frac{3c(be-2cd)\ln(x)}{b^5}$
norman	$-\frac{d}{2b} - \frac{(be-2cd)x}{b^2} + \frac{2c(3bce-6c^2d)x^3}{b^4} + \frac{c^2(9bce-18c^2d)x^4}{2b^5} - \frac{3c(be-2cd)\ln(x)}{b^5} + \frac{3c(be-2cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^5}$
risch	$-\frac{3c^2(be-2cd)x^3}{b^4} - \frac{9c(be-2cd)x^2}{2b^3} - \frac{(be-2cd)x}{b^2} - \frac{d}{2b} - \frac{3c\ln(x)e}{b^4} + \frac{6c^2\ln(x)d}{b^5} + \frac{3c\ln(-cx-b)e}{b^4} - \frac{6c^2\ln(-cx-b)d}{b^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6\ln(x)x^4bc^3e-12\ln(x)x^4c^4d-6\ln(cx+b)x^4bc^3e+12\ln(cx+b)x^4c^4d+12\ln(x)x^3b^2c^2e-24\ln(x)x^3bc^3d-12\ln(cx+b)x^3b^2c^2e}{x^2(cx+b)^2}$

```
input int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -c*(2*b*e-3*c*d)/b^4/(c*x+b)-1/2*(b*e-c*d)/b^3*c/(c*x+b)^2+3*c*(b*e-2*c*d)/b^5*ln(c*x+b)-1/2*d/b^3/x^2-(b*e-3*c*d)/b^4/x-3*c*(b*e-2*c*d)/b^5*ln(x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 234 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^4d - 6(2bc^3d - b^2c^2e)x^3 - 9(2b^2c^2d - b^3ce)x^2 - 2(2b^3cd - b^4e)x + 6((2c^4d - bc^3e)x^4 + 2(2bc^3d - b^4e)x^3 + 2(2b^2c^2d - b^3ce)x^2 + 2(b^3cd - b^4e)x + b^4d)}{2(b^5c^2x^4 + 2b^6cx^3 + b^7x^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b^4*d - 6*(2*b*c^3*d - b^2*c^2*e)*x^3 - 9*(2*b^2*c^2*d - b^3*c*e)*x^2 - 2*(2*b^3*c*d - b^4*e)*x + 6*((2*c^4*d - b*c^3*e)*x^4 + 2*(2*b*c^3*d - b^2*c^2*e)*x^3 + (2*b^2*c^2*d - b^3*c*e)*x^2)*log(c*x + b) - 6*((2*c^4*d - b*c^3*e)*x^4 + 2*(2*b*c^3*d - b^2*c^2*e)*x^3 + (2*b^2*c^2*d - b^3*c*e)*x^2)*log(x))/(b^5*c^2*x^4 + 2*b^6*c*x^3 + b^7*x^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-b^3d + x^3(-6bc^2e + 12c^3d) + x^2(-9b^2ce + 18bc^2d) + x(-2b^3e + 4b^2cd)}{2b^6x^2 + 4b^5cx^3 + 2b^4c^2x^4} - \frac{3c(be - 2cd) \log\left(x + \frac{3b^2ce - 6bc^2d - 3bc(be - 2cd)}{6bc^2e - 12c^3d}\right)}{b^5} + \frac{3c(be - 2cd) \log\left(x + \frac{3b^2ce - 6bc^2d + 3bc(be - 2cd)}{6bc^2e - 12c^3d}\right)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output

```
(-b**3*d + x**3*(-6*b*c**2*e + 12*c**3*d) + x**2*(-9*b**2*c*e + 18*b*c**2*d) + x*(-2*b**3*e + 4*b**2*c*d))/(2*b**6*x**2 + 4*b**5*c*x**3 + 2*b**4*c**2*x**4) - 3*c*(b*e - 2*c*d)*log(x + (3*b**2*c*e - 6*b*c**2*d - 3*b*c*(b*e - 2*c*d)))/(6*b*c**2*e - 12*c**3*d))/b**5 + 3*c*(b*e - 2*c*d)*log(x + (3*b**2*c*e - 6*b*c**2*d + 3*b*c*(b*e - 2*c*d)))/(6*b*c**2*e - 12*c**3*d))/b**5
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{b^3d - 6(2c^3d - bc^2e)x^3 - 9(2bc^2d - b^2ce)x^2 - 2(2b^2cd - b^3e)x}{2(b^4c^2x^4 + 2b^5cx^3 + b^6x^2)} - \frac{3(2c^2d - bce)\log(cx + b)}{b^5} + \frac{3(2c^2d - bce)\log(x)}{b^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(b^3*d - 6*(2*c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*x^3 - 9*(2*b*c^2*d - b^2*c*e)*x^2 - 2*(2*b^2*c*d - b^3*e)*x)/(b^4*c^2*x^4 + 2*b^5*c*x^3 + b^6*x^2) - 3*(2*c^2*d - b*c*e)*log(c*x + b)/b^5 + 3*(2*c^2*d - b*c*e)*log(x)/b^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(2c^2d - bce)\log(|x|)}{b^5} - \frac{3(2c^3d - bc^2e)\log(|cx + b|)}{b^5c} + \frac{12c^3dx^3 - 6bc^2ex^3 + 18bc^2dx^2 - 9b^2cex^2 + 4b^2cdx - 2b^3ex - b^3d}{2(cx^2 + bx)^2b^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$3*(2*c^2*d - b*c*e)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/b^5 - 3*(2*c^3*d - b*c^2*e)*\log(\text{abs}(c*x + b))/(b^5*c) + 1/2*(12*c^3*d*x^3 - 6*b*c^2*e*x^3 + 18*b*c^2*d*x^2 - 9*b^2*c*e*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x - 2*b^3*e*x - b^3*d)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^2*b^4)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{d}{2b} + \frac{x(be-2cd)}{b^2} + \frac{9cx^2(be-2cd)}{2b^3} + \frac{3c^2x^3(be-2cd)}{b^4}}{b^2x^2 + 2bcx^3 + c^2x^4} - \frac{6c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{3c(be-2cd)(b+2cx)}{b(6c^2d-3bce)}\right) (be-2cd)}{b^5}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d + e*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^3, x)$$

output

$$-\frac{d}{2b} + \frac{x*(b*e - 2*c*d)}{b^2} + \frac{9*c*x^2*(b*e - 2*c*d)}{(2*b^3)} + \frac{3*c^2*x^3*(b*e - 2*c*d)}{b^4} / (b^2*x^2 + c^2*x^4 + 2*b*c*x^3) - \frac{6*c*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{3*c*(b*e - 2*c*d)*(b + 2*c*x)}{b*(6*c^2*d - 3*b*c*e)}\right)*(b*e - 2*c*d)}{b^5}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{6 \log(cx + b) b^3 c e x^2 - 12 \log(cx + b) b^2 c^2 d x^2 + 12 \log(cx + b) b^2 c^2 e x^3 - 24 \log(cx + b) b c^3 d x^3 + 6 \log(cx + b) b^3 c^2 d x^3}{(bx + cx^2)^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3, x)$$

output

```
(6*log(b + c*x)*b**3*c*e**x**2 - 12*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 12*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*e**x**3 - 24*log(b + c*x)*b*c**3*d*x**3 + 6*log(b + c*x)*b*c**3*e**x**4 - 12*log(b + c*x)*c**4*d*x**4 - 6*log(x)*b**3*c*e**x**2 + 12*log(x)*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 - 12*log(x)*b**2*c**2*e**x**3 + 24*log(x)*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*log(x)*b*c**3*e**x**4 + 12*log(x)*c**4*d*x**4 - b**4*d - 2*b**4*e*x + 4*b**3*c*d*x - 6*b**3*c*e**x**2 + 12*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*b*c**3*e**x**4 - 6*c**4*d*x**4)/(2*b**5*x**2*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))
```


3.58 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{d}{3b^3x^3} + \frac{3cd-be}{2b^4x^2} - \frac{3c(2cd-be)}{b^5x} - \frac{c^2(cd-be)}{2b^4(b+cx)^2} - \frac{c^2(4cd-3be)}{b^5(b+cx)}$$

$$- \frac{2c^2(5cd-3be)\log(x)}{b^6} + \frac{2c^2(5cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{b^6}$$

output

```
-1/3*d/b^3/x^3+1/2*(-b*e+3*c*d)/b^4/x^2-3*c*(-b*e+2*c*d)/b^5/x-1/2*c^2*(-b
*e+c*d)/b^4/(c*x+b)^2-c^2*(-3*b*e+4*c*d)/b^5/(c*x+b)-2*c^2*(-3*b*e+5*c*d)*
ln(x)/b^6+2*c^2*(-3*b*e+5*c*d)*ln(c*x+b)/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b(-60c^4dx^4+18bc^3x^3(-5d+2ex)-b^4(2d+3ex)+b^3cx(5d+12ex)+2b^2c^2x^2(-10d+27ex))}{x^3(b+cx)^2} + \frac{12c^2(-5cd+3be)\log(x) + 12c^2(5cd-3be)\log(b+cx)}{6b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((b*(-60*c^4*d*x^4 + 18*b*c^3*x^3*(-5*d + 2*e*x) - b^4*(2*d + 3*e*x) + b^3*c*x*(5*d + 12*e*x) + 2*b^2*c^2*x^2*(-10*d + 27*e*x)))/(x^3*(b + c*x)^2) + 12*c^2*(-5*c*d + 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[x] + 12*c^2*(5*c*d - 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/(6*b^6)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x^4(b + cx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c^3(3be - 5cd)}{b^6(b + cx)} + \frac{2c^2(3be - 5cd)}{b^6x} - \frac{c^3(3be - 4cd)}{b^5(b + cx)^2} - \frac{3c(be - 2cd)}{b^5x^2} - \frac{c^3(be - cd)}{b^4(b + cx)^3} + \frac{be - 3cd}{b^4x^3} + \frac{d}{b^3x^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2c^2 \log(x)(5cd - 3be)}{b^6} + \frac{2c^2(5cd - 3be) \log(b + cx)}{b^6} - \frac{c^2(4cd - 3be)}{b^5(b + cx)} - \frac{3c(2cd - be)}{b^5x} - \frac{c^2(cd - be)}{2b^4(b + cx)^2} + \frac{3cd - be}{2b^4x^2} - \frac{d}{3b^3x^3}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

$$-1/3*d/(b^3*x^3) + (3*c*d - b*e)/(2*b^4*x^2) - (3*c*(2*c*d - b*e))/(b^5*x) - (c^2*(c*d - b*e))/(2*b^4*(b + c*x)^2) - (c^2*(4*c*d - 3*b*e))/(b^5*(b + c*x)) - (2*c^2*(5*c*d - 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[x])/b^6 + (2*c^2*(5*c*d - 3*b*e)*\text{Log}[b + c*x])/b^6$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$-\frac{2c^2(3be-5cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^6} + \frac{c^2(3be-4cd)}{b^5(cx+b)} + \frac{(be-cd)c^2}{2b^4(cx+b)^2} - \frac{d}{3b^3x^3} - \frac{be-3cd}{2b^4x^2} + \frac{3c(be-2cd)}{b^5x} + \frac{2c^2(3be-5cd)\ln(x)}{b^6}$
norman	$\frac{(9b^4c^4e-15c^5d)x^3}{b^4c^2} - \frac{d}{3b} - \frac{(3be-5cd)x}{6b^2} + \frac{2c(3be-5cd)x^2}{3b^3} + \frac{2(3b^4c^4e-5c^5d)x^4}{b^5e} + \frac{2c^2(3be-5cd)\ln(x)}{b^6} - \frac{2c^2(3be-5cd)\ln(cx+b)}{b^6}$
risch	$\frac{2e^3(3be-5cd)x^4}{b^5} + \frac{3c^2(3be-5cd)x^3}{b^4} + \frac{2c(3be-5cd)x^2}{3b^3} - \frac{(3be-5cd)x}{6b^2} - \frac{d}{3b} + \frac{6c^2\ln(-x)e}{b^5} - \frac{10c^3\ln(-x)d}{b^6} - \frac{6c^2\ln(cx+b)e}{b^5} + 1$
parallelrisch	$\frac{36\ln(x)x^5bc^6e-60\ln(x)x^5c^7d-36\ln(cx+b)x^5bc^6e+60\ln(cx+b)x^5c^7d+72\ln(x)x^4b^2c^5e-120\ln(x)x^4bc^6d-72\ln(cx+b)x^4b^2c^5e-120\ln(x)x^4bc^6d-72\ln(cx+b)x^4bc^6e+72\ln(cx+b)x^4c^7d}{(cx+b)^2x^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*c^2*(3*b*e-5*c*d)/b^6*ln(c*x+b)+c^2*(3*b*e-4*c*d)/b^5/(c*x+b)+1/2*(b*e-c*d)/b^4*c^2/(c*x+b)^2-1/3*d/b^3/x^3-1/2*(b*e-3*c*d)/b^4/x^2+3*c*(b*e-2*c*d)/b^5/x+2*c^2*(3*b*e-5*c*d)/b^6*ln(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x (bx + cx^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{2b^5d + 12(5bc^4d - 3b^2c^3e)x^4 + 18(5b^2c^3d - 3b^3c^2e)x^3 + 4(5b^3c^2d - 3b^4ce)x^2 - (5b^4cd - 3b^5e)x - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(2*b^5*d + 12*(5*b*c^4*d - 3*b^2*c^3*e)*x^4 + 18*(5*b^2*c^3*d - 3*b^3*c^2*e)*x^3 + 4*(5*b^3*c^2*d - 3*b^4*c*e)*x^2 - (5*b^4*c*d - 3*b^5*e)*x - 12*((5*c^5*d - 3*b*c^4*e)*x^5 + 2*(5*b*c^4*d - 3*b^2*c^3*e)*x^4 + (5*b^2*c^3*d - 3*b^3*c^2*e)*x^3)*log(c*x + b) + 12*((5*c^5*d - 3*b*c^4*e)*x^5 + 2*(5*b*c^4*d - 3*b^2*c^3*e)*x^4 + (5*b^2*c^3*d - 3*b^3*c^2*e)*x^3)*log(x))/(b^6*c^2*x^5 + 2*b^7*c*x^4 + b^8*x^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x (bx + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2b^4d + x^4 \cdot (36bc^3e - 60c^4d) + x^3 \cdot (54b^2c^2e - 90bc^3d) + x^2 \cdot (12b^3ce - 20b^2c^2d) + x(-3b^4e + 5b^3cd)}{6b^7x^3 + 12b^6cx^4 + 6b^5c^2x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^2 \cdot (3be - 5cd) \log\left(x + \frac{6b^2c^2e - 10bc^3d - 2bc^2 \cdot (3be - 5cd)}{12bc^3e - 20c^4d}\right)}{b^6}$$

$$- \frac{2c^2 \cdot (3be - 5cd) \log\left(x + \frac{6b^2c^2e - 10bc^3d + 2bc^2 \cdot (3be - 5cd)}{12bc^3e - 20c^4d}\right)}{b^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output

```
(-2*b**4*d + x**4*(36*b*c**3*e - 60*c**4*d) + x**3*(54*b**2*c**2*e - 90*b*c**3*d) + x**2*(12*b**3*c*e - 20*b**2*c**2*d) + x*(-3*b**4*e + 5*b**3*c*d)
)/(6*b**7*x**3 + 12*b**6*c*x**4 + 6*b**5*c**2*x**5) + 2*c**2*(3*b*e - 5*c*d)
*log(x + (6*b**2*c**2*e - 10*b*c**3*d - 2*b*c**2*(3*b*e - 5*c*d))/(12*b*c**3*e - 20*c**4*d))/b**6 - 2*c**2*(3*b*e - 5*c*d)*log(x + (6*b**2*c**2*e - 10*b*c**3*d + 2*b*c**2*(3*b*e - 5*c*d))/(12*b*c**3*e - 20*c**4*d))/b**6
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2b^4d + 12(5c^4d - 3bc^3e)x^4 + 18(5bc^3d - 3b^2c^2e)x^3 + 4(5b^2c^2d - 3b^3ce)x^2 - (5b^3cd - 3b^4e)x}{6(b^5c^2x^5 + 2b^6cx^4 + b^7x^3)} + \frac{2(5c^3d - 3bc^2e) \log(cx + b)}{b^6} - \frac{2(5c^3d - 3bc^2e) \log(x)}{b^6}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/6*(2*b^4*d + 12*(5*c^4*d - 3*b*c^3*e)*x^4 + 18*(5*b*c^3*d - 3*b^2*c^2*e)
)*x^3 + 4*(5*b^2*c^2*d - 3*b^3*c*e)*x^2 - (5*b^3*c*d - 3*b^4*e)*x)/(b^5*c^
2*x^5 + 2*b^6*c*x^4 + b^7*x^3) + 2*(5*c^3*d - 3*b*c^2*e)*log(c*x + b)/b^6
- 2*(5*c^3*d - 3*b*c^2*e)*log(x)/b^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2(5c^3d - 3bc^2e) \log(|x|)}{b^6} + \frac{2(5c^4d - 3bc^3e) \log(|cx + b|)}{b^6c} - \frac{2b^5d + 12(5bc^4d - 3b^2c^3e)x^4 + 18(5b^2c^3d - 3b^3c^2e)x^3 + 4(5b^3c^2d - 3b^4ce)x^2 - (5b^4cd - 3b^5e)x}{6(cx + b)^2b^6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2*(5*c^3*d - 3*b*c^2*e)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/b^6 + 2*(5*c^4*d - 3*b*c^3*e)*\log(\text{abs}(c*x + b))/(b^6*c) - 1/6*(2*b^5*d + 12*(5*b*c^4*d - 3*b^2*c^3*e)*x^4 + 18*(5*b^2*c^3*d - 3*b^3*c^2*e)*x^3 + 4*(5*b^3*c^2*d - 3*b^4*c*e)*x^2 - (5*b^4*c*d - 3*b^5*e)*x)/((c*x + b)^2*b^6*x^3) \end{aligned}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^3} dx \\ & = \frac{\frac{2cx^2(3be-5cd)}{3b^3} - \frac{x(3be-5cd)}{6b^2} - \frac{d}{3b} + \frac{3c^2x^3(3be-5cd)}{b^4} + \frac{2c^3x^4(3be-5cd)}{b^5}}{b^2x^3 + 2bcx^4 + c^2x^5} \\ & \quad + \frac{4c^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2c^2(3be-5cd)(b+2cx)}{b(10c^3d-6bc^2e)}\right)(3be-5cd)}{b^6} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d + e*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^3), x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*c*x^2*(3*b*e - 5*c*d))/(3*b^3) - (x*(3*b*e - 5*c*d))/(6*b^2) - d/(3*b) \\ & \quad + (3*c^2*x^3*(3*b*e - 5*c*d))/b^4 + (2*c^3*x^4*(3*b*e - 5*c*d))/b^5)/(b^2*x^3 + c^2*x^5 + 2*b*c*x^4) + (4*c^2*\operatorname{atanh}((2*c^2*(3*b*e - 5*c*d)*(b + 2*c*x))/(b*(10*c^3*d - 6*b*c^2*e)))*(3*b*e - 5*c*d))/b^6 \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex}{x(bx + cx^2)^3} dx \\ & = \frac{-36 \log(cx + b) b^3 c^2 e x^3 + 60 \log(cx + b) b^2 c^3 d x^3 - 72 \log(cx + b) b^2 c^3 e x^4 + 120 \log(cx + b) b c^4 d x^4 - 3}{\dots} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^3, x)$$

output

```
( - 36*log(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*e*x**3 + 60*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x**3 -
72*log(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*e*x**4 + 120*log(b + c*x)*b*c**4*d*x**4 - 36*log
(b + c*x)*b*c**4*e*x**5 + 60*log(b + c*x)*c**5*d*x**5 + 36*log(x)*b**3*c**
2*e*x**3 - 60*log(x)*b**2*c**3*d*x**3 + 72*log(x)*b**2*c**3*e*x**4 - 120*log(x)*b*c**4*d*x**4 + 36*log(x)*b*c**4*e*x**5 - 60*log(x)*c**5*d*x**5 - 2*
b**5*d - 3*b**5*e*x + 5*b**4*c*d*x + 12*b**4*c*e*x**2 - 20*b**3*c**2*d*x**
2 + 36*b**3*c**2*e*x**3 - 60*b**2*c**3*d*x**3 - 18*b*c**4*e*x**5 + 30*c**5
*d*x**5)/(6*b**6*x**3*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))
```

3.59 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	495
Mathematica [A] (verified)	495
Rubi [A] (verified)	496
Maple [A] (verified)	497
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	498
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	498
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	498
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	499
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	499
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	499

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{7}Abx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}(bB + Ac)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}Bcx^{11/2}$$

output $2/7*A*b*x^{(7/2)}+2/9*(A*c+B*b)*x^{(9/2)}+2/11*B*c*x^{(11/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{693}x^{7/2}(99Ab + 77bBx + 77Acx + 63Bcx^2)$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^{(3/2)}*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2), x]$

output $(2*x^{(7/2)}*(99*A*b + 77*b*B*x + 77*A*c*x + 63*B*c*x^2))/693$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(b + cx)dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^{7/2}(Ac + bB) + Abx^{5/2} + Bcx^{9/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{9}x^{9/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{7}Abx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{11}Bcx^{11/2}$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*A*b*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*(b*B + A*c)*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*B*c*x^(11/2))/11`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63Bcx^2+77Acx+77Bbx+99Ab)}{693}$	28
derivativdivides	$\frac{2Abx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	28
default	$\frac{2Abx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	28
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63Bcx^2+77Acx+77Bbx+99Ab)}{693}$	28
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63Bcx^2+77Acx+77Bbx+99Ab)}{693}$	28
orering	$\frac{2(63Bcx^2+77Acx+77Bbx+99Ab)x^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx^2+bx)}{693(cx+b)}$	44

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/693*x^(7/2)*(63*B*c*x^2+77*A*c*x+77*B*b*x+99*A*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{693} (63 Bcx^5 + 99 Abx^3 + 77 (Bb + Ac)x^4) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/693*(63*B*c*x^5 + 99*A*b*x^3 + 77*(B*b + A*c)*x^4)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2Abx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Acx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bbx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bcx^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `2*A*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*c*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*c*x**(11/2)/11`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bcx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{7} Abx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9} (Bb + Ac)x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/11*B*c*x^(11/2) + 2/7*A*b*x^(7/2) + 2/9*(B*b + A*c)*x^(9/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bcx^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Bbx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Acx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Abx^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/11*B*c*x^(11/2) + 2/9*B*b*x^(9/2) + 2/9*A*c*x^(9/2) + 2/7*A*b*x^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(99Ab+77Acx+77Bbx+63Bcx^2)}{693}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output `(2*x^(7/2)*(99*A*b + 77*A*c*x + 77*B*b*x + 63*B*c*x^2))/693`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(63bcx^2+77acx+77b^2x+99ab)}{693}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(99*a*b + 77*a*c*x + 77*b**2*x + 63*b*c*x**2))/693`

3.60 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	500
Mathematica [A] (verified)	500
Rubi [A] (verified)	501
Maple [A] (verified)	502
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	503
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	503
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	503
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	504
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	504
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	504

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{5}Abx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}(bB + Ac)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}Bcx^{9/2}$$

output $2/5*A*b*x^{(5/2)}+2/7*(A*c+B*b)*x^{(7/2)}+2/9*B*c*x^{(9/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{315}x^{5/2}(9A(7b + 5cx) + 5Bx(9b + 7cx))$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output $(2*x^{(5/2)}*(9*A*(7*b + 5*c*x) + 5*B*x*(9*b + 7*c*x)))/315$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(b + cx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^{5/2}(Ac + bB) + Abx^{3/2} + Bcx^{7/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{7}x^{7/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{5}Abx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9}Bcx^{9/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*A*b*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*(b*B + A*c)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*c*x^(9/2))/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35Bcx^2+45Acx+45Bbx+63Ab)}{315}$	28
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Abx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	28
default	$\frac{2Abx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	28
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35Bcx^2+45Acx+45Bbx+63Ab)}{315}$	28
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35Bcx^2+45Acx+45Bbx+63Ab)}{315}$	28
orering	$\frac{2(35Bcx^2+45Acx+45Bbx+63Ab)x^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+bx)}{315(cx+b)}$	44

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/315*x^(5/2)*(35*B*c*x^2+45*A*c*x+45*B*b*x+63*A*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{315} (35 Bcx^4 + 63 Abx^2 + 45 (Bb + Ac)x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*B*c*x^4 + 63*A*b*x^2 + 45*(B*b + A*c)*x^3)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2Abx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(Ac+Bb)}{7}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `2*A*b*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*c*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*x**(7/2)*(A*c + B*b)/7`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{9} Bcx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Abx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} (Bb + Ac)x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*B*c*x^(9/2) + 2/5*A*b*x^(5/2) + 2/7*(B*b + A*c)*x^(7/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{2}{9} Bcx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Bbx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Acx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Abx^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*B*c*x^(9/2) + 2/7*B*b*x^(7/2) + 2/7*A*c*x^(7/2) + 2/5*A*b*x^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(63Ab + 45Acx + 45Bbx + 35Bcx^2)}{315}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output `(2*x^(5/2)*(63*A*b + 45*A*c*x + 45*B*b*x + 35*B*c*x^2))/315`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(35bcx^2 + 45acx + 45b^2x + 63ab)}{315}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(63*a*b + 45*a*c*x + 45*b**2*x + 35*b*c*x**2))/315`

3.61 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	505
Mathematica [A] (verified)	505
Rubi [A] (verified)	506
Maple [A] (verified)	507
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	508
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	508
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	508
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	509
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	509
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	509

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Abx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}(bB+Ac)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}Bcx^{7/2}$$

output `2/3*A*b*x^(3/2)+2/5*(A*c+B*b)*x^(5/2)+2/7*B*c*x^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{105}x^{3/2}(7A(5b+3cx) + 3Bx(7b+5cx))$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(2*x^(3/2)*(7*A*(5*b+3*c*x)+3*B*x*(7*b+5*c*x)))/105`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(b + cx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (x^{3/2}(Ac + bB) + Ab\sqrt{x} + Bcx^{5/2}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{5}x^{5/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{3}Abx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7}Bcx^{7/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(2*A*b*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*(b*B + A*c)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*c*x^(7/2))/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d._)*(x_))^(n._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_))*((e_) + (f._)*(x_))^(p._), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15Bcx^2+21Acx+21Bbx+35Ab)}{105}$	28
derivativdivides	$\frac{2Abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2(Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	28
default	$\frac{2Abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2(Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	28
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15Bcx^2+21Acx+21Bbx+35Ab)}{105}$	28
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15Bcx^2+21Acx+21Bbx+35Ab)}{105}$	28
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(15Bcx^2+21Acx+21Bbx+35Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{105(cx+b)}$	44

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/105*x^(3/2)*(15*B*c*x^2+21*A*c*x+21*B*b*x+35*A*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{105} (15 Bcx^3 + 35 Abx + 21 (Bb + Ac)x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*B*c*x^3 + 35*A*b*x + 21*(B*b + A*c)*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2Abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Acx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bbx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `2*A*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*A*c*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*b*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*c*x**(7/2)/7`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bcx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Abx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} (Bb + Ac)x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*B*c*x^(7/2) + 2/3*A*b*x^(3/2) + 2/5*(B*b + A*c)*x^(5/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bcx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Bbx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Acx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Abx^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*B*c*x^(7/2) + 2/5*B*b*x^(5/2) + 2/5*A*c*x^(5/2) + 2/3*A*b*x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}(35Ab + 21Acx + 21Bbx + 15Bcx^2)}{105}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*x^(3/2)*(35*A*b + 21*A*c*x + 21*B*b*x + 15*B*c*x^2))/105`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(15bcx^2 + 21acx + 21b^2x + 35ab)}{105}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(35*a*b + 21*a*c*x + 21*b**2*x + 15*b*c*x**2))/105`

3.62 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	510
Mathematica [A] (verified)	510
Rubi [A] (verified)	511
Maple [A] (verified)	512
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	513
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	513
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	513
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	514
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	514
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	514

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = 2Ab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}(bB+Ac)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}Bcx^{5/2}$$

output `2*A*b*x^(1/2)+2/3*(A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)+2/5*B*c*x^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{15}\sqrt{x}(5A(3b+cx) + Bx(5b+3cx))$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x]*(5*A*(3*b + c*x) + B*x*(5*b + 3*c*x)))/15`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\sqrt{x}(Ac + bB) + \frac{Ab}{\sqrt{x}} + Bcx^{3/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3}x^{3/2}(Ac + bB) + 2Ab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5}Bcx^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `2*A*b*Sqrt[x] + (2*(b*B + A*c)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*B*c*x^(5/2))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
trager	$(\frac{2}{5}Bcx^2 + \frac{2}{3}Acx + \frac{2}{3}Bbx + 2Ab)\sqrt{x}$	27
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(3Bcx^2+5Acx+5Bbx+15Ab)}{15}$	28
derivativdivides	$2Ab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2(Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	28
default	$2Ab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2(Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bcx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	28
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(3Bcx^2+5Acx+5Bbx+15Ab)}{15}$	28
orering	$\frac{2(3Bcx^2+5Acx+5Bbx+15Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{15\sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	44

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(2/5*B*c*x^2+2/3*A*c*x+2/3*B*b*x+2*A*b)*x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{15} (3Bcx^2 + 15Ab + 5(Bb + Ac)x)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(3*B*c*x^2 + 15*A*b + 5*(B*b + A*c)*x)*sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = 2Ab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Acx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bbx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bcx^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**(3/2),x)`output `2*A*b*sqrt(x) + 2*A*c*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*c*x**(5/2)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bcx^{5/2} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3} (Bb + Ac)x^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/5*B*c*x^(5/2) + 2*A*b*sqrt(x) + 2/3*(B*b + A*c)*x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bcx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} Bbx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} Acx^{3/2} + 2Ab\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*B*c*x^(5/2) + 2/3*B*b*x^(3/2) + 2/3*A*c*x^(3/2) + 2*A*b*sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(15Ab + 5Acx + 5Bbx + 3Bcx^2)}{15}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*x^(1/2)*(15*A*b + 5*A*c*x + 5*B*b*x + 3*B*c*x^2))/15`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(3bcx^2 + 5acx + 5b^2x + 15ab)}{15}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*(15*a*b + 5*a*c*x + 5*b**2*x + 3*b*c*x**2))/15`

3.63 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	515
Mathematica [A] (verified)	515
Rubi [A] (verified)	516
Maple [A] (verified)	517
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	518
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	518
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	518
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	519
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	519
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	519

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{x}} + 2(bB+Ac)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}Bcx^{3/2}$$

output `-2*A*b/x^(1/2)+2*(A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)+2/3*B*c*x^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Ab-3bBx-3Acx-Bcx^2)}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2))/x^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(3*A*b-3*b*B*x-3*A*c*x-B*c*x^2))/(3*sqrt[x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{Ac + bB}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{Ab}{x^{3/2}} + Bc\sqrt{x} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2\sqrt{x}(Ac + bB) - \frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}Bcx^{3/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*b)/Sqrt[x] + 2*(b*B + A*c)*Sqrt[x] + (2*B*c*x^(3/2))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-Bcx^2-3Acx-3Bbx+3Ab)}{3\sqrt{x}}$	28
trager	$-\frac{2(-Bcx^2-3Acx-3Bbx+3Ab)}{3\sqrt{x}}$	28
risch	$-\frac{2(-Bcx^2-3Acx-3Bbx+3Ab)}{3\sqrt{x}}$	28
derivativdivides	$\frac{2Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} + 2Bb\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{x}}$	30
default	$\frac{2Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} + 2Bb\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{x}}$	30
orering	$-\frac{2(-Bcx^2-3Acx-3Bbx+3Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx+b)}$	44

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3/x^(1/2)*(-B*c*x^2-3*A*c*x-3*B*b*x+3*A*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bcx^2 - 3Ab + 3(Bb + Ac)x)}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(B*c*x^2 - 3*A*b + 3*(B*b + A*c)*x)/sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} + 2Bb\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bcx^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**(5/2),x)`output `-2*A*b/sqrt(x) + 2*A*c*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b*sqrt(x) + 2*B*c*x**(3/2)/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Bcx^{3/2} - \frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{x}} + 2(Bb + Ac)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*B*c*x^(3/2) - 2*A*b/sqrt(x) + 2*(B*b + A*c)*sqrt(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2 Bb\sqrt{x} + 2 Ac\sqrt{x} - \frac{2 Ab}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*B*c*x^(3/2) + 2*B*b*sqrt(x) + 2*A*c*sqrt(x) - 2*A*b/sqrt(x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6 A c x - 6 A b + 6 B b x + 2 B c x^2}{3 \sqrt{x}}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2),x)`output `(6*A*c*x - 6*A*b + 6*B*b*x + 2*B*c*x^2)/(3*x^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}bcx^2 + 2acx + 2b^2x - 2ab}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(- 3*a*b + 3*a*c*x + 3*b**2*x + b*c*x**2))/(3*sqrt(x))`

$$3.64 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	520
Mathematica [A] (verified)	520
Rubi [A] (verified)	521
Maple [A] (verified)	522
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	523
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	523
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	523
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	524
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	524
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	524

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(bB+Ac)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bc\sqrt{x}$$

output

```
-2/3*A*b/x^(3/2)-2*(A*c+B*b)/x^(1/2)+2*B*c*x^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Bx(b-cx)+A(b+3cx))}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(3*B*x*(b - c*x) + A*(b + 3*c*x)))/(3*x^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ac + bB}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{Ab}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{Bc}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(Ac + bB)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2Ab}{3x^{3/2}} + 2Bc\sqrt{x}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*b)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*(b*B + A*c))/Sqrt[x] + 2*B*c*Sqrt[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
trager	$-\frac{2(-3Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
derivativdivides	$-\frac{2Ab}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ac+Bb)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bc\sqrt{x}$	28
default	$-\frac{2Ab}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ac+Bb)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bc\sqrt{x}$	28
orering	$-\frac{2(-3Bcx^2+3Acx+3Bbx+Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{3x^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx+b)}$	43

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3/x^(3/2)*(-3*B*c*x^2+3*A*c*x+3*B*b*x+A*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bcx^2 - Ab - 3(Bb + Ac)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(3*B*c*x^2 - A*b - 3*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^(3/2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Ac}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2Bb}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bc\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**(7/2),x)`output `-2*A*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*A*c/sqrt(x) - 2*B*b/sqrt(x) + 2*B*c*sqrt(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Bc\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Ab + 3(Bb + Ac)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*B*c*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(A*b + 3*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Bc\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Bbx + 3Acx + Ab)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*c*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(3*B*b*x + 3*A*c*x + A*b)/x^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab + 6Acx + 6Bbx - 6Bcx^2}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2),x)`output `-(2*A*b + 6*A*c*x + 6*B*b*x - 6*B*c*x^2)/(3*x^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2bcx^2 - 2acx - 2b^2x - \frac{2}{3}ab}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(- a*b - 3*a*c*x - 3*b**2*x + 3*b*c*x**2))/(3*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.65 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	525
Mathematica [A] (verified)	525
Rubi [A] (verified)	526
Maple [A] (verified)	527
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	528
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	528
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	528
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	529
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	529
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	529

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(bB+Ac)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Bc}{\sqrt{x}}$$

output `-2/5*A*b/x^(5/2)-2/3*(A*c+B*b)/x^(3/2)-2*B*c/x^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Ab+5bBx+5Acx+15Bcx^2)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*(3*A*b+5*b*B*x+5*A*c*x+15*B*c*x^2))/(15*x^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ac + bB}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{Ab}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{Bc}{x^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(Ac + bB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Ab}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2Bc}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*b)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*(b*B + A*c))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*B*c)/Sqrt[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{2(15Bcx^2+5Acx+5Bbx+3Ab)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28
derivativdivides	$-\frac{2Ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ac+Bb)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2Bc}{\sqrt{x}}$	28
default	$-\frac{2Ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ac+Bb)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2Bc}{\sqrt{x}}$	28
trager	$-\frac{2(15Bcx^2+5Acx+5Bbx+3Ab)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28
risch	$-\frac{2(15Bcx^2+5Acx+5Bbx+3Ab)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28
orering	$-\frac{2(15Bcx^2+5Acx+5Bbx+3Ab)(cx^2+bx)}{15x^{\frac{7}{2}}(cx+b)}$	44

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15/x^(5/2)*(15*B*c*x^2+5*A*c*x+5*B*b*x+3*A*b)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15 Bcx^2 + 3 Ab + 5(Bb + Ac)x)}{15 x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/15*(15*B*c*x^2 + 3*A*b + 5*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^(5/2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2Ac}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Bb}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Bc}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)/x**(9/2),x)`output `-2*A*b/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*A*c/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B*c/sqrt(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15 Bcx^2 + 3 Ab + 5(Bb + Ac)x)}{15 x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2/15*(15*B*c*x^2 + 3*A*b + 5*(B*b + A*c)*x)/x^(5/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15Bcx^2 + 5Bbx + 5Acx + 3Ab)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/15*(15*B*c*x^2 + 5*B*b*x + 5*A*c*x + 3*A*b)/x^(5/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Bcx^2 + \left(\frac{2Ac}{3} + \frac{2Bb}{3}\right)x + \frac{2Ab}{5}}{x^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x)`output `-((2*A*b)/5 + x*((2*A*c)/3 + (2*B*b)/3) + 2*B*c*x^2)/x^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-2bcx^2 - \frac{2}{3}acx - \frac{2}{3}b^2x - \frac{2}{5}ab}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)/x^(9/2),x)`output `(2*(-3*a*b - 5*a*c*x - 5*b**2*x - 15*b*c*x**2))/(15*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

3.66 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	530
Mathematica [A] (verified)	530
Rubi [A] (verified)	531
Maple [A] (verified)	532
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	533
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	533
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	534
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	534
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	534
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	535

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{9}Ab^2x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b(bB + 2Ac)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}c(2bB + Ac)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}Bc^2x^{15/2}$$

output $2/9*A*b^2*x^(9/2)+2/11*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^(11/2)+2/13*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^(13/2)+2/15*B*c^2*x^(15/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}(715Ab^2 + 585b^2Bx + 1170Abcx + 990bBcx^2 + 495Ac^2x^2 + 429Bc^2x^3)}{6435}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$(2x^{9/2}(715Ab^2 + 585b^2Bx + 1170Abcx + 990bBcx^2 + 495A^2c^2x^2 + 429Bc^2x^3))/6435$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int x^{7/2}(A+Bx)(b+cx)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int (Ab^2x^{7/2} + cx^{11/2}(Ac+2bB) + bx^{9/2}(2Ac+bB) + Bc^2x^{13/2}) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{2}{9}Ab^2x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{13}cx^{13/2}(Ac+2bB) + \frac{2}{11}bx^{11/2}(2Ac+bB) + \frac{2}{15}Bc^2x^{15/2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*(A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$(2Ab^2x^{9/2})/9 + (2b*(bB+2Ac)*x^{11/2})/11 + (2c*(2bB+Ac)*x^{13/2})/13 + (2Bc^2x^{15/2})/15$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429Bc^2x^3 + 495Ac^2x^2 + 990x^2Bbc + 1170Abcx + 585xBb^2 + 715b^2A)}{6435}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(2Abc + Bb^2)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	52
default	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(2Abc + Bb^2)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429Bc^2x^3 + 495Ac^2x^2 + 990x^2Bbc + 1170Abcx + 585xBb^2 + 715b^2A)}{6435}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429Bc^2x^3 + 495Ac^2x^2 + 990x^2Bbc + 1170Abcx + 585xBb^2 + 715b^2A)}{6435}$	52
orering	$\frac{2(429Bc^2x^3 + 495Ac^2x^2 + 990x^2Bbc + 1170Abcx + 585xBb^2 + 715b^2A)x^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx^2 + bx)^2}{6435(cx+b)^2}$	70

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $2/6435*x^{(9/2)}*(429*B*c^2*x^3+495*A*c^2*x^2+990*B*b*c*x^2+1170*A*b*c*x+585*B*b^2*x+715*A*b^2)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{6435} (429 Bc^2x^7 + 715 Ab^2x^4 + 495 (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^6 + 585 (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x^5) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/6435*(429*B*c^2*x^7 + 715*A*b^2*x^4 + 495*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^6 + 585*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^5)*sqrt(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{4Abcx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2Ac^2x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{4Bbcx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output $2*A*b**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 4*A*b*c*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*A*c**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*b**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 4*B*b*c*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*c**2*x**(15/2)/15$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{15}Bc^2x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{9}Ab^2x^{9/2} \\ + \frac{2}{13}(2Bbc+Ac^2)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}(Bb^2+2Abc)x^{11/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*B*c^2*x^(15/2) + 2/9*A*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2/13*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^(13/2) \\ + 2/11*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^(11/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{15}Bc^2x^{15/2} + \frac{4}{13}Bbcx^{13/2} \\ + \frac{2}{13}Ac^2x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}Bb^2x^{11/2} + \frac{4}{11}Abcx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9}Ab^2x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*B*c^2*x^(15/2) + 4/13*B*b*c*x^(13/2) + 2/13*A*c^2*x^(13/2) + 2/11*B*b \\ ^2*x^(11/2) + 4/11*A*b*c*x^(11/2) + 2/9*A*b^2*x^(9/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = x^{11/2}\left(\frac{2Bb^2}{11} + \frac{4Ac b}{11}\right) \\ + x^{13/2}\left(\frac{2Ac^2}{13} + \frac{4Bbc}{13}\right) + \frac{2Ab^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{15/2}}{15}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x),x)`

output `x^(11/2)*((2*B*b^2)/11 + (4*A*b*c)/11) + x^(13/2)*((2*A*c^2)/13 + (4*B*b*c)/13) + (2*A*b^2*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*B*c^2*x^(15/2))/15`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(429bc^2x^3 + 495ac^2x^2 + 990b^2cx^2 + 1170abcx + 585b^3x + 715ab^2)}{6435}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(715*a*b**2 + 1170*a*b*c*x + 495*a*c**2*x**2 + 585*b**3*x + 990*b**2*c*x**2 + 429*b*c**2*x**3))/6435`

3.67 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	536
Mathematica [A] (verified)	536
Rubi [A] (verified)	537
Maple [A] (verified)	538
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	539
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	539
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	540
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	540
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	540
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	541

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{7}Ab^2x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b(bB + 2Ac)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}c(2bB + Ac)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}Bc^2x^{13/2}$$

output $2/7*A*b^2*x^(7/2)+2/9*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^(9/2)+2/11*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^(11/2)+2/13*B*c^2*x^(13/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(13A(99b^2 + 154bcx + 63c^2x^2) + 7Bx(143b^2 + 234bcx + 99c^2x^2))}{9009}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]$

output

$$\frac{(2x^{7/2}(13A(99b^2 + 154bcx + 63c^2x^2) + 7Bx(143b^2 + 234bcx + 99c^2x^2)))}{9009}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(b+cx)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{85} \\ & \int \left(Ab^2x^{5/2} + cx^{9/2}(Ac+2bB) + bx^{7/2}(2Ac+bB) + Bc^2x^{11/2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & \frac{2}{7}Ab^2x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{11}cx^{11/2}(Ac+2bB) + \frac{2}{9}bx^{9/2}(2Ac+bB) + \frac{2}{13}Bc^2x^{13/2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2A*b^2*x^{(7/2)})}{7} + \frac{(2*b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^{(9/2)})}{9} + \frac{(2*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^{(11/2)})}{11} + \frac{(2*B*c^2*x^{(13/2)})}{13}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693Bc^2x^3+819Ac^2x^2+1638x^2Bbc+2002Abcx+1001xBb^2+1287b^2A)}{9009}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(2Abc+Bb^2)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	52
default	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(2Abc+Bb^2)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693Bc^2x^3+819Ac^2x^2+1638x^2Bbc+2002Abcx+1001xBb^2+1287b^2A)}{9009}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693Bc^2x^3+819Ac^2x^2+1638x^2Bbc+2002Abcx+1001xBb^2+1287b^2A)}{9009}$	52
orering	$\frac{2(693Bc^2x^3+819Ac^2x^2+1638x^2Bbc+2002Abcx+1001xBb^2+1287b^2A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+bx)^2}{9009(cx+b)^2}$	70

```
input int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $2/9009*x^{(7/2)}*(693*B*c^2*x^3+819*A*c^2*x^2+1638*B*b*c*x^2+2002*A*b*c*x+1001*B*b^2*x+1287*A*b^2)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{9009} (693 Bc^2x^6 + 1287 Ab^2x^3 + 819 (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^5 + 1001 (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x^4)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/9009*(693*B*c^2*x^6 + 1287*A*b^2*x^3 + 819*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^5 + 1001*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^4)*sqrt(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2x^{\frac{11}{2}}(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)}{11} + \frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (2Abc + Bb^2)}{9}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output $2*A*b**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*c**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*x**(11/2)*(A*c**2 + 2*B*b*c)/11 + 2*x**(9/2)*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2)/9$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{13} Bc^2 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ab^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{11} (2Bbc + Ac^2) x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} (Bb^2 + 2Abc) x^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/13*B*c^2*x^(13/2) + 2/7*A*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2/11*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^(11/2) + 2/9*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^(9/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2}{13} Bc^2 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{4}{11} Bbcx^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{11} Ac^2 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Bb^2 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4}{9} Abcx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ab^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/13*B*c^2*x^(13/2) + 4/11*B*b*c*x^(11/2) + 2/11*A*c^2*x^(11/2) + 2/9*B*b^2*x^(9/2) + 4/9*A*b*c*x^(9/2) + 2/7*A*b^2*x^(7/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2 dx = x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^2}{9} + \frac{4Ac b}{9} \right) + x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^2}{11} + \frac{4Bbc}{11} \right) + \frac{2Ab^2 x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bc^2 x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x),x)`

output `x^(9/2)*((2*B*b^2)/9 + (4*A*b*c)/9) + x^(11/2)*((2*A*c^2)/11 + (4*B*b*c)/11) + (2*A*b^2*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*c^2*x^(13/2))/13`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(693bc^2x^3 + 819ac^2x^2 + 1638b^2cx^2 + 2002abcx + 1001b^3x + 1287ab^2)}{9009}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(1287*a*b**2 + 2002*a*b*c*x + 819*a*c**2*x**2 + 1001*b**3*x + 1638*b**2*c*x**2 + 693*b*c**2*x**3))/9009`

$$3.68 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	542
Mathematica [A] (verified)	542
Rubi [A] (verified)	543
Maple [A] (verified)	544
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	545
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	545
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	546
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	546
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	547
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	547

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{5}Ab^2x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b(bB+2Ac)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}c(2bB+Ac)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}Bc^2x^{11/2}$$

output

```
2/5*A*b^2*x^(5/2)+2/7*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^(7/2)+2/9*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^(9/2)+2/11
*B*c^2*x^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(11A(63b^2+90bcx+35c^2x^2)+5Bx(99b^2+154bcx+63c^2x^2))}{3465}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/Sqrt[x], x]
```

output

$$(2*x^{(5/2)}*(11*A*(63*b^2 + 90*b*c*x + 35*c^2*x^2) + 5*B*x*(99*b^2 + 154*b*c*x + 63*c^2*x^2)))/3465$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (Ab^2x^{3/2} + cx^{7/2}(Ac + 2bB) + bx^{5/2}(2Ac + bB) + Bc^2x^{9/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{5}Ab^2x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9}cx^{9/2}(Ac + 2bB) + \frac{2}{7}bx^{7/2}(2Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{11}Bc^2x^{11/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2/\text{Sqrt}[x], x]$$

output

$$(2*A*b^2*x^{(5/2)})/5 + (2*b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (2*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (2*B*c^2*x^{(11/2)})/11$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315Bc^2x^3 + 385Ac^2x^2 + 770x^2Bbc + 990Abcx + 495xBb^2 + 693b^2A)}{3465}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2Abc + Bb^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	52
default	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2Abc + Bb^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315Bc^2x^3 + 385Ac^2x^2 + 770x^2Bbc + 990Abcx + 495xBb^2 + 693b^2A)}{3465}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315Bc^2x^3 + 385Ac^2x^2 + 770x^2Bbc + 990Abcx + 495xBb^2 + 693b^2A)}{3465}$	52
oring	$\frac{2(315Bc^2x^3 + 385Ac^2x^2 + 770x^2Bbc + 990Abcx + 495xBb^2 + 693b^2A)\sqrt{x}(cx^2 + bx)^2}{3465(cx+b)^2}$	70

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $2/3465*x^{(5/2)}*(315*B*c^2*x^3+385*A*c^2*x^2+770*B*b*c*x^2+990*A*b*c*x+495*B*b^2*x+693*A*b^2)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3465} (315 Bc^2x^5 + 693 Ab^2x^2 + 385 (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^4 + 495 (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x^3)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/3465*(315*B*c^2*x^5 + 693*A*b^2*x^2 + 385*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^4 + 495*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^3)*sqrt(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4Abcx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ac^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{4Bbcx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**(1/2),x)`

output $2*A*b**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 4*A*b*c*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*c**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*b**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*B*b*c*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*c**2*x**(11/2)/11$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bc^2 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} (2Bbc + Ac^2) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} (Bb^2 + 2Abc) x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/11*B*c^2*x^(11/2) + 2/5*A*b^2*x^(5/2) + 2/9*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^(9/2) + 2/7*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^(7/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bc^2 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{4}{9} Bbcx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Ac^2 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Bb^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{4}{7} Abcx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/11*B*c^2*x^(11/2) + 4/9*B*b*c*x^(9/2) + 2/9*A*c^2*x^(9/2) + 2/7*B*b^2*x^(7/2) + 4/7*A*b*c*x^(7/2) + 2/5*A*b^2*x^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^2}{7} + \frac{4Ac b}{7} \right) + x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^2}{9} + \frac{4Bbc}{9} \right) + \frac{2Ab^2 x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bc^2 x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2),x)`output `x^(7/2)*((2*B*b^2)/7 + (4*A*b*c)/7) + x^(9/2)*((2*A*c^2)/9 + (4*B*b*c)/9) + (2*A*b^2*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*c^2*x^(11/2))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} x^2 (315b^2 c^2 x^3 + 385a c^2 x^2 + 770b^2 c x^2 + 990abcx + 495b^3 x + 693a b^2)}{3465}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(693*a*b**2 + 990*a*b*c*x + 385*a*c**2*x**2 + 495*b**3*x + 770*b**2*c*x**2 + 315*b*c**2*x**3))/3465`

3.69
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	548
Mathematica [A] (verified)	548
Rubi [A] (verified)	549
Maple [A] (verified)	550
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	551
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	551
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	551
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	552
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	552
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Ab^2x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b(bB+2Ac)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}c(2bB+Ac)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}Bc^2x^{9/2}$$

output `2/3*A*b^2*x^(3/2)+2/5*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^(5/2)+2/7*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^(7/2)+2/9*B*c^2*x^(9/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{315}x^{3/2}(3A(35b^2+42bcx+15c^2x^2)+Bx(63b^2+90bcx+35c^2x^2))$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^2)/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x^(3/2)*(3*A*(35*b^2+42*b*c*x+15*c^2*x^2)+B*x*(63*b^2+90*b*c*x+35*c^2*x^2)))/315`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2 dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(Ab^2\sqrt{x} + cx^{5/2}(Ac + 2bB) + bx^{3/2}(2Ac + bB) + Bc^2x^{7/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{3}Ab^2x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7}cx^{7/2}(Ac + 2bB) + \frac{2}{5}bx^{5/2}(2Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{9}Bc^2x^{9/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*A*b^2*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*c^2*x^(9/2))/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35Bc^2x^3+45Ac^2x^2+90x^2Bbc+126Abcx+63xBb^2+105b^2A)}{315}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(2Abc+Bb^2)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	52
default	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ac^2+2Bbc)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(2Abc+Bb^2)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35Bc^2x^3+45Ac^2x^2+90x^2Bbc+126Abcx+63xBb^2+105b^2A)}{315}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35Bc^2x^3+45Ac^2x^2+90x^2Bbc+126Abcx+63xBb^2+105b^2A)}{315}$	52
orering	$\frac{2(35Bc^2x^3+45Ac^2x^2+90x^2Bbc+126Abcx+63xBb^2+105b^2A)(cx^2+bx)^2}{315\sqrt{x}(cx+b)^2}$	70

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/315*x^(3/2)*(35*B*c^2*x^3+45*A*c^2*x^2+90*B*b*c*x^2+126*A*b*c*x+63*B*b^2
*x+105*A*b^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{315} (35 Bc^2x^4 + 105 Ab^2x + 45 (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^3 + 63 (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*B*c^2*x^4 + 105*A*b^2*x + 45*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^3 + 63*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Abcx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ac^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4Bbcx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**(3/2),x)`

output `2*A*b**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 4*A*b*c*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*A*c**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*b**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 4*B*b*c*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*c**2*x**(9/2)/9`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bc^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{2}{9}Bc^2x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{3}A*b^2*x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7}*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5}*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^{5/2}$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9}Bc^2x^{9/2} + \frac{4}{7}Bbcx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{7}Ac^2x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5}Bb^2x^{5/2} + \frac{4}{5}Abcx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3}Ab^2x^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2}{9}Bc^2x^{9/2} + \frac{4}{7}B*b*c*x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{7}*A*c^2*x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5}*B*b^2*x^{5/2} + \frac{4}{5}*A*b*c*x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3}*A*b^2*x^{3/2}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^2}{5} + \frac{4Ac b}{5} \right) + x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^2}{7} + \frac{4Bbc}{7} \right) + \frac{2Ab^2x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{9/2}}{9}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x)`

output $x^{5/2}*((2*B*b^2)/5 + (4*A*b*c)/5) + x^{7/2}*((2*A*c^2)/7 + (4*B*b*c)/7) + (2*A*b^2*x^{3/2})/3 + (2*B*c^2*x^{9/2})/9$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(35bc^2x^3 + 45ac^2x^2 + 90b^2cx^2 + 126abcx + 63b^3x + 105ab^2)}{315}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(105*a*b**2 + 126*a*b*c*x + 45*a*c**2*x**2 + 63*b**3*x + 90*b**2*c*x**2 + 35*b*c**2*x**3))/315`

$$3.70 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	554
Mathematica [A] (verified)	554
Rubi [A] (verified)	555
Maple [A] (verified)	556
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	557
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	557
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	558
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	558
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	559
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	559

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = 2Ab^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b(bB+2Ac)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}c(2bB+Ac)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}Bc^2x^{7/2}$$

output

```
2*A*b^2*x^(1/2)+2/3*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)+2/5*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^(5/2)+2/7*B*c^2*x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{105}\sqrt{x}(7A(15b^2+10bcx+3c^2x^2) + Bx(35b^2+42bcx+15c^2x^2))$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(7*A*(15*b^2 + 10*b*c*x + 3*c^2*x^2) + B*x*(35*b^2 + 42*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2)))/105$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}} + cx^{3/2}(Ac + 2bB) + b\sqrt{x}(2Ac + bB) + Bc^2x^{5/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2Ab^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5}cx^{5/2}(Ac + 2bB) + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2}(2Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{7}Bc^2x^{7/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2/x^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$2*A*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (2*b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*c^2*x^(7/2))/7$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
trager	$(\frac{2}{7}Bc^2x^3 + \frac{2}{5}Ac^2x^2 + \frac{4}{5}x^2Bbc + \frac{4}{3}Abcx + \frac{2}{3}xBb^2 + 2b^2A)\sqrt{x}$	51
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(15Bc^2x^3 + 21Ac^2x^2 + 42x^2Bbc + 70Abcx + 35xBb^2 + 105b^2A)}{105}$	52
derivativdivides	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(2Abc + Bb^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab^2\sqrt{x}$	52
default	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ac^2 + 2Bbc)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(2Abc + Bb^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab^2\sqrt{x}$	52
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(15Bc^2x^3 + 21Ac^2x^2 + 42x^2Bbc + 70Abcx + 35xBb^2 + 105b^2A)}{105}$	52
oring	$\frac{2(15Bc^2x^3 + 21Ac^2x^2 + 42x^2Bbc + 70Abcx + 35xBb^2 + 105b^2A)(cx^2 + bx)^2}{105x^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx + b)^2}$	70

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(2/7*B*c^2*x^3+2/5*A*c^2*x^2+4/5*x^2*B*b*c+4/3*A*b*c*x+2/3*x*B*b^2+2*b^2*A
)*x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{105} (15 Bc^2 x^3 + 105 Ab^2 + 21 (2 Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 35 (Bb^2 + 2 Abc)x) \sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(15*B*c^2*x^3 + 105*A*b^2 + 21*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + 35*(B*b^2 + 2
*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = 2Ab^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{4Abcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Ac^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Bbcx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
2*A*b**2*sqrt(x) + 4*A*b*c*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*A*c**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*b**2*x**
(3/2)/3 + 4*B*b*c*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*c**2*x**(7/2)/7
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bc^2 x^{7/2} + 2 Ab^2 \sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5} (2 Bbc + Ac^2) x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} (Bb^2 + 2 Abc) x^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/7*B*c^2*x^(7/2) + 2*A*b^2*sqrt(x) + 2/5*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bc^2 x^{7/2} + \frac{4}{5} Bbcx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{5} Ac^2 x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} Bb^2 x^{3/2} + \frac{4}{3} Abcx^{3/2} + 2 Ab^2 \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/7*B*c^2*x^(7/2) + 4/5*B*b*c*x^(5/2) + 2/5*A*c^2*x^(5/2) + 2/3*B*b^2*x^(3/2) + 4/3*A*b*c*x^(3/2) + 2*A*b^2*sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^2}{3} + \frac{4Acb}{3} \right) + x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^2}{5} + \frac{4Bbc}{5} \right) + 2Ab^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input

```
int((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
x^(3/2)*((2*B*b^2)/3 + (4*A*b*c)/3) + x^(5/2)*((2*A*c^2)/5 + (4*B*b*c)/5) + 2*A*b^2*x^(1/2) + (2*B*c^2*x^(7/2))/7
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(15bc^2x^3 + 21a^2cx^2 + 42b^2cx^2 + 70abcx + 35b^3x + 105ab^2)}{105}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*(105*a*b**2 + 70*a*b*c*x + 21*a*c**2*x**2 + 35*b**3*x + 42*b**2*c*x**2 + 15*b*c**2*x**3))/105
```


3.71 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	560
Mathematica [A] (verified)	560
Rubi [A] (verified)	561
Maple [A] (verified)	562
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	563
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	563
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	563
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	564
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	564
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	565

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b(bB+2Ac)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}c(2bB+Ac)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}Bc^2x^{5/2}$$

output

```
-2*A*b^2/x^(1/2)+2*b*(2*A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)+2/3*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^(3/2)+2/5*B*c^2*x^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(-15Ab^2+15b^2Bx+30Abcx+10bBcx^2+5Ac^2x^2+3Bc^2x^3)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^2)/x^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-15*A*b^2+15*b^2*B*x+30*A*b*c*x+10*b*B*c*x^2+5*A*c^2*x^2+3*B*c^2*x^3))/(15*sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^2}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{\sqrt{x}} + c\sqrt{x}(Ac + 2bB) + Bc^2x^{3/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}cx^{3/2}(Ac + 2bB) + 2b\sqrt{x}(2Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{5}Bc^2x^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*b^2)/Sqrt[x] + 2*b*(b*B + 2*A*c)*Sqrt[x] + (2*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*B*c^2*x^(5/2))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^3 - 5Ac^2x^2 - 10x^2Bbc - 30Abcx - 15xBb^2 + 15b^2A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
trager	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^3 - 5Ac^2x^2 - 10x^2Bbc - 30Abcx - 15xBb^2 + 15b^2A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^3 - 5Ac^2x^2 - 10x^2Bbc - 30Abcx - 15xBb^2 + 15b^2A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4Abc\sqrt{x} + 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}}$	54
default	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4Abc\sqrt{x} + 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}}$	54
orering	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^3 - 5Ac^2x^2 - 10x^2Bbc - 30Abcx - 15xBb^2 + 15b^2A)(cx^2 + bx)^2}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx + b)^2}$	70

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15/x^(1/2)*(-3*B*c^2*x^3-5*A*c^2*x^2-10*B*b*c*x^2-30*A*b*c*x-15*B*b^2*x
+15*A*b^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bc^2x^3 - 15Ab^2 + 5(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 + 15(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*B*c^2*x^3 - 15*A*b^2 + 5*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 4Abc\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Ac^2x^{3/2}}{3} + 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{4Bbcx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**(7/2),x)`

output `-2*A*b**2/sqrt(x) + 4*A*b*c*sqrt(x) + 2*A*c**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**2*sqrt(x) + 4*B*b*c*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*c**2*x**(5/2)/5`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5}Bc^2x^{5/2} - \frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^{3/2} + 2(Bb^2 + 2Abc)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2/5*B*c^2*x^{(5/2)} - 2*A*b^2/\text{sqrt}(x) + 2/3*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^{(3/2)} + 2*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*\text{sqrt}(x)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bc^2 x^{5/2} + \frac{4}{3} Bbcx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} Ac^2 x^{3/2} + 2 Bb^2 \sqrt{x} + 4 Abc \sqrt{x} - \frac{2 Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/5*B*c^2*x^{(5/2)} + 4/3*B*b*c*x^{(3/2)} + 2/3*A*c^2*x^{(3/2)} + 2*B*b^2*\text{sqrt}(x) + 4*A*b*c*\text{sqrt}(x) - 2*A*b^2/\text{sqrt}(x)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \sqrt{x} (2 B b^2 + 4 A c b) + x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2 A c^2}{3} + \frac{4 B b c}{3} \right) - \frac{2 A b^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2 B c^2 x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2),x)`

output $x^{(1/2)}*(2*B*b^2 + 4*A*b*c) + x^{(3/2)}*((2*A*c^2)/3 + (4*B*b*c)/3) - (2*A*b^2)/x^{(1/2)} + (2*B*c^2*x^{(5/2)})/5$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^2cx^3 + \frac{2}{3}ac^2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}b^2cx^2 + 4abcx + 2b^3x - 2ab^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 15*a*b**2 + 30*a*b*c*x + 5*a*c**2*x**2 + 15*b**3*x + 10*b**2*c*x**2 + 3*b*c**2*x**3))/(15*sqrt(x))`

3.72
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	566
Mathematica [A] (verified)	566
Rubi [A] (verified)	567
Maple [A] (verified)	568
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	569
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	569
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	569
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	570
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	570
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	570

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab^2}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(bB+2Ac)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2c(2bB+Ac)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}Bc^2x^{3/2}$$

output

$$-2/3*A*b^2/x^{(3/2)}-2*b*(2*A*c+B*b)/x^{(1/2)}+2*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*x^{(1/2)}+2/3*B*c^2*x^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab^2+3b^2Bx+6Abcx-6bBcx^2-3Ac^2x^2-Bc^2x^3)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^(9/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(A*b^2 + 3*b^2*B*x + 6*A*b*c*x - 6*b*B*c*x^2 - 3*A*c^2*x^2 - B*c^2*x^3))}{(3*x^{(3/2)})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^2}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^2}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b(2Ac + bB)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{c(Ac + 2bB)}{\sqrt{x}} + Bc^2\sqrt{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2Ab^2}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(2Ac + bB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2c\sqrt{x}(Ac + 2bB) + \frac{2}{3}Bc^2x^{3/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2)/x^(9/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*b^2)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*b*(b*B + 2*A*c))/Sqrt[x] + 2*c*(2*b*B + A*c)*Sqrt[x] + (2*B*c^2*x^(3/2))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{2(-Bc^2x^3 - 3Ac^2x^2 - 6x^2Bbc + 6Abcx + 3xBb^2 + b^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac^2\sqrt{x} + 4Bbc\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^2}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(2Ac+Bb)}{\sqrt{x}}$	51
default	$\frac{2Bc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac^2\sqrt{x} + 4Bbc\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^2}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(2Ac+Bb)}{\sqrt{x}}$	51
trager	$-\frac{2(-Bc^2x^3 - 3Ac^2x^2 - 6x^2Bbc + 6Abcx + 3xBb^2 + b^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
risch	$-\frac{2(-Bc^2x^3 - 3Ac^2x^2 - 6x^2Bbc + 6Abcx + 3xBb^2 + b^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
orering	$-\frac{2(-Bc^2x^3 - 3Ac^2x^2 - 6x^2Bbc + 6Abcx + 3xBb^2 + b^2A)(cx^2 + bx)^2}{3x^{\frac{7}{2}}(cx+b)^2}$	69

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3/x^(3/2)*(-B*c^2*x^3-3*A*c^2*x^2-6*B*b*c*x^2+6*A*b*c*x+3*B*b^2*x+A*b^2
)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bc^2x^3 - Ab^2 + 3(2Bbc + Ac^2)x^2 - 3(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(B*c^2*x^3 - A*b^2 + 3*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/x^(3/2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab^2}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4Abc}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Ac^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Bb^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 4Bbc\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bc^2x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**2/x**(9/2),x)`output `-2*A*b**2/(3*x**(3/2)) - 4*A*b*c/sqrt(x) + 2*A*c**2*sqrt(x) - 2*B*b**2/sqrt(x) + 4*B*b*c*sqrt(x) + 2*B*c**2*x**(3/2)/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Bc^2x^{3/2} + 2(2Bbc + Ac^2)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Ab^2 + 3(Bb^2 + 2Abc)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*B*c^2*x^(3/2) + 2*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(A*b^2 + 3*(B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bc^2 x^{3/2} + 4 Bbc\sqrt{x} + 2 Ac^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3 Bb^2 x + 6 Abcx + Ab^2)}{3 x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*B*c^2*x^(3/2) + 4*B*b*c*sqrt(x) + 2*A*c^2*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(3*B*b^2*x + 6*A*b*c*x + A*b^2)/x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{6 B b^2 x + 2 A b^2 - 12 B b c x^2 + 12 A b c x - 2 B c^2 x^3 - 6 A c^2 x^2}{3 x^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x)`

output `-(2*A*b^2 - 6*A*c^2*x^2 - 2*B*c^2*x^3 + 6*B*b^2*x - 12*B*b*c*x^2 + 12*A*b*c*x)/(3*x^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^2}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3} b c^2 x^3 + 2 a c^2 x^2 + 4 b^2 c x^2 - 4 a b c x - 2 b^3 x - \frac{2}{3} a b^2}{\sqrt{x} x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^2/x^(9/2),x)`

output $(2*(-a*b**2 - 6*a*b*c*x + 3*a*c**2*x**2 - 3*b**3*x + 6*b**2*c*x**2 + b*c**2*x**3))/(3*\text{sqrt}(x)*x)$

3.73 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	572
Mathematica [A] (verified)	572
Rubi [A] (verified)	573
Maple [A] (verified)	574
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	575
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	575
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	576
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	576
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	577
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	577

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{11}Ab^3x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{5}bc(bB + Ac)x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{17}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{19}Bc^3x^{19/2}$$

output

```
2/11*A*b^3*x^(11/2)+2/13*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^(13/2)+2/5*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^(15/2)+2/17*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^(17/2)+2/19*B*c^3*x^(19/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2x^{11/2}(19A(1105b^3 + 2805b^2cx + 2431bc^2x^2 + 715c^3x^3) + 11Bx(1615b^3 + 4199b^2cx + 3705bc^2x^2))}{230945}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2x^{11/2}(19A(1105b^3 + 2805b^2cx + 2431bc^2x^2 + 715c^3x^3) + 11Bx(1615b^3 + 4199b^2cx + 3705bc^2x^2 + 1105c^3x^3)))/2309}{45}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^{9/2}(A+Bx)(b+cx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (Ab^3x^{9/2} + b^2x^{11/2}(3Ac+bB) + c^2x^{15/2}(Ac+3bB) + 3bcx^{13/2}(Ac+bB) + Bc^3x^{17/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{11}Ab^3x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^2x^{13/2}(3Ac+bB) + \frac{2}{17}c^2x^{17/2}(Ac+3bB) + \frac{2}{5}bcx^{15/2}(Ac+bB) + \frac{2}{19}Bc^3x^{19/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*(A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2Ab^3x^{11/2})}{11} + \frac{(2b^2(bB+3Ac)x^{13/2})}{13} + \frac{(2bc(bB+Ac)x^{15/2})}{5} + \frac{(2c^2(3bB+Ac)x^{17/2})}{17} + \frac{(2Bc^3x^{19/2})}{19}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{11}{2}} (12155B c^3 x^4 + 13585A c^3 x^3 + 40755x^3 B b c^2 + 46189A b c^2 x^2 + 46189x^2 B b^2 c + 53295A b^2 c x + 17765x B b^3 + 20995A b^3)}{230945}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B c^3 x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(A c^3 + 3B b c^2) x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(3A b c^2 + 3B b^2 c) x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(3A b^2 c + B b^3) x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2A b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
default	$\frac{2B c^3 x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{2(A c^3 + 3B b c^2) x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(3A b c^2 + 3B b^2 c) x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(3A b^2 c + B b^3) x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2A b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{11}{2}} (12155B c^3 x^4 + 13585A c^3 x^3 + 40755x^3 B b c^2 + 46189A b c^2 x^2 + 46189x^2 B b^2 c + 53295A b^2 c x + 17765x B b^3 + 20995A b^3)}{230945}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{11}{2}} (12155B c^3 x^4 + 13585A c^3 x^3 + 40755x^3 B b c^2 + 46189A b c^2 x^2 + 46189x^2 B b^2 c + 53295A b^2 c x + 17765x B b^3 + 20995A b^3)}{230945}$
oring	$\frac{2(12155B c^3 x^4 + 13585A c^3 x^3 + 40755x^3 B b c^2 + 46189A b c^2 x^2 + 46189x^2 B b^2 c + 53295A b^2 c x + 17765x B b^3 + 20995A b^3)}{230945(cx+b)^3}$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/230945*x^(11/2)*(12155*B*c^3*x^4+13585*A*c^3*x^3+40755*B*b*c^2*x^3+46189
*A*b*c^2*x^2+46189*B*b^2*c*x^2+53295*A*b^2*c*x+17765*B*b^3*x+20995*A*b^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{230945} (12155 Bc^3x^9 + 20995 Ab^3x^5 + 13585 (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^8 + 46189 (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^7 + \dots)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/230945*(12155*B*c^3*x^9 + 20995*A*b^3*x^5 + 13585*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^
8 + 46189*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^7 + 17765*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^6)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2Ab^3x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{6Ab^2cx^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Abc^2x^{15/2}}{5} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Bb^2cx^{15/2}}{5} + \frac{6Bbc^2x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{19/2}}{19}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)
```

output

```
2*A*b**3*x**(11/2)/11 + 6*A*b**2*c*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*A*b*c**2*x**(15/2)/5 +
2*A*c**3*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*B*b**3*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*b**2*c*x**(15/2)/5 +
6*B*b*c**2*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*B*c**3*x**(19/2)/19
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{19}Bc^3x^{19/2} + \frac{2}{11}Ab^3x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{17}(3Bbc^2+Ac^3)x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{5}(Bb^2c+Abc^2)x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{13}(Bb^3+3Ab^2c)x^{13/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/19*B*c^3*x^(19/2) + 2/11*A*b^3*x^(11/2) + 2/17*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^(17/2) + 2/5*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^(15/2) + 2/13*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^(13/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{19}Bc^3x^{19/2} + \frac{6}{17}Bbc^2x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{17}Ac^3x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{5}Bb^2cx^{15/2} + \frac{2}{5}Abc^2x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{13}Bb^3x^{13/2} + \frac{6}{13}Ab^2cx^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}Ab^3x^{11/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/19*B*c^3*x^(19/2) + 6/17*B*b*c^2*x^(17/2) + 2/17*A*c^3*x^(17/2) + 2/5*B*b^2*c*x^(15/2) + 2/5*A*b*c^2*x^(15/2) + 2/13*B*b^3*x^(13/2) + 6/13*A*b^2*c*x^(13/2) + 2/11*A*b^3*x^(11/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = x^{13/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^3}{13} + \frac{6Ac b^2}{13} \right) + x^{17/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^3}{17} + \frac{6Bbc^2}{17} \right) + \frac{2Ab^3 x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Bc^3 x^{19/2}}{19} + \frac{2bcx^{15/2}(Ac+Bb)}{5}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x), x)`output `x^(13/2)*((2*B*b^3)/13 + (6*A*b^2*c)/13) + x^(17/2)*((2*A*c^3)/17 + (6*B*b*c^2)/17) + (2*A*b^3*x^(11/2))/11 + (2*B*c^3*x^(19/2))/19 + (2*b*c*x^(15/2))*(A*c + B*b))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^5(12155bc^3x^4 + 13585a^3c^3x^3 + 40755b^2c^2x^3 + 46189abc^2x^2 + 46189b^3cx^2 + 53295ab^2c^2x + 12155b^3c^2x)}{230945}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3, x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**5*(20995*a*b**3 + 53295*a*b**2*c*x + 46189*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 13585*a*c**3*x**3 + 17765*b**4*x + 46189*b**3*c*x**2 + 40755*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 12155*b*c**3*x**4))/230945`

3.74 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	578
Mathematica [A] (verified)	578
Rubi [A] (verified)	579
Maple [A] (verified)	580
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	581
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	581
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	583
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	583

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{9}Ab^3x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^2(bB + 3Ac)x^{11/2} + \frac{6}{13}bc(bB + Ac)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{17}Bc^3x^{17/2}$$

output

```
2/9*A*b^3*x^(9/2)+2/11*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^(11/2)+6/13*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^(13/2)
)+2/15*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^(15/2)+2/17*B*c^3*x^(17/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}(17A(715b^3 + 1755b^2cx + 1485bc^2x^2 + 429c^3x^3) + 9Bx(1105b^3 + 2805b^2cx + 2431bc^2x^2 + 715c^3x^3)}{109395}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$(2*x^{(9/2)}*(17*A*(715*b^3 + 1755*b^2*c*x + 1485*b*c^2*x^2 + 429*c^3*x^3) + 9*B*x*(1105*b^3 + 2805*b^2*c*x + 2431*b*c^2*x^2 + 715*c^3*x^3)))/109395$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(Ab^3 x^{7/2} + b^2 x^{9/2}(3Ac + bB) + c^2 x^{13/2}(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^{11/2}(Ac + bB) + Bc^3 x^{15/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{9}Ab^3 x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^2 x^{11/2}(3Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{15}c^2 x^{15/2}(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{6}{13}bcx^{13/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{17}Bc^3 x^{17/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$(2*A*b^3*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (2*b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^{(11/2)})/11 + (6*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^{(13/2)})/13 + (2*c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^{(15/2)})/15 + (2*B*c^3*x^{(17/2)})/17$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(6435Bc^3x^4 + 7293Ac^3x^3 + 21879x^3Bbc^2 + 25245Abc^2x^2 + 25245x^2Bb^2c + 29835Ab^2cx + 9945xBb^3 + 12155Ab^3)}{109395}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(6435Bc^3x^4 + 7293Ac^3x^3 + 21879x^3Bbc^2 + 25245Abc^2x^2 + 25245x^2Bb^2c + 29835Ab^2cx + 9945xBb^3 + 12155Ab^3)}{109395}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(6435Bc^3x^4 + 7293Ac^3x^3 + 21879x^3Bbc^2 + 25245Abc^2x^2 + 25245x^2Bb^2c + 29835Ab^2cx + 9945xBb^3 + 12155Ab^3)}{109395}$
oring	$\frac{2(6435Bc^3x^4 + 7293Ac^3x^3 + 21879x^3Bbc^2 + 25245Abc^2x^2 + 25245x^2Bb^2c + 29835Ab^2cx + 9945xBb^3 + 12155Ab^3)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{109395(cx+b)^3}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2/109395*x^{(9/2)}*(6435*B*c^3*x^4+7293*A*c^3*x^3+21879*B*b*c^2*x^3+25245*A*b*c^2*x^2+25245*B*b^2*c*x^2+29835*A*b^2*c*x+9945*B*b^3*x+12155*A*b^3)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{109395} (6435 Bc^3x^8 + 12155 Ab^3x^4 + 7293 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^7 + 25245 (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^6 + 9945 (Bb^3 +$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/109395*(6435*B*c^3*x^8 + 12155*A*b^3*x^4 + 7293*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^7 + 25245*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^6 + 9945*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^5)*sqrt(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2x^{\frac{15}{2}}(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)}{15}$$

$$+ \frac{2x^{\frac{13}{2}} \cdot (3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)}{13} + \frac{2x^{\frac{11}{2}} \cdot (3Ab^2c + Bb^3)}{11}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output $2*A*b**3*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*c**3*x**(17/2)/17 + 2*x**(15/2)*(A*c**3 + 3*B*b*c**2)/15 + 2*x**(13/2)*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c)/13 + 2*x**(11/2)*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3)/11$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{17} Bc^3 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Ab^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{15} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^{\frac{15}{2}} \\ + \frac{6}{13} (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{2}{11} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) x^{\frac{11}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/17*B*c^3*x^(17/2) + 2/9*A*b^3*x^(9/2) + 2/15*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^(15/2) \\ + 6/13*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^(13/2) + 2/11*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^(11/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2}{17} Bc^3 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Bbc^2 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{2}{15} Ac^3 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{6}{13} Bb^2 cx^{\frac{13}{2}} \\ + \frac{6}{13} Abc^2 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{2}{11} Bb^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{6}{11} Ab^2 cx^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Ab^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/17*B*c^3*x^(17/2) + 2/5*B*b*c^2*x^(15/2) + 2/15*A*c^3*x^(15/2) + 6/13*B*b^2*c*x^(13/2) \\ + 6/13*A*b*c^2*x^(13/2) + 2/11*B*b^3*x^(11/2) + 6/11*A*b^2*c*x^(11/2) + 2/9*A*b^3*x^(9/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^3}{11} + \frac{6Ac b^2}{11} \right) + x^{15/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^3}{15} + \frac{2Bbc^2}{5} \right) + \frac{2Ab^3x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{6bcx^{13/2}(Ac+Bb)}{13}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x),x)`output `x^(11/2)*((2*B*b^3)/11 + (6*A*b^2*c)/11) + x^(15/2)*((2*A*c^3)/15 + (2*B*b*c^2)/5) + (2*A*b^3*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*B*c^3*x^(17/2))/17 + (6*b*c*x^(13/2)*(A*c + B*b))/13`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(6435bc^3x^4 + 7293ac^3x^3 + 21879b^2c^2x^3 + 25245abc^2x^2 + 25245b^3cx^2 + 29835ab^2cx + 9945b^4x)}{109395}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(12155*a*b**3 + 29835*a*b**2*c*x + 25245*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 7293*a*c**3*x**3 + 9945*b**4*x + 25245*b**3*c*x**2 + 21879*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 6435*b*c**3*x**4))/109395`

3.75
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	584
Mathematica [A] (verified)	584
Rubi [A] (verified)	585
Maple [A] (verified)	586
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	587
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	587
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	588
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	588
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	589
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	589

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{7}Ab^3x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^2(bB+3Ac)x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{11}bc(bB+Ac)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}Bc^3x^{15/2}$$

output

```
2/7*A*b^3*x^(7/2)+2/9*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^(9/2)+6/11*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^(11/2)+
2/13*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^(13/2)+2/15*B*c^3*x^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(15A(429b^3+1001b^2cx+819bc^2x^2+231c^3x^3)+7Bx(715b^3+1755b^2cx+1485bc^2x^2+429c^3x^3))}{45045}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/Sqrt[x], x]
```

output

$$(2*x^{(7/2)}*(15*A*(429*b^3 + 1001*b^2*c*x + 819*b*c^2*x^2 + 231*c^3*x^3) + 7*B*x*(715*b^3 + 1755*b^2*c*x + 1485*b*c^2*x^2 + 429*c^3*x^3)))/45045$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(Ab^3x^{5/2} + b^2x^{7/2}(3Ac + bB) + c^2x^{11/2}(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^{9/2}(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^{13/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{7}Ab^3x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^2x^{9/2}(3Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{13}c^2x^{13/2}(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{6}{11}bcx^{11/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{15}Bc^3x^{15/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3/\text{Sqrt}[x], x]$$

output

$$(2*A*b^3*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (2*b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (6*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^{(11/2)})/11 + (2*c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^{(13/2)})/13 + (2*B*c^3*x^{(15/2)})/15$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(3003Bc^3x^4+3465Ac^3x^3+10395x^3Bbc^2+12285Abc^2x^2+12285x^2Bb^2c+15015Ab^2cx+5005xBb^3+6435Ab^3)}{45045}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ac^3+3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3Abc^2+3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ac^3+3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3Abc^2+3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(3003Bc^3x^4+3465Ac^3x^3+10395x^3Bbc^2+12285Abc^2x^2+12285x^2Bb^2c+15015Ab^2cx+5005xBb^3+6435Ab^3)}{45045}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(3003Bc^3x^4+3465Ac^3x^3+10395x^3Bbc^2+12285Abc^2x^2+12285x^2Bb^2c+15015Ab^2cx+5005xBb^3+6435Ab^3)}{45045}$
oring	$\frac{2(3003Bc^3x^4+3465Ac^3x^3+10395x^3Bbc^2+12285Abc^2x^2+12285x^2Bb^2c+15015Ab^2cx+5005xBb^3+6435Ab^3)\sqrt{x}}{45045(cx+b)^3}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $\frac{2}{45045}x^{7/2}(3003Bc^3x^4+3465Ac^3x^3+10395Bb^2c^2x^3+12285A^2b^2c^2x^2+12285Bb^2c^2x^2+15015A^2b^2cx+5005Bb^3x+6435A^2b^3)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{45045} (3003 Bc^3x^7 + 6435 Ab^3x^3 + 3465 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^6 + 12285 (Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^5 + 5005 (Bb^3 + 3A^2b^2c)x^4 + 15015 A^2b^2cx + 5005 Bb^3x + 6435 A^2b^3)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{2}{45045}(3003Bc^3x^7 + 6435A^2b^3x^3 + 3465(3Bb^2c^2 + Ac^3)x^6 + 12285(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^5 + 5005(Bb^3 + 3A^2b^2c)x^4)*\text{sqrt}(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2Ab^3x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^2cx^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{6Abc^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{6Bb^2cx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{6Bbc^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{15/2}}{15}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**(1/2),x)`

output $2A^2b^3x^{7/2}/7 + 2A^2b^2cx^{9/2}/3 + 6A^2b^2c^2x^{11/2}/11 + 2A^2c^3x^{13/2}/13 + 2Bb^3x^{9/2}/9 + 6Bb^2cx^{11/2}/11 + 6Bbc^2x^{13/2}/13 + 2Bc^3x^{15/2}/15$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{15} Bc^3 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ab^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{13} (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^{\frac{13}{2}} \\ + \frac{6}{11} (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c) x^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*B*c^3*x^(15/2) + 2/7*A*b^3*x^(7/2) + 2/13*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^(13/2) \\ + 6/11*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^(11/2) + 2/9*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^(9/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{15} Bc^3 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{6}{13} Bbc^2 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{2}{13} Ac^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{6}{11} Bb^2 cx^{\frac{11}{2}} \\ + \frac{6}{11} Abc^2 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Bb^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Ab^2 cx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ab^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*B*c^3*x^(15/2) + 6/13*B*b*c^2*x^(13/2) + 2/13*A*c^3*x^(13/2) + 6/11*B \\ *b^2*c*x^(11/2) + 6/11*A*b*c^2*x^(11/2) + 2/9*B*b^3*x^(9/2) + 2/3*A*b^2*c* \\ x^(9/2) + 2/7*A*b^3*x^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^3}{9} + \frac{2Ac b^2}{3} \right) + x^{13/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^3}{13} + \frac{6Bbc^2}{13} \right) + \frac{2Ab^3 x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bc^3 x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{6bcx^{11/2}(Ac + Bb)}{11}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2),x)`output `x^(9/2)*((2*B*b^3)/9 + (2*A*b^2*c)/3) + x^(13/2)*((2*A*c^3)/13 + (6*B*b*c^2)/13) + (2*A*b^3*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*c^3*x^(15/2))/15 + (6*b*c*x^(11/2)*(A*c + B*b))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} x^3 (3003b c^3 x^4 + 3465a c^3 x^3 + 10395b^2 c^2 x^3 + 12285ab c^2 x^2 + 12285b^3 c x^2 + 15015a b^2 c x + 5005b^4 x)}{45045}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(6435*a*b**3 + 15015*a*b**2*c*x + 12285*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 3465*a*c**3*x**3 + 5005*b**4*x + 12285*b**3*c*x**2 + 10395*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 3003*b*c**3*x**4))/45045`

3.76 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5}Ab^3x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^2(bB+3Ac)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{3}bc(bB+Ac)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}Bc^3x^{13/2}$$

output `2/5*A*b^3*x^(5/2)+2/7*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^(7/2)+2/3*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^(9/2)+2/11*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^(11/2)+2/13*B*c^3*x^(13/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(13A(231b^3+495b^2cx+385bc^2x^2+105c^3x^3)+5Bx(429b^3+1001b^2c+819bc^2x+231c^3x^3))}{15015}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x^(5/2)*(13*A*(231*b^3+495*b^2*c*x+385*b*c^2*x^2+105*c^3*x^3)+5*B*x*(429*b^3+1001*b^2*c*x+819*b*c^2*x+231*c^3*x^3)))/15015`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(Ab^3x^{3/2} + b^2x^{5/2}(3Ac + bB) + c^2x^{9/2}(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^{7/2}(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^{11/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{5}Ab^3x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^2x^{7/2}(3Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{11}c^2x^{11/2}(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{2}{3}bcx^{9/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{13}Bc^3x^{13/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*A*b^3*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^(9/2))/3 + (2*c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^(11/2))/11 + (2*B*c^3*x^(13/2))/13`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(1155Bc^3x^4+1365Ac^3x^3+4095x^3Bbc^2+5005Abc^2x^2+5005x^2Bb^2c+6435Ab^2cx+2145xBb^3+3003Ab^3)}{15015}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ac^3+3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3Abc^2+3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ac^3+3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3Abc^2+3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c+Bb^3)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(1155Bc^3x^4+1365Ac^3x^3+4095x^3Bbc^2+5005Abc^2x^2+5005x^2Bb^2c+6435Ab^2cx+2145xBb^3+3003Ab^3)}{15015}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(1155Bc^3x^4+1365Ac^3x^3+4095x^3Bbc^2+5005Abc^2x^2+5005x^2Bb^2c+6435Ab^2cx+2145xBb^3+3003Ab^3)}{15015}$
orering	$\frac{2(1155Bc^3x^4+1365Ac^3x^3+4095x^3Bbc^2+5005Abc^2x^2+5005x^2Bb^2c+6435Ab^2cx+2145xBb^3+3003Ab^3)(cx^2+bx)}{15015\sqrt{x}(cx+b)^3}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/15015*x^(5/2)*(1155*B*c^3*x^4+1365*A*c^3*x^3+4095*B*b*c^2*x^3+5005*A*b*c
^2*x^2+5005*B*b^2*c*x^2+6435*A*b^2*c*x+2145*B*b^3*x+3003*A*b^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{15015} (1155 Bc^3 x^6 + 3003 Ab^3 x^2 + 1365 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^5 + 5005 (Bb^2 c +$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15015*(1155*B*c^3*x^6 + 3003*A*b^3*x^2 + 1365*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^5 + 5005*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^4 + 2145*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^3)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^3x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{6Ab^2cx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Abc^2x^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^2cx^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{6Bbc^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**(3/2),x)`

output `2*A*b**3*x**(5/2)/5 + 6*A*b**2*c*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*b*c**2*x**(9/2)/3 + 2*A*c**3*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*b**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*b**2*c*x**(9/2)/3 + 6*B*b*c**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*c**3*x**(13/2)/13`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{13} Bc^3 x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^3 x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{11} (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{3} (Bb^2 c + Abc^2) x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7} (Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2 c) x^{7/2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2/13*B*c^3*x^{13/2} + 2/5*A*b^3*x^{5/2} + 2/11*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^{11/2}$
 $+ 2/3*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^{9/2} + 2/7*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^{7/2}$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{13} Bc^3 x^{13/2} + \frac{6}{11} Bbc^2 x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{11} Ac^3 x^{11/2}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} Bb^2 cx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{3} Abc^2 x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7} Bb^3 x^{7/2} + \frac{6}{7} Ab^2 cx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^3 x^{5/2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/13*B*c^3*x^{13/2} + 6/11*B*b*c^2*x^{11/2} + 2/11*A*c^3*x^{11/2} + 2/3*B*$
 $b^2*c*x^{9/2} + 2/3*A*b*c^2*x^{9/2} + 2/7*B*b^3*x^{7/2} + 6/7*A*b^2*c*x^{7/2}$
 $+ 2/5*A*b^3*x^{5/2}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^3}{7} + \frac{6Ac b^2}{7} \right)$$

$$+ x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^3}{11} + \frac{6Bbc^2}{11} \right) + \frac{2Ab^3 x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bc^3 x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2bcx^{9/2}(Ac+Bb)}{3}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x)`

output $x^{7/2}*((2*B*b^3)/7 + (6*A*b^2*c)/7) + x^{11/2}*((2*A*c^3)/11 + (6*B*b*c^2)/11)$
 $+ (2*A*b^3*x^{5/2})/5 + (2*B*c^3*x^{13/2})/13 + (2*b*c*x^{9/2}*(A*c + B*b))/3$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} x^2 (1155b c^3 x^4 + 1365a c^3 x^3 + 4095b^2 c^2 x^3 + 5005ab c^2 x^2 + 5005b^3 c x^2 + 1155b^4 x)}{15015}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(3003*a*b**3 + 6435*a*b**2*c*x + 5005*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 1365*a*c**3*x**3 + 2145*b**4*x + 5005*b**3*c*x**2 + 4095*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 1155*b*c**3*x**4))/15015`

3.77 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	596
Mathematica [A] (verified)	596
Rubi [A] (verified)	597
Maple [A] (verified)	598
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	599
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	599
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	599
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	600
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	600
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	601

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Ab^3x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^2(bB+3Ac)x^{5/2} + \frac{6}{7}bc(bB+Ac)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}Bc^3x^{11/2}$$

output `2/3*A*b^3*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^(5/2)+6/7*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^(7/2)+2/9*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^(9/2)+2/11*B*c^3*x^(11/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}(11A(105b^3+189b^2cx+135bc^2x^2+35c^3x^3)+3Bx(231b^3+495b^2cx-3465))}{3465}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*x^(3/2)*(11*A*(105*b^3+189*b^2*c*x+135*b*c^2*x^2+35*c^3*x^3)+3*B*x*(231*b^3+495*b^2*c*x+385*b*c^2*x^2+105*c^3*x^3)))/3465`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3 dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(Ab^3\sqrt{x} + b^2x^{3/2}(3Ac + bB) + c^2x^{7/2}(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^{5/2}(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^{9/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{3}Ab^3x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^2x^{5/2}(3Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{9}c^2x^{9/2}(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{6}{7}bcx^{7/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{11}Bc^3x^{11/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*A*b^3*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^(5/2))/5 + (6*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*B*c^3*x^(11/2))/11`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(315Bc^3x^4 + 385Ac^3x^3 + 1155x^3Bbc^2 + 1485Abc^2x^2 + 1485x^2Bb^2c + 2079A^2cx + 693xBb^3 + 1155Ab^3)}{3465}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(315Bc^3x^4 + 385Ac^3x^3 + 1155x^3Bbc^2 + 1485Abc^2x^2 + 1485x^2Bb^2c + 2079A^2cx + 693xBb^3 + 1155Ab^3)}{3465}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(315Bc^3x^4 + 385Ac^3x^3 + 1155x^3Bbc^2 + 1485Abc^2x^2 + 1485x^2Bb^2c + 2079A^2cx + 693xBb^3 + 1155Ab^3)}{3465}$
orering	$\frac{2(315Bc^3x^4 + 385Ac^3x^3 + 1155x^3Bbc^2 + 1485Abc^2x^2 + 1485x^2Bb^2c + 2079A^2cx + 693xBb^3 + 1155Ab^3)(cx^2 + bx)^3}{3465x^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx + b)^3}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3465*x^(3/2)*(315*B*c^3*x^4+385*A*c^3*x^3+1155*B*b*c^2*x^3+1485*A*b*c^2*
x^2+1485*B*b^2*c*x^2+2079*A*b^2*c*x+693*B*b^3*x+1155*A*b^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3465} (315 Bc^3 x^5 + 1155 Ab^3 x + 385 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^4 + 1485 (Bb^2 c + Abc^2) x^3 + 693 (Bb^3 + 3Ab^2 c) x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3465*(315*B*c^3*x^5 + 1155*A*b^3*x + 385*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^4 + 1485*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^3 + 693*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{6Ab^2cx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Abc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Bb^2cx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bbc^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**(5/2),x)`

output `2*A*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 6*A*b**2*c*x**(5/2)/5 + 6*A*b*c**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*c**3*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*b**3*x**(5/2)/5 + 6*B*b**2*c*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*b*c**2*x**(9/2)/3 + 2*B*c**3*x**(11/2)/11`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{11} Bc^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Ab^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{6}{7} (Bb^2 c + Abc^2) x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} (Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2 c) x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{2}{11}Bc^3x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{3}A*b^3x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{9}(3B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{7}(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5}(B*b^3 + 3A*b^2*c)x^{5/2}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{11}Bc^3x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{3}Bbc^2x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{9}Ac^3x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{7}Bb^2cx^{7/2} + \frac{6}{7}Abc^2x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5}Bb^3x^{5/2} + \frac{6}{5}Ab^2cx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3}Ab^3x^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{11}Bc^3x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{3}B*b*c^2*x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{9}A*c^3*x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{7}B*b^2*c*x^{7/2} + \frac{6}{7}A*b*c^2*x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5}B*b^3*x^{5/2} + \frac{6}{5}A*b^2*c*x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3}A*b^3*x^{3/2}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^3}{5} + \frac{6Ac b^2}{5} \right) + x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^3}{9} + \frac{2Bb c^2}{3} \right) + \frac{2Ab^3 x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bc^3 x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{6bcx^{7/2}(Ac+Bb)}{7}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2),x)`

output
$$x^{5/2} * ((2*B*b^3)/5 + (6*A*b^2*c)/5) + x^{9/2} * ((2*A*c^3)/9 + (2*B*b*c^2)/3) + (2*A*b^3*x^{3/2})/3 + (2*B*c^3*x^{11/2})/11 + (6*b*c*x^{7/2}*(A*c + B*b))/7$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(315bc^3x^4 + 385ac^3x^3 + 1155b^2c^2x^3 + 1485abc^2x^2 + 1485b^3cx^2 + 2079a^2b^2cx + 1485a^2b^2c^2x^3 + 315b^3c^2x^4)}{3465}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(1155*a*b**3 + 2079*a*b**2*c*x + 1485*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 385*a*c**3*x**3 + 693*b**4*x + 1485*b**3*c*x**2 + 1155*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 315*b*c**3*x**4))/3465`

3.78
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	602
Mathematica [A] (verified)	602
Rubi [A] (verified)	603
Maple [A] (verified)	604
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	605
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	605
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	606
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	606
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	607
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	607

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Ab^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^2(bB+3Ac)x^{3/2} + \frac{6}{5}bc(bB+Ac)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}Bc^3x^{9/2}$$

output `2*A*b^3*x^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)+6/5*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^(5/2)+2/7*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^(7/2)+2/9*B*c^3*x^(9/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{315}\sqrt{x}(9A(35b^3+35b^2cx+21bc^2x^2+5c^3x^3) + Bx(105b^3+189b^2cx+135bc^2x^2+35c^3x^3))$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^(7/2),x]`

output

$$(2\sqrt{x}*(9A*(35b^3 + 35b^2cx + 21b^2c^2x^2 + 5c^3x^3) + Bx*(105b^3 + 189b^2cx + 135b^2c^2x^2 + 35c^3x^3)))/315$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2\sqrt{x}(3Ac + bB) + c^2x^{5/2}(Ac + 3bB) + 3bcx^{3/2}(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^{7/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2Ab^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^2x^{3/2}(3Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{7}c^2x^{7/2}(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{6}{5}bcx^{5/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{9}Bc^3x^{9/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + Bx)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3/x^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$2A*b^3*\sqrt{x} + (2*b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*x^(3/2))/3 + (6*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*c^3*x^(9/2))/9$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
trager	$\left(\frac{2}{9}Bc^3x^4 + \frac{2}{7}Ac^3x^3 + \frac{6}{7}x^3Bbc^2 + \frac{6}{5}Abc^2x^2 + \frac{6}{5}x^2Bb^2c + 2Ab^2cx + \frac{2}{3}xBb^3 + 2Ab^3\right)$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(35Bc^3x^4 + 45Ac^3x^3 + 135x^3Bbc^2 + 189Abc^2x^2 + 189x^2Bb^2c + 315Ab^2cx + 105xBb^3 + 315Ab^3)}{315}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab^3\sqrt{x}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ac^3 + 3Bbc^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(3Ab^2c + Bb^3)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab^3\sqrt{x}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(35Bc^3x^4 + 45Ac^3x^3 + 135x^3Bbc^2 + 189Abc^2x^2 + 189x^2Bb^2c + 315Ab^2cx + 105xBb^3 + 315Ab^3)}{315}$
oring	$\frac{2(35Bc^3x^4 + 45Ac^3x^3 + 135x^3Bbc^2 + 189Abc^2x^2 + 189x^2Bb^2c + 315Ab^2cx + 105xBb^3 + 315Ab^3)(cx^2 + bx)^3}{315x^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx + b)^3}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(2/9*B*c^3*x^4+2/7*A*c^3*x^3+6/7*x^3*B*b*c^2+6/5*A*b*c^2*x^2+6/5*x^2*B*b^2*c+2*A*b^2*c*x+2/3*x*B*b^3+2*A*b^3)*x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{315} (35 Bc^3 x^4 + 315 Ab^3 + 45 (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^3 + 189 (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^2 + 105 (Bb^3 + 3A*b^2*c) x) \sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*B*c^3*x^4 + 315*A*b^3 + 45*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 189*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 105*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Ab^3\sqrt{x} + 2Ab^2cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{6Abc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{6Bb^2cx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Bbc^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
2*A*b**3*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**2*c*x**(3/2) + 6*A*b*c**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*A*c**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 6*B*b**2*c*x**(5/2)/5 + 6*B*b*c**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*c**3*x**(9/2)/9
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bc^3 x^{9/2} + 2 Ab^3 \sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{7} (3 Bbc^2 + Ac^3) x^{7/2} + \frac{6}{5} (Bb^2c + Abc^2) x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} (Bb^3 + 3 Ab^2c) x^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/9*B*c^3*x^(9/2) + 2*A*b^3*sqrt(x) + 2/7*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^(7/2) + 6/5*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bc^3 x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{7} Bbc^2 x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{7} Ac^3 x^{7/2} + \frac{6}{5} Bb^2cx^{5/2} + \frac{6}{5} Abc^2x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} Bb^3x^{3/2} + 2 Ab^2cx^{3/2} + 2 Ab^3\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/9*B*c^3*x^(9/2) + 6/7*B*b*c^2*x^(7/2) + 2/7*A*c^3*x^(7/2) + 6/5*B*b^2*c*x^(5/2) + 6/5*A*b*c^2*x^(5/2) + 2/3*B*b^3*x^(3/2) + 2*A*b^2*c*x^(3/2) + 2*A*b^3*sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Bb^3}{3} + 2Ac b^2 \right) + x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^3}{7} + \frac{6Bbc^2}{7} \right) + 2Ab^3 \sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bc^3 x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{6bcx^{5/2}(Ac + Bb)}{5}$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
x^(3/2)*((2*B*b^3)/3 + 2*A*b^2*c) + x^(7/2)*((2*A*c^3)/7 + (6*B*b*c^2)/7) + 2*A*b^3*x^(1/2) + (2*B*c^3*x^(9/2))/9 + (6*b*c*x^(5/2)*(A*c + B*b))/5
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(35b^3c^3x^4 + 45ab^3c^3x^3 + 135b^2c^2x^3 + 189abc^2x^2 + 189b^3cx^2 + 315ab^2cx)}{315}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*(315*a*b**3 + 315*a*b**2*c*x + 189*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 45*a*c**3*x**3 + 105*b**4*x + 189*b**3*c*x**2 + 135*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 35*b*c**3*x**4))/315
```


3.79 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	608
Mathematica [A] (verified)	608
Rubi [A] (verified)	609
Maple [A] (verified)	610
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	611
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	611
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	611
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	612
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	612
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	613

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2(bB+3Ac)\sqrt{x} + 2bc(bB+Ac)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}c^2(3bB+Ac)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}Bc^3x^{7/2}$$

output `-2*A*b^3/x^(1/2)+2*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)+2*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)+2/5*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^(5/2)+2/7*B*c^3*x^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(7A(-5b^3+15b^2cx+5bc^2x^2+c^3x^3)+Bx(35b^3+35b^2cx+21bc^2x^2+5c^3x^3))}{35\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^3)/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(2*(7*A*(-5*b^3+15*b^2*c*x+5*b*c^2*x^2+c^3*x^3)+B*x*(35*b^3+35*b^2*c*x+21*b*c^2*x^2+5*c^3*x^3)))/(35*sqrt[x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^3}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{\sqrt{x}} + c^2x^{3/2}(Ac + 3bB) + 3bc\sqrt{x}(Ac + bB) + Bc^3x^{5/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2\sqrt{x}(3Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{5}c^2x^{5/2}(Ac + 3bB) + 2bcx^{3/2}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{7}Bc^3x^{7/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^(9/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*b^3)/Sqrt[x] + 2*b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c)*Sqrt[x] + 2*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*x^(3/2) + (2*c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*c^3*x^(7/2))/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(-5Bc^3x^4 - 7Ac^3x^3 - 21x^3Bbc^2 - 35Abc^2x^2 - 35x^2Bb^2c - 105Ab^2cx - 35xBb^3 + 35Ab^3)}{35\sqrt{x}}$
trager	$\frac{2(-5Bc^3x^4 - 7Ac^3x^3 - 21x^3Bbc^2 - 35Abc^2x^2 - 35x^2Bb^2c - 105Ab^2cx - 35xBb^3 + 35Ab^3)}{35\sqrt{x}}$
risch	$\frac{2(-5Bc^3x^4 - 7Ac^3x^3 - 21x^3Bbc^2 - 35Abc^2x^2 - 35x^2Bb^2c - 105Ab^2cx - 35xBb^3 + 35Ab^3)}{35\sqrt{x}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Bbc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2Abc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Bb^2cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Ab^2c\sqrt{x} + 2Bb^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}}$
default	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Bbc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2Abc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Bb^2cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Ab^2c\sqrt{x} + 2Bb^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}}$
orering	$\frac{2(-5Bc^3x^4 - 7Ac^3x^3 - 21x^3Bbc^2 - 35Abc^2x^2 - 35x^2Bb^2c - 105Ab^2cx - 35xBb^3 + 35Ab^3)(cx^2 + bx)^3}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}(cx + b)^3}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(9/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35/x^(1/2)*(-5*B*c^3*x^4-7*A*c^3*x^3-21*B*b*c^2*x^3-35*A*b*c^2*x^2-35*B
*b^2*c*x^2-105*A*b^2*c*x-35*B*b^3*x+35*A*b^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bc^3x^4 - 35Ab^3 + 7(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 35(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + 35(Bb^3 -$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/35*(5*B*c^3*x^4 - 35*A*b^3 + 7*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 35*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 35*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 6Ab^2c\sqrt{x} + 2Abc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2Bb^3\sqrt{x} + 2Bb^2cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{6Bbc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**(9/2),x)`output `-2*A*b**3/sqrt(x) + 6*A*b**2*c*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b*c**2*x**(3/2) + 2*A*c**3*x**
*(5/2)/5 + 2*B*b**3*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b**2*c*x**(3/2) + 6*B*b*c**2*x**(5/2)/5
+ 2*B*c**3*x**(7/2)/7`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7}Bc^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{2Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{5}(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{2}{7}Bc^3x^{7/2} - 2Ab^3/\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5}(3Bb^2c^2 + Ac^3)x^{5/2} + 2(Bb^2c + Ab^2c^2)x^{3/2} + 2(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)\sqrt{x}$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7}Bc^3x^{7/2} + \frac{6}{5}Bbc^2x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{5}Ac^3x^{5/2} + 2Bb^2cx^{3/2} + 2Abc^2x^{3/2} + 2Bb^3\sqrt{x} + 6Ab^2c\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2}{7}Bc^3x^{7/2} + \frac{6}{5}Bb^2c^2x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{5}Ac^3x^{5/2} + 2Bb^2cx^{3/2} + 2Abc^2x^{3/2} + 2Bb^3\sqrt{x} + 6Ab^2c\sqrt{x} - 2Ab^3/\sqrt{x}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \sqrt{x}(2Bb^3 + 6Ac^2b) + x^{5/2}\left(\frac{2Ac^3}{5} + \frac{6Bbc^2}{5}\right) - \frac{2Ab^3}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{7/2}}{7} + 2bcx^{3/2}(Ac + Bb)$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x)`

output $x^{1/2}(2Bb^3 + 6Ab^2c) + x^{5/2}((2Ac^3)/5 + (6Bb^2c^2)/5) - (2Ab^3)/x^{1/2} + (2Bc^3x^{7/2})/7 + 2b^2cx^{3/2}(Ac + Bb)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}bc^3x^4 + \frac{2}{5}ac^3x^3 + \frac{6}{5}b^2c^2x^3 + 2abc^2x^2 + 2b^3cx^2 + 6ab^2cx + 2b^4x - 2ab^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(9/2),x)`output `(2*(- 35*a*b**3 + 105*a*b**2*c*x + 35*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 7*a*c**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x + 35*b**3*c*x**2 + 21*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 5*b*c**3*x**4))/(35*sqrt(x))`

3.80 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	614
Mathematica [A] (verified)	614
Rubi [A] (verified)	615
Maple [A] (verified)	616
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	617
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	617
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	617
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	618
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	618
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	619

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab^3}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2(bB + 3Ac)}{\sqrt{x}} + 6bc(bB + Ac)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}c^2(3bB + Ac)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}Bc^3x^{5/2}$$

output `-2/3*A*b^3/x^(3/2)-2*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^(1/2)+6*b*c*(A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)+2/3*c^2*(A*c+3*B*b)*x^(3/2)+2/5*B*c^3*x^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-10A(b^3 + 9b^2cx - 9bc^2x^2 - c^3x^3) + 6Bx(-5b^3 + 15b^2cx + 5bc^2x^2 + c^3x^3)}{15x^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^(11/2),x]`

output `(-10*A*(b^3 + 9*b^2*c*x - 9*b*c^2*x^2 - c^3*x^3) + 6*B*x*(-5*b^3 + 15*b^2*c*x + 5*b*c^2*x^2 + c^3*x^3))/(15*x^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 9

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(b + cx)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab^3}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b^2(3Ac + bB)}{x^{3/2}} + c^2\sqrt{x}(Ac + 3bB) + \frac{3bc(Ac + bB)}{\sqrt{x}} + Bc^3x^{3/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2Ab^3}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2(3Ac + bB)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}c^2x^{3/2}(Ac + 3bB) + 6bc\sqrt{x}(Ac + bB) + \frac{2}{5}Bc^3x^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^3)/x^(11/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*b^3)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*b^2*(b*B + 3*A*c))/Sqrt[x] + 6*b*c*(b*B + A*c)*Sqrt[x] + (2*c^2*(3*b*B + A*c)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*B*c^3*x^(5/2))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Bbc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Abc^2\sqrt{x} + 6Bb^2c\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b^2(3Ac+Bb)}{\sqrt{x}}$	75
default	$\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Bbc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Abc^2\sqrt{x} + 6Bb^2c\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ab^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b^2(3Ac+Bb)}{\sqrt{x}}$	75
gosper	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^3x^4 - 5Ac^3x^3 - 15x^3Bbc^2 - 45Abc^2x^2 - 45x^2Bb^2c + 45Ab^2cx + 15xBb^3 + 5Ab^3)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	76
trager	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^3x^4 - 5Ac^3x^3 - 15x^3Bbc^2 - 45Abc^2x^2 - 45x^2Bb^2c + 45Ab^2cx + 15xBb^3 + 5Ab^3)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	76
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^3x^4 - 5Ac^3x^3 - 15x^3Bbc^2 - 45Abc^2x^2 - 45x^2Bb^2c + 45Ab^2cx + 15xBb^3 + 5Ab^3)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	76
orering	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^3x^4 - 5Ac^3x^3 - 15x^3Bbc^2 - 45Abc^2x^2 - 45x^2Bb^2c + 45Ab^2cx + 15xBb^3 + 5Ab^3)(cx^2+bx)^3}{15x^{\frac{9}{2}}(cx+b)^3}$	94

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*B*c^3*x^(5/2)+2/3*A*c^3*x^(3/2)+2*B*b*c^2*x^(3/2)+6*A*b*c^2*x^(1/2)+6*
B*b^2*c*x^(1/2)-2/3*A*b^3/x^(3/2)-2*b^2*(3*A*c+B*b)/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bc^3x^4 - 5Ab^3 + 5(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^3 + 45(Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 - 15(Bb^3 +$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*B*c^3*x^4 - 5*A*b^3 + 5*(3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + 45*(B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 - 15*(B*b^3 + 3*A*b^2*c)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab^3}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{6Ab^2c}{\sqrt{x}} + 6Abc^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2Bb^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 6Bb^2c\sqrt{x} + 2Bbc^2x^{3/2} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**3/x**(11/2),x)`

output `-2*A*b**3/(3*x**(3/2)) - 6*A*b**2*c/sqrt(x) + 6*A*b*c**2*sqrt(x) + 2*A*c**3*x**(3/2)/3 - 2*B*b**3/sqrt(x) + 6*B*b**2*c*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b*c**2*x**(3/2) + 2*B*c**3*x**(5/2)/5`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5}Bc^3x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3}(3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^{3/2} + 6(Bb^2c + Abc^2)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Ab^3 + 3(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{2}{5}Bc^3x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3}(3Bb^2c^2 + A^3c^3)x^{3/2} + 6(Bb^2c + Ab^2c^2)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{3}(Ab^3 + 3(Bb^3 + 3Ab^2c)x)/x^{3/2}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5}Bc^3x^{5/2} + 2Bbc^2x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3}Ac^3x^{3/2} + 6Bb^2c\sqrt{x} + 6Abc^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Bb^3x + 9Ab^2cx + Ab^3)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{5}Bc^3x^{5/2} + 2Bb^2c^2x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3}A^3c^3x^{3/2} + 6Bb^2c\sqrt{x} + 6Ab^2c^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{3}(3Bb^3x + 9Ab^2cx + Ab^3)/x^{3/2}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ac^3}{3} + 2Bbc^2 \right) - \frac{x(2Bb^3 + 6Ac^2b^2) + \frac{2Ab^3}{3}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2Bc^3x^{5/2}}{5} + 6bc\sqrt{x}(Ac + Bb)$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2),x)`

output
$$x^{3/2} * ((2Ac^3)/3 + 2Bb^2c^2) - (x(2Bb^3 + 6Ab^2c) + (2Ab^3)/3) / x^{3/2} + (2Bc^3x^{5/2})/5 + 6b^2cx^{1/2}(Ac + Bb)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^3}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}bc^3x^4 + \frac{2}{3}ac^3x^3 + 2b^2c^2x^3 + 6abc^2x^2 + 6b^3cx^2 - 6ab^2cx - 2b^4x - \frac{2}{3}ab^3}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^3/x^(11/2),x)`output `(2*(- 5*a*b**3 - 45*a*b**2*c*x + 45*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 5*a*c**3*x**3 - 15*b**4*x + 45*b**3*c*x**2 + 15*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 3*b*c**3*x**4))/(15*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.81 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	620
Mathematica [A] (verified)	620
Rubi [A] (verified)	621
Maple [A] (verified)	624
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	624
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	625
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	625
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	626
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	626
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	627

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^4} + \frac{2b(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{3c^3} - \frac{2(bB-Ac)x^{5/2}}{5c^2} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7c} + \frac{2b^{5/2}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^4+2/3*b*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^3-2/5*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(5/2)/c^2+2/7*B*x^(7/2)/c+2*b^(5/2)*(-A*c+B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(-105b^3B+35b^2c(3A+Bx)-7bc^2x(5A+3Bx)+3c^3x^2(7A+5Bx))}{105c^4} + \frac{2b^{5/2}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{x}*(-105b^3B + 35b^2c(3A + Bx) - 7b^2c^2x(5A + 3Bx) + 3c^3x^2(7A + 5Bx)))/(105c^4) + (2b^{5/2})(bB - Ac)\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{b}]/c^{9/2}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {9, 90, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{b + cx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - Ac)}{c} \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{b+cx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - Ac)}{c} \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - Ac)}{c} \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{c}$$

73

$$\frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{c}$$

218

$$\frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{c} \right)}{c}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*B*x^(7/2))/(7*c) - ((b*B - A*c)*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*c) - (b*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*c) - (b*((2*sqrt[x])/c - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[b]])/c^(3/2)))/c))/c)/c`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 $\text{Int}[(u_)*(Px_)^{(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Expon}[Px, x, \text{Min}]\}, \text{Simp}[1/e^{(p*r)} \text{Int}[u*(e*x)^{(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum}[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; \text{IGtQ}[r, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Px, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{!MonomialQ}[Px, x]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \&\& \text{!(IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& (\text{!IntegerQ}[n] || (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \&\& \text{!ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{n-1}}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((e_ + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))}, x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(15Bc^3x^3+21Ac^3x^2-21Bbc^2x^2-35Abc^2x+35Bb^2cx+105Ab^2c-105Bb^3)\sqrt{x}}{105c^4} - \frac{2b^3(Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^4\sqrt{bc}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2Bbc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2Abc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^2cx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab^2c\sqrt{x} - 2Bb^3\sqrt{x}}{c^4} - \frac{2b^3(Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^4\sqrt{bc}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bc^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ac^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2Bbc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2Abc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^2cx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab^2c\sqrt{x} - 2Bb^3\sqrt{x}}{c^4} - \frac{2b^3(Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^4\sqrt{bc}}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/105*(15*B*c^3*x^3+21*A*c^3*x^2-21*B*b*c^2*x^2-35*A*b*c^2*x+35*B*b^2*c*x+105*A*b^2*c-105*B*b^3)*x^(1/2)/c^4-2*b^3*(A*c-B*b)/c^4/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \left[-\frac{105(Bb^3 - Ab^2c)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} \log\left(\frac{cx-2c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}-b}{cx+b}\right) - 2(15Bc^3x^3 - 105Bb^3 + 105Ab^2c)}{105c^4} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/105*(105*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*sqrt(-b/c)*log((c*x - 2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) - b)/(c*x + b)) - 2*(15*B*c^3*x^3 - 105*B*b^3 + 105*A*b^2*c - 21*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^2 + 35*(B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/c^4, 2/105*(105*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*sqrt(b/c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/c)/b) + (15*B*c^3*x^3 - 105*B*b^3 + 105*A*b^2*c - 21*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^2 + 35*(B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/c^4]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(\frac{2Ax^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9}}{b} \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7}}{c} \\ -\frac{Ab^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{Ab^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{x}}{c^3} - \frac{2Abx^{3/2}}{3c^2} + \frac{2Ax^{5/2}}{5c} + \frac{Bb^4 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^5 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x), x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9)/b, Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/c, Eq(b, 0)), (-A*b**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c**4*sqrt(-b/c)) + A*b**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c**4*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*A*b**2*sqrt(x)/c**3 - 2*A*b*x**(3/2)/(3*c**2) + 2*A*x**(5/2)/(5*c) + B*b**4*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c**5*sqrt(-b/c)) - B*b**4*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c**5*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*B*b**3*sqrt(x)/c**4 + 2*B*b**2*x**(3/2)/(3*c**3) - 2*B*b*x**(5/2)/(5*c**2) + 2*B*x**(7/2)/(7*c), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(Bb^4 - Ab^3c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^4}} + \frac{2\left(15Bc^3x^{7/2} - 21(Bbc^2 - Ac^3)x^{5/2} + 35(Bb^2c - Abc^2)x^{3/2} - 105(Bb^3 - Ab^2c)\sqrt{x}\right)}{105c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$2*(B*b^4 - A*b^3*c)*\arctan(c*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*c})/(\sqrt{b*c}*c^4) + 2/105*(15*B*c^3*x^{(7/2)} - 21*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^{(5/2)} + 35*(B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x^{(3/2)} - 105*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*\sqrt{x})/c^4$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(Bb^4 - Ab^3c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^4}} + \frac{2\left(15Bc^6x^{7/2} - 21Bbc^5x^{5/2} + 21Ac^6x^{5/2} + 35Bb^2c^4x^{3/2} - 35Abc^5x^{3/2} - 105Bb^3c^3\sqrt{x} + 105Ab^2c^4\sqrt{x}\right)}{105c^7}$$

input

`integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$2*(B*b^4 - A*b^3*c)*\arctan(c*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*c})/(\sqrt{b*c}*c^4) + 2/105*(15*B*c^6*x^{(7/2)} - 21*B*b*c^5*x^{(5/2)} + 21*A*c^6*x^{(5/2)} + 35*B*b^2*c^4*x^{(3/2)} - 35*A*b*c^5*x^{(3/2)} - 105*B*b^3*c^3*\sqrt{x} + 105*A*b^2*c^4*\sqrt{x})/c^7$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2A}{5c} - \frac{2Bb}{5c^2} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7c} + \frac{b^2\sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{c} - \frac{2Bb}{c^2} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{2b^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{5/2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(Ac-Bb)}{Bb^4-Ab^3c}\right) (Ac - Bb)}{c^{9/2}} - \frac{bx^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{c} - \frac{2Bb}{c^2} \right)}{3c}$$

input

`int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output

```
x^(5/2)*((2*A)/(5*c) - (2*B*b)/(5*c^2)) + (2*B*x^(7/2))/(7*c) + (b^2*x^(1/2))*((2*A)/c - (2*B*b)/c^2)/c^2 + (2*b^(5/2)*atan((b^(5/2)*c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))*(A*c - B*b))/(B*b^4 - A*b^3*c))*(A*c - B*b)/c^(9/2) - (b*x^(3/2))*((2*A)/c - (2*B*b)/c^2)/(3*c)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 c + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^4 + 2\sqrt{x} a b^2 c^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{x} a b c^3 x}{3} + 2\sqrt{x} a b^2 c^2}{c^5}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b**2*c + 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**4 + 105*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2 - 35*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x + 21*sqrt(x)*a*c**4*x**2 - 105*sqrt(x)*b**4*c + 35*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x - 21*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*b*c**4*x**3))/(105*c**5)
```

3.82 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	628
Mathematica [A] (verified)	628
Rubi [A] (verified)	629
Maple [A] (verified)	631
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	632
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	632
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	633
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	633
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	634
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	634

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2b(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^3} - \frac{2(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{3c^2} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{2b^{3/2}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2*b*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^3-2/3*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^2+2/5*B*x^(5/2)/c-2*b^(3/2)*(-A*c+B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(15b^2B-5bc(3A+Bx)+c^2x(5A+3Bx))}{15c^3} - \frac{2b^{3/2}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2),x]
```

output

$$(2\sqrt{x}(15b^2B - 5bc(3A + Bx) + c^2x(5A + 3Bx)))/(15c^3) - (2b^{3/2}(bB - Ac)\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{b}]/c^{7/2})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {9, 90, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{b + cx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{90} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - Ac) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{60} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{60} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{73} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{c} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{c} \right)}{c}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*B*x^(5/2))/(5*c) - ((b*B - A*c)*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*c) - (b*((2*Sqrt[x])/c - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/c^(3/2))))/c)/c`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^2 - 5Ac^2x + 5Bbcx + 15Abc - 15Bb^2)\sqrt{x}}{15c^3} + \frac{2b^2(Ac - Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^3\sqrt{bc}}$	76
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Abc\sqrt{x} - Bb^2\sqrt{x}\right)}{c^3} + \frac{2b^2(Ac - Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^3\sqrt{bc}}$	82
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Abc\sqrt{x} - Bb^2\sqrt{x}\right)}{c^3} + \frac{2b^2(Ac - Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^3\sqrt{bc}}$	82

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*(-3*B*c^2*x^2-5*A*c^2*x+5*B*b*c*x+15*A*b*c-15*B*b^2)*x^(1/2)/c^3+2*b
^2*(A*c-B*b)/c^3/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \left[\frac{15(Bb^2 - Abc)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} \log\left(\frac{cx + 2c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} - b}{cx + b}\right) - 2(3Bc^2x^2 + 15Bb^2 - 15Abc - 5(Bbc - Ac^2)x)\sqrt{x}}{15c^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(15(Bb^2 - Abc)\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}}{b}\right) - (3Bc^2x^2 + 15Bb^2 - 15Abc - 5(Bbc - Ac^2)x)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15c^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/15*(15*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*sqrt(-b/c)*log((c*x + 2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) - b)/(c*x + b)) - 2*(3*B*c^2*x^2 + 15*B*b^2 - 15*A*b*c - 5*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/c^3, -2/15*(15*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*sqrt(b/c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/c)/b) - (3*B*c^2*x^2 + 15*B*b^2 - 15*A*b*c - 5*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/c^3]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 4.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\infty} \left(\frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b} \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{c} \\ \frac{Ab^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{Ab^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{2Ab\sqrt{x}}{c^2} + \frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} - \frac{Bb^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{Bb^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/b, Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(
5/2)/5)/c, Eq(b, 0)), (A*b**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c**3*sqrt(-b/c))
- A*b**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c**3*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*A*b*sqrt(x)/c**2
+ 2*A*x**(3/2)/(3*c) - B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c**4*sqrt(-b/c))
+ B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c**4*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*B*b**2*sqrt(x)/c*
*3 - 2*B*b*x**(3/2)/(3*c**2) + 2*B*x**(5/2)/(5*c), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(Bb^3 - Ab^2c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^3}} + \frac{2\left(3Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(Bbc - Ac^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15(Bb^2 - Abc)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^3) + 2/15*(3
*B*c^2*x^(5/2) - 5*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*x^(3/2) + 15*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*sqrt(x))/c
^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(Bb^3 - Ab^2c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^3}} + \frac{2\left(3Bc^4x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5Bbc^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5Ac^4x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15Bb^2c^2\sqrt{x} - 15Abc^3\sqrt{x}\right)}{15c^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-2*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*\arctan(c*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*c})/(\sqrt{b*c}*c^3) + 2/15*(3*B*c^4*x^{5/2} - 5*B*b*c^3*x^{3/2} + 5*A*c^4*x^{3/2} + 15*B*b^2*c^2*\sqrt{x}) - 15*A*b*c^3*\sqrt{x}/c^5$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{3c} - \frac{2Bb}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{2b^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{3/2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(Ac-Bb)}{Bb^3-Ab^2c}\right) (Ac-Bb)}{c^{7/2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{c} - \frac{2Bb}{c^2}\right)}{c}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((x^{5/2}*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2),x)$$

output

$$x^{3/2}*((2*A)/(3*c) - (2*B*b)/(3*c^2)) + (2*B*x^{5/2})/(5*c) - (2*b^{3/2})*\operatorname{atan}((b^{3/2}*c^{1/2}*x^{1/2}*(A*c - B*b))/(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c))*(A*c - B*b)/c^{7/2} - (b*x^{1/2})*((2*A)/c - (2*B*b)/c^2)/c$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) abc - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 - 2\sqrt{x} ab c^2 + \frac{2\sqrt{x} a c^3 x}{3} + 2\sqrt{x} b^3}{c^4}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(x^{5/2}*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)$$

output

$$(2*(15*\sqrt{c})*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c})*\sqrt{b}))*a*b*c - 15*\sqrt{c}*(c)*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c})*\sqrt{b}))*b**3 - 15*\sqrt{x}*a*b*c**2 + 5*\sqrt{x}*a*c**3*x + 15*\sqrt{x}*b**3*c - 5*\sqrt{x}*b**2*c**2*x + 3*\sqrt{x}*(x)*b*c**3*x**2)/(15*c**4)$$

3.83 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	635
Mathematica [A] (verified)	635
Rubi [A] (verified)	636
Maple [A] (verified)	638
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	638
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	639
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	639
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	640
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	640
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	640

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^2} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{b}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(1/2)}/c^2+2/3*B*x^{(3/2)}/c+2*b^{(1/2)}*(-A*c+B*b)*\arctan(c^{(1/2)*x^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})/c^{(5/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(-3bB+3Ac+Bcx)}{3c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{b}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{5/2}}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(x^{(3/2)}*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2),x]$$

output
$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-3*b*B+3*A*c+B*c*x))/(3*c^2) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*(b*B-A*c)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x]/\text{Sqrt}[b]])/c^{(5/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {9, 90, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{b+cx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{90} \\
 & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(bB-Ac)}{c} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{60} \\
 & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(bB-Ac)}{c} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{73} \\
 & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(bB-Ac)}{c} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{218} \\
 & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(bB-Ac)}{c} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*c) - ((b*B - A*c)*((2*sqrt[x])/c - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[b]])/c^(3/2)))/c`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 $\text{Int}[(u_)*(Px_)^{(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Expon}[Px, x, \text{Min}]\}, \text{Simp}[1/e^{(p*r)} \text{Int}[u*(e*x)^{(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum}[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; \text{IGtQ}[r, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Px, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{!MonomialQ}[Px, x]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \&\& \text{!(IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& (\text{!IntegerQ}[n] || (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \&\& \text{!ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))}^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((e_ + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))}, x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(Bcx+3Ac-3Bb)\sqrt{x}}{3c^2} - \frac{2b(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{bc}}$	53
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} - 2Bb\sqrt{x}}{c^2} - \frac{2b(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{bc}}$	58
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} - 2Bb\sqrt{x}}{c^2} - \frac{2b(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{bc}}$	58

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(B*c*x+3*A*c-3*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^2-2*b*(A*c-B*b)/c^2/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \left[-\frac{3(Bb-Ac)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} \log\left(\frac{cx-2c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}-b}{cx+b}\right) - 2(Bcx-3Bb+3Ac)\sqrt{x}}{3c^2}, \frac{2\left(3(Bb-Ac)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}}{b}\right) + (Bc^2x-3Bb+3Ac)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3*(3*(B*b - A*c)*sqrt(-b/c)*log((c*x - 2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) - b)/(c*x + b)) - 2*(B*c*x - 3*B*b + 3*A*c)*sqrt(x))/c^2, 2/3*(3*(B*b - A*c)*sqrt(b/c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/c)/b) + (B*c*x - 3*B*b + 3*A*c)*sqrt(x))/c^2]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \left(2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5}}{b} \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3}}{c} \\ -\frac{Ab \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{Ab \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{x}}{c} + \frac{Bb^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{Bb^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/b, Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/c, Eq(b, 0)), (-A*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + A*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*A*sqrt(x)/c + B*b**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c**3*sqrt(-b/c)) - B*b**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c**3*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*B*b*sqrt(x)/c**2 + 2*B*x**(3/2)/(3*c), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(Bb^2 - Abc) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^2}} + \frac{2\left(Bcx^{3/2} - 3(Bb - Ac)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^2) + 2/3*(B*c*x^(3/2) - 3*(B*b - A*c)*sqrt(x))/c^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(Bb^2 - Abc) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^2}} + \frac{2\left(Bc^2x^{3/2} - 3Bbc\sqrt{x} + 3Ac^2\sqrt{x}\right)}{3c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^2) + 2/3*(B*c^2*x^(3/2) - 3*B*b*c*sqrt(x) + 3*A*c^2*sqrt(x))/c^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{c} - \frac{2Bb}{c^2} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(Ac-Bb)}{Bb^2-Abc}\right) (Ac-Bb)}{c^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2),x)`output `x^(1/2)*((2*A)/c - (2*B*b)/c^2) + (2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*c) + (2*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(A*c - B*b))/(B*b^2 - A*b*c))*(A*c - B*b)/c^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) ac + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2 + 2\sqrt{x}ac^2 - 2\sqrt{x}b^2c + \frac{2\sqrt{x}bc^2}{3}}{c^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2 + 3*sqrt(x)*a*c**2 - 3*sqrt(x)*b**2*c + sqrt(x)*b*c**2*x))/(3*c**3)
```

3.84 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	642
Mathematica [A] (verified)	642
Rubi [A] (verified)	643
Maple [A] (verified)	644
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	645
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	645
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	646
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	646
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	647
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	647

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2(bB - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}^{3/2}}$$

output `2*B*x^(1/2)/c-2*(-A*c+B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2(bB - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[x])/c - (2*(b*B - A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(Sqrt[b]*c^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {9, 90, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{90} \\
 & \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{(bB-Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{73} \\
 & \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2(bB-Ac) \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{218} \\
 & \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[x])/c - (2*(b*B - A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(Sqrt[b]*c^(3/2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} + \frac{2(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc}}$	40
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} + \frac{2(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc}}$	40
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} + \frac{2(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc}}$	40

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2*B*x^{(1/2)}/c+2*(A*c-B*b)/c/(b*c)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(c*x^{(1/2)}/(b*c)^{(1/2)})$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2Bbc\sqrt{x} + (Bb - Ac)\sqrt{-bc} \log\left(\frac{cx-b-2\sqrt{-bc}\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}\right)}{bc^2}, \frac{2\left(Bbc\sqrt{x} + (Bb - Ac)\sqrt{bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{c\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)}{bc^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[(2*B*b*c*\sqrt{x} + (B*b - A*c)*\sqrt{-b*c}*\log((c*x - b - 2*\sqrt{-b*c})*\sqrt{x}))/((c*x + b)))/(b*c^2), 2*(B*b*c*\sqrt{x} + (B*b - A*c)*\sqrt{b*c}*\arctan(\sqrt{b*c}/(c*\sqrt{x})))/(b*c^2)]$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty}\left(-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x}\right) & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge c = 0 \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b} & \text{for } c = 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x}}{c} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{A \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{A \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{Bb \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{Bb \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x)), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/b, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/c, Eq(b, 0)), (A*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c*sqrt(-b/c)) - B*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + B*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/c, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2(Bb - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2*B*sqrt(x)/c - 2*(B*b - A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2(Bb - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*B*sqrt(x)/c - 2*(B*b - A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c} + \frac{2\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)(Ac-Bb)}{\sqrt{b}c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2),x)`output `(2*B*x^(1/2))/c + (2*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(A*c - B*b))/(b^(1/2)*c^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)ac - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2 + 2\sqrt{x}b^2c}{bc^2}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(2*(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2 + sqrt(x)*b**2*c)/(b*c**2)`

3.85 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	648
Mathematica [A] (verified)	648
Rubi [A] (verified)	649
Maple [A] (verified)	650
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	651
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	651
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	652
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	652
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	653
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	653

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(bB - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output `-2*A/b/x^(1/2)+2*(-A*c+B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(bB - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(b*Sqrt[x]) + (2*(b*B - A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[c])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {9, 87, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(b + cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{87} \\
 & \frac{(bB - Ac)}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx - \frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{73} \\
 & \frac{2(bB - Ac)}{b} \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{218} \\
 & \frac{2(bB - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(b*Sqrt[x]) + (2*(b*B - A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[c])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(-Ac+Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc}}$	40
default	$-\frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(-Ac+Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc}}$	40
risch	$-\frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc}}$	40

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-2*A/b/x^{(1/2)}+2*(-A*c+B*b)/b/(b*c)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(c*x^{(1/2)}/(b*c)^{(1/2)})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \left[-\frac{2Abc\sqrt{x} - (Bb - Ac)\sqrt{-bcx} \log\left(\frac{cx-b+2\sqrt{-bc}\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}\right)}{b^2cx}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{2\left(Abc\sqrt{x} + (Bb - Ac)\sqrt{bcx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{c\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)}{b^2cx} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-(2*A*b*c*sqrt(x) - (B*b - A*c)*sqrt(-b*c)*x*log((c*x - b + 2*sqrt(-b*c)*sqrt(x))/(c*x + b)))/(b^2*c*x), -2*(A*b*c*sqrt(x) + (B*b - A*c)*sqrt(b*c)*x*arctan(sqrt(b*c)/(c*sqrt(x))))/(b^2*c*x)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}} \right) & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge c = 0 \\ -\frac{\frac{2A}{3} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}}}{c} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x}}{b} & \text{for } c = 0 \\ -\frac{A \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{A \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{B \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{B \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x)), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/c, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/b, Eq(c, 0)), (-A*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(b*sqrt(-b/c)) + A*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(b*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*A/(b*sqrt(x)) + B*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(c*sqrt(-b/c)) - B*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(c*sqrt(-b/c)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2(Bb - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b} - \frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(B*b - A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b) - 2*A/(b*sqrt(x))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2(Bb - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b} - \frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(B*b - A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b) - 2*A/(b*sqrt(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2B \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2A}{b\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)),x)`output `(2*B*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2)))/b^(1/2)*c^(1/2) - (2*A*c^(1/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2)))/b^(3/2) - (2*A)/(b*x^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)ac + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2 - 2abc}{\sqrt{x}b^2c}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(2*(-sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2 - a*b*c)/(sqrt(x)*b**2*c)`

3.86 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	654
Mathematica [A] (verified)	654
Rubi [A] (verified)	655
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	659

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{3bx^{3/2}} - \frac{2(bB - Ac)}{b^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}(bB - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-2/3*A/b/x^{(3/2)}-2*(-A*c+B*b)/b^2/x^{(1/2)}-2*c^{(1/2)*(-A*c+B*b)*\arctan(c^{(1/2)*x^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}})/b^{(5/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2(Ab + 3bBx - 3Acx)}{3b^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}(bB - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output
$$(-2*(A*b + 3*b*B*x - 3*A*c*x))/(3*b^2*x^{(3/2)}) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(b*B - A*c)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[b]])/b^{(5/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {9, 87, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(b + cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{87} \\
 & \frac{(bB - Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2A}{3bx^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{61} \\
 & \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{3bx^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{73} \\
 & \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{3bx^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{218} \\
 & \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{3bx^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)), x]`

output `(-2*A)/(3*b*x^(3/2)) + ((b*B - A*c)*(-2/(b*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2)))/b`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2c(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{bc}}$	54
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ac+Bb)}{b^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2c(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{bc}}$	57
default	$-\frac{2A}{3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ac+Bb)}{b^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2c(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{bc}}$	57

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(-3*A*c*x+3*B*b*x+A*b)/b^2/x^(3/2)+2*c*(A*c-B*b)/b^2/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx = \left[\begin{aligned} & \frac{3(Bb-Ac)x^2\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} \log\left(\frac{cx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}}-b}{cx+b}\right) + 2(Ab+3(Bb-Ac)x)\sqrt{x}}{3b^2x^2}, \\ & -\frac{2(3(Bb-Ac)x^2\sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{c}{b}}\right) + (Ab+3(Bb-Ac)x)\sqrt{x})}{3b^2x^2} \end{aligned} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3*(3*(B*b - A*c)*x^2*sqrt(-c/b)*log((c*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-c/b) - b)/(c*x + b)) + 2*(A*b + 3*(B*b - A*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*x^2), -2/3*(3*(B*b - A*c)*x^2*sqrt(c/b)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(c/b)) + (A*b + 3*(B*b - A*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*x^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2B}{3x^{3/2}} \right) \\ -\frac{2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2B}{3x^{3/2}} \\ \frac{c}{c} \\ -\frac{2A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}} \\ \frac{b}{b} \\ -\frac{2A}{3bx^{3/2}} + \frac{Ac \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{Ac \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{2Ac}{b^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{B \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{B \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/c, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/b, Eq(c, 0)), (-2*A/(3*b*x**(3/2)) + A*c*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(b**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*c*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(b**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*A*c/(b**2*sqrt(x)) - B*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(b*sqrt(-b/c)) + B*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(b*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*B/(b*sqrt(x)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2(Bbc - Ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^2} - \frac{2(Ab + 3(Bb - Ac)x)}{3b^2x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^2) - 2/3*(A*b + 3*(B*b - A*c)*x)/(b^2*x^(3/2))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2(Bbc - Ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcb^2}} - \frac{2(3Bbx - 3Acx + Ab)}{3b^2x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^2) - 2/3*(3*B*b*x - 3*A*c*x + A*b)/(b^2*x^(3/2))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (Ac - Bb)}{b^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2A}{3b} - \frac{2x(Ac - Bb)}{b^2}}{x^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)),x)`output `(2*c^(1/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(A*c - B*b))/b^(5/2) - ((2*A)/(3*b) - (2*x*(A*c - B*b))/b^2)/x^(3/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) acx - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2x - \frac{2ab^2}{3} + 2abcx - 2b^3x}{\sqrt{x}b^3x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`

output

```
(2*(3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c*x -  
3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*x - a*b  
**2 + 3*a*b*c*x - 3*b**3*x)/(3*sqrt(x)*b**3*x)
```

$$3.87 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	661
Mathematica [A] (verified)	661
Rubi [A] (verified)	662
Maple [A] (verified)	664
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	664
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	665
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	666
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	666
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	667
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	667

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{5bx^{5/2}} - \frac{2(bB-Ac)}{3b^2x^{3/2}} + \frac{2c(bB-Ac)}{b^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2c^{3/2}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*A/b/x^(5/2)-2/3*(-A*c+B*b)/b^2/x^(3/2)+2*c*(-A*c+B*b)/b^3/x^(1/2)+2*c^(3/2)*(-A*c+B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2(5bBx(b-3cx) + A(3b^2 - 5bcx + 15c^2x^2))}{15b^3x^{5/2}} + \frac{2c^{3/2}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(5*b*B*x*(b - 3*c*x) + A*(3*b^2 - 5*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2)))/(15*b^3*x^(5/2)) + (2*c^(3/2)*(b*B - A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(7/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {9, 87, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(b + cx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(bB - Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2A}{5bx^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{5bx^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{5bx^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{5bx^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{5bx^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(5*b*x^(5/2)) + ((b*B - A*c)*(-2/(3*b*x^(3/2)) - (c*(-2/(b*Sqrt[x]) - 2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2))))/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}], Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{5bx^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ac+Bb)}{3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ac-Bb)c}{b^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2c^2(Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{bc}}$	76
default	$-\frac{2A}{5bx^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ac+Bb)}{3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ac-Bb)c}{b^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2c^2(Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{bc}}$	76
risch	$-\frac{2(15Ac^2x^2-15x^2Bbc-5Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)}{15b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2c^2(Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{bc}}$	79

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-\frac{2}{5} \frac{A}{b} x^{-\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{(-Ac+Bb)}{b^2} x^{-\frac{3}{2}} - 2 \frac{(Ac-Bb)c}{b^3} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 2 \frac{c^2(Ac-Bb)}{b^3} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \left[\frac{15(Bbc - Ac^2)x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} \log\left(\frac{cx - 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} - b}{cx + b}\right) + 2(3Ab^2 - 15(Bbc - Ac^2)x^2 + \dots}{15b^3x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/15*(15*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*x^3*sqrt(-c/b)*log((c*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-c/b) - b)/(c*x + b)) + 2*(3*A*b^2 - 15*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*x^3), 2/15*(15*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*x^3*sqrt(c/b)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(c/b)) - (3*A*b^2 - 15*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*x^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 3.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2B}{5x^{5/2}} \right) \\ -\frac{2A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2B}{5x^{5/2}} \\ c \\ -\frac{2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2B}{3x^{3/2}} \\ b \\ -\frac{2A}{5bx^{5/2}} + \frac{2Ac}{3b^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{Ac^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{Ac^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{2Ac^2}{b^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2B}{3bx^{3/2}} + \frac{Bc \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(c*x**2+b*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/c, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/b, Eq(c, 0)), (-2*A/(5*b*x**(5/2)) + 2*A*c/(3*b**2*x**(3/2)) - A*c**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(b**3*sqrt(-b/c)) + A*c**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(b**3*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*A*c**2/(b**3*sqrt(x)) - 2*B/(3*b*x**(3/2)) + B*c*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(b**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - B*c*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(b**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*B*c/(b**2*sqrt(x)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2(Bbc^2 - Ac^3) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^3} - \frac{2(3Ab^2 - 15(Bbc - Ac^2)x^2 + 5(Bb^2 - Abc)x)}{15b^3x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^3) - 2/15*(3*A*b^2 - 15*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*x)/(b^3*x^(5/2))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2(Bbc^2 - Ac^3) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^3} + \frac{2(15Bbcx^2 - 15Ac^2x^2 - 5Bb^2x + 5Abcx - 3Ab^2)}{15b^3x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^3) + 2/15*(15*B*b*c*x^2 - 15*A*c^2*x^2 - 5*B*b^2*x + 5*A*b*c*x - 3*A*b^2)/(b^3*x^(5/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{5b} - \frac{2x(Ac - Bb)}{3b^2} + \frac{2cx^2(Ac - Bb)}{b^3}}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{2c^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (Ac - Bb)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)),x)`output `- ((2*A)/(5*b) - (2*x*(A*c - B*b))/(3*b^2) + (2*c*x^2*(A*c - B*b))/b^3)/x^(5/2) - (2*c^(3/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(A*c - B*b))/b^(7/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2 c x^2 - \frac{2ab^3}{5} + \frac{2ab^2cx}{3}}{\sqrt{x}b^4x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c*x**2 - 3*a*b**3 + 5*a*b**2*c*x - 15*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 5*b**4*x + 15*b**3*c*x**2))/(15*sqrt(x)*b**4*x**2)`

3.88 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	668
Mathematica [A] (verified)	668
Rubi [A] (verified)	669
Maple [A] (verified)	672
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	672
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	673
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	674
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	674
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	675
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	675

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2A}{7bx^{7/2}} - \frac{2(bB-Ac)}{5b^2x^{5/2}} + \frac{2c(bB-Ac)}{3b^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2c^2(bB-Ac)}{b^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2c^{5/2}(bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*A/b/x^(7/2)-2/5*(-A*c+B*b)/b^2/x^(5/2)+2/3*c*(-A*c+B*b)/b^3/x^(3/2)-
*c^2*(-A*c+B*b)/b^4/x^(1/2)-2*c^(5/2)*(-A*c+B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b
(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{-14bBx(3b^2-5bcx+15c^2x^2)+A(-30b^3+42b^2cx-70bc^2x^2+210c^3x^3)}{105b^4x^{7/2}} + \frac{2c^{5/2}(-bB+Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)), x]
```

output

```
(-14*b*B*x*(3*b^2 - 5*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2) + A*(-30*b^3 + 42*b^2*c*x - 70*b*c^2*x^2 + 210*c^3*x^3))/(105*b^4*x^(7/2)) + (2*c^(5/2)*(-(b*B) + A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(9/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {9, 87, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 9 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(b + cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(bB - Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}}}{b} - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2A}{7bx^{7/2}}$$

73

$$(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}}}{b} - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2A}{7bx^{7/2}}$$

218

$$(bB - Ac) \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}}}{b} - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2A}{7bx^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(7*b*x^(7/2)) + ((b*B - A*c)*(-2/(5*b*x^(5/2)) - (c*(-2/(3*b*x^(3/2)) - (c*(-2/(b*sqrt[x]) - (2*sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/b)/b`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{bc}} - \frac{2A}{7bx^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ac+Bb)}{5b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ac-Bb)c}{3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2c^2(Ac-Bb)}{b^4\sqrt{x}}$
default	$\frac{2c^3(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{bc}} - \frac{2A}{7bx^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ac+Bb)}{5b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ac-Bb)c}{3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2c^2(Ac-Bb)}{b^4\sqrt{x}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-105Ac^3x^3+105x^3Bbc^2+35Abc^2x^2-35x^2Bb^2c-21Ab^2cx+21xBb^3+15Ab^3)}{105b^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{2c^3(Ac-Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{bc}}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2c^3(Ac-Bb)}{b^4} \frac{1}{(bc)^{1/2}} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{(bc)^{1/2}}\right) - \frac{2}{7} \frac{A}{b} \frac{1}{x^{7/2}} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{(-Ac+Bb)}{b^2} \frac{1}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{(Ac-Bb)c}{b^3} \frac{1}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^2(Ac-Bb)}{b^4} \frac{1}{x^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)} dx = \left[-\frac{105(Bbc^2 - Ac^3)x^4 \sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} \log\left(\frac{cx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}}-b}{cx+b}\right) + 2(15Ab^3 + 105(Bbc^2 - Ac^3))}{105b^4x^4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2(105(Bbc^2 - Ac^3)x^4 \sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \arctan(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{c}{b}}) + (15Ab^3 + 105(Bbc^2 - Ac^3))x^3 - 35(Bb^2c - Abc^2)x^2 + 21Ab^3)}{105b^4x^4} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/105*(105*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^4*sqrt(-c/b)*log((c*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-c/b) - b)/(c*x + b)) + 2*(15*A*b^3 + 105*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x^4), -2/105*(105*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^4*sqrt(c/b)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(c/b)) + (15*A*b^3 + 105*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 299 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 9.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx + cx^2)} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{2B}{7x^{7/2}} \right) \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{2B}{7x^{7/2}}}{c} \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2B}{5x^{5/2}}}{b} \\ -\frac{2A}{7bx^{7/2}} + \frac{2Ac}{5b^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{2Ac^2}{3b^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{Ac^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b^4 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{Ac^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{b^4 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{2Ac^3}{b^4 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2B}{5bx^{5/2}} + \dots \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(c*x**2+b*x), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/c, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/b, Eq(c, 0)), (-2*A/(7*b*x**(7/2)) + 2*A*c/(5*b**2*x**(5/2)) - 2*A*c**2/(3*b**3*x**(3/2)) + A*c**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(b**4*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*c**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(b**4*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*A*c**3/(b**4*sqrt(x)) - 2*B/(5*b*x**(5/2)) + 2*B*c/(3*b**2*x**(3/2)) - B*c**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(b**3*sqrt(-b/c)) + B*c**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(b**3*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*B*c**2/(b**3*sqrt(x)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2(Bbc^3 - Ac^4) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^4} - \frac{2(15Ab^3 + 105(Bbc^2 - Ac^3)x^3 - 35(Bb^2c - Abc^2)x^2 + 21(Bb^3 - Ab^2c)x)}{105b^4x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*(B*b*c^3 - A*c^4)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^4) - 2/105*(15*A*b^3 + 105*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*x)/(b^4*x^(7/2))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2(Bbc^3 - Ac^4) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^4} - \frac{2(105Bbc^2x^3 - 105Ac^3x^3 - 35Bb^2cx^2 + 35Abc^2x^2 + 21Bb^3x - 21Ab^2cx + 15Ab^3)}{105b^4x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(B*b*c^3 - A*c^4)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^4) - 2/105*(105*B*b*c^2*x^3 - 105*A*c^3*x^3 - 35*B*b^2*c*x^2 + 35*A*b*c^2*x^2 + 21*B*b^3*x - 21*A*b^2*c*x + 15*A*b^3)/(b^4*x^(7/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2c^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (Ac - Bb)}{b^{9/2}} - \frac{\frac{2A}{7b} - \frac{2x(Ac - Bb)}{5b^2} - \frac{2c^2x^3(Ac - Bb)}{b^4} + \frac{2cx^2(Ac - Bb)}{3b^3}}{x^{7/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)),x)`output `(2*c^(5/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(A*c - B*b))/b^(9/2) - ((2*A)/(7*b) - (2*x*(A*c - B*b))/(5*b^2) - (2*c^2*x^3*(A*c - B*b))/b^4 + (2*c*x^2*(A*c - B*b))/(3*b^3))/x^(7/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a^3c^3x^3 - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2c^2x^3 - \frac{2ab^4}{7} + \frac{2ab^3cx}{5}}{\sqrt{x}b^5x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x),x)`output `(2*(105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**3*x**3 - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 15*a*b**4 + 21*a*b**3*c*x - 35*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 105*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 21*b**5*x + 35*b**4*c*x**2 - 105*b**3*c**2*x**3))/(105*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**3)`

3.89
$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	676
Mathematica [A] (verified)	676
Rubi [A] (verified)	677
Maple [A] (verified)	680
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	680
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	682
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	683
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	683
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	684

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b(7bB-5Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^4} - \frac{(7bB-5Ac)x^{3/2}}{3c^3} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c^2} + \frac{(bB-Ac)x^{5/2}}{c^2(b+cx)} - \frac{b^{3/2}(7bB-5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
b*(-5*A*c+7*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^4-1/3*(-5*A*c+7*B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^3+2/5*B*x^(5/2)/c^2+(-A*c+B*b)*x^(5/2)/c^2/(c*x+b)-b^(3/2)*(-5*A*c+7*B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(105b^3B+2c^3x^2(5A+3Bx)-2bc^2x(25A+7Bx)+b^2(-75Ac+70Bcx))}{15c^4(b+cx)} - \frac{b^{3/2}(7bB-5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(105*b^3*B + 2*c^3*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 2*b*c^2*x*(25*A + 7*B*x) + b^2*(-75*A*c + 70*B*c*x))/(15*c^4*(b + c*x)) - (b^(3/2)*(7*b*B - 5*A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/c^(9/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {9, 87, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 9 \\
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(b + cx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{b+cx} dx}{2bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(7bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(7bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(7bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

input `Int[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-(((b*B - A*c)*x^(7/2))/(b*c*(b + c*x))) + ((7*b*B - 5*A*c)*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*c) - (b*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*c) - (b*((2*Sqrt[x])/c - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/c^(3/2)))/c))/c)/(2*b*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 $\text{Int}[(u_)*(Px_)^{(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Expon}[Px, x, \text{Min}]\}, \text{Simp}[1/e^{(p*r)} \text{Int}[u*(e*x)^{(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum}[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; \text{IGtQ}[r, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Px, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{!MonomialQ}[Px, x]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \&\& \text{!(IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& (\text{!IntegerQ}[n] || (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \&\& \text{!ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))}^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((e_ + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{!LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{!(IntegerQ}[n] || \text{!(EqQ}[e, 0] || \text{!(EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	si
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+10Bbcx+30Abc-45Bb^2)\sqrt{x}}{15c^4} + \frac{b^2\left(\frac{2(-\frac{Ac}{2}+\frac{Bb}{2})\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(5Ac-7Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^4}$	99
derivativdivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{2Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Abc\sqrt{x}-3Bb^2\sqrt{x}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{2b^2\left(\frac{(-\frac{Ac}{2}+\frac{Bb}{2})\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(5Ac-7Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^4}$	10
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{2Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Abc\sqrt{x}-3Bb^2\sqrt{x}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{2b^2\left(\frac{(-\frac{Ac}{2}+\frac{Bb}{2})\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(5Ac-7Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^4}$	10

input `int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15*(-3*B*c^2*x^2-5*A*c^2*x+10*B*b*c*x+30*A*b*c-45*B*b^2)*x^(1/2)/c^4+b^2/c^4*(2*(-1/2*A*c+1/2*B*b)*x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)+(5*A*c-7*B*b)/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \left[\frac{15(7Bb^3-5Ab^2c+(7Bb^2c-5Abc^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\log\left(\frac{cx+2c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}-b}{cx+b}\right) - 2(6Bc^3x^3 + 105Bb^3 - 75Ab^2c - 2(7Bb^2c-5Abc^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}}{b}\right) - (6Bc^3x^3 + 105Bb^3 - 75Ab^2c - 2(7Bb^2c-5Abc^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}}{15(c^5x + bc^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/30*(15*(7*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c + (7*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-b/c)*log((c*x + 2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) - b)/(c*x + b)) - 2*(6*B*c^3*x^3 + 105*B*b^3 - 75*A*b^2*c - 2*(7*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(c^5*x + b*c^4), -1/15*(15*(7*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c + (7*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b/c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/c)/b) - (6*B*c^3*x^3 + 105*B*b^3 - 75*A*b^2*c - 2*(7*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(c^5*x + b*c^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 877 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 118.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 877, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.56

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9)/b**2, Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x
**(5/2)/5)/c**2, Eq(b, 0)), (75*A*b**3*c*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b*c
**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 75*A*b**3*c*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b
/c))/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 150*A*b**2*c**2*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 75*A*b**2*c*
**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c
)) - 75*A*b**2*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30
*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 100*A*b*c**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/
c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 20*A*c**4*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b*c**5*sqrt
(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 105*B*b**4*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(30*
b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 105*B*b**4*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(
-b/c))/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 210*B*b**3*c*sqrt(x
)*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 105*B*b**3*c*
x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c))
+ 105*B*b**3*c*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6
*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 140*B*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b*c**5*sqrt(-b/c)
+ 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 28*B*b*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b*c**5*sqrt
(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 12*B*c**4*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b*c**5*
sqrt(-b/c) + 30*c**6*x*sqrt(-b/c)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Bb^3 - Ab^2c)\sqrt{x}}{c^5x + bc^4} - \frac{(7Bb^3 - 5Ab^2c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^4}} + \frac{2\left(3Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(2Bbc - Ac^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15(3Bb^2 - 2Abc)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15c^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*sqrt(x)/(c^5*x + b*c^4) - (7*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*arctan(c
*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^4) + 2/15*(3*B*c^2*x^(5/2) - 5*(2*B*b*c -
A*c^2)*x^(3/2) + 15*(3*B*b^2 - 2*A*b*c)*sqrt(x))/c^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(7Bb^3-5Ab^2c)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^4}} + \frac{Bb^3\sqrt{x}-Ab^2c\sqrt{x}}{(cx+b)c^4} + \frac{2\left(3Bc^8x^{\frac{5}{2}}-10Bbc^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+5Ac^8x^{\frac{3}{2}}+45Bb^2c^6\sqrt{x}-30Abc^7\sqrt{x}\right)}{15c^{10}}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$-(7*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*\arctan(c*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*c})/(\sqrt{b*c}*c^4) + (B*b^3*\sqrt{x} - A*b^2*c*\sqrt{x})/((c*x + b)*c^4) + 2/15*(3*B*c^8*x^{(5/2)} - 10*B*b*c^7*x^{(3/2)} + 5*A*c^8*x^{(3/2)} + 45*B*b^2*c^6*\sqrt{x} - 30*A*b*c^7*\sqrt{x})/c^{10}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{3c^2} - \frac{4Bb}{3c^3} \right) - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2b\left(\frac{2A}{c^2} - \frac{4Bb}{c^3}\right)}{c} + \frac{2Bb^2}{c^4} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Bb^3 - Ab^2c)}{xc^5 + bc^4} - \frac{b^{3/2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{3/2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(5Ac-7Bb)}{7Bb^3-5Ab^2c}\right)(5Ac-7Bb)}{c^{9/2}}$$

input `int((x^(9/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x)`output
$$x^{(3/2)}*((2*A)/(3*c^2) - (4*B*b)/(3*c^3)) - x^{(1/2)}*((2*b*((2*A)/c^2 - (4*B*b)/c^3))/c + (2*B*b^2)/c^4) + (2*B*x^{(5/2)})/(5*c^2) + (x^{(1/2)}*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c))/(b*c^4 + c^5*x) - (b^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{atan}((b^{(3/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}*(5*A*c - 7*B*b))/(7*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c))*(5*A*c - 7*B*b))/c^{(9/2)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{75\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 c + 75\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b c^2 x - 105\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)}{(bx + cx^2)^2}$$

input `int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`output `(75*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b**2*c + 75*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c**2*x - 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**4 - 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3*c*x - 75*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2 - 50*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x + 10*sqrt(x)*a*c**4*x**2 + 105*sqrt(x)*b**4*c + 70*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x - 14*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*b*c**4*x**3)/(15*c**5*(b + c*x))`

3.90 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(5bB-3Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^3} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c^2} + \frac{(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{c^2(b+cx)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(5bB-3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{7/2}}$$

output

$$-(-3A*c+5*B*b)*x^{(1/2)}/c^3+2/3*B*x^{(3/2)}/c^2+(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(3/2)}/c^2/(c*x+b)+b^{(1/2)}*(-3A*c+5*B*b)*\arctan(c^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})/c^{(7/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-15b^2B+bc(9A-10Bx)+2c^2x(3A+Bx))}{3c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(5bB-3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{7/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x}*(-15*b^2*B + b*c*(9*A - 10*B*x) + 2*c^2*x*(3*A + B*x)))/(3*c^3*(b + c*x)) + (\sqrt{b}*(5*b*B - 3*A*c)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{b}])/c^{7/2}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {9, 87, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(b + cx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(5bB - 3Ac) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{b+cx} dx}{2bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(5bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(5bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{(5bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(5bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
-(((b*B - A*c)*x^(5/2))/(b*c*(b + c*x))) + ((5*b*B - 3*A*c)*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*c) - (b*((2*Sqrt[x])/c - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/c^(3/2))))/c)/(2*b*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```



```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(Bcx+3Ac-6Bb)\sqrt{x}}{3c^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2(-\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2})\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(3Ac-5Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c^3}$	77
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} - 4Bb\sqrt{x}}{c^3} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2})\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(3Ac-5Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c^3}$	82
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} - 4Bb\sqrt{x}}{c^3} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2})\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(3Ac-5Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c^3}$	82

```
input int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(B*c*x+3*A*c-6*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^3-b/c^3*(2*(-1/2*A*c+1/2*B*b)*x^(1/2)/(c
*x+b)+(3*A*c-5*B*b)/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \left[\frac{3(5Bb^2 - 3Abc + (5Bbc - 3Ac^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} \log\left(\frac{cx - 2c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} - b}{cx + b}\right) - 2(2Bc^2x^2 - 15Bb^2 + 9A^2b^2)}{6(c^4x + bc^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*(5*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c + (5*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-b/c)*log((c*x - 2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) - b)/(c*x + b)) - 2*(2*B*c^2*x^2 - 15*B*b^2 + 9*A*b*c - 2*(5*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(c^4*x + b*c^3), 1/3*(3*(5*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c + (5*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b/c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/c)/b) + (2*B*c^2*x^2 - 15*B*b^2 + 9*A*b*c - 2*(5*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(c^4*x + b*c^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 762 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 54.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 762, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.11

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/b**2, Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/c**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-9*A*b**2*c*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 9*A*b**2*c*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 18*A*b*c**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 9*A*b*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 9*A*b*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 12*A*c**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 15*B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 15*B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 30*B*b**2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 15*B*b**2*c*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 15*B*b**2*c*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 20*B*b*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 4*B*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b*c**4*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*c**5*x*sqrt(-b/c)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(Bb^2 - Abc)\sqrt{x}}{c^4x + bc^3} + \frac{(5Bb^2 - 3Abc) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^3}} + \frac{2(Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(2Bb - Ac)\sqrt{x})}{3c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*sqrt(x)/(c^4*x + b*c^3) + (5*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^3) + 2/3*(B*c*x^(3/2) - 3*(2*B*b - A*c)*sqrt(x))/c^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(5Bb^2-3Abc) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^3}} - \frac{Bb^2\sqrt{x}-Abc\sqrt{x}}{(cx+b)c^3} + \frac{2\left(Bc^4x^{3/2}-6Bbc^3\sqrt{x}+3Ac^4\sqrt{x}\right)}{3c^6}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(5*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^3) - (B*b^2*s
qrt(x) - A*b*c*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)*c^3) + 2/3*(B*c^4*x^(3/2) - 6*B*b*c^3*s
qrt(x) + 3*A*c^4*sqrt(x))/c^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{c^2} - \frac{4Bb}{c^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Bb^2-Abc)}{xc^4+bc^3} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(3Ac-5Bb)}{5Bb^2-3Abc}\right)}{c^{7/2}} (3Ac-5Bb)$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x)`output `x^(1/2)*((2*A)/c^2 - (4*B*b)/c^3) - (x^(1/2)*(B*b^2 - A*b*c))/(b*c^3 + c^4
*x) + (2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*c^2) + (b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(3*A*
c - 5*B*b))/(5*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c))*(3*A*c - 5*B*b))/c^(7/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-9\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) abc - 9\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^2 x + 15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`output `(- 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c - 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**2*x + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c*x + 9*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x - 15*sqrt(x)*b**3*c - 10*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**2*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b*c**3*x**2)/(3*c**4*(b + c*x))`

3.91 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	693
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2} + \frac{(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^2(b+cx)} - \frac{(3bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}^{5/2}}$$

output $2*B*x^{(1/2)}/c^2+(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(1/2)}/c^2/(c*x+b)-(-A*c+3*B*b)*\arctan(c^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)}/c^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(3bB-Ac+2Bcx)}{c^2(b+cx)} + \frac{(-3bB+Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}^{5/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(x^{(5/2)}*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x]$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(3*b*B-A*c+2*B*c*x))/(c^2*(b+c*x))+((-3*b*B+A*c)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[b]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c^{(5/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {9, 87, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(b+cx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{87} \\
 & \frac{(3bB-Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx}{2bc} - \frac{x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{bc(b+cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{60} \\
 & \frac{(3bB-Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{bc(b+cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{73} \\
 & \frac{(3bB-Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{bc(b+cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{218} \\
 & \frac{(3bB-Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{bc(b+cx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output
$$-\left(\frac{(bB - Ac)x^{3/2}}{b*c*(b + cx)}\right) + \left(\frac{(3bB - Ac)*(2\sqrt{x})/c - (2\sqrt{b}*\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{b}]}{c^{3/2}}\right)/(2b*c)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9
$$\text{Int}[(u_*)*(Px_)^{(p_*)}*((e_*)*(x_))^{(m_*)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{r = \text{Expon}[Px, x, \text{Min}]\}, \text{Simp}[1/e^{(p*r)} \text{ Int}[u*(e*x)^{(m + p*r)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; \text{IGtQ}[r, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Px, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{!MonomialQ}[Px, x]$$

rule 60
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_))^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_))^{(n_*)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0])) \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_))^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_))^{(n_*)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_))*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_))^{(n_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)*(x_))^{(p_*)}, x_] \text{ :> Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{!LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{!(IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{!(EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{!(EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n]))}))$$

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(Ac-3Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{bc}}$	62
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(Ac-3Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{bc}}$	63
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ac}{2} + \frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(Ac-3Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{bc}}$	63

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*B*x^(1/2)/c^2+1/c^2*(2*(-1/2*A*c+1/2*B*b)*x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)+(A*c-3*B*b)/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\left[(3Bb^2 - Abc + (3Bbc - Ac^2)x)\sqrt{-bc} \log\left(\frac{cx-b-2\sqrt{-bc}\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}\right) + 2(2Bbc^2x + 3Bb^2c) \right]}{2(bc^4x + b^2c^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((3*B*b^2 - A*b*c + (3*B*b*c - A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-b*c)*log((c*x - b - 2*sqrt(-b*c)*sqrt(x))/(c*x + b)) + 2*(2*B*b*c^2*x + 3*B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*sqrt(x))/(b*c^4*x + b^2*c^3), ((3*B*b^2 - A*b*c + (3*B*b*c - A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b*c)*arctan(sqrt(b*c)/(c*sqrt(x))) + (2*B*b*c^2*x + 3*B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*sqrt(x))/(b*c^4*x + b^2*c^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 634 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 30.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 634, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.57

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^2} \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2} \\ \frac{Abc \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2bc^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2c^4x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{Abc \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2bc^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2c^4x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{2Ac^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}}{2bc^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2c^4x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{Ac^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2bc^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2c^4x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{Ac^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2bc^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2c^4x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x)), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*x
**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/b**2, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))
/c**2, Eq(b, 0)), (A*b*c*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) +
2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*b*c*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c)
) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*A*c**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c)
) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + A*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b*c**3*sq
rt(-b/c) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b*
c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 3*B*b**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c)
)/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 3*B*b**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqr
t(-b/c))/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 6*B*b*c*sqrt(x)*sqr
t(-b/c)/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 3*B*b*c*x*log(sqrt(x)
) - sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 3*B*b*c*x*lo
g(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 4*B*
c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(2*b*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c)), True
))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Bb-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^3x+bc^2} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2} - \frac{(3Bb-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(B*b - A*c)*sqrt(x)/(c^3*x + b*c^2) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/c^2 - (3*B*b - A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2} - \frac{(3Bb-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcc^2}} + \frac{Bb\sqrt{x} - Ac\sqrt{x}}{(cx+b)c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*sqrt(x)/c^2 - (3*B*b - A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^2) + (B*b*sqrt(x) - A*c*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)*c^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ac-Bb)}{xc^3+bc^2} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)(Ac-3Bb)}{\sqrt{b}c^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

$$(2*B*x^{(1/2)})/c^2 - (x^{(1/2)}*(A*c - B*b))/(b*c^2 + c^3*x) + (atan((c^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)})*(A*c - 3*B*b))/(b^{(1/2)}*c^{(5/2)})$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) abc + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^2 x - 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 - 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 - 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3}{b c^3 (cx + b)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(x^{(5/2)}*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2, x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\operatorname{atan}((\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*c)/(\operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b))))*a*b*c + \operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\operatorname{atan}((\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*c)/(\operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b))))*a*c**2*x - 3*\operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\operatorname{atan}((\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*c)/(\operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b))))*b**3 - 3*\operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\operatorname{atan}((\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*c)/(\operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b))))*b**2*c*x - \operatorname{sqrt}(x)*a*b*c**2 + 3*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*b**3*c + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*b**2*c**2*x)/(b*c**3*(b + c*x)) \end{aligned}$$

3.92 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	700
Rubi [A] (verified)	701
Maple [A] (verified)	702
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	703
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	703
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	704
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	705
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	705
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	705

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{bc(b+cx)} + \frac{(bB+Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

$$-(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(1/2)}/b/c/(c*x+b)+(A*c+B*b)*\arctan(c^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}/c^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(-bB+Ac)\sqrt{x}}{bc(b+cx)} + \frac{(bB+Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$((-b*B) + A*c)*\text{Sqrt}[x]/(b*c*(b + c*x)) + ((b*B + A*c)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[b]])/(b^{(3/2)}*c^{(3/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {9, 87, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(b + cx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(Ac + bB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{2bc} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{(Ac + bB) \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{bc} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{(Ac + bB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{bc(b + cx)}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-(((b*B - A*c)*Sqrt[x])/(b*c*(b + c*x))) + ((b*B + A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(b^(3/2)*c^(3/2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(Ac-Bb)\sqrt{x}}{bc(cx+b)} + \frac{(Ac+Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{bc\sqrt{bc}}$	57
default	$\frac{(Ac-Bb)\sqrt{x}}{bc(cx+b)} + \frac{(Ac+Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{bc\sqrt{bc}}$	57

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(A*c-B*b)/b/c*x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)+(A*c+B*b)/b/c/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \left[-\frac{(Bb^2 + Abc + (Bbc + Ac^2)x)\sqrt{-bc} \log\left(\frac{cx-b-2\sqrt{-bc}\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}\right) + 2(Bb^2c - Abc^2)\sqrt{x}}{2(b^2c^3x + b^3c^2)}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(Bb^2 + Abc + (Bbc + Ac^2)x)\sqrt{bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{c\sqrt{x}}\right) + (Bb^2c - Abc^2)\sqrt{x}}{b^2c^3x + b^3c^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*((B*b^2 + A*b*c + (B*b*c + A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-b*c)*log((c*x - b - 2*sqrt(-b*c)*sqrt(x))/(c*x + b)) + 2*(B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*c^3*x + b^3*c^2), -(B*b^2 + A*b*c + (B*b*c + A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b*c)*arctan(sqrt(b*c)/(c*sqrt(x))) + (B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*c^3*x + b^3*c^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 15.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.61

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3}}{b^2} \\ -\frac{2A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}} \\ \frac{2}{c^2} \\ \frac{Abc \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2b^2c^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2bc^3x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} - \frac{Abc \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2b^2c^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2bc^3x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{2Ac^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}}{2b^2c^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2bc^3x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} + \frac{Ac^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2b^2c^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} + 2bc^3x\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x)), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/b**2, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/c**2, Eq(b, 0)), (A*b*c*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*b*c*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*A*c**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + A*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + B*b**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - B*b**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*B*b*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) + B*b*c*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)) - B*b*c*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**2*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(Bb - Ac)\sqrt{x}}{bc^2x + b^2c} + \frac{(Bb + Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}c}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*b - A*c)*sqrt(x)/(b*c^2*x + b^2*c) + (B*b + A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b*c)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Bb+Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}bc} - \frac{Bb\sqrt{x} - Ac\sqrt{x}}{(cx+b)bc}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(B*b + A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b*c) - (B*b*sqrt(x) - A*c*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)*b*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (Ac+Bb)}{b^{3/2}c^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ac-Bb)}{bc(b+cx)}$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `(atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(A*c + B*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^(3/2)) + (x^(1/2)* (A*c - B*b))/(b*c*(b + c*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) abc + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^2 x + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3}{b^2 c^2 (cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**2*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c*x + sqrt(x)*a*b*c**2 - sqrt(x)*b**3*c)/(b**2*c**2*(b + c*x))
```

3.93 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	707
Rubi [A] (verified)	708
Maple [A] (verified)	710
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	710
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	711
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	712
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	712
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	712
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	713

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{b^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^2(b+cx)} + \frac{(bB-3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

$$-2*A/b^2/x^{(1/2)}+(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(1/2)}/b^2/(c*x+b)+(-3*A*c+B*b)*\arctan(c^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}/c^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2Ab+bBx-3Acx}{b^2\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} + \frac{(bB-3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input

Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^2,x]

output

$(-2*A*b+b*B*x-3*A*c*x)/(b^2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(b+c*x)) + ((b*B-3*A*c)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x)]/\text{Sqrt}[b])/(b^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[c])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {9, 87, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\
 & \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & -\frac{(bB-3Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)} dx}{2bc} - \frac{bB-Ac}{bc\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & -\frac{(bB-3Ac) \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB-Ac}{bc\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{(bB-3Ac) \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB-Ac}{bc\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & -\frac{(bB-3Ac) \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB-Ac}{bc\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$-\frac{(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{x}(b + cx)} - \frac{(bB - 3Ac)(-2/(b\sqrt{x}) - (2\sqrt{c}\operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{b}))/b^{3/2}}{2bc}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_)*(Px_)^(p_)*((e_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 61

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0]
|| (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d,
m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p
_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ac}{2}-\frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}+\frac{(3Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^2}-\frac{2A}{b^2\sqrt{x}}$	64
default	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ac}{2}-\frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}+\frac{(3Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{b^2}-\frac{2A}{b^2\sqrt{x}}$	64
risch	$-\frac{2A}{b^2\sqrt{x}}-\frac{\frac{2\left(\frac{Ac}{2}-\frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}+\frac{(3Ac-Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}}}{b^2}$	64

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/b^2*((1/2*A*c-1/2*B*b)*x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)+1/2*(3*A*c-B*b)/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2)))-2*A/b^2/x^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\left(\left(Bbc-3Ac^2\right)x^2+\left(Bb^2-3Abc\right)x\right)\sqrt{-bc}\log\left(\frac{cx-b+2\sqrt{-bc}\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}\right)-2\left(2Ab^2c-\left(Bb^2c-3Abc^2\right)x\right)\sqrt{x}}{2\left(b^3c^2x^2+b^4cx\right)}, \right.$$

$$\left. -\frac{\left(\left(Bbc-3Ac^2\right)x^2+\left(Bb^2-3Abc\right)x\right)\sqrt{bc}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{c\sqrt{x}}\right)+\left(2Ab^2c-\left(Bb^2c-3Abc^2\right)x\right)\sqrt{x}}{b^3c^2x^2+b^4cx} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*((B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(-b*c)*log((c*x -
b + 2*sqrt(-b*c)*sqrt(x))/(c*x + b)) - 2*(2*A*b^2*c - (B*b^2*c - 3*A*b*c^2
)*x)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^4*c*x), -(((B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^2 -
3*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(b*c)*arctan(sqrt(b*c)/(c*sqrt(x))) + (2*A*b^2*c - (B*b^2
*c - 3*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^4*c*x)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 794 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 9.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)
), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/b**2, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*
B/(3*x**(3/2)))/c**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-3*A*b*c*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c
)))/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 3*A*b
*c*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b**2
*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 4*A*b*c*sqrt(-b/c)/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/
c) + 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 3*A*c**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sq
rt(-b/c))/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c))
+ 3*A*c**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)
+ 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 6*A*c**2*x*sqrt(-b/c)/(2*b**3*c*sqrt
(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + B*b**2*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt
(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt
(-b/c)) - B*b**2*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt
(-b/c) + 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + B*b*c*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - s
qrt(-b/c))/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c))
- B*b*c*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) +
2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*B*b*c*x*sqrt(-b/c)/(2*b**3*c*sqrt(x)
*sqrt(-b/c) + 2*b**2*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)), True))
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2Ab - (Bb - 3Ac)x}{b^2cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + b^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(Bb - 3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(2*A*b - (B*b - 3*A*c)*x)/(b^2*c*x^(3/2) + b^3*sqrt(x)) + (B*b - 3*A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(Bb - 3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^2} + \frac{Bbx - 3Acx - 2Ab}{(cx^{\frac{3}{2}} + b\sqrt{x})b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(B*b - 3*A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^2) + (B*b*x - 3*A*c*x - 2*A*b)/((c*x^(3/2) + b*sqrt(x))*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{b} + \frac{x(3Ac-Bb)}{b^2}}{b\sqrt{x} + cx^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)(3Ac - Bb)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
- ((2*A)/b + (x*(3*A*c - B*b))/b^2)/(b*x^(1/2) + c*x^(3/2)) - (atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(3*A*c - B*b))/(b^(5/2)*c^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)abc - 3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)ac^2x + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3 + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{x}b^3c(cx + b)}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c -
3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**2*x + s
qrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3 + sqrt(x)*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c*x - 2*a*b**2*c
- 3*a*b*c**2*x + b**3*c*x)/(sqrt(x)*b**3*c*(b + c*x))
```

3.94 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	714
Mathematica [A] (verified)	714
Rubi [A] (verified)	715
Maple [A] (verified)	717
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	718
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	718
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	719
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	720
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	720
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	721

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{3b^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(bB-2Ac)}{b^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{c(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^3(b+cx)} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(3bB-5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

output

$$-2/3*A/b^2/x^{(3/2)}-2*(-2*A*c+B*b)/b^3/x^{(1/2)}-c*(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(1/2)}/b^3/(c*x+b)-c^{(1/2)}*(-5*A*c+3*B*b)*\arctan(c^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})/b^{(7/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-3bBx(2b+3cx)+A(-2b^2+10bcx+15c^2x^2)}{3b^3x^{3/2}(b+cx)} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(-3bB+5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-3bBx(2b + 3cx) + A(-2b^2 + 10bcx + 15c^2x^2))/(3b^3x^{3/2}(b + cx)) + (\sqrt{c}(-3bB + 5Ac) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{b})/b^{7/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {9, 87, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 9 \\ & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(b + cx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(3bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(b+cx)} dx}{2bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{3/2}(b + cx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & -\frac{(3bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{3/2}(b + cx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & -\frac{(3bB - 5Ac) \left(c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{3/2}(b + cx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{3/2}(b + cx)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(3bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{3/2}(b + cx)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output `-((b*B - A*c)/(b*c*x^(3/2)*(b + c*x))) - ((3*b*B - 5*A*c)*(-2/(3*b*x^(3/2)) - (c*(-2/(b*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2))))/b)/(2*b*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-6Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{c \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{Ac}{2} - \frac{Bb}{2} \right) \sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(5Ac-3Bb) \arctan \left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^3}$	77
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ac}{2} - \frac{Bb}{2} \right) \sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(5Ac-3Bb) \arctan \left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^3} - \frac{2A}{3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ac+Bb)}{b^3\sqrt{x}}$	81
default	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ac}{2} - \frac{Bb}{2} \right) \sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(5Ac-3Bb) \arctan \left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^3} - \frac{2A}{3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ac+Bb)}{b^3\sqrt{x}}$	81

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(-6*A*c*x+3*B*b*x+A*b)/b^3/x^(3/2)+1/b^3*c*(2*(1/2*A*c-1/2*B*b)*x^(1/
2)/(c*x+b)+(5*A*c-3*B*b)/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3((3Bbc - 5Ac^2)x^3 + (3Bb^2 - 5Abc)x^2)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} \log\left(\frac{cx + 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} - b}{cx + b}\right) + 2(2Ab^2 + 3(3Bbc - 5Ac^2)x^2)}{6(b^3cx^3 + b^4x^2)} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{3((3Bbc - 5Ac^2)x^3 + (3Bb^2 - 5Abc)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{c}{b}}\right) + (2Ab^2 + 3(3Bbc - 5Ac^2)x^2 + 2(3Bb^2 - 5Abc)x)\sqrt{x}}{3(b^3cx^3 + b^4x^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*((3*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*x^3 + (3*B*b^2 - 5*A*b*c)*x^2)*sqrt(-c/b)*log((c*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-c/b) - b)/(c*x + b)) + 2*(2*A*b^2 + 3*(3*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*b^2 - 5*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*c*x^3 + b^4*x^2), -1/3*(3*((3*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*x^3 + (3*B*b^2 - 5*A*b*c)*x^2)*sqrt(c/b)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(c/b)) + (2*A*b^2 + 3*(3*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*b^2 - 5*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*c*x^3 + b^4*x^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 882 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 11.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 882, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)
), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/b**2, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2))
- 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/c**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-4*A*b**2*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)
*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 15*A*b*c*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt
(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/
c)) - 15*A*b*c*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b
/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 20*A*b*c*x*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)
*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 15*A*c**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt
(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b
/c)) - 15*A*c**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(
-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 30*A*c**2*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b**4*
x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 9*B*b**2*x**(3/2)*lo
g(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sq
rt(-b/c)) + 9*B*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)*s
qrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 12*B*b**2*x*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b**4
*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 9*B*b*c*x**(5/2)*lo
g(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sq
rt(-b/c)) + 9*B*b*c*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(6*b**4*x**(3/2)*sq
rt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 18*B*b*c*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)/(6*b**
4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 6*b**3*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2Ab^2 + 3(3Bbc - 5Ac^2)x^2 + 2(3Bb^2 - 5Abc)x}{3(b^3cx^{\frac{5}{2}} + b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}})} - \frac{(3Bbc - 5Ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcb^3}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/3*(2*A*b^2 + 3*(3*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*b^2 - 5*A*b*c)*x)/(b^3*
c*x^(5/2) + b^4*x^(3/2)) - (3*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))
/(sqrt(b*c)*b^3)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(3Bbc - 5Ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^3} - \frac{Bbc\sqrt{x} - Ac^2\sqrt{x}}{(cx + b)b^3} - \frac{2(3Bbx - 6Acx + Ab)}{3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(3*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^3) - (B*b*c*sqrt(x) - A*c^2*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)*b^3) - 2/3*(3*B*b*x - 6*A*c*x + A*b)/(b^3*x^(3/2))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{2x(5Ac - 3Bb)}{3b^2} - \frac{2A}{3b} + \frac{cx^2(5Ac - 3Bb)}{b^3}}{bx^{3/2} + cx^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (5Ac - 3Bb)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2),x)`output `((2*x*(5*A*c - 3*B*b))/(3*b^2) - (2*A)/(3*b) + (c*x^2*(5*A*c - 3*B*b))/b^3)/(b*x^(3/2) + c*x^(5/2)) + (c^(1/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(5*A*c - 3*B*b))/b^(7/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)abcx + 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2c^2x^2 - 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3x - 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3x - 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3x - 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3x}{3\sqrt{x}b^4x(cx + b)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c*x +
15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**2*x**2
- 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3*x -
9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c*x**2
- 2*a*b**3 + 10*a*b**2*c*x + 15*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 6*b**4*x - 9*b**3*c*x**2)/
(3*sqrt(x)*b**4*x*(b + c*x))
```

3.95 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{5b^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(bB-2Ac)}{3b^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{2c(2bB-3Ac)}{b^4\sqrt{x}}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^4(b+cx)} + \frac{c^{3/2}(5bB-7Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*A/b^2/x^(5/2)-2/3*(-2*A*c+B*b)/b^3/x^(3/2)+2*c*(-3*A*c+2*B*b)/b^4/x^(1/2)+c^2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(c*x+b)+c^(3/2)*(-7*A*c+5*B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{5bBx(-2b^2+10bcx+15c^2x^2)-A(6b^3-14b^2cx+70bc^2x^2+105c^3x^3)}{15b^4x^{5/2}(b+cx)}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/2}(5bB-7Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output $(5*b*B*x*(-2*b^2 + 10*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2) - A*(6*b^3 - 14*b^2*c*x + 70*b*c^2*x^2 + 105*c^3*x^3))/(15*b^4*x^(5/2)*(b + c*x)) + (c^(3/2)*(5*b*B - 7*A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(9/2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {9, 87, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 9 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (b + cx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(5bB - 7Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(b+cx)} dx}{2bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{5/2}(b + cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(5bB - 7Ac) \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{5/2}(b + cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(5bB - 7Ac) \left(-\frac{c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}} \right)}{2bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{5/2}(b + cx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 61 \\ (5bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{c \left(\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}}}{b} \right) \\ \hline 2bc \end{array} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{5/2}(b + cx)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 73 \\ (5bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{c \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}}}{b} \right) - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}}}{b} \right) \\ \hline 2bc \end{array} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{5/2}(b + cx)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 218 \\ (5bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{c \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}}}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}}}{b} \right) \right) \\ \hline 2bc \end{array} - \frac{bB - Ac}{bcx^{5/2}(b + cx)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output `-((b*B - A*c)/(b*c*x^(5/2)*(b + c*x))) - ((5*b*B - 7*A*c)*(-2/(5*b*x^(5/2))) - (c*(-2/(3*b*x^(3/2))) - (c*(-2/(b*sqrt[x]) - (2*sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2))))/b))/(2*b*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ac}{2} - \frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(7Ac-5Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^4} - \frac{2A}{5b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ac+Bb)}{3b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2c(3Ac-2Bb)}{b^4 \sqrt{x}}$	101
default	$\frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ac}{2} - \frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(7Ac-5Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^4} - \frac{2A}{5b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ac+Bb)}{3b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2c(3Ac-2Bb)}{b^4 \sqrt{x}}$	101
risch	$-\frac{2(45A c^2 x^2 - 30x^2 Bbc - 10Abcx + 5xB b^2 + 3b^2 A)}{15b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{c^2 \left(\frac{2\left(\frac{Ac}{2} - \frac{Bb}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{cx+b} + \frac{(7Ac-5Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^4}$	103

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/b^4*c^2*((1/2*A*c-1/2*B*b)*x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)+1/2*(7*A*c-5*B*b)/(b*c)^(1/2))*\arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))-2/5*A/b^2/x^(5/2)-2/3*(-2*A*c+B*b)/b^3/x^(3/2)-2*c*(3*A*c-2*B*b)/b^4/x^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \left[\frac{15((5Bbc^2 - 7Ac^3)x^4 + (5Bb^2c - 7Abc^2)x^3)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} \log\left(\frac{cx - 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} - b}{cx+b}\right) + 2}{30(b^4} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/30*(15*((5*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^4 + (5*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-c/b)*log((c*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-c/b) - b)/(c*x + b)) + 2*(6*A*b^3 - 15*(5*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^3 - 10*(5*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*c*x^4 + b^5*x^3), 1/15*(15*((5*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^4 + (5*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(c/b)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(c/b)) - (6*A*b^3 - 15*(5*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^3 - 10*(5*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*c*x^4 + b^5*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1017 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 21.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1017, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**2,x)
```


output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)
), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/b**2, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(
9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/c**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-12*A*b**3*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b**5
*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 28*A*b**2*c*x*sqrt
(-b/c)/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 105
*A*b*c**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)
+ 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 105*A*b*c**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqr
t(-b/c))/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 1
40*A*b*c**2*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7
/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 105*A*c**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b**5*x
**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 105*A*c**3*x**(7/2)*
log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)
)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 210*A*c**3*x**3*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) +
30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 20*B*b**3*x*sqrt(-b/c)/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*
sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 75*B*b**2*c*x**(5/2)*log(sqr
t(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(
-b/c)) - 75*B*b**2*c*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*
sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 100*B*b**2*c*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)
/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30*b**4*c*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 75*B*b*c*
**2*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(30*b**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 30...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{6Ab^3 - 15(5Bbc^2 - 7Ac^3)x^3 - 10(5Bb^2c - 7Abc^2)x^2 + 2(5Bb^3 - 7Ab^2c)x}{15(b^4cx^{\frac{7}{2}} + b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}})}$$

$$+ \frac{(5Bbc^2 - 7Ac^3) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcb^4}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-1/15*(6*A*b^3 - 15*(5*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^3 - 10*(5*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*x)/(b^4*c*x^(7/2) + b^5*x^(5/2)) + (5*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^4)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(5 Bbc^2 - 7 Ac^3) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}b^4} + \frac{Bbc^2\sqrt{x} - Ac^3\sqrt{x}}{(cx + b)b^4} + \frac{2(30 Bbcx^2 - 45 Ac^2x^2 - 5 Bb^2x + 10 Abcx - 3 Ab^2)}{15b^4x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$(5*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^4) + (B*b*c^2*sqrt(x) - A*c^3*sqrt(x))/(c*x + b)*b^4 + 2/15*(30*B*b*c*x^2 - 45*A*c^2*x^2 - 5*B*b^2*x + 10*A*b*c*x - 3*A*b^2)/(b^4*x^(5/2))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{5b} - \frac{2x(7Ac-5Bb)}{15b^2} + \frac{c^2x^3(7Ac-5Bb)}{b^4} + \frac{2cx^2(7Ac-5Bb)}{3b^3}}{bx^{5/2} + cx^{7/2}} - \frac{c^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (7Ac - 5Bb)}{b^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^2),x)
```

output

$$-((2*A)/(5*b) - (2*x*(7*A*c - 5*B*b))/(15*b^2) + (c^2*x^3*(7*A*c - 5*B*b))/b^4 + (2*c*x^2*(7*A*c - 5*B*b))/(3*b^3))/(b*x^(5/2) + c*x^(7/2)) - (c^(3/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(7*A*c - 5*B*b))/b^(9/2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{x} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) ab c^2 x^2 - 105\sqrt{x} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^3 x^3 + 75\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^2,x)`output `(- 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c*
*2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*
a*c**3*x**3 + 75*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)
))*b**3*c*x**2 + 75*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(b)))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 6*a*b**4 + 14*a*b**3*c*x - 70*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 10
5*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 10*b**5*x + 50*b**4*c*x**2 + 75*b**3*c**2*x**3)/(15*sqrt
(x)*b**5*x**2*(b + c*x))`

3.96 $\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	731
Rubi [A] (verified)	732
Maple [A] (verified)	736
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	736
Sympy [F(-1)]	737
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	737
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	738
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	738
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	739

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{7b(9bB-5Ac)\sqrt{x}}{4c^5} - \frac{7(9bB-5Ac)x^{3/2}}{12c^4} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c^3} + \frac{(bB-Ac)x^{7/2}}{2c^2(b+cx)^2} + \frac{(11bB-7Ac)x^{5/2}}{4c^3(b+cx)} - \frac{7b^{3/2}(9bB-5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c^{11/2}}$$

output

```
7/4*b*(-5*A*c+9*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^5-7/12*(-5*A*c+9*B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^4+2/5*B*x^(5/2)/c^3+1/2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(7/2)/c^2/(c*x+b)^2+1/4*(-7*A*c+11*B*b)*x^(5/2)/c^3/(c*x+b)-7/4*b^(3/2)*(-5*A*c+9*B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(945b^4B-525b^3c(A-3Bx)+8c^4x^3(5A+3Bx)-8bc^3x^2(35A+9Bx)+7b^2c^5)}{60c^5(b+cx)^2} - \frac{7b^{3/2}(9bB-5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(13/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(945*b^4*B - 525*b^3*c*(A - 3*B*x) + 8*c^4*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 8*b*c^3*x^2*(35*A + 9*B*x) + 7*b^2*c^2*x*(-125*A + 72*B*x)))/(60*c^5*(b + c*x)^2) - (7*b^{3/2}*(9*b*B - 5*A*c)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[b]])/(4*c^{11/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {9, 87, 51, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{13/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(b + cx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{87} \\
 & \frac{(9bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(b+cx)^2} dx}{4bc} - \frac{x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{51} \\
 & \frac{(9bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{b+cx} dx}{2c} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{60}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(9bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

60

$$\frac{(9bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

60

$$\frac{(9bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

73

$$(9bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2c} \right) - \frac{x^{7/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2}$$

218

$$(9bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2c} \right) - \frac{x^{7/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2}$$

input `Int[(x^(13/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((b*B - A*c)*x^(9/2))/(b*c*(b + c*x)^2) + ((9*b*B - 5*A*c)*(-(x^(7/2)/(c*(b + c*x))) + (7*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*c) - (b*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*c) - (b*((2*Sqrt[x])/c - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/c^3/2)))/c))/c)/(4*b*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`
- rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+15Bbcx+45Abc-90Bb^2)\sqrt{x}}{15c^5} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{2(-\frac{13}{8}Ac^2+\frac{17}{8}Bbc)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(11Ac-15Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{7(5Ac-9Bb)}{c^5} \right)}{c^5}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3Abc\sqrt{x} - 6Bb^2\sqrt{x} \right)}{c^5} + \frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{(-\frac{13}{8}Ac^2+\frac{17}{8}Bbc)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(11Ac-15Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{7(5Ac-9Bb)}{c^5} \right)}{c^5}$
default	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3Abc\sqrt{x} - 6Bb^2\sqrt{x} \right)}{c^5} + \frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{(-\frac{13}{8}Ac^2+\frac{17}{8}Bbc)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(11Ac-15Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{7(5Ac-9Bb)}{c^5} \right)}{c^5}$

input `int(x^(13/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{2}{15}(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+15Bbcx+45Abc-90Bb^2)x^{1/2}/c^5+b^2/c^5(2*((-13/8*Ac^2+17/8*Bbc)*x^{3/2}-1/8*b*(11*Ac-15*Bb)*x^{1/2}))/((cx+b)^2+7/4*(5*Ac-9*Bb)/(b*c)^{1/2}*arctan(c*x^{1/2}/(b*c)^{1/2}))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \left[\frac{105(9Bb^4-5Ab^3c+(9Bb^2c^2-5Abc^3)x^2+2(9Bb^3c-5Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} \log\left(\frac{bx+cx^2}{b}\right)}{60(c^7x^2+2b^2cx+2b^3)} - \frac{105(9Bb^4-5Ab^3c+(9Bb^2c^2-5Abc^3)x^2+2(9Bb^3c-5Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{c}}}{b}\right) - (24Bc^4x^4+24Bc^3x^3+24Bc^2x^2+24Bcx+24B)}{60(c^7x^2+2b^2cx+2b^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(13/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/120*(105*(9*B*b^4 - 5*A*b^3*c + (9*B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(9*B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-b/c)*log((c*x + 2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) - b)/(c*x + b)) - 2*(24*B*c^4*x^4 + 945*B*b^4 - 525*A*b^3*c - 8*(9*B*b*c^3 - 5*A*c^4)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + 175*(9*B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(c^7*x^2 + 2*b*c^6*x + b^2*c^5), -1/60*(105*(9*B*b^4 - 5*A*b^3*c + (9*B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(9*B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b/c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/c)/b) - (24*B*c^4*x^4 + 945*B*b^4 - 525*A*b^3*c - 8*(9*B*b*c^3 - 5*A*c^4)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + 175*(9*B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(c^7*x^2 + 2*b*c^6*x + b^2*c^5)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(13/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(17 Bb^3c - 13 Ab^2c^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + (15 Bb^4 - 11 Ab^3c)\sqrt{x}}{4(c^7x^2 + 2bc^6x + b^2c^5)} - \frac{7(9 Bb^3 - 5 Ab^2c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcc^5}} + \frac{2\left(3 Bc^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(3 Bbc - Ac^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45(2 Bb^2 - Abc)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15c^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(13/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{17Bb^3c - 13Ab^2c^2}{(bx + cx^2)^3} x^{3/2} + \frac{15Bb^4 - 11Ab^3c}{(c^7x^2 + 2b^6cx + b^2c^5)} \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{7}{4} \cdot \frac{(9Bb^3 - 5Ab^2c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}c^5} + \frac{2}{15} \cdot \frac{(3Bc^2x^{5/2} - 5(3Bb^3c - Ab^2c^2)x^{3/2} + 45(2Bb^2 - Ab^2c)\sqrt{x})}{c^5}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{7(9Bb^3 - 5Ab^2c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}c^5} + \frac{17Bb^3cx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 13Ab^2c^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15Bb^4\sqrt{x} - 11Ab^3c\sqrt{x}}{4(cx + b)^2c^5} + \frac{2\left(3Bc^{12}x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15Bbc^{11}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5Ac^{12}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 90Bb^2c^{10}\sqrt{x} - 45Abc^{11}\sqrt{x}\right)}{15c^{15}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(13/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-\frac{7}{4} \cdot \frac{(9Bb^3 - 5Ab^2c) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}c^5} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(17Bb^3cx^{3/2} - 13Ab^2c^2x^{3/2} + 15Bb^4\sqrt{x} - 11Ab^3c\sqrt{x})}{(cx + b)^2c^5} + \frac{2}{15} \cdot \frac{(3Bc^{12}x^{5/2} - 15Bbc^{11}x^{3/2} + 5Ac^{12}x^{3/2} + 90Bb^2c^{10}\sqrt{x} - 45Abc^{11}\sqrt{x})}{c^{15}}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{3c^3} - \frac{2Bb}{c^4} \right) - \frac{x^{3/2} \left(\frac{13Ab^2c^2}{4} - \frac{17Bb^3c}{4} \right) - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{15Bb^4}{4} - \frac{11Ab^3c}{4} \right)}{b^2c^5 + 2b^6cx + c^7x^2} - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2A}{c^3} - \frac{6Bb}{c^4} \right) + \frac{6Bb^2}{c^5}}{c} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5c^3} - \frac{7b^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^{3/2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(5Ac - 9Bb)}{9Bb^3 - 5Ab^2c}\right) (5Ac - 9Bb)}{4c^{11/2}}$$

input `int((x^(13/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output $x^{3/2} * ((2*A)/(3*c^3) - (2*B*b)/c^4) - (x^{3/2} * ((13*A*b^2*c^2)/4 - (17*B*b^3*c)/4) - x^{1/2} * ((15*B*b^4)/4 - (11*A*b^3*c)/4)) / (b^2*c^5 + c^7*x^2 + 2*b*c^6*x) - x^{1/2} * ((3*b*((2*A)/c^3 - (6*B*b)/c^4))/c + (6*B*b^2)/c^5) + (2*B*x^{5/2})/(5*c^3) - (7*b^{3/2} * atan((b^{3/2}*c^{1/2}*x^{1/2}*(5*A*c - 9*B*b))/(9*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)) * (5*A*c - 9*B*b)) / (4*c^{11/2})$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{x^{13/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{525\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^3 c + 1050\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 c^2 x + 525\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b c^3 x^2 - 945\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^5 - 1890\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^4 c x - 945\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 c^2 x^2 - 875\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 c^3 x - 280\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b c^4 x^2 + 40\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^5 x^3 + 945\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^5 c + 1575\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^4 c^2 x + 504\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 c^3 x^2 - 72\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2 c^4 x^3 + 24\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^5 x^4}{(60*c^6*(b^2 + 2*b*c*x + c^2*x^2))}$$

input `int(x^(13/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`

output $(525*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * a*b^3*c + 1050*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * a*b^2*c^2*x + 525*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * a*b*c^3*x^2 - 945*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * b^5 - 1890*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * b^4*c*x - 945*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * b^3*c^2*x^2 - 875*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * a*b^2*c^3*x - 280*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * a*b*c^4*x^2 + 40*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * a*c^5*x^3 + 945*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * b^5*c + 1575*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * b^4*c^2*x + 504*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * b^3*c^3*x^2 - 72*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * b^2*c^4*x^3 + 24*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}*c)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{b})) * b*c^5*x^4 / (60*c^6*(b^2 + 2*b*c*x + c^2*x^2))$

3.97 $\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	740
Mathematica [A] (verified)	740
Rubi [A] (verified)	741
Maple [A] (verified)	744
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	744
Sympy [F(-1)]	745
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	745
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	746
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	746
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	747

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{5(7bB-3Ac)\sqrt{x}}{4c^4} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c^3} + \frac{(bB-Ac)x^{5/2}}{2c^2(b+cx)^2} + \frac{(9bB-5Ac)x^{3/2}}{4c^3(b+cx)} + \frac{5\sqrt{b}(7bB-3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-5/4*(-3*A*c+7*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^4+2/3*B*x^(3/2)/c^3+1/2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(5/2)/c^2/(c*x+b)^2+1/4*(-5*A*c+9*B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^3/(c*x+b)+5/4*b^(1/2)*(-3*A*c+7*B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-105b^3B+bc^2x(75A-56Bx)+5b^2c(9A-35Bx)+8c^3x^2(3A+Bx))}{12c^4(b+cx)^2} + \frac{5\sqrt{b}(7bB-3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(11/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(-105*b^3*B + b*c^2*x*(75*A - 56*B*x) + 5*b^2*c*(9*A - 35*B*x) + 8*c^3*x^2*(3*A + B*x)))/(12*c^4*(b + c*x)^2) + (5*Sqrt[b]*(7*b*B - 3*A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*c^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {9, 87, 51, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 9 \\
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(b + cx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 3Ac) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(b+cx)^2} dx}{4bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{b+cx} dx}{2c} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(7bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(7bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(7bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

input `Int[(x^(11/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((b*B - A*c)*x^(7/2))/(b*c*(b + c*x)^2) + ((7*b*B - 3*A*c)*(-(x^(5/2)/(c*(b + c*x))) + (5*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*c) - (b*((2*sqrt[x])/c - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[b]])/c^(3/2)))/c))/(2*c)))/(4*b*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 $\text{Int}[(u_)*(Px_)^{(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Expon}[Px, x, \text{Min}]\}, \text{Simp}[1/e^{(p*r)} \text{Int}[u*(e*x)^{(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum}[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; \text{IGtQ}[r, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Px, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !\text{MonomialQ}[Px, x]$
- rule 51 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \&\& !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] || (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((e_ + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b*e - a*f))*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n])))))$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(Bcx+3Ac-9Bb)\sqrt{x}}{3c^4} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2\left(-\frac{9}{8}Ac^2 + \frac{13}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(7Ac-11Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{5(3Ac-7Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c^4}$	98
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} - 6Bb\sqrt{x}}{c^4} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}Ac^2 + \frac{13}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(7Ac-11Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{5(3Ac-7Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c^4}$	102
default	$\frac{\frac{2Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{x} - 6Bb\sqrt{x}}{c^4} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}Ac^2 + \frac{13}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(7Ac-11Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{5(3Ac-7Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c^4}$	102

input `int(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(B*c*x+3*A*c-9*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^4-b/c^4*(2*((-9/8*A*c^2+13/8*B*b*c)*x^(3/2)-1/8*b*(7*A*c-11*B*b)*x^(1/2))/(c*x+b)^2+5/4*(3*A*c-7*B*b)/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \left[\frac{15(7Bb^3 - 3Ab^2c + (7Bbc^2 - 3Ac^3)x^2 + 2(7Bb^2c - 3Abc^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}} \log\left(\frac{cx - \dots}{\dots}\right)}{24} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(15*(7*B*b^3 - 3*A*b^2*c + (7*B*b*c^2 - 3*A*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*b^2*c - 3*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-b/c)*log((c*x - 2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) - b)/(c*x + b)) - 2*(8*B*c^3*x^3 - 105*B*b^3 + 45*A*b^2*c - 8*(7*B*b*c^2 - 3*A*c^3)*x^2 - 25*(7*B*b^2*c - 3*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(c^6*x^2 + 2*b*c^5*x + b^2*c^4) , 1/12*(15*(7*B*b^3 - 3*A*b^2*c + (7*B*b*c^2 - 3*A*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*b^2*c - 3*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b/c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/c)/b) + (8*B*c^3*x^3 - 105*B*b^3 + 45*A*b^2*c - 8*(7*B*b*c^2 - 3*A*c^3)*x^2 - 25*(7*B*b^2*c - 3*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(c^6*x^2 + 2*b*c^5*x + b^2*c^4)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(13Bb^2c - 9Abc^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + (11Bb^3 - 7Ab^2c)\sqrt{x}}{4(c^6x^2 + 2bc^5x + b^2c^4)} + \frac{5(7Bb^2 - 3Abc) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcc^4}} + \frac{2\left(Bcx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(3Bb - Ac)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3c^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*((13*B*b^2*c - 9*A*b*c^2)*x^(3/2) + (11*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(x))/(c^6*x^2 + 2*b*c^5*x + b^2*c^4) + 5/4*(7*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^4) + 2/3*(B*c*x^(3/2) - 3*(3*B*b - A*c)*sqrt(x))/c^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{5(7Bb^2-3Abc)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcc^4}} - \frac{13Bb^2cx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 9Abc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 11Bb^3\sqrt{x} - 7Ab^2c\sqrt{x}}{4(cx+b)^2c^4} + \frac{2\left(Bc^6x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 9Bbc^5\sqrt{x} + 3Ac^6\sqrt{x}\right)}{3c^9}$$

input `integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/4*(7*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^4) - 1/4*(13*B*b^2*c*x^(3/2) - 9*A*b*c^2*x^(3/2) + 11*B*b^3*sqrt(x) - 7*A*b^2*c*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)^2*c^4) + 2/3*(B*c^6*x^(3/2) - 9*B*b*c^5*sqrt(x) + 3*A*c^6*sqrt(x))/c^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{x^{3/2}\left(\frac{9Abc^2}{4} - \frac{13Bb^2c}{4}\right) - \sqrt{x}\left(\frac{11Bb^3}{4} - \frac{7Ab^2c}{4}\right)}{b^2c^4 + 2bc^5x + c^6x^2} + \sqrt{x}\left(\frac{2A}{c^3} - \frac{6Bb}{c^4}\right) + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3c^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(3Ac-7Bb)}{7Bb^2-3Abc}\right)(3Ac-7Bb)}{4c^{9/2}}$$

input `int((x^(11/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(x^(3/2)*((9*A*b*c^2)/4 - (13*B*b^2*c)/4) - x^(1/2)*((11*B*b^3)/4 - (7*A*b^2*c)/4))/(b^2*c^4 + c^6*x^2 + 2*b*c^5*x) + x^(1/2)*((2*A)/c^3 - (6*B*b)/c^4) + (2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*c^3) + (5*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(3*A*c - 7*B*b))/(7*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c))*(3*A*c - 7*B*b))/(4*c^(9/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 c - 90\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) ab c^2 x - 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)}{(bx + cx^2)^3}$$

input `int(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`output `(- 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b**2*c - 90*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c**2*x - 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**3*x**2 + 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**4 + 210*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3*c*x + 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 45*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2 + 75*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x + 24*sqrt(x)*a*c**4*x**2 - 105*sqrt(x)*b**4*c - 175*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x - 56*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x)*b*c**4*x**3)/(12*c**5*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))`

3.98
$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	748
Mathematica [A] (verified)	748
Rubi [A] (verified)	749
Maple [A] (verified)	751
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	752
Sympy [F(-1)]	752
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^3} + \frac{(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{2c^2(b+cx)^2} + \frac{(7bB-3Ac)\sqrt{x}}{4c^3(b+cx)} - \frac{3(5bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2*B*x^(1/2)/c^3+1/2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^2/(c*x+b)^2+1/4*(-3*A*c+7*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^3/(c*x+b)-3/4*(-A*c+5*B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(15b^2B-3Abc+25bBcx-5Ac^2x+8Bc^2x^2)}{4c^3(b+cx)^2} - \frac{3(5bB-Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(15*b^2*B - 3*A*b*c + 25*b*B*c*x - 5*A*c^2*x + 8*B*c^2*x^2))/(4*c^3*(b + c*x)^2) - (3*(5*b*B - A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*c^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {9, 87, 51, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\
 & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(b + cx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{87} \\
 & \frac{(5bB - Ac) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(b+cx)^2} dx}{4bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{51} \\
 & \frac{(5bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b+cx} dx}{2c} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{60} \\
 & \frac{(5bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(5bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}$$

input `Int[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((b*B - A*c)*x^(5/2))/(b*c*(b + c*x)^2) + ((5*b*B - A*c)*(-(x^(3/2)/(c*(b + c*x)))) + (3*((2*sqrt[x])/c - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[b]])/c^(3/2)))/(2*c)))/(4*b*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^3} + \frac{2\left(\left(-\frac{5}{8}Ac^2 + \frac{9}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(3Ac-7Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8}\right)}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{3(Ac-5Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}}$	83
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^3} + \frac{2\left(\left(-\frac{5}{8}Ac^2 + \frac{9}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(3Ac-7Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8}\right)}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{3(Ac-5Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}}$	83
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^3} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{5}{8}Ac^2 + \frac{9}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b(3Ac-7Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{3(Ac-5Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}}$	83

input `int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2*B*x^{(1/2)}/c^3+2/c^3*(((-5/8*A*c^2+9/8*B*b*c)*x^{(3/2)}-1/8*b*(3*A*c-7*B*b)*x^{(1/2)})/(c*x+b)^2+3/8*(A*c-5*B*b)/(b*c)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(c*x^{(1/2)/(b*c)^{(1/2)})$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(5Bb^3 - Ab^2c + (5Bbc^2 - Ac^3)x^2 + 2(5Bb^2c - Abc^2)x)\sqrt{-bc} \log\left(\frac{cx-b-2\sqrt{-bc}\sqrt{x}}{cx+b}\right) + 2(8B^2b^3c^2 - 15B^2b^3c - 3A^2b^2c^2 + 5(5B^2b^2c^2 - Ab^2c^3)x)\sqrt{x}}{8(bc^6x^2 + 2b^2c^5x + b^3c^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[1/8*(3*(5*B*b^3 - A*b^2*c + (5*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{-b*c}*\log((c*x - b - 2*\sqrt{-b*c})*\sqrt{x})/(c*x + b)) + 2*(8*B*b*c^3*x^2 + 15*B*b^3*c - 3*A*b^2*c^2 + 5*(5*B*b^2*c^2 - A*b*c^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(b*c^6*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*x + b^3*c^4), 1/4*(3*(5*B*b^3 - A*b^2*c + (5*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{b*c}*\arctan(\sqrt{b*c}/(c*\sqrt{x})) + (8*B*b*c^3*x^2 + 15*B*b^3*c - 3*A*b^2*c^2 + 5*(5*B*b^2*c^2 - A*b*c^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(b*c^6*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*x + b^3*c^4)]$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(9Bbc-5Ac^2)x^{3/2} + (7Bb^2-3Abc)\sqrt{x}}{4(c^5x^2+2bc^4x+b^2c^3)} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^3} - \frac{3(5Bb-Ac)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcc^3}}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*((9*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*x^(3/2) + (7*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*sqrt(x))/(c^5*x^2 + 2*b*c^4*x + b^2*c^3) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/c^3 - 3/4*(5*B*b - A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^3} - \frac{3(5Bb-Ac)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcc^3}} + \frac{9Bbcx^{3/2} - 5Ac^2x^{3/2} + 7Bb^2\sqrt{x} - 3Abc\sqrt{x}}{4(cx+b)^2c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*sqrt(x)/c^3 - 3/4*(5*B*b - A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*c^3) + 1/4*(9*B*b*c*x^(3/2) - 5*A*c^2*x^(3/2) + 7*B*b^2*sqrt(x) - 3*A*b*c*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)^2*c^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \left(\frac{7Bb^2}{4} - \frac{3Abc}{4} \right) - x^{3/2} \left(\frac{5Ac^2}{4} - \frac{9Bbc}{4} \right)}{b^2 c^3 + 2bc^4 x + c^5 x^2} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^3} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (Ac - 5Bb)}{4\sqrt{b}c^{7/2}}$$

input `int((x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `(x^(1/2)*((7*B*b^2)/4 - (3*A*b*c)/4) - x^(3/2)*((5*A*c^2)/4 - (9*B*b*c)/4))/(b^2*c^3 + c^5*x^2 + 2*b*c^4*x) + (2*B*x^(1/2))/c^3 + (3*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(A*c - 5*B*b))/(4*b^(1/2)*c^(7/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 c + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a b c^2 x + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^3}{(bx+cx^2)^3}$$

input `int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`output `(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b**2*c + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c**2*x + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**3*x**2 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**4 - 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3*c*x - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2 - 5*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x + 15*sqrt(x)*b**4*c + 25*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**3*x**2)/(4*b*c**4*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))`

3.99
$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	755
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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	758
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	760
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	760
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	760
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	761

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(bB - Ac)\sqrt{x}}{2c^2(b+cx)^2} - \frac{(5bB - Ac)\sqrt{x}}{4bc^2(b+cx)} + \frac{(3bB + Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^{5/2}}$$

output `1/2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^2/(c*x+b)^2-1/4*(-A*c+5*B*b)*x^(1/2)/b/c^2/(c*x+b)+1/4*(A*c+3*B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x}(3b^2B + Abc + 5bBcx - Ac^2x)}{4bc^2(b+cx)^2} + \frac{(3bB + Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[x]*(3*b^2*B + A*b*c + 5*b*B*c*x - A*c^2*x))/(b*c^2*(b + c*x)^2) + ((3*b*B + A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(3/2)*c^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {9, 87, 51, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(b+cx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(Ac+3bB) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(b+cx)^2} dx}{4bc} - \frac{x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{(Ac+3bB) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{(Ac+3bB) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x}}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(Ac+3bB) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc^{3/2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{c(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{2bc(b+cx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((b*B - A*c)*x^(3/2))/(b*c*(b + c*x)^2) + ((3*b*B + A*c)*(-(Sqrt[x]/(
c*(b + c*x)))) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]]/(Sqrt[b]*c^(3/2)))/(4*b
*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 51

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(Ac-5Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4bc} - \frac{(Ac+3Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4c^2}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{(Ac+3Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4c^2b\sqrt{bc}}$	79
default	$\frac{\frac{(Ac-5Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4bc} - \frac{(Ac+3Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4c^2}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{(Ac+3Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4c^2b\sqrt{bc}}$	79

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(1/8*(A*c-5*B*b)/b/c*x^(3/2)-1/8*(A*c+3*B*b)/c^2*x^(1/2))/(c*x+b)^2+1/4*(A*c+3*B*b)/c^2/b/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \left[-\frac{(3Bb^3 + Ab^2c + (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^2 + 2(3Bb^2c + Abc^2)x)\sqrt{-bc} \log\left(\frac{cx-b-2\sqrt{-bc}}{cx+b}\right)}{8(b^2c^5x^2 + 2b^3c^4x + b^4c^3)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(3Bb^3 + Ab^2c + (3Bbc^2 + Ac^3)x^2 + 2(3Bb^2c + Abc^2)x)\sqrt{bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{c\sqrt{x}}\right) + (3Bb^3c + Ab^2c^2 + (5Bb^2c^2 + Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{bc}}{4(b^2c^5x^2 + 2b^3c^4x + b^4c^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*((3*B*b^3 + A*b^2*c + (3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-b*c)*log((c*x - b - 2*sqrt(-b*c)*sqrt(x))/(c*x + b)) + 2*(3*B*b^3*c + A*b^2*c^2 + (5*B*b^2*c^2 - A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*c^5*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^4*x + b^4*c^3), -1/4*((3*B*b^3 + A*b^2*c + (3*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(b*c)*arctan(sqrt(b*c)/(c*sqrt(x))) + (3*B*b^3*c + A*b^2*c^2 + (5*B*b^2*c^2 - A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*c^5*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^4*x + b^4*c^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1316 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 166.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1316, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.43

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x)), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/b**3, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/c**3, Eq(b, 0)), (A*b**2*c*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*b**2*c*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*A*b*c**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*A*b*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*A*b*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 2*A*c**3*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + A*c**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - A*c**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 3*B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - 3*B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - 6*B*b**2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**3*c**3*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**2*c**4*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b*c**5*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 6*B*b**2*c*x*lo...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(5Bbc - Ac^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + (3Bb^2 + Abc)\sqrt{x}}{4(bc^4x^2 + 2b^2c^3x + b^3c^2)} + \frac{(3Bb + Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}bc^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*((5*B*b*c - A*c^2)*x^(3/2) + (3*B*b^2 + A*b*c)*sqrt(x))/(b*c^4*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^3*x + b^3*c^2) + 1/4*(3*B*b + A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b*c^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(3Bb + Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}bc^2} - \frac{5Bbcx^{\frac{3}{2}} - Ac^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3Bb^2\sqrt{x} + Abc\sqrt{x}}{4(cx+b)^2bc^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(3*B*b + A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b*c^2) - 1/4*(5*B*b*c*x^(3/2) - A*c^2*x^(3/2) + 3*B*b^2*sqrt(x) + A*b*c*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)^2*b*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)(Ac + 3Bb)}{4b^{3/2}c^{5/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ac+3Bb)}{4c^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}(Ac-5Bb)}{4bc}$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(A*c + 3*B*b))/(4*b^(3/2)*c^(5/2)) - ((x^(1/2)*(A*c + 3*B*b))/(4*c^2) - (x^(3/2)*(A*c - 5*B*b))/(4*b*c))/(b^2 + c^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) ab^2c + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) abc^2x + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) ac^3x^2}{(bx+cx^2)^3}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b**2*c + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c**2*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3*c*x + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2 + sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x - 3*sqrt(x)*b**4*c - 5*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x)/(4*b**2*c**3*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))
```

3.100 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	762
Mathematica [A] (verified)	762
Rubi [A] (verified)	763
Maple [A] (verified)	765
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Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	766
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	767
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	767
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	767
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	768

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{2bc(b+cx)^2} + \frac{(bB+3Ac)\sqrt{x}}{4b^2c(b+cx)} + \frac{(bB+3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

$$-1/2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b/c/(c*x+b)^2+1/4*(3*A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^2/c/(c*x+b)+1/4*(3*A*c+B*b)*\arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/c^(3/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x}(b^2B-5Abc-bBcx-3Ac^2x)}{4b^2c(b+cx)^2} + \frac{(bB+3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(x^{(5/2)}*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(b^2*B-5*A*b*c-b*B*c*x-3*A*c^2*x))/(b^2*c*(b+c*x)^2)+((b*B+3*A*c)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[b])])/(4*b^(5/2)*c^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {9, 87, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(b + cx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(3Ac + bB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)^2} dx}{4bc} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{(3Ac + bB) \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{(3Ac + bB) \left(\int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(3Ac + bB) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{2bc(b + cx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$-1/2*((b*B - A*c)*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(b*c*(b + c*x)^2) + ((b*B + 3*A*c)*(\text{Sqrt}[x]/(b*(b + c*x)) + \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[b]]/(b^{3/2}*\text{Sqrt}[c]))) / (4*b*c)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

rule 52

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(3Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4b^2} + \frac{(5Ac-Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4bc}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{(3Ac+Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4b^2c\sqrt{bc}}$	80
default	$\frac{\frac{(3Ac+Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4b^2} + \frac{(5Ac-Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4bc}}{(cx+b)^2} + \frac{(3Ac+Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4b^2c\sqrt{bc}}$	80

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2*(1/8*(3*A*c+B*b)/b^2*x^(3/2)+1/8*(5*A*c-B*b)/b/c*x^(1/2))/(c*x+b)^2+1/4*(3*A*c+B*b)/b^2/c/(b*c)^(1/2)*\arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \left[-\frac{(Bb^3+3Ab^2c+(Bbc^2+3Ac^3)x^2+2(Bb^2c+3Abc^2)x)\sqrt{-bc} \log\left(\frac{cx-b-2\sqrt{-bc}}{cx+b}\right)}{8(b^3c^4x^2+2b^4c^3x+b^5c^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(Bb^3+3Ab^2c+(Bbc^2+3Ac^3)x^2+2(Bb^2c+3Abc^2)x)\sqrt{bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{c\sqrt{x}}\right) + (Bb^3c-5Ab^2c^2-(Bb^2c^2-4b^3c^4x^2+2b^4c^3x+b^5c^2))}{4(b^3c^4x^2+2b^4c^3x+b^5c^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[-1/8*((B*b^3+3*A*b^2*c+(B*b*c^2+3*A*c^3)*x^2+2*(B*b^2*c+3*A*b*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{-b*c}*\log((c*x-b-2*\sqrt{-b*c})*\sqrt{x})/(c*x+b))+2*(B*b^3*c-5*A*b^2*c^2-(B*b^2*c^2+3*A*b*c^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(b^3*c^4*x^2+2*b^4*c^3*x+b^5*c^2), -1/4*((B*b^3+3*A*b^2*c+(B*b*c^2+3*A*c^3)*x^2+2*(B*b^2*c+3*A*b*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{b*c}*\arctan(\sqrt{b*c}/(c*\sqrt{x}))+ (B*b^3*c-5*A*b^2*c^2-(B*b^2*c^2+3*A*b*c^3)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(b^3*c^4*x^2+2*b^4*c^3*x+b^5*c^2)]$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1345 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 116.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1345, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.45

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/b**3, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/c**3, Eq(b, 0)), (3*A*b**2*c*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - 3*A*b**2*c*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 10*A*b*c**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 6*A*b*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - 6*A*b*c**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 6*A*c**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + 3*A*c**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - 3*A*c**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) + B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**2*c**4*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)) - 2*B*b**2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**4*c**2*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**3*c**3*x*sqrt(-b/c) + 8...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(Bbc+3Ac^2)x^{3/2} - (Bb^2-5Abc)\sqrt{x}}{4(b^2c^3x^2+2b^3c^2x+b^4c)} + \frac{(Bb+3Ac)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcb^2c}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((B*b*c + 3*A*c^2)*x^(3/2) - (B*b^2 - 5*A*b*c)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*c^3*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^2*x + b^4*c) + 1/4*(B*b + 3*A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^2*c)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(Bb+3Ac)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcb^2c}} + \frac{Bbcx^{3/2} + 3Ac^2x^{3/2} - Bb^2\sqrt{x} + 5Abc\sqrt{x}}{4(cx+b)^2b^2c}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(B*b + 3*A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^2*c) + 1/4*(B*b*c*x^(3/2) + 3*A*c^2*x^(3/2) - B*b^2*sqrt(x) + 5*A*b*c*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)^2*b^2*c)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{x^{3/2}(3Ac+Bb)}{4b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(5Ac-Bb)}{4bc}}{b^2+2bcx+c^2x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)(3Ac+Bb)}{4b^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
((x^(3/2)*(3*A*c + B*b))/(4*b^2) + (x^(1/2)*(5*A*c - B*b))/(4*b*c))/(b^2 +
c^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*x) + (atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(3*A*c + B*b))/(4*b
^(5/2)*c^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) ab^2c + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) abc^2x + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right) ac^3}{(bx + cx^2)^3}$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b**2*c + 6*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c**2*x + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**3*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan(
(sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**4 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3*c*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(b)))*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 5*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2 + 3*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x - sqr
t(x)*b**4*c + sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x)/(4*b**3*c**2*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**
2))
```

3.101 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	769
Mathematica [A] (verified)	769
Rubi [A] (verified)	770
Maple [A] (verified)	772
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	773
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	774
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	775
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	775
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	776
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	776

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2A}{b^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{2b^2(b+cx)^2} + \frac{(3bB-7Ac)\sqrt{x}}{4b^3(b+cx)} + \frac{3(bB-5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
-2*A/b^3/x^(1/2)+1/2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^2/(c*x+b)^2+1/4*(-7*A*c+3*B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^3/(c*x+b)+3/4*(-5*A*c+B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(7/2)/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-8Ab^2 + 5b^2Bx - 25Abcx + 3bBcx^2 - 15Ac^2x^2}{4b^3\sqrt{x}(b+cx)^2} + \frac{3(bB-5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(-8*A*b^2 + 5*b^2*B*x - 25*A*b*c*x + 3*b*B*c*x^2 - 15*A*c^2*x^2)/(4*b^3*sqrt[x]*(b + c*x)^2) + (3*(b*B - 5*A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(7/2)*Sqrt[c])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {9, 87, 52, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 9 \\
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(b + cx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)^2} dx}{4bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{2bc\sqrt{x}(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)} dx}{2b} + \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{2bc\sqrt{x}(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{2bc\sqrt{x}(b + cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{2bc\sqrt{x}(b+cx)^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{2bc\sqrt{x}(b+cx)^2}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(b*B - A*c)/(b*c*Sqrt[x]*(b + c*x)^2) - ((b*B - 5*A*c)*(1/(b*Sqrt[x]*(b + c*x)) + (3*(-2/(b*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(4*b*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{b^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{7}{8}Ac^2 - \frac{3}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{b(9Ac - 5Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{3(5Ac - Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc}}}{b^3}$	84
default	$-\frac{2A}{b^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{7}{8}Ac^2 - \frac{3}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{b(9Ac - 5Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{3(5Ac - Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc}}}{b^3}$	84
risch	$-\frac{2A}{b^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{7}{8}Ac^2 - \frac{3}{8}Bbc\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{b(9Ac - 5Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4} + \frac{3(5Ac - Bb)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}}}{b^3}$	85

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*A/b^3/x^(1/2)-2/b^3*(((7/8*A*c^2-3/8*B*b*c)*x^(3/2)+1/8*b*(9*A*c-5*B*b)*x^(1/2))/(c*x+b)^2+3/8*(5*A*c-B*b)/(b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x^(1/2)/(b*c)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3((Bbc^2 - 5Ac^3)x^3 + 2(Bb^2c - 5Abc^2)x^2 + (Bb^3 - 5Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{-bc} \log\left(\frac{cx-b+2\sqrt{-bc}x}{cx+b}\right) + 3((Bbc^2 - 5Ac^3)x^3 + 2(Bb^2c - 5Abc^2)x^2 + (Bb^3 - 5Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{c\sqrt{x}}\right) + (8Ab^3c - 3(Bb^2c^2 - b^6cx))}{8(b^4c^3x^3 + 2b^5c^2x^2 + b^6cx)}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*((B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(-b*c)*log((c*x - b + 2*sqrt(-b*c)*sqrt(x))/(c*x + b)) - 2*(8*A*b^3*c - 3*(B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 - 5*(B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x)/(b^4*c^3*x^3 + 2*b^5*c^2*x^2 + b^6*c*x), -1/4*(3*((B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(b*c)*arctan(sqrt(b*c)/(c*sqrt(x))) + (8*A*b^3*c - 3*(B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 - 5*(B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(x)/(b^4*c^3*x^3 + 2*b^5*c^2*x^2 + b^6*c*x)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1598 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 69.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1598, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.08

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/b**3, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/c**3, Eq(b, 0)), (-15*A*b**2*c*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 15*A*b**2*c*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 16*A*b**2*c*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 30*A*b*c**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 30*A*b*c**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 50*A*b*c**2*x*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 15*A*c**3*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 15*A*c**3*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 30*A*c**3*x**2*sqrt(-b/c)/(8*b**5*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/c) + 16*b**4*c**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 8*b**3*c**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 3*B*b**3*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{8Ab^2-3(Bbc-5Ac^2)x^2-5(Bb^2-5Abc)x}{4(b^3c^2x^{5/2}+2b^4cx^{3/2}+b^5\sqrt{x})} + \frac{3(Bb-5Ac)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcb^3}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(8*A*b^2 - 3*(B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*x^2 - 5*(B*b^2 - 5*A*b*c)*x)/(b^3*c^2*x^(5/2) + 2*b^4*c*x^(3/2) + b^5*sqrt(x)) + 3/4*(B*b - 5*A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(Bb-5Ac)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bcb^3}} - \frac{2A}{b^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3Bbcx^{3/2}-7Ac^2x^{3/2}+5Bb^2\sqrt{x}-9Abc\sqrt{x}}{4(cx+b)^2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/4*(B*b - 5*A*c)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^3) - 2*A/(b^3*sqrt(x)) + 1/4*(3*B*b*c*x^(3/2) - 7*A*c^2*x^(3/2) + 5*B*b^2*sqrt(x) - 9*A*b*c*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)^2*b^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{b} + \frac{5x(5Ac-Bb)}{4b^2} + \frac{3cx^2(5Ac-Bb)}{4b^3}}{b^2\sqrt{x} + c^2x^{5/2} + 2bcx^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(5Ac-Bb)}{\sqrt{b}(15Ac-3Bb)}\right) (5Ac-Bb)}{4b^{7/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `- ((2*A)/b + (5*x*(5*A*c - B*b))/(4*b^2) + (3*c*x^2*(5*A*c - B*b))/(4*b^3)) / (b^2*x^(1/2) + c^2*x^(5/2) + 2*b*c*x^(3/2)) - (3*atan((3*c^(1/2)*x^(1/2) * (5*A*c - B*b)) / (b^(1/2)*(15*A*c - 3*B*b))) * (5*A*c - B*b)) / (4*b^(7/2)*c^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)ab^2c - 30\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)abc^2x - 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}{(bx+cx^2)^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)`output `(- 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b**2*c - 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c**2*x - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*c**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**4 + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**3*c*x + 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 8*a*b**3*c - 25*a*b**2*c**2*x - 15*a*b*c**3*x**2 + 5*b**4*c*x + 3*b**3*c**2*x**2) / (4*sqrt(x)*b**4*c*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))`

3.102 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	777
Mathematica [A] (verified)	777
Rubi [A] (verified)	778
Maple [A] (verified)	781
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	781
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	782
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	783
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	784
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	784
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	785

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2A}{3b^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(bB-3Ac)}{b^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{c(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{2b^3(b+cx)^2} - \frac{c(7bB-11Ac)\sqrt{x}}{4b^4(b+cx)} - \frac{5\sqrt{c}(3bB-7Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*A/b^3/x^(3/2)-2*(-3*A*c+B*b)/b^4/x^(1/2)-1/2*c*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^3/(c*x+b)^2-1/4*c*(-11*A*c+7*B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(c*x+b)-5/4*c^(1/2)*(-7*A*c+3*B*b)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/b^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-3bBx(8b^2+25bcx+15c^2x^2)+A(-8b^3+56b^2cx+175bc^2x^2+105c^3x^3)}{12b^4x^{3/2}(b+cx)^2} + \frac{5\sqrt{c}(-3bB+7Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(-3*b*B*x*(8*b^2 + 25*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2) + A*(-8*b^3 + 56*b^2*c*x + 175*b*c^2*x^2 + 105*c^3*x^3))/(12*b^4*x^(3/2)*(b + c*x)^2) + (5*Sqrt[c]*(-3*b*B + 7*A*c)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {9, 87, 52, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 9 \\
 & \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(b+cx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(3bB-7Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(b+cx)^2} dx}{4bc} - \frac{bB-Ac}{2bcx^{3/2}(b+cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(3bB-7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(b+cx)} dx}{2b} + \frac{1}{bx^{3/2}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB-Ac}{2bcx^{3/2}(b+cx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(3bB-7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(b+cx)} dx}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{1}{bx^{3/2}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB-Ac}{2bcx^{3/2}(b+cx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(3bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{1}{bx^{3/2}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{2bcx^{3/2}(b+cx)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(3bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b+cx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{1}{bx^{3/2}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{2bcx^{3/2}(b+cx)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{(3bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{1}{bx^{3/2}(b+cx)} \right)}{4bc} - \frac{bB - Ac}{2bcx^{3/2}(b+cx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(b*B - A*c)/(b*c*x^(3/2)*(b + c*x)^2) - ((3*b*B - 7*A*c)*(1/(b*x^(3/2))*(b + c*x)) + (5*(-2/(3*b*x^(3/2))) - (c*(-2/(b*Sqrt[x])) - (2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2)))/b)/(2*b))/(4*b*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 9 $\text{Int}[(u_)*(Px_)^{(p_)*((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Expon}[Px, x, \text{Min}]\}, \text{Simp}[1/e^{(p*r)} \text{Int}[u*(e*x)^{(m + p*r)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; \text{IGtQ}[r, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Px, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{!MonomialQ}[Px, x]$
- rule 52 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{!(LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] || (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((e_ + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{!LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{!(IntegerQ}[n] || \text{!(EqQ}[e, 0] || \text{!(EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-9Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{c \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{11}{8}Ac^2 - \frac{7}{8}Bbc \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{b(13Ac-9Bb)\sqrt{x}}{4} + \frac{5(7Ac-3Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^4}$	98
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{\left(\frac{11}{8}Ac^2 - \frac{7}{8}Bbc \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{b(13Ac-9Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{5(7Ac-3Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^4} - \frac{2A}{3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-3Ac+Bb)}{b^4\sqrt{x}}$	101
default	$\frac{2c \left(\frac{\left(\frac{11}{8}Ac^2 - \frac{7}{8}Bbc \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{b(13Ac-9Bb)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{5(7Ac-3Bb) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{b^4} - \frac{2A}{3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-3Ac+Bb)}{b^4\sqrt{x}}$	101

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*(-9*A*c*x+3*B*b*x+A*b)/b^4/x^{(3/2)}+1/b^4*c*(2*((11/8*A*c^2-7/8*B*b*c)*x^{(3/2)}+1/8*b*(13*A*c-9*B*b)*x^{(1/2)})/(c*x+b)^2+5/4*(7*A*c-3*B*b)/(b*c)^{(1/2)*\arctan(c*x^{(1/2)/(b*c)^{(1/2)})})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{15((3Bbc^2-7Ac^3)x^4+2(3Bb^2c-7Abc^2)x^3+(3Bb^3-7Ab^2c)x^2)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}} \log\left(\frac{cx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{b}}-b}{cx+b}\right)+2}{24(b^4c^2x^4+2b^5cx^3+...)} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{15((3Bbc^2-7Ac^3)x^4+2(3Bb^2c-7Abc^2)x^3+(3Bb^3-7Ab^2c)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{c}{b}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{c}{b}}\right)+(8Ab^3+...)}{12(b^4c^2x^4+2b^5cx^3+b^6x^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(15*((3*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^4 + 2*(3*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)*x^3 + (3
*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*x^2)*sqrt(-c/b)*log((c*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-c/b) - b)
/(c*x + b)) + 2*(8*A*b^3 + 15*(3*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^3 + 25*(3*B*b^2*c -
7*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(3*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*c^2*x^4 + 2*b^5*
c*x^3 + b^6*x^2), -1/12*(15*((3*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^4 + 2*(3*B*b^2*c - 7*
A*b*c^2)*x^3 + (3*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*x^2)*sqrt(c/b)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(c/
b)) + (8*A*b^3 + 15*(3*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^3 + 25*(3*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)
*x^2 + 8*(3*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*c^2*x^4 + 2*b^5*c*x^3 + b^
6*x^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1703 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 44.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1703, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0)
), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/b**3, Eq(c, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(9/2))
- 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/c**3, Eq(b, 0)), (-16*A*b**3*sqrt(-b/c)/(24*b**6*x**(
3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 24*b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sq
rt(-b/c)) + 105*A*b**2*c*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(24*b**6*x**(3
/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 24*b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sq
rt(-b/c)) - 105*A*b**2*c*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(24*b**6*x**(3/
2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 24*b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sq
rt(-b/c)) + 112*A*b**2*c*x*sqrt(-b/c)/(24*b**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5
*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 24*b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 210*A*b*c**2*
x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-b/c))/(24*b**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5*
c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 24*b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 210*A*b*c**2*x
**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-b/c))/(24*b**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5*c
*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 24*b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 350*A*b*c**2*x*
**2*sqrt(-b/c)/(24*b**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c)
+ 24*b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 105*A*c**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - s
qrt(-b/c))/(24*b**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) +
24*b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) - 105*A*c**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt
(-b/c))/(24*b**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 48*b**5*c*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-b/c) + 24*
b**4*c**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-b/c)) + 210*A*c**3*x**3*sqrt(-b/c)/(24*b**6*x**...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8Ab^3 + 15(3Bbc^2 - 7Ac^3)x^3 + 25(3Bb^2c - 7Abc^2)x^2 + 8(3Bb^3 - 7Ab^2c)x}{12(b^4c^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2b^5cx^{\frac{5}{2}} + b^6x^{\frac{3}{2}})}$$

$$- \frac{5(3Bbc - 7Ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
-1/12*(8*A*b^3 + 15*(3*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^3 + 25*(3*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)
*x^2 + 8*(3*B*b^3 - 7*A*b^2*c)*x)/(b^4*c^2*x^(7/2) + 2*b^5*c*x^(5/2) + b^6
*x^(3/2)) - 5/4*(3*B*b*c - 7*A*c^2)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)
*b^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{5(3Bbc-7Ac^2)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bc}b^4} - \frac{2(3Bbx-9Acx+Ab)}{3b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{7Bbc^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}-11Ac^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}+9Bb^2c\sqrt{x}-13Abc^2\sqrt{x}}{4(cx+b)^2b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-5/4*(3*B*b*c - 7*A*c^2)*arctan(c*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*c))/(sqrt(b*c)*b^4) - 2/3
*(3*B*b*x - 9*A*c*x + A*b)/(b^4*x^(3/2)) - 1/4*(7*B*b*c^2*x^(3/2) - 11*A*c
^3*x^(3/2) + 9*B*b^2*c*sqrt(x) - 13*A*b*c^2*sqrt(x))/((c*x + b)^2*b^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{2x(7Ac-3Bb)}{3b^2} - \frac{2A}{3b} + \frac{5c^2x^3(7Ac-3Bb)}{4b^4} + \frac{25cx^2(7Ac-3Bb)}{12b^3}}{b^2x^{3/2} + c^2x^{7/2} + 2bcx^{5/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{c}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)(7Ac-3Bb)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int((x^(1/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
((2*x*(7*A*c - 3*B*b))/(3*b^2) - (2*A)/(3*b) + (5*c^2*x^3*(7*A*c - 3*B*b))
/(4*b^4) + (25*c*x^2*(7*A*c - 3*B*b))/(12*b^3))/(b^2*x^(3/2) + c^2*x^(7/2)
+ 2*b*c*x^(5/2)) + (5*c^(1/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/b^(1/2))*(7*A*c - 3*
B*b))/(4*b^(9/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)ab^2cx + 210\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)abc^2x^2 + 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}c}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}}\right)ac^3}{(bx + cx^2)^3}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b**2*c*
x + 210*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*a*b*c*
**2*x**2 + 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))*
a*c**3*x**3 - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)
))*b**4*x - 90*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)))
*b**3*c*x**2 - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*atan((sqrt(x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)
)))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 8*a*b**4 + 56*a*b**3*c*x + 175*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 105
*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 24*b**5*x - 75*b**4*c*x**2 - 45*b**3*c**2*x**3)/(12*sqrt(
x)*b**5*x*(b**2 + 2*b*c*x + c**2*x**2))
```

3.103 $\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	786
Mathematica [A] (verified)	787
Rubi [A] (verified)	787
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = -\frac{b^3(7bB - 10Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{128c^4} + \frac{b^2(7bB - 10Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{192c^3} - \frac{b(7bB - 10Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{240c^2} - \frac{(7bB - 10Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{40c} + \frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c} + \frac{b^4(7bB - 10Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{128c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/128*b^3*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+1/192*b^2*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)
*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/240*b*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2
-1/40*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c+1/5*B*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/
c+1/128*b^4*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b + cx} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b + cx}(-105b^4B + 16bc^3x^2(5A + 3Bx) + 96c^4x^3(5A + 4Bx) + 10b^3c(15A + 7Bx)) \right)}{1920c^{9/2}\sqrt{x}(b + c)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(-105*b^4*B + 16*b*c^3*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 96*c^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 10*b^3*c*(15*A + 7*B*x) - 4*b^2*c^2*x*(25*A + 14*B*x)) + 300*A*b^4*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])] + 210*b^5*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(1920*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1221, 1134, 1160, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7bB - 10Ac) \int x^2\sqrt{cx^2 + bxdx}}{10c}$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b \int x\sqrt{cx^2 + bxdx}}{8c} \right)}{10c}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1160 \\
 \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7bB-10Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{2c} \right)}{8c} \right)}{10c} \\
 \downarrow 1087 \\
 \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7bB-10Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{8c} \right)}{10c} \\
 \downarrow 1091 \\
 \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7bB-10Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{8c} \right)}{10c} \\
 \downarrow 219
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{(7bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}}\right)}{2c} \right)}{8c} \right)}{10c}$$

input `Int[x^2*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `(B*x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c) - ((7*b*B - 10*A*c)*((x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*c) - (5*b*((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c) - (b*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]))/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2)))/(2*c)))/(8*c))/(10*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1134

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] +
Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$5 \left(\frac{3(A b^4 c - \frac{7}{10} b^5 B) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2} + \left(-\frac{3\left(\frac{7Bx}{15} + A\right) b^3 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + b^2 x \left(\frac{14Bx}{25} + A\right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4x^2 \left(\frac{3Bx}{5} + A\right) b c^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5} - \frac{24x^3 \left(\frac{4Bx}{5} + A\right)}{5} \right) \right) \frac{1}{96c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(384B c^4 x^4 + 480A c^4 x^3 + 48Bb c^3 x^3 + 80Ab c^3 x^2 - 56B b^2 c^2 x^2 - 100A b^2 c^2 x + 70B b^3 c x + 150A b^3 c - 105B b^4) x(cx+b)}{1920c^4 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{x(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{2c} \right)}{8c} \right) + B \frac{x^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5c}$

```
input int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -5/96/c^(9/2)*(3/2*(A*b^4*c-7/10*b^5*B)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2)))+(-3/2*(7/15*B*x+A)*b^3*c^(3/2)+b^2*x*(14/25*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)-4/5*x^2*(3/5*B*x+A)*b*c^(7/2)-24/5*x^3*(4/5*B*x+A)*c^(9/2)+21/20*B*c^(1/2)*b^4)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{15(7Bb^5 - 10Ab^4c)\sqrt{c}\log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(384Bc^5x^4 - 105Bb^4c + 150Ab^3c^2 + 48(Bb^4c + 10A^2c^5)x^3 - 8(7Bb^2c^3 - 10Ab^2c^4)x^2 + 10(7Bb^3c^2 - 10Ab^2c^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3840c^5}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{15(7Bb^5 - 10Ab^4c)\sqrt{-c}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) - (384Bc^5x^4 - 105Bb^4c + 150Ab^3c^2 + 48(Bb^4c + 10A^2c^5)x^3 - 8(7Bb^2c^3 - 10Ab^2c^4)x^2 + 10(7Bb^3c^2 - 10Ab^2c^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{1920c^5} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3840*(15*(7*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(384*B*c^5*x^4 - 105*B*b^4*c + 150*A*b^3*c^2 + 48*(B*b*c^4 + 10*A*c^5)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*b^2*c^3 - 10*A*b*c^4)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*b^3*c^2 - 10*A*b^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^5, -1/1920*(15*(7*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (384*B*c^5*x^4 - 105*B*b^4*c + 150*A*b^3*c^2 + 48*(B*b*c^4 + 10*A*c^5)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*b^2*c^3 - 10*A*b*c^4)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*b^3*c^2 - 10*A*b^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^5]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{5b^3 \left(Ab - \frac{7b(Ac + \frac{Bb}{10})}{8c} \right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + 2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{(\frac{b}{2c} + x) \log(\frac{b}{2c} + x)}{\sqrt{c(\frac{b}{2c} + x)^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16c^3} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \left(\frac{Bx^4}{5} + \frac{5b^2 \left(Ab - \frac{7b(Ac + \frac{Bb}{10})}{8c} \right)}{8c^3} - \dots \right)}{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9b} \right)} \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((-5*b**3*(A*b - 7*b*(A*c + B*b/10)/(8*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(16*c**3) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*x**4/5 + 5*b**2*(A*b - 7*b*(A*c + B*b/10)/(8*c))/(8*c**3) - 5*b*x*(A*b - 7*b*(A*c + B*b/10)/(8*c))/(12*c**2) + x**3*(A*c + B*b/10)/(4*c) + x**2*(A*b - 7*b*(A*c + B*b/10)/(8*c))/(3*c), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(7/2)/7 + B*(b*x)**(9/2)/(9*b))/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bx^2}{5c} - \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^3x}{64c^3} - \frac{7(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bbx}{40c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^2x}{32c^2} + \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ax}{4c}$$

$$+ \frac{7Bb^5 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{256c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{5Ab^4 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{128c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^4}{128c^4} + \frac{7(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^2}{48c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^3}{64c^3} - \frac{5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab}{24c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*x^2/c - 7/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^3*x/c^3 - 7/40*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b*x/c^2 + 5/32*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2*x/c^2 + 1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*x/c + 7/256*B*b^5*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(9/2) - 5/128*A*b^4*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) - 7/128*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^4/c^4 + 7/48*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^2/c^3 + 5/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^3/c^3 - 5/24*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/c^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{1920} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6 \left(8Bx + \frac{Bbc^3+10Ac^4}{c^4} \right) x - \frac{7Bb^2c^2-10Abc^3}{c^4} \right) x + \frac{5(7Bb^3c-10Ab^2c^2)}{c^4} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(7Bb^5-10Ab^4c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c}+b|)}{256c^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1920*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(6*(8*B*x + (B*b*c^3 + 10*A*c^4)/c^4)*x - (7*B*b^2*c^2 - 10*A*b*c^3)/c^4)*x + 5*(7*B*b^3*c - 10*A*b^2*c^2)/c^4)*x - 15*(7*B*b^4 - 10*A*b^3*c)/c^4) - 1/256*(7*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(9/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ax(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5Ab \left(\frac{b^3 \ln\left(\frac{b+2cx+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{16c^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}(-3b^2+2bcx+8c^2x^2)}{24c^2} \right)}{8c}$$

$$- \frac{7Bb \left(\frac{x(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{b^3 \ln\left(\frac{b+2cx+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{16c^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}(-3b^2+2bcx+8c^2x^2)}{24c^2} \right)}{8c} \right)}{10c}$$

$$+ \frac{Bx^2(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{5c}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output `(A*x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*c) - (5*A*b*((b^3*log((b + 2*c*x)/c^(1/2) + 2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/(16*c^(5/2)) + ((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(8*c^2*x^2 - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x))/(24*c^2)))/(8*c) - (7*B*b*((x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*c) - (5*b*((b^3*log((b + 2*c*x)/c^(1/2) + 2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/(16*c^(5/2)) + ((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(8*c^2*x^2 - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x))/(24*c^2)))/(8*c)))/(10*c) + (B*x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{150\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^2 - 100\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x + 80\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^4x^2 + 480\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^5x^3 - 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x + 70\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^4x^2 + 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^5x^3}{1920c^5}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(150*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**2 - 100*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*
c**3*x + 80*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**2 + 480*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)
)*a*c**5*x**3 - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)
)*b**4*c**2*x - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(
b + c*x)*b**2*c**4*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**5*x**4 - 150*sqrt
(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**4*c + 105*sqrt(c)*
log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**6)/(1920*c**5)
```

3.104 $\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	797
Mathematica [A] (verified)	798
Rubi [A] (verified)	798
Maple [A] (verified)	800
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	801
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	801
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	802
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	803
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	803
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	804

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{b^2(5bB - 8Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{64c^3} - \frac{b(5bB - 8Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{96c^2} - \frac{(5bB - 8Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{24c} + \frac{Bx(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{4c} - \frac{b^3(5bB - 8Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{64c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/64*b^2*(-8*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/96*b*(-8*A*c+5*B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-1/24*(-8*A*c+5*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c+1/4*B*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c-1/64*b^3*(-8*A*c+5*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)} \left(\sqrt{c}(15b^3B + 8bc^2x(2A + Bx) + 16c^3x^2(4A + 3Bx) - 2b^2c(12A + 5Bx)) + \frac{6b^3(5bB - 8Ac)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b + cx}}\right)}{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}} \right)}{192c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*(15*b^3*B + 8*b*c^2*x*(2*A + B*x) + 16*c^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) - 2*b^2*c*(12*A + 5*B*x)) + (6*b^3*(5*b*B - 8*A*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]))/(192*c^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1225, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1225$$

$$\frac{b(5bB - 8Ac) \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} dx}{16c^2} - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (-8Ac + 5bB - 6Bcx)}{24c^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{b(5bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c^2} - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (-8Ac + 5bB - 6Bcx)}{24c^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1091$$

$$\frac{b(5bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{4c} \right)}{\frac{16c^2}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} (-8Ac + 5bB - 6Bcx)}} -$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{b(5bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{16c^2}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} (-8Ac + 5bB - 6Bcx)}} -$$

input `Int[x*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `-1/24*((5*b*B - 8*A*c - 6*B*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/c^2 + (b*(5*b*B - 8*A*c)*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2)))/(16*c^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1225

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3(A b^3 c - \frac{5}{8} B b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \left(-\frac{3\left(\frac{5Bx}{12} + A\right) b^2 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + b x \left(\frac{Bx}{2} + A\right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} + (3B x^3 + 4A x^2) c^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{15B\sqrt{c} b^3}{16}\right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{12c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(-48B c^3 x^3 - 64A c^3 x^2 - 8B b c^2 x^2 - 16A b c^2 x + 10B b^2 c x + 24A b^2 c - 15B b^3) x(cx+b)}{192c^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{b^3(8Ac - 5Bb) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{128c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2c} \right) + B \left(\frac{x(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} - \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$

input

```
int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/12/c^(7/2)*(3/2*(A*b^3*c-5/8*B*b^4)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))
+(-3/2*(5/12*B*x+A)*b^2*c^(3/2)+b*x*(1/2*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)+(3*B*x^3+4*A*x^2)*
c^(7/2)+15/16*B*c^(1/2)*b^3)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(5Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c)\sqrt{c}\log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(48Bc^4x^3 + 15Bb^3c - 24Ab^2c^2 + 8(Bbc^3 + Ac^4)x^2 - 2(5Bb^2c^2 - 8A*bc^3)*x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{384c^4} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-1/384*(3*(5*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(48*B*c^4*x^3 + 15*B*b^3*c - 24*A*b^2*c^2 + 8*(B*b*c^3 + 8*A*c^4)*x^2 - 2*(5*B*b^2*c^2 - 8*A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^4, 1/192*(3*(5*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (48*B*c^4*x^3 + 15*B*b^3*c - 24*A*b^2*c^2 + 8*(B*b*c^3 + 8*A*c^4)*x^2 - 2*(5*B*b^2*c^2 - 8*A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^4]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3b^2 \left(Ab - \frac{5b(Ac + \frac{Bb}{8})}{6c} \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2 + 2cx})}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{(\frac{b}{2c} + x) \log(\frac{b}{2c} + x)}{\sqrt{c(\frac{b}{2c} + x)^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{8c^2} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \left(\frac{Bx^3}{4} - \frac{3b \left(Ab - \frac{5b(Ac + \frac{Bb}{8})}{6c} \right)}{4c^2} + \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{2c} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b} \right)} \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((3*b**2*(A*b - 5*b*(A*c + B*b/8)/(6*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(8*c**2) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*x**3/4 - 3*b*(A*b - 5*b*(A*c + B*b/8)/(6*c))/(4*c**2) + x**2*(A*c + B*b/8)/(3*c) + x*(A*b - 5*b*(A*c + B*b/8)/(6*c))/(2*c)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(5/2)/5 + B*(b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2x}{32c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bx}{4c} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Abx}{4c} - \frac{5Bb^4 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{128c^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{Ab^3 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{16c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^3}{64c^3} - \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb}{24c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2}{8c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{3c}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
5/32*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2*x/c^2 + 1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*x/c - 1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*x/c - 5/128*B*b^4*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) + 1/16*A*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) + 5/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^3/c^3 - 5/24*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/c^2 - 1/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/c^2 + 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/c
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6Bx + \frac{Bbc^2 + 8Ac^3}{c^3} \right) x - \frac{5Bb^2c - 8Abc^2}{c^3} \right) x + \frac{3(5Bb^3 - 8Ab^2c)}{c^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{(5Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{128c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/192*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(6*B*x + (B*b*c^2 + 8*A*c^3)/c^3)*x - (5*B*b^2*c - 8*A*b*c^2)/c^3)*x + 3*(5*B*b^3 - 8*A*b^2*c)/c^3) + 1/128*(5*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(7/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(-3b^2 + 2bcx + 8c^2x^2)}{24c^2} + \frac{Bx(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{4c}$$

$$- \frac{5Bb \left(\frac{b^3 \ln\left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{c}} + 2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{16c^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}(-3b^2+2bcx+8c^2x^2)}{24c^2} \right)}{8c}$$

$$+ \frac{Ab^3 \ln\left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{c}} + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{16c^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (A*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(8*c^2*x^2 - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x))/(24*c^2) + (B*x*(b*x \\ & + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(4*c) - (5*B*b*((b^3*\log((b + 2*c*x)/c^{(1/2)} + 2*(b*x + c \\ & *x^2)^{(1/2)})))/(16*c^{(5/2)}) + ((b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(8*c^2*x^2 - 3*b^2 + 2*b \\ & *c*x))/(24*c^2))/(8*c) + (A*b^3*\log((b + 2*c*x)/c^{(1/2)} + 2*(b*x + c*x^2) \\ & ^{(1/2)})))/(16*c^{(5/2)}) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}ab^2c^2 + 16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}abc^3x + 64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}ac^4x^2 + 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}b^4c - 10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}b^3c^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}b^2c^3x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}b^2c^4x^3 + 24\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + \sqrt{cx + b})/\sqrt{b})ab^3c - 15\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + \sqrt{cx + b})/\sqrt{b})b^5}{192c^4}$$

input

`int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-24*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b + c*x}*a*b**2*c**2 + 16*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b + c*x}*a*b*c* \\ & *3*x + 64*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b + c*x}*a*c**4*x**2 + 15*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b + c*x}*b** \\ & 4*c - 10*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b + c*x}*b**3*c**2*x + 8*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b + c*x}*b**2* \\ & c**3*x**2 + 48*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b + c*x}*b*c**4*x**3 + 24*\sqrt{c}*\log((\sqrt{b \\ & + c*x) + \sqrt{cx + b})/\sqrt{b})*a*b**3*c - 15*\sqrt{c}*\log((\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + \sqrt{cx + b})/\sqrt{b}) \\ & *b**5)/(192*c**4) \end{aligned}$$

3.105 $\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	805
Mathematica [A] (verified)	805
Rubi [A] (verified)	806
Maple [A] (verified)	808
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	808
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	809
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	810
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	810
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	811
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	811

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = -\frac{b(bB - 2Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{8c^2} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{4c} + \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} + \frac{b^2(bB - 2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}}$$

output

$$-1/8*b*(-2*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-1/4*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c+1/3*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c+1/8*b^2*(-2*A*c+B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(-3b^2B + 2bc(3A + Bx)) + 4c^2x(3A + 2Bx)\right) + \frac{6b^2(bB - 2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{b+cx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b+cx}}}{24c^{5/2}\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]*(-3*b^2*B + 2*b*c*(3*A + B*x) + 4*c^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x)) + (6*b^2*(b*B - 2*A*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/Sqrt[b + c*x]))/(24*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \int \sqrt{cx^2 + b} dx}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1091} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{4c} \right)}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right)}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(B*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*c) - ((b*B - 2*A*c)*((b + 2*c*x)*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^{(3/2)})))/(2*c)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1091

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*c*(p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}A b^2 c + \frac{1}{4}B b^3\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Bx}{3} + A\right) b c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + x\left(\frac{2Bx}{3} + A\right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{B\sqrt{c} b^2}{4}\right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{2c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(8B c^2 x^2 + 12A c^2 x + 2B b c x + 6A b c - 3B b^2) x (c x + b)}{24c^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{b^2(2Ac - Bb) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{16c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + B \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2c} \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/c^(5/2)*((-1/2*A*b^2*c+1/4*B*b^3)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2)) + (1/2*(1/3*B*x+A)*b*c^(3/2)+x*(2/3*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)-1/4*B*c^(1/2)*b^2)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(Bb^3 - 2Ab^2c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(8Bc^3x^2 - 3Bb^2c + 6Abc^2 + 2(Bbc^2 + 6Ac^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{48c^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(Bb^3 - 2Ab^2c)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) - (8Bc^3x^2 - 3Bb^2c + 6Abc^2 + 2(Bbc^2 + 6Ac^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{24c^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(B*b^3 - 2*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*
sqrt(c)) - 2*(8*B*c^3*x^2 - 3*B*b^2*c + 6*A*b*c^2 + 2*(B*b*c^2 + 6*A*c^3)*
x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^3, -1/24*(3*(B*b^3 - 2*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sq
rt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (8*B*c^3*x^2 - 3*B*b^2*c + 6*A*b*c^2
+ 2*(B*b*c^2 + 6*A*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{b \left(Ab - \frac{3b(Ac + \frac{Bb}{6})}{4c} \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + 2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{(\frac{b}{2c} + x) \log(\frac{b}{2c} + x)}{\sqrt{c}(\frac{b}{2c} + x)^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{2c} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \left(\frac{Bx^2}{3} + \frac{x(Ac + \frac{Bb}{6})}{2c} + \frac{Ab - \frac{3b(Ac + \frac{Bb}{6})}{4c}}{c} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} \right)} \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-b*(A*b - 3*b*(A*c + B*b/6)/(4*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b
/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(2*c) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B
*x**2/3 + x*(A*c + B*b/6)/(2*c) + (A*b - 3*b*(A*c + B*b/6)/(4*c))/c), Ne(c
, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(3/2)/3 + B*(b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b))/b, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True
))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ax - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bbx}{4c} + \frac{Bb^3 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{16c^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{Ab^2 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^2}{8c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} B}{3c} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab}{4c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*x - 1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*x/c + 1/16*B*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) - 1/8*A*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(3/2) - 1/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/c^2 + 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B/c + 1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/c`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4Bx + \frac{Bbc + 6Ac^2}{c^2} \right) x - \frac{3(Bb^2 - 2Abc)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{(Bb^3 - 2Ab^2c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{16c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*B*x + (B*b*c + 6*A*c^2)/c^2)*x - 3*(B*b^2 - 2*A*b*c)/c^2) - 1/16*(B*b^3 - 2*A*b^2*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{b}{4c} \right) + \frac{Bb^3 \ln \left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{c}} + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)}{16c^{5/2}} \\ + \frac{B\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(-3b^2 + 2bcx + 8c^2x^2)}{24c^2} \\ - \frac{Ab^2 \ln \left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)}{8c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`output `A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(x/2 + b/(4*c)) + (B*b^3*log((b + 2*c*x)/c^(1/2) + 2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/(16*c^(5/2)) + (B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(8*c^2*x^2 - 3*b^2 + 2*b*c*x))/(24*c^2) - (A*b^2*log((b/2 + c*x)/c^(1/2) + (b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/(8*c^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx \\ = \frac{6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}abc^2 + 12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}ac^3x - 3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}b^3c + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}b^2c^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}bc^3x}{24c^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**3*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**3*x**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**4)/(24*c**3)`

3.106 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	812
Mathematica [A] (verified)	812
Rubi [A] (verified)	813
Maple [A] (verified)	815
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} dx = -\frac{(bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} + \frac{B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2cx} - \frac{b(bB-4Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-4*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c+1/2*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c/x-1/4*b*(-4*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(\sqrt{c}(bB+4Ac+2Bcx) + \frac{b(bB-4Ac)\log(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{b+cx})}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*Sqrt[b*x+c*x^2])/x,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*(b*B + 4*A*c + 2*B*c*x) + (b*(b*B - 4*A*c)*Log
[-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[b + c*x]]))/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]))/(4*c^(3/2)
)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1221, 1131, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2cx} - \frac{(bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x} dx}{4c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2cx} - \frac{(bB - 4Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{4c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1091} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2cx} - \frac{(bB - 4Ac) \left(b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{4c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2cx} - \frac{(bB - 4Ac) \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{4c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x,x]
```

output $(B*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(2*c*x) - ((b*B - 4*A*c)*(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2] + (b*A$
 $rcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/Sqrt[c]))/(4*c)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] \&\& NegQ[a/b] \&\& (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])$

rule 1091 $Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]$

rule 1131 $Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))}, x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] \&\& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& GtQ[p, 0] \&\& (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) \&\& NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \&\& IntegerQ[2*p]$

rule 1221 $Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] \&\& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{b\left(Ac - \frac{Bb}{4}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \left(\left(\frac{Bx}{2} + A\right)c^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{B\sqrt{c}b}{4}\right)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	61
risch	$\frac{(2Bcx+4Ac+Bb)x(cx+b)}{4c\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{b(4Ac-Bb)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	74
default	$B\left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right) + A\left(\sqrt{cx^2+bx} + \frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)$	10

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c^(3/2)*(b*(A*c-1/4*B*b)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+((1/2*B*x+A)*c^(3/2)+1/4*B*c^(1/2)*b)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{(Bb^2 - 4Abc)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(2Bc^2x + Bbc + 4Ac^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{8c^2}, \frac{(Bb^2 - 4Abc)\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}}{cx + b}\right) + (2Bc^2x + Bbc + 4Ac^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{8c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*((B*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(2*B*c^2*x + B*b*c + 4*A*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^2, 1/4*((B*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (2*B*c^2*x + B*b*c + 4*A*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} dx &= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bx - \frac{Bb^2 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ &+ \frac{Ab \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{2\sqrt{c}} \\ &+ \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} A + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb}{4c} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*x - 1/8*B*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(3/2) + 1/2*A*b*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(c) + sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A + 1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/c`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2Bx + \frac{Bb + 4Ac}{c} \right) + \frac{(Bb^2 - 4Abc) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*B*x + (B*b + 4*A*c)/c) + 1/8*(B*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} dx = A \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} + B \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{b}{4c} \right) - \frac{Bb^2 \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{Ab \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x,x)`

output `A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2) + B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(x/2 + b/(4*c)) - (B*b^2*log((b/2 + c*x)/c^(1/2) + (b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/(8*c^(3/2)) + (A*b*log((b/2 + c*x)/c^(1/2) + (b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/(2*c^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2 + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bc^2x + 4\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abc - \sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2 + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2*x + 4*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c - sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**3)/(4*c**2)`

3.107 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	819
Mathematica [A] (verified)	819
Rubi [A] (verified)	820
Maple [A] (verified)	822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	822
Sympy [F]	823
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	823
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	824
Mupad [F(-1)]	824
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	824

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^2} dx = B\sqrt{bx + cx^2} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} + \frac{(bB + 2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x+(2*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)} \left(-2A + Bx + \frac{2(bB+2Ac)\sqrt{x}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{b+cx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b+cx}} \right)}{x}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)]*(-2*A + B*x + (2*(b*B + 2*A*c)*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])]/(-\text{Sqrt}[b] + \text{Sqrt}[b + c*x])))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]))}{x}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1220, 1131, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$\frac{(2Ac + bB) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x} dx}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{bx^2}$$

↓ 1131

$$\frac{(2Ac + bB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{bx^2}$$

↓ 1091

$$\frac{(2Ac + bB) \left(b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{bx^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(2Ac + bB) \left(\frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{bx^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]/x^2, x]$$

output
$$\frac{(-2A*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(b*x^2) + ((b*B + 2*A*c)*(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2] + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/Sqrt[c]))}{b}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1091
$$\text{Int}[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1131
$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)\}^{(m_)}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)\}^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1220
$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)\}^{(m_)}*\{(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)\}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)\}^{(p + 1)}/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(-x\left(Ac+\frac{Bb}{2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)+\left(-\frac{Bx}{2}+A\right)\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\right)}{\sqrt{c}x}$
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-Bx+2A)}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}+\frac{\left(Ac+\frac{Bb}{2}\right)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$
default	$A\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{bx^2}+\frac{2c\left(\sqrt{cx^2+bx}+\frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b}\right)+B\left(\sqrt{cx^2+bx}+\frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/c^{(1/2)}*(-x*(A*c+1/2*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)}/x/c^{(1/2)})+(-1/2*B*x+A)*c^{(1/2)}*(x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)})/x$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(Bb+2Ac)\sqrt{cx} \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})+2(Bcx-2Ac)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{2cx}, \right.$$

$$\left. -\frac{(Bb+2Ac)\sqrt{-cx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right)-(Bcx-2Ac)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{cx} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*((B*b + 2*A*c)*sqrt(c)*x*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))
 + 2*(B*c*x - 2*A*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c*x), -((B*b + 2*A*c)*sqrt(-c)*x*
 arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (B*c*x - 2*A*c)*sqrt(c*x^2
 + b*x))/(c*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{Bb \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{2\sqrt{c}} + A\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}A}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*B*b*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(c) + A*sqrt(c)*l
og(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B - 2*sqrt
(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/x
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^2} dx = \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B - \frac{(Bb + 2Ac) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B - 1/2*(B*b + 2*A*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/sqrt(c) + 2*A*b/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac + 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bcx + 8\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)acx + 4\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2x - 8\sqrt{c}}{4cx}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(- 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c*x + 8*sqrt(c)
)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*c*x + 4*sqrt(c)*log((sq
rt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2*x - 8*sqrt(c)*a*c*x - sqrt(c)
*b**2*x)/(4*c*x)`

3.108 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	826
Mathematica [A] (verified)	826
Rubi [A] (verified)	827
Maple [A] (verified)	829
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	830
Sympy [F]	830
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	831
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	831
Mupad [F(-1)]	832
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	832

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^3} + 2B\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x-2/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b/x^3+2*B*c^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(Ab + 3bBx + Acx)}{3bx^2} - \frac{2B\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}\log(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{b + cx})}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b + cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(-2*sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(A*b + 3*b*B*x + A*c*x))/(3*b*x^2) - (2*B*sqrt[c]*sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*Log[-(sqrt[c]*sqrt[x]) + sqrt[b + c*x]])/(sqrt[x]*sqrt[b + c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1220, 1125, 25, 27, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\
 & B \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^2} dx - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1125} \\
 & B \left(- \int -\frac{c}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & B \left(\int \frac{c}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & B \left(c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1091} \\
 & B \left(2c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$B \left(2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^3}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b*x^3) + B*((-2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x + 2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1125 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{6Bb\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) x^2 - 2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}((3Bx+A)b+Acx)}{3bx^2}$	61
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3x\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b} + B\sqrt{c} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)$	66
default	$-\frac{2A(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bx^3} + B\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{bx^2} + \frac{2c\left(\sqrt{cx^2+bx} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b}\right)$	92

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*(6*B*b*c^(1/2)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))*x^2-2*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((3*B*x+A)*b+A*c*x))/b/x^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3 Bb\sqrt{cx^2} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Ab + (3 Bb + Ac)x)}{3 bx^2}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2 \left(3 Bb\sqrt{-cx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Ab + (3 Bb + Ac)x) \right)}{3 bx^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/3*(3*B*b*sqrt(c)*x^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(A*b + (3*B*b + A*c)*x))/(b*x^2), -2/3*(3*B*b*sqrt(-c)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(A*b + (3*B*b + A*c)*x))/(b*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx = \left(\sqrt{c} \log \left(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x} \right) B - \frac{2}{3} A \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}c}{bx} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/x)*B - 2/3*A*(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c/(b*x) + sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/x^2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 140 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx = -B\sqrt{c} \log \left(\left| 2 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right) \sqrt{c} + b \right| \right) + \frac{2 \left(3 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^2 Bb + 3 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^2 Ac + 3 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right) Ab\sqrt{c} + Ab^2 \right)}{3 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-B*sqrt(c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)) + 2/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*c + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b*sqrt(c) + A*b^2)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}acx}{3} - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2x + 2\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2x^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{c}acx^2}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}b^2x^2}{3}}{bx^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `(2*(-sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b - sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*x + 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2*x**2 - sqrt(c)*a*c*x**2 + sqrt(c)*b**2*x**2)/(3*b*x**2)`

3.109 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	833
Mathematica [A] (verified)	833
Rubi [A] (verified)	834
Maple [A] (verified)	835
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	836
Sympy [F]	836
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	836
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	837
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	837
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	838

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} - \frac{2(5bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15b^2x^3}$$

output `-2/5*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b/x^4-2/15*(-2*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^2/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2(x(b+cx))^{3/2}(3Ab+5bBx-2Acx)}{15b^2x^4}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(3*A*b + 5*b*B*x - 2*A*c*x))/(15*b^2*x^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1220, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(5bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^3} dx}{5b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$-\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (5bB - 2Ac)}{15b^2x^3} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*b*x^4) - (2*(5*b*B - 2*A*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*b^2*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1220

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(\left(\frac{5Bx}{3}+A\right)b-\frac{2Acx}{3}\right)}{5x^3b^2}$	37
gosper	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+5Bbx+3Ab)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15b^2x^3}$	40
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+5Bbx+3Ab)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15b^2x^3}$	40
trager	$-\frac{2(-2Ac^2x^2+5x^2Bbc+Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15b^2x^3}$	56
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Ac^2x^2+5x^2Bbc+Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)}{15x^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^2}$	59
default	$A\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5bx^4} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15b^2x^3}\right) - \frac{2B(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bx^3}$	64

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*(c*x+b)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((5/3*B*x+A)*b-2/3*A*c*x)/x^3/b^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2(3Ab^2 + (5Bbc - 2Ac^2)x^2 + (5Bb^2 + Abc)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{15b^2x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(3*A*b^2 + (5*B*b*c - 2*A*c^2)*x^2 + (5*B*b^2 + A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^2*x^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{3bx} + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{15b^2x} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B}{3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{15bx^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}A}{5x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-2/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/(b*x) + 4/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b^2*x) -
2/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/x^2 - 2/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b*x^2) - 2/5*sqrt
t(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/x^3
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 Bc + 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 Bb\sqrt{c} + 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 Ac^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 A^2 b^2 \right)}{15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/15*(15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*c + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x))^3*B*b*sqrt(c) + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*c^(3/2) +
5*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^2 + 25*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x))^2*A*b*c + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^2*sqrt(c) + 3*A*b^3
)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{4Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{15b^2x} - \frac{2B\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3x^2} - \frac{2Ac\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{15bx^2} - \frac{2Bc\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3bx} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{5x^3}$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(4Ac^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(15b^2x) - (2B(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(3x^2) - (2Acb(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(15bx^2) - (2Bcb(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(3bx) - (2A(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(5x^3)}{b^2x^3}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abcx}{15} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2x^2}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3x}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2cx^2}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{c}ac^2x^3}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}b^2cx^3}{15}}{b^2x^3}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx})ab^2 - \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}abcx + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ac^2x^2 - 5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^3x - 5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{c}ac^2x^3 - \sqrt{c}b^2cx^3))/(15b^2x^3)}$$

3.110 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	839
Rubi [A] (verified)	840
Maple [A] (verified)	841
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Sympy [F]	843
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	843
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	844
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	844
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	845

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} - \frac{2(7bB-4Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{35b^2x^4} + \frac{4c(7bB-4Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{105b^3x^3}$$

```
output -2/7*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b/x^5-2/35*(-4*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^2/x
^4+4/105*c*(-4*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^3/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2(x(b+cx))^{3/2}(7bBx(-3b+2cx)+A(-15b^2+12bcx-8c^2x^2))}{105b^3x^5}$$

```
input Integrate[((A+B*x)*Sqrt[b*x+c*x^2])/x^5,x]
```


output

$$\frac{(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(7*b*B*x*(-3*b + 2*c*x) + A*(-15*b^2 + 12*b*c*x - 8*c^2*x^2)))/(105*b^3*x^5)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(7bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^4} dx}{7b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(7bB - 4Ac) \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^3} dx}{5b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1123 \\ & \frac{\left(\frac{4c(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{15b^2x^3} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} \right) (7bB - 4Ac)}{7b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2])/x^5, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*b*x^5) + ((7*b*B - 4*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*b*x^4) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*b^2*x^3)))/(7*b)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(\left(\frac{7Bx}{5}+A\right)b^2-\frac{4cx\left(\frac{7Bx}{5}+A\right)b}{5}+\frac{8Ac^2x^2}{15}\right)}{7x^4b^3}$	54
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2-14x^2Bbc-12Abcx+21xBb^2+15b^2A)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^3x^4}$	62
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2-14x^2Bbc-12Abcx+21xBb^2+15b^2A)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^3x^4}$	62
trager	$\frac{2(8Ac^3x^3-14x^3Bbc^2-4Abc^2x^2+7x^2Bb^2c+3Ab^2cx+21xBb^3+15Ab^3)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^3x^4}$	81
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^3x^3-14x^3Bbc^2-4Abc^2x^2+7x^2Bb^2c+3Ab^2cx+21xBb^3+15Ab^3)}{105x^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^3}$	84
default	$A\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7bx^5}-\frac{4c\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5bx^4}+\frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15b^2x^3}\right)}{7b}\right)+B\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5bx^4}+\frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15b^2x^3}\right)$	112

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/7*(c*x+b)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((7/5*B*x+A)*b^2-4/5*c*x*(7/6*B*x+A)*b+8/15*A*c^2*x^2)/x^4/b^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2(15Ab^3-2(7Bbc^2-4Ac^3)x^3+(7Bb^2c-4Abc^2)x^2+3(7Bb^3+Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^5,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(15*A*b^3-2*(7*B*b*c^2-4*A*c^3)*x^3+(7*B*b^2*c-4*A*b*c^2)*x^2+3*(7*B*b^3+A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2+b*x)/(b^3*x^4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{15b^2x} - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{105b^3x} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{15bx^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{105b^2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B}{5x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{35bx^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}A}{7x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b^2*x) - 16/105*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^3*x) - 2/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/(b*x^2) + 8/105*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b^2*x^2) - 2/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/x^3 - 2/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b*x^3) - 2/7*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/x^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 Bc^{\frac{3}{2}} + 175 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 Bbc + 140 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 Ac^2 + 105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 B^2c^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 B^2bc + 140 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 B^2Ac^2 + 105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B^3c^{\frac{3}{2}} + 273 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B^3bc + 105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B^3Ac^2 + 105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) B^4c^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) B^4bc + 10 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) B^4Ac^2 \right)}{105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*c^(3/2) + 175*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b*c + 140*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*c^2 + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^2*sqrt(c) + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b*c^(3/2) + 21*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^3 + 273*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^2*c + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^3*sqrt(c) + 15*A*b^4)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{8Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^2x^2} - \frac{2B\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5x^3} - \frac{2Ac\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{35bx^3} - \frac{2Bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15bx^2} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7x^4} - \frac{16Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^3x} + \frac{4Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15b^2x}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))*(A + B*x))/x^5,x)`

output `(8*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b^2*x^2) - (2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(5*x^3) - (2*A*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*b*x^3) - (2*B*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15*b*x^2) - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^4) - (16*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b^3*x) + (4*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15*b^2*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3}{7} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2cx}{35} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2x^2}{105} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x^3}{105} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4x}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3cx^2}{15} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2x^3}{15}}{b^3x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^5,x)`output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c*x + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**3*x**3 - 21*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x - 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x**2 + 14*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(c)*a*c**3*x**4 - 14*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**2*x**4))/(105*b**3*x**4)`

3.111 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	846
Mathematica [A] (verified)	846
Rubi [A] (verified)	847
Maple [A] (verified)	849
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	849
Sympy [F]	850
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	850
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	851
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	851
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	852

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{2(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{21b^2x^5} + \frac{8c(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{105b^3x^4} - \frac{16c^2(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{315b^4x^3}$$

output

```
-2/9*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b/x^6-2/21*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^2/x^5+8/105*c*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^3/x^4-16/315*c^2*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^4/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2(x(b+cx))^{3/2}(3bBx(15b^2-12bcx+8c^2x^2)+A(35b^3-30b^2cx+24bc^2x^2-16c^3x^3))}{315b^4x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^6,x]`

output $(-2*(x*(b + c*x))^{(3/2)}*(3*b*B*x*(15*b^2 - 12*b*c*x + 8*c^2*x^2) + A*(35*b^3 - 30*b^2*c*x + 24*b*c^2*x^2 - 16*c^3*x^3)))/(315*b^4*x^6)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\
 & \frac{(3bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^5} dx}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{(3bB - 2Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^4} dx}{7b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{(3bB - 2Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^3} dx}{5b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1123
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15b^2x^3} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right) (3bB - 2Ac)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^6,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*b*x^6) + ((3*b*B - 2*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*b*x^5) - (4*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*b*x^4) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*b^2*x^3)))/(7*b)))/(3*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(\left(\frac{9Bx}{7}+A\right)b^3-\frac{6cx\left(\frac{6Bx}{5}+A\right)b^2}{7}+\frac{24c^2x^2(Bx+A)b}{35}-\frac{16Ac^3x^3}{35}\right)}{9x^5b^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-16Ac^3x^3+24x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-36x^2Bb^2c-30Ab^2cx+45xBb^3+35Ab^3)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^4x^5}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-16Ac^3x^3+24x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-36x^2Bb^2c-30Ab^2cx+45xBb^3+35Ab^3)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^4x^5}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-16Ac^4x^4+24Bbc^3x^4+8Abc^3x^3-12Bb^2c^2x^3-6Ab^2c^2x^2+9Bb^3cx^2+5Ab^3cx+45Bb^4x+35Ab^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^4x^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-16Ac^4x^4+24Bbc^3x^4+8Abc^3x^3-12Bb^2c^2x^3-6Ab^2c^2x^2+9Bb^3cx^2+5Ab^3cx+45Bb^4x+35Ab^4)}{315x^4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^4}$
default	$A\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9bx^6}-\frac{2c\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7bx^5}-\frac{4c\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5bx^4}+\frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15b^2x^3}\right)}{7b}\right)}{3b}\right)+B\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7bx^5}-\frac{4c}{3b}\right)$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/9*(c*x+b)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((9/7*B*x+A)*b^3-6/7*c*x*(6/5*B*x+A)*b^2+24/35*c^2*x^2*(B*x+A)*b-16/35*A*c^3*x^3)/x^5/b^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{2(35Ab^4+8(3Bbc^3-2Ac^4)x^4-4(3Bb^2c^2-2Abc^3)x^3+3(3Bb^3c-2Ab^2c^2)x^2+5(9Bb^4+Ab^3c))\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{315b^4x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^6,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/315*(35*A*b^4 + 8*(3*B*b*c^3 - 2*A*c^4)*x^4 - 4*(3*B*b^2*c^2 - 2*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 3*(3*B*b^3*c - 2*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*b^4 + A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^4*x^5)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**6, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^6} dx = & -\frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{105b^3x} + \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{315b^4x} + \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{105b^2x^2} \\ & - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{315b^3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{35bx^3} + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{105b^2x^3} \\ & - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B}{7x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{63bx^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}A}{9x^5} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-16/105*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b^3*x) + 32/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^4*x) + 8/105*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b^2*x^2) - 16/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^3*x^2) - 2/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/(b*x^3) + 4/105*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b^2*x^3) - 2/7*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/x^4 - 2/63*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b*x^4) - 2/9*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/x^5
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(420 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^6 Bc^2 + 945 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 Bbc^{\frac{3}{2}} + 630 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 Ac^{\frac{5}{2}} + 819 \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(420*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*c^2 + 945*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b*c^(3/2) + 630*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*c^(5/2) + 819*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^2*c + 1764*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b*c^2 + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^3*sqrt(c) + 1995*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^2*c^(3/2) + 45*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^4 + 1125*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^3*c + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^4*sqrt(c) + 35*A*b^5)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{4Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^2x^3} - \frac{2B\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7x^4} - \frac{2Ac\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63bx^4}$$

$$- \frac{2Bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{35bx^3} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9x^5}$$

$$- \frac{16Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^3x^2} + \frac{32Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^4x}$$

$$+ \frac{8Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^2x^2} - \frac{16Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^3x}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6,x)`

output

```
(4*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b^2*x^3) - (2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^4) - (2*A*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(63*b*x^4) - (2*B*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*b*x^3) - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9*x^5) - (16*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(315*b^3*x^2) + (32*A*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(315*b^4*x) + (8*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b^2*x^2) - (16*B*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b^3*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4}{9} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3cx}{63} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^2x^2}{105} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^3x^3}{315} + \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^4x^4}{315} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^5x}{7}}{b^4x^5}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^6,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4 - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c*x + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**4 - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*x - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c*x**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*x**4 - 16*sqrt(c)*a*c**4*x**5 + 24*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**3*x**5))/(315*b**4*x**5)
```

3.112 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	853
Mathematica [A] (verified)	854
Rubi [A] (verified)	854
Maple [A] (verified)	856
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	858
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	858
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	859
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	860

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7} - \frac{2(11bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{99b^2x^6} + \frac{4c(11bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{231b^3x^5} - \frac{16c^2(11bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{1155b^4x^4} + \frac{32c^3(11bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3465b^5x^3}$$

output

```
-2/11*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b/x^7-2/99*(-8*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^2/x^6+4/231*c*(-8*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^3/x^5-16/1155*c^2*(-8*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^4/x^4+32/3465*c^3*(-8*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^5/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (11bBx(-35b^3 + 30b^2cx - 24bc^2x^2 + 16c^3x^3) + A(-315b^4 + 280b^3cx - 240b^2c^2x^2 + 192bc^3x^3 - 128c^4x^4))}{3465b^5x^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^7,x]
```

output

```
(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(11*b*B*x*(-35*b^3 + 30*b^2*c*x - 24*b*c^2*x^2 + 16*c^3*x^3) + A*(-315*b^4 + 280*b^3*c*x - 240*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 192*b*c^3*x^3 - 128*c^4*x^4)))/(3465*b^5*x^7)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(11bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^6} dx}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{(11bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^5} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$(11bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{2c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^4} dx}{7b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \right) \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7}$$

↓ 1129

$$(11bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^3} dx}{5b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \right)$$

$$\frac{11b}{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7}$$

↓ 1123

$$\left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15b^2x^3} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \right) (11bB - 8Ac)$$

$$\frac{11b}{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^7,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(11*b*x^7) + ((11*b*B - 8*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*b*x^6) - (2*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*b*x^5) - (4*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*b*x^4) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*b^2*x^3)))/(7*b)))/(3*b)))/(11*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(\left(\frac{11Bx}{9}+A\right)b^4-\frac{8cx\left(\frac{33Bx}{28}+A\right)b^3}{9}+\frac{16c^2x^2\left(\frac{11Bx}{10}+A\right)b^2}{21}-\frac{64\left(\frac{11Bx}{12}+A\right)c^3x^3b}{105}+\frac{128Ac^4x^4}{315}\right)}{11x^6b^5}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(128Ac^4x^4-176Bbc^3x^4-192Abc^3x^3+264Bb^2c^2x^3+240Ab^2c^2x^2-330Bb^3cx^2-280Ab^3cx+385Bb^4x+315A)}{3465x^6b^5}$
oring	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(128Ac^4x^4-176Bbc^3x^4-192Abc^3x^3+264Bb^2c^2x^3+240Ab^2c^2x^2-330Bb^3cx^2-280Ab^3cx+385Bb^4x+315A)}{3465x^6b^5}$
trager	$-\frac{2(128Ac^5x^5-176Bbc^4x^5-64Abc^4x^4+88Bb^2c^3x^4+48Ab^2c^3x^3-66Bb^3c^2x^3-40Ab^3c^2x^2+55Bb^4cx^2+35Ab^4cx+38A)}{3465x^6b^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(128Ac^5x^5-176Bbc^4x^5-64Abc^4x^4+88Bb^2c^3x^4+48Ab^2c^3x^3-66Bb^3c^2x^3-40Ab^3c^2x^2+55Bb^4cx^2+35Ab^4cx+38A)}{3465x^5\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^5}$
default	$A\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{11bx^7}-\frac{8c\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9bx^6}-\frac{2c\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7bx^5}-\frac{4c\left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5bx^4}+\frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15b^2x^3}\right)}{7b}\right)}{3b}\right)}{11b}\right)+B\left(\dots\right)$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/11*(c*x+b)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((11/9*B*x+A)*b^4-8/9*c*x*(33/28*B*x+A)*b^3+16/21*c^2*x^2*(11/10*B*x+A)*b^2-64/105*(11/12*B*x+A)*c^3*x^3*b+128/315*A*c^4*x^4)/x^6/b^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2(315Ab^5 - 16(11Bbc^4 - 8Ac^5)x^5 + 8(11Bb^2c^3 - 8Abc^4)x^4 - 6(11Bb^3c^2 - 8Ab^2c^3)x^3 + 5(11Bb^4c - 8Ab^3c^2)x^2 + 35(11Bb^5 + Ab^4c)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3465b^5x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3465*(315*A*b^5 - 16*(11*B*b*c^4 - 8*A*c^5)*x^5 + 8*(11*B*b^2*c^3 - 8*A*b*c^4)*x^4 - 6*(11*B*b^3*c^2 - 8*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 + 5*(11*B*b^4*c - 8*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 35*(11*B*b^5 + A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^5*x^6)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**7, x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^7} dx = & \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^4}{315b^4x} - \frac{256\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^5}{3465b^5x} - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{315b^3x^2} \\ & + \frac{128\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{3465b^4x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{105b^2x^3} \\ & - \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{1155b^3x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{63bx^4} + \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{693b^2x^4} \\ & - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B}{9x^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{99bx^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}A}{11x^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 32/315*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*B*c^4/(b^4*x) - 256/3465*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A*c^5/ \\ & (b^5*x) - 16/315*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*B*c^3/(b^3*x^2) + 128/3465*\sqrt{c*x^2 + \\ & b*x}*A*c^4/(b^4*x^2) + 4/105*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*B*c^2/(b^2*x^3) - 32/1155* \\ & \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A*c^3/(b^3*x^3) - 2/63*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*B*c/(b*x^4) + 1 \\ & 6/693*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A*c^2/(b^2*x^4) - 2/9*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*B/x^5 - 2/ \\ & 99*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A*c/(b*x^5) - 2/11*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A/x^6 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 371 vs. $2(140) = 280$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(6930 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7 Bc^{\frac{5}{2}} + 19404 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^6 Bbc^2 + 11088 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^6 Ac^3 \right)}{11}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/3465*(6930*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^7*B*c^{(5/2)} + 19404*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^6 \\ & *A*c^3 + 21945*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^5*B*b^2*c^{(3/2)} + 36960*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^4 \\ & *B*b^3*c + 51480*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^4*A*b^2*c^2 + 3465*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^3 \\ & *B*b^4*\sqrt{c} + 38115*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^3*A*b^3*c^{(3/2)} + 385*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^2 \\ & *B*b^5 + 15785*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^2*A*b^4*c + 3465*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}) \\ & *A*b^5*\sqrt{c} + 315*A*b^6)/(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^{11} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{16 A c^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{693 b^2 x^4} - \frac{2 B \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{9 x^5} - \frac{2 A c \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{99 b x^5}$$

$$- \frac{2 B c \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{63 b x^4} - \frac{2 A \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{11 x^6}$$

$$- \frac{32 A c^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{1155 b^3 x^3} + \frac{128 A c^4 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3465 b^4 x^2}$$

$$- \frac{256 A c^5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3465 b^5 x} + \frac{4 B c^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{105 b^2 x^3}$$

$$- \frac{16 B c^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{315 b^3 x^2} + \frac{32 B c^4 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{315 b^4 x}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^7,x)`output
$$\begin{aligned} & (16*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(693*b^2*x^4) - (2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9*x^5) \\ & - (2*A*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(99*b*x^5) - (2*B*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(63*b*x^4) \\ & - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(11*x^6) - (32*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(1155*b^3*x^3) \\ & + (128*A*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(3465*b^4*x^2) - (256*A*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(3465*b^5*x) \\ & + (4*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b^2*x^3) - (16*B*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(315*b^3*x^2) \\ & + (32*B*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(315*b^4*x) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^5}{11} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^4cx}{99} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^3c^2x^2}{693} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^2c^3x^3}{1155} + \frac{128\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}bc^4x^4}{3465} - \frac{256\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}c^5x^5}{3465}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 315*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5 - 35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*  
c*x + 40*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)  
*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 - 128*sqrt(x)*s  
qrt(b + c*x)*a*c**5*x**5 - 385*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x - 55*sqrt(x)*s  
qrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c*x**2 + 66*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**2*x**3 - 88*sq  
rt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**4 + 176*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**4*x  
**5 + 128*sqrt(c)*a*c**5*x**6 - 176*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**4*x**6))/(3465*b**5*x*  
*6)
```

3.113 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	862
Mathematica [A] (verified)	863
Rubi [A] (verified)	863
Maple [A] (verified)	866
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	868
Sympy [F]	868
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	869
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	869
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	870
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	871

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{13bx^8} - \frac{2(13bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{143b^2x^7} + \frac{16c(13bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{1287b^3x^6} - \frac{32c^2(13bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3003b^4x^5} + \frac{128c^3(13bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15015b^5x^4} - \frac{256c^4(13bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{45045b^6x^3}$$

output

```
-2/13*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b/x^8-2/143*(-10*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b
^2/x^7+16/1287*c*(-10*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^3/x^6-32/3003*c^2*(-
10*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^4/x^5+128/15015*c^3*(-10*A*c+13*B*b)*(c
*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b^5/x^4-256/45045*c^4*(-10*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/b
^6/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (13bBx(315b^4 - 280b^3cx + 240b^2c^2x^2 - 192bc^3x^3 + 128c^4x^4) + 5A(693b^5 - 630b^4cx + 560b^3c^2x^2 - 480b^2c^3x^3 + 384b^2c^4x^4 - 256c^5x^5))}{45045b^6x^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^8,x]
```

output

```
(-2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(13*b*B*x*(315*b^4 - 280*b^3*c*x + 240*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 192*b*c^3*x^3 + 128*c^4*x^4) + 5*A*(693*b^5 - 630*b^4*c*x + 560*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 480*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 384*b*c^4*x^4 - 256*c^5*x^5)))/(45045*b^6*x^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(13bB - 10Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^7} dx}{13b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{13bx^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(13bB - 10Ac) \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^6} dx}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{13bx^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \end{aligned}$$

$$(13bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^5} dx}{3b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{13b}{13bx^8} \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{13bx^8}$$

↓ 1129

$$(13bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(-\frac{2c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^4} dx}{7b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{13b}{13bx^8} \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{13bx^8}$$

↓ 1129

$$(13bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{2c \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^3} dx}{5b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{13b}{13bx^8} \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{13bx^8}$$

↓ 1123

$$\left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15b^2x^3} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^4} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7bx^5} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9bx^6} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11bx^7} \right) (13bB - 10Ac) \right)$$

$$\frac{13b}{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{13bx^8}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^8,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(13*b*x^8) + ((13*b*B - 10*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(11*b*x^7) - (8*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*b*x^6) - (2*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*b*x^5) - (4*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*b*x^4) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*b^2*x^3)))/(7*b)))/(3*b)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] => Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/13*(c*x+b)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((13/11*B*x+A)*b^5-10/11*c*(52/45*B*x+A)*x*b^4+80/99*(39/35*B*x+A)*c^2*x^2*b^3-160/231*c^3*x^3*(26/25*B*x+A)*b^2+128/231*c^4*(13/15*B*x+A)*x^4*b-256/693*A*c^5*x^5)/x^7/b^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{2(3465Ab^6 + 128(13Bbc^5 - 10Ac^6)x^6 - 64(13Bb^2c^4 - 10Abc^5)x^5 + 48(13Bb^3c^3 - 10Ab^2c^4)x^4 - 45045b^6x^3 + 35(13Bb^5c - 10Ab^4c^2)x^2 + 315(13Bb^6 + Ab^5c)x - 128A^2c^6)}{45045b^6x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/45045*(3465*A*b^6 + 128*(13*B*b*c^5 - 10*A*c^6)*x^6 - 64*(13*B*b^2*c^4 - 10*A*b*c^5)*x^5 + 48*(13*B*b^3*c^3 - 10*A*b^2*c^4)*x^4 - 40*(13*B*b^4*c^2 - 10*A*b^3*c^3)*x^3 + 35*(13*B*b^5*c - 10*A*b^4*c^2)*x^2 + 315*(13*B*b^6 + A*b^5*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^6*x^7)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**8,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**8, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{256 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^5}{3465 b^5 x} + \frac{512 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^6}{9009 b^6 x} + \frac{128 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^4}{3465 b^4 x^2} - \frac{256 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^5}{9009 b^5 x^2} - \frac{32 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^3}{1155 b^3 x^3} + \frac{64 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^4}{3003 b^4 x^3} + \frac{16 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^2}{693 b^2 x^4} - \frac{160 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^3}{9009 b^3 x^4} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc}{99 b x^5} + \frac{20 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^2}{1287 b^2 x^5} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} B}{11 x^6} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac}{143 b x^6} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} A}{13 x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-256/3465*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^5/(b^5*x) + 512/9009*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^6/(b^6*x) + 128/3465*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^4*x^2) - 256/9009*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^5/(b^5*x^2) - 32/1155*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b^3*x^3) + 64/3003*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^4*x^3) + 16/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b^2*x^4) - 160/9009*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^3*x^4) - 2/99*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/(b*x^5) + 20/1287*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b^2*x^5) - 2/11*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/x^6 - 2/143*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b*x^6) - 2/13*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/x^7`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 431 vs. 2(171) = 342.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{2 \left(144144 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^8 Bc^3 + 480480 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7 Bbc^{\frac{5}{2}} + 240240 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7 \right)}{13 x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/45045*(144144*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*B*c^3 + 480480*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*B*b*c^(5/2) + 240240*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*A*c^(7/2) + 669240*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*b^2*c^2 + 926640*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*A*b*c^3 + 495495*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b^3*c^(3/2) + 1531530*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*b^2*c^(5/2) + 205205*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^4*c + 1401400*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b^3*c^2 + 45045*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^5*sqrt(c) + 765765*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^4*c^(3/2) + 4095*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^6 + 249795*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^5*c + 45045*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^6*sqrt(c) + 3465*A*b^7)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^13`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{20 A c^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{1287 b^2 x^5} - \frac{2 B \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{11 x^6} - \frac{2 A c \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{143 b x^6} - \frac{2 B c \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{99 b x^5} - \frac{2 A \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{13 x^7} - \frac{160 A c^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{9009 b^3 x^4} + \frac{64 A c^4 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3003 b^4 x^3} - \frac{256 A c^5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{9009 b^5 x^2} + \frac{512 A c^6 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{9009 b^6 x} + \frac{16 B c^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{693 b^2 x^4} - \frac{32 B c^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{1155 b^3 x^3} + \frac{128 B c^4 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3465 b^4 x^2} - \frac{256 B c^5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3465 b^5 x}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^8,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (20A^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(1287b^2x^5) - (2B(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/ \\ & (11x^6) - (2A^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(143bx^6) - (2B^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/ \\ & (99bx^5) - (2A^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(13x^7) - (160A^2c^3(bx + \\ & cx^2)^{1/2})/(9009b^3x^4) + (64A^2c^4(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(3003b^4x^3) \\ & - (256A^2c^5(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(9009b^5x^2) + (512A^2c^6(bx + c \\ & x^2)^{1/2})/(9009b^6x) + (16B^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(693b^2x^4) - \\ & (32B^2c^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(1155b^3x^3) + (128B^2c^4(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/ \\ & (3465b^4x^2) - (256B^2c^5(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(3465b^5x) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^6}{13} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5cx}{143} + \frac{20\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^2x^2}{1287} - \frac{160\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^3x^3}{9009} + \frac{64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^4}{3003} - \frac{256\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^1c^5x^5}{9009}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^8,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(-3465\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^6 - 315\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^5c \\ & x + 350\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^4c^2x^2 - 400\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+ \\ & cx}ab^3c^3x^3 + 480\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^2c^4x^4 - 640\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+ \\ & cx}ab^1c^5x^5 + 1280\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ac^6x^6 - 4095\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+ \\ & cx}b^7x - 455\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^6cx^2 + 520\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+ \\ & cx}b^5c^2x^3 - 624\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^4c^3x^4 + 832\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+ \\ & cx}b^3c^4x^5 - 1664\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^2c^5x^6 - 1280\sqrt{c}ac^6x^7 + 1664\sqrt{c}b^2c^5x^7))/ \\ & (45045b^6x^7) \end{aligned}$$

3.114 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	872
Mathematica [A] (verified)	873
Rubi [A] (verified)	873
Maple [A] (verified)	878
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	880
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	881
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	882
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 264

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{b^5(9bB - 14Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{1024c^5} \\ &- \frac{b^4(9bB - 14Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{1536c^4} + \frac{b^3(9bB - 14Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{1920c^3} \\ &- \frac{b^2(9bB - 14Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2240c^2} - \frac{13b(9bB - 14Ac)x^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{840c} \\ &- \frac{1}{84}(9bB - 14Ac)x^5\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + \frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c} \\ &- \frac{b^6(9bB - 14Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{1024c^{11/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/1024*b^5*(-14*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^5-1/1536*b^4*(-14*A*c+9*B*b)
)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+1/1920*b^3*(-14*A*c+9*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)
/c^3-1/2240*b^2*(-14*A*c+9*B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-13/840*b*(-14*A*
c+9*B*b)*x^4*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-1/84*(-14*A*c+9*B*b)*x^5*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)
)+1/7*B*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c-1/1024*b^6*(-14*A*c+9*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)
*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (945b^6B - 1470Ab^5c - 630b^5Bcx + 980Ab^4c^2x + 504b^4Bc^2x^2 - 784Ab^3c^3x^2 + 432b^3Bc^3x^3 + 672Ab^2c^4x^3 + 384b^2Bc^4x^4 + 23296A^2b^2c^5x^4 + 19200Ab^2Bc^5x^5 + 17920A^2c^6x^5 + 15360Bc^6x^6)}{512c^{11/2}x^{3/2}(b + cx)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^6(9bB - 14Ac)(x(b + cx))^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{b+cx}}\right)}{512c^{11/2}x^{3/2}(b + cx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(945*b^6*B - 1470*A*b^5*c - 630*b^5*B*c*x + 980*A*b^4*c^2*x + 504*b^4*B*c^2*x^2 - 784*A*b^3*c^3*x^2 - 432*b^3*B*c^3*x^3 + 672*A*b^2*c^4*x^3 + 384*b^2*B*c^4*x^4 + 23296*A^2*b^2*c^5*x^4 + 19200*b*B*c^5*x^5 + 17920*A*c^6*x^5 + 15360*B*c^6*x^6))/(107520*c^5*x*(b + c*x)) - (b^6*(9*b*B - 14*A*c)*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(512*c^(11/2)*x^(3/2)*(b + c*x)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1221, 1134, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9bB - 14Ac) \int x^2(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} dx}{14c}$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9bB-14Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b \int x(cx^2+bx)^{3/2} dx}{12c} \right)}{14c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9bB-14Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \int (cx^2+bx)^{3/2} dx}{2c} \right)}{12c} \right)}{14c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9bB-14Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{12c} \right)}{14c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{(9bB-14Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{12c} \right)}{14c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1091
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c} - \\
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\sqrt{\frac{x}{cx^2+bx}}}{16c} \right) \\
 & \frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\sqrt{\frac{x}{cx^2+bx}}}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right) \\
 & \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\sqrt{\frac{x}{cx^2+bx}}}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6c} - \frac{(9bB - 14Ac) \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\sqrt{\frac{x}{cx^2+bx}}}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{12c} \right)}{14c}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}$$

\downarrow 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7c} - \\
 & \left(\frac{(9bB - 14Ac)}{6c} \frac{x(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{7b}{2c} \left(\frac{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{b}{8c} \frac{(b + 2cx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{16c} - \frac{3b^2}{4c^3/2} \left(\frac{(b + 2cx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{14c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(B*x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c) - ((9*b*B - 14*A*c)*((x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*c) - (7*b*((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c) - (b*((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*b^2*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2)))/(16*c)))/(2*c)))/(12*c)))/(14*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$

rule 1091 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, x\}$

rule 1134 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{m-1}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / (c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e) / (c*(m + 2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m-1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / (2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e) / (2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1221 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / (c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g)) / (c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$7 \left(-\frac{15b^6 \left(Ac - \frac{9Bb}{14} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right)}{8} + \left(-\frac{208x^4 b \left(\frac{75Bx}{91} + A \right) c^{\frac{11}{2}}}{7} - \frac{160x^5 \left(\frac{6Bx}{7} + A \right) c^{\frac{13}{2}}}{7} + \left(\frac{15 \left(\frac{3Bx}{7} + A \right) b^3 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} - \frac{5x b^2 \left(\dots \right)}{960c^{\frac{11}{2}}} \right) \right)$
risch	$-\frac{(-15360B c^6 x^6 - 17920A c^6 x^5 - 19200Bb c^5 x^5 - 23296Ab c^5 x^4 - 384B b^2 c^4 x^4 - 672A b^2 c^4 x^3 + 432B b^3 c^3 x^3 + 784A b^3 c^3 x^2 - \dots)}{107520c^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{x(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{12c} \right)$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -7/960*(-15/8*b^6*(A*c-9/14*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}/x/c^{1/2}))+(-20 \\ & 8/7*x^4*b*(75/91*B*x+A)*c^{11/2}-160/7*x^5*(6/7*B*x+A)*c^{13/2}+(15/8*(3/7 \\ & *B*x+A)*b^3*c^{3/2}-5/4*x*b^2*(18/35*B*x+A)*c^{5/2}+b*x^2*(27/49*B*x+A)*c^{ \\ & (7/2)-6/7*(4/7*B*x+A)*x^3*c^{9/2}-135/112*B*c^{1/2}*b^4)*b^2*(x*(c*x+b))^{ \\ & (1/2))/c^{11/2} \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{105(9Bb^7-14Ab^6c)\sqrt{c}\log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})-2(15360Bc^7x^6+945Bb^6c-1470A*b^5*c^2+1280*(15*B*b*c^6+14*A*c^7)*x^5+128*(3*B*b^2*c^5+182*A*b*c^6)*x^4-48*(9*B*b^3*c^4-14*A*b^2*c^5)*x^3+56*(9*B*b^4*c^3-14*A*b^3*c^4)*x^2-70*(9*B*b^5*c^2-14*A*b^4*c^3)*x)\sqrt{c*x^2+b*x}}{c^6}, \frac{1}{107520}*(105*(9*B*b^7-14*A*b^6*c)*\sqrt{-c}*\operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c*x^2+b*x}*\sqrt{-c}/(c*x+b))+ (15360*B*c^7*x^6+945*B*b^6*c-1470*A*b^5*c^2+1280*(15*B*b*c^6+14*A*c^7)*x^5+128*(3*B*b^2*c^5+182*A*b*c^6)*x^4-48*(9*B*b^3*c^4-14*A*b^2*c^5)*x^3+56*(9*B*b^4*c^3-14*A*b^3*c^4)*x^2-70*(9*B*b^5*c^2-14*A*b^4*c^3)*x)\sqrt{c*x^2+b*x}}{c^6} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/215040*(105*(9*B*b^7-14*A*b^6*c)*\sqrt{c}*\log(2*c*x+b+2*\sqrt{c*x^2+b*x}*\sqrt{c}))-2*(15360*B*c^7*x^6+945*B*b^6*c-1470*A*b^5*c^2+12 \\ & 80*(15*B*b*c^6+14*A*c^7)*x^5+128*(3*B*b^2*c^5+182*A*b*c^6)*x^4-48*(9*B*b^3*c^4-14*A*b^2*c^5)*x^3+56*(9*B*b^4*c^3-14*A*b^3*c^4)*x^2-7 \\ & 0*(9*B*b^5*c^2-14*A*b^4*c^3)*x)\sqrt{c*x^2+b*x}}{c^6}, \frac{1}{107520}*(105*(9 \\ & *B*b^7-14*A*b^6*c)*\sqrt{-c}*\operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c*x^2+b*x}*\sqrt{-c}/(c*x+b)) \\ & + (15360*B*c^7*x^6+945*B*b^6*c-1470*A*b^5*c^2+1280*(15*B*b*c^6+14 \\ & *A*c^7)*x^5+128*(3*B*b^2*c^5+182*A*b*c^6)*x^4-48*(9*B*b^3*c^4-14*A \\ & *b^2*c^5)*x^3+56*(9*B*b^4*c^3-14*A*b^3*c^4)*x^2-70*(9*B*b^5*c^2-14 \\ & *A*b^4*c^3)*x)\sqrt{c*x^2+b*x}}{c^6} \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx^2 + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{35b^4 \left(Ab^2 - \frac{9b \left(2Abc + Bb^2 - \frac{11b(Ac^2 + \frac{15Bbc}{14})}{12c} \right)}{10c} \right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + 2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{(\frac{b}{2c} + x) \log(\frac{b}{2c} + x)}{\sqrt{c}(\frac{b}{2c} + x)^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{128c^4} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \\ \frac{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11b} \right)}{b^3} \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((35*b**4*(A*b**2 - 9*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 11*b*(A*c**2 + 15*B*b*c/14)/(12*c)))/(10*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(128*c**4) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*c*x**6/7 - 35*b**3*(A*b**2 - 9*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 11*b*(A*c**2 + 15*B*b*c/14)/(12*c)))/(10*c))/(64*c**4) + 35*b**2*x*(A*b**2 - 9*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 11*b*(A*c**2 + 15*B*b*c/14)/(12*c)))/(10*c))/(96*c**3) - 7*b*x**2*(A*b**2 - 9*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 11*b*(A*c**2 + 15*B*b*c/14)/(12*c)))/(10*c))/(24*c**2) + x**5*(A*c**2 + 15*B*b*c/14)/(6*c) + x**4*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 11*b*(A*c**2 + 15*B*b*c/14)/(12*c))/(5*c) + x**3*(A*b**2 - 9*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 11*b*(A*c**2 + 15*B*b*c/14)/(12*c)))/(10*c))/(4*c)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(9/2)/9 + B*(b*x)**(11/2)/(11*b))/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))
```


input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{107520}\sqrt{c x^2 + b x} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(10 \left(12 B c x + (15 B b c^6 + 14 A c^7) / c^6 \right) x + (3 B b^2 c^5 + 182 A b c^6) / c^6 \right) x - 3 \left(9 B b^3 c^4 - 14 A b^2 c^5 \right) / c^6 \right) x + 7 \left(9 B b^4 c^3 - 14 A b^3 c^4 \right) / c^6 \right) x - 35 \left(9 B b^5 c^2 - 14 A b^4 c^3 \right) / c^6 \right) x + 105 \left(9 B b^6 c - 14 A b^5 c^2 \right) / c^6 + \frac{1}{2048} \left(9 B b^7 - 14 A b^6 c \right) \log \left(\operatorname{abs} \left(2 \left(\sqrt{c} x - \sqrt{c x^2 + b x} \right) \sqrt{c} + b \right) \right) / c^{11/2}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output `int(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^2(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-1470\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5c^2 + 980\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^3x - 784\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^4x^2 + 672\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^5x^3 - 336\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^5x^4 + 168\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^5x^5}{c^6}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 1470*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5*c**2 + 980*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b
**4*c**3*x - 784*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*x**2 + 672*sqrt(x)*sqrt
(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**5*x**3 + 23296*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**6*x**4 + 1
7920*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**7*x**5 + 945*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**7*c
- 630*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c**2*x + 504*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c
**3*x**2 - 432*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**4*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b +
c*x)*b**3*c**5*x**4 + 19200*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**6*x**5 + 15360*
sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**7*x**6 + 1470*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt
(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**6*c - 945*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*
sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**8)/(107520*c**6)
```

3.115 $\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{b^4(7bB - 12Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{512c^4} + \frac{b^3(7bB - 12Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{768c^3} - \frac{b^2(7bB - 12Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{960c^2} - \frac{11b(7bB - 12Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{480c} - \frac{1}{60}(7bB - 12Ac)x^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + \frac{Bx(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{6c} + \frac{b^5(7bB - 12Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{512c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/512*b^4*(-12*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+1/768*b^3*(-12*A*c+7*B*b)
*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/960*b^2*(-12*A*c+7*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c
^2-11/480*b*(-12*A*c+7*B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-1/60*(-12*A*c+7*B*b)*x
^4*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/6*B*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c+1/512*b^5*(-12*A*c+7*B*b)
*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}(-105b^5B + 48b^2c^3x^2(2A + Bx) + 256c^5x^4(6A + 5Bx) - 8b^3c^2) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(-105*b^5*B + 48*b^2*c^3*x^2*(2*A + B*x) + 256*c^5*x^4*(6*A + 5*B*x) - 8*b^3*c^2*x*(15*A + 7*B*x) + 10*b^4*c*(18*A + 7*B*x) + 64*b*c^4*x^3*(33*A + 26*B*x)) + 360*A*b^5*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])] + 210*b^6*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(7680*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1225, 1087, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1225$$

$$\frac{b(7bB - 12Ac) \int (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} dx}{24c^2} - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-12Ac + 7bB - 10Bcx)}{60c^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{b(7bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{16c} \right)}{24c^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-12Ac + 7bB - 10Bcx)} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{b(7bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-12Ac + 7bB - 10Bcx)} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 1091

$$\frac{b(7bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{4c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-12Ac + 7bB - 10Bcx)} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{b(7bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (-12Ac + 7bB - 10Bcx)} \quad \text{---}$$

input

```
Int [x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```


output

$$-1/60*((7*b*B - 12*A*c - 10*B*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)})/c^2 + (b*(7*b*B - 12*A*c)*((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(8*c) - (3*b^2*((b + 2*c*x)*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^{(3/2)})))/(16*c)))/(24*c^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1091

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1225

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x))*(f + (g \cdot x))*(a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + \text{Simp}[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}A b^5 c - \frac{7}{8}B b^6\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(-\frac{64x^4\left(\frac{5Bx}{6}+A\right)c^{\frac{11}{2}}}{5} + \left(-\frac{3\left(\frac{7Bx}{18}+A\right)b^3c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + b^2x\left(\frac{7Bx}{15}+A\right)c^{\frac{5}{2}} - \dots\right)}{64c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(1280B c^5 x^5 + 1536A c^5 x^4 + 1664B b c^4 x^4 + 2112A b c^4 x^3 + 48B b^2 c^3 x^3 + 96A b^2 c^3 x^2 - 56B b^3 c^2 x^2 - 120A b^3 c^2 x + 70B b^4 c x + \dots)}{7680c^4 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \right) + B \frac{x(cx^2+bx)}{6c}$

```
input int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/64/c^(9/2)*((3/2*A*b^5*c-7/8*B*b^6)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))
+(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(-64/5*x^4*(5/6*B*x+A)*c^(11/2)+(-3/2*(7/18*B*x+A)*b^3
*c^(3/2)+b^2*x*(7/15*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)-4/5*(1/2*B*x+A)*x^2*b*c^(7/2)-88/5*(26
/33*B*x+A)*x^3*c^(9/2)+7/8*B*c^(1/2)*b^4)*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7Bb^6 - 12Ab^5c)\sqrt{c}\log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(1280Bc^6x^5 - 105Bb^5c + 180Ab^4c^2 + 128(13Bbc^5 + 12A^2c^6))x^4 + 48(Bb^2c^4 + 44Ab^3c^5)x^3 - 8(7Bb^3c^3 - 12Ab^2c^4)x^2 + 10(7Bb^4c^2 - 12Ab^3c^3)x\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c^5}, -\frac{15(7Bb^6 - 12Ab^5c)\sqrt{-c}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) - (1280Bc^6x^5 - 105Bb^5c + 180Ab^4c^2 + 128(13Bbc^5 + 12A^2c^6))x^4 + 48(Bb^2c^4 + 44Ab^3c^5)x^3 - 8(7Bb^3c^3 - 12Ab^2c^4)x^2 + 10(7Bb^4c^2 - 12Ab^3c^3)x\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c^5} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/15360*(15*(7*B*b^6 - 12*A*b^5*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(1280*B*c^6*x^5 - 105*B*b^5*c + 180*A*b^4*c^2 + 128*(13*B*b*c^5 + 12*A*c^6))*x^4 + 48*(B*b^2*c^4 + 44*A*b*c^5)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*b^3*c^3 - 12*A*b^2*c^4)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*b^4*c^2 - 12*A*b^3*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^5, -1/7680*(15*(7*B*b^6 - 12*A*b^5*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (1280*B*c^6*x^5 - 105*B*b^5*c + 180*A*b^4*c^2 + 128*(13*B*b*c^5 + 12*A*c^6))*x^4 + 48*(B*b^2*c^4 + 44*A*b*c^5)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*b^3*c^3 - 12*A*b^2*c^4)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*b^4*c^2 - 12*A*b^3*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^5]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{5b^3 \left(Ab^2 - \frac{7b \left(2Abc + Bb^2 - \frac{9b(Ac^2 + \frac{13Bbc}{12})}{10c} \right)}{8c} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + 2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} \text{ for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{(\frac{b}{2c} + x) \log(\frac{b}{2c} + x)}{\sqrt{c(\frac{b}{2c} + x)^2}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{16c^3} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \\ \frac{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{B(bx)^{9/2}}{9b} \right)}{b^2} \\ 0 \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-5*b**3*(A*b**2 - 7*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 9*b*(A*c**2 + 13*B*b*c/12)/(10*c)))/(8*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(16*c**3) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*c*x**5/6 + 5*b**2*(A*b**2 - 7*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 9*b*(A*c**2 + 13*B*b*c/12)/(10*c)))/(8*c))/(8*c**3) - 5*b*x*(A*b**2 - 7*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 9*b*(A*c**2 + 13*B*b*c/12)/(10*c)))/(8*c))/(12*c**2) + x**4*(A*c**2 + 13*B*b*c/12)/(5*c) + x**3*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 9*b*(A*c**2 + 13*B*b*c/12)/(10*c))/(4*c) + x**2*(A*b**2 - 7*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 9*b*(A*c**2 + 13*B*b*c/12)/(10*c)))/(8*c))/(3*c), Ne(c, 0), (2*(A*(b*x)**(7/2)/7 + B*(b*x)**(9/2)/(9*b))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int x(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^4x}{256c^3} + \frac{7(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Bb^2x}{96c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^3x}{64c^2} + \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Bx}{6c} - \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Abx}{8c} + \frac{7Bb^6\log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{1024c^{9/2}} - \frac{3Ab^5\log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{256c^{7/2}} - \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^5}{512c^4} + \frac{7(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Bb^3}{192c^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^4}{128c^3} - \frac{7(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Bb}{60c^2} - \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Ab^2}{16c^2} + \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}A}{5c}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-7/256*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^4*x/c^3 + 7/96*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^2*x/c^2 + 3/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^3*x/c^2 + 1/6*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*x/c - 1/8*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b*x/c + 7/1024*B*b^6*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(9/2) - 3/256*A*b^5*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) - 7/512*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^5/c^4 + 7/192*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^3/c^3 + 3/128*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^4/c^3 - 7/60*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*b/c^2 - 1/16*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b^2/c^2 + 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/c`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{7680}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\left(2\left(4\left(2\left(8\left(10Bcx+\frac{13Bbc^5+12Ac^6}{c^5}\right)x+\frac{3(Bb^2c^4+44Abc^5)}{c^5}\right)\right)x-\frac{(7Bb^6-12Ab^5c)\log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c}+b|)}{1024c^{9/2}}\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7680*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*B*c*x + (13*B*b*c^5 + 12*A*c^6)/c^5)*x + 3*(B*b^2*c^4 + 44*A*b*c^5)/c^5)*x - (7*B*b^3*c^3 - 12*A*b^2*c^4)/c^5)*x + 5*(7*B*b^4*c^2 - 12*A*b^3*c^3)/c^5)*x - 15*(7*B*b^5*c - 12*A*b^4*c^2)/c^5) - 1/1024*(7*B*b^6 - 12*A*b^5*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

input `int(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output `int(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{180\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^2 - 120\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^3x + 96\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2 + 2112\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^5x^3}{1024}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(180*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c**2 - 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*
c**3*x + 96*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**4*x**2 + 2112*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b +
c*x)*a*b*c**5*x**3 + 1536*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**6*x**4 - 105*sqrt(x)
*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c**2*x - 56*sqrt(x)*
sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**4*x**3 + 1
664*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**5*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c*
*6*x**5 - 180*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**
5*c + 105*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**7)/(76
80*c**5)
```

3.116 $\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	895
Mathematica [A] (verified)	896
Rubi [A] (verified)	896
Maple [A] (verified)	898
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	899
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	900
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	901
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	901
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	902
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	903

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b^3(bB - 2Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{128c^3} - \frac{b^2(bB - 2Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{64c^2} - \frac{3b(bB - 2Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{16c} - \frac{1}{8}(bB - 2Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{3b^4(bB - 2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{128c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
3/128*b^3*(-2*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/64*b^2*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-3/16*b*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-1/8*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/5*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c-3/128*b^4*(-2*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(15b^4B - 10b^3c(3A+Bx) + 4b^2c^2x(5A+2Bx) + 32c^4x^3(5A+4Bx) + 16bc^3x^2(15A+11Bx))}{b+cx} + \frac{30b^4}{640c^{7/2}x^{3/2}} \right)}{640c^{7/2}x^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]*(15*b^4*B - 10*b^3*c*(3*A + B*x) + 4*b^2*c^2*x*(5*A + 2*B*x) + 32*c^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 16*b*c^3*x^2*(15*A + 11*B*x)))/(b + c*x) + (30*b^4*(b*B - 2*A*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(b + c*x)^(3/2)))/(640*c^(7/2)*x^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\ & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \int (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} dx}{2c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \\ & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{16c} \right)}{2c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1091} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{4c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c) - ((b*B - 2*A*c)*(((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*b^2*(((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2)))))/(16*c)))/(2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*
p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

```
rule 1091 Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1
- c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1160 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}A b^4 c - \frac{3}{4}b^5 B\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \left(-\frac{3\left(\frac{Bx}{3} + A\right)b^3 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + b^2 x\left(\frac{2Bx}{5} + A\right)c^{\frac{5}{2}} + 12\left(\frac{11Bx}{15} + A\right)x^2 b c^{\frac{7}{2}} + 8x^3\left(\frac{4Bx}{5} + A\right)c^{\frac{9}{2}}\right)}{32c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(-128B c^4 x^4 - 160A c^4 x^3 - 176B b c^3 x^3 - 240A b c^3 x^2 - 8B b^2 c^2 x^2 - 20A b^2 c^2 x + 10B b^3 c x + 30A b^3 c - 15B b^4)x(cx+b)}{640c^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} +$
default	$A \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right) + B \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/32/c^(7/2)*((3/2*A*b^4*c-3/4*b^5*B)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))
+(-3/2*(1/3*B*x+A)*b^3*c^(3/2)+b^2*x*(2/5*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)+12*(11/15*B*x+A)*
x^2*b*c^(7/2)+8*x^3*(4/5*B*x+A)*c^(9/2)+3/4*B*c^(1/2)*b^4)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/
2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[-\frac{15(Bb^5 - 2Ab^4c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(128Bc^5x^4 + 15Bb^4c - 30Ab^4c)}{1280} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/1280*(15*(B*b^5 - 2*A*b^4*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*
x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(128*B*c^5*x^4 + 15*B*b^4*c - 30*A*b^3*c^2 + 16*(11*B*b*c^
4 + 10*A*c^5)*x^3 + 8*(B*b^2*c^3 + 30*A*b*c^4)*x^2 - 10*(B*b^3*c^2 - 2*A*b
^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^4, 1/640*(15*(B*b^5 - 2*A*b^4*c)*sqrt(-c)*
arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (128*B*c^5*x^4 + 15*B*b^4*c
- 30*A*b^3*c^2 + 16*(11*B*b*c^4 + 10*A*c^5)*x^3 + 8*(B*b^2*c^3 + 30*A*b*c
^4)*x^2 - 10*(B*b^3*c^2 - 2*A*b^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^4]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3b^2 \left(Ab^2 - \frac{5b \left(2Abc + Bb^2 - \frac{7b \left(Ac^2 + \frac{11Bbc}{10} \right)}{8c} \right)}{6c} \right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + 2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right) \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)}{\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8c^2} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \left(\frac{B}{b} \right)}{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b} \right)} \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((3*b**2*(A*b**2 - 5*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 7*b*(A*c**2 + 11*B*b*c/10))/(8*c))/(6*c)*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(8*c**2) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*c*x**4/5 - 3*b*(A*b**2 - 5*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 7*b*(A*c**2 + 11*B*b*c/10))/(8*c))/(4*c**2) + x**3*(A*c**2 + 11*B*b*c/10)/(4*c) + x**2*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 7*b*(A*c**2 + 11*B*b*c/10))/(8*c))/(3*c) + x*(A*b**2 - 5*b*(2*A*b*c + B*b**2 - 7*b*(A*c**2 + 11*B*b*c/10))/(8*c))/(6*c))/(2*c), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(5/2)/5 + B*(b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b))/b, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4}(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ax + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^3x}{64c^2} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bbx}{8c} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2x}{32c} - \frac{3Bb^5 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{256c^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{3Ab^4 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{128c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^4}{128c^3} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^2}{16c^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^3}{64c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}B}{5c} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab}{8c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*x + 3/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^3*x/c^2 - 1/8*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b*x/c - 3/32*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2*x/c - 3/256*B*b^5*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) + 3/128*A*b^4*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) + 3/128*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^4/c^3 - 1/16*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^2/c^2 - 3/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^3/c^2 + 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/c + 1/8*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/c`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{640}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\left(2\left(4\left(2\left(8Bcx + \frac{11Bbc^4 + 10Ac^5}{c^4}\right)x + \frac{Bb^2c^3 + 30Abc^4}{c^4}\right)x - \frac{5(Bb^3c^2 + 10Ab^2c^3 + 5A^2b^2c^4)}{c^4}\right) + \frac{3(Bb^5 - 2Ab^4c)\log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{256c^{\frac{7}{2}}}\right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/640*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(2*(8*B*c*x + (11*B*b*c^4 + 10*A*c^5)/c^4)*x
+ (B*b^2*c^3 + 30*A*b*c^4)/c^4)*x - 5*(B*b^3*c^2 - 2*A*b^2*c^3)/c^4)*x +
15*(B*b^4*c - 2*A*b^3*c^2)/c^4) + 3/256*(B*b^5 - 2*A*b^4*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt
(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(7/2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{B(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{5c} + \frac{A(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(\frac{b}{2} + cx)}{4c}$$

$$- \frac{Bb \left(\frac{x(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{4} + \frac{b(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(b + 2cx)}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{16c}$$

$$- \frac{3Ab^2 \left(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{b}{4c} \right) - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{8c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c}$$

input

```
int((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)
```

output

```
(B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c) + (A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(b/2 + c*x))/(4*c)
- (B*b*((x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*b^2
*(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(b + 2*c*x))/(4*c) - (b^2*log((b/2 + c*x)/c^(1/2) +
(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/(8*c^(3/2)))))/(16*c))/(2*c) - (3*A*b^2*((b*x + c*x
^2)^(1/2)*(x/2 + b/(4*c)) - (b^2*log((b/2 + c*x)/c^(1/2) + (b*x + c*x^2)^(
1/2)))/(8*c^(3/2)))))/(16*c)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-30\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^2 + 20\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x + 240\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^4x^2 + 160\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}a^2c^5x^3 + 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^5c - 10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4c^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^3x^2 + 176\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^4x^3 + 128\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bc^5x^4 + 30\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})a^2b^4c - 15\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})b^6)/(640c^4}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**2 + 20*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2
*c**3*x + 240*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**2 + 160*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c
*x)*a*c**5*x**3 + 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*
x)*b**4*c**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**2 + 176*sqrt(x)*sqrt
(b + c*x)*b**2*c**4*x**3 + 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**5*x**4 + 30*sqrt
(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**4*c - 15*sqrt(c)*l
og((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**6)/(640*c**4)
```


3.117
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	904
Mathematica [A] (verified)	905
Rubi [A] (verified)	905
Maple [A] (verified)	907
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	908
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	908
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	909
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	910
Mupad [F(-1)]	910
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	911

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = -\frac{b^2(3bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{64c^2} - \frac{7b(3bB-8Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{96c} - \frac{1}{24}(3bB-8Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \frac{B(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4cx} + \frac{b^3(3bB-8Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{64c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/64*b^2*(-8*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-7/96*b*(-8*A*c+3*B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-1/24*(-8*A*c+3*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/4*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c/x+1/64*b^3*(-8*A*c+3*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}(-9b^3B + 6b^2c(4A + Bx) + 16c^3x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 192c^2x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 8b^2c^2x(14A + 9Bx)) + 48A^2b^3c^2\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x})/(\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{b+cx})] + 18b^4B\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x})/(-\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{b+cx})])}{192c^{5/2}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(-9*b^3*B + 6*b^2*c*(4*A + B*x) + 16*c^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 8*b*c^2*x*(14*A + 9*B*x)) + 48*A*b^3*c^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])] + 18*b^4*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(192*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[x]*(b + c*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1221, 1131, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\ & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4cx} - \frac{(3bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx}{8c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\ & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4cx} - \frac{(3bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} dx + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{8c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4cx} - \frac{(3bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{8c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1091} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4cx} - \frac{(3bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{8c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4cx} - \frac{(3bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{8c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output `(B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(4*c*x) - ((3*b*B - 8*A*c)*((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/3 + (b*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c]*x]/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]))/(4*c^(3/2))))/(8*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

```
rule 1091 Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1131 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{7\left(-\frac{3}{14}A b^3 c + \frac{9}{112}B b^4\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{7\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{c^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{12} + \frac{\left(\frac{3b^2\left(\frac{Bx}{4}+A\right)c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{14} + bx\left(\frac{9Bx}{14}+A\right)c^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4x^2\left(\frac{3Bx}{4}+A\right)c^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{9B\sqrt{c}b^3}{112}\right)}{12}$
risch	$\frac{(48B c^3 x^3 + 64A c^3 x^2 + 72B b c^2 x^2 + 112A b c^2 x + 6B b^2 c x + 24A b^2 c - 9B b^3) x (cx+b)}{192c^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{b^3(8Ac - 3Bb) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{128c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$B \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{16c} \right) + A \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)}{12c^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
7/12/c^(5/2)*((-3/14*A*b^3*c+9/112*B*b^4)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+x*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*(3/14*b^2*(1/4*B*x+A)*c^(3/2)+b*x*(9/14*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)+4/7*x^2*(3/4*B*x+A)*c^(7/2)-9/112*B*c^(1/2)*b^3))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \left[\frac{3(3Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(48Bc^4x^3 - 3(3Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) - (48Bc^4x^3 - 9Bb^3c + 24Ab^2c^2 + 8(9Bbc^3 + 8Ac^4)x^2 + 192c^3}}{192c^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(3*(3*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(48*B*c^4*x^3 - 9*B*b^3*c + 24*A*b^2*c^2 + 8*(9*B*b*c^3 + 8*A*c^4)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*b^2*c^2 + 56*A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^3, -1/192*(3*(3*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (48*B*c^4*x^3 - 9*B*b^3*c + 24*A*b^2*c^2 + 8*(9*B*b*c^3 + 8*A*c^4)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*b^2*c^2 + 56*A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
A*b*Piecewise((-b**2*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(8*c) + (b/(4*c) + x/2)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + A*c*Piecewise((b**3*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(16*c**2) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(-b**2/(8*c**2) + b*x/(12*c) + x**2/3), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + B*b*Piecewise((b**3*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(16*c**2) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(-b**2/(8*c**2) + b*x/(12*c) + x**2/3), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + B*c*Piecewise((-5*b**4*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(128*c**3) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(5*b**3/(64*c**3) - 5*b**2*x/(96*c**2) + b*x**2/(24*c) + x**3/4), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} (cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bx + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Abx - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^2 x}{32c} + \frac{3Bb^4 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{128c^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{Ab^3 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{16c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{3} (cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} A - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^3}{64c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bb}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab^2}{8c}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*x + 1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*x - 3/32*sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x)*B*b^2*x/c + 3/128*B*b^4*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(
c))/c^(5/2) - 1/16*A*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(3
/2) + 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A - 3/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^3/c^2 + 1/8*(
c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/c + 1/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/c
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6Bcx + \frac{9Bbc^3 + 8Ac^4}{c^3} \right) x + \frac{3Bb^2c^2 + 56Abc^3}{c^3} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(3Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{128c^{5/2}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/192*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(6*B*c*x + (9*B*b*c^3 + 8*A*c^4)/c^3)*x + (3
*B*b^2*c^2 + 56*A*b*c^3)/c^3)*x - 3*(3*B*b^3*c - 8*A*b^2*c^2)/c^3) - 1/128
*(3*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) +
b))/c^(5/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^2 + 112\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^3x + 64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^4x^2 - 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4c^3 + 6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^2x + 72\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^3x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bc^4x^3 - 24\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)ab^3c + 9\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^5}{192c^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `(24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2 + 112*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**2 - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x + 72*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**4*x**3 - 24*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c + 9*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**5)/(192*c**3)`

3.118 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	912
Mathematica [A] (verified)	912
Rubi [A] (verified)	913
Maple [A] (verified)	915
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	916
Sympy [F]	916
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	916
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	917
Mupad [F(-1)]	917
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	918

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{5b(bB-6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{24c} - \frac{1}{12}(bB-6Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \frac{B(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3cx^2} - \frac{b^2(bB-6Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-5/24*b*(-6*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-1/12*(-6*A*c+B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/3*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c/x^2-1/8*b^2*(-6*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(\sqrt{c}(3b^2B+4c^2x(3A+2Bx))+2bc(15A+7Bx)\right)+\frac{3b^2(bB-6Ac)}{24c^{3/2}}}{24c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*(3*b^2*B + 4*c^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 2*b*c*(15*A + 7*B*x)) + (3*b^2*(b*B - 6*A*c)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[b + c*x]])/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]))/(24*c^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1220, 1131, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(bB - 6Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{(bB - 6Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} dx + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{(bB - 6Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1091$$

$$\frac{(bB - 6Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(bB - 6Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^2}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(b*x^2) + ((b*B - 6*A*c)*((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/3 + (b*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2))))/2)/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}A b^2 c - \frac{1}{4}B b^3\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \left(\frac{5\left(\frac{7Bx}{15} + A\right) b c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + x\left(\frac{2Bx}{3} + A\right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{B\sqrt{c} b^2}{4}\right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(8B c^2 x^2 + 12A c^2 x + 14Bbcx + 30Abc + 3B b^2)x(cx+b)}{24c\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{b^2(6Ac - Bb) \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{16c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx^2} - \frac{6c \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{2} \right)}{b} \right) + B \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/c^(3/2)*((3/2*A*b^2*c-1/4*B*b^3)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+
(5/2*(7/15*B*x+A)*b*c^(3/2)+x*(2/3*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)+1/4*B*c^(1/2)*b^2)*(x*(c
*x+b))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \left[-\frac{3(Bb^3 - 6Ab^2c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(8Bc^3x^2 + 3Bb^2c + 30A^2bc^2 + 2(7Bb^2c^2 + 6A^2c^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{48c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(3*(B*b^3 - 6*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(8*B*c^3*x^2 + 3*B*b^2*c + 30*A*b*c^2 + 2*(7*B*b*c^2 + 6*A*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^2, 1/24*(3*(B*b^3 - 6*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (8*B*c^3*x^2 + 3*B*b^2*c + 30*A*b*c^2 + 2*(7*B*b*c^2 + 6*A*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bbx - \frac{Bb^3 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{16c^{3/2}} + \frac{3Ab^2 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{8\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{3} (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} B + \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^2}{8c} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} A}{2x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*x - 1/16*B*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(3/2) + 3/8*A*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(c) + 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B + 3/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b + 1/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/c + 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4Bcx + \frac{7Bbc^2 + 6Ac^3}{c^2} \right) x + \frac{3(Bb^2c + 10Abc^2)}{c^2} \right) + \frac{(Bb^3 - 6Ab^2c) \log \left(\left| 2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b \right| \right)}{16c^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*B*c*x + (7*B*b*c^2 + 6*A*c^3)/c^2)*x + 3*(B*b^2*c + 10*A*b*c^2)/c^2) + 1/16*(B*b^3 - 6*A*b^2*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{30\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2 + 12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x + 3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bb^3c + 14\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`output `(30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**3*x + 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c + 14*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**3*x**2 + 18*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c - 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**4)/(24*c**2)`

3.119 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	919
Mathematica [A] (verified)	919
Rubi [A] (verified)	920
Maple [A] (verified)	922
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	923
Sympy [F]	923
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	924
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	924
Mupad [F(-1)]	925
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	925

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3}{4}(bB+4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} + \frac{B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x} + \frac{3b(bB+4Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

output `3/4*(4*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^2+1/2*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x+3/4*b*(4*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(Bx(5b+2cx)+A(-8b+4cx)\right)+\frac{6b(bB+4Ac)\sqrt{x}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{-\sqrt{b+cx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b+cx}}}{4x}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(B*x*(5*b + 2*c*x) + A*(-8*b + 4*c*x) + (6*b*(b*B + 4*A*c)*Sqrt[x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + c*x]))/(4*x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1220, 1131, 1131, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(4Ac + bB) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{(4Ac + bB) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x} dx + \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{(4Ac + bB) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right) + \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1091$$

$$\frac{(4Ac + bB) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right) + \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(4Ac + bB) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(\frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right) + \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x} \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^3}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(b*x^3) + ((b*B + 4*A*c)*((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(2*x) + (3*b*(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2] + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/Sqrt[c]))/4)/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3bx\left(Ac + \frac{Bb}{4}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) - 2\left(-\frac{\left(\frac{Bx}{2} + A\right)x c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + b\sqrt{c}\left(-\frac{5Bx}{8} + A\right)\right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{\sqrt{cx}}$
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-2Bcx^2 - 4Acx - 5Bbx + 8Ab)}{4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{3(4Ac + Bb)b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx^3} + \frac{4c \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx^2} - \frac{6c \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \dots$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/c^(1/2)*(b*x*(A*c+1/4*B*b)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))-2/3*(-1/2*(1/2*B*x+A)*x*c^(3/2)+b*c^(1/2)*(-5/8*B*x+A))*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \left[\frac{3(Bb^2 + 4Abc)\sqrt{cx} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) + 2(2Bc^2x^2 - 8Abc)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{8cx} - \frac{3(Bb^2 + 4Abc)\sqrt{-cx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) - (2Bc^2x^2 - 8Abc + (5Bbc + 4Ac^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{4cx} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*(B*b^2 + 4*A*b*c)*sqrt(c)*x*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + 2*(2*B*c^2*x^2 - 8*A*b*c + (5*B*b*c + 4*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c*x), -1/4*(3*(B*b^2 + 4*A*b*c)*sqrt(-c)*x*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (2*B*c^2*x^2 - 8*A*b*c + (5*B*b*c + 4*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3Bb^2 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{8\sqrt{c}} + \frac{3}{2}Ab\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) + \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}B}{2x} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab}{x} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}A}{x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/8*B*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(c) + 3/2*A*b*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + 3/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b + 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B/x - 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/x + (c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{c}x - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} + \frac{1}{4} \left(2Bcx + \frac{5Bbc + 4Ac^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} - \frac{3(Bb^2 + 4Abc) \log(|2(\sqrt{c}x - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{8\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*b^2/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)) + 1/4*(2*B*c*x + (5*B*b*c + 4*A*c^2)/c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x) - 3/8*(B*b^2 + 4*A*b*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/sqrt(c)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc + 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2x + 5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2cx + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`output `(- 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x + 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*x + 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**3*x - 9*sqrt(c)*a*b*c*x - sqrt(c)*b**3*x)/(4*c*x)`

3.120
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	926
Mathematica [A] (verified)	926
Rubi [A] (verified)	927
Maple [A] (verified)	929
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	931
Sympy [F]	931
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	932
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	932
Mupad [F(-1)]	933
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	933

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = Bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2} - \frac{2(bB+Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} + \sqrt{c}(3bB+2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)$$

output

```
B*c*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*(A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x-2/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^3+c^(1/2)*(2*A*c+3*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(\sqrt{b+cx}(3Bx(-2b+cx) - 2A(b+4cx)) + 6\sqrt{c}(3bB+2Ac))}{3x^2\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x(b+cx)})(\sqrt{b+cx})(3Bx(-2b+cx) - 2A(b+4cx)) + 6\sqrt{c}(3bB + 2Ac)x^{3/2}\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b+cx}}])}{(3x^2\sqrt{b+cx})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1220, 1125, 25, 27, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(2Ac+3bB) \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^4}$$

$$\downarrow 1125$$

$$\frac{(2Ac+3bB) \left(- \int -\frac{c(2b+cx)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^4}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{(2Ac+3bB) \left(\int \frac{c(2b+cx)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(2Ac+3bB) \left(c \int \frac{2b+cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^4}$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{(2Ac+3bB) \left(c \left(\frac{3}{2} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx + \sqrt{bx+cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^4}$$

$$\downarrow 1091$$

$$\frac{(2Ac + 3bB) \left(c \left(3b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^4}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(2Ac + 3bB) \left(c \left(\frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^4}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(3*b*x^4) + ((3*b*B + 2*A*c)*((-2*b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x + c*(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2] + (3*b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/Sqrt[c]))/(3*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1125

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m +
2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*Expan
dToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x
), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2cx^2 \left(Ac + \frac{3Bb}{2} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{2 \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} Bx^2 + 4Ax \right) c^{\frac{3}{2}} + b\sqrt{c} (3Bx+A) \right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{3}}{\sqrt{c}x^2}$
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-3Bcx^2+8Acx+6Bbx+2Ab)}{3x\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{(2Ac+3Bb)\sqrt{c} \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{2}$
	$\left(\frac{2c}{b} \left(-\frac{2(c^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx^3} + \frac{2(c^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx^2} - \frac{2(c^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx} \right) + \frac{4c}{b} \left(-\frac{2(c^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx^2} + \frac{2(c^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx} - \frac{2(c^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b} \right) + \frac{6c}{b} \left(-\frac{(c^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b}{2} \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) \right) \right)$
default	$A - \frac{2(c^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3bx^4} + \frac{2(c^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3b}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(c*x^2*(A*c+3/2*B*b)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))-1/3*((-3/2*B*x^2+4*A*x)*c^(3/2)+b*c^(1/2)*(3*B*x+A))*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/x^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \left[\frac{3(3Bb+2Ac)\sqrt{cx^2} \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}) + 2(3Bcx^2-2Ab)}{6x^2} - \frac{3(3Bb+2Ac)\sqrt{-cx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) - (3Bcx^2-2Ab-2(3Bb+4Ac)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(3*B*b + 2*A*c)*sqrt(c)*x^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + 2*(3*B*c*x^2 - 2*A*b - 2*(3*B*b + 4*A*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/x^2, -1/3*(3*(3*B*b + 2*A*c)*sqrt(-c)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (3*B*c*x^2 - 2*A*b - 2*(3*B*b + 4*A*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/x^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(x(b+cx))^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{3}{2} Bb\sqrt{c} \log\left(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}\right) + Ac^{\frac{3}{2}} \log\left(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}\right) - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb}{x} - \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ac}{3x} + \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab}{3x^2} - \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/2*B*b*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + A*c^(3/2)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/x - 7/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/x + (c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B/x^2 - 1/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/x^2 - 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bc - \frac{(3Bbc+2Ac^2)\log\left(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c}+b|\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2\left(3(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^2Bb^2+6(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^2Abc+3(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})Ab^2\sqrt{c}+Ab^3\right)}{3(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c - 1/2*(3*B*b*c + 2*A*c^2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/sqrt(c) + 2/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^2 + 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b*c + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^2*sqrt(c) + A*b^3)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4,x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab - 16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}acx - 12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2x + 6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2x + 6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2x}{x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^4,x)`output `(- 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b - 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c*x - 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*x + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c*x**2 + 12*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*c*x**2 + 18*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2*x**2 + 5*sqrt(c)*b**2*x**2)/(6*x**2)`

3.121 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	934
Mathematica [A] (verified)	934
Rubi [A] (verified)	935
Maple [A] (verified)	937
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	939
Sympy [F]	939
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	940
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	940
Mupad [F(-1)]	941
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	941

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{2bB\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^2} - \frac{8Bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^5} + 2Bc^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)$$

output

`-2/3*b*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^2-8/3*B*c*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x-2/5*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b/x^5+2*B*c^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(\sqrt{b+cx}(3A(b+cx)^2+5bBx(b+4cx))+15bBc^{3/2}x^{5/2}\log(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{b+cx}))}{15bx^3\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input

`Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^5,x]`

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b + c*x]*(3*A*(b + c*x)^2 + 5*b*B*x*(b + 4*c*x)) + 15*b*B*c^(3/2)*x^(5/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[b + c*x]]))/(15*b*x^3*Sqrt[b + c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1125, 25, 27, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$B \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$B \left(c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^2} dx - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1125$$

$$B \left(c \left(- \int - \frac{c}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$B \left(c \left(\int \frac{c}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$B \left(c \left(c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1091$$

$$B\left(c\left(2c\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}\right)-\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^5}$$

↓ 219

$$B\left(c\left(2\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}\right)-\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^5}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^5,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b*x^5) + B*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x^3) + c*((-2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x + 2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1125

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m +
2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*Expan
dToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x
), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]
```

rule 1130

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x]
- Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
- 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] &
& IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
pseudoelliptic risch	$\frac{2Bbc^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) x^3 - \frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(\left(\frac{5Bx}{3}+A\right)b^2+2cx\left(\frac{10Bx}{3}+A\right)b+Ac^2x^2\right)}{5}}{bx^3}$ $-\frac{2(cx+b)(3Ac^2x^2+20x^2Bbc+6Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)}{15x^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b} + Bc^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)$
default	$-\frac{2A(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5bx^5} + B - \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3bx^4} + \frac{2c}{b} - \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx^3} + \frac{4c}{b} \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{bx^2} + \frac{6c}{b} \left[\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b}{4c} \frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} \right]$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{5} \frac{(5Bb^2c^3)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(c*x+b)}{x/c^{1/2}}\right) x^3 - (x(c*x+b))^{1/2}}{(5/3Bx+A)b^2 + 2c*x*(10/3Bx+A)b + A*c^2*x^2)} / b/x^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \left[\frac{15Bbc^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(3Ab^2 + (20Bbc + 3Ac^2)x)}{15bx^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(15Bb\sqrt{-cc}x^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) + (3Ab^2 + (20Bbc + 3Ac^2)x^2 + (5Bb^2 + 6Abc)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{15bx^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{15} \frac{(15Bb^2c^3)^{3/2} x^3 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(3A^2b^2 + (20Bb^2c + 3A^2c^2)x^2 + (5Bb^2 + 6A^2bc)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{(b*x^3)}, -\frac{2}{15} \frac{(15Bb^2\sqrt{-c})x^3 \arctan(\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}/(cx+b)) + (3A^2b^2 + (20Bb^2c + 3A^2c^2)x^2 + (5Bb^2 + 6A^2bc)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{(b*x^3)} \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(x(b+cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = Bc^{3/2} \log \left(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c} \right) - \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{3x} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{5bx} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb}{3x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{5x^2} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}B}{3x^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab}{5x^3} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}A}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*c^(3/2)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 7/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/x - 2/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b*x) - 1/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/x^2 + 1/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/x^2 - 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B/x^3 + 3/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/x^3 - (c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/x^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 259 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = -Bc^{3/2} \log \left(\left| 2 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right) \sqrt{c} + b \right| \right) + \frac{2 \left(30 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^4 Bbc + 15 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^4 Ac^2 + 15 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^3 Bb^2 \sqrt{c} + 30 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^2 Bb^2 \right)}{15cx^4 + 15cx^3 + 15cx^2 + 15cx + 15c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-B*c^(3/2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)) + 2/15*
(30*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b*c + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x))^4*A*c^2 + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^2*sqrt(c) + 30*(
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b*c^(3/2) + 5*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x))^2*B*b^3 + 30*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^2*c + 15*(sqrt(c
)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^3*sqrt(c) + 3*A*b^4)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x))^5
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2}{5} - \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abcx}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}a^2c^2x^2}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3x}{3} - \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}}{3}}{bx^3}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^5,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 - 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x -
3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x**2 - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x - 20*
sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)
)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**3 - 3*sqrt(c)*a*c**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(c)*b**2*c
*x**3)/(15*b*x**3)
```

3.122 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	942
Mathematica [A] (verified)	942
Rubi [A] (verified)	943
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	947

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6} - \frac{2(7bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5}$$

output

$$-2/7*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b/x^6-2/35*(-2*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^2/x^5$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{2(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(5Ab+7bBx-2Acx)}{35b^2x^6}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\frac{(A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2)}{x^6},x]$$

output

$$(-2*(x*(b+c*x))^(5/2)*(5*A*b+7*b*B*x-2*A*c*x))/(35*b^2*x^6)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1220, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$\frac{(7bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx}{7b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6}$$

↓ 1123

$$-\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (7bB - 2Ac)}{35b^2x^5} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^6,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^6) - (2*(7*b*B - 2*A*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1220

```

Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(cx+b)^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{7Bx}{5} + A \right) b - \frac{2Acx}{5} \right)}{7x^4 b^2}$	39
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+7Bbx+5Ab)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35b^2 x^5}$	40
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+7Bbx+5Ab)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35b^2 x^5}$	40
default	$A \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7b x^6} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2 x^5} \right) - \frac{2B(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b x^5}$	64
trager	$-\frac{2(-2A c^3 x^3 + 7x^3 B b c^2 + A b c^2 x^2 + 14x^2 B b^2 c + 8A b^2 c x + 7x B b^3 + 5A b^3) \sqrt{c x^2 + b x}}{35b^2 x^4}$	80
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2A c^3 x^3 + 7x^3 B b c^2 + A b c^2 x^2 + 14x^2 B b^2 c + 8A b^2 c x + 7x B b^3 + 5A b^3)}{35x^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^2}$	83

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/7*(c*x+b)^2*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((7/5*B*x+A)*b-2/5*A*c*x)/x^4/b^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2(5Ab^3 + (7Bbc^2 - 2Ac^3)x^3 + (14Bb^2c + Abc^2)x^2 + (7Bb^3 + 8Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{35b^2x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/35*(5*A*b^3 + (7*B*b*c^2 - 2*A*c^3)*x^3 + (14*B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + (7*B*b^3 + 8*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^2*x^4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = & -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{5bx} + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{35b^2x} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{5x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{35bx^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb}{5x^3} \\ & + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{70x^3} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}B}{x^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab}{14x^4} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}A}{2x^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b*x) + 4/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^2*x)
+ 1/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/x^2 - 2/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b*x^2) + 3
/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/x^3 + 3/70*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/x^3 - (c*x^2 + b
*x)^(3/2)*B/x^4 + 3/14*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/x^4 - 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)
*A/x^5`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2 \left(35 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^6 Bc^2 + 70 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 Bbc^{\frac{3}{2}} + 35 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 B^2c^2 + 70 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 B^2bc^{\frac{3}{2}} + 35 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B^2b^2c + 105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 A^2b^2c^{\frac{3}{2}} + 7 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 A^2b^3c + 35 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) A^2b^4 \sqrt{c} + 5 A^2b^5 \right)}{(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/35*(35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*c^2 + 70*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x
^2 + b*x))^5*B*b*c^(3/2) + 35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*c^(5/2)
+ 70*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^2*c + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x
^2 + b*x))^4*A*b*c^2 + 35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^3*sqrt(c)
+ 140*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^2*c^(3/2) + 7*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^4 + 98*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^3*c +
35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^4*sqrt(c) + 5*A*b^5)/(sqrt(c)*x - s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{4Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{35b^2x} - \frac{16Ac\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{35x^3} - \frac{2Bb\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{5x^3} - \frac{4Bc\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{5x^2} - \frac{2Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{35bx^2} - \frac{2Ab\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{7x^4} - \frac{2Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{5bx}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6,x)`output `(4*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*b^2*x) - (16*A*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*x^3) - (2*B*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(5*x^3) - (4*B*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(5*x^2) - (2*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*b*x^2) - (2*A*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^4) - (2*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(5*b*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3}{7} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2cx}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2x^2}{35} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x^3}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^2x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^6,x)`output `(2*(-5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c*x - sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**3*x**3 - 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x - 14*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x**2 - 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(c)*a*c**3*x**4 - 3*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**2*x**4))/(35*b**2*x**4)`

$$3.123 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

Optimal result	948
Mathematica [A] (verified)	948
Rubi [A] (verified)	949
Maple [A] (verified)	950
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	951
Sympy [F]	952
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	952
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	953
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	953
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	954

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} - \frac{2(9bB-4Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{63b^2x^6} + \frac{4c(9bB-4Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{315b^3x^5}$$

output

```
-2/9*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b/x^7-2/63*(-4*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^2/x^6+4/315*c*(-4*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^3/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(9bBx(-5b+2cx)+A(-35b^2+20bcx-8c^2x^2))}{315b^3x^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^7,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(9*b*B*x*(-5*b + 2*c*x) + A*(-35*b^2 + 20*b*c*x - 8*c^2*x^2)))/(315*b^3*x^7)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(9bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{9b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{(9bB - 4Ac) \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx}{7b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{4c(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6} \right) (9bB - 4Ac)}{9b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*b*x^7) + ((9*b*B - 4*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^6) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5)))/(9*b)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{9Bx}{7} + A \right) b^2 - \frac{4c \left(\frac{9Bx}{10} + A \right) xb}{7} + \frac{8A c^2 x^2}{35} \right)}{9x^5 b^3}$	56
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8A c^2 x^2 - 18x^2 Bbc - 20Abcx + 45xB b^2 + 35b^2 A)(c x^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315b^3 x^6}$	62
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8A c^2 x^2 - 18x^2 Bbc - 20Abcx + 45xB b^2 + 35b^2 A)(c x^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315b^3 x^6}$	62
trager	$\frac{2(8A c^4 x^4 - 18Bb c^3 x^4 - 4Ab c^3 x^3 + 9B b^2 c^2 x^3 + 3A b^2 c^2 x^2 + 72B b^3 c x^2 + 50A b^3 c x + 45B b^4 x + 35A b^4) \sqrt{c x^2 + bx}}{315b^3 x^5}$	105
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8A c^4 x^4 - 18Bb c^3 x^4 - 4Ab c^3 x^3 + 9B b^2 c^2 x^3 + 3A b^2 c^2 x^2 + 72B b^3 c x^2 + 50A b^3 c x + 45B b^4 x + 35A b^4)}{315x^4 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^3}$	108
default	$A \left(-\frac{2(c x^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9b x^7} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2(c x^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7b x^6} + \frac{4c(c x^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2 x^5} \right)}{9b} \right) + B \left(-\frac{2(c x^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7b x^6} + \frac{4c(c x^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2 x^5} \right)$	112

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/9*(c*x+b)^2*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((9/7*B*x+A)*b^2-4/7*c*(9/10*B*x+A)*x+b+8/35*A*c^2*x^2)/x^5/b^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2(35Ab^4 - 2(9Bbc^3 - 4Ac^4)x^4 + (9Bb^2c^2 - 4Abc^3)x^3 + 3(24Bb^3c + Ab^2c^2)x^2 + 5(9Bb^4 + 10Ab^3c)x + 35b^5)}{315b^3x^5}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -2/315*(35*A*b^4 - 2*(9*B*b*c^3 - 4*A*c^4)*x^4 + (9*B*b^2*c^2 - 4*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 3*(24*B*b^3*c + A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*b^4 + 10*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^3*x^5)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx &= \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{35b^2x} - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{315b^3x} \\ &- \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{35bx^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{315b^2x^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{70x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{105bx^3} \\ &+ \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb}{14x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{63x^4} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}B}{2x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab}{9x^5} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}A}{3x^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b^2*x) - 16/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^3*x) - 2/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b*x^2) + 8/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^2*x^2) + 3/70*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/x^3 - 2/105*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b*x^3) + 3/14*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/x^4 + 1/63*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/x^4 - 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B/x^5 + 1/9*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/x^5 - 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/x^6`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 371 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2 \left(315 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7 Bc^{5/2} + 945 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^6 Bbc^2 + 420 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 B^2c^3 + 1260 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 B^3c^4 + 1575 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 B^4c^5 + 882 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B^5c^6 + 315 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) B^6c^7 + 45 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B^7c^8 + 35 A b^6 \sqrt{cx} + 1170 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 A b^4 c + 2310 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 A b^3 c^{3/2} + 455 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 A b^2 c^2 + 2583 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 A b c^3 + 1575 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^6 A^2 c^4 + 420 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7 A^3 c^5 \right)}{x^9}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/315*(315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*B*c^(5/2) + 945*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*b*c^2 + 420*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*A*c^3
+ 1260*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b^2*c^(3/2) + 1575*(sqrt(c)*x
- sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*b*c^(5/2) + 882*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4
*B*b^3*c + 2583*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b^2*c^2 + 315*(sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^4*sqrt(c) + 2310*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x))^3*A*b^3*c^(3/2) + 45*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^5 + 1170*(
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^4*c + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x))*A*b^5*sqrt(c) + 35*A*b^6)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^9
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{8Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^2x^2} - \frac{20Ac\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63x^4} - \frac{2Bb\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7x^4} - \frac{16Bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{35x^3} - \frac{2Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105bx^3} - \frac{2Ab\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9x^5} - \frac{16Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^3x} - \frac{2Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{35bx^2} + \frac{4Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{35b^2x}$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^7,x)
```

output

```
(8*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(315*b^2*x^2) - (20*A*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))
/(63*x^4) - (2*B*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^4) - (16*B*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1
/2))/(35*x^3) - (2*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b*x^3) - (2*A*b*(b*x +
c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9*x^5) - (16*A*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(315*b^3*x) - (2*B*
c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*b*x^2) + (4*B*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*b^
2*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4}{9} - \frac{20\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3cx}{63} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^2x^2}{105} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^3x^3}{315} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^2x^2}{105} + \frac{20\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3cx}{63} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4}{9}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^7,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4 - 50*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c
*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*
b*c**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**4 - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*
x)*b**5*x - 72*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c*x**2 - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)
*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*x**4 + 8*sqrt(c)*a*c*
*4*x**5 - 18*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**3*x**5))/(315*b**3*x**5)
```

3.124 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	955
Mathematica [A] (verified)	955
Rubi [A] (verified)	956
Maple [A] (verified)	958
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	958
Sympy [F]	959
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	959
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	960
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	961
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	961

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} - \frac{2(11bB-6Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{99b^2x^7} + \frac{8c(11bB-6Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{693b^3x^6} - \frac{16c^2(11bB-6Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3465b^4x^5}$$

output

```
-2/11*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b/x^8-2/99*(-6*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^2/x^7+8/693*c*(-6*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^3/x^6-16/3465*c^2*(-6*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^4/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{2(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(11bBx(35b^2-20bcx+8c^2x^2)+3A(105b^3-70b^2cx+40bc^2x^2-16c^3x^3))}{3465b^4x^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^8,x]
```

output

$$(-2*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(11*b*B*x*(35*b^2 - 20*b*c*x + 8*c^2*x^2) + 3*A*(105*b^3 - 70*b^2*c*x + 40*b*c^2*x^2 - 16*c^3*x^3)))/(3465*b^4*x^8)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$\frac{(11bB - 6Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8}$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{(11bB - 6Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{9b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8}$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{(11bB - 6Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx}{7b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8}$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right) (11bB - 6Ac)}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^8,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*b*x^8) + ((11*b*B - 6*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*b*x^7) - (4*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^6) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5)))/(9*b)))/(11*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{11Bx+A}{9} \right) b^3 - \frac{2cx \left(\frac{22Bx+A}{21} \right) b^2}{3} + \frac{8c^2 \left(\frac{11Bx+A}{15} \right) x^2 b}{21} - \frac{16A c^3 x^3}{105} \right)}{11x^6 b^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-48A c^3 x^3 + 88x^3 B b c^2 + 120Ab c^2 x^2 - 220x^2 B b^2 c - 210A b^2 c x + 385x B b^3 + 315A b^3)(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465x^7 b^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-48A c^3 x^3 + 88x^3 B b c^2 + 120Ab c^2 x^2 - 220x^2 B b^2 c - 210A b^2 c x + 385x B b^3 + 315A b^3)(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465x^7 b^4}$
trager	$\frac{2(-48A c^5 x^5 + 88B b c^4 x^5 + 24Ab c^4 x^4 - 44B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 18A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 33B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 15A b^3 c^2 x^2 + 550B b^4 c x^2 + 420A b^4 c x + 315A b^4 c^2)}{3465b^4 x^6}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-48A c^5 x^5 + 88B b c^4 x^5 + 24Ab c^4 x^4 - 44B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 18A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 33B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 15A b^3 c^2 x^2 + 550B b^4 c x^2 + 420A b^4 c x + 315A b^4 c^2)}{3465x^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^4}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{11bx^8} - \frac{6c \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9bx^7} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7bx^6} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2x^5} \right)}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right) + B \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9bx^7} - \frac{4c}{9b} \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/11*(c*x+b)^2*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((11/9*B*x+A)*b^3-2/3*c*x*(22/21*B*x+A)*b^2+8/21*c^2*(11/15*B*x+A)*x^2*b-16/105*A*c^3*x^3)/x^6/b^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{2(315Ab^5 + 8(11Bbc^4 - 6Ac^5)x^5 - 4(11Bb^2c^3 - 6Abc^4)x^4 + 3(11Bb^3c^2 - 6Ab^2c^3)x^3 + 5(110Bb^4c - 3465b^4x^6)}{3465b^4x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/3465*(315*A*b^5 + 8*(11*B*b*c^4 - 6*A*c^5)*x^5 - 4*(11*B*b^2*c^3 - 6*A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 3*(11*B*b^3*c^2 - 6*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 + 5*(110*B*b^4*c + 3*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 35*(11*B*b^5 + 12*A*b^4*c)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^4*x^6)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**8,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**8, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = & -\frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^4}{315b^3x} + \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^5}{1155b^4x} \\ & + \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{315b^2x^2} - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{1155b^3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{105bx^3} \\ & + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{385b^2x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{63x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{231bx^4} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb}{9x^5} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{132x^5} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}B}{3x^6} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab}{44x^6} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}A}{4x^7} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-16/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^3*x) + 32/1155*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^5/
(b^4*x) + 8/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b^2*x^2) - 16/1155*sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x)*A*c^4/(b^3*x^2) - 2/105*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b*x^3) + 4/385*sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^2*x^3) + 1/63*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/x^4 - 2/231*sqrt(
c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b*x^4) + 1/9*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/x^5 + 1/132*sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x)*A*c/x^5 - 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B/x^6 + 3/44*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
)*A*b/x^6 - 1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/x^7
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 431 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{2 \left(4620 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^8 Bc^3 + 17325 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7 Bbc^{\frac{5}{2}} + 6930 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^6 B^2c^2 + 30492 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 A^2c^2 + 12870 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 A^2b^2c + 63855 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 A^2b^2c^{\frac{5}{2}} + 41580 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 A^2b^2c^{\frac{3}{2}} + 385 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 A^2b^5c + 3465 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) A^2b^6 \sqrt{c} + 315 A^2b^7 \right)}{(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^{11}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3465*(4620*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*B*c^3 + 17325*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*B*b*c^(5/2) + 6930*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*
A*c^(7/2) + 28413*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*b^2*c^2 + 30492*(sqr
t(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*A*b*c^3 + 25410*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*
x))^5*B*b^3*c^(3/2) + 58905*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*b^2*c^(5/2
) + 12870*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^4*c + 63855*(sqrt(c)*x - s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b^3*c^2 + 3465*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b
^5*sqrt(c) + 41580*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^4*c^(3/2) + 385*(
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^6 + 16170*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x))^2*A*b^5*c + 3465*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^6*sqrt(c) + 315*
A*b^7)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^11
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{4Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{385b^2x^3} - \frac{8Ac\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{33x^5} - \frac{2Bb\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9x^5} - \frac{20Bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63x^4} - \frac{2Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{231bx^4} - \frac{2Ab\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{11x^6} - \frac{16Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{1155b^3x^2} + \frac{32Ac^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{1155b^4x} - \frac{2Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105bx^3} + \frac{8Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^2x^2} - \frac{16Bc^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^3x}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^8,x)`output
$$\frac{(4Ac^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(385b^2x^3)} - \frac{(8Ac(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(33x^5)} - \frac{(2Bb(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(9x^5)} - \frac{(20Bc(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(63x^4)} - \frac{(2Ac^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(231bx^4)} - \frac{(2Ab(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(11x^6)} - \frac{(16Ac^4(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(1155b^3x^2)} + \frac{(32Ac^5(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(1155b^4x)} - \frac{(2Bc^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(105bx^3)} + \frac{(8Bc^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(315b^2x^2)} - \frac{(16Bc^4(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})}{(315b^3x)}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^5}{11} - \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^4cx}{33} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^3c^2x^2}{231} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^2c^3x^3}{385} - 16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}c^4x^4$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^8,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 315*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5 - 420*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4
*c*x - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x
)*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 + 48*sqrt(x)*s
qrt(b + c*x)*a*c**5*x**5 - 385*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x - 550*sqrt(x)*
sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c*x**2 - 33*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**2*x**3 + 44*s
qrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**4 - 88*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**4*x
**5 - 48*sqrt(c)*a*c**5*x**6 + 88*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**4*x**6))/(3465*b**4*x**6
)
```

3.125 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	963
Mathematica [A] (verified)	964
Rubi [A] (verified)	964
Maple [A] (verified)	967
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	968
Sympy [F]	968
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	968
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	969
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	970
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	971

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9} - \frac{2(13bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{143b^2x^8} + \frac{4c(13bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{429b^3x^7} - \frac{16c^2(13bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3003b^4x^6} + \frac{32c^3(13bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15015b^5x^5}$$

output

```

-2/13*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b/x^9-2/143*(-8*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^
2/x^8+4/429*c*(-8*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^3/x^7-16/3003*c^2*(-8*A*
c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^4/x^6+32/15015*c^3*(-8*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*
x)^(5/2)/b^5/x^5
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (13bBx(-105b^3 + 70b^2cx - 40bc^2x^2 + 16c^3x^3) + A(-1155b^4 + 840b^3cx - 560b^2c^2x^2 + 320bc^3x^3 - 128c^4x^4))}{15015b^5x^9}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^9,x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(13*b*B*x*(-105*b^3 + 70*b^2*c*x - 40*b*c^2*x^2 + 16*c^3*x^3) + A*(-1155*b^4 + 840*b^3*c*x - 560*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 320*b*c^3*x^3 - 128*c^4*x^4)))/(15015*b^5*x^9)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(13bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{13b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \\ & \frac{(13bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{6c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{11b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \end{aligned}$$

$$(13bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{9b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} \right)$$

$$\frac{13b}{13bx^9} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9}$$

↓ 1129

$$(13bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx}{7b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} \right)$$

$$\frac{13b}{13bx^9} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9}$$

↓ 1123

$$\left(\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} \right) (13bB - 8Ac)$$

$$\frac{13b}{13bx^9} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9}$$

input Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^9, x]

output

```
(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(13*b*x^9) + ((13*b*B - 8*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*b*x^8) - (6*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*b*x^7) - (4*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^6) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5)))/(9*b)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1])) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{13Bx+A}{11} \right) b^4 - \frac{8cx \left(\frac{13Bx}{12} + A \right) b^3}{11} + \frac{16c^2 x^2 \left(\frac{13Bx}{14} + A \right) b^2}{33} - \frac{64c^3 x^3 \left(\frac{13Bx}{20} + A \right) b}{231} + \frac{128A c^4 x^4}{1155} \right)}{13x^7 b^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(128A c^4 x^4 - 208Bb c^3 x^4 - 320Ab c^3 x^3 + 520B b^2 c^2 x^3 + 560A b^2 c^2 x^2 - 910B b^3 c x^2 - 840A b^3 c x + 1365B b^4 x + 1155A^2)}{15015x^8 b^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(128A c^4 x^4 - 208Bb c^3 x^4 - 320Ab c^3 x^3 + 520B b^2 c^2 x^3 + 560A b^2 c^2 x^2 - 910B b^3 c x^2 - 840A b^3 c x + 1365B b^4 x + 1155A^2)}{15015x^8 b^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(128A c^6 x^6 - 208Bb c^5 x^6 - 64Ab c^5 x^5 + 104B b^2 c^4 x^5 + 48A b^2 c^4 x^4 - 78B b^3 c^3 x^4 - 40A b^3 c^3 x^3 + 65B b^4 c^2 x^3 + 35A b^4 c^2 x^2 - 15015x^7)}{15015b^5 x^7}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(128A c^6 x^6 - 208Bb c^5 x^6 - 64Ab c^5 x^5 + 104B b^2 c^4 x^5 + 48A b^2 c^4 x^4 - 78B b^3 c^3 x^4 - 40A b^3 c^3 x^3 + 65B b^4 c^2 x^3 + 35A^2)}{15015x^6 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^5}$
default	$A \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{13b x^9} - \frac{8c \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{11b x^8} - \frac{6c \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9b x^7} - \frac{4c \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7b x^6} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2 x^5} \right)}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right) + B \left(\dots \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/13*(c*x+b)^2*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((13/11*B*x+A)*b^4-8/11*c*x*(13/12*B*x+A)*b^3+16/33*c^2*x^2*(13/14*B*x+A)*b^2-64/231*c^3*x^3*(13/20*B*x+A)*b+128/1155*A*c^4*x^4)/x^7/b^5
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{2(1155Ab^6 - 16(13Bbc^5 - 8Ac^6)x^6 + 8(13Bb^2c^4 - 8Abc^5)x^5 - 6(13Bb^3c^3 - 8Ab^2c^4)x^4 + 5(13Bb^4c^2 - 8Ab^3c^3)x^3 + 35(52Bb^5c + Ab^4c^2)x^2 + 105(13Bb^6 + 14Ab^5c)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{15015b^5x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15015*(1155*A*b^6 - 16*(13*B*b*c^5 - 8*A*c^6)*x^6 + 8*(13*B*b^2*c^4 - 8*A*b*c^5)*x^5 - 6*(13*B*b^3*c^3 - 8*A*b^2*c^4)*x^4 + 5*(13*B*b^4*c^2 - 8*A*b^3*c^3)*x^3 + 35*(52*B*b^5*c + A*b^4*c^2)*x^2 + 105*(13*B*b^6 + 14*A*b^5*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^5*x^7)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**9,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**9, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^5}{1155b^4x} - \frac{256\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^6}{15015b^5x} - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^4}{1155b^3x^2} + \frac{128\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^5}{15015b^4x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{385b^2x^3} - \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{5005b^3x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{231bx^4} + \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{3003b^2x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{132x^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{429bx^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb}{44x^6} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{715x^6} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}B}{4x^7} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab}{65x^7} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}A}{5x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `32/1155*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^5/(b^4*x) - 256/15015*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^6/(b^5*x) - 16/1155*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^3*x^2) + 128/15015*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^5/(b^4*x^2) + 4/385*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b^2*x^3) - 32/5005*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^3*x^3) - 2/231*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b*x^4) + 16/3003*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^2*x^4) + 1/132*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/x^5 - 2/429*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b*x^5) + 3/44*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/x^6 + 3/715*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/x^6 - 1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B/x^7 + 3/65*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/x^7 - 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/x^8`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 491 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{2 \left(30030 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^9 Bc^{\frac{7}{2}} + 132132 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^8 Bbc^3 + \dots \right)}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/15015*(30030*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^9*B*c^(7/2) + 132132*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*A*c^4 + 48048*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*B*b*c^3 + 255255*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*A*b*c^2 + 240240*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b^2*c^(5/2) + 276705*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b^3*c^(7/2) + 276705*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^4*c^2 + 531960*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^5*c^(5/2) + 180180*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^1*B*b^6*c^(3/2) + 675675*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^0*A*b^7*c^(5/2) + 70070*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^0*B*b^8*c^(3/2) + 535535*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^0*A*b^9*c^(5/2) + 15015*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^0*B*b^10*c^(3/2) + 270270*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^0*A*b^11*c^(5/2) + 1365*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^0*B*b^12*c^(3/2) + 84630*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^0*A*b^13*c^(5/2) + 15015*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^0*B*b^14*c^(3/2) + 1155*A*b^15)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^13
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{16Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3003b^2x^4} - \frac{28Ac\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{143x^6} - \frac{2Bb\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{11x^6} - \frac{8Bc\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{33x^5} - \frac{2Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{429bx^5} - \frac{2Ab\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{13x^7} - \frac{32Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{5005b^3x^3} + \frac{128Ac^5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{15015b^4x^2} - \frac{256Ac^6\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{15015b^5x} - \frac{2Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{231bx^4} + \frac{4Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{385b^2x^3} - \frac{16Bc^4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{1155b^3x^2} + \frac{32Bc^5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{1155b^4x}$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^9,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (16A^3c^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(3003b^2x^4) - (28A^3c^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(143x^6) - (2B^3b^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(11x^6) - (8B^3c^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(33x^5) - (2A^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(429bx^5) - (2A^2b^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(13x^7) - (32A^2c^4(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(5005b^3x^3) \\ & + (128A^2c^5(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(15015b^4x^2) - (256A^2c^6(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(15015b^5x) - (2B^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(231bx^4) + (4B^2c^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(385b^2x^3) - (16B^2c^4(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(1155b^3x^2) + (32B^2c^5(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(1155b^4x) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^6}{13} - \frac{28\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5cx}{143} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^2x^2}{429} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^3x^3}{3003} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^4}{1155} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^5x^5}{1155} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^6x^6}{1155} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^7x^7}{1155}$$

input

int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^9,x)

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2(-1155\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^6 - 1470\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^5cx - 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^4c^2x^2 + 40\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^3c^3x^3 - 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^2c^4x^4 + 64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^2c^5x^5 - 128\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^2c^6x^6 - 1365\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^7x - 1820\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^6cx^2 - 65\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^5c^2x^3 + 78\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^4c^3x^4 - 104\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^3c^4x^5 + 208\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^2c^5x^6 + 128\sqrt{c}ab^2c^6x^7 - 208\sqrt{c}b^2c^5x^7))/(15015b^5x^7) \end{aligned}$$

3.126 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	972
Mathematica [A] (verified)	973
Rubi [A] (verified)	973
Maple [A] (verified)	977
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	979
Sympy [F]	979
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	980
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	980
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	981
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15bx^{10}} - \frac{2(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{39b^2x^9} + \frac{16c(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{429b^3x^8} - \frac{32c^2(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{1287b^4x^7} + \frac{128c^3(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9009b^5x^6} - \frac{256c^4(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{45045b^6x^5}$$

output

```
-2/15*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b/x^10-2/39*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^2/x^9+16/429*c*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^3/x^8-32/1287*c^2*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^4/x^7+128/9009*c^3*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^5/x^6-256/45045*c^4*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/b^6/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (3bBx(1155b^4 - 840b^3cx + 560b^2c^2x^2 - 320bc^3x^3 + 128c^4x^4) + A(3003b^5 - 2310b^4cx + 1680b^3c^2x^2 - 1120b^2c^3x^3 + 640b^2c^4x^4 - 256c^5x^5))}{45045b^6x^{10}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^10,x]
```

output

```
(-2*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(3*b*B*x*(1155*b^4 - 840*b^3*c*x + 560*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 320*b*c^3*x^3 + 128*c^4*x^4) + A*(3003*b^5 - 2310*b^4*c*x + 1680*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 1120*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 640*b*c^4*x^4 - 256*c^5*x^5)))/(45045*b^6*x^10)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(3bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{15bx^{10}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(3bB - 2Ac) \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{13b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{15bx^{10}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \end{aligned}$$

$$(3bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(-\frac{6c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9} \right)$$

$$\frac{3b}{15bx^{10}} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15bx^{10}}$$

↓ 1129

$$(3bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(-\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{9b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9} \right)$$

$$\frac{3b}{15bx^{10}} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15bx^{10}}$$

↓ 1129

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{2c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6}}{7b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{6c}{9b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{8c}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(3bB - 2Ac)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{15bx^{10}}$$

\downarrow 1123

$$\left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{6c \left(\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7bx^6} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9bx^7} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11bx^8} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13bx^9} \right) (3bB - 2Ac) - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15bx^{10}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^10,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(15*b*x^10) + ((3*b*B - 2*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(13*b*x^9) - (8*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*b*x^8) - (6*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*b*x^7) - (4*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^6) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5)))/(9*b)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)))/(3*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{15Bx+A}{13} \right) b^5 - \frac{10cx \left(\frac{12Bx+A}{11} \right) b^4}{13} + \frac{80c^2 x^2 (Bx+A) b^3}{143} - \frac{160c^3 x^3 \left(\frac{6Bx+A}{7} \right) b^2}{429} + \frac{640c^4 x^4 \left(\frac{3Bx+A}{5} \right) b}{3003} \right)}{15x^8 b^6}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-256A c^5 x^5 + 384Bb c^4 x^5 + 640Ab c^4 x^4 - 960B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 1120A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 1680B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 1680A b^3 c^2 x^2 - 2520B b^4 c x^2 - 1280A b^4 c x - 1280B b^4 x)}{45045x^9 b^6}$
roeder	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-256A c^5 x^5 + 384Bb c^4 x^5 + 640Ab c^4 x^4 - 960B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 1120A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 1680B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 1680A b^3 c^2 x^2 - 2520B b^4 c x^2 - 1280A b^4 c x - 1280B b^4 x)}{45045x^9 b^6}$
trager	$\frac{2(-256A c^7 x^7 + 384Bb c^6 x^7 + 128Ab c^6 x^6 - 192B b^2 c^5 x^6 - 96A b^2 c^5 x^5 + 144B b^3 c^4 x^5 + 80A b^3 c^4 x^4 - 120B b^4 c^3 x^4 - 70A b^4 c^3 x^3 - 120B b^4 c^3 x^2 - 1280A b^4 c^2 x^2 - 1280B b^4 c^2 x - 1280A b^4 x)}{45045b^6 x^8}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-256A c^7 x^7 + 384Bb c^6 x^7 + 128Ab c^6 x^6 - 192B b^2 c^5 x^6 - 96A b^2 c^5 x^5 + 144B b^3 c^4 x^5 + 80A b^3 c^4 x^4 - 120B b^4 c^3 x^4 - 1280A b^4 c^2 x^2 - 1280B b^4 c^2 x - 1280A b^4 x)}{45045x^7 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^6}$
	$\left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{13b x^9} - \left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{11b x^8} - \frac{6c \left(\frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9b x^7} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7b x^6} + \frac{4c(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2 x^5} \right)}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)}{3b}$
default	$A \frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15b x^{10}} - \frac{2c \left(\frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{13b x^9} - \left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{11b x^8} - \frac{6c \left(\frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9b x^7} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7b x^6} + \frac{4c(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2 x^5} \right)}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)}{3b}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15*(c*x+b)^2*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((15/13*B*x+A)*b^5-10/13*c*x*(12/11*B*x+A)*b^4+80/143*c^2*x^2*(B*x+A)*b^3-160/429*c^3*x^3*(6/7*B*x+A)*b^2+640/3003*c^4*x^4*(3/5*B*x+A)*b-256/3003*A*c^5*x^5)/x^8/b^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{2(3003Ab^7 + 128(3Bbc^6 - 2Ac^7)x^7 - 64(3Bb^2c^5 - 2Abc^6)x^6 + 48(3Bb^3c^4 - 2Ab^2c^5)x^5 - 40(3Bb^4c^3 - 2Ab^3c^4)x^4 + 35(3Bb^5c^2 - 2Ab^4c^3)x^3 + 63(70Bb^6c + Ab^5c^2)x^2 + 231(15Bb^7 + 16Ab^6c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045b^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/45045*(3003*A*b^7 + 128*(3*B*b*c^6 - 2*A*c^7)*x^7 - 64*(3*B*b^2*c^5 - 2*A*b*c^6)*x^6 + 48*(3*B*b^3*c^4 - 2*A*b^2*c^5)*x^5 - 40*(3*B*b^4*c^3 - 2*A*b^3*c^4)*x^4 + 35*(3*B*b^5*c^2 - 2*A*b^4*c^3)*x^3 + 63*(70*B*b^6*c + A*b^5*c^2)*x^2 + 231*(15*B*b^7 + 16*A*b^6*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^6*x^8)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b+cx))^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**10,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**10, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 360 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{256\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^6}{15015b^5x} + \frac{512\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^7}{45045b^6x}$$

$$+ \frac{128\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^5}{15015b^4x^2} - \frac{256\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^6}{45045b^5x^2} - \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^4}{5005b^3x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{64\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^5}{15015b^4x^3} + \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{3003b^2x^4} - \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{9009b^3x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{429bx^5}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{1287b^2x^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc}{715x^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{715bx^6} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb}{65x^7}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{390x^7} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}B}{5x^8} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab}{30x^8} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}A}{6x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-256/15015*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^6/(b^5*x) + 512/45045*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^7/(b^6*x) + 128/15015*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^5/(b^4*x^2) - 256/45045*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^6/(b^5*x^2) - 32/5005*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^3*x^3) + 64/15015*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^5/(b^4*x^3) + 16/3003*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b^2*x^4) - 32/9009*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^3*x^4) - 2/429*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b*x^5) + 4/1287*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^2*x^5) + 3/715*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/x^6 - 2/715*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b*x^6) + 3/65*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/x^7 + 1/390*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/x^7 - 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B/x^8 + 1/30*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/x^8 - 1/6*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A/x^9`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 551 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{2 \left(144144 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^{10} Bc^4 + 720720 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^9 Bbc^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/45045*(144144*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^{10}*B*c^4 + 720720*(\sqrt{c}) \\ & *x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^9*B*b*c^{(7/2)} + 240240*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b \\ & *x})^9*A*c^{(9/2)} + 1595880*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^8*B*b^2*c^3 + 1 \\ & 338480*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^8*A*b*c^4 + 2027025*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c} \\ & *x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^7*B*b^3*c^{(5/2)} + 3333330*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}) \\ & ^7*A*b^2*c^{(7/2)} + 1606605*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^6*B*b^4*c^2 + 4 \\ & 844840*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^6*A*b^3*c^3 + 810810*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c} \\ & *x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^5*B*b^5*c^{(3/2)} + 4513509*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}) \\ & ^5*A*b^4*c^{(5/2)} + 253890*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^4*B*b^6*c + 278 \\ & 8695*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^4*A*b^5*c^2 + 45045*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c} \\ & *x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^3*B*b^7*\sqrt{c} + 1141140*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^3 \\ & *A*b^6*c^{(3/2)} + 3465*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^2*B*b^8 + 297990*(\sqrt{c} \\ & *x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^2*A*b^7*c + 45045*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b} \\ & *x))*A*b^8*\sqrt{c} + 3003*A*b^9)/(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^{15} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx &= \frac{4Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{1287b^2x^5} \\ & - \frac{32Ac\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{195x^7} - \frac{2Bb\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{13x^7} - \frac{28Bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{143x^6} \\ & - \frac{2Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{715bx^6} - \frac{2Ab\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15x^8} - \frac{32Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9009b^3x^4} \\ & + \frac{64Ac^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15015b^4x^3} - \frac{256Ac^6\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045b^5x^2} + \frac{512Ac^7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045b^6x} \\ & - \frac{2Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{429bx^5} + \frac{16Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3003b^2x^4} - \frac{32Bc^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5005b^3x^3} \\ & + \frac{128Bc^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15015b^4x^2} - \frac{256Bc^6\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15015b^5x} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^10,x)`

output

```
(4*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(1287*b^2*x^5) - (32*A*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))
)/(195*x^7) - (2*B*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(13*x^7) - (28*B*c*(b*x + c*x^2)
^(1/2))/(143*x^6) - (2*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(715*b*x^6) - (2*A*b*(b*
x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15*x^8) - (32*A*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9009*b^3*x^4)
+ (64*A*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15015*b^4*x^3) - (256*A*c^6*(b*x + c*x^
2)^(1/2))/(45045*b^5*x^2) + (512*A*c^7*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(45045*b^6*x)
- (2*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(429*b*x^5) + (16*B*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)
)/(3003*b^2*x^4) - (32*B*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(5005*b^3*x^3) + (128*B
*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15015*b^4*x^2) - (256*B*c^6*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)
)/(15015*b^5*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^7}{15} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^6cx}{195} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5c^2x^2}{715} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^3x^3}{1287} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^4x^4}{15015} + \frac{256\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^5x^5}{45045} - \frac{256\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^6x^6}{45045} + \frac{128\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^7x^7}{45045} - \frac{128\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^8x^8}{45045} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^9x^9}{45045} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^{10}x^{10}}{45045}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^10,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 3003*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**7 - 3696*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*
*6*c*x - 63*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5*c**2*x**2 + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c
*x)*a*b**4*c**3*x**3 - 80*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*x**4 + 96*sqrt
(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**5*x**5 - 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**6*x*
*6 + 256*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**7*x**7 - 3465*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*
*8*x - 4410*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**7*c*x**2 - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*
b**6*c**2*x**3 + 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c**3*x**4 - 144*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**4*x**5 + 192*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**5*x**6 - 38
4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**6*x**7 - 256*sqrt(c)*a*c**7*x**8 + 384*sq
rt(c)*b**2*c**6*x**8))/(45045*b**6*x**8)
```

3.127 $\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	983
Mathematica [A] (verified)	984
Rubi [A] (verified)	984
Maple [A] (verified)	990
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	992
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	993
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	994
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	995
Mupad [F(-1)]	995
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	996

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 332

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5b^7(11bB - 18Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{32768c^6} + \frac{5b^6(11bB - 18Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{49152c^5}$$

$$-\frac{b^5(11bB - 18Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{12288c^4} + \frac{b^4(11bB - 18Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{14336c^3}$$

$$-\frac{b^3(11bB - 18Ac)x^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{16128c^2} - \frac{9b^2(11bB - 18Ac)x^5\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{896c}$$

$$-\frac{11}{672}b(11bB - 18Ac)x^6\sqrt{bx + cx^2} - \frac{1}{144}c(11bB - 18Ac)x^7\sqrt{bx + cx^2}$$

$$+ \frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} + \frac{5b^8(11bB - 18Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{32768c^{13/2}}$$

output

```
-5/32768*b^7*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^6+5/49152*b^6*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^5-1/12288*b^5*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+1/14336*b^4*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/16128*b^3*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*x^4*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-9/896*b^2*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*x^5*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-11/672*b*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*x^6*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/144*c*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*x^7*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/9*B*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c+5/32768*b^8*(-18*A*c+11*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(13/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}(-3465b^8B + 256b^3c^5x^4(9A + 5Bx) + 28672c^8x^7(9A + 8Bx) + cx^2)^{5/2}\right)}{2064384c^{13/2}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]*(-3465*b^8*B + 256*b^3*c^5*x^4*(9*A + 5*B*x) + 28672*c^8*x^7*(9*A + 8*B*x) + 144*b^5*c^3*x^2*(21*A + 11*B*x) + 210*b^7*c*(27*A + 11*B*x) - 84*b^6*c^2*x*(45*A + 22*B*x) - 32*b^4*c^4*x^3*(81*A + 44*B*x) + 1536*b^2*c^6*x^5*(243*A + 206*B*x) + 2048*b*c^7*x^6*(297*A + 259*B*x)) + 11340*A*b^8*c*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[b] - \text{Sqrt}[b + c*x])] + 6930*b^9*B*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[b] + \text{Sqrt}[b + c*x])]))/(2064384*c^{13/2}*\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {1221, 1134, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} - \frac{(11bB - 18Ac) \int x^2(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} dx}{18c}$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} - \frac{(11bB-18Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b \int x(cx^2+bx)^{5/2} dx}{16c} \right)}{18c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} - \frac{(11bB-18Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \int (cx^2+bx)^{5/2} dx}{2c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{18c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} - \frac{(11bB-18Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \int (cx^2+bx)^{3/2} dx}{24c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{18c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} - \frac{(11bB-18Ac) \left(\frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{18c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} - \\
 & \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{9b}{9c} \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2}{24c} \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2}{16c} \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx}}}{8} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 (11bB - 18Ac) & \frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{16c}{16c}
 \end{aligned}$$

18c

↓ 1091

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} - \\
 & \left(\frac{b(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-cx}}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{9b}{24c} \right) \\
 (11bB - 18Ac) & \frac{x(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{16c}{18c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{Bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9c} - \\
 & \left(\frac{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{b(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2\left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \arctan}{16c}\right)}{24c} \right) \\
 & \frac{(11bB - 18Ac)x(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{9b^2(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{45b^3(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{9b^3\left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \arctan}{16c}\right)}{24c} \\
 & \frac{18c}{18c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^2*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (B*x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(9*c) - ((11*b*B - 18*A*c)*((x*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(8*c) - (9*b*((b*x + c*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(7*c) - (b*((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(12*c) - (5*b^2*((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(8*c) - (3*b^2*((b + 2*c*x)*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*x]/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c^{(3/2)})))/(16*c)))/(24*c)))/(2*c)))/(16*c)))/(18*c) \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[p*\{(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1))\} \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1091

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1134

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(m + p)*\{(2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))\} \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)*\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1221

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1
)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$\frac{(229376B c^8 x^8 + 258048A c^8 x^7 + 530432B b c^7 x^7 + 608256A b c^7 x^6 + 316416B b^2 c^6 x^6 + 373248A b^2 c^6 x^5 + 1280B b^3 c^5 x^5 + 2304A b^3 c^5 x^4 + 206432 b^4 c^4 x^4 + 12800A b^4 c^4 x^3 + 12800B b^4 c^4 x^2 + 12800A b^4 c^4 x + 12800B b^4 c^4)}{206432 b^4 c^4}$ $9b \frac{(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7c} - \frac{b \frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12c}}{24c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+bx}{c}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{16c}$
default	$A \frac{x(c x^2 + b x)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{\dots}{16c}$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2064384} \frac{1}{c^6} (229376 B^3 c^8 x^8 + 258048 A B^2 c^8 x^7 + 530432 B^2 b c^7 x^7 + 608256 A^2 b c^7 x^6 + 316416 B^2 b^2 c^6 x^6 + 373248 A b^2 c^6 x^5 + 1280 B^2 b^3 c^5 x^5 + 2304 A^2 b^3 c^5 x^4 - 1408 B^2 b^4 c^4 x^4 - 2592 A b^4 c^4 x^3 + 1584 B^2 b^5 c^3 x^3 + 3024 A^2 b^5 c^3 x^2 - 1848 B^2 b^6 c^2 x^2 - 3780 A b^6 c^2 x + 2310 B^2 b^7 c x + 5670 A^2 b^7 c - 3465 B^2 b^8) x (c x + b) / (x (c x + b))^{1/2} - 5/65536 b^8 (18 A^2 c - 11 B^2 b) / c^{13/2} \ln((1/2 b + c x) / c^{1/2} + (c x^2 + b x)^{1/2})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left[-\frac{315(11 Bb^9 - 18 Ab^8c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(229376 Bc^9x^8 - 3465 Bb^8c)}{315(11 Bb^9 - 18 Ab^8c)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) - (229376 Bc^9x^8 - 3465 Bb^8c + 5670 Ab^7c^2 + 14336 Bb^8c)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{4128768} (315(11 B^3 b^9 - 18 A^2 b^8 c) \sqrt{c} \log(2 c x + b - 2 \sqrt{c x^2 + b x} \sqrt{c}) - 2(229376 B^3 c^9 x^8 - 3465 B^2 b^8 c + 5670 A^2 b^7 c^2 + 14336(37 B^2 b^3 c^8 + 18 A^2 c^9) x^7 + 3072(103 B^2 b^2 c^7 + 198 A^2 b^2 c^8) x^6 + 256(5 B^2 b^3 c^6 + 1458 A^2 b^2 c^7) x^5 - 128(11 B^2 b^4 c^5 - 18 A^2 b^3 c^6) x^4 + 144(11 B^2 b^5 c^4 - 18 A^2 b^4 c^5) x^3 - 168(11 B^2 b^6 c^3 - 18 A^2 b^5 c^4) x^2 + 210(11 B^2 b^7 c^2 - 18 A^2 b^6 c^3) x) \sqrt{c} \arctan(\sqrt{c x^2 + b x} \sqrt{c}) / c^7, -\frac{1}{2064384} (315(11 B^3 b^9 - 18 A^2 b^8 c) \sqrt{-c} \arctan(\sqrt{c x^2 + b x} \sqrt{-c}) / (c x + b) - (229376 B^3 c^9 x^8 - 3465 B^2 b^8 c + 5670 A^2 b^7 c^2 + 14336(37 B^2 b^3 c^8 + 18 A^2 c^9) x^7 + 3072(103 B^2 b^2 c^7 + 198 A^2 b^2 c^8) x^6 + 256(5 B^2 b^3 c^6 + 1458 A^2 b^2 c^7) x^5 - 128(11 B^2 b^4 c^5 - 18 A^2 b^3 c^6) x^4 + 144(11 B^2 b^5 c^4 - 18 A^2 b^4 c^5) x^3 - 168(11 B^2 b^6 c^3 - 18 A^2 b^5 c^4) x^2 + 210(11 B^2 b^7 c^2 - 18 A^2 b^6 c^3) x) \sqrt{c x^2 + b x}}{c^7} \right]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 741 vs. $2(323) = 646$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 741, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-63*b**5*(A*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 13*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 15*b*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(16*c)))/(14*c))/(12*c)*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(256*c**5) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*c**2*x**8/9 + 63*b**4*(A*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 13*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 15*b*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(16*c)))/(14*c))/(12*c))/(128*c**5) - 21*b**3*x*(A*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 13*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 15*b*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(16*c)))/(14*c))/(12*c))/(64*c**4) + 21*b**2*x**2*(A*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 13*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 15*b*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(16*c)))/(14*c))/(12*c))/(80*c**3) - 9*b*x**3*(A*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 13*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 15*b*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(16*c)))/(14*c))/(12*c))/(40*c**2) + x**7*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(8*c) + x**6*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 15*b*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(16*c))/(7*c) + x**5*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 13*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 15*b*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(16*c)))/(14*c))/(6*c) + x**4*(A*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 13*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 15*b*(A*c**3 + 37*B*b*c**2/18)/(16*c)))/(14*c))/(12*c))/(5*c)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(11/2)/11 + B*(b*x)**(13/2)/(13*b))/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{7/2}Bx^2}{9c} - \frac{55\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^7x}{16384c^5} \\
&+ \frac{55(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Bb^5x}{6144c^4} + \frac{45\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^6x}{8192c^4} - \frac{11(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Bb^3x}{384c^3} \\
&- \frac{15(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Ab^4x}{1024c^3} - \frac{11(cx^2+bx)^{7/2}Bbx}{144c^2} + \frac{3(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Ab^2x}{64c^2} \\
&+ \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{7/2}Ax}{8c} + \frac{55Bb^9 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{65536c^{13/2}} \\
&- \frac{45Ab^8 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{32768c^{11/2}} \\
&- \frac{55\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^8}{32768c^6} + \frac{55(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Bb^6}{12288c^5} + \frac{45\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^7}{16384c^5} \\
&- \frac{11(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Bb^4}{768c^4} - \frac{15(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Ab^5}{2048c^4} \\
&+ \frac{11(cx^2+bx)^{7/2}Bb^2}{224c^3} + \frac{3(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Ab^3}{128c^3} - \frac{9(cx^2+bx)^{7/2}Ab}{112c^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*B*x^2/c - 55/16384*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^7*x/c^5 + 55/6144*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^5*x/c^4 + 45/8192*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^6*x/c^4 - 11/384*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*b^3*x/c^3 - 15/1024*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b^4*x/c^3 - 11/144*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*B*b*x/c^2 + 3/64*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A*b^2*x/c^2 + 1/8*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*A*x/c + 55/65536*B*b^9*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(13/2) - 45/32768*A*b^8*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(11/2) - 55/32768*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^8/c^6 + 55/12288*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^6/c^5 + 45/16384*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^7/c^5 - 11/768*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*b^4/c^4 - 15/2048*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b^5/c^4 + 11/224*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*B*b^2/c^3 + 3/128*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A*b^3/c^3 - 9/112*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*A*b/c^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{2064384} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(2 \left(4 \left(14 \left(16 Bc^2x + \frac{37 Bbc^9 + 18 Ac^{10}}{c^8} \right) x + \frac{3(103 Bb^9 - 18 Ab^8c)}{65536 c^{13/2}} \log \left(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b| \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) x + \frac{3(103 Bb^9 - 18 Ab^8c)}{65536 c^{13/2}} \log \left(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b| \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2064384*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(2*(4*(14*(16*B*c^2*x + (37*B*b*c^9 + 18*A*c^10)/c^8)*x + 3*(103*B*b^2*c^8 + 198*A*b*c^9)/c^8)*x + (5*B*b^3*c^7 + 1458*A*b^2*c^8)/c^8)*x - (11*B*b^4*c^6 - 18*A*b^3*c^7)/c^8)*x + 9*(11*B*b^5*c^5 - 18*A*b^4*c^6)/c^8)*x - 21*(11*B*b^6*c^4 - 18*A*b^5*c^5)/c^8)*x + 105*(11*B*b^7*c^3 - 18*A*b^6*c^4)/c^8)*x - 315*(11*B*b^8*c^2 - 18*A*b^7*c^3)/c^8) - 5/65536*(11*B*b^9 - 18*A*b^8*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(13/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^2(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

output

`int(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^2(A + Bx)(bx^2 + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{5670\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^7c^2 - 3780\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^6c^3x + 3024\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5c^4x^2 - 2592\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^5x^3 + 2304\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^6x^4 + 373248\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^7x^5 + 608256\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^8x^6 + 258048\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}a^2c^9x^7 - 3465\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^9c + 2310\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^8c^2x - 1848\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^7c^3x^2 + 1584\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^6c^4x^3 - 1408\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^5c^5x^4 + 1280\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4c^6x^5 + 316416\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^7x^6 + 530432\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^8x^7 + 229376\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bc^9x^8 - 5670\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})ab^8c + 3465\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})b^10)/(2064384c^7)$$

input

```
int(x^2*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(5670*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**7*c**2 - 3780*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**6*c**3*x + 3024*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5*c**4*x**2 - 2592*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c**5*x**3 + 2304*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**6*x**4 + 373248*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**7*x**5 + 608256*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**8*x**6 + 258048*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**9*x**7 - 3465*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**9*c + 2310*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**8*c**2*x - 1848*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**7*c**3*x**2 + 1584*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c**4*x**3 - 1408*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c**5*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**6*x**5 + 316416*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**7*x**6 + 530432*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**8*x**7 + 229376*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**9*x**8 - 5670*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**8*c + 3465*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**10)/(2064384*c**7)
```

3.128 $\int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	997
Mathematica [A] (verified)	998
Rubi [A] (verified)	998
Maple [A] (verified)	1001
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1003
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1004
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1005
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1006
Mupad [F(-1)]	1006
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1007

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 295

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{5b^6(9bB - 16Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{16384c^5} \\ &- \frac{5b^5(9bB - 16Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{24576c^4} + \frac{b^4(9bB - 16Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{6144c^3} \\ &- \frac{b^3(9bB - 16Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7168c^2} - \frac{37b^2(9bB - 16Ac)x^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2688c} \\ &- \frac{29b(9bB - 16Ac)x^5\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{1344} - \frac{1}{112}c(9bB - 16Ac)x^6\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \\ &+ \frac{Bx(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{8c} - \frac{5b^7(9bB - 16Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16384c^{11/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
5/16384*b^6*(-16*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^5-5/24576*b^5*(-16*A*c+9*B
*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+1/6144*b^4*(-16*A*c+9*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/
2)/c^3-1/7168*b^3*(-16*A*c+9*B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-37/2688*b^2*(-
16*A*c+9*B*b)*x^4*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-29/1344*b*(-16*A*c+9*B*b)*x^5*(c*x^2
+b*x)^(1/2)-1/112*c*(-16*A*c+9*B*b)*x^6*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/8*B*x*(c*x^2+b
*x)^(7/2)/c-5/16384*b^7*(-16*A*c+9*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2
))/c^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx} (945b^7B + 384b^3c^4x^3(2A + Bx) - 210b^6c(8A + 3Bx) + 6144c^7) \right)}{344064c^{11/2}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(945*b^7*B + 384*b^3*c^4*x^3*(2*A + B*x) - 210*b^6*c*(8*A + 3*B*x) + 6144*c^7*x^6*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 56*b^5*c^2*x*(20*A + 9*B*x) - 16*b^4*c^3*x^2*(56*A + 27*B*x) + 1024*b*c^6*x^5*(116*A + 99*B*x) + 256*b^2*c^5*x^4*(296*A + 243*B*x)) + 1890*b^8*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])] + 3360*A*b^7*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(344064*c^(11/2)*Sqrt[x]*(b + c*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1225, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1225$$

$$\frac{b(9bB - 16Ac) \int (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} dx}{32c^2} - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{7/2} (-16Ac + 9bB - 14Bcx)}{112c^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{b(9bB - 16Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \int (cx^2+bx)^{3/2} dx}{24c} \right)}{\frac{32c^2}{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2} (-16Ac + 9bB - 14Bcx)}} -$$

↓ 1087

$$b(9bB - 16Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)$$

$$\frac{32c^2}{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2} (-16Ac + 9bB - 14Bcx)}} -$$

↓ 1087

$$b(9bB - 16Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)$$

$$\frac{32c^2}{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2} (-16Ac + 9bB - 14Bcx)}} -$$

↓ 1091

$$b(9bB - 16Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)$$

$$\frac{32c^2}{(bx+cx^2)^{7/2} (-16Ac + 9bB - 14Bcx)}} -$$

↓ 219

$$b(9bB - 16Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)$$

$$\frac{32c^2}{(bx + cx^2)^{7/2} (-16Ac + 9bB - 14Bcx)} \frac{1}{112c^2}$$

input `Int[x*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/112*((9*b*B - 16*A*c - 14*B*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/c^2 + (b*(9*b*B - 16*A*c)*((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(12*c) - (5*b^2*((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*b^2*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2))))/(16*c)))/(24*c))/(32*c^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1225

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) -
2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))),
x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p
+ 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-43008B c^7 x^7 - 49152A c^7 x^6 - 101376B b c^6 x^6 - 118784A b c^6 x^5 - 62208B b^2 c^5 x^5 - 75776A b^2 c^5 x^4 - 384B b^3 c^4 x^4 - 768A b^3 c^4 x^3 + 344064c^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)})}{\dots}$
default	$A \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7c} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c}$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/344064/c^5*(-43008*B*c^7*x^7-49152*A*c^7*x^6-101376*B*b*c^6*x^6-118784*A*b*c^6*x^5-62208*B*b^2*c^5*x^5-75776*A*b^2*c^5*x^4-384*B*b^3*c^4*x^4-768*A*b^3*c^4*x^3+432*B*b^4*c^3*x^3+896*A*b^4*c^3*x^2-504*B*b^5*c^2*x^2-1120*A*b^5*c^2*x+630*B*b^6*c*x+1680*A*b^6*c-945*B*b^7)*x*(c*x+b)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+5/32768*b^7*(16*A*c-9*B*b)/c^(11/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx^2 + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left[-\frac{105(9Bb^8 - 16Ab^7c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(43008Bc^8x^7 + 945Bb^7c - 1680A*b^6*c^2 + 3072*(33*B*b*c^7 + 16*A*c^8)*x^6 + 256*(243*B*b^2*c^6 + 464*A*b*c^7)*x^5 + 128*(3*B*b^3*c^5 + 592*A*b^2*c^6)*x^4 - 48*(9*B*b^4*c^4 - 16*A*b^3*c^5)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*b^5*c^3 - 16*A*b^4*c^4)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*b^6*c^2 - 16*A*b^5*c^3)*x}{c^6}, \frac{1}{344064} \frac{105(9Bb^8 - 16Ab^7c)\sqrt{-c} \operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}\sqrt{-c}/(c*x + b)) + (43008B*c^8*x^7 + 945B*b^7*c - 1680A*b^6*c^2 + 3072*(33*B*b*c^7 + 16*A*c^8)*x^6 + 256*(243*B*b^2*c^6 + 464*A*b*c^7)*x^5 + 128*(3*B*b^3*c^5 + 592*A*b^2*c^6)*x^4 - 48*(9*B*b^4*c^4 - 16*A*b^3*c^5)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*b^5*c^3 - 16*A*b^4*c^4)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*b^6*c^2 - 16*A*b^5*c^3)*x}{c^6} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/688128*(105*(9*B*b^8 - 16*A*b^7*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(43008*B*c^8*x^7 + 945*B*b^7*c - 1680*A*b^6*c^2 + 3072*(33*B*b*c^7 + 16*A*c^8)*x^6 + 256*(243*B*b^2*c^6 + 464*A*b*c^7)*x^5 + 128*(3*B*b^3*c^5 + 592*A*b^2*c^6)*x^4 - 48*(9*B*b^4*c^4 - 16*A*b^3*c^5)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*b^5*c^3 - 16*A*b^4*c^4)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*b^6*c^2 - 16*A*b^5*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^6, 1/344064*(105*(9*B*b^8 - 16*A*b^7*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (43008*B*c^8*x^7 + 945*B*b^7*c - 1680*A*b^6*c^2 + 3072*(33*B*b*c^7 + 16*A*c^8)*x^6 + 256*(243*B*b^2*c^6 + 464*A*b*c^7)*x^5 + 128*(3*B*b^3*c^5 + 592*A*b^2*c^6)*x^4 - 48*(9*B*b^4*c^4 - 16*A*b^3*c^5)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*b^5*c^3 - 16*A*b^4*c^4)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*b^6*c^2 - 16*A*b^5*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^6]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 656 vs. $2(287) = 574$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 656, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((35*b**4*(A*b**3 - 9*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 13*b*(A*c**3 + 33*B*b*c**2/16)/(14*c)))/(12*c))/(10*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(128*c**4) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*c**2*x**7/8 - 35*b**3*(A*b**3 - 9*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 13*b*(A*c**3 + 33*B*b*c**2/16)/(14*c)))/(12*c))/(10*c))/(64*c**4) + 35*b**2*x*(A*b**3 - 9*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 13*b*(A*c**3 + 33*B*b*c**2/16)/(14*c)))/(12*c))/(10*c))/(96*c**3) - 7*b*x**2*(A*b**3 - 9*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 13*b*(A*c**3 + 33*B*b*c**2/16)/(14*c)))/(12*c))/(10*c))/(24*c**2) + x**6*(A*c**3 + 33*B*b*c**2/16)/(7*c) + x**5*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 13*b*(A*c**3 + 33*B*b*c**2/16)/(14*c))/(6*c) + x**4*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 13*b*(A*c**3 + 33*B*b*c**2/16)/(14*c)))/(12*c))/(5*c) + x**3*(A*b**3 - 9*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 11*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 13*b*(A*c**3 + 33*B*b*c**2/16)/(14*c)))/(12*c))/(10*c))/(4*c)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(9/2)/9 + B*(b*x)**(11/2)/(11*b))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{45\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^6x}{8192c^4} - \frac{15(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Bb^4x}{1024c^3} \\
&- \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^5x}{512c^3} + \frac{3(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Bb^2x}{64c^2} + \frac{5(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Ab^3x}{192c^2} \\
&+ \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{7/2}Bx}{8c} - \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Abx}{12c} - \frac{45Bb^8\log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{32768c^{11/2}} \\
&+ \frac{5Ab^7\log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{2048c^{9/2}} + \frac{45\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^7}{16384c^5} \\
&- \frac{15(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Bb^5}{2048c^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^6}{1024c^4} + \frac{3(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Bb^3}{128c^3} \\
&+ \frac{5(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Ab^4}{384c^3} - \frac{9(cx^2+bx)^{7/2}Bb}{112c^2} - \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}Ab^2}{24c^2} + \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{7/2}A}{7c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `45/8192*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^6*x/c^4 - 15/1024*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^4*x/c^3 - 5/512*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^5*x/c^3 + 3/64*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*b^2*x/c^2 + 5/192*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b^3*x/c^2 + 1/8*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*B*x/c - 1/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A*b*x/c - 45/32768*B*b^8*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(11/2) + 5/2048*A*b^7*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(9/2) + 45/16384*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^7/c^5 - 15/2048*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^5/c^4 - 5/1024*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^6/c^4 + 3/128*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*b^3/c^3 + 5/384*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b^4/c^3 - 9/112*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*B*b/c^2 - 1/24*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A*b^2/c^2 + 1/7*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*A/c`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{344064} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(2 \left(12 \left(14 Bc^2x + \frac{33 Bbc^8 + 16 Ac^9}{c^7} \right) x + \frac{243 Bb^2c^7 + 464 Ab^3c^6 + 592 A^2b^2c^7}{c^7} \right) x - 3 \left(9 B^2b^4c^5 - 16 A^2b^3c^6 \right) / c^7 \right) x + 7 \left(9 B^2b^5c^4 - 16 A^2b^4c^5 \right) / c^7 \right) x - 35 \left(9 B^2b^6c^3 - 16 A^2b^5c^4 \right) / c^7 \right) x + 105 \left(9 B^2b^7c^2 - 16 A^2b^6c^3 \right) / c^7 \right) + \frac{5(9 Bb^8 - 16 Ab^7c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{32768 c^{\frac{11}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/344064*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(2*(12*(14*B*c^2*x + (33*B*b*c^8 + 16*A*c^9)/c^7)*x + (243*B*b^2*c^7 + 464*A*b*c^8)/c^7)*x + (3*B*b^3*c^6 + 592*A*b^2*c^7)/c^7)*x - 3*(9*B*b^4*c^5 - 16*A*b^3*c^6)/c^7)*x + 7*(9*B*b^5*c^4 - 16*A*b^4*c^5)/c^7)*x - 35*(9*B*b^6*c^3 - 16*A*b^5*c^4)/c^7)*x + 105*(9*B*b^7*c^2 - 16*A*b^6*c^3)/c^7) + 5/32768*(9*B*b^8 - 16*A*b^7*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(11/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

input `int(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

output `int(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{-1680\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^6c^2 + 1120\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5c^3x - 896\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^4x^2 + 768\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^5x^3 + 75776\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^6x^4 + 118784\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^7x^5 + 49152\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}a^2c^8x^6 + 945\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^8c - 630\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^7c^2x + 504\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^6c^3x^2 - 432\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^5c^4x^3 + 384\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4c^5x^4 + 62208\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^6x^5 + 101376\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^7x^6 + 43008\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bc^8x^7 + 1680\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})a^2b^7c - 945\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})b^9)/(344064c^6)$$

input

```
int(x*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 1680*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**6*c**2 + 1120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*
b**5*c**3*x - 896*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c**4*x**2 + 768*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**5*x**3 + 75776*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**6*x**4
+ 118784*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**7*x**5 + 49152*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x
)*a*c**8*x**6 + 945*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**8*c - 630*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*
x)*b**7*c**2*x + 504*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c**3*x**2 - 432*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(b + c*x)*b**5*c**4*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**5*x**4 + 62
208*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**6*x**5 + 101376*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*
**2*c**7*x**6 + 43008*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**8*x**7 + 1680*sqrt(c)*log(
(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**7*c - 945*sqrt(c)*log((sq
rt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**9)/(344064*c**6)
```


3.129 $\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1008
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1009
Rubi [A] (verified)	1009
Maple [A] (verified)	1012
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1013
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1014
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1015
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1016
Mupad [F(-1)]	1017
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1017

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 252

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = & -\frac{5b^5(bB - 2Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{1024c^4} \\ & + \frac{5b^4(bB - 2Ac)x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{1536c^3} - \frac{b^3(bB - 2Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{384c^2} \\ & - \frac{9b^2(bB - 2Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{64c} \\ & - \frac{5}{24}b(bB - 2Ac)x^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2} - \frac{1}{12}c(bB - 2Ac)x^5\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \\ & + \frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} + \frac{5b^6(bB - 2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{1024c^{9/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/1024*b^5*(-2*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+5/1536*b^4*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x*(
c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/384*b^3*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-9/64
*b^2*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-5/24*b*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x^4*(c*x^2+b
*x)^(1/2)-1/12*c*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x^5*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/7*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2
)/c+5/1024*b^6*(-2*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx} (-105b^6B + 70b^5c(3A + Bx) - 28b^4c^2x(5A + 2Bx) + 16b^3c^3x^2) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(-105*b^6*B + 70*b^5*c*(3*A + B*x) - 28*b^4*c^2*x*(5*A + 2*B*x) + 16*b^3*c^3*x^2*(7*A + 3*B*x) + 512*c^6*x^5*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 256*b*c^5*x^4*(35*A + 29*B*x) + 32*b^2*c^4*x^3*(189*A + 148*B*x)) + 420*A*b^6*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])] + 210*b^7*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(21504*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \int (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} dx}{2c}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \int (cx^2+bx)^{3/2} dx}{24c} \right)}{2c}$$

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c}$$

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c}$$

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\sqrt{\frac{x}{cx^2+bx}}} dx}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c}$$

$$\frac{2c}{219}$$

$$\frac{(bB - 2Ac) \left(\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c} - \frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right)}{2c}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c) - ((b*B - 2*A*c)*((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(12*c) - (5*b^2*((b + 2*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c) - (3*b^2*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2))))/(16*c))/(24*c))/(2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$\frac{(3072B c^6 x^6 + 3584A c^6 x^5 + 7424B b c^5 x^5 + 8960A b c^5 x^4 + 4736B b^2 c^4 x^4 + 6048A b^2 c^4 x^3 + 48B b^3 c^3 x^3 + 112A b^3 c^3 x^2 - 56B b^4 c^2 x^2 - 1)}{21504c^4 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right) + B \frac{(cx^2+bx)}{7c}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 570 vs. 2(240) = 480.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx^2 + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{5b^3 \left(Ab^3 - \frac{7b \left(3Ab^2c + Bb^3 - \frac{9b \left(3Abc^2 + 3Bb^2c - \frac{11b \left(Ac^3 + \frac{29Bbc^2}{14} \right)}{12c} \right)}{10c} \right)}{8c} \right)}{16c^3} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2 + 2cx})}{\sqrt{c}} \\ \frac{\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right) \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)}{\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)^2}} \end{array} \right) \quad \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9b} \right)}{b} \quad \text{otherwise} \\ 0 \end{array} \right.$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-5*b**3*(A*b**3 - 7*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 9*b*(3*A*b*c**2 +
3*B*b**2*c - 11*b*(A*c**3 + 29*B*b*c**2/14)/(12*c)))/(10*c))/(8*c))*Piecewi
se((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)),
((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(16*c**3
) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*c**2*x**6/7 + 5*b**2*(A*b**3 - 7*b*(3*A*b**2*c +
B*b**3 - 9*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 11*b*(A*c**3 + 29*B*b*c**2/14)/(1
2*c)))/(10*c))/(8*c))/(8*c**3) - 5*b*x*(A*b**3 - 7*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 -
9*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 11*b*(A*c**3 + 29*B*b*c**2/14)/(12*c)))/(10
*c))/(8*c))/(12*c**2) + x**5*(A*c**3 + 29*B*b*c**2/14)/(6*c) + x**4*(3*A*b
*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 11*b*(A*c**3 + 29*B*b*c**2/14)/(12*c))/(5*c) + x**3*(
3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3 - 9*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 11*b*(A*c**3 + 29*B*b
*c**2/14)/(12*c))/(10*c))/(4*c) + x**2*(A*b**3 - 7*b*(3*A*b**2*c + B*b**3
- 9*b*(3*A*b*c**2 + 3*B*b**2*c - 11*b*(A*c**3 + 29*B*b*c**2/14)/(12*c)))/(1
0*c))/(8*c))/(3*c)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(7/2)/7 + B*(b*x)**(9/2)/(9*b
))/b, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{6} (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} Ax - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^5 x}{512c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Bb^3 x}{192c^2} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab^4 x}{256c^2} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} Bbx}{12c} - \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Ab^2 x}{96c}$$

$$+ \frac{5Bb^7 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{2048c^{9/2}} - \frac{5Ab^6 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{1024c^{7/2}}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^6}{1024c^4} + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Bb^4}{384c^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab^5}{512c^3}$$

$$- \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} Bb^2}{24c^2} - \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Ab^3}{192c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{7/2} B}{7c} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} Ab}{12c}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
1/6*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A*x - 5/512*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^5*x/c^3 + 5/192*
(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^3*x/c^2 + 5/256*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^4*x/c^2 - 1/
12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*b*x/c - 5/96*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b^2*x/c + 5/20
48*B*b^7*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(9/2) - 5/1024*A*b
^6*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) - 5/1024*sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x)*B*b^6/c^4 + 5/384*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^4/c^3 + 5/512*sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x)*A*b^5/c^3 - 1/24*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*b^2/c^2 - 5/192*(c*x^2 + b
*x)^(3/2)*A*b^3/c^2 + 1/7*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(7/2)*B/c + 1/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/
2)*A*b/c
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{21504} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(2 \left(12 Bc^2 x + \frac{29 Bbc^7 + 14 Ac^8}{c^6} \right) x + \frac{37 Bb^2 c^6 + 70 Abc^7}{c^6} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \sqrt{c} + b \Big| \Big|$$

$$- \frac{5 (Bb^7 - 2 Ab^6 c) \log (|2 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) \sqrt{c} + b|)}{2048 c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/21504*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(2*(12*B*c^2*x + (29*B*b*c^7 + 14*A*
c^8)/c^6)*x + (37*B*b^2*c^6 + 70*A*b*c^7)/c^6)*x + 3*(B*b^3*c^5 + 126*A*b^
2*c^6)/c^6)*x - 7*(B*b^4*c^4 - 2*A*b^3*c^5)/c^6)*x + 35*(B*b^5*c^3 - 2*A*b
^4*c^4)/c^6)*x - 105*(B*b^6*c^2 - 2*A*b^5*c^3)/c^6) - 5/2048*(B*b^7 - 2*A*
b^6*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(9/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`output `int((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{210\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5c^2 - 140\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^3x + 112\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^4x^2 + 6048\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^5x^3 + 8960\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^6x^4 + 3584\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^7x^5 - 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^7c + 70\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^6c^2x - 56\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^5c^3x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4c^4x^3 + 4736\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^5x^4 + 7424\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^6x^5 + 3072\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^7x^6 - 210\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})*ab^6c + 105\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})*b^8)/(21504*c^5)$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x)`output `(210*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5*c**2 - 140*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c**3*x + 112*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*x**2 + 6048*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**5*x**3 + 8960*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**6*x**4 + 3584*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**7*x**5 - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**7*c + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c**2*x - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**4*x**3 + 4736*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**5*x**4 + 7424*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**6*x**5 + 3072*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**7*x**6 - 210*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**6*c + 105*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**8)/(21504*c**5)`

3.130 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1018
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1019
Rubi [A] (verified)	1019
Maple [A] (verified)	1022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1022
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1023
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1024
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1025
Mupad [F(-1)]	1025
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1026

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{b^4(5bB-12Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{512c^3} - \frac{b^3(5bB-12Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{768c^2} - \frac{31b^2(5bB-12Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{960c} - \frac{7}{160}b(5bB-12Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2} - \frac{1}{60}c(5bB-12Ac)x^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \frac{B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{6cx} - \frac{b^5(5bB-12Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{512c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/512*b^4*(-12*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/768*b^3*(-12*A*c+5*B*b)*
x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-31/960*b^2*(-12*A*c+5*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c
-7/160*b*(-12*A*c+5*B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/60*c*(-12*A*c+5*B*b)*x^4*
(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/6*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c/x-1/512*b^5*(-12*A*c+5*B*b)*ar
ctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (75b^5B - 180Ab^4c - 50b^4Bcx + 120Ab^3c^2x + 40b^3Bc^2x^2 + 2976A^2b^3Bc^2x^2 + 2160b^2B^2c^3x^3 + 4032A^2b^4c^4x^3 + 3200b^4B^2c^4x^4 + 1536A^2c^5x^4 + 1280B^2c^5x^5)}{256c^{7/2}x^{5/2}(b + cx)^{5/2}} - \frac{b^5(5bB - 12Ac)(x(b + cx))^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{b+cx}}\right)}{256c^{7/2}x^{5/2}(b + cx)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x,x]`

output `((x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(75*b^5*B - 180*A*b^4*c - 50*b^4*B*c*x + 120*A*b^3*c^2*x + 40*b^3*B*c^2*x^2 + 2976*A*b^2*c^3*x^2 + 2160*b^2*B*c^3*x^3 + 4032*A*b*c^4*x^3 + 3200*b*B*c^4*x^4 + 1536*A*c^5*x^4 + 1280*B*c^5*x^5))/(7680*c^3*x^2*(b + c*x)^2) - (b^5*(5*b*B - 12*A*c)*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(256*c^(7/2)*x^(5/2)*(b + c*x)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1221, 1131, 1087, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{6cx} - \frac{(5bB - 12Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x} dx}{12c}$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{6cx} - \frac{(5bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{5}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{12c}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{6cx} - \frac{(5bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{16c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{12c}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{6cx} - \frac{(5bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{12c}$$

↓ 1091

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{6cx} - \frac{(5bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}}{16c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{12c}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{6cx} - \frac{(5bB - 12Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{12c}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})/(6cx) - ((5bB - 12Ac)((bx + cx^2)^{5/2}/5 + b(((b + 2cx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(8c) - (3b^2((b + 2cx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}))/4c) - (b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}(\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{bx + cx^2}))/4c^{3/2})/(16c))/2)/(12c)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_+) + (b_-)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2](x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_+) + (b_-)(x_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b + 2cx) * ((a + bx + cx^2)^p / (2c(2p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p * ((b^2 - 4ac) / (2c(2p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[4p] \ || \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[3p])$$

rule 1091

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(b_-)(x_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(1 - cx^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{bx + cx^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1131

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_+) + (e_-)(x_+)^m)^{(a_+) + (b_-)(x_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(d + ex)^{m+1} * ((a + bx + cx^2)^p / (e(m + 2p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p * ((2cd - be) / (e^2(m + 2p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^{m+1} * (a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& (\operatorname{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + 2p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2p]$$

rule 1221

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_+) + (e_-)(x_+)^m)^{(f_+) + (g_-)(x_+)^n)^{(a_+) + (b_-)(x_+) + (c_-)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[g * (d + ex)^m * ((a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1}) / (c(m + 2p + 2)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(m * (g * (cd - be) + c * ef) + e * (p + 1) * (2 * cf - b * g)) / (c * e * (m + 2p + 2)) \operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^m * (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + 2p + 2, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-1280Bc^5x^5 - 1536Ac^5x^4 - 3200Bbc^4x^4 - 4032Abc^4x^3 - 2160Bb^2c^3x^3 - 2976Ab^2c^3x^2 - 40Bb^3c^2x^2 - 120Ab^3c^2x + 50Bb^4cx + 180A^2b^4c^2x - 75Bb^5) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{7680c^3}$
default	$B \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12c} - \frac{5b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right)}{24c} \right) + A \left(\frac{cx^2+bx}{5} \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/7680/c^3*(-1280*B*c^5*x^5-1536*A*c^5*x^4-3200*B*b*c^4*x^4-4032*A*b*c^4*x^3-2160*B*b^2*c^3*x^3-2976*A*b^2*c^3*x^2-40*B*b^3*c^2*x^2-120*A*b^3*c^2*x+50*B*b^4*c*x+180*A*b^4*c-75*B*b^5)*x*(c*x+b)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/1024*b^5*(12*A*c-5*B*b)/c^(7/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \left[-\frac{15(5Bb^6 - 12Ab^5c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(1280Bc^6 - 1536Ac^5x^4 - 3200Bbc^4x^4 - 4032Abc^4x^3 - 2160Bb^2c^3x^3 - 2976Ab^2c^3x^2 - 40Bb^3c^2x^2 - 120Ab^3c^2x + 50Bb^4cx + 180A^2b^4c^2x - 75Bb^5)}{7680c^3} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/15360*(15*(5*B*b^6 - 12*A*b^5*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(1280*B*c^6*x^5 + 75*B*b^5*c - 180*A*b^4*c^2 + 128*(25
*B*b*c^5 + 12*A*c^6)*x^4 + 144*(15*B*b^2*c^4 + 28*A*b*c^5)*x^3 + 8*(5*B*b^
3*c^3 + 372*A*b^2*c^4)*x^2 - 10*(5*B*b^4*c^2 - 12*A*b^3*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x))/c^4, 1/7680*(15*(5*B*b^6 - 12*A*b^5*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (1280*B*c^6*x^5 + 75*B*b^5*c - 180*A*b^4*c^2
+ 128*(25*B*b*c^5 + 12*A*c^6)*x^4 + 144*(15*B*b^2*c^4 + 28*A*b*c^5)*x^3 +
8*(5*B*b^3*c^3 + 372*A*b^2*c^4)*x^2 - 10*(5*B*b^4*c^2 - 12*A*b^3*c^3)*x)*
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^4]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 886, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x,x)
```


output

```

A*b**2*Piecewise((b**3*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2
*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(
2*c) + x)**2), True))/(16*c**2) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(-b**2/(8*c**2) + b*x
/(12*c) + x**2/3), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (0, Tru
e)) + 2*A*b*c*Piecewise((-5*b**4*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c
*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/s
qrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(128*c**3) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(5*b**3/(6
4*c**3) - 5*b**2*x/(96*c**2) + b*x**2/(24*c) + x**3/4), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x
)**(7/2)/(7*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + A*c**2*Piecewise((7*b**5*Piecew
ise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0))
, ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(256*c*
*4) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(-7*b**4/(128*c**4) + 7*b**3*x/(192*c**3) - 7*b**
2*x**2/(240*c**2) + b*x**3/(40*c) + x**4/5), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(9/2)/(9
*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + B*b**2*Piecewise((-5*b**4*Piecewise((log(b
+ 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c
) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(128*c**3) + sqrt
(b*x + c*x**2)*(5*b**3/(64*c**3) - 5*b**2*x/(96*c**2) + b*x**2/(24*c) + x*
*3/4), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + 2*B*b*
c*Piecewise((7*b**5*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*
x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx &= \frac{1}{6} (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} Bx + \frac{1}{8} (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Abx \\
&+ \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^4 x}{256c^2} - \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Bb^2 x}{96c} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab^3 x}{64c} \\
&- \frac{5Bb^6 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{1024c^{7/2}} + \frac{3Ab^5 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{256c^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{1}{5} (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} A + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^5}{512c^3} - \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Bb^3}{192c^2} \\
&- \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab^4}{128c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} Bb}{12c} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Ab^2}{16c}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*x + 1/8*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b*x + 5/256*sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^4*x/c^2 - 5/96*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^2*x/c - 3/64*sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^3*x/c - 5/1024*B*b^6*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*s
qrt(c))/c^(7/2) + 3/256*A*b^5*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))
/c^(5/2) + 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A + 5/512*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^5/c^3 -
5/192*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^3/c^2 - 3/128*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^4/c^2 +
1/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B*b/c + 1/16*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b^2/c
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{7680} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(10 Bc^2x + \frac{25 Bbc^6 + 12 Ac^7}{c^5} \right) x + \frac{9(15 Bb^6 - 12 Ab^5c)}{1024 c^7} \right) \log \left(\left| 2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b \right| \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/7680*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*B*c^2*x + (25*B*b*c^6 + 12*A*c^7)
/c^5)*x + 9*(15*B*b^2*c^5 + 28*A*b*c^6)/c^5)*x + (5*B*b^3*c^4 + 372*A*b^2*
c^5)/c^5)*x - 5*(5*B*b^4*c^3 - 12*A*b^3*c^4)/c^5)*x + 15*(5*B*b^5*c^2 - 12
*A*b^4*c^3)/c^5) + 1/1024*(5*B*b^6 - 12*A*b^5*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(7/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{-180\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^2 + 120\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^3x + 2976\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2 + 4032\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2 + 1536\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2 + 75\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2 + 1536\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2 + 75\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2 + 1536\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2 + 75\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^2}{7680c^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x,x)`

output

```
( - 180*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c**2 + 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*
*3*c**3*x + 2976*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**4*x**2 + 4032*sqrt(x)*sqr
t(b + c*x)*a*b*c**5*x**3 + 1536*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**6*x**4 + 75*sqr
t(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c - 50*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c**2*x + 40*sqrt
(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**3*x**2 + 2160*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**4*x*
*3 + 3200*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**5*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x
)*b*c**6*x**5 + 180*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))
*a*b**5*c - 75*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**7
)/(7680*c**4)
```

3.131 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1027
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1028
Rubi [A] (verified)	1028
Maple [A] (verified)	1031
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1032
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1033
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1034
Mupad [F(-1)]	1034
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1035

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b^3(3bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{128c^2} - \frac{59b^2(3bB-10Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{960c} - \frac{17}{240}b(3bB-10Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2} - \frac{1}{40}c(3bB-10Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \frac{B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5cx^2} + \frac{b^4(3bB-10Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{128c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/128*b^3*(-10*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-59/960*b^2*(-10*A*c+3*B*b)
)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-17/240*b*(-10*A*c+3*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/4
0*c*(-10*A*c+3*B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/5*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c/x^2+1/
128*b^4*(-10*A*c+3*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}(-45b^4B + 30b^3c(5A + Bx) + 96c^4x^3(5A + 4$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(-45*b^4*B + 30*b^3*c*(5*A + B*x) + 96*c^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 16*b*c^3*x^2*(85*A + 63*B*x) + 4*b^2*c^2*x*(295*A + 186*B*x)) + 300*A*b^4*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])] + 90*b^5*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(1920*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1220, 1131, 1087, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(3bB - 10Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x} dx}{3b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\ & \frac{(3bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{5}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(3bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \int \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{16c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}} + \\
& \qquad \frac{3b}{3bx^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1087 \\
& \frac{(3bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{16c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}} + \\
& \qquad \frac{3b}{3bx^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1091 \\
& \frac{(3bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}}{16c} \right)}{16c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}} + \\
& \qquad \frac{3b}{3bx^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{(3bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right)}{16c} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}} + \\
& \qquad \frac{3b}{3bx^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})/(3bx^2) + ((3bB - 10Ac)((bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/5 + (b(((b + 2cx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(8c) - (3b^2(((b + 2cx) \sqrt{bx + cx^2})/(4c) - (b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c}x]/\sqrt{bx + cx^2}]))/(4c^{3/2}))))/(16c)))/2)/(3b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2](x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_ + (c_)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b + 2cx) * ((a + bx + cx^2)^p / (2c(2p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p * ((b^2 - 4ac) / (2c(2p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[4p] \ || \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[3p])$$

rule 1091

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(b_)(x_ + (c_)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(1 - cx^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{bx + cx^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1131

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_ + (e_)(x_))^{m_} * ((a_ + (b_)(x_ + (c_)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(d + ex)^{m+1} * ((a + bx + cx^2)^p / (e(m + 2p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p * ((2cd - be) / (e^2(m + 2p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^{m+1} * (a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& (\operatorname{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + 2p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2p]$$

rule 1220

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_ + (e_)(x_))^{m_} * ((f_ + (g_)(x_)) * ((a_ + (b_)(x_ + (c_)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(d * g - e * f) * (d + ex)^m * ((a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1} / ((2cd - be) * (m + p + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(m * (g * (cd - be) + c * e * f) + e * (p + 1) * (2c * f - b * g)) / (e * (2c * d - b * e) * (m + p + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^{m+1} * (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& ((\operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \operatorname{!IGtQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\operatorname{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1]) \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[m + 2p + 2, 0]) \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{59 \left(-\frac{15}{118} A b^4 c + \frac{9}{236} b^5 B \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{59 \left(\frac{15 \left(\frac{Bx}{5} + A \right) b^3 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{118} + b^2 x \left(\frac{186 Bx}{295} + A \right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{68 x^2 \left(\frac{63 Bx}{85} + A \right) b c^{\frac{7}{2}}}{59} + \frac{24 x^3 \left(\frac{4 Bx}{5} + A \right) b^2 c^{\frac{9}{2}}}{59} \right)}{96 c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(384 B c^4 x^4 + 480 A c^4 x^3 + 1008 B b c^3 x^3 + 1360 A b c^3 x^2 + 744 x^2 B b^2 c^2 + 1180 A b^2 c^2 x + 30 B b^3 c x + 150 A b^3 c - 45 B b^4) x (cx+b)}{1920 c^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$A \frac{2 (cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3 b x^2} - \left(10 c \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{16c} \right)}{2} \right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
59/96/c^(5/2)*((-15/118*A*b^4*c+9/236*b^5*B)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2)))+(15/118*(1/5*B*x+A)*b^3*c^(3/2)+b^2*x*(186/295*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)+68/59*x^2*(63/85*B*x+A)*b*c^(7/2)+24/59*x^3*(4/5*B*x+A)*c^(9/2)-9/236*B*c^(1/2)*b^4*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \left[-\frac{15(3Bb^5 - 10Ab^4c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(384Bc^5x^4 - 45Bb^4c + 150Ab^3c^2 + 48(21Bbc^4 + 10b^2c^5))\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) - (384Bc^5x^4 - 45Bb^4c + 150Ab^3c^2 + 48(21Bbc^4 + 10b^2c^5))}{1920c^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/3840*(15*(3*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(384*B*c^5*x^4 - 45*B*b^4*c + 150*A*b^3*c^2 + 48*(21*B*
b*c^4 + 10*A*c^5))*x^3 + 8*(93*B*b^2*c^3 + 170*A*b*c^4))*x^2 + 10*(3*B*b^3*c
^2 + 118*A*b^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^3, -1/1920*(15*(3*B*b^5 - 10*A
*b^4*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (384*B*c^5
*x^4 - 45*B*b^4*c + 150*A*b^3*c^2 + 48*(21*B*b*c^4 + 10*A*c^5))*x^3 + 8*(93
*B*b^2*c^3 + 170*A*b*c^4))*x^2 + 10*(3*B*b^3*c^2 + 118*A*b^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x))/c^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 796, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**2,x)`

output

```
A**2*Piecewise((-b**2*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) +
2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/
(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(8*c) + (b/(4*c) + x/2)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2), Ne(c, 0
)), (2*(b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + 2*A*b*c*Piecewise((b**3
*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2
/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/
(16*c**2) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(-b**2/(8*c**2) + b*x/(12*c) + x**2/3), Ne(
c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + A*c**2*Piecewise
((-5*b**4*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c)
, Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2)
, True))/(128*c**3) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(5*b**3/(64*c**3) - 5*b**2*x/(96*
c**2) + b*x**2/(24*c) + x**3/4), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b**3), Ne(b
, 0)), (0, True)) + B*b**2*Piecewise((b**3*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2
*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(16*c**2) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(-
b**2/(8*c**2) + b*x/(12*c) + x**2/3), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b**2)
, Ne(b, 0)), (0, True)) + 2*B*b*c*Piecewise((-5*b**4*Piecewise((log(b + 2*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) +
x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(128*c**3) + sqrt(b*x
+ c*x**2)*(5*b**3/(64*c**3) - 5*b**2*x/(96*c**2) + b*x**2/(24*c) + x**3...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{8} (cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bbx + \frac{5}{32} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab^2 x$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^3 x}{64c} + \frac{3Bb^5 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{256c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{5Ab^4 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{128c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{5} (cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}} B + \frac{5}{24} (cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^4}{128c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bb^2}{16c} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab^3}{64c} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}} A}{4x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b*x + 5/32*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2*x - 3/64*sqrt
(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^3*x/c + 3/256*B*b^5*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*
sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) - 5/128*A*b^4*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)
)/c^(3/2) + 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B + 5/24*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b - 3/1
28*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^4/c^2 + 1/16*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b^2/c + 5/64*s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^3/c + 1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{1920} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6 \left(8Bc^2x + \frac{21Bbc^5 + 10Ac^6}{c^4} \right) x + \frac{93Bb^2c^4 + 10A^2c^5}{c^4} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(3Bb^5 - 10Ab^4c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{256c^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/1920*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(6*(8*B*c^2*x + (21*B*b*c^5 + 10*A*c^6)/c^4
)*x + (93*B*b^2*c^4 + 170*A*b*c^5)/c^4)*x + 5*(3*B*b^3*c^3 + 118*A*b^2*c^4
)/c^4)*x - 15*(3*B*b^4*c^2 - 10*A*b^3*c^3)/c^4) - 1/256*(3*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^
4*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(5/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{150\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^2 + 1180\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x + 1360\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^4}{x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^2,x)`output `(150*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**2 + 1180*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*x + 1360*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**2 + 480*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**5*x**3 - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c + 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**2*x + 744*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**2 + 1008*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**4*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**5*x**4 - 150*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**4*c + 45*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**6)/(1920*c**3)`

3.132
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1036
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1037
Rubi [A] (verified)	1037
Maple [A] (verified)	1040
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1042
Sympy [F]	1042
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1043
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1043
Mupad [F(-1)]	1044
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1044

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{11b^2(bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{64c} - \frac{13}{96}b(bB-8Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2} - \frac{1}{24}c(bB-8Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \frac{B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{4cx^3} - \frac{5b^3(bB-8Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{64c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-11/64*b^2*(-8*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-13/96*b*(-8*A*c+B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/24*c*(-8*A*c+B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+1/4*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c/x^3-5/64*b^3*(-8*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)} \left(\sqrt{c}(15b^3B + 16c^3x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 8bc^2x(26A + 17Bx) + 2b^2) \right)}{192c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*(15*b^3*B + 16*c^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 8*b*c^2*x*(26*A + 17*B*x) + 2*b^2*c*(132*A + 59*B*x)) + (15*b^3*(b*B - 8*A*c)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[b + c*x]])/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]))/(192*c^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1220, 1131, 1131, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1131 \\ & \frac{(bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx + \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1131 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} dx + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^3}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^3}$$

↓ 1091

$$\frac{(bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x} \right)}{b} + \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^3}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^3,x]`

output

`(2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(b*x^3) + ((b*B - 8*A*c)*((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/(4*x) + (5*b*((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + (b*((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]))/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanH[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2))))/2)/8)/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b+2*c*x)*\{(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[p*\{(b^2-4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p+1))\} \ \text{Int}[(a+b*x+c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$

rule 1091 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}\{(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1-c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x+c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, x\}$

rule 1131 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^m\}*\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d+e*x)^{m+1}*\{(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p/(e*(m+2*p+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[p*\{(2*c*d-b*e)/(e^2*(m+2*p+1))\} \ \text{Int}[(d+e*x)^{m+1}*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m+p+1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1220 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^m\}*\{(f_)+(g_)*(x_)\}*\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*g-e*f)*(d+e*x)^m*\{(a+b*x+c*x^2)^{p+1}/((2*c*d-b*e)*(m+p+1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d-b*e)+c*e*f)+e*(p+1)*(2*c*f-b*g))/(e*(2*c*d-b*e)*(m+p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(d+e*x)^{m+1}*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m+p+1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1])) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m+2*p+2, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+p+1, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{5\left(Ac - \frac{Bb}{8}\right)b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \frac{13\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(\frac{33b^2\left(\frac{59Bx+A}{132}c^{\frac{3}{2}} + bx\left(\frac{17Bx+A}{26}c^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4x^2\left(\frac{3Bx+A}{4}c^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{15B\sqrt{c}b^3}{208}\right)}{12}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{8}}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(48Bc^3x^3 + 64Ac^3x^2 + 136Bbc^2x^2 + 208Abc^2x + 118Bb^2cx + 264Ab^2c + 15Bb^3)x(cx+b)}{192c\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{5b^3(8Ac - Bb) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{128c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ $+ \frac{10c}{5} \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2} + \frac{b}{8c} \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} - \frac{3b^2}{16c} \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{8c} \right) \right) \right)$ $+ \frac{8c}{3bx^2} \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3b} - \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3bx^2} \right)$
default	$A \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{bx^3} - \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3bx^2} - \frac{b}{b}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `13/12/c^(3/2)*(15/26*(A*c-1/8*B*b)*b^3*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(33/26*b^2*(59/132*B*x+A)*c^(3/2)+b*x*(17/26*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)+4/13*x^2*(3/4*B*x+A)*c^(7/2)+15/208*B*c^(1/2)*b^3)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \left[-\frac{15(Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(48Bc^4x^3 + 15Bb^3c + 264A^2b^2c^2 + 8(17Bb^3c^3 + 8A^2c^4)x^2 + 2(59Bb^2c^2 + 104Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c^2} + \frac{1}{192} \frac{(15(Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c)\sqrt{-c})\arctan(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}/(cx + b)) + (48Bc^4x^3 + 15Bb^3c + 264A^2b^2c^2 + 8(17Bb^3c^3 + 8A^2c^4)x^2 + 2(59Bb^2c^2 + 104Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/384*(15*(B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(48*B*c^4*x^3 + 15*B*b^3*c + 264*A*b^2*c^2 + 8*(17*B*b*c^3 + 8*A*c^4)*x^2 + 2*(59*B*b^2*c^2 + 104*A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^2, 1/192*(15*(B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (48*B*c^4*x^3 + 15*B*b^3*c + 264*A*b^2*c^2 + 8*(17*B*b*c^3 + 8*A*c^4)*x^2 + 2*(59*B*b^2*c^2 + 104*A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{5}{32} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} B b^2 x - \frac{5 B b^4 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{128 c^3} + \frac{5 A b^3 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{16 \sqrt{c}} + \frac{5}{24} (cx^2+bx)^{3/2} B b + \frac{5}{8} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} A b^2 + \frac{5 \sqrt{cx^2+bx} B b^3}{64 c} + \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2} B}{4 x} + \frac{5 (cx^2+bx)^{3/2} A b}{12 x} + \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2} A}{3 x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `5/32*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2*x - 5/128*B*b^4*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(3/2) + 5/16*A*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(c) + 5/24*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b + 5/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2 + 5/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^3/c + 1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x + 5/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x + 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6 B c^2 x + \frac{17 B b c^4 + 8 A c^5}{c^3} \right) x + \frac{59 B b^2 c^3 + 104 A b c^4}{c^3} \right) + \frac{5 (B b^4 - 8 A b^3 c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{128 c^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/192*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(6*B*c^2*x + (17*B*b*c^4 + 8*A*c^5)/c^3)*x + (59*B*b^2*c^3 + 104*A*b*c^4)/c^3)*x + 3*(5*B*b^3*c^2 + 88*A*b^2*c^3)/c^3 + 5/128*(B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{264\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^2 + 208\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^3x + 64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^4x^2 + 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^2 + 118\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^2x + 136\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^2x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^2x^3 + 120\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})ab^3c - 15\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})b^5)/(192c^2)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^3,x)`output `(264*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2 + 208*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c + 118*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x + 136*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**4*x**3 + 120*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c - 15*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**5)/(192*c**2)`

$$3.133 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1045
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1046
Rubi [A] (verified)	1046
Maple [A] (verified)	1049
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1051
Sympy [F]	1051
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1052
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1052
Mupad [F(-1)]	1053
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1053

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 135

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx &= \frac{25}{24}b(bB+6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} \\ &+ \frac{5}{12}c(bB+6Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} \\ &+ \frac{B(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^2} + \frac{5b^2(bB+6Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
25/24*b*(6*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+5/12*c*(6*A*c+B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^3+1/3*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^2+5/8*b^2*(6*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)} \left(-6A(8b^2 - 9bcx - 2c^2x^2) + Bx(33b^2 + 26bcx + 8c^2x^2) + \dots \right)}{24x}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(-6*A*(8*b^2 - 9*b*c*x - 2*c^2*x^2) + B*x*(33*b^2 + 26*b*c*x + 8*c^2*x^2) + (30*b^2*(b*B + 6*A*c)*Sqrt[x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + c*x]))/(24*x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1131, 1087, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(6Ac + bB) \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1130} \\ & \frac{(6Ac + bB) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} - 5c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(6Ac + bB) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} - 5c \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} dx + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^4}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(6Ac + bB) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} - 5c \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{8c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^4}$$

↓ 1091

$$\frac{(6Ac + bB) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} - 5c \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^4}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(6Ac + bB) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} - 5c \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b+2cx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^4}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(b*x^4) + ((b*B + 6*A*c)*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^2 - 5*c*((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/3 + (b*(((b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - (b^2*ArcTanH[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/(4*c^(3/2)))))/2))/b`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b+2*c*x)*\{(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[p*\{(b^2-4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p+1))\} \ \text{Int}[(a+b*x+c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$

rule 1091 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}\{(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1-c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x+c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x$

rule 1130 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^m\}*\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d+e*x)^{m+1}*\{(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p/(e*(m+p+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[c*(p/(e^2*(m+p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d+e*x)^{m+2}*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m+2*p+1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1131 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^m\}*\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d+e*x)^{m+1}*\{(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p/(e*(m+2*p+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[p*((2*c*d-b*e)/(e^2*(m+2*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d+e*x)^{m+1}*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2-b*d*e+a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m+p+1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1220

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(-\frac{15x b^2 (Ac + \frac{Bb}{6}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8} + \left(-\frac{9\left(\frac{13Bx}{27} + A\right) x b c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} - \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{2Bx}{3} + A\right) c^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4} + b^2 \sqrt{c} \left(-\frac{11Bx}{16} + A\right) \right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \right) / \sqrt{cx}$
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-8Bc^2x^3 - 12Ac^2x^2 - 26x^2Bbc - 54Abcx - 33xBb^2 + 48b^2A)}{24\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{5(6Ac+Bb)b^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{c}} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{16\sqrt{c}}$
	$\left(\frac{10c}{5} \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2} + \frac{b}{8c} \frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} - \frac{3b^2}{4c} \frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{c}}{2} \right) / \left(\frac{8c}{3bx^2} \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3b} - \frac{6c}{bx^3} \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{b} \right)$
default	$A - \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{bx^4} + \frac{1}{b}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/c^{(1/2)}*(-15/8*x*b^2*(A*c+1/6*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)}/x/c^{(1/2)}) + (-9/8*(13/27*B*x+A)*x*b*c^{(3/2)}-1/4*x^2*(2/3*B*x+A)*c^{(5/2)}+b^2*c^{(1/2)}*(-11/16*B*x+A))*(x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)})/x$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{15(Bb^3+6Ab^2c)\sqrt{cx} \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}) + 2(8Bc^3x^3-48Ab^2c+2(13Bbc^2+6Ac^3)x^2+3(11Bb^2c+6Ab^2c)\sqrt{-cx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) - (8Bc^3x^3-48Ab^2c+2(13Bbc^2+6Ac^3)x^2+3(11Bb^2c+6Ab^2c)\sqrt{-cx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right))}{24cx} \right]}{24cx}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{48} * (15 * (B * b^3 + 6 * A * b^2 * c) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c) * x * \log(2 * c * x + b + 2 * \operatorname{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c)) + 2 * (8 * B * c^3 * x^3 - 48 * A * b^2 * c + 2 * (13 * B * b * c^2 + 6 * A * c^3) * x^2 + 3 * (11 * B * b^2 * c + 18 * A * b * c^2) * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b * x)) / (c * x), -1/24 * (15 * (B * b^3 + 6 * A * b^2 * c) * \operatorname{sqrt}(-c) * x * \operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(-c) / (c * x + b)) - (8 * B * c^3 * x^3 - 48 * A * b^2 * c + 2 * (13 * B * b * c^2 + 6 * A * c^3) * x^2 + 3 * (11 * B * b^2 * c + 18 * A * b * c^2) * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b * x)) / (c * x) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{5 Bb^3 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{16\sqrt{c}} + \frac{15}{8} Ab^2 \sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) + \frac{5}{8} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bb^2 + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Bb}{12x} - \frac{15\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ab^2}{4x} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} B}{3x^2} + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} Ab}{4x^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} A}{2x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/16*B*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(c) + 15/8*A*b^2*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + 5/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2 + 5/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x - 15/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/x + 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x^2 + 5/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^2 + 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2 Ab^3}{\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} + \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(2 \left(4 Bc^2 x + \frac{13 Bbc^3 + 6 Ac^4}{c^2} \right) x + \frac{3(11 Bb^2 c^2 + 18 Abc^3)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{5(Bb^3 + 6 Ab^2 c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{16\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*A*b^3/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)) + 1/24*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*B*c
^2*x + (13*B*b*c^3 + 6*A*c^4)/c^2)*x + 3*(11*B*b^2*c^2 + 18*A*b*c^3)/c^2)
- 5/16*(B*b^3 + 6*A*b^2*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(
c) + b))/sqrt(c)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-384\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c + 432\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2x + 96\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x^2 + \dots}{192cx}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c + 432*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**
2*x + 96*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**3*x**2 + 264*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**
3*c*x + 208*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x
)*b*c**3*x**3 + 720*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))
*a*b**2*c*x + 120*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b
**4*x - 480*sqrt(c)*a*b**2*c*x - 45*sqrt(c)*b**4*x)/(192*c*x)
```

3.134 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1054
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1054
Rubi [A] (verified)	1055
Maple [A] (verified)	1058
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1060
Sympy [F]	1060
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1061
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1061
Mupad [F(-1)]	1062
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1062

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{5}{4}c(3bB+4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} - \frac{2(3bB+5Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^2} + \frac{Bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^4} + \frac{5}{4}b\sqrt{c}(3bB+4Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)$$

output `5/4*c*(4*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2/3*(5*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^2+1/2*B*c*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x-2/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^4+5/4*b*c^(1/2)*(4*A*c+3*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(\sqrt{b+cx}(-4A(2b^2+14bcx-3c^2x^2)+3Bx(-8b^2+9bcx+2c^2x^2))+12x^2\sqrt{b+cx}\right)}{12x^2\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^5,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b + c*x]*(-4*A*(2*b^2 + 14*b*c*x - 3*c^2*x^2) + 3
*B*x*(-8*b^2 + 9*b*c*x + 2*c^2*x^2)) + 30*b*Sqrt[c]*(3*b*B + 4*A*c)*x^(3/2
))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(12*x^2*Sqrt[b +
c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {1220, 1125, 25, 2192, 27, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\
 & \frac{(4Ac + 3bB) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1125} \\
 & \frac{(4Ac + 3bB) \left(- \int \frac{x^2 c^3 + 3bxc^2 + 3b^2 c}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(4Ac + 3bB) \left(\int \frac{x^2 c^3 + 3bxc^2 + 3b^2 c}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2192} \\
 & \frac{(4Ac + 3bB) \left(\frac{\int \frac{3bc^2(4b + 3cx)}{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{2c} - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} + \frac{1}{2} c^2 x \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(4Ac + 3bB) \left(\frac{3}{4} bc \int \frac{4b + 3cx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} + \frac{1}{2} c^2 x \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{(4Ac + 3bB) \left(\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{5}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx + 3\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} + \frac{1}{2}c^2x\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{\frac{3b}{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}} \cdot 3bx^5} \\
 & \downarrow 1091 \\
 & \frac{(4Ac + 3bB) \left(\frac{3}{4}bc \left(5b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + 3\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} + \frac{1}{2}c^2x\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{\frac{3b}{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}} \cdot 3bx^5} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(4Ac + 3bB) \left(\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{5b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + 3\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} + \frac{1}{2}c^2x\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \right)}{\frac{3b}{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}} \cdot 3bx^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^5,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(3*b*x^5) + ((3*b*B + 4*A*c)*((-2*b^2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x + (c^2*x*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/2 + (3*b*c*(3*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2] + (5*b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/sqrt[c]))/4)/(3*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1091 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x]$

rule 1125 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e^{(2*m + 3)}*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^{(m + 2)}*(d + e*x))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^{(2*m + 2)} \text{ Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[((-2*c*d + b*e)^{-m - 1} - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^{-m - 1})/(d + e*x), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m + p, -3/2]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1220 $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \parallel (\text{LtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]) \parallel \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0]$

rule 2192 $\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Expon}[Pq, x], e = \text{Coeff}[Pq, x, \text{Expon}[Pq, x]]\}, \text{Simp}[e*x^{(q - 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p * \text{ExpandToSum}[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^{(q - 2)} - b*e*(q + p)*x^{(q - 1)} - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(-\frac{15c x^2 (Ac + \frac{3Bb}{4}) b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2} + \left(7 \left(-\frac{27Bx}{56} + A \right) x b c^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{Bx}{2} + A \right) x^2 c^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2} + b^2 \sqrt{c} (3Bx + A) \right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \right) / (3\sqrt{c} x^2)$
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-6Bc^2x^3 - 12Ac^2x^2 - 27x^2Bbc + 56Abcx + 24xBb^2 + 8b^2A)}{12x\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{5(4Ac + 3Bb)\sqrt{c} b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{8}$
	$10c \left(\frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2 + bx)}{8c} \right)}{\dots} \right)$
	$8c \frac{2(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3bx^2} - \dots$
	$6c \frac{2(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{bx^3} - \dots$
	$4c \frac{2(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{bx^4} + \dots$
	b

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*(-15/2*c*x^2*(A*c+3/4*B*b)*b*\operatorname{arctanh}((x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}/x/c^{1/2})+(7*(-27/56*B*x+A)*x*b*c^{3/2}-3/2*(1/2*B*x+A)*x^2*c^{5/2}+b^2*c^{1/2}*(3*B*x+A))*(x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}/c^{1/2}/x^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{15(3Bb^2+4Abc)\sqrt{cx^2} \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}) + 2(6Bc^2x^3 - 8Ab^2 + 3(9Bbc+4Ac^2)x^2 - 8(3Bb^2+7Abc)x + b^2)\sqrt{-cx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) - (6Bc^2x^3 - 8Ab^2 + 3(9Bbc+4Ac^2)x^2 - 8(3Bb^2+7Abc)x + b^2)\sqrt{-cx^2}}{24x^2} \right]}{12x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{24} * (15 * (3 * B * b^2 + 4 * A * b * c) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c) * x^2 * \log(2 * c * x + b + 2 * \operatorname{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c)) + 2 * (6 * B * c^2 * x^3 - 8 * A * b^2 + 3 * (9 * B * b * c + 4 * A * c^2) * x^2 - 8 * (3 * B * b^2 + 7 * A * b * c) * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b * x)) / x^2, -1/12 * (15 * (3 * B * b^2 + 4 * A * b * c) * \operatorname{sqrt}(-c) * x^2 * \operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(-c) / (c * x + b)) - (6 * B * c^2 * x^3 - 8 * A * b^2 + 3 * (9 * B * b * c + 4 * A * c^2) * x^2 - 8 * (3 * B * b^2 + 7 * A * b * c) * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b * x)) / x^2 \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(x(b+cx))^{5/2} (A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{15}{8} Bb^2 \sqrt{c} \log \left(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c} \right) + \frac{5}{2} Abc^{\frac{3}{2}} \log \left(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c} \right) - \frac{15\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2}{4x} - \frac{35\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Abc}{6x} + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb}{4x^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2}{6x^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}B}{2x^3} - \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab}{6x^3} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}A}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `15/8*B*b^2*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + 5/2*A*b*c^(3/2)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 15/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/x - 35/6*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*c/x + 5/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x^2 - 5/6*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/x^2 + 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x^3 - 5/6*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^3 + (c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(2Bc^2x + \frac{9Bbc^2 + 4Ac^3}{c} \right) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} - \frac{5(3Bb^2c + 4Abc^2) \log \left(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b| \right)}{8\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2 \left(3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bb^3 + 9(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ab^2c + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) Ab^3 \sqrt{c} + Ab^4 \right)}{3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*(2*B*c^2*x + (9*B*b*c^2 + 4*A*c^3)/c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x) - 5/8*(3*B*b^2*c + 4*A*b*c^2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/sqrt(c) + 2/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^3 + 9*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^2*c + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^3*sqrt(c) + A*b^4)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5, x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}ab^2 - 448\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}abcx + 96\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}ac^2x^2 - 192\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}b^3x^3 + 480\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{b + cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b}}{96x^2} + \frac{360\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{b + cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b} + 80\sqrt{c}ab^3x^2 + 95\sqrt{c}b^3x^2}{96x^2}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^5, x)
```

output

```
( - 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 - 448*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x + 96*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x**2 - 192*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x + 216*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2*x**3 + 480*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*x**2 + 360*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**3*x**2 + 80*sqrt(c)*a*b*c*x**2 + 95*sqrt(c)*b**3*x**2)/(96*x**2)
```

3.135
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	1063
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1063
Rubi [A] (verified)	1064
Maple [A] (verified)	1067
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1069
Sympy [F]	1069
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1070
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1070
Mupad [F(-1)]	1071
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1072

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = Bc^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2} - \frac{2c(2bB+Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} - \frac{2(bB+Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^5} + c^{3/2}(5bB+2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)$$

output

```
B*c^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*c*(A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x-2/3*(A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^3-2/5*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^5+c^(3/2)*(2*A*c+5*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(-\sqrt{b+cx}(5Bx(2b^2+14bcx-3c^2x^2)+A(6b^2+22bcx+46c^2x^2))\right)}{15x^3\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^6,x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(-(Sqrt[b + c*x]*(5*B*x*(2*b^2 + 14*b*c*x - 3*c^2*x^2)
+ A*(6*b^2 + 22*b*c*x + 46*c^2*x^2))) + 30*c^(3/2)*(5*b*B + 2*A*c)*x^(5/2)
*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])]))/(15*x^3*Sqrt[b +
c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1125, 25, 27, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(2Ac + 5bB) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{5b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^6}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{(2Ac + 5bB) \left(\frac{5}{3}c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^4} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^6}$$

$$\downarrow 1125$$

$$\frac{(2Ac + 5bB) \left(\frac{5}{3}c \left(-\int -\frac{c(2b + cx)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^4} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^6}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{(2Ac + 5bB) \left(\frac{5}{3}c \left(\int \frac{c(2b + cx)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^4} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^6}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{(2Ac + 5bB) \left(\frac{5}{3}c \left(c \int \frac{2b + cx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^4} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^6}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1160 \\
 \frac{(2Ac + 5bB) \left(\frac{5}{3}c \left(c \left(\frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx + \sqrt{bx+cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^4} \right)}{5b} \\
 \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^6} \\
 \downarrow 1091 \\
 \frac{(2Ac + 5bB) \left(\frac{5}{3}c \left(c \left(3b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \sqrt{bx+cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^4} \right)}{5b} \\
 \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^6} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{(2Ac + 5bB) \left(\frac{5}{3}c \left(c \left(\frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{bx+cx^2} \right) - \frac{2b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^4} \right)}{5b} \\
 \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^6}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^6,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(5*b*x^6) + ((5*b*B + 2*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(3*x^4) + (5*c*((-2*b*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x + c*(sqrt[b*x + c*x^2] + (3*b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/sqrt[c])))/3)/(5*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1091 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x]$

rule 1125 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e^{(2*m + 3)}*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^{(m + 2)}*(d + e*x))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^{(2*m + 2)} \ \text{Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[((-2*c*d + b*e)^{-m - 1} - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^{-m - 1}]/(d + e*x), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, -3/2]$

rule 1130 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 2)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1220 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1])) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(-5c^2 x^3 \left(Ac + \frac{5Bb}{2} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right) + \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{35Bx}{11} + A \right) x b c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \left(-\frac{5}{2} B x^3 + \frac{23}{3} A x^2 \right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} + b^2 \sqrt{c} \left(\frac{5Bx}{3} + A \right) \right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}$
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-15Bc^2x^3+46Ac^2x^2+70x^2Bbc+22Abcx+10xBb^2+6b^2A)}{15x^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{(2Ac+5Bb)c^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln \left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{2}$
	$\left(\frac{6c}{bx^3} \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{b} - \frac{8c}{3bx^2} \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{b} - \frac{10c}{5} \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right)$
	$4c - \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{bx^4} + \dots$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/5/c^(1/2)*(-5*c^2*x^3*(A*c+5/2*B*b)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+(11/3*(35/11*B*x+A)*x*b*c^(3/2)+(-5/2*B*x^3+23/3*A*x^2)*c^(5/2)+b^2*c^(1/2)*(5/3*B*x+A))*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{15(5Bbc+2Ac^2)\sqrt{cx^3} \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}) + 2(15Bc^2x^3 - 6Ab^2 - 2(35Bbc+23Ac^2)x^2 - 2(5Bb^2 + 11Abc)x)\sqrt{c}}{30x^3} - \frac{15(5Bbc+2Ac^2)\sqrt{-cx^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) - (15Bc^2x^3 - 6Ab^2 - 2(35Bbc+23Ac^2)x^2 - 2(5Bb^2 + 11Abc)x)\sqrt{-c}}{15x^3} \right]}{15x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(15*(5*B*b*c + 2*A*c^2)*sqrt(c)*x^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + 2*(15*B*c^2*x^3 - 6*A*b^2 - 2*(35*B*b*c + 23*A*c^2)*x^2 - 2*(5*B*b^2 + 11*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/x^3, -1/15*(15*(5*B*b*c + 2*A*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (15*B*c^2*x^3 - 6*A*b^2 - 2*(35*B*b*c + 23*A*c^2)*x^2 - 2*(5*B*b^2 + 11*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + b*x))/x^3]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{5}{2} Bbc^{3/2} \log\left(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}\right) + Ac^{5/2} \log\left(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}\right) - \frac{35\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bbc}{6x} - \frac{38\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{15x} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2}{6x^2} - \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Abc}{30x^2} - \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Bb}{6x^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2}{10x^3} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Ac}{3x^3} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}B}{x^4} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Ab}{2x^4} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}A}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/2*B*b*c^(3/2)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) + A*c^(5/2)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 35/6*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*c/x - 38/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/x - 5/6*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/x^2 - 7/30*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*c/x^2 - 5/6*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x^3 + 3/10*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/x^3 - 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*c/x^3 + (c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x^4 - 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^4 - 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^5`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^2 - \frac{(5Bbc^2 + 2Ac^3) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2(45(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 Bb^2c + 45(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 Abc^2 + 15(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 Bb^3\sqrt{c} + 45(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 Ab^3\sqrt{c} + 15(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bb^4 + 35(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ab^4 + 35(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bb^3\sqrt{c} + 35(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ab^3\sqrt{c} + 15(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bb^2c + 15(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ab^2c + 5(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bb^2\sqrt{c} + 5(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ab^2\sqrt{c} + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bb\sqrt{c} + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ab\sqrt{c} + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bb + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ab + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 A)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2 - 1/2*(5*B*b*c^2 + 2*A*c^3)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/sqrt(c) + 2/15*(45*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^2*c + 45*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b*c^2 + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^3*sqrt(c) + 45*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^3*sqrt(c) + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^4 + 35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^4 + 35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^3*sqrt(c) + 35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^3*sqrt(c) + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^2*c + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^2*c + 5*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^2*sqrt(c) + 5*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^2*sqrt(c) + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b*sqrt(c) + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b*sqrt(c) + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A)/sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6,x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2 - 88\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abcx - 184\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2x^2 - 40\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3x^3}{x^6} + \frac{120\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abc^2x^3 + 300\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2c^2x^3 + 40\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2c^2x^3}{60x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^6,x)`output `(- 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 - 88*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x - 184*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x**2 - 40*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x - 280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 60*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2*x**3 + 120*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**3 + 300*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**3 + 40*sqrt(c)*a*c**2*x**3 + 163*sqrt(c)*b**2*c*x**3)/(60*x**3)`

3.136 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1073
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1073
Rubi [A] (verified)	1074
Maple [A] (verified)	1077
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1079
Sympy [F]	1079
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1080
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1080
Mupad [F(-1)]	1081
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1081

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{2b^2B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5x^3} - \frac{22bBc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{15x^2} - \frac{46Bc^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{15x} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7} + 2Bc^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-2/5*b^2*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^3-22/15*b*B*c*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^2-46/15*B*c^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x-2/7*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b/x^7+2*B*c^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(\sqrt{b+cx}(15A(b+cx)^3+7bBx(3b^2+11bcx+23c^2x^2))+105bBc^{5/2}x^{7/2}\log(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{b+cx}))}{105bx^4\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^7,x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b + c*x]*(15*A*(b + c*x)^3 + 7*b*B*x*(3*b^2 + 11*b*c*x + 23*c^2*x^2)) + 105*b*B*c^(5/2)*x^(7/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[b + c*x]]))/(105*b*x^4*Sqrt[b + c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1130, 1125, 25, 27, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\
 & B \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1130 \\
 & B \left(c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1130 \\
 & B \left(c \left(c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^2} dx - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1125 \\
 & B \left(c \left(c \left(- \int -\frac{c}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$B\left(c\left(c\left(\int \frac{c}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x}\right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}\right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^5}\right) - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

↓ 27

$$B\left(c\left(c\left(c\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x}\right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}\right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^5}\right) - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

↓ 1091

$$B\left(c\left(c\left(2c\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x}\right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}\right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^5}\right) - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

↓ 219

$$B\left(c\left(c\left(2\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x}\right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}\right) - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^5}\right) - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^7, x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b*x^7) + B*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*x^5) + c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x^3) + c*((-2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x + 2*sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]]))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`
- rule 1125 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`
- rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1220

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
pseudoelliptic risch	$\frac{2Bbc^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) x^4 - \frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{7Bx}{5} + A\right) b^3 + 3cx \left(\frac{77Bx}{45} + A\right) b^2 + 3c^2 \left(\frac{161Bx}{45} + A\right) x^2 b + A c^3 x^3 \right)}{bx^4}}{-\frac{2(cx+b)(15Ac^3x^3 + 161x^3Bbc^2 + 45Abc^2x^2 + 77x^2Bb^2c + 45Ab^2cx + 21xBb^3 + 15Ab^3)}{105x^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b} + Bc^{\frac{5}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{b}{2} + cx + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + \frac{b^2}{4c}}\right)}$
	$8c \frac{2(cx^2 + bx + \frac{b^2}{4c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3bx^2}$
	$6c \frac{2(cx^2 + bx + \frac{b^2}{4c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{bx^3}$
	$4c - \frac{2(cx^2 + bx + \frac{b^2}{4c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{bx^4} + \dots$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2/7*(7*B*b*c^{5/2}*\operatorname{arctanh}((x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}/x/c^{1/2})*x^4-(x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}*((7/5*B*x+A)*b^3+3*c*x*(77/45*B*x+A)*b^2+3*c^2*(161/45*B*x+A)*x^2+b*A*c^3*x^3))/b/x^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{105 Bbc^{\frac{5}{2}}x^4 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(15Ab^3 + (161Bbc^2 + 15Ac^3)x^3 + (77Bb^2c + 45Abc^2)x^2 + 105bx^4)}{105 Bbc^{\frac{5}{2}}x^4} \right] + (15Ab^3 + (161Bbc^2 + 15Ac^3)x^3 + (77Bb^2c + 45Abc^2)x^2 + 105bx^4)}{105 Bbc^{\frac{5}{2}}x^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) + (15Ab^3 + (161Bbc^2 + 15Ac^3)x^3 + (77Bb^2c + 45Abc^2)x^2 + 105bx^4)}{105 Bbc^{\frac{5}{2}}x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{105} * (105 * B * b * c^{5/2} * x^4 * \log(2 * c * x + b + 2 * \sqrt{c * x^2 + b * x} * \sqrt{c}) - 2 * (15 * A * b^3 + (161 * B * b * c^2 + 15 * A * c^3) * x^3 + (77 * B * b^2 * c + 45 * A * b * c^2) * x^2 + 3 * (7 * B * b^3 + 15 * A * b^2 * c) * x) * \sqrt{c * x^2 + b * x}) / (b * x^4), -2 / 105 * (105 * B * b * \sqrt{-c} * c^2 * x^4 * \operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c * x^2 + b * x} * \sqrt{-c} / (c * x + b)) + (15 * A * b^3 + (161 * B * b * c^2 + 15 * A * c^3) * x^3 + (77 * B * b^2 * c + 45 * A * b * c^2) * x^2 + 3 * (7 * B * b^3 + 15 * A * b^2 * c) * x) * \sqrt{c * x^2 + b * x}) / (b * x^4) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(x(b+cx))^{5/2} (A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**7, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = Bc^{5/2} \log \left(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c} \right) \\ - \frac{38\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{15x} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{7bx} - \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bbc}{30x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{7x^2} \\ + \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2}{10x^3} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Bc}{3x^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Abc}{28x^3} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Bb}{2x^4} \\ - \frac{15\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2}{28x^4} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}B}{5x^5} + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Ab}{4x^5} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}A}{x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $B*c^{(5/2)}*\log(2*c*x + b + 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{c}) - 38/15*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*B*c^2/x - 2/7*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A*c^3/(b*x) - 7/30*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})*B*b*c/x^2 + 1/7*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A*c^2/x^2 + 3/10*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*B*b^2/x^3 - 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^{(3/2)}*B*c/x^3 - 3/28*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A*b*c/x^3 - 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^{(3/2)}*B*b/x^4 - 15/28*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*A*b^2/x^4 - 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^{(5/2)}*B/x^5 + 5/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^{(3/2)}*A*b/x^5 - (c*x^2 + b*x)^{(5/2)}*A/x^6$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 379 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = -Bc^{5/2} \log \left(\left| 2 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right) \sqrt{c} + b \right| \right) \\ + \frac{2 \left(315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^6 Bbc^2 + 105 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^6 Ac^3 + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^5 Bb^2 c^{3/2} + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^5 Bbc^2 + 105 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^5 Abc^3 + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^4 Bb^2 c^{3/2} + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^4 Bbc^2 + 105 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^4 Abc^3 + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^3 Bb^2 c^{3/2} + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^3 Bbc^2 + 105 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^3 Abc^3 + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^2 Bb^2 c^{3/2} + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^2 Bbc^2 + 105 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)^2 Abc^3 + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right) Bb^2 c^{3/2} + 315 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right) Bbc^2 + 105 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right) Abc^3 + 315 Bb^2 c^{3/2} + 315 Bbc^2 + 105 Abc^3}{x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-B*c^(5/2)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)) + 2/105*(315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*b*c^2 + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*c^3 + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^2*c^(3/2) + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b*c^(5/2) + 245*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^3*c + 525*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b^2*c^2 + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^4*sqrt(c) + 525*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^3*c^(3/2) + 21*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b^5 + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^4*c + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^5*sqrt(c) + 15*A*b^6)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^7,x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^7, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3}{7} - \frac{6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2cx}{7} - \frac{6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2x^2}{7} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x^3}{7} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^4x^4}{7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^7,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3 - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c
*x - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c
**3*x**3 - 21*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x - 77*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3
*c*x**2 - 161*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 105*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt
(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(c)*a*c**3*x
**4 + 71*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**2*x**4))/(105*b*x**4)
```

3.137
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1083
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1083
Rubi [A] (verified)	1084
Maple [A] (verified)	1085
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1086
Sympy [F]	1086
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1086
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1087
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1088
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1089

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} - \frac{2(9bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{63b^2x^7}$$

output

$$-2/9*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b/x^8-2/63*(-2*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^2/x^7$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2(x(b+cx))^{7/2}(7Ab+9bBx-2Acx)}{63b^2x^8}$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^8,x]`

output

$$(-2*(x*(b + c*x))^(7/2)*(7*A*b + 9*b*B*x - 2*A*c*x))/(63*b^2*x^8)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1220, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(9bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx}{9b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$-\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}(9bB - 2Ac)}{63b^2x^7} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^8,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*b*x^8) - (2*(9*b*B - 2*A*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*b^2*x^7)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(cx+b)^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{9Bx}{7} + A \right) b - \frac{2Acx}{7} \right)}{9x^5 b^2}$	39
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+9Bbx+7Ab)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63b^2x^7}$	40
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+9Bbx+7Ab)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63b^2x^7}$	40
default	$A \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9bx^8} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^2x^7} \right) - \frac{2B(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7bx^7}$	64
trager	$-\frac{2(-2A^4c^4x^4+9Bbc^3x^4+Abc^3x^3+27Bb^2c^2x^3+15Ab^2c^2x^2+27Bb^3cx^2+19Ab^3cx+9Bb^4x+7Ab^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63b^2x^5}$	104
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2A^4c^4x^4+9Bbc^3x^4+Abc^3x^3+27Bb^2c^2x^3+15Ab^2c^2x^2+27Bb^3cx^2+19Ab^3cx+9Bb^4x+7Ab^4)}{63x^4 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^2}$	107

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/9*(c*x+b)^3*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((9/7*B*x+A)*b-2/7*A*c*x)/x^5/b^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{2(7Ab^4 + (9Bbc^3 - 2Ac^4)x^4 + (27Bb^2c^2 + Abc^3)x^3 + 3(9Bb^3c + 5Ab^2c^2)x^2 + (9Bb^4 + 19Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{63b^2x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/63*(7*A*b^4 + (9*B*b*c^3 - 2*A*c^4)*x^4 + (27*B*b^2*c^2 + A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 3*(9*B*b^3*c + 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + (9*B*b^4 + 19*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^2*x^5)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**8,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**8, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.53

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bc^3}{7bx} + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ac^4}{63b^2x} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bc^2}{7x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ac^3}{63bx^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bbc}{28x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ac^2}{42x^3} - \frac{15\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^2}{28x^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Abc}{252x^4} + \frac{5(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Bb}{4x^5} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^2}{36x^5} - \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}B}{x^6} + \frac{5(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}Ab}{12x^6} - \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}A}{2x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/7*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b*x) + 4/63*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^2*x) + 1/7*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/x^2 - 2/63*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b*x^2) - 3/28*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*c/x^3 + 1/42*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/x^3 - 15/28*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/x^4 - 5/252*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*c/x^4 + 5/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x^5 - 5/36*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/x^5 - (c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x^6 + 5/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^6 - 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^7`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 431 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.56

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{2\left(63(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^8Bc^3 + 189(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^7Bbc^{\frac{5}{2}} + 63(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^6B^2c^2 + 189(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^5B^2bc + 63(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^4B^3\right)}{12x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/63*(63*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*B*c^3 + 189*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x))^7*B*b*c^(5/2) + 63*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*A*c^(7/2
) + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*b^2*c^2 + 273*(sqrt(c)*x - sqr
t(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*A*b*c^3 + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b^3*c^
(3/2) + 567*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*b^2*c^(5/2) + 189*(sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^4*c + 693*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*
A*b^3*c^2 + 63*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^5*sqrt(c) + 525*(sqrt
(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^4*c^(3/2) + 9*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x))^2*B*b^6 + 243*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^5*c + 63*(sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^6*sqrt(c) + 7*A*b^7)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x))^9

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = & \frac{4Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63b^2x} - \frac{10Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{21x^3} \\
& - \frac{2Bb^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7x^4} - \frac{6Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7x^2} - \frac{2Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63bx^2} - \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9x^5} \\
& - \frac{2Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7bx} - \frac{38Abc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63x^4} - \frac{6Bbc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^8,x)
```

output

```

(4*A*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(63*b^2*x) - (10*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/
(21*x^3) - (2*B*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^4) - (6*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(
1/2))/(7*x^2) - (2*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(63*b*x^2) - (2*A*b^2*(b*x
+ c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9*x^5) - (2*B*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*b*x) - (38*A*b*
c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(63*x^4) - (6*B*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^3)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4}{9} - \frac{38\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3cx}{63} - \frac{10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^2x^2}{21} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^3x^3}{63} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4c^4x^4}{63}}{x^8}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^8,x)`output `(2*(- 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4 - 19*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c*x - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**4 - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*x - 27*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c*x**2 - 27*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*x**4 - 2*sqrt(c)*a*c**4*x**5 - 5*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**3*x**5))/(63*b**2*x**5)`

3.138 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	1090
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1090
Rubi [A] (verified)	1091
Maple [A] (verified)	1092
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1093
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1096

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} - \frac{2(11bB-4Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{99b^2x^8} + \frac{4c(11bB-4Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{693b^3x^7}$$

output
$$-2/11*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b/x^9-2/99*(-4*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^2/x^8+4/693*c*(-4*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^3/x^7$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{2(b+cx)(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(63Ab^2+77b^2Bx-28Abcx-22bBcx^2+8Ac^2x^2)}{693b^3x^8}$$

input `Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^9,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(b + c*x)*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(63*A*b^2 + 77*b^2*B*x - 28*A*b*c*x - 22*b*B*c*x^2 + 8*A*c^2*x^2))/(693*b^3*x^8)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(11bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{(11bB - 4Ac) \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx}{9b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{4c(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{63b^2x^7} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} \right) (11bB - 4Ac)}{11b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*b*x^9) + ((11*b*B - 4*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*b*x^8) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*b^2*x^7)))/(11*b)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{11Bx}{9} + A \right) b^2 - \frac{4cx \left(\frac{11Bx}{14} + A \right) b}{9} + \frac{8Ac^2x^2}{63} \right)}{11x^6b^3}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2 - 22x^2Bbc - 28Abcx + 77xBb^2 + 63b^2A)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693x^8b^3}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2 - 22x^2Bbc - 28Abcx + 77xBb^2 + 63b^2A)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693x^8b^3}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{11bx^9} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9bx^8} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^2x^7} \right)}{11b} \right) + B \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9bx^8} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^2x^7} \right)$
trager	$\frac{2(8Ac^5x^5 - 22Bbc^4x^5 - 4Abc^4x^4 + 11Bb^2c^3x^4 + 3Ab^2c^3x^3 + 165Bb^3c^2x^3 + 113Ab^3c^2x^2 + 209Bb^4cx^2 + 161Ab^4cx + 77Bb^4c^2)}{693b^3x^6}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^5x^5 - 22Bbc^4x^5 - 4Abc^4x^4 + 11Bb^2c^3x^4 + 3Ab^2c^3x^3 + 165Bb^3c^2x^3 + 113Ab^3c^2x^2 + 209Bb^4cx^2 + 161Ab^4cx + 77Bb^4c^2)}{693x^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^3}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/11*(c*x+b)^3*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((11/9*B*x+A)*b^2-4/9*c*x*(11/14*B*x+A)*b+8/63*A*c^2*x^2)/x^6/b^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{2(63Ab^5 - 2(11Bbc^4 - 4Ac^5)x^5 + (11Bb^2c^3 - 4Abc^4)x^4 + 3(55Bb^3c^2 + Ab^2c^3)x^3 + (209Bb^4c + 113Ab^4c^2)x^2 + 7(11Bb^5 + 23A*b^4*c)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)}{693b^3x^6}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -2/693*(63*A*b^5 - 2*(11*B*b*c^4 - 4*A*c^5)*x^5 + (11*B*b^2*c^3 - 4*A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 3*(55*B*b^3*c^2 + A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 + (209*B*b^4*c + 113*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 7*(11*B*b^5 + 23*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^3*x^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**9,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**9, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = & \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^4}{63b^2x} - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^5}{693b^3x} \\ & - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{63bx^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{693b^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{42x^3} \\ & - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{231bx^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bbc}{252x^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{693x^4} \\ & - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2}{36x^5} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Abc}{792x^5} + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Bb}{12x^6} \\ & - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2}{88x^6} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}B}{2x^7} + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Ab}{24x^7} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}A}{3x^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/63*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^2*x) - 16/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^5/(b^3*x) - 2/63*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b*x^2) + 8/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^2*x^2) + 1/42*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/x^3 - 2/231*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b*x^3) - 5/252*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*c/x^4 + 5/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/x^4 - 5/36*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/x^5 - 5/792*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*c/x^5 + 5/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x^6 - 5/88*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/x^6 - 1/2*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x^7 + 5/24*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^7 - 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^8`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 491 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{2 \left(693 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^9 Bc^{7/2} + 3003 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^8 Bbc^3 + 924 \right)}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/693*(693*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^9*B*c^(7/2) + 3003*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*B*b*c^3 + 924*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*A*c^
4 + 6237*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*B*b^2*c^(5/2) + 4851*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*A*b*c^(7/2) + 7623*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))
^6*B*b^3*c^2 + 11781*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*A*b^2*c^3 + 5775*(s
qrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b^4*c^(3/2) + 16863*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x))^5*A*b^3*c^(5/2) + 2673*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^5
*c + 15345*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b^4*c^2 + 693*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^6*sqrt(c) + 9009*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^
3*A*b^5*c^(3/2) + 77*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^7 + 3311*(sqrt(
c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^6*c + 693*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*
A*b^7*sqrt(c) + 63*A*b^8)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^11
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{8Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{693b^2x^2} - \frac{226Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{693x^4} - \frac{2Bb^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9x^5} - \frac{10Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{21x^3} - \frac{2Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{231bx^3} - \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{11x^6} - \frac{16Ac^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{693b^3x} - \frac{2Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63bx^2} + \frac{4Bc^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63b^2x} - \frac{46Abc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{99x^5} - \frac{38Bbc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{63x^4}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^9,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (8A^4c^4(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(693b^2x^2) - (226A^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(693x^4) - (2Bb^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(9x^5) - (10B^2c^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(21x^3) - (2A^3c^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(231b^3x^3) - (2A^2b^2(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(11x^6) - (16A^5c^5(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(693b^3x) - (2B^3c^3(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(63b^2x^2) + (4B^4c^4(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(63b^2x) - (46Ab^2c(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(99x^5) - (38B^2b^2c(bx + cx^2)^{1/2})/(63x^4) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5}{11} - \frac{46\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4cx}{99} - \frac{226\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^2x^2}{693} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x^3}{231} +$$

input

`int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^9,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2(-63\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^5 - 161\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^4c^2x - 113\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^3c^3x^2 - 3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^2c^4x^3 + 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^2c^4x^4 - 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}ab^2c^5x^5 - 77\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^6x - 209\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^5c^2x^2 - 165\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^4c^3x^3 - 11\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^3c^3x^4 + 22\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}b^2c^4x^5 + 8\sqrt{c}ab^5x^6 - 22\sqrt{c}b^2c^4x^6))/(693b^3x^6) \end{aligned}$$

3.139 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1097
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1097
Rubi [A] (verified)	1098
Maple [A] (verified)	1100
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1100
Sympy [F]	1101
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1101
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1102
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1103
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1103

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} - \frac{2(13bB-6Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{143b^2x^9} + \frac{8c(13bB-6Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{1287b^3x^8} - \frac{16c^2(13bB-6Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9009b^4x^7}$$

output

```
-2/13*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b/x^10-2/143*(-6*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^2/x^9+8/1287*c*(-6*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^3/x^8-16/9009*c^2*(-6*A*c+13*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^4/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{2(b+cx)(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(693Ab^3+819b^3Bx-378Ab^2cx-364b^2Bcx^2+168Abc^2x^2+104bBc^2x^3-48A^2c^2x^4)}{9009b^4x^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^10,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(b + c*x)*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(693*A*b^3 + 819*b^3*B*x - 378*A*b^2*c*x - 364*b^2*B*c*x^2 + 168*A*b*c^2*x^2 + 104*b*B*c^2*x^3 - 48*A*c^3*x^3))/(9009*b^4*x^9)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$\frac{(13bB - 6Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx}{13b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}}$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{(13bB - 6Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx}{11b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}}$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{(13bB - 6Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx}{9b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}}$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{\left(\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{63b^2x^7} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right) (13bB - 6Ac)}{13b} - \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^10,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(13*b*x^10) + ((13*b*B - 6*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*b*x^9) - (4*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*b*x^8) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*b^2*x^7)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)^3 \left(\left(\frac{13Bx}{11} + A \right) b^3 - \frac{6cx \left(\frac{26Bx}{27} + A \right) b^2}{11} + \frac{8c^2 x^2 \left(\frac{13Bx}{21} + A \right) b}{33} - \frac{16A c^3 x^3}{231} \right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{13x^7 b^4}$
gosper	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-48A c^3 x^3 + 104x^3 B b c^2 + 168A b c^2 x^2 - 364x^2 B b^2 c - 378A b^2 c x + 819x B b^3 + 693A b^3)(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009x^9 b^4}$
oring	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-48A c^3 x^3 + 104x^3 B b c^2 + 168A b c^2 x^2 - 364x^2 B b^2 c - 378A b^2 c x + 819x B b^3 + 693A b^3)(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009x^9 b^4}$
trager	$\frac{2(-48A c^6 x^6 + 104B b c^5 x^6 + 24A b c^5 x^5 - 52B b^2 c^4 x^5 - 18A b^2 c^4 x^4 + 39B b^3 c^3 x^4 + 15A b^3 c^3 x^3 + 1469B b^4 c^2 x^3 + 1113A b^4 c^2 x^2 + 1113A b^4 c^2 x + 1113A b^4 c^2)}{9009b^4 x^7}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-48A c^6 x^6 + 104B b c^5 x^6 + 24A b c^5 x^5 - 52B b^2 c^4 x^5 - 18A b^2 c^4 x^4 + 39B b^3 c^3 x^4 + 15A b^3 c^3 x^3 + 1469B b^4 c^2 x^3 + 1113A b^4 c^2 x^2 + 1113A b^4 c^2 x + 1113A b^4 c^2)}{9009x^6 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^4}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{13b x^{10}} - \frac{6c \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{11b x^9} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9b x^8} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^2 x^7} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right) + B \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{11b x^9} - \frac{4c}{11b} \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/13*(c*x+b)^3*((13/11*B*x+A)*b^3-6/11*c*x*(26/27*B*x+A)*b^2+8/33*c^2*x^2*(13/21*B*x+A)*b-16/231*A*c^3*x^3)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x^7/b^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{2(693Ab^6 + 8(13Bbc^5 - 6Ac^6)x^6 - 4(13Bb^2c^4 - 6Abc^5)x^5 + 3(13Bb^3c^3 - 6Ab^2c^4)x^4 + (1469Bb^4c^2 - 1113Ab^4c^2)x^3 + 1113Ab^4c^2x^2 + 1113Ab^4c^2x + 1113Ab^4c^2)}{9009b^4x^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/9009*(693*A*b^6 + 8*(13*B*b*c^5 - 6*A*c^6)*x^6 - 4*(13*B*b^2*c^4 - 6*A*b*c^5)*x^5 + 3*(13*B*b^3*c^3 - 6*A*b^2*c^4)*x^4 + (1469*B*b^4*c^2 + 15*A*b^3*c^3)*x^3 + 7*(299*B*b^5*c + 159*A*b^4*c^2)*x^2 + 63*(13*B*b^6 + 27*A*b^5*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^4*x^7)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**10,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**10, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = & -\frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^5}{693b^3x} + \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^6}{3003b^4x} \\ & + \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^4}{693b^2x^2} - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^5}{3003b^3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{231bx^3} \\ & + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{1001b^2x^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{693x^4} - \frac{10\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{3003bx^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bbc}{792x^5} \\ & + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{1716x^5} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2}{88x^6} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Abc}{1144x^6} + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Bb}{24x^7} \\ & - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2}{104x^7} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}B}{3x^8} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Ab}{8x^8} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}A}{4x^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-16/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^5/(b^3*x) + 32/3003*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^6/
(b^4*x) + 8/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^2*x^2) - 16/3003*sqrt(c*x^2 + b
*x)*A*c^5/(b^3*x^2) - 2/231*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b*x^3) + 4/1001*sqrt(
c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^2*x^3) + 5/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/x^4 - 10/3003
*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b*x^4) - 5/792*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*c/x^5 + 5/1
716*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/x^5 - 5/88*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/x^6 - 3/114
4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*c/x^6 + 5/24*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x^7 - 3/104*s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/x^7 - 1/3*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x^8 + 1/8*(c*x^2 +
b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^8 - 1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^9
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 551 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{2 \left(12012 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^{10} Bc^4 + 63063 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^9 Bbc^{7/2} + \dots \right)}{x^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/9009*(12012*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^10*B*c^4 + 63063*(sqrt(c)*x
- sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^9*B*b*c^(7/2) + 18018*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))
^9*A*c^(9/2) + 153153*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*B*b^2*c^3 + 108108
*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*A*b*c^4 + 219219*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x))^7*B*b^3*c^(5/2) + 297297*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*A*b^2
*c^(7/2) + 199485*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*b^4*c^2 + 485199*(sq
rt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*A*b^3*c^3 + 117117*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x))^5*B*b^5*c^(3/2) + 513513*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*b^4*c
^(5/2) + 43043*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^6*c + 363363*(sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b^5*c^2 + 9009*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))
^3*B*b^7*sqrt(c) + 171171*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^6*c^(3/2)
+ 819*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^8 + 51597*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^7*c + 9009*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^8*sqrt(c)
+ 693*A*b^9)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^13
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{4Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{1001b^2x^3} - \frac{106Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{429x^5} - \frac{2Bb^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{11x^6} - \frac{226Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{693x^4} - \frac{10Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3003bx^4} - \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{13x^7} - \frac{16Ac^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3003b^3x^2} + \frac{32Ac^6\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3003b^4x} - \frac{2Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{231bx^3} + \frac{8Bc^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{693b^2x^2} - \frac{16Bc^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{693b^3x} - \frac{54Abc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{143x^6} - \frac{46Bbc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{99x^5}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^10,x)`output `(4*A*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(1001*b^2*x^3) - (106*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(429*x^5) - (2*B*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(11*x^6) - (226*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(693*x^4) - (10*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(3003*b*x^4) - (2*A*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(13*x^7) - (16*A*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(3003*b^3*x^2) + (32*A*c^6*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(3003*b^4*x) - (2*B*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(231*b*x^3) + (8*B*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(693*b^2*x^2) - (16*B*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(693*b^3*x) - (54*A*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(143*x^6) - (46*B*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(99*x^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^6}{13} - \frac{54\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5cx}{143} - \frac{106\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^2x^2}{429} - \frac{10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^3x^3}{3003} +$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^10,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 693*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**6 - 1701*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5*c*x - 1113*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**4*x**4 - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**5*x**5 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**6*x**6 - 819*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**7*x - 2093*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c*x**2 - 1469*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c**2*x**3 - 39*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**3*x**4 + 52*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**4*x**5 - 104*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**5*x**6 - 48*sqrt(c)*a*c**6*x**7 + 104*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**5*x**7))/(9009*b**4*x**7)
```

3.140 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} - \frac{2(15bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{195b^2x^{10}} + \frac{4c(15bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{715b^3x^9} - \frac{16c^2(15bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{6435b^4x^8} + \frac{32c^3(15bB-8Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{45045b^5x^7}$$

```
output -2/15*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b/x^11-2/195*(-8*A*c+15*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b
^2/x^10+4/715*c*(-8*A*c+15*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^3/x^9-16/6435*c^2*(-8*
A*c+15*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^4/x^8+32/45045*c^3*(-8*A*c+15*B*b)*(c*x^2+
b*x)^(7/2)/b^5/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{2(b + cx)^3 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}(15bBx(-231b^3 + 126b^2cx - 56bc^2x^2 + 16c^3x^3) + A(-3003b^4 + 1848b^3cx - 1008b^2c^2x^2 + 448bc^3x^3 - 128c^4x^4))}{45045b^5x^8}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^11,x]`output
$$\frac{(2*(b + c*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)]*(15*b*B*x*(-231*b^3 + 126*b^2*c*x - 56*b*c^2*x^2 + 16*c^3*x^3) + A*(-3003*b^4 + 1848*b^3*c*x - 1008*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 448*b*c^3*x^3 - 128*c^4*x^4)))/(45045*b^5*x^8)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(15bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx}{15b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \\ & \frac{(15bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{6c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx}{13b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} \right)}{15b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \end{aligned}$$

$$(15bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} \right)$$

$$\frac{15b}{15b} \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}}$$

1129

$$(15bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{9b} dx}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} \right)$$

$$\frac{15b}{15b} \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}}$$

1123

$$\left(\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{63b^2x^7} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} \right) (15bB - 8Ac)$$

$$\frac{15b}{15b} \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^11,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2Ax^2 + c)^{7/2}}{(15bx^{11})} + \frac{((15bB - 8Ac)((-2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})) / (13bx^{10}) - (6c(((-2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})) / (11bx^9) - (4c(((-2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})) / (9bx^8) + (4c((bx + cx^2)^{7/2}) / (63b^2x^7))) / (11b))) / (13b))) / (15b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1])) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{15Bx+A}{13} \right) b^4 - \frac{8cx \left(\frac{45Bx}{44} + A \right) b^3}{13} + \frac{48c^2 x^2 \left(\frac{5Bx}{6} + A \right) b^2}{143} - \frac{64c^3 x^3 \left(\frac{15Bx}{28} + A \right) b}{429} + \frac{128A c^4 x^4}{3003} \right)}{15x^8 b^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(128A c^4 x^4 - 240Bb c^3 x^4 - 448Ab c^3 x^3 + 840B b^2 c^2 x^3 + 1008A b^2 c^2 x^2 - 1890B b^3 c x^2 - 1848A b^3 c x + 3465B b^4 x + 45045x^{10} b^5)}{45045x^{10} b^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(128A c^4 x^4 - 240Bb c^3 x^4 - 448Ab c^3 x^3 + 840B b^2 c^2 x^3 + 1008A b^2 c^2 x^2 - 1890B b^3 c x^2 - 1848A b^3 c x + 3465B b^4 x + 45045x^{10} b^5)}{45045x^{10} b^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(128A c^7 x^7 - 240Bb c^6 x^7 - 64Ab c^6 x^6 + 120B b^2 c^5 x^6 + 48A b^2 c^5 x^5 - 90B b^3 c^4 x^5 - 40A b^3 c^4 x^4 + 75B b^4 c^3 x^4 + 35A b^4 c^3 x^3 + 45045b^5 x^8)}{45045b^5 x^8}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(128A c^7 x^7 - 240Bb c^6 x^7 - 64Ab c^6 x^6 + 120B b^2 c^5 x^6 + 48A b^2 c^5 x^5 - 90B b^3 c^4 x^5 - 40A b^3 c^4 x^4 + 75B b^4 c^3 x^4 + 35A b^4 c^3 x^3 + 45045x^7 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^5)}{45045x^7 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b^5}$
default	$A \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{15b x^{11}} - \frac{8c \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{13b x^{10}} - \frac{6c \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{11b x^9} - \frac{4c \left(\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9b x^8} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^2 x^7} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)}{15b} \right) + B \left(\dots \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*(c*x+b)^3*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((15/13*B*x+A)*b^4-8/13*c*x*(45/44*B*x+A)*b^3+48/143*c^2*x^2*(5/6*B*x+A)*b^2-64/429*c^3*x^3*(15/28*B*x+A)*b+128/3003*A*c^4*x^4)/x^8/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{2(3003Ab^7 - 16(15Bbc^6 - 8Ac^7)x^7 + 8(15Bb^2c^5 - 8Abc^6)x^6 - 6(15Bb^3c^4 - 8Ab^2c^5)x^5 + 5(15Bb^4c^3 - 8Ab^3c^4)x^4 + 35(159Bb^5c^2 + Ab^4c^3)x^3 + 63(135Bb^6c + 71Ab^5c^2)x^2 + 231(15Bb^7 + 31Ab^6c)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{4b^5x^8}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/45045*(3003*A*b^7 - 16*(15*B*b*c^6 - 8*A*c^7)*x^7 + 8*(15*B*b^2*c^5 - 8*A*b*c^6)*x^6 - 6*(15*B*b^3*c^4 - 8*A*b^2*c^5)*x^5 + 5*(15*B*b^4*c^3 - 8*A*b^3*c^4)*x^4 + 35*(159*B*b^5*c^2 + A*b^4*c^3)*x^3 + 63*(135*B*b^6*c + 71*A*b^5*c^2)*x^2 + 231*(15*B*b^7 + 31*A*b^6*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^5*x^8)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**11,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**11, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 396 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^6}{3003b^4x} - \frac{256\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^7}{45045b^5x} - \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^5}{3003b^3x^2} + \frac{128\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^6}{45045b^4x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^4}{1001b^2x^3} - \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^5}{15015b^3x^3} - \frac{10\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{3003bx^4} + \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{9009b^2x^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{1716x^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{1287bx^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bbc}{1144x^6} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{715x^6} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2}{104x^7} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Abc}{780x^7} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Bb}{8x^8} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2}{60x^8} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}B}{4x^9} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Ab}{12x^9} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}A}{5x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
32/3003*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^6/(b^4*x) - 256/45045*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^7/(b^5*x) - 16/3003*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^5/(b^3*x^2) + 128/45045*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^6/(b^4*x^2) + 4/1001*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^2*x^3) - 32/15015*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^5/(b^3*x^3) - 10/3003*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b*x^4) + 16/9009*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^2*x^4) + 5/1716*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/x^5 - 2/1287*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b*x^5) - 3/1144*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*c/x^6 + 1/715*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/x^6 - 3/104*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/x^7 - 1/780*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*c/x^7 + 1/8*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x^8 - 1/60*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/x^8 - 1/4*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x^9 + 1/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^9 - 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^10
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 611 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{2 \left(90090 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^{11} Bc^{\frac{9}{2}} + 540540 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^{10} Bbc^4 \right)}{x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/45045*(90090*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^{11}*B*c^{(9/2)} + 540540*(\sqrt{c} \\ & (c)*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^{10}*B*b*c^4 + 144144*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}) \\ & ^{10}*A*c^5 + 1486485*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^9*B*b^2*c^{(7/2)} + \\ & 960960*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^9*A*b*c^{(9/2)} + 2425995*(\sqrt{c}*x \\ & - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^8*B*b^3*c^3 + 2934360*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}) \\ & ^8*A*b^2*c^4 + 2567565*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^7*B*b^4*c^{(5/2)} + 5 \\ & 360355*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^7*A*b^3*c^{(7/2)} + 1816815*(\sqrt{c}* \\ & x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^6*B*b^5*c^2 + 6451445*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}) \\ &)^6*A*b^4*c^3 + 855855*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^5*B*b^6*c^{(3/2)} + \\ & 5324319*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^5*A*b^5*c^{(5/2)} + 257985*(\sqrt{c}* \\ & x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^4*B*b^7*c + 3042585*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}) \\ & ^4*A*b^6*c^2 + 45045*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^3*B*b^8*\sqrt{c} + 118 \\ & 6185*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^3*A*b^7*c^{(3/2)} + 3465*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c} \\ & *x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^2*B*b^9 + 301455*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^2*A*b^8 \\ & *c + 45045*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})*A*b^9*\sqrt{c} + 3003*A*b^{10})/(s \\ & \sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})^{15} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx &= \frac{16Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9009b^2x^4} \\ &- \frac{142Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{715x^6} - \frac{2Bb^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{13x^7} - \frac{106Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{429x^5} \\ &- \frac{2Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{1287bx^5} - \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15x^8} - \frac{32Ac^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15015b^3x^3} \\ &+ \frac{128Ac^6\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045b^4x^2} - \frac{256Ac^7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045b^5x} - \frac{10Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3003bx^4} \\ &+ \frac{4Bc^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{1001b^2x^3} - \frac{16Bc^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3003b^3x^2} + \frac{32Bc^6\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3003b^4x} \\ &- \frac{62Abc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{195x^7} - \frac{54Bbc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{143x^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^11,x)`

output

```
(16*A*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9009*b^2*x^4) - (142*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(715*x^6) - (2*B*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(13*x^7) - (106*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(429*x^5) - (2*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(1287*b*x^5) - (2*A*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15*x^8) - (32*A*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15015*b^3*x^3) + (128*A*c^6*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(45045*b^4*x^2) - (256*A*c^7*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(45045*b^5*x) - (10*B*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(3003*b*x^4) + (4*B*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(1001*b^2*x^3) - (16*B*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(3003*b^3*x^2) + (32*B*c^6*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(3003*b^4*x) - (62*A*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(195*x^7) - (54*B*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(143*x^6)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^7}{15} - \frac{62\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^6cx}{195} - \frac{142\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5c^2x^2}{715} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4c^3x^3}{1287} +$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^11,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 3003*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**7 - 7161*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**6*c*x - 4473*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5*c**2*x**2 - 35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c**3*x**3 + 40*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*x**4 - 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**5*x**5 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**6*x**6 - 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**7*x**7 - 3465*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**8*x - 8505*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**7*c*x**2 - 5565*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c**2*x**3 - 75*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c**3*x**4 + 90*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**4*x**5 - 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**5*x**6 + 240*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**6*x**7 + 128*sqrt(c)*a*c**7*x**8 - 240*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**6*x**8))/(45045*b**5*x**8)
```

3.141
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$$

Optimal result	1114
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1115
Rubi [A] (verified)	1115
Maple [A] (verified)	1119
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1121
Sympy [F]	1121
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1122
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1123
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1124
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1125

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{17bx^{12}} - \frac{2(17bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{255b^2x^{11}} + \frac{16c(17bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{3315b^3x^{10}} - \frac{32c^2(17bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{12155b^4x^9} + \frac{128c^3(17bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{109395b^5x^8} - \frac{256c^4(17bB-10Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{765765b^6x^7}$$

```
output -2/17*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b/x^12-2/255*(-10*A*c+17*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/
b^2/x^11+16/3315*c*(-10*A*c+17*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^3/x^10-32/12155*c^
2*(-10*A*c+17*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^4/x^9+128/109395*c^3*(-10*A*c+17*B*
b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/b^5/x^8-256/765765*c^4*(-10*A*c+17*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(
7/2)/b^6/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2(b + cx)^3 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}(17bBx(3003b^4 - 1848b^3cx + 1008b^2c^2x^2 - 448bc^3x^3 + 128c^4x^4) + 5A(9009b^5 - 6006b^4cx + 3696b^3c^2x^2 - 2016b^2c^3x^3 + 896bc^4x^4 - 256c^5x^5))}{765765b^6x^9}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^12,x]`

output `(-2*(b + c*x)^3*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(17*b*B*x*(3003*b^4 - 1848*b^3*c*x + 1008*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 448*b*c^3*x^3 + 128*c^4*x^4) + 5*A*(9009*b^5 - 6006*b^4*c*x + 3696*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 2016*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 896*b*c^4*x^4 - 256*c^5*x^5)))/(765765*b^6*x^9)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(17bB - 10Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx}{17b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{17bx^{12}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(17bB - 10Ac) \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx}{15b} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} \right)}{17b} - \frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{17bx^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1129 \\
 (17bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(-\frac{6c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} \right)}{15b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} \right) \\
 \hline
 17b \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{17bx^{12}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1129 \\
 (17bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(-\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} \right)}{15b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} \right) \\
 \hline
 17b \\
 \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{17bx^{12}}
 \end{array}$$

$\downarrow 1129$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{2c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx}{9b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\frac{4c}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\frac{6c}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\frac{8c}{15b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\frac{(17bB - 10Ac)}{15b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{17bx^{12}}$$

↓ 1123

$$\left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{6c \left(\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{63b^2x^7} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9bx^8} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11bx^9} \right)}{13b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13bx^{10}} \right)}{15b} - \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15bx^{11}} \right) (17bB - 10Ac) \right)$$

$$\frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{17bx^{12}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^12,x]`

output `(-2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(17*b*x^12) + ((17*b*B - 10*A*c)*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(15*b*x^11) - (8*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(13*b*x^10) - (6*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*b*x^9) - (4*c*((-2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*b*x^8) + (4*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*b^2*x^7)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)))/(15*b)))/(17*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx+b)^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{17Bx}{15} + A \right) b^5 - \frac{2cx \left(\frac{68Bx}{65} + A \right) b^4}{3} + \frac{16c^2 x^2 \left(\frac{51Bx}{55} + A \right) b^3}{39} - \frac{32c^3 x^3 \left(\frac{34Bx}{45} + A \right) b^2}{143} + \frac{128c^4 x^4 \left(\frac{17Bx}{35} + A \right) b}{1287} \right)}{17x^9 b^6}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-1280A c^5 x^5 + 2176Bb c^4 x^5 + 4480Ab c^4 x^4 - 7616B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 10080A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 17136B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 18480A b^3 c^2 x^2 - 10080A b^4 c x^2 + 17136B b^4 c x - 10080A b^4 x)}{765765x^{11} b^6}$
roeder	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-1280A c^5 x^5 + 2176Bb c^4 x^5 + 4480Ab c^4 x^4 - 7616B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 10080A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 17136B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 18480A b^3 c^2 x^2 - 10080A b^4 c x^2 + 17136B b^4 c x - 10080A b^4 x)}{765765x^{11} b^6}$
trager	$\frac{2(-1280A c^8 x^8 + 2176Bb c^7 x^8 + 640Ab c^7 x^7 - 1088B b^2 c^6 x^7 - 480A b^2 c^6 x^6 + 816B b^3 c^5 x^6 + 400A b^3 c^5 x^5 - 680B b^4 c^4 x^5 - 10080A b^4 c^4 x^4 + 17136B b^4 c^4 x^3 - 10080A b^4 c^4 x^2 + 17136B b^4 c^4 x - 10080A b^4 x)}{765765x^{11} b^6}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-1280A c^8 x^8 + 2176Bb c^7 x^8 + 640Ab c^7 x^7 - 1088B b^2 c^6 x^7 - 480A b^2 c^6 x^6 + 816B b^3 c^5 x^6 + 400A b^3 c^5 x^5 - 680B b^4 c^4 x^5 - 10080A b^4 c^4 x^4 + 17136B b^4 c^4 x^3 - 10080A b^4 c^4 x^2 + 17136B b^4 c^4 x - 10080A b^4 x)}{765765x^{11} b^6}$
default	$A \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{17b x^{12}} - \frac{10c}{15b x^{11}} \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{13b x^{10}} - \frac{8c}{13b x^{10}} \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{11b x^9} - \frac{6c}{11b x^9} \frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9b x^8} - \frac{4c}{11b} \left(-\frac{2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9b x^8} + \frac{4c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^2 x^7} \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/17*(c*x+b)^3*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((17/15*B*x+A)*b^5-2/3*c*x*(68/65*B*x+A)*b^4+16/39*c^2*x^2*(51/55*B*x+A)*b^3-32/143*c^3*x^3*(34/45*B*x+A)*b^2+128/1287*c^4*x^4*(17/35*B*x+A)*b-256/9009*A*c^5*x^5)/x^9/b^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2(45045 Ab^8 + 128(17 Bbc^7 - 10 Ac^8)x^8 - 64(17 Bb^2c^6 - 10 Abc^7)x^7 + 48(17 Bb^3c^5 - 10 Ab^2c^6)x^6 - 40(17 Bb^4c^4 - 10 Ab^3c^5)x^5 + 35(17 Bb^5c^3 - 10 Ab^4c^4)x^4 + 63(1207 Bb^6c^2 + 5Ab^5c^3)x^3 + 231(527 Bb^7c + 275Ab^6c^2)x^2 + 3003(17 Bb^8 + 35Ab^7c)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{b^6x^9}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/765765*(45045*A*b^8 + 128*(17*B*b*c^7 - 10*A*c^8)*x^8 - 64*(17*B*b^2*c^6 - 10*A*b*c^7)*x^7 + 48*(17*B*b^3*c^5 - 10*A*b^2*c^6)*x^6 - 40*(17*B*b^4*c^4 - 10*A*b^3*c^5)*x^5 + 35*(17*B*b^5*c^3 - 10*A*b^4*c^4)*x^4 + 63*(1207*B*b^6*c^2 + 5*A*b^5*c^3)*x^3 + 231*(527*B*b^7*c + 275*A*b^6*c^2)*x^2 + 3003*(17*B*b^8 + 35*A*b^7*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^6*x^9)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**12,x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**12, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 442 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{256\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^7}{45045b^5x} + \frac{512\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^8}{153153b^6x} + \frac{128\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^6}{45045b^4x^2} - \frac{256\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^7}{153153b^5x^2} - \frac{32\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^5}{15015b^3x^3} + \frac{64\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^6}{51051b^4x^3} + \frac{16\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^4}{9009b^2x^4} - \frac{160\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^5}{153153b^3x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^3}{1287bx^5} + \frac{20\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^4}{21879b^2x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc^2}{715x^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^3}{2431bx^6} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bbc}{780x^7} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac^2}{1326x^7} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2}{60x^8} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Abc}{1428x^8} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Bb}{12x^9} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab^2}{476x^9} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}B}{5x^{10}} + \frac{5(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}Ab}{84x^{10}} - \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}A}{6x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-256/45045*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^7/(b^5*x) + 512/153153*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^8/(b^6*x) + 128/45045*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^6/(b^4*x^2) - 256/153153*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^7/(b^5*x^2) - 32/15015*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^5/(b^3*x^3) + 64/51051*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^6/(b^4*x^3) + 16/9009*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^2*x^4) - 160/153153*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^5/(b^3*x^4) - 2/1287*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b*x^5) + 20/21879*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^2*x^5) + 1/715*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/x^6 - 2/2431*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b*x^6) - 1/780*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*c/x^7 + 1/1326*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/x^7 - 1/60*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/x^8 - 1/1428*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*c/x^8 + 1/12*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x^9 - 5/476*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/x^9 - 1/5*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*B/x^10 + 5/84*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^10 - 1/6*(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*A/x^11`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 671 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 671, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2 \left(2450448 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^{12} Bc^5 + 16336320 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^{11} B \right)}{x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/765765*(2450448*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^12*B*c^5 + 16336320*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^11*B*b*c^(9/2) + 4084080*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^11*A*c^(11/2) + 49884120*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^10*B*b^2*c^4 + 29755440*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^10*A*b*c^5 + 91126035*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^9*B*b^3*c^(7/2) + 99549450*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^9*A*b^2*c^(9/2) + 109674565*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*B*b^4*c^3 + 200800600*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^8*A*b^3*c^4 + 90513423*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*B*b^5*c^(5/2) + 270315045*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7*A*b^4*c^(7/2) + 51723945*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*b^6*c^2 + 254303595*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*A*b^5*c^3 + 20165145*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b^7*c^(3/2) + 170255085*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*A*b^6*c^(5/2) + 5124735*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^8*c + 80994375*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b^7*c^2 + 765765*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^9*sqrt(c) + 26801775*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^8*c^(3/2) + 51051*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^10 + 5870865*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^9*c + 765765*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^10*sqrt(c) + 45045*A*b^11/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^17
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{20Ac^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{21879b^2x^5} - \frac{110Ac^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{663x^7} - \frac{2Bb^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15x^8} - \frac{142Bc^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{715x^6} - \frac{2Ac^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{2431bx^6} - \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{17x^9} - \frac{160Ac^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{153153b^3x^4} + \frac{64Ac^6\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{51051b^4x^3} - \frac{256Ac^7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{153153b^5x^2} + \frac{512Ac^8\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{153153b^6x} - \frac{2Bc^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{1287bx^5} + \frac{16Bc^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9009b^2x^4} - \frac{32Bc^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15015b^3x^3} + \frac{128Bc^6\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045b^4x^2} - \frac{256Bc^7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045b^5x} - \frac{14Abc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{51x^8} - \frac{62Bbc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{195x^7}$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^12,x)`output `(20*A*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(21879*b^2*x^5) - (110*A*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(663*x^7) - (2*B*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15*x^8) - (142*B*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(715*x^6) - (2*A*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(2431*b*x^6) - (2*A*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(17*x^9) - (160*A*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(153153*b^3*x^4) + (64*A*c^6*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(51051*b^4*x^3) - (256*A*c^7*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(153153*b^5*x^2) + (512*A*c^8*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(153153*b^6*x) - (2*B*c^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(1287*b*x^5) + (16*B*c^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9009*b^2*x^4) - (32*B*c^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(15015*b^3*x^3) + (128*B*c^6*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(45045*b^4*x^2) - (256*B*c^7*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(45045*b^5*x) - (14*A*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(51*x^8) - (62*B*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(195*x^7)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^8}{17} - \frac{14\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^7cx}{51} - \frac{110\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^6c^2x^2}{663} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5c^3x^3}{2431} + \dots}{x^{12}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^12,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 45045*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**8 - 105105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a
*b**7*c*x - 63525*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**6*c**2*x**2 - 315*sqrt(x)*sq
r
t(b + c*x)*a*b**5*c**3*x**3 + 350*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c**4*x**4 -
400*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**5*x**5 + 480*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*
b**2*c**6*x**6 - 640*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**7*x**7 + 1280*sqrt(x)*sq
r
t(b + c*x)*a*c**8*x**8 - 51051*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**9*x - 121737*sqrt
(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**8*c*x**2 - 76041*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**7*c**2*x**3
- 595*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*c**3*x**4 + 680*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*
*5*c**4*x**5 - 816*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**5*x**6 + 1088*sqrt(x)*sq
r
t(b + c*x)*b**3*c**6*x**7 - 2176*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**7*x**8 - 12
80*sqrt(c)*a*c**8*x**9 + 2176*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**7*x**9))/(765765*b**6*x**9)
```

3.142 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1126
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1127
Rubi [A] (verified)	1127
Maple [A] (verified)	1131
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1133
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1134
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1135
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1135
Mupad [F(-1)]	1136
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1136

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{7b^3(9bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{128c^5} - \frac{7b^2(9bB-10Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{192c^4} + \frac{7b(9bB-10Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{240c^3} - \frac{(9bB-10Ac)x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{40c^2} + \frac{Bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{7b^4(9bB-10Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{128c^{11/2}}$$

output

```
7/128*b^3*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^5-7/192*b^2*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*
x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+7/240*b*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-
1/40*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2+1/5*B*x^4*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)
/c-7/128*b^4*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cx}(b + cx)(945b^4B - 210b^3c(5A + 3Bx) + 96c^4x^3(5A + 4Bx) + 28b^2c^2x(25A + 18Bx) - 16bc^3x^2(35A + 27Bx))}{1920c^{11/2}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x*(b + c*x)*(945*b^4*B - 210*b^3*c*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 96*c^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 28*b^2*c^2*x*(25*A + 18*B*x) - 16*b*c^3*x^2*(35*A + 27*B*x)) + 210*b^4*(9*b*B - 10*A*c)*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[x]) / (\text{Sqrt}[b] - \text{Sqrt}[b + c*x])]) / (1920*c^{(11/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1221, 1134, 1134, 1134, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{Bx^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{(9bB - 10Ac) \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{10c}$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\frac{Bx^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{(9bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{7b \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{8c} \right)}{10c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1134 \\
 & \frac{Bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{(9bB-10Ac) \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{5b \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{6c} \right)}{8c} \right)}{10c} \\
 & \downarrow 1134 \\
 & \frac{Bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{(9bB-10Ac) \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{4c} \right)}{6c} \right)}{8c} \right)}{10c} \\
 & \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{Bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{(9bB-10Ac) \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2c} \right)}{4c} \right)}{6c} \right)}{8c} \right)}{10c} \\
 & \downarrow 1091
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{Bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \\
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & 5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} dx \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{c} \right)}{4c} \right) \\
 & 7b \frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{\quad}{6c} \\
 & (9bB - 10Ac) \frac{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{\quad}{8c}
 \end{aligned} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

10c
 ↓ 219

$$\frac{Bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{\left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{\left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}\right)}{4c}\right)}{6c} \right)}{8c} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(9bB - 10Ac)}{10c}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(B*x^4*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) - ((9*b*B - 10*A*c)*((x^3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/ (4*c) - (7*b*((x^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) - (5*b*((x*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/ (2*c) - (3*b*(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/c - (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/c^(3/2)))/(4*c)))/(6*c)))/(8*c)))/(10*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))* ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1134

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] +
Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[
c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c)
Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] +
Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2))
Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[
c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$7 \left(\left(-\frac{15}{8} A b^4 c + \frac{27}{16} b^5 B \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right) + \left(\frac{15 \left(\frac{3Bx}{5} + A \right) b^3 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} - \frac{5 \left(\frac{18Bx}{25} + A \right) x b^2 c^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4} + b x^2 \left(\frac{27Bx}{35} + A \right) c^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{6x^3 \left(\frac{4Bx}{5} + A \right) c^{\frac{9}{2}}}{7} \right) \right) \frac{1}{24c^{\frac{11}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(-384B c^4 x^4 - 480A c^4 x^3 + 432B c^3 x^3 b + 560Ab c^3 x^2 - 504c^2 x^2 B b^2 - 700A b^2 c^2 x + 630B b^3 cx + 1050A b^3 c - 945B b^4) x (cx+b)}{1920c^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{7b \left(\frac{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{c} - \frac{b \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4c} \right)}{6c} \right)}{8c} \right) + B \frac{x^4 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5}$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-7/24/c^(11/2)*((-15/8*A*b^4*c+27/16*b^5*B)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+15/8*(3/5*B*x+A)*b^3*c^(3/2)-5/4*(18/25*B*x+A)*x*b^2*c^(5/2)+b*x^2*(27/35*B*x+A)*c^(7/2)-6/7*x^3*(4/5*B*x+A)*c^(9/2)-27/16*B*c^(1/2)*b^4*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{105(9Bb^5 - 10Ab^4c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(384Bc^5x^4 + 945Bb^4c - 1050Ab^3c^2 - 48(9Bb^3c^4 - 10Ac^5)x^3 + 56(9Bb^2c^3 - 10Abc^4)x^2 - 70(9Bb^3c^2 - 10Ab^2c^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3840c^6}, \frac{1}{1920}(105(9Bb^5 - 10Ab^4c)\sqrt{-c})\arctan(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}/(cx + b)) + (384Bc^5x^4 + 945Bb^4c - 1050Ab^3c^2 - 48(9Bb^3c^4 - 10Ac^5)x^3 + 56(9Bb^2c^3 - 10Abc^4)x^2 - 70(9Bb^3c^2 - 10Ab^2c^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c^6} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3840*(105*(9*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(384*B*c^5*x^4 + 945*B*b^4*c - 1050*A*b^3*c^2 - 48*(9*B*b^3*c^4 - 10*A*c^5)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*b^2*c^3 - 10*A*b*c^4)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*b^3*c^2 - 10*A*b^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^6, 1/1920*(105*(9*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (384*B*c^5*x^4 + 945*B*b^4*c - 1050*A*b^3*c^2 - 48*(9*B*b^3*c^4 - 10*A*c^5)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*b^2*c^3 - 10*A*b*c^4)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*b^3*c^2 - 10*A*b^2*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^6]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{35b^4 \left(A - \frac{9Bb}{10c} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(b+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}+2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} \quad \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{(\frac{b}{2c}+x) \log(\frac{b}{2c}+x)}{\sqrt{c}(\frac{b}{2c}+x)^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{128c^4} + \sqrt{bx+cx^2} \left(\frac{Bx^4}{5c} - \frac{35b^3 \left(A - \frac{9Bb}{10c} \right)}{64c^4} + \frac{35b^2x \left(A - \frac{9Bb}{10c} \right)}{96c^3} - \frac{7bx^2 \left(A - \frac{9Bb}{10c} \right)}{24c^2} + \frac{x^3 \left(A - \frac{9Bb}{10c} \right)}{4c} \right), \text{Ne}(c, 0), \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11b} \right)}{b^5}, \text{Ne}(b, 0) \right), \tilde{\infty} \left(\frac{Ax^5}{5} + \frac{Bx^6}{6} \right), \text{True} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((35*b**4*(A - 9*B*b/(10*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(128*c**4) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*x**4/(5*c) - 35*b**3*(A - 9*B*b/(10*c))/(64*c**4) + 35*b**2*x*(A - 9*B*b/(10*c))/(96*c**3) - 7*b*x**2*(A - 9*B*b/(10*c))/(24*c**2) + x**3*(A - 9*B*b/(10*c))/(4*c)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(9/2)/9 + B*(b*x)**(11/2)/(11*b))/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), (zoo*(A*x**5/5 + B*x**6/6), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bx^4}{5c} - \frac{9\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bbx^3}{40c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ax^3}{4c} + \frac{21\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^2x^2}{80c^3} - \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Abx^2}{24c^2} - \frac{21\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^3x}{64c^4} + \frac{35\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^2x}{96c^3} - \frac{63Bb^5 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{256c^{\frac{11}{2}}} + \frac{35Ab^4 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{128c^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{63\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^4}{128c^5} - \frac{35\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^3}{64c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*x^4/c - 9/40*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*x^3/c^2 + 1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*x^3/c + 21/80*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2*x^2/c^3 - 7/24*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*x^2/c^2 - 21/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^3*x/c^4 + 35/96*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2*x/c^3 - 63/256*B*b^5*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(11/2) + 35/128*A*b^4*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(9/2) + 63/128*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^4/c^5 - 35/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^3/c^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{1920} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6 \left(\frac{8Bx}{c} - \frac{9Bbc^3-10Ac^4}{c^5} \right) x + \frac{7(9Bb^2c^2-10Abc^3)}{c^5} \right) x - \frac{35(9Bb^3c-10Ab^2c)}{c^5} \right) + \frac{7(9Bb^5-10Ab^4c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c}+b|)}{256c^{\frac{11}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/1920*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(6*(8*B*x/c - (9*B*b*c^3 - 10*A*c^4)/c^5)*x
+ 7*(9*B*b^2*c^2 - 10*A*b*c^3)/c^5)*x - 35*(9*B*b^3*c - 10*A*b^2*c^2)/c^5
)*x + 105*(9*B*b^4 - 10*A*b^3*c)/c^5) + 7/256*(9*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*log(a
bs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(11/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1050\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^2 + 700\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x - 560\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^4x^2 + 480\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^5x^3 + \dots}{1920c^6}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 1050*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**2 + 700*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b
**2*c**3*x - 560*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**2 + 480*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b
+ c*x)*a*c**5*x**3 + 945*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c - 630*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b
+ c*x)*b**4*c**2*x + 504*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**2 - 432*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**4*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**5*x**4 +
1050*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**4*c - 945
*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**6)/(1920*c**6)
```

3.143 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1137
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1138
Rubi [A] (verified)	1138
Maple [A] (verified)	1141
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1143
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1143
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1144
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1145
Mupad [F(-1)]	1145
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{5b^2(7bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{64c^4} + \frac{5b(7bB-8Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{96c^3} - \frac{(7bB-8Ac)x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{24c^2} + \frac{Bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} + \frac{5b^3(7bB-8Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{64c^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-5/64*b^2*(-8*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+5/96*b*(-8*A*c+7*B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/24*(-8*A*c+7*B*b)*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2+1/4*B*x^3*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c+5/64*b^3*(-8*A*c+7*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x}(b + cx) (-105b^3B\sqrt{x} + 120Ab^2c\sqrt{x} + 70b^2Bcx^{3/2} - 80Abc^2x^{3/2} - 56bBc^2x^{5/2} + 64Ac^3x^{5/2} + 48Bc^3x^{7/2})}{192c^4\sqrt{x}(b + cx)}$$

$$+ \frac{5b^3(7bB - 8Ac)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b + cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{b + cx}}\right)}{32c^{9/2}\sqrt{x}(b + cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(b + c*x)*(-105*b^3*B*Sqrt[x] + 120*A*b^2*c*Sqrt[x] + 70*b^2*B*c*x^(3/2) - 80*A*b*c^2*x^(3/2) - 56*b*B*c^2*x^(5/2) + 64*A*c^3*x^(5/2) + 48*B*c^3*x^(7/2)))/(192*c^4*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]) + (5*b^3*(7*b*B - 8*A*c)*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(32*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1221, 1134, 1134, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{Bx^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(7bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{8c}$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{Bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(7bB-8Ac) \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{5b \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{6c} \right)}{8c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1134 \\
 & \frac{Bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(7bB-8Ac) \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{4c} \right)}{6c} \right)}{8c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{Bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(7bB-8Ac) \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2c} \right)}{4c} \right)}{6c} \right)}{8c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1091 \\
 & \frac{Bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(7bB-8Ac) \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}} \right)}{4c} \right)}{6c} \right)}{8c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{Bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c} - \frac{(7bB - 8Ac) \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}\right)}{4c} \right)}{6c} \right)}{8c}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(B*x^3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c) - ((7*b*B - 8*A*c)*((x^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) - (5*b*((x*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(2*c) - (3*b*(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/c - (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/c^(3/2)))/(4*c)))/(6*c)))/(8*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1134 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1
)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$5 \left(\frac{3(A b^3 c - \frac{7}{8} B b^4)}{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right) + \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(-\frac{3(\frac{7Bx}{12} + A)}{2} b^2 c^{\frac{3}{2}} + bx \left(\frac{7Bx}{10} + A \right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4x^2 \left(\frac{3Bx}{4} + A \right) c^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5} + \frac{21B\sqrt{c} b^3}{16} \right) \right) - \frac{\quad}{12c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(48B c^3 x^3 + 64A c^3 x^2 - 56B b c^2 x^2 - 80A b c^2 x + 70B b^2 c x + 120A b^2 c - 105B b^3) x(cx+b)}{192c^4 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{5b^3(8Ac - 7Bb) \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx+b} \right)}{128c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{c} - \frac{b \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4c} \right)}{6c} \right) + B \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{4c} - \frac{7b \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\quad} \right)$

```
input int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -5/12/c^(9/2)*(3/2*(A*b^3*c-7/8*B*b^4)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2)
)+(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(-3/2*(7/12*B*x+A)*b^2*c^(3/2)+b*x*(7/10*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)
)-4/5*x^2*(3/4*B*x+A)*c^(7/2)+21/16*B*c^(1/2)*b^3))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(7Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(48Bc^4x^3 - 105Bb^3c + 120Ab^2c^2 - 8(7Bbc^3 - 8A^2c^4))\sqrt{c}}{384c^5} - \frac{15(7Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) - (48Bc^4x^3 - 105Bb^3c + 120Ab^2c^2 - 8(7Bbc^3 - 8A^2c^4))\sqrt{-c}}{192c^5} \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/384*(15*(7*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(48*B*c^4*x^3 - 105*B*b^3*c + 120*A*b^2*c^2 - 8*(7*B*b*c^3 - 8*A*c^4))*x^2 + 10*(7*B*b^2*c^2 - 8*A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^5, -1/192*(15*(7*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (48*B*c^4*x^3 - 105*B*b^3*c + 120*A*b^2*c^2 - 8*(7*B*b*c^3 - 8*A*c^4))*x^2 + 10*(7*B*b^2*c^2 - 8*A*b*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^5]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{5b^3 \left(A - \frac{7Bb}{8c} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + 2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \text{ for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2c} + x}{\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)^2}} \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right) \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{16c^3} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \left(\frac{Bx^3}{4c} + \frac{5b^2 \left(A - \frac{7Bb}{8c} \right)}{8c^3} - \frac{5bx \left(A - \frac{7Bb}{8c} \right)}{12c^2} + \frac{x^2}{12c} \right) \\ \frac{2 \left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9b} \right)}{b^4} \\ \tilde{\infty} \left(\frac{Ax^4}{4} + \frac{Bx^5}{5} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-5*b**3*(A - 7*B*b/(8*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c))*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(16*c**3) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*x**3/(4*c) + 5*b**2*(A - 7*B*b/(8*c))/(8*c**3) - 5*b*x*(A - 7*B*b/(8*c))/(12*c**2) + x**2*(A - 7*B*b/(8*c))/(3*c)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(7/2)/7 + B*(b*x)**(9/2)/(9*b))/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), (zoo*(A*x**4/4 + B*x**5/5), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bx^3}{4c} - \frac{7\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bbx^2}{24c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ax^2}{3c} + \frac{35\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^2x}{96c^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Abx}{12c^2} + \frac{35Bb^4 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{128c^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5Ab^3 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{16c^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{35\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb^3}{64c^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Ab^2}{8c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*x^3/c - 7/24*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*x^2/c^2 + 1/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*x^2/c + 35/96*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2*x/c^3 - 5/12*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*x/c^2 + 35/128*B*b^4*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(9/2) - 5/16*A*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) - 35/64*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^3/c^4 + 5/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b^2/c^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \left(2 \left(4 \left(\frac{6Bx}{c} - \frac{7Bbc^2-8Ac^3}{c^4} \right) x + \frac{5(7Bb^2c-8Abc^2)}{c^4} \right) x - \frac{15(7Bb^3-8Ab^2c)}{c^4} \right) - \frac{5(7Bb^4-8Ab^3c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c+b}|)}{128c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*(6*B*x/c - (7*B*b*c^2 - 8*A*c^3)/c^4)*x + 5*(7*B*b^2*c - 8*A*b*c^2)/c^4)*x - 15*(7*B*b^3 - 8*A*b^2*c)/c^4) - 5/128*(7*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(9/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{120\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^2 - 80\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^3x + 64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^4x^2 - 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4c + 70\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^2x - 56\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^3x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bc^4x^3 - 120\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})ab^3c + 105\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{b})b^5}{192c^5}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2 - 80*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3
*x + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**2 - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4
*c + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*
c**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**4*x**3 - 120*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b
+ c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c + 105*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c
*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**5)/(192*c**5)
```

3.144 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1147
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1147
Rubi [A] (verified)	1148
Maple [A] (verified)	1150
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1151
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1152
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1152
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1153
Mupad [F(-1)]	1153
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1154

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{b(5bB-6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{8c^3} - \frac{(5bB-6Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{12c^2} + \frac{Bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{b^2(5bB-6Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*b*(-6*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-1/12*(-6*A*c+5*B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2+1/3*B*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-1/8*b^2*(-6*A*c+5*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx}(b+cx)(15b^2B+4c^2x(3A+2Bx)-2bc(9A+5Bx))+6b^2(5bB-6Ac)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{b+cx}}\right)}{24c^{7/2}\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*x*(b + c*x)*(15*b^2*B + 4*c^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) - 2*b*c*(9*A + 5*B*x)) + 6*b^2*(5*b*B - 6*A*c)*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(24*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1221, 1134, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\
 & \frac{Bx^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{(5bB - 6Ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{6c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1134} \\
 & \frac{Bx^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{(5bB - 6Ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{4c} \right)}{6c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{Bx^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{(5bB - 6Ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{2c} \right)}{4c} \right)}{6c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1091}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{Bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{(5bB-6Ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{c} \right)}{4c} \right)}{6c}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{Bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{(5bB-6Ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{4c} \right)}{6c}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(B*x^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) - ((5*b*B - 6*A*c)*((x*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(2*c) - (3*b*(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/c - (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/c^(3/2)))/(4*c)))/(6*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1134 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p +
1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}A b^2 c - \frac{5}{4}B b^3\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \left(-\frac{3\left(\frac{5Bx+A}{9}\right) b c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + x\left(\frac{2Bx+A}{3} + A\right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{5B\sqrt{c} b^2}{4}\right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{2c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(-8B c^2 x^2 - 12A c^2 x + 10Bbcx + 18Abc - 15B b^2) x(cx+b)}{24c^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{b^2(6Ac - 5Bb) \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{16c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$A \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4c} \right) + B \left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3c} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{2c} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4c} \right)}{16c^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3}{2} A b^2 c - 5/4 B b^3 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x \sqrt{c x + b}}{x/c^{1/2}} \right) + \frac{-3/2 (5/9 B x + A) b c^{3/2} + x (2/3 B x + A) c^{5/2} + 5/4 B c^{1/2} b^2 (x \sqrt{c x + b})^{1/2}}{c^{7/2}}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(5Bb^3 - 6Ab^2c)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(8Bc^3x^2 + 15Bb^2c - 18Abc^2 - 2(5Bbc^2 - 8Ab^2c - 2(5Bb^2c - 6A^2c^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}))/c^4}{48c^4} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(5*B*b^3 - 6*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)
)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(8*B*c^3*x^2 + 15*B*b^2*c - 18*A*b*c^2 - 2*(5*B*b*c^2 - 6*A
*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^4, 1/24*(3*(5*B*b^3 - 6*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(-c)*ar
ctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (8*B*c^3*x^2 + 15*B*b^2*c - 1
8*A*b*c^2 - 2*(5*B*b*c^2 - 6*A*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^4]
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3b^2 \left(A - \frac{5Bb}{6c} \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + 2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right) \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)}{\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{8c^2} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \left(\frac{Bx^2}{3c} - \frac{3b\left(A - \frac{5Bb}{6c}\right)}{4c^2} + \frac{x\left(A - \frac{5Bb}{6c}\right)}{2c} \right) & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{2\left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b}\right)}{b^3} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \tilde{\infty} \left(\frac{Ax^3}{3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((3*b**2*(A - 5*B*b/(6*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(8*c**2) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*x**2/(3*c) - 3*b*(A - 5*B*b/(6*c))/(4*c**2) + x*(A - 5*B*b/(6*c))/(2*c)), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(5/2)/5 + B*(b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b))/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (zoo*(A*x**3/3 + B*x**4/4), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bx^2}{3c} - \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bbx}{12c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ax}{2c} - \frac{5Bb^3 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{16c^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{3Ab^2 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{8c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb^2}{8c^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab}{4c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*x^2/c - 5/12*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*x/c^2 + 1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*x/c - 5/16*B*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) + 3/8*A*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) + 5/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b^2/c^3 - 3/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b/c^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \left(2 \left(\frac{4Bx}{c} - \frac{5Bbc-6Ac^2}{c^3} \right) x + \frac{3(5Bb^2-6Abc)}{c^3} \right) + \frac{(5Bb^3-6Ab^2c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c+b}|)}{16c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*(4*B*x/c - (5*B*b*c - 6*A*c^2)/c^3)*x + 3*(5*B*b^2 - 6*A*b*c)/c^3) + 1/16*(5*B*b^3 - 6*A*b^2*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(7/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-18\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2 + 12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x + 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c - 10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^2x}{24c^4}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**3*x
+ 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x +
 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**3*x**2 + 18*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt
t(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c - 15*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*
sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**4)/(24*c**4)
```

3.145 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1155
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1155
Rubi [A] (verified)	1156
Maple [A] (verified)	1157
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1158
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1159
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1159
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1160
Mupad [F(-1)]	1160
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1161

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{(3bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c^2} + \frac{Bx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c} + \frac{b(3bB-4Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2+1/2*B*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c+1/4*b*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(-3bB+4Ac+2Bcx)+2b(3bB-4Ac)\sqrt{b+cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b+\sqrt{b+cx}}}\right)\right)}{4c^{5/2}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[b*x+c*x^2],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(-3bB+4Ac+2Bcx)+2b(3bB-4Ac))\sqrt{b+cx}\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{b+cx}}])}{(4c^{5/2}\sqrt{x(b+cx)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1225, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1225} \\ & \frac{b(3bB-4Ac)}{8c^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}(-4Ac+3bB-2Bcx)}{4c^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1091} \\ & \frac{b(3bB-4Ac)}{4c^2} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}(-4Ac+3bB-2Bcx)}{4c^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\ & \frac{b(3bB-4Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{5/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}(-4Ac+3bB-2Bcx)}{4c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(x(A+Bx))/\sqrt{bx+cx^2},x]$$

output

$$-1/4*((3bB-4Ac-2Bcx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2})/c^2 + (b(3bB-4Ac))\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{bx+cx^2}]/(4c^{5/2})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1091 Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1
- c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1225 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(
x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) -
2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))),
x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p
+ 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-Abc + \frac{3}{4}Bb^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + \left(\left(\frac{Bx}{2} + A\right)c^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3B\sqrt{c}b}{4}\right)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(2Bcx + 4Ac - 3Bb)x(cx+b)}{4c^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{b(4Ac - 3Bb)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{8c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$A\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{c} - \frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right) + B\left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{2c} - \frac{3b\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{c} - \frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4c}\right)$

```
input int(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c^(5/2)*((-A*b*c+3/4*B*b^2)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+((1/2*B*x+A)*c^(3/2)-3/4*B*c^(1/2)*b)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3Bb^2 - 4Abc)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(2Bc^2x - 3Bbc + 4Ac^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{8c^3}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(3Bb^2 - 4Abc)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) - (2Bc^2x - 3Bbc + 4Ac^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{4c^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*((3*B*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(2*B*c^2*x - 3*B*b*c + 4*A*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^3, -1/4*((3*B*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (2*B*c^2*x - 3*B*b*c + 4*A*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/c^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{b \left(A - \frac{3Bb}{4c} \right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(b + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx + cx^2} + 2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right) \log\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)}{\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{2c} + x\right)^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2c} + \sqrt{bx + cx^2} \left(\frac{Bx}{2c} + \frac{A - \frac{3Bb}{4c}}{c} \right) & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ 2 \frac{\left(\frac{A(bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{B(bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} \right)}{b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \tilde{\infty} \left(\frac{Ax^2}{2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((-b*(A - 3*B*b/(4*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True))/(2*c) + sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)*(B*x/(2*c) + (A - 3*B*b/(4*c))/c), Ne(c, 0)), (2*(A*(b*x)**(3/2)/3 + B*(b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (zoo*(A*x**2/2 + B*x**3/3), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bx}{2c} + \frac{3Bb^2 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{8c^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{Ab \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb}{4c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}A}{c}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*x/c + 3/8*B*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)
)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) - 1/2*A*b*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/
c^(3/2) - 3/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/c^2 + sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/c
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(\frac{2Bx}{c} - \frac{3Bb - 4Ac}{c^2} \right) - \frac{(3Bb^2 - 4Abc) \log \left(\left| 2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b \right| \right)}{8c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*B*x/c - (3*B*b - 4*A*c)/c^2) - 1/8*(3*B*b^2 - 4*A
*b*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(5/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2 - 3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}bc^2x - 4\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abc + 3\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2c}{4c^3}$$

input

```
int(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2 - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2*x - 4*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**3)/(4*c**3)
```

3.146 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1162
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1162
Rubi [A] (verified)	1163
Maple [A] (verified)	1164
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1164
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1165
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1166
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1167

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

output `B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c-(-2*A*c+B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{B\sqrt{cx}(b + cx) + 2(bB - 2Ac)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b + cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b-\sqrt{b+cx}}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{x}(b + cx)}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(B*Sqrt[c]*x*(b + c*x) + 2*(b*B - 2*A*c)*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(c^(3/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1091} \\
 & \frac{B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c} - \frac{(bB - 2Ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(B*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/c - ((b*B - 2*A*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/c^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{B\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{c} + \frac{(2Ac-Bb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	46
risch	$\frac{Bx(cx+b)}{c\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{(2Ac-Bb) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	60
default	$\frac{A \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + B \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{c} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	79

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `B*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/c+(2*A*c-B*b)/c^(3/2)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \left[\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc - (Bb - 2Ac)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{2c^2}, \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bc + (Bb - 2Ac)\sqrt{-c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c - (B*b - 2*A*c)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)))/c^2, (sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c + (B*b - 2*A*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)))/c^2]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c} + \left(A - \frac{Bb}{2c}\right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log(b+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}+2cx)}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } \frac{b^2}{c} \neq 0 \\ \frac{(\frac{b}{2c}+x)\log(\frac{b}{2c}+x)}{\sqrt{c(\frac{b}{2c}+x)^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{bx} + \frac{2B(bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \tilde{\infty}\left(Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((B*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2)/c + (A - B*b/(2*c))*Piecewise((log(b + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b*x + c*x**2) + 2*c*x)/sqrt(c), Ne(b**2/c, 0)), ((b/(2*c) + x)*log(b/(2*c) + x)/sqrt(c*(b/(2*c) + x)**2), True)), Ne(c, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(b*x) + 2*B*(b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b))/b, Ne(b, 0)), (zoo*(A*x + B*x**2/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{Bb \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{2c^{3/2}} + \frac{A \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B}{c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*B*b*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(3/2) + A*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(c) + sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/c`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B}{c} + \frac{(Bb - 2Ac) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{2c^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/c + 1/2*(B*b - 2*A*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{A \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{B\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c} - \frac{Bb \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{2c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(A*log((b/2 + c*x)/c^(1/2) + (b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/c^(1/2) + (B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/c - (B*b*log((b/2 + c*x)/c^(1/2) + (b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/(2*c^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{cx + b} bc + 2\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) ac - \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2}{c^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c + 2*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*c - sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2)/c**2`

$$3.147 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1168
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1168
Rubi [A] (verified)	1169
Maple [A] (verified)	1170
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1171
Sympy [F]	1171
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1171
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1172
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1172
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1173

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx} + \frac{2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
-2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x+2*B*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2(A\sqrt{c}(b+cx) + bB\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx} \log(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{b+cx}))}{b\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(A*Sqrt[c]*(b + c*x) + b*B*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[b + c*x])])/(b*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1220, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx}$$

$$\downarrow 1091$$

$$2B \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{2B \operatorname{Arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*A*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(b*x) + (2*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/Sqrt[c]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(-B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)bx + A\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\sqrt{c}\right)}{x\sqrt{cb}}$	49
default	$\frac{B \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{bx}$	51
risch	$-\frac{2A(cx+b)}{b\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{B \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$	51

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*(-B*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))*b*x+A*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/x/c^(1/2)/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \left[\frac{Bb\sqrt{cx} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{bcx}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(Bb\sqrt{-cx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac\right)}{bcx} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[(B*b*sqrt(c)*x*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c)/(b*c*x), -2*(B*b*sqrt(-c)*x*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c)/(b*c*x)]`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{B \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c})}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}A}{bx}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $B \cdot \log(2 \cdot c \cdot x + b + 2 \cdot \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x}) \cdot \sqrt{c} / \sqrt{c} - 2 \cdot \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x} \cdot A / (b \cdot x)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{B \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2A}{\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-B \cdot \log(\text{abs}(2 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x}) \cdot \sqrt{c} + b)) / \sqrt{c} + 2 \cdot A / (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x})$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{B \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{bx}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output $(B \cdot \log((b/2 + c \cdot x) / c^{(1/2)} + (b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{(1/2)})) / c^{(1/2)} - (2 \cdot A \cdot (b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (b \cdot x)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx + b}ac + 2\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2x - 2\sqrt{c}acx}{bcx}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(-sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*c + sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(b+c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2*x - sqrt(c)*a*c*x))/(b*c*x)`

3.148 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1174
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1174
Rubi [A] (verified)	1175
Maple [A] (verified)	1176
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1177
Sympy [F]	1177
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1177
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1178
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1178
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1178

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^2} - \frac{2(3bB-2Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3b^2x}$$

output `-2/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^2-2/3*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(3bBx+A(b-2cx))}{3b^2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(3*b*B*x + A*(b - 2*c*x)))/(3*b^2*x^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1220, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1220}$$

$$\frac{(3bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2A \sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1123}$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}(3bB - 2Ac)}{3b^2x} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3bx^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*A*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*b*x^2) - (2*(3*b*B - 2*A*c)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*b^2*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1220 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}((3Bx+A)b-2Acx)}{3b^2x^2}$	32
trager	$-\frac{2(-2Acx+3Bbx+Ab)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^2x^2}$	34
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3b^2x\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$	37
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3xb^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	39
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-2Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3xb^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	39
default	$A\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3bx^2} + \frac{4c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^2x}\right) - \frac{2B\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{bx}$	64

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((3*B*x+A)*b-2*A*c*x)/b^2/x^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Ab + (3Bb - 2Ac)x)}{3b^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(A*b + (3*B*b - 2*A*c)*x)/(b^2*x^2)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**2*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}B}{bx} + \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ac}{3b^2x} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}A}{3bx^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/(b*x) + 4/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b^2*x) - 2/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/(b*x^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B + 3 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) A \sqrt{c} + Ab \right)}{3 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*sqrt(c) + A*b)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (Ab - 2Acx + 3Bbx)}{3b^2 x^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `-(2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A*b - 2*A*c*x + 3*B*b*x))/(3*b^2*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}acx}{3} - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2x - \frac{4\sqrt{c}acx^2}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}b^2x^2}{3}}{b^2x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*x - 2*sqrt(c)*a*c*x**2 + sqrt(c)*b**2*x**2))/(3*b**2*x**2)
```

3.149 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1180
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1180
Rubi [A] (verified)	1181
Maple [A] (verified)	1182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1183
Sympy [F]	1184
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1184
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1184
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1185
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1185

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} - \frac{2(5bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{15b^2x^2} + \frac{4c(5bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{15b^3x}$$

output

$$-2/5*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^3-2/15*(-4*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^2+4/15*c*(-4*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(5bBx(b-2cx)+A(3b^2-4bcx+8c^2x^2))}{15b^3x^3}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]), x]`

output

$$(-2*\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)]*(5*b*B*x*(b - 2*c*x) + A*(3*b^2 - 4*b*c*x + 8*c^2*x^2)))/(15*b^3*x^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\
 & \frac{(5bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \\
 & \frac{(5bB - 4Ac) \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3bx^2} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5bx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1123} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{4c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3b^2 x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3bx^2} \right) (5bB - 4Ac)}{5b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5bx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*A*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(5*b*x^3) + ((5*b*B - 4*A*c)*((-2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*b*x^2) + (4*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*b^2*x)))/(5*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(\left(\frac{5Bx}{3}+A\right)b^2-\frac{4cx\left(\frac{5Bx}{3}+A\right)b}{3}+\frac{8Ac^2x^2}{3}\right)}{5b^3x^3}$	49
trager	$-\frac{2(8Ac^2x^2-10x^2Bbc-4Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15b^3x^3}$	57
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2-10x^2Bbc-4Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)}{15b^3x^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$	60
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2-10x^2Bbc-4Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)}{15x^2b^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	62
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2-10x^2Bbc-4Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)}{15x^2b^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	62
default	$A\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5bx^3}-\frac{4c\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3bx^2}+\frac{4c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^2x}\right)}{5b}\right)+B\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3bx^2}+\frac{4c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^2x}\right)$	112

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/5*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((5/3*B*x+A)*b^2-4/3*c*x*(5/2*B*x+A)*b+8/3*A*c^2*x^2)/b^3/x^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Ab^2-2(5Bbc-4Ac^2)x^2+(5Bb^2-4Abc)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15b^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/15*(3*A*b^2-2*(5*B*b*c-4*A*c^2)*x^2+(5*B*b^2-4*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2+b*x)/(b^3*x^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**3*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{4 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc}{3 b^2 x} - \frac{16 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} A c^2}{15 b^3 x} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} B}{3 b x^2} + \frac{8 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} A c}{15 b^2 x^2} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} A}{5 b x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/(b^2*x) - 16/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b^3*x) - 2/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/(b*x^2) + 8/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b^2*x^2) - 2/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/(b*x^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 B \sqrt{c} + 5 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 B b + 20 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 A c + 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) \right)}{15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*sqrt(c) + 5*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b + 20*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*c + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b*sqrt(c) + 3*A*b^2)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(5Bb^2x + 3Ab^2 - 10Bbcx^2 - 4Abcx + 8Ac^2x^2)}{15b^3x^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*A*b^2 + 8*A*c^2*x^2 + 5*B*b^2*x - 10*B*b*c*x^2 - 4*A*b*c*x))/(15*b^3*x^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^2}{5} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}bcx}{15} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}c^2x^2}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^3x}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^2cx^2}{3} + \frac{16\sqrt{ca}c^2x^3}{15} - \frac{4\sqrt{cb^2}cx^3}{3}}{b^3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x -
8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x**2 - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x + 10*
sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 8*sqrt(c)*a*c**2*x**3 - 10*sqrt(c)*b**
2*c*x**3))/(15*b**3*x**3)
```

3.150 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1187
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1187
Rubi [A] (verified)	1188
Maple [A] (verified)	1190
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1190
Sympy [F]	1191
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1191
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1192
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1192
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1193

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{2(7bB-6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{35b^2x^3} + \frac{8c(7bB-6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{105b^3x^2} - \frac{16c^2(7bB-6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{105b^4x}$$

output

```
-2/7*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^4-2/35*(-6*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^3+8/105*c*(-6*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^2-16/105*c^2*(-6*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(7bBx(3b^2-4bcx+8c^2x^2)+3A(5b^3-6b^2cx+8bc^2x^2-16c^3x^3))}{105b^4x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(7bBx(3b^2-4bcx+8c^2x^2)+3A(5b^3-6b^2cx+8bc^2x^2-16c^3x^3)))/(105b^4x^4)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(7bB-6Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(7bB-6Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(7bB-6Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^2} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1123 \\ & \frac{\left(-\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3b^2x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^2} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} \right) (7bB-6Ac)}{7b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A+Bx)/(x^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}),x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2})/(7b^2x^4) + ((7b^2B - 6A^2c)*((-2\sqrt{bx + cx^2})/(5b^2x^3) - (4c*((-2\sqrt{bx + cx^2})/(3b^2x^2) + (4c\sqrt{bx + cx^2})/(3b^2x))))/(5b)))/(7b)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))]
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))]
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(\left(\frac{7Bx}{5}+A\right)b^3-\frac{6cx\left(\frac{14Bx}{9}+A\right)b^2}{5}+\frac{8c^2\left(\frac{7Bx}{3}+A\right)x^2b}{5}-\frac{16Ac^3x^3}{5}\right)}{7b^4x^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-48Ac^3x^3+56x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-28x^2Bb^2c-18Ab^2cx+21xBb^3+15Ab^3)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^4x^4}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-48Ac^3x^3+56x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-28x^2Bb^2c-18Ab^2cx+21xBb^3+15Ab^3)}{105b^4x^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-48Ac^3x^3+56x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-28x^2Bb^2c-18Ab^2cx+21xBb^3+15Ab^3)}{105x^3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-48Ac^3x^3+56x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-28x^2Bb^2c-18Ab^2cx+21xBb^3+15Ab^3)}{105x^3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$
default	$A\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7bx^4}-\frac{6c\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5bx^3}-\frac{4c\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3bx^2}+\frac{4c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^2x}\right)}{5b}\right)}{7b}\right)+B\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5bx^3}-\frac{4c\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3bx^2}\right)}{3bx^2}\right)$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/7*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((7/5*B*x+A)*b^3-6/5*c*x*(14/9*B*x+A)*b^2+8/5*c^2*(7/3*B*x+A)*x^2*b-16/5*A*c^3*x^3)/b^4/x^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(15Ab^3+8(7Bbc^2-6Ac^3)x^3-4(7Bb^2c-6Abc^2)x^2+3(7Bb^3-6Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105b^4x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/105*(15*A*b^3 + 8*(7*B*b*c^2 - 6*A*c^3)*x^3 - 4*(7*B*b^2*c - 6*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*b^3 - 6*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^4*x^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**4*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = & -\frac{16 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^2}{15 b^3 x} + \frac{32 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^3}{35 b^4 x} \\ & + \frac{8 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc}{15 b^2 x^2} - \frac{16 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^2}{35 b^3 x^2} \\ & - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} B}{5 b x^3} + \frac{12 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac}{35 b^2 x^3} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} A}{7 b x^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-16/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b^3*x) + 32/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^4*x) + 8/15*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/(b^2*x^2) - 16/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b^3*x^2) - 2/5*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/(b*x^3) + 12/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b^2*x^3) - 2/7*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/(b*x^4)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(140 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 Bc + 105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 Bb\sqrt{c} + 210 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^3 Ac^{\frac{3}{2}} + 21 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bb^2 + 252 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ab^2\sqrt{c} + 105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) Ab^2\sqrt{c} + 15 Ab^3 \right)}{105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/105*(140*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*c + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b*sqrt(c) + 210*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*c^(3/2) + 21*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^2 + 252*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^2 + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^2*sqrt(c) + 15*A*b^3)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (96 Ac^3 - 112 Bbc^2)}{105 b^4 x} - \frac{(48 Ac^2 - 56 Bbc) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{105 b^3 x^2} - \frac{2 A \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{7 b x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (12 Ac - 14 Bb)}{35 b^2 x^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(96*A*c^3 - 112*B*b*c^2))/(105*b^4*x) - ((48*A*c^2 - 56*B*b*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b^3*x^2) - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*b*x^4) + ((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(12*A*c - 14*B*b))/(35*b^2*x^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3}{7} + \frac{12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2cx}{35} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2x^2}{35} + \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x^3}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^4x}{5} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3cx^2}{15} - \frac{1}{15}}{b^4x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(-15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b**3 + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b**2*c*x - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*c**3*x**3 - 21*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**4*x + 28*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**3*c*x**2 - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 48*sqrt(c)*a*c**3*x**4 + 56*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**2*x**4))/(105*b**4*x**4)`

3.151 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1194
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1195
Rubi [A] (verified)	1195
Maple [A] (verified)	1197
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1198
Sympy [F]	1198
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1199
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1199
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1200
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1200

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9bx^5} - \frac{2(9bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{63b^2x^4} + \frac{4c(9bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{105b^3x^3} - \frac{16c^2(9bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{315b^4x^2} + \frac{32c^3(9bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{315b^5x}$$

output

```
-2/9*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^5-2/63*(-8*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^4+4/105*c*(-8*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^3-16/315*c^2*(-8*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^2+32/315*c^3*(-8*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(9bBx(5b^3 - 6b^2cx + 8bc^2x^2 - 16c^3x^3) + A(35b^4 - 40b^3cx + 48b^2c^2x^2 - 64bc^3x^3 + 128c^4x^4))}{315b^5x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^5*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(9*b*B*x*(5*b^3 - 6*b^2*c*x + 8*b*c^2*x^2 - 16*c^3*x^3) + A*(35*b^4 - 40*b^3*c*x + 48*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 64*b*c^3*x^3 + 128*c^4*x^4)))/(315*b^5*x^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(9bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{9b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{9bx^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(9bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{6c \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7bx^4} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{9bx^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(9bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \\
 & \frac{(9bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^2} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1123} \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \left(\frac{4c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3b^2x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^2} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \right) (9bB - 8Ac)}{9b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9bx^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^5*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*A*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(9*b*x^5) + ((9*b*B - 8*A*c)*((-2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(7*b*x^4) - (6*c*((-2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(5*b*x^3) - (4*c*((-2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*b*x^2) + (4*c*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*b^2*x)))/(5*b)))/(7*b)))/(9*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{9Bx+A}{7} \right) b^4 - \frac{8cx \left(\frac{27Bx+A}{7} \right) b^3}{7} + \frac{48c^2x^2 \left(\frac{3Bx+A}{2} \right) b^2}{35} - \frac{64c^3x^3 \left(\frac{9Bx+A}{4} \right) b}{35} + \frac{128Ac^4x^4}{35} \right)}{9b^5x^5}$
trager	$-\frac{2(128Ac^4x^4 - 144Bbc^3x^4 - 64Abc^3x^3 + 72Bb^2c^2x^3 + 48Ab^2c^2x^2 - 54Bb^3cx^2 - 40Ab^3cx + 45Bb^4x + 35Ab^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315b^5x^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(128Ac^4x^4 - 144Bbc^3x^4 - 64Abc^3x^3 + 72Bb^2c^2x^3 + 48Ab^2c^2x^2 - 54Bb^3cx^2 - 40Ab^3cx + 45Bb^4x + 35Ab^4)}{315b^5x^4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(128Ac^4x^4 - 144Bbc^3x^4 - 64Abc^3x^3 + 72Bb^2c^2x^3 + 48Ab^2c^2x^2 - 54Bb^3cx^2 - 40Ab^3cx + 45Bb^4x + 35Ab^4)}{315x^4b^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(128Ac^4x^4 - 144Bbc^3x^4 - 64Abc^3x^3 + 72Bb^2c^2x^3 + 48Ab^2c^2x^2 - 54Bb^3cx^2 - 40Ab^3cx + 45Bb^4x + 35Ab^4)}{315x^4b^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9b^5} - \frac{8c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7bx^4} - \frac{6c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5bx^3} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3bx^2} + \frac{4c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^2x} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right)}{9b} \right) + B \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7bx^4} \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/9*(x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}*((9/7*B*x+A)*b^4-8/7*c*x*(27/20*B*x+A)*b^3+48/35*c^2*x^2*(3/2*B*x+A)*b^2-64/35*c^3*x^3*(9/4*B*x+A)*b+128/35*A*c^4*x^4)/b^5/x^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(35Ab^4 - 16(9Bbc^3 - 8Ac^4)x^4 + 8(9Bb^2c^2 - 8Abc^3)x^3 - 6(9Bb^3c - 8Ab^2c^2)x^2 + 5(9Bb^4 - 8AAb^3c)x}{315b^5x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/315*(35*A*b^4 - 16*(9*B*b*c^3 - 8*A*c^4)*x^4 + 8*(9*B*b^2*c^2 - 8*A*b*c^3)*x^3 - 6*(9*B*b^3*c - 8*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}/(b^5*x^5)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**5/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**5*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{32 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^3}{35 b^4 x} - \frac{256 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^4}{315 b^5 x} - \frac{16 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^2}{35 b^3 x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{128 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^3}{315 b^4 x^2} + \frac{12 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc}{35 b^2 x^3} - \frac{32 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^2}{105 b^3 x^3}$$

$$- \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} B}{7 b x^4} + \frac{16 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac}{63 b^2 x^4} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} A}{9 b x^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
32/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b^4*x) - 256/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b
^5*x) - 16/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b^3*x^2) + 128/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
)*A*c^3/(b^4*x^2) + 12/35*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/(b^2*x^3) - 32/105*sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b^3*x^3) - 2/7*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/(b*x^4) + 16/63*sqrt(
c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b^2*x^4) - 2/9*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/(b*x^5)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(630 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 Bc^{\frac{3}{2}} + 756 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 Bbc + 1008 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^4 Ac^2 + 315 \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/315*(630*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*c^(3/2) + 756*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b*c + 1008*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*c^2
+ 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*B*b^2*sqrt(c) + 1680*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b*c^(3/2) + 45*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*
b^3 + 1080*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^2*c + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^3*sqrt(c) + 35*A*b^4)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))
^9
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (128Ac^3 - 144Bbc^2)}{315b^4x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (256Ac^4 - 288Bbc^3)}{315b^5x} - \frac{(32Ac^2 - 36Bbc) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{105b^3x^3} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{9b^5} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (16Ac - 18Bb)}{63b^2x^4}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^5*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(128*A*c^3 - 144*B*b*c^2))/(315*b^4*x^2) - ((b*x + c*
x^2)^(1/2)*(256*A*c^4 - 288*B*b*c^3))/(315*b^5*x) - ((32*A*c^2 - 36*B*b*c)
*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*b^3*x^3) - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9*b*x^5)
+ ((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(16*A*c - 18*B*b))/(63*b^2*x^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^4}{9} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^3cx}{63} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^2c^2x^2}{105} + \frac{128\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}bc^3x^3}{315} - \frac{256\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}c^4x^4}{315} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+ba}b^5x^5}{7}$$

 b^5x^5

input `int((B*x+A)/x^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4 + 40*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c*x - 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**4 - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*x + 54*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c*x**2 - 72*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 144*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*x**4 + 128*sqrt(c)*a*c**4*x**5 - 144*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**3*x**5))/(315*b**5*x**5)`

3.152 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^6\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1202
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1203
Rubi [A] (verified)	1203
Maple [A] (verified)	1206
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1207
Sympy [F]	1207
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1208
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1208
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1209
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1210

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^6\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{11bx^6} - \frac{2(11bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{99b^2x^5} + \frac{16c(11bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{693b^3x^4} - \frac{32c^2(11bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{1155b^4x^3} + \frac{128c^3(11bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3465b^5x^2} - \frac{256c^4(11bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3465b^6x}$$

output

```
-2/11*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^6-2/99*(-10*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^5+16/693*c*(-10*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^4-32/1155*c^2*(-10*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^3+128/3465*c^3*(-10*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x^2-256/3465*c^4*(-10*A*c+11*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^6/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(11bBx(35b^4 - 40b^3cx + 48b^2c^2x^2 - 64bc^3x^3 + 128c^4x^4) + 5A(63b^5 - 70b^4cx + 80b^3c^2x^2 - 96b^2c^3x^3 + 128bc^4x^4 - 256c^5x^5))}{3465b^6x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^6*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(11*b*B*x*(35*b^4 - 40*b^3*c*x + 48*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 64*b*c^3*x^3 + 128*c^4*x^4) + 5*A*(63*b^5 - 70*b^4*c*x + 80*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 96*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 128*b*c^4*x^4 - 256*c^5*x^5)))/(3465*b^6*x^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(11bB - 10Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{11b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{11bx^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(11bB - 10Ac) \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{9b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{9bx^5} \right)}{11b} - \frac{2A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{11bx^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \end{aligned}$$

$$(11bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(-\frac{6c \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9bx^5} \right) \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{11bx^6}$$

↓ 1129

$$(11bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(-\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9bx^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{11b}{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \frac{11bx^6}{11bx^6}$$

↓ 1129

$$(11bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \left(-\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^2} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9bx^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{11b}{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \frac{11bx^6}{11bx^6}$$

↓ 1123

$$\left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{6c \left(\frac{4c \sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3b^2x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^2} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7bx^4} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9bx^5} \right) (11bB - 10Ac) - \frac{11b}{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}}{11bx^6}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^6*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*A*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(11*b*x^6) + ((11*b*B - 10*A*c)*((-2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(9*b*x^5) - (8*c*((-2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(7*b*x^4) - (6*c*((-2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(5*b*x^3) - (4*c*((-2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*b*x^2) + (4*c*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*b^2*x)))/(5*b)))/(7*b)))/(9*b)))/(11*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

rule 1220

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1])) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(\left(\frac{11Bx+A}{9} \right) b^5 - \frac{10 \left(\frac{44Bx+A}{35} \right) cx b^4}{9} + \frac{80c^2 \left(\frac{33Bx+A}{25} \right) x^2 b^3}{63} - \frac{32 \left(\frac{22Bx+A}{15} \right) c^3 x^3 b^2}{21} + \frac{128c^4 x^4 \left(\frac{11Bx+A}{5} \right) b}{63} - 256c^5 x^5 \right)}{11b^6 x^6}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-1280A c^5 x^5 + 1408Bb c^4 x^5 + 640Ab c^4 x^4 - 704B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 480A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 528B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 400A b^3 c^2 x^2 - 440B b^4 c x^2 - 352B^2 b^4 c x - 128B^3 b^4 c)}{3465b^6 x^6}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-1280A c^5 x^5 + 1408Bb c^4 x^5 + 640Ab c^4 x^4 - 704B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 480A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 528B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 400A b^3 c^2 x^2 - 440B b^4 c x^2 - 352B^2 b^4 c x - 128B^3 b^4 c)}{3465b^6 x^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-1280A c^5 x^5 + 1408Bb c^4 x^5 + 640Ab c^4 x^4 - 704B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 480A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 528B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 400A b^3 c^2 x^2 - 440B b^4 c x^2 - 352B^2 b^4 c x - 128B^3 b^4 c)}{3465x^5 b^6 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-1280A c^5 x^5 + 1408Bb c^4 x^5 + 640Ab c^4 x^4 - 704B b^2 c^3 x^4 - 480A b^2 c^3 x^3 + 528B b^3 c^2 x^3 + 400A b^3 c^2 x^2 - 440B b^4 c x^2 - 352B^2 b^4 c x - 128B^3 b^4 c)}{3465x^5 b^6 \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{11bx^6} - \frac{10c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{9bx^5} - \frac{8c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{7bx^4} - \frac{6c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5bx^3} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3bx^2} + \frac{4c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{5b} - \frac{4c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^2x} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right)}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^6/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/11*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((11/9*B*x+A)*b^5-10/9*(44/35*B*x+A)*c*x*b^4+80/63*c^2*(33/25*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-32/21*(22/15*B*x+A)*c^3*x^3*b^2+128/63*c^4*x^4*(11/5*B*x+A)*b-256/63*A*c^5*x^5)/b^6/x^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(315Ab^5 + 128(11Bbc^4 - 10Ac^5)x^5 - 64(11Bb^2c^3 - 10Abc^4)x^4 + 48(11Bb^3c^2 - 10Ab^2c^3)x^3 - 40Ab^2c^2x^2 + 35(11Bb^5 - 10Ab^4c)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3465b^6x^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^6/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3465*(315*A*b^5 + 128*(11*B*b*c^4 - 10*A*c^5)*x^5 - 64*(11*B*b^2*c^3 - 10*A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 48*(11*B*b^3*c^2 - 10*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 - 40*(11*B*b^4*c - 10*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 35*(11*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^6*x^6)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**6/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**6*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{256 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^4}{315 b^5 x} + \frac{512 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^5}{693 b^6 x}$$

$$+ \frac{128 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^3}{315 b^4 x^2} - \frac{256 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^4}{693 b^5 x^2} - \frac{32 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc^2}{105 b^3 x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{64 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^3}{231 b^4 x^3} + \frac{16 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Bc}{63 b^2 x^4} - \frac{160 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac^2}{693 b^3 x^4}$$

$$- \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} B}{9 bx^5} + \frac{20 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} Ac}{99 b^2 x^5} - \frac{2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} A}{11 bx^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^6/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-256/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^4/(b^5*x) + 512/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^5/(b^6*x) + 128/315*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^3/(b^4*x^2) - 256/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^4/(b^5*x^2) - 32/105*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c^2/(b^3*x^3) + 64/231*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^3/(b^4*x^3) + 16/63*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*c/(b^2*x^4) - 160/693*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c^2/(b^3*x^4) - 2/9*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/(b*x^5) + 20/99*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*c/(b^2*x^5) - 2/11*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/(b*x^6)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(11088 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^6 Bc^2 + 18480 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 Bbc^{\frac{3}{2}} + 18480 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^5 Ac^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^6/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/3465*(11088*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^6*B*c^2 + 18480*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^5*B*b*c^(3/2) + 18480*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^
5*A*c^(5/2) + 11880*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*B*b^2*c + 39600*(sqr
t(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^4*A*b*c^2 + 3465*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
))^3*B*b^3*sqrt(c) + 34650*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^3*A*b^2*c^(3/2)
+ 385*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^4 + 15400*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^3*c + 3465*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^4*sqrt(c
) + 315*A*b^5)/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^11
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (320 Ac^3 - 352 Bbc^2)}{1155 b^4 x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (1280 Ac^4 - 1408 Bbc^3)}{3465 b^5 x^2} - \frac{(160 Ac^2 - 176 Bbc) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{693 b^3 x^4} - \frac{2A \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{11 b x^6} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (20 Ac - 22 Bb)}{99 b^2 x^5} + \frac{256 c^4 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (10 Ac - 11 Bb)}{3465 b^6 x}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^6*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(320*A*c^3 - 352*B*b*c^2))/(1155*b^4*x^3) - ((b*x + c
*x^2)^(1/2)*(1280*A*c^4 - 1408*B*b*c^3))/(3465*b^5*x^2) - ((160*A*c^2 - 17
6*B*b*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(693*b^3*x^4) - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(1
1*b*x^6) + ((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(20*A*c - 22*B*b))/(99*b^2*x^5) + (256*c^4
*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(10*A*c - 11*B*b))/(3465*b^6*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^6 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5}{11} + \frac{20\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4cx}{99} - \frac{160\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^2x^2}{693} + \frac{64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x^3}{231} - \frac{256\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^4x^4}{693} + \frac{512\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}b^5c^5x^5}{693}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^6/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(-315*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b**5 + 350*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b**4*c*x - 400*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 480*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 - 640*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*c**5*x**5 - 385*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**6*x + 440*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**5*c*x**2 - 528*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**4*c**2*x**3 + 704*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**4 - 1408*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**2*c**4*x**5 - 1280*sqrt(c)*a*c**5*x**6 + 1408*sqrt(c)*b**2*c**4*x**6))/(3465*b**6*x**6)`

3.153 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1211
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1211
Rubi [A] (verified)	1212
Maple [A] (verified)	1215
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1216
Sympy [F]	1216
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1217
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1217
Mupad [F(-1)]	1218
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1218

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB - Ac)x^3}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{5b(7bB - 6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{8c^4} - \frac{5(7bB - 6Ac)x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{12c^3} + \frac{Bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c^2} - \frac{5b^2(7bB - 6Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{9/2}}$$

output `2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^3/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+5/8*b*(-6*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4-5/12*(-6*A*c+7*B*b)*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3+1/3*B*x^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2-5/8*b^2*(-6*A*c+7*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{3/2}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(105b^3B+4c^3x^2(3A+2Bx))-2bc^2x(15A+7Bx)+b^2(-90Ac+24c^{9/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}\right)}{24c^{9/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x^{3/2}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(105b^3B+4c^3x^2(3A+2Bx)- \\ & 2bc^2x(15A+7Bx)+b^2(-90Ac+35Bcx))-30b^2(7bB-6A \\ & c)(b+cx)^{3/2}\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x})/(-\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{b+cx})]) \\ &)/(24c^{9/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {1211, 25, 2192, 27, 2192, 27, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1211} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{-Bc^3x^3+c^2(bB-Ac)x^2-bc(bB-Ac)x+b^2(bB-Ac)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c^4} + \frac{2b^2x(bB-Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{2b^2x(bB-Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{-Bc^3x^3+c^2(bB-Ac)x^2-bc(bB-Ac)x+b^2(bB-Ac)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2192} \\ & \frac{2b^2x(bB-Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(11bB-6Ac)x^2c^3-6b(bB-Ac)xc^2+6b^2(bB-Ac)c}{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{3c} - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{2b^2x(bB-Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(11bB-6Ac)x^2c^3-6b(bB-Ac)xc^2+6b^2(bB-Ac)c}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{6c} - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2192} \\ & \frac{2b^2x(bB-Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3bc^2(8b(bB-Ac)-c(19bB-14Ac)x)}{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{6c} + \frac{1}{2}c^2x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}(11bB-6Ac) - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2x^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2b^2x(bB - Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{\frac{3}{4}bc \int \frac{8b(bB - Ac) - c(19bB - 14Ac)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{1}{2}c^2x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}(11bB - 6Ac)}{6c} - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{2b^2x(bB - Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{5}{2}b(7bB - 6Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \sqrt{bx + cx^2}(19bB - 14Ac) \right) + \frac{1}{2}c^2x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}(11bB - 6Ac)}{6c} - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1091 \\
 & \frac{2b^2x(bB - Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{\frac{3}{4}bc \left(5b(7bB - 6Ac) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} - \sqrt{bx + cx^2}(19bB - 14Ac) \right) + \frac{1}{2}c^2x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}(11bB - 6Ac)}{6c} - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{2b^2x(bB - Ac)}{c^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{5b(7bB - 6Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{bx + cx^2}(19bB - 14Ac) \right) + \frac{1}{2}c^2x\sqrt{bx + cx^2}(11bB - 6Ac)}{6c} - \frac{1}{3}Bc^2x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*b^2*(b*B - A*c)*x)/(c^4*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (-1/3*(B*c^2*x^2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((c^2*(11*b*B - 6*A*c)*x*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/2 + (3*b*c*(-((19*b*B - 14*A*c)*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (5*b*(7*b*B - 6*A*c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/sqrt[c]))/4)/(6*c))/c^4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 1091 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}/(2*\text{c}*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)/(2*\text{c}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 1211 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)]^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(x_)]^{\text{n}_} / ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2)^{3/2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)^{\text{m} - 2} * (\text{c}*(\text{e}*f + \text{d}*g) - \text{b}*e*g)^{\text{n}} * ((\text{d} + \text{e}*x)/(\text{c}^{\text{m} + \text{n} - 1} * \text{e}^{\text{n} - 1} * \text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2])), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{c}^{\text{m} + \text{n} - 1} * \text{e}^{\text{n} - 2}) \quad \text{Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[(2*\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e)^{\text{m} - 1} * (\text{c}*(\text{e}*f + \text{d}*g) - \text{b}*e*g)^{\text{n}} - \text{c}^{\text{m} + \text{n} - 1} * \text{e}^{\text{n}} * (\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{\text{m} - 1} * (\text{f} + \text{g}*x)^{\text{n}}]/(\text{c}*d - \text{b}*e - \text{c}*e*x), \text{x}]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{c}*d^2 - \text{b}*d*e + \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0]$
- rule 2192 $\text{Int}[(\text{Pq}_)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Expon}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}], \text{e} = \text{Coeff}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}, \text{Expon}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}]]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{e}*x^{\text{q} - 1} * ((\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}/(\text{c}*(\text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{c}*(\text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2)^{\text{p}} * \text{ExpandToSum}[\text{c}*(\text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1)*\text{Pq} - \text{a}*e*(\text{q} - 1)*x^{\text{q} - 2} - \text{b}*e*(\text{q} + \text{p})*x^{\text{q} - 1} - \text{c}*e*(\text{q} + 2*\text{p} + 1)*x^{\text{q}}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!LeQ}[\text{p}, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{5 \left(-3 \left(Ac - \frac{7Bb}{6} \right) b^2 \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right) + x \left(3 \left(-\frac{7Bx}{18} + A \right) b^2 c^{\frac{3}{2}} + bx \left(\frac{7Bx}{15} + A \right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2x^2 \left(\frac{2Bx}{3} + A \right) c^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5} - 7Bx \right)}{4\sqrt{x(cx+b)} c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(-8Bc^2x^2 - 12Ac^2x + 22Bbcx + 42Abc - 57Bb^2)x(cx+b)}{24c^4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{b^2 \left(30A\sqrt{c} \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right) - \frac{35Bb \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{16c^4}$
default	$A \left(\frac{x^3}{2c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{5b \left(\frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{3b \left(-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{2cx+b}{2c} \right) \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{4c} \right) +$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-5/4/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/c^(9/2)*(-3*(A*c-7/6*B*b)*b^2*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*arc
tanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+x*(3*(-7/18*B*x+A)*b^2*c^(3/2)+b*x*(7/15
*B*x+A)*c^(5/2)-2/5*x^2*(2/3*B*x+A)*c^(7/2)-7/2*B*c^(1/2)*b^3)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7Bb^4 - 6Ab^3c + (7Bb^3c - 6Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 15(7Bb^4 - 6Ab^3c + (7Bb^3c - 6Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{c} \arctan(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}/(cx + b)) + (8Bc^4x^3 + 105Bb^3c - 90Ab^2c^2 - 2(7Bb^3c - 6Ac^4)x^2 + 5(7Bb^2c^2 - 6Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{c^2x^2 + bx}}{(c^6x + bc^5)}, \frac{1}{24}(15(7Bb^4 - 6Ab^3c + (7Bb^3c - 6Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{-c} \arctan(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}/(cx + b)) + (8Bc^4x^3 + 105Bb^3c - 90Ab^2c^2 - 2(7Bb^3c - 6Ac^4)x^2 + 5(7Bb^2c^2 - 6Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{c^2x^2 + bx})/(c^6x + bc^5)] \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/48*(15*(7*B*b^4 - 6*A*b^3*c + (7*B*b^3*c - 6*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(8*B*c^4*x^3 + 105*B*b^3*c - 90*A*b^2*c^2 - 2*(7*B*b^3*c - 6*A*c^4)*x^2 + 5*(7*B*b^2*c^2 - 6*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c^6*x + b*c^5), 1/24*(15*(7*B*b^4 - 6*A*b^3*c + (7*B*b^3*c - 6*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (8*B*c^4*x^3 + 105*B*b^3*c - 90*A*b^2*c^2 - 2*(7*B*b^3*c - 6*A*c^4)*x^2 + 5*(7*B*b^2*c^2 - 6*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c^6*x + b*c^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**4*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx^4}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{7Bbx^3}{12\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^2} + \frac{Ax^3}{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{35Bb^2x^2}{24\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^3} - \frac{5Abx^2}{4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^2} + \frac{35Bb^3x}{8\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^4} - \frac{15Ab^2x}{4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^3} - \frac{35Bb^3 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{16c^{9/2}} + \frac{15Ab^2 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{8c^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*x^4/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c) - 7/12*B*b*x^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2) + 1/2*A*x^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c) + 35/24*B*b^2*x^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^3) - 5/4*A*b*x^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2) + 35/8*B*b^3*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^4) - 15/4*A*b^2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^3) - 35/16*B*b^3*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(9/2) + 15/8*A*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \left(2x \left(\frac{4Bx}{c^2} - \frac{11Bbc^{10} - 6Ac^{11}}{c^{13}} \right) + \frac{3(19Bb^2c^9 - 14Abc^{10})}{c^{13}} \right) + \frac{5(7Bb^3 - 6Ab^2c) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{16c^{9/2}} + \frac{2(Bb^4\sqrt{c} - Ab^3c^{3/2})}{((\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c} + b)c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*x*(4*B*x/c^2 - (11*B*b*c^10 - 6*A*c^11)/c^13) +
3*(19*B*b^2*c^9 - 14*A*b*c^10)/c^13) + 5/16*(7*B*b^3 - 6*A*b^2*c)*log(abs(
2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(9/2) + 2*(B*b^4*sqrt(c)
- A*b^3*c^(3/2))/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)*c^5)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{720\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 c - 840\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^4 - 480}{1}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(720*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*
a*b**2*c - 840*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))
/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 480*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c + 525*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b +
c*x)*b**4 - 720*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2 - 240*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x + 96*sqrt(x)
*a*c**4*x**2 + 840*sqrt(x)*b**4*c + 280*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x - 112*sqrt(x)*
b**2*c**3*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*b*c**4*x**3)/(192*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**5)
```

3.154 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1219
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1219
Rubi [A] (verified)	1220
Maple [A] (verified)	1222
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1223
Sympy [F]	1223
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1224
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1224
Mupad [F(-1)]	1225
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1225

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB-Ac)x^2}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{3(5bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c^3} + \frac{Bx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c^2} + \frac{3b(5bB-4Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{7/2}}$$

output 2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^2/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-3/4*(-4*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3+1/2*B*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2+3/4*b*(-4*A*c+5*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{3/2}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(-15b^2B+bc(12A-5Bx))+2c^2x(2A+Bx)\right)+6b(5bB-4Ac)}{4c^{7/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input Integrate[(x^3*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2),x]

output

$$\frac{(x^{3/2}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(-15b^2B+bc(12A-5Bx))+2c^2x(2A+Bx))+6b(5bB-4Ac)(b+cx)^{3/2}\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b+cx}}])}{(4c^{7/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1211, 2192, 27, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1211$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{Bc^2x^2 - c(bB - Ac)x + b(bB - Ac)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{c^3} - \frac{2bx(bB - Ac)}{c^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2192$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(4b(bB - Ac) - c(7bB - 4Ac)x)}{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{c^3} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}Bcx\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2bx(bB - Ac)}{c^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4b(bB - Ac) - c(7bB - 4Ac)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{1}{2}Bcx\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2bx(bB - Ac)}{c^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3}{2}b(5bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \sqrt{bx + cx^2}(7bB - 4Ac) \right) + \frac{1}{2}Bcx\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2bx(bB - Ac)}{c^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1091$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(3b(5bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2 + bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} - \sqrt{bx + cx^2}(7bB - 4Ac) \right) + \frac{1}{2}Bcx\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2bx(bB - Ac)}{c^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3b(5bB-4Ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right) - \sqrt{bx+cx^2}(7bB-4Ac)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2} Bcx\sqrt{bx+cx^2} \right)}{\frac{c^3}{2bx(bB-Ac)} \sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 219$$

input `Int[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*b*(b*B - A*c)*x)/(c^3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((B*c*x*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/2 + (-((7*b*B - 4*A*c)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (3*b*(5*b*B - 4*A*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/Sqrt[c])/4)/c^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1211

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*(c*(
e*f + d*g) - b*e*g)^n*((d + e*x)/(c^(m + n - 1)*e^(n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*
x^2])), x] + Simp[1/(c^(m + n - 1)*e^(n - 2)) Int[ExpandToSum[((2*c*d - b
*e)^(m - 1)*(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g)^n - c^(m + n - 1)*e^n*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)
*(f + g*x)^n)/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
&& IGtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 2192

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b
*e*(q + p)*x^(q - 1) - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-3\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(Ac - \frac{5Bb}{4} \right) b \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right) + \left(3 \left(-\frac{5Bx}{12} + A \right) b c^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{Bx}{2} + A \right) x c^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{15B\sqrt{c} b^2}{4} \right) x}{c^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
risch	$\frac{(2Bcx+4Ac-7Bb)x(cx+b)}{4c^3 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{b \left(12A\sqrt{c} \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right) - \frac{15Bb \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{16(Ac-Bb)\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)^2 - (\frac{b}{c}+x)}}{c\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)} \right)}{8c^3}$
default	$A \left(\frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{3b \left(-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{1}{e\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{2cx+b}{bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right)}{2c} + \frac{\ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2c} \right) + B \left(\frac{x^3}{2c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right)$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c^(7/2)*(-3*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(A*c-5/4*B*b)*b*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))+3*(-5/12*B*x+A)*b*c^(3/2)+(1/2*B*x+A)*x*c^(5/2)-15/4*B*c^(1/2)*b^2*x)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Bb^3 - 4Ab^2c + (5Bb^2c - 4Abc^2)x)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(3(5Bb^3 - 4Ab^2c + (5Bb^2c - 4Abc^2)x)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) - (2Bc^3x^2 - 15Bb^2c + 12Abc^2 - 5b^2c^2))\sqrt{-c}}{8(c^5x + bc^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(3*(5*B*b^3 - 4*A*b^2*c + (5*B*b^2*c - 4*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(2*B*c^3*x^2 - 15*B*b^2*c + 12*A*b*c^2 - (5*B*b*c^2 - 4*A*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c^5*x + b*c^4), -1/4*(3*(5*B*b^3 - 4*A*b^2*c + (5*B*b^2*c - 4*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) - (2*B*c^3*x^2 - 15*B*b^2*c + 12*A*b*c^2 - (5*B*b*c^2 - 4*A*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c^5*x + b*c^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx^3}{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc}} - \frac{5Bbx^2}{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc^2}} + \frac{Ax^2}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc}} - \frac{15Bb^2x}{4\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc^3}} + \frac{3Abx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc^2}} + \frac{15Bb^2 \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc}\sqrt{c})}{8c^{7/2}} - \frac{3Ab \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc}\sqrt{c})}{2c^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*B*x^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c) - 5/4*B*b*x^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2) + A*x^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c) - 15/4*B*b^2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^3) + 3*A*b*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2) + 15/8*B*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) - 3/2*A*b*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(\frac{2Bx}{c^2} - \frac{7Bbc^5 - 4Ac^6}{c^8} \right) - \frac{3(5Bb^2 - 4Abc) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{8c^{7/2}} - \frac{2(Bb^3\sqrt{c} - Ab^2c^{3/2})}{((\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b)c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*B*x/c^2 - (7*B*b*c^5 - 4*A*c^6)/c^8) - 3/8*(5*B*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(7/2) - 2*(B*b^3*sqrt(c) - A*b^2*c^(3/2))/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)*c^4)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abc + 15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3 + 9\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abc + 15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3 + 9\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abc}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b)) * a*b*c + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b)) * b**3 + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c - 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3 + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x - 15*sqrt(x)*b**3*c - 5*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**2*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b*c**3*x**2)/(4*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**4)
```

3.155 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1226
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1226
Rubi [A] (verified)	1227
Maple [A] (verified)	1229
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1229
Sympy [F]	1230
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1230
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1230
Mupad [F(-1)]	1231
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1231

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB-Ac)x}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2} - \frac{(3bB-2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{5/2}}$$

output

$2*(-A*c+B*b)*x/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}+B*(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/c^2-(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)})/c^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{3/2}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(3bB-2Ac+Bcx)+2(-3bB+2Ac)(b+cx)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{-\sqrt{b+cx}}\right)\right)}{c^{5/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^2*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(x^{3/2}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(3bB-2Ac+Bcx)+2(-3bB+2Ac)(b+cx)^{3/2}\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{b+cx}}]))/c^{5/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1211, 25, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1211 \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{bB-cxB-Ac}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{2x(bB-Ac)}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{2x(bB-Ac)}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{bB-cxB-Ac}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\ & \frac{2x(bB-Ac)}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}(3bB-2Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1091 \\ & \frac{2x(bB-Ac)}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{(3bB-2Ac) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{2x(bB-Ac)}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{(3bB-2Ac)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(x^2(A + Bx))/(bx + cx^2)^{(3/2)}, x]$

output $(2*(b*B - A*c)*x)/(c^2*\text{Sqrt}[bx + cx^2]) - (-(B*\text{Sqrt}[bx + cx^2]) + ((3*b*B - 2*A*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[bx + cx^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[c])/c^2$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1091 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - cx^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[bx + cx^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c\}, x]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*c*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1211 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^{(n_)} / ((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(3/2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-2)}*(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g)^n*((d + e*x)/(c^{(m+n-1)}*e^{(n-1)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2])), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c^{(m+n-1)}*e^{(n-2)}) \text{ Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-1)}*(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g)^n - c^{(m+n-1)}*e^n*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(f + g*x)^n]/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{B\sqrt{x(cx+b)} + \frac{(2Ac-3Bb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2x(Ac-Bb)}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}}{c^2}$
risch	$\frac{Bx(cx+b)}{c^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{c} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right) - \frac{3Bb \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{4(Ac-Bb)\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)^2 - \left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)b}}{c\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)}}{2c^2}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{b\left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{2cx+b}{bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)}{2c} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + B \left(\frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{3b}{c\sqrt{c}} \right)$

```
input int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c^2*(B*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+(2*A*c-3*B*b)/c^(1/2)*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))-2*x*(A*c-B*b)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{(3Bb^2 - 2Abc + (3Bbc - 2Ac^2)x)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(Bc^2x + b^2)\sqrt{c}}{2(c^4x + bc^3)} \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/2*((3*B*b^2 - 2*A*b*c + (3*B*b*c - 2*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(B*c^2*x + 3*B*b*c - 2*A*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c^4*x + b*c^3), ((3*B*b^2 - 2*A*b*c + (3*B*b*c - 2*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (B*c^2*x + 3*B*b*c - 2*A*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(c^4*x + b*c^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{3Bbx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c} - \frac{2Ax}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{3Bb \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{2c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{A \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*x^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c) + 3*B*b*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2) - 2*A*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c) - 3/2*B*b*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) + A*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}B}{c^2} + \frac{(3Bb-2Ac) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c}+b|)}{2c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2(Bb^2\sqrt{c}-Abc^{\frac{3}{2}})}{((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c}+b)c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/c^2 + 1/2*(3*B*b - 2*A*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(5/2) + 2*(B*b^2*sqrt(c) - A*b*c^(3/2))/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)*c^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)ac - 12\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2 - 8\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx}}{4\sqrt{cx + b}c^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a*c - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*a*c**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*b**2*c + 4*sqrt(x)*b*c**2*x)/(4*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**3)`

3.156 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1232
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1232
Rubi [A] (verified)	1233
Maple [A] (verified)	1234
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1235
Sympy [F]	1235
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1236
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1236
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1237
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1237

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bB - Ac)x}{bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

output `-2*(-A*c+B*b)*x/b/c/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+2*B*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(\sqrt{c}(bB - Ac)x + bB\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx} \log(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{b+cx}))}{bc^{3/2}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(Sqrt[c]*(b*B - A*c)*x + b*B*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[b + c*x]])/(b*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1211, 27, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1211}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{B}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c} - \frac{2x(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c} - \frac{2x(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1091}$$

$$\frac{2B \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{c} - \frac{2x(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$\frac{2B \text{Arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{2x(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x)/(b*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/c^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1211 `Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g)^n*((d + e*x)/(c^(m + n - 1)*e^(n - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[1/(c^(m + n - 1)*e^(n - 2)) Int[ExpandToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1)*(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g)^n - c^(m + n - 1)*e^n*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n)/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2A c^{\frac{3}{2}} x - 2B b x \sqrt{c} + 2B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) b \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{c^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x(cx+b)} b}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{2cx+b}{bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right) + B \left(-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{2cx+b}{bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right)}{2c} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(2*A*c^(3/2)*x-2*B*b*x*c^(1/2)+2*B*arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))*b*
(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(Bbcx + Bb^2)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(Bbc - Ac^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{bc^3x + b^2c^2}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left((Bbcx + Bb^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx + b}\right) + (Bbc - Ac^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{bc^3x + b^2c^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[((B*b*c*x + B*b^2)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) -
2*(B*b*c - A*c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(b*c^3*x + b^2*c^2), -2*((B*b*c*x +
B*b^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (B*b*c - A*
c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(b*c^3*x + b^2*c^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Ax}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb}} - \frac{2Bx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc}} + \frac{B \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bxc})}{c^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*A*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b) - 2*B*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c) + B*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{B \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bxc})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Bb\sqrt{c} - Ac^{3/2})}{((\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bxc})\sqrt{c} + b)c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-B*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(3/2) - 2*(B*b*sqrt(c) - A*c^(3/2))/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{B \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{c^{3/2}} + \frac{2Ax}{b\sqrt{x(b+cx)}} - \frac{2Bx}{c\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(B*log((b/2 + c*x)/c^(1/2) + (b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)))/c^(3/2) + (2*A*x)/(b*(x*(b + c*x)^(1/2))) - (2*B*x)/(c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2 + 2\sqrt{x}ac^2 - \sqrt{cx+b}bc^2}{\sqrt{cx+b}bc^2}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2 + sqrt(x)*a*c**2 - sqrt(x)*b**2*c))/(sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2)`

$$3.157 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1238
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1238
Rubi [A] (verified)	1239
Maple [A] (verified)	1240
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1240
Sympy [F]	1241
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1241
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1241
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1242
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1242

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} + \frac{2(bB - 2Ac)x}{b^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

output `-2*A/b/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+2*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x/b^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2bBx - 2A(b + 2cx)}{b^2\sqrt{x(b + cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*b*B*x - 2*A*(b + 2*c*x))/(b^2*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$, Rules used = {1158}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1158

$$-\frac{2(Ab - x(bB - 2Ac))}{b^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*(A*b - (b*B - 2*A*c)*x))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1158 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-4cx-2b)A+2Bbx}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^2}$	30
gosper	$-\frac{2x(cx+b)(2Acx-Bbx+Ab)}{b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	37
oring	$-\frac{2x(cx+b)(2Acx-Bbx+Ab)}{b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	37
trager	$-\frac{2(2Acx-Bbx+Ab)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{(cx+b)b^2x}$	41
risch	$-\frac{2A(cx+b)}{b^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{2x(Ac-Bb)}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^2}$	45
default	$-\frac{2A(2cx+b)}{b^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + B\left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{2cx+b}{bc\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)$	68

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((-4*c*x-2*b)*A+2*B*b*x)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Ab - (Bb - 2Ac)x)}{b^2cx^2 + b^3x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(A*b - (B*b - 2*A*c)*x)/(b^2*c*x^2 + b^3*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb}} - \frac{4Acx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^2}} - \frac{2A}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*B*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b) - 4*A*c*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2) - 2*A/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{(Bb-2Ac)x}{b^2} \right)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(A/b - (B*b - 2*A*c)*x/b^2)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab + 4Acx - 2Bbx}{b^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `-(2*A*b + 4*A*c*x - 2*B*b*x)/(b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}acx + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx + b}b^2x - 2\sqrt{x}abc - 4\sqrt{x}ac^2x + 2\sqrt{x}b^2cx}{\sqrt{cx + b}b^2cx}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*x - sqrt(x)*a*b*c - 2*sqrt(x)*a*c**2*x + sqrt(x)*b**2*c*x)/(sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x)`

3.158 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1243
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1243
Rubi [A] (verified)	1244
Maple [A] (verified)	1245
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1246
Sympy [F]	1246
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1246
Giac [F]	1247
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1247
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1248

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3bB-4Ac)}{3b^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2A}{3bx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{4(3bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3b^3x}$$

output 2/3*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)/b^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2/3*A/b/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-4/3*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3bBx(b+2cx)+A(b^2-4bcx-8c^2x^2))}{3b^3x\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x]

output (-2*(3*b*B*x*(b + 2*c*x) + A*(b^2 - 4*b*c*x - 8*c^2*x^2)))/(3*b^3*x*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1220, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(3bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2A}{3bx\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1088$$

$$-\frac{2(b + 2cx)(3bB - 4Ac)}{3b^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2A}{3bx\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-2*A)/(3*b*x*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*(3*b*B - 4*A*c)*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1220 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p+1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left((3Bx+A)b^2-4cx\left(-\frac{3Bx}{2}+A\right)b-8Ac^2x^2\right)}{3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}x b^3}$	49
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-8Ac^2x^2+6x^2Bbc-4Abcx+3xBb^2+b^2A)}{3b^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	58
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-8Ac^2x^2+6x^2Bbc-4Abcx+3xBb^2+b^2A)}{3b^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	58
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-5Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3b^3x\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{2c(Ac-Bb)x}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^3}$	62
trager	$-\frac{2(-8Ac^2x^2+6x^2Bbc-4Abcx+3xBb^2+b^2A)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3(cx+b)b^3x^2}$	63
default	$-\frac{2B(2cx+b)}{b^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + A\left(-\frac{2}{3bx\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{8c(2cx+b)}{3b^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)$	70

```
input int((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((3*B*x+A)*b^2-4*c*x*(-3/2*B*x+A)*b-8*A*c^2*x^2)/x/b^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab^2 + 2(3Bbc - 4Ac^2)x^2 + (3Bb^2 - 4Abc)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3(b^3cx^3 + b^4x^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/3*(A*b^2 + 2*(3*B*b*c - 4*A*c^2)*x^2 + (3*B*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^3*c*x^3 + b^4*x^2)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x(x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{4Bcx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^2}} + \frac{16Ac^2x}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^3}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb}} + \frac{8Ac}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^2}} - \frac{2A}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-4*B*c*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2) + 16/3*A*c^2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^3) -
2*B/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b) + 8/3*A*c/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2) - 2/3*A/(sqrt(
c*x^2 + b*x)*b*x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*x), x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (3Bb^2x + Ab^2 + 6Bbccx^2 - 4Abcx - 8Ac^2x^2)}{3b^3x^2(b + cx)}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
-(2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A*b^2 - 8*A*c^2*x^2 + 3*B*b^2*x + 6*B*b*c*x^2 - 4
*A*b*c*x))/(3*b^3*x^2*(b + c*x))
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{16\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}acx^2}{3} + 4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2x^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{x}ab^2}{3} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}abcx}{3} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}ac^2x^2}{3} - 2\sqrt{x}b^3x}{\sqrt{cx+b}b^3x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(-8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*c*x**2+6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**2*x**2-sqrt(x)*a*b**2+4*sqrt(x)*a*b*c*x+8*sqrt(x)*a*c**2*x**2-3*sqrt(x)*b**3*x-6*sqrt(x)*b**2*c*x**2))/(3*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**3*x**2)`

3.159 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1249
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1249
Rubi [A] (verified)	1250
Maple [A] (verified)	1251
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1252
Sympy [F]	1253
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1253
Giac [F]	1253
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1254
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1254

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{5bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2(5bB-6Ac)}{5b^2x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{8(5bB-6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{15b^3x^2} + \frac{16c(5bB-6Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{15b^4x}$$

output

$$-2/5*A/b/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}+2/5*(-6*A*c+5*B*b)/b^2/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}-8/15*(-6*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/b^3/x^2+16/15*c*(-6*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/b^4/x$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(5bBx(b^2-4bcx-8c^2x^2)+3A(b^3-2b^2cx+8bc^2x^2+16c^3x^3))}{15b^4x^2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(5*b*B*x*(b^2 - 4*b*c*x - 8*c^2*x^2) + 3*A*(b^3 - 2*b^2*c*x + 8*b*c^2*x^2 + 16*c^3*x^3)))/(15*b^4*x^2*sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(5bB - 6Ac) \int \frac{1}{x(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2A}{5bx^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(5bB - 6Ac) \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2}{3bx \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2A}{5bx^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1088 \\ & \frac{\left(\frac{8c(b+2cx)}{3b^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2}{3bx \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right) (5bB - 6Ac)}{5b} - \frac{2A}{5bx^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*A)/(5*b*x^2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((5*b*B - 6*A*c)*(-2/(3*b*x*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (8*c*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^3*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]))/(5*b)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1088

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b +
2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(\left(\frac{5Bx}{3}+A\right)b^3-2cx\left(\frac{10Bx}{3}+A\right)b^2+8c^2x^2\left(-\frac{5Bx}{3}+A\right)b+16Ac^3x^3\right)}{5\sqrt{x(cx+b)}x^2b^4}$	66
gosper	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(48Ac^3x^3-40x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-20x^2Bb^2c-6Ab^2cx+5xBb^3+3Ab^3)}{15xb^4(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	86
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(48Ac^3x^3-40x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-20x^2Bb^2c-6Ab^2cx+5xBb^3+3Ab^3)}{15xb^4(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	86
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(33Ac^2x^2-25x^2Bbc-9Abcx+5xBb^2+3b^2A)}{15b^4x^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{2c^2(Ac-Bb)x}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^4}$	87
trager	$-\frac{2(48Ac^3x^3-40x^3Bbc^2+24Abc^2x^2-20x^2Bb^2c-6Ab^2cx+5xBb^3+3Ab^3)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15(cx+b)b^4x^3}$	88
default	$A\left(-\frac{2}{5bx^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{6c\left(-\frac{2}{3bx\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{8c(2cx+b)}{3b^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)}{5b}\right) + B\left(-\frac{2}{3bx\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{8c(2cx+b)}{3b^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)$	118

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/5/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((5/3*B*x+A)*b^3-2*c*x*(10/3*B*x+A)*b^2+8*c^2*x^2*(-5/3*B*x+A)*b+16*A*c^3*x^3)/x^2/b^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Ab^3-8(5Bbc^2-6Ac^3)x^3-4(5Bb^2c-6Abc^2)x^2+(5Bb^3-6Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15(b^4cx^4+b^5x^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/15*(3*A*b^3-8*(5*B*b*c^2-6*A*c^3)*x^3-4*(5*B*b^2*c-6*A*b*c^2)*x^2+(5*B*b^3-6*A*b^2*c)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x)/(b^4*c*x^4+b^5*x^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**2*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16 Bc^2x}{3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^3}} - \frac{32 Ac^3x}{5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^4}} + \frac{8 Bc}{3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^2}} - \frac{16 Ac^2}{5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^3}} - \frac{2 B}{3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxbx}} + \frac{4 Ac}{5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^2x}} - \frac{2 A}{5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxbx^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `16/3*B*c^2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^3) - 32/5*A*c^3*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^4) + 8/3*B*c/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2) - 16/5*A*c^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^3) - 2/3*B/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*x) + 4/5*A*c/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2*x) - 2/5*A/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*x^2)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (5Bb^3x + 3Ab^3 - 20Bb^2cx^2 - 6Ab^2cx - 40Bbc^2x^3 + 24Abc^2x^2 + 48Ac^3x^3)}{15b^4x^3(b + cx)}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `-(2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*A*b^3 + 48*A*c^3*x^3 + 5*B*b^3*x - 6*A*b^2*c*x + 24*A*b*c^2*x^2 - 20*B*b^2*c*x^2 - 40*B*b*c^2*x^3))/(15*b^4*x^3*(b + c*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{32\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+ba}c^2x^3}{5} - \frac{16\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+bb}b^2cx^3}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}ab^3}{5} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}ab^2cx}{5} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}abc^2x^2}{5} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}ac^3x^3}{5}}{\sqrt{cx + b}b^4x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(48*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x**3 - 40*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**3 + 6*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c*x - 24*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x**3 - 5*sqrt(x)*b**4*x + 20*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x**2 + 40*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**2*x**3))/(15*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x**3)`

3.160 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1255
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1255
Rubi [A] (verified)	1256
Maple [A] (verified)	1258
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1258
Sympy [F]	1259
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1259
Giac [F]	1260
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1260
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1261

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{7bx^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} + \frac{2(7bB - 8Ac)}{7b^2x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{12(7bB - 8Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{35b^3x^3} + \frac{16c(7bB - 8Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{35b^4x^2} - \frac{32c^2(7bB - 8Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{35b^5x}$$

output

```
-2/7*A/b/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+2/7*(-8*A*c+7*B*b)/b^2/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)
-12/35*(-8*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^3+16/35*c*(-8*A*c+7*B*b)*(c
*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^2-32/35*c^2*(-8*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(7bBx(b^3 - 2b^2cx + 8bc^2x^2 + 16c^3x^3) + A(5b^4 - 8b^3cx + 16b^2c^2x^2 - 64bc^3x^3 - 128c^4x^4))}{35b^5x^3\sqrt{x(b + cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(7*b*B*x*(b^3 - 2*b^2*c*x + 8*b*c^2*x^2 + 16*c^3*x^3) + A*(5*b^4 - 8*b^3*c*x + 16*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 64*b*c^3*x^3 - 128*c^4*x^4))/(35*b^5*x^3*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^2 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{6c \int \frac{1}{x (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{(7bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{6c \left(-\frac{4c \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2}{3bx \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx^2 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1088
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{6c\left(\frac{8c(b+2cx)}{3b^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2}{3bx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) (7bB - 8Ac)}{7b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(7*b*x^3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((7*b*B - 8*A*c)*(-2/(5*b*x^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (6*c*(-2/(3*b*x*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (8*c*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])))/(5*b)))/(7*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(\left(\frac{7Bx}{5}+A\right)b^4-\frac{8\left(\frac{7Bx}{4}+A\right)cx}{5}b^3+\frac{16c^2x^2\left(\frac{7Bx}{2}+A\right)b^2}{5}-\frac{64c^3\left(-\frac{7Bx}{4}+A\right)x^3b}{5}-\frac{128Ac^4x^4}{5}\right)}{7\sqrt{x(cx+b)}x^3b^5}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-128Ac^4x^4+112Bbc^3x^4-64Abc^3x^3+56Bb^2c^2x^3+16Ab^2c^2x^2-14Bb^3cx^2-8Ab^3cx+7Bb^4x+5Ab^4)}{35x^2b^5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-128Ac^4x^4+112Bbc^3x^4-64Abc^3x^3+56Bb^2c^2x^3+16Ab^2c^2x^2-14Bb^3cx^2-8Ab^3cx+7Bb^4x+5Ab^4)}{35x^2b^5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-93Ac^3x^3+77x^3Bbc^2+29Abc^2x^2-21x^2Bb^2c-13Ab^2cx+7xBb^3+5Ab^3)}{35b^5x^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}+\frac{2c^3(Ac-Bb)x}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b^5}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-128Ac^4x^4+112Bbc^3x^4-64Abc^3x^3+56Bb^2c^2x^3+16Ab^2c^2x^2-14Bb^3cx^2-8Ab^3cx+7Bb^4x+5Ab^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{35(cx+b)b^5x^4}$
default	$A\left(-\frac{2}{7bx^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}-\frac{8c\left(-\frac{2}{5bx^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}-\frac{6c\left(-\frac{2}{3bx\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}+\frac{8c(2cx+b)}{3b^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)}{5b}\right)}{7b}\right)+B\left(-\frac{2}{5bx^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}-\right.$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-\frac{2}{7}*\left(\frac{7}{5}*B*x+A\right)*b^4-\frac{8}{5}*\left(\frac{7}{4}*B*x+A\right)*c*x*b^3+\frac{16}{5}*c^2*x^2*\left(\frac{7}{2}*B*x+A\right)*b^2-\frac{64}{5}*c^3*\left(-\frac{7}{4}*B*x+A\right)*x^3*b-\frac{128}{5}*A*c^4*x^4/\left(x*(c*x+b)\right)^(1/2)/x^3/b^5$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(5Ab^4+16(7Bbc^3-8Ac^4)x^4+8(7Bb^2c^2-8Abc^3)x^3-2(7Bb^3c-8Ab^2c^2)x^2+(7Bb^4-8Ab^3c)x}{35(b^5cx^5+b^6x^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/35*(5*A*b^4 + 16*(7*B*b*c^3 - 8*A*c^4)*x^4 + 8*(7*B*b^2*c^2 - 8*A*b*c^3)
)*x^3 - 2*(7*B*b^3*c - 8*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + (7*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x)/(b^5*c*x^5 + b^6*x^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**3*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = & -\frac{32 Bc^3 x}{5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^4}} + \frac{256 Ac^4 x}{35 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^5}} \\ & - \frac{16 Bc^2}{5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^3}} + \frac{128 Ac^3}{35 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^4}} + \frac{4 Bc}{5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^2 x}} - \frac{32 Ac^2}{35 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^3 x}} \\ & - \frac{2 B}{5 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxbx^2}} + \frac{16 Ac}{35 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^2 x^2}} - \frac{2 A}{7 \sqrt{cx^2 + bxbx^3}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-32/5*B*c^3*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^4) + 256/35*A*c^4*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*
b^5) - 16/5*B*c^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^3) + 128/35*A*c^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)
)*b^4) + 4/5*B*c/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2*x) - 32/35*A*c^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)
)*b^3*x) - 2/5*B/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*x^2) + 16/35*A*c/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*
b^2*x^2) - 2/7*A/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*x^3)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(14 B b^2 - 26 A b c) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{35 b^4 x^3} - \frac{2 A \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{7 b^2 x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(x \left(\frac{116 A c^4 - 84 B b c^3}{35 b^5} - \frac{4 c^3 (93 A c - 77 B b)}{35 b^5} \right) - \frac{2 c^2 (93 A c - 77 B b)}{35 b^4} \right)}{x (b + cx)} - \frac{2 c \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (29 A c - 21 B b)}{35 b^4 x^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `- ((14*B*b^2 - 26*A*b*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*b^4*x^3) - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*b^2*x^4) - ((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(x*((116*A*c^4 - 84*B*b*c^3)/(35*b^5) - (4*c^3*(93*A*c - 77*B*b))/(35*b^5)) - (2*c^2*(93*A*c - 77*B*b))/(35*b^4)))/(x*(b + c*x)) - (2*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(29*A*c - 21*B*b))/(35*b^4*x^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{256\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x^4}{35} + \frac{32\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^2x^4}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}ab^4}{7} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}ab^3cx}{35} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}ab^2c^2x^2}{35} + \frac{128\sqrt{x}ab}{35}}{\sqrt{cx+b}b^5x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(-128*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*c**3*x**4 + 112*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - 5*sqrt(x)*a*b**4 + 8*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c*x - 16*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 128*sqrt(x)*a*c**4*x**4 - 7*sqrt(x)*b**5*x + 14*sqrt(x)*b**4*c*x**2 - 56*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 112*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**3*x**4))/(35*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**5*x**4)`

3.161 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1262
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1263
Rubi [A] (verified)	1263
Maple [A] (verified)	1265
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1266
Sympy [F]	1267
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1267
Giac [F]	1268
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1268
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1269

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{9bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2(9bB-10Ac)}{9b^2x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{16(9bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{63b^3x^4} + \frac{32c(9bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{105b^4x^3} - \frac{128c^2(9bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{315b^5x^2} + \frac{256c^3(9bB-10Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{315b^6x}$$

output

```
-2/9*A/b/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+2/9*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)/b^2/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-16/63*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^4+32/105*c*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^3-128/315*c^2*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x^2+256/315*c^3*(-10*A*c+9*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^6/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(9bBx(5b^4 - 8b^3cx + 16b^2c^2x^2 - 64bc^3x^3 - 128c^4x^4) + 5A(7b^5 - 10b^4cx + 16b^3c^2x^2 - 32b^2c^3x^3 + 128bc^4x^4 + 256c^5x^5))}{315b^6x^4\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(9*b*B*x*(5*b^4 - 8*b^3*c*x + 16*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 64*b*c^3*x^3 - 128*c^4*x^4) + 5*A*(7*b^5 - 10*b^4*c*x + 16*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 32*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 128*b*c^4*x^4 + 256*c^5*x^5)))/(315*b^6*x^4*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1129, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(9bB - 10Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^3 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{9b} - \frac{2A}{9bx^4 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(9bB - 10Ac) \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{1}{x^2 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2}{7bx^3 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2A}{9bx^4 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(9bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{6c \int \frac{1}{x(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2}{7bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2A}{9bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{(9bB - 10Ac) \left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{6c \left(\frac{4c \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2}{3bx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2}{7bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2A}{9bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1088 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{8c \left(\frac{6c \left(\frac{8c(b+2cx)}{3b^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2}{3bx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2}{7bx^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) (9bB - 10Ac)}{9b} - \frac{2A}{9bx^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(9*b*x^4*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((9*b*B - 10*A*c)*(-2/(7*b*x^3*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (8*c*(-2/(5*b*x^2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (6*c*(-2/(3*b*x*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (8*c*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^3*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])))/(5*b)))/(7*b)))/(9*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1088

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b +
2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-90Bx-70A)b^5+100c\left(\frac{36Bx}{25}+A\right)x b^4-160c^2x^2\left(\frac{9Bx}{5}+A\right)b^3+320c^3x^3\left(\frac{18Bx}{5}+A\right)b^2-1280c^4x^4\left(-\frac{9Bx}{5}+A\right)b-2560Ac^5x^5}{315\sqrt{x(cx+b)}x^4b^6}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(1280Ac^5x^5-1152Bbc^4x^5+640Abc^4x^4-576Bb^2c^3x^4-160Ab^2c^3x^3+144Bb^3c^2x^3+80Ab^3c^2x^2-72Bb^4cx^2-50Ab^4c^2x^2)}{315x^3b^6(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(1280Ac^5x^5-1152Bbc^4x^5+640Abc^4x^4-576Bb^2c^3x^4-160Ab^2c^3x^3+144Bb^3c^2x^3+80Ab^3c^2x^2-72Bb^4cx^2-50Ab^4c^2x^2)}{315x^3b^6(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(965Ac^4x^4-837Bbc^3x^4-325Abc^3x^3+261Bb^2c^2x^3+165Ab^2c^2x^2-117Bb^3cx^2-85Ab^3cx+45Bb^4x+35Ab^4c^2)}{315b^6x^4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
trager	$\frac{2(1280Ac^5x^5-1152Bbc^4x^5+640Abc^4x^4-576Bb^2c^3x^4-160Ab^2c^3x^3+144Bb^3c^2x^3+80Ab^3c^2x^2-72Bb^4cx^2-50Ab^4c^2x^2)}{315(cx+b)b^6x^5}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2}{9bx^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{10c \left(-\frac{2}{7bx^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{8c \left(-\frac{2}{5bx^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \frac{6c \left(-\frac{2}{3bx\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} + \frac{8c(2cx+b)}{5b \cdot 3b^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right)}{7b} \right)}{9b} \right)}{9b} \right) + B$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/315*((-90*B*x-70*A)*b^5+100*c*(36/25*B*x+A)*x*b^4-160*c^2*x^2*(9/5*B*x+A)*b^3+320*c^3*x^3*(18/5*B*x+A)*b^2-1280*c^4*x^4*(-9/5*B*x+A)*b-2560*A*c^5*x^5)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x^4/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Ab^5 - 128(9Bbc^4 - 10Ac^5)x^5 - 64(9Bb^2c^3 - 10Abc^4)x^4 + 16(9Bb^3c^2 - 10Ab^2c^3)x^3 - 8(9Bb^4c^2 - 10Ab^4c^2)x^2 + 16(9Bb^4c^2 - 10Ab^4c^2)x - 8(9Bb^4c^2 - 10Ab^4c^2)}{315(b^6cx^6 + b^7x^5)}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(35*A*b^5 - 128*(9*B*b*c^4 - 10*A*c^5)*x^5 - 64*(9*B*b^2*c^3 - 10*A
*b*c^4)*x^4 + 16*(9*B*b^3*c^2 - 10*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 - 8*(9*B*b^4*c - 10*A*b^
3*c^2)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^6*c*x^6 + b^
7*x^5)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**4*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = & \frac{256 Bc^4 x}{35 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^5} - \frac{512 Ac^5 x}{63 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^6} + \frac{128 Bc^3}{35 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^4} \\ & - \frac{256 Ac^4}{63 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^5} - \frac{32 Bc^2}{35 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^3} + \frac{64 Ac^3}{63 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^4} + \frac{16 Bc}{35 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^2} \\ & - \frac{32 Ac^2}{63 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^2} - \frac{2 B}{7 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^3} + \frac{20 Ac}{63 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^3} - \frac{2 A}{9 \sqrt{cx^2 + b} x^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
256/35*B*c^4*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^5) - 512/63*A*c^5*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)
*b^6) + 128/35*B*c^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^4) - 256/63*A*c^4/(sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x)*b^5) - 32/35*B*c^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^3*x) + 64/63*A*c^3/(sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x)*b^4*x) + 16/35*B*c/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2*x^2) - 32/63*A*c^2/(sqr
t(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^3*x^2) - 2/7*B/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*x^3) + 20/63*A*c/(sqr
t(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2*x^3) - 2/9*A/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*x^4)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(x \left(\frac{1300Ac^5 - 1044Bbc^4}{315b^6} - \frac{4c^4(965Ac - 837Bb)}{315b^6} \right) - \frac{2c^3(965Ac - 837Bb)}{315b^5} \right)}{x(b + cx)} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{9b^2x^5} - \frac{(18Bb^2 - 34Abc)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{63b^4x^4} - \frac{2c\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(55Ac - 39Bb)}{105b^4x^3} + \frac{2c^2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(325Ac - 261Bb)}{315b^5x^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(x*((1300*A*c^5 - 1044*B*b*c^4)/(315*b^6) - (4*c^4*(965*A*c - 837*B*b))/(315*b^6)) - (2*c^3*(965*A*c - 837*B*b))/(315*b^5)))/(x*(b + c*x)) - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9*b^2*x^5) - ((18*B*b^2 - 34*A*b*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(63*b^4*x^4) - (2*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(55*A*c - 39*B*b))/(105*b^4*x^3) + (2*c^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(325*A*c - 261*B*b))/(315*b^5*x^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{512\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^4x^5}{63} - \frac{256\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+bb^2c^3x^5}}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}ab^5}{9} + \frac{20\sqrt{x}ab^4cx}{63} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}ab^3c^2x^2}{63} + \frac{64\sqrt{x}ab^2c^3x^3}{63} + \frac{64\sqrt{x}ab^2c^3x^3}{63}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(1280*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**5 - 1152*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*
*2*c**3*x**5 - 35*sqrt(x)*a*b**5 + 50*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*c*x - 80*sqrt(x)*a*b*
*3*c**2*x**2 + 160*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 - 640*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 -
1280*sqrt(x)*a*c**5*x**5 - 45*sqrt(x)*b**6*x + 72*sqrt(x)*b**5*c*x**2 - 14
4*sqrt(x)*b**4*c**2*x**3 + 576*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**3*x**4 + 1152*sqrt(x)*b**2*
c**4*x**5))/(315*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x**5)`

3.162 $\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1270
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1270
Rubi [A] (verified)	1271
Maple [A] (verified)	1274
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1276
Sympy [F]	1277
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1277
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1278
Mupad [F(-1)]	1279
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1279

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB-Ac)x^4}{3c^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(8bB-5Ac)x^2}{3c^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{5(7bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4c^4} + \frac{Bx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2c^3} + \frac{5b(7bB-4Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{4c^{9/2}}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}*(-A*c+B*b)*x^4/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2/3*(-5*A*c+8*B*b)*x^2/c^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-5/4*(-4*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4+1/2*B*x*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3+5/4*b*(-4*A*c+7*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(\sqrt{cx}(-105b^3B+bc^2x(80A-21Bx))+20b^2c(3A-7Bx)+6c^3x^2(2A+Bx)\right)+1}{12c^{9/2}(x$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(x^5*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2),x]$$

output

```
(x*(Sqrt[c]*x*(-105*b^3*B + b*c^2*x*(80*A - 21*B*x) + 20*b^2*c*(3*A - 7*B*x) + 6*c^3*x^2*(2*A + B*x)) + 120*A*b*c*Sqrt[x]*(b + c*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[b + c*x])] + 210*b^2*B*Sqrt[x]*(b + c*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[b + c*x])]))/(12*c^(9/2)*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1218, 1124, 2192, 27, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4A}{b} - \frac{7B}{c} \right) \int \frac{x^4}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2x^5(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1124$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4A}{b} - \frac{7B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{b^2 - cxb + c^2x^2}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{c^3} - \frac{2b^2x}{c^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right) - \frac{2x^5(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2192$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4A}{b} - \frac{7B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{bc(4b - 7cx)}{2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{c^3} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}cx\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2b^2x}{c^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right) - \frac{2x^5(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4A}{b} - \frac{7B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{4b - 7cx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{1}{2}cx\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2b^2x}{c^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right) - \frac{2x^5(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4A}{b} - \frac{7B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{15}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - 7\sqrt{bx+cx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2b^2x}{c^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2x^5(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1091} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4A}{b} - \frac{7B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left(15b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - 7\sqrt{bx+cx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2b^2x}{c^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2x^5(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4A}{b} - \frac{7B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{15b \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 7\sqrt{bx+cx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cx\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{2b^2x}{c^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2x^5(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^5)/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - (((4*A)/b - (7*B)/c)*((-2*b^2*x)/(c^3*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((c*x*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/2 + (b*(-7*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2] + (15*b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/sqrt[c]))/4)/c^3))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1091 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1124 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)} / ((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(3/2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-2)}*(d + e*x)/(c^{(m-1)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x] + \text{Simp}[e^2/c^{(m-1)} \text{ Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-1)} - c^{(m-1)}*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}]/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*c*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 1218 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(c*(p+1)*(2*c*d - b*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p+1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p+1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 2192

```

Int[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q =
Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b
*e*(q + p)*x^(q - 1) - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !LeQ[p, -1]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$5 \left(-x \left(-\frac{7Bx}{3} + A \right) b^2 c^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{4x^2 b \left(-\frac{21Bx}{80} + A \right) c^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3} - \frac{\left(\frac{Bx}{2} + A \right) x^3 c^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5} + \left(\frac{7B\sqrt{c} b^2 x}{4} + (cx+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \right) \sqrt{x(cx+b)} c^{\frac{9}{2}} (cx+b)$
risch	$\frac{(2Bcx+4Ac-11Bb)x(cx+b)}{4c^4 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{b \left(20A\sqrt{c} \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right) - \frac{35Bb \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{16(3Ac-4Bb)\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)^2}}{c\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)} \right)}{8c^4}$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-5*(-x*(-7/3*B*x+A)*b^2*c^{3/2}-4/3*x^2*b*(-21/80*B*x+A)*c^{5/2}-1/5*(1/2*B*x+A)*x^3*c^{7/2}+(7/4*B*c^{1/2}*b^2*x+(c*x+b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}/x/c^{1/2}))*x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}*(A*c-7/4*B*b))*b/(x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}/c^{9/2}/(c*x+b)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7Bb^4 - 4Ab^3c + (7Bb^2c^2 - 4Abc^3)x^2 + 2(7Bb^3c - 4Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + bx})}{12(c^7x^2 + 2bc^6x + b^2c^5)} - \frac{15(7Bb^4 - 4Ab^3c + (7Bb^2c^2 - 4Abc^3)x^2 + 2(7Bb^3c - 4Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) - (6Bc^4x^3 - 105B^2b^3c^2 + 60A^2b^2c^2 - 3(7B^2b^3c^3 - 4A^2c^4))x^2 - 20(7B^2b^2c^2 - 4A^2b^3c^3)x\sqrt{c^2x^2 + bx}}{12(c^7x^2 + 2bc^6x + b^2c^5)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{24}*(15*(7*B*b^4 - 4*A*b^3*c + (7*B*b^2*c^2 - 4*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*b^3*c - 4*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{c}*\log(2*c*x + b - 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{c}) - 2*(6*B*c^4*x^3 - 105*B*b^3*c + 60*A*b^2*c^2 - 3*(7*B*b^3*c^3 - 4*A*c^4))*x^2 - 20*(7*B*b^2*c^2 - 4*A*b*c^3)*x)*\sqrt{c^2*x^2 + b*x})/(c^7*x^2 + 2*b*c^6*x + b^2*c^5), -\frac{1}{12}*(15*(7*B*b^4 - 4*A*b^3*c + (7*B*b^2*c^2 - 4*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*b^3*c - 4*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{-c}*\arctan(\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{-c}/(c*x + b)) - (6*B*c^4*x^3 - 105*B*b^3*c + 60*A*b^2*c^2 - 3*(7*B*b^3*c^3 - 4*A*c^4))*x^2 - 20*(7*B*b^2*c^2 - 4*A*b*c^3)*x)*\sqrt{c^2*x^2 + b*x})/(c^7*x^2 + 2*b*c^6*x + b^2*c^5) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs. 2(131) = 262.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{Bx^5}{2(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} \\ &- \frac{35Bb^2x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} + \frac{bx}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c^2} - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}bc} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^2} \right)}{24c^2} \\ &+ \frac{5Abx \left(\frac{3x^2}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} + \frac{bx}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c^2} - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}bc} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^2} \right)}{6c} \\ &- \frac{7Bbx^4}{4(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c^2} + \frac{Ax^4}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} - \frac{35Bb^2x}{6\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^4} \\ &+ \frac{10Abx}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^3} + \frac{35Bb^2 \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{8c^{9/2}} \\ &- \frac{5Ab \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{2c^{7/2}} - \frac{35\sqrt{cx^2+bx}Bb}{12c^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}A}{3c^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*B*x^5/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) - 35/24*B*b^2*x*(3*x^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3
/2)*c) + b*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c^2) - 2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*c) - 1/(
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2))/c^2 + 5/6*A*b*x*(3*x^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) + b
*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c^2) - 2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*c) - 1/(sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x)*c^2))/c - 7/4*B*b*x^4/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c^2) + A*x^4/((c*x^2 +
b*x)^(3/2)*c) - 35/6*B*b^2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^4) + 10/3*A*b*x/(sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x)*c^3) + 35/8*B*b^2*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/
c^(9/2) - 5/2*A*b*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) - 3
5/12*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b/c^4 + 5/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/c^3

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} \left(\frac{2Bx}{c^3} - \frac{11Bbc^7-4Ac^8}{c^{11}} \right) - \frac{5(7Bb^2-4Abc) \log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c+b}|)}{8c^{9/2}} - \frac{2 \left(12(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^2 Bb^3c - 9(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^2 Ab^2c^2 + 21(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx}) Bb^4\sqrt{c} - 15(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^3 c^{9/2} \right)}{3((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c+b})^3 c^{9/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(2*B*x/c^3 - (11*B*b*c^7 - 4*A*c^8)/c^11) - 5/8*(7*B
*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^
(9/2) - 2/3*(12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^3*c - 9*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b^2*c^2 + 21*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*B*b^4
*sqrt(c) - 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^3*c^(3/2) + 10*B*b^5 - 7
*A*b^4*c)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)^3*c^(9/2))

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((x^5*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{x^5(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-480\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)ab^2c - 480\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abc^2x}{1}$$

input `int(x^5*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(- 480*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b)) * a*b**2*c - 480*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b)) * a*b*c**2*x + 840*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b)) * b**4 + 840*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b)) * b**3*c*x - 80*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x) * a*b**2*c - 80*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x) * a*b*c**2*x + 175*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x) * b**4 + 175*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x) * b**3*c*x + 480*sqrt(x) * a*b**2*c**2 + 640*sqrt(x) * a*b*c**3*x + 96*sqrt(x) * a*c**4*x**2 - 840*sqrt(x) * b**4*c - 1120*sqrt(x) * b**3*c**2*x - 168*sqrt(x) * b**2*c**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x) * b*c**4*x**3)/(96*sqrt(b + c*x) * c**5 * (b + c*x))`

3.163 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1280
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1280
Rubi [A] (verified)	1281
Maple [A] (verified)	1283
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1285
Sympy [F]	1285
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1286
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1287
Mupad [F(-1)]	1287
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1288

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB - Ac)x^3}{3c^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2bB - Ac)x}{c^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^3} - \frac{(5bB - 2Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(-A*c+B*b)*x^3/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2*(-A*c+2*B*b)*x/c^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3-(-2*A*c+5*B*b)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^{5/2}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(15b^2B+c^2x(-8A+3Bx))+b(-6Ac+20Bcx))+6(-5bB+...)}{3c^{7/2}(x(b+cx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{5/2}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}(b+cx)(15b^2B+c^2x(-8A+3Bx))+b(-6Ac+20Bcx))+6(-5bB+2Ac)(b+cx)^{5/2}\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{b+cx}}])}{(3c^{7/2}(x(b+cx))^{5/2})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1218, 1124, 25, 1160, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1218 \\ & -\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2A}{b}-\frac{5B}{c}\right) \int \frac{x^3}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2x^4(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1124 \\ & -\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2A}{b}-\frac{5B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\int -\frac{b-cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{2bx}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) - \frac{2x^4(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & -\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2A}{b}-\frac{5B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2bx}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{b-cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c^2} \right) - \frac{2x^4(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\ & -\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2A}{b}-\frac{5B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2bx}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2} \right) - \frac{2x^4(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1091 \\ & -\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2A}{b}-\frac{5B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2bx}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{3b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} - \sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2} \right) - \frac{2x^4(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2A}{b} - \frac{5B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2bx}{c^2 \sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) - \sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2} \right) - \frac{2x^4(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^4)/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - (((2*A)/b - (5*B)/c)*((2*b*x)/(c^2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (-sqrt[b*x + c*x^2] + (3*b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/sqrt[c])/c^2))/3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1124 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*((d + e*x)/(c^(m - 1)*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[e^2/c^(m - 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1) - c^(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1218

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (
c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((
a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*
d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] I
nt[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-6xb\left(-\frac{10Bx}{3}+A\right)c^{\frac{3}{2}}-8\left(-\frac{3Bx}{8}+A\right)x^2c^{\frac{5}{2}}+15B\sqrt{c}b^2x+6(cx+b)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(-\frac{5Bb}{2}+Ac\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(3cx+3b)}$
risch	$\frac{Bx(cx+b)}{c^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{c}\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)-\frac{5Bb\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{4(2Ac-3Bb)\sqrt{c\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)^2-\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)b}}{c\left(\frac{b}{c}+x\right)}+\frac{2b^2(Ac-Bb)}{2c^3}}$
default	$A \frac{x^3}{3c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b}{c} \frac{x^2}{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b}{2c} \frac{x}{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b}{4c} \left(-\frac{1}{3c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b\left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)}{2c} \right)$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{6/c^{7/2}*(-x*b*(-10/3*B*x+A)*c^{3/2}-4/3*(-3/8*B*x+A)*x^2*c^{5/2}+5/2*B*c^{1/2}*b^2*x+(c*x+b)*(x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}*(-5/2*B*b+A*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}/x/c^{1/2}))}{(x*(c*x+b))^{1/2}/(3*c*x+3*b)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Bb^3 - 2Ab^2c + (5Bbc^2 - 2Ac^3)x^2 + 2(5Bb^2c - 2Abc^2)x)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b - 6(c^6x^2 + \dots))}{6(c^6x^2 + \dots)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{6} * (3 * (5 * B * b^3 - 2 * A * b^2 * c + (5 * B * b * c^2 - 2 * A * c^3) * x^2 + 2 * (5 * B * b^2 * c - 2 * A * b * c^2) * x) * \sqrt{c} * \log(2 * c * x + b + 2 * \sqrt{c * x^2 + b * x} * \sqrt{c}) - 2 * (3 * B * c^3 * x^2 + 15 * B * b^2 * c - 6 * A * b * c^2 + 4 * (5 * B * b * c^2 - 2 * A * c^3) * x) * \sqrt{c * x^2 + b * x}) / (c^6 * x^2 + 2 * b * c^5 * x + b^2 * c^4), \frac{1}{3} * (3 * (5 * B * b^3 - 2 * A * b^2 * c + (5 * B * b * c^2 - 2 * A * c^3) * x^2 + 2 * (5 * B * b^2 * c - 2 * A * b * c^2) * x) * \sqrt{-c} * \arctan(\sqrt{c * x^2 + b * x} * \sqrt{-c} / (c * x + b)) + (3 * B * c^3 * x^2 + 15 * B * b^2 * c - 6 * A * b * c^2 + 4 * (5 * B * b * c^2 - 2 * A * c^3) * x) * \sqrt{c * x^2 + b * x}) / (c^6 * x^2 + 2 * b * c^5 * x + b^2 * c^4) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 310 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}Ax \left(\frac{3x^2}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} + \frac{bx}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c^2} - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}bc} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{5Bbx \left(\frac{3x^2}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} + \frac{bx}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c^2} - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}bc} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^2} \right)}{6c} + \frac{Bx^4}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c}$$

$$+ \frac{10Bbx}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^3} - \frac{4Ax}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^2} - \frac{5Bb \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{2c^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{A \log(2cx+b+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{c})}{c^{5/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}B}{3c^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}A}{3bc^2}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/3*A*x*(3*x^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) + b*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c^2) -
2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*c) - 1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2)) + 5/6*B*b*x*(3*x^
2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) + b*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c^2) - 2*x/(sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x)*b*c) - 1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2))/c + B*x^4/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*
c) + 10/3*B*b*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^3) - 4/3*A*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2)
- 5/2*B*b*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(7/2) + A*log(2*c
*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) + 5/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/c^
3 - 2/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A/(b*c^2)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 217 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}B}{c^3} + \frac{(5Bb-2Ac)\log(|2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c+b}|)}{2c^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(9(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^2Bb^2c-6(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})^2Abc^2+15(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})Bb^3\sqrt{c}-9(\sqrt{cx}+\right.}{3\left.((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c+b})^3c^{7/2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/c^3 + 1/2*(5*B*b - 2*A*c)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(7/2) + 2/3*(9*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b^2*c - 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*b*c^2 + 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*B*b^3*sqrt(c) - 9*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b^2*c^(3/2) + 7*B*b^4 - 4*A*b^3*c)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)^3*c^(7/2))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) abc + 12\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^2 x - 30\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^2 x - 30\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a c^2 x}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*a
*b*c + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt
(b))*a*c**2*x - 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt
(c))/sqrt(b))*b**3 - 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)
*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x - 5*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3 - 5*sqrt(c)*sqr
t(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x - 12*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**2 - 16*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x + 30*sqrt(
x)*b**3*c + 40*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**2*x + 6*sqrt(x)*b*c**3*x**2)/(6*sqrt(b + c*
x)*c**4*(b + c*x))
```

3.164 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1289
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1289
Rubi [A] (verified)	1290
Maple [A] (verified)	1292
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1293
Sympy [F]	1293
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1294
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1294
Mupad [F(-1)]	1295
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1295

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bB-Ac)x^3}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2Bx}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-A*c+B*b)*x^3/b/c/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)-2*B*x/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+2*B*
arctanh(c^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2x(\sqrt{cx}(3b^2B+4bBcx-Ac^2x)+3bB\sqrt{x}(b+cx)^{3/2}\log(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{b+cx}))}{3bc^{5/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*x*(Sqrt[c]*x*(3*b^2*B + 4*b*B*c*x - A*c^2*x) + 3*b*B*Sqrt[x]*(b + c*x)
^(3/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[b + c*x]]))/(3*b*c^(5/2)*(x*(b + c*x)
)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1218, 1124, 1091, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1218} \\
 & \frac{B \int \frac{x^2}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{c} - \frac{2x^3(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1124} \\
 & \frac{B \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{c} - \frac{2x}{c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{c} - \frac{2x^3(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1091} \\
 & \frac{B \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+bx}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}}{c} - \frac{2x}{c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{c} - \frac{2x^3(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{B \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{2x}{c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{c} - \frac{2x^3(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^3)/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (B*((-2*x)/(c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])) + (2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]])/c^(3/2))/c`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1091 `Int[1/Sqrt[(b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(1 - c*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c}, x]`

rule 1124 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*((d + e*x)/(c^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[e^2/c^(m - 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1) - c^(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{8B}{3}c^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2b + \frac{2A}{3}c^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2 + 2\left(-bx\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{x(cx+b)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right)(cx+b)\right)Bb}{c^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx+b)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}b}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{x^2}{c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \left(-\frac{x}{2c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{1}{3c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right)}{4c} \right)}{2c} \right) + B$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(-4/3*B*c^(3/2)*x^2*b+1/3*A*c^(5/2)*x^2+(-b*x*c^(1/2)+(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*
arctanh((x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x/c^(1/2))*(c*x+b))*B*b)/c^(5/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/
2)/(c*x+b)/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(Bbc^2x^2 + 2Bb^2cx + Bb^3)\sqrt{c} \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{c}) - 2(3Bb^2c + (4Bbc^2 - Ac^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3(bc^5x^2 + 2b^2c^4x + b^3c^3)} - \frac{2\left(3(Bbc^2x^2 + 2Bb^2cx + Bb^3)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-c}}{cx+b}\right) + (3Bb^2c + (4Bbc^2 - Ac^3)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\right)}{3(bc^5x^2 + 2b^2c^4x + b^3c^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/3*(3*(B*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*B*b^2*c*x + B*b^3)*sqrt(c)*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt
(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(3*B*b^2*c + (4*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x))/(b*c^5*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^4*x + b^3*c^3), -2/3*(3*(B*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*B*b^2
*c*x + B*b^3)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-c)/(c*x + b)) + (3*
B*b^2*c + (4*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))/(b*c^5*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^4
*x + b^3*c^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} Bx \left(\frac{3x^2}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}c} + \frac{bx}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}c^2} - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + b}bc} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + b}c^2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{Ax^2}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}c} - \frac{4Bx}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + b}c^2} - \frac{Abx}{3(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}c^2} + \frac{2Ax}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + b}bc}$$

$$+ \frac{B \log(2cx + b + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + b}\sqrt{c})}{c^{5/2}} + \frac{A}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + b}c^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + b}B}{3bc^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*B*x*(3*x^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) + b*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c^2) - 2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*c) - 1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2)) - A*x^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) - 4/3*B*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2) - 1/3*A*b*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c^2) + 2/3*A*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*c) + B*log(2*c*x + b + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(c))/c^(5/2) + 1/3*A/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2) - 2/3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B/(b*c^2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{B \log(|2(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b|)}{c^{5/2}}$$

$$-\frac{2\left(6(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Bbc - 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})^2 Ac^2 + 9(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) Bb^2\sqrt{c} - 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}) Bc\right)}{3((\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx})\sqrt{c} + b)^3 c^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-B*log(abs(2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b))/c^(5/2) - 2/3*(6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*b*c - 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*A*c^2 + 9*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*B*b^2*sqrt(c) - 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*b*c^(3/2) + 4*B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)^3*c^(5/2))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2cx + \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}}{3}}{\sqrt{cx+b}bc^3(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b)) *b**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log((sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c))/sqrt(b)) *b**2*c*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2 *x + sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x - 3*sqrt(x)*b**3*c - 4*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**2*x))/(3*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**3*(b + c*x))`

$$3.165 \quad \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1296
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1296
Rubi [A] (verified)	1297
Maple [A] (verified)	1298
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1299
Sympy [F]	1300
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1300
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1301
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1301
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1301

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bB-Ac)x^2}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(bB+2Ac)x}{3b^2c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-A*c+B*b)*x^2/b/c/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2/3*(2*A*c+B*b)*x/b^2/c/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2(3Ab+bBx+2Acx)}{3b^2(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*x^2*(3*A*b + b*B*x + 2*A*c*x))/(3*b^2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1218, 1124, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$\frac{(2Ac + bB) \int \frac{x}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3bc} - \frac{2x^2(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1124$$

$$\frac{(2Ac + bB) \left(\int 0 dx + \frac{2x}{b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{3bc} - \frac{2x^2(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 24$$

$$\frac{2x(2Ac + bB)}{3b^2c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2x^2(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^2)/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(b*B + 2*A*c)*x)/(3*b^2*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 1124 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*((d + e*x)/(c^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[e^2/c^(m - 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1) - c^(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2x\left(\left(\frac{Bx}{3}+A\right)b+\frac{2Acx}{3}\right)}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)b^2}$
trager	$\frac{2(2Acx+Bbx+3Ab)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^2(cx+b)^2}$
gospers	$\frac{2x^3(cx+b)(2Acx+Bbx+3Ab)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2x^3(cx+b)(2Acx+Bbx+3Ab)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{x}{2c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{1}{3c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{4c} \right) + B \left(-\frac{x^2}{c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \dots \right)$

```
input int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*x*((1/3*B*x+A)*b+2/3*A*c*x)/(c*x+b)/b^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}(3Ab+(Bb+2Ac)x)}{3(b^2c^2x^2+2b^3cx+b^4)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output $2/3\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*(3*A*b + (B*b + 2*A*c)*x)/(b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*c*x + b^4)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{Bx^2}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} + \frac{4Ax}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}b^2} - \frac{Bbx}{3(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c^2}$$

$$- \frac{2Ax}{3(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} + \frac{2Bx}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}bc} + \frac{B}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}c^2} + \frac{2A}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}bc}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-B*x^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) + 4/3*A*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2) - 1/3*B*b*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c^2) - 2/3*A*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) + 2/3*B*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*c) + 1/3*B/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*c^2) + 2/3*A/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*c)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2+bx})^2 Bc + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2+bx}) Bb\sqrt{c} + 3(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2+bx}) \right)}{3 \left((\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2+bx})\sqrt{c} + b \right)^3 c^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))^2*B*c + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*B*b*sqrt(c) + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*A*c^(3/2) + B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(c) + b)^3*c^(3/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}(3Ab+2Acx+Bbx)}{3b^2(b+cx)^2}$$

input `int((x^2*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(b*x+c*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*A*b+2*A*c*x+B*b*x))/(3*b^2*(b+c*x)^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}abc}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2x}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+bb^3}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+bb^2cx}}{3} + 2\sqrt{x}abc^2 + \frac{4\sqrt{x}ac^3x}{3}}{\sqrt{cx+bb^2c^2}(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x +  
sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x + 3*sqrt(x)*a*  
b*c**2 + 2*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x + sqrt(x)*b**2*c**2*x))/(3*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*  
c**2*(b + c*x))
```

$$3.166 \quad \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1303
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1303
Rubi [A] (verified)	1304
Maple [A] (verified)	1305
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1306
Sympy [F]	1306
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1306
Giac [F]	1307
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1307
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1308

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ax}{b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(bB-4Ac)x^2}{3b^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(bB-4Ac)x}{3b^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*A*x/b/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2/3*(-4*A*c+B*b)*x^2/b^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+4/3*
(-4*A*c+B*b)*x/b^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(2bBx(3b+2cx) - 2A(3b^2 + 12bcx + 8c^2x^2))}{3b^3(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(2*b*B*x*(3*b + 2*c*x) - 2*A*(3*b^2 + 12*b*c*x + 8*c^2*x^2)))/(3*b^3*(x
*(b + c*x))^(3/2))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1218, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$-\frac{(bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3bc} - \frac{2x(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1088$$

$$\frac{2(b + 2cx)(bB - 4Ac)}{3b^3c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2x(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x)/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(b*B - 4*A*c)*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^3*c*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1218 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left((-Bx+A)b^2+4cx\left(-\frac{Bx}{6}+A\right)b+\frac{8Ac^2x^2}{3}\right)}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)b^3}$
gospers	$-\frac{2x^2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2-2x^2Bbc+12Abcx-3xBb^2+3b^2A)}{3b^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2x^2(cx+b)(8Ac^2x^2-2x^2Bbc+12Abcx-3xBb^2+3b^2A)}{3b^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(8Ac^2x^2-2x^2Bbc+12Abcx-3xBb^2+3b^2A)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^3(cx+b)^2x}$
risch	$-\frac{2A(cx+b)}{b^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{2(5Ac^2x-2Bbcx+6Abc-3Bb^2)x}{3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)b^3}$
default	$A\left(-\frac{1}{3c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{b\left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)}{2c}\right)+B\left(-\frac{x}{2c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{b\left(-\frac{1}{3c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{b}{3c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{2c}\right)$

```
input int(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*((-B*x+A)*b^2+4*c*x*(-1/6*B*x+A)*b+8/3*A*c^2*x^2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/(c*x+b)/b^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Ab^2 - 2(Bbc - 4Ac^2)x^2 - 3(Bb^2 - 4Abc)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3(b^3c^2x^3 + 2b^4cx^2 + b^5x)}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(3*A*b^2 - 2*(B*b*c - 4*A*c^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*b^2 - 4*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^3*c^2*x^3 + 2*b^4*c*x^2 + b^5*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4Bx}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}b^2} + \frac{2Ax}{3(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}b} - \frac{2Bx}{3(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}c} - \frac{16Acx}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}b^3} - \frac{8A}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}b^2} + \frac{2B}{3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}bc}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/3*B*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2) + 2/3*A*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b) - 2/3*B*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*c) - 16/3*A*c*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^3) - 8/3*A/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^2) + 2/3*B/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b*c)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x}{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*x/(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}(-3Bb^2x+3Ab^2-2Bbcx^2+12Abcx+8Ac^2x^2)}{3b^3x(b+cx)^2}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `-(2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*A*b^2 + 8*A*c^2*x^2 - 3*B*b^2*x - 2*B*b*c*x^2 + 12*A*b*c*x))/(3*b^3*x*(b + c*x)^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{16\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}abcx}{3} + \frac{16\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2x^2}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3x}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2cx^2}{3} - 2\sqrt{x}ab^2c - 8\sqrt{x}a}{\sqrt{cx+b}b^3cx(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x + 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**2 - 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c - 12*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**2*x - 8*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x*(b + c*x))`

3.167 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1309
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1309
Rubi [A] (verified)	1310
Maple [A] (verified)	1311
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1312
Sympy [F]	1312
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1312
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1313
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1313
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1314

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{3b(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(bB - 2Ac)x}{3b^2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8(bB - 2Ac)}{3b^3\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{16(bB - 2Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3b^4x}$$

output

$$-2/3*A/b/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2/3*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x/b^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+8/3*(-2*A*c+B*b)/b^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-16/3*(-2*A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bBx(3b^2 + 12bcx + 8c^2x^2) + A(b^3 - 6b^2cx - 24bc^2x^2 - 16c^3x^3))}{3b^4(x(b + cx))^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(b*B*x*(3*b^2 + 12*b*c*x + 8*c^2*x^2) + A*(b^3 - 6*b^2*c*x - 24*b*c^2*x^2 - 16*c^3*x^3)))/(3*b^4*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))}{}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1159, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1159

$$\frac{4(bB - 2Ac) \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b^2} - \frac{2(Ab - x(bB - 2Ac))}{3b^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1088

$$-\frac{8(b + 2cx)(bB - 2Ac)}{3b^4 \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2(Ab - x(bB - 2Ac))}{3b^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(A*b - (b*B - 2*A*c)*x))/(3*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - (8*(b*B - 2*A*c)*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^4*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])}{}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1159 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left((3Bx+A)b^3-6cx(-2Bx+A)b^2-24c^2x^2\left(-\frac{Bx}{3}+A\right)b-16Ac^3x^3\right)}{3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}x(cx+b)b^4}$	73
gospers	$-\frac{2x(cx+b)(-16Ac^3x^3+8x^3Bbc^2-24Abc^2x^2+12x^2Bb^2c-6Ab^2cx+3xBb^3+Ab^3)}{3b^4(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	83
orering	$-\frac{2x(cx+b)(-16Ac^3x^3+8x^3Bbc^2-24Abc^2x^2+12x^2Bb^2c-6Ab^2cx+3xBb^3+Ab^3)}{3b^4(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	83
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-8Acx+3Bbx+Ab)}{3b^4x\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{2c(8Ac^2x-5Bbcx+9Abc-6Bb^2)x}{3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)b^4}$	86
trager	$-\frac{2(-16Ac^3x^3+8x^3Bbc^2-24Abc^2x^2+12x^2Bb^2c-6Ab^2cx+3xBb^3+Ab^3)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3b^4x^2(cx+b)^2}$	87
default	$A\left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right) + B\left(-\frac{1}{3c(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b\left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)}{2c}\right)$	12

```
input int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*((3*B*x+A)*b^3-6*c*x*(-2*B*x+A)*b^2-24*c^2*x^2*(-1/3*B*x+A)*b-16*A*c^3*x^3)/x/(c*x+b)/b^4
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab^3 + 8(Bbc^2 - 2Ac^3)x^3 + 12(Bb^2c - 2Abc^2)x^2 + 3(Bb^3 - 2Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3(b^4c^2x^4 + 2b^5cx^3 + b^6x^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(A*b^3 + 8*(B*b*c^2 - 2*A*c^3)*x^3 + 12*(B*b^2*c - 2*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*b^3 - 2*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^4*c^2*x^4 + 2*b^5*c*x^3 + b^6*x^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{(x(b + cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx}{3(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}b} - \frac{16Bcx}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^3}} - \frac{4Acx}{3(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}b^2} + \frac{32Ac^2x}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^4}} - \frac{8B}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^2}} - \frac{2A}{3(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}b} + \frac{16Ac}{3\sqrt{cx^2 + bxb^3}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3}Bx/((cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}*b) - \frac{16}{3}B*c*x/(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}*b^3) - \frac{4}{3}A*c*x/((cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}*b^2) + \frac{32}{3}A*c^2*x/(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}*b^4) - \frac{8}{3}B/(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}*b^2) - \frac{2}{3}A/((cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}*b) + \frac{16}{3}A*c/(\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}*b^3)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \left(\left(4x \left(\frac{2(Bbc^2 - 2Ac^3)x}{b^4} + \frac{3(Bb^2c - 2Abc^2)}{b^4} \right) + \frac{3(Bb^3 - 2Ab^2c)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{A}{b} \right)}{3(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-\frac{2}{3} * \left(\frac{4*x*(2*(B*b*c^2 - 2*A*c^3)*x/b^4 + 3*(B*b^2*c - 2*A*b*c^2)/b^4) + 3*(B*b^3 - 2*A*b^2*c)/b^4}{(c*x^2 + b*x)^{3/2}} \right) * x + A/b$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^3x + Ab^3 + 12Bb^2cx^2 - 6Ab^2cx + 8Bb^2c^2x^3 - 24Ab^2c^2x^2 - 16Ac^3x^3)}{3b^4(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{-(2*(A*b^3 - 16*A*c^3*x^3 + 3*B*b^3*x - 6*A*b^2*c*x - 24*A*b*c^2*x^2 + 12*B*b^2*c*x^2 + 8*B*b*c^2*x^3))/(3*b^4*(b*x + c*x^2)^{3/2})}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{32\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}abcx^2}{3} - \frac{32\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^2x^3}{3} + \frac{16\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3x^2}{3} + \frac{16\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2cx^3}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}ab^3}{3} + 4\sqrt{cx+b}b^4x^2}{\sqrt{cx+b}b^4x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(-16*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*b*c*x**2 - 16*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b+c*x)*a*c*x**3 + 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**3*x**2 + 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**2*c*x**3 - sqrt(x)*a*b**3 + 6*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c*x + 24*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 16*sqrt(x)*a*c**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*b**4*x - 12*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**2*x**3))/(3*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**4*x**2*(b+c*x))`

3.168 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1315
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1315
Rubi [A] (verified)	1316
Maple [A] (verified)	1317
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1318
Sympy [F]	1319
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1319
Giac [F]	1320
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1320
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1320

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(5bB-8Ac)}{15b^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2A}{5bx(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(5bB-8Ac)}{5b^3x\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{16(5bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{15b^4x^2} + \frac{32c(5bB-8Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{15b^5x}$$

output

$2/15*(-8*A*c+5*B*b)/b^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)-2/5*A/b/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+4/5*(-8*A*c+5*B*b)/b^3/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-16/15*(-8*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^2+32/15*c*(-8*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(5bBx(b^3-6b^2cx-24bc^2x^2-16c^3x^3)+A(3b^4-8b^3cx+48b^2c^2x^2+192bc^3x^3+128c^4x^4))}{15b^5x(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(5*b*B*x*(b^3 - 6*b^2*c*x - 24*b*c^2*x^2 - 16*c^3*x^3) + A*(3*b^4 - 8*b^3*c*x + 48*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 192*b*c^3*x^3 + 128*c^4*x^4)))/(15*b^5*x*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1220, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(5bB - 8Ac) \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2A}{5bx(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1089$$

$$\frac{(5bB - 8Ac) \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b^2} - \frac{2(b+2cx)}{3b^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2A}{5bx(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1088$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{16c(b+2cx)}{3b^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2(b+2cx)}{3b^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) (5bB - 8Ac)}{5b} - \frac{2A}{5bx(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*A)/(5*b*x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((5*b*B - 8*A*c)*((-2*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (16*c*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^4*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]))}{(5*b)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1089 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[2*c*((2*p + 3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-10Bx-6A)b^4+16c\left(\frac{15Bx}{4}+A\right)x b^3-96c^2x^2\left(-\frac{5Bx}{2}+A\right)b^2-384\left(-\frac{5Bx}{12}+A\right)c^3x^3b-256A c^4x^4}{15\sqrt{x(cx+b)}x^2(cx+b)b^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(128A c^4x^4-80Bb c^3x^4+192Ab c^3x^3-120B b^2c^2x^3+48A b^2c^2x^2-30B b^3c x^2-8A b^3cx+5B b^4x+3A b^4)}{15b^5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(128A c^4x^4-80Bb c^3x^4+192Ab c^3x^3-120B b^2c^2x^3+48A b^2c^2x^2-30B b^3c x^2-8A b^3cx+5B b^4x+3A b^4)}{15b^5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)(73A c^2x^2-40x^2Bbc-14Abcx+5xB b^2+3b^2A)}{15b^5x^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{2c^2(11A c^2x-8Bbcx+12Abc-9B b^2)x}{3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)b^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(128A c^4x^4-80Bb c^3x^4+192Ab c^3x^3-120B b^2c^2x^3+48A b^2c^2x^2-30B b^3c x^2-8A b^3cx+5B b^4x+3A b^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15b^5(cx+b)^2x^3}$
default	$B\left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right) + A\left(-\frac{2}{5bx(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8c\left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}\right)}{5b}\right)$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{15} * \left((-10*B*x-6*A) * b^4 + 16*c * \left(\frac{15}{4} * B*x + A \right) * x * b^3 - 96*c^2 * x^2 * \left(-\frac{5}{2} * B*x + A \right) * b^2 - 384 * \left(-\frac{5}{12} * B*x + A \right) * c^3 * x^3 * b - 256 * A * c^4 * x^4 \right) / \left(x * (c*x+b) \right)^{(1/2)} / x^2 / (c*x+b) / b^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Ab^4 - 16(5Bbc^3 - 8Ac^4)x^4 - 24(5Bb^2c^2 - 8Abc^3)x^3 - 6(5Bb^3c - 8Ab^2c^2)x^2 + (5Bb^4 - 8Ab^3c))}{15(b^5c^2x^5 + 2b^6cx^4 + b^7x^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/15 * (3*A*b^4 - 16*(5*B*b*c^3 - 8*A*c^4) * x^4 - 24*(5*B*b^2*c^2 - 8*A*b*c^3) * x^3 - 6*(5*B*b^3*c - 8*A*b^2*c^2) * x^2 + (5*B*b^4 - 8*A*b^3*c) * x) * \text{sqrt}(c * x^2 + b*x) / (b^5 * c^2 * x^5 + 2 * b^6 * c * x^4 + b^7 * x^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x (x (b + cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x*(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{4 Bcx}{3 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^2} + \frac{32 Bc^2 x}{3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^4} \\ &+ \frac{32 Ac^2 x}{15 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^3} - \frac{256 Ac^3 x}{15 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^5} - \frac{2 B}{3 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b} + \frac{16 Bc}{3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^3} \\ &+ \frac{16 Ac}{15 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^2} - \frac{128 Ac^2}{15 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^4} - \frac{2 A}{5 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} bx} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4/3*B*c*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^2) + 32/3*B*c^2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^4) + 32/15*A*c^2*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^3) - 256/15*A*c^3*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^5) - 2/3*B/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b) + 16/3*B*c/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^3) + 16/15*A*c/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^2) - 128/15*A*c^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^4) - 2/5*A/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b*x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} x} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*x), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + b} (5Bb^4x + 3Ab^4 - 30Bb^3cx^2 - 8Ab^3cx - 120Bb^2c^2x^3 + 48Ab^2c^2x^2 - 80Bbc^3x^4 + 15b^5x^3(b + cx)^2)}{15b^5x^3(b + cx)^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `-(2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*A*b^4 + 128*A*c^4*x^4 + 5*B*b^4*x - 8*A*b^3*c*x + 192*A*b*c^3*x^3 - 30*B*b^3*c*x^2 - 80*B*b*c^3*x^4 + 48*A*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 120*B*b^2*c^2*x^3))/(15*b^5*x^3*(b + c*x)^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{256\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2x^3}{15} + \frac{256\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x^4}{15} - \frac{32\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3cx^3}{3} - \frac{32\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^2x^4}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}ab^4}{5} + \dots$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(128*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**3 + 128*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*
c**3*x**4 - 80*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x**3 - 80*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x
)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**4 + 8*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c*x - 48*sqrt(x)*a*
b**2*c**2*x**2 - 192*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 128*sqrt(x)*a*c**4*x**4 - 5*s
qrt(x)*b**5*x + 30*sqrt(x)*b**4*c*x**2 + 120*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 80*s
qrt(x)*b**2*c**3*x**4))/(15*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*x**3*(b + c*x))
```

3.169 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1322
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1323
Rubi [A] (verified)	1323
Maple [A] (verified)	1325
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1326
Sympy [F]	1326
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1327
Giac [F]	1327
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1328
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1328

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{7bx^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(7bB - 10Ac)}{21b^2x (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16(7bB - 10Ac)}{21b^3x^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{32(7bB - 10Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{35b^4x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{128c(7bB - 10Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{105b^5x^2} - \frac{256c^2(7bB - 10Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{105b^6x}$$

output

```
-2/7*A/b/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2/21*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)/b^2/x/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)
)+16/21*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)/b^3/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-32/35*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)*(c
*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^3+128/105*c*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x^
2-256/105*c^2*(-10*A*c+7*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^6/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(7bBx(3b^4 - 8b^3cx + 48b^2c^2x^2 + 192bc^3x^3 + 128c^4x^4) + 5A(3b^5 - 6b^4cx + 16b^3c^2x^2 - 96b^2c^3x^3 - 384bc^4x^4 - 256c^5x^5))}{105b^6x^2(x(b + cx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $(-2*(7*b*B*x*(3*b^4 - 8*b^3*c*x + 48*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 192*b*c^3*x^3 + 128*c^4*x^4) + 5*A*(3*b^5 - 6*b^4*c*x + 16*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 96*b^2*c^3*x^3 - 384*b*c^4*x^4 - 256*c^5*x^5)))/(105*b^6*x^2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(7bB - 10Ac) \int \frac{1}{x(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{(7bB - 10Ac) \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1089 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(7bB - 10Ac) \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b^2} - \frac{2(b+2cx)}{3b^2 (bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5bx(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}}{7b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^2 (bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1088} \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{8c \left(\frac{16c(b+2cx)}{3b^4 \sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2(b+2cx)}{3b^2 (bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) (7bB - 10Ac)}{7b} - \frac{2A}{7bx^2 (bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(7*b*x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((7*b*B - 10*A*c)*(-2/(5*b*x*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - (8*c*((-2*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (16*c*(b + 2*c*x))/(3*b^4*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])))/(5*b)))/(7*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1089 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[2*c*((2*p + 3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-42Bx-30A)b^5+60cx\left(\frac{28Bx}{15}+A\right)b^4-160c^2x^2\left(\frac{21Bx}{5}+A\right)b^3+960c^3\left(-\frac{14Bx}{5}+A\right)x^3b^2+3840c^4\left(-\frac{7Bx}{15}+A\right)x^4b+2560A^2c^5}{105\sqrt{x(cx+b)}x^3(cx+b)b^6}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-1280Ac^5x^5+896Bbc^4x^5-1920Abc^4x^4+1344Bb^2c^3x^4-480Ab^2c^3x^3+336Bb^3c^2x^3+80Ab^3c^2x^2-56Bb^4cx+16A^2c^2x^2)}{105xb^6(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-1280Ac^5x^5+896Bbc^4x^5-1920Abc^4x^4+1344Bb^2c^3x^4-480Ab^2c^3x^3+336Bb^3c^2x^3+80Ab^3c^2x^2-56Bb^4cx+16A^2c^2x^2)}{105xb^6(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-790Ac^3x^3+511x^3Bbc^2+185Abc^2x^2-98x^2Bb^2c-60Ab^2cx+21xBb^3+15Ab^3)}{105b^6x^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{2c^3(14Ac^2x-11Bbcx+16A^2c^2x^2)}{3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-1280Ac^5x^5+896Bbc^4x^5-1920Abc^4x^4+1344Bb^2c^3x^4-480Ab^2c^3x^3+336Bb^3c^2x^3+80Ab^3c^2x^2-56Bb^4cx+16A^2c^2x^2)}{105b^6(cx+b)^2x^4}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2}{7bx^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{10c \left(-\frac{2}{5bx(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8c \left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right) + B \left(-\frac{2}{5bx(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/105*((-42*B*x-30*A)*b^5+60*c*x*(28/15*B*x+A)*b^4-160*c^2*x^2*(21/5*B*x+A)*b^3+960*c^3*(-14/5*B*x+A)*x^3*b^2+3840*c^4*(-7/15*B*x+A)*x^4*b+2560*A*c^5*x^5)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x+b)/b^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Ab^5 + 128(7Bbc^4 - 10Ac^5)x^5 + 192(7Bb^2c^3 - 10Abc^4)x^4 + 48(7Bb^3c^2 - 10Ab^2c^3)x^3 - 8(7Bb^4c - 10AAb^3c^2)x^2 + 3(7Bb^5 - 10AAb^4c)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + b}}{105(b^6c^2x^6 + 2b^7cx^5 + b^8x^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(15*A*b^5 + 128*(7*B*b*c^4 - 10*A*c^5)*x^5 + 192*(7*B*b^2*c^3 - 10*A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 48*(7*B*b^3*c^2 - 10*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*b^4*c - 10*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*b^5 - 10*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^6*c^2*x^6 + 2*b^7*c*x^5 + b^8*x^4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (x(b + cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**2*(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{32 Bc^2 x}{15 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^3} - \frac{256 Bc^3 x}{15 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^5} - \frac{64 Ac^3 x}{21 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{512 Ac^4 x}{21 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^6} + \frac{16 Bc}{15 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^2} - \frac{128 Bc^2}{15 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^4} - \frac{32 Ac^2}{21 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{256 Ac^3}{21 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^5} - \frac{2 B}{5 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b x} + \frac{4 Ac}{7 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^2 x} - \frac{2 A}{7 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `32/15*B*c^2*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^3) - 256/15*B*c^3*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^5) - 64/21*A*c^3*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^4) + 512/21*A*c^4*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^6) + 16/15*B*c/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^2) - 128/15*B*c^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^4) - 32/21*A*c^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^3) + 256/21*A*c^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^5) - 2/5*B/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b*x) + 4/7*A*c/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^2*x) - 2/7*A/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b*x^2)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(\frac{1280Ac^3 - 896Bbc^2}{105b^5} + \frac{2cx(1280Ac^3 - 896Bbc^2)}{105b^6} \right)}{x(b + cx)} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(14Bb^3 - 40Ab^2c)}{35b^6x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(x \left(\frac{4c^2(185Ac - 98Bb)}{105b^4} + \frac{2c^2(230Ac - 91Bb)}{105b^4} + \frac{b \left(\frac{160Ac^4 - 56Bbc^3}{105b^5} - \frac{4c^3(230Ac - 91Bb)}{105b^5} \right)}{c} \right) + \frac{2c(185Ac - 98Bb)}{105b^3}}{x^2(b + cx)^2} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{7b^3x^4}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output
$$\left((b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)} * \left(\frac{1280*A*c^3 - 896*B*b*c^2}{105*b^5} + \frac{2*c*x*(1280*A*c^3 - 896*B*b*c^2)}{105*b^6} \right) / (x*(b + c*x)) - \frac{(b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)} * (14*B*b^3 - 40*A*b^2*c)}{35*b^6*x^3} - \frac{(b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)} * \left(x * \left(\frac{4*c^2*(185*A*c - 98*B*b)}{105*b^4} + \frac{2*c^2*(230*A*c - 91*B*b)}{105*b^4} + \frac{b * \left(\frac{160*A*c^4 - 56*B*b*c^3}{105*b^5} - \frac{4*c^3*(230*A*c - 91*B*b)}{105*b^5} \right)}{c} \right) + \frac{2*c*(185*A*c - 98*B*b)}{105*b^3}}{x^2*(b + c*x)^2} - \frac{2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/2)}}{7*b^3*x^4} \right)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{512\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^3x^4}{21} - \frac{512\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^4x^5}{21} + \frac{256\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^2x^4}{15} + \frac{256\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^3x^5}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{7}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 1280*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**4 - 1280*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**4*x**5 + 896*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x**4 + 896*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**3*x**5 - 15*sqrt(x)*a*b**5 + 30*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*c*x - 80*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 480*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 1920*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(x)*a*c**5*x**5 - 21*sqrt(x)*b**6*x + 56*sqrt(x)*b**5*c*x**2 - 336*sqrt(x)*b**4*c**2*x**3 - 1344*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**3*x**4 - 896*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**4*x**5))/(105*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x**4*(b + c*x))
```

3.170 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1330
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Rubi [A] (verified)	1331
Maple [A] (verified)	1334
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Giac [F]	1336
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1337
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1337

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{9bx^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3bB-4Ac)}{9b^2x^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{20(3bB-4Ac)}{9b^3x^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{160(3bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{63b^4x^4} + \frac{64c(3bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{21b^5x^3}$$

$$- \frac{256c^2(3bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{63b^6x^2} + \frac{512c^3(3bB-4Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{63b^7x}$$

```
output -2/9*A/b/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2/9*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)/b^2/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)
)+20/9*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)/b^3/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-160/63*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x
^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^4+64/21*c*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x^3-256
/63*c^2*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^6/x^2+512/63*c^3*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)
*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^7/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6bBx(-3b^5 + 6b^4cx - 16b^3c^2x^2 + 96b^2c^3x^3 + 384bc^4x^4 + 256c^5x^5) - 2A(7b^6 - 12b^5cx + 24b^4c^2x^2 - 64b^3c^3x^3 + 384b^2c^4x^4 + 1536bc^5x^5 + 1024c^6x^6)}{63b^7x^3(x(b + cx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $(6*b*B*x*(-3*b^5 + 6*b^4*c*x - 16*b^3*c^2*x^2 + 96*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 384*b*c^4*x^4 + 256*c^5*x^5) - 2*A*(7*b^6 - 12*b^5*c*x + 24*b^4*c^2*x^2 - 64*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 384*b^2*c^4*x^4 + 1536*b*c^5*x^5 + 1024*c^6*x^6))/(63*b^7*x^3*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {1220, 1129, 1129, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(3bB - 4Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^2 (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2A}{9bx^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \\ & \frac{(3bB - 4Ac) \left(-\frac{10c \int \frac{1}{x (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2}{7bx^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2A}{9bx^3 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \end{aligned}$$

$$(3bB - 4Ac) \left(\frac{10c \left(-\frac{8c \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2}{7bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2A}{9bx^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1089

$$(3bB - 4Ac) \left(\frac{10c \left(-\frac{8c \left(\frac{8c \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b^2} - \frac{2(b+2cx)}{3b^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2}{7bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{3b}{2A}}{9bx^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1088

$$\left(\frac{10c \left(-\frac{8c \left(\frac{16c(b+2cx)}{3b^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2(b+2cx)}{3b^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2}{5bx(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{7b} - \frac{2}{7bx^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) (3bB - 4Ac)$$

$$\frac{\frac{3b}{2A}}{9bx^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]

output

$$\frac{(-2A)/(9bx^3(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}) + ((3bB - 4Ac)(-2/(7bx^2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}) - (10c(-2/(5bx(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}) - (8c(-2(b + 2cx))/(3b^2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}) + (16c(b + 2cx))/(3b^4\sqrt{bx + cx^2}))))/(5b)))/(7b)))/(3b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2]^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[-2*((b + 2cx)/(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \&\& \text{ NeQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0]$$

rule 1089

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(b + 2cx)*((a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1})/((p+1)(b^2 - 4ac))), x] - \text{Simp}[2c*((2p+3)/((p+1)(b^2 - 4ac))) \text{ Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \&\& \text{ LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[4p] \text{ || } \text{IntegerQ}[3p])$$

rule 1129

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)]^{(m_)}*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(-e)(d + ex)^m*((a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1})/((m+p+1)(2cd - be))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Simplify}[m + 2p + 2]/((m+p+1)(2cd - be))) \text{ Int}[(d + ex)^{(m+1)}(a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x\} \&\& \text{ EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{ ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2p + 2], 0]$$

rule 1220

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)]^{(m_)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(d*g - e*f)(d + ex)^m*((a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1})/((2cd - be)(m+p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(cd - be) + c*ef) + e*(p+1)(2c*f - b*g))/(e*(2cd - be)(m+p+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + ex)^{(m+1)}(a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p, x\} \&\& \text{ EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \text{ || } (\text{LtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]) \text{ || } \text{EqQ}[m + 2p + 2, 0]) \&\& \text{ NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-18Bx-14A)b^6+24cx\left(\frac{3Bx}{2}+A\right)b^5-48c^2x^2(2Bx+A)b^4+128c^3x^3\left(\frac{9Bx}{2}+A\right)b^3-768c^4x^4(-3Bx+A)b^2-3072c^5\left(-\frac{Bx}{2}+A\right)b}{63\sqrt{x(cx+b)}x^4(cx+b)b^7}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(1024Ac^6x^6-768Bbc^5x^6+1536Abc^5x^5-1152Bb^2c^4x^5+384Ab^2c^4x^4-288Bb^3c^3x^4-64Ab^3c^3x^3+48Bb^4c^2x^3+24A^2b^4c^2x^2+24A^2b^4c^2x)}{63x^2b^7(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(1024Ac^6x^6-768Bbc^5x^6+1536Abc^5x^5-1152Bb^2c^4x^5+384Ab^2c^4x^4-288Bb^3c^3x^4-64Ab^3c^3x^3+48Bb^4c^2x^3+24A^2b^4c^2x^2+24A^2b^4c^2x)}{63x^2b^7(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(667Ac^4x^4-474Bbc^3x^4-176Abc^3x^3+111Bb^2c^2x^3+69Ab^2c^2x^2-36Bb^3cx^2-26Ab^3cx+9Bb^4x+7A^2b^4)}{63b^7x^4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(1024Ac^6x^6-768Bbc^5x^6+1536Abc^5x^5-1152Bb^2c^4x^5+384Ab^2c^4x^4-288Bb^3c^3x^4-64Ab^3c^3x^3+48Bb^4c^2x^3+24A^2b^4c^2x^2+24A^2b^4c^2x)}{63b^7x^5(cx+b)^2}$
default	$A \left(-\frac{2}{9bx^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{2}{7bx^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{10c \left(-\frac{2}{5bx(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8c \left(-\frac{2(2cx+b)}{3b^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16c(2cx+b)}{3b^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right)}{3b} \right)$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/63*((-18*B*x-14*A)*b^6+24*c*x*(3/2*B*x+A)*b^5-48*c^2*x^2*(2*B*x+A)*b^4+128*c^3*x^3*(9/2*B*x+A)*b^3-768*c^4*x^4*(-3*B*x+A)*b^2-3072*c^5*(-1/2*B*x+A)*x^5*b-2048*A*c^6*x^6)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/x^4/(c*x+b)/b^7`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(7Ab^6 - 256(3Bbc^5 - 4Ac^6)x^6 - 384(3Bb^2c^4 - 4Abc^5)x^5 - 96(3Bb^3c^3 - 4Ab^2c^4)x^4 + 16(3Bb^4c^2 - 4Ab^3c^3)x^3 - 6(3Bb^5c - 4Ab^4c^2)x^2 + 3(3Bb^6 - 4Ab^5c)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{63(b^7c^2x^7 + 2b^8cx^6 + b^9x^5)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/63*(7*A*b^6 - 256*(3*B*b*c^5 - 4*A*c^6)*x^6 - 384*(3*B*b^2*c^4 - 4*A*b*c^5)*x^5 - 96*(3*B*b^3*c^3 - 4*A*b^2*c^4)*x^4 + 16*(3*B*b^4*c^2 - 4*A*b^3*c^3)*x^3 - 6*(3*B*b^5*c - 4*A*b^4*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(3*B*b^6 - 4*A*b^5*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(b^7*c^2*x^7 + 2*b^8*c*x^6 + b^9*x^5)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (x(b + cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**3*(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{64 Bc^3 x}{21 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^4} + \frac{512 Bc^4 x}{21 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^6}$$

$$+ \frac{256 Ac^4 x}{63 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^5} - \frac{2048 Ac^5 x}{63 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^7} - \frac{32 Bc^2}{21 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^3} + \frac{256 Bc^3}{21 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{128 Ac^3}{63 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^4} - \frac{1024 Ac^4}{63 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} b^6} + \frac{4 Bc}{7 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^2 x} - \frac{16 Ac^2}{21 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^3 x}$$

$$- \frac{2 B}{7 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b x^2} + \frac{8 Ac}{21 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b^2 x^2} - \frac{2 A}{9 (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} b x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-64/21*B*c^3*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^4) + 512/21*B*c^4*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^6) + 256/63*A*c^4*x/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^5) - 2048/63*A*c^5*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^7) - 32/21*B*c^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^3) + 256/21*B*c^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^5) + 128/63*A*c^3/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^4) - 1024/63*A*c^4/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*b^6) + 4/7*B*c/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^2*x) - 16/21*A*c^2/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^3*x) - 2/7*B/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b*x^2) + 8/21*A*c/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b^2*x^2) - 2/9*A/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*b*x^3)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(x \left(\frac{4c^3(176Ac - 111Bb)}{63b^5} + \frac{2c^3(247Ac - 138Bb)}{63b^5} + \frac{b \left(\frac{184Ac^5 - 96Bbc^4}{63b^6} - \frac{4c^4(247Ac - 138Bb)}{63b^6} \right)}{c} \right)}{x^2 (b + cx)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (18Bb^3 - 52Ab^2c)}{63b^6 x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \left(\frac{1024Ac^4 - 768Bbc^3}{63b^6} + \frac{2cx(1024Ac^4 - 768Bbc^3)}{63b^7} \right)}{x(b + cx)} - \frac{2A\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{9b^3 x^5} - \frac{2c\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (23Ac - 12Bb)}{21b^5 x^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(x*((4*c^3*(176*A*c - 111*B*b))/(63*b^5) + (2*c^3*(247*A*c - 138*B*b))/(63*b^5) + (b*((184*A*c^5 - 96*B*b*c^4)/(63*b^6) - (4*c^4*(247*A*c - 138*B*b))/(63*b^6)))/c) + (2*c^2*(176*A*c - 111*B*b)/(63*b^4)))/(x^2*(b + c*x)^2) - ((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(18*B*b^3 - 52*A*b^2*c))/(63*b^6*x^4) - ((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*((1024*A*c^4 - 768*B*b*c^3)/(63*b^6) + (2*c*x*(1024*A*c^4 - 768*B*b*c^3))/(63*b^7)))/(x*(b + c*x)) - (2*A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(9*b^3*x^5) - (2*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(23*A*c - 12*B*b))/(21*b^5*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2048\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}abc^4x^5}{63} + \frac{2048\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}ac^5x^6}{63} - \frac{512\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^3c^3x^5}{21} - \frac{512\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c^4x^6}{21} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{9}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(1024*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**5 + 1024*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*
a*c**5*x**6 - 768*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**5 - 768*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
b + c*x)*b**2*c**4*x**6 - 7*sqrt(x)*a*b**6 + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*c*x - 24*sq
rt(x)*a*b**4*c**2*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c**3*x**3 - 384*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*
c**4*x**4 - 1536*sqrt(x)*a*b*c**5*x**5 - 1024*sqrt(x)*a*c**6*x**6 - 9*sqrt
(x)*b**7*x + 18*sqrt(x)*b**6*c*x**2 - 48*sqrt(x)*b**5*c**2*x**3 + 288*sqrt
(x)*b**4*c**3*x**4 + 1152*sqrt(x)*b**3*c**4*x**5 + 768*sqrt(x)*b**2*c**5*x
**6))/(63*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**7*x**5*(b + c*x))
```

3.171 $\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1339
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1340
Rubi [A] (verified)	1340
Maple [A] (verified)	1343
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Sympy [F]	1344
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1345
Mupad [F(-1)]	1345
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1346

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = -\frac{2b^4(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^6x^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^3(5bB - 4Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^6x^{5/2}} - \frac{4b^2(5bB - 3Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^6x^{7/2}} + \frac{4b(5bB - 2Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^6x^{9/2}} - \frac{2(5bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^6x^{11/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{13/2}}{13c^6x^{13/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*b^4*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^6/x^(3/2)+2/5*b^3*(-4*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^6/x^(5/2)-4/7*b^2*(-3*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^6/x^(7/2)+4/9*b*(-2*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^6/x^(9/2)-2/11*(-A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^6/x^(11/2)+2/13*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(13/2)/c^6/x^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(-1280b^5B + 315c^5x^4(13A + 11Bx) + 128b^4c(13A + 15Bx) - 96b^3c^2x^3 + 80b^2c^3x^2(39A + 35Bx) - 70b^2c^4x(52A + 45Bx))}{45045c^6x^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output $(2*(x*(b + c*x))^{3/2}*(-1280*b^5*B + 315*c^5*x^4*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 128*b^4*c*(13*A + 15*B*x) - 96*b^3*c^2*x*(26*A + 25*B*x) + 80*b^2*c^3*x^2*(39*A + 35*B*x) - 70*b*c^4*x*(52*A + 45*B*x)))/(45045*c^6*x^{3/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1221 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{7/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{13c} - \frac{(10bB - 13Ac) \int x^{7/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + b} dx}{13c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{7/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{13c} - \frac{(10bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{8b \int x^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + b} dx}{11c} \right)}{13c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{\frac{2Bx^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{13c} - 8b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2b \int x^{3/2} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{3c} \right)}{11c} \right)$$

13c

↓ 1128

$$(10bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{\frac{2Bx^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{13c} - 8b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)}{11c} \right)$$

13c

↓ 1128

$$(10bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{\frac{2Bx^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{13c} - 8b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)}{11c} \right)$$

13c

↓ 1122

$$\frac{\frac{2Bx^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{13c} - \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{8b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15c^2x^{3/2}} \right)}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c} \quad (10bB - 13Ac)$$

input `Int[x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*B*x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(13*c) - ((10*b*B - 13*A*c)*((2*x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(11*c) - (8*b*((2*x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*c) - (2*b*((2*Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c) - (4*b*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c^2*x^(3/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*Sqrt[x])))/(7*c)))/(3*c)))/(11*c)))/(13*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
default	$\frac{2(cx+b)(3465Bc^5x^5+4095Ac^5x^4-3150Bbc^4x^4-3640Abc^4x^3+2800Bb^2c^3x^3+3120Ab^2c^3x^2-2400Bb^3c^2x^2-2496Ab^3c^2x+1920Ab^4c^2)}{45045c^6\sqrt{x}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(3465Bc^5x^5+4095Ac^5x^4-3150Bbc^4x^4-3640Abc^4x^3+2800Bb^2c^3x^3+3120Ab^2c^3x^2-2400Bb^3c^2x^2-2496Ab^3c^2x+1920Ab^4c^2)}{45045c^6\sqrt{x}}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(3465Bc^5x^5+4095Ac^5x^4-3150Bbc^4x^4-3640Abc^4x^3+2800Bb^2c^3x^3+3120Ab^2c^3x^2-2400Bb^3c^2x^2-2496Ab^3c^2x+1920Ab^4c^2)}{45045c^6\sqrt{x}}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(3465Bc^6x^6+4095Ac^6x^5+3150Bbc^5x^5+455Abc^5x^4-350Bb^2c^4x^4-520Ab^2c^4x^3+400Bb^3c^3x^3+624Ab^3c^3x^2-480Bb^4c^3x^2+1920Ab^4c^3x-1664A^2b^4c^3-1280A^2b^5c^3)}{45045\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^6}$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/45045*(c*x+b)*(3465*B*c^5*x^5+4095*A*c^5*x^4-3150*B*b*c^4*x^4-3640*A*b*c^4*x^3+2800*B*b^2*c^3*x^3+3120*A*b^2*c^3*x^2-2400*B*b^3*c^2*x^2-2496*A*b^3*c^2*x+1920*B*b^4*c*x+1664*A*b^4*c-1280*B*b^5)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/c^6/x^(1/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(3465 Bc^6x^6 - 1280 Bb^6 + 1664 Ab^5c + 315(Bbc^5 + 13Ac^6)x^5 - 35(10Bb^2c^4 - 13A^2c^6)x^4 + 40(10Bb^3c^3 - 13A^2b^2c^4)x^3 - 48(10Bb^4c^2 - 13A^2b^3c^3)x^2 + 64(10Bb^5c - 13A^2b^4c^2)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c^6 \sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/45045*(3465*B*c^6*x^6 - 1280*B*b^6 + 1664*A*b^5*c + 315*(B*b*c^5 + 13*A*c^6)*x^5 - 35*(10*B*b^2*c^4 - 13*A*b*c^5)*x^4 + 40*(10*B*b^3*c^3 - 13*A*b^2*c^4)*x^3 - 48*(10*B*b^4*c^2 - 13*A*b^3*c^3)*x^2 + 64*(10*B*b^5*c - 13*A*b^4*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^6*sqrt(x))`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \int x^{7/2} \sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x**(7/2)*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(315c^5x^5 + 35bc^4x^4 - 40b^2c^3x^3 + 48b^3c^2x^2 - 64b^4cx + 128b^5)\sqrt{cx + b}A}{3465c^5} + \frac{2(693c^6x^6 + 63bc^5x^5 - 70b^2c^4x^4 + 80b^3c^3x^3 - 96b^4c^2x^2 + 128b^5cx - 256b^6)\sqrt{cx + b}B}{9009c^6}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465}(315*c^5*x^5 + 35*b*c^4*x^4 - 40*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 48*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 64*b^4*c*x + 128*b^5)*\sqrt{c*x + b}*A/c^5 + \frac{2}{9009}(693*c^6*x^6 + 63*b*c^5*x^5 - 70*b^2*c^4*x^4 + 80*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 96*b^4*c^2*x^2 + 128*b^5*c*x - 256*b^6)*\sqrt{c*x + b}*B/c^6$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2 \left(315 (cx + b)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 1540 (cx + b)^{\frac{9}{2}}b + 2970 (cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}}b^2 - 2772 (cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3 + 1155 (cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4 \right) A/c^5 + 2 \left(693 (cx + b)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 4095 (cx + b)^{\frac{11}{2}}b + 10010 (cx + b)^{\frac{9}{2}}b^2 - 12870 (cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}}b^3 + 9009 (cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4 - 3003 (cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5 \right) B/c^6}{3465 c^5 + 9009 c^6}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465}(315*(c*x + b)^{(11/2)} - 1540*(c*x + b)^{(9/2)}*b + 2970*(c*x + b)^{(7/2)}*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^{(5/2)}*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^{(3/2)}*b^4)*A/c^5 + \frac{2}{9009}(693*(c*x + b)^{(13/2)} - 4095*(c*x + b)^{(11/2)}*b + 10010*(c*x + b)^{(9/2)}*b^2 - 12870*(c*x + b)^{(7/2)}*b^3 + 9009*(c*x + b)^{(5/2)}*b^4 - 3003*(c*x + b)^{(3/2)}*b^5)*B/c^6$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \int x^{7/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output `int(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{7/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(3465b^2c^5x^6 + 4095abc^6x^5 + 315b^3c^5x^4 + 455ab^2c^4x^3 - 350b^4c^3x^2 - 520ab^2c^2x + 64a^2b^3)}{45045c^6}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(1664*a*b**5*c - 832*a*b**4*c**2*x + 624*a*b**3*c**3*x**2 - 520*a*b**2*c**4*x**3 + 455*a*b*c**5*x**4 + 4095*a*c**6*x**5 - 1280*b**7 + 640*b**6*c*x - 480*b**5*c**2*x**2 + 400*b**4*c**3*x**3 - 350*b**3*c**4*x**4 + 315*b**2*c**5*x**5 + 3465*b*c**6*x**6))/(45045*c**6)`

3.172 $\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1347
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1348
Rubi [A] (verified)	1348
Maple [A] (verified)	1350
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1351
Sympy [F]	1351
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1352
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1352
Mupad [F(-1)]	1353
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1353

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2b^3(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^5x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2(4bB - 3Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^5x^{5/2}} + \frac{6b(2bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^5x^{7/2}} - \frac{2(4bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^5x^{9/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^5x^{11/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*b^3*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^5/x^(3/2)-2/5*b^2*(-3*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^5/x^(5/2)+6/7*b*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^5/x^(7/2)-2/9*(-A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^5/x^(9/2)+2/11*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^5/x^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(128b^4B + 35c^4x^3(11A + 9Bx) + 24b^2c^2x(11A + 10Bx) - 16b^3c(11A + 10Bx)) - 16b^3c(11A + 10Bx)}{3465c^5x^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(128*b^4*B + 35*c^4*x^3*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 24*b^2*c^2*x*(11*A + 10*B*x) - 16*b^3*c*(11*A + 12*B*x) - 10*b*c^3*x^2*(33*A + 28*B*x)))/(3465*c^5*x^(3/2))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{(8bB - 11Ac) \int x^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bxdx}}{11c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{(8bB - 11Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2b \int x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bxdx}}{3c} \right)}{11c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{(8bB-11Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)}{11c} \\
 \downarrow 1128 \\
 \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{(8bB-11Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)}{11c} \\
 \downarrow 1122 \\
 \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{11c} - \frac{(8bB-11Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15c^2x^{3/2}} \right)}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)}{11c}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int [x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt [b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `(2*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(11*c) - ((8*b*B - 11*A*c)*((2*x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*c) - (2*b*((2*Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c) - (4*b*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c^2*x^(3/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*Sqrt[x])))/(7*c)))/(3*c)))/(11*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
default	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-315Bc^4x^4-385Ac^4x^3+280Bc^3x^3b+330Abc^3x^2-240c^2x^2Bb^2-264Ab^2c^2x+192Bb^3cx+176Ab^3c-128Bb^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+b^2}}{3465c^5\sqrt{x}}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-315Bc^4x^4-385Ac^4x^3+280Bc^3x^3b+330Abc^3x^2-240c^2x^2Bb^2-264Ab^2c^2x+192Bb^3cx+176Ab^3c-128Bb^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+b^2}}{3465c^5\sqrt{x}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-315Bc^4x^4-385Ac^4x^3+280Bc^3x^3b+330Abc^3x^2-240c^2x^2Bb^2-264Ab^2c^2x+192Bb^3cx+176Ab^3c-128Bb^4)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+b^2}}{3465c^5\sqrt{x}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(-315Bc^5x^5-385Ac^5x^4-35Bbc^4x^4-55Abc^4x^3+40Bb^2c^3x^3+66Ab^2c^3x^2-48Bb^3c^2x^2-88Ab^3c^2x+64Bb^4cx+128Bb^4)}{3465\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^5}$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3465*(c*x+b)*(-315*B*c^4*x^4-385*A*c^4*x^3+280*B*b*c^3*x^3+330*A*b*c^3*
x^2-240*B*b^2*c^2*x^2-264*A*b^2*c^2*x+192*B*b^3*c*x+176*A*b^3*c-128*B*b^4)
*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/c^5/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(315 Bc^5x^5 + 128 Bb^5 - 176 Ab^4c + 35(Bbc^4 + 11 Ac^5)x^4 - 5(8 Bb^2c^3 - 11 Abc^4)x^3 + 6(8 Bb^3c^2 - 11 A*b^2*c^3)x^2 - 8(8 B*b^4*c - 11 A*b^3*c^2)*x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3465 c^5 \sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3465*(315*B*c^5*x^5 + 128*B*b^5 - 176*A*b^4*c + 35*(B*b*c^4 + 11*A*c^5)*
x^4 - 5*(8*B*b^2*c^3 - 11*A*b*c^4)*x^3 + 6*(8*B*b^3*c^2 - 11*A*b^2*c^3)*x^
2 - 8*(8*B*b^4*c - 11*A*b^3*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^5*sqrt(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \int x^{5/2} \sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(5/2)*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x), x)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(35c^4x^4 + 5bc^3x^3 - 6b^2c^2x^2 + 8b^3cx - 16b^4)\sqrt{cx + b}A}{315c^4} + \frac{2(315c^5x^5 + 35bc^4x^4 - 40b^2c^3x^3 + 48b^3c^2x^2 - 64b^4cx + 128b^5)\sqrt{cx + b}B}{3465c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*c^4*x^4 + 5*b*c^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 8*b^3*c*x - 16*b^4)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/c^4 + 2/3465*(315*c^5*x^5 + 35*b*c^4*x^4 - 40*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 48*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 64*b^4*c*x + 128*b^5)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2\left(35(cx + b)^{9/2} - 135(cx + b)^{7/2}b + 189(cx + b)^{5/2}b^2 - 105(cx + b)^{3/2}b^3\right)A}{315c^4} + \frac{2\left(315(cx + b)^{11/2} - 1540(cx + b)^{9/2}b + 2970(cx + b)^{7/2}b^2 - 2772(cx + b)^{5/2}b^3 + 1155(cx + b)^{3/2}b^4\right)B}{3465c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)*A/c^4 + 2/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)*B/c^5`

3.173 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1354
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1354
Rubi [A] (verified)	1355
Maple [A] (verified)	1356
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1357
Sympy [F]	1357
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1358
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1358
Mupad [F(-1)]	1359
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1359

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^4x^{3/2}} + \frac{2b(3bB - 2Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^4x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(3bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^4x^{7/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^4x^{9/2}}$$

output

$$-2/3*b^2*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^4/x^(3/2)+2/5*b*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^4/x^(5/2)-2/7*(-A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^4/x^(7/2)+2/9*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^4/x^(9/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(-16b^3B + 24b^2c(A + Bx) - 6bc^2x(6A + 5Bx) + 5c^3x^2(9A + 7Bx))}{315c^4x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]
```

output

$$(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(-16*b^3*B + 24*b^2*c*(A + B*x) - 6*b*c^2*x*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 5*c^3*x^2*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/(315*c^4*x^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \int x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} dx}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx} dx}{7c} \right)}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right)}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15c^2x^{3/2}} \right)}{7c} \right) (2bB - 3Ac)}{3c}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(9c) - ((2bB - 3Ac)((2\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(7c) - (4b((-4b(bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(15c^2x^{3/2}) + (2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(5c\sqrt{x}))))/(7c)))/(3c)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_S \text{ ymbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(p + 1))\}, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0]$$

rule 1128

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_S \text{ ymbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Simplify}[m + p]*\{(2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))\} \text{ Int}[\{(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x\}, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + p], 0]$$

rule 1221

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)\}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[\{(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x\}, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(cx+b)(35Bc^3x^3+45Ac^3x^2-30Bbc^2x^2-36Abc^2x+24Bb^2cx+24Ab^2c-16Bb^3)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{315c^4\sqrt{x}}$	81
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(35Bc^3x^3+45Ac^3x^2-30Bbc^2x^2-36Abc^2x+24Bb^2cx+24Ab^2c-16Bb^3)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315c^4\sqrt{x}}$	83
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(35Bc^3x^3+45Ac^3x^2-30Bbc^2x^2-36Abc^2x+24Bb^2cx+24Ab^2c-16Bb^3)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{315c^4\sqrt{x}}$	83
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(35Bc^4x^4+45Ac^4x^3+5Bc^3x^3b+9Abc^3x^2-6c^2x^2Bb^2-12Ab^2c^2x+8Bb^3cx+24Ab^3c-16Bb^4)}{315\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^4}$	105

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{315}(c*x+b)*(35*B*c^3*x^3+45*A*c^3*x^2-30*B*b*c^2*x^2-36*A*b*c^2*x+24*B*b^2*c*x+24*A*b^2*c-16*B*b^3)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/c^4/x^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(35Bc^4x^4 - 16Bb^4 + 24Ab^3c + 5(Bbc^3 + 9Ac^4)x^3 - 3(2Bb^2c^2 - 3Abc^3)x^2 + 4(2Bb^2c^2 - 3Abc^3)x) \sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{315c^4\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{315}(35*B*c^4*x^4 - 16*B*b^4 + 24*A*b^3*c + 5*(B*b*c^3 + 9*A*c^4)*x^3 - 3*(2*B*b^2*c^2 - 3*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + 4*(2*B*b^2*c^2 - 3*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^4*\text{sqrt}(x))$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \int x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(3/2)*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(15c^3x^3 + 3bc^2x^2 - 4b^2cx + 8b^3)\sqrt{cx+b}A}{105c^3} + \frac{2(35c^4x^4 + 5bc^3x^3 - 6b^2c^2x^2 + 8b^3cx - 16b^4)\sqrt{cx+b}B}{315c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*(15*c^3*x^3 + 3*b*c^2*x^2 - 4*b^2*c*x + 8*b^3)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/c^3 + 2/315*(35*c^4*x^4 + 5*b*c^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 8*b^3*c*x - 16*b^4)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\left(15(cx+b)^{7/2} - 42(cx+b)^{5/2}b + 35(cx+b)^{3/2}b^2\right)A}{105c^3} + \frac{2\left(35(cx+b)^{9/2} - 135(cx+b)^{7/2}b + 189(cx+b)^{5/2}b^2 - 105(cx+b)^{3/2}b^3\right)B}{315c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*A/c^3 + 2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)*B/c^4`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \int x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}(35b^4c^4x^4 + 45a^4c^4x^3 + 5b^2c^3x^3 + 9ab^3c^3x^2 - 6b^3c^2x^2 - 12ab^2c^2x + 8b^4cx + 5b^5)}{315c^4}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(24*a*b**3*c - 12*a*b**2*c**2*x + 9*a*b*c**3*x**2 + 45*a*c**4*x**3 - 16*b**5 + 8*b**4*c*x - 6*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 5*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 35*b*c**4*x**4))/(315*c**4)`

3.174 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1360
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1360
Rubi [A] (verified)	1361
Maple [A] (verified)	1362
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1363
Sympy [F]	1363
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1364
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1364
Mupad [F(-1)]	1365
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1365

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2b(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(2bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^3x^{5/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^3x^{7/2}}$$

output

$2/3*b*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^3/x^(3/2)-2/5*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^3/x^(5/2)+2/7*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^3/x^(7/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (8b^2B + 3c^2x(7A + 5Bx) - 2bc(7A + 6Bx))}{105c^3x^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output

$$\frac{(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(8*b^2*B + 3*c^2*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) - 2*b*c*(7*A + 6*B*x)))/(105*c^3*x^(3/2))}{}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1221 \\ & \frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{(4bB - 7Ac) \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} dx}{7c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\ & \frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{(4bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1122 \\ & \frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{\left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{15c^2x^{3/2}} \right) (4bB - 7Ac)}{7c} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*B*Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c) - ((4*b*B - 7*A*c)*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c^2*x^(3/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*Sqrt[x]))/(7*c)}{}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-15Bc^2x^2-21Ac^2x+12Bbcx+14Abc-8Bb^2)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{105c^3\sqrt{x}}$	57
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-15Bc^2x^2-21Ac^2x+12Bbcx+14Abc-8Bb^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105c^3\sqrt{x}}$	59
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-15Bc^2x^2-21Ac^2x+12Bbcx+14Abc-8Bb^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105c^3\sqrt{x}}$	59
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(-15Bc^3x^3-21Ac^3x^2-3Bbc^2x^2-7Abc^2x+4Bb^2cx+14Ab^2c-8Bb^3)}{105\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^3}$	81

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/105*(c*x+b)*(-15*B*c^2*x^2-21*A*c^2*x+12*B*b*c*x+14*A*b*c-8*B*b^2)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/c^3/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15Bc^3x^3 + 8Bb^3 - 14Ab^2c + 3(Bbc^2 + 7Ac^3)x^2 - (4Bb^2c - 7Abc^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{105c^3\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(15*B*c^3*x^3 + 8*B*b^3 - 14*A*b^2*c + 3*(B*b*c^2 + 7*A*c^3)*x^2 - (4*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^3*sqrt(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(A+Bx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(x)*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(3c^2x^2+bcx-2b^2)\sqrt{cx+b}A}{15c^2} + \frac{2(15c^3x^3+3bc^2x^2-4b^2cx+8b^3)\sqrt{cx+b}B}{105c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*(3*c^2*x^2 + b*c*x - 2*b^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/c^2 + 2/105*(15*c^3*x^3 + 3*b*c^2*x^2 - 4*b^2*c*x + 8*b^3)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\left(3(cx+b)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b\right)A}{15c^2} + \frac{2\left(15(cx+b)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 42(cx+b)^{\frac{5}{2}}b + 35(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2\right)B}{105c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2) - 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b)*A/c^2 + 2/105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*B/c^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{cx^2+bx}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`output `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2} dx \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}(15bc^3x^3 + 21ac^3x^2 + 3b^2c^2x^2 + 7abc^2x - 4b^3cx - 14ab^2c + 8b^4)}{105c^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(- 14*a*b**2*c + 7*a*b*c**2*x + 21*a*c**3*x**2 + 8*b**4 - 4*b**3*c*x + 3*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 15*b*c**3*x**3))/(105*c**3)`

3.175 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1366
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1366
Rubi [A] (verified)	1367
Maple [A] (verified)	1368
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1368
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1369
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1369
Mupad [F(-1)]	1370
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1370

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^2x^{3/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^2x^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-2/3*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^2/x^(3/2)+2/5*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^2/x^(5/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(-2bB + 5Ac + 3Bcx)}{15c^2x^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[x], x]`

output
$$(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2)*(-2*b*B + 5*A*c + 3*B*c*x))/(15*c^2*x^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1221}$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(2bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1122}$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (2bB - 5Ac)}{15c^2x^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(-2*(2*b*B - 5*A*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c^2*x^(3/2)) + (2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*Sqrt[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(cx+b)(3Bcx+5Ac-2Bb)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{15c^2\sqrt{x}}$	37
gosper	$\frac{2(cx+b)(3Bcx+5Ac-2Bb)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15c^2\sqrt{x}}$	39
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(3Bcx+5Ac-2Bb)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15c^2\sqrt{x}}$	39
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(3Bc^2x^2+5Ac^2x+Bbcx+5Abc-2Bb^2)}{15\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^2}$	56

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/15*(c*x+b)*(3*B*c*x+5*A*c-2*B*b)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/c^2/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(3Bc^2x^2 - 2Bb^2 + 5Abc + (Bbc + 5Ac^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{15c^2\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/15*(3*B*c^2*x^2 - 2*B*b^2 + 5*A*b*c + (B*b*c + 5*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x)/(c^2*sqrt(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/sqrt(x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{3c} + \frac{2(3c^2x^2 + bcx - 2b^2)\sqrt{cx + b}B}{15c^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A/c + 2/15*(3*c^2*x^2 + b*c*x - 2*b^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15 \sqrt{cx + b}Ab + 5 \left((cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{cx + bb} \right) A + \frac{5 \left((cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{cx + bb} \right) Bb}{c} + \frac{\left(3 (cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} b + 15 \sqrt{cx + b} b^2 \right) B}{c}}{15c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{2}{15} \cdot (15 \sqrt{cx + b}) \cdot A \cdot b + 5 \cdot ((cx + b)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{cx + b} \cdot b) \cdot A + 5 \cdot ((cx + b)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{cx + b} \cdot b) \cdot B \cdot b / c + (3 \cdot (cx + b)^{5/2} - 10 \cdot (cx + b)^{3/2} \cdot b + 15 \sqrt{cx + b} \cdot b^2) \cdot B / c / c$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx) \sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input

`int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2), x)`

output

`int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2), x)`
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx) \sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b} (3b c^2 x^2 + 5a c^2 x + b^2 cx + 5abc - 2b^3)}{15c^2}$$

input

`int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2), x)`

output

`(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(5*a*b*c + 5*a*c**2*x - 2*b**3 + b**2*c*x + 3*b*c**2*x**2))/ (15*c**2)`

3.176 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1371
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1371
Rubi [A] (verified)	1372
Maple [A] (verified)	1373
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1374
Sympy [F]	1374
Maxima [F]	1375
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1375
Mupad [F(-1)]	1375
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3cx^{3/2}} - 2A\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

output

```
2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)+2/3*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c/x^(3/2)-2*A*b^(1/2)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}\left(\sqrt{b+cx}(bB+3Ac+Bcx) - 3A\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{3c\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*Sqrt[b*x+c*x^2])/x^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}(\sqrt{b+cx}(bB+3A^2c+B^2cx)-3A\sqrt{b})*c\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b+cx}/\sqrt{b}]))}{(3c\sqrt{x}(b+cx))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1221, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\ & A \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3cx^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\ & A \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3cx^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\ & A \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3cx^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\ & A \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right) \right) + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3cx^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2})}{(3cx^{3/2})} + A\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b}\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right]\right)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(3A\sqrt{b}c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - Bcx\sqrt{cx+b} - 3Ac\sqrt{cx+b} - Bb\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}c}$	79

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/3*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(3*A*b^(1/2)*c*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))-B*c*x
*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-3*A*c*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-B*b*(c*x+b)^(1/2))/x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)^(1/2)
)/c
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3A\sqrt{bcx} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(Bcx + Bb + 3Ac)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{x}}{3cx} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*(3*A*sqrt(b)*c*x*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sq
rt(x))/x^2) + 2*(B*c*x + B*b + 3*A*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(c*x), 2/
3*(3*A*sqrt(-b)*c*x*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (B*c*
x + B*b + 3*A*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(c*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Bx + A)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*integrate(sqrt(c*x + b)/x, x) + 2/3*(B*c*x + B*b)*sqrt(c*x + b)/c`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} + \frac{2\left((cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bc^2 + 3\sqrt{cx+b}Ac^3\right)}{3c^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*A*b*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) + 2/3*((c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*c^2 + 3*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*c^3)/c^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{cx + b}ac + 2\sqrt{cx + b}b^2 + 2\sqrt{cx + b}bcx + 3\sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{cx + b} - \sqrt{b})ac - 3\sqrt{b}b^2}{3c}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(6*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c + 2*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2 + 2*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c)/(3*c)`

3.177 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1377
Rubi [A] (verified)	1378
Maple [A] (verified)	1380
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1380
Sympy [F]	1381
Maxima [F]	1381
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1381
Mupad [F(-1)]	1382
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1382

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(2bB + Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
-A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)+2*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)-(A*c+2*B*b)*arc
tanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}\left(\sqrt{b}(A - 2Bx)\sqrt{b + cx} + (2bB + Ac)x\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{b + cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)]*\left(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(A - 2*B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x] + (2*b*B + A*c)*x*\text{ArcTanh}\left[\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[b]\right]\right)\right)/\left(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]\right)\right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1220, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(Ac + 2bB) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{bx^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\ & \frac{(Ac + 2bB) \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{bx^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\ & \frac{(Ac + 2bB) \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{bx^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\ & \frac{(Ac + 2bB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b} \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right) \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{bx^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\left((A + B*x)*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]\right)/x^{(5/2)}, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\left(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)}\right)/\left(b*x^{(5/2)}\right)\right) + \left(\left(2*b*B + A*c\right)*\left(\left(2*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]\right)/\text{Sqrt}[x] - 2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{ArcTanh}\left[\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]/\left(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x]\right)\right]\right)\right)/\left(2*b\right)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 220

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1131

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{A(cx+b)}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{\left(2B\sqrt{cx+b} - \frac{(Ac+2Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$	78
default	$\frac{\left(-A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)cx+2B\sqrt{cx+b}x\sqrt{b}-2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bx-A\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}\right)\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}}$	86

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-A*(c*x+b)/x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+(2*B*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-(A*c+2*B*b)/b^(1/2))*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(2Bb+Ac)\sqrt{b}x^2 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(2Bbx-Ab)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{2bx^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((2*B*b + A*c)*sqrt(b)*x^2*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(2*B*b*x - A*b)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^2), ((2*B*b + A*c)*sqrt(-b)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (2*B*b*x - A*b)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Bx + A)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(B*x + A)/x^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}B}{c} + \frac{(2Bb + Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx + b}A}{cx} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c*(2*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c + (2*B*b + A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*c) - sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c*x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{cx + b}ab + 4\sqrt{cx + b}b^2x + \sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{cx + b} - \sqrt{b})acx + 2\sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{cx + b} + \sqrt{b})acx}{2b^2x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2), x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b + 4*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*x + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c*x + 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*x - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c*x - 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*x)/(2*b*x)`

3.178 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1383
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1383
Rubi [A] (verified)	1384
Maple [A] (verified)	1386
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1386
Sympy [F]	1387
Maxima [F]	1387
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Mupad [F(-1)]	1388
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1388

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} - \frac{(4bB + Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{4bx^{3/2}} - \frac{c(4bB - Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}}$$

output

`-1/2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)-1/4*(A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(3/2)-1/4*c*(-A*c+4*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b + cx}(2Ab + 4bBx + Acx) + c(4bB - Ac)x^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{4b^{3/2}x^{5/2}\sqrt{b + cx}}$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^(7/2),x]`

output

```
-1/4*(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(2*A*b + 4*b*B*x + A*c*x) +
c*(4*b*B - A*c)*x^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]]))/(b^(3/2)*x^(5/2)*Sqr
t[b + c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(4bB - Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2bx^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{(4bB - Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2bx^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\frac{(4bB - Ac) \left(c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2bx^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$\frac{(4bB - Ac) \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2bx^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^(7/2), x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(b*x^{(7/2)}) + ((4*b*B - A*c)*(-(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^{(3/2)}) - (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])])/Sqrt[b]))/(4*b)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2])^{-1}\} * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1130

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)\}^{(m_)} * \{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)} * \{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (e*(m+p+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[c*(p/(e^2*(m+p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+2)} * \{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}\}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \& \ \& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1136

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$$

rule 1220

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)\}^{(m_)} * \{(f_)+ (g_)*(x_)\} * \{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m * \{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)} / ((2*c*d - b*e)*(m+p+1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p+1)*(2*c*f - b*g)) / (e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m+p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)} * \{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p\}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(Acx+4Bbx+2Ab)}{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}b\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c(Ac-4Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$	83
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^2x^2-4B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bcx^2-Acx\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}-4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{cx+b}-2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}}$	108

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(c*x+b)*(A*c*x+4*B*b*x+2*A*b)/x^(3/2)/b/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/4*c*(A*c-4*B*b)/b^(3/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{(4Bbc - Ac^2)\sqrt{b}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(2Ab^2 + (4Bb^2 + A^2c^2)x)}{8b^2x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*((4*B*b*c - A*c^2)*sqrt(b)*x^3*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(2*A*b^2 + (4*B*b^2 + A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*x^3), 1/4*((4*B*b*c - A*c^2)*sqrt(-b)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) - (2*A*b^2 + (4*B*b^2 + A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*x^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Bx + A)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(B*x + A)/x^(7/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(4Bbc^2 - Ac^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right) - \frac{4(cx+b)^{3/2}Bbc^2 - 4\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^2c^2 + (cx+b)^{3/2}Ac^3 + \sqrt{cx+b}Abc^3}{bc^2x^2}}{4c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*((4*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b) - (4*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b*c^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^2*c^2 + (c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^3 + sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^3)/(b*c^2*x^2))/c`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{cx + b}ab^2 - 2\sqrt{cx + b}abcx - 8\sqrt{cx + b}b^3x - \sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{cx + b} - \sqrt{b})}{x^{7/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2), x)`output `(- 4*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 - 2*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x - 8*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2 + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2)/(8*b**2*x**2)`

3.179 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1389
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1389
Rubi [A] (verified)	1390
Maple [A] (verified)	1392
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Sympy [F]	1393
Maxima [F]	1393
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1394
Mupad [F(-1)]	1394
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1394

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} - \frac{(6bB+Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{12bx^{5/2}} - \frac{c(2bB-Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{8b^2x^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2(2bB-Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2)-1/12*(A*c+6*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(5/2)-1/8*c*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(3/2)+1/8*c^2*(-A*c+2*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+cx}(6bBx(2b+cx)+A(8b^2+2bcx-3c^2x^2))+3c^2(-2bB+Ac)x^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{24b^{5/2}x^{7/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*Sqrt[b*x+c*x^2])/x^(9/2),x]
```

output

$$-1/24*(\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]*(6*b*B*x*(2*b + c*x) + A*(8*b^2 + 2*b*c*x - 3*c^2*x^2)) + 3*c^2*(-2*b*B + A*c)*x^3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[b]]))/(b^(5/2)*x^(7/2)*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1135, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{1}{4}c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1135$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx - b}{x} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x}}} dx}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3bx^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^(9/2),x]`

output `-1/3*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(b*x^(9/2)) + ((2*b*B - A*c)*(-1/2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^(5/2) + (c*(-Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(3/2))) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))/b^(3/2)))/4)/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] & IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-3Ac^2x^2+6x^2Bbc+2Abcx+12xBb^2+8b^2A)}{24x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{c^2(Ac-2Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(3A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^3x^3-6B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^2x^3-3Ac^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}+6Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}cx^2\sqrt{cx+b}+2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}cx\sqrt{cx+b}+1\right)}{24b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(c*x+b)*(-3*A*c^2*x^2+6*B*b*c*x^2+2*A*b*c*x+12*B*b^2*x+8*A*b^2)/x^(5
/2)/b^2/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)-1/8*c^2*(A*c-2*B*b)/b^(5/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2
)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(2Bbc^2 - Ac^3)\sqrt{bx}x^4 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8Ab^3 + 3(2Bb^2c - Abc^2)x^2 + 2(6Bb^3 + Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2}}{48b^3x^4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(2Bbc^2 - Ac^3)\sqrt{-bx}x^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-b}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (8Ab^3 + 3(2Bb^2c - Abc^2)x^2 + 2(6Bb^3 + Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2}}{24b^3x^4} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(3*(2*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*sqrt(b)*x^4*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(8*A*b^3 + 3*(2*B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^3 + A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*x^4), -1/24*(3*(2*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*sqrt(-b)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (8*A*b^3 + 3*(2*B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^3 + A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*x^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**(9/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**(9/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Bx + A)}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(B*x + A)/x^(9/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{24} c^3 \left(\frac{3(2Bb - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}b^2c} + \frac{6(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb - 6\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^3 - 3(cx+b)^{5/2}Ac + 8(cx+b)^{3/2}Ab}{b^2c^4x^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/24*c^3*(3*(2*B*b - A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^2*c) + (6*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b - 6*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^3 - 3*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*c + 8*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c + 3*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c)/(b^2*c^4*x^3)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3 - 4\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2cx + 6\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2x^2 - 24\sqrt{cx+b}b^4x - 1}{b^2c^4x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x)`

output

```
( - 16*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3 - 4*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c*x + 6*sqrt(b + c*x)
*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 24*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x - 12*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x**2 +
3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 - 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b
+ c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*
a*c**3*x**3 + 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3)/(48*b
**3*x**3)
```

3.180 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1396
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1397
Rubi [A] (verified)	1397
Maple [A] (verified)	1400
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1400
Sympy [F]	1401
Maxima [F]	1401
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1401
Mupad [F(-1)]	1402
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1402

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{4x^{9/2}} - \frac{(8bB + Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{24bx^{7/2}} - \frac{c(8bB - 5Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{96b^2x^{5/2}} + \frac{c^2(8bB - 5Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{64b^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{c^3(8bB - 5Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(9/2)-1/24*(A*c+8*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(7/2)-1/96*c*(-5*A*c+8*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(5/2)+1/64*c^2*(-5*A*c+8*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(3/2)-1/64*c^3*(-5*A*c+8*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b + cx}(8bBx(8b^2 + 2bcx - 3c^2x^2) + A(48b^3 + 8b^2cx - 10bc^2x^2 + 15c^3x^3)) + 3c^3(8bB - 5Ac) \right)}{192b^{7/2}x^{9/2}\sqrt{b + cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/192*(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(8*b*B*x*(8*b^2 + 2*b*c*x - 3*c^2*x^2) + A*(48*b^3 + 8*b^2*c*x - 10*b*c^2*x^2 + 15*c^3*x^3)) + 3*c^3*(8*b*B - 5*A*c)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(b^(7/2)*x^(9/2)*Sqrt[b + c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1135, 1135, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(8bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{8b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{4bx^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1130 \\ & \frac{(8bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{1}{6}c \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{4bx^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1135 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(8bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{1}{6}c \left(-\frac{3c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4bx^{11/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \\
& \frac{(8bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{1}{6}c \left(-\frac{3c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4bx^{11/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
& \frac{(8bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{1}{6}c \left(-\frac{3c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4bx^{11/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
& \frac{(8bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{1}{6}c \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4bx^{11/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^(11/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(b*x^(11/2)) + ((8*b*B - 5*A*c)*(-1/3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^(7/2) + (c*(-1/2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(5/2)) - (3*c*(-(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(3/2)))) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/6)/(8*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(15A^3c^3x^3-24x^3Bbc^2-10Abc^2x^2+16x^2Bb^2c+8Ab^2cx+64xBb^3+48Ab^3)}{192x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c^3(5Ac-8Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}}{64b^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(15A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^4x^4-24B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^3x^4-15Ac^3x^3\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}+24Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^3\sqrt{cx+b}+10Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{192b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/192*(c*x+b)*(15*A*c^3*x^3-24*B*b*c^2*x^3-10*A*b*c^2*x^2+16*B*b^2*c*x^2+8*A*b^2*c*x+64*B*b^3*x+48*A*b^3)/x^(7/2)/b^3/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/64*c^3*(5*A*c-8*B*b)/b^(7/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(8Bbc^3-5Ac^4)\sqrt{bx^5} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(48Ab^4-3(8Bb^2c^2-5Ab^3c^3)x^3 + 2(8Bb^3c-5Ab^2c^2)x^2 + 8(8Bb^4+Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{b^4x^5}, \frac{1}{192}(3(8Bb^3c-5Ab^2c^2)x^2 + 8(8Bb^4+Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{-b}x^5 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-b}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) - (48Ab^4-3(8Bb^2c^2-5Ab^3c^3)x^3 + 2(8Bb^3c-5Ab^2c^2)x^2 + 8(8Bb^4+Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{b^4x^5} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-1/384*(3*(8*B*b*c^3-5*A*c^4)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^5*\log(-(c*x^2+2*b*x+2*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x))*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/x^2)+2*(48*A*b^4-3*(8*B*b^2*c^2-5*A*b*c^3)*x^3+2*(8*B*b^3*c-5*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2+8*(8*B*b^4+A*b^3*c)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/(b^4*x^5), 1/192*(3*(8*B*b*c^3-5*A*c^4)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)*x^5*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)/(b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))))-(48*A*b^4-3*(8*B*b^2*c^2-5*A*b*c^3)*x^3+2*(8*B*b^3*c-5*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2+8*(8*B*b^4+A*b^3*c)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/(b^4*x^5) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x(b + cx)}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2)/x**(11/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x*(b + c*x))*(A + B*x)/x**(11/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Bx + A)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(B*x + A)/x^(11/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{3(8Bbc^4 - 5Ac^5) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bb^3}} + \frac{24(cx+b)^{7/2}Bbc^4 - 88(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb^2c^4 + 40(cx+b)^{3/2}Bb^3c^4 + 24\sqrt{cx+b}A^2c^4 - 15A^2c^5}{192c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(3*(8*B*b*c^4 - 5*A*c^5)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^3 + (24*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*b*c^4 - 88*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b^2*c^4 + 40*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^3*c^4 + 24*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^4*c^4 - 15*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*A*c^5 + 55*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*b*c^5 - 73*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b^2*c^5 - 15*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^3*c^5)/(b^3*c^4*x^4))/c`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-96\sqrt{cx + b} a b^4 - 16\sqrt{cx + b} a b^3 cx + 20\sqrt{cx + b} a b^2 c^2 x^2 - 30\sqrt{cx + b} a b c^3}{x^{11/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(11/2), x)`

output `(- 96*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4 - 16*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c*x + 20*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 30*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 128*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*x - 32*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 + 24*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4 + 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 - 24*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4)/(384*b**4*x**4)`

3.181 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1403
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1404
Rubi [A] (verified)	1404
Maple [A] (verified)	1407
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1408
Sympy [F(-1)]	1408
Maxima [F]	1409
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1409
Mupad [F(-1)]	1410
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1410

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5x^{11/2}} - \frac{(10bB + Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{40bx^{9/2}} - \frac{c(10bB - 7Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{240b^2x^{7/2}} + \frac{c^2(10bB - 7Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{192b^3x^{5/2}} - \frac{c^3(10bB - 7Ac)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{128b^4x^{3/2}} + \frac{c^4(10bB - 7Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{128b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(11/2)-1/40*(A*c+10*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(9/2)-1/240*c*(-7*A*c+10*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(7/2)+1/192*c^2*(-7*A*c+10*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(5/2)-1/128*c^3*(-7*A*c+10*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^(3/2)+1/128*c^4*(-7*A*c+10*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b}(b + cx)(10bBx(48b^3 + 8b^2cx - 10bc^2x^2 + 15c^3x^3) + A(384b^4 + 48b^3cx - 1920b^2cx^2 + 1920b^2cx^2 - 1920b^2cx^2 + 1920b^2cx^2))}{1920b^9/2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^(13/2),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[b]*(b + c*x)*(10*b*B*x*(48*b^3 + 8*b^2*c*x - 10*b*c^2*x^2 + 15*c^3*x^3) + A*(384*b^4 + 48*b^3*c*x - 56*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 70*b*c^3*x^3 - 105*c^4*x^4))) + 15*c^4*(10*b*B - 7*A*c)*x^5*Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(1920*b^(9/2)*x^(9/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1135, 1135, 1135, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(10bB - 7Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{10b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^{13/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1130} \\ & \frac{(10bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{1}{8}c \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4x^{9/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^{13/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(10bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{1}{8}c \left(-\frac{5c \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4x^{9/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \\
 & \frac{(10bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{1}{8}c \left(-\frac{5c \left(-\frac{3c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4x^{9/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \\
 & \frac{(10bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{1}{8}c \left(-\frac{5c \left(-\frac{3c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4x^{9/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{(10bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{1}{8}c \left(-\frac{5c \left(-\frac{3c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}-b} dx}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4x^{9/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5bx^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{1}{8}c \left(\frac{5c \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}}\right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4x^{9/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{10b}{5bx^{13/2}} A(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/x^(13/2), x]`

output `-1/5*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(b*x^(13/2)) + ((10*b*B - 7*A*c)*(-1/4*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^(9/2) + (c*(-1/3*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(7/2)) - (5*c*(-1/2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(5/2)) - (3*c*(-(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(3/2)))) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]))/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(10*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{(cx+b)(-105A^4c^4x^4+150Bb^3c^3x^4+70Ab^3c^3x^3-100Bb^2c^2x^3-56Ab^2c^2x^2+80Bb^3cx^2+48Ab^3cx+480Bb^4x+384Ab^4)}{1920x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{c^4(7}{1920b^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(105A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^5x^5-150B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^4c^4x^5-105A^4c^4x^4\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}+150Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3x^4\sqrt{cx+b}+70Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3x^3\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{1920b^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(Bx + A)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*(B*x + A)/x^(13/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{1920} c^5 \left(\frac{15(10Bb - 7Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bb^4c}} + \frac{150(cx+b)^{\frac{9}{2}}Bb - 700(cx+b)^{\frac{7}{2}}Bb^2 + 1280(cx+b)^{\frac{5}{2}}Bb^3}{b^4c} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/1920*c^5*(15*(10*B*b - 7*A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*
b^4*c) + (150*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*B*b - 700*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*b^2 + 1280*(c*x
+ b)^(5/2)*B*b^3 - 580*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^4 - 150*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^5 - 1
05*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*A*c + 490*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*A*b*c - 896*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A
*b^2*c + 790*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b^3*c + 105*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^4*c)/(b^4*c^6
*x^5))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2), x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-768\sqrt{cx + b} a b^5 - 96\sqrt{cx + b} a b^4 cx + 112\sqrt{cx + b} a b^3 c^2 x^2 - 140\sqrt{cx + b} a b^2 c^3 x^3 + 210\sqrt{cx + b} a b c^4 x^4 - 960\sqrt{cx + b} a b^6 x - 160\sqrt{cx + b} a b^5 c x^2 + 200\sqrt{cx + b} a b^4 c^2 x^3 - 300\sqrt{cx + b} a b^3 c^3 x^4 + 105\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{b + cx} - \sqrt{b}) a c^5 x^5 - 150\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{b + cx} - \sqrt{b}) b^2 c^4 x^5 - 105\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{b + cx} + \sqrt{b}) a c^5 x^5 + 150\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{b + cx} + \sqrt{b}) b^2 c^4 x^5}{(3840 b^5 x^5)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(13/2), x)`

output `(- 768*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5 - 96*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c*x + 112*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 - 140*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 210*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 - 960*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x - 160*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c*x**2 + 200*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**2*x**3 - 300*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**4 + 105*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**5*x**5 - 150*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**4*x**5 - 105*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**5*x**5 + 150*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**4*x**5)/(3840*b**5*x**5)`

3.182 $\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1412
Rubi [A] (verified)	1412
Maple [A] (verified)	1416
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Sympy [F]	1417
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1418
Mupad [F(-1)]	1419
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1419

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2b^4(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^6x^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^3(5bB - 4Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^6x^{7/2}} - \frac{4b^2(5bB - 3Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^6x^{9/2}} + \frac{4b(5bB - 2Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^6x^{11/2}} - \frac{2(5bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{13/2}}{13c^6x^{13/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{15/2}}{15c^6x^{15/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*b^4*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^6/x^(5/2)+2/7*b^3*(-4*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^6/x^(7/2)-4/9*b^2*(-3*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^6/x^(9/2)+4/11*b*(-2*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^6/x^(11/2)-2/13*(-A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(13/2)/c^6/x^(13/2)+2/15*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(15/2)/c^6/x^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (-256b^5B + 1680b^2c^3x^2(A + Bx) + 128b^4c(3A + 5Bx) - 160b^3c^2x(6A + 7Bx) + 231c^5x^4(15A + 13Bx))}{45045c^6x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(-256*b^5*B + 1680*b^2*c^3*x^2*(A + B*x) + 128*b^4*c*(3*A + 5*B*x) - 160*b^3*c^2*x*(6*A + 7*B*x) - 210*b*c^4*x^3*(12*A + 11*B*x) + 231*c^5*x^4*(15*A + 13*B*x)))/(45045*c^6*x^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{15c} - \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \int x^{5/2}(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} dx}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{15c} - \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{8b \int x^{3/2}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2} dx}{13c} \right)}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15c} - \frac{8b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6b \int \sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2} dx}{11c} \right)}{13c} \right)$$

3c

↓ 1128

$$(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15c} - \frac{8b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c} \right)$$

3c

↓ 1128

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15c} - \\
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{7c} \right)}{9c} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{\quad}{11c}
 \end{aligned} \right) \\
 & \frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{\quad}{13c}
 \end{aligned} \right)
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}$$

3c

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2Bx^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{15c} - \frac{\left(\frac{2x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{8b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{35c^2x^{5/2}} \right)}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c} \right)}{3c} (2bB - 3Ac)$$

input `Int[x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(15*c) - ((2*b*B - 3*A*c)*((2*x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(13*c) - (8*b*((2*Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*c) - (6*b*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*c*Sqrt[x]) - (4*b*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*c^2*x^(5/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*x^(3/2)))))/(9*c)))/(11*c)))/(13*c)))/(3*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] +
Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] +
Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(3003Bc^5x^5+3465Ac^5x^4-2310Bbc^4x^4-2520Abc^4x^3+1680Bb^2c^3x^3+1680Ab^2c^3x^2-1120Bb^3c^2x^2-960Ab^3c^2x+640Bb^4c^2)}{45045c^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^2(3003Bc^5x^5+3465Ac^5x^4-2310Bbc^4x^4-2520Abc^4x^3+1680Bb^2c^3x^3+1680Ab^2c^3x^2-1120Bb^3c^2x^2-960Ab^3c^2x+640Bb^4c^2)}{45045\sqrt{x}c^6}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(3003Bc^5x^5+3465Ac^5x^4-2310Bbc^4x^4-2520Abc^4x^3+1680Bb^2c^3x^3+1680Ab^2c^3x^2-1120Bb^3c^2x^2-960Ab^3c^2x+640Bb^4c^2)}{45045c^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(3003Bc^7x^7+3465Ac^7x^6+3696Bbc^6x^6+4410Abc^6x^5+63Bb^2c^5x^5+105Ab^2c^5x^4-70Bb^3c^4x^4-120Ab^3c^4x^3+80Bb^4c^4x^2)}{45045\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^6}$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/45045*(c*x+b)*(3003*B*c^5*x^5+3465*A*c^5*x^4-2310*B*b*c^4*x^4-2520*A*b*c^4*x^3+1680*B*b^2*c^3*x^3+1680*A*b^2*c^3*x^2-1120*B*b^3*c^2*x^2-960*A*b^3*c^2*x+640*B*b^4*c*x+384*A*b^4*c-256*B*b^5)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^6/x^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(3003Bc^7x^7 - 256Bb^7 + 384Ab^6c + 231(16Bbc^6 + 15Ac^7)x^6 + 63(Bb^2c^5 + 70Abc^6)x^5 - 35(2Bb^3c^4 - 3A*b^2*c^5)x^4 + 40(2Bb^4c^3 - 3A*b^3*c^4)x^3 - 48(2Bb^5c^2 - 3A*b^4*c^3)x^2 + 64(2Bb^6c - 3A*b^5*c^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{c^6\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/45045*(3003*B*c^7*x^7 - 256*B*b^7 + 384*A*b^6*c + 231*(16*B*b*c^6 + 15*A*c^7)*x^6 + 63*(B*b^2*c^5 + 70*A*b*c^6)*x^5 - 35*(2*B*b^3*c^4 - 3*A*b^2*c^5)*x^4 + 40*(2*B*b^4*c^3 - 3*A*b^3*c^4)*x^3 - 48*(2*B*b^5*c^2 - 3*A*b^4*c^3)*x^2 + 64*(2*B*b^6*c - 3*A*b^5*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^6*sqrt(x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{5/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(5/2)*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(5(693c^6x^6 + 63bc^5x^5 - 70b^2c^4x^4 + 80b^3c^3x^3 - 96b^4c^2x^2 + 128b^5cx - 256b^6)x^5 + 13(3003c^7x^7 + 231bc^6x^6 - 252b^2c^5x^5 + 280b^3c^4x^4 - 320b^4c^3x^3 + 384b^5c^2x^2 - 512b^6cx + 1024b^7)x^6 + 45045c^5x^5 - 45045c^6x^4 + 45045c^7x^3 - 45045c^8x^2 + 45045c^9x - 45045c^{10})\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045c^6\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/45045*(5*(693*c^6*x^6 + 63*b*c^5*x^5 - 70*b^2*c^4*x^4 + 80*b^3*c^3*x^3 - \\ & 96*b^4*c^2*x^2 + 128*b^5*c*x - 256*b^6)*x^5 + 13*(315*b*c^5*x^6 + 35*b^2*c^4*x^5 - 40*b^3*c^3*x^4 + 48*b^4*c^2*x^3 - 64*b^5*c*x^2 + 128*b^6*x)*x^4) \\ & *sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c^5*x^5) + 2/45045*((3003*c^7*x^7 + 231*b*c^6*x^6 - 252*b^2*c^5*x^5 + 280*b^3*c^4*x^4 - 320*b^4*c^3*x^3 + 384*b^5*c^2*x^2 - 512*b^6*c*x + 1024*b^7)*x^6 + 5*(693*b*c^6*x^7 + 63*b^2*c^5*x^6 - 70*b^3*c^4*x^5 + 80*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 96*b^5*c^2*x^3 + 128*b^6*c*x^2 - 256*b^7*x)*x^5)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^6*x^6) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(315 (cx + b)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 1540 (cx + b)^{\frac{9}{2}} b + 2970 (cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^2 - 2772 (cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^3 + 1155 (cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4 - 3003 (cx + b)^{\frac{1}{2}} b^5 \right)}{3465 c^5} + \frac{2 \left(693 (cx + b)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 4095 (cx + b)^{\frac{11}{2}} b + 10010 (cx + b)^{\frac{9}{2}} b^2 - 12870 (cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 + 9009 (cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 - 3003 (cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^5 + 3003 (cx + b)^{\frac{1}{2}} b^6 \right)}{9009 c^6} + \frac{2 \left(693 (cx + b)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 4095 (cx + b)^{\frac{11}{2}} b + 10010 (cx + b)^{\frac{9}{2}} b^2 - 12870 (cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 + 9009 (cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 - 3003 (cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^5 + 3003 (cx + b)^{\frac{1}{2}} b^6 \right)}{9009 c^5} + \frac{2 \left(3003 (cx + b)^{\frac{15}{2}} - 20790 (cx + b)^{\frac{13}{2}} b + 61425 (cx + b)^{\frac{11}{2}} b^2 - 100100 (cx + b)^{\frac{9}{2}} b^3 + 96525 (cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^4 - 30030 (cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^5 + 30030 (cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^6 - 30030 (cx + b)^{\frac{1}{2}} b^7 \right)}{45045 c^6}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)*A*b/c^5 + 2/9009*(693*(c*x + b)^(13/2) - 4095*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b + 10010*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^2 - 12870*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^3 + 9009*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^4 - 3003*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^5)*B*b/c^6 + 2/9009*(693*(c*x + b)^(13/2) - 4095*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b + 10010*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^2 - 12870*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^3 + 9009*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^4 - 3003*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^5)*A/c^5 + 2/45045*(3003*(c*x + b)^(15/2) - 20790*(c*x + b)^(13/2)*b + 61425*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b^2 - 100100*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^3 + 96525*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^4 - 54054*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^5 + 15015*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^6)*B/c^6
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{5/2}(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)
```

output

```
int(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{5/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(3003bc^7x^7 + 3465ac^7x^6 + 3696b^2c^6x^6 + 4410abc^6x^5 + 63b^3c^5x^5 + 105ab^2c^5x^4 -$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(384*a*b**6*c - 192*a*b**5*c**2*x + 144*a*b**4*c**3*x**2
- 120*a*b**3*c**4*x**3 + 105*a*b**2*c**5*x**4 + 4410*a*b*c**6*x**5 + 3465*
a*c**7*x**6 - 256*b**8 + 128*b**7*c*x - 96*b**6*c**2*x**2 + 80*b**5*c**3*x
**3 - 70*b**4*c**4*x**4 + 63*b**3*c**5*x**5 + 3696*b**2*c**6*x**6 + 3003*b
*c**7*x**7))/(45045*c**6)
```

3.183 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1421
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1422
Rubi [A] (verified)	1422
Maple [A] (verified)	1425
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1425
Sympy [F]	1426
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1426
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1427
Mupad [F(-1)]	1427
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1428

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2b^3(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b^2(4bB - 3Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^5x^{7/2}} + \frac{2b(2bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{9/2}}{3c^5x^{9/2}} - \frac{2(4bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^5x^{11/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{13/2}}{13c^5x^{13/2}}$$

output

```
2/5*b^3*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^5/x^(5/2)-2/7*b^2*(-3*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^5/x^(7/2)+2/3*b*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^5/x^(9/2)-2/11*(-A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^5/x^(11/2)+2/13*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(13/2)/c^5/x^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{5/2}(128b^4B + 105c^4x^3(13A + 11Bx) - 70bc^3x^2(13A + 12Bx) + 40b^2c^2x(13A + 12Bx) - 16b^3c(13A + 12Bx))}{15015c^5x^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(128*b^4*B + 105*c^4*x^3*(13*A + 11*B*x) - 70*b*c^3*x^2*(13*A + 12*B*x) + 40*b^2*c^2*x*(13*A + 14*B*x) - 16*b^3*c*(13*A + 20*B*x)))/(15015*c^5*x^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1221 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{(8bB - 13Ac) \int x^{3/2}(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} dx}{13c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{(8bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6b \int \sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2} dx}{11c} \right)}{13c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{(8bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c}$$

↓ 1128

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{(8bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{7c} \right)}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c}$$

13c

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{13c} - \frac{(8bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{35c^2x^{5/2}} \right)}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c}$$

input `Int [x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(13c) - ((8bB - 13Ac)((2\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(11c) - (6b((2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(9c\sqrt{x}) - (4b((-4b(bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(35c^2x^{5/2}) + (2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(7cx^{3/2}))))/(9c)))/(11c)))/(13c)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_{.}) + (e_{.})(x_{.})\}^{(m_{.})} \{ (a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.}) + (c_{.})(x_{.})^2 \}^{(p_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e(d + ex)^{(m-1)} \{(a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1)} / (c(p+1))\}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2d - bde + ae^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0]$$

rule 1128

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_{.}) + (e_{.})(x_{.})\}^{(m_{.})} \{ (a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.}) + (c_{.})(x_{.})^2 \}^{(p_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e(d + ex)^{(m-1)} \{(a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1)} / (c(m + 2p + 1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Simplify}[m + p] \{(2cd - be) / (c(m + 2p + 1))\} \text{Int}[(d + ex)^{(m-1)} (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2d - bde + ae^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + p], 0]$$

rule 1221

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_{.}) + (e_{.})(x_{.})\}^{(m_{.})} \{ (f_{.}) + (g_{.})(x_{.}) \} \{ (a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.}) + (c_{.})(x_{.})^2 \}^{(p_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g(d + ex)^m \{(a + bx + cx^2)^{(p+1)} / (c(m + 2p + 2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(m(g(cd - be) + cef) + e(p + 1)(2cf - bg)) / (c e (m + 2p + 2)) \text{Int}[(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2d - bde + ae^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2p + 2, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-1155Bc^4x^4-1365Ac^4x^3+840Bc^3x^3b+910Abc^3x^2-560c^2x^2Bb^2-520Ab^2c^2x+320Bb^3cx+208Ab^3c-128Bb^4)(cx+b)}{15015c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^2(-1155Bc^4x^4-1365Ac^4x^3+840Bc^3x^3b+910Abc^3x^2-560c^2x^2Bb^2-520Ab^2c^2x+320Bb^3cx+208Ab^3c-128Bb^4)(cx+b)}{15015\sqrt{x}c^5}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-1155Bc^4x^4-1365Ac^4x^3+840Bc^3x^3b+910Abc^3x^2-560c^2x^2Bb^2-520Ab^2c^2x+320Bb^3cx+208Ab^3c-128Bb^4)(cx+b)}{15015c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(-1155Bc^6x^6-1365Ac^6x^5-1470Bbc^5x^5-1820Abc^5x^4-35Bb^2c^4x^4-65Ab^2c^4x^3+40Bb^3c^3x^3+78Ab^3c^3x^2-48Bb^4c^3x+15015b^4c^3)(cx+b)}{15015\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^5}$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{2}{15015}(cx+b)(-1155Bc^4x^4-1365Ac^4x^3+840Bb^3c^3x^3+910Ab^3c^3x^2-560Bb^2c^2x^2-520Ab^2c^2x+320Bb^3cx+208Ab^3c-128Bb^4)(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}/c^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx^2+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(1155Bc^6x^6+128Bb^6-208Ab^5c+105(14Bbc^5+13Ac^6)x^5+35(Bb^2c^4+52Abc^5)x^4-5*(8Bb^3c^3-13Ab^2c^4)x^3+6*(8Bb^4c^2-13Ab^3c^3)x^2-8*(8Bb^5c-13Ab^4c^2)x)*\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15015c^5\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{15015}(1155Bc^6x^6+128Bb^6-208Ab^5c+105(14Bb^3c^5+13Ab^2c^6)x^5+35(Bb^2c^4+52Ab^3c^5)x^4-5*(8Bb^3c^3-13Ab^2c^4)x^3+6*(8Bb^4c^2-13Ab^3c^3)x^2-8*(8Bb^5c-13Ab^4c^2)x)*\sqrt{cx^2+bx}/(c^5\sqrt{x})$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{\frac{3}{2}}(x(b+cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(3/2)*(x*(b+c*x))**(3/2)*(A+B*x),x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2((315c^5x^5 + 35bc^4x^4 - 40b^2c^3x^3 + 48b^3c^2x^2 - 64b^4cx + 128b^5)x^4 + 11(35bc^4x^5 + 5b^2c^3x^4 + 8b^4cx^3 - 16b^5x^2)x^3) \sqrt{cx+b} A / (c^4x^4) + 2/45045(5(693c^6x^6 + 63bc^5x^5 - 70b^2c^4x^4 + 80b^3c^3x^3 - 96b^4c^2x^2 + 128b^5cx - 256b^6)x^5 + 13(315bc^5x^6 + 35b^2c^4x^5 - 40b^3c^3x^4 + 48b^4c^2x^3 - 64b^5cx^2 + 128b^6x)x^4) \sqrt{cx+b} B / (c^5x^5)}{3465c^4x^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3465*((315*c^5*x^5 + 35*b*c^4*x^4 - 40*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 48*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 64*b^4*c*x + 128*b^5)*x^4 + 11*(35*b*c^4*x^5 + 5*b^2*c^3*x^4 - 6*b^3*c^2*x^3 + 8*b^4*c*x^2 - 16*b^5*x)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c^4*x^4) + 2/45045*(5*(693*c^6*x^6 + 63*b*c^5*x^5 - 70*b^2*c^4*x^4 + 80*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 96*b^4*c^2*x^2 + 128*b^5*c*x - 256*b^6)*x^5 + 13*(315*b*c^5*x^6 + 35*b^2*c^4*x^5 - 40*b^3*c^3*x^4 + 48*b^4*c^2*x^3 - 64*b^5*c*x^2 + 128*b^6*x)*x^4)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^5*x^5)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(35 (cx + b)^{9/2} - 135 (cx + b)^{7/2} b + 189 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^2 - 105 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^3 \right) Ab}{315 c^4} + \frac{2 \left(315 (cx + b)^{11/2} - 1540 (cx + b)^{9/2} b + 2970 (cx + b)^{7/2} b^2 - 2772 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^3 + 1155 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^4 \right) Bb}{3465 c^5} + \frac{2 \left(315 (cx + b)^{11/2} - 1540 (cx + b)^{9/2} b + 2970 (cx + b)^{7/2} b^2 - 2772 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^3 + 1155 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^4 \right) A}{3465 c^4} + \frac{2 \left(693 (cx + b)^{13/2} - 4095 (cx + b)^{11/2} b + 10010 (cx + b)^{9/2} b^2 - 12870 (cx + b)^{7/2} b^3 + 9009 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^4 - 3003 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^5 \right) B}{9009 c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)*A*b/c^4 + 2/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)*B*b/c^5 + 2/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)*A/c^4 + 2/9009*(693*(c*x + b)^(13/2) - 4095*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b + 10010*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^2 - 12870*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^3 + 9009*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^4 - 3003*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^5)*B/c^5`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^{3/2} (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(1155b^6c^6 + 1365abc^6x^5 + 1470b^2c^5x^5 + 1820abc^5x^4 + 35b^3c^4x^4 + 65ab^2c^4x^3 - 64b^3c^4x^3 - 48b^4c^3x^3 + 35b^3c^4x^4 + 1470b^2c^5x^5 + 1155b^3c^6x^6)}{15015c^5}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(- 208*a*b**5*c + 104*a*b**4*c**2*x - 78*a*b**3*c**3*x**2 + 65*a*b**2*c**4*x**3 + 1820*a*b*c**5*x**4 + 1365*a*c**6*x**5 + 128*b**7 - 64*b**6*c*x + 48*b**5*c**2*x**2 - 40*b**4*c**3*x**3 + 35*b**3*c**4*x**4 + 1470*b**2*c**5*x**5 + 1155*b*c**6*x**6))/(15015*c**5)`

3.184 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1429
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1429
Rubi [A] (verified)	1430
Maple [A] (verified)	1432
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1432
Sympy [F]	1433
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1433
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1434
Mupad [F(-1)]	1434
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1435

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2b^2(bB - Ac) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^4x^{5/2}} + \frac{2b(3bB - 2Ac) (bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^4x^{7/2}} - \frac{2(3bB - Ac) (bx + cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^4x^{9/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^4x^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*b^2*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^4/x^(5/2)+2/7*b*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^4/x^(7/2)-2/9*(-A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^4/x^(9/2)+2/11*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^4/x^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (-48b^3B + 35c^3x^2(11A + 9Bx) + 8b^2c(11A + 15Bx) - 10bc^2x(22A + 21Bx))}{3465c^4x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(-48*b^3*B + 35*c^3*x^2*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 8*b^2*c*(11*A + 15*B*x) - 10*b*c^2*x*(22*A + 21*B*x)))/(3465*c^4*x^(5/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{(6bB - 11Ac) \int \sqrt{x}(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} dx}{11c}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{(6bB - 11Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{9c} \right)}{11c}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{(6bB - 11Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{7c} \right)}{9c} \right)}{11c}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{\left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{35c^2x^{5/2}} \right)}{9c} \right) (6bB - 11Ac)}{11c}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*c) - ((6*b*B - 11*A*c)*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*c*Sqrt[x]) - (4*b*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*c^2*x^(5/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*x^(3/2)))))/(9*c))/(11*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(315Bc^3x^3+385Ac^3x^2-210Bbc^2x^2-220Abc^2x+120Bb^2cx+88Ab^2c-48Bb^3)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465c^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^2(315Bc^3x^3+385Ac^3x^2-210Bbc^2x^2-220Abc^2x+120Bb^2cx+88Ab^2c-48Bb^3)}{3465\sqrt{x}c^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(315Bc^3x^3+385Ac^3x^2-210Bbc^2x^2-220Abc^2x+120Bb^2cx+88Ab^2c-48Bb^3)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465c^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(315Bc^5x^5+385Ac^5x^4+420Bbc^4x^4+550Abc^4x^3+15Bb^2c^3x^3+33Ab^2c^3x^2-18Bb^3c^2x^2-44Ab^3c^2x+24Bb^4cx+88Ab^4c)}{3465\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^4}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465}(cx+b)(315Bc^3x^3+385Ac^3x^2-210Bbc^2x^2-220Abc^2x+120Bb^2cx+88Ab^2c-48Bb^3)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}/c^4/x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx^2+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(315Bc^5x^5 - 48Bb^5 + 88Ab^4c + 35(12Bbc^4 + 11Ac^5)x^4 + 5(3Bb^2c^3 + 110Abc^4)x^3 - 3(6Bb^3c^2 - 11Ab^2c^3)x^2 + 4(6Bb^4c - 11Ab^3c^2)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{3465c^4\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465}(315Bc^5x^5 - 48Bb^5 + 88Ab^4c + 35(12Bbc^4 + 11Ac^5)x^4 + 5(3Bb^2c^3 + 110Abc^4)x^3 - 3(6Bb^3c^2 - 11Ab^2c^3)x^2 + 4(6Bb^4c - 11Ab^3c^2)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx} / (c^4 \sqrt{x})$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 229 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2((35c^4x^4 + 5bc^3x^3 - 6b^2c^2x^2 + 8b^3cx - 16b^4)x^3 + 3(15bc^3x^4 + 3b^2c^2x^3 - 4b^3cx^2 + 8b^4x + cx^2)^{3/2}}{315c^3x^3} + \frac{2((315c^5x^5 + 35bc^4x^4 - 40b^2c^3x^3 + 48b^3c^2x^2 - 64b^4cx + 128b^5)x^4 + 11(35bc^4x^5 + 5b^2c^3x^4 - 6b^3c^2x^3 - 6b^4cx^2 + 8b^5x)x^3) \sqrt{cx + b}}{3465c^4x^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*((35*c^4*x^4 + 5*b*c^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 8*b^3*c*x - 16*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(15*b*c^3*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*x^3 - 4*b^3*c*x^2 + 8*b^4*x)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c^3*x^3) + 2/3465*((315*c^5*x^5 + 35*b*c^4*x^4 - 40*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 48*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 64*b^4*c*x + 128*b^5)*x^4 + 11*(35*b*c^4*x^5 + 5*b^2*c^3*x^4 - 6*b^3*c^2*x^3 + 8*b^4*c*x^2 - 16*b^5*x)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^4*x^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(15 (cx+b)^{7/2} - 42 (cx+b)^{5/2} b + 35 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^2 \right) Ab}{105 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(35 (cx+b)^{9/2} - 135 (cx+b)^{7/2} b + 189 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^2 - 105 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^3 \right) Bb}{315 c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(35 (cx+b)^{9/2} - 135 (cx+b)^{7/2} b + 189 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^2 - 105 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^3 \right) A}{315 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(315 (cx+b)^{11/2} - 1540 (cx+b)^{9/2} b + 2970 (cx+b)^{7/2} b^2 - 2772 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^3 + 1155 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^4 \right) B}{3465 c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)
*A*b/c^3 + 2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x +
b)^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)*B*b/c^4 + 2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2)
) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*
b^3)*A/c^3 + 2/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*
(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)
*B/c^4
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x)`

output

```
int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(315bc^5x^5 + 385a^5c^5x^4 + 420b^2c^4x^4 + 550abc^4x^3 + 15b^3c^3x^3 + 33ab^2c^3x^2 - 18b^4c^3x + 3465c^4)}{3465c^4}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(88*a*b**4*c - 44*a*b**3*c**2*x + 33*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 50*a*b*c**4*x**3 + 385*a*c**5*x**4 - 48*b**6 + 24*b**5*c*x - 18*b**4*c**2*x**2 + 15*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 420*b**2*c**4*x**4 + 315*b*c**5*x**5))/(3465*c**4)`

3.185
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1436
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1436
Rubi [A] (verified)	1437
Maple [A] (verified)	1438
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Sympy [F]	1439
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1440
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1440
Mupad [F(-1)]	1441
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1441

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2b(bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^3x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(2bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^3x^{7/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^3x^{9/2}}$$

output

$2/5*b*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^3/x^(5/2)-2/7*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^3/x^(7/2)+2/9*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^3/x^(9/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(8b^2B+5c^2x(9A+7Bx)-2bc(9A+10Bx))}{315c^3x^{5/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output

$$\frac{(2*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(8*b^2*B + 5*c^2*x*(9*A + 7*B*x) - 2*b*c*(9*A + 10*B*x)))/(315*c^3*x^(5/2))}{}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1221 \\ & \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(4bB - 9Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{9c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\ & \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(4bB - 9Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{7c} \right)}{9c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1122 \\ & \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{9c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{35c^2x^{5/2}} \right) (4bB - 9Ac)}{9c} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*c*Sqrt[x]) - ((4*b*B - 9*A*c)*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*c^2*x^(5/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*x^(3/2))))/(9*c)}{}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-35Bc^2x^2-45Ac^2x+20Bbcx+18Abc-8Bb^2)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315c^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	59
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^2(-35Bc^2x^2-45Ac^2x+20Bbcx+18Abc-8Bb^2)}{315\sqrt{x}c^3}$	59
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-35Bc^2x^2-45Ac^2x+20Bbcx+18Abc-8Bb^2)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315c^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	59
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(-35Bc^4x^4-45Ac^4x^3-50Bc^3x^3b-72Abc^3x^2-3c^2x^2Bb^2-9Ab^2c^2x+4Bb^3cx+18Ab^3c-8Bb^4)}{315\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^3}$	105

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(c*x+b)*(-35*B*c^2*x^2-45*A*c^2*x+20*B*b*c*x+18*A*b*c-8*B*b^2)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^3/x^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(35Bc^4x^4 + 8Bb^4 - 18Ab^3c + 5(10Bbc^3 + 9Ac^4)x^3 + 3(Bb^2c^2 + 24Ab^2c)x^2 - (4Bb^3c - 9Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{315c^3\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*B*c^4*x^4 + 8*B*b^4 - 18*A*b^3*c + 5*(10*B*b*c^3 + 9*A*c^4)*x^3 + 3*(B*b^2*c^2 + 24*A*b*c^3)*x^2 - (4*B*b^3*c - 9*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^3*sqrt(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/sqrt(x), x)
```


Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2((15c^3x^3 + 3bc^2x^2 - 4b^2cx + 8b^3)x^2 + 7(3bc^2x^3 + b^2cx^2 - 2b^3x)x)\sqrt{cx + b}}{105c^2x^2} + \frac{2((35c^4x^4 + 5bc^3x^3 - 6b^2c^2x^2 + 8b^3cx - 16b^4)x^3 + 3(15bc^3x^4 + 3b^2c^2x^3 - 4b^3cx^2 + 8b^4x)x^2)\sqrt{cx + b}}{315c^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/105*((15*c^3*x^3 + 3*b*c^2*x^2 - 4*b^2*c*x + 8*b^3)*x^2 + 7*(3*b*c^2*x^3 + b^2*c*x^2 - 2*b^3*x)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c^2*x^2) + 2/315*((35*c^4*x^4 + 5*b*c^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 8*b^3*c*x - 16*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(15*b*c^3*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*x^3 - 4*b^3*c*x^2 + 8*b^4*x)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^3*x^3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\left(3(cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b\right)Ab}{15c^2} + \frac{2\left(15(cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 42(cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}}b + 35(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2\right)Bb}{105c^3} + \frac{2\left(15(cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 42(cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}}b + 35(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2\right)A}{105c^2} + \frac{2\left(35(cx + b)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 135(cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}}b + 189(cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2 - 105(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3\right)B}{315c^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2) - 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b)*A*b/c^2 + 2/105*(15*(c*x +
b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*B*b/c^3 + 2/105*
(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*A/c^2
+ 2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)^(5/2)
*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)*B/c^3
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(35b^4c^4x^4 + 45a^4c^4x^3 + 50b^2c^3x^3 + 72ab^3c^3x^2 + 3b^3c^2x^2 + 9ab^2c^2x + 35b^2c^2x)}{315c^3}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(- 18*a*b**3*c + 9*a*b**2*c**2*x + 72*a*b*c**3*x**2 + 45
*a*c**4*x**3 + 8*b**5 - 4*b**4*c*x + 3*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 50*b**2*c**3*x**3
+ 35*b*c**4*x**4))/(315*c**3)
```

$$3.186 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1442
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1442
Rubi [A] (verified)	1443
Maple [A] (verified)	1444
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
Sympy [F]	1445
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1445
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1445
Mupad [F(-1)]	1446
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1446

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^2x^{5/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^2x^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^2/x^(5/2)+2/7*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^2/x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(-2bB+7Ac+5Bcx)}{35c^2x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(x*(b+c*x))^(5/2)*(-2*b*B+7*A*c+5*B*c*x))/(35*c^2*x^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{(2bB - 7Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{7c}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{7cx^{3/2}} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} (2bB - 7Ac)}{35c^2x^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*(2*b*B - 7*A*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*c^2*x^(5/2)) + (2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*x^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(5Bcx+7Ac-2Bb)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35c^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	39
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^2(5Bcx+7Ac-2Bb)}{35\sqrt{x}c^2}$	39
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(5Bcx+7Ac-2Bb)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35c^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	39
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(5Bc^3x^3+7Ac^3x^2+8Bbc^2x^2+14Abc^2x+Bb^2cx+7Ab^2c-2Bb^3)}{35\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^2}$	80

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/35*(c*x+b)*(5*B*c*x+7*A*c-2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^2/x^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bc^3x^3 - 2Bb^3 + 7Ab^2c + (8Bbc^2 + 7Ac^3)x^2 + (Bb^2c + 14Abc^2)x)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{35c^2\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/35*(5*B*c^3*x^3 - 2*B*b^3 + 7*A*b^2*c + (8*B*b*c^2 + 7*A*c^3)*x^2 + (B*b^2*c + 14*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^2*sqrt(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5bcx^2 + 5b^2x + (3c^2x^2 + bcx - 2b^2)x)\sqrt{cx + b}A}{15cx} + \frac{2((15c^3x^3 + 3bc^2x^2 - 4b^2cx + 8b^3)x^2 + 7(3bc^2x^3 + b^2cx^2 - 2b^3x)x)\sqrt{cx + b}B}{105c^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(5*b*c*x^2 + 5*b^2*x + (3*c^2*x^2 + b*c*x - 2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A / (c*x) + 2/105*((15*c^3*x^3 + 3*b*c^2*x^2 - 4*b^2*c*x + 8*b^3)*x^2 + 7*(3*b*c^2*x^3 + b^2*c*x^2 - 2*b^3*x)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^2*x^2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab}{3c} + \frac{2\left(3(cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b\right)Bb}{15c^2} + \frac{2\left(3(cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b\right)A}{15c} + \frac{2\left(15(cx + b)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 42(cx + b)^{\frac{5}{2}}b + 35(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2\right)B}{105c^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b/c + 2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2) - 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b)*B*b/c^2 + 2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2) - 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b)*A/c + 2/105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*B/c^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(5b^3c^3x^3 + 7a^3c^3x^2 + 8b^2c^2x^2 + 14abc^2x + b^3cx + 7ab^2c - 2b^4)}{35c^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2),x)`

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{b + cx})(7ab^2c + 14abc^2x + 7ac^3x^2 - 2b^4 + b^3cx + 8b^2c^2x^2 + 5bc^3x^3)}{(35c^2)}$$

3.187 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1448
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1448
Rubi [A] (verified)	1449
Maple [A] (verified)	1451
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1451
Sympy [F]	1452
Maxima [F]	1452
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1452
Mupad [F(-1)]	1453
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1453

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5cx^{5/2}} - 2Ab^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

output

```
2*A*b*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)+2/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)+2/5*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c/x^(5/2)-2*A*b^(3/2)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b+cx}\left(\sqrt{b+cx}(3b^2B+c^2x(5A+3Bx))+b(20Ac+6Bcx)\right)-15A}{15c\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(Sqrt[b + c*x]*(3*b^2*B + c^2*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + b
*(20*A*c + 6*B*c*x)) - 15*A*b^(3/2)*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]]))/(15
*c*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1221, 1131, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$A \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5cx^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$A \left(b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5cx^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$A \left(b \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5cx^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$A \left(b \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x} - b} d \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5cx^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$A \left(b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5cx^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c*x^(5/2)) + A*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x^(3/2)) + b*((2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[x] - 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	si
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(-3Bc^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b}+15Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)-5A^2cx\sqrt{cx+b}-6Bbcx\sqrt{cx+b}-20Abc\sqrt{cx+b}-3Bb^2\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}c}$	1

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)}*(-3*B*c^2*x^2*(c*x+b)^{(1/2)}+15*A*b^{(3/2)}*c*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})-5*A*c^2*x*(c*x+b)^{(1/2)}-6*B*b*c*x*(c*x+b)^{(1/2)}-20*A*b*c*(c*x+b)^{(1/2)}-3*B*b^2*(c*x+b)^{(1/2)})/x^{(1/2)}/(c*x+b)^{(1/2)}/c$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left[15Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}cx \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(3Bc^2x^2 + 3Bb^2 + 20Abc + 6B^2b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}\right]}{15cx}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[1/15*(15*A*b^{(3/2)}*c*x*\log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{x})/x^2 + 2*(3*B*c^2*x^2 + 3*B*b^2 + 20*A*b*c + (6*B*b*c + 5*A*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x})/(c*x), 2/15*(15*A*\sqrt{-b}*b*c*x*\operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{-b})/(b*\sqrt{x})) + (3*B*c^2*x^2 + 3*B*b^2 + 20*A*b*c + (6*B*b*c + 5*A*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x})/(c*x)\right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} (Bx + A)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*b*integrate(sqrt(c*x + b)/x, x) + 2/15*(5*(B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + (3*B*c^2*x^2 + B*b*c*x - 2*B*b^2)*x + 5*(B*b^2 + A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)/(c*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} + \frac{2\left(3(cx+b)^{5/2}Bc^4 + 5(cx+b)^{3/2}Ac^5 + 15\sqrt{cx+b}Abc^5\right)}{15c^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*A*b^2*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) + 2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*c^4 + 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^5 + 15*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^5)/c^5`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{40\sqrt{cx + b}abc + 10\sqrt{cx + b}a^2cx + 6\sqrt{cx + b}b^3 + 12\sqrt{cx + b}b^2cx + 6\sqrt{cx + b}b^2cx + 6\sqrt{cx + b}b^2cx}{15c}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(5/2), x)`

output `(40*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c + 10*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x + 6*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3 + 12*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x + 6*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*b*c - 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*b*c)/(15*c)`

3.188
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1454
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1454
Rubi [A] (verified)	1455
Maple [A] (verified)	1457
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1457
Sympy [F]	1458
Maxima [F]	1458
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1458
Mupad [F(-1)]	1459
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1459

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(2bB+3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} - \sqrt{b}(2bB+3Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

output

```
(3*A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)-A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(5/2)+2/3*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)-b^(1/2)*(3*A*c+2*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(\sqrt{b+cx}(-3A(b-2cx)+2Bx(4b+cx))-3\sqrt{b}(2bB+3Ac))}{3x^{3/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b + c*x]*(-3*A*(b - 2*c*x) + 2*B*x*(4*b + c*x)) -
3*Sqrt[b]*(2*b*B + 3*A*c)*x*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]]))/(3*x^(3/2)*S
qrt[b + c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1220, 1131, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$\frac{(3Ac + 2bB) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1131

$$\frac{(3Ac + 2bB) \left(b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1131

$$\frac{(3Ac + 2bB) \left(b \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\frac{(3Ac + 2bB) \left(b \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^{7/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(3Ac + 2bB) \left(b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{bx^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(7/2),x]`

output `-((A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(b*x^(7/2))) + ((2*b*B + 3*A*c)*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x^(3/2)) + b*((2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[x] - 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])])))/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{bA(cx+b)}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{\left(\frac{2B(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ac\sqrt{cx+b} + 2Bb\sqrt{cx+b} - \sqrt{b}(3Ac+2Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(-2Bcx^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b} + 9A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bcx - 6Acx\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b} + 6B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2x - 8Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{cx+b} + 3Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b*A*(c*x+b)/x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+(2/3*B*(c*x+b)^(3/2)+2*A*c*(c*x+b)^(1/2)+2*B*b*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*(3*A*c+2*B*b)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(2Bb+3Ac)\sqrt{b}x^2 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(2Bcx^2-3Ab + \dots)}{6x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(2*B*b + 3*A*c)*sqrt(b)*x^2*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(2*B*c*x^2 - 3*A*b + 2*(4*B*b + 3*A*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/x^2, 1/3*(3*(2*B*b + 3*A*c)*sqrt(-b)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (2*B*c*x^2 - 3*A*b + 2*(4*B*b + 3*A*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/x^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} (Bx + A)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(B*c*x + B*b)*sqrt(c*x + b) + integrate((A*b + (B*b + A*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)/x^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}c \left(\frac{3\sqrt{cx+b}Ab}{cx} - \frac{3(2Bb^2 + 3Abc) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc}} - \frac{2\left((cx+b)^{3/2}Bc^2 + 3\sqrt{cx+b}Bbc^2 + 3\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{c^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/3*c*(3*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b/(c*x) - 3*(2*B*b^2 + 3*A*b*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x
+ b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*c) - 2*((c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*c^2 + 3*sqrt(c*x + b)*B
*b*c^2 + 3*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*c^3)/c^3)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{cx + b}ab + 12\sqrt{cx + b}acx + 16\sqrt{cx + b}b^2x + 4\sqrt{cx + b}bcx^2 + 9\sqrt{b}}{6x}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b + 12*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c*x + 16*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*x
+ 4*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c*x**2 + 9*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c*x
+ 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*x - 9*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b +
c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c*x - 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*x)/(6*
x)
```

3.189
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1460
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1460
Rubi [A] (verified)	1461
Maple [A] (verified)	1463
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1463
Sympy [F]	1464
Maxima [F]	1464
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1465
Mupad [F(-1)]	1465
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1465

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{(4bB+3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4x^{3/2}} + \frac{2Bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} - \frac{3c(4bB+Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(3*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)+2*B*c*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)-1/2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(7/2)-3/4*c*(A*c+4*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+cx}(4Bx(b-2cx)+A(2b+5cx))+3c(4bB+Ac)x^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{b}x^{5/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(4*B*x*(b - 2*c*x) + A*(2*b + 5*c*x)) + 3*c*(4*b*B + A*c)*x^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]]))/(Sqrt[b]*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b + c*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\
 & \frac{(Ac + 4bB) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{2bx^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1130} \\
 & \frac{(Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{3}{2}c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{2bx^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 & \frac{(Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{3}{2}c \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{2bx^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{(Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{3}{2}c \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{2bx^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{3}{2}c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{2bx^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(9/2), x]`

output `-1/2*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(b*x^(9/2)) + ((4*b*B + A*c)*(-(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/x^(5/2)) + (3*c*((2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/sqrt[x] - 2*sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])]))/2)/(4*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1])) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(5Acx+4Bbx+2Ab)}{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c\left(16B\sqrt{cx+b} - \frac{2(3Ac+12Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{8\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(3A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^2x^2+12B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bcx^2-8Bcx^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}+5Acx\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}+4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{cx+b}+2Ab\right)}{4x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(c*x+b)*(5*A*c*x+4*B*b*x+2*A*b)/x^(3/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/8*c*(16*B*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-2*(3*A*c+12*B*b)/b^(1/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(4Bbc + Ac^2)\sqrt{b}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8Bbcx^2 - 2Ab^2)}{8bx^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/8*(3*(4*B*b*c + A*c^2)*sqrt(b)*x^3*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 +
b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(8*B*b*c*x^2 - 2*A*b^2 - (4*B*b^2 + 5*A*b*
c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b*x^3), 1/4*(3*(4*B*b*c + A*c^2)*sqrt(-b
)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (8*B*b*c*x^2 - 2*A*
b^2 - (4*B*b^2 + 5*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(A + Bx)}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(9/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Bx + A)}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/x^(9/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{cx+b}Bc^2 + \frac{3(4Bbc^2 + Ac^3)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} - \frac{4(cx+b)^{3/2}Bbc^2 - 4\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^2c^2 + 5(cx+b)^{3/2}A^2c^2}{c^2x^2}}{4c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(8*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*c^2 + 3*(4*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) - (4*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b*c^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^2*c^2 + 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^3 - 3*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^3)/(c^2*x^2)/c`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2 - 10\sqrt{cx+b}abcx - 8\sqrt{cx+b}b^3x + 16\sqrt{cx+b}b^2cx^2 + 3A^2cx^2}{c^2x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(9/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 - 10*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x - 8*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*  
*3*x + 16*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b  
) )*a*c**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2 - 3*s  
qrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 - 12*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b +  
c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2)/(8*b*x**2)
```

3.190 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1467
Rubi [A] (verified)	1468
Maple [A] (verified)	1470
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1470
Sympy [F]	1471
Maxima [F]	1471
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1471
Mupad [F(-1)]	1472
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1472

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{(2bB+Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4x^{5/2}} - \frac{c(10bB+Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{8bx^{3/2}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} - \frac{c^2(6bB-Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)-1/8*c*(A*c+10*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(3/2)-1/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(9/2)-1/8*c^2*(-A*c+6*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+cx}(6bBx(2b+5cx)+A(8b^2+14bcx+3c^2x^2))+24b^{3/2}x^{7/2}\sqrt{b+cx}\right)}{24b^{3/2}x^{7/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(6*b*B*x*(2*b + 5*c*x) + A*(8*
b^2 + 14*b*c*x + 3*c^2*x^2))) + 3*c^2*(-6*b*B + A*c)*x^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b +
c*x]/Sqrt[b]]))/(24*b^(3/2)*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[b + c*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1130, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(6bB - Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^{11/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{(6bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{4}c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{5/2}} dx - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^{11/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{(6bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^{11/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\frac{(6bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{4}c \left(c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x} - b} d\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^{11/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$\frac{(6bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{3bx^{11/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(11/2),x]`

output `-1/3*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(b*x^(11/2)) + ((6*b*B - A*c)*(-1/2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/x^(7/2) + (3*c*(-(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^(3/2)) - (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))/Sqrt[b]))/4)/(6*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] & IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(3Ac^2x^2+30x^2Bbc+14Abcx+12xBb^2+8b^2A)}{24x^{\frac{5}{2}}b\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c^2(Ac-6Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(3A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^3x^3-18B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^2x^3-3Ac^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}-30Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}cx^2\sqrt{cx+b}-14Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}cx\sqrt{cx+b}-24b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{24b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(c*x+b)*(3*A*c^2*x^2+30*B*b*c*x^2+14*A*b*c*x+12*B*b^2*x+8*A*b^2)/x^(5/2)/b/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/8*c^2*(A*c-6*B*b)/b^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(6Bbc^2 - Ac^3)\sqrt{b}x^4 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8Ab^3 + 3(10Bb^2c + A^2b^2c^2)x^2 + 2(6Bb^3 + 7A^2b^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{48b^2x^4}, \frac{1}{24}*(3*(6*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*\sqrt{-b}*x^4*\operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{-b})/(b*\sqrt{x})) - (8*A*b^3 + 3*(10*B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^3 + 7*A*b^2*c)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x})/(b^2*x^4) \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-1/48*(3*(6*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*\sqrt{b}*x^4*\log(-c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})/x^2) + 2*(8*A*b^3 + 3*(10*B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^3 + 7*A*b^2*c)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x})/(b^2*x^4), 1/24*(3*(6*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*\sqrt{-b}*x^4*\operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{-b})/(b*\sqrt{x})) - (8*A*b^3 + 3*(10*B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^3 + 7*A*b^2*c)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x})/(b^2*x^4) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**(11/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(11/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} (Bx + A)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/x^(11/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} c^3 \left(\frac{3(6Bb - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bbc}} - \frac{30(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb - 48(cx+b)^{3/2}Bb}{b^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*c^3*(3*(6*B*b - A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b*c) - (30*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b - 48*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^2 + 18*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^3 + 3*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*c + 8*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c - 3*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c)/(b*c^4*x^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{cx + b}ab^3 - 28\sqrt{cx + b}ab^2cx - 6\sqrt{cx + b}abc^2x^2 - 24\sqrt{cx + b}b^4x}{x^{11/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(11/2), x)`

output `(- 16*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3 - 28*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c*x - 6*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 24*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x - 60*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 + 18*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 - 18*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3)/(48*b**2*x**3)`

3.191
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1473
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1474
Rubi [A] (verified)	1474
Maple [A] (verified)	1477
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1477
Sympy [F]	1478
Maxima [F]	1478
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1478
Mupad [F(-1)]	1479
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1479

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{(8bB+3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{24x^{7/2}} - \frac{c(56bB+3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{96bx^{5/2}} - \frac{c^2(8bB-3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{64b^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4x^{11/2}} + \frac{c^3(8bB-3Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{64b^5/2}$$

output

```
-1/24*(3*A*c+8*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2)-1/96*c*(3*A*c+56*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(5/2)-1/64*c^2*(-3*A*c+8*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(3/2)-1/4*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(11/2)+1/64*c^3*(-3*A*c+8*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+cx}(8bBx(8b^2 + 14bcx + 3c^2x^2) + A(48b^3 + 72b^2cx + 6bc^2x^2 - 9c^3x^3)) + 3c^3(-8bBx + 3A) \right)}{192b^{5/2}x^{9/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(13/2),x]`

output `-1/192*(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(8*b*B*x*(8*b^2 + 14*b*c*x + 3*c^2*x^2) + A*(48*b^3 + 72*b^2*c*x + 6*b*c^2*x^2 - 9*c^3*x^3)) + 3*c^3*(-8*b*B + 3*A*c)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(b^(5/2)*x^(9/2)*Sqrt[b + c*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1130, 1135, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(8bB - 3Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{8b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4bx^{13/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1130} \\ & \frac{(8bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{7/2}} dx - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4bx^{13/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1130 \\
& \frac{(8bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{1}{4}c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4bx^{13/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1135 \\
& \frac{(8bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4bx^{13/2}} \\
& \downarrow 1136 \\
& \frac{(8bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}-b} \frac{d\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4bx^{13/2}} \\
& \downarrow 220 \\
& \frac{(8bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4bx^{13/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(13/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(b*x^(13/2)) + ((8*b*B - 3*A*c)*(-1/3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/x^(9/2) + (c*(-1/2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^(5/2) + (c*(-(sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(3/2)))) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])))/b^(3/2))))/(8*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-9Ac^3x^3+24x^3Bb^2c^2+6Ab^2c^2x^2+112x^2Bb^2c+72Ab^2cx+64xBb^3+48Ab^3)}{192x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{c^3(3Ac-8Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}}{64b^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(9A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^4x^4-24B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^3x^4-9Ac^3x^3\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}+24Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^3\sqrt{cx+b}+6Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{192b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/192*(c*x+b)*(-9*A*c^3*x^3+24*B*b*c^2*x^3+6*A*b*c^2*x^2+112*B*b^2*c*x^2+72*A*b^2*c*x+64*B*b^3*x+48*A*b^3)/x^(7/2)/b^2/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)-1/64*c^3*(3*A*c-8*B*b)/b^(5/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(8Bbc^3-3Ac^4)\sqrt{bx^5} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(48Ab^4+3(8Bb^2c^2-3A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(56*B*b^3*c + 3*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*b^4 + 9*A*b^3*c)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x}}{b^3*x^5}, -1/192*(3*(8*B*b*c^3 - 3*A*c^4)*\sqrt{(-b)*x^5*\operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{-b}/(b*\sqrt{x}))} + (48*A*b^4 + 3*(8*B*b^2*c^2 - 3*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(56*B*b^3*c + 3*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*b^4 + 9*A*b^3*c)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x}}{b^3*x^5} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[-1/384*(3*(8*B*b*c^3 - 3*A*c^4)*\sqrt{b}*x^5*\log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x})*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})/x^2) + 2*(48*A*b^4 + 3*(8*B*b^2*c^2 - 3*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(56*B*b^3*c + 3*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*b^4 + 9*A*b^3*c)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x}}{b^3*x^5}, -1/192*(3*(8*B*b*c^3 - 3*A*c^4)*\sqrt{(-b)*x^5*\operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{-b}/(b*\sqrt{x}))} + (48*A*b^4 + 3*(8*B*b^2*c^2 - 3*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(56*B*b^3*c + 3*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*b^4 + 9*A*b^3*c)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}*\sqrt{x}}{b^3*x^5}]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**(13/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(13/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(Bx + A)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/x^(13/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{3(8Bbc^4 - 3Ac^5) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right) + 24(cx+b)^{7/2}Bbc^4 + 40(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb^2c^4 - 88(cx+b)^{3/2}Bb^3c^4 + 24\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^4c^4 - 9(cx+b)^{7/2}Ac^5 + 33(cx+b)^{5/2}Ac^5}{b^2c^4x^4} - \frac{192c}{b^2c^4x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/192*(3*(8*B*b*c^4 - 3*A*c^5)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b
^2) + (24*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*b*c^4 + 40*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b^2*c^4 - 88*(c*x
+ b)^(3/2)*B*b^3*c^4 + 24*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^4*c^4 - 9*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*A*c
^5 + 33*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*b*c^5 + 33*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b^2*c^5 - 9*sqrt(c*
x + b)*A*b^3*c^5)/(b^2*c^4*x^4))/c
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-96\sqrt{cx + b}ab^4 - 144\sqrt{cx + b}ab^3cx - 12\sqrt{cx + b}ab^2c^2x^2 + 18\sqrt{cx + b}}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(13/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 96*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4 - 144*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c*x - 12*sqrt(b + c
*x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 18*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 128*sqrt(b + c*x)*
b**5*x - 224*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c*x**2 - 48*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x**3 +
9*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 - 24*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(
b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4 - 9*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b)
)*a*c**4*x**4 + 24*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4)/(3
84*b**3*x**4)
```


3.192 $\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1480
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1481
Rubi [A] (verified)	1481
Maple [A] (verified)	1484
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1484
Sympy [F(-1)]	1485
Maxima [F]	1485
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1486
Mupad [F(-1)]	1486
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1486

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = -\frac{(10bB+3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{40x^{9/2}} - \frac{c(30bB+Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{80bx^{7/2}} - \frac{c^2(2bB-Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{64b^2x^{5/2}} + \frac{3c^3(2bB-Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{128b^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5x^{13/2}} - \frac{3c^4(2bB-Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{128b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/40*(3*A*c+10*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(9/2)-1/80*c*(A*c+30*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(7/2)-1/64*c^2*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(5/2)+3/128*c^3*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(3/2)-1/5*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(13/2)-3/128*c^4*(-A*c+2*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b}(b + cx)(10bBx(16b^3 + 24b^2cx + 2bc^2x^2 - 3c^3x^3) + A(128b^4 + 176b^3c + 8b^2c^2x - 10bc^3x^2 + 15c^4x^3)) + 15c^4(-2bB + Ac)x^5 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b + cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right]}{640b^{7/2}x^{9/2}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(15/2),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[b]*(b + c*x)*(10*b*B*x*(16*b^3 + 24*b^2*c*x + 2*b*c^2*x^2 - 3*c^3*x^3) + A*(128*b^4 + 176*b^3*c*x + 8*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 10*b*c^3*x^3 + 15*c^4*x^4))) + 15*c^4*(-2*b*B + A*c)*x^5*Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(640*b^(7/2)*x^(9/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1130, 1135, 1135, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(2bB - Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^{15/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1130} \\ & \frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{8}c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{9/2}} dx - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{4x^{11/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^{15/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1130} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{6}c \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4x^{11/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{6}c \left(-\frac{3c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4x^{11/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{6}c \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4x^{11/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{6}c \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{c \int \frac{1}{cx^2+bx-b} d\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4x^{11/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^{15/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{3}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{6}c \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4x^{11/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5bx^{15/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/x^(15/2),x]`

output `-1/5*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(b*x^(15/2)) + ((2*b*B - A*c)*(-1/4*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/x^(11/2) + (3*c*(-1/3*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^(7/2) + (c*(-1/2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(5/2)) - (3*c*(-(sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(3/2)))) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x]))/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/6)/8)/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(15A^4c^4x^4 - 30Bb^3c^3x^4 - 10Ab^3c^3x^3 + 20Bb^2c^2x^3 + 8Ab^2c^2x^2 + 240Bb^3cx^2 + 176Ab^3cx + 160Bb^4x + 128Ab^4)}{640x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{3c^4(Ac - 3Bb)}{640b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{\frac{11}{2}}\sqrt{x}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(15A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) c^5 x^5 - 30B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^4 x^5 - 15A c^4 x^4 \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{b} + 30B b^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 x^4 \sqrt{cx+b} + 10A b^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 x^3 \sqrt{cx+b} \right)}{640b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{\frac{11}{2}}\sqrt{x}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(15/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/640*(c*x+b)*(15*A*c^4*x^4-30*B*b*c^3*x^4-10*A*b*c^3*x^3+20*B*b^2*c^2*x^3+8*A*b^2*c^2*x^2+240*B*b^3*c*x^2+176*A*b^3*c*x+160*B*b^4*x+128*A*b^4)/x^(9/2)/b^3/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+3/128*c^4*(A*c-2*B*b)/b^(7/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(2Bbc^4 - Ac^5)\sqrt{b}x^6 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(128Ab^5 - 15A^2b^4)}{640b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{\frac{11}{2}}\sqrt{x}} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(15/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/1280*(15*(2*B*b*c^4 - A*c^5)*sqrt(b)*x^6*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(128*A*b^5 - 15*(2*B*b^2*c^3 - A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 10*(2*B*b^3*c^2 - A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 + 8*(30*B*b^4*c + A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 16*(10*B*b^5 + 11*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x^6), 1/640*(15*(2*B*b*c^4 - A*c^5)*sqrt(-b)*x^6*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) - (128*A*b^5 - 15*(2*B*b^2*c^3 - A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 10*(2*B*b^3*c^2 - A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 + 8*(30*B*b^4*c + A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 16*(10*B*b^5 + 11*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x^6)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2)/x**(15/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Bx + A)}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*(B*x + A)/x^(15/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{1}{640} c^5 \left(\frac{15(2Bb - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bb^3c}} + \frac{30(cx+b)^{9/2}Bb - 140(cx+b)^{7/2}A^2c}{b^3c^6} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/640*c^5*(15*(2*B*b - A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^3*c) + (30*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*B*b - 140*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*b^2 + 140*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^4 - 30*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^5 - 15*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*A*c + 70*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*A*b*c - 128*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*b^2*c - 70*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b^3*c + 15*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^4*c)/(b^3*c^6*x^5)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(15/2),x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(15/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{-256\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5 - 352\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4cx - 16\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^2x^2 + 20\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x^3 - 8\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^4x^4 + 4\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^5x^5}{b^3c^6}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(15/2),x)`

output

```
( - 256*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5 - 352*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c*x - 16*sqrt(b +
c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 20*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 - 30*sqrt(b + c*
x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 - 320*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x - 480*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c*x**
2 - 40*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**2*x**3 + 60*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**4 - 15
*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**5*x**5 + 30*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b
+ c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**4*x**5 + 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))
*a*c**5*x**5 - 30*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**4*x**5)/(12
80*b**4*x**5)
```


3.193 $\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1488
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1489
Rubi [A] (verified)	1489
Maple [A] (verified)	1493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1494
Sympy [F(-1)]	1494
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1494
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1495
Mupad [F(-1)]	1496
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1496

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{2b^4(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^6x^{7/2}} + \frac{2b^3(5bB - 4Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^6x^{9/2}} - \frac{4b^2(5bB - 3Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^6x^{11/2}} + \frac{4b(5bB - 2Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{13/2}}{13c^6x^{13/2}} - \frac{2(5bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{15/2}}{15c^6x^{15/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{17/2}}{17c^6x^{17/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*b^4*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^6/x^(7/2)+2/9*b^3*(-4*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^6/x^(9/2)-4/11*b^2*(-3*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^6/x^(11/2)+4/13*b*(-2*A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(13/2)/c^6/x^(13/2)-2/15*(-A*c+5*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(15/2)/c^6/x^(15/2)+2/17*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(17/2)/c^6/x^(17/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(b + cx)^3 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}(-1280b^5B + 3003c^5x^4(17A + 15Bx) + 128b^4c(17A + 35Bx) - 224b^3cx^2(51A + 55Bx) - 462b^2c^2x^3(68A + 65Bx))}{765765c^6\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(b + c*x)^3*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(-1280*b^5*B + 3003*c^5*x^4*(17*A + 15*B*x) + 128*b^4*c*(17*A + 35*B*x) - 224*b^3*c^2*x*(34*A + 45*B*x) + 336*b^2*c^3*x^2*(51*A + 55*B*x) - 462*b*c^4*x^3*(68*A + 65*B*x)))/(765765*c^6*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1221 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{17c} - \frac{(10bB - 17Ac) \int x^{3/2}(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} dx}{17c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\ & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{17c} - \frac{(10bB - 17Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{8b \int \sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{5/2} dx}{15c} \right)}{17c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{17c} - \frac{(10bB - 17Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{8b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{13c} \right)}{15c} \right)}{17c}$$

↓ 1128

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{17c} - \frac{(10bB - 17Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{8b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{11c} \right)}{13c} \right)}{15c} \right)}{17c}$$

↓ 1128

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{17c} - \\
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & 4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{9c} \right) \\
 & 6b \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{\quad}{11c} \\
 & 8b \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\quad}{13c}
 \end{aligned} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{\quad}{15c}
 \end{aligned} \right)
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}$$

17c

↓ 1122

$$\frac{\frac{2\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \left(\frac{2Bx^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{17c} - \frac{8b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{63c^2x^{7/2}} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c} \right)}{15c} \right)}{17c} (10bB - 17Ac)$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(17*c) - ((10*b*B - 17*A*c)*((2*sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(15*c) - (8*b*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(13*c*sqrt[x]) - (6*b*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*c*x^(3/2)) - (4*b*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c^2*x^(7/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c*x^(5/2)))))/(11*c))/((13*c)))/(15*c)))/(17*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(45045Bc^5x^5+51051Ac^5x^4-30030Bbc^4x^4-31416Abc^4x^3+18480Bb^2c^3x^3+17136Ab^2c^3x^2-10080Bb^3c^2x^2-7616Ab^3c^2x+765765c^6x^{\frac{5}{2}})}{765765c^6x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^3(45045Bc^5x^5+51051Ac^5x^4-30030Bbc^4x^4-31416Abc^4x^3+18480Bb^2c^3x^3+17136Ab^2c^3x^2-10080Bb^3c^2x^2-7616Ab^3c^2x+765765\sqrt{x}c^6)}{765765\sqrt{x}c^6}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(45045Bc^5x^5+51051Ac^5x^4-30030Bbc^4x^4-31416Abc^4x^3+18480Bb^2c^3x^3+17136Ab^2c^3x^2-10080Bb^3c^2x^2-7616Ab^3c^2x+765765c^6x^{\frac{5}{2}})}{765765c^6x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(45045Bc^8x^8+51051Ac^8x^7+105105Bbc^7x^7+121737Abc^7x^6+63525Bb^2c^6x^6+76041Ab^2c^6x^5+315Bb^3c^5x^5+595Ab^3c^5x^4+765765\sqrt{x}c^6)}{765765\sqrt{x}c^6}$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/765765*(c*x+b)*(45045*B*c^5*x^5+51051*A*c^5*x^4-30030*B*b*c^4*x^4-31416*
A*b*c^4*x^3+18480*B*b^2*c^3*x^3+17136*A*b^2*c^3*x^2-10080*B*b^3*c^2*x^2-76
16*A*b^3*c^2*x+4480*B*b^4*c*x+2176*A*b^4*c-1280*B*b^5)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c
^6/x^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(45045 Bc^8 x^8 - 1280 Bb^8 + 2176 Ab^7 c + 3003(35 Bbc^7 + 17 Ac^8)x^7 + 231(275 Bb^2 c^6 + 527 Ab^3 c^5 + 1207 A^2 b^2 c^6)x^6 + 63(5 B^2 b^3 c^5 + 1207 A^2 b^2 c^6)x^5 - 35(10 B^2 b^4 c^4 - 17 A^2 b^3 c^5)x^4 + 40(10 B^2 b^5 c^3 - 17 A^2 b^4 c^4)x^3 - 48(10 B^2 b^6 c^2 - 17 A^2 b^5 c^3)x^2 + 64(10 B^2 b^7 c - 17 A^2 b^6 c^2)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c^6 \sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/765765*(45045*B*c^8*x^8 - 1280*B*b^8 + 2176*A*b^7*c + 3003*(35*B*b*c^7 + 17*A*c^8)*x^7 + 231*(275*B*b^2*c^6 + 527*A*b*c^7)*x^6 + 63*(5*B*b^3*c^5 + 1207*A*b^2*c^6)*x^5 - 35*(10*B*b^4*c^4 - 17*A*b^3*c^5)*x^4 + 40*(10*B*b^5*c^3 - 17*A*b^4*c^4)*x^3 - 48*(10*B*b^6*c^2 - 17*A*b^5*c^3)*x^2 + 64*(10*B*b^7*c - 17*A*b^6*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^6*sqrt(x))`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 507 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2((3003c^7x^7 + 231bc^6x^6 - 252b^2c^5x^5 + 280b^3c^4x^4 - 320b^4c^3x^3 + 384b^5c^2x^2 - 512b^6cx + 1024b^7))}{(c^5x^6 + 2(7(6435c^8x^8 + 429bc^7x^7 - 462b^2c^6x^6 + 504b^3c^5x^5 - 560b^4c^4x^4 + 640b^5c^3x^3 - 768b^6c^2x^2 + 1024b^7cx + 2048b^8))\sqrt{cx+b})} A + \frac{2(7(6435c^8x^8 + 429bc^7x^7 - 462b^2c^6x^6 + 504b^3c^5x^5 - 560b^4c^4x^4 + 640b^5c^3x^3 - 768b^6c^2x^2 + 1024b^7cx + 2048b^8))}{(c^6x^7 + 2(7(6435c^8x^8 + 429bc^7x^7 - 462b^2c^6x^6 + 504b^3c^5x^5 - 560b^4c^4x^4 + 640b^5c^3x^3 - 768b^6c^2x^2 + 1024b^7cx + 2048b^8))\sqrt{cx+b})} B$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/45045*((3003*c^7*x^7 + 231*b*c^6*x^6 - 252*b^2*c^5*x^5 + 280*b^3*c^4*x^4
- 320*b^4*c^3*x^3 + 384*b^5*c^2*x^2 - 512*b^6*c*x + 1024*b^7)*x^6 + 10*(6
93*b*c^6*x^7 + 63*b^2*c^5*x^6 - 70*b^3*c^4*x^5 + 80*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 96*b^5*c
^2*x^3 + 128*b^6*c*x^2 - 256*b^7*x)*x^5 + 13*(315*b^2*c^5*x^7 + 35*b^3*c^4
*x^6 - 40*b^4*c^3*x^5 + 48*b^5*c^2*x^4 - 64*b^6*c*x^3 + 128*b^7*x^2)*x^4)*
sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c^5*x^6) + 2/765765*(7*(6435*c^8*x^8 + 429*b*c^7*x^7 - 46
2*b^2*c^6*x^6 + 504*b^3*c^5*x^5 - 560*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 640*b^5*c^3*x^3 - 768*
b^6*c^2*x^2 + 1024*b^7*c*x - 2048*b^8)*x^7 + 34*(3003*b*c^7*x^8 + 231*b^2*
c^6*x^7 - 252*b^3*c^5*x^6 + 280*b^4*c^4*x^5 - 320*b^5*c^3*x^4 + 384*b^6*c^
2*x^3 - 512*b^7*c*x^2 + 1024*b^8*x)*x^6 + 85*(693*b^2*c^6*x^8 + 63*b^3*c^5
*x^7 - 70*b^4*c^4*x^6 + 80*b^5*c^3*x^5 - 96*b^6*c^2*x^4 + 128*b^7*c*x^3 -
256*b^8*x^2)*x^5)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^6*x^7)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 489 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)*A*b^2/c^5 + 2/9009*(693*(c*x + b)^(13/2) - 4095*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b + 10010*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^2 - 12870*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^3 + 9009*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^4 - 3003*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^5)*B*b^2/c^6 + 4/9009*(693*(c*x + b)^(13/2) - 4095*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b + 10010*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^2 - 12870*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^3 + 9009*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^4 - 3003*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^5)*A*b/c^5 + 4/45045*(3003*(c*x + b)^(15/2) - 20790*(c*x + b)^(13/2)*b + 61425*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b^2 - 100100*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^3 + 96525*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^4 - 54054*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^5 + 15015*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^6)*B*b/c^6 + 2/45045*(3003*(c*x + b)^(15/2) - 20790*(c*x + b)^(13/2)*b + 61425*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b^2 - 100100*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^3 + 96525*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^4 - 54054*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^5 + 15015*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^6)*A/c^5 + 2/109395*(6435*(c*x + b)^(17/2) - 51051*(c*x + b)^(15/2)*b + 176715*(c*x + b)^(13/2)*b^2 - 348075*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b^3 + 425425*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^4 - 328185*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^5 + 153153*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^6 - 36465*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^7)*B/c^6

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^{3/2}(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)
```

output

```
int(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}(45045bc^8x^8 + 51051ac^8x^7 + 105105b^2c^7x^7 + 121737abc^7x^6 + 63525b^3c^6x^6 + 760$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(2176*a*b**7*c - 1088*a*b**6*c**2*x + 816*a*b**5*c**3*x**2 - 680*a*b**4*c**4*x**3 + 595*a*b**3*c**5*x**4 + 76041*a*b**2*c**6*x**5 + 121737*a*b*c**7*x**6 + 51051*a*c**8*x**7 - 1280*b**9 + 640*b**8*c*x - 480*b**7*c**2*x**2 + 400*b**6*c**3*x**3 - 350*b**5*c**4*x**4 + 315*b**4*c**5*x**5 + 63525*b**3*c**6*x**6 + 105105*b**2*c**7*x**7 + 45045*b*c**8*x**8))/ (765765*c**6)`

3.194 $\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1498
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1499
Rubi [A] (verified)	1499
Maple [A] (verified)	1502
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1502
Sympy [F]	1503
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1503
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1504
Mupad [F(-1)]	1505
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1505

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2b^3(bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^5x^{7/2}} - \frac{2b^2(4bB - 3Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^5x^{9/2}} + \frac{6b(2bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^5x^{11/2}} - \frac{2(4bB - Ac)(bx + cx^2)^{13/2}}{13c^5x^{13/2}} + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{15/2}}{15c^5x^{15/2}}$$

output

```
2/7*b^3*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^5/x^(7/2)-2/9*b^2*(-3*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^5/x^(9/2)+6/11*b*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^5/x^(11/2)-2/13*(-A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(13/2)/c^5/x^(13/2)+2/15*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(15/2)/c^5/x^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(b + cx)^3 \sqrt{x(b + cx)}(128b^4B + 168b^2c^2x(5A + 6Bx) + 231c^4x^3(15A + 13Bx) - 16b^3c(15A + 44Bx))}{45045c^5\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(b + c*x)^3*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(128*b^4*B + 168*b^2*c^2*x*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 231*c^4*x^3*(15*A + 13*B*x) - 16*b^3*c*(15*A + 44*B*x)))/(45045*c^5*Sqrt[x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1221 \\ & \frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{(8bB - 15Ac) \int \sqrt{x}(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} dx}{15c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\ & \frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{(8bB - 15Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{13c} \right)}{15c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{(8bB - 15Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{11c} \right)}{13c} \right)}{15c}$$

↓ 1128

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{(8bB - 15Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c} \right)}{15c}$$

15c

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{15c} - \frac{\left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{63c^2x^{7/2}} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c} \right) (8bB - 15Ac)}{15c}$$

15c

input

```
Int[Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2B\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})/(15c) - ((8bB - 15Ac)((2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})/(13c\sqrt{x}) - (6b((2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})/(11cx^{3/2}) - (4b((-4b(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})/(63c^2x^{7/2}) + (2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2})/(9cx^{5/2}))))/(11c)))/(13c)))/(15c)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_S\text{ymbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(p + 1))\}, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0]$$

rule 1128

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_S\text{ymbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Simplify}[m + p]*\{(2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))\} \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + p], 0]$$

rule 1221

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)\}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[\{m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g)\}/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-3003Bc^4x^4-3465Ac^4x^3+1848Bc^3x^3b+1890Abc^3x^2-1008c^2x^2Bb^2-840Ab^2c^2x+448Bb^3cx+240Ab^3c-128Bb^4)}{45045c^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^3(-3003Bc^4x^4-3465Ac^4x^3+1848Bc^3x^3b+1890Abc^3x^2-1008c^2x^2Bb^2-840Ab^2c^2x+448Bb^3cx+240Ab^3c-128Bb^4)}{45045\sqrt{x}c^5}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-3003Bc^4x^4-3465Ac^4x^3+1848Bc^3x^3b+1890Abc^3x^2-1008c^2x^2Bb^2-840Ab^2c^2x+448Bb^3cx+240Ab^3c-128Bb^4)}{45045c^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(-3003Bc^7x^7-3465Ac^7x^6-7161Bbc^6x^6-8505Abc^6x^5-4473Bb^2c^5x^5-5565Ab^2c^5x^4-35Bb^3c^4x^4-75Ab^3c^4x^3+128Bb^4c^4)}{45045\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^5}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{2}{45045}(cx+b)(-3003Bc^4x^4-3465Ac^4x^3+1848Bb^3c^3x^3+1890Ab^3c^3x^2-1008Bb^2c^2x^2-840Ab^2c^2x+448Bb^3cx+240Ab^3c-128Bb^4)(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}/c^5x^{5/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx^2+cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(3003Bc^7x^7+128Bb^7-240Ab^6c+231(31Bbc^6+15Ac^7)x^6+63(71Bb^2c^5+135Abc^6+128Bb^4c^4)x^5+35(Bb^3c^4+159Ab^2c^5)x^4-5(8Bb^4c^3-15Ab^3c^4)x^3+6(8Bb^5c^2-15Ab^4c^3)x^2-8(8Bb^6c-15Ab^5c^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{45045\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{45045}(3003Bc^7x^7+128Bb^7-240Ab^6c+231(31Bb^3c^6+15Ab^3c^7)x^6+63(71Bb^2c^5+135Ab^3c^6)x^5+35(Bb^3c^4+159Ab^2c^5)x^4-5(8Bb^4c^3-15Ab^3c^4)x^3+6(8Bb^5c^2-15Ab^4c^3)x^2-8(8Bb^6c-15Ab^5c^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}/(c^5\sqrt{x})$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(x(b + cx))^{\frac{5}{2}} (A + Bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 441 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx) (bx + cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(5(693c^6x^6 + 63bc^5x^5 - 70b^2c^4x^4 + 80b^3c^3x^3 - 96b^4c^2x^2 + 128b^5cx - 256b^6)x^5 + 26(3003c^7x^7 + 231bc^6x^6 - 252b^2c^5x^5 + 280b^3c^4x^4 - 320b^4c^3x^3 + 384b^5c^2x^2 - 512b^6cx + 1024b^7)x^6 + 10(693b^6c^6x^7 + 63b^2c^5x^6 - 70b^3c^4x^5 + 80b^4c^3x^4 - 96b^5c^2x^3 + 128b^6cx^2 - 256b^7x)x^5 + 13(315b^2c^5x^7 + 35b^3c^4x^6 - 40b^4c^3x^5 + 48b^5c^2x^4 - 64b^6cx^3 + 128b^7x^2)x^4) \sqrt{cx + b} A / (c^4x^5) + 2/45045((3003c^7x^7 + 231bc^6x^6 - 252b^2c^5x^5 + 280b^3c^4x^4 - 320b^4c^3x^3 + 384b^5c^2x^2 - 512b^6cx + 1024b^7)x^6 + 10(693b^6c^6x^7 + 63b^2c^5x^6 - 70b^3c^4x^5 + 80b^4c^3x^4 - 96b^5c^2x^3 + 128b^6cx^2 - 256b^7x)x^5 + 13(315b^2c^5x^7 + 35b^3c^4x^6 - 40b^4c^3x^5 + 48b^5c^2x^4 - 64b^6cx^3 + 128b^7x^2)x^4) \sqrt{cx + b} B / (c^5x^6)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/45045*(5*(693*c^6*x^6 + 63*b*c^5*x^5 - 70*b^2*c^4*x^4 + 80*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 96*b^4*c^2*x^2 + 128*b^5*c*x - 256*b^6)*x^5 + 26*(315*b*c^5*x^6 + 35*b^2*c^4*x^5 - 40*b^3*c^3*x^4 + 48*b^4*c^2*x^3 - 64*b^5*c*x^2 + 128*b^6*x)*x^4 + 143*(35*b^2*c^4*x^6 + 5*b^3*c^3*x^5 - 6*b^4*c^2*x^4 + 8*b^5*c*x^3 - 16*b^6*x^2)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c^4*x^5) + 2/45045*((3003*c^7*x^7 + 231*b*c^6*x^6 - 252*b^2*c^5*x^5 + 280*b^3*c^4*x^4 - 320*b^4*c^3*x^3 + 384*b^5*c^2*x^2 - 512*b^6*c*x + 1024*b^7)*x^6 + 10*(693*b^6*c^6*x^7 + 63*b^2*c^5*x^6 - 70*b^3*c^4*x^5 + 80*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 96*b^5*c^2*x^3 + 128*b^6*c*x^2 - 256*b^7*x)*x^5 + 13*(315*b^2*c^5*x^7 + 35*b^3*c^4*x^6 - 40*b^4*c^3*x^5 + 48*b^5*c^2*x^4 - 64*b^6*c*x^3 + 128*b^7*x^2)*x^4)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^5*x^6)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 417 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx^2+cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(35 (cx+b)^{9/2} - 135 (cx+b)^{7/2} b + 189 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^2 - 105 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^3 \right) Ab^2}{315 c^4} + \frac{2 \left(315 (cx+b)^{11/2} - 1540 (cx+b)^{9/2} b + 2970 (cx+b)^{7/2} b^2 - 2772 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^3 + 1155 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^4 \right) Bb^2}{3465 c^5} + \frac{4 \left(315 (cx+b)^{11/2} - 1540 (cx+b)^{9/2} b + 2970 (cx+b)^{7/2} b^2 - 2772 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^3 + 1155 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^4 \right) Ab}{3465 c^4} + \frac{4 \left(693 (cx+b)^{13/2} - 4095 (cx+b)^{11/2} b + 10010 (cx+b)^{9/2} b^2 - 12870 (cx+b)^{7/2} b^3 + 9009 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^4 - 3003 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^5 \right) Bb^2}{9009 c^5} + \frac{2 \left(693 (cx+b)^{13/2} - 4095 (cx+b)^{11/2} b + 10010 (cx+b)^{9/2} b^2 - 12870 (cx+b)^{7/2} b^3 + 9009 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^4 - 3003 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^5 \right) Ab}{9009 c^4} + \frac{2 \left(3003 (cx+b)^{15/2} - 20790 (cx+b)^{13/2} b + 61425 (cx+b)^{11/2} b^2 - 100100 (cx+b)^{9/2} b^3 + 96525 (cx+b)^{7/2} b^4 - 54054 (cx+b)^{5/2} b^5 + 15015 (cx+b)^{3/2} b^6 \right) Bb^2}{45045 c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)*A*b^2/c^4 + 2/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)*B*b^2/c^5 + 4/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)*A*b/c^4 + 4/9009*(693*(c*x + b)^(13/2) - 4095*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b + 10010*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^2 - 12870*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^3 + 9009*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^4 - 3003*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^5)*B*b/c^5 + 2/9009*(693*(c*x + b)^(13/2) - 4095*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b + 10010*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^2 - 12870*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^3 + 9009*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^4 - 3003*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^5)*A/c^4 + 2/45045*(3003*(c*x + b)^(15/2) - 20790*(c*x + b)^(13/2)*b + 61425*(c*x + b)^(11/2)*b^2 - 100100*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b^3 + 96525*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b^4 - 54054*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^5 + 15015*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^6)*B/c^5`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int \sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{x}(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}(3003bc^7x^7 + 3465ac^7x^6 + 7161b^2c^6x^6 + 8505abc^6x^5 + 4473b^3c^5x^5 + 5565ab^2c^5x^4 + 3003b^3c^5x^3 + 35b^4c^4x^4 + 4473b^3c^5x^5 + 7161b^2c^6x^6 + 3003b^3c^7x^7)}{(45045c^5)}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(- 240*a*b**6*c + 120*a*b**5*c**2*x - 90*a*b**4*c**3*x**2 + 75*a*b**3*c**4*x**3 + 5565*a*b**2*c**5*x**4 + 8505*a*b*c**6*x**5 + 3465*a*c**7*x**6 + 128*b**8 - 64*b**7*c*x + 48*b**6*c**2*x**2 - 40*b**5*c**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*c**4*x**4 + 4473*b**3*c**5*x**5 + 7161*b**2*c**6*x**6 + 3003*b*c**7*x**7))/(45045*c**5)`

3.195
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1506
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1506
Rubi [A] (verified)	1507
Maple [A] (verified)	1509
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1509
Sympy [F]	1510
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1510
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1511
Mupad [F(-1)]	1512
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1512

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2b^2(bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^4x^{7/2}} + \frac{2b(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^4x^{9/2}} - \frac{2(3bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^4x^{11/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{13/2}}{13c^4x^{13/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*b^2*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^4/x^(7/2)+2/9*b*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^4/x^(9/2)-2/11*(-A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^4/x^(11/2)+2/13*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(13/2)/c^4/x^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(b+cx)^3\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(-48b^3B+63c^3x^2(13A+11Bx)+8b^2c(13A+21Bx))}{9009c^4\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2))/Sqrt[x],x]
```

output

$$(2*(b + c*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)]*(-48*b^3*B + 63*c^3*x^2*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 8*b^2*c*(13*A + 21*B*x) - 14*b*c^2*x*(26*A + 27*B*x)))/(9009*c^4*\text{Sqrt}[x])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(6bB - 13Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{13c}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(6bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{11c} \right)}{13c}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(6bB - 13Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right)}{13c}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{13c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{4b\left(\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{4b(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{63c^2x^{7/2}}\right)}{11c} \right)}{13c} (6bB - 13Ac)$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(13*c*Sqrt[x]) - ((6*b*B - 13*A*c)*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*c*x^(3/2)) - (4*b*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c^2*x^(7/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c*x^(5/2))))/(11*c)))/(13*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(693Bc^3x^3+819Ac^3x^2-378Bbc^2x^2-364Abc^2x+168Bb^2cx+104Ab^2c-48Bb^3)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009c^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^3(693Bc^3x^3+819Ac^3x^2-378Bbc^2x^2-364Abc^2x+168Bb^2cx+104Ab^2c-48Bb^3)}{9009\sqrt{x}c^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(693Bc^3x^3+819Ac^3x^2-378Bbc^2x^2-364Abc^2x+168Bb^2cx+104Ab^2c-48Bb^3)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009c^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(693Bc^6x^6+819Ac^6x^5+1701Bbc^5x^5+2093Abc^5x^4+1113Bb^2c^4x^4+1469Ab^2c^4x^3+15Bb^3c^3x^3+39Ab^3c^3x^2-18Bb^4c^2x^2-18Bb^4c^2x+18Bb^4c^2)(cx+b)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^4}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/9009*(c*x+b)*(693*B*c^3*x^3+819*A*c^3*x^2-378*B*b*c^2*x^2-364*A*b*c^2*x+168*B*b^2*c*x+104*A*b^2*c-48*B*b^3)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^4/x^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(693Bc^6x^6 - 48Bb^6 + 104Ab^5c + 63(27Bbc^5 + 13Ac^6)x^5 + 7(159Bb^2c^4 + 299A*b*c^5)x^4 + (15B*b^3*c^3 + 1469A*b^2*c^4)*x^3 - 3*(6B*b^4*c^2 - 13A*b^3*c^3)*x^2 + 4*(6B*b^5*c - 13A*b^4*c^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^4*\text{sqrt}(x))$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9009*(693*B*c^6*x^6 - 48*B*b^6 + 104*A*b^5*c + 63*(27*B*b*c^5 + 13*A*c^6)*x^5 + 7*(159*B*b^2*c^4 + 299*A*b*c^5)*x^4 + (15*B*b^3*c^3 + 1469*A*b^2*c^4)*x^3 - 3*(6*B*b^4*c^2 - 13*A*b^3*c^3)*x^2 + 4*(6*B*b^5*c - 13*A*b^4*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^4*sqrt(x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/sqrt(x), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 375 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2((315c^5x^5 + 35bc^4x^4 - 40b^2c^3x^3 + 48b^3c^2x^2 - 64b^4cx + 128b^5)x^4 + 22(5(693c^6x^6 + 63bc^5x^5 - 70b^2c^4x^4 + 80b^3c^3x^3 - 96b^4c^2x^2 + 128b^5cx - 256b^6)x^5 + 26(315bc^5x^6 + 35b^2c^4x^5 - 40b^3c^3x^4 + 48b^4c^2x^3 - 64b^5cx^2 + 128b^6x)x^4 + 143(35b^2c^4x^6 + 5b^3c^3x^5 - 6b^4c^2x^4 + 8b^5cx^3 - 16b^6x^2)x^3) \sqrt{cx + b}}{c^4x^5} + \frac{2((315c^5x^5 + 35bc^4x^4 - 40b^2c^3x^3 + 48b^3c^2x^2 - 64b^4cx + 128b^5)x^4 + 22(35b^2c^4x^5 + 5b^2c^3x^4 - 6b^3c^2x^3 + 8b^4cx^2 - 16b^5x)x^3 + 33(15b^2c^3x^5 + 3b^3c^2x^4 - 4b^4cx^3 + 8b^5x^2)x^2) \sqrt{cx + b}}{c^3x^4} + \frac{2}{45045} (5(693c^6x^6 + 63bc^5x^5 - 70b^2c^4x^4 + 80b^3c^3x^3 - 96b^4c^2x^2 + 128b^5cx - 256b^6)x^5 + 26(315bc^5x^6 + 35b^2c^4x^5 - 40b^3c^3x^4 + 48b^4c^2x^3 - 64b^5cx^2 + 128b^6x)x^4 + 143(35b^2c^4x^6 + 5b^3c^3x^5 - 6b^4c^2x^4 + 8b^5cx^3 - 16b^6x^2)x^3) \sqrt{cx + b} / (c^4x^5)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3465*((315*c^5*x^5 + 35*b*c^4*x^4 - 40*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 48*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 64*b^4*c*x + 128*b^5)*x^4 + 22*(35*b*c^4*x^5 + 5*b^2*c^3*x^4 - 6*b^3*c^2*x^3 + 8*b^4*c*x^2 - 16*b^5*x)*x^3 + 33*(15*b^2*c^3*x^5 + 3*b^3*c^2*x^4 - 4*b^4*c*x^3 + 8*b^5*x^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c^3*x^4) + 2/45045*(5*(693*c^6*x^6 + 63*b*c^5*x^5 - 70*b^2*c^4*x^4 + 80*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 96*b^4*c^2*x^2 + 128*b^5*c*x - 256*b^6)*x^5 + 26*(315*b*c^5*x^6 + 35*b^2*c^4*x^5 - 40*b^3*c^3*x^4 + 48*b^4*c^2*x^3 - 64*b^5*c*x^2 + 128*b^6*x)*x^4 + 143*(35*b^2*c^4*x^6 + 5*b^3*c^3*x^5 - 6*b^4*c^2*x^4 + 8*b^5*c*x^3 - 16*b^6*x^2)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^4*x^5)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2 \left(15 (cx + b)^{7/2} - 42 (cx + b)^{5/2} b + 35 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^2 \right) Ab^2}{105 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(35 (cx + b)^{9/2} - 135 (cx + b)^{7/2} b + 189 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^2 - 105 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^3 \right) Bb^2}{315 c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{4 \left(35 (cx + b)^{9/2} - 135 (cx + b)^{7/2} b + 189 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^2 - 105 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^3 \right) Ab}{315 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{4 \left(315 (cx + b)^{11/2} - 1540 (cx + b)^{9/2} b + 2970 (cx + b)^{7/2} b^2 - 2772 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^3 + 1155 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^4 \right) Bb}{3465 c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(315 (cx + b)^{11/2} - 1540 (cx + b)^{9/2} b + 2970 (cx + b)^{7/2} b^2 - 2772 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^3 + 1155 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^4 \right) A}{3465 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(693 (cx + b)^{13/2} - 4095 (cx + b)^{11/2} b + 10010 (cx + b)^{9/2} b^2 - 12870 (cx + b)^{7/2} b^3 + 9009 (cx + b)^{5/2} b^4 - 3003 (cx + b)^{3/2} b^5 \right) B}{9009 c^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{2}{105} \cdot (15 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{7/2} - 42 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{5/2} \cdot b + 35 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{3/2} \cdot b^2) \cdot A \cdot b^2 / c^3 + \frac{2}{315} \cdot (35 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{9/2} - 135 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{7/2} \cdot b + 189 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{5/2} \cdot b^2 - 105 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{3/2} \cdot b^3) \cdot B \cdot b^2 / c^4 + \frac{4}{315} \cdot (35 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{9/2} - 135 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{7/2} \cdot b + 189 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{5/2} \cdot b^2 - 105 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{3/2} \cdot b^3) \cdot A \cdot b / c^3 + \frac{4}{3465} \cdot (315 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{11/2} - 1540 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{9/2} \cdot b + 2970 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{7/2} \cdot b^2 - 2772 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{5/2} \cdot b^3 + 1155 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{3/2} \cdot b^4) \cdot B \cdot b / c^4 + \frac{2}{3465} \cdot (315 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{11/2} - 1540 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{9/2} \cdot b + 2970 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{7/2} \cdot b^2 - 2772 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{5/2} \cdot b^3 + 1155 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{3/2} \cdot b^4) \cdot A / c^3 + \frac{2}{9009} \cdot (693 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{13/2} - 4095 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{11/2} \cdot b + 10010 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{9/2} \cdot b^2 - 12870 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{7/2} \cdot b^3 + 9009 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{5/2} \cdot b^4 - 3003 \cdot (c \cdot x + b)^{3/2} \cdot b^5) \cdot B / c^4$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2), x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(693bc^6x^6 + 819ac^6x^5 + 1701b^2c^5x^5 + 2093abc^5x^4 + 1113b^3c^4x^4 + 1701b^2c^5x^5 + 693bc^6x^6)}{(9009c^4)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(1/2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(104*a*b**5*c - 52*a*b**4*c**2*x + 39*a*b**3*c**3*x**2 + 1469*a*b**2*c**4*x**3 + 2093*a*b*c**5*x**4 + 819*a*c**6*x**5 - 48*b**7 + 24*b**6*c*x - 18*b**5*c**2*x**2 + 15*b**4*c**3*x**3 + 1113*b**3*c**4*x**4 + 1701*b**2*c**5*x**5 + 693*b*c**6*x**6))/(9009*c**4)`

3.196
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1513
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1513
Rubi [A] (verified)	1514
Maple [A] (verified)	1515
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1516
Sympy [F]	1516
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1517
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1517
Mupad [F(-1)]	1519
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1519

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b(bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^3x^{7/2}} - \frac{2(2bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^3x^{9/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{11/2}}{11c^3x^{11/2}}$$

output `2/7*b*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^3/x^(7/2)-2/9*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^3/x^(9/2)+2/11*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(11/2)/c^3/x^(11/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b+cx)^3 \sqrt{x(b+cx)}(8b^2B+7c^2x(11A+9Bx)-2bc(11A+14Bx))}{693c^3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(2*(b + c*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)]*(8*b^2*B + 7*c^2*x*(11*A + 9*B*x) - 2*b*c*(11*A + 14*B*x)))/(693*c^3*\text{Sqrt}[x])}{}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1221

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{(4bB - 11Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{11c}$$

↓ 1128

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{(4bB - 11Ac) \left(\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{9c} \right)}{11c}$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{11cx^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{4b(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{63c^2x^{7/2}} \right) (4bB - 11Ac)}{11c}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)}{x^(3/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*c*x^(3/2)) - ((4*b*B - 11*A*c)*((-4*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c^2*x^(7/2)) + (2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c*x^(5/2))))/(11*c)}{}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-63Bc^2x^2-77Ac^2x+28Bbcx+22Abc-8Bb^2)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693c^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^3(-63Bc^2x^2-77Ac^2x+28Bbcx+22Abc-8Bb^2)}{693\sqrt{x}c^3}$
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-63Bc^2x^2-77Ac^2x+28Bbcx+22Abc-8Bb^2)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693c^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(-63Bc^5x^5-77Ac^5x^4-161Bbc^4x^4-209Abc^4x^3-113Bb^2c^3x^3-165Ab^2c^3x^2-3Bb^3c^2x^2-11Ab^3c^2x+4Bb^4cx+2Bb^4)}{693\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^3}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/693*(c*x+b)*(-63*B*c^2*x^2-77*A*c^2*x+28*B*b*c*x+22*A*b*c-8*B*b^2)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^3/x^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(63Bc^5x^5 + 8Bb^5 - 22Ab^4c + 7(23Bbc^4 + 11Ac^5)x^4 + (113Bb^2c^3 + 2693c^5)Ax^3 + (113Bb^2c^3 + 2693c^5)A^2x^2 - (4Bb^4c - 11A^2b^3c^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{c^3\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/693*(63*B*c^5*x^5 + 8*B*b^5 - 22*A*b^4*c + 7*(23*B*b*c^4 + 11*A*c^5)*x^4 + (113*B*b^2*c^3 + 209*A*b*c^4)*x^3 + 3*(B*b^3*c^2 + 55*A*b^2*c^3)*x^2 - (4*B*b^4*c - 11*A*b^3*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^3*sqrt(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((35c^4x^4 + 5bc^3x^3 - 6b^2c^2x^2 + 8b^3cx - 16b^4)x^3 + 6(15bc^3x^4 + 3b^2c^2x^3 - 3b^3cx^2 + b^4)x^2 + 21(3b^2c^2x^4 + b^3cx^3 - 2b^4x^2)x)*\sqrt{cx + b}*A/(c^2x^3) + 2/3465*((315c^5x^5 + 35bc^4x^4 - 40b^2c^3x^3 + 48b^3c^2x^2 - 64b^4cx + 128b^5)x^4 + 22(35bc^4x^5 + 5b^2c^3x^4 - 6b^3c^2x^3 + 8b^4cx^2 - 16b^5x)x^3 + 33(15b^2c^3x^5 + 3b^3c^2x^4 - 4b^4cx^3 + 8b^5x^2)x^2)*\sqrt{cx + b}*B/(c^3x^4)}{315c^2x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/315*((35*c^4*x^4 + 5*b*c^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 8*b^3*c*x - 16*b^4)*x^3
+ 6*(15*b*c^3*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*x^3 - 4*b^3*c*x^2 + 8*b^4*x)*x^2 + 21*(3*b^
2*c^2*x^4 + b^3*c*x^3 - 2*b^4*x^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(c^2*x^3) + 2/3465*(
(315*c^5*x^5 + 35*b*c^4*x^4 - 40*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 48*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 64*b^4*c*x
+ 128*b^5)*x^4 + 22*(35*b*c^4*x^5 + 5*b^2*c^3*x^4 - 6*b^3*c^2*x^3 + 8*b^4
*c*x^2 - 16*b^5*x)*x^3 + 33*(15*b^2*c^3*x^5 + 3*b^3*c^2*x^4 - 4*b^4*c*x^3
+ 8*b^5*x^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/(c^3*x^4)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 273 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(3(cx+b)^{5/2} - 5(cx+b)^{3/2}b\right)Ab^2}{15c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(15(cx+b)^{7/2} - 42(cx+b)^{5/2}b + 35(cx+b)^{3/2}b^2\right)Bb^2}{105c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{4\left(15(cx+b)^{7/2} - 42(cx+b)^{5/2}b + 35(cx+b)^{3/2}b^2\right)Ab}{105c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{4\left(35(cx+b)^{9/2} - 135(cx+b)^{7/2}b + 189(cx+b)^{5/2}b^2 - 105(cx+b)^{3/2}b^3\right)Bb}{315c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(35(cx+b)^{9/2} - 135(cx+b)^{7/2}b + 189(cx+b)^{5/2}b^2 - 105(cx+b)^{3/2}b^3\right)A}{315c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(315(cx+b)^{11/2} - 1540(cx+b)^{9/2}b + 2970(cx+b)^{7/2}b^2 - 2772(cx+b)^{5/2}b^3 + 1155(cx+b)^{3/2}b^4\right)B}{3465c^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2) - 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b)*A*b^2/c^2 + 2/105*(15*(c*x
+ b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*B*b^2/c^3 + 4/
105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*A
*b/c^2 + 4/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)
^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)*B*b/c^3 + 2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2)
- 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^
3)*A/c^2 + 2/3465*(315*(c*x + b)^(11/2) - 1540*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*b + 2970*(c
*x + b)^(7/2)*b^2 - 2772*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^3 + 1155*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4)*B
/c^3
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(63bc^5x^5 + 77ac^5x^4 + 161b^2c^4x^4 + 209abc^4x^3 + 113b^3c^3x^3 + 16b^4c^2x^2 + 113b^3c^3x^3 + 161b^2c^4x^4 + 63bc^5x^5)}{693c^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(3/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(- 22*a*b**4*c + 11*a*b**3*c**2*x + 165*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 209*a*b*c**4*x**3 + 77*a*c**5*x**4 + 8*b**6 - 4*b**5*c*x + 3*b**4*c**2*x**2 + 113*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 161*b**2*c**4*x**4 + 63*b*c**5*x**5))/(693*c**3)`

$$3.197 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1520
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1520
Rubi [A] (verified)	1521
Maple [A] (verified)	1522
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1522
Sympy [F]	1523
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1523
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1524
Mupad [F(-1)]	1524
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1525

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^2x^{7/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^2x^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^2/x^(7/2)+2/9*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/x^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(b+cx)(x(b+cx))^{5/2}(-9bB+9Ac+7B(b+cx))}{63c^2x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(b + c*x)*(x*(b + c*x))^(5/2)*(-9*b*B + 9*A*c + 7*B*(b + c*x)))/(63*c^2*x^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{(2bB - 9Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{9c}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{9cx^{5/2}} - \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{7/2} (2bB - 9Ac)}{63c^2x^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(2*b*B - 9*A*c)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c^2*x^(7/2)) + (2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c*x^(5/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(7Bcx+9Ac-2Bb)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63c^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	39
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(cx+b)^3(7Bcx+9Ac-2Bb)}{63\sqrt{x}c^2}$	39
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(7Bcx+9Ac-2Bb)(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63c^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	39
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(7Bc^4x^4+9Ac^4x^3+19Bc^3x^3b+27Abc^3x^2+15c^2x^2Bb^2+27Ab^2c^2x+Bb^3cx+9Ab^3c-2Bb^4)}{63\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^2}$	104

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/63*(c*x+b)*(7*B*c*x+9*A*c-2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^2/x^(5/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(7Bc^4x^4 - 2Bb^4 + 9Ab^3c + (19Bbc^3 + 9Ac^4)x^3 + 3(5Bb^2c^2 + 9Abc^3)}{63c^2\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output
$$\frac{2/63*(7*B*c^4*x^4 - 2*B*b^4 + 9*A*b^3*c + (19*B*b*c^3 + 9*A*c^4)*x^3 + 3*(5*B*b^2*c^2 + 9*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + (B*b^3*c + 27*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x}}{c^2*\sqrt{x}}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(35b^2cx^3 + 35b^3x^2 + (15c^3x^3 + 3bc^2x^2 - 4b^2cx + 8b^3)x^2 + 14(3bc^2x^3 + 2((35c^4x^4 + 5bc^3x^3 - 6b^2c^2x^2 + 8b^3cx - 16b^4)x^3 + 6(15bc^3x^4 + 3b^2c^2x^3 - 4b^3cx^2 + 8b^4x)x^2 + 21(3b^2c^2x^4 + b^3c^2x^3 - 2b^4x^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*x + b})*A/(c*x^2) + 2/315*((35*c^4*x^4 + 5*b*c^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 8*b^3*c*x - 16*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(15*b*c^3*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*x^3 - 4*b^3*c*x^2 + 8*b^4*x)*x^2 + 21*(3*b^2*c^2*x^4 + b^3*c*x^3 - 2*b^4*x^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*x + b})*B/(c^2*x^3)}{105cx^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{2/105*(35*b^2*c*x^3 + 35*b^3*x^2 + (15*c^3*x^3 + 3*b*c^2*x^2 - 4*b^2*c*x + 8*b^3)*x^2 + 14*(3*b*c^2*x^3 + b^2*c*x^2 - 2*b^3*x)*x)*\sqrt{c*x + b}*A/(c*x^2) + 2/315*((35*c^4*x^4 + 5*b*c^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 8*b^3*c*x - 16*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(15*b*c^3*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^2*x^3 - 4*b^3*c*x^2 + 8*b^4*x)*x^2 + 21*(3*b^2*c^2*x^4 + b^3*c*x^3 - 2*b^4*x^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*x + b})*B/(c^2*x^3)}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(cx + b)^{3/2}Ab^2}{3c} + \frac{2\left(3(cx + b)^{5/2} - 5(cx + b)^{3/2}b\right)Bb^2}{15c^2} + \frac{4\left(3(cx + b)^{5/2} - 5(cx + b)^{3/2}b\right)Ab}{15c} + \frac{4\left(15(cx + b)^{7/2} - 42(cx + b)^{5/2}b + 35(cx + b)^{3/2}b^2\right)Bb}{105c^2} + \frac{2\left(15(cx + b)^{7/2} - 42(cx + b)^{5/2}b + 35(cx + b)^{3/2}b^2\right)A}{105c} + \frac{2\left(35(cx + b)^{9/2} - 135(cx + b)^{7/2}b + 189(cx + b)^{5/2}b^2 - 105(cx + b)^{3/2}b^3\right)B}{315c^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b^2/c + 2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2) - 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b)*B*b^2/c^2 + 4/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2) - 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b)*A*b/c + 4/105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*B*b/c^2 + 2/105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2) - 42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2)*A/c + 2/315*(35*(c*x + b)^(9/2) - 135*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*b + 189*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*b^2 - 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)*B/c^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(7b^4c^4x^4 + 9ac^4x^3 + 19b^2c^3x^3 + 27abc^3x^2 + 15b^3c^2x^2 + 27ab^2c^2x + 7b^4c^2)}{63c^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(9*a*b**3*c + 27*a*b**2*c**2*x + 27*a*b*c**3*x**2 + 9*a*c**4*x**3 - 2*b**5 + b**4*c*x + 15*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 19*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 7*b*c**4*x**4))/(63*c**2)`

3.198
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1526
Rubi [A] (verified)	1527
Maple [A] (verified)	1529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1529
Sympy [F]	1530
Maxima [F]	1530
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1531
Mupad [F(-1)]	1531
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1531

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2Ab(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{2A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7cx^{7/2}} - 2Ab^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

output

```
2*A*b^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)+2/3*A*b*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)+2/5*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(5/2)+2/7*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c/x^(7/2)-2*A*b^(5/2)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\left((b+cx)(15b^3B+3c^3x^2(7A+5Bx))+bc^2x(77A+45Bx)+b^2c(161bx+105cx^2)\right)}{105c\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A+B*x)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*sqrt[x]*((b + c*x)*(15*b^3*B + 3*c^3*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) + b*c^2*x*(77*A
+ 45*B*x) + b^2*c*(161*A + 45*B*x)) - 105*A*b^(5/2)*c*sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTan
h[sqrt[b + c*x]/sqrt[b]]))/(105*c*sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1221, 1131, 1131, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\
 & A \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7cx^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 & A \left(b \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7cx^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 & A \left(b \left(b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7cx^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 & A \left(b \left(b \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2B(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{7cx^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A\left(b\left(b\left(2b\int\frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}-b}d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}+\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}}\right)+\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}}\right)+\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}}\right)+\frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7cx^{7/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$A\left(b\left(b\left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}}-2\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)+\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}}\right)+\frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}}\right)+\frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7cx^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*B*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c*x^(7/2)) + A*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*x^(5/2)) + b*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x^(3/2)) + b*((2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[x] - 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1131

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^(m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(-15Bc^3x^3\sqrt{cx+b}-21Ac^3x^2\sqrt{cx+b}-45Bbc^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b}+105Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}c\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)-77Abc^2x\sqrt{cx+b}-45Bb^2c^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b})}{105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}c}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/105*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(-15*B*c^3*x^3*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-21*A*c^3*x^2*(c*x+b)
^(1/2)-45*B*b*c^2*x^2*(c*x+b)^(1/2)+105*A*b^(5/2)*c*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/
b^(1/2))-77*A*b*c^2*x*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-45*B*b^2*c*x*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-161*A*b^2*c
*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-15*B*b^3*(c*x+b)^(1/2))/x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)^(1/2)/c
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left[105 Ab^{\frac{5}{2}} cx \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(15 Bc^3x^3 + 15 Bb^3 + 161 A) \right]}{105 c}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/105*(105*A*b^(5/2)*c*x*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(b
)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(15*B*c^3*x^3 + 15*B*b^3 + 161*A*b^2*c + 3*(15*B*b*c^2
+ 7*A*c^3)*x^2 + (45*B*b^2*c + 77*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/
(c*x), 2/105*(105*A*sqrt(-b)*b^2*c*x*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*
sqrt(x))) + (15*B*c^3*x^3 + 15*B*b^3 + 161*A*b^2*c + 3*(15*B*b*c^2 + 7*A*c
^3)*x^2 + (45*B*b^2*c + 77*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(c*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(7/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(Bx + A)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
A*b^2*integrate(sqrt(c*x + b)/x, x) + 2/105*(35*(B*b^2*c + 2*A*b*c^2)*x^3
+ (15*B*c^3*x^3 + 3*B*b*c^2*x^2 - 4*B*b^2*c*x + 8*B*b^3)*x^2 + 35*(B*b^3 +
2*A*b^2*c)*x^2 + 7*(3*(2*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*x^3 + (2*B*b^2*c + A*b*c^2)*x^2
- 2*(2*B*b^3 + A*b^2*c)*x)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)/(c*x^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2Ab^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} + \frac{2\left(15(cx+b)^{7/2}Bc^6 + 21(cx+b)^{5/2}Ac^7 + 35(cx+b)^{3/2}Abc^7 + 105\sqrt{cx+b}Ab^2c^7\right)}{105c^7}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*b^3*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) + 2/105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*c^6 + 21*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*c^7 + 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c^7 + 105*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c^7)/c^7`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2),x)`output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{322\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c + 154\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2x + 42\sqrt{cx+b}ac^3x^2 + 30\sqrt{cx+b}bb^4}{105c^7}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(322*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c + 154*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2*x + 42*sqrt(b + c
*x)*a*c**3*x**2 + 30*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4 + 90*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x + 90*s
qrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 30*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(b)*l
og(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c - 105*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqr
t(b))*a*b**2*c)/(105*c)
```

3.199
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1533
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1534
Rubi [A] (verified)	1534
Maple [A] (verified)	1536
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1537
Sympy [F]	1537
Maxima [F]	1538
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1538
Mupad [F(-1)]	1539
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1539

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{b(2bB+5Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(2bB+5Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} - b^{3/2}(2bB+5Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

output

```
b*(5*A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)+1/3*(5*A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)-A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(7/2)+2/5*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(5/2)-b^(3/2)*(5*A*c+2*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)} \left(\sqrt{b+cx} (2Bx(23b^2 + 11bcx + 3c^2x^2) + A(-15b^2 + 70bcx + 15x^3) \sqrt{b+cx}) \right)}{15x^{3/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b + c*x]*(2*B*x*(23*b^2 + 11*b*c*x + 3*c^2*x^2) + A*(-15*b^2 + 70*b*c*x + 10*c^2*x^2)) - 15*b^(3/2)*(2*b*B + 5*A*c)*x*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]]))/(15*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + c*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1220, 1131, 1131, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(5Ac + 2bB) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\ & \frac{(5Ac + 2bB) \left(b \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5Ac + 2bB) \left(b \left(b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^{9/2}}$$

↓ 1131

$$\frac{(5Ac + 2bB) \left(b \left(b \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^{9/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\frac{(5Ac + 2bB) \left(b \left(b \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^{9/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(5Ac + 2bB) \left(b \left(b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{bx^{9/2}}$$

input

`Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(9/2), x]`

output

`-((A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(b*x^(9/2))) + ((2*b*B + 5*A*c)*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*x^(5/2)) + b*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x^(3/2)) + b*((2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[x] - 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))))/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 220 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1131 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1136 Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 1220 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^2 A(cx+b)}{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{\left(\frac{2B(cx+b)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ac(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bb(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4Abc\sqrt{cx+b} + 2Bb^2\sqrt{cx+b} - b^{\frac{3}{2}}(5Ac+2Bb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} \sqrt{x}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(-6Bc^2x^3\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b} - 10Ac^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b} - 22Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}cx^2\sqrt{cx+b} + 75A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2cx - 70Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}cx\sqrt{cx+b} + 30A^2b \right)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-b^2 A (c x + b) / x^{1/2} / (x (c x + b))^{1/2} + (2/5 B (c x + b)^{5/2} + 2/3 A c (c x + b)^{3/2} + 2/3 B b (c x + b)^{3/2} + 4 A b c (c x + b)^{1/2} + 2 B b^2 (c x + b)^{1/2}) - b^{3/2} (5 A c + 2 B b) \operatorname{arctanh}((c x + b)^{1/2} / b^{1/2}) (c x + b)^{1/2} x^{1/2} / (x (c x + b))^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(2Bb^2 + 5Abc)\sqrt{bx^2} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(6Bc^2x^3 - 15Acb^2x^2 + 2(11Bb^2c + 5A^2c^2)x^2 + 2(23Bb^2 + 35Abc)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{x}}{30x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{30} (15 (2 B b^2 + 5 A b c) \sqrt{b} x^2 \log(- (c x^2 + 2 b x - 2 \sqrt{c x^2 + b x}) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}) / x^2) + 2 (6 B c^2 x^3 - 15 A b^2 + 2 (11 B b^2 c + 5 A^2 c^2) x^2 + 2 (23 B b^2 + 35 A b c) x) \sqrt{c x^2 + b x} \sqrt{x}}{x^2}, \frac{1}{15} (15 (2 B b^2 + 5 A b c) \sqrt{-b} x^2 \arctan(\sqrt{c x^2 + b x} \sqrt{-b} / (b \sqrt{x})) + (6 B c^2 x^3 - 15 A b^2 + 2 (11 B b^2 c + 5 A^2 c^2) x^2 + 2 (23 B b^2 + 35 A b c) x) \sqrt{c x^2 + b x} \sqrt{x}) / x^2 \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(9/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(9/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(Bx + A)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(5*(2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + (3*B*c^2*x^2 + B*b*c*x - 2*B*b^2)*x + 5*(2*B*b^2 + A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)/x + integrate((A*b^2 + (B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)/x^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{15 \sqrt{cx + b} Ab^2}{cx} - \frac{15 (2 Bb^3 + 5 Ab^2c) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}} \right)}{\sqrt{-bc}} - 2 \left(3 (cx + b)^{5/2} Bc^4 + 5 (cx + b)^{3/2} Bbc^4 + 15 \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/15*(15*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2/(c*x) - 15*(2*B*b^3 + 5*A*b^2*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*c) - 2*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*c^4 + 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b*c^4 + 15*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^2*c^4 + 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^5 + 30*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^5)/c^5*c`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2), x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-30\sqrt{cx + b} a b^2 + 140\sqrt{cx + b} abcx + 20\sqrt{cx + b} a c^2 x^2 + 92\sqrt{cx + b} b^3 x}{30x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(9/2), x)`

output `(- 30*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 + 140*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x + 20*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x**2 + 92*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x + 44*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 12*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2*x**3 + 75*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*b*c*x + 30*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**3*x - 75*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*b*c*x - 30*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**3*x)/(30*x)`

3.200
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1540
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1541
Rubi [A] (verified)	1541
Maple [A] (verified)	1544
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1544
Sympy [F]	1545
Maxima [F]	1545
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1545
Mupad [F(-1)]	1546
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1546

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{5c(4bB+3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(4bB+5Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4x^{5/2}} + \frac{2Bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{2x^{9/2}} - \frac{5}{4}\sqrt{bc}(4bB+3Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

output

```
5/4*c*(3*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)-1/4*(5*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(5/2)+2/3*B*c*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)-1/2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(9/2)-5/4*b^(1/2)*c*(3*A*c+4*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)} \left(\sqrt{b+cx}(-3A(2b^2 + 9bcx - 8c^2x^2) + 4Bx(-3b^2 + 14bcx + 2c^2x^2)) - 15\sqrt{b} * c * (4b*B + 3A*c) * x^2 * \operatorname{Arctanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right] \right)}{12x^{5/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(11/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b + c*x]*(-3*A*(2*b^2 + 9*b*c*x - 8*c^2*x^2) + 4*B*x*(-3*b^2 + 14*b*c*x + 2*c^2*x^2)) - 15*Sqrt[b]*c*(4*b*B + 3*A*c)*x^2*Arctanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(12*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b + c*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1131, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\ & \frac{(3Ac + 4bB) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{2bx^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1130} \\ & \frac{(3Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{5}{2}c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{2bx^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{5}{2}c \left(b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{2bx^{11/2}}$$

↓ 1131

$$\frac{(3Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{5}{2}c \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}}}{4b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{2bx^{11/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\frac{(3Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{5}{2}c \left(b \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{2bx^{11/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(3Ac + 4bB) \left(\frac{5}{2}c \left(b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{2bx^{11/2}}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(11/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(b*x^(11/2)) + ((4*b*B + 3*A*c)*(-(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/x^(7/2)) + (5*c*((2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x^(3/2)) + b*((2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[x] - 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))))/2)/(4*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b(cx+b)(9Acx+4Bbx+2Ab)}{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c\left(\frac{16B(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 16Ac\sqrt{cx+b} + 32Bb\sqrt{cx+b} - 10\sqrt{b}(3Ac+4Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{8\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(-8Bc^2x^3\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b} + 45A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b c^2x^2 - 24A c^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b} + 60B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2c x^2 - 56B b^{\frac{3}{2}}c x\right)}{12x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4*b*(c*x+b)*(9*A*c*x+4*B*b*x+2*A*b)/x^(3/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/8*c*(16/3*B*(c*x+b)^(3/2)+16*A*c*(c*x+b)^(1/2)+32*B*b*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-10*b^(1/2)*(3*A*c+4*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(4Bbc+3Ac^2)\sqrt{b}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8Bc^2x^3-6A^2c^2x^2-3A^2c^2x+3A^2c^2)\sqrt{b}}{24x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[1/24*(15*(4*B*b*c+3*A*c^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^3*\log(-(c*x^2+2*b*x-2*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x))*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/x^2)+2*(8*B*c^2*x^3-6*A*b^2+8*(7*B*b*c+3*A*c^2)*x^2-3*(4*B*b^2+9*A*b*c)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/x^3, 1/12*(15*(4*B*b*c+3*A*c^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)*x^3*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)/(b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)))+(8*B*c^2*x^3-6*A*b^2+8*(7*B*b*c+3*A*c^2)*x^2-3*(4*B*b^2+9*A*b*c)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2+b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/x^3]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(11/2),x)`

output `Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(11/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} (Bx + A)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(B*c^2*x + B*b*c)*sqrt(c*x + b) + integrate((A*b^2 + (2*B*b*c + A*c^2)*x^2 + (B*b^2 + 2*A*b*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)/x^3, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{8(cx + b)^{3/2} Bc^2 + 48\sqrt{cx + b} Bbc^2 + 24\sqrt{cx + b} Ac^3 + \frac{15(4Bb^2c^2 + 3Abc^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx + b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{12c}}{12c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(8*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*c^2 + 48*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b*c^2 + 24*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*c^3 + 15*(4*B*b^2*c^2 + 3*A*b*c^3)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) - 3*(4*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^2*c^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^3*c^2 + 9*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c^3 - 7*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c^3)/(c^2*x^2))/c`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{cx + b} a b^2 - 54\sqrt{cx + b} abc x + 48\sqrt{cx + b} a c^2 x^2 - 24\sqrt{cx + b} b^3 x - \dots}{x^{11/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(11/2), x)`

output `(- 12*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 - 54*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x + 48*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*c**2*x**2 - 24*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x + 112*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 16*sqrt(b + c*x)*b*c**2*x**3 + 45*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 + 60*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2 - 45*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 - 60*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2)/(24*x**2)`

3.201
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1547
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1547
Rubi [A] (verified)	1548
Maple [A] (verified)	1550
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1551
Sympy [F]	1551
Maxima [F]	1552
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1552
Mupad [F(-1)]	1552
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{c(14bB+5Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{8x^{3/2}} + \frac{2Bc^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(6bB+5Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{12x^{7/2}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^{11/2}} - \frac{5c^2(6bB+Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
-1/8*c*(5*A*c+14*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)+2*B*c^2*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)-1/12*(5*A*c+6*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(7/2)-1/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(11/2)-5/8*c^2*(A*c+6*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+cx}(6Bx(2b^2+9bcx-8c^2x^2)+A(8b^2+26bcx+33c^2x^2))+15c^2(6bB+Ac)x^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)}{24\sqrt{b}x^{7/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(13/2),x]`

output `-1/24*(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(6*B*x*(2*b^2 + 9*b*c*x - 8*c^2*x^2) + A*(8*b^2 + 26*b*c*x + 33*c^2*x^2)) + 15*c^2*(6*b*B + A*c)*x^3 *ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]]))/(Sqrt[b]*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[b + c*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1130, 1131, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\
 & \frac{(Ac + 6bB) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1130 \\
 & \frac{(Ac + 6bB) \left(\frac{5}{4}c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{2x^{9/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1130 \\
 & \frac{(Ac + 6bB) \left(\frac{5}{4}c \left(\frac{3}{2}c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{2x^{9/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1131 \\
 & \frac{(Ac + 6bB) \left(\frac{5}{4}c \left(\frac{3}{2}c \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{2x^{9/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^{13/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1136 \\
 \frac{(Ac + 6bB) \left(\frac{5}{4}c \left(\frac{3}{2}c \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{2x^{9/2}} \right)}{6b} \\
 \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^{13/2}} \\
 \downarrow 220 \\
 \frac{(Ac + 6bB) \left(\frac{5}{4}c \left(\frac{3}{2}c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{2x^{9/2}} \right)}{6b} \\
 \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{3bx^{13/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(13/2), x]`

output `-1/3*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(b*x^(13/2)) + ((6*b*B + A*c)*(-1/2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/x^(9/2) + (5*c*(-((b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/x^(5/2)) + (3*c*((2*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/sqrt[x] - 2*sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])))/2))/4)/(6*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1131

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
- Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(33A c^2 x^2 + 54x^2 Bbc + 26Abcx + 12xB b^2 + 8b^2 A)}{24x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c^2 \left(32B\sqrt{cx+b} - \frac{2(5Ac+30Bb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{x}}{16\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(15A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) c^3 x^3 + 90B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^2 x^3 - 48B c^2 x^3 \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{b} + 33A c^2 x^2 \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{b} + 54B b^{\frac{3}{2}} c x^2 \sqrt{b} \right)}{24x^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{b}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(13/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(c*x+b)*(33*A*c^2*x^2+54*B*b*c*x^2+26*A*b*c*x+12*B*b^2*x+8*A*b^2)/x^(5/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/16*c^2*(32*B*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-2*(5*A*c+30*B*b)/b^(1/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(6Bbc^2 + Ac^3)\sqrt{bx^4} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(48Bbc^2x^3 - 8A^2b^3 - 3(18Bb^2c + 11Abc^2)x^2 - 2(6Bb^3 + 13Ab^2c)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{x}}{48b^4} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(15*(6*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*sqrt(b)*x^4*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(48*B*b*c^2*x^3 - 8*A*b^3 - 3*(18*B*b^2*c + 11*A*b*c^2)*x^2 - 2*(6*B*b^3 + 13*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b*x^4), 1/24*(15*(6*B*b*c^2 + A*c^3)*sqrt(-b)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (48*B*b*c^2*x^3 - 8*A*b^3 - 3*(18*B*b^2*c + 11*A*b*c^2)*x^2 - 2*(6*B*b^3 + 13*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b*x^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x(b + cx))^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(13/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((x*(b + c*x))**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/x**(13/2), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(Bx + A)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*(B*x + A)/x^(13/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} c^3 \left(\frac{48 \sqrt{cx + b} B}{c} + \frac{15(6Bb + Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc}} \right) - \frac{54(cx + b)^{5/2} Bb}{c^4 x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*c^3*(48*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c + 15*(6*B*b + A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*c) - (54*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b - 96*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^2 + 42*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^3 + 33*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*c - 40*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c + 15*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c)/(c^4*x^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2),x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{cx + b}ab^3 - 52\sqrt{cx + b}ab^2cx - 66\sqrt{cx + b}abc^2x^2 - 24\sqrt{cx + b}b^4x^3}{48b^3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(13/2),x)`output `(- 16*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3 - 52*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c*x - 66*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 24*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x - 108*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x**2 + 96*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b)))*a*c**3*x**3 + 90*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 - 90*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3)/(48*b*x**3)`

3.202
$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1554
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1555
Rubi [A] (verified)	1555
Maple [A] (verified)	1557
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1558
Sympy [F(-1)]	1558
Maxima [F]	1559
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1559
Mupad [F(-1)]	1559
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1560

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = -\frac{c(24bB+5Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{32x^{5/2}} - \frac{c^2(88bB+5Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{64bx^{3/2}} - \frac{(8bB+5Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{24x^{9/2}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x^{13/2}} - \frac{5c^3(8bB-Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{64b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/32*c*(5*A*c+24*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)-1/64*c^2*(5*A*c+88*B*b)*(
c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(3/2)-1/24*(5*A*c+8*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(9/2)-1/
4*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(13/2)-5/64*c^3*(-A*c+8*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(
1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x(b+cx)} \left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+cx}(8bBx(8b^2 + 26bcx + 33c^2x^2) + A(48b^3 + 136b^2cx + 118bc^2x^2 + 15c^3x^3)) + 15c^3(-8bB + A)c \right)}{192b^{3/2}x^{9/2}\sqrt{b+cx}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(15/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b + c*x]*(8*b*B*x*(8*b^2 + 26*b*c*x + 33*c^2*x^2) + A*(48*b^3 + 136*b^2*c*x + 118*b*c^2*x^2 + 15*c^3*x^3))) + 15*c^3*(-8*b*B + A*c)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]]))/(192*b^(3/2)*x^(9/2)*Sqrt[b + c*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1130, 1130, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1220 \\ & \frac{(8bB - Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx}{8b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{4bx^{15/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1130 \\ & \frac{(8bB - Ac) \left(\frac{5}{6}c \int \frac{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^{11/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{4bx^{15/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1130 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(8bB - Ac) \left(\frac{5}{6}c \left(\frac{3}{4}c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^{5/2}} dx - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^{11/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{4bx^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1130

$$\frac{(8bB - Ac) \left(\frac{5}{6}c \left(\frac{3}{4}c \left(\frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^{11/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{4bx^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\frac{(8bB - Ac) \left(\frac{5}{6}c \left(\frac{3}{4}c \left(c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}-b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^{11/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{4bx^{15/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(8bB - Ac) \left(\frac{5}{6}c \left(\frac{3}{4}c \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{3x^{11/2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{4bx^{15/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(15/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(b*x^(15/2)) + ((8*b*B - A*c)*(-1/3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/x^(11/2) + (5*c*(-1/2*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/x^(7/2) + (3*c*(-Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^(3/2)) - (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]))/Sqrt[b]))/4))/6)/(8*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(15A^3c^3x^3+264x^3Bbc^2+118Abc^2x^2+208x^2Bb^2c+136Ab^2cx+64xBb^3+48Ab^3)}{192x^{\frac{7}{2}}b\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{5c^3(Ac-8Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}}{64b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(15A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^4x^4-120B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^3x^4-15A^3c^3x^3\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}-264Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^3\sqrt{cx+b}-118Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^2\right)}{192b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}}$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(15/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/192*(c*x+b)*(15*A*c^3*x^3+264*B*b*c^2*x^3+118*A*b*c^2*x^2+208*B*b^2*c*x^2+136*A*b^2*c*x+64*B*b^3*x+48*A*b^3)/x^(7/2)/b/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+5/64*c^3*(A*c-8*B*b)/b^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(8Bbc^3 - Ac^4)\sqrt{bx^5} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(48Ab^4 + 3(8Bb^2c^2 + 5Abc^3)x^3 + 2(104Bb^3c + 59A^2b^2c^2)x^2 + 8(8Bb^4 + 17Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{b^2x^5}, \frac{1}{192}(15(8Bb^2c^2 + 5Abc^3)x^3 + 2(104Bb^3c + 59A^2b^2c^2)x^2 + 8(8Bb^4 + 17Ab^3c)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{b^2x^5} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-1/384*(15*(8*B*b*c^3 - A*c^4)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^5*\log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x))*\operatorname{sqrt}(b))*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/x^2) + 2*(48*A*b^4 + 3*(88*B*b^2*c^2 + 5*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(104*B*b^3*c + 59*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*b^4 + 17*A*b^3*c)*x)\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/(b^2*x^5), 1/192*(15*(8*B*b*c^3 - A*c^4)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)*x^5*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x))*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)/(b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))) - (48*A*b^4 + 3*(88*B*b^2*c^2 + 5*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 2*(104*B*b^3*c + 59*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*b^4 + 17*A*b^3*c)*x)\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/(b^2*x^5) \right]$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(15/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(Bx + A)}{x^{15/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*(B*x + A)/x^(15/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{15(8Bbc^4 - Ac^5) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right) - 264(cx+b)^{7/2}Bbc^4 - 584(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb^2c^4 + 440(cx+b)^{3/2}Bb^3c^4 - 120\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^4c^4 + 15(cx+b)^{7/2}Ac^5 + 73(cx+b)^{5/2}Ab^3c^5 - 55(cx+b)^{3/2}Ab^2c^5 + 15\sqrt{cx+b}Ab^3c^5}{192c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(15*(8*B*b*c^4 - A*c^5)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b) - (264*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*b*c^4 - 584*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b^2*c^4 + 440*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^3*c^4 - 120*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^4*c^4 + 15*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*A*c^5 + 73*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*b^3*c^5 - 55*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b^2*c^5 + 15*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^3*c^5)/(b*c^4*x^4)/c`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(15/2),x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(15/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{-96\sqrt{cx + b}ab^4 - 272\sqrt{cx + b}ab^3cx - 236\sqrt{cx + b}ab^2c^2x^2 - 30\sqrt{cx + b}ab^2c^2x^2}{x^{15/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(15/2), x)`

output `(- 96*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4 - 272*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c*x - 236*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 30*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 128*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*x - 416*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c*x**2 - 528*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 + 120*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4 + 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 - 120*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4)/(384*b**2*x**4)`

$$3.203 \quad \int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1561
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1562
Rubi [A] (verified)	1562
Maple [A] (verified)	1565
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1565
Sympy [F(-1)]	1566
Maxima [F]	1566
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1567
Mupad [F(-1)]	1567
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1568

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx = -\frac{c(22bB+3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{48x^{7/2}} - \frac{c^2(118bB+3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{192bx^{5/2}} - \frac{c^3(10bB-3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{128b^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{(2bB+Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8x^{11/2}} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5x^{15/2}} + \frac{c^4(10bB-3Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/48*c*(3*A*c+22*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2)-1/192*c^2*(3*A*c+118*B*b)
*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(5/2)-1/128*c^3*(-3*A*c+10*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b
^2/x^(3/2)-1/8*(A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/x^(11/2)-1/5*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5
/2)/x^(15/2)+1/128*c^4*(-3*A*c+10*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x
^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b}(b + cx)(10bBx(48b^3 + 136b^2cx + 118bc^2x^2 + 15c^3x^3) + 3A(128b^4 +$$

192

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/x^(17/2),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[b]*(b + c*x)*(10*b*B*x*(48*b^3 + 136*b^2*c*x + 118*b*c^2*x^2 + 15*c^3*x^3) + 3*A*(128*b^4 + 336*b^3*c*x + 248*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 10*b*c^3*x^3 - 15*c^4*x^4))) + 15*c^4*(10*b*B - 3*A*c)*x^5*Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(1920*b^(5/2)*x^(9/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1220, 1130, 1130, 1130, 1135, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(10bB - 3Ac) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx}{10b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^{17/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{(10bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}c \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx - \frac{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x^{13/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx + cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^{17/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{(10bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{x^{7/2}} dx - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x^{13/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^{17/2}}$$

↓ 1130

$$\frac{(10bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{1}{4}c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x^{13/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^{17/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{(10bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x^{13/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^{17/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\frac{(10bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}-b} d\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x^{13/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^{17/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(10bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5}{8}c \left(\frac{1}{2}c \left(\frac{1}{4}c \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3x^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{4x^{13/2}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{A(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{5bx^{17/2}}$$

input

$\operatorname{Int}[(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{(5/2)}/x^{(17/2)}, x]$

output

```
-1/5*(A*(b*x + c*x^2)^(7/2))/(b*x^(17/2)) + ((10*b*B - 3*A*c)*(-1/4*(b*x +
c*x^2)^(5/2)/x^(13/2) + (5*c*(-1/3*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/x^(9/2) + (c*(-1/2
*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/x^(5/2) + (c*(-(sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(3/2)))) + (c*Arc
Tanh[sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x]))/b^(3/2))))/4)/2)/8)/(10*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-
1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
(LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1130

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x]
- Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
- 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] &
& IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int
[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && I
ntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x
_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, sqrt[a +
b*x + c*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2
- b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-45A^4c^4x^4+150Bb^3c^3x^4+30Ab^3c^3x^3+1180Bb^2c^2x^3+744A^2b^2c^2x^2+1360Bb^3cx^2+1008Ab^3cx+480Bb^4x+384Ab^4)}{1920x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^2\sqrt{cx+b}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx+b} \left(45A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) c^5 x^5 - 150B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^4 x^5 - 45A^2 c^4 x^4 \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{b} + 150B b^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 x^4 \sqrt{cx+b} + 30A b^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 x^4 \right)}{1920x^{\frac{9}{2}}b^2\sqrt{cx+b}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(17/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/1920*(c*x+b)*(-45*A*c^4*x^4+150*B*b*c^3*x^4+30*A*b*c^3*x^3+1180*B*b^2*c^2*x^3+744*A*b^2*c^2*x^2+1360*B*b^3*c*x^2+1008*A*b^3*c*x+480*B*b^4*x+384*A*b^4)/x^(9/2)/b^2/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)-1/128*c^4*(3*A*c-10*B*b)/b^(5/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(10Bbc^4 - 3Ac^5)\sqrt{b}x^6 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(384Ab^5 + \dots)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(17/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/3840*(15*(10*B*b*c^4 - 3*A*c^5)*sqrt(b)*x^6*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(384*A*b^5 + 15*(10*B*b^2*c^3 - 3*A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 10*(118*B*b^3*c^2 + 3*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 + 8*(170*B*b^4*c + 93*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 48*(10*B*b^5 + 21*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*x^6), -1/1920*(15*(10*B*b*c^4 - 3*A*c^5)*sqrt(-b)*x^6*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (384*A*b^5 + 15*(10*B*b^2*c^3 - 3*A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 10*(118*B*b^3*c^2 + 3*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 + 8*(170*B*b^4*c + 93*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 48*(10*B*b^5 + 21*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*x^6)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2)/x**(17/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(Bx + A)}{x^{\frac{17}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(17/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*(B*x + A)/x^(17/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{1920} c^5 \left(\frac{15(10Bb - 3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bb^2c}} + \frac{150(cx+b)^{9/2}Bb + 580(cx+b)^{7/2}Bb^2 - 1280(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb^3}{b^2c^6} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(17/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/1920*c^5*(15*(10*B*b - 3*A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*
b^2*c) + (150*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*B*b + 580*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*b^2 - 1280*(c*x
+ b)^(5/2)*B*b^3 + 700*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^4 - 150*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^5 - 4
5*(c*x + b)^(9/2)*A*c + 210*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*A*b*c + 384*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*
b^2*c - 210*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b^3*c + 45*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^4*c)/(b^2*c^6*x
^5))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(17/2),x)`

output `int(((b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(17/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(A+Bx)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx = \frac{-768\sqrt{cx+b}ab^5 - 2016\sqrt{cx+b}ab^4cx - 1488\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3c^2x^2 - 60\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2c^3x^3 + 90\sqrt{b+cx}a^2b^3c^3x^3 - 960\sqrt{b+cx}ab^5cx - 2720\sqrt{b+cx}ab^5cx^2 - 2360\sqrt{b+cx}ab^4c^2x^3 - 300\sqrt{b+cx}ab^3c^3x^4 + 45\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{b+cx} - \sqrt{b})a^5c^5x^5 - 150\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{b+cx} - \sqrt{b})ab^2c^4x^5 - 45\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{b})a^5c^5x^5 + 150\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{b+cx} + \sqrt{b})ab^2c^4x^5}{(3840b^3x^5)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/x^(17/2),x)`

output

```
( - 768*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**5 - 2016*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**4*c*x - 1488*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 - 60*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 90*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**4*x**4 - 960*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x - 2720*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*c*x**2 - 2360*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*c**2*x**3 - 300*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c**3*x**4 + 45*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**5*x**5 - 150*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**4*x**5 - 45*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**5*x**5 + 150*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**4*x**5)/(3840*b**3*x**5)
```

3.204 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1569
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1569
Rubi [A] (verified)	1570
Maple [A] (verified)	1572
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1573
Sympy [F]	1573
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1573
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1574
Mupad [F(-1)]	1574
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1575

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2b^3(bB - Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^2(4bB - 3Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^5x^{3/2}} + \frac{6b(2bB - Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(4bB - Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^5x^{7/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{9/2}}{9c^5x^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2*b^3*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^5/x^(1/2)-2/3*b^2*(-3*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^5/x^(3/2)+6/5*b*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^5/x^(5/2)-2/7*(-A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^5/x^(7/2)+2/9*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(9/2)/c^5/x^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(128b^4B + 24b^2c^2x(3A + 2Bx) - 16b^3c(9A + 4Bx) + 5c^4x^3(9A + 7B))}{315c^5\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(128*b^4*B + 24*b^2*c^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) - 16*b^3*c*(9
*A + 4*B*x) + 5*c^4*x^3*(9*A + 7*B*x) - 2*b*c^3*x^2*(27*A + 20*B*x)))/(315
*c^5*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1221 \\
 & \frac{2Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{9c} - \frac{(8bB - 9Ac) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{9c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{2Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{9c} - \frac{(8bB - 9Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{6b \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{7c} \right)}{9c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{2Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{9c} - \frac{(8bB - 9Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right)}{9c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1128
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{9c} - \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{3c} \right)}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right)}{9c}}{9c}$$

1122

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{4b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c^2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right) (8bB - 9Ac)}{9c}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `(2*B*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(9*c) - ((8*b*B - 9*A*c)*((2*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(7*c) - (6*b*((2*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) - (4*b*((-4*b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c^2*Sqrt[x]) + (2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c)))/(5*c)))/(7*c)))/(9*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(-35Bc^4x^4 - 45Ac^4x^3 + 40Bc^3x^3b + 54Abc^3x^2 - 48c^2x^2Bb^2 - 72Ab^2c^2x + 64Bb^3cx + 144Ab^3c - 128Bb^4)}{315\sqrt{x}c^5}$	100
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(-35Bc^4x^4 - 45Ac^4x^3 + 40Bc^3x^3b + 54Abc^3x^2 - 48c^2x^2Bb^2 - 72Ab^2c^2x + 64Bb^3cx + 144Ab^3c - 128Bb^4)}{315\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^5}$	105
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-35Bc^4x^4 - 45Ac^4x^3 + 40Bc^3x^3b + 54Abc^3x^2 - 48c^2x^2Bb^2 - 72Ab^2c^2x + 64Bb^3cx + 144Ab^3c - 128Bb^4)\sqrt{x}}{315c^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	107
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-35Bc^4x^4 - 45Ac^4x^3 + 40Bc^3x^3b + 54Abc^3x^2 - 48c^2x^2Bb^2 - 72Ab^2c^2x + 64Bb^3cx + 144Ab^3c - 128Bb^4)\sqrt{x}}{315c^5\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	107

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315/x^(1/2)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(-35*B*c^4*x^4-45*A*c^4*x^3+40*B*b*c^3*x^3+54*A*b*c^3*x^2-48*B*b^2*c^2*x^2-72*A*b^2*c^2*x+64*B*b^3*c*x+144*A*b^3*c-128*B*b^4)/c^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(35Bc^4x^4 + 128Bb^4 - 144Ab^3c - 5(8Bbc^3 - 9Ac^4)x^3 + 6(8Bb^2c^2 - 9Abc^3)x^2}{315c^5\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*B*c^4*x^4 + 128*B*b^4 - 144*A*b^3*c - 5*(8*B*b*c^3 - 9*A*c^4)*x^3 + 6*(8*B*b^2*c^2 - 9*A*b*c^3)*x^2 - 8*(8*B*b^3*c - 9*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^5*sqrt(x))`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x**(7/2)*(A + B*x)/sqrt(x*(b + c*x)), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(5c^4x^4 - bc^3x^3 + 2b^2c^2x^2 - 8b^3cx - 16b^4)A}{35\sqrt{cx+bc^4}} + \frac{2(35c^5x^5 - 5bc^4x^4 + 8b^2c^3x^3 - 16b^3c^2x^2 + 64b^4cx + 128b^5)B}{315\sqrt{cx+bc^5}}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{2}{35}(5c^4x^4 - bc^3x^3 + 2b^2c^2x^2 - 8b^3cx - 16b^4)A/\sqrt{(cx + b)c^4} + \frac{2}{315}(35c^5x^5 - 5b^2c^4x^4 + 8b^2c^3x^3 - 16b^3c^2x^2 + 64b^4cx + 128b^5)B/\sqrt{(cx + b)c^5}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(Bb^4 - Ab^3c)\sqrt{cx + b}}{c^5} + \frac{2\left(35(cx + b)^{9/2}B - 180(cx + b)^{7/2}Bb + 378(cx + b)^{5/2}Bb^2 - 420(cx + b)^{3/2}Bb^3 + 45(cx + b)^{1/2}Ac - 189(cx + b)^{-1/2}Ab^2c\right)}{315c^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{2(Bb^4 - Ab^3c)\sqrt{cx + b}}{c^5} + \frac{2}{315}(35(cx + b)^{9/2}B - 180(cx + b)^{7/2}Bb + 378(cx + b)^{5/2}Bb^2 - 420(cx + b)^{3/2}Bb^3 + 45(cx + b)^{1/2}Ac - 189(cx + b)^{-1/2}Ab^2c)$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(35b^4c^4x^4 + 45a^4c^4x^3 - 40b^2c^3x^3 - 54ab^3c^3x^2 + 48b^3c^2x^2 + 72ab^2c^2x - 64a^2b^2c^2)}{315c^5}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(- 144*a*b**3*c + 72*a*b**2*c**2*x - 54*a*b*c**3*x**2 + 45*a*c**4*x**3 + 128*b**5 - 64*b**4*c*x + 48*b**3*c**2*x**2 - 40*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 35*b*c**4*x**4))/(315*c**5)`

3.205 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1576
Rubi [A] (verified)	1577
Maple [A] (verified)	1578
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1579
Sympy [F]	1579
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1580
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1580
Mupad [F(-1)]	1581
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1581

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2b^2(bB-Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b(3bB-2Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^4x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^4x^{5/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^4x^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4/x^(1/2)+2/3*b*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^4/x^(3/2)-2/5*(-A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^4/x^(5/2)+2/7*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^4/x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(-48b^3B+8b^2c(7A+3Bx)+3c^3x^2(7A+5Bx)-2bc^2x(14A+9Bx))}{105c^4\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[b*x+c*x^2],x]
```

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)]*(-48*b^3*B + 8*b^2*c*(7*A + 3*B*x) + 3*c^3*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) - 2*b*c^2*x*(14*A + 9*B*x)))/(105*c^4*\text{Sqrt}[x])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{(6bB - 7Ac) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{7c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{(6bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{(6bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{3c} \right)}{5c} \right)}{7c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\ & \frac{2Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{\left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{4b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c^2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{5c} \right) (6bB - 7Ac)}{7c} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^{(5/2)}*(A + B*x))/\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2], x]$$

output

```
(2*B*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(7*c) - ((6*b*B - 7*A*c)*((2*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[
b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) - (4*b*((-4*b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c^2*Sqrt[x]) + (2*
Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c)))/(5*c)))/(7*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(15Bc^3x^3+21Ac^3x^2-18Bbc^2x^2-28Abc^2x+24Bb^2cx+56Ab^2c-48Bb^3)}{105\sqrt{x}c^4}$	76
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(15Bc^3x^3+21Ac^3x^2-18Bbc^2x^2-28Abc^2x+24Bb^2cx+56Ab^2c-48Bb^3)}{105\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^4}$	81
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(15Bc^3x^3+21Ac^3x^2-18Bbc^2x^2-28Abc^2x+24Bb^2cx+56Ab^2c-48Bb^3)\sqrt{x}}{105c^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	83
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(15Bc^3x^3+21Ac^3x^2-18Bbc^2x^2-28Abc^2x+24Bb^2cx+56Ab^2c-48Bb^3)\sqrt{x}}{105c^4\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	83

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/105/x^(1/2)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(15*B*c^3*x^3+21*A*c^3*x^2-18*B*b*c^2*x^2-28*A*b*c^2*x+24*B*b^2*c*x+56*A*b^2*c-48*B*b^3)/c^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(15Bc^3x^3 - 48Bb^3 + 56Ab^2c - 3(6Bbc^2 - 7Ac^3)x^2 + 4(6Bb^2c - 7Abc^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{105c^4\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*B*c^3*x^3 - 48*B*b^3 + 56*A*b^2*c - 3*(6*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*x^2 + 4*(6*B*b^2*c - 7*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^4*sqrt(x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/sqrt(x*(b + c*x)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^3x^3 - bc^2x^2 + 4b^2cx + 8b^3)A}{15\sqrt{cx+bc^3}} + \frac{2(5c^4x^4 - bc^3x^3 + 2b^2c^2x^2 - 8b^3cx - 16b^4)B}{35\sqrt{cx+bc^4}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*(3*c^3*x^3 - b*c^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*x + 8*b^3)*A/(sqrt(c*x + b)*c^3) + 2/35*(5*c^4*x^4 - b*c^3*x^3 + 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 8*b^3*c*x - 16*b^4)*B/(sqrt(c*x + b)*c^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2(Bb^3 - Ab^2c)\sqrt{cx+b}}{c^4} + \frac{2\left(15(cx+b)^{7/2}B - 63(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb + 105(cx+b)^{3/2}Bb^2 + 21(cx+b)^{5/2}Ac - 70(cx+b)^{3/2}Abc\right)}{105c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)*sqrt(c*x + b)/c^4 + 2/105*(15*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B - 63*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b + 105*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^2 + 21*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*c - 70*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c)/c^4`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}(15bc^3x^3 + 21ac^3x^2 - 18b^2c^2x^2 - 28abc^2x + 24b^3cx + 56ab^2c - 48b^4)}{105c^4}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(56*a*b**2*c - 28*a*b*c**2*x + 21*a*c**3*x**2 - 48*b**4 + 24*b**3*c*x - 18*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 15*b*c**3*x**3))/(105*c**4)`

3.206 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1582
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1582
Rubi [A] (verified)	1583
Maple [A] (verified)	1584
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1585
Sympy [F]	1585
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1585
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1586
Mupad [F(-1)]	1586
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1587

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2b(bB - Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(2bB - Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^3x^{5/2}}$$

output `2*b*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3/x^(1/2)-2/3*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^3/x^(3/2)+2/5*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^3/x^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(8b^2B - 2bc(5A+2Bx) + c^2x(5A+3Bx))}{15c^3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)]*(8*b^2*B - 2*b*c*(5*A + 2*B*x) + c^2*x*(5*A + 3*B*x)))/(15*c^3*Sqrt[x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1221}$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{(4bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1128}$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{(4bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{3c} \right)}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1122}$$

$$\frac{2Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{4b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c^2\sqrt{x}} \right) (4bB - 5Ac)}{5c}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `(2*B*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) - ((4*b*B - 5*A*c)*((-4*b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c^2*Sqrt[x]) + (2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c)))/(5*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+4Bbcx+10Abc-8Bb^2)}{15\sqrt{x}c^3}$	52
risch	$-\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+4Bbcx+10Abc-8Bb^2)}{15\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^3}$	57
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+4Bbcx+10Abc-8Bb^2)\sqrt{x}}{15c^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	59
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+4Bbcx+10Abc-8Bb^2)\sqrt{x}}{15c^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	59

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15/x^(1/2)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(-3*B*c^2*x^2-5*A*c^2*x+4*B*b*c*x+10*A*b*c
-8*B*b^2)/c^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bc^2x^2 + 8Bb^2 - 10Abc - (4Bbc - 5Ac^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{15c^3\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/15*(3*B*c^2*x^2 + 8*B*b^2 - 10*A*b*c - (4*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x)/(c^3*sqrt(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x(b+cx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/sqrt(x*(b + c*x)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2x^2 - bcx - 2b^2)A}{3\sqrt{cx+bc^2}} + \frac{2(3c^3x^3 - bc^2x^2 + 4b^2cx + 8b^3)B}{15\sqrt{cx+bc^3}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{2}{3}(c^2x^2 - b^2c^2)A/\sqrt{cx + b}c^2 + \frac{2}{15}(3c^3x^3 - b^2c^2x^2 + 4b^2c^2x + 8b^3)B/\sqrt{cx + b}c^3$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(Bb^2 - Abc)\sqrt{cx + b}}{c^3} + \frac{2\left(3(cx + b)^{5/2}B - 10(cx + b)^{3/2}Bb + 5(cx + b)^{3/2}Ac\right)}{15c^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{2(Bb^2 - A^2b^2)c\sqrt{cx + b}}{c^3} + \frac{2}{15}(3(c^2x + b)^{5/2}B - 10(c^2x + b)^{3/2}Bb + 5(c^2x + b)^{3/2}Ac)/c^3$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx + b}(3bc^2x^2 + 5ac^2x - 4b^2cx - 10abc + 8b^3)}{15c^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(- 10*a*b*c + 5*a*c**2*x + 8*b**3 - 4*b**2*c*x + 3*b*c**2*x**2))/(15*c**3)`

3.207 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1588
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1588
Rubi [A] (verified)	1589
Maple [A] (verified)	1590
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1590
Sympy [F]	1591
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1591
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1591
Mupad [F(-1)]	1592
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1592

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2(bB - Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^2x^{3/2}}$$

output `-2*(-A*c+B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2/x^(1/2)+2/3*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^2/x^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}(-2bB+3Ac+Bcx)}{3c^2\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[b*x+c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x*(b+c*x)]*(-2*b*B+3*A*c+B*c*x))/(3*c^2*Sqrt[x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}(2bB - 3Ac)}{3c^2\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(-2*(2*b*B - 3*A*c)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c^2*Sqrt[x]) + (2*B*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(Bcx+3Ac-2Bb)}{3\sqrt{x}c^2}$	31
risch	$\frac{2(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(Bcx+3Ac-2Bb)}{3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}c^2}$	36
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(Bcx+3Ac-2Bb)\sqrt{x}}{3c^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	38
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(Bcx+3Ac-2Bb)\sqrt{x}}{3c^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}$	38

```
input int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3/x^(1/2)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(B*c*x+3*A*c-2*B*b)/c^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(Bcx-2Bb+3Ac)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3c^2\sqrt{x}}$$

```
input integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(B*c*x - 2*B*b + 3*A*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)/(c^2*sqrt(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}(b+cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(A + B*x)/sqrt(x*(b + c*x)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}A}{c} + \frac{2(c^2x^2 - bcx - 2b^2)B}{3\sqrt{cx+bc^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(c*x + b)*A/c + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - b*c*x - 2*b^2)*B/(sqrt(c*x + b)*c^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{3c^2} - \frac{2(Bb-Ac)\sqrt{cx+b}}{c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B/c^2 - 2*(B*b - A*c)*sqrt(c*x + b)/c^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}(bcx+3ac-2b^2)}{3c^2}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*(3*a*c - 2*b**2 + b*c*x))/(3*c**2)`

3.208 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1593
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1593
Rubi [A] (verified)	1594
Maple [A] (verified)	1595
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1595
Sympy [F]	1596
Maxima [F]	1596
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1597
Mupad [F(-1)]	1597
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1597

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output

$2*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c/x^(1/2)-2*A*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(1/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\left(\sqrt{b}B(b + cx) - Ac\sqrt{b + cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{x}(b + cx)}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

$(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*B*(b + c*x) - A*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b + c*x]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b + c*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]]))/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1221, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx + \frac{2B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$2A \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{c\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{Arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[x]) - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]))/Sqrt[b]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x
_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a +
b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2
- b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p +
1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(A c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - B\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b} \right)}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}c\sqrt{b}}$	57

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/x^(1/2)*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)*(A*c*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))-B*(c*x+b)
^(1/2)*b^(1/2))/(c*x+b)^(1/2)/c/b^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{A\sqrt{bcx} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Bb\sqrt{x}}{bcx}, \frac{2\left(A\sqrt{-bcx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{-b}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + \sqrt{cx^2}\right)}{bcx} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(A*sqrt(b)*c*x*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))
/x^2) + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*sqrt(x))/(b*c*x), 2*(A*sqrt(-b)*c*x*arctan
(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*B*b*sqrt(x))/
(b*c*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} + \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}B}{c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) + 2*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}b^2 + \sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b} - \sqrt{b})ac - \sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b} + \sqrt{b})ac}{bc}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**2 + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c)/(b*c)`

3.209 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1598
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1598
Rubi [A] (verified)	1599
Maple [A] (verified)	1600
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1601
Sympy [F]	1601
Maxima [F]	1601
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1602
Mupad [F(-1)]	1602
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1602

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} - \frac{(2bB-Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output

$-A*(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/b/x^{(3/2)}-(-A*c+2*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{-A\sqrt{b}(b+cx) - (2bB-Ac)x\sqrt{b+cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

$(-A*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*(b+c*x)) - (2*b*B - A*c)*x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b+c*x]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b+c*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]]/(b^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x*(b+c*x)])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1220, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}-b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$-\frac{(2bB - Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-((A*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(b*x^(3/2))) - ((2*b*B - A*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])]/b^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{A(cx+b)}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{(Ac-2Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$	68
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)cx-2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bx-A\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}}$	71

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-A/b*(c*x+b)/x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+(A*c-2*B*b)/b^(3/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \left[-\frac{(2Bb - Ac)\sqrt{bx^2} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{bx}}{x^2}\right) + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}Ab\sqrt{x}}{2b^2x^2}, \frac{(2Bb - Ac)\sqrt{bx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}\right) - \sqrt{bx^2}}{2b^2x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((2*B*b - A*c)*sqrt(b)*x^2*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*sqrt(x)/(b^2*x^2), ((2*B*b - A*c)*sqrt(-b)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*A*b*sqrt(x))/(b^2*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(3/2)*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*x^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = c \left(\frac{(2Bb - Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bbc}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx+b}A}{bcx} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `c*((2*B*b - A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b*c) - sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(b*c*x))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{cx+b}ab - \sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{cx+b} - \sqrt{b}) acx + 2\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{cx+b} - \sqrt{b}) b^2x + \sqrt{b}}{2b^2x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c*x + 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*x + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c*x - 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*x)/(2*b**2*x)
```

3.210 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1604
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1604
Rubi [A] (verified)	1605
Maple [A] (verified)	1607
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1607
Sympy [F]	1608
Maxima [F]	1608
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1608
Mupad [F(-1)]	1609
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1609

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} - \frac{(4bB-3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4b^2x^{3/2}} + \frac{c(4bB-3Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}}$$

output

$$-1/2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(5/2)-1/4*(-3*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(3/2)+1/4*c*(-3*A*c+4*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(5/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b}(b+cx)(2Ab+4bBx-3Acx)+c(4bB-3Ac)x^2\sqrt{b+cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]), x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[b]*(b + c*x)*(2*A*b + 4*b*B*x - 3*A*c*x)) + c*(4*b*B - 3*A*c)*x^2*
Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(5/2)*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[x*(b
+ c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1220, 1135, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 3Ac)}{4b} \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 3Ac)}{4b} \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 3Ac)}{4b} \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 3Ac)}{4b} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]), x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(A*\sqrt{b*x + c*x^2})/(b*x^{5/2}) + ((4*b*B - 3*A*c)*(-(\sqrt{b*x + c*x^2})/(b*x^{3/2}))) + (c*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b*x + c*x^2}/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})])/b^{3/2})/(4*b)$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1135

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1136

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)})*\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}]/\sqrt{d + e*x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$$

rule 1220

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-3Acx+4Bbx+2Ab)}{4b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{c(3Ac-4Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{4b^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$	85
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(3A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^2x^2-4B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bcx^2-3Acx\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{b}+4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{cx+b}+2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}\right)}{4b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cx+b}}$	109

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4*(c*x+b)*(-3*A*c*x+4*B*b*x+2*A*b)/b^2/x^(3/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)-1/4*c*(3*A*c-4*B*b)/b^(5/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \left[\frac{(4Bbc-3Ac^2)\sqrt{bx^3} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(2Ab^2 + (4Bb^2 - 3Abc)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{8b^3x^3} - \frac{(4Bbc-3Ac^2)\sqrt{-bx^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{-b}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (2Ab^2 + (4Bb^2 - 3Abc)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{4b^3x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[-1/8*((4*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^3*\log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x))*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/x^2) + 2*(2*A*b^2 + (4*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/(b^3*x^3), -1/4*((4*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)*x^3*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)/(b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))) + (2*A*b^2 + (4*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/(b^3*x^3)]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(5/2)*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxx^{5/2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*x^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{(4Bbc^2 - 3Ac^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right) + \frac{4(cx+b)^{3/2}Bbc^2 - 4\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^2c^2 - 3(cx+b)^{3/2}Ac^3 + 5\sqrt{cx+b}Abc^3}{b^2c^2x^2}}{4c}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*((4*B*b*c^2 - 3*A*c^3)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^2) + (4*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b*c^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^2*c^2 - 3*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^3 + 5*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^3)/(b^2*c^2*x^2))/c`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{cx + b} a b^2 + 6\sqrt{cx + b} abcx - 8\sqrt{cx + b} b^3 x + 3\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{cx + b} - \sqrt{b}) a c^2 x^2}{x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 4*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2 + 6*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c*x - 8*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2)/(8*b**3*x**2)`

3.211 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1610
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1610
Rubi [A] (verified)	1611
Maple [A] (verified)	1613
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1613
Sympy [F]	1614
Maxima [F]	1614
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1615
Mupad [F(-1)]	1615
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1615

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}} - \frac{(6bB-5Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{12b^2x^{5/2}} + \frac{c(6bB-5Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{8b^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{c^2(6bB-5Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b/x^(7/2)-1/12*(-5*A*c+6*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b
^2/x^(5/2)+1/8*c*(-5*A*c+6*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(3/2)-1/8*c^2*(-5*
A*c+6*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b}(b+cx)(6bBx(2b-3cx)+A(8b^2-10bcx+15c^2x^2))+3c^2(-6bB+5Ac)x^3}{24b^{7/2}x^{5/2}\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[b]*(b + c*x)*(6*b*B*x*(2*b - 3*c*x) + A*(8*b^2 - 10*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2))) + 3*c^2*(-6*b*B + 5*A*c)*x^3*Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(24*b^(7/2)*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1220, 1135, 1135, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$\frac{(6bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{6b} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{(6bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{(6bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\frac{(6bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 220 \\
 (6bB - 5Ac) \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{bx^{3/2}}}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2bx^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 6b - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3bx^{7/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/3*(A*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(b*x^(7/2)) + ((6*b*B - 5*A*c)*(-1/2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(5/2)) - (3*c*(-(Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(b*x^(3/2)))) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])])/(b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1135 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(15A c^2 x^2 - 18x^2 Bbc - 10Abcx + 12xB b^2 + 8b^2 A)}{24b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c^2(5Ac - 6Bb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{x}}{8b^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(15A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) c^3 x^3 - 18B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^2 x^3 - 15A c^2 x^2 \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{b} + 18B b^{\frac{3}{2}} c x^2 \sqrt{cx+b} + 10A b^{\frac{3}{2}} c x \sqrt{cx+b} + 8b^2 A\right)}{24b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{cx+b}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(c*x+b)*(15*A*c^2*x^2-18*B*b*c*x^2-10*A*b*c*x+12*B*b^2*x+8*A*b^2)/b^3/x^(5/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/8*c^2*(5*A*c-6*B*b)/b^(7/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} \sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(6Bbc^2 - 5Ac^3) \sqrt{b} x^4 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8Ab^3 - 3(6Bb^2c - 48b^4x^4))}{48b^4x^4} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(6*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*sqrt(b)*x^4*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(8*A*b^3 - 3*(6*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)
*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x^4), 1/
24*(3*(6*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*sqrt(-b)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)
/(b*sqrt(x))) - (8*A*b^3 - 3*(6*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^3 - 5*
A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(7/2)*sqrt(x*(b + c*x))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bxx^{7/2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x + A)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*x^(7/2)), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} c^3 \left(\frac{3(6Bb - 5Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bb^3c}} + \frac{18(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb - 48(cx+b)^{3/2}Bb^2 + 30\sqrt{cx+b}B^2b^3 - 15(cx+b)^{5/2}Ac + 40(cx+b)^{3/2}Abc - 33\sqrt{cx+b}A^2c}{b^3c^4x^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*c^3*(3*(6*B*b - 5*A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^3*c) + (18*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b - 48*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^2 + 30*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^3 - 15*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*c + 40*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c - 33*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c)/(b^3*c^4*x^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{cx+b}ab^3 + 20\sqrt{cx+b}ab^2cx - 30\sqrt{cx+b}abc^2x^2 - 24\sqrt{cx+b}b^4x + 36\sqrt{cx+b}A^2c}{b^3c^4x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 16*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**3 + 20*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b**2*c*x - 30*sqrt(b + c*x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 24*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x + 36*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**3*c*x**2 - 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 + 18*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 - 18*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3)/(48*b**4*x**3)
```

3.212
$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1617
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1617
Rubi [A] (verified)	1618
Maple [A] (verified)	1620
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1621
Sympy [F(-1)]	1621
Maxima [F]	1621
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1622
Mupad [F(-1)]	1622
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1623

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b^3(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^5\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2b^2(4bB-3Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b(2bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{c^5x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(4bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^5x^{5/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{7/2}}{7c^5x^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*b^3*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*b^2*(-3*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^5/x^(1/2)+2*b*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^5/x^(3/2)-2/5*(-A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^5/x^(5/2)+2/7*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(7/2)/c^5/x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(-128b^4B+16b^3c(7A-4Bx))+8b^2c^2x(7A+2Bx)-2bc^3x^2(7A+4Bx)+c^4}{35c^5\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(9/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[x]*(-128*b^4*B + 16*b^3*c*(7*A - 4*B*x) + 8*b^2*c^2*x*(7*A + 2*B*x)
) - 2*b*c^3*x^2*(7*A + 4*B*x) + c^4*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x))/(35*c^5*Sqrt[x*(b
+ c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1218, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1218} \\
 & -\left(\frac{7A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c}\right) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \\
 & -\left(\frac{7A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{6b \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{7c} \right) - \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \\
 & -\left(\frac{7A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right) - \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1128}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\left(\frac{7A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{3c} \right)}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & -\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{4b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3c^2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right) \left(\frac{7A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^(9/2))/(b*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - ((7*A)/b - (8*B)/c)*((2*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(7*c) - (6*b*((2*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) - (4*b*((-4*b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c^2*Sqrt[x]) + (2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c)))/(5*c)))/(7*c))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1218

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
- Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))]
Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(5Bc^4x^4+7Ac^4x^3-8Bc^3x^3b-14Abc^3x^2+16c^2x^2Bb^2+56Ab^2c^2x-64Bb^3cx+112Ab^3c-128Bb^4)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35c^5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	107
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(5Bc^4x^4+7Ac^4x^3-8Bc^3x^3b-14Abc^3x^2+16c^2x^2Bb^2+56Ab^2c^2x-64Bb^3cx+112Ab^3c-128Bb^4)}{35\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^5}$	107
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(5Bc^4x^4+7Ac^4x^3-8Bc^3x^3b-14Abc^3x^2+16c^2x^2Bb^2+56Ab^2c^2x-64Bb^3cx+112Ab^3c-128Bb^4)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35c^5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	107
risch	$\frac{2(5Bc^3x^3+7Ac^3x^2-13Bbc^2x^2-21Abc^2x+29Bb^2cx+77Ab^2c-93Bb^3)(cx+b)\sqrt{x}}{35c^5\sqrt{x}(cx+b)} + \frac{2b^3(Ac-Bb)\sqrt{x}}{c^5\sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	110

input

```
int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/35*(c*x+b)*(5*B*c^4*x^4+7*A*c^4*x^3-8*B*b*c^3*x^3-14*A*b*c^3*x^2+16*B*b^2*c^2*x^2+56*A*b^2*c^2*x-64*B*b^3*c*x+112*A*b^3*c-128*B*b^4)*x^(3/2)/c^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bc^4x^4 - 128Bb^4 + 112Ab^3c - (8Bbc^3 - 7Ac^4)x^3 + 2(8Bb^2c^2 - 7Abc^3)x^2 - 8Bb^2c^2 + 7Abc^3)x^2 - 8Bb^2c^2 + 7Abc^3}{35(c^6x^2 + bc^5x)}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(5*B*c^4*x^4 - 128*B*b^4 + 112*A*b^3*c - (8*B*b*c^3 - 7*A*c^4)*x^3 + 2*(8*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^2 - 8*(8*B*b^3*c - 7*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x)/(c^6*x^2 + b*c^5*x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/105*((15*B*c^5*x^3 + 3*B*b*c^4*x^2 - 4*B*b^2*c^3*x + 8*B*b^3*c^2)*x^4 +
(16*B*b^4*c - 3*(4*B*b*c^4 - 7*A*c^5)*x^3 - (8*B*b^2*c^3 - 7*A*b*c^4)*x^2
+ 2*(10*B*b^3*c^2 - 7*A*b^2*c^3)*x)*x^3 + 4*(2*B*b^5 + (9*B*b^2*c^3 - 7*A*
b*c^4)*x^3 + 2*(10*B*b^3*c^2 - 7*A*b^2*c^3)*x^2 + (13*B*b^4*c - 7*A*b^3*c^
2)*x)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)/(c^7*x^4 + 2*b*c^6*x^3 + b^2*c^5*x^2) + integrate
(-4/15*(4*B*b^5 - 2*A*b^4*c + (9*B*b^3*c^2 - 7*A*b^2*c^3)*x^2 + (13*B*b^4*c
- 9*A*b^3*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)*x^2/(c^7*x^5 + 3*b*c^6*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^5*x
^3 + b^3*c^4*x^2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Bb^4 - Ab^3c)}{\sqrt{cx + bc^5}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(5(cx + b)^{7/2}Bc^{30} - 28(cx + b)^{5/2}Bbc^{30} + 70(cx + b)^{3/2}Bb^2c^{30} - 140\sqrt{cx + b}Bb^3c^{30} + 7(cx + b)^{5/2}Ac^{31} - 105\sqrt{cx + b}Ab^2c^{31}\right)}{35c^{35}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2*(B*b^4 - A*b^3*c)/(sqrt(c*x + b)*c^5) + 2/35*(5*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*c^30
- 28*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b*c^30 + 70*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^2*c^30 - 140*sqrt(c
*x + b)*B*b^3*c^30 + 7*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*c^31 - 35*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c^3
1 + 105*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c^31)/c^35
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}bc^4x^4 + \frac{2}{5}ac^4x^3 - \frac{16}{35}b^2c^3x^3 - \frac{4}{5}abc^3x^2 + \frac{32}{35}b^3c^2x^2 + \frac{16}{5}ab^2c^2x - \frac{128}{35}b^4cx + \frac{32}{5}ab^3c}{\sqrt{cx + b}c^5}$$

input `int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(112*a*b**3*c + 56*a*b**2*c**2*x - 14*a*b*c**3*x**2 + 7*a*c**4*x**3 - 128*b**5 - 64*b**4*c*x + 16*b**3*c**2*x**2 - 8*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 5*b*c**4*x**4))/(35*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**5)`

3.213
$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1624
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1624
Rubi [A] (verified)	1625
Maple [A] (verified)	1626
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1627
Sympy [F(-1)]	1628
Maxima [F]	1628
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1628
Mupad [F(-1)]	1629
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1629

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b^2(bB - Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2b(3bB - 2Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(3bB - Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^4x^{3/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^4x^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2*b^2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+2*b*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4/x^(1/2)-2/3*(-A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^4/x^(3/2)+2/5*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^4/x^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(48b^3B - 8b^2c(5A - 3Bx) + c^3x^2(5A + 3Bx) - 2bc^2x(10A + 3Bx))}{15c^4\sqrt{x}(b+cx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(2\sqrt{x}(48b^3B - 8b^2c(5A - 3Bx) + c^3x^2(5A + 3Bx) - 2b^2c^2x(10A + 3Bx)))/(15c^4\sqrt{x(b + cx)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1218, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1218 \\ & -\left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{6B}{c}\right) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\ & -\left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{6B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{5c} \right) - \frac{2x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\ & -\left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{6B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{3c} \right)}{5c} \right) - \frac{2x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1122 \\ & -\left(\frac{2x^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{5c} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{4b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c^2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{5c} \right) \left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{6B}{c} \right) - \frac{2x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^{(7/2)}*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^{(7/2)})/(b*c*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2]) - ((5*A)/b - (6*B)/c)*((2*x^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) - (4*b*((-4*b*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c^2*\text{Sqrt}[x]) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c)))/(5*c))}{1}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1218

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
- Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))]
Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-3Bc^3x^3-5Ac^3x^2+6Bbc^2x^2+20Abc^2x-24Bb^2cx+40Ab^2c-48Bb^3)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15c^4(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	83
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(-3Bc^3x^3-5Ac^3x^2+6Bbc^2x^2+20Abc^2x-24Bb^2cx+40Ab^2c-48Bb^3)}{15\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^4}$	83
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-3Bc^3x^3-5Ac^3x^2+6Bbc^2x^2+20Abc^2x-24Bb^2cx+40Ab^2c-48Bb^3)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15c^4(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	83
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+9Bbcx+25Abc-33Bb^2)(cx+b)\sqrt{x}}{15c^4\sqrt{x}(cx+b)} - \frac{2b^2(Ac-Bb)\sqrt{x}}{c^4\sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	86

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(c*x+b)*(-3*B*c^3*x^3-5*A*c^3*x^2+6*B*b*c^2*x^2+20*A*b*c^2*x-24*B*b^2*c*x+40*A*b^2*c-48*B*b^3)*x^(3/2)/c^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bc^3x^3+48Bb^3-40Ab^2c-(6Bbc^2-5Ac^3)x^2+4(6Bb^2c-5Abc^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{15(c^5x^2+bc^4x)}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/15*(3*B*c^3*x^3+48*B*b^3-40*A*b^2*c-(6*B*b*c^2-5*A*c^3)*x^2+4*(6*B*b^2*c-5*A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2+b*x)*sqrt(x)/(c^5*x^2+b*c^4*x)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x^{7/2}}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*((3*B*c^3*x^2 + B*b*c^2*x - 2*B*b^2*c)*x^3 - (4*B*b^3 + (4*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^2 + (8*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)/(c^5*x^3 + 2*b*c^4*x^2 + b^2*c^3*x) - integrate(-4/15*(2*B*b^4 + (7*B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + (9*B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)*x^2/(c^6*x^5 + 3*b*c^5*x^4 + 3*b^2*c^4*x^3 + b^3*c^3*x^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bb^3 - Ab^2c)}{\sqrt{cx + b}c^4} + \frac{2\left(3(cx+b)^{5/2}Bc^{16} - 15(cx+b)^{3/2}Bbc^{16} + 45\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^2c^{16} + 5(cx+b)^{3/2}Ac^{17} - 30\sqrt{cx+b}Abc^{17}\right)}{15c^{20}}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$2*(B*b^3 - A*b^2*c)/(sqrt(c*x + b)*c^4) + 2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*c^16 - 15*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b*c^16 + 45*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^2*c^16 + 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^17 - 30*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^17)/c^20$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

$$\text{int}((x^{(7/2)}*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\text{int}((x^{(7/2)}*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^{(3/2)}, x)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^3c^3x^3 + \frac{2}{3}ac^3x^2 - \frac{4}{5}b^2c^2x^2 - \frac{8}{3}abc^2x + \frac{16}{5}b^3cx - \frac{16}{3}ab^2c + \frac{32}{5}b^4}{\sqrt{cx + b}c^4}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^{(7/2)}*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(3/2)}, x)$$

output

$$(2*(-40*a*b**2*c - 20*a*b*c**2*x + 5*a*c**3*x**2 + 48*b**4 + 24*b**3*c*x - 6*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 3*b*c**3*x**3))/(15*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**4)$$

3.214 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1630
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1630
Rubi [A] (verified)	1631
Maple [A] (verified)	1632
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1633
Sympy [F]	1633
Maxima [F]	1634
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1634
Mupad [F(-1)]	1634
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1635

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2(2bB-Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^3x^{3/2}}$$

output `-2*b*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3/x^(1/2)+2/3*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^3/x^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(-8b^2B+c^2x(3A+Bx)+b(6Ac-4Bcx))}{3c^3\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x]*(-8*b^2*B+c^2*x*(3*A+B*x)+b*(6*A*c-4*B*c*x)))/(3*c^3*Sqrt[x*(b+c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1218, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$-\left(\frac{3A}{b} - \frac{4B}{c}\right) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx - \frac{2x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$-\left(\frac{3A}{b} - \frac{4B}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{3c} \right) - \frac{2x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$-\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{4b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{3c^2\sqrt{x}} \right) \left(\frac{3A}{b} - \frac{4B}{c} \right) - \frac{2x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^(5/2))/(b*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - ((3*A)/b - (4*B)/c)*((-4*b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c^2*Sqrt[x]) + (2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c))
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

rule 1218

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
- Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))]
Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(Bc^2x^2+3Ac^2x-4Bbcx+6Abc-8Bb^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	58
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(Bc^2x^2+3Ac^2x-4Bbcx+6Abc-8Bb^2)}{3\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^3}$	58
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(Bc^2x^2+3Ac^2x-4Bbcx+6Abc-8Bb^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	58
risch	$\frac{2(Bcx+3Ac-5Bb)(cx+b)\sqrt{x}}{3c^3\sqrt{x}(cx+b)} + \frac{2b(Ac-Bb)\sqrt{x}}{c^3\sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	63

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $\frac{2}{3}(c*x+b)*(B*c^2*x^2+3*A*c^2*x-4*B*b*c*x+6*A*b*c-8*B*b^2)*x^{(3/2)}/c^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(3/2)}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bc^2x^2 - 8Bb^2 + 6Abc - (4Bbc - 3Ac^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{x}}{3(c^4x^2 + bc^3x)}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{2}{3}(B*c^2*x^2 - 8*B*b^2 + 6*A*b*c - (4*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)*\text{sqrt}(x)/(c^4*x^2 + b*c^3*x)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x^{5/2}}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(B*c*x + B*b)*sqrt(c*x + b)*x^2/(c^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^2*x + b^2*c) + integrate(1/3*(3*A*b*c*x^2 - (4*B*b^2 + (4*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2)*x)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + b)/(c^4*x^4 + 3*b*c^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^3*c*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Bb^2 - Abc)}{\sqrt{cx+bc^3}} + \frac{2\left((cx+b)^{3/2}Bc^6 - 6\sqrt{cx+bc}Bbc^6 + 3\sqrt{cx+bc}Ac^7\right)}{3c^9}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)/(sqrt(c*x + b)*c^3) + 2/3*((c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*c^6 - 6*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b*c^6 + 3*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*c^7)/c^9`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b c^2 x^2 + 2a c^2 x - \frac{8}{3}b^2 cx + 4abc - \frac{16}{3}b^3}{\sqrt{cx + b c^3}}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `(2*(6*a*b*c + 3*a*c**2*x - 8*b**3 - 4*b**2*c*x + b*c**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**3)`

$$3.215 \quad \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1636
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1636
Rubi [A] (verified)	1637
Maple [A] (verified)	1638
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1638
Sympy [F]	1639
Maxima [F]	1639
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1639
Mupad [F(-1)]	1640
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1640

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^2\sqrt{x}}$$

output

```
2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+2*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^2/x^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(2bB-Ac+Bcx)}{c^2\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[x]*(2*b*B-A*c+B*c*x))/(c^2*Sqrt[x*(b+c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1218, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{bc} - \frac{2x^{3/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}(2bB - Ac)}{bc^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2x^{3/2}(bB - Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^(3/2))/(b*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*(2*b*B - A*c)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])/(b*c^2*Sqrt[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1218

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (
c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((
a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*
d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] I
nt[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-Bcx+Ac-2Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^2(c^2x^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	38
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(-Bcx+Ac-2Bb)}{\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c^2}$	38
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-Bcx+Ac-2Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^2(c^2x^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	38
risch	$\frac{2B(cx+b)\sqrt{x}}{c^2\sqrt{x}(cx+b)} - \frac{2(Ac-Bb)\sqrt{x}}{c^2\sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	50

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*(c*x+b)*(-B*c*x+A*c-2*B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bcx+2Bb-Ac)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{c^3x^2+bc^2x}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2*(B*c*x + 2*B*b - A*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x)/(c^3*x^2 + b*c^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x^{3/2}}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*x^(3/2)/(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}B}{c^2} + \frac{2(Bb-Ac)}{\sqrt{cx+bc^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c^2 + 2*(B*b - A*c)/(sqrt(c*x + b)*c^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2bcx - 2ac + 4b^2}{\sqrt{cx+b}c^2}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*(- a*c + 2*b**2 + b*c*x))/(sqrt(b + c*x)*c**2)`

$$3.216 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1641
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1641
Rubi [A] (verified)	1642
Maple [A] (verified)	1643
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1644
Sympy [F]	1644
Maxima [F]	1644
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1645
Mupad [F(-1)]	1645
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1645

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b/c/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*A*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/
b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x}\left(\sqrt{b}(bB-Ac) + Ac\sqrt{b+cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{b^{3/2}c\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[x]*(Sqrt[b]*(b*B-A*c)+A*c*Sqrt[b+c*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b+c*x]/
Sqrt[b]])/(b^(3/2)*c*Sqrt[x*(b+c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1218, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$\frac{A \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bB-Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\frac{2A \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}-b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bB-Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 220$$

$$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bB-Ac)}{bc\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*B - A*c)*Sqrt[x])/(b*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])])/b^(3/2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c\sqrt{cx+b}-Ac\sqrt{b}+Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}(cx+b)c}$	63

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/b^(3/2)*(A*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*c*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-A*c*b^(1/2)+B*b^(3/2))/x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)/c`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(Ac^2x^2 + Abcx)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) - 2(Bb^2 - Abc)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{x}}{b^2c^2x^2 + b^3cx} \right],$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[((A*c^2*x^2 + A*b*c*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) - 2*(B*b^2 - A*b*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^3*c*x), 2*((A*c^2*x^2 + A*b*c*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) - (B*b^2 - A*b*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^3*c*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(x)/(c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bb}} - \frac{2(Bb-Ac)}{\sqrt{cx+bbc}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b) - 2*(B*b - A*c)/(sqrt(c*x + b)*b*c)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ac - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}+\sqrt{b})ac + 2abc - 2}{\sqrt{cx+b}b^2c}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c - sqrt(b)*sqrt(b +  
c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c + 2*a*b*c - 2*b**3)/(sqrt(b + c*x)*  
b**2*c)
```

3.217 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1647
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1647
Rubi [A] (verified)	1648
Maple [A] (verified)	1650
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1650
Sympy [F]	1651
Maxima [F]	1651
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1651
Mupad [F(-1)]	1652
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB - Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{b^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{(2bB - 3Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

$$\frac{2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(1/2)}/b^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}-A*(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/b^2/x^{(3/2)}-(-3*A*c+2*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}}{1}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(2bBx - A(b + 3cx)) - (2bB - 3Ac)x\sqrt{b + cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]$$

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(2*b*B*x - A*(b + 3*c*x)) - (2*b*B - 3*A*c)*x*\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[b]])/(b^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[x*(b + c*x)])}{1}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1220, 1132, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\
 & \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{A}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1132} \\
 & \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2 + bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `-(A/(b*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])) + ((2*b*B - 3*A*c)*((2*Sqrt[x])/(b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])])/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 220

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1132

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(3A\sqrt{cx+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) cx - 2B\sqrt{cx+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) bx + 2B b^{\frac{3}{2}} x - 3A\sqrt{b} cx - A b^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}} (cx+b) b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	94
risch	$-\frac{A(cx+b)}{b^2 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{2(-2Ac+2Bb)}{\sqrt{cx+b}} - \frac{2(3Ac-2Bb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \sqrt{cx+b} \sqrt{x}}{2b^2 \sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	94

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1/x^{3/2} * (x * (c*x+b))^{1/2} * (3*A*(c*x+b)^{1/2} * \operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^{1/2}/b^{1/2}) * c*x - 2*B*(c*x+b)^{1/2} * \operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^{1/2}/b^{1/2}) * b*x + 2*B*b^{3/2} * x - 3*A*b^{1/2} * c*x - A*b^{3/2})}{(c*x+b)/b^{5/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{((2Bbc - 3Ac^2)x^3 + (2Bb^2 - 3Abc)x^2)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + \dots}{2(b^3cx^3 + b^4x^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{2} * \left((2*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2) * x^3 + (2*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c) * x^2 \right) * \operatorname{sqrt}(b) * \log\left(-\frac{c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)}{x^2}\right) + 2*(A*b^2 - (2*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(x) / (b^3*c*x^3 + b^4*x^2), \left((2*B*b*c - 3*A*c^2) * x^3 + (2*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c) * x^2 \right) * \operatorname{sqrt}(-b) * \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(-b)}{b * \operatorname{sqrt}(x)}\right) - (A*b^2 - (2*B*b^2 - 3*A*b*c)*x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(x) / (b^3*c*x^3 + b^4*x^2) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(x(b + cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x)/(sqrt(x)*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*sqrt(x)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2Bb - 3Ac) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bb^2}} + \frac{2(cx+b)Bb - 2Bb^2 - 3(cx+b)Ac + 2Abc}{\left((cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \sqrt{cx+bb}\right)b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(2*B*b - 3*A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^2) + (2*(c*x +
b)*B*b - 2*B*b^2 - 3*(c*x + b)*A*c + 2*A*b*c)/(((c*x + b)^(3/2) - sqrt(c*x
+ b)*b)*b^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})acx + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})b^2x}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c*x + 2*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*x + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*
x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c*x - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b
+ c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*x - 2*a*b**2 - 6*a*b*c*x + 4*b**3*x)/(2*sqrt(b + c
*x)*b**3*x)
```

3.218 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1653
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1653
Rubi [A] (verified)	1654
Maple [A] (verified)	1656
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1657
Sympy [F]	1657
Maxima [F]	1658
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1658
Mupad [F(-1)]	1658
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1659

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2c(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2b^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{(4bB-7Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4b^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{3c(4bB-5Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*c*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(5/2)-1/4*(-7*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(3/2)+3/4*c*(-5*A*c+4*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-4bBx(b+3cx)+A(-2b^2+5bcx+15c^2x^2))+3c(4bB-5Ac)x^2\sqrt{b+cx}}{4b^{7/2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{x(b+cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A+B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x+c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*(-4*b*B*x*(b + 3*c*x) + A*(-2*b^2 + 5*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2)) + 3*c*
(4*b*B - 5*A*c)*x^2*Sqrt[b + c*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(4*b^(7/
2)*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1220, 1135, 1132, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1220} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{4b} - \frac{A}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1132} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(4bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{cx^2+bx-b} d\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(4bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `-1/2*A/(b*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((4*b*B - 5*A*c)*(-1/(b*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])) - (3*c*((2*Sqrt[x])/(b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(4*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1132 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-7Acx+4Bbx+2Ab)}{4b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c\left(-\frac{2(-8Ac+8Bb)}{\sqrt{cx+b}} - \frac{2(15Ac-12Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{8b^3\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(15A\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^2x^2-12B\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bcx^2+4Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}x+12Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}cx^2+2Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}-5Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}cx-1\right)}{4x^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx+b)b^{\frac{7}{2}}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$-1/4*(c*x+b)*(-7*A*c*x+4*B*b*x+2*A*b)/b^3/x^{(3/2)}/(x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)}+1/8/b^3*c*(-2*(-8*A*c+8*B*b)/(c*x+b)^{(1/2)}-2*(15*A*c-12*B*b)/b^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}))*(c*x+b)^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/(x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((4Bbc^2 - 5Ac^3)x^4 + (4Bb^2c - 5Abc^2)x^3)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2bx - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right)}{8(b^4cx^4 + \dots)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[ -1/8*(3*((4*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^4 + (4*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b)
*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(2*A*
b^3 + 3*(4*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + (4*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2
+ b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*c*x^4 + b^5*x^3), -1/4*(3*((4*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^4
+ (4*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/
(b*sqrt(x))) + (2*A*b^3 + 3*(4*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^2 + (4*B*b^3 - 5*A*b
^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*c*x^4 + b^5*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (x(b + cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(3/2)*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*x^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3(4Bbc - 5Ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right) - 2(Bbc - Ac^2)}{4\sqrt{-bb^3}} - \frac{4(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bbc - 4\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^2c - 7(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ac^2 + 9\sqrt{cx+b}Abc^2}{4b^3c^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/4*(4*B*b*c - 5*A*c^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^3) - 2*(B*b*c - A*c^2)/(sqrt(c*x + b)*b^3) - 1/4*(4*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b*c - 4*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^2*c - 7*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^2 + 9*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^2)/(b^3*c^2*x^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})}{a^2c^2x^2} - \frac{12\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})}{a^2c^2x^2} + \dots$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 - 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2 - 4*a*b**3 + 10*a*b**2*c*x + 30*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 8*b**4*x - 24*b**3*c*x**2)/(8*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x**2)`

3.219 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1660
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1661
Rubi [A] (verified)	1661
Maple [A] (verified)	1664
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1665
Sympy [F]	1665
Maxima [F]	1666
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1666
Mupad [F(-1)]	1667
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1667

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c^2(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3b^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{(6bB-11Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{12b^3x^{5/2}} + \frac{c(14bB-19Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{8b^4x^{3/2}} - \frac{5c^2(6bB-7Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2*c^2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(7/2)-1/12*(-11*A*c+6*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(5/2)+1/8*c*(-19*A*c+14*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^(3/2)-5/8*c^2*(-7*A*c+6*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(6bBx(-2b^2 + 5bcx + 15c^2x^2) - A(8b^3 - 14b^2cx + 35bc^2x^2 + 105c^3x^3)) + 15c^2(-6bB + 7Ac)x^3\sqrt{b + cx} + 15c^2(-6bB + 7Ac)x^3\sqrt{b + cx} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b + cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right]}{24b^{9/2}x^{5/2}\sqrt{x(b + cx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*(6*b*B*x*(-2*b^2 + 5*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2) - A*(8*b^3 - 14*b^2*c*x + 35*b*c^2*x^2 + 105*c^3*x^3)) + 15*c^2*(-6*b*B + 7*A*c)*x^3*Sqrt[b + c*x] *ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(24*b^(9/2)*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1220, 1135, 1135, 1132, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$\frac{(6bB - 7Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{6b} - \frac{A}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{(6bB - 7Ac) \left(-\frac{5c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{A}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$(6bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5c \left(-\frac{3c \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) - \frac{A}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 1132

$$(6bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5c \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{6b}{A} \frac{A}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$(6bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5c \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x}}}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{6b}{A} \frac{A}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 220

$$(6bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5c \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{6bA}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*A/(b*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((6*b*B - 7*A*c)*(-1/2*1/(b*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (5*c*(-1/(b*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])) - (3*c*((2*Sqrt[x])/(b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1132 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(57Ac^2x^2-42x^2Bbc-22Abcx+12xBb^2+8b^2A)}{24b^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{c^2\left(-\frac{2(-16Ac+16Bb)}{\sqrt{cx+b}} - \frac{2(35Ac-30Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{16b^4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(105A\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^3x^3-90B\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^2x^3-12Bb^{\frac{7}{2}}x+30Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}cx^2+90Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^3-8Ab\right)}{24x^{\frac{7}{2}}(cx+b)b^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(c*x+b)*(57*A*c^2*x^2-42*B*b*c*x^2-22*A*b*c*x+12*B*b^2*x+8*A*b^2)/b^4/x^(5/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)-1/16/b^4*c^2*(-2*(-16*A*c+16*B*b)/(c*x+b)^(1/2))-2*(35*A*c-30*B*b)/b^(1/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15((6Bbc^3 - 7Ac^4)x^5 + (6Bb^2c^2 - 7Abc^3)x^4)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx+2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}}{x^2}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(15*((6*B*b*c^3 - 7*A*c^4)*x^5 + (6*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(8*A*b^4 - 15*(6*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^3 - 5*(6*B*b^3*c - 7*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^4 - 7*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*c*x^5 + b^6*x^4), 1/24*(15*((6*B*b*c^3 - 7*A*c^4)*x^5 + (6*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) - (8*A*b^4 - 15*(6*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^3 - 5*(6*B*b^3*c - 7*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*b^4 - 7*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*c*x^5 + b^6*x^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (x(b + cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(5/2)*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*x^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5(6Bbc^2 - 7Ac^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-b}b^4} + \frac{2(Bbc^2 - Ac^3)}{\sqrt{cx+bb^4}} + \frac{42(cx+b)^{\frac{5}{2}}Bbc^2 - 96(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^2c^2 + 54\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^3c^2 - 57(cx+b)^{\frac{5}{2}}Ac^3 + 136(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}Abc^3 - 87\sqrt{cx+b}A^2c^3}{24b^4c^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/8*(6*B*b*c^2 - 7*A*c^3)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^4) + 2*(B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)/(sqrt(c*x + b)*b^4) + 1/24*(42*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b*c^2 - 96*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^2*c^2 + 54*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^3*c^2 - 57*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*c^3 + 136*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b*c^3 - 87*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c^3)/(b^4*c^3*x^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ac^3x^3 + 90\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})}{\dots}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 + 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 + 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 - 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 16*a*b**4 + 28*a*b**3*c*x - 70*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 210*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 24*b**5*x + 60*b**4*c*x**2 + 180*b**3*c**2*x**3)/(48*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*x**3)`

3.220 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1668
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1669
Rubi [A] (verified)	1669
Maple [A] (verified)	1674
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1674
Sympy [F]	1675
Maxima [F]	1675
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1676
Mupad [F(-1)]	1676
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1677

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2c^3(bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^5\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4b^2x^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{(8bB-15Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{24b^3x^{7/2}} + \frac{c(88bB-123Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{96b^4x^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{c^2(152bB-187Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{64b^5x^{3/2}} + \frac{35c^3(8bB-9Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{64b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2*c^3*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/4*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^2/x^(9/2)-1/24*(-15*A*c+8*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(7/2)+1/96*c*(-123*A*c+88*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^(5/2)-1/64*c^2*(-187*A*c+152*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x^(3/2)+35/64*c^3*(-9*A*c+8*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-8bBx(8b^3 - 14b^2cx + 35bc^2x^2 + 105c^3x^3) + A(-48b^4 + 72b^3cx - 126b^2c^2x^2 + 315bc^3x^3 + 945c^4x^4)) + 105c^3(8b*B - 9A*c)*x^4*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[b + c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[b]]}{192b^{11/2}x^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*(-8*b*B*x*(8*b^3 - 14*b^2*c*x + 35*b*c^2*x^2 + 105*c^3*x^3) + A*(-48*b^4 + 72*b^3*c*x - 126*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 315*b*c^3*x^3 + 945*c^4*x^4)) + 105*c^3*(8*b*B - 9*A*c)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(192*b^(11/2)*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[x*(b + c*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1220, 1135, 1135, 1135, 1132, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$\frac{(8bB - 9Ac) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{8b} - \frac{A}{4bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{(8bB - 9Ac) \left(-\frac{7c \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{6b} - \frac{1}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{8b} - \frac{A}{4bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$(8bB - 9Ac) \left(\frac{7c \left(\frac{5c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{1}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) \frac{A}{4bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

1135

$$(8bB - 9Ac) \left(\frac{7c \left(\frac{5c \left(\frac{3c \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{1}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8bA}{4bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

1132

$$(8bB - 9Ac) \left(\frac{7c \left(\frac{5c \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{1}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8bA}{4bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

1136

$$\left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 2 \int \frac{1}{cx^2+bx-b} \frac{d\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 \frac{3c}{x} - \frac{b}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{5c}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{7c}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \\
 \frac{(8bB-9Ac)}{6b} - \frac{1}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{A}{4bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

220

$$\frac{(8bB - 9Ac) \left(\frac{5c \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{6b} - \frac{1}{3bx^{5/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{4bx^{7/2}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/4*A/(b*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + ((8*b*B - 9*A*c)*(-1/3*1/(b*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (7*c*(-1/2*1/(b*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (5*c*(-(1/(b*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])) - (3*c*((2*Sqrt[x])/(b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1132 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1220 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-561Ac^3x^3+456x^3Bbc^2+246Abc^2x^2-176x^2Bb^2c-120Ab^2cx+64xBb^3+48Ab^3)}{192b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c^3\left(-\frac{2(-128Ac+128Bb)}{\sqrt{cx+b}} - \frac{2(315A^2c-280B^2b)}{128}\right)}{128}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(945A\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^4x^4-840B\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^3x^4+64Bb^{\frac{9}{2}}x-112Bb^{\frac{7}{2}}cx^2+280Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2x^3\right)}{192x^{\frac{9}{2}}(cx+b)b^{\frac{11}{2}}}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/192*(c*x+b)*(-561*A*c^3*x^3+456*B*b*c^2*x^3+246*A*b*c^2*x^2-176*B*b^2*c*x^2-120*A*b^2*c*x+64*B*b^3*x+48*A*b^3)/b^5/x^(7/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/128*c^3/b^5*(-2*(-128*A*c+128*B*b)/(c*x+b)^(1/2)-2*(315*A*c-280*B*b)/b^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{105((8Bbc^4 - 9Ac^5)x^6 + (8Bb^2c^3 - 9Abc^4)x^5)\sqrt{b}\log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}}{x^2}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(105*((8*B*b*c^4 - 9*A*c^5)*x^6 + (8*B*b^2*c^3 - 9*A*b*c^4)*x^5)*sqrt(b)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(48*A*b^5 + 105*(8*B*b^2*c^3 - 9*A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 35*(8*B*b^3*c^2 - 9*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 - 14*(8*B*b^4*c - 9*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*b^5 - 9*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*c*x^6 + b^7*x^5), -1/192*(105*((8*B*b*c^4 - 9*A*c^5)*x^6 + (8*B*b^2*c^3 - 9*A*b*c^4)*x^5)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (48*A*b^5 + 105*(8*B*b^2*c^3 - 9*A*b*c^4)*x^4 + 35*(8*B*b^3*c^2 - 9*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 - 14*(8*B*b^4*c - 9*A*b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*b^5 - 9*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*c*x^6 + b^7*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (x(b + cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*x)/(x**(7/2)*(x*(b + c*x))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2} x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(3/2)*x^(7/2)), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{35(8Bbc^3 - 9Ac^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{64\sqrt{-b}b^5} - \frac{2(Bbc^3 - Ac^4)}{\sqrt{cx+bb^5}} - \frac{456(cx+b)^{7/2}Bbc^3 - 1544(cx+b)^{5/2}Bb^2c^3 + 1784(cx+b)^{3/2}Bb^3c^3 - 696\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^4c^3 - 561(cx+b)^{7/2}A}{192b^5c^4x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-35/64*(8*B*b*c^3 - 9*A*c^4)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^5) - 2*(B*b*c^3 - A*c^4)/(sqrt(c*x + b)*b^5) - 1/192*(456*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*B*b*c^3 - 1544*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*b^2*c^3 + 1784*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b^3*c^3 - 696*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^4*c^3 - 561*(c*x + b)^(7/2)*A*c^4 + 1929*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*A*b*c^4 - 2295*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*b^2*c^4 + 975*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b^3*c^4)/(b^5*c^4*x^4)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{945\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ac^4x^4 - 840\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(945*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 - 840*
sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4 - 945*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 + 840*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4 - 96*a*b**5 + 1
44*a*b**4*c*x - 252*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 630*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 1890*a*b*c**
4*x**4 - 128*b**6*x + 224*b**5*c*x**2 - 560*b**4*c**2*x**3 - 1680*b**3*c**
3*x**4)/(384*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x**4)
```

3.221
$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1678
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1678
Rubi [A] (verified)	1679
Maple [A] (verified)	1681
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1682
Sympy [F(-1)]	1682
Maxima [F]	1683
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1683
Mupad [F(-1)]	1684
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1684

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b^3(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{3c^5(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(4bB-3Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^5\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{6b(2bB-Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(4bB-Ac)(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^5x^{3/2}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5c^5x^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*b^3*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2*b^2*(-3*A*c+4*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+6*b*(-A*c+2*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^5/x^(1/2)-2/3*(-A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^5/x^(3/2)+2/5*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)/c^5/x^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}(128b^4B+24b^2c^2x(-5A+2Bx))+c^4x^3(5A+3Bx)-2bc^3x^2(15A+4Bx)+15c^5x(b+cx)^{3/2}}{15c^5(x(b+cx))^3/2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(11/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$(2x^{3/2}(128b^4B + 24b^2c^2x(-5A + 2Bx) + c^4x^3(5A + 3Bx) - 2bc^3x^2(15A + 4Bx) + b^3(-80Ac + 192Bcx)))/(15c^5(x(b + cx))^{3/2})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1218, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c} \right) \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2x^{11/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{5c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{6b \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{5c} \right) - \frac{2x^{11/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{5c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{3c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3c} \right)}{5c} \right) - \frac{2x^{11/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{5c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{3c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{c} \right)}{3c} \right)}{5c} \right) - \\
 & \frac{2x^{11/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{5c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{6b \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{3c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{x}}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{3c} \right)}{5c} \right) \left(\frac{5A}{b} - \frac{8B}{c} \right) - \\
 & \frac{2x^{11/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(11/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^(11/2))/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - (((5*A)/b - (8*B)/c)*((2*x^(7/2))/(5*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (6*b*((2*x^(5/2))/(3*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (4*b*((4*b*Sqrt[x])/(c^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*x^(3/2))/(c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])))/(3*c)))/(5*c)))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-3Bc^4x^4-5Ac^4x^3+8Bc^3x^3b+30Abc^3x^2-48c^2x^2Bb^2+120Ab^2c^2x-192Bb^3cx+80Ab^3c-128Bb^4)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15c^5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	107
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(-3Bc^4x^4-5Ac^4x^3+8Bc^3x^3b+30Abc^3x^2-48c^2x^2Bb^2+120Ab^2c^2x-192Bb^3cx+80Ab^3c-128Bb^4)}{15\sqrt{x}(cx+b)^2c^5}$	107
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(-3Bc^4x^4-5Ac^4x^3+8Bc^3x^3b+30Abc^3x^2-48c^2x^2Bb^2+120Ab^2c^2x-192Bb^3cx+80Ab^3c-128Bb^4)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15c^5(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	107
risch	$\frac{2(-3Bc^2x^2-5Ac^2x+14Bbcx+40Abc-73Bb^2)(cx+b)\sqrt{x}}{15c^5\sqrt{x}(cx+b)} - \frac{2b^2(9Ac^2x-12Bbcx+8Abc-11Bb^2)\sqrt{x}}{3c^5(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	110

input `int(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/15*(c*x+b)*(-3*B*c^4*x^4-5*A*c^4*x^3+8*B*b*c^3*x^3+30*A*b*c^3*x^2-48*B*
b^2*c^2*x^2+120*A*b^2*c^2*x-192*B*b^3*c*x+80*A*b^3*c-128*B*b^4)*x^(5/2)/c^
5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bc^4x^4 + 128Bb^4 - 80Ab^3c - (8Bbc^3 - 5Ac^4)x^3 + 6(8Bb^2c^2 - 5Abc^3)x^2 + 24(8Bb^3c - 5Ab^2c^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + b}}{15(c^7x^3 + 2bc^6x^2 + b^2c^5x)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/15*(3*B*c^4*x^4 + 128*B*b^4 - 80*A*b^3*c - (8*B*b*c^3 - 5*A*c^4)*x^3 + 6
*(8*B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + 24*(8*B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^
2 + b*x)*sqrt(x)/(c^7*x^3 + 2*b*c^6*x^2 + b^2*c^5*x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x^{11/2}}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*((3*B*c^3*x^2 + B*b*c^2*x - 2*B*b^2*c)*x^4 - (6*B*b^3 + (6*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^2 + (12*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + b)/(c^6*x^4 + 3*b*c^5*x^3 + 3*b^2*c^4*x^2 + b^3*c^3*x) - integrate(-2/5*(4*B*b^4 + (9*B*b^2*c^2 - 5*A*b*c^3)*x^2 + (13*B*b^3*c - 5*A*b^2*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x + b)*x^3/(c^7*x^6 + 4*b*c^6*x^5 + 6*b^2*c^5*x^4 + 4*b^3*c^4*x^3 + b^4*c^3*x^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(12(cx+b)Bb^3 - Bb^4 - 9(cx+b)Ab^2c + Ab^3c)}{3(cx+b)^{3/2}c^5} + \frac{2\left(3(cx+b)^{5/2}Bc^{20} - 20(cx+b)^{3/2}Bbc^{20} + 90\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^2c^{20} + 5(cx+b)^{3/2}Ac^{21} - 45\sqrt{cx+b}Abc^{21}\right)}{15c^{25}}$$

input `integrate(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(12*(c*x + b)*B*b^3 - B*b^4 - 9*(c*x + b)*A*b^2*c + A*b^3*c)/((c*x + b)^(3/2)*c^5) + 2/15*(3*(c*x + b)^(5/2)*B*c^20 - 20*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b*c^20 + 90*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^2*c^20 + 5*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^21 - 45*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^21)/c^25`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(11/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((x^(11/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^{11/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}bc^4x^4 + \frac{2}{3}ac^4x^3 - \frac{16}{15}b^2c^3x^3 - 4abc^3x^2 + \frac{32}{5}b^3c^2x^2 - 16ab^2c^2x + \frac{128}{5}b^4cx - \frac{32}{3}ab^3}{\sqrt{cx+b}c^5(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^(11/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `(2*(- 80*a*b**3*c - 120*a*b**2*c**2*x - 30*a*b*c**3*x**2 + 5*a*c**4*x**3 + 128*b**5 + 192*b**4*c*x + 48*b**3*c**2*x**2 - 8*b**2*c**3*x**3 + 3*b*c**4*x**4))/(15*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**5*(b + c*x))`

3.222
$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1685
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1685
Rubi [A] (verified)	1686
Maple [A] (verified)	1688
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1688
Sympy [F(-1)]	1689
Maxima [F]	1689
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1689
Mupad [F(-1)]	1690
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1690

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^2(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{3c^4(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(3bB-2Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2(3bB-Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2B(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3c^4x^{3/2}}$$

output `2/3*b^2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)-2*b*(-2*A*c+3*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-2*(-A*c+3*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^4/x^(1/2)+2/3*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)/c^4/x^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}(-16b^3B+8b^2c(A-3Bx)-6bc^2x(-2A+Bx)+c^3x^2(3A+Bx))}{3c^4(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(9/2)*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(2x^{3/2}(-16b^3B + 8b^2c(A - 3Bx) - 6bc^2x(-2A + Bx) + c^3x^2(3A + Bx)))/(3c^4(x(b + cx))^{3/2})}{}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1218, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{bc} - \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{3c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3c} \right)}{bc} - \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{(2bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{3c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{c} \right)}{3c} \right)}{bc} - \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{3c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{4b\left(\frac{4b\sqrt{x}}{c^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}\right)}{3c}\right)(2bB - Ac)}{bc} - \frac{2x^{9/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(9/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^(9/2))/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*B - A*c)*((2*x^(5/2))/(3*c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (4*b*((4*b*Sqrt[x])/(c^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*x^(3/2))/(c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])))/(3*c)))/(b*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{2(cx+b)(Bc^3x^3+3Ac^3x^2-6Bbc^2x^2+12Abc^2x-24Bb^2cx+8Ab^2c-16Bb^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^4(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	82
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(Bc^3x^3+3Ac^3x^2-6Bbc^2x^2+12Abc^2x-24Bb^2cx+8Ab^2c-16Bb^3)}{3\sqrt{x}(cx+b)^2c^4}$	82
orering	$\frac{2(cx+b)(Bc^3x^3+3Ac^3x^2-6Bbc^2x^2+12Abc^2x-24Bb^2cx+8Ab^2c-16Bb^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^4(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	82
risch	$\frac{2(Bcx+3Ac-8Bb)(cx+b)\sqrt{x}}{3c^4\sqrt{x}(cx+b)} + \frac{2b(6A^2c^2x-9Bbcx+5Abc-8Bb^2)\sqrt{x}}{3c^4(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	87

input `int(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(c*x+b)*(B*c^3*x^3+3*A*c^3*x^2-6*B*b*c^2*x^2+12*A*b*c^2*x-24*B*b^2*c*x+8*A*b^2*c-16*B*b^3)*x^(5/2)/c^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bc^3x^3 - 16Bb^3 + 8Ab^2c - 3(2Bbc^2 - Ac^3)x^2 - 12(2Bb^2c - Abc^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{3(c^6x^3 + 2bc^5x^2 + b^2c^4x)}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(B*c^3*x^3 - 16*B*b^3 + 8*A*b^2*c - 3*(2*B*b*c^2 - A*c^3)*x^2 - 12*(2*B*b^2*c - A*b*c^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x)/(c^6*x^3 + 2*b*c^5*x^2 + b^2*c^4*x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(B*c*x + B*b)*sqrt(c*x + b)*x^3/(c^4*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*x + b^3*c) + integrate((A*b*c*x^3 - (2*B*b^2 + (2*B*b*c - A*c^2)*x)*x^3)*sqrt(c*x + b)/(c^5*x^5 + 4*b*c^4*x^4 + 6*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 4*b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^4*c*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(9(cx + b)Bb^2 - Bb^3 - 6(cx + b)Abc + Ab^2c)}{3(cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4} + \frac{2\left((cx + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bc^8 - 9\sqrt{cx + b}Bbc^8 + 3\sqrt{cx + b}Ac^9\right)}{3c^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^(9/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{-2/3*(9*(c*x + b)*B*b^2 - B*b^3 - 6*(c*x + b)*A*b*c + A*b^2*c)/((c*x + b)^{(3/2)*c^4} + 2/3*((c*x + b)^{(3/2)*B*c^8 - 9*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b*c^8 + 3*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*c^9)/c^{12}}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

$$\text{int}((x^{(9/2)}*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\text{int}((x^{(9/2)}*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{9/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b c^3 x^3 + 2a c^3 x^2 - 4b^2 c^2 x^2 + 8ab c^2 x - 16b^3 cx + \frac{16}{3}a b^2 c - \frac{32}{3}b^4}{\sqrt{cx + b} c^4 (cx + b)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^{(9/2)}*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(8*a*b**2*c + 12*a*b*c**2*x + 3*a*c**3*x**2 - 16*b**4 - 24*b**3*c*x - 6*b**2*c**2*x**2 + b*c**3*x**3))/(3*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**4*(b + c*x))$$

3.223
$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1691
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1691
Rubi [A] (verified)	1692
Maple [A] (verified)	1693
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1694
Sympy [F]	1694
Maxima [F]	1695
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1695
Mupad [F(-1)]	1695
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1696

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{3c^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2bB-Ac)\sqrt{x}}{c^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{c^3\sqrt{x}}$$

output
$$-2/3*b*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)/c^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2*(-A*c+2*B*b)*x^(1/2)/c^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)+2*B*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/c^3/x^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}(8b^2B-2bc(A-6Bx)+3c^2x(-A+Bx))}{3c^3(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(x^{(7/2)}*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2),x]$$

output
$$(2*x^(3/2)*(8*b^2*B-2*b*c*(A-6*B*x)+3*c^2*x*(-A+B*x)))/(3*c^3*(x*(b+c*x))^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1218, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1218} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - Ac) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3bc} - \frac{2x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - Ac) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{c} \right)}{3bc} - \frac{2x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{4b\sqrt{x}}{c^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right) (4bB - Ac)}{3bc} - \frac{2x^{7/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^(7/2))/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((4*b*B - A*c)*((4*b*Sqrt[x])/(c^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*x^(3/2))/(c*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]))) / (3*b*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-3Bc^2x^2+3Ac^2x-12Bbcx+2Abc-8Bb^2)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	59
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x}(cx+b)(-3Bc^2x^2+3Ac^2x-12Bbcx+2Abc-8Bb^2)}{3\sqrt{x}(cx+b)^2c^3}$	59
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(-3Bc^2x^2+3Ac^2x-12Bbcx+2Abc-8Bb^2)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^3(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	59
risch	$\frac{2B(cx+b)\sqrt{x}}{c^3\sqrt{x}(cx+b)} - \frac{2(3Ac^2x-6Bbcx+2Abc-5Bb^2)\sqrt{x}}{3c^3(cx+b)\sqrt{x}(cx+b)}$	74

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*(c*x+b)*(-3*B*c^2*x^2+3*A*c^2*x-12*B*b*c*x+2*A*b*c-8*B*b^2)*x^{(5/2)}/c^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(5/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bc^2x^2 + 8Bb^2 - 2Abc + 3(4Bbc - Ac^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{3(c^5x^3 + 2bc^4x^2 + b^2c^3x)}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/3*(3*B*c^2*x^2 + 8*B*b^2 - 2*A*b*c + 3*(4*B*b*c - A*c^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x)*\text{sqrt}(x)/(c^5*x^3 + 2*b*c^4*x^2 + b^2*c^3*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(7/2)*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x^{7/2}}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*x^(7/2)/(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx+b}B}{c^3} + \frac{2(6(cx+b)Bb - Bb^2 - 3(cx+b)Ac + Abc)}{3(cx+b)^{3/2}c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(c*x + b)*B/c^3 + 2/3*(6*(c*x + b)*B*b - B*b^2 - 3*(c*x + b)*A*c + A*b*c)/((c*x + b)^(3/2)*c^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2bc^2x^2 - 2ac^2x + 8b^2cx - \frac{4}{3}abc + \frac{16}{3}b^3}{\sqrt{cx + b}c^3(cx + b)}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(- 2*a*b*c - 3*a*c**2*x + 8*b**3 + 12*b**2*c*x + 3*b*c**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**3*(b + c*x))`

3.224
$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1697
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1697
Rubi [A] (verified)	1698
Maple [A] (verified)	1699
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1699
Sympy [F]	1700
Maxima [F]	1700
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1700
Mupad [F(-1)]	1701
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1701

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB - Ac)x^{3/2}}{3c^2 (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{c^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}}$$

output $\frac{2}{3}*(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(3/2)}/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(3/2)}-2*B*x^{(1/2)}/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2x^{3/2}(2bB + c(A + 3Bx))}{3c^2(x(b + cx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output $(-2*x^{(3/2)}*(2*b*B + c*(A + 3*B*x)))/(3*c^2*(x*(b + c*x))^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1218, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1218

$$\frac{(Ac + 2bB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3bc} - \frac{2x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1122

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{x}(Ac + 2bB)}{3bc^2\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} - \frac{2x^{5/2}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^(5/2))/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - (2*(2*b*B + A*c)*Sqrt[x])/(3*b*c^2*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1218

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (
c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((
a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*
d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] I
nt[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(3Bcx+Ac+2Bb)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	38
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)}(3Bcx+Ac+2Bb)}{3\sqrt{x}(cx+b)^2c^2}$	38
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+b)(3Bcx+Ac+2Bb)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^2(cx^2+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	38

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(c*x+b)*(3*B*c*x+A*c+2*B*b)*x^(5/2)/c^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Bcx+2Bb+Ac)\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{x}}{3(c^4x^3+2bc^3x^2+b^2c^2x)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(3*B*c*x + 2*B*b + A*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x)/(c^4*x^3 + 2*b*c^3*
x^2 + b^2*c^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(5/2)*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x^{5/2}}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*x^(5/2)/(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3(cx+b)B - Bb + Ac)}{3(cx+b)^{3/2}c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*(3*(c*x + b)*B - B*b + A*c)/((c*x + b)^(3/2)*c^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2bcx - \frac{2}{3}ac - \frac{4}{3}b^2}{\sqrt{cx+b}c^2(cx+b)}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x)`output `(2*(- a*c - 2*b**2 - 3*b*c*x))/(3*sqrt(b + c*x)*c**2*(b + c*x))`

3.225 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1702
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1702
Rubi [A] (verified)	1703
Maple [A] (verified)	1704
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1705
Sympy [F]	1705
Maxima [F]	1706
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1706
Mupad [F(-1)]	1706
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1707

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bB - Ac)x^{3/2}}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{x}}{b^2\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-2/3*(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(3/2)}/b/c/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(3/2)}+2*A*x^{(1/2)}/b^2/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}-2*A*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}\left(\sqrt{b}(-b^2B + 4Abc + 3Ac^2x) - 3Ac(b+cx)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+cx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{3b^{5/2}c(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output
$$(2*x^{(3/2)}*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*(-b^2*B) + 4*A*b*c + 3*A*c^2*x) - 3*A*c*(b + c*x)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b + c*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]])/(3*b^{(5/2)}*c*(x*(b + c*x))^{(3/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1218, 1132, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1218} \\
 & \frac{A \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1132} \\
 & \frac{A \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{A \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{cx^2+bx}{x} - b} d\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{A \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}(bB-Ac)}{3bc(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*x^(3/2))/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (A*((2*sqrt[x])/(b*sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])))/b^(3/2)))/b`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1132 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(3A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) c^2 x \sqrt{cx+b} + 3Ac \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b \sqrt{cx+b} - 3A\sqrt{b} c^2 x - 4A b^{\frac{3}{2}} c + B b^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{3b^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x} (cx+b)^2 c}$	101

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/3*(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)/b^(5/2)*(3*A*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*c^2*x*(
c*x+b)^(1/2)+3*A*c*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*b*(c*x+b)^(1/2)-3*A*b^(
/2)*c^2*x-4*A*b^(3/2)*c+B*b^(5/2))/x^(1/2)/(c*x+b)^2/c
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(Ac^3x^3 + 2Abc^2x^2 + Ab^2cx)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2bx-2\sqrt{cx^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{x^2}\right) + 2(3Abc^2x - Bb^3 + 4A^2b^2c)\sqrt{c^2x^2+bx}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{3(b^3c^3x^3 + 2b^4c^2x^2 + b^5cx)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*(3*(A*c^3*x^3 + 2*A*b*c^2*x^2 + A*b^2*c*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*
x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(3*A*b*c^2*x - B*b^3 + 4
*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*c^3*x^3 + 2*b^4*c^2*x^2 + b^5*c*
x), 2/3*(3*(A*c^3*x^3 + 2*A*b*c^2*x^2 + A*b^2*c*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(c*
x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (3*A*b*c^2*x - B*b^3 + 4*A*b^2*c)*sqrt(
c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^3*c^3*x^3 + 2*b^4*c^2*x^2 + b^5*c*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(3/2)*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)x^{3/2}}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*x^(3/2)/(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bb^2}} - \frac{2(Bb^2 - 3(cx+b)Ac - Abc)}{3(cx+b)^{3/2}b^2c}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*A*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^2) - 2/3*(B*b^2 - 3*(c*x + b)*A*c - A*b*c)/((c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^2*c)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})abc + 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ac^2x - 3}{3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b+c*x)*log(sqrt(b+c*x)-sqrt(b))*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b+c*x)*log(sqrt(b+c*x)-sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b+c*x)*log(sqrt(b+c*x)+sqrt(b))*a*b*c - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b+c*x)*log(sqrt(b+c*x)+sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x + 8*a*b**2*c + 6*a*b*c**2*x - 2*b**4)/(3*sqrt(b+c*x)*b**3*c*(b+c*x))`

3.226 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1708
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1708
Rubi [A] (verified)	1709
Maple [A] (verified)	1711
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1712
Sympy [F]	1712
Maxima [F]	1713
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1713
Mupad [F(-1)]	1713
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1714

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{3b^2(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(bB-2Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^3\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{b^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{(2bB-5Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}*(-A*c+B*b)*x^{(3/2)}/b^{(2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(3/2)}+2*(-2*A*c+B*b)*x^{(1/2)}/b^{(3)/(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}-A*(c*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}/b^{(3)/x^{(3/2)}}-(-5*A*c+2*B*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c*x^2+b*x}{b^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}}\right)/b^{(7/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\left(\sqrt{b}(2bBx(4b+3cx)-A(3b^2+20bcx+15c^2x^2))-3(2bB-5Ac)x(b+cx)^{3/2}\right)}{3b^{7/2}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/(b*x+c*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x] * (\text{Sqrt}[b] * (2 * b * B * x * (4 * b + 3 * c * x) - A * (3 * b^2 + 20 * b * c * x + 15 * c^2 * x^2)) - 3 * (2 * b * B - 5 * A * c) * x * (b + c * x)^{(3/2)} * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[b + c * x] / \text{Sqrt}[b]]))}{(3 * b^{(7/2)} * (x * (b + c * x))^{(3/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1218, 1135, 1132, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1218$$

$$-\frac{(2bB - 5Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3bc} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1135$$

$$-\frac{(2bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{3bc} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1132$$

$$-\frac{(2bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{3bc} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\frac{(2bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{cx^2+bx-b} d\sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{3bc} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(2bB - 5Ac) \left(-\frac{3c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{3bc} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}(bB - Ac)}{3bc(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(b*B - A*c)*Sqrt[x])/(3*b*c*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*b*B - 5*A*c)*(-1/(b*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])) - (3*c*((2*Sqrt[x])/(b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]))/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(3*b*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1132 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1218

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
- Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
risch	$\frac{A(cx+b)}{b^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{2(-4Ac+2Bb)}{\sqrt{cx+b}} + \frac{4b(Ac-Bb)}{3(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right) - \frac{2(5Ac-2Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{2b^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}} \sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx+b}\left(15A\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^2x^2 - 6B\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bcx^2 + 15A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bcx\sqrt{cx+b} - 15A\sqrt{b}c^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx+b)^2b^{\frac{7}{2}}}$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/b^3*A*(c*x+b)/x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)-1/2/b^3*(-2*(-4*A*c+2*B*b)/(c*x+b)^(1/2)+4/3*b*(A*c-B*b)/(c*x+b)^(3/2)-2*(5*A*c-2*B*b)/b^(1/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((2Bbc^2-5Ac^3)x^4+2(2Bb^2c-5Abc^2)x^3+(2Bb^3-5Ab^2c)x^2)\sqrt{b}\log\left(-\frac{cx}{bx+cx^2}\right)}{6(b^4c^2} \right.$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*((2*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^4 + 2*(2*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^3 + (2*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(3*A*b^3 - 3*(2*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*c^2*x^4 + 2*b^5*c*x^3 + b^6*x^2), 1/3*(3*((2*B*b*c^2 - 5*A*c^3)*x^4 + 2*(2*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^3 + (2*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*x^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) - (3*A*b^3 - 3*(2*B*b^2*c - 5*A*b*c^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*B*b^3 - 5*A*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*c^2*x^4 + 2*b^5*c*x^3 + b^6*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(x(b+cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*(A + B*x)/(x*(b + c*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*sqrt(x)/(c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2Bb-5Ac)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{cx+b}A}{b^3x} + \frac{2(3(cx+b)Bb+Bb^2-6(cx+b)Ac-Abc)}{3(cx+b)^{3/2}b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*B*b - 5*A*c)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^3) - sqrt(c*x + b)*A/(b^3*x) + 2/3*(3*(c*x + b)*B*b + B*b^2 - 6*(c*x + b)*A*c - A*b*c)/((c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})abcx - 15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ac^2x}{(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*b*c*x - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**3*x + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*b*c*x + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**3*x - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c*x**2 - 6*a*b**3 - 40*a*b**2*c*x - 30*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 16*b**4*x + 12*b**3*c*x**2)/(6*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**4*x*(b + c*x))`

3.227 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1715
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1715
Rubi [A] (verified)	1716
Maple [A] (verified)	1719
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1719
Sympy [F(-1)]	1720
Maxima [F]	1720
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1721
Mupad [F(-1)]	1721
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1722

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2c(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{3b^3(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2c(2bB-3Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^4\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{2b^3x^{5/2}} - \frac{(4bB-11Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{4b^4x^{3/2}} + \frac{5c(4bB-7Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4b^9/2}$$

output

```
-2/3*c*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)/b^3/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)-2*c*(-3*A*c+2*B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/2*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(5/2)-1/4*(-11*A*c+4*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^(3/2)+5/4*c*(-7*A*c+4*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-4bBx(3b^2+20bcx+15c^2x^2)+A(-6b^3+21b^2cx+140bc^2x^2+105c^3x^3))}{12b^{9/2}\sqrt{x}(x(b+cx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*(-4*b*B*x*(3*b^2 + 20*b*c*x + 15*c^2*x^2) + A*(-6*b^3 + 21*b^2*c*x + 140*b*c^2*x^2 + 105*c^3*x^3)) + 15*c*(4*b*B - 7*A*c)*x^2*(b + c*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(12*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[x]*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1220, 1132, 1135, 1132, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(4bB - 7Ac) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}} dx}{4b} - \frac{A}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1132$$

$$\frac{(4bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1135$$

$$\frac{(4bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3c \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2 + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + cx^2}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{A}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1132$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(4bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3c \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \frac{A}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{cx^2+bx-b} dx \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \frac{A}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{(4bB - 7Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \frac{A}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
-1/2*A/(b*Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((4*b*B - 7*A*c)*((2*Sqrt[x])/(3*
b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*(-1/(b*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])) - (3*c*((2
*Sqrt[x])/(b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sq
rt[x])))/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(3*b)))/(4*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-
1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
(LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1132

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p +
1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 -
4*a*c))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ
[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int
[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && I
ntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x
_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a +
b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2
- b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e
*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x
)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0
]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0
]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(-11Acx+4Bbx+2Ab)}{4b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(cx+b)}} + \frac{c\left(-\frac{2(-24Ac+16Bb)}{\sqrt{cx+b}} + \frac{16b(Ac-Bb)}{3(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(35Ac-20Bb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sqrt{cx+b}\sqrt{x}}{8b^4\sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)}\left(105A\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)c^3x^3 - 60B\sqrt{cx+b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^2x^3 + 105A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc^2x^2\sqrt{cx+b} - 12x^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx+b)\right)}{12x^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx+b)}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(c*x+b)*(-11*A*c*x+4*B*b*x+2*A*b)/b^4/x^(3/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/8/b
^4*c*(-2*(-24*A*c+16*B*b)/(c*x+b)^(1/2)+16/3*b*(A*c-B*b)/(c*x+b)^(3/2)-2*(
35*A*c-20*B*b)/b^(1/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/
2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15((4Bbc^3 - 7Ac^4)x^5 + 2(4Bb^2c^2 - 7Abc^3)x^4 + (4Bb^3c - 7Ab^2c^2)x^3)\sqrt{b}}{12(b^5c^2x^5 + 2b^6cx^4 + \dots)} \right] + (6 \dots)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/24*(15*((4*B*b*c^3 - 7*A*c^4)*x^5 + 2*(4*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^4 + (4*B*b^3*c - 7*A*b^2*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(6*A*b^4 + 15*(4*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 20*(4*B*b^3*c - 7*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(4*B*b^4 - 7*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*c^2*x^5 + 2*b^6*c*x^4 + b^7*x^3), -1/12*(15*((4*B*b*c^3 - 7*A*c^4)*x^5 + 2*(4*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^4 + (4*B*b^3*c - 7*A*b^2*c^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (6*A*b^4 + 15*(4*B*b^2*c^2 - 7*A*b*c^3)*x^3 + 20*(4*B*b^3*c - 7*A*b^2*c^2)*x^2 + 3*(4*B*b^4 - 7*A*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*c^2*x^5 + 2*b^6*c*x^4 + b^7*x^3)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*sqrt(x)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{5(4Bbc - 7Ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-b}b^4} - \frac{2(6(cx+b)Bbc + Bb^2c - 9(cx+b)Ac^2 - Abc^2)}{3(cx+b)^{3/2}b^4} - \frac{4(cx+b)^{3/2}Bbc - 4\sqrt{cx+b}Bb^2c - 11(cx+b)^{3/2}Ac^2 + 13\sqrt{cx+b}Abc^2}{4b^4c^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-5/4*(4*B*b*c - 7*A*c^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^4) - 2/3*(6*(c*x + b)*B*b*c + B*b^2*c - 9*(c*x + b)*A*c^2 - A*b*c^2)/((c*x + b)^(3/2)*b^4) - 1/4*(4*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*B*b*c - 4*sqrt(c*x + b)*B*b^2*c - 11*(c*x + b)^(3/2)*A*c^2 + 13*sqrt(c*x + b)*A*b*c^2)/(b^4*c^2*x^2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x} (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})}{ab^2c^2x^2} + 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**3*c*x**2 - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*b*c**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**3*x**3 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**3*c*x**2 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 12*a*b**4 + 42*a*b**3*c*x + 280*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 210*a*b*c**3*x**3 - 24*b**5*x - 160*b**4*c*x**2 - 120*b**3*c**2*x**3)/(24*sqrt(b + c*x)*b**5*x**2*(b + c*x))`

3.228 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1723
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1724
Rubi [A] (verified)	1724
Maple [A] (verified)	1730
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1730
Sympy [F(-1)]	1731
Maxima [F]	1731
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1732
Mupad [F(-1)]	1732
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1733

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2c^2(bB-Ac)x^{3/2}}{3b^4(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^2(3bB-4Ac)\sqrt{x}}{b^5\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{3b^3x^{7/2}} - \frac{(6bB-17Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{12b^4x^{5/2}} + \frac{c(22bB-41Ac)\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{8b^5x^{3/2}} - \frac{35c^2(2bB-3Ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*c^2*(-A*c+B*b)*x^(3/2)/b^4/(c*x^2+b*x)^(3/2)+2*c^2*(-4*A*c+3*B*b)*x^(1/2)/b^5/(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)-1/3*A*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^3/x^(7/2)-1/12*(-17*A*c+6*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^4/x^(5/2)+1/8*c*(-41*A*c+22*B*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^5/x^(3/2)-35/8*c^2*(-3*A*c+2*B*b)*arctanh((c*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(2bBx(-6b^3 + 21b^2cx + 140bc^2x^2 + 105c^3x^3) - A(8b^4 - 18b^3cx + 63b^2c^2x^2 - 24b^{11/2}x^{3/2}(x($$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*(2*b*B*x*(-6*b^3 + 21*b^2*c*x + 140*b*c^2*x^2 + 105*c^3*x^3) - A*(8*b^4 - 18*b^3*c*x + 63*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 420*b*c^3*x^3 + 315*c^4*x^4)) + 105*c^2*(-2*b*B + 3*A*c)*x^3*(b + c*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + c*x]/Sqrt[b]])/(24*b^(11/2)*x^(3/2)*(x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1220, 1135, 1132, 1135, 1132, 1136, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1220$$

$$\frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{A}{3bx^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1135$$

$$\frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \left(-\frac{7c \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{4b} - \frac{1}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{A}{3bx^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1132$$

$$(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{7c \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$\frac{2b}{A}$

$$\frac{3bx^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{7c \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3c \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(cx^2+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$\frac{2b}{A}$

$$\frac{3bx^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1132

$$(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{cx^2+bx}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{7c} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{A^{2b}}{3bx^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{cx^2+bx-b} dx \sqrt{cx^2+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{3c}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{7c}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(2bB - 3Ac)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{A \quad 2b}{3bx^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 220

$$\frac{(2bB - 3Ac) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+cx^2}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} - \frac{1}{2b\sqrt{x}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{A \frac{2b}{3bx^{3/2}(bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*A/(b*x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*B - 3*A*c)*(-1/2*1/(b*Sqrt[x]*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) - (7*c*((2*Sqrt[x])/(3*b*(b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*(-1/(b*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2])) - (3*c*((2*Sqrt[x])/(b*Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b*x + c*x^2]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])))/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(3*b)))/(4*b)))/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1132

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

rule 1220

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx+b)(123A c^2 x^2 - 66x^2 Bbc - 34Abcx + 12xB b^2 + 8b^2 A)}{24b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} - \frac{c^2 \left(-\frac{2(-64Ac+48Bb)}{\sqrt{cx+b}} + \frac{32b(Ac-Bb)}{3(cx+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(105Ac-70Bb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{16b^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x(cx+b)} \left(315A\sqrt{cx+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) c^4 x^4 - 210B\sqrt{cx+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^3 x^4 + 315A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^3 x^3 \sqrt{cx+b} - 315A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^3 x^3 \sqrt{cx+b} - 315A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b c^3 x^3 \sqrt{cx+b} \right)}{16b^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24*(c*x+b)*(123*A*c^2*x^2-66*B*b*c*x^2-34*A*b*c*x+12*B*b^2*x+8*A*b^2)/b
^5/x^(5/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)-1/16*c^2/b^5*(-2*(-64*A*c+48*B*b)/(c*x+b)^(1/2)
+32/3*b*(A*c-B*b)/(c*x+b)^(3/2)-2*(105*A*c-70*B*b)/b^(1/2)*arctanh((c*x+b)
^(1/2)/b^(1/2)))*(c*x+b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{105((2Bbc^4 - 3Ac^5)x^6 + 2(2Bb^2c^3 - 3Abc^4)x^5 + (2Bb^3c^2 - 3Ab^2c^3)x^4) \sqrt{x}}{16b^5 \sqrt{x(cx+b)}} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(105*((2*B*b*c^4 - 3*A*c^5)*x^6 + 2*(2*B*b^2*c^3 - 3*A*b*c^4)*x^5 +
(2*B*b^3*c^2 - 3*A*b^2*c^3)*x^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2*sqrt(c*x
^2 + b*x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))/x^2) + 2*(8*A*b^5 - 105*(2*B*b^2*c^3 - 3*A*b*c^
4)*x^4 - 140*(2*B*b^3*c^2 - 3*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 - 21*(2*B*b^4*c - 3*A*b^3*c^2
)*x^2 + 6*(2*B*b^5 - 3*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*c^2*x^6
+ 2*b^7*c*x^5 + b^8*x^4), 1/24*(105*((2*B*b*c^4 - 3*A*c^5)*x^6 + 2*(2*B*b
^2*c^3 - 3*A*b*c^4)*x^5 + (2*B*b^3*c^2 - 3*A*b^2*c^3)*x^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan
(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(-b)/(b*sqrt(x))) - (8*A*b^5 - 105*(2*B*b^2*c^3 - 3
*A*b*c^4)*x^4 - 140*(2*B*b^3*c^2 - 3*A*b^2*c^3)*x^3 - 21*(2*B*b^4*c - 3*A*
b^3*c^2)*x^2 + 6*(2*B*b^5 - 3*A*b^4*c)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*
c^2*x^6 + 2*b^7*c*x^5 + b^8*x^4)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx + A}{(cx^2 + bx)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x + A)/((c*x^2 + b*x)^(5/2)*x^(3/2)), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{35(2Bbc^2 - 3Ac^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx+b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-bb^5}} + \frac{210(cx+b)^4 Bbc^2 - 560(cx+b)^3 Bb^2c^2 + 462(cx+b)^2 Bb^3c^2 - 96(cx+b) Bb^4c^2 - 16Bb^5c^2 - 315(cx+b)^4 A^2c^3 + 840(cx+b)^3 A^2b^2c^3 - 693(cx+b)^2 A^2b^3c^3 + 144(cx+b) A^2b^4c^3}{24\left((cx+b)^{3/2} - \sqrt{cx+b}b\right)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `35/8*(2*B*b*c^2 - 3*A*c^3)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + b)/sqrt(-b))/(sqrt(-b)*b^5) + 1/24*(210*(c*x + b)^4*B*b*c^2 - 560*(c*x + b)^3*B*b^2*c^2 + 462*(c*x + b)^2*B*b^3*c^2 - 96*(c*x + b)*B*b^4*c^2 - 16*B*b^5*c^2 - 315*(c*x + b)^4*A*c^3 + 840*(c*x + b)^3*A*b^2*c^3 - 693*(c*x + b)^2*A*b^3*c^3 + 144*(c*x + b)*A*b^4*c^3)/(((c*x + b)^(3/2) - sqrt(c*x + b)*b)^3*b^5)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (cx^2 + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-315\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ab^2c^3x^3 - 315\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ab^2c^3x^3 - 315\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ab^2c^3x^3 - 315\sqrt{b}\sqrt{cx+b}\log(\sqrt{cx+b}-\sqrt{b})ab^2c^3x^3}{x^{3/2} (bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*b*c**3*x**3 -
 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 + 210*
sqrt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 210*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) - sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4 + 315*sqrt
(b)*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*b*c**3*x**3 + 315*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*a*c**4*x**4 - 210*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(b + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**3*c**2*x**3 - 210*sqrt(b)*sqrt(b
 + c*x)*log(sqrt(b + c*x) + sqrt(b))*b**2*c**3*x**4 - 16*a*b**5 + 36*a*b**
4*c*x - 126*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 - 840*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 - 630*a*b*c**4*x**4 -
24*b**6*x + 84*b**5*c*x**2 + 560*b**4*c**2*x**3 + 420*b**3*c**3*x**4)/(48*
sqrt(b + c*x)*b**6*x**3*(b + c*x))
```

3.229 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1734
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1734
Rubi [A] (verified)	1735
Maple [A] (verified)	1736
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1737
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1737
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1738
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1739
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1740
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1740

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 c (ex)^{4+m}}{e^4 (4+m)} + \frac{a^2 (3bc + ad) (ex)^{5+m}}{e^5 (5+m)} + \frac{3ab (bc + ad) (ex)^{6+m}}{e^6 (6+m)} + \frac{b^2 (bc + 3ad) (ex)^{7+m}}{e^7 (7+m)} + \frac{b^3 d (ex)^{8+m}}{e^8 (8+m)}$$

output

```
a^3*c*(e*x)^(4+m)/e^4/(4+m)+a^2*(a*d+3*b*c)*(e*x)^(5+m)/e^5/(5+m)+3*a*b*(a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^(6+m)/e^6/(6+m)+b^2*(3*a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^(7+m)/e^7/(7+m)+b^3*d*(e*x)^(8+m)/e^8/(8+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx = \frac{x^4 (ex)^m \left(d(a + bx)^4 + (-ad(4 + m) + bc(8 + m)) \left(\frac{a^3}{4+m} + \frac{3a^2bx}{5+m} + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{6+m} + \frac{b^3x^3}{7+m} \right) \right)}{b(8 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(x^4*(e*x)^m*(d*(a + b*x)^4 + (-a*d*(4 + m)) + b*c*(8 + m))*(a^3/(4 + m) + (3*a^2*b*x)/(5 + m) + (3*a*b^2*x^2)/(6 + m) + (b^3*x^3)/(7 + m))/(b*(8 + m))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax + bx^2)^3 (c + dx)(ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\frac{\int (ex)^{m+3}(a + bx)^3(c + dx)dx}{e^3}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\int \left(a^3 c (ex)^{m+3} + \frac{a^2(3bc+ad)(ex)^{m+4}}{e} + \frac{3ab(bc+ad)(ex)^{m+5}}{e^2} + \frac{b^2(bc+3ad)(ex)^{m+6}}{e^3} + \frac{b^3 d (ex)^{m+7}}{e^4} \right) dx}{e^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^3 c (ex)^{m+4}}{e(m+4)} + \frac{a^2 (ex)^{m+5} (ad+3bc)}{e^2(m+5)} + \frac{b^2 (ex)^{m+7} (3ad+bc)}{e^4(m+7)} + \frac{3ab (ex)^{m+6} (ad+bc)}{e^3(m+6)} + \frac{b^3 d (ex)^{m+8}}{e^5(m+8)}}{e^3}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output $((a^3*c*(e*x)^(4 + m))/(e*(4 + m)) + (a^2*(3*b*c + a*d)*(e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^2*(5 + m)) + (3*a*b*(b*c + a*d)*(e*x)^(6 + m))/(e^3*(6 + m)) + (b^2*(b*c + 3*a*d)*(e*x)^(7 + m))/(e^4*(7 + m)) + (b^3*d*(e*x)^(8 + m))/(e^5*(8 + m)))/e^3$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^2(ad+3bc)x^5e^{m \ln(ex)}}{5+m} + \frac{b^2(3ad+bc)x^7e^{m \ln(ex)}}{7+m} + \frac{b^3dx^8e^{m \ln(ex)}}{8+m} + \frac{ca^3x^4e^{m \ln(ex)}}{4+m} + \frac{3ab(ad+bc)x^6e^{m \ln(ex)}}{6+m}$
gospers	$(ex)^m (b^3dm^4x^4+3ab^2dm^4x^3+b^3cm^4x^3+22b^3dm^3x^4+3a^2bdm^4x^2+3ab^2cm^4x^2+69ab^2dm^3x^3+23b^3cm^3x^3+179b^3dm^3x^3+179b^3dm^3x^3)$
risch	$(ex)^m (b^3dm^4x^4+3ab^2dm^4x^3+b^3cm^4x^3+22b^3dm^3x^4+3a^2bdm^4x^2+3ab^2cm^4x^2+69ab^2dm^3x^3+23b^3cm^3x^3+179b^3dm^3x^3+179b^3dm^3x^3)$
orering	$(b^3dm^4x^4+3ab^2dm^4x^3+b^3cm^4x^3+22b^3dm^3x^4+3a^2bdm^4x^2+3ab^2cm^4x^2+69ab^2dm^3x^3+23b^3cm^3x^3+179b^3dm^2x^4+a^2dm^4x^4)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{960x^7(ex)^mb^3c+690x^5(ex)^ma^2bcm^2+2760x^5(ex)^ma^2bcm+23x^7(ex)^mb^3cm^3+638x^8(ex)^mb^3dm+194x^7(ex)^mb^3cm^2+x^5(ex)^mb^3cm^2+194x^7(ex)^mb^3cm^2+x^5(ex)^mb^3cm^2}{(5+m)^2x^5\exp(m \ln(ex)) + (7+m)x^7\exp(m \ln(ex)) + (8+m)x^8\exp(m \ln(ex)) + (4+m)x^4\exp(m \ln(ex)) + (6+m)x^6\exp(m \ln(ex))}$

```
input int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^2*(a*d+3*b*c)/(5+m)*x^5*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b^2*(3*a*d+b*c)/(7+m)*x^7*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b^3*d/(8+m)*x^8*exp(m*ln(e*x))+c*a^3/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x))+3*a*b*(a*d+b*c)/(6+m)*x^6*exp(m*ln(e*x))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 383 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^3 dm^4 + 22 b^3 dm^3 + 179 b^3 dm^2 + 638 b^3 dm + 840 b^3 d)x^8 + ((b^3 c + 3 ab^2 d)m^4 + 960 b^3 c + 2880 ab^2 d +$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b^3*d*m^4 + 22*b^3*d*m^3 + 179*b^3*d*m^2 + 638*b^3*d*m + 840*b^3*d)*x^8 + ((b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^4 + 960*b^3*c + 2880*a*b^2*d + 23*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^3 + 194*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^2 + 712*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m)*x^7 + 3*((a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^4 + 1120*a*b^2*c + 1120*a^2*b*d + 24*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^3 + 211*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^2 + 804*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m)*x^6 + ((3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*m^4 + 4032*a^2*b*c + 1344*a^3*d + 25*(3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*m^3 + 230*(3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*m^2 + 920*(3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*m)*x^5 + (a^3*c*m^4 + 26*a^3*c*m^3 + 251*a^3*c*m^2 + 1066*a^3*c*m + 1680*a^3*c)*x^4)*(e*x)^m/(m^5 + 30*m^4 + 355*m^3 + 2070*m^2 + 5944*m + 6720)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2111 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2111, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.45

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a*x)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((( -a**3*c/(4*x**4) - a**3*d/(3*x**3) - a**2*b*c/x**3 - 3*a**2*b*d/(2*x**2) - 3*a*b**2*c/(2*x**2) - 3*a*b**2*d/x - b**3*c/x + b**3*d*log(x) )/e**8, Eq(m, -8)), (( -a**3*c/(3*x**3) - a**3*d/(2*x**2) - 3*a**2*b*c/(2*x**2) - 3*a**2*b*d/x - 3*a*b**2*c/x + 3*a*b**2*d*log(x) + b**3*c*log(x) + b**3*d*x)/e**7, Eq(m, -7)), (( -a**3*c/(2*x**2) - a**3*d/x - 3*a**2*b*c/x + 3*a**2*b*d*log(x) + 3*a*b**2*c*log(x) + 3*a*b**2*d*x + b**3*c*x + b**3*d*x**2/2)/e**6, Eq(m, -6)), (( -a**3*c/x + a**3*d*log(x) + 3*a**2*b*c*log(x) + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*c*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2/2 + b**3*c*x**2/2 + b**3*d*x**3/3)/e**5, Eq(m, -5)), (( a**3*c*log(x) + a**3*d*x + 3*a**2*b*c*x + 3*a**2*b*d*x**2/2 + 3*a*b**2*c*x**2/2 + a*b**2*d*x**3 + b**3*c*x**3/3 + b**3*d*x**4/4)/e**4, Eq(m, -4)), (a**3*c*m**4*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6720) + 26*a**3*c*m**3*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6720) + 251*a**3*c*m**2*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6720) + 1066*a**3*c*m*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6720) + 1680*a**3*c*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6720) + a**3*d*m**4*x**5*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6720) + 25*a**3*d*m**3*x**5*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6720) + 230*a**3*d*m**2*x**5*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6720) + 920*a**3*d*m*x**5*(e...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx = \frac{b^3 de^m x^8 x^m}{m+8} + \frac{b^3 ce^m x^7 x^m}{m+7} + \frac{3ab^2 de^m x^7 x^m}{m+7} + \frac{3ab^2 ce^m x^6 x^m}{m+6} + \frac{3a^2 bde^m x^6 x^m}{m+6} + \frac{3a^2 bce^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{a^3 de^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{a^3 ce^m x^4 x^m}{m+4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^3*d*e^m*x^8*x^m/(m + 8) + b^3*c*e^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + 3*a*b^2*d*e^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + 3*a*b^2*c*e^m*x^6*x^m/(m + 6) + 3*a^2*b*d*e^m*x^6*x^m/(m + 6) + 3*a^2*b*c*e^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + a^3*d*e^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + a^3*c*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 683 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 683, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.64

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((e*x)^m*b^3*d*m^4*x^8 + (e*x)^m*b^3*c*m^4*x^7 + 3*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*m^4*x^7
+ 22*(e*x)^m*b^3*d*m^3*x^8 + 3*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*m^4*x^6 + 3*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*
d*m^4*x^6 + 23*(e*x)^m*b^3*c*m^3*x^7 + 69*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*m^3*x^7 + 179*(e
*x)^m*b^3*d*m^2*x^8 + 3*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*m^4*x^5 + (e*x)^m*a^3*d*m^4*x^5 +
72*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*m^3*x^6 + 72*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*m^3*x^6 + 194*(e*x)^m*b^3*
c*m^2*x^7 + 582*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*m^2*x^7 + 638*(e*x)^m*b^3*d*m*x^8 + (e*x)^
m*a^3*c*m^4*x^4 + 75*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*m^3*x^5 + 25*(e*x)^m*a^3*d*m^3*x^5 +
633*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*m^2*x^6 + 633*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*m^2*x^6 + 712*(e*x)^m*b^
3*c*m*x^7 + 2136*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*m*x^7 + 840*(e*x)^m*b^3*d*x^8 + 26*(e*x)^
m*a^3*c*m^3*x^4 + 690*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*m^2*x^5 + 230*(e*x)^m*a^3*d*m^2*x^5
+ 2412*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*m*x^6 + 2412*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*m*x^6 + 960*(e*x)^m*b^
3*c*x^7 + 2880*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*x^7 + 251*(e*x)^m*a^3*c*m^2*x^4 + 2760*(e*x
)^m*a^2*b*c*m*x^5 + 920*(e*x)^m*a^3*d*m*x^5 + 3360*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*x^6 + 3
360*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*x^6 + 1066*(e*x)^m*a^3*c*m*x^4 + 4032*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*
x^5 + 1344*(e*x)^m*a^3*d*x^5 + 1680*(e*x)^m*a^3*c*x^4)/(m^5 + 30*m^4 + 355
*m^3 + 2070*m^2 + 5944*m + 6720)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= (ex)^m \left(\frac{a^3 c x^4 (m^4 + 26 m^3 + 251 m^2 + 1066 m + 1680)}{m^5 + 30 m^4 + 355 m^3 + 2070 m^2 + 5944 m + 6720} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{b^3 d x^8 (m^4 + 22 m^3 + 179 m^2 + 638 m + 840)}{m^5 + 30 m^4 + 355 m^3 + 2070 m^2 + 5944 m + 6720}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 x^5 (a d + 3 b c) (m^4 + 25 m^3 + 230 m^2 + 920 m + 1344)}{m^5 + 30 m^4 + 355 m^3 + 2070 m^2 + 5944 m + 6720}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 x^7 (3 a d + b c) (m^4 + 23 m^3 + 194 m^2 + 712 m + 960)}{m^5 + 30 m^4 + 355 m^3 + 2070 m^2 + 5944 m + 6720}$$

$$\left. + \frac{3 a b x^6 (a d + b c) (m^4 + 24 m^3 + 211 m^2 + 804 m + 1120)}{m^5 + 30 m^4 + 355 m^3 + 2070 m^2 + 5944 m + 6720} \right)$$

input `int((a*x + b*x^2)^3*(e*x)^m*(c + d*x),x)`output `(e*x)^m*((a^3*c*x^4*(1066*m + 251*m^2 + 26*m^3 + m^4 + 1680))/(5944*m + 2070*m^2 + 355*m^3 + 30*m^4 + m^5 + 6720) + (b^3*d*x^8*(638*m + 179*m^2 + 22*m^3 + m^4 + 840))/(5944*m + 2070*m^2 + 355*m^3 + 30*m^4 + m^5 + 6720) + (a^2*x^5*(a*d + 3*b*c)*(920*m + 230*m^2 + 25*m^3 + m^4 + 1344))/(5944*m + 2070*m^2 + 355*m^3 + 30*m^4 + m^5 + 6720) + (b^2*x^7*(3*a*d + b*c)*(712*m + 194*m^2 + 23*m^3 + m^4 + 960))/(5944*m + 2070*m^2 + 355*m^3 + 30*m^4 + m^5 + 6720) + (3*a*b*x^6*(a*d + b*c)*(804*m + 211*m^2 + 24*m^3 + m^4 + 1120))/(5944*m + 2070*m^2 + 355*m^3 + 30*m^4 + m^5 + 6720))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^m x^4 (b^3 d m^4 x^4 + 3 a b^2 d m^4 x^3 + b^3 c m^4 x^3 + 22 b^3 d m^3 x^4 + 3 a^2 b d m^4 x^2 + 3 a b^2 c m^4 x^2 + 69 a b^2 d m^3 x^3 + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x)`

output

```
(x**m**e**m*x**4*(a**3*c*m**4 + 26*a**3*c*m**3 + 251*a**3*c*m**2 + 1066*a**
3*c*m + 1680*a**3*c + a**3*d*m**4*x + 25*a**3*d*m**3*x + 230*a**3*d*m**2*x
+ 920*a**3*d*m*x + 1344*a**3*d*x + 3*a**2*b*c*m**4*x + 75*a**2*b*c*m**3*x
+ 690*a**2*b*c*m**2*x + 2760*a**2*b*c*m*x + 4032*a**2*b*c*x + 3*a**2*b*d*
m**4*x**2 + 72*a**2*b*d*m**3*x**2 + 633*a**2*b*d*m**2*x**2 + 2412*a**2*b*d
*m*x**2 + 3360*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*c*m**4*x**2 + 72*a*b**2*c*m**3*x**
2 + 633*a*b**2*c*m**2*x**2 + 2412*a*b**2*c*m*x**2 + 3360*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 3
*a*b**2*d*m**4*x**3 + 69*a*b**2*d*m**3*x**3 + 582*a*b**2*d*m**2*x**3 + 213
6*a*b**2*d*m*x**3 + 2880*a*b**2*d*x**3 + b**3*c*m**4*x**3 + 23*b**3*c*m**3
*x**3 + 194*b**3*c*m**2*x**3 + 712*b**3*c*m*x**3 + 960*b**3*c*x**3 + b**3*
d*m**4*x**4 + 22*b**3*d*m**3*x**4 + 179*b**3*d*m**2*x**4 + 638*b**3*d*m*x*
*4 + 840*b**3*d*x**4))/(m**5 + 30*m**4 + 355*m**3 + 2070*m**2 + 5944*m + 6
720)
```

3.230 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	1742
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{a^2c(ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)} + \frac{a(2bc + ad)(ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4+m)} + \frac{b(bc + 2ad)(ex)^{5+m}}{e^5(5+m)} + \frac{b^2d(ex)^{6+m}}{e^6(6+m)}$$

output

$a^2c*(e*x)^{(3+m)}/e^3/(3+m)+a*(a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^{(4+m)}/e^4/(4+m)+b*(2*a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^{(5+m)}/e^5/(5+m)+b^2*d*(e*x)^{(6+m)}/e^6/(6+m)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{x^3(ex)^m \left(d(a + bx)^3 + (-ad(3 + m) + bc(6 + m)) \left(\frac{a^2}{3+m} + \frac{2abx}{4+m} + \frac{b^2x^2}{5+m} \right) \right)}{b(6 + m)}$$

input

`Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(x^3(e^x)^m(d(a + bx)^3 + (-a*d*(3 + m)) + b*c*(6 + m))*(a^2/(3 + m) + (2*a*b*x)/(4 + m) + (b^2*x^2)/(5 + m)))/(b*(6 + m))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ax + bx^2)^2 (c + dx)(ex)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \frac{\int (ex)^{m+2} (a + bx)^2 (c + dx) dx}{e^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{85} \\ & \frac{\int \left(a^2 c (ex)^{m+2} + \frac{a(2bc+ad)(ex)^{m+3}}{e} + \frac{b(bc+2ad)(ex)^{m+4}}{e^2} + \frac{b^2 d (ex)^{m+5}}{e^3} \right) dx}{e^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{a^2 c (ex)^{m+3}}{e(m+3)} + \frac{b(ex)^{m+5}(2ad+bc)}{e^3(m+5)} + \frac{a(ex)^{m+4}(ad+2bc)}{e^2(m+4)} + \frac{b^2 d (ex)^{m+6}}{e^4(m+6)}}{e^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e^x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x + b*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{((a^2*c*(e^x)^{(3 + m)})/(e*(3 + m)) + (a*(2*b*c + a*d)*(e^x)^{(4 + m)})/(e^2*(4 + m)) + (b*(b*c + 2*a*d)*(e^x)^{(5 + m)})/(e^3*(5 + m)) + (b^2*d*(e^x)^{(6 + m)})/(e^4*(6 + m)))/e^2$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
norman	$\frac{a(ad+2bc)x^4 e^{m \ln(ex)}}{4+m} + \frac{a^2 c x^3 e^{m \ln(ex)}}{3+m} + \frac{b(2ad+bc)x^5 e^{m \ln(ex)}}{5+m} + \frac{b^2 d x^6 e^{m \ln(ex)}}{6+m}$
gospers	$(ex)^m (b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 2abd m^3 x^2 + b^2 c m^3 x^2 + 12b^2 d m^2 x^3 + a^2 d m^3 x + 2abc m^3 x + 26abd m^2 x^2 + 13b^2 c m^2 x^2 + 47m x^3 b^2 d + a^2 c m^3 + 14a^2 b^2 d m^2 x^2)$
risch	$(ex)^m (b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 2abd m^3 x^2 + b^2 c m^3 x^2 + 12b^2 d m^2 x^3 + a^2 d m^3 x + 2abc m^3 x + 26abd m^2 x^2 + 13b^2 c m^2 x^2 + 47m x^3 b^2 d + a^2 c m^3 + 14a^2 b^2 d m^2 x^2)$
orering	$(b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 2abd m^3 x^2 + b^2 c m^3 x^2 + 12b^2 d m^2 x^3 + a^2 d m^3 x + 2abc m^3 x + 26abd m^2 x^2 + 13b^2 c m^2 x^2 + 47m x^3 b^2 d + a^2 c m^3 + 14a^2 b^2 d m^2 x^2)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{60x^6 (ex)^m b^2 d + 2x^5 (ex)^m abd m^3 + 26x^5 (ex)^m abd m^2 + 2x^4 (ex)^m abc m^3 + 108x^5 (ex)^m abdm + 28x^4 (ex)^m abc m^2 + 126x^4 (ex)^m abc m^2 + 126x^4 (ex)^m abc m^2 + 126x^4 (ex)^m abc m^2}{(4+m)^2 x^4 \exp(m \ln(ex)) + a^2 c / (3+m) x^3 \exp(m \ln(ex)) + b^2 c / (5+m) x^5 \exp(m \ln(ex)) + b^2 d / (6+m) x^6 \exp(m \ln(ex))}$

```
input int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(a*d+2*b*c)/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x))+a^2*c/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b*(2
*a*d+b*c)/(5+m)*x^5*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b^2*d/(6+m)*x^6*exp(m*ln(e*x))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^2 dm^3 + 12 b^2 dm^2 + 47 b^2 dm + 60 b^2 d)x^6 + ((b^2 c + 2 abd)m^3 + 72 b^2 c + 144 abd + 13 (b^2 c + 2 abd)m^2$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b^2*d*m^3 + 12*b^2*d*m^2 + 47*b^2*d*m + 60*b^2*d)*x^6 + ((b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m^3 + 72*b^2*c + 144*a*b*d + 13*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m^2 + 54*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m)*x^5 + ((2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m^3 + 180*a*b*c + 90*a^2*d + 14*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m^2 + 63*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m)*x^4 + (a^2*c*m^3 + 15*a^2*c*m^2 + 74*a^2*c*m + 120*a^2*c)*x^3)*(e*x)^m/(m^4 + 18*m^3 + 119*m^2 + 342*m + 360)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1081 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1081, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.88

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a*x)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a**2*c/(3*x**3) - a**2*d/(2*x**2) - a*b*c/x**2 - 2*a*b*d/x -
b**2*c/x + b**2*d*log(x))/e**6, Eq(m, -6)), ((-a**2*c/(2*x**2) - a**2*d/x
- 2*a*b*c/x + 2*a*b*d*log(x) + b**2*c*log(x) + b**2*d*x)/e**5, Eq(m, -5)),
((-a**2*c/x + a**2*d*log(x) + 2*a*b*c*log(x) + 2*a*b*d*x + b**2*c*x + b**
2*d*x**2/2)/e**4, Eq(m, -4)), ((a**2*c*log(x) + a**2*d*x + 2*a*b*c*x + a*b
*d*x**2 + b**2*c*x**2/2 + b**2*d*x**3/3)/e**3, Eq(m, -3)), (a**2*c*m**3*x*
*3*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 15*a**2*c*m**2*x**
3*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 74*a**2*c*m*x**3*(e
*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 120*a**2*c*x**3*(e*x)**
m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + a**2*d*m**3*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m
**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 14*a**2*d*m**2*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m*
*4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 63*a**2*d*m*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**4 +
18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 90*a**2*d*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m*
*3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 2*a*b*c*m**3*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3
+ 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 28*a*b*c*m**2*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 +
119*m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 126*a*b*c*m*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*
m**2 + 342*m + 360) + 180*a*b*c*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 +
342*m + 360) + 2*a*b*d*m**3*x**5*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 34
2*m + 360) + 26*a*b*d*m**2*x**5*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*
m + 360) + 108*a*b*d*m*x**5*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 de^m x^6 x^m}{m+6} + \frac{b^2 ce^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{2 abde^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{2 abce^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{a^2 de^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{a^2 ce^m x^3 x^m}{m+3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^2*d*e^m*x^6*x^m/(m + 6) + b^2*c*e^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 2*a*b*d*e^m*x^5*x^
m/(m + 5) + 2*a*b*c*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + a^2*d*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + a^2*
c*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^m b^2 d m^3 x^6 + (ex)^m b^2 c m^3 x^5 + 2 (ex)^m a b d m^3 x^5 + 12 (ex)^m b^2 d m^2 x^6 + 2 (ex)^m a b c m^3 x^4 + (ex)^m a^2 c m^3 x^3}{m^4 + 18 m^3 + 119 m^2 + 342 m + 360}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{((e*x)^m*b^2*d*m^3*x^6 + (e*x)^m*b^2*c*m^3*x^5 + 2*(e*x)^m*a*b*d*m^3*x^5 + 12*(e*x)^m*b^2*d*m^2*x^6 + 2*(e*x)^m*a*b*c*m^3*x^4 + (e*x)^m*a^2*d*m^3*x^4 + 13*(e*x)^m*b^2*c*m^2*x^5 + 26*(e*x)^m*a*b*d*m^2*x^5 + 47*(e*x)^m*b^2*d*m*x^6 + (e*x)^m*a^2*c*m^3*x^3 + 28*(e*x)^m*a*b*c*m^2*x^4 + 14*(e*x)^m*a^2*d*m^2*x^4 + 54*(e*x)^m*b^2*c*m*x^5 + 108*(e*x)^m*a*b*d*m*x^5 + 60*(e*x)^m*b^2*d*x^6 + 15*(e*x)^m*a^2*c*m^2*x^3 + 126*(e*x)^m*a*b*c*m*x^4 + 63*(e*x)^m*a^2*d*m*x^4 + 72*(e*x)^m*b^2*c*x^5 + 144*(e*x)^m*a*b*d*x^5 + 74*(e*x)^m*a^2*c*m*x^3 + 180*(e*x)^m*a*b*c*x^4 + 90*(e*x)^m*a^2*d*x^4 + 120*(e*x)^m*a^2*c*x^3)/(m^4 + 18*m^3 + 119*m^2 + 342*m + 360)}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx = (ex)^m \left(\frac{ax^4 (ad + 2bc) (m^3 + 14m^2 + 63m + 90)}{m^4 + 18m^3 + 119m^2 + 342m + 360} + \frac{bx^5 (2ad + bc) (m^3 + 13m^2 + 54m + 72)}{m^4 + 18m^3 + 119m^2 + 342m + 360} + \frac{a^2 cx^3 (m^3 + 15m^2 + 74m + 120)}{m^4 + 18m^3 + 119m^2 + 342m + 360} + \frac{b^2 dx^6 (m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60)}{m^4 + 18m^3 + 119m^2 + 342m + 360} \right)$$

input `int((a*x + b*x^2)^2*(e*x)^m*(c + d*x),x)`

output

```
(e*x)^m*((a*x^4*(a*d + 2*b*c)*(63*m + 14*m^2 + m^3 + 90))/(342*m + 119*m^2 + 18*m^3 + m^4 + 360) + (b*x^5*(2*a*d + b*c)*(54*m + 13*m^2 + m^3 + 72))/(342*m + 119*m^2 + 18*m^3 + m^4 + 360) + (a^2*c*x^3*(74*m + 15*m^2 + m^3 + 120))/(342*m + 119*m^2 + 18*m^3 + m^4 + 360) + (b^2*d*x^6*(47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60))/(342*m + 119*m^2 + 18*m^3 + m^4 + 360))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^m x^3 (b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 2abd m^3 x^2 + b^2 c m^3 x^2 + 12b^2 d m^2 x^3 + a^2 d m^3 x + 2abc m^3 x + 26abd m^2 x^2 + 13b^2 c m^2 x + 12abd m^2 x + 60abd m^2 x^2 + 12abd m^2 x^3 + 60abd m^2 x^3)}{(m^4 + 18m^3 + 119m^2 + 342m + 360)}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(x**m*e**m*x**3*(a**2*c*m**3 + 15*a**2*c*m**2 + 74*a**2*c*m + 120*a**2*c + a**2*d*m**3*x + 14*a**2*d*m**2*x + 63*a**2*d*m*x + 90*a**2*d*x + 2*a*b*c*m**3*x + 28*a*b*c*m**2*x + 126*a*b*c*m*x + 180*a*b*c*x + 2*a*b*d*m**3*x**2 + 26*a*b*d*m**2*x**2 + 108*a*b*d*m*x**2 + 144*a*b*d*x**2 + b**2*c*m**3*x**2 + 13*b**2*c*m**2*x**2 + 54*b**2*c*m*x**2 + 72*b**2*c*x**2 + b**2*d*m**3*x**3 + 12*b**2*d*m**2*x**3 + 47*b**2*d*m*x**3 + 60*b**2*d*x**3))/(m**4 + 18*m**3 + 119*m**2 + 342*m + 360)
```

3.231 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1749
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1749
Rubi [A] (verified)	1750
Maple [A] (verified)	1751
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1752
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1752
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1753
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1753
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1754
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1754

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2) dx = \frac{ac(ex)^{2+m}}{e^2(2+m)} + \frac{(bc + ad)(ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)} + \frac{bd(ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4+m)}$$

output

$$a*c*(e*x)^{(2+m)}/e^2/(2+m)+(a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^{(3+m)}/e^3/(3+m)+b*d*(e*x)^{(4+m)}/e^4/(4+m)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2) dx = \frac{x^2(ex)^m(a(4+m)(c(3+m) + d(2+m)x) + b(2+m)x(c(4+m) + d(3+m)x))}{(2+m)(3+m)(4+m)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x + b*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(x^2*(e*x)^m*(a*(4+m)*(c*(3+m) + d*(2+m)*x) + b*(2+m)*x*(c*(4+m) + d*(3+m)*x)))/((2+m)*(3+m)*(4+m))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax + bx^2)(c + dx)(ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\frac{\int (ex)^{m+1}(a + bx)(c + dx)dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\int \left(ac(ex)^{m+1} + \frac{(bc+ad)(ex)^{m+2}}{e} + \frac{bd(ex)^{m+3}}{e^2} \right) dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{(ex)^{m+3}(ad+bc)}{e^2(m+3)} + \frac{ac(ex)^{m+2}}{e(m+2)} + \frac{bd(ex)^{m+4}}{e^3(m+4)}}{e}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x + b*x^2),x]`

output `((a*c*(e*x)^(2 + m))/(e*(2 + m)) + ((b*c + a*d)*(e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^2*(3 + m)) + (b*d*(e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^3*(4 + m)))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
norman	$\frac{(ad+bc)x^3e^{m \ln(ex)}}{3+m} + \frac{acx^2e^{m \ln(ex)}}{2+m} + \frac{bdx^4e^{m \ln(ex)}}{4+m}$
gosper	$\frac{(ex)^m (bd m^2 x^2 + ad m^2 x + bc m^2 x + 5 bdm x^2 + ac m^2 + 6 adm x + 6 bcm x + 6 bd x^2 + 7 acm + 8 adx + 8 cbx + 12 ac) x^2}{(4+m)(3+m)(2+m)}$
risch	$\frac{(ex)^m (bd m^2 x^2 + ad m^2 x + bc m^2 x + 5 bdm x^2 + ac m^2 + 6 adm x + 6 bcm x + 6 bd x^2 + 7 acm + 8 adx + 8 cbx + 12 ac) x^2}{(4+m)(3+m)(2+m)}$
orering	$\frac{(bd m^2 x^2 + ad m^2 x + bc m^2 x + 5 bdm x^2 + ac m^2 + 6 adm x + 6 bcm x + 6 bd x^2 + 7 acm + 8 adx + 8 cbx + 12 ac) x (ex)^m (bx+a)}{(4+m)(3+m)(2+m)(bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^4 (ex)^m bd m^2 + 5 x^4 (ex)^m bdm + x^3 (ex)^m ad m^2 + x^3 (ex)^m bc m^2 + 6 x^4 (ex)^m bd + 6 x^3 (ex)^m adm + 6 x^3 (ex)^m bcm + x^2 (ex)^m ac m^2}{(4+m)(3+m)(2+m)}$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(a*d+b*c)/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x))+a*c/(2+m)*x^2*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b*d/(4+m)*
x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{((bdm^2 + 5b dm + 6bd)x^4 + ((bc + ad)m^2 + 8bc + 8ad + 6(bc + ad)m)x^3 + (acm^2 + 7acm + 12ac)x^2)}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 26m + 24}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b*d*m^2 + 5*b*d*m + 6*b*d)*x^4 + ((b*c + a*d)*m^2 + 8*b*c + 8*a*d + 6*(b*c + a*d)*m)*x^3 + (a*c*m^2 + 7*a*c*m + 12*a*c)*x^2)*(e*x)^m/(m^3 + 9*m^2 + 26*m + 24)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 425 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.08

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{-\frac{ac}{2x^2} - \frac{ad}{x} - \frac{bc}{x} + bd \log(x)}{e^4} \\ \frac{-\frac{ac}{x} + ad \log(x) + bc \log(x) + bdx}{e^3} \\ \frac{ac \log(x) + adx + bcx + \frac{bdx^2}{2}}{e^2} \\ \frac{acm^2x^2(ex)^m}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} + \frac{7acmx^2(ex)^m}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} + \frac{12acx^2(ex)^m}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} + \frac{adm^2x^3(ex)^m}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} + \frac{6adm^3(ex)^m}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} + \frac{8adx^3(ex)^m}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a*x),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((( -a*c/(2*x**2) - a*d/x - b*c/x + b*d*log(x))/e**4, Eq(m, -4)),
(( -a*c/x + a*d*log(x) + b*c*log(x) + b*d*x)/e**3, Eq(m, -3)), ((a*c*log(x)
+ a*d*x + b*c*x + b*d*x**2/2)/e**2, Eq(m, -2)), (a*c*m**2*x**2*(e*x)**m/(
m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + 7*a*c*m*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m +
24) + 12*a*c*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + a*d*m**2*x**3*(e
*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + 6*a*d*m*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2
+ 26*m + 24) + 8*a*d*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + b*c*m**2*
x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + 6*b*c*m*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 +
9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + 8*b*c*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + b*
d*m**2*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + 5*b*d*m*x**4*(e*x)**m/(
m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24) + 6*b*d*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 2
4), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2) dx = \frac{bde^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{bce^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{ade^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{ace^m x^2 x^m}{m+2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b*d*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + b*c*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + a*d*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3
) + a*c*e^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2) dx = \frac{(ex)^m bdm^2 x^4 + (ex)^m bcm^2 x^3 + (ex)^m adm^2 x^3 + 5(ex)^m bdm x^4 + (ex)^m acm^2 x^2 + 6(ex)^m bcm x^3 + 6(ex)^m acm x^2}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 26m + 24}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
((e*x)^m*b*d*m^2*x^4 + (e*x)^m*b*c*m^2*x^3 + (e*x)^m*a*d*m^2*x^3 + 5*(e*x)^m*b*d*m*x^4 + (e*x)^m*a*c*m^2*x^2 + 6*(e*x)^m*b*c*m*x^3 + 6*(e*x)^m*a*d*m*x^3 + 6*(e*x)^m*b*d*x^4 + 7*(e*x)^m*a*c*m*x^2 + 8*(e*x)^m*b*c*x^3 + 8*(e*x)^m*a*d*x^3 + 12*(e*x)^m*a*c*x^2)/(m^3 + 9*m^2 + 26*m + 24)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax+bx^2) dx = (ex)^m \left(\frac{x^3(ad+bc)(m^2+6m+8)}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} + \frac{acx^2(m^2+7m+12)}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} + \frac{bdx^4(m^2+5m+6)}{m^3+9m^2+26m+24} \right)$$

input

```
int((a*x + b*x^2)*(e*x)^m*(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
(e*x)^m*((x^3*(a*d + b*c)*(6*m + m^2 + 8))/(26*m + 9*m^2 + m^3 + 24) + (a*c*x^2*(7*m + m^2 + 12))/(26*m + 9*m^2 + m^3 + 24) + (b*d*x^4*(5*m + m^2 + 6))/(26*m + 9*m^2 + m^3 + 24))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax+bx^2) dx = \frac{x^m e^m x^2 (bdm^2x^2 + adm^2x + bcm^2x + 5bdmx^2 + acm^2 + 6adm x + 6bcmx + 6bdx^2 + 7acm + 8adx + 6bcm)}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 26m + 24}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x),x)
```

output

```
(x**m*e**m*x**2*(a*c*m**2 + 7*a*c*m + 12*a*c + a*d*m**2*x + 6*a*d*m*x + 8*a*d*x + b*c*m**2*x + 6*b*c*m*x + 8*b*c*x + b*d*m**2*x**2 + 5*b*d*m*x**2 + 6*b*d*x**2))/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 26*m + 24)
```

3.232 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1755
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1755
Rubi [A] (verified)	1756
Maple [F]	1757
Fricas [F]	1757
Sympy [F]	1758
Maxima [F]	1758
Giac [F]	1758
Mupad [F(-1)]	1759
Reduce [F]	1759

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx = \frac{d(ex)^m}{bm} + \frac{(bc-ad)(ex)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m, 1+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{abm}$$

output

```
d*(e*x)^m/b/m+(-a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^m*hypergeom([1, m], [1+m], -b*x/a)/a/b/m
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx = \frac{(ex)^m (ac(1+m) + (-bc+ad)mx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right))}{a^2m(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c+d*x))/(a*x+b*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((e*x)^m*(a*c*(1+m)+(-b*c)+a*d)*m*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1+m, 2+m, -(b*x/a)]/(a^2*m*(1+m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 88, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{ax + bx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$e \int \frac{(ex)^{m-1}(c + dx)}{a + bx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 88$$

$$e \left(\frac{c(ex)^m}{aem} - \frac{(bc - ad) \int \frac{(ex)^m}{a+bx} dx}{ae} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$e \left(\frac{c(ex)^m}{aem} - \frac{(ex)^{m+1}(bc - ad) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m + 1, m + 2, -\frac{bx}{a} \right)}{a^2 e^2 (m + 1)} \right)$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2),x]`

output `e*((c*(e*x)^m)/(a*e*m) - ((b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a]))/(a^2*e^2*(1 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 88 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^Simplify[p + 1], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && !RationalQ[p] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{bx^2 + ax} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{ax + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)(ex)^m}{bx^2 + ax} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^2 + a*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{x(a+bx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a*x), x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(x*(a + b*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{bx^2+ax} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^2 + a*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{bx^2+ax} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^2 + a*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{bx^2+ax} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax+bx^2} dx = \frac{e^m(x^m d - (\int \frac{x^m}{bx^2+ax} dx) adm + (\int \frac{x^m}{bx^2+ax} dx) bcm)}{bm}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x),x)`

output `(e**m*(x**m*d - int(x**m/(a*x + b*x**2),x)*a*d*m + int(x**m/(a*x + b*x**2),x)*b*c*m))/(b*m)`

3.233 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1760
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1760
Rubi [A] (verified)	1761
Maple [F]	1762
Fricas [F]	1763
Sympy [F]	1763
Maxima [F]	1763
Giac [F]	1764
Mupad [F(-1)]	1764
Reduce [F]	1764

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{de(ex)^{-1+m}}{b(2-m)(a+bx)}$$

$$- \frac{e\left(\frac{c}{1-m} - \frac{ad}{2b-bm}\right)(ex)^{-1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -1+m, m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

output

```
-d*e*(e*x)^(-1+m)/b/(2-m)/(b*x+a)-e*(c/(1-m)-a*d/(-b*m+2*b))*(e*x)^(-1+m)*
hypergeom([2, -1+m], [m], -b*x/a)/a^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^m \left(\frac{a(bc-ad)}{a+bx} - \frac{(bc(-2+m)-ad(-1+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -1+m, m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{-1+m} \right)}{a^2bx}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((e*x)^m*((a*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x) - ((b*c*(-2 + m) - a*d*(-1 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 + m, m, -(b*x)/a])/(-1 + m)))/(a^2*b*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(ax + bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$e^2 \int \frac{(ex)^{m-2}(c + dx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$e^2 \left(\frac{(ex)^{m-1}(bc - ad)}{abe(a + bx)} - \frac{(ad(1 - m) - bc(2 - m)) \int \frac{(ex)^{m-2}}{a + bx} dx}{ab} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$e^2 \left(\frac{(ex)^{m-1}(ad(1 - m) - bc(2 - m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1, m - 1, m, -\frac{bx}{a})}{a^2be(1 - m)} + \frac{(ex)^{m-1}(bc - ad)}{abe(a + bx)} \right)$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `e^2*(((b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(-1 + m))/(a*b*e*(a + b*x)) + ((a*d*(1 - m) - b*c*(2 - m))*(e*x)^(-1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 + m, m, -(b*x)/a])/(a^2*b*e*(1 - m)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{(bx^2 + ax)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^2+ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*x^3 + a^2*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{x^2(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^2+ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^2 + a*x)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^2+ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^2 + a*x)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(bx^2+ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^m(x^m d - (\int \frac{x^m}{b^2 m x^4 + 2ab m x^3 - 2b^2 x^4 + a^2 m x^2 - 4ab x^3 - 2a^2 x^2} dx) a^2 d m^2 x + 3(\int \frac{x^m}{b^2 m x^4 + 2ab m x^3 - 2b^2 x^4 + a^2 m x^2 - 4ab x^3 - 2a^2 x^2} dx))}{(b^2 m x^4 + 2ab m x^3 - 2b^2 x^4 + a^2 m x^2 - 4ab x^3 - 2a^2 x^2)^2}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^2,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*d - int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a**2*d*m**2*x + 3*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a**2*d*m*x - 2*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a**2*d*x + int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*m**2*x - 4*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*m*x + 4*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*x - int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a*b*d*m**2*x**2 + 3*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a*b*d*m*x**2 - 2*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*a*b*d*x**2 + int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*b**2*c*m**2*x**2 - 4*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*b**2*c*m*x**2 + 4*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*m*x**3 - 4*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m*x**4 - 2*b**2*x**4),x)*b**2*c*x**2))/(b*x*(a*m - 2*a + b*m*x - 2*b*x))
```

3.234 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1766
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1766
Rubi [A] (verified)	1767
Maple [F]	1768
Fricas [F]	1769
Sympy [F]	1769
Maxima [F]	1769
Giac [F]	1770
Mupad [F(-1)]	1770
Reduce [F]	1770

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{de^2(ex)^{-2+m}}{b(4-m)(a+bx)^2} - \frac{e^2\left(\frac{c}{2-m} - \frac{ad}{4b-bm}\right)(ex)^{-2+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -2+m, -1+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^3}$$

output

```
-d*e^2*(e*x)^(-2+m)/b/(4-m)/(b*x+a)^2-e^2*(c/(2-m)-a*d/(-b*m+4*b))*(e*x)^(-2+m)*hypergeom([3, -2+m], [-1+m], -b*x/a)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ex)^m \left(\frac{a^2(bc-ad)}{(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(bc(-4+m)-ad(-2+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -2+m, -1+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{-2+m} \right)}{2a^3bx^2}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((e*x)^m*((a^2*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x)^2 - ((b*c*(-4 + m) - a*d*(-2 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -2 + m, -1 + m, -((b*x)/a)]/(-2 + m)))/(2*a^3*b*x^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(ax + bx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$e^3 \int \frac{(ex)^{m-3}(c + dx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$e^3 \left(\frac{(ex)^{m-2}(bc - ad)}{2abe(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(ad(2 - m) - bc(4 - m)) \int \frac{(ex)^{m-3}}{(a + bx)^2} dx}{2ab} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$e^3 \left(\frac{(ex)^{m-2}(ad(2 - m) - bc(4 - m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, m - 2, m - 1, -\frac{bx}{a} \right)}{2a^3be(2 - m)} + \frac{(ex)^{m-2}(bc - ad)}{2abe(a + bx)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output `e^3*(((b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(-2 + m))/(2*a*b*e*(a + b*x)^2) + ((a*d*(2 - m) - b*c*(4 - m))*(e*x)^(-2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -2 + m, -1 + m, -((b*x)/a)])/(2*a^3*b*e*(2 - m)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{(bx^2 + ax)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^2+ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b^3*x^6 + 3*a*b^2*x^5 + 3*a^2*b*x^4 + a^3*x^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{x^3(a+bx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a*x)**3,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(x**3*(a + b*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^2+ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^2 + a*x)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^2+ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^2 + a*x)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(bx^2+ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x + b*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax+bx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a*x)^3,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*d - int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**4 - 12
*a**2*b*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**5 - 12*a*b**2*x**5 + b**3*m*x**6 - 4*b**3*x**
6),x)*a**3*d*m**2*x**2 + 6*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*
m*x**4 - 12*a**2*b*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**5 - 12*a*b**2*x**5 + b**3*m*x**6 -
4*b**3*x**6),x)*a**3*d*m*x**2 - 8*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3 + 3
*a**2*b*m*x**4 - 12*a**2*b*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**5 - 12*a*b**2*x**5 + b**3*
m*x**6 - 4*b**3*x**6),x)*a**3*d*x**2 + int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3
+ 3*a**2*b*m*x**4 - 12*a**2*b*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**5 - 12*a*b**2*x**5 + b
**3*m*x**6 - 4*b**3*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*m**2*x**2 - 8*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3
- 4*a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**4 - 12*a**2*b*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**5 - 12*a
b**2*x**5 + b**3*m*x**6 - 4*b**3*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*m*x**2 + 16*int(x**m/(a
**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**4 - 12*a**2*b*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*m*x
**5 - 12*a*b**2*x**5 + b**3*m*x**6 - 4*b**3*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*x**2 - 2*int
(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**4 - 12*a**2*b*x**4 + 3*a
b**2*m*x**5 - 12*a*b**2*x**5 + b**3*m*x**6 - 4*b**3*x**6),x)*a**2*b*d*m**2
*x**3 + 12*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**4 - 12*a**2
*b*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**5 - 12*a*b**2*x**5 + b**3*m*x**6 - 4*b**3*x**6),x)
*a**2*b*d*m*x**3 - 16*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**
4 - 12*a**2*b*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**5 - 12*a*b**2*x**5 + b**3*m*x**6 - 4*b*
**3*x**6),x)*a**2*b*d*x**3 + 2*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**3 - 4*a**3*x**3 + 3*a...
```

3.235 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	1772
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1773
Rubi [A] (verified)	1773
Maple [F]	1775
Fricas [F]	1775
Sympy [F]	1776
Maxima [F]	1776
Giac [F]	1776
Mupad [F(-1)]	1777
Reduce [F]	1777

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{d(ex)^m (ax + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(2 + m + 2p)} + \left(\frac{c}{a(1 + m + p)} - \frac{d}{b(2 + m + 2p)} \right) (ex)^m (ax + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 2 + m + 2p, 2 + m + p, -\frac{bx}{a} \right)$$

output

```
d*(e*x)^m*(b*x^2+a*x)^(p+1)/b/(2+2*p+m)+(c/a/(1+m+p)-d/b/(2+2*p+m))*(e*x)^m*(b*x^2+a*x)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 2+2*p+m], [2+m+p], -b*x/a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x(ex)^m (x(a + bx))^p \left(d(a + bx) + \frac{(-ad(1+m+p) + bc(2+m+2p)) \left(1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+m+p, 2+m+p, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m+p} \right)}{b(2 + m + 2p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x + b*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(x*(a + b*x))^p*(d*(a + b*x) + ((-(a*d*(1 + m + p)) + b*c*(2 + m + 2*p))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + m + p, 2 + m + p, -(b*x)/a]))/(1 + m + p)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p)/(b*(2 + m + 2*p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1221, 1137, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(ex)^m (ax + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad(m+p+1)}{b(m+2p+2)}\right) \int (ex)^m (bx^2 + ax)^p dx + \frac{d(ex)^m (ax + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(m+2p+2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1137$$

$$(ex)^m x^{-m-p} (a + bx)^{-p} (ax + bx^2)^p \left(c - \frac{ad(m+p+1)}{b(m+2p+2)}\right) \int x^{m+p} (a + bx)^p dx + \frac{d(ex)^m (ax + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(m+2p+2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 76 \\ & (ex)^m x^{-m-p} \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ax + bx^2)^p \left(c - \frac{ad(m+p+1)}{b(m+2p+2)}\right) \int x^{m+p} \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \\ & \frac{d(ex)^m (ax + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(m+2p+2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 74 \\ & \frac{x(ex)^m \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ax + bx^2)^p \left(c - \frac{ad(m+p+1)}{b(m+2p+2)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, m+p+1, m+p+2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{\frac{d(ex)^m (ax + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(m+2p+2)}} + \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(e*x)^m*(a*x + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(2 + m + 2*p)) + ((c - (a*d*(1 + m + p))/(b*(2 + m + 2*p)))*x*(e*x)^m*(a*x + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + m + p, 2 + m + p, -(b*x)/a])/((1 + m + p)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 76 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n])`

rule 1137

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(
e*x)^(m)*((b*x + c*x^2)^p/(x^(m + p)*(b + c*x)^p)) Int[x^(m + p)*(b + c*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, e, m}, x]
```

rule 1221

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c
*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (dx + c) (bx^2 + ax)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^2 + ax)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a*x)^p*(e*x)^m, x)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex)^m (x(a + bx))^p (c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a*x)**p,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(x*(a + b*x))**p*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^2 + ax)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a*x)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^2 + ax)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a*x)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + ax)^p (ex)^m (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((a*x + b*x^2)^p*(e*x)^m*(c + d*x), x)`output `int((a*x + b*x^2)^p*(e*x)^m*(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax + bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a*x)^p, x)`

output

```
(e**m*( - x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*a**2*d*m*p - x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*a**2*
d*p**2 - x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*a**2*d*p + x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*m*
p + 2*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*p**2 + 2*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*p
+ x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*a*b*d*m*p*x + 2*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*a*b*d*p**
2*x + x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*m**2*x + 4*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*b**2
*c*m*p*x + 2*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*m*x + 4*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*
b**2*c*p**2*x + 4*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*p*x + x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)*
*p*b**2*d*m**2*x**2 + 4*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*b**2*d*m*p*x**2 + x**m*(a*x
+ b*x**2)**p*b**2*d*m*x**2 + 4*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*b**2*d*p**2*x**2 +
2*x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p*b**2*d*p*x**2 + int((x**m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p)/(a*m
**3*x + 6*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 12*a*m*p**2*x + 12*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x +
8*a*p**3*x + 12*a*p**2*x + 4*a*p*x + b*m**3*x**2 + 6*b*m**2*p*x**2 + 3*b*
m**2*x**2 + 12*b*m*p**2*x**2 + 12*b*m*p*x**2 + 2*b*m*x**2 + 8*b*p**3*x**2
+ 12*b*p**2*x**2 + 4*b*p*x**2),x)*a**3*d*m**5*p + 8*int((x**m*(a*x + b*x**
2)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 6*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 12*a*m*p**2*x + 12*a*m*p*x
+ 2*a*m*x + 8*a*p**3*x + 12*a*p**2*x + 4*a*p*x + b*m**3*x**2 + 6*b*m**2*p*
x**2 + 3*b*m**2*x**2 + 12*b*m*p**2*x**2 + 12*b*m*p*x**2 + 2*b*m*x**2 + 8*b
*p**3*x**2 + 12*b*p**2*x**2 + 4*b*p*x**2),x)*a**3*d*m**4*p**2 + 4*int((x**
m*(a*x + b*x**2)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 6*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 12*a*m*p**2*x
+ 12*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x + 8*a*p**3*x + 12*a*p**2*x + 4*a*p*x + b*m**3*x...
```

3.236 $\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx)(bx + cx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	1779
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1779
Rubi [A] (verified)	1780
Maple [A] (verified)	1780
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1781
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1781
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1782
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1782
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1783
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1783

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx)(bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+p}(bx + cx^2)^{1+p}}{1+p}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(p+1)*(c*x^2+b*x)^(p+1)/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx)(bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{ex(ex)^p(x(b + cx))^{1+p}}{1+p}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(1 + p)*(2*b + 3*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(e*x*(e*x)^p*(x*(b + c*x))^(1 + p))/(1 + p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.037$, Rules used = {1217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2b + 3cx)(ex)^{p+1} (bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1217$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{p+1} (bx + cx^2)^{p+1}}{p + 1}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(1 + p)*(2*b + 3*c*x)*(b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(1 + p)*(b*x + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1217 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(c*d*m - b*e*(m + p + 1)), 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
gospers	$\frac{x(cx+b)(ex)^{p+1}(cx^2+bx)^p}{p+1}$
orering	$\frac{x(cx+b)(ex)^{p+1}(cx^2+bx)^p}{p+1}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{x^2(ex)^{p+1}(x(cx+b))^p bc + x(ex)^{p+1}(x(cx+b))^p b^2}{b(p+1)}$
risc	$\frac{x(cx+b)x^p(cx+b)^p e^{-\frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ix(cx+b)) \operatorname{csgn}(i(cx+b)) \pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix)^p}{2} + \frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix)^2 p}{2} + \frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ie) \pi \operatorname{csgn}(ie)^2}{2} - \frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ie) \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \pi}{2}}}{1}}$

input `int((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(c*x+b)/(p+1)*(e*x)^(p+1)*(c*x^2+b*x)^p`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b+3cx)(bx+cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(cx^2+bx)(cx^2+bx)^p(ex)^{p+1}}{p+1}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*x^2 + b*x)*(c*x^2 + b*x)^p*(e*x)^(p + 1)/(p + 1)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b+3cx)(bx+cx^2)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{bx(ex)^{p+1}(bx+cx^2)^p}{p+1} + \frac{cx^2(ex)^{p+1}(bx+cx^2)^p}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ 2 \log(x) + \log\left(\frac{b}{c} + x\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(c*x**2+b*x)**p,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((b*x*(e*x)**(p + 1)*(b*x + c*x**2)**p/(p + 1) + c*x**2*(e*x)**(p
+ 1)*(b*x + c*x**2)**p/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (2*log(x) + log(b/c + x), Tru
e))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(ce^{p+1}x^3 + be^{p+1}x^2)e^{(p \log(cx+b)+2p \log(x))}}{p + 1}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(c*e^(p + 1)*x^3 + b*e^(p + 1)*x^2)*e^(p*log(c*x + b) + 2*p*log(x))/(p + 1
)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. 2(26) = 52.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{cx^2e^{(p \log(cx+b)+p \log(e)+2p \log(x)+\log(e)+\log(x))} + bxe^{(p \log(cx+b)+p \log(e)+2p \log(x)+\log(e)+\log(x))}}{p + 1}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(c*x^2*e^(p*log(c*x + b) + p*log(e) + 2*p*log(x) + log(e) + log(x)) + b*x*
e^(p*log(c*x + b) + p*log(e) + 2*p*log(x) + log(e) + log(x)))/(p + 1)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (bx + cx^2)^p dx = (cx^2 + bx)^p \left(\frac{cx^2 (ex)^{p+1}}{p+1} + \frac{bx (ex)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right)$$

input `int((b*x + c*x^2)^p*(e*x)^(p + 1)*(2*b + 3*c*x),x)`output `(b*x + c*x^2)^p*((c*x^2*(e*x)^(p + 1))/(p + 1) + (b*x*(e*x)^(p + 1))/(p + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{x^p e^p (cx^2 + bx)^p e x^2 (cx + b)}{p + 1}$$

input `int((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(c*x^2+b*x)^p,x)`output `(x**p*e**p*(b*x + c*x**2)**p*e*x**2*(b + c*x))/(p + 1)`

3.237 $\int x^2(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$

Optimal result	1784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1785
Rubi [A] (verified)	1785
Maple [A] (verified)	1788
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1788
Sympy [F]	1789
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1789
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1789
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1790
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1791

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x^2(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = -\frac{2a^3(bc - ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^5x^3} + \frac{2a^2(3bc - 4ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^5x^5} - \frac{6a(bc - 2ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^5x^7} + \frac{2(bc - 4ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^5x^9} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^5x^{11}}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^3*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^5/x^3+2/5*a^2*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^5/x^5-6/7*a*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^5/x^7+2/9*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^5/x^9+2/11*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^5/x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^2(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2} (128a^4d + 35b^4x^3(11c + 9dx) + 24a^2b^2x(11c + 10dx) - 16a^3b(11c + 12dx) - 10ab^3x^2(33c + 28d))}{3465b^5x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]
```

output

```
(2*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2)*(128*a^4*d + 35*b^4*x^3*(11*c + 9*d*x) + 24*a^2*b^2*x*(11*c + 10*d*x) - 16*a^3*b*(11*c + 12*d*x) - 10*a*b^3*x^2*(33*c + 28*d*x)))/(3465*b^5*x^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1908, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 8ad) \int x^2 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{11b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{11b}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{9b} - \frac{2a \int x \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{3b} \right)}{11b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{11b}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$(11bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{9b} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{7bx} - \frac{4a \int \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} dx}{7b} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

$$\frac{11b}{11b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{11b}$$

↓ 1908

$$(11bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{9b} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{7bx} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5bx^2} - \frac{2a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{5b} dx}{7b} \right)}{7b} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

$$\frac{11b}{11b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{11b}$$

↓ 1920

$$\left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{9b} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{7bx} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5bx^2} - \frac{4a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{15b^2x^3} \right)}{7b} \right)}{3b} \right) (11bc - 8ad)$$

$$\frac{11b}{11b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{11b}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]
```

output

```
(2*d*x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(11*b) + ((11*b*c - 8*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(9*b) - (2*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(7*b*x) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(15*b^2*x^3) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*b*x^2)))/(7*b)))/(3*b)))/(11*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1908

```
Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j +
b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] - Simp[b*((n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(
j*p + 1))) Int[x^(n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(n
- j)], 0] && NeQ[j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{32(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(-\frac{45x^2(c+\frac{7dx}{9})b^3}{16} + \frac{9xa(\frac{5dx}{6}+c)b^2}{4} - \frac{3a^2(dx+c)b}{2} + a^3d \right)}{315b^4}$
gosper	$\frac{2(bx+a)(315d^4x^4b^4 - 280ab^3dx^3 + 385b^4cx^3 + 240a^2b^2dx^2 - 330ab^3cx^2 - 192a^3bdx + 264a^2b^2cx + 128a^4d - 176a^3bc)\sqrt{bx^3 - 3/2a^2(d*x+c)*b+a^3*d}}{3465b^5x}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(315d^4x^4b^4 - 280ab^3dx^3 + 385b^4cx^3 + 240a^2b^2dx^2 - 330ab^3cx^2 - 192a^3bdx + 264a^2b^2cx + 128a^4d - 176a^3bc)\sqrt{bx^3 - 3/2a^2(d*x+c)*b+a^3*d}}{3465b^5x}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(315d^4x^4b^4 - 280ab^3dx^3 + 385b^4cx^3 + 240a^2b^2dx^2 - 330ab^3cx^2 - 192a^3bdx + 264a^2b^2cx + 128a^4d - 176a^3bc)\sqrt{bx^3 - 3/2a^2(d*x+c)*b+a^3*d}}{3465b^5x}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(315b^5dx^5 + 35ab^4dx^4 + 385b^5cx^4 - 40a^2b^3dx^3 + 55ab^4cx^3 + 48a^3b^2dx^2 - 66a^2b^3cx^2 - 64a^4bdx + 88a^3b^2cx + 128a^5d - 176a^4bc)}{3465x b^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(315b^5dx^5 + 35ab^4dx^4 + 385b^5cx^4 - 40a^2b^3dx^3 + 55ab^4cx^3 + 48a^3b^2dx^2 - 66a^2b^3cx^2 - 64a^4bdx + 88a^3b^2cx + 128a^5d - 176a^4bc)}{3465b^5x}$

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{32}{315}(bx+a)^{3/2}(-45/16x^2(c+7/9d*x)*b^3+9/4x*a*(5/6d*x+c)*b^2-3/2a^2(d*x+c)*b+a^3*d)/b^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^2(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}dx$$

$$= \frac{2(315b^5dx^5 - 176a^4bc + 128a^5d + 35(11b^5c + ab^4d)x^4 + 5(11ab^4c - 8a^2b^3d)x^3 - 6(11a^2b^3c - 8a^3b^2d)x^2 + 8(11a^3b^2c - 8a^4b*d)*x)\sqrt{bx^3 + a*x^2}}{3465b^5x}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465}(315*b^5*d*x^5 - 176*a^4*b*c + 128*a^5*d + 35*(11*b^5*c + a*b^4*d)*x^4 + 5*(11*a*b^4*c - 8*a^2*b^3*d)*x^3 - 6*(11*a^2*b^3*c - 8*a^3*b^2*d)*x^2 + 8*(11*a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*b*d)*x)\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}/(b^5*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int x^2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(c+dx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx \\ &= \frac{2(35b^4x^4 + 5ab^3x^3 - 6a^2b^2x^2 + 8a^3bx - 16a^4)\sqrt{bx+ac}}{315b^4} \\ &+ \frac{2(315b^5x^5 + 35ab^4x^4 - 40a^2b^3x^3 + 48a^3b^2x^2 - 64a^4bx + 128a^5)\sqrt{bx+ad}}{3465b^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*b^4*x^4 + 5*a*b^3*x^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*b*x - 16*a^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^4 + 2/3465*(315*b^5*x^5 + 35*a*b^4*x^4 - 40*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 48*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 64*a^4*b*x + 128*a^5)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx \\ &= \frac{2 \left(\frac{99(5(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a + 35(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2 - 35\sqrt{bx+aa^3})\operatorname{acsgn}(x)}{b^3} + \frac{11(35(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a + 378(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2 - 420(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3 + 128a^4)\sqrt{bx+ad}}{b^3} \right)}{3465b^5} \\ &+ \frac{32 \left(11a^{\frac{9}{2}}bc - 8a^{\frac{11}{2}}d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3465b^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/3465*(99*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)* \\ & a^2 - 35*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^3)*a*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3 + 11*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180* \\ & (b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 31 \\ & 5*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^4)*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3 + 11*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a) \\ & ^{(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*\sqrt{b*x \\ & + a}*a^4)*a*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^4 + 5*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)* \\ & a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3 \\ & /2)*a^4 - 693*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^5)*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^4)/b + 32/3465*(11*a^(9/2)*b*c \\ & - 8*a^(11/2)*d)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^5 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^2(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2dx^5}{11} + \frac{256a^5d - 352a^4bc}{3465b^5} + \frac{x^4(770cb^5 + 70adb^4)}{3465b^5} - \frac{2ax^3(8ad - 11bc)}{693b^2} - \frac{16a^3x(8ad - 11bc)}{3465b^4} + \frac{4a^2x^2(8ad - 11bc)}{1155b^3} \right)}{x}$$

input `int(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*d*x^5)/11 + (256*a^5*d - 352*a^4*b*c)/(3465*b^5 \\ &) + (x^4*(770*b^5*c + 70*a*b^4*d))/(3465*b^5) - (2*a*x^3*(8*a*d - 11*b*c)) \\ & /((693*b^2) - (16*a^3*x*(8*a*d - 11*b*c))/(3465*b^4) + (4*a^2*x^2*(8*a*d - \\ & 11*b*c))/(1155*b^3)))/x \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^2(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(315b^5dx^5 + 35ab^4dx^4 + 385b^5cx^4 - 40a^2b^3dx^3 + 55ab^4cx^3 + 48a^3b^2dx^2 - 66a^2b^3cx^2 - 64a^3b^2dx - 315a^4b^2c - 176a^4b^2c^2 - 64a^4b^2d^2x + 88a^3b^3c^2cx + 48a^3b^3d^2x^2 - 66a^2b^3c^2cx^2 - 40a^2b^3d^2x^3 + 55ab^4c^2cx^3 + 35ab^4d^2x^4 + 385b^5c^2x^4 + 315b^5d^2x^5)}{3465b^5}$$

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**5*d - 176*a**4*b*c - 64*a**4*b*d*x + 88*a**3*b**2*c*x + 48*a**3*b**2*d*x**2 - 66*a**2*b**3*c*x**2 - 40*a**2*b**3*d*x**3 + 55*a*b**4*c*x**3 + 35*a*b**4*d*x**4 + 385*b**5*c*x**4 + 315*b**5*d*x**5))/(3465*b**5)`

3.238 $\int x(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$

Optimal result	1792
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1792
Rubi [A] (verified)	1793
Maple [A] (verified)	1795
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1795
Sympy [F]	1796
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1796
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1796
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1797
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1798

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int x(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \frac{2a^2(bc - ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^4x^3} - \frac{2a(2bc - 3ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^4x^5} + \frac{2(bc - 3ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^4x^7} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^4x^9}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}a^2(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^4/x^3-2/5*a*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^4/x^5+2/7*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^4/x^7+2/9*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^4/x^9$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int x(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \frac{2(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(-16a^3d + 24a^2b(c + dx) - 6ab^2x(6c + 5dx) + 5b^3x^2(9c + 7dx))}{315b^4x^3}$$

input `Integrate[x*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output $(2*(x^2*(a + b*x))^{3/2}*(-16*a^3*d + 24*a^2*b*(c + d*x) - 6*a*b^2*x*(6*c + 5*d*x) + 5*b^3*x^2*(9*c + 7*d*x)))/(315*b^4*x^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1908, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} (c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1945} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int x \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{3b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{9b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7bx} - \frac{4a \int \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{7b} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{9b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1908} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7bx} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5bx^2} - \frac{2a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{9b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7bx} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5bx^2} - \frac{4a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{15b^2x^3} \right)}{7b} \right) (3bc - 2ad)}{3b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{9b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)})/(9*b) + ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)})/(7*b*x) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)})/(15*b^2*x^3) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)})/(5*b*x^2))))/(7*b)))/(3*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1908 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] - Simp[b*((n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1))) Int[x^(n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1945 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{16(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{21x \left(\frac{5dx}{7} + c \right) b^2}{8} - \frac{7 \left(\frac{6dx}{7} + c \right) ab}{4} + a^2 d \right)}{105b^3}$	41
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-35b^3dx^3+30ab^2dx^2-45b^3cx^2-24a^2bdx+36ab^2cx+16a^3d-24ca^2b)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315b^4x}$	85
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-35b^3dx^3+30ab^2dx^2-45b^3cx^2-24a^2bdx+36ab^2cx+16a^3d-24ca^2b)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315b^4x}$	85
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-35b^3dx^3+30ab^2dx^2-45b^3cx^2-24a^2bdx+36ab^2cx+16a^3d-24ca^2b)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315b^4x}$	85
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-35dx^4b^4-5ab^3dx^3-45b^4cx^3+6a^2b^2dx^2-9ab^3cx^2-8a^3bdx+12a^2b^2cx+16a^4d-24a^3bc)}{315xb^4}$	102
trager	$-\frac{2(-35dx^4b^4-5ab^3dx^3-45b^4cx^3+6a^2b^2dx^2-9ab^3cx^2-8a^3bdx+12a^2b^2cx+16a^4d-24a^3bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315b^4x}$	104

input `int(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{16}{105} \cdot (bx+a)^{3/2} \cdot \left(\frac{21}{8} \cdot x \cdot (5/7 \cdot dx + c) \cdot b^2 - \frac{7}{4} \cdot (6/7 \cdot dx + c) \cdot a \cdot b + a^2 \cdot d \right) / b^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35b^4dx^4+24a^3bc-16a^4d+5(9b^4c+ab^3d)x^3+3(3ab^3c-2a^2b^2d)x^2-4(3a^2b^2c-2a^3bd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315b^4x}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{315} \cdot (35 \cdot b^4 \cdot d \cdot x^4 + 24 \cdot a^3 \cdot b \cdot c - 16 \cdot a^4 \cdot d + 5 \cdot (9 \cdot b^4 \cdot c + a \cdot b^3 \cdot d) \cdot x^3 + 3 \cdot (3 \cdot a \cdot b^3 \cdot c - 2 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 \cdot d) \cdot x^2 - 4 \cdot (3 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c - 2 \cdot a^3 \cdot b \cdot d) \cdot x) \cdot \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} / (b^4 \cdot x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \int x\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx \\ &= \frac{2(15b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 - 4a^2bx + 8a^3)\sqrt{bx + ac}}{105b^3} \\ &+ \frac{2(35b^4x^4 + 5ab^3x^3 - 6a^2b^2x^2 + 8a^3bx - 16a^4)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{315b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/105*(15*b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 - 4*a^2*b*x + 8*a^3)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^3 + 2/315*(35*b^4*x^4 + 5*a*b^3*x^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*b*x - 16*a^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int x(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{21 \left(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2} \right) a c \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^2} + \frac{9 \left(5(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a + 35(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2 - 35\sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) c \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^2} + \frac{9 \left(5(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a + 35(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2 - 35\sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^2} - \frac{16 \left(3a^{\frac{7}{2}}bc - 2a^{\frac{9}{2}}d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{315b^4}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(21*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*a*c*sgn(x)/b^2 + 9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*c*sgn(x)/b^2 + 9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*a*d*sgn(x)/b^3 + (35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*d*sgn(x)/b^3 - 16/315*(3*a^(7/2)*b*c - 2*a^(9/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2dx^4}{9} - \frac{32a^4d - 48a^3bc}{315b^4} + \frac{x^3(90cb^4 + 10adb^3)}{315b^4} - \frac{2ax^2(2ad - 3bc)}{105b^2} + \frac{8a^2x(2ad - 3bc)}{315b^3} \right)}{x}$$

input `int(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*d*x^4)/9 - (32*a^4*d - 48*a^3*b*c)/(315*b^4) + (x^3*(90*b^4*c + 10*a*b^3*d))/(315*b^4) - (2*a*x^2*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(105*b^2) + (8*a^2*x*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(315*b^3)))/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(35b^4dx^4 + 5ab^3dx^3 + 45b^4cx^3 - 6a^2b^2dx^2 + 9ab^3cx^2 + 8a^3bdx - 12a^2b^2cx - 16a^4d + 24a^3c)}{315b^4}$$

input `int(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 16*a**4*d + 24*a**3*b*c + 8*a**3*b*d*x - 12*a**2*b**2*c*x - 6*a**2*b**2*d*x**2 + 9*a*b**3*c*x**2 + 5*a*b**3*d*x**3 + 45*b**4*c*x**3 + 35*b**4*d*x**4))/(315*b**4)`

3.239 $\int (c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$

Optimal result	1799
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1799
Rubi [A] (verified)	1800
Maple [A] (verified)	1801
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1801
Sympy [F]	1802
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1802
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1802
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1803
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1803

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = -\frac{2a(bc - ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^3x^3} + \frac{2(bc - 2ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^3x^5} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^3x^7}$$

output

$$-2/3*a*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^3/x^3+2/5*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^3/x^5+2/7*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^3/x^7$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \frac{2(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(8a^2d + 3b^2x(7c + 5dx) - 2ab(7c + 6dx))}{105b^3x^3}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3], x]$$

output

$$(2*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2)*(8*a^2*d + 3*b^2*x*(7*c + 5*d*x) - 2*a*b*(7*c + 6*d*x)))/(105*b^3*x^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2450, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx) dx$$

↓ 2450

$$\int (c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} + dx\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{16a^2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{105b^3x^3} - \frac{4ac(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{15b^2x^3} - \frac{8ad(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{35b^2x^2} + \frac{2c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5bx^2} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7bx}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `(-4*a*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(15*b^2*x^3) + (16*a^2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(105*b^3*x^3) + (2*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*b*x^2) - (8*a*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(35*b^2*x^2) + (2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(7*b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2450 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && (PolyQ[Pq, x] || PolyQ[Pq, x^n]) && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-3bdx+2ad-5bc)}{15b^2}$	27
gosper	$\frac{2(bx+a)(15b^2dx^2-12abdx+21b^2cx+8a^2d-14abc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{105b^3x}$	61
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(15b^2dx^2-12abdx+21b^2cx+8a^2d-14abc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{105b^3x}$	61
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(15b^2dx^2-12abdx+21b^2cx+8a^2d-14abc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{105b^3x}$	61
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(15b^3dx^3+3ab^2dx^2+21b^3cx^2-4a^2bdx+7ab^2cx+8a^3d-14ca^2b)}{105xb^3}$	78
trager	$\frac{2(15b^3dx^3+3ab^2dx^2+21b^3cx^2-4a^2bdx+7ab^2cx+8a^3d-14ca^2b)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{105b^3x}$	80

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(-3*b*d*x+2*a*d-5*b*c)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15b^3dx^3-14a^2bc+8a^3d+3(7b^3c+ab^2d)x^2+(7ab^2c-4a^2bd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{105b^3x}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*b^3*d*x^3 - 14*a^2*b*c + 8*a^3*d + 3*(7*b^3*c + a*b^2*d)*x^2 + (7*a*b^2*c - 4*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^3*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \frac{2(3b^2x^2 + abx - 2a^2)\sqrt{bx + ac}}{15b^2} + \frac{2(15b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 - 4a^2bx + 8a^3)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{105b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(3*b^2*x^2 + a*b*x - 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^2 + 2/105*(15*b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 - 4*a^2*b*x + 8*a^3)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{35((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa})\operatorname{acsgn}(x)}{b} + \frac{7(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})\operatorname{csgn}(x)}{b} + \frac{7(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})\operatorname{csgn}(x)}{b^2} \right)}{105b} + \frac{4(7a^{\frac{5}{2}}bc - 4a^{\frac{7}{2}}d)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{105b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2/105*(35*((b*x + a)^{(3/2)} - 3*\sqrt{b*x + a})*a)*a*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b + 7*(3*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)} - 10*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a + 15*\sqrt{b*x + a})*a^2*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b + 7*(3*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)} - 10*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a + 15*\sqrt{b*x + a})*a^2*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^2 + 3*(5*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 21*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a + 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2 - 35*\sqrt{b*x + a})*a^3*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^2)/b + 4/105*(7*a^{(5/2)}*b*c - 4*a^{(7/2)}*d)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2dx^3}{7} + \frac{16a^3d - 28a^2bc}{105b^3} + \frac{x^2(42cb^3 + 6adb^2)}{105b^3} - \frac{2ax(4ad - 7bc)}{105b^2} \right)}{x}$$

input `int((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output
$$\frac{((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*((2*d*x^3)/7 + (16*a^3*d - 28*a^2*b*c)/(105*b^3) + (x^2*(42*b^3*c + 6*a*b^2*d))/(105*b^3) - (2*a*x*(4*a*d - 7*b*c))/(105*b^2)))/x$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(15b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 21b^3cx^2 - 4a^2bdx + 7ab^2cx + 8a^3d - 14a^2bc)}{105b^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(2\sqrt{a + bx})(8a^3d - 14a^2bc - 4a^2bdx + 7ab^2cx + 3a^2d^2x^2 + 21b^3cx^2 + 15b^3d^2x^3)/(105b^3)$

3.240 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1805
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1805
Rubi [A] (verified)	1806
Maple [A] (verified)	1807
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1807
Sympy [F]	1808
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1808
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1808
Mupad [F(-1)]	1809
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1810

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} dx = \frac{2(bc - ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^2x^3} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^2x^5}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^2/x^3+2/5*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^2/x^5$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} dx = \frac{2(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(5bc - 2ad + 3bdx)}{15b^2x^3}$$

input

`Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x,x]`

output

$$(2*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2)*(5*b*c - 2*a*d + 3*b*d*x))/(15*b^2*x^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1945, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x} dx}{5b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (5bc - 2ad)}{15b^2x^3} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5bx^2}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x,x]`

output `(2*(5*b*c - 2*a*d)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(15*b^2*x^3) + (2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*b*x^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1945

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-3bdx+2ad-5bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15b^2x}$	41
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-3bdx+2ad-5bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15b^2x}$	41
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-3bdx+2ad-5bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15b^2x}$	41
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-6\sqrt{a}bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2((dx+3c)b+ad)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3b}$	48
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-3b^2dx^2-abdx-5b^2cx+2a^2d-5abc)}{15xb^2}$	54
trager	$-\frac{2(-3b^2dx^2-abdx-5b^2cx+2a^2d-5abc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15b^2x}$	56

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*(b*x+a)*(-3*b*d*x+2*a*d-5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} dx = \frac{2(3b^2dx^2 + 5abc - 2a^2d + (5b^2c + abd)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{15b^2x}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output $\frac{2}{15} \cdot (3b^2 d x^2 + 5a b c - 2a^2 d + (5b^2 c + a b d) x) \sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2} / (b^2 x)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} dx = \frac{2(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}c}{3b} + \frac{2(3b^2x^2 + abx - 2a^2)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{15b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{2}{3} \cdot (b x + a)^{3/2} \cdot c / b + \frac{2}{15} \cdot (3 b^2 x^2 + a b x - 2 a^2) \sqrt{b x + a} \cdot d / b^2$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15 \sqrt{bx + aa} c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5 \left((bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{bx + aa} \right) c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{5 \left((bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{bx + aa} \right) a d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b} + \frac{3 (bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b} \right)}{15 b} - \frac{2 \left(5 a^{\frac{3}{2}} b c - 2 a^{\frac{5}{2}} d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15 b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*c*sgn(x) + 5*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*c*sgn(x) + 5*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*a*d*sgn(x)/b + (3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*d*sgn(x)/b)/b - 2/15*(5*a^(3/2)*b*c - 2*a^(5/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{x} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x,x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(3b^2d x^2 + abdx + 5b^2cx - 2a^2d + 5abc)}{15b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 2*a**2*d + 5*a*b*c + a*b*d*x + 5*b**2*c*x + 3*b**2*d*x**2))/(15*b**2)`

$$3.241 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1811
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1811
Rubi [A] (verified)	1812
Maple [A] (verified)	1813
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1814
Sympy [F]	1814
Maxima [F]	1815
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1815
Mupad [F(-1)]	1816
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1816

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3bx^3} - 2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)$$

output

```
2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b/x^3-2*a^(1/2)*c*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2x\left((a+bx)(3bc+ad+bdx) - 3\sqrt{abc}\sqrt{a+bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{3b\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*x*((a + b*x)*(3*b*c + a*d + b*d*x) - 3*Sqrt[a]*b*c*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTan
h[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(3*b*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$c \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^2} dx + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3bx^3}$$

↓ 1927

$$c \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3bx^3}$$

↓ 1914

$$c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3bx^3}$$

↓ 219

$$c \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3bx^3}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*b*x^3) + c*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*S
qrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1914 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$

rule 1927 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+n*p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a*(n-j)*(p/(c^j*(m+n*p+1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*p+1, 0]$

rule 1945 $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(jn_)})^{(p_)}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*e^{(j-1)}*(e*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^{(p+1)}/(b*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+j*p+1) - b*c*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1))/(b*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j+n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+p*(j+n)+1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[j])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(2ad+bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) x + \sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{a} (-2dx+c)}{\sqrt{a} x}$	49
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} d - 3\sqrt{a} bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 3\sqrt{bx+a} bc \right)}{3x\sqrt{bx+a}}$	69

input $\text{int}((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(1/2)}/x^2, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-1/a^(1/2)*((2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*x+(b*x+a)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*(-2*d*x+c))/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3\sqrt{abcx} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(bdx+3bc+ad)}{3bx}, \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{-abcx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{bx^2+ax}\right)\right)}{3bx} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*(3*sqrt(a)*b*c*x*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(b*d*x + 3*b*c + a*d))/(b*x), 2/3*(3*sqrt(-a)*b*c*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(b*d*x + 3*b*c + a*d))/(b*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(c+dx)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/x^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2ac \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{2\left(3abc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 3\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{abc} + \sqrt{-a}a^{\frac{3}{2}}d\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3\sqrt{-ab}} + \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{bx+ab^3}c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2d \operatorname{sgn}(x)\right)}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*a*c*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))*sgn(x)/sqrt(-a) - 2/3*(3*a*b*c*arctan(sqrt(a)/sqrt(-a)) + 3*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(a)*b*c + sqrt(-a)*a^(3/2)*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(-a)*b) + 2/3*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3*c*sgn(x) + (b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^2*d*sgn(x))/b^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^2,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} ad + 6\sqrt{bx + a} bc + 2\sqrt{bx + a} bdx + 3\sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) bc - 3\sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}) b}{3b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d + 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c + 2*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*d*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*c - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*c)/(3*b)`

3.242 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1817
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1817
Rubi [A] (verified)	1818
Maple [A] (verified)	1820
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1820
Sympy [F]	1821
Maxima [F]	1821
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1821
Mupad [F(-1)]	1822
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1822

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} + \frac{2d\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - \frac{(bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output `-c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2+2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x-(2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(a + bx)(-c + 2dx) - (bc + 2ad)x\sqrt{a + bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^3,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(a + b*x)*(-c + 2*d*x) - (b*c + 2*a*d)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1944, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$\frac{(2ad + bc) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^2} dx}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{ax^4}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(2ad + bc) \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{ax^4}$$

$$\downarrow 1914$$

$$\frac{(2ad + bc) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{ax^4}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) \right) (2ad + bc)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{ax^4}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-((c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(a*x^4)) + ((b*c + 2*a*d)*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]]))/(2*a)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1914 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)(x_)^2 + (b_)(x_)^{n_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$

rule 1927 $\text{Int}[(c_)(x_)^{m_}((a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_})^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1}((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+j}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0]$

rule 1944 $\text{Int}[(e_)(x_)^{m_}((a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{jn_})^{p_}((c_ + (d_)(x_)^{n_})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*e^{(j-1)}*(e*x)^{m-j+1}((a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^{p+1}/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{m+n}*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j + n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m + j*p, -1] \ || \ (\text{IntegersQ}[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, (-n)*p - 1])) \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[j, n]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + j*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{b x^2 \left(a d - \frac{b c}{4} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b x + a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{\left((4 d x + 2 c) a^{\frac{3}{2}} + \sqrt{a} b c x \right) \sqrt{b x + a}}{4}}{a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2}$	64
risch	$-\frac{c \sqrt{x^2 (b x + a)}}{x^2} + \frac{\left(2 \sqrt{b x + a} d - \frac{(2 a d + b c) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b x + a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{x^2 (b x + a)}}{x \sqrt{b x + a}}$	77
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2} \left(-2 \sqrt{b x + a} d x \sqrt{a} + 2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b x + a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) a d x + \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b x + a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) b c x + c \sqrt{b x + a} \sqrt{a} \right)}{x^2 \sqrt{b x + a} \sqrt{a}}$	89

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/a^(3/2)*(b*x^2*(a*d-1/4*b*c)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+1/4*((4*d*x+2*c)*a^(3/2)+a^(1/2)*b*c*x)*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/x^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(bc + 2ad)\sqrt{a}x^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(2adx - ac)}{2ax^2}, \frac{(bc + 2ad)\sqrt{-ax^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{\sqrt{-ax^2}}\right)}{2ax^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(2*a*d*x - a*c))/(a*x^2), ((b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(2*a*d*x - a*c))/(a*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/x^3, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^3} dx = \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b} + \frac{(bc\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 2ad\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) - \sqrt{bx+a}c\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-ab}bx} \right) b$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*sqrt(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/b + (b*c*sgn(x) + 2*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) - sqrt(b*x + a)*c*sgn(x)/(b*x))*b`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^3,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^3, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{bx + a}ac + 4\sqrt{bx + a}adx + 2\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a})adx + \sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a})bcx - 2\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a})bcx}{2ax}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*c + 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d*x + 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*d*x + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*c*x - 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*d*x - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*c*x)/(2*a*x)`

3.243 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1823
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1823
Rubi [A] (verified)	1824
Maple [A] (verified)	1826
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1826
Sympy [F]	1827
Maxima [F]	1827
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1828
Mupad [F(-1)]	1828
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1829

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} - \frac{(bc+4ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^2} + \frac{b(bc-4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3-1/4*(4*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^2+1/4*b*(-4*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}(bcx+2a(c+2dx))+b(bc-4ad)x^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{4a^{3/2}x^3\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^4,x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(b*c*x + 2*a*(c + 2*d*x))) +
b*(b*c - 4*a*d)*x^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(4*a^(3/2)*x^3*Sqrt[
a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 4ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^3} dx}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2ax^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 4ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2ax^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1914} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 4ad) \left(-b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2ax^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} \right) (bc - 4ad)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2ax^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^4,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)}/(a*x^5) - ((b*c - 4*a*d)*(-(\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/x^2) - (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/\text{Sqrt}[a]))/(4*a)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1914

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$$

rule 1926

$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*p*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+n)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p-1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerSQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + j*p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1944

$$\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(jn_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*e^{(j-1)}*(e*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^{(p+1)}/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+n)}*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j + n] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m + j*p, -1] \ || \ (\text{IntegersQ}[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, (-n)*p - 1])) \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[j, n]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + j*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{b^2 x^3 \left(ad - \frac{bc}{2} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - \frac{4 \left(\frac{bx(3dx+c)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \left(\frac{3dx}{2} + c \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{a} b^2 c x^2}{8} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{3 \cdot 4a^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3}}$
risch	$-\frac{(4adx+cbx+2ac)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{4x^3 a} - \frac{(4ad-bc)b \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}} x \sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{5}{2}} d + (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{3}{2}} bc + 4 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) a^2 b^2 d x^2 - \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) a b^3 c x^2 - 4\sqrt{bx+a} a^{\frac{7}{2}} d \right)}{4b x^3 \sqrt{bx+a} a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{4} * (b^2 * x^3 * (a * d - 1/2 * b * c) * \operatorname{arctanh}((b * x + a)^{(1/2)} / a^{(1/2)}) - 4/3 * (1/4 * b * x * (3 * d * x + c) * a^{(3/2)} + (3/2 * d * x + c) * a^{(5/2)} - 3/8 * a^{(1/2)} * b^2 * c * x^2) * (b * x + a)^{(1/2)}) / a^{(5/2)} / x^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(b^2c - 4abd)\sqrt{a}x^3 \log \left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2} \right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(2a^2c + (abc + 4a^2d)x)}{8a^2x^3}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(b^2c - 4abd)\sqrt{-a}x^3 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2 + ax} \right) + \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(2a^2c + (abc + 4a^2d)x)}{4a^2x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*((b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a
*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(2*a^2*c + (a*b*c + 4*a^2*d)*x
))/a^2*x^3, -1/4*((b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x
^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(2*a^2*c + (a*b*c + 4*a
^2*d)*x))/a^2*x^3]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/x**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/x^4, x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^4} dx = \frac{(b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4ab^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \sqrt{bx+a} ab^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} ab^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4\sqrt{bx+a} a^2 b^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*((b^3*c*sgn(x) - 4*a*b^2*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a) + ((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c*sgn(x) + sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^3*c*sgn(x) + 4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*d*sgn(x) - 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^2*d*sgn(x))/(a*b^2*x^2))/b`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^4,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^4, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{bx+a}a^2c - 8\sqrt{bx+a}a^2dx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}abcx + 4\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})abd x^2 - \sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})abd x^2}{8a^2x^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x)`output `(- 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*c - 8*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c*x + 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2)/(8*a**2*x**2)`

3.244 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1830
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1830
Rubi [A] (verified)	1831
Maple [A] (verified)	1833
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1834
Sympy [F]	1834
Maxima [F]	1835
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1835
Mupad [F(-1)]	1835
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1836

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} - \frac{(bc+6ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{12ax^3} + \frac{b(bc-2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8a^2x^2} - \frac{b^2(bc-2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4-1/12*(6*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^3+
1/8*b*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-1/8*b^2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctan
h((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}(-3b^2cx^2+2abx(c+3dx)+4a^2(2c+3dx))+3b^2(bc-2ad)x^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)\right)}{24a^{5/2}x^4\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/24*(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-3*b^2*c*x^2 + 2*a*b*x*(c + 3*d*x) + 4*a^2*(2*c + 3*d*x)) + 3*b^2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*x^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(a^(5/2)*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\
 & -\frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^4} dx}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3ax^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1926 \\
 & -\frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2x^3} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3ax^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1931 \\
 & -\frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2x^3} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3ax^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1914 \\
 & -\frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2x^3} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3ax^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3}\right)(bc - 2ad)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3ax^6}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/3*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(a*x^6) - ((b*c - 2*a*d)*(-1/2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/x^3 + (b*(-(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2))))/4)/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1931 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{b^3 x^4 \left(ad - \frac{5bc}{8} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \left(-\frac{5x^2 b^2 \left(\frac{12dx}{5} + c \right) a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + bx(2dx+c)a^{\frac{5}{2}} + (8dx+6c)a^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{15\sqrt{a} b^3 c x^3}{8} \right)}{8a^{\frac{7}{2}} x^4}}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{(6abd x^2 - 3b^2 c x^2 + 12a^2 dx + 2abcx + 8a^2 c) \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{24x^4 a^2} + \frac{(2ad-bc)b^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}} x \sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(6(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{7}{2}} d - 3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{5}{2}} bc + 8(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{7}{2}} bc - 6 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) a^3 b^3 d x^3 + 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) a^2 b^4 \right)}{24b x^4 \sqrt{bx+a} a^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8/a^(7/2)*(b^3*x^4*(a*d-5/8*b*c)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+1/3*(b*
x+a)^(1/2)*(-5/4*x^2*b^2*(12/5*d*x+c)*a^(3/2)+b*x*(2*d*x+c)*a^(5/2)+(8*d*x
+6*c)*a^(7/2)+15/8*a^(1/2)*b^3*c*x^3)/x^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(b^3c - 2ab^2d)\sqrt{ax^4} \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8a^3c - 3(ab^2c - 2a^2bd)x^2 + 2(a^2bc + 6a^3d)x)}{48a^3x^4} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(3*(b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(8*a^3*c - 3*(a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c + 6*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^3*x^4), 1/24*(3*(b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (8*a^3*c - 3*(a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c + 6*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^3*x^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/x^5, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} b^3 \left(\frac{3 (bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 2 ad \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2b}} + \frac{3 (bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 8 (bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} abc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 3 \sqrt{b}}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*b^3*(3*(b*c*sgn(x) - 2*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*b) + (3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 8*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c*sgn(x) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) - 6*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*d*sgn(x) + 6*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*d*sgn(x))/(a^2*b^4*x^3))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^5,x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^5, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16\sqrt{bx+a}a^3c - 24\sqrt{bx+a}a^3dx - 4\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bcx - 12\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bdx^2 + 6\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2cx^2 - 6\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `(- 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*c - 24*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*x - 12*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3 + 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3)/(48*a**3*x**3)`

3.245 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1837
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1838
Rubi [A] (verified)	1838
Maple [A] (verified)	1841
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1841
Sympy [F]	1842
Maxima [F]	1842
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1843
Mupad [F(-1)]	1843
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1844

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4x^5} - \frac{(bc+8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24ax^4} + \frac{b(5bc-8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{96a^2x^3} - \frac{b^2(5bc-8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64a^3x^2} + \frac{b^3(5bc-8ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{64a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5-1/24*(8*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^4+
1/96*b*(-8*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^3-1/64*b^2*(-8*a*d+5*b*c)*
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2+1/64*b^3*(-8*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(
1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx}(15b^3cx^3 + 8a^2bx(c + 2dx) + 16a^3(3c + 4dx) - 2ab^2x^2(5c + 12dx)) + 3b^3(5c + 12dx) \right)}{192a^{7/2}x^5\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*b^3*c*x^3 + 8*a^2*b*x*(c + 2*d*x) + 16*a^3*(3*c + 4*d*x) - 2*a*b^2*x^2*(5*c + 12*d*x))) + 3*b^3*(5*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(7/2)*x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(5bc - 8ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^5} dx}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4ax^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1926$$

$$-\frac{(5bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3x^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4ax^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1931$$

$$\frac{(5bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4ax^7}$$

↓ 1931

$$\frac{(5bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4ax^7}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(5bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} - \frac{d \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{ax^2} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4ax^7}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) (5bc - 8ad)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4ax^7}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^6,x]`

output `-1/4*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(a*x^7) - ((5*b*c - 8*a*d)*(-1/3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/x^4 + (b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/6)/(8*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1914

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n)
Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

rule 1926

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p
*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Integer
sQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1931

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[
m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{5b^4x^5\left(ad-\frac{7bc}{10}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+7\left(-\frac{5x^3\left(\frac{15dx}{7}+c\right)b^3a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4}+b^2x^2\left(\frac{25dx}{14}+c\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}-\frac{6xb\left(\frac{5dx}{3}+c\right)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}+\frac{12(-5dx-4c)a^{\frac{9}{2}}}{7}+\frac{15\sqrt{a}b^4c}{8}\right)}{64a^{\frac{9}{2}}x^5}$
risch	$-\frac{(-24ab^2dx^3+15b^3cx^3+16a^2bdx^2-10ab^2cx^2+64a^3dx+8a^2bcx+48ca^3)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{192x^5a^3}-\frac{(8ad-5bc)b^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{7}{2}}x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\left(24(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{9}{2}}d-15(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}bc-88(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{11}{2}}d+55(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{9}{2}}bc+40(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{13}{2}}d-73(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{11}{2}}b\right)}{192bx^5\sqrt{bx+a}a^{\frac{13}{2}}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
5/64*(b^4*x^5*(a*d-7/10*b*c)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+28/75*(-5/4*x^3*(15/7*d*x+c)*b^3*a^(3/2)+b^2*x^2*(25/14*d*x+c)*a^(5/2)-6/7*x*b*(5/3*d*x+c)*a^(7/2)+12/7*(-5*d*x-4*c)*a^(9/2)+15/8*a^(1/2)*b^4*c*x^4)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(9/2)/x^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(5b^4c-8ab^3d)\sqrt{ax^5} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(48a^4c+3(5ab^3c-8a^2b^2d)x^3-2(5a^2b^2c-8a^3b^2d)x^2)}{384a^4x^5} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(5b^4c-8ab^3d)\sqrt{-ax^5} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2+ax}\right) + (48a^4c+3(5ab^3c-8a^2b^2d)x^3-2(5a^2b^2c-8a^3b^2d)x^2)}{192a^4x^5} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(3*(5*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*sqrt(a)*x^5*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b
*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(48*a^4*c + 3*(5*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b^2*d)*x^
3 - 2*(5*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*b*d)*x^2 + 8*(a^3*b*c + 8*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3
+ a*x^2))/(a^4*x^5), -1/192*(3*(5*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^5*arctan(s
qrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (48*a^4*c + 3*(5*a*b^3*c - 8*
a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 - 2*(5*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*b*d)*x^2 + 8*(a^3*b*c + 8*a^4*d)*x
)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^4*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/x**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/x**6, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/x^6, x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^6} dx = \frac{3(5b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 8ab^4 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 15(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 55(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} ab^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 73(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 15\sqrt{bx+ax^3} b^5}{\sqrt{-aa^3}}$$

192b

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/192*(3*(5*b^5*c*sgn(x) - 8*a*b^4*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a)))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3) + (15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b^5*c*sgn(x) - 55*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 73*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*b^5*c*sgn(x) - 24*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b^4*d*sgn(x) + 88*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^4*d*sgn(x) - 40*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b^4*d*sgn(x) - 24*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b^4*d*sgn(x))/(a^3*b^4*x^4)/b`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^6,x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/x^6, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-96\sqrt{bx+a}a^4c - 128\sqrt{bx+a}a^4dx - 16\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bcx - 32\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bdx^2 + 20\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2cx^2 + 4}{x^5}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^6,x)`output `(- 96*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*c - 128*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*d*x - 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*x - 32*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d*x**2 + 20*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 + 24*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4)/(384*a**4*x**4)`

3.246 $\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1845
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1846
Rubi [A] (verified)	1846
Maple [A] (verified)	1852
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Sympy [F]	1853
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1853
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1854
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1854
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1855

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2a^5(bc - ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^7x^5} + \frac{2a^4(5bc - 6ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^7x^7} - \frac{10a^3(2bc - 3ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^7x^9} + \frac{20a^2(bc - 2ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^7x^{11}} - \frac{10a(bc - 3ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^7x^{13}} + \frac{2(bc - 6ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{15/2}}{15b^7x^{15}} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{17/2}}{17b^7x^{17}}$$

output

```
-2/5*a^5*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^7/x^5+2/7*a^4*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^7/x^7-10/9*a^3*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^7/x^9+20/11*a^2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^7/x^11-10/13*a*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(13/2)/b^7/x^13+2/15*(-6*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(15/2)/b^7/x^15+2/17*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(17/2)/b^7/x^17
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx)^3 (3072a^6d + 3003b^6x^5(17c + 15dx) - 1120a^3b^3x^2(17c + 18dx) + 640a^4b^2x(17c + 18dx) - 256a^5b(17c + 18dx) + 840a^2b^4x^3(34c + 33dx) - 462ab^5x^4(85c + 78dx))}{765765b^7 \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x*(a + b*x)^3*(3072*a^6*d + 3003*b^6*x^5*(17*c + 15*d*x) - 1120*a^3*b^3*x^2*(17*c + 18*d*x) + 640*a^4*b^2*x*(17*c + 21*d*x) - 256*a^5*b*(17*c + 30*d*x) + 840*a^2*b^4*x^3*(34*c + 33*d*x) - 462*a*b^5*x^4*(85*c + 78*d*x)))/(765765*b^7*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1908, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1945 \\ & \frac{(17bc - 12ad) \int x^2(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2} dx}{17b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{17b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\ & \frac{(17bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b} - \frac{2a \int x(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2} dx}{3b} \right)}{17b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{17b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \end{aligned}$$

$$(17bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \frac{8a \int (bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2} dx}{13b} \right)}{3b}}{17b} \right) + \frac{2dx(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{17b}$$

↓ 1908

$$(17bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2} - \frac{6a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}}{11b} dx}{13b} \right)}{13b} \right)}{3b}}{17b} \right) + \frac{2dx(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{17b}$$

↓ 1922

$$\left((17bc - 12ad) \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3} - 4a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{9b} dx \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{17b}$$

↓ 1922

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2(a^2x^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b} - \left(\frac{2a}{13bx} \frac{2(a^2x^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \left(\frac{8a}{11bx^2} \frac{2(a^2x^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2} - \left(\frac{6a}{9bx^3} \frac{2(a^2x^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3} - \frac{4a}{9b} \left(\frac{2(a^2x^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{2a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}}{7b^3} dx}{7b} \right) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$(17bc - 12ad)$

$$\frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{17b} \quad 17b$$

↓ 1920

$$\left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b} - \left(\frac{2a}{13bx} \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{13b} - \left(\frac{8a}{11bx^2} \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{11b} - \left(\frac{6a}{9bx^3} \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{9b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{4a(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5} \right)}{9b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \quad (17bc)$$

$$\frac{2dx(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{17b} \quad 17b$$

input `Int [x^2*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(2dx(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})/(17b) + ((17bc - 12ad)((2(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})/(15b) - (2a((2(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})/(13bx) - (8a((2(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})/(11bx^2) - (6a((2(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})/(9bx^3) - (4a((-4a(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})/(35b^2x^5) + (2(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})/(7bx^4)))/(9b)))/(11b)))/(13b)))/(3b)))/(17b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1908

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(x_*)^{(j_*)} + (b_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*(j*p+1)*x^{(j-1)}), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((n*p+n-j+1)/(a*(j*p+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(n-j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, j, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(n*p+n-j+1)/(n-j)], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[j*p+1, 0]$$

rule 1920

$$\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*)(x_*)^{(j_*)} + (b_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c^{(j-1)})*(c*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*(n-j)*(p+1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m+n*p+n-j+1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[j] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 1922

$$\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*)(x_*)^{(j_*)} + (b_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(j-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+j*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+n*p+n-j+1)/(a*c^{(n-j)}*(m+j*p+1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+n-j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+n*p+n-j+1)/(n-j)], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+j*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 1945

$$\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*)(x_*)^{(j_*)} + (b_*)(x_*)^{(jn_*)})^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*e^{(j-1)}*(e*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^{(p+1)}/(b*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+j*p+1) - b*c*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1))/(b*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j+n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+p*(j+n)+1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[j])$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{32 \left(-\frac{385 \left(\frac{9dx}{11} + c \right) x^2 b^3}{48} + \frac{55x \left(\frac{21dx}{22} + c \right) a b^2}{12} - \frac{11 \left(\frac{15dx}{11} + c \right) a^2 b}{6} + a^3 d \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1155b^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(45045dx^6b^6 - 36036ab^5dx^5 + 51051b^6cx^5 + 27720a^2b^4dx^4 - 39270ab^5cx^4 - 20160a^3b^3dx^3 + 28560a^2b^4cx^3 + 13440a^3b^3dx^2 - 20160a^2b^4cx^2 + 13440a^3b^3dx - 20160a^2b^4cx + 13440a^3b^3d)}{765765b^7x^3}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(45045dx^6b^6 - 36036ab^5dx^5 + 51051b^6cx^5 + 27720a^2b^4dx^4 - 39270ab^5cx^4 - 20160a^3b^3dx^3 + 28560a^2b^4cx^3 + 13440a^3b^3dx^2 - 20160a^2b^4cx^2 + 13440a^3b^3dx - 20160a^2b^4cx + 13440a^3b^3d)}{765765b^7x^3}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(45045dx^6b^6 - 36036ab^5dx^5 + 51051b^6cx^5 + 27720a^2b^4dx^4 - 39270ab^5cx^4 - 20160a^3b^3dx^3 + 28560a^2b^4cx^3 + 13440a^3b^3dx^2 - 20160a^2b^4cx^2 + 13440a^3b^3dx - 20160a^2b^4cx + 13440a^3b^3d)}{765765b^7x^3}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(45045b^8dx^8 + 54054ab^7dx^7 + 51051b^8cx^7 + 693a^2b^6dx^6 + 62832ab^7cx^6 - 756a^3b^5dx^5 + 1071a^2b^6cx^5 + 840a^3b^4dx^4 - 1152a^4b^3dx^3 + 1071a^2b^4cx^3 - 840a^3b^3dx^2 + 1071a^2b^4cx^2 - 840a^3b^3dx + 1071a^2b^4c)}{7}$
trager	$\frac{2(45045b^8dx^8 + 54054ab^7dx^7 + 51051b^8cx^7 + 693a^2b^6dx^6 + 62832ab^7cx^6 - 756a^3b^5dx^5 + 1071a^2b^6cx^5 + 840a^4b^4dx^4 - 1152a^4b^3dx^3 + 1071a^2b^4cx^3 - 840a^3b^3dx^2 + 1071a^2b^4cx^2 - 840a^3b^3dx + 1071a^2b^4c)}{7}$

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-32/1155*(-385/48*(9/11*d*x+c)*x^2*b^3+55/12*x*(21/22*d*x+c)*a*b^2-11/6*(15/11*d*x+c)*a^2*b+a^3*d)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(45045b^8dx^8 - 4352a^7bc + 3072a^8d + 3003(17b^8c + 18ab^7d)x^7 + 231(272ab^7c + 3a^2b^6d)x^6 + \dots}{7}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/765765*(45045*b^8*d*x^8 - 4352*a^7*b*c + 3072*a^8*d + 3003*(17*b^8*c + 1
8*a*b^7*d)*x^7 + 231*(272*a*b^7*c + 3*a^2*b^6*d)*x^6 + 63*(17*a^2*b^6*c -
12*a^3*b^5*d)*x^5 - 70*(17*a^3*b^5*c - 12*a^4*b^4*d)*x^4 + 80*(17*a^4*b^4*
c - 12*a^5*b^3*d)*x^3 - 96*(17*a^5*b^3*c - 12*a^6*b^2*d)*x^2 + 128*(17*a^6
*b^2*c - 12*a^7*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^7*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(3003b^7x^7 + 3696ab^6x^6 + 63a^2b^5x^5 - 70a^3b^4x^4 + 80a^4b^3x^3 - 96a^5b^2x^2 + 128a^6bx - 256a^7)}{45045b^6} + \frac{2(15015b^8x^8 + 18018ab^7x^7 + 231a^2b^6x^6 - 252a^3b^5x^5 + 280a^4b^4x^4 - 320a^5b^3x^3 + 384a^6b^2x^2 - 512a^7bx + 1024a^8)}{255255b^7} \sqrt{bx + a} \cdot \frac{d}{b^7}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*b^7*x^7 + 3696*a*b^6*x^6 + 63*a^2*b^5*x^5 - 70*a^3*b^4*x^4 +
80*a^4*b^3*x^3 - 96*a^5*b^2*x^2 + 128*a^6*b*x - 256*a^7)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/
b^6 + 2/255255*(15015*b^8*x^8 + 18018*a*b^7*x^7 + 231*a^2*b^6*x^6 - 252*a^
3*b^5*x^5 + 280*a^4*b^4*x^4 - 320*a^5*b^3*x^3 + 384*a^6*b^2*x^2 - 512*a^7*
b*x + 1024*a^8)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^7
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 600 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 600, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/765765*(1105*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*a^2*c*sgn(x)/b^5 + 510*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*a*c*sgn(x)/b^5 + 255*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^6 + 119*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*c*sgn(x)/b^5 + 238*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*a*d*sgn(x)/b^6 + 7*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2) - 58344*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a + 235620*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^3 + 850850*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^4 - 875160*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^5 + 612612*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^6 - 291720*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^7 + 109395*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^8)*d*sgn(x)/b^6)/b + 512/765765*(17*a^(15/2)*b*c - 12*a^(17/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^7
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(x^7 \left(\frac{12ad}{85} + \frac{2bc}{15} \right) + \frac{512a^7(12ad-17bc)}{765765b^7} + \frac{2bdx^8}{17} - \frac{256a^6x(12ad-17bc)}{765765b^6} + \frac{2ax^6(3ad+2b^2c)}{3315b} \right)}{x}$$

input `int(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output
$$\frac{((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*(x^7*((12*a*d)/85 + (2*b*c)/15) + (512*a^7*(12*a*d - 17*b*c))/(765765*b^7) + (2*b*d*x^8)/17 - (256*a^6*x*(12*a*d - 17*b*c))/(765765*b^6) + (2*a*x^6*(3*a*d + 272*b*c))/(3315*b) - (2*a^2*x^5*(12*a*d - 17*b*c))/(12155*b^2) + (4*a^3*x^4*(12*a*d - 17*b*c))/(21879*b^3) - (32*a^4*x^3*(12*a*d - 17*b*c))/(153153*b^4) + (64*a^5*x^2*(12*a*d - 17*b*c))/(255255*b^5))}{x}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^2(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(45045b^8dx^8 + 54054ab^7dx^7 + 51051b^8cx^7 + 693a^2b^6dx^6 + 62832ab^7cx^6 - 756a^3b^5d^2x^5 + 1071a^2b^6c^2x^5 + 693a^2b^6d^2x^5 + 62832a^2b^7c^2x^6 + 54054a^2b^7d^2x^6 + 51051b^8c^2x^7 + 45045b^8d^2x^8)}{(765765*b^7)}$$

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2*\sqrt{a + b*x}*(3072*a**8*d - 4352*a**7*b*c - 1536*a**7*b*d*x + 2176*a**6*b**2*c*x + 1152*a**6*b**2*d*x**2 - 1632*a**5*b**3*c*x**2 - 960*a**5*b**3*d*x**3 + 1360*a**4*b**4*c*x**3 + 840*a**4*b**4*d*x**4 - 1190*a**3*b**5*c*x**4 - 756*a**3*b**5*d*x**5 + 1071*a**2*b**6*c*x**5 + 693*a**2*b**6*d*x**6 + 62832*a*b**7*c*x**6 + 54054*a*b**7*d*x**7 + 51051*b**8*c*x**7 + 45045*b**8*d*x**8))/(765765*b**7)}$$

3.247 $\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1856
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1857
Rubi [A] (verified)	1857
Maple [A] (verified)	1861
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1862
Sympy [F]	1862
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1863
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1863
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1864
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1865

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2a^4(bc - ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^6x^5} - \frac{2a^3(4bc - 5ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^6x^7} + \frac{4a^2(3bc - 5ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^6x^9} - \frac{4a(2bc - 5ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^6x^{11}} + \frac{2(bc - 5ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^6x^{13}} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{15/2}}{15b^6x^{15}}$$

output

```
2/5*a^4*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^6/x^5-2/7*a^3*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^6/x^7+4/9*a^2*(-5*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^6/x^9-4/11*a*(-5*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^6/x^11+2/13*(-5*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(13/2)/b^6/x^13+2/15*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(15/2)/b^6/x^15
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx)^3 (-256a^5d + 1680a^2b^3x^2(c + dx) + 128a^4b(3c + 5dx) - 160a^3b^2x(6c + 7dx) - 210a^2b^3x^2(12c + 11dx) + 231ab^5x^4(15c + 13dx))}{45045b^6\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x*(a + b*x)^3*(-256*a^5*d + 1680*a^2*b^3*x^2*(c + d*x) + 128*a^4*b*(3*c + 5*d*x) - 160*a^3*b^2*x*(6*c + 7*d*x) - 210*a*b^4*x^3*(12*c + 11*d*x) + 231*b^5*x^4*(15*c + 13*d*x)))/(45045*b^6*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1908, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1945} \\ & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int x(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2} dx}{3b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\ & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \frac{8a \int (bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2} dx}{13b} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1908} \end{aligned}$$

$$(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2} - \frac{6a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}}{11b} dx}{11b} \right)}{13b}}{3b} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b}$$

↓ 1922

$$(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3} - \frac{4a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}}{9b} dx}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b}}{3b} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b}$$

↓ 1922

$$\left((3bc - 2ad) \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \left(\frac{8a \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2} - \left(\frac{6a \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{2a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{7b} dx}{x^3} \right)}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{15b}$$

↓ 1920

$$\left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{4a(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5} \right)}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right) (3bc - 2ad) + \frac{3b}{15b} 2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}$$

input

```
Int [x*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(15*b) + ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(13*b*x) - (8*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(11*b*x^2) - (6*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(9*b*x^3) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^4)))/(9*b)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)))/(3*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1908

```
Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] - Simp[b*((n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1))) Int[x^(n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[j*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 1920 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1922 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1945 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_ +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{16(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(\frac{45x \left(c + \frac{7dx}{9} \right) b^2}{8} - \frac{9 \left(\frac{10dx}{9} + c \right) ab}{4} + a^2 d \right)}{315b^3}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-3003dx^5b^5+2310ab^4dx^4-3465b^5cx^4-1680a^2b^3dx^3+2520ab^4cx^3+1120a^3b^2dx^2-1680a^2b^3cx^2-640a^4bdx-105a^5b^2c)}{45045b^6x^3}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-3003dx^5b^5+2310ab^4dx^4-3465b^5cx^4-1680a^2b^3dx^3+2520ab^4cx^3+1120a^3b^2dx^2-1680a^2b^3cx^2-640a^4bdx-105a^5b^2c)}{45045b^6x^3}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-3003dx^5b^5+2310ab^4dx^4-3465b^5cx^4-1680a^2b^3dx^3+2520ab^4cx^3+1120a^3b^2dx^2-1680a^2b^3cx^2-640a^4bdx-105a^5b^2c)}{45045b^6x^3}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-3003b^7dx^7-3696ab^6dx^6-3465b^7cx^6-63a^2b^5dx^5-4410ab^6cx^5+70a^3b^4dx^4-105a^2b^5cx^4-80a^4b^3dx^3-120a^3b^4dx^2-105a^5b^2c)}{45045bx^6}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-3003b^7dx^7-3696ab^6dx^6-3465b^7cx^6-63a^2b^5dx^5-4410ab^6cx^5+70a^3b^4dx^4-105a^2b^5cx^4-80a^4b^3dx^3+120a^3b^4dx^2-105a^5b^2c)}{45045b^6x}$

input `int(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $16/315*(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}*(45/8*x*(c+7/9*d*x)*b^2-9/4*(10/9*d*x+c)*a*b+a^2*d)/b^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(3003b^7dx^7 + 384a^6bc - 256a^7d + 231(15b^7c + 16ab^6d)x^6 + 63(70ab^6c + a^2b^5d)x^5 + 35(3a^2b^5c - 2a^3b^4d)x^4 - 40(3a^3b^4c - 2a^4b^3d)x^3 + 48(3a^4b^3c - 2a^5b^2d)x^2 - 64(3a^5b^2c - 2a^6b^1d)x)*\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{b^6x}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/45045*(3003*b^7*d*x^7 + 384*a^6*b*c - 256*a^7*d + 231*(15*b^7*c + 16*a*b^6*d)*x^6 + 63*(70*a*b^6*c + a^2*b^5*d)*x^5 + 35*(3*a^2*b^5*c - 2*a^3*b^4*d)*x^4 - 40*(3*a^3*b^4*c - 2*a^4*b^3*d)*x^3 + 48*(3*a^4*b^3*c - 2*a^5*b^2*d)*x^2 - 64*(3*a^5*b^2*c - 2*a^6*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}/(b^6*x)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \int x(x^2(a+bx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(1155b^6x^6 + 1470ab^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4x^4 - 40a^3b^3x^3 + 48a^4b^2x^2 - 64a^5bx + 128a^6)\sqrt{bx + a}}{15015b^5} + \frac{2(3003b^7x^7 + 3696ab^6x^6 + 63a^2b^5x^5 - 70a^3b^4x^4 + 80a^4b^3x^3 - 96a^5b^2x^2 + 128a^6bx - 256a^7)\sqrt{bx + a}}{45045b^6}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15015*(1155*b^6*x^6 + 1470*a*b^5*x^5 + 35*a^2*b^4*x^4 - 40*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 48*a^4*b^2*x^2 - 64*a^5*b*x + 128*a^6)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^5 + 2/45045*(3003*b^7*x^7 + 3696*a*b^6*x^6 + 63*a^2*b^5*x^5 - 70*a^3*b^4*x^4 + 80*a^4*b^3*x^3 - 96*a^5*b^2*x^2 + 128*a^6*b*x - 256*a^7)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^6`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 528 vs. 2(181) = 362.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/45045*(143*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(
5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*a^2*c*sgn(x)/b
^4 + 130*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2
)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x
+ a)*a^5)*a*c*sgn(x)/b^4 + 65*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*
a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3
/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^5 + 15*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/
2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(
7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt
(b*x + a)*a^6)*c*sgn(x)/b^4 + 30*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(1
1/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x +
a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*a*d*sgn
(x)/b^5 + 7*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x +
a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 2
7027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*
a^7)*d*sgn(x)/b^5)/b - 256/45045*(3*a^(13/2)*b*c - 2*a^(15/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^
6

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(x^6 \left(\frac{32ad}{195} + \frac{2bc}{13} \right) - \frac{512a^7d - 768a^6bc}{45045b^6} + \frac{2bdx^7}{15} + \frac{128a^5x(2ad - 3bc)}{45045b^5} + \frac{2ax^5(ad + 70bc)}{715b} \right)}{x}$$

input

```
int(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```

((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(x^6*((32*a*d)/195 + (2*b*c)/13) - (512*a^7*d - 768
*a^6*b*c)/(45045*b^6) + (2*b*d*x^7)/15 + (128*a^5*x*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(4504
5*b^5) + (2*a*x^5*(a*d + 70*b*c))/(715*b) - (2*a^2*x^4*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(1
287*b^2) + (16*a^3*x^3*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(9009*b^3) - (32*a^4*x^2*(2*a*d -
3*b*c))/(15015*b^4))/x

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} (3003b^7dx^7 + 3696ab^6dx^6 + 3465b^7cx^6 + 63a^2b^5dx^5 + 4410ab^6cx^5 - 70a^3b^4dx^4 + 3003a^2b^5cx^4 - 192a^3b^4dx^3 + 144a^4b^3c^2x^2 + 80a^4b^3d^2x^2 - 96a^5b^2d^2x^2 + 105a^2b^5c^2x^4 + 63a^2b^5d^2x^5 + 4410ab^6c^2x^5 + 3696ab^6d^2x^6 + 3465b^7c^2x^6 + 3003b^7d^2x^7)}{(45045b^6)}$$

input `int(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 256*a**7*d + 384*a**6*b*c + 128*a**6*b*d*x - 192*a**5*b**2*c*x - 96*a**5*b**2*d*x**2 + 144*a**4*b**3*c*x**2 + 80*a**4*b**3*d*x**3 - 120*a**3*b**4*c*x**3 - 70*a**3*b**4*d*x**4 + 105*a**2*b**5*c*x**4 + 63*a**2*b**5*d*x**5 + 4410*a*b**6*c*x**5 + 3696*a*b**6*d*x**6 + 3465*b**7*c*x**6 + 3003*b**7*d*x**7))/(45045*b**6)`

3.248 $\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1866
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1867
Rubi [A] (verified)	1867
Maple [A] (verified)	1868
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1869
Sympy [F]	1869
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1870
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1870
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1871
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1872

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2a^3(bc - ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^5x^5} + \frac{2a^2(3bc - 4ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^5x^7} - \frac{2a(bc - 2ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{9/2}}{3b^5x^9} + \frac{2(bc - 4ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^5x^{11}} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^5x^{13}}$$

output

```
-2/5*a^3*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^5/x^5+2/7*a^2*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^5/x^7-2/3*a*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^5/x^9+2/11*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^5/x^11+2/13*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(13/2)/b^5/x^13
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx)^3 (128a^4d + 105b^4x^3(13c + 11dx) - 70ab^3x^2(13c + 12dx) + 40a^2b^2x(13c + 14dx) - 16a^3b(13c + 20d*x))}{15015b^5\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*x*(a + b*x)^3*(128*a^4*d + 105*b^4*x^3*(13*c + 11*d*x) - 70*a*b^3*x^2*(13*c + 12*d*x) + 40*a^2*b^2*x*(13*c + 14*d*x) - 16*a^3*b*(13*c + 20*d*x)) / (15015*b^5*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2450, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx) dx$$

↓ 2450

$$\int \left(c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} + dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{256a^4d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{15015b^5x^5} - \frac{32a^3c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{1155b^4x^5} - \frac{128a^3d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3003b^4x^4} + \frac{16a^2c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{231b^3x^4} + \frac{32a^2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{429b^3x^3} - \frac{4ac(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{33b^2x^3} - \frac{16ad(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{143b^2x^2} + \frac{2c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{13bx}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(-32a^3c(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(1155b^4x^5)} + \frac{(256a^4d(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(15015b^5x^5)} + \frac{(16a^2c(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(231b^3x^4)} \\ & - \frac{(128a^3d(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(3003b^4x^4)} - \frac{(4ac(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(33b^2x^3)} + \frac{(32a^2d(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(429b^3x^3)} + \\ & \frac{(2c(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(11bx^2)} - \frac{(16ad(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(143b^2x^2)} + \frac{(2d(a^2x^2 + b^3x^3)^{5/2})}{(13bx)} \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2450 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && (PolyQ[Pq, x] || PolyQ[Pq, x^n]) && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-5bdx+2ad-7bc)}{35b^2}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(1155d^4x^4b^4-840ab^3dx^3+1365b^4cx^3+560a^2b^2dx^2-910ab^3cx^2-320a^3bdx+520a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-208a^3bc)(bx^5)}{15015b^5x^3}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(1155d^4x^4b^4-840ab^3dx^3+1365b^4cx^3+560a^2b^2dx^2-910ab^3cx^2-320a^3bdx+520a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-208a^3bc)(bx^5)}{15015b^5x^3}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(1155d^4x^4b^4-840ab^3dx^3+1365b^4cx^3+560a^2b^2dx^2-910ab^3cx^2-320a^3bdx+520a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-208a^3bc)(bx^5)}{15015b^5x^3}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(1155dx^6b^6+1470ab^5dx^5+1365b^6cx^5+35a^2b^4dx^4+1820ab^5cx^4-40a^3b^3dx^3+65a^2b^4cx^3+48a^4b^2dx^2-78a^3b^3cx^2-65a^4b^2dx-128a^5)}{15015bx^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(1155dx^6b^6+1470ab^5dx^5+1365b^6cx^5+35a^2b^4dx^4+1820ab^5cx^4-40a^3b^3dx^3+65a^2b^4cx^3+48a^4b^2dx^2-78a^3b^3cx^2-65a^4b^2dx-128a^5)}{15015b^5x}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-2/35*(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}*(-5*b*d*x+2*a*d-7*b*c)/b^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(1155b^6dx^6 - 208a^5bc + 128a^6d + 105(13b^6c + 14ab^5d)x^5 + 35(52ab^5c + a^2b^4d)x^4 + 5(13a^2b^4c - 8a^3b^3d)x^3 - 6(13a^3b^3c - 8a^4b^2d)x^2 + 8(13a^4b^2c - 8a^5b^2d)x + 8a^5b^2d}{15015b^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/15015*(1155*b^6*d*x^6 - 208*a^5*b*c + 128*a^6*d + 105*(13*b^6*c + 14*a*b^5*d)*x^5 + 35*(52*a*b^5*c + a^2*b^4*d)*x^4 + 5*(13*a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^3*d)*x^3 - 6*(13*a^3*b^3*c - 8*a^4*b^2*d)*x^2 + 8*(13*a^4*b^2*c - 8*a^5*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^5*x)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2(a + bx))^{3/2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(105b^5x^5 + 140ab^4x^4 + 5a^2b^3x^3 - 6a^3b^2x^2 + 8a^4bx - 16a^5)\sqrt{bx + ac}}{1155b^4} + \frac{2(1155b^6x^6 + 1470ab^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4x^4 - 40a^3b^3x^3 + 48a^4b^2x^2 - 64a^5bx + 128a^6)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{15015b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/1155*(105*b^5*x^5 + 140*a*b^4*x^4 + 5*a^2*b^3*x^3 - 6*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^4*b*x - 16*a^5)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^4 + 2/15015*(1155*b^6*x^6 + 1470*a*b^5*x^5 + 35*a^2*b^4*x^4 - 40*a^3*b^3*x^3 + 48*a^4*b^2*x^2 - 64*a^5*b*x + 128*a^6)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^5`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. 2(147) = 294.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/45045*(1287*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*a^2*c*sgn(x)/b^3 + 286*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*a*c*sgn(x)/b^3 + 143*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^4 + 65*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*c*sgn(x)/b^3 + 130*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*a*d*sgn(x)/b^4 + 15*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*d*sgn(x)/b^4)/b + 32/15015*(13*a^(11/2)*b*c - 8*a^(13/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(x^5 \left(\frac{28ad}{143} + \frac{2bc}{11} \right) + \frac{256a^6d - 416a^5bc}{15015b^5} + \frac{2bdx^6}{13} - \frac{16a^4x(8ad - 13bc)}{15015b^4} + \frac{2ax^4(ad + 52bc)}{429b} \right)}{x}$$

input

```
int((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(x^5*((28*a*d)/143 + (2*b*c)/11) + (256*a^6*d - 416*a^5*b*c)/(15015*b^5) + (2*b*d*x^6)/13 - (16*a^4*x*(8*a*d - 13*b*c))/(15015*b^4) + (2*a*x^4*(a*d + 52*b*c))/(429*b) - (2*a^2*x^3*(8*a*d - 13*b*c))/(3003*b^2) + (4*a^3*x^2*(8*a*d - 13*b*c))/(5005*b^3)))/x
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} (1155b^6dx^6 + 1470ab^5dx^5 + 1365b^6cx^5 + 35a^2b^4dx^4 + 1820ab^5cx^4 - 40a^3b^3dx^3 + 15015b^6c^2x^2 - 15015b^6cdx + 15015b^6c^2)}{15015b^6c^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**6*d - 208*a**5*b*c - 64*a**5*b*d*x + 104*a**4*b**2*c*x + 48*a**4*b**2*d*x**2 - 78*a**3*b**3*c*x**2 - 40*a**3*b**3*d*x**3 + 65*a**2*b**4*c*x**3 + 35*a**2*b**4*d*x**4 + 1820*a*b**5*c*x**4 + 1470*a*b**5*d*x**5 + 1365*b**6*c*x**5 + 1155*b**6*d*x**6))/(15015*b**5)`

3.249
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1873
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1873
Rubi [A] (verified)	1874
Maple [C] (verified)	1876
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1876
Sympy [F]	1877
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1877
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1877
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1878
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1879

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2a^2(bc-ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^4x^5} - \frac{2a(2bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^4x^7} + \frac{2(bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^4x^9} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^4x^{11}}$$

output

```
2/5*a^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^4/x^5-2/7*a*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^4/x^7+2/9*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^4/x^9+2/11*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^4/x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2x(a+bx)^3(-48a^3d+35b^3x^2(11c+9dx)+8a^2b(11c+15dx)-10ab^2x^2)}{3465b^4\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c+d*x)*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2))/x,x]
```

output

$$(2*x*(a + b*x)^3*(-48*a^3*d + 35*b^3*x^2*(11*c + 9*d*x) + 8*a^2*b*(11*c + 15*d*x) - 10*a*b^2*x*(22*c + 21*d*x)))/(3465*b^4*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 6ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx}{11b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3} - \frac{4a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{9b} \right)}{11b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{2a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{7b} \right)}{9b} \right)}{11b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{4a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5} \right)}{9b} \right) (11bc - 6ad)}{11b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11bx^2}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output `(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(11*b*x^2) + ((11*b*c - 6*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(9*b*x^3) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^4)))/(9*b)))/(11*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1945 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 3 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-2ca^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left((dx^2 + \frac{5}{3}cx)b^2 + \frac{20(\frac{3dx}{10} + c)ab}{3} + a^2d \right)}{b^5}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-315b^3dx^3 + 210ab^2dx^2 - 385b^3cx^2 - 120a^2bdx + 220ab^2cx + 48a^3d - 88ca^2b)(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465b^4x^3}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-315b^3dx^3 + 210ab^2dx^2 - 385b^3cx^2 - 120a^2bdx + 220ab^2cx + 48a^3d - 88ca^2b)(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465b^4x^3}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-315b^3dx^3 + 210ab^2dx^2 - 385b^3cx^2 - 120a^2bdx + 220ab^2cx + 48a^3d - 88ca^2b)(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465b^4x^3}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-315dx^5b^5 - 420ab^4dx^4 - 385b^5cx^4 - 15a^2b^3dx^3 - 550ab^4cx^3 + 18a^3b^2dx^2 - 33a^2b^3cx^2 - 24a^4bdx + 44a^5)}{3465x^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-315dx^5b^5 - 420ab^4dx^4 - 385b^5cx^4 - 15a^2b^3dx^3 - 550ab^4cx^3 + 18a^3b^2dx^2 - 33a^2b^3cx^2 - 24a^4bdx + 44a^5b^2cx + 48a^5)}{3465b^4x}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{5} * (-5 * c * a^{(3/2)} * b * \operatorname{arctanh}((b * x + a)^{(1/2)} / a^{(1/2)}) + (b * x + a)^{(1/2)} * ((d * x^2 + 5 / 3 * c * x) * b^2 + 20 / 3 * (3 / 10 * d * x + c) * a * b + a^2 * d)) / b$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2(315b^5dx^5 + 88a^4bc - 48a^5d + 35(11b^5c + 12ab^4d)x^4 + 5(110ab^4c + 3465a^4b^2cd)x^3 + 5(110ab^4c + 3465a^4b^2cd)x^2 - 4(11a^3b^2*c - 6a^4*b*d)*x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3 + a*x^2)}{b^4*x}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465} * (315 * b^5 * d * x^5 + 88 * a^4 * b * c - 48 * a^5 * d + 35 * (11 * b^5 * c + 12 * a * b^4 * d) * x^4 + 5 * (110 * a * b^4 * c + 3 * a^2 * b^3 * d) * x^3 + 3 * (11 * a^2 * b^3 * c - 6 * a^3 * b^2 * d) * x^2 - 4 * (11 * a^3 * b^2 * c - 6 * a^4 * b * d) * x) * \operatorname{sqrt}(b * x^3 + a * x^2) / (b^4 * x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2(35b^4x^4 + 50ab^3x^3 + 3a^2b^2x^2 - 4a^3bx + 8a^4)\sqrt{bx + ac}}{315b^3} + \frac{2(105b^5x^5 + 140ab^4x^4 + 5a^2b^3x^3 - 6a^3b^2x^2 + 8a^4bx - 16a^5)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{1155b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*b^4*x^4 + 50*a*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*x^2 - 4*a^3*b*x + 8*a^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^3 + 2/1155*(105*b^5*x^5 + 140*a*b^4*x^4 + 5*a^2*b^3*x^3 - 6*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^4*b*x - 16*a^5)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 384 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{231(3(bx+a)^{5/2} - 10(bx+a)^{3/2}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})a^2 \operatorname{csgn}(x)}{b^2} + \frac{198(5(bx+a)^{7/2} - 21(bx+a)^{5/2}a + 35(bx+a)^{3/2}a^2 - 3a^3)\sqrt{bx+aa^2}}{b^3} \right)}{3465b^4} - \frac{16 \left(11a^{9/2}bc - 6a^{11/2}d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3465b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/3465*(231*(3*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)} - 10*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a + 15*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^2)*a^2*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^2 + 198*(5*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 21*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a + 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2 - 35*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^3)*a*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^2 + 99*(5*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 21*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a + 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2 - 35*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^3)*a^2*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3 + 11*(35*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)} - 180*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a + 378*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^3 + 315*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^4)*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^2 + 22*(35*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)} - 180*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a + 378*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^3 + 315*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^4)*a*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3 + 5*(63*(b*x + a)^{(11/2)} - 385*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)}*a + 990*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^4 - 693*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^5)*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3)/b - 16/3465*(11*a^{(9/2)}*b*c - 6*a^{(11/2)}*d)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{x^4(770cb^5 + 840adb^4)}{3465b^4} - \frac{96a^5d - 176a^4bc}{3465b^4} + \frac{2bdx^5}{11} + \frac{8a^3x(6ad - 11bc)}{3465b^3} \right)}{x}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*((x^4*(770*b^5*c + 840*a*b^4*d))/(3465*b^4) - (96*a^5*d - 176*a^4*b*c)/(3465*b^4) + (2*b*d*x^5)/11 + (8*a^3*x*(6*a*d - 11*b*c))/(3465*b^3) + (2*a*x^3*(3*a*d + 110*b*c))/(693*b) - (2*a^2*x^2*(6*a*d - 11*b*c))/(1155*b^2)))/x \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(315b^5dx^5 + 420ab^4dx^4 + 385b^5cx^4 + 15a^2b^3dx^3 + 550ab^4cx^3 + 3465b^5c^2x^2 + 33a^2b^3c^2x^2 + 15a^2b^3d^2x^3 + 550ab^4c^2x^3 + 420ab^4d^2x^4 + 385b^5c^2x^4 + 315b^5d^2x^5)}{3465b^4}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 48*a**5*d + 88*a**4*b*c + 24*a**4*b*d*x - 44*a**3*b**2*c*x - 18*a**3*b**2*d*x**2 + 33*a**2*b**3*c*x**2 + 15*a**2*b**3*d*x**3 + 550*a*b**4*c*x**3 + 420*a*b**4*d*x**4 + 385*b**5*c*x**4 + 315*b**5*d*x**5))/(3465*b**4)`

3.250 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1880
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1880
Rubi [A] (verified)	1881
Maple [A] (verified)	1882
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1883
Sympy [F]	1883
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1884
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1884
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1885
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1885

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2a(bc-ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^3x^5} + \frac{2(bc-2ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^3x^7} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^3x^9}$$

output
$$-2/5*a*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^3/x^5+2/7*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^3/x^7+2/9*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^3/x^9$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2x(a+bx)^3(8a^2d+5b^2x(9c+7dx)-2ab(9c+10dx))}{315b^3\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(c+d*x)*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^2,x]$$

output

```
(2*x*(a + b*x)^3*(8*a^2*d + 5*b^2*x*(9*c + 7*d*x) - 2*a*b*(9*c + 10*d*x))
/(315*b^3*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(9bc - 4ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3}$$

↓ 1922

$$\frac{(9bc - 4ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{2a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{7b} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4} - \frac{4a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{35b^2x^5} \right) (9bc - 4ad)}{9b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9bx^3}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(9*b*x^3) + ((9*b*c - 4*a*d)*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b
*x^3)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^4)))/(9*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1920 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1922 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1945 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_ +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(35b^2dx^2-20abdx+45b^2cx+8a^2d-18abc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315b^3x^3}$	61
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(35b^2dx^2-20abdx+45b^2cx+8a^2d-18abc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315b^3x^3}$	61
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(35b^2dx^2-20abdx+45b^2cx+8a^2d-18abc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315b^3x^3}$	61
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(ax\left(ad+\frac{3bc}{2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)-\left(\left(\frac{4dx}{3}-\frac{c}{2}\right)a^{\frac{3}{2}}+bx\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{dx}{3}+c\right)\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{ax}}$	67
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(35dx^4b^4+50ab^3dx^3+45b^4cx^3+3a^2b^2dx^2+72ab^3cx^2-4a^3bdx+9a^2b^2cx+8a^4d-18a^3bc)}{315xb^3}$	102
trager	$\frac{2(35dx^4b^4+50ab^3dx^3+45b^4cx^3+3a^2b^2dx^2+72ab^3cx^2-4a^3bdx+9a^2b^2cx+8a^4d-18a^3bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315b^3x}$	104

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/315*(b*x+a)*(35*b^2*d*x^2-20*a*b*d*x+45*b^2*c*x+8*a^2*d-18*a*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^3/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2(35b^4dx^4 - 18a^3bc + 8a^4d + 5(9b^4c + 10ab^3d)x^3 + 3(24ab^3c + a^2b^2d)x^2 + (9a^2b^2c - 4a^3b*d)x) \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{315b^3x}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*b^4*d*x^4 - 18*a^3*b*c + 8*a^4*d + 5*(9*b^4*c + 10*a*b^3*d)*x^3 + 3*(24*a*b^3*c + a^2*b^2*d)*x^2 + (9*a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^3*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}(c+dx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2(5b^3x^3+8ab^2x^2+a^2bx-2a^3)\sqrt{bx+ac}}{35b^2} + \frac{2(35b^4x^4+50ab^3x^3+3a^2b^2x^2-4a^3bx+8a^4)\sqrt{bx+ad}}{315b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/35*(5*b^3*x^3 + 8*a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b*x - 2*a^3)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^2 + 2/35*(35*b^4*x^4 + 50*a*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*x^2 - 4*a^3*b*x + 8*a^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 309 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{105 \left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa} \right) a^2 \operatorname{csgn}(x)}{b} + \frac{42 \left(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2} \right) a \operatorname{csgn}(x)}{b} \right)}{315b^3} + \frac{4 \left(9a^{\frac{7}{2}}bc - 4a^{\frac{9}{2}}d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{315b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/315*(105*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*a^2*c*sgn(x)/b + 42*(3*(b
*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*a*c*sgn(x)/b
+ 21*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*a^2
*d*sgn(x)/b^2 + 9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)
^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*c*sgn(x)/b + 18*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21
*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*a*d*sg
n(x)/b^2 + (35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/
2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*d*sgn(x)/b^2)/b
+ 4/315*(9*a^(7/2)*b*c - 4*a^(9/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{16a^4d - 36a^3bc}{315b^3} + \frac{x^3(90cb^4 + 100adb^3)}{315b^3} + \frac{2bdx^4}{9} - \frac{2a^2x(4ad - 9bc)}{315b^2} \right)}{x}$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((16*a^4*d - 36*a^3*b*c)/(315*b^3) + (x^3*(90*b^4*c
+ 100*a*b^3*d))/(315*b^3) + (2*b*d*x^4)/9 - (2*a^2*x*(4*a*d - 9*b*c))/(31
5*b^2) + (2*a*x^2*(a*d + 24*b*c))/(105*b)))/x
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(35b^4dx^4 + 50ab^3dx^3 + 45b^4cx^3 + 3a^2b^2dx^2 + 72ab^3cx^2 - 4a^3c^2x + 35b^4d^2x^4)}{315b^3}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(8*a**4*d - 18*a**3*b*c - 4*a**3*b*d*x + 9*a**2*b**2*c*x
+ 3*a**2*b**2*d*x**2 + 72*a*b**3*c*x**2 + 50*a*b**3*d*x**3 + 45*b**4*c*x**
3 + 35*b**4*d*x**4))/(315*b**3)
```

$$3.251 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1886
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1886
Rubi [A] (verified)	1887
Maple [A] (verified)	1888
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1889
Sympy [F]	1889
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1889
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1890
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1890
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1891

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2(bc-ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^2x^5} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^2x^7}$$

output

```
2/5*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^2/x^5+2/7*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^2/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2x(a+bx)^3(7bc-2ad+5bdx)}{35b^2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*x*(a + b*x)^3*(7*b*c - 2*a*d + 5*b*d*x))/(35*b^2*sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1945, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(7bc - 2ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{7b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (7bc - 2ad)}{35b^2x^5} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7bx^4}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*(7*b*c - 2*a*d)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(35*b^2*x^5) + (2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(7*b*x^4)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j]
  && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```


rule 1945

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-5bdx+2ad-7bc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35b^2x^3}$	41
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-5bdx+2ad-7bc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35b^2x^3}$	41
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-5bdx+2ad-7bc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35b^2x^3}$	41
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3 \left(bx^2 \left(ad + \frac{bc}{4} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{5 \left(\frac{2(2dx+c)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5} + bx\sqrt{a} \left(-\frac{8dx}{5} + c \right) \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{12}}{\sqrt{a}x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a}x^2}$	68
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-5b^3dx^3-8ab^2dx^2-7b^3cx^2-a^2bdx-14ab^2cx+2a^3d-7ca^2b)}{35xb^2}$	78
trager	$-\frac{2(-5b^3dx^3-8ab^2dx^2-7b^3cx^2-a^2bdx-14ab^2cx+2a^3d-7ca^2b)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{35b^2x}$	80

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35*(b*x+a)*(-5*b*d*x+2*a*d-7*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^2/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2(5b^3dx^3 + 7a^2bc - 2a^3d + (7b^3c + 8ab^2d)x^2 + (14ab^2c + a^2bd)x)\sqrt{bx^3}}{35b^2x}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/35*(5*b^3*d*x^3 + 7*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d + (7*b^3*c + 8*a*b^2*d)*x^2 + (14*a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^2*x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x**3, x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)\sqrt{bx + ac}}{5b} + \frac{2(5b^3x^3 + 8ab^2x^2 + a^2bx - 2a^3)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{35b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/5*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b + 2/35*(5*b^3*x^3 + 8*a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b*x - 2*a^3)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \left(105 \sqrt{bx + aa^2} \operatorname{csgn}(x) + 70 \left((bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{bx + aa} \right) \operatorname{acsngn}(x) + \frac{35}{b} \left((bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 \sqrt{bx + a} a \right) \operatorname{csgn}(x) + 2 \left(7 a^{\frac{5}{2}} bc - 2 a^{\frac{7}{2}} d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) \right)}{35 b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(105*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*c*sgn(x) + 70*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*a*c*sgn(x) + 35*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b + 7*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*c*sgn(x) + 14*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*a*d*sgn(x)/b + 3*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*d*sgn(x)/b/b - 2/35*(7*a^(5/2)*b*c - 2*a^(7/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} (a + bx)^2 (7bc - 2ad + 5bdx)}{35 b^2 x}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^3,x)`

output `(2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^2*(7*b*c - 2*a*d + 5*b*d*x))/(35*b^2*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(5b^3dx^3 + 8ab^2dx^2 + 7b^3cx^2 + a^2bdx + 14ab^2cx - 2a^3d + 7a^2b^2c)}{35b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 2*a**3*d + 7*a**2*b*c + a**2*b*d*x + 14*a*b**2*c*x + 8*a*b**2*d*x**2 + 7*b**3*c*x**2 + 5*b**3*d*x**3))/(35*b**2)`

3.252
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1892
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1892
Rubi [A] (verified)	1893
Maple [A] (verified)	1895
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1895
Sympy [F]	1896
Maxima [F]	1896
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1896
Mupad [F(-1)]	1897
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1897

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2ac\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} + \frac{2c(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5bx^5} - 2a^{3/2} \operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)$$

output

```
2*a*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3+2/5*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b/x^5-2*a^(3/2)*c*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2x((a+bx)(3a^2d+b^2x(5c+3dx))+ab(20c+6dx))-15a^{3/2}bc\sqrt{a+bx}}{15b\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c+d*x)*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(2*x*((a + b*x)*(3*a^2*d + b^2*x*(5*c + 3*d*x) + a*b*(20*c + 6*d*x)) - 15*
a^(3/2)*b*c*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(15*b*Sqrt[x^2*
(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1945} \\
 & c \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1927} \\
 & c \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^2} dx + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1927} \\
 & c \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1914} \\
 & c \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5bx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & c \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5bx^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^4,x]`

output `(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(5*b*x^5) + c*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*x^3) + a*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1945 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(3d(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15ca^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc + 15\sqrt{bx+a}abc \right)}{15x^3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b}$	82
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3 \left(b^2x^3 \left(ad - \frac{bc}{6} \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{4 \left(\frac{7x \left(\frac{15dx}{4} + c \right) b a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \left(\frac{3dx}{2} + c \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{a}b^2cx^2}{8} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{9} \right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3}$	82

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{15} \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(3d(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15ca^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc + 15\sqrt{bx+a}abc \right)}{x^3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \left[\frac{15a^{\frac{3}{2}}bcx \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(3b^2dx^2 + 20abc + 3a^2d + (5b^2c + 6ab^2d)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15bx} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{15} \frac{(15a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2cx \log((bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2})\sqrt{a})/x^2) + 2(3b^2d^2x^2 + 20a^2bc + 3a^2d + (5b^2c + 6ab^2d)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)}, \frac{2}{15} \frac{(15\sqrt{-a}ab^2cx \operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2})\sqrt{-a}) + (3b^2d^2x^2 + 20a^2bc + 3a^2d + (5b^2c + 6ab^2d)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)} \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/x^4, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx &= \frac{2a^2c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-a}} \\ &- \frac{2\left(15a^2bc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 20\sqrt{-a}a^{\frac{3}{2}}bc + 3\sqrt{-a}a^{\frac{5}{2}}d\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15\sqrt{-ab}} \\ &+ \frac{2\left(5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 15\sqrt{bx+a}aab^5c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4d \operatorname{sgn}(x)\right)}{15b^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*a^2*c*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))*sgn(x)/sqrt(-a) - 2/15*(15*a^2*b*c*
arctan(sqrt(a)/sqrt(-a)) + 20*sqrt(-a)*a^(3/2)*b*c + 3*sqrt(-a)*a^(5/2)*d
*sgn(x)/(sqrt(-a)*b) + 2/15*(5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 15*sqrt(b*x
+ a)*a*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^4*d*sgn(x))/b^5
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^4, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{bx + a}a^2d + 40\sqrt{bx + a}abc + 12\sqrt{bx + a}abdx + 10\sqrt{bx + a}b^2cx + 6\sqrt{bx + a}b^2d}{15b}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d + 40*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c + 12*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*
x + 10*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*c*x + 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*d*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*l
og(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b*c - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a)
)*a*b*c)/(15*b)
```

3.253 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1898
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1898
Rubi [A] (verified)	1899
Maple [A] (verified)	1901
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1901
Sympy [F]	1902
Maxima [F]	1902
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1902
Mupad [F(-1)]	1903
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1903

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{(3bc+2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} - \sqrt{a}(3bc+2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)$$

output

```
(2*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x-c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4+2/3*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3-a^(1/2)*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{(a+bx)(2bx(3c+dx)+a(-3c+8dx))-3\sqrt{a}(3bc+2ad)x\sqrt{a+bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c+d*x)*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^5,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x)*(2*b*x*(3*c + d*x) + a*(-3*c + 8*d*x)) - 3*Sqrt[a]*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(3*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1944, 1927, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$\frac{(2ad + 3bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{ax^6}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^2} dx + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{ax^6}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{ax^6}$$

$$\downarrow 1914$$

$$\frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{ax^6}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) (2ad + 3bc)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{ax^6}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^5,x]`

output `-((c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(a*x^6)) + ((3*b*c + 2*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*x^3) + a*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])))/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1944 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{b^3 x^4 \left(ad - \frac{3bc}{8} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - 3 \left(\frac{b^2 x^2 (4dx+c)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12} + bx \left(\frac{14dx}{9} + c \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(\frac{8dx}{9} + \frac{2c}{3} \right) a^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a} b^3 c x^3}{8} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4}$
risch	$-\frac{ac\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{x^2} + \frac{\left(\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} d}{3} + 2\sqrt{bx+a} ad + 2\sqrt{bx+a} bc - (2ad+3bc)\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx\sqrt{a} + 6a^{\frac{3}{2}} dx\sqrt{bx+a} + 6bcx\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a} - 6 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) a^2 dx - 9 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) abcx - 3a \right)}{3x^4 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*(b^3*x^4*(a*d-3/8*b*c)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-3*(1/12*b^2*x^2*(4*d*x+c)*a^(3/2)+b*x*(14/9*d*x+c)*a^(5/2)+(8/9*d*x+2/3*c)*a^(7/2)-1/8*a^(1/2)*b^3*c*x^3)*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/x^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{3(3bc+2ad)\sqrt{a}x^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(2bdx^2-3ac+2(3b^2c+4ad)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(2*b*d*x^2 - 3*a*c + 2*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/x^2, 1/3*(3*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (2*b*d*x^2 - 3*a*c + 2*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/x^2]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/x^5, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{bx+a} \operatorname{csgn}(x)}{bx} - \frac{3(3ab \operatorname{csgn}(x) + 2a^2 \operatorname{dsgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}} - \frac{2(3\sqrt{bx+ab^3} \operatorname{csgn}(x) + (bx+a)^{3/2})}{bx} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/3*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*c*sgn(x)/(b*x) - 3*(3*a*b*c*sgn(x) + 2*a^2*d*sgn(x))
)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) - 2*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3*c*
sgn(x) + (b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^2*d*sgn(x) + 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^2*d*sgn(x))/b^
3)*b
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^5, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{bx + a}ac + 16\sqrt{bx + a}adx + 12\sqrt{bx + a}bcx + 4\sqrt{bx + a}bdx^2 + 6\sqrt{bx + a}bdx^3}{6x^4}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*c + 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d*x + 12*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c*x
+ 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*d*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*d*x
+ 9*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*c*x - 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*
x) + sqrt(a))*a*d*x - 9*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*c*x)/(6*x)
```


3.254 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1904
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1904
Rubi [A] (verified)	1905
Maple [A] (verified)	1907
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1908
Sympy [F]	1908
Maxima [F]	1908
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1909
Mupad [F(-1)]	1909
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1909

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{(3bc+4ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4x^2} + \frac{2bd\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} - \frac{3b(bc+4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2+2*b*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5-3/4*b*(4*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}(bx(5c-8dx)+2a(c+2dx))+3b(bc+4ad)x^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{ax^3}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(b*x*(5*c - 8*d*x) + 2*a*(c + 2*d*x)) + 3*b*(b*c + 4*a*d)*x^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(Sqrt[a]*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{2ax^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + bc) \left(\frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{2ax^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1927} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + bc) \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{2ax^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1914} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + bc) \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{2ax^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}b\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)\right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4}\right)(4ad+bc)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{2ax^7}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/2*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(a*x^7) + ((b*c + 4*a*d)*(-(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^4) + (3*b*((2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*x)/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]]))/2)/(4*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+j*p+1))), x] - Simp[b*p*((n-j)/(c^n*(m+j*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m+n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p-1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m+j*p+1, 0]`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+n*p+1))), x] + Simp[a*(n-j)*(p/(c^j*(m+n*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m+j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p-1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m+n*p+1, 0]`

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(4adx+5cbx+2ac)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{4x^3} + \frac{b\left(16\sqrt{bx+a}d - \frac{2(12ad+3bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{8x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
pseudoelliptic	$3\left(b^4x^5\left(ad - \frac{bc}{2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{4\left(-\frac{5b^3x^3(3dx+c)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + b^2x^2\left(\frac{5dx}{2} + c\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}} + 22xb\left(\frac{15dx}{11} + c\right)a^{\frac{7}{2}} + (20dx+16c)a^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{15\sqrt{a}b^4}{8}\right)}{15}\right)$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(-8\sqrt{bx+a}db^2x^2\sqrt{a} + 12\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ab^2dx^2 + 3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)b^3cx^2 + 4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 5(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}{4bx^5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(4*a*d*x+5*b*c*x+2*a*c)/x^3*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)+1/8*b*(16*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*d-2*(12*a*d+3*b*c)/a^(1/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))*(x^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \left[\frac{3(b^2c + 4abd)\sqrt{ax^3} \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8abdx^2 - 2a^2c - (5a^2b + 4abd)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{8ax^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*(b^2*c + 4*a*b*d)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(8*a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*c - (5*a*b*c + 4*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(a*x^3), 1/4*(3*(b^2*c + 4*a*b*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (8*a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*c - (5*a*b*c + 4*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(a*x^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/x^6, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{3(b^3c\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 4ab^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) - 5(bx+a)^{3/2}b^3c\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-a}}}{4b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(8*sqrt(b*x + a)*b^2*d*sgn(x) + 3*(b^3*c*sgn(x) + 4*a*b^2*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - (5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c*sgn(x) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^3*c*sgn(x) + 4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*d*sgn(x) - 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^2*d*sgn(x))/(b^2*x^2))/b`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^6,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^6, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{bx+a}a^2c - 8\sqrt{bx+a}a^2dx - 10\sqrt{bx+a}abcx + 16\sqrt{bx+a}abd x^2 + \dots}{4b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*c - 8*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d*x - 10*sqrt(a + b*x)*a
*b*c*x + 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt
(a))*a*b*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2 - 12*
sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b
*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2)/(8*a*x**2)
```

3.255 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1911
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1911
Rubi [A] (verified)	1912
Maple [A] (verified)	1914
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1914
Sympy [F]	1915
Maxima [F]	1915
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1916
Mupad [F(-1)]	1916
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1917

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(bc+2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4x^3} - \frac{b(bc+10ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8ax^2} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} + \frac{b^2(bc-6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3-1/8*b*(10*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^2-1/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6+1/8*b^2*(-6*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}(3b^2cx^2+4a^2(2c+3dx))+2abx(7c+15dx)\right)}{24a^{3/2}x^4\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^7,x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*b^2*c*x^2 + 4*a^2*(2*c +
3*d*x) + 2*a*b*x*(7*c + 15*d*x))) + 3*b^2*(b*c - 6*a*d)*x^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a
+ b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(24*a^(3/2)*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$\frac{(bc - 6ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3ax^8}$$

$$\downarrow 1926$$

$$\frac{(bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3ax^8}$$

$$\downarrow 1926$$

$$\frac{(bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3ax^8}$$

$$\downarrow 1914$$

$$\frac{(bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(-b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3ax^8}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(-\frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} \right) (bc - 6ad)}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3ax^8}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/3*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(a*x^8) - ((b*c - 6*a*d)*(-1/2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^5 + (3*b*(-Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/x^2) - (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/Sqrt[a]))/4)/(6*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1944 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(30abd^2x^2+3b^2cx^2+12a^2dx+14abcx+8a^2c)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{24x^4a} - \frac{(6ad-bc)b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3b^5x^6\left(ad-\frac{7bc}{12}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128} + \frac{7\left(\frac{32(-6dx-5c)a^{\frac{11}{2}}}{7}+xb\left(-\frac{5\left(\frac{18dx}{7}+c\right)x^3b^3a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4}+b^2x^2\left(\frac{15dx}{7}+c\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}-\frac{6bx(2dx+c)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}+8(-33\right)}{960}}{a^{\frac{9}{2}}x^6}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(30(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}d+3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}}bc+18\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^3dx^3-3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ab^4cx^3-48(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}{24bx^6(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(30*a*b*d*x^2+3*b^2*c*x^2+12*a^2*d*x+14*a*b*c*x+8*a^2*c)/x^4/a*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)-1/8*(6*a*d-b*c)*b^2/a^(3/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\left[-\frac{3(b^3c-6ab^2d)\sqrt{ax^4} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8a^3c+3(ab^2c+10a^2bd)x^2+2(7a^2bc+6a^3d)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{48a^2x^4} + \frac{3(b^3c-6ab^2d)\sqrt{-ax^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2+ax}\right) + (8a^3c+3(ab^2c+10a^2bd)x^2+2(7a^2bc+6a^3d)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{24a^2x^4} \right]}{24a^2x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(b^3*c - 6*a*b^2*d)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(8*a^3*c + 3*(a*b^2*c + 10*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 2*(7*a^2*b*c + 6*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^2*x^4), -1/24*(3*(b^3*c - 6*a*b^2*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (8*a^3*c + 3*(a*b^2*c + 10*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 2*(7*a^2*b*c + 6*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^2*x^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x**7,x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x**7, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/x^7, x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{24} b^3 \left(\frac{3(bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 6ad \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aab}} + \frac{3(bx+a)^{5/2} bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 8(bx+a)^{3/2} abc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 3\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{-aab}} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/24*b^3*(3*(b*c*sgn(x) - 6*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*b) + (3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b*c*sgn(x) + 8*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c*sgn(x) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) + 30*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 48*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d*sgn(x) + 18*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*d*sgn(x))/(a*b^4*x^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^7} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^7,x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^7, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{bx+a}a^3c - 24\sqrt{bx+a}a^3dx - 28\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bcx - 60\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bdx^2 + 18\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} - \sqrt{a})ab^2d^2x^3 - 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} - \sqrt{a})b^3cx^3 - 18\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{a})ab^2d^2x^3 + 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{a})b^3cx^3}{(48a^2x^3)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x)`output `(- 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*c - 24*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d*x - 28*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*x - 60*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 18*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3 - 18*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3)/(48*a**2*x**3)`

3.256 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	1918
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1919
Rubi [A] (verified)	1919
Maple [A] (verified)	1922
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1922
Sympy [F]	1923
Maxima [F]	1923
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1924
Mupad [F(-1)]	1924
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1925

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{(3bc+8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24x^4} - \frac{b(3bc+56ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{96ax^3} + \frac{b^2(3bc-8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64a^2x^2} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} - \frac{b^3(3bc-8ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{64a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/24*(8*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4-1/96*b*(56*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^3+1/64*b^2*(-8*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-1/4*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7-1/64*b^3*(-8*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx}(-9b^3cx^3 + 6ab^2x^2(c + 4dx) + 16a^3(3c + 4dx) + 8a^2bx(9c + 14dx)) + 3b^3(3bc - 8ad)x^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right] \right)}{192a^{5/2}x^5\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/192*(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-9*b^3*c*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2*(c + 4*d*x) + 16*a^3*(3*c + 4*d*x) + 8*a^2*b*x*(9*c + 14*d*x)) + 3*b^3*(3*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(5/2)*x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\ & -\frac{(3bc - 8ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4ax^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\ & -\frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4ax^9} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1926 \\
 \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4ax^9} \\
 \downarrow 1931 \\
 \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4ax^9} \\
 \downarrow 1914 \\
 \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4ax^9} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right) (3bc - 8ad)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4ax^9}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/4*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(a*x^9) - ((3*b*c - 8*a*d)*(-1/3*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^6 + (b*(-1/2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/x^3 + (b*(-sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*x)/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/4)/2)/(8*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1914

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n)
Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

rule 1926

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p
*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Integer
sQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1931

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[
m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(24ab^2dx^3-9b^3cx^3+112a^2bdx^2+6ab^2cx^2+64a^3dx+72a^2bcx+48ca^3)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{192x^5a^2} + \frac{(8ad-3bc)b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{5}{2}}x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
pseudoelliptic	$7 \left(b^6x^7 \left(ad - \frac{9bc}{14} \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{72 \left(-\frac{400xb \left(\frac{91dx}{75} + c \right) a^{\frac{11}{2}}}{9} + \frac{160 \left(-\frac{7dx}{3} - 2c \right) a^{\frac{13}{2}}}{9} + x^2b^2 \left(\frac{35x^3b^3 \left(\frac{7dx}{3} + c \right) a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} - \frac{7x^2b^2}{245} \right)}{512a^{\frac{11}{2}}x^7} \right)$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(24(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}d - 9(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}bc + 40(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{9}{2}}d + 33(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}bc - 24 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3b^4dx^4 + 9 \right)}{192bx^7(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/192*(24*a*b^2*d*x^3-9*b^3*c*x^3+112*a^2*b*d*x^2+6*a*b^2*c*x^2+64*a^3*d*x+72*a^2*b*c*x+48*a^3*c)/x^5/a^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)+1/64*(8*a*d-3*b*c)*b^3/a^(5/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \left[-\frac{3(3b^4c-8ab^3d)\sqrt{a}x^5 \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(48a^4c-3(3ab^3d-3a^2c^2))\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{38} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(3*(3*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*sqrt(a)*x^5*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(48*a^4*c - 3*(3*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2*b^2*c + 56*a^3*b*d)*x^2 + 8*(9*a^3*b*c + 8*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^3*x^5), 1/192*(3*(3*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^5*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (48*a^4*c - 3*(3*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2*b^2*c + 56*a^3*b*d)*x^2 + 8*(9*a^3*b*c + 8*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^3*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x**8,x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x**8, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/x^8, x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{3(3b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 8ab^4 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 9(bx+a)^{7/2} b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 33(bx+a)^{5/2} ab^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 33(bx+a)^{3/2} a^2 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 9 \sqrt{bx+a} a^3 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 24(bx+a)^{7/2} a b^4 d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 40(bx+a)^{5/2} a^2 b^4 d \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 88(bx+a)^{3/2} a^3 b^4 d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 24 \sqrt{bx+a} a^4 b^4 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{a^2 b^4 x^4} / b$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(3*(3*b^5*c*sgn(x) - 8*a*b^4*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) + (9*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b^5*c*sgn(x) - 33*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*b^5*c*sgn(x) - 33*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 9*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*b^5*c*sgn(x) - 24*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b^4*d*sgn(x) - 40*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^4*d*sgn(x) + 88*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b^4*d*sgn(x) - 24*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b^4*d*sgn(x))/(a^2*b^4*x^4))/b`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^8} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^8,x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^8, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-96\sqrt{bx+a}a^4c - 128\sqrt{bx+a}a^4dx - 144\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bcx - 224\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2cx^2 - 12\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2c^2x^3 - 48\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2d^2x^3 + 18\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3c^2x^3 - 24\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})ab^3d^2x^4 + 9\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})b^4c^2x^4 + 24\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})ab^3d^2x^4 - 9\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})b^4c^2x^4}{384a^3x^4}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x)`output `(- 96*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*c - 128*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*d*x - 144*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*x - 224*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 48*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 + 18*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 - 24*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 + 9*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4 + 24*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 - 9*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4)/(384*a**3*x**4)`

3.257 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	1926
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1927
Rubi [A] (verified)	1927
Maple [A] (verified)	1930
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1931
Sympy [F]	1931
Maxima [F]	1932
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1932
Mupad [F(-1)]	1933
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1933

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{(3bc+10ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{40x^5} - \frac{b(bc+30ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{80ax^4} + \frac{b^2(bc-2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64a^2x^3} - \frac{3b^3(bc-2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{128a^3x^2} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5x^8} + \frac{3b^4(bc-2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{128a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/40*(10*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5-1/80*b*(30*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^4+1/64*b^2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^3-3/128*b^3*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2-1/5*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^8+3/128*b^4*(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx}(15b^4cx^4 - 10ab^3x^3(c + 3dx) + 4a^2b^2x^2(2c + 3d) + 4a^2b^2x^2(2c + 3d)) \right)}{640a^{7/2}x^6\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^9,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*b^4*c*x^4 - 10*a*b^3*x^3*(c + 3*d*x) + 4*a^2*b^2*x^2*(2*c + 5*d*x) + 32*a^4*(4*c + 5*d*x) + 16*a^3*b*x*(11*c + 15*d*x))) + 15*b^4*(b*c - 2*a*d)*x^5*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(640*a^(7/2)*x^6*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\ & -\frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5ax^{10}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1926 \\ & -\frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5ax^{10}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1926 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5ax^{10}}$$

↓ 1931

$$\frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5ax^{10}}$$

↓ 1931

$$\frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5ax^{10}}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}}{a} dx}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5ax^{10}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right) (bc - 2ad)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5ax^{10}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/x^9,x]`

output `-1/5*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(a*x^10) - ((b*c - 2*a*d)*(-1/4*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^7 + (3*b*(-1/3*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/x^4 + (b*(-1/2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-(sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*x)/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/6))/8))/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1931 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-30x^4 a b^3 d + 15x^4 b^4 c + 20a^2 b^2 d x^3 - 10a b^3 c x^3 + 240a^3 b d x^2 + 8a^2 b^2 c x^2 + 160a^4 d x + 176a^3 b c x + 128c a^4) \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{640x^6 a^3}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{9b^7 x^8 \left(ad - \frac{11bc}{16}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{99 \left(\frac{80\left(\frac{8dx}{5} + c\right)x^2 b^2 a^{\frac{11}{2}}}{99} + \frac{5440x\left(\frac{20dx}{17} + c\right) b a^{\frac{13}{2}}}{99} + \left(\frac{5120dx}{99} + \frac{4480c}{99}\right) a^{\frac{15}{2}} + x^3 b^3 \left(\frac{35\left(\frac{24dx}{11} + c\right)}{35}\right)}{1024}}{a^{\frac{13}{2}} x^8}}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(30(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a^{\frac{9}{2}} d - 15(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a^{\frac{7}{2}} bc - 140(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^{\frac{11}{2}} d + 70(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^{\frac{9}{2}} bc - 128(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{11}{2}} bc - 30 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{640b^8 x^8}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/640*(-30*a*b^3*d*x^4+15*b^4*c*x^4+20*a^2*b^2*d*x^3-10*a*b^3*c*x^3+240*a
^3*b*d*x^2+8*a^2*b^2*c*x^2+160*a^4*d*x+176*a^3*b*c*x+128*a^4*c)/x^6/a^3*(x
^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)-3/128*(2*a*d-b*c)*b^4/a^(7/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1
/2))*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\left[-\frac{15(b^5c - 2ab^4d)\sqrt{ax^6} \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(128a^5c + 15(ab^4c - 2a^2b^3d)x^4 - 10(a^2b^3c - 2a^3b^2d)x^3 + 8(a^3b^2c + 30a^4b^2d)x^2 + 16(11a^4b^2c + 10a^5d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{a^4x^6}, -\frac{15(b^5c - 2ab^4d)\sqrt{-ax^6} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2 + ax}\right) + (128a^5c + 15(ab^4c - 2a^2b^3d)x^4 - 10(a^2b^3c - 2a^3b^2d)x^3 + 8(a^3b^2c + 30a^4b^2d)x^2 + 16(11a^4b^2c + 10a^5d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{a^4x^6} \right]}{640a^4x^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/1280*(15*(b^5*c - 2*a*b^4*d)*sqrt(a)*x^6*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(128*a^5*c + 15*(a*b^4*c - 2*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 - 10*(a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 8*(a^3*b^2*c + 30*a^4*b*d)*x^2 + 16*(11*a^4*b*c + 10*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^4*x^6), -1/640*(15*(b^5*c - 2*a*b^4*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^6*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (128*a^5*c + 15*(a*b^4*c - 2*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 - 10*(a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 8*(a^3*b^2*c + 30*a^4*b*d)*x^2 + 16*(11*a^4*b*c + 10*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^4*x^6)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/x**9,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/x**9, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/x^9, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{640} b^5 \left(\frac{15 (bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 2ad \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^3b}} + 15 (bx + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 70 (bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} abc \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/640*b^5*(15*(b*c*sgn(x) - 2*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*b) + (15*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 70*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b*c*sgn(x) + 128*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) + 70*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c*sgn(x) - 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b*c*sgn(x) - 30*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a*d*sgn(x) + 140*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2*d*sgn(x) - 140*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4*d*sgn(x) + 30*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5*d*sgn(x))/(a^3*b^6*x^5)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{x^9} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^9,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/x^9, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-256\sqrt{bx + a}a^5c - 320\sqrt{bx + a}a^5dx - 352\sqrt{bx + a}a^4bcx - 480\sqrt{bx + a}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x)`output `(- 256*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*c - 320*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*d*x - 352*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*c*x - 480*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*d*x**2 - 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*c*x**2 - 40*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**3 + 20*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**3 + 60*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*c*x**4 + 30*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**4*d*x**5 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**5*c*x**5 - 30*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**4*d*x**5 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**5*c*x**5)/(1280*a**4*x**5)`

3.258 $\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1934
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1935
Rubi [A] (verified)	1935
Maple [A] (verified)	1946
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1947
Sympy [F]	1947
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1948
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1948
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1949
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1950

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{2a^7(bc - ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^9x^7} + \frac{2a^6(7bc - 8ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^9x^9} - \frac{14a^5(3bc - 4ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^9x^{11}} + \frac{14a^4(5bc - 8ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^9x^{13}} - \frac{14a^3(bc - 2ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{15/2}}{3b^9x^{15}} + \frac{14a^2(3bc - 8ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{17/2}}{17b^9x^{17}} - \frac{14a(bc - 4ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{19/2}}{19b^9x^{19}} + \frac{2(bc - 8ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{21/2}}{21b^9x^{21}} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{23/2}}{23b^9x^{23}}$$

output

```
-2/7*a^7*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^9/x^7+2/9*a^6*(-8*a*d+7*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^9/x^9-14/11*a^5*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^9/x^11+14/13*a^4*(-8*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(13/2)/b^9/x^13-14/3*a^3*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(15/2)/b^9/x^15+14/17*a^2*(-8*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(17/2)/b^9/x^17-14/19*a*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(19/2)/b^9/x^19+2/21*(-8*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(21/2)/b^9/x^21+2/23*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(23/2)/b^9/x^23
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx)^4 (32768a^8d + 138567b^8x^7(23c + 21dx) - 48048a^3b^5x^4(23c + 24dx) + 29568a^4b^4$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output $(2*x*(a + b*x)^4*(32768*a^8*d + 138567*b^8*x^7*(23*c + 21*d*x) - 48048*a^3*b^5*x^4*(23*c + 24*d*x) + 29568*a^4*b^4*x^3*(23*c + 26*d*x) + 7168*a^6*b^2*x*(23*c + 36*d*x) - 2048*a^7*b*(23*c + 56*d*x) + 24024*a^2*b^6*x^5*(69*c + 68*d*x) - 5376*a^5*b^3*x^2*(69*c + 88*d*x) - 14586*a*b^7*x^6*(161*c + 152*d*x)))/(66927861*b^9*sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1908, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1945 \\ & \frac{(23bc - 16ad) \int x^2(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2} dx}{23b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{23b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\ & \frac{(23bc - 16ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b} - \frac{2a \int x(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2} dx}{3b} \right)}{23b} + \frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{23b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \end{aligned}$$

$$(23bc - 16ad) \left(\frac{\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \frac{12a \int (bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2} dx}{19b} \right)}{3b}}{23b} \right) + \frac{2dx(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{23b}$$

↓ 1908

$$(23bc - 16ad) \left(\frac{\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \frac{12a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} - \frac{10a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}}{17b} dx}{17b} \right)}{19b} \right)}{3b}}{23b} \right) + \frac{2dx(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{23b}$$

↓ 1922

$$\left((23bc - 16ad) \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b} - \frac{2a \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \left(\frac{12a \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} - \frac{10a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} - 8a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{15b} dx \right)}{17b} \right)}{19b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{23b}$$

↓ 1922

$\left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)}{x^3}}{13b} \right)$

10a

$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2}$

12a

$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx}$

2a

$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b}$

(23bc - 16ad)

$$\frac{2dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{23b} \qquad 23b$$

↓ 1922

	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4}$	$8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a}{11bx^5} \right)$	
	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3}$		15b
	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2}$		17b
	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx}$		19b
$(23bc - 16ad)$	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b}$		3b

↓ 1922

$2a \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx}$			
$12a \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2}$			
$10a \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3}$			
		$8a \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4}$	$6a \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)}{11bx^5}$

↓ 1920

			$8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} \right) - 4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^5} \right)$		$13b$
			$10a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} \right) -$		$15b$
			$12a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} \right) -$		$17b$
			$2a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} \right) -$		$19b$

input `Int[x^2*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (2*d*x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(23*b) + ((23*b*c - 16*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x \\ & ^3)^{(7/2)})/(21*b) - (2*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(19*b*x) - (12*a*((2*(\\ & a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(17*b*x^2) - (10*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(15*b* \\ & x^3) - (8*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(13*b*x^4) - (6*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^ \\ & 3)^{(7/2)})/(11*b*x^5) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(63*b^2*x^7) + (\\ & 2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(9*b*x^6)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)))/(15*b)))/(17*b)))/(\\ & 19*b)))/(3*b)))/(23*b) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1908 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] - Simp[b*((n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1))) Int[x^(n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1945

```

Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{32(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(-\frac{273 \left(\frac{11dx}{13} + c \right) x^2 b^3}{16} + \frac{91x \left(\frac{27dx}{26} + c \right) a b^2}{12} - \frac{13 \left(\frac{21dx}{13} + c \right) a^2 b}{6} + a^3 d \right)}{3003b^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(2909907dx^8b^8 - 2217072ab^7dx^7 + 3187041b^8cx^7 + 1633632a^2b^6dx^6 - 2348346ab^7cx^6 - 1153152a^3b^5dx^5 + 16576a^4dx^4 + 16576a^5dx^3 + 16576a^6dx^2 + 16576a^7dx + 16576a^8)}{3003b^4}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(2909907dx^8b^8 - 2217072ab^7dx^7 + 3187041b^8cx^7 + 1633632a^2b^6dx^6 - 2348346ab^7cx^6 - 1153152a^3b^5dx^5 + 16576a^4dx^4 + 16576a^5dx^3 + 16576a^6dx^2 + 16576a^7dx + 16576a^8)}{3003b^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(2909907dx^8b^8 - 2217072ab^7dx^7 + 3187041b^8cx^7 + 1633632a^2b^6dx^6 - 2348346ab^7cx^6 - 1153152a^3b^5dx^5 + 16576a^4dx^4 + 16576a^5dx^3 + 16576a^6dx^2 + 16576a^7dx + 16576a^8)}{3003b^4}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(2909907b^{11}dx^{11} + 6512649ab^{10}dx^{10} + 3187041b^{11}cx^{10} + 3712137a^2b^9dx^9 + 7212777ab^{10}cx^9 + 6435a^3b^8dx^8 + 4173741a^4b^7dx^7 + 16576a^5dx^6 + 16576a^6dx^5 + 16576a^7dx^4 + 16576a^8dx^3 + 16576a^9dx^2 + 16576a^{10}dx + 16576a^{11})}{3003b^4}$
trager	$\frac{2(2909907b^{11}dx^{11} + 6512649ab^{10}dx^{10} + 3187041b^{11}cx^{10} + 3712137a^2b^9dx^9 + 7212777ab^{10}cx^9 + 6435a^3b^8dx^8 + 4173741a^4b^7dx^7 + 16576a^5dx^6 + 16576a^6dx^5 + 16576a^7dx^4 + 16576a^8dx^3 + 16576a^9dx^2 + 16576a^{10}dx + 16576a^{11})}{3003b^4}$

input

```
int(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-32/3003*(b*x+a)^(7/2)*(-273/16*(11/13*d*x+c)*x^2*b^3+91/12*x*(27/26*d*x+c
)*a*b^2-13/6*(21/13*d*x+c)*a^2*b+a^3*d)/b^4

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(2909907b^{11}dx^{11} - 47104a^{10}bc + 32768a^{11}d + 138567(23b^{11}c + 47ab^{10}d)x^{10} + 7293(989$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/66927861*(2909907*b^11*d*x^11 - 47104*a^10*b*c + 32768*a^11*d + 138567*(23*b^11*c + 47*a*b^10*d)*x^10 + 7293*(989*a*b^10*c + 509*a^2*b^9*d)*x^9 + 1287*(3243*a^2*b^9*c + 5*a^3*b^8*d)*x^8 + 429*(23*a^3*b^8*c - 16*a^4*b^7*d)*x^7 - 462*(23*a^4*b^7*c - 16*a^5*b^6*d)*x^6 + 504*(23*a^5*b^6*c - 16*a^6*b^5*d)*x^5 - 560*(23*a^6*b^5*c - 16*a^7*b^4*d)*x^4 + 640*(23*a^7*b^4*c - 16*a^8*b^3*d)*x^3 - 768*(23*a^8*b^3*c - 16*a^9*b^2*d)*x^2 + 1024*(23*a^9*b^2*c - 16*a^10*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^9*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \int x^2(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(138567b^{10}x^{10} + 313599ab^9x^9 + 181467a^2b^8x^8 + 429a^3b^7x^7 - 462a^4b^6x^6 + 504a^5b^5x^5 - 560a^6b^4x^4 + 640a^7b^3x^3 - 768a^8b^2x^2 + 1024a^9bx - 2048a^{10})\sqrt{bx + a}c/b^8 + 2/66927861(2909907b^{11}x^{11} + 6512649ab^{10}x^{10} + 3712137a^2b^9x^9 + 6435a^3b^8x^8 - 6864a^4b^7x^7 + 7392a^5b^6x^6 - 8064a^6b^5x^5 + 8960a^7b^4x^4 - 10240a^8b^3x^3 + 12288a^9b^2x^2 - 16384a^{10}bx + 32768a^{11})\sqrt{bx + a}d/b^9}{2909907b^8 + 66927861b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/2909907*(138567*b^10*x^10 + 313599*a*b^9*x^9 + 181467*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 429*a^3*b^7*x^7 - 462*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 504*a^5*b^5*x^5 - 560*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 640*a^7*b^3*x^3 - 768*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 1024*a^9*b*x - 2048*a^10)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^8 + 2/66927861*(2909907*b^11*x^11 + 6512649*a*b^10*x^10 + 3712137*a^2*b^9*x^9 + 6435*a^3*b^8*x^8 - 6864*a^4*b^7*x^7 + 7392*a^5*b^6*x^6 - 8064*a^6*b^5*x^5 + 8960*a^7*b^4*x^4 - 10240*a^8*b^3*x^3 + 12288*a^9*b^2*x^2 - 16384*a^10*b*x + 32768*a^11)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^9`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1034 vs. 2(278) = 556.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1034, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/334639305*(52003*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285
*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*
a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*
x + a)*a^7)*a^3*c*sgn(x)/b^7 + 9177*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2) - 58344*(b*x +
a)^(15/2)*a + 235620*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^3 +
850850*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^4 - 875160*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^5 + 612612*(b*x + a)
^(5/2)*a^6 - 291720*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^7 + 109395*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^8)*a^2*c*
sgn(x)/b^7 + 3059*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2) - 58344*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a + 2356
20*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^3 + 850850*(b*x + a)^(
9/2)*a^4 - 875160*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^5 + 612612*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^6 - 29172
0*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^7 + 109395*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^8)*a^3*d*sgn(x)/b^8 + 4347*
(12155*(b*x + a)^(19/2) - 122265*(b*x + a)^(17/2)*a + 554268*(b*x + a)^(15
/2)*a^2 - 1492260*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^3 + 2645370*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^4 - 32
33230*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^5 + 2771340*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^6 - 1662804*(b*x + a
)^(5/2)*a^7 + 692835*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^8 - 230945*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^9)*a*c*s
gn(x)/b^7 + 4347*(12155*(b*x + a)^(19/2) - 122265*(b*x + a)^(17/2)*a + 554
268*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a^2 - 1492260*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^3 + 2645370*(b*x + a
)^(11/2)*a^4 - 3233230*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^5 + 2771340*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^6 -
1662804*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^7 + 692835*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^8 - 230945*sqrt(b*
x + a)*a^9)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^8 + 345*(46189*(b*x + a)^(21/2) - 510510*(b*...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^2(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2ax^9(509ad + 989bc)}{9177} + \frac{2bx^{10}(47ad + 23bc)}{483} + \frac{2b^2dx^{11}}{23} + \frac{4096a^{10}(16ad - 23bc)}{66927861b^9} - \frac{2048a^9x}{669} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x), x)
```

output

```
((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*a*x^9*(509*a*d + 989*b*c))/9177 + (2*b*x^10*(47
*a*d + 23*b*c))/483 + (2*b^2*d*x^11)/23 + (4096*a^10*(16*a*d - 23*b*c))/(6
6927861*b^9) - (2048*a^9*x*(16*a*d - 23*b*c))/(66927861*b^8) - (2*a^3*x^7*
(16*a*d - 23*b*c))/(156009*b^2) + (4*a^4*x^6*(16*a*d - 23*b*c))/(289731*b^
3) - (16*a^5*x^5*(16*a*d - 23*b*c))/(1062347*b^4) + (160*a^6*x^4*(16*a*d -
23*b*c))/(9561123*b^5) - (1280*a^7*x^3*(16*a*d - 23*b*c))/(66927861*b^6)
+ (512*a^8*x^2*(16*a*d - 23*b*c))/(22309287*b^7) + (2*a^2*x^8*(5*a*d + 324
3*b*c))/(52003*b)))/x
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^2(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(2909907b^{11}dx^{11} + 6512649ab^{10}dx^{10} + 3187041b^{11}cx^{10} + 3712137a^2b^9dx^9 + 7212777a^2b^9d^2x^9 + 7212777ab^{10}c^2x^9 + 6512649a^2b^{10}d^2x^{10} + 3187041b^{11}c^2x^{10} + 2909907b^{11}d^2x^{11})}{66927861b^{11}}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(32768*a**11*d - 47104*a**10*b*c - 16384*a**10*b*d*x + 23
552*a**9*b**2*c*x + 12288*a**9*b**2*d*x**2 - 17664*a**8*b**3*c*x**2 - 1024
0*a**8*b**3*d*x**3 + 14720*a**7*b**4*c*x**3 + 8960*a**7*b**4*d*x**4 - 1288
0*a**6*b**5*c*x**4 - 8064*a**6*b**5*d*x**5 + 11592*a**5*b**6*c*x**5 + 7392
*a**5*b**6*d*x**6 - 10626*a**4*b**7*c*x**6 - 6864*a**4*b**7*d*x**7 + 9867*
a**3*b**8*c*x**7 + 6435*a**3*b**8*d*x**8 + 4173741*a**2*b**9*c*x**8 + 3712
137*a**2*b**9*d*x**9 + 7212777*a*b**10*c*x**9 + 6512649*a*b**10*d*x**10 +
3187041*b**11*c*x**10 + 2909907*b**11*d*x**11))/(66927861*b**9)
```

3.259 $\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1951
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1952
Rubi [A] (verified)	1952
Maple [A] (verified)	1961
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Sympy [F]	1962
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1963
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1963
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1964
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1965

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 279

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2a^6(bc - ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^8x^7} - \frac{2a^5(6bc - 7ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^8x^9} + \frac{6a^4(5bc - 7ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^8x^{11}} - \frac{10a^3(4bc - 7ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^8x^{13}} + \frac{2a^2(3bc - 7ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{15/2}}{3b^8x^{15}} - \frac{6a(2bc - 7ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{17/2}}{17b^8x^{17}} + \frac{2(bc - 7ad) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{19/2}}{19b^8x^{19}} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{21/2}}{21b^8x^{21}}$$

output

```
2/7*a^6*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^8/x^7-2/9*a^5*(-7*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^8/x^9+6/11*a^4*(-7*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^8/x^11-10/13*a^3*(-7*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(13/2)/b^8/x^13+2/3*a^2*(-7*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(15/2)/b^8/x^15-6/17*a*(-7*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(17/2)/b^8/x^17+2/19*(-7*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(19/2)/b^8/x^19+2/21*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(21/2)/b^8/x^21
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx)^4 (-2048a^7d + 72072a^2b^5x^4(c + dx) - 5376a^5b^2x(2c + 3dx) + 1024a^6b(3c + 7dx) + 2688a^4b^3x^2(9c + 11dx) - 3696a^3b^4x^3(12c + 13dx) - 6006a^2b^5x^4(18c + 17dx) + 7293b^7x^6(21c + 19dx))}{2909907b^8\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output $(2x(a + bx)^4(-2048a^7d + 72072a^2b^5x^4(c + dx) - 5376a^5b^2x(2c + 3dx) + 1024a^6b(3c + 7dx) + 2688a^4b^3x^2(9c + 11dx) - 3696a^3b^4x^3(12c + 13dx) - 6006a^2b^5x^4(18c + 17dx) + 7293b^7x^6(21c + 19dx)))/(2909907b^8\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1908, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1945 \\ & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int x(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2} dx}{3b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\ & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \frac{12a \int (bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2} dx}{19b} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1908 \end{aligned}$$

$$(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \frac{12a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} - \frac{10a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}}{17b} dx}{17b} \right)}{19b}}{3b} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b}$$

↓ 1922

$$(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \frac{12a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} - \frac{10a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} - \frac{8a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}}{15b} dx}{15b} \right)}{17b} \right)}{19b}}{3b} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b}$$

↓ 1922

$$\left((3bc - 2ad) \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \frac{12a}{17bx^2} \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17b} - \frac{10a}{15bx^3} \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{13b} \right)}{15b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b}$$

↓ 1922

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} \right) \left(\frac{12a}{17bx^2} \left(\frac{10a}{15bx^3} \left(\frac{8a}{13bx^4} \left(\frac{6a}{11bx^5} \left(\frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^4}}{11b} \right) - \frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} \right) - \frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} \right) - \frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} \right) - \frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{21b}$$

3b

↓ 1922

	$\left(\frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} \right)}{13b} \right)$
	$\frac{8a}{13bx^4} \left(\frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} - \frac{10a}{15b} \right)$
	$\frac{10a}{15bx^3} \left(\frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} - \frac{12a}{17b} \right)$
	$\frac{12a}{17bx^2} \left(\frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \frac{14a}{19b} \right)$
$(3bc - 2ad)$	$\frac{2(a^2x^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} - \frac{14a}{19b}$

↓ 1920

$6a$	$\left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a(ax^2+bx^3)}{63b^2x^7} \right)$	$11b$
$8a$	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4}$	$13b$
$10a$	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3}$	$15b$
$12a$	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2}$	$17b$
$19a$	$\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx}$	$19b$

input `Int[x*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(21*b) + ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(19*b*x) - (12*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(17*b*x^2) - (10*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(15*b*x^3) - (8*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(13*b*x^4) - (6*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(11*b*x^5) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(63*b^2*x^7) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(9*b*x^6)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)))/(15*b)))/(17*b)))/(19*b)))/(3*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1908 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] - Simp[b*((n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(j*p + 1))) Int[x^(n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1945

```

Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{16(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(\frac{77 \left(\frac{9dx}{11} + c \right) x b^2}{8} - \frac{11 \left(\frac{14dx}{11} + c \right) ab}{4} + a^2 d \right)}{693b^3}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-138567dx^7b^7+102102ab^6dx^6-153153b^7cx^6-72072a^2b^5dx^5+108108ab^6cx^5+48048a^3b^4dx^4-72072a^2b^5c^2x^3+108108ab^6c^2x^3+48048a^3b^4c^2x^2-72072a^2b^5c^2x^2-108108ab^6c^2x^2+48048a^3b^4c^2x-72072a^2b^5c^2x-108108ab^6c^2x+48048a^3b^4c^2-72072a^2b^5c^2)}{693b^3}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-138567dx^7b^7+102102ab^6dx^6-153153b^7cx^6-72072a^2b^5dx^5+108108ab^6cx^5+48048a^3b^4dx^4-72072a^2b^5c^2x^3+108108ab^6c^2x^3+48048a^3b^4c^2x^2-72072a^2b^5c^2x^2-108108ab^6c^2x^2+48048a^3b^4c^2x-72072a^2b^5c^2x-108108ab^6c^2x+48048a^3b^4c^2-72072a^2b^5c^2)}{693b^3}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-138567dx^7b^7+102102ab^6dx^6-153153b^7cx^6-72072a^2b^5dx^5+108108ab^6cx^5+48048a^3b^4dx^4-72072a^2b^5c^2x^3+108108ab^6c^2x^3+48048a^3b^4c^2x^2-72072a^2b^5c^2x^2-108108ab^6c^2x^2+48048a^3b^4c^2x-72072a^2b^5c^2x-108108ab^6c^2x+48048a^3b^4c^2-72072a^2b^5c^2)}{693b^3}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-138567b^{10}dx^{10}-313599ab^9dx^9-153153b^{10}cx^9-181467a^2b^8dx^8-351351ab^9cx^8-429a^3b^7dx^7-207207a^2b^8cx^7-1036035ab^9c^2x^6-207207a^3b^7c^2x^6-1036035ab^9c^2x^5-207207a^2b^8c^2x^5-1036035ab^9c^2x^4-207207a^3b^7c^2x^4-1036035ab^9c^2x^3-207207a^2b^8c^2x^3-1036035ab^9c^2x^2-207207a^3b^7c^2x^2-1036035ab^9c^2x-207207a^2b^8c^2x-1036035ab^9c^2+207207a^3b^7c^2-207207a^2b^8c^2)}{693b^3}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-138567b^{10}dx^{10}-313599ab^9dx^9-153153b^{10}cx^9-181467a^2b^8dx^8-351351ab^9cx^8-429a^3b^7dx^7-207207a^2b^8cx^7-1036035ab^9c^2x^6-207207a^3b^7c^2x^6-1036035ab^9c^2x^5-207207a^2b^8c^2x^5-1036035ab^9c^2x^4-207207a^3b^7c^2x^4-1036035ab^9c^2x^3-207207a^2b^8c^2x^3-1036035ab^9c^2x^2-207207a^3b^7c^2x^2-1036035ab^9c^2x-207207a^2b^8c^2x-1036035ab^9c^2+207207a^3b^7c^2-207207a^2b^8c^2)}{693b^3}$

input

```
int(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
16/693*(b*x+a)^(7/2)*(77/8*(9/11*d*x+c)*x*b^2-11/4*(14/11*d*x+c)*a*b+a^2*d
)/b^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(138567b^{10}dx^{10} + 3072a^9bc - 2048a^{10}d + 7293(21b^{10}c + 43ab^9d)x^9 + 3861(91ab^9c + 47a^2b^8d)x^8 + 429(483a^2b^8c + a^3b^7d)x^7 + 231(3a^3b^7c - 2a^4b^6d)x^6 - 252(3a^4b^6c - 2a^5b^5d)x^5 + 280(3a^5b^5c - 2a^6b^4d)x^4 - 320(3a^6b^4c - 2a^7b^3d)x^3 + 384(3a^7b^3c - 2a^8b^2d)x^2 - 512(3a^8b^2c - 2a^9bd)x) \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{b^8x}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/2909907*(138567*b^10*d*x^10 + 3072*a^9*b*c - 2048*a^10*d + 7293*(21*b^10*c + 43*a*b^9*d)*x^9 + 3861*(91*a*b^9*c + 47*a^2*b^8*d)*x^8 + 429*(483*a^2*b^8*c + a^3*b^7*d)*x^7 + 231*(3*a^3*b^7*c - 2*a^4*b^6*d)*x^6 - 252*(3*a^4*b^6*c - 2*a^5*b^5*d)*x^5 + 280*(3*a^5*b^5*c - 2*a^6*b^4*d)*x^4 - 320*(3*a^6*b^4*c - 2*a^7*b^3*d)*x^3 + 384*(3*a^7*b^3*c - 2*a^8*b^2*d)*x^2 - 512*(3*a^8*b^2*c - 2*a^9*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^8*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \int x(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(51051b^9x^9 + 117117ab^8x^8 + 69069a^2b^7x^7 + 231a^3b^6x^6 - 252a^4b^5x^5 + 280a^5b^4x^4 - 320a^6b^3x^3 + 384a^7b^2x^2 - 512a^8bx + 1024a^9) \sqrt{bx + a} c/b^7 + 2/2909907(138567b^{10}x^{10} + 313599ab^9x^9 + 181467a^2b^8x^8 + 429a^3b^7x^7 - 462a^4b^6x^6 + 504a^5b^5x^5 - 560a^6b^4x^4 + 640a^7b^3x^3 - 768a^8b^2x^2 + 1024a^9bx - 2048a^{10}) \sqrt{bx + a} d/b^8}{969969b^7}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/969969*(51051*b^9*x^9 + 117117*a*b^8*x^8 + 69069*a^2*b^7*x^7 + 231*a^3*b^6*x^6 - 252*a^4*b^5*x^5 + 280*a^5*b^4*x^4 - 320*a^6*b^3*x^3 + 384*a^7*b^2*x^2 - 512*a^8*b*x + 1024*a^9)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^7 + 2/2909907*(138567*b^10*x^10 + 313599*a*b^9*x^9 + 181467*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 429*a^3*b^7*x^7 - 462*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 504*a^5*b^5*x^5 - 560*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 640*a^7*b^3*x^3 - 768*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 1024*a^9*b*x - 2048*a^10)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^8`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 938 vs. 2(247) = 494.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 938, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/14549535*(4845*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b
*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 -
6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*a^3*c*sgn(x)/b^6 + 6783
*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*
a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x +
a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*a^2*c*
sgn(x)/b^6 + 2261*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*
(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a
^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x
+ a)*a^7)*a^3*d*sgn(x)/b^7 + 399*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2) - 58344*(b*x + a)
^(15/2)*a + 235620*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^3 + 85
0850*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^4 - 875160*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^5 + 612612*(b*x + a)^(
5/2)*a^6 - 291720*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^7 + 109395*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^8)*a*c*sgn(
x)/b^6 + 399*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2) - 58344*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a + 235620*(b
*x + a)^(13/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^3 + 850850*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*
a^4 - 875160*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^5 + 612612*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^6 - 291720*(b*
x + a)^(3/2)*a^7 + 109395*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^8)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^7 + 63*(12155*
(b*x + a)^(19/2) - 122265*(b*x + a)^(17/2)*a + 554268*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a^2
- 1492260*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^3 + 2645370*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^4 - 3233230*(
b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^5 + 2771340*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^6 - 1662804*(b*x + a)^(5...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{6ax^8(47ad+91bc)}{2261} + \frac{2bx^9(43ad+21bc)}{399} + \frac{2b^2dx^{10}}{21} - \frac{2048a^9(2ad-3bc)}{2909907b^8} + \frac{1024a^8x(2ad-3bc)}{2909907b^7} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
int(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x), x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)} * ((6*a*x^8*(47*a*d + 91*b*c))/2261 + (2*b*x^9*(43*a*d + 21*b*c))/399 + (2*b^2*d*x^{10})/21 - (2048*a^9*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(2909907*b^8) + (1024*a^8*x*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(2909907*b^7) - (2*a^3*x^6*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(12597*b^2) + (8*a^4*x^5*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(46189*b^3) - (80*a^5*x^4*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(415701*b^4) + (640*a^6*x^3*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(2909907*b^5) - (256*a^7*x^2*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(969969*b^6) + (2*a^2*x^7*(a*d + 483*b*c))/(6783*b)))/x \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} (138567b^{10}dx^{10} + 313599ab^9dx^9 + 153153b^{10}c^9 + 181467a^2b^8dx^8 + 351351ab^9 + b^{10}c^9)}{2909907b^8}$$

input

`int(x*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*\sqrt{a + b*x} * (- 2048*a^{10}*d + 3072*a^9*b*c + 1024*a^9*b*d*x - 1536*a^8*b^2*c*x - 768*a^8*b^2*d*x^2 + 1152*a^7*b^3*c*x^2 + 640*a^7*b^3*d*x^3 - 960*a^6*b^4*c*x^3 - 560*a^6*b^4*d*x^4 + 840*a^5*b^5*c*x^4 + 504*a^5*b^5*d*x^5 - 756*a^4*b^6*c*x^5 - 462*a^4*b^6*d*x^6 + 693*a^3*b^7*c*x^6 + 429*a^3*b^7*d*x^7 + 207207*a^2*b^8*c*x^7 + 181467*a^2*b^8*d*x^8 + 351351*a*b^9*c*x^8 + 313599*a*b^9*d*x^9 + 153153*b^{10}*c*x^9 + 138567*b^{10}*d*x^{10}))/2909907*b^8 \end{aligned}$$

3.260 $\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1966
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1967
Rubi [A] (verified)	1967
Maple [A] (verified)	1969
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1969
Sympy [F]	1970
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1970
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1971
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1972
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1972

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 240

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = & -\frac{2a^5(bc - ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^7x^7} \\ & + \frac{2a^4(5bc - 6ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^7x^9} - \frac{10a^3(2bc - 3ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^7x^{11}} \\ & + \frac{20a^2(bc - 2ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^7x^{13}} - \frac{2a(bc - 3ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{15/2}}{3b^7x^{15}} \\ & + \frac{2(bc - 6ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{17/2}}{17b^7x^{17}} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{19/2}}{19b^7x^{19}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2/7*a^5*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^7/x^7+2/9*a^4*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^7/x^9-10/11*a^3*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^7/x^11+20/13*a^2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(13/2)/b^7/x^13-2/3*a*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(15/2)/b^7/x^15+2/17*(-6*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(17/2)/b^7/x^17+2/19*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(19/2)/b^7/x^19
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx)^4 (3072a^6d + 9009b^6x^5(19c + 17dx) - 6006ab^5x^4(19c + 18dx) - 2016a^3b^3x^2(19c + 27dx) + 1848a^2b^4x^3(38c + 39dx) - 256a^5b(19c + 42dx))}{2909907b^7\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*x*(a + b*x)^4*(3072*a^6*d + 9009*b^6*x^5*(19*c + 17*d*x) - 6006*a*b^5*x^4*(19*c + 18*d*x) - 2016*a^3*b^3*x^2*(19*c + 27*d*x) + 1848*a^2*b^4*x^3*(38*c + 39*d*x) - 256*a^5*b*(19*c + 42*d*x)))/(2909907*b^7*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2450, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2450}$$

$$\int \left(c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} + dx(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2048a^6d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{969969b^7x^7} - \frac{512a^5c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{153153b^6x^7} - \frac{1024a^5d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{138567b^6x^6} + \\ & \frac{256a^4c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{21879b^5x^6} + \frac{768a^4d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{46189b^5x^5} - \frac{64a^3c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{2431b^4x^5} - \\ & \frac{128a^3d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{4199b^4x^4} + \frac{32a^2c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{663b^3x^4} + \frac{16a^2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{323b^3x^3} - \frac{4ac(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{51b^2x^3} - \\ & \frac{24ad(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{323b^2x^2} + \frac{2c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{19bx} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-512*a^5*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(153153*b^6*x^7) + (2048*a^6*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(969969*b^7*x^7) + (256*a^4*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(21879*b^5*x^6) - (1024*a^5*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(138567*b^6*x^6) - (64*a^3*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(2431*b^4*x^5) + (768*a^4*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(46189*b^5*x^5) + (32*a^2*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(663*b^3*x^4) - (128*a^3*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(4199*b^4*x^4) - (4*a*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(51*b^2*x^3) + (16*a^2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(323*b^3*x^3) + (2*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(17*b*x^2) - (24*a*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(323*b^2*x^2) + (2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(19*b*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2450 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && (PolyQ[Pq, x] || PolyQ[Pq, x^n]) && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-7bdx+2ad-9bc)}{63b^2}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(153153dx^6b^6-108108ab^5dx^5+171171b^6cx^5+72072a^2b^4dx^4-114114ab^5cx^4-44352a^3b^3dx^3+70224a^2b^4cx^3+2909907b^7x^5)}{2909907b^7x^5}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(153153dx^6b^6-108108ab^5dx^5+171171b^6cx^5+72072a^2b^4dx^4-114114ab^5cx^4-44352a^3b^3dx^3+70224a^2b^4cx^3+2909907b^7x^5)}{2909907b^7x^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(153153dx^6b^6-108108ab^5dx^5+171171b^6cx^5+72072a^2b^4dx^4-114114ab^5cx^4-44352a^3b^3dx^3+70224a^2b^4cx^3+2909907b^7x^5)}{2909907b^7x^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(153153b^9dx^9+351351ab^8dx^8+171171b^9cx^8+207207a^2b^7dx^7+399399ab^8cx^7+693a^3b^6dx^6+241395a^2b^7cx^6-756a^4b^7cx^5)}{2909907b^7x^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(153153b^9dx^9+351351ab^8dx^8+171171b^9cx^8+207207a^2b^7dx^7+399399ab^8cx^7+693a^3b^6dx^6+241395a^2b^7cx^6-756a^4b^7cx^5)}{2909907b^7x^5}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-\frac{2}{63}(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-7b^2dx+2ad-9b^2c)/b^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(153153b^9dx^9-4864a^8bc+3072a^9d+9009(19b^9c+39ab^8d)x^8+3003(133ab^8c+69a^2b^7d)x^7+231(1045a^2b^7c+3a^3b^6d)x^6+63(19a^3b^6c-12a^4b^5d)x^5-70(19a^4b^5c-12a^5b^4d)x^4+80(19a^5b^4c-12a^6b^3d)x^3-96(19a^6b^3c-12a^7b^2d)x^2+128(19a^7b^2c-12a^8b^1d)x)\sqrt{(bx^3+ax^2)}}{b^7x}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{2}{2909907}(153153b^9d^9x^9-4864a^8b^8c+3072a^9d+9009(19b^9c+39ab^8d)x^8+3003(133ab^8c+69a^2b^7d)x^7+231(1045a^2b^7c+3a^3b^6d)x^6+63(19a^3b^6c-12a^4b^5d)x^5-70(19a^4b^5c-12a^5b^4d)x^4+80(19a^5b^4c-12a^6b^3d)x^3-96(19a^6b^3c-12a^7b^2d)x^2+128(19a^7b^2c-12a^8b^1d)x)\sqrt{(bx^3+ax^2)}/(b^7x)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \int (x^2(a + bx))^{5/2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(9009b^8x^8 + 21021ab^7x^7 + 12705a^2b^6x^6 + 63a^3b^5x^5 - 70a^4b^4x^4 + 80a^5b^3x^3 - 96a^6b^2x^2 + 153153b^6)}{969969b^7} + \frac{2(51051b^9x^9 + 117117ab^8x^8 + 69069a^2b^7x^7 + 231a^3b^6x^6 - 252a^4b^5x^5 + 280a^5b^4x^4 - 320a^6b^3x^3 + 384a^7b^2x^2 - 512a^8bx + 1024a^9)\sqrt{bx+a}}{969969b^7}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/153153*(9009*b^8*x^8 + 21021*a*b^7*x^7 + 12705*a^2*b^6*x^6 + 63*a^3*b^5*x^5 - 70*a^4*b^4*x^4 + 80*a^5*b^3*x^3 - 96*a^6*b^2*x^2 + 128*a^7*b*x - 256*a^8)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^6 + 2/969969*(51051*b^9*x^9 + 117117*a*b^8*x^8 + 69069*a^2*b^7*x^7 + 231*a^3*b^6*x^6 - 252*a^4*b^5*x^5 + 280*a^5*b^4*x^4 - 320*a^6*b^3*x^3 + 384*a^7*b^2*x^2 - 512*a^8*b*x + 1024*a^9)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^7`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 842 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 842, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/14549535*(20995*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x
+ a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693
*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*a^3*c*sgn(x)/b^5 + 14535*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*
(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 +
9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*
a^6)*a^2*c*sgn(x)/b^5 + 4845*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)
*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(
5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*a^3*d*sgn(x
)/b^6 + 6783*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x
+ a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 -
27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)
*a^7)*a*c*sgn(x)/b^5 + 6783*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*
a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x +
a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 643
5*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^6 + 133*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2) - 58344
*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a + 235620*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x + a)^(11/2)
)*a^3 + 850850*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^4 - 875160*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^5 + 612612*(
b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^6 - 291720*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^7 + 109395*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^8
)*c*sgn(x)/b^5 + 399*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2) - 58344*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a + 2
35620*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^3 + 850850*(b*x ...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2ax^7(69ad + 133bc)}{969} + \frac{2bx^8(39ad + 19bc)}{323} + \frac{2b^2dx^9}{19} + \frac{512a^8(12ad - 19bc)}{2909907b^7} - \frac{256a^7x(12ad - 19bc)}{2909907b^7} \right)}{1}$$

input `int((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x),x)`output `((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*a*x^7*(69*a*d + 133*b*c))/969 + (2*b*x^8*(39*a*d + 19*b*c))/323 + (2*b^2*d*x^9)/19 + (512*a^8*(12*a*d - 19*b*c))/(2909907*b^7) - (256*a^7*x*(12*a*d - 19*b*c))/(2909907*b^6) - (2*a^3*x^5*(12*a*d - 19*b*c))/(46189*b^2) + (20*a^4*x^4*(12*a*d - 19*b*c))/(415701*b^3) - (160*a^5*x^3*(12*a*d - 19*b*c))/(2909907*b^4) + (64*a^6*x^2*(12*a*d - 19*b*c))/(969969*b^5) + (2*a^2*x^6*(3*a*d + 1045*b*c))/(12597*b))/x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} (153153b^9dx^9 + 351351ab^8dx^8 + 171171b^9cx^8 + 207207a^2b^7dx^7 + 399399ab^8cx^7 + 351351a^2b^7dx^6 + 171171ab^8cx^6 + 153153b^9dx^5 + 399399ab^8cx^5 + 207207a^2b^7dx^4 + 171171ab^8cx^4 + 153153b^9dx^3 + 399399ab^8cx^3 + 207207a^2b^7dx^2 + 171171ab^8cx^2 + 153153b^9dx + 399399ab^8cx)}{1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(3072*a**9*d - 4864*a**8*b*c - 1536*a**8*b*d*x + 2432*a**7*b**2*c*x + 1152*a**7*b**2*d*x**2 - 1824*a**6*b**3*c*x**2 - 960*a**6*b**3*d*x**3 + 1520*a**5*b**4*c*x**3 + 840*a**5*b**4*d*x**4 - 1330*a**4*b**5*c*x**4 - 756*a**4*b**5*d*x**5 + 1197*a**3*b**6*c*x**5 + 693*a**3*b**6*d*x**6 + 241395*a**2*b**7*c*x**6 + 207207*a**2*b**7*d*x**7 + 399399*a*b**8*c*x**7 + 351351*a*b**8*d*x**8 + 171171*b**9*c*x**8 + 153153*b**9*d*x**9))/(2909907*b**7)`

3.261
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1973
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1974
Rubi [A] (verified)	1974
Maple [C] (verified)	1978
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1979
Sympy [F]	1979
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1980
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1980
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1981
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2a^4(bc-ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^6x^7} - \frac{2a^3(4bc-5ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^6x^9} + \frac{4a^2(3bc-5ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^6x^{11}} - \frac{4a(2bc-5ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^6x^{13}} + \frac{2(bc-5ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{15/2}}{15b^6x^{15}} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{17/2}}{17b^6x^{17}}$$

output
$$\frac{2}{7}a^4(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(7/2)}/b^6/x^7-2/9*a^3*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(9/2)}/b^6/x^9+4/11*a^2*(-5*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(11/2)}/b^6/x^{11}-4/13*a*(-5*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(13/2)}/b^6/x^{13}+2/15*(-5*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(15/2)}/b^6/x^{15}+2/17*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(17/2)}/b^6/x^{17}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx)^4(-1280a^5d + 3003b^5x^4(17c + 15dx) + 128a^4b(17c + 35dx) - 765765b^6\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3})}{765765b^6\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x,x]`

output $(2*x*(a + b*x)^4*(-1280*a^5*d + 3003*b^5*x^4*(17*c + 15*d*x) + 128*a^4*b*(17*c + 35*d*x) - 224*a^3*b^2*x*(34*c + 45*d*x) + 336*a^2*b^3*x^2*(51*c + 55*d*x) - 462*a*b^4*x^3*(68*c + 65*d*x))/(765765*b^6*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1945 \\ & \frac{(17bc - 10ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx}{17b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\ & \frac{(17bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} - \frac{8a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx}{15b} \right)}{17b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \end{aligned}$$

$$(17bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{13b} \right)}{15b} \right)$$

$$\frac{17b}{17b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2}$$

↓ 1922

$$(17bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)}{15b} \right)$$

$$\frac{17b}{17b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2}$$

↓ 1922

$$(17bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{2a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)}{15b} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2}$$

↓ 1920

$$\left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} - \frac{8a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{4a(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{63b^2x^7} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)}{15b} \right) (17bc - 10ad) + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{17bx^2}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x,x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(17*b*x^2) + ((17*b*c - 10*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(15*b*x^3) - (8*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(13*b*x^4) - (6*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(11*b*x^5) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(63*b^2*x^7) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(9*b*x^6)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)))/(15*b)))/(17*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 3 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-2a^{\frac{5}{2}}bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left((dx^3 + \frac{7}{5}cx^2)b^3 + \frac{77xa(\frac{45dx}{77} + c)b^2}{15} + a^2(3dx + \frac{161c}{15})b + a^3d \right)}{7b}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-45045dx^5b^5 + 30030ab^4dx^4 - 51051b^5cx^4 - 18480a^2b^3dx^3 + 31416ab^4cx^3 + 10080a^3b^2dx^2 - 17136a^2b^3cx^2 - 765765b^6x^5)}{765765b^6x^5}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-45045dx^5b^5 + 30030ab^4dx^4 - 51051b^5cx^4 - 18480a^2b^3dx^3 + 31416ab^4cx^3 + 10080a^3b^2dx^2 - 17136a^2b^3cx^2 - 765765b^6x^5)}{765765b^6x^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-45045dx^5b^5 + 30030ab^4dx^4 - 51051b^5cx^4 - 18480a^2b^3dx^3 + 31416ab^4cx^3 + 10080a^3b^2dx^2 - 17136a^2b^3cx^2 - 765765b^6x^5)}{765765b^6x^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-45045dx^8b^8 - 105105ab^7dx^7 - 51051b^8cx^7 - 63525a^2b^6dx^6 - 121737ab^7cx^6 - 315a^3b^5dx^5 - 76041a^2b^6c^2x^4 + 350a^4b^6c^2x^3)}{765765b^6x^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(-45045dx^8b^8 - 105105ab^7dx^7 - 51051b^8cx^7 - 63525a^2b^6dx^6 - 121737ab^7cx^6 - 315a^3b^5dx^5 - 76041a^2b^6c^2x^4 + 350a^4b^6c^2x^3)}{765765b^6x^5}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/7*(-7*a^(5/2)*b*c*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(b*x+a)^(1/2)*((d*x^3+7/5*c*x^2)*b^3+77/15*x*a*(45/77*d*x+c)*b^2+a^2*(3*d*x+161/15*c)*b+a^3*d))/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2(45045b^8dx^8 + 2176a^7bc - 1280a^8d + 3003(17b^8c + 35ab^7d)x^7 + 231(527a^2b^6d + 275a^2b^6d)x^6 + 63(1207a^2b^6c + 5a^3b^5d)x^5 + 35(17a^3b^5c - 10a^4b^4d)x^4 - 40(17a^4b^4c - 10a^5b^3d)x^3 + 48(17a^5b^3c - 10a^6b^2d)x^2 - 64(17a^6b^2c - 10a^7b^2d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{b^6x}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/765765*(45045*b^8*d*x^8 + 2176*a^7*b*c - 1280*a^8*d + 3003*(17*b^8*c + 35*a*b^7*d)*x^7 + 231*(527*a*b^7*c + 275*a^2*b^6*d)*x^6 + 63*(1207*a^2*b^6*c + 5*a^3*b^5*d)*x^5 + 35*(17*a^3*b^5*c - 10*a^4*b^4*d)*x^4 - 40*(17*a^4*b^4*c - 10*a^5*b^3*d)*x^3 + 48*(17*a^5*b^3*c - 10*a^6*b^2*d)*x^2 - 64*(17*a^6*b^2*c - 10*a^7*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^6*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2(3003b^7x^7 + 7161ab^6x^6 + 4473a^2b^5x^5 + 35a^3b^4x^4 - 40a^4b^3x^3 + 48a^5b^2x^2 - 256a^6b^2x^2 + 128a^7bx - 256a^8)}{153153b^6} + \frac{45045b^5}{153153b^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/45045*(3003*b^7*x^7 + 7161*a*b^6*x^6 + 4473*a^2*b^5*x^5 + 35*a^3*b^4*x^4 - 40*a^4*b^3*x^3 + 48*a^5*b^2*x^2 - 64*a^6*b*x + 128*a^7)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^5 + 2/153153*(9009*b^8*x^8 + 21021*a*b^7*x^7 + 12705*a^2*b^6*x^6 + 63*a^3*b^5*x^5 - 70*a^4*b^4*x^4 + 80*a^5*b^3*x^3 - 96*a^6*b^2*x^2 + 128*a^7*b*x - 256*a^8)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^6`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 746 vs. 2(181) = 362.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/765765*(2431*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)
^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*a^3*c*sgn(x)
/b^4 + 3315*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(
7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(
b*x + a)*a^5)*a^2*c*sgn(x)/b^4 + 1105*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)
^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x
+ a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*a^3*d*sgn(x)/b^5 + 765*(231*(b*x +
a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x
+ a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3
003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*a*c*sgn(x)/b^4 + 765*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(
b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 +
9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a
^6)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^5 + 119*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a
+ 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a
)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435
*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*c*sgn(x)/b^4 + 357*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x +
a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32
175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2
)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*a*d*sgn(x)/b^5 + 7*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2)
- 58344*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a + 235620*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x ...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2ax^6(275ad + 527bc)}{3315} + \frac{2bx^7(35ad + 17bc)}{255} + \frac{2b^2dx^8}{17} - \frac{256a^7(10ad - 17bc)}{765765b^6} \right)}{x}$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x,x)
```

output

```

((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*a*x^6*(275*a*d + 527*b*c))/3315 + (2*b*x^7*(35*
a*d + 17*b*c))/255 + (2*b^2*d*x^8)/17 - (256*a^7*(10*a*d - 17*b*c))/(76576
5*b^6) + (128*a^6*x*(10*a*d - 17*b*c))/(765765*b^5) - (2*a^3*x^4*(10*a*d -
17*b*c))/(21879*b^2) + (16*a^4*x^3*(10*a*d - 17*b*c))/(153153*b^3) - (32*
a^5*x^2*(10*a*d - 17*b*c))/(255255*b^4) + (2*a^2*x^5*(5*a*d + 1207*b*c))/(
12155*b)))/x

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(45045b^8dx^8 + 105105ab^7dx^7 + 51051b^8cx^7 + 63525a^2b^6dx^6 +$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x,x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 1280*a**8*d + 2176*a**7*b*c + 640*a**7*b*d*x - 1088*a**6*b**2*c*x - 480*a**6*b**2*d*x**2 + 816*a**5*b**3*c*x**2 + 400*a**5*b**3*d*x**3 - 680*a**4*b**4*c*x**3 - 350*a**4*b**4*d*x**4 + 595*a**3*b**5*c*x**4 + 315*a**3*b**5*d*x**5 + 76041*a**2*b**6*c*x**5 + 63525*a**2*b**6*d*x**6 + 121737*a*b**7*c*x**6 + 105105*a*b**7*d*x**7 + 51051*b**8*c*x**7 + 45045*b**8*d*x**8))/(765765*b**6)`

3.262
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1983
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1984
Rubi [A] (verified)	1984
Maple [C] (verified)	1986
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1987
Sympy [F]	1988
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1988
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1988
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1989
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1990

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2a^3(bc-ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^5x^7} + \frac{2a^2(3bc-4ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^5x^9} - \frac{6a(bc-2ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^5x^{11}} + \frac{2(bc-4ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^5x^{13}} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{15/2}}{15b^5x^{15}}$$

output
$$-2/7*a^3*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^5/x^7+2/9*a^2*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^5/x^9-6/11*a*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^5/x^11+2/13*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(13/2)/b^5/x^13+2/15*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(15/2)/b^5/x^15$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx)^4(128a^4d + 168a^2b^2x(5c + 6dx) + 231b^4x^3(15c + 13dx) - 16a^3b(15c + 13dx) - 16a^3b^3x^2(45c + 44dx))}{45045b^5\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(2*x*(a + b*x)^4*(128*a^4*d + 168*a^2*b^2*x*(5*c + 6*d*x) + 231*b^4*x^3*(15*c + 13*d*x) - 16*a^3*b*(15*c + 13*d*x) - 16*a^3*b^3*x^2*(45*c + 44*d*x)))/(45045*b^5*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1945} \\ & \frac{(15bc - 8ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx}{15b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\ & \frac{(15bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{13b} \right)}{15b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \end{aligned}$$

$$(15bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)$$

$$\frac{15b}{15b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3}$$

↓ 1922

$$(15bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{2a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right)$$

$$\frac{15b}{15b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3}$$

↓ 1920

$$\left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{4a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{63b^2 x^7} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} \right) (15bc - 8ad)$$

$$\frac{15b}{15b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{15bx^3}$$

input Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^2,x]

output

$$\frac{(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(15*b*x^3) + ((15*b*c - 8*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(13*b*x^4) - (6*a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(11*b*x^5) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(63*b^2*x^7) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(9*b*x^6)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)))/(15*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

$$\text{Int}[\text{((c_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}} * \text{((a_.)*(x_)}^{\text{(j_.)}} + \text{(b_.)*(x_)}^{\text{(n_.)}})^{\text{(p_)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[(-c^{\text{(j - 1)}}) * \text{(c*x)}^{\text{(m - j + 1)}} * \text{((a*x}^{\text{j}} + \text{b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}}) / \text{(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))}, \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{n, j}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0}] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{j}] \text{|| GtQ}[\text{c, 0}])$$

rule 1922

$$\text{Int}[\text{((c_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}} * \text{((a_.)*(x_)}^{\text{(j_.)}} + \text{(b_.)*(x_)}^{\text{(n_.)}})^{\text{(p_)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{c}^{\text{(j - 1)}} * \text{(c*x)}^{\text{(m - j + 1)}} * \text{((a*x}^{\text{j}} + \text{b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}}) / \text{(a*(m + j*p + 1))}, \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)} / \text{(a*c}^{\text{(n - j)}} * \text{(m + j*p + 1))}] \text{Int}[\text{(c*x)}^{\text{(m + n - j)}} * \text{(a*x}^{\text{j}} + \text{b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{n, j}] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[\text{(m + n*p + n - j + 1)} / \text{(n - j)}], \text{0}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m + j*p + 1, 0}] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[\text{j, n}] \text{|| GtQ}[\text{c, 0}])$$

rule 1945

$$\text{Int}[\text{((e_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}} * \text{((a_.)*(x_)}^{\text{(j_.)}} + \text{(b_.)*(x_)}^{\text{(jn_.)}})^{\text{(p_)}} * \text{((c_)} + \text{(d_.)*(x_)}^{\text{(n_.)}}), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{d*e}^{\text{(j - 1)}} * \text{(e*x)}^{\text{(m - j + 1)}} * \text{((a*x}^{\text{j}} + \text{b*x}^{\text{(j + n)}})^{\text{(p + 1)}}) / \text{(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))}, \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))} / \text{(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))}] \text{Int}[\text{(e*x)}^{\text{m}} * \text{(a*x}^{\text{j}} + \text{b*x}^{\text{(j + n)}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{jn, j + n}] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b*c - a*d, 0}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{e, 0}] \text{|| IntegerQ}[\text{j}])$$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 3 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(a^2x\left(ad+\frac{5bc}{2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)-\frac{\left(7xb\left(\frac{11dx}{35}+c\right)a^{\frac{3}{2}}+\left(\frac{23dx}{5}-\frac{3c}{2}\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}+b^2x^2\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{3dx}{5}+c\right)\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3}}{\sqrt{a}x}\right)$
gosper	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3003dx^4b^4-1848ab^3dx^3+3465b^4cx^3+1008a^2b^2dx^2-1890ab^3cx^2-448a^3bdx+840a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-240a^3bc)}{45045b^5x^5}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3003dx^4b^4-1848ab^3dx^3+3465b^4cx^3+1008a^2b^2dx^2-1890ab^3cx^2-448a^3bdx+840a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-240a^3bc)}{45045b^5x^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3003dx^4b^4-1848ab^3dx^3+3465b^4cx^3+1008a^2b^2dx^2-1890ab^3cx^2-448a^3bdx+840a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-240a^3bc)}{45045b^5x^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(3003b^7dx^7+7161ab^6dx^6+3465b^7cx^6+4473a^2b^5dx^5+8505ab^6cx^5+35a^3b^4dx^4+5565a^2b^5cx^4-40a^4b^3dx^3-75a^3b^4cx^2+8505a^2b^5dx^2+8505ab^6cx+35a^3b^4d)}{45045b^5x}$
trager	$\frac{2(3003b^7dx^7+7161ab^6dx^6+3465b^7cx^6+4473a^2b^5dx^5+8505ab^6cx^5+35a^3b^4dx^4+5565a^2b^5dx^2+8505ab^6cx+35a^3b^4d)}{45045b^5x}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(a^2*x*(a*d+5/2*b*c)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-1/3*(7*x*b*(11/35*d*x+c)*a^(3/2)+(23/5*d*x-3/2*c)*a^(5/2)+b^2*x^2*a^(1/2)*(3/5*d*x+c))*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2(3003b^7dx^7 - 240a^6bc + 128a^7d + 231(15b^7c + 31ab^6d)x^6 + 63(135ab^6c + 71a^2b^5d)x^5 + 35(159a^2b^5c + a^3b^4d)x^4 + 5(15a^3b^4c - 8a^4b^3d)x^3 - 6(15a^4b^3c - 8a^5b^2d)x^2 + 8(15a^5b^2c - 8a^6bd)x + 8505a^2b^5d)}{45045b^5x}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/45045*(3003*b^7*d*x^7 - 240*a^6*b*c + 128*a^7*d + 231*(15*b^7*c + 31*a*b^6*d)*x^6 + 63*(135*a*b^6*c + 71*a^2*b^5*d)*x^5 + 35*(159*a^2*b^5*c + a^3*b^4*d)*x^4 + 5*(15*a^3*b^4*c - 8*a^4*b^3*d)*x^3 - 6*(15*a^4*b^3*c - 8*a^5*b^2*d)*x^2 + 8*(15*a^5*b^2*c - 8*a^6*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^5*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2(231b^6x^6 + 567ab^5x^5 + 371a^2b^4x^4 + 5a^3b^3x^3 - 6a^4b^2x^2 + 8a^5bx - 16a^6)}{3003b^4} + \frac{2(3003b^7x^7 + 7161ab^6x^6 + 4473a^2b^5x^5 + 35a^3b^4x^4 - 40a^4b^3x^3 + 48a^5b^2x^2 - 64a^6bx + 128a^7)\sqrt{bx + a}}{45045b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3003*(231*b^6*x^6 + 567*a*b^5*x^5 + 371*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 5*a^3*b^3*x^3 - 6*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^5*b*x - 16*a^6)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^4 + 2/45045*(3003*b^7*x^7 + 7161*a*b^6*x^6 + 4473*a^2*b^5*x^5 + 35*a^3*b^4*x^4 - 40*a^4*b^3*x^3 + 48*a^5*b^2*x^2 - 64*a^6*b*x + 128*a^7)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^5`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 650 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 650, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/45045*(1287*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^3)*a^3*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3 + 429*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) \\ & - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^4)*a^2*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3 + 143*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 18 \\ & 0*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^4)*a^3*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^4 + 195*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(\\ & b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^5)*a*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3 + 195*(63*(\\ & b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(\\ & b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^5)*a^2 \\ & *d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^4 + 15*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005* \\ & (b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 \\ & - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^6)*c*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^3 + 45*(23 \\ & 1*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - \\ & 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2) \\ & *a^5 + 3003*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^6)*a*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^4 + 7*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - \\ & 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/ \\ & 2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b \\ & x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^7)*d*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^4)/b + 32/45045*(15* \\ & a^(13/2)*b*c - 8*a^(15/2)*d)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/b^5 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{256a^7d - 480a^6bc}{45045b^5} + \frac{2ax^5(71ad + 135bc)}{715} + \frac{2bx^6(31ad + 15bc)}{195} + \frac{2b^2dx}{15} \right)}{1}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^2,x)`

output

```
((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((256*a^7*d - 480*a^6*b*c)/(45045*b^5) + (2*a*x^5*(71*a*d + 135*b*c))/715 + (2*b*x^6*(31*a*d + 15*b*c))/195 + (2*b^2*d*x^7)/15 - (16*a^5*x*(8*a*d - 15*b*c))/(45045*b^4) - (2*a^3*x^3*(8*a*d - 15*b*c))/(9009*b^2) + (4*a^4*x^2*(8*a*d - 15*b*c))/(15015*b^3) + (2*a^2*x^4*(a*d + 159*b*c))/(1287*b)))/x
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(3003b^7dx^7 + 7161ab^6dx^6 + 3465b^7cx^6 + 4473a^2b^5dx^5 + 8505a^2b^5d^2x^4 + 7161a^2b^6cdx^3 + 3465a^2b^7c^2x^2 + 4473a^2b^5d^2x + 8505a^2b^5c^2)}{(45045b^5)}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**7*d - 240*a**6*b*c - 64*a**6*b*d*x + 120*a**5*b**2*c*x + 48*a**5*b**2*d*x**2 - 90*a**4*b**3*c*x**2 - 40*a**4*b**3*d*x**3 + 75*a**3*b**4*c*x**3 + 35*a**3*b**4*d*x**4 + 5565*a**2*b**5*c*x**4 + 4473*a**2*b**5*d*x**5 + 8505*a*b**6*c*x**5 + 7161*a*b**6*d*x**6 + 3465*b**7*c*x**6 + 3003*b**7*d*x**7))/(45045*b**5)
```

3.263 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1991
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1991
Rubi [A] (verified)	1992
Maple [A] (verified)	1994
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1994
Sympy [F]	1995
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1995
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1995
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1996
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1997

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2a^2(bc-ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^4x^7} - \frac{2a(2bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^4x^9} + \frac{2(bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^4x^{11}} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{13/2}}{13b^4x^{13}}$$

output

```
2/7*a^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^4/x^7-2/9*a*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^4/x^9+2/11*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^4/x^11+2/13*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(13/2)/b^4/x^13
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2x(a+bx)^4(-48a^3d+63b^3x^2(13c+11dx)+8a^2b(13c+21dx)-14ab^2x)}{9009b^4\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c+d*x)*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^3,x]
```


output

$$(2*x*(a + b*x)^4*(-48*a^3*d + 63*b^3*x^2*(13*c + 11*d*x) + 8*a^2*b*(13*c + 21*d*x) - 14*a*b^2*x*(26*c + 27*d*x))/(9009*b^4*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(13bc - 6ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{13b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4}$$

↓ 1922

$$\frac{(13bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx}{11b} \right)}{13b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4}$$

↓ 1922

$$\frac{(13bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{2a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{9b} \right)}{11b} \right)}{13b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{4a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{63b^2x^7} \right)}{11b} \right) (13bc - 6ad)}{13b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13bx^4}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(13*b*x^4) + ((13*b*c - 6*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(11*b*x^5) - (4*a*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(63*b^2*x^7) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(9*b*x^6)))/(11*b)))/(13*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1945 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-693b^3dx^3+378ab^2dx^2-819b^3cx^2-168a^2bdx+364ab^2cx+48a^3d-104ca^2b)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009b^4x^5}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-693b^3dx^3+378ab^2dx^2-819b^3cx^2-168a^2bdx+364ab^2cx+48a^3d-104ca^2b)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009b^4x^5}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-693b^3dx^3+378ab^2dx^2-819b^3cx^2-168a^2bdx+364ab^2cx+48a^3d-104ca^2b)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009b^4x^5}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{10x^2b\left(ad+\frac{3bc}{4}\right)a\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-4x^2\left(\frac{dx}{3}+c\right)b^2\sqrt{a}+\left(-\frac{28bdx^2}{3}+\left(2ad+\frac{9bc}{2}\right)x+ac\right)a^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}x^2}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-693dx^6b^6-1701ab^5dx^5-819b^6cx^5-1113a^2b^4dx^4-2093ab^5cx^4-15a^3b^3dx^3-1469a^2b^4cx^3+18a^4b^2dx^2-39a^3b^3dx-104a^2b^2c)x}{9009x^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-693dx^6b^6-1701ab^5dx^5-819b^6cx^5-1113a^2b^4dx^4-2093ab^5cx^4-15a^3b^3dx^3-1469a^2b^4cx^3+18a^4b^2dx^2-39a^3b^3dx-104a^2b^2c)x}{9009b^4x}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/9009*(b*x+a)*(-693*b^3*d*x^3+378*a*b^2*d*x^2-819*b^3*c*x^2-168*a^2*b*d*x+364*a*b^2*c*x+48*a^3*d-104*a^2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^4/x^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2(693b^6dx^6+104a^5bc-48a^6d+63(13b^6c+27ab^5d)x^5+7(299ab^5c+159a^2b^4d)x^4+(1469a^2b^4c+15a^3b^3d)x^3+3(13a^3b^3c-6a^4b^2d)x^2-4(13a^4b^2c-6a^5bd)x}{b^4x}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/9009*(693*b^6*d*x^6+104*a^5*b*c-48*a^6*d+63*(13*b^6*c+27*a*b^5*d)*x^5+7*(299*a*b^5*c+159*a^2*b^4*d)*x^4+(1469*a^2*b^4*c+15*a^3*b^3*d)*x^3+3*(13*a^3*b^3*c-6*a^4*b^2*d)*x^2-4*(13*a^4*b^2*c-6*a^5*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3+a*x^2)/(b^4*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2(63b^5x^5 + 161ab^4x^4 + 113a^2b^3x^3 + 3a^3b^2x^2 - 4a^4bx + 8a^5)\sqrt{bx + ac}}{693b^3} + \frac{2(231b^6x^6 + 567ab^5x^5 + 371a^2b^4x^4 + 5a^3b^3x^3 - 6a^4b^2x^2 + 8a^5bx - 16a^6)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{3003b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/693*(63*b^5*x^5 + 161*a*b^4*x^4 + 113*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 4*a^4*b*x + 8*a^5)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^3 + 2/3003*(231*b^6*x^6 + 567*a*b^5*x^5 + 371*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 5*a^3*b^3*x^3 - 6*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^5*b*x - 16*a^6)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/45045*(3003*(3*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)} - 10*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a + 15*\sqrt{b*x + a} \\ & *a^2)*a^3*c*sgn(x)/b^2 + 3861*(5*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 21*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a + \\ & 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2 - 35*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^3)*a^2*c*sgn(x)/b^2 + 1287*(5* \\ & (b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 21*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a + 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2 - 35*\sqrt{ \\ & b*x + a}*a^3)*a^3*d*sgn(x)/b^3 + 429*(35*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)} - 180*(b*x + a)^{(\\ & 7/2)}*a + 378*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^3 + 315*\sqrt{b*x \\ & + a}*a^4)*a*c*sgn(x)/b^2 + 429*(35*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)} - 180*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a \\ & + 378*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^3 + 315*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a \\ & ^4)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^3 + 65*(63*(b*x + a)^{(11/2)} - 385*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)}*a + 9 \\ & 90*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a \\ & ^4 - 693*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^5)*c*sgn(x)/b^2 + 195*(63*(b*x + a)^{(11/2)} - 385* \\ & (b*x + a)^{(9/2)}*a + 990*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^3 + 1 \\ & 155*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^4 - 693*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^5)*a*d*sgn(x)/b^3 + 15*(231* \\ & (b*x + a)^{(13/2)} - 1638*(b*x + a)^{(11/2)}*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)}*a^2 - 85 \\ & 80*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a \\ & ^5 + 3003*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^6)*d*sgn(x)/b^3)/b - 16/9009*(13*a^{(11/2)}*b*c - \\ & 6*a^{(13/2)}*d)*sgn(x)/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2ax^4(159ad + 299bc)}{1287} - \frac{96a^6d - 208a^5bc}{9009b^4} + \frac{2b^2dx^6}{13} + \frac{x^5(1638cb^6 + 3402d)}{9009b^4} \right)}{x}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^3,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*((2*a*x^4*(159*a*d + 299*b*c))/1287 - (96*a^6*d - 2 \\ & 08*a^5*b*c)/(9009*b^4) + (2*b^2*d*x^6)/13 + (x^5*(1638*b^6*c + 3402*a*b^5* \\ & d))/(9009*b^4) + (8*a^4*x*(6*a*d - 13*b*c))/(9009*b^3) - (2*a^3*x^2*(6*a*d \\ & - 13*b*c))/(3003*b^2) + (2*a^2*x^3*(15*a*d + 1469*b*c))/(9009*b)))/x \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(693b^6dx^6 + 1701ab^5dx^5 + 819b^6cx^5 + 1113a^2b^4dx^4 + 2093ab^5dx^3 + 1469a^2b^4c^2x^2 + 39a^3b^3c^2x^2 + 15a^3b^3d^2x^3 + 1113a^2b^4d^2x^4 + 2093ab^5c^2x^4 + 1701a^2b^4d^2x^5 + 819b^6c^2x^5 + 693b^6d^2x^6)}{(9009b^4)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 48*a**6*d + 104*a**5*b*c + 24*a**5*b*d*x - 52*a**4*b*
*2*c*x - 18*a**4*b**2*d*x**2 + 39*a**3*b**3*c*x**2 + 15*a**3*b**3*d*x**3 +
1469*a**2*b**4*c*x**3 + 1113*a**2*b**4*d*x**4 + 2093*a*b**5*c*x**4 + 1701
*a*b**5*d*x**5 + 819*b**6*c*x**5 + 693*b**6*d*x**6))/(9009*b**4)`

3.264 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1998
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1998
Rubi [A] (verified)	1999
Maple [A] (verified)	2000
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Sympy [F]	2002
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2002
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2003
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2004

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2a(bc-ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^3x^7} + \frac{2(bc-2ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^3x^9} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{11/2}}{11b^3x^{11}}$$

output `-2/7*a*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^3/x^7+2/9*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^3/x^9+2/11*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(11/2)/b^3/x^11`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2x(a+bx)^4(8a^2d+7b^2x(11c+9dx)-2ab(11c+14dx))}{693b^3\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^4,x]`

output

```
(2*x*(a + b*x)^4*(8*a^2*d + 7*b^2*x*(11*c + 9*d*x) - 2*a*b*(11*c + 14*d*x)))/(693*b^3*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(11bc - 4ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx}{11b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5}$$

↓ 1922

$$\frac{(11bc - 4ad) \left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{2a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{9b} \right)}{11b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6} - \frac{4a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{63b^2x^7} \right) (11bc - 4ad)}{11b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11bx^5}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^4, x]
```

output

```
(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(11*b*x^5) + ((11*b*c - 4*a*d)*((-4*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(63*b^2*x^7) + (2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(9*b*x^6)))/(11*b)
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(63b^2dx^2-28abdx+77b^2cx+8a^2d-22abc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693b^3x^5}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(63b^2dx^2-28abdx+77b^2cx+8a^2d-22abc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693b^3x^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(63b^2dx^2-28abdx+77b^2cx+8a^2d-22abc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693b^3x^5}$
pseudoelliptic	$15 \left(b^2x^3 \left(ad + \frac{bc}{6} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{11 \left(\frac{26xb \left(\frac{27dx}{13} + c \right) a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{33} + \frac{4 \left(dx + \frac{2c}{3} \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{11} + b^2x^2 \sqrt{a} \left(-\frac{16dx}{11} + c \right) \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{30} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(63dx^5b^5+161ab^4dx^4+77b^5cx^4+113a^2b^3dx^3+209ab^4cx^3+3a^3b^2dx^2+165a^2b^3cx^2-4a^4bdx+11a^3b^2cx+8a^5d-22a^4b^2c)}{693xb^3}$
trager	$\frac{2(63dx^5b^5+161ab^4dx^4+77b^5cx^4+113a^2b^3dx^3+209ab^4cx^3+3a^3b^2dx^2+165a^2b^3cx^2-4a^4bdx+11a^3b^2cx+8a^5d-22a^4b^2c)}{693b^3x}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/693*(b*x+a)*(63*b^2*d*x^2-28*a*b*d*x+77*b^2*c*x+8*a^2*d-22*a*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^3/x^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2(63b^5dx^5 - 22a^4bc + 8a^5d + 7(11b^5c + 23ab^4d)x^4 + (209ab^4c + 113a^2b^3d)x^3 + 3(55a^2b^3c + a^3b^2d)x^2 + (11a^3b^2c - 4a^4b^2d)x) \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{693b^3x}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/693*(63*b^5*d*x^5 - 22*a^4*b*c + 8*a^5*d + 7*(11*b^5*c + 23*a*b^4*d)*x^4 + (209*a*b^4*c + 113*a^2*b^3*d)*x^3 + 3*(55*a^2*b^3*c + a^3*b^2*d)*x^2 + (11*a^3*b^2*c - 4*a^4*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^3*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2(7b^4x^4 + 19ab^3x^3 + 15a^2b^2x^2 + a^3bx - 2a^4)\sqrt{bx + ac}}{63b^2} + \frac{2(63b^5x^5 + 161ab^4x^4 + 113a^2b^3x^3 + 3a^3b^2x^2 - 4a^4bx + 8a^5)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{693b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/63*(7*b^4*x^4 + 19*a*b^3*x^3 + 15*a^2*b^2*x^2 + a^3*b*x - 2*a^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b^2 + 2/693*(63*b^5*x^5 + 161*a*b^4*x^4 + 113*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 4*a^4*b*x + 8*a^5)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/3465*(1155*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*a^3*c*sgn(x)/b + 693*(3
*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*a^2*c*sgn(
x)/b + 231*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^
2)*a^3*d*sgn(x)/b^2 + 297*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(
b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*a*c*sgn(x)/b + 297*(5*(b*x + a)
^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*
a^3)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b^2 + 11*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 3
78*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*
c*sgn(x)/b + 33*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)
^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*a*d*sgn(x)/
b^2 + 5*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)
*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x
+ a)*a^5)*d*sgn(x)/b^2)/b + 4/693*(11*a^(9/2)*b*c - 4*a^(11/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b
^3

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{16a^5d - 44a^4bc}{693b^3} + \frac{2ax^3(113ad + 209bc)}{693} + \frac{2b^2dx^5}{11} + \frac{x^4(154cb^5 + 322ad)}{693b^3} \right)}{x}$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^4,x)
```

output

```

((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((16*a^5*d - 44*a^4*b*c)/(693*b^3) + (2*a*x^3*(113*
a*d + 209*b*c))/693 + (2*b^2*d*x^5)/11 + (x^4*(154*b^5*c + 322*a*b^4*d))/(
693*b^3) - (2*a^3*x*(4*a*d - 11*b*c))/(693*b^2) + (2*a^2*x^2*(a*d + 55*b*c
))/(231*b))/x

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(63b^5dx^5 + 161ab^4dx^4 + 77b^5cx^4 + 113a^2b^3dx^3 + 209ab^4cx^3 + 693b^3c^2x^2 + 161a^2b^3d^2x^2 + 113a^2b^3d^2x^3 + 209ab^4c^2x^3 + 161ab^4c^2dx^4 + 77b^5c^2dx^4 + 63b^5d^2x^5)}{693b^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(8*a**5*d - 22*a**4*b*c - 4*a**4*b*d*x + 11*a**3*b**2*c*x + 3*a**3*b**2*d*x**2 + 165*a**2*b**3*c*x**2 + 113*a**2*b**3*d*x**3 + 209*a*b**4*c*x**3 + 161*a*b**4*d*x**4 + 77*b**5*c*x**4 + 63*b**5*d*x**5))/(693*b**3)`

$$3.265 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	2005
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2005
Rubi [A] (verified)	2006
Maple [A] (verified)	2007
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2008
Sympy [F]	2008
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2008
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2009
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2010
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2010

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2(bc-ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^2x^7} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^2x^9}$$

output

```
2/7*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^2/x^7+2/9*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^2/x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2x(a+bx)^4(9bc-2ad+7bdx)}{63b^2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^5,x]
```

output

```
(2*x*(a + b*x)^4*(9*b*c - 2*a*d + 7*b*d*x))/(63*b^2*sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1945, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(9bc - 2ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{9b} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2} (9bc - 2ad)}{63b^2x^7} + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9bx^6}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^5,x]
```

output

```
(2*(9*b*c - 2*a*d)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(63*b^2*x^7) + (2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(9*b*x^6)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
  n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
gosper	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-7bdx+2ad-9bc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63b^2x^5}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-7bdx+2ad-9bc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63b^2x^5}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-7bdx+2ad-9bc)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63b^2x^5}$
pseudoelliptic	$5 \left(b^3x^4 \left(ad - \frac{bc}{8} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{17\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{59x^2 \left(\frac{132dx}{59} + c \right) b^2 a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{68} + bx \left(\frac{26dx}{17} + c \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2(4dx+3c)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{17} + \frac{15\sqrt{a}b^3cx^3}{136} \right)}{15} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-7dx^4b^4-19ab^3dx^3-9b^4cx^3-15a^2b^2dx^2-27ab^3cx^2-a^3bdx-27a^2b^2cx+2a^4d-9a^3bc)}{63xb^2}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-7dx^4b^4-19ab^3dx^3-9b^4cx^3-15a^2b^2dx^2-27ab^3cx^2-a^3bdx-27a^2b^2cx+2a^4d-9a^3bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{63b^2x}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/63*(b*x+a)*(-7*b*d*x+2*a*d-9*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^2/x^5
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2(7b^4dx^4 + 9a^3bc - 2a^4d + (9b^4c + 19ab^3d)x^3 + 3(9ab^3c + 5a^2b^2d)x^2 + 63b^2x$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/63*(7*b^4*d*x^4 + 9*a^3*b*c - 2*a^4*d + (9*b^4*c + 19*a*b^3*d)*x^3 + 3*(9*a*b^3*c + 5*a^2*b^2*d)*x^2 + (27*a^2*b^2*c + a^3*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^2*x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**5,x)`output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**5, x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2(b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx + a^3)\sqrt{bx + ac}}{7b} + \frac{2(7b^4x^4 + 19ab^3x^3 + 15a^2b^2x^2 + a^3bx - 2a^4)\sqrt{bx + ad}}{63b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/7*(b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x + a^3)*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b + 2/63*(7*
b^4*x^4 + 19*a*b^3*x^3 + 15*a^2*b^2*x^2 + a^3*b*x - 2*a^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)*d
/b^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 344 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.73

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{bx + aa^3} \operatorname{csgn}(x) + 315 \left((bx + a)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{bx + aa} \right) a^2 \operatorname{csgn}(x) + \frac{10}{b} \right)}{63 b^2} - \frac{2 \left(9 a^{7/2} bc - 2 a^{9/2} d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{63 b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/315*(315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*c*sgn(x) + 315*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x
+ a)*a)*a^2*c*sgn(x) + 105*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*a^3*d*sgn
(x)/b + 63*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^
2)*a*c*sgn(x) + 63*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x
+ a)*a^2)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/b + 9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a +
35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*c*sgn(x) + 27*(5*(b*x + a)^(
7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a
^3)*a*d*sgn(x)/b + (35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x
+ a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*d*sgn(x)
/b)/b - 2/63*(9*a^(7/2)*b*c - 2*a^(9/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^2
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{6a^2c\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{7} + \frac{2b^2cx^2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{7} + \frac{2a^3c\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{7bx} + \frac{6abcx\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{7} - \frac{2d(2a - 7bx)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(a + bx)^3}{63b^2x}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^5,x)`output `(6*a^2*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2))/7 + (2*b^2*c*x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2))/7 + (2*a^3*c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2))/(7*b*x) + (6*a*b*c*x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2))/7 - (2*d*(2*a - 7*b*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^3)/(63*b^2*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(7b^4dx^4 + 19ab^3dx^3 + 9b^4cx^3 + 15a^2b^2dx^2 + 27ab^3cx^2 + a^3bdx + 7b^4d^2x^2 + 27a^2b^3d^2x + 19ab^3d^3x^3 + 9b^4d^4x^4)}{63b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 2*a**4*d + 9*a**3*b*c + a**3*b*d*x + 27*a**2*b**2*c*x + 15*a**2*b**2*d*x**2 + 27*a*b**3*c*x**2 + 19*a*b**3*d*x**3 + 9*b**4*c*x**3 + 7*b**4*d*x**4))/(63*b**2)`

3.266 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	2011
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2011
Rubi [A] (verified)	2012
Maple [A] (verified)	2014
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2014
Sympy [F]	2015
Maxima [F]	2015
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2016
Mupad [F(-1)]	2016
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2017

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2a^2c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} + \frac{2ac(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} + \frac{2c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7bx^7} - 2a^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)$$

output

```
2*a^2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/3*a*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3+2/5*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5+2/7*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b/x^7-2*a^(5/2)*c*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2x((a+bx)(15a^3d+3b^3x^2(7c+5dx))+ab^2x(77c+45dx))+a^2b(161c+45d)}{105b\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c+d*x)*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(2*x*((a + b*x)*(15*a^3*d + 3*b^3*x^2*(7*c + 5*d*x) + a*b^2*x*(77*c + 45*d*x) + a^2*b*(161*c + 45*d*x)) - 105*a^(5/2)*b*c*sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]])/(105*b*sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$c \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$c \left(a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$c \left(a \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^2} dx + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$c \left(a \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

$$\downarrow 1914$$

$$c \left(a \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

↓ 219

$$c \left(a \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{2d(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7bx^7}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^6,x]`

output `(2*d*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(7*b*x^7) + c*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(5*x^5) + a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*x^3) + a*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^2 + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1945

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
default	$\frac{2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(15d(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 105a^{\frac{5}{2}}bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 21(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}bc + 35(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}abc + 105\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bc \right)}{105x^5(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}b}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{5b^4x^5 \left(ad - \frac{3bc}{10} \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{31}{64} \left(\frac{5b^3x^3(5dx+c)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{124} + b^2x^2 \left(\frac{295dx}{186} + c \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{42x \left(\frac{85dx}{63} + c \right) b a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{31} + \frac{4(5dx+4c)a^{\frac{9}{2}}}{31} - \frac{15\sqrt{a}b^4cx^4}{248} \right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/105*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)*(15*d*(b*x+a)^(7/2)-105*a^(5/2)*b*c*arctanh((b*x
+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+21*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*b*c+35*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*a*b*c+105*(b*x+a
)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c)/x^5/(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \left[\frac{105 a^{\frac{5}{2}} b c x \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(15 b^3 dx^3 + 161 a^2 bc + 15 a^3 d + \dots)}{105 bx} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/105*(105*a^(5/2)*b*c*x*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(15*b^3*d*x^3 + 161*a^2*b*c + 15*a^3*d + 3*(7*b^3*c + 15*a*b^2*d)*x^2 + (77*a*b^2*c + 45*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(b*x), 2/105*(105*sqrt(-a)*a^2*b*c*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (15*b^3*d*x^3 + 161*a^2*b*c + 15*a^3*d + 3*(7*b^3*c + 15*a*b^2*d)*x^2 + (77*a*b^2*c + 45*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(b*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**6, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/x^6, x)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2a^3c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{2\left(105a^3bc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 161\sqrt{-a}a^{5/2}bc + 15\sqrt{-a}a^{7/2}d\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{105\sqrt{-ab}} + \frac{2\left(21(bx+a)^{5/2}b^7c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 35(bx+a)^{3/2}ab^7c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 105\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^7c \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 15(bx+a)^{7/2}b^6d \operatorname{sgn}(x)\right)}{105b^7}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*a^3*c*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))*sgn(x)/sqrt(-a) - 2/105*(105*a^3*b*c*arctan(sqrt(a)/sqrt(-a)) + 161*sqrt(-a)*a^(5/2)*b*c + 15*sqrt(-a)*a^(7/2)*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(-a)*b) + 2/105*(21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^7*c*sgn(x) + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b^7*c*sgn(x) + 105*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^7*c*sgn(x) + 15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b^6*d*sgn(x))/b^7`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^6,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^6, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{30\sqrt{bx+a}a^3d + 322\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bc + 90\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bdx + 154\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2c}{105b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x)`output `(30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d + 322*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c + 90*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x + 154*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x + 90*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**2 + 42*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*c*x**2 + 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*d*x**3 + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c - 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c)/(105*b)`

3.267 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	2018
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2019
Rubi [A] (verified)	2019
Maple [A] (verified)	2022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2022
Sympy [F]	2023
Maxima [F]	2023
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2024
Mupad [F(-1)]	2024
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2025

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{a(5bc+2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} + \frac{(5bc+2ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} - a^{3/2}(5bc+2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)$$

output `a*(2*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/3*(2*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3-c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6+2/5*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5-a^(3/2)*(2*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{(a + bx)(2b^2x^2(5c + 3dx) + 2abx(35c + 11dx) + a^2(-15c + 46dx)) - 15a}{15\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^7,x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(2*b^2*x^2*(5*c + 3*d*x) + 2*a*b*x*(35*c + 11*d*x) + a^2*(-15*c + 46*d*x)) - 15*a^(3/2)*(5*b*c + 2*a*d)*x*sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]])/(15*sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1927, 1927, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\ & \frac{(2ad + 5bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{ax^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1927 \\ & \frac{(2ad + 5bc) \left(a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{ax^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1927 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(2ad + 5bc) \left(a \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{x^2} dx + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{ax^8}$$

↓ 1927

$$\frac{(2ad + 5bc) \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5}}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{ax^8}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(2ad + 5bc) \left(a \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{ax^8}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(a \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) (2ad + 5bc)}{2a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{ax^8}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^7,x]
```

output

```
-((c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(a*x^8)) + ((5*b*c + 2*a*d)*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(5*x^5) + a*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*x^3) + a*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])))/(2*a)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1914 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^{n_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$

rule 1927 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{m_}*((a_)*(x_)^{j_} + (b_)*(x_)^{n_})^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+j}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0]$

rule 1944 $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{m_}*((a_)*(x_)^{j_} + (b_)*(x_)^{jn_})^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{n_})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*e^{(j-1)}*(e*x)^{m-j+1}*((a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^{p+1}/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{m+n}*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j + n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m + j*p, -1] \ || \ (\text{IntegersQ}[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, (-n)*p - 1])) \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[j, n]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + j*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a^2 c \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{x^2} + \frac{\left(\frac{2d(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} ad}{3} + \frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} bc}{3} + 2\sqrt{bx+a} a^2 d + 4\sqrt{bx+a} abc - (2ad+5bc)a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
pseudoelliptic	$3 \left(b^5 x^6 \left(ad - \frac{5bc}{12} \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2 \left(\left(\frac{192dx}{5} + 32c \right) a^{\frac{11}{2}} + xb \left(-\frac{5 \left(\frac{18dx}{5} + c \right) x^3 b^3 a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + b^2 x^2 (3dx+c) a^{\frac{5}{2}} + 54xb \left(\frac{62dx}{45} + c \right) a^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{9} \right)}{128 a^{\frac{7}{2}} x^6}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(6d(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x \sqrt{a} + 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{3}{2}} dx + 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} bcx \sqrt{a} + 30a^{\frac{5}{2}} dx \sqrt{bx+a} + 60a^{\frac{3}{2}} bcx \sqrt{bx+a} - 30 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{15x^6 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{a}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a^2*c/x^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)+(2/5*d*(b*x+a)^(5/2)+2/3*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*a*d+2/3*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*b*c+2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*a^2*d+4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*a*b*c-(2*a*d+5*b*c)*a^(3/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(x^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{15(5abc+2a^2d)\sqrt{ax^2} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(6b^2dx^3-15a^2c-15a^2d)}{30x^2}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/30*(15*(5*a*b*c + 2*a^2*d)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(6*b^2*d*x^3 - 15*a^2*c + 2*(5*b^2*c + 11*a*b*d)*x^2 + 2*(35*a*b*c + 23*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/x^2, 1/15*(15*(5*a*b*c + 2*a^2*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (6*b^2*d*x^3 - 15*a^2*c + 2*(5*b^2*c + 11*a*b*d)*x^2 + 2*(35*a*b*c + 23*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/x^2]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**7,x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**7, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/x^7, x)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{15 \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{bx} - \frac{15 (5 a^2 b \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 2 a^3 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}} - \frac{2 \left(5 (bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x)\right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/15*(15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*c*sgn(x)/(b*x) - 15*(5*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) + 2*a^3*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) - 2*(5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 30*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^4*d*sgn(x) + 5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b^4*d*sgn(x) + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^4*d*sgn(x))/b^5)*b`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^7} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^7,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^7, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-30\sqrt{bx+a}a^2c + 92\sqrt{bx+a}a^2dx + 140\sqrt{bx+a}abcx + 44\sqrt{bx+a}abd^2x^2}{30x^6}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x)`output `(- 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*c + 92*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d*x + 140*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c*x + 44*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x**2 + 20*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*d*x**3 + 30*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a**2*d*x + 75*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b*c*x - 30*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**2*d*x - 75*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b*c*x)/(30*x)`

3.268 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	2026
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2027
Rubi [A] (verified)	2027
Maple [A] (verified)	2030
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2030
Sympy [F]	2031
Maxima [F]	2031
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2031
Mupad [F(-1)]	2032
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2032

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{5b(3bc+4ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4x} - \frac{(5bc+4ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^4} + \frac{2bd(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{2x^7} - \frac{5}{4}\sqrt{ab}(3bc+4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)$$

output $5/4*b*(4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/4*(4*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4+2/3*b*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3-1/2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7-5/4*a^(1/2)*b*(4*a*d+3*b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(\sqrt{a + bx}(8b^2x^2(3c + dx) - 6a^2(c + 2dx) + abx(-27c + 56d)) - 15\sqrt{a}b(3b^2c + 4a^2d)x^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right] \right)}{12x^3\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^8,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(8*b^2*x^2*(3*c + d*x) - 6*a^2*(c + 2*d*x) + a*b*x*(-27*c + 56*d*x)) - 15*Sqrt[a]*b*(3*b^2*c + 4*a^2*d)*x^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(12*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1927, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\ & \frac{(4ad + 3bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{2ax^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\ & \frac{(4ad + 3bc) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{2ax^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1927} \\ & \frac{(4ad + 3bc) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^2} dx + \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{2ax^9} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(4ad + 3bc) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6}}{\frac{4a}{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{2ax^9}}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(4ad + 3bc) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} \right)}{\frac{4a}{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{2ax^9}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5}{2}b \left(a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \right) + \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^6} \right) (4ad + 3bc)}{\frac{4a}{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{2ax^9}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/2*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(a*x^9) + ((3*b*c + 4*a*d)*(-(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^6) + (5*b*((2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*x^3) + a*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])))/2)/(4*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^2 + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n)
Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p
((n - j)/(c^n(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Integer
sQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1944 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
c(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a(4adx+9cbx+2ac)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{4x^3} + \frac{b\left(\frac{16(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + 32\sqrt{bx+a}ad + 16\sqrt{bx+a}bc - 10\sqrt{a}(4ad+3bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{8x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{5b^6x^7\left(ad-\frac{bc}{2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{512} + \frac{\left(-\frac{928\left(\frac{35dx}{29}+c\right)xb^{\frac{11}{2}}}{7} + (-64dx-\frac{384c}{7})a^{\frac{13}{2}} + x^2b^2\left(-\frac{5b^3x^3(3dx+c)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + b^2x^2\left(\frac{5dx}{2}+c\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)\right)}{384a^{\frac{9}{2}}x^7}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-8(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}db^2x^2\sqrt{a}-48\sqrt{bx+a}a^{\frac{3}{2}}db^2x^2-24\sqrt{bx+a}b^3cx^2\sqrt{a}+60\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2dx^2+45\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2dx^2+45\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2dx^2\right)}{12bx^7(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{a}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4*a*(4*a*d*x+9*b*c*x+2*a*c)/x^3*(x^2*(b*x+a))^{(1/2)}+1/8*b*(16/3*(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}*d+32*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*a*d+16*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*b*c-10*a^{(1/2)}*(4*a*d+3*b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}))*(x^2*(b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/x/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\left[15(3b^2c+4abd)\sqrt{ax^3} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8b^2dx^3-6a^2c+24a^2d)x\right]}{24x^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{24}*(15*(3*b^2*c+4*a*b*d)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*x^3*\log((b*x^2+2*a*x-2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3+a*x^2))*\operatorname{sqrt}(a))/x^2)+2*(8*b^2*d*x^3-6*a^2*c+8*(3*b^2*c+7*a*b*d)*x^2-3*(9*a*b*c+4*a^2*d)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3+a*x^2))/x^3, \frac{1}{12}*(15*(3*b^2*c+4*a*b*d)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*x^3*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3+a*x^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)/(b*x^2+a*x))+ (8*b^2*d*x^3-6*a^2*c+8*(3*b^2*c+7*a*b*d)*x^2-3*(9*a*b*c+4*a^2*d)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3+a*x^2))/x^3\right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**8,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**8, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/x^8, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{24\sqrt{bx + ab^3}c\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 8(bx + a)^{3/2}b^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 48\sqrt{bx + aab^2}d\operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{1}{2} \dots}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(24*sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3*c*sgn(x) + 8*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^2*d*sgn(x) + 48*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^2*d*sgn(x) + 15*(3*a*b^3*c*sgn(x) + 4*a^2*b^2*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - 3*(9*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b^3*c*sgn(x) - 7*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^3*c*sgn(x) + 4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*d*sgn(x) - 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*b^2*d*sgn(x))/(b^2*x^2))/b`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^8} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^8,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^8, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{bx + a}a^2c - 24\sqrt{bx + a}a^2dx - 54\sqrt{bx + a}abcx + 112\sqrt{bx + a}abd^2x^2}{24x^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x)`output `(- 12*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*c - 24*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d*x - 54*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c*x + 112*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x**2 + 48*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*d*x**3 + 60*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 + 45*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2 - 60*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 - 45*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2)/(24*x**2)`

3.269
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$$

Optimal result	2033
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2033
Rubi [A] (verified)	2034
Maple [A] (verified)	2036
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2037
Sympy [F]	2037
Maxima [F]	2038
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2038
Mupad [F(-1)]	2038
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2039

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{b(5bc+14ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8x^2} + \frac{2b^2d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - \frac{(5bc+6ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{12x^5} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3x^8} - \frac{5b^2(bc+6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}}$$

```
output -1/8*b*(14*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2+2*b^2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/12*(6*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5-1/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8-5/8*b^2*(6*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}(3b^2x^2(11c-16dx)+4a^2(2c+3dx))+2abx(13c+27dx)\right)+15b^2(bc+6ad)x^3}{24\sqrt{a}x^4\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^9,x]`

output `-1/24*(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*b^2*x^2*(11*c - 16*d*x) + 4*a^2*(2*c + 3*d*x) + 2*a*b*x*(13*c + 27*d*x)) + 15*b^2*(b*c + 6*a*d)*x^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(Sqrt[a]*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1927, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{x^9} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\
 & \frac{(6ad + bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{3ax^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1926 \\
 & \frac{(6ad + bc) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{2x^7} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{3ax^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1926 \\
 & \frac{(6ad + bc) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \left(\frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{2x^7} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{3ax^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1927 \\
 & \frac{(6ad + bc) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{x} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{2x^7} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{3ax^{10}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(6ad + bc) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - 2a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{2x^7} \right)}{\frac{6a}{3ax^{10}} c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5}{4}b \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{2x^7} \right) (6ad + bc)}{\frac{6a}{3ax^{10}} c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^9,x]`

output `-1/3*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(a*x^10) + ((b*c + 6*a*d)*(-1/2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^7 + (5*b*(-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^4) + (3*b*((2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*x)/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/2))/4)/(6*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^2 + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

```
rule 1926 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p
  *((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1),
  x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Integer
  sQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 1927 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 1944 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(54abd x^2 + 33b^2c x^2 + 12a^2dx + 26abcx + 8a^2c)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{24x^4} + \frac{b^2 \left(32\sqrt{bx+a}d - \frac{2(30ad+5bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{16x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
pseudoelliptic	$5 \left(b^7 x^8 \left(ad - \frac{9bc}{16} \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{9 \left(-144 \left(\frac{296dx}{243} + c \right) x^2 b^2 a^{\frac{11}{2}} - 704xb \left(\frac{116dx}{99} + c \right) a^{\frac{13}{2}} + 128(-8dx-7c)a^{\frac{15}{2}} + x^3 b^3 \left(\frac{35x^3}{16} \right) \right)}{1024a^{\frac{11}{2}}x^8} \right)$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(-48\sqrt{bx+a}db^3x^3\sqrt{a} + 90 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ab^3dx^3 + 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)b^4cx^3 + 54(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 33 \right)}{24bx^8(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{a}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(54*a*b*d*x^2+33*b^2*c*x^2+12*a^2*d*x+26*a*b*c*x+8*a^2*c)/x^4*(x^2*(b*x+a))^{1/2}+1/16*b^2*(32*(b*x+a)^{1/2}*d-2*(30*a*d+5*b*c)/a^{1/2}*\arctan(h((b*x+a)^{1/2}/a^{1/2}))*x^2*(b*x+a)^{1/2}/x/(b*x+a)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{15(b^3c+6ab^2d)\sqrt{a}x^4 \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(48ab^2dx^3-8a^3c)}{48ax^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [1/48*(15*(b^3*c + 6*a*b^2*d)*\sqrt{a})*x^4*\log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2})*\sqrt{a})/x^2) + 2*(48*a*b^2*d*x^3 - 8*a^3*c - 3*(11*a*b^2*c + 1 \\ & 8*a^2*b*d)*x^2 - 2*(13*a^2*b*c + 6*a^3*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2})/(a*x^4), \\ & 1/24*(15*(b^3*c + 6*a*b^2*d)*\sqrt{-a})*x^4*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{-a})/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (48*a*b^2*d*x^3 - 8*a^3*c - 3*(11*a*b^2*c + 18*a^2*b \\ & *d)*x^2 - 2*(13*a^2*b*c + 6*a^3*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2})/(a*x^4)] \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}(c+dx)}{x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**9,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**9, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/x^9, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left(\frac{48 \sqrt{bx + a} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b} + \frac{15 (bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 6 ad \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}} \right) -$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(48*sqrt(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/b + 15*(b*c*sgn(x) + 6*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) - (33*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 40*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c*sgn(x) + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) + 54*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 96*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d*sgn(x) + 42*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*d*sgn(x))/(b^4*x^3))*b^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^9} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^9,x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^9, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{bx+a}a^3c - 24\sqrt{bx+a}a^3dx - 52\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bcx - 108\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2cx^2}{48a^3x^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x)`

output `(- 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*c - 24*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d*x - 52*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*x - 108*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 66*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 90*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3 - 90*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3)/(48*a*x**3)`

3.270 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	2040
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2041
Rubi [A] (verified)	2041
Maple [A] (verified)	2044
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2044
Sympy [F]	2045
Maxima [F]	2045
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2046
Mupad [F(-1)]	2046
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2047

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{b(5bc+24ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{32x^3} - \frac{b^2(5bc+88ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64ax^2} - \frac{(5bc+8ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{24x^6} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4x^9} + \frac{5b^3(bc-8ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{64a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/32*b*(24*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3-1/64*b^2*(88*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^2-1/24*(8*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6-1/4*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9+5/64*b^3*(-8*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx}(15b^3cx^3 + 16a^3(3c + 4dx) + 8a^2bx(17c + 26d)) + 192a^{3/2}x^5\sqrt{a} \right)}{192a^{3/2}x^5\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^10,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*b^3*c*x^3 + 16*a^3*(3*c + 4*d*x) + 8*a^2*b*x*(17*c + 26*d*x) + 2*a*b^2*x^2*(59*c + 132*d*x))) + 15*b^3*(b*c - 8*a*d)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(3/2)*x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1926, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\ & -\frac{(bc - 8ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{4ax^{11}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1926 \\ & -\frac{(bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3x^8} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{4ax^{11}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1926 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \left(\frac{3}{4}b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3x^8} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{4ax^{11}}$$

↓ 1926

$$\frac{(bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3x^8} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{4ax^{11}}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(-b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3x^8} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{4ax^{11}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5}{6}b \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2x^5} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3x^8} \right) (bc - 8ad)}{8a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{4ax^{11}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^10,x]`

output `-1/4*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(a*x^11) - ((b*c - 8*a*d)*(-1/3*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^8 + (5*b*(-1/2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^5 + (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/x^2) - (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/Sqrt[a]))/4)/6)/(8*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1914

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n)
Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

rule 1926

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p
*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Integer
sQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^p/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(264ab^2dx^3+15b^3cx^3+208a^2bdx^2+118ab^2cx^2+64a^3dx+136a^2bcx+48ca^3)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{192x^5a} - \frac{5(8ad-bc)b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{bx+a}}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{45b^8x^9\left(ad-\frac{11bc}{18}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16384} - \frac{11\sqrt{bx+a}\left(\frac{80x^3b^3\left(\frac{9dx}{5}+c\right)a^{\frac{11}{2}}}{99} + \frac{6592x^2\left(\frac{243dx}{206}+c\right)b^2a^{\frac{13}{2}}}{33} + \frac{33152x\left(\frac{297dx}{259}+c\right)ba^{\frac{15}{2}}}{99} + (1+\frac{13}{2}a^{\frac{13}{2}})\right)}{16384}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(264(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}d+15(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}}bc+120\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^4dx^4-15\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ab^5cx^4-584a^{\frac{13}{2}}\right)}{192bx^9(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/192*(264*a*b^2*d*x^3+15*b^3*c*x^3+208*a^2*b*d*x^2+118*a*b^2*c*x^2+64*a^3*d*x+136*a^2*b*c*x+48*a^3*c)/x^5/a*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)-5/64*(8*a*d-b*c)*b^3/a^(3/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(b^4c-8ab^3d)\sqrt{ax^5} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(48a^4c+3(5ab^3c+8a^2b^2d)x^3+2(59a^2b^2c+104a^2b^2d)x^2+2(59a^2b^2c+104a^2b^2d)x+2(59a^2b^2c+104a^2b^2d))}{192a^2x^5} \right]$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*sqrt(a)*x^5*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(48*a^4*c + 3*(5*a*b^3*c + 88*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 2*(59*a^2*b^2*c + 104*a^3*b*d)*x^2 + 8*(17*a^3*b*c + 8*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^2*x^5), -1/192*(15*(b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^5*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (48*a^4*c + 3*(5*a*b^3*c + 88*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 2*(59*a^2*b^2*c + 104*a^3*b*d)*x^2 + 8*(17*a^3*b*c + 8*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^2*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**10,x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**10, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{x^{10}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/x^10, x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{15(b^5 \operatorname{csgn}(x) - 8ab^4 \operatorname{dsgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 15(bx+a)^{7/2} b^5 \operatorname{csgn}(x) + 73(bx+a)^{5/2} ab^5 \operatorname{csgn}(x) - 55(bx+a)^{3/2} a^2 b^5 \operatorname{csgn}(x) + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^3} b^5 \operatorname{csgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-aa}}$$

192 b

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/192*(15*(b^5*c*sgn(x) - 8*a*b^4*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a)))/(sqrt(-a)*a) + (15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 73*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*b^5*c*sgn(x) - 55*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*b^5*c*sgn(x) + 264*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b^4*d*sgn(x) - 584*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^4*d*sgn(x) + 440*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b^4*d*sgn(x) - 120*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b^4*d*sgn(x))/(a*b^4*x^4)/b`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^10,x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^10, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-96\sqrt{bx+a}a^4c - 128\sqrt{bx+a}a^4dx - 272\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bcx - 416\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2cx^2 - 236\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2c^2x^2 - 528\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2d^2x^3 - 30\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3c^2x^3 + 120\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})ab^3d^2x^4 - 15\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})b^4c^2x^4 - 120\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})ab^3d^2x^4 + 15\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})b^4c^2x^4}{(384a^2x^4)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x)`output `(- 96*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*c - 128*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*d*x - 272*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*x - 416*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d*x**2 - 236*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 528*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 + 120*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4 - 120*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4)/(384*a**2*x**4)`

3.271 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	2048
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2049
Rubi [A] (verified)	2049
Maple [A] (verified)	2052
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2053
Sympy [F]	2053
Maxima [F]	2054
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2054
Mupad [F(-1)]	2055
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2055

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{b(3bc+22ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{48x^4} - \frac{b^2(3bc+118ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{192ax^3} + \frac{b^3(3bc-10ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{128a^2x^2} - \frac{(bc+2ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{8x^7} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^{10}} - \frac{b^4(3bc-10ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/48*b*(22*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4-1/192*b^2*(118*a*d+3*b*c)*(
b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^3+1/128*b^3*(-10*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2
/x^2-1/8*(2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7-1/5*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^1
0-1/128*b^4*(-10*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx}(-45b^4cx^4 + 30ab^3x^3(c + 5dx) + 96a^4(4c + 5dx) + 16a^3bx(63c + 85dx) + 4a^2 \right)}{1920a^{5/2}x^6\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^11,x]`

output `-1/1920*(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-45*b^4*c*x^4 + 30*a*b^3*x^3*(c + 5*d*x) + 96*a^4*(4*c + 5*d*x) + 16*a^3*b*x*(63*c + 85*d*x) + 4*a^2*b^2*x^2*(186*c + 295*d*x)) + 15*b^4*(3*b*c - 10*a*d)*x^5*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(5/2)*x^6*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1926, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^{11}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\ & \frac{(3bc - 10ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx}{10a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{5ax^{12}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\ & \frac{(3bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4x^9} \right)}{10a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{5ax^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4x^9} \right)}{10a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5ax^{12}}$$

↓ 1926

$$\frac{(3bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4x^9} \right)}{10a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5ax^{12}}$$

↓ 1926

$$\frac{(3bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4x^9} \right)}{10a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5ax^{12}}$$

↓ 1931

$$\frac{(3bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4x^9} \right)}{10a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5ax^{12}}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(3bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4x^9} \right)}{10a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5ax^{12}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2x^3} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4x^9} \right) (3bc - 10ad)}{10a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5ax^{12}}$$

input

Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^11, x]

output

$$-1/5*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(a*x^{12}) - ((3*b*c - 10*a*d)*(-1/4*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(5/2)}/x^9 + (5*b*(-1/3*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)}/x^6 + (b*(-1/2*\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3})/x^3 + (b*(-\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3})/(a*x^2)) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{a}*x)/\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3}])/a^{(3/2)}))/4)/2)/8)/(10*a)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1914

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a + b*x^n)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^n}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$$

rule 1926

$$\text{Int}[(c*x)^m * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1} * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^p / (c*(m + j*p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b*p * ((n - j)/(c^n * (m + j*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+n} * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerSQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + j*p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1931

$$\text{Int}[(c*x)^m * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{j-1} * (c*x)^{m-j+1} * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p+1} / (a*(m + j*p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b * ((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^{n-j} * (m + j*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+n-j} * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + j*p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(150x^4ab^3d-45x^4b^4c+1180a^2b^2dx^3+30ab^3cx^3+1360a^3bdx^2+744a^2b^2cx^2+480a^4dx+1008a^3bcx+384ca^4)\sqrt{x^2(bx^2+ax)}}{1920x^6a^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$55 \left(b^9x^{10} \left(ad - \frac{13bc}{20} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - \frac{52\sqrt{bx+a}}{1920} \left(\frac{80x^4b^4}{99} \left(\frac{22dx}{13} + c \right) a^{\frac{11}{2}} - \frac{320x^3b^3}{429} \left(\frac{5dx}{3} + c \right) a^{\frac{13}{2}} - \frac{343168x^2}{1287} \left(\frac{3090dx}{2681} + c \right) a^{\frac{15}{2}} \right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(150(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a^{\frac{7}{2}} d - 45(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a^{\frac{5}{2}} bc + 580(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^{\frac{9}{2}} d + 210(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^{\frac{7}{2}} bc - 150 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) a^3 b^5 d \right)}{1920x^6a^2}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/1920*(150*a*b^3*d*x^4-45*b^4*c*x^4+1180*a^2*b^2*d*x^3+30*a*b^3*c*x^3+13
60*a^3*b*d*x^2+744*a^2*b^2*c*x^2+480*a^4*d*x+1008*a^3*b*c*x+384*a^4*c)/x^6
/a^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)+1/128*(10*a*d-3*b*c)*b^4/a^(5/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(
1/2)/a^(1/2))*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(3b^5c - 10ab^4d)\sqrt{a}x^6 \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(384a^5c - 15(3a^2b^3c + 118a^3b^2d)x^3 + 8(93a^3b^2c + 170a^4bd)x^2 + 48(21a^4bc + 10a^5d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{a^3x^6}, \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3840*(15*(3*b^5*c - 10*a*b^4*d)*sqrt(a)*x^6*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(384*a^5*c - 15*(3*a*b^4*c - 10*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 + 10*(3*a^2*b^3*c + 118*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 8*(93*a^3*b^2*c + 170*a^4*b*d)*x^2 + 48*(21*a^4*b*c + 10*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^3*x^6), 1/1920*(15*(3*b^5*c - 10*a*b^4*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^6*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (384*a^5*c - 15*(3*a*b^4*c - 10*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 + 10*(3*a^2*b^3*c + 118*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 8*(93*a^3*b^2*c + 170*a^4*b*d)*x^2 + 48*(21*a^4*b*c + 10*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^3*x^6)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**11,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**11, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{x^{11}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/x^11, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{1}{1920} b^5 \left(\frac{15(3bc\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 10ad\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2b}} + \frac{45(bx+a)^{9/2}bc}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1920*b^5*(15*(3*b*c*sgn(x) - 10*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a)))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*b) + (45*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 210*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b*c*sgn(x) - 384*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) + 210*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c*sgn(x) - 45*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b*c*sgn(x) - 150*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2*d*sgn(x) + 1280*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3*d*sgn(x) - 700*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4*d*sgn(x) + 150*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5*d*sgn(x))/(a^2*b^6*x^5)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^11,x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^11, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-768\sqrt{bx + a}a^5c - 960\sqrt{bx + a}a^5dx - 2016\sqrt{bx + a}a^4bcx - 2720\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^2cx^2 - 1488\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^2d^2x^3 - 60\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^3c^2x^4 - 300\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^3d^2x^5 + 90\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^4c^2x^6 - 150\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^4d^2x^7 + 45\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^5c^2x^8 + 150\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^5d^2x^9 - 45\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^6c^2x^{10} + 45\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^6d^2x^{11}}{(3840a^3x^5)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x)`

output `(- 768*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*c - 960*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*d*x - 2016*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*c*x - 2720*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*d*x**2 - 1488*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*c*x**2 - 2360*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**3 - 60*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**3 - 300*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 + 90*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*c*x**4 - 150*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**4*d*x**5 + 45*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**5*c*x**5 + 150*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**4*d*x**5 - 45*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**5*c*x**5)/(3840*a**3*x**5)`

3.272 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	2056
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2057
Rubi [A] (verified)	2057
Maple [A] (verified)	2060
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2061
Sympy [F]	2062
Maxima [F]	2062
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2062
Mupad [F(-1)]	2063
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2063

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{b(5bc+52ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{160x^5} - \frac{b^2(5bc+372ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{960ax^4} + \frac{b^3(5bc-12ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{768a^2x^3} - \frac{b^4(5bc-12ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{512a^3x^2} - \frac{(5bc+12ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{60x^8} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{6x^{11}} + \frac{b^5(5bc-12ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{512a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/160*b*(52*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5-1/960*b^2*(372*a*d+5*b*c)*
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^4+1/768*b^3*(-12*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^
2/x^3-1/512*b^4*(-12*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2-1/60*(12*a*d+5
*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/x^8-1/6*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^11+1/512*b^5*(-1
2*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx}(75b^5cx^5 + 40a^2b^3x^3(c + 3dx) + 256a^5(5c + 6d)) \right)}{7680a^{7/2}x^7\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^12,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(75*b^5*c*x^5 + 40*a^2*b^3*x^3*(c + 3*d*x) + 256*a^5*(5*c + 6*d*x) - 10*a*b^4*x^4*(5*c + 18*d*x) + 48*a^3*b^2*x^2*(45*c + 62*d*x) + 64*a^4*b*x*(50*c + 63*d*x))) + 15*b^5*(5*b*c - 12*a*d)*x^6*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(7680*a^(7/2)*x^7*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1926, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{x^{12}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 12ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx}{12a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{6ax^{13}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx - \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^{10}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{c(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{6ax^{13}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^{10}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6ax^{13}}$$

↓ 1926

$$\frac{(5bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^{10}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6ax^{13}}$$

↓ 1931

$$\frac{(5bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^{10}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6ax^{13}}$$

↓ 1931

$$\frac{(5bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^{10}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6ax^{13}}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(5bc - 12ad) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7} \right) - \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^{10}} \right)}{12a} - \frac{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6ax^{13}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{3}{8}b\left(\frac{1}{6}b\left(\frac{3b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2}}{a^{3/2}}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3}}{4a}-\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3x^4}-\frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4x^7}-\frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5x^{10}}\right)}{12a}\right)\right)\right)}{c(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}}{6ax^{13}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/x^12,x]`

output `-1/6*(c*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(a*x^13) - ((5*b*c - 12*a*d)*(-1/5*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)/x^10 + (b*(-1/4*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/x^7 + (3*b*(-1/3*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/x^4 + (b*(-1/2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-(sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*x)/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/6))/8))/2))/(12*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1931

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[
m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-180ab^4dx^5 + 75b^5cx^5 + 120x^4a^2b^3d - 50x^4ab^4c + 2976a^3b^2dx^3 + 40a^2b^3cx^3 + 4032a^4bdx^2 + 2160a^3b^2cx^2 + 1536a^5dx + 143b^{10}x^{11}(ad - \frac{15bc}{22}) \operatorname{arctanh}(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}})}{7680x^7a^3} - \frac{39\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{80x^5(121dx+c)b^5a^{\frac{11}{2}}}{99} - \frac{320x^4(\frac{143dx}{90}+c)b^4a^{\frac{13}{2}}}{429} + \frac{896x^3b^3(\frac{11dx}{7}+c)a^{\frac{15}{2}}}{1287} \right)}{131072}$
pseudoelliptic	
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(180(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}a^{\frac{9}{2}}d - 75(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}bc - 1020(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}a^{\frac{11}{2}}d + 425(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}a^{\frac{9}{2}}bc - 696(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{13}{2}}d - 990(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^{\frac{11}{2}}d \right)}{131072}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/x**12,x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/x**12, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/x^12, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{15(5b^7 \operatorname{csgn}(x) - 12ab^6 \operatorname{dsgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + \frac{75}{2}(bx+a)^{11/2} b^7 \operatorname{csgn}(x) - 425(bx+a)^{9/2} ab^7 \operatorname{csgn}(x) + 990(bx+a)^{7/2} a^2 b^7 \operatorname{csgn}(x) + 990(bx+a)^{5/2} a^3 b^7 \operatorname{csgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-aa^3}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/7680*(15*(5*b^7*c*sgn(x) - 12*a*b^6*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt
(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3) + (75*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*b^7*c*sgn(x) - 425*(b*x + a)^(
9/2)*a*b^7*c*sgn(x) + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2*b^7*c*sgn(x) + 990*(b*x + a)
^(5/2)*a^3*b^7*c*sgn(x) - 425*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4*b^7*c*sgn(x) + 75*sqrt(b
*x + a)*a^5*b^7*c*sgn(x) - 180*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a*b^6*d*sgn(x) + 1020*(b*x
+ a)^(9/2)*a^2*b^6*d*sgn(x) + 696*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3*b^6*d*sgn(x) - 2376
*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4*b^6*d*sgn(x) + 1020*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5*b^6*d*sgn(x)
- 180*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6*b^6*d*sgn(x))/(a^3*b^6*x^6))/b
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^12,x)
```

output

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/x^12, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^6c - 3072\sqrt{bx + a}a^6dx - 6400\sqrt{bx + a}a^5bcx - 8064\sqrt{bx + a}a^5b^2cx^2 - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^2c^2x^3 - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^4b^2d^2x^4 - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^3b^2d^2cx^5 - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^3b^2d^2c^2x^6 - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2d^2c^2cx^7 - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2d^2c^2c^2x^8 - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2d^2c^2c^2cx^9 - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2d^2c^2c^2c^2x^{10} - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2d^2c^2c^2c^2cx^{11} - 2560\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2d^2c^2c^2c^2c^2x^{12}}{x^{12}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x)
```


output

```
( - 2560*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*c - 3072*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*d*x - 6400*sqrt(a
+ b*x)*a**5*b*c*x - 8064*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b*d*x**2 - 4320*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a**4*b**2*c*x**2 - 5952*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*d*x**3 - 80*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a**3*b**3*c*x**3 - 240*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*d*x**4 + 100*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a**2*b**4*c*x**4 + 360*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*d*x**5 - 150*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a*b**5*c*x**5 + 180*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**5*d*x**6 - 7
5*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**6*c*x**6 - 180*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(
a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**5*d*x**6 + 75*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a)
)*b**6*c*x**6)/(15360*a**4*x**6)
```

3.273 $\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2065
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2065
Rubi [A] (verified)	2066
Maple [A] (verified)	2068
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2069
Sympy [F]	2069
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2070
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2070
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2071
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2071

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2a^3(bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^5x} + \frac{2a^2(3bc-4ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^5x^3} - \frac{6a(bc-2ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^5x^5} + \frac{2(bc-4ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^5x^7} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{9/2}}{9b^5x^9}$$

output

$$-2*a^3*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^5/x+2/3*a^2*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^5/x^3-6/5*a*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^5/x^5+2/7*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^5/x^7+2/9*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(9/2)/b^5/x^9$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(128a^4d+24a^2b^2x(3c+2dx)-16a^3b(9c+4dx)+5b^4x^3(9c+7dx)-2ab^3x^2(27c+20dx))}{315b^5x}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(128*a^4*d + 24*a^2*b^2*x*(3*c + 2*d*x) - 16*a^3*b*(9*c + 4*d*x) + 5*b^4*x^3*(9*c + 7*d*x) - 2*a*b^3*x^2*(27*c + 20*d*x)))/(3*15*b^5*x)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1945 \\
 & \frac{(9bc - 8ad) \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{9b} + \frac{2dx^3\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{9b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & \frac{(9bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{6a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{7b} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2dx^3\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{9b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & \frac{(9bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2dx^3\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{9b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (9bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{3b} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right) \\
 & \frac{9b}{2dx^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 & \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{4a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b^2x} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right) (9bc - 8ad) \\
 & \frac{9b}{2dx^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2dx^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{9b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `(2*d*x^3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(9*b) + ((9*b*c - 8*a*d)*((2*x^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(7*b) - (6*a*((2*x*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*b) - (4*a*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (4*a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b^2*x)))/(5*b)))/(7*b)))/(9*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{512\sqrt{bx+a} \left(-\frac{77x^4 \left(\frac{9dx}{11} + c \right) b^5}{256} + \frac{11x^3 \left(\frac{35dx}{44} + c \right) a b^4}{32} - \frac{33 \left(\frac{25dx}{33} + c \right) x^2 a^2 b^3}{80} + \frac{11x \left(\frac{15dx}{22} + c \right) a^3 b^2}{20} - \frac{11 \left(\frac{5dx}{11} + c \right) a^4 b}{10} + a^5 d \right)}{693b^6}$
trager	$\frac{2(35d x^4 b^4 - 40a b^3 d x^3 + 45b^4 c x^3 + 48a^2 b^2 d x^2 - 54a b^3 c x^2 - 64a^3 b d x + 72a^2 b^2 c x + 128a^4 d - 144a^3 b c) \sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2}}{315b^5 x}$
risch	$\frac{2(bx+a)x(35d x^4 b^4 - 40a b^3 d x^3 + 45b^4 c x^3 + 48a^2 b^2 d x^2 - 54a b^3 c x^2 - 64a^3 b d x + 72a^2 b^2 c x + 128a^4 d - 144a^3 b c)}{315\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)} b^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(35d x^4 b^4 - 40a b^3 d x^3 + 45b^4 c x^3 + 48a^2 b^2 d x^2 - 54a b^3 c x^2 - 64a^3 b d x + 72a^2 b^2 c x + 128a^4 d - 144a^3 b c)x}{315b^5 \sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2}}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(35d x^4 b^4 - 40a b^3 d x^3 + 45b^4 c x^3 + 48a^2 b^2 d x^2 - 54a b^3 c x^2 - 64a^3 b d x + 72a^2 b^2 c x + 128a^4 d - 144a^3 b c)x}{315b^5 \sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2}}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(35d x^4 b^4 - 40a b^3 d x^3 + 45b^4 c x^3 + 48a^2 b^2 d x^2 - 54a b^3 c x^2 - 64a^3 b d x + 72a^2 b^2 c x + 128a^4 d - 144a^3 b c)x}{315b^5 \sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2}}$

input

```
int(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-512/693*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-77/256*x^4*(9/11*d*x+c)*b^5+11/32*x^3*(35/44*d*x+
c)*a*b^4-33/80*(25/33*d*x+c)*x^2*a^2*b^3+11/20*x*(15/22*d*x+c)*a^3*b^2-11/
10*(5/11*d*x+c)*a^4*b+a^5*d)/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35b^4dx^4 - 144a^3bc + 128a^4d + 5(9b^4c - 8ab^3d)x^3 - 6(9ab^3c - 8a^2b^2d)x^2 + 8(9a^2b^2c - 8a^3bd)x)}{315b^5x}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*b^4*d*x^4 - 144*a^3*b*c + 128*a^4*d + 5*(9*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*x^
3 - 6*(9*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b^2*d)*x^2 + 8*(9*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*b*d)*x)*sqrt(
b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^5*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**4*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**4*(c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2(5b^4x^4 - ab^3x^3 + 2a^2b^2x^2 - 8a^3bx - 16a^4)c}{35\sqrt{bx+ab^4}} + \frac{2(35b^5x^5 - 5ab^4x^4 + 8a^2b^3x^3 - 16a^3b^2x^2 + 64a^4bx + 128a^5)d}{315\sqrt{bx+ab^5}}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/35*(5*b^4*x^4 - a*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^2 - 8*a^3*b*x - 16*a^4)*c/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^4) + 2/315*(35*b^5*x^5 - 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 8*a^2*b^3*x^3 - 16*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 64*a^4*b*x + 128*a^5)*d/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^5)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{9 \left(5(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a + 35(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2 - 35\sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) c}{b^3} + \frac{\left(35(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a + 378(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2 - 420(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3 + 315\sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) d}{b^4} \right)}{315 b \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{32 \left(9 a^{\frac{7}{2}} b c - 8 a^{\frac{9}{2}} d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{315 b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/315*(9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*c/b^3 + (35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*d/b^4)/(b*sgn(x)) + 32/315*(9*a^(7/2)*b*c - 8*a^(9/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(\frac{256a^4d-288a^3bc}{315b^5} + \frac{2dx^4}{9b} + \frac{x^3(90b^4c-80ab^3d)}{315b^5} + \frac{4ax^2(8ad-9bc)}{105b^3} - \frac{16a^2x(8ad-9bc)}{315b^4} \right)}{x}$$

input `int((x^4*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2), x)`output `((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((256*a^4*d - 288*a^3*b*c)/(315*b^5) + (2*d*x^4)/(9*b) + (x^3*(90*b^4*c - 80*a*b^3*d))/(315*b^5) + (4*a*x^2*(8*a*d - 9*b*c))/(105*b^3) - (16*a^2*x*(8*a*d - 9*b*c))/(315*b^4)))/x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(35b^4dx^4 - 40ab^3dx^3 + 45b^4cx^3 + 48a^2b^2dx^2 - 54ab^3cx^2 - 64a^3bdx + 72a^2b^2cx + 128a^4d - 315b^5)}{315b^5}$$

input `int(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**4*d - 144*a**3*b*c - 64*a**3*b*d*x + 72*a**2*b**2*c*x + 48*a**2*b**2*d*x**2 - 54*a*b**3*c*x**2 - 40*a*b**3*d*x**3 + 45*b**4*c*x**3 + 35*b**4*d*x**4))/(315*b**5)`

3.274 $\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2072
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2072
Rubi [A] (verified)	2073
Maple [A] (verified)	2075
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2075
Sympy [F]	2076
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2076
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2076
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2077
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2077

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2a^2(bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^4x} - \frac{2a(2bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^4x^3} + \frac{2(bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^4x^5} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^4x^7}$$

output

```
2*a^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^4/x-2/3*a*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^4/x^3+2/5*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^4/x^5+2/7*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^4/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(-48a^3d+8a^2b(7c+3dx)+3b^3x^2(7c+5dx)-2ab^2x(14c+9dx))}{105b^4x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(c+d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2+b*x^3],x]
```

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-48*a^3*d + 8*a^2*b*(7*c + 3*d*x) + 3*b^3*x^2*(7*c + 5*d*x) - 2*a*b^2*x*(14*c + 9*d*x)))/(105*b^4*x)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1945 \\ & \frac{(7bc - 6ad) \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{7b} + \frac{2dx^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\ & \frac{(7bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{5b} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2dx^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\ & \frac{(7bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3b} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2dx^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1920 \\ & \frac{\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{4a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b^2x} \right)}{5b} \right) (7bc - 6ad)}{7b} + \frac{2dx^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7b} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(c + d*x))/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2dx^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3})/(7b) + ((7bc - 6ad)((2x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3})/(5b) - (4a((2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3})/(3b) - (4a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3})/(3b^2x)))/(5b)))/(7b)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

$$\text{Int}[\{(c_)(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(a_)(x_)\}^{(j_)} + (b_)(x_)\}^{(n_)}\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c^{(j-1)})(cx)^{(m-j+1)}\{(ax^j+bx^n)\}^{(p+1)}/(a^{(n-j)}(p+1)), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, j] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m+n*p+n-j+1, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[j] \parallel \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 1922

$$\text{Int}[\{(c_)(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(a_)(x_)\}^{(j_)} + (b_)(x_)\}^{(n_)}\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(j-1)}(cx)^{(m-j+1)}\{(ax^j+bx^n)\}^{(p+1)}/(a^{(m+j*p+1)}), x] - \text{Simp}[b^{(m+n*p+n-j+1)}/(a^{(n-j)}(m+j*p+1)) \text{Int}[(cx)^{(m+n-j)}\{(ax^j+bx^n)\}^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, j] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+n*p+n-j+1)/(n-j)], 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m+j*p+1, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \parallel \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 1945

$$\text{Int}[\{(e_)(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(a_)(x_)\}^{(j_)} + (b_)(x_)\}^{(jn_)}\}^{(p_)}\{(c_)+ (d_)(x_)\}^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*e^{(j-1)}(ex)^{(m-j+1)}\{(ax^j+bx^{(j+n)})\}^{(p+1)}/(b^{(m+n+p*(j+n)+1)}), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+j*p+1) - b*c*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1))/(b^{(m+n+p*(j+n)+1)} \text{Int}[(ex)^m\{(ax^j+bx^{(j+n)})\}^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[jn, j+n] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m+n+p*(j+n)+1, 0] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[j])$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{256\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{45x^3(c+\frac{7dx}{9})b^4}{128} - \frac{27x^2a(\frac{20dx}{27}+c)b^3}{64} + \frac{9x(\frac{2dx}{3}+c)a^2b^2}{16} - \frac{9a^3(\frac{4dx}{9}+c)b}{8} + a^4d \right)}{315b^5}$	75
trager	$-\frac{2(-15b^3dx^3+18ab^2dx^2-21b^3cx^2-24a^2bdx+28ab^2cx+48a^3d-56ca^2b)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{105b^4x}$	80
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)x(-15b^3dx^3+18ab^2dx^2-21b^3cx^2-24a^2bdx+28ab^2cx+48a^3d-56ca^2b)}{105\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}b^4}$	81
gosper	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-15b^3dx^3+18ab^2dx^2-21b^3cx^2-24a^2bdx+28ab^2cx+48a^3d-56ca^2b)x}{105b^4\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	83
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-15b^3dx^3+18ab^2dx^2-21b^3cx^2-24a^2bdx+28ab^2cx+48a^3d-56ca^2b)x}{105b^4\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	83
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-15b^3dx^3+18ab^2dx^2-21b^3cx^2-24a^2bdx+28ab^2cx+48a^3d-56ca^2b)x}{105b^4\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	83

input `int(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $256/315*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(45/128*x^3*(c+7/9*d*x)*b^4-27/64*x^2*a*(20/27*d*x+c)*b^3+9/16*x*(2/3*d*x+c)*a^2*b^2-9/8*a^3*(4/9*d*x+c)*b+a^4*d)/b^5$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15b^3dx^3+56a^2bc-48a^3d+3(7b^3c-6ab^2d)x^2-4(7ab^2c-6a^2bd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{105b^4x}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/105*(15*b^3*d*x^3+56*a^2*b*c-48*a^3*d+3*(7*b^3*c-6*a*b^2*d)*x^2-4*(7*a*b^2*c-6*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3+a*x^2)/(b^4*x)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2(3b^3x^3 - ab^2x^2 + 4a^2bx + 8a^3)c}{15\sqrt{bx+ab^3}} + \frac{2(5b^4x^4 - ab^3x^3 + 2a^2b^2x^2 - 8a^3bx - 16a^4)d}{35\sqrt{bx+ab^4}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(3*b^3*x^3 - a*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*b*x + 8*a^3)*c/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3) + 2/35*(5*b^4*x^4 - a*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^2 - 8*a^3*b*x - 16*a^4)*d/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{7(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})c}{b^2} + \frac{3(5(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a + 35(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2 - 35\sqrt{bx+aa^3})d}{b^3} \right)}{105 b \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{16 \left(7a^{\frac{5}{2}}bc - 6a^{\frac{7}{2}}d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{105 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2/105*(7*(3*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)} - 10*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a + 15*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^2)*c/b^2 + 3*(5*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 21*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a + 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2 - 35*\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^3)*d/b^3}{(b*\operatorname{sgn}(x))} - \frac{16/105*(7*a^{(5/2)}*b*c - 6*a^{(7/2)}*d)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^4}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2dx^3}{7b} - \frac{96a^3d - 112a^2bc}{105b^4} + \frac{x^2(42b^3c - 36ab^2d)}{105b^4} + \frac{8ax(6ad - 7bc)}{105b^3} \right)}{x}$$

input `int((x^3*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*((2*d*x^3)/(7*b) - (96*a^3*d - 112*a^2*b*c)/(105*b^4) + (x^2*(42*b^3*c - 36*a*b^2*d))/(105*b^4) + (8*a*x*(6*a*d - 7*b*c))/(105*b^3)))}{x}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(15b^3dx^3 - 18ab^2dx^2 + 21b^3cx^2 + 24a^2bdx - 28ab^2cx - 48a^3d + 56a^2bc)}{105b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

$$(2\sqrt{a + bx} * (-48a^3d + 56a^2bc + 24a^2bdx - 28ab^2cx - 18ab^2d^2x^2 + 21b^3cx^2 + 15b^3d^2x^3)) / (105b^4)$$

3.275 $\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2079
Rubi [A] (verified)	2080
Maple [A] (verified)	2081
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2082
Sympy [F]	2082
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2083
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2083
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2084
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2084

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2a(bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^3x} + \frac{2(bc-2ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^3x^3} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^3x^5}$$

output `-2*a*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/x+2/3*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^3/x^3+2/5*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^3/x^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(8a^2d-2ab(5c+2dx)+b^2x(5c+3dx))}{15b^3x}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(c+d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2+b*x^3],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x^2*(a+b*x)]*(8*a^2*d-2*a*b*(5*c+2*d*x)+b^2*x*(5*c+3*d*x)))/(15*b^3*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1945, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1945} \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{5b} + \frac{2dx\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 4ad) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3b} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2dx\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{4a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b^2x} \right) (5bc - 4ad)}{5b} + \frac{2dx\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `(2*d*x*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*b) + ((5*b*c - 4*a*d)*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (4*a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b^2*x)))/(5*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1920 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1922 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1945 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
trager	$\frac{2(3b^2dx^2 - 4abdx + 5b^2cx + 8a^2d - 10abc)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{15b^3x}$	56
risch	$\frac{2(bx+a)x(3b^2dx^2 - 4abdx + 5b^2cx + 8a^2d - 10abc)}{15\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}b^3}$	57
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{32\left(-\frac{7x^2\left(\frac{5dx}{7}+c\right)b^3}{16} + \frac{7\left(\frac{9dx}{14}+c\right)xa^2b^2}{12} - \frac{7\left(\frac{3dx}{7}+c\right)a^2b}{6} + a^3d\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{35b^4}$	58
gosper	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^2dx^2 - 4abdx + 5b^2cx + 8a^2d - 10abc)x}{15b^3\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}$	59
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^2dx^2 - 4abdx + 5b^2cx + 8a^2d - 10abc)x}{15b^3\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}$	59
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^2dx^2 - 4abdx + 5b^2cx + 8a^2d - 10abc)x}{15b^3\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}$	59

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15*(3*b^2*d*x^2-4*a*b*d*x+5*b^2*c*x+8*a^2*d-10*a*b*c)/b^3/x*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2(3b^2dx^2 - 10abc + 8a^2d + (5b^2c - 4abd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15b^3x}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*b^2*d*x^2 - 10*a*b*c + 8*a^2*d + (5*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^3*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2(b^2x^2 - abx - 2a^2)c}{3\sqrt{bx+ab^2}} + \frac{2(3b^3x^3 - ab^2x^2 + 4a^2bx + 8a^3)d}{15\sqrt{bx+ab^3}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(b^2*x^2 - a*b*x - 2*a^2)*c/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^2) + 2/15*(3*b^3*x^3 - a*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*b*x + 8*a^3)*d/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa})c}{b} + \frac{(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})d}{b^2} \right)}{15 b \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{4 \left(5 a^{\frac{3}{2}} bc - 4 a^{\frac{5}{2}} d \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15 b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(5*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*c/b + (3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*d/b^2)/(b*sgn(x)) + 4/15*(5*a^(3/2)*b*c - 4*a^(5/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{16a^2d - 20abc}{15b^3} + \frac{x(10b^2c - 8abd)}{15b^3} + \frac{2dx^2}{5b} \right)}{x}$$

input `int((x^2*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2), x)`output `((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((16*a^2*d - 20*a*b*c)/(15*b^3) + (x*(10*b^2*c - 8*a*b*d))/(15*b^3) + (2*d*x^2)/(5*b)))/x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(3b^2dx^2 - 4abdx + 5b^2cx + 8a^2d - 10abc)}{15b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(8*a**2*d - 10*a*b*c - 4*a*b*d*x + 5*b**2*c*x + 3*b**2*d*x**2))/(15*b**3)`

3.276 $\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2085
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2085
Rubi [A] (verified)	2086
Maple [A] (verified)	2087
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2088
Sympy [F]	2088
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2088
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2089
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2089
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2089

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2(bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^2x} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^2x^3}$$

output `2*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/x+2/3*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^2/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(3bc-2ad+bdx)}{3b^2x}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(3*b*c - 2*a*d + b*d*x))/(3*b^2*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1945, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2d\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(3bc - 2ad)}{3b^2x} + \frac{2d\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b}$$

input `Int[(x*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `(2*d*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) + (2*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b^2*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1920 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1945 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{2(-bdx+2ad-3bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3b^2x}$	36
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)x(-bdx+2ad-3bc)}{3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}b^2}$	37
gosper	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-bdx+2ad-3bc)x}{3b^2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	39
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-bdx+2ad-3bc)x}{3b^2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	39
oring	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-bdx+2ad-3bc)x}{3b^2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	39
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{16\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3dx}{5} + c \right) x b^2}{8} - \frac{5 \left(\frac{2dx}{5} + c \right) ab}{4} + a^2 d \right)}{15b^3}$	41

```
input int(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(-b*d*x+2*a*d-3*b*c)/b^2/x*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(bdx+3bc-2ad)}{3b^2x}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(b*d*x + 3*b*c - 2*a*d)/(b^2*x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x*(c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+ac}}{b} + \frac{2(b^2x^2-abbx-2a^2)d}{3\sqrt{bx+ab^2}}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*sqrt(b*x + a)*c/b + 2/3*(b^2*x^2 - a*b*x - 2*a^2)*d/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\left(3\sqrt{abc}-2a^{\frac{3}{2}}d\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3b^2} + \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{bx+ac} + \frac{\left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}-3\sqrt{bx+aa}\right)d}{b}\right)}{3b\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/3*(3*sqrt(a)*b*c - 2*a^(3/2)*d)*sgn(x)/b^2 + 2/3*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*c + (b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*d/b)/(b*sgn(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{4ad-6bc}{3b^2} - \frac{2dx}{3b}\right) \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{x}$$

input `int((x*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2),x)`output `-(((4*a*d - 6*b*c)/(3*b^2) - (2*d*x)/(3*b))*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2))/x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(bdx-2ad+3bc)}{3b^2}$$

input `int(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $(2\sqrt{a + bx})(-2ad + 3bc + bdx)/(3b^2)$

3.277 $\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2091
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2091
Rubi [A] (verified)	2092
Maple [A] (verified)	2093
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2093
Sympy [F]	2094
Maxima [F]	2094
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2094
Mupad [F(-1)]	2095
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2095

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{bx} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output `2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/x-2*c*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2x\left(\sqrt{ad}(a + bx) - bc\sqrt{a + bx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `(2*x*(Sqrt[a]*d*(a + b*x) - b*c*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(Sqrt[a]*b*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2450, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

↓ 2450

$$\int \left(\frac{c}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} + \frac{dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{bx} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `(2*d*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*x) - (2*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/Sqrt[a]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2450 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && (PolyQ[Pq, x] || PolyQ[Pq, x^n]) && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-bdx+2ad-3bc)}{3b^2}$	27
default	$\frac{2x\sqrt{bx+a}\left(\sqrt{bx+a}d\sqrt{a}-bc\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}b\sqrt{a}}$	59

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-b*d*x+2*a*d-3*b*c)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{abcx} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}ad}{abx}, \frac{2\left(\sqrt{-abcx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2+ax}\right) + \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\right)}{abx} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(sqrt(a)*b*c*x*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*a*d)/(a*b*x), 2*(sqrt(-a)*b*c*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*a*d)/(a*b*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2 \left(bc \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right) + \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{ad} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-ab}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx+ad}}{b} \right)}{\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*(b*c*arctan(sqrt(a)/sqrt(-a)) + sqrt(-a)*sqrt(a)*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(-a)*b)
+ 2*(c*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + sqrt(b*x + a)*d/b)/sgn(x)
)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} ad + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) bc - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}) bc}{ab}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*c - sqrt(a)*
log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*c)/(a*b)
```


3.278 $\int \frac{c+dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2096
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2096
Rubi [A] (verified)	2097
Maple [A] (verified)	2098
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2099
Sympy [F]	2099
Maxima [F]	2100
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2100
Mupad [F(-1)]	2100
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2101

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} + \frac{(bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

output

$-c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^2+(-2*a*d+b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(3/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ac}(a + bx) + (bc - 2ad)x\sqrt{a + bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(c + d*x)/(x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]), x]$

output

$(-\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*c*(a + b*x)) + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]]/(a^(3/2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1944, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

↓ 1944

$$-\frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2}$$

↓ 1914

$$\frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right) (bc - 2ad)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(x*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `-((c*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^2)) + ((b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

```
rule 1914 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^2 + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n)
Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

```
rule 1944 Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} d\sqrt{a}-2bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b\sqrt{a}}$	38
risch	$-\frac{c(bx+a)}{a\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{(2ad-bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{bx+a} x}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$	69
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \left(a^{\frac{3}{2}}c\sqrt{bx+a}+2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2dx-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)abcx\right)}{\sqrt{bx+a}x^2a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	76

```
input int((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*((b*x+a)^(1/2)*d*a^(1/2)-b*c*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/b/a^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \left[-\frac{(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{ax^2} \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}ac}{2a^2x^2}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{-ax^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2 + ax}\right) + \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}ac}{a^2x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*a*c)/(a^2*x^2), -((b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*a*c)/(a^2*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(x*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}x} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{b \left(\frac{(bc-2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{bx+ac}}{abx}}{\sqrt{-aab}} \right)}{\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b*((b*c - 2*a*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*b) + sqrt(b*x + a)*c/(a*b*x))/sgn(x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{bx+a}ac + 2\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})adx - \sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})bcx - 2\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})}{2a^2x}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*c + 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*d*x - s
qrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*c*x - 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) +
sqrt(a))*a*d*x + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*c*x)/(2*a**2*x)`

3.279 $\int \frac{c+dx}{x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2102
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2102
Rubi [A] (verified)	2103
Maple [A] (verified)	2105
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2105
Sympy [F]	2106
Maxima [F]	2106
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2106
Mupad [F(-1)]	2107
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2107

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} + \frac{(3bc - 4ad)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4a^2x^2} - \frac{b(3bc - 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}}$$

output

$$-1/2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^3+1/4*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-1/4*b*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(5/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}(a + bx)(-3bcx + 2a(c + 2dx)) - b(3bc - 4ad)x^2\sqrt{a + bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}x\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(x^2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[a]*(a + b*x)*(-3*b*c*x + 2*a*(c + 2*d*x))) - b*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*x^2
*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(5/2)*x*Sqrt[x^2*(a +
b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1944, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{c \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1931} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1914} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) (3bc - 4ad)}{4a} - \frac{c \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)/(x^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]
```


output

```
-1/2*(c*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^3) - ((3*b*c - 4*a*d)*(-Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*
x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2))/(4*
a)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1914

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n)
Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

rule 1931

```
Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[
m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{c\sqrt{bx+a}}{ax} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \left(ad - \frac{bc}{2}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)(4adx-3cbx+2ac)}{4a^2x\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{(4ad-3bc)b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}x}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \left(4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}d-3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}bc-4\sqrt{bx+a}a^{\frac{9}{2}}d+5\sqrt{bx+a}a^{\frac{7}{2}}bc-4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3b^2dx^2+3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{4xb\sqrt{bx+a}x^2a^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -c/a*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x-2*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(a*d-1/2*b*c)/a^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{(3b^2c - 4abd)\sqrt{ax^3} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(2a^2c - (3abc - 4a^2d)x)}{8a^3x^3}, \frac{(3b^2c - 4abd)\sqrt{ax^3} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(2a^2c - (3abc - 4a^2d)x)}{8a^3x^3} \right]$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/8*((3*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(2*a^2*c - (3*a*b*c - 4*a^2*d)*x))/(a^3*x^3), 1/4*((3*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(2*a^2*c - (3*a*b*c - 4*a^2*d)*x))/(a^3*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x**2/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(x**2*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{\frac{(3b^3c - 4ab^2d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2}} + \frac{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3c - 5\sqrt{bx+aa}b^3c - 4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^2d + 4\sqrt{bx+aa}b^2d}{a^2b^2x^2}}{4b\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*((3*b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) + (3*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c - 5*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^3*c - 4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*d + 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^2*d)/(a^2*b^2*x^2))/(b*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{bx+a} a^2 c - 8\sqrt{bx+a} a^2 dx + 6\sqrt{bx+a} abcx - 4\sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}) abd x^2 + 3\sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}) abd x^2}{8a^3 x^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*c - 8*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d*x + 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c*x - 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2)/(8*a**3*x**2)`

3.280 $\int \frac{c+dx}{x^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2108
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2108
Rubi [A] (verified)	2109
Maple [A] (verified)	2111
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2112
Sympy [F]	2112
Maxima [F]	2113
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2113
Mupad [F(-1)]	2113
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2114

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} + \frac{(5bc-6ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{12a^2x^3} - \frac{b(5bc-6ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8a^3x^2} + \frac{b^2(5bc-6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^4+1/12*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^3-1/8*b*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2+1/8*b^2*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}(a+bx)(15b^2cx^2+4a^2(2c+3dx)-2abx(5c+9dx))+3b^2(5bc-6ad)x^3\sqrt{a+bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^{7/2}x^2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(x^3*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(a + b*x)*(15*b^2*c*x^2 + 4*a^2*(2*c + 3*d*x) - 2*a*b*x*(5*c + 9*d*x))) + 3*b^2*(5*b*c - 6*a*d)*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(24*a^{(7/2)}*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)])}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1944, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{6a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3ax^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1931} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3ax^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1931} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3ax^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1914} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3ax^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) (5bc - 6ad)}{6a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(x^3*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `-1/3*(c*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^4) - ((5*b*c - 6*a*d)*(-1/2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-(sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*x)/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a))/(6*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^2 + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1931 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{bx^2 \left(ad - \frac{3bc}{4}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{3\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{2(-2dx-c)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \sqrt{a}bcx\right)}{4}}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2}$
risch	$\frac{(bx+a)(-18abd^2x^2 + 15b^2cx^2 + 12a^2dx - 10abcx + 8a^2c)}{24a^3x^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{(6ad-5bc)b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}x}{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \left(18(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{9}{2}}d - 15(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}bc - 48(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{11}{2}}d + 40(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{9}{2}}bc + 30\sqrt{bx+a}a^{\frac{13}{2}}d - 33\sqrt{bx+a}a^{\frac{11}{2}}bc - 18a^{\frac{13}{2}}d\right)}{24x^2b\sqrt{bx+a}x^2a^{\frac{13}{2}}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/x^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/a^(5/2)*(b*x^2*(a*d-3/4*b*c)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+3/4*(b*x+a)^(
1/2)*(2/3*(-2*d*x-c)*a^(3/2)+a^(1/2)*b*c*x))/x^2
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(5b^3c - 6ab^2d)\sqrt{ax^4} \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(8a^3c + 3(5ab^2c - 6a^2bd)x^2 - 2(5a^2bc - 6a^3d)x)}{48a^4x^4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(5b^3c - 6ab^2d)\sqrt{-ax^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2 + ax}\right) + (8a^3c + 3(5ab^2c - 6a^2bd)x^2 - 2(5a^2bc - 6a^3d)x)}{24a^4x^4} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(3*(5*b^3*c - 6*a*b^2*d)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(8*a^3*c + 3*(5*a*b^2*c - 6*a^2*b*d)*x^2 - 2*(5*a^2*b*c - 6*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^4*x^4), -1/24*(3*(5*b^3*c - 6*a*b^2*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (8*a^3*c + 3*(5*a*b^2*c - 6*a^2*b*d)*x^2 - 2*(5*a^2*b*c - 6*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^4*x^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x**3/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(x**3*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{3(5bc - 6ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^3b}} + \frac{15(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}bc - 40(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}abc + 33\sqrt{bx+aa^2}bc - 18(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}ad + 48(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2d - 30\sqrt{bx+aa^3}d}{a^3b^4x^3} \right)}{24 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/24*b^3*(3*(5*b*c - 6*a*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*b) + (15*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b*c - 40*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c + 33*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b*c - 18*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*d + 48*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d - 30*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*d)/(a^3*b^4*x^3))/sgn(x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(x^3*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(x^3*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^3 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16\sqrt{bx+a}a^3c - 24\sqrt{bx+a}a^3dx + 20\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bcx + 36\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bdx^2 - 30\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2cx^2 + 18\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2dx^3}{48a^4x^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/x^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*c - 24*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d*x + 20*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*x + 36*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 18*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3 - 18*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3)/(48*a**4*x**3)`

3.281 $\int \frac{c+dx}{x^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2115
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2116
Rubi [A] (verified)	2116
Maple [A] (verified)	2119
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2119
Sympy [F]	2120
Maxima [F]	2120
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2121
Mupad [F(-1)]	2121
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2122

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5} + \frac{(7bc-8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24a^2x^4} - \frac{5b(7bc-8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{96a^3x^3} + \frac{5b^2(7bc-8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64a^4x^2} - \frac{5b^3(7bc-8ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{64a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/x^5+1/24*(-8*a*d+7*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a
^2/x^4-5/96*b*(-8*a*d+7*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^3+5/64*b^2*(-8*a*d+
7*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/x^2-5/64*b^3*(-8*a*d+7*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+
a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{a}(a + bx)(-105b^3cx^3 + 16a^3(3c + 4dx) - 8a^2bx(7c + 10dx) + 10ab^2x^2(7c + 12dx)) - 15b^3(7bc - 8ad)}{192a^{9/2}x^3\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(x^4*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[a]*(a + b*x)*(-105*b^3*c*x^3 + 16*a^3*(3*c + 4*d*x) - 8*a^2*b*x*(7*c + 10*d*x) + 10*a*b^2*x^2*(7*c + 12*d*x))) - 15*b^3*(7*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(9/2)*x^3*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1931, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(7bc - 8ad) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{8a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4ax^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1931$$

$$-\frac{(7bc - 8ad) \left(-\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4ax^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1931$$

$$\frac{(7bc - 8ad) \left(-\frac{5b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5}$$

1931

$$\frac{(7bc - 8ad) \left(-\frac{5b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5}$$

1914

$$\frac{(7bc - 8ad) \left(-\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{8a}$$

$$\frac{8a}{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5}$$

219

$$\frac{(7bc - 8ad) \left(-\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{8a}$$

$$\frac{8a}{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(x^4*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `-1/4*(c*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^5) - ((7*b*c - 8*a*d)*(-1/3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^4) - (5*b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/(6*a))/(8*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1931 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1944 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3 \left(b^2 x^3 \left(ad - \frac{5bc}{6} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{4 \left(-\frac{5xb \left(\frac{9dx}{5} + c \right) a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \left(\frac{3dx}{2} + c \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{15\sqrt{a} b^2 c x^2}{8} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{9} \right)}{4a^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)(120a b^2 d x^3 - 105b^3 c x^3 - 80a^2 b d x^2 + 70a b^2 c x^2 + 64a^3 d x - 56a^2 b c x + 48c a^3)}{192a^4 x^3 \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{5(8ad-7bc)b^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{64a^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \left(120(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^{\frac{11}{2}} d - 105(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^{\frac{9}{2}} b c - 440(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{13}{2}} d + 385(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{11}{2}} b c + 584(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{15}{2}} d - 511(bx+a) \right)}{192x^3 b \sqrt{bx+a}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/x^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-3/4*(b^2*x^3*(a*d-5/6*b*c)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+4/9*(-5/4*x*b*(9/5*d*x+c)*a^(3/2)+(3/2*d*x+c)*a^(5/2)+15/8*a^(1/2)*b^2*c*x^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{15(7b^4c - 8ab^3d)\sqrt{ax^5} \log \left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2} \right) + 2(48a^4c - 15(7ab^3c - 8a^2b^2d)x^3 + 10(7a^2b^2d - 15ab^3c + 8a^2b^2d)x^2 + 10(7a^2b^2d - 15ab^3c + 8a^2b^2d)x + 10(7a^2b^2d - 15ab^3c + 8a^2b^2d))}{384a^5x^5} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/x^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[-1/384*(15*(7*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*sqrt(a)*x^5*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*sqrt(
b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(48*a^4*c - 15*(7*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b^2*d)*
x^3 + 10*(7*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*b*d)*x^2 - 8*(7*a^3*b*c - 8*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b
*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^5*x^5), 1/192*(15*(7*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^5*arc
tan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (48*a^4*c - 15*(7*a*b^3*
c - 8*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 10*(7*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*b*d)*x^2 - 8*(7*a^3*b*c - 8
*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^5*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/x**4/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)/(x**4*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/x^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*x^4), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(7b^5c - 8ab^4d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + \frac{105(bx+a)^{7/2}b^5c - 385(bx+a)^{5/2}ab^5c + 511(bx+a)^{3/2}a^2b^5c - 279\sqrt{bx+aa^3}b^5c - 120(bx+a)^{7/2}ab^4d + 440(bx+a)^{5/2}a^2b^4d - 584(bx+a)^{3/2}a^3b^4d + 264\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^4d}{\sqrt{-aa^4}}}{192b\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(15*(7*b^5*c - 8*a*b^4*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^4) + (105*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b^5*c - 385*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*b^5*c + 511*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^5*c - 279*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*b^5*c - 120*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b^4*d + 440*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^4*d - 584*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b^4*d + 264*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b^4*d)/(a^4*b^4*x^4)/(b*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(x^4*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(x^4*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^4 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-96\sqrt{bx+a}a^4c - 128\sqrt{bx+a}a^4dx + 112\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bcx + 160\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bdx^2 - 140\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2cx^2}{(384a^5x^4)}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/x^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 96*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*c - 128*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*d*x + 112*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*x + 160*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d*x**2 - 140*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 240*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 + 210*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 - 120*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4 + 120*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 - 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4)/(384*a**5*x**4)
```

3.282 $\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2123
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2123
Rubi [A] (verified)	2124
Maple [A] (verified)	2126
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2127
Sympy [F]	2127
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2127
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2128
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2129

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^3(bc-ad)x}{b^5\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2a^2(3bc-4ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^5x} - \frac{2a(bc-2ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{b^5x^3} + \frac{2(bc-4ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^5x^5} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b^5x^7}$$

output

```
2*a^3*(-a*d+b*c)*x/b^5/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+2*a^2*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^5/x-2*a*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^5/x^3+2/5*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^5/x^5+2/7*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b^5/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x(-128a^4d+16a^3b(7c-4dx)+8a^2b^2x(7c+2dx)-2ab^3x^2(7c+4dx)+b^4x^3(7c-4dx))}{35b^5\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^6*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*x*(-128*a^4*d + 16*a^3*b*(7*c - 4*d*x) + 8*a^2*b^2*x*(7*c + 2*d*x) - 2*
a*b^3*x^2*(7*c + 4*d*x) + b^4*x^3*(7*c + 5*d*x))/(35*b^5*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*
x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1943, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1943} \\
 & \frac{2x^5(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{(7bc-8ad) \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{2x^5(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{(7bc-8ad) \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{6a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{7b} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{2x^5(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{(7bc-8ad) \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2x^5(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{(7bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{3b} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right)}{ab}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{2x^5(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7b} - \frac{6a \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{4a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b^2x} \right)}{5b} \right)}{7b} \right) (7bc - 8ad)}{ab}$$

input `Int[(x^6*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^5)/(a*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((7*b*c - 8*a*d)*((2*x^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(7*b) - (6*a*((2*x*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*b) - (4*a*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (4*a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b^2*x))))/(5*b)))/(7*b)))/(a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1943

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1))] Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-5dx^4b^4+8ab^3dx^3-7b^4cx^3-16a^2b^2dx^2+14ab^3cx^2+64a^3bdx-56a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-112a^3bc)x^3}{35b^5(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-5dx^4b^4+8ab^3dx^3-7b^4cx^3-16a^2b^2dx^2+14ab^3cx^2+64a^3bdx-56a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-112a^3bc)x^3}{35b^5(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-5dx^4b^4+8ab^3dx^3-7b^4cx^3-16a^2b^2dx^2+14ab^3cx^2+64a^3bdx-56a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-112a^3bc)x^3}{35b^5(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-5b^3dx^3+13ab^2dx^2-7b^3cx^2-29a^2bdx+21ab^2cx+93a^3d-77ca^2b)(bx+a)x}{35b^5\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{2a^3(ad-bc)x}{b^5\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-5dx^4b^4+8ab^3dx^3-7b^4cx^3-16a^2b^2dx^2+14ab^3cx^2+64a^3bdx-56a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-112a^3bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{35(bx+a)b^5x}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\left(\frac{11dx}{13}+c\right)x^6b^7}{11} - \frac{8x^5\left(\frac{21dx}{26}+c\right)ab^6}{33} + \frac{80x^4a^2\left(\frac{49dx}{65}+c\right)b^5}{231} - \frac{128x^3a^3\left(\frac{35dx}{52}+c\right)b^4}{231} + \frac{256x^2\left(\frac{7dx}{13}+c\right)a^4b^3}{231} - \frac{1024\left(\frac{7dx}{26}+c\right)xa^5b^2}{231}$

```
input int(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/35*(b*x+a)*(-5*b^4*d*x^4+8*a*b^3*d*x^3-7*b^4*c*x^3-16*a^2*b^2*d*x^2+14*
a*b^3*c*x^2+64*a^3*b*d*x-56*a^2*b^2*c*x+128*a^4*d-112*a^3*b*c)*x^3/b^5/(b*
x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5b^4dx^4 + 112a^3bc - 128a^4d + (7b^4c - 8ab^3d)x^3 - 2(7ab^3c - 8a^2b^2d)x^2 + 8(7a^2b^2c - 8a^3b^2d)x + 8(7a^3b^2c - 8a^4b^2d))}{35(b^6x^2 + ab^5x)}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(5*b^4*d*x^4 + 112*a^3*b*c - 128*a^4*d + (7*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*x^3 - 2*(7*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b^2*d)*x^2 + 8*(7*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)/(b^6*x^2 + a*b^5*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**6*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**6*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^3x^3 - 2ab^2x^2 + 8a^2bx + 16a^3)c}{5\sqrt{bx+ab^4}} + \frac{2(5b^4x^4 - 8ab^3x^3 + 16a^2b^2x^2 - 64a^3bx - 128a^4)d}{35\sqrt{bx+ab^5}}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{2/5*(b^3*x^3 - 2*a*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^2*b*x + 16*a^3)*c/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^4) + 2/35*(5*b^4*x^4 - 8*a*b^3*x^3 + 16*a^2*b^2*x^2 - 64*a^3*b*x - 128*a^4)*d/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^5)}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{32(7a^3bc-8a^4d)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{35\sqrt{ab^5}} + \frac{2(a^3bc-a^4d)}{\sqrt{bx+ab^5}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2\left(7(bx+a)^{5/2}b^{31}c - 35(bx+a)^{3/2}ab^{31}c + 105\sqrt{bx+aa^2}b^{31}c + 5(bx+a)^{7/2}b^{30}d - 28(bx+a)^{5/2}ab^{30}d + 70(bx+a)^{3/2}a^2b^{30}d - 140\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^{30}d - 140\operatorname{sgn}(x)\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^{30}d\right)}{35b^{35}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-32/35*(7*a^3*b*c - 8*a^4*d)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/(sqrt(a)*b^5) + 2*(a^3*b*c - a^4*d)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^5*\operatorname{sgn}(x)) + 2/35*(7*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*b^{31}*c - 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a*b^{31}*c + 105*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^{31}*c + 5*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*b^{30}*d - 28*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a*b^{30}*d + 70*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2*b^{30}*d - 140*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^{30}*d)/(b^{35}*\operatorname{sgn}(x))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(-128da^4-64da^3bx+112ca^3b+16da^2b^2x^2+56ca^2b^2x-8ca^2b^2)}{35b^5x(a+bx)}$$

input `int((x^6*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output
$$(2*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*(7*b^4*c*x^3-128*a^4*d+5*b^4*d*x^4+112*a^3*b*c+16*a^2*b^2*d*x^2-64*a^3*b*d*x+56*a^2*b^2*c*x-14*a*b^3*c*x^2-8*a*b^3*d*x^3))/(35*b^5*x*(a+b*x))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}b^4dx^4 - \frac{16}{35}ab^3dx^3 + \frac{2}{5}b^4cx^3 + \frac{32}{35}a^2b^2dx^2 - \frac{4}{5}ab^3cx^2 - \frac{128}{35}a^3bdx + \frac{16}{5}a^2b^2cx - \frac{25}{3}a^3b}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^5}$$

input `int(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(-128*a**4*d + 112*a**3*b*c - 64*a**3*b*d*x + 56*a**2*b**2*c*x + 16*a**2*b**2*d*x**2 - 14*a*b**3*c*x**2 - 8*a*b**3*d*x**3 + 7*b**4*c*x**3 + 5*b**4*d*x**4))/(35*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5)`

3.283 $\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2130
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2130
Rubi [A] (verified)	2131
Maple [A] (verified)	2133
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2133
Sympy [F]	2134
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2134
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2134
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2135
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2135

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2(bc-ad)x}{b^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2a(2bc-3ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^4x} + \frac{2(bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^4x^3} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^4x^5}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*(-a*d+b*c)*x/b^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-2*a*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^4/x+2/3*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^4/x^3+2/5*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^4/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x(48a^3d-8a^2b(5c-3dx)+b^3x^2(5c+3dx)-2ab^2x(10c+3dx))}{15b^4\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*x*(48*a^3*d - 8*a^2*b*(5*c - 3*d*x) + b^3*x^2*(5*c + 3*d*x) - 2*a*b^2*x
*(10*c + 3*d*x))/(15*b^4*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1943, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1943} \\
 & \frac{2x^4(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{2x^4(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{5b} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{2x^4(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3b} \right)}{5b} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 & \frac{2x^4(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{4a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b^2x} \right)}{5b} \right) (5bc - 6ad)}{ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^5*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^4)/(a*b*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((5*b*c - 6*a*d)*((2*x*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*b) - (4*a*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (4*a*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b^2*x)))/(5*b)))/(a*b)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
  n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
  + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
  nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
  p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
  /(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1943

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
  (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
  + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
  m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(e*x)^(m
  - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
  n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
  ] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^3dx^3-6ab^2dx^2+5b^3cx^2+24a^2bdx-20ab^2cx+48a^3d-40ca^2b)x^3}{15b^4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^3dx^3-6ab^2dx^2+5b^3cx^2+24a^2bdx-20ab^2cx+48a^3d-40ca^2b)x^3}{15b^4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^3dx^3-6ab^2dx^2+5b^3cx^2+24a^2bdx-20ab^2cx+48a^3d-40ca^2b)x^3}{15b^4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(3b^2dx^2-9abdx+5b^2cx+33a^2d-25abc)(bx+a)x}{15b^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{2a^2(ad-bc)x}{b^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
trager	$\frac{2(3b^3dx^3-6ab^2dx^2+5b^3cx^2+24a^2bdx-20ab^2cx+48a^3d-40ca^2b)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15(bx+a)b^4x}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2048\left(-\frac{77x^5\left(\frac{9dx}{11}+c\right)b^6}{3072} + \frac{55\left(\frac{42dx}{55}+c\right)x^4ab^5}{1536} - \frac{11x^3a^2\left(\frac{15dx}{22}+c\right)b^4}{192} + \frac{11\left(\frac{6dx}{11}+c\right)x^2a^3b^3}{96} - \frac{11x\left(\frac{3dx}{11}+c\right)a^4b^2}{24} - \frac{11\left(-\frac{6dx}{11}+c\right)}{12}\right)}{231\sqrt{bx+ab^7}}$

input `int(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15*(b*x+a)*(3*b^3*d*x^3-6*a*b^2*d*x^2+5*b^3*c*x^2+24*a^2*b*d*x-20*a*b^2*c*x+48*a^3*d-40*a^2*b*c)*x^3/b^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3b^3dx^3-40a^2bc+48a^3d+(5b^3c-6ab^2d)x^2-4(5ab^2c-6a^2bd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15(b^5x^2+ab^4x)}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*b^3*d*x^3-40*a^2*b*c+48*a^3*d+(5*b^3*c-6*a*b^2*d)*x^2-4*(5*a*b^2*c-6*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3+a*x^2)/(b^5*x^2+a*b^4*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2x^2 - 4abx - 8a^2)c}{3\sqrt{bx+ab^3}} + \frac{2(b^3x^3 - 2ab^2x^2 + 8a^2bx + 16a^3)d}{5\sqrt{bx+ab^4}}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(b^2*x^2 - 4*a*b*x - 8*a^2)*c/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3) + 2/5*(b^3*x^3 - 2*a*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^2*b*x + 16*a^3)*d/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16(5a^2bc - 6a^3d)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15\sqrt{ab^4}} - \frac{2(a^2bc - a^3d)}{\sqrt{bx+ab^4}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2\left(5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{17}c - 30\sqrt{bx+aa}b^{17}c + 3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^{16}d - 15(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^{16}d + 45\sqrt{bx+aa}a^2b^{16}d\right)}{15b^{20}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
16/15*(5*a^2*b*c - 6*a^3*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(a)*b^4) - 2*(a^2*b*c - a^3*d)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^4*sgn(x)) + 2/15*(5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^17*c - 30*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^17*c + 3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^16*d - 15*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b^16*d + 45*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^16*d)/(b^20*sgn(x))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(48da^3 + 24da^2bx - 40ca^2b - 6dab^2x^2 - 20cab^2x + 3db^3x^3 + 15b^4x(a + bx))}{15b^4x(a + bx)}$$

input

```
int((x^5*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(48*a^3*d + 5*b^3*c*x^2 + 3*b^3*d*x^3 - 40*a^2*b*c - 20*a*b^2*c*x + 24*a^2*b*d*x - 6*a*b^2*d*x^2))/(15*b^4*x*(a + b*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^3dx^3 - \frac{4}{5}ab^2dx^2 + \frac{2}{3}b^3cx^2 + \frac{16}{5}a^2bdx - \frac{8}{3}ab^2cx + \frac{32}{5}a^3d - \frac{16}{3}a^2bc}{\sqrt{bx + a}b^4}$$

input

```
int(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*(48*a**3*d - 40*a**2*b*c + 24*a**2*b*d*x - 20*a*b**2*c*x - 6*a*b**2*d*x**2 + 5*b**3*c*x**2 + 3*b**3*d*x**3))/(15*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4)
```


3.284 $\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2136
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2136
Rubi [A] (verified)	2137
Maple [A] (verified)	2138
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2139
Sympy [F]	2140
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2140
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2140
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2141
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2141

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a(bc-ad)x}{b^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2(bc-2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^3x} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^3x^3}$$

output `2*a*(-a*d+b*c)*x/b^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/x+2/3*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^3/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x(-8a^2d+ab(6c-4dx)+b^2x(3c+dx))}{3b^3\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x*(-8*a^2*d+a*b*(6*c-4*d*x)+b^2*x*(3*c+d*x))/(3*b^3*Sqrt[x^2*(a+b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1943, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1943}$$

$$\frac{2x^3(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1922}$$

$$\frac{2x^3(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3b} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1920}$$

$$\frac{2x^3(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{4a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b^2x} \right) (3bc - 4ad)}{ab}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^3)/(a*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((3*b*c - 4*a*d)*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (4*a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b^2*x)))/(a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1943 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-b^2dx^2+4abdx-3b^2cx+8a^2d-6abc)x^3}{3b^3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-b^2dx^2+4abdx-3b^2cx+8a^2d-6abc)x^3}{3b^3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-b^2dx^2+4abdx-3b^2cx+8a^2d-6abc)x^3}{3b^3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{2(-b^2dx^2+4abdx-3b^2cx+8a^2d-6abc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3(bx+a)b^3x}$
risch	$\frac{2(-bdx+5ad-3bc)(bx+a)x}{3b^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{2a(ad-bc)x}{b^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(70dx^5+90cx^4)b^5-144\left(\frac{25dx}{36}+c\right)x^3ab^4+288\left(\frac{5dx}{9}+c\right)x^2a^2b^3-1152\left(\frac{5dx}{18}+c\right)xa^3b^2-2304\left(-\frac{5dx}{9}+c\right)a^4b+2560a^5d}{315\sqrt{bx+a}b^6}$

input `int(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*(b*x+a)*(-b^2*d*x^2+4*a*b*d*x-3*b^2*c*x+8*a^2*d-6*a*b*c)*x^3/b^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2dx^2+6abc-8a^2d+(3b^2c-4abd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3(b^4x^2+ab^3x)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/3*(b^2*d*x^2+6*a*b*c-8*a^2*d+(3*b^2*c-4*a*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3+a*x^2}/(b^4*x^2+a*b^3*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx+2a)c}{\sqrt{bx+ab^2}} + \frac{2(b^2x^2-4abx-8a^2)d}{3\sqrt{bx+ab^3}}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(b*x + 2*a)*c/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^2) + 2/3*(b^2*x^2 - 4*a*b*x - 8*a^2)*d/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{4(3abc-4a^2d)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3\sqrt{ab^3}} + \frac{2(abc-a^2d)}{\sqrt{bx+ab^3}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{bx+ab^7}c+(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^6d-6\sqrt{bx+ab^6}d\right)}{3b^9\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-4/3*(3*a*b*c - 4*a^2*d)*\text{sgn}(x)/(\text{sqrt}(a)*b^3) + 2*(a*b*c - a^2*d)/(\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*b^3*\text{sgn}(x)) + 2/3*(3*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*b^7*c + (b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*b^6*d - 6*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a*b^6*d)/(b^9*\text{sgn}(x))$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(-8da^2 - 4dabx + 6cab + db^2x^2 + 3cb^2x)}{3b^3x(a + bx)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((x^4*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)}, x)$$

output

$$(2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*(b^2*d*x^2 - 8*a^2*d + 6*a*b*c + 3*b^2*c*x - 4*a*b*d*x))/(3*b^3*x*(a + b*x))$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^2dx^2 - \frac{8}{3}abdx + 2b^2cx - \frac{16}{3}a^2d + 4abc}{\sqrt{bx + ab^3}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(3/2)}, x)$$

output

$$(2*(-8*a**2*d + 6*a*b*c - 4*a*b*d*x + 3*b**2*c*x + b**2*d*x**2))/(3*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*b**3)$$

$$3.285 \quad \int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2142
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2142
Rubi [A] (verified)	2143
Maple [A] (verified)	2144
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2145
Sympy [F]	2145
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2145
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2146
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2146
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc-ad)x}{b^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^2x}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*d+b*c)*x/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x(-bc+2ad+bdx)}{b^2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*x*(-(b*c) + 2*a*d + b*d*x))/(b^2*sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1943, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{2x^2(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{2x^2(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(bc - 2ad)}{ab^2x}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^2)/(a*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*b^2*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :-> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
  n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```


rule 1943

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(bdx+2ad-bc)x^3}{b^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	40
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(bdx+2ad-bc)x^3}{b^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	40
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(bdx+2ad-bc)x^3}{b^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	40
trager	$\frac{2(bdx+2ad-bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{(bx+a)b^2x}$	42
risch	$\frac{2d(bx+a)x}{b^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{2(ad-bc)x}{b^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$	50
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{256\left(-\frac{7x^3\left(\frac{5dx}{7}+c\right)b^4}{128} + \frac{7x^2\left(\frac{4dx}{7}+c\right)ab^3}{64} - \frac{7\left(\frac{2dx}{7}+c\right)xa^2b^2}{16} - \frac{7a^3\left(-\frac{4dx}{7}+c\right)b}{8} + a^4d\right)}{35\sqrt{bx+a}b^5}$	75

```
input int(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(b*x+a)*(b*d*x+2*a*d-b*c)*x^3/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(bdx - bc + 2ad)}{b^3x^2 + ab^2x}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(b*d*x - b*c + 2*a*d)/(b^3*x^2 + a*b^2*x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(x**3*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2c}{\sqrt{bx + ab}} + \frac{2(bx + 2a)d}{\sqrt{bx + ab^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*c/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b) + 2*(b*x + 2*a)*d/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc-2ad)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{ab^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+ad}}{b^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2(bc-ad)}{\sqrt{bx+ab^2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(a)*b^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*d/(b^2*sgn(x)) - 2*(b*c - a*d)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^2*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(2ad-bc+bdx)}{b^2x(a+bx)}$$

input `int((x^3*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(1/2)*(2*a*d-b*c+b*d*x))/(b^2*x*(a+b*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2bdx+4ad-2bc}{\sqrt{bx+ab^2}}$$

input `int(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(2*a*d - b*c + b*d*x))/(sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2)`

3.286 $\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2147
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2147
Rubi [A] (verified)	2148
Maple [A] (verified)	2149
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2150
Sympy [F]	2150
Maxima [F]	2150
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2151
Mupad [F(-1)]	2151
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2151

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc-ad)x}{ab\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

output

`2*(-a*d+b*c)*x/a/b/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-2*c*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2x\left(\sqrt{a}(-bc+ad) + bc\sqrt{a+bx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{a^{3/2}b\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^2*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output

`(-2*x*(Sqrt[a]*(-(b*c) + a*d) + b*c*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(a^(3/2)*b*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1943, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1943}$$

$$\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2x(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1914}$$

$$\frac{2x(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$\frac{2x(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (2*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1914 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) \cdot (x_.)^2 + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^{n_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$

rule 1943 $\text{Int}[(e_.) \cdot (x_.)^{m_}] \cdot ((a_.) \cdot (x_.)^{j_}) + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^{jn_}]^{p_}]^{(c_.) + (d_.) \cdot (x_.)^{n_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^{(j - 1)}) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (e \cdot x)^{(m - j + 1)} \cdot ((a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^{(j + n)})^{(p + 1)}) / (a \cdot b \cdot n \cdot (p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[e^{-j} \cdot ((a \cdot d \cdot (m + j \cdot p + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m + n + p \cdot (j + n) + 1)) / (a \cdot b \cdot n \cdot (p + 1))) \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{(m - j)} \cdot (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^{(j + n)})^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j + n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[j, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[j, m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[j])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2x^2 \left(\frac{3dx}{5} + c\right) b^3 - 8x \left(\frac{3dx}{10} + c\right) a b^2 - \frac{16 \left(-\frac{3dx}{5} + c\right) a^2 b}{3} + \frac{32a^3 d}{5}}{b^4 \sqrt{bx+a}}$	58
default	$-\frac{2x^3 (bx+a) \left(bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a \sqrt{bx+a} + a^{\frac{5}{2}} d - a^{\frac{3}{2}} bc\right)}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} b a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	66

input $\text{int}(x^2 \cdot (d \cdot x + c) / (b \cdot x^3 + a \cdot x^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method} = _RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $32/5 / (b \cdot x + a)^{(1/2)} \cdot (5/48 \cdot x^2 \cdot (3/5 \cdot d \cdot x + c) \cdot b^3 - 5/12 \cdot x \cdot (3/10 \cdot d \cdot x + c) \cdot a \cdot b^2 - 5/6 \cdot (-3/5 \cdot d \cdot x + c) \cdot a^2 \cdot b + a^3 \cdot d) / b^4$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(b^2cx^2+abcx)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(abc-a^2d)}{a^2b^2x^2+a^3bx}, \frac{2\left((b^2c\right)}{a^2b^2x^2+a^3bx} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(b^2*c*x^2 + a*b*c*x)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(a*b*c - a^2*d))/(a^2*b^2*x^2 + a^3*b*x), 2*((b^2*c*x^2 + a*b*c*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(a*b*c - a^2*d))/(a^2*b^2*x^2 + a^3*b*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)x^2}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*x^2/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2\left(\sqrt{abc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + \sqrt{-abc} - \sqrt{-aad}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b}} + \frac{2(bc-ad)}{\sqrt{bx+aa} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*c*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*sgn(x)) - 2*(sqrt(a)*b*c*arctan(sqrt(a)/sqrt(-a)) + sqrt(-a)*b*c - sqrt(-a)*a*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(-a)*a^(3/2)*b) + 2*(b*c - a*d)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b*sgn(x))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`output `int((x^2*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{bx+a} \log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}) bc - \sqrt{a} \sqrt{bx+a} \log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}) bc - 2a^2d}{\sqrt{bx+a} a^2b}$$

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*c - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a +  
b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*c - 2*a**2*d + 2*a*b*c)/(sqrt(a + b*x  
)**2*b)
```

3.287 $\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2153
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2153
Rubi [A] (verified)	2154
Maple [A] (verified)	2156
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2156
Sympy [F]	2157
Maxima [F]	2157
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2158
Mupad [F(-1)]	2158
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2158

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc-ad)x}{a^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{a^2x^2} + \frac{(3bc-2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*d+b*c)*x/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2+(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}(3bcx+a(c-2dx)) + (3bc-2ad)x\sqrt{a+bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[a]*(3*b*c*x+a*(c-2*d*x)))+(3*b*c-2*a*d)*x*Sqrt[a+b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a+b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(5/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a+b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1944, 1929, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & -\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{c}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1929} \\
 & -\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1914} \\
 & -\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{2x}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{\left(\frac{2x}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right) (3bc - 2ad)}{2a} - \frac{c}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `-(c/(a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])) - ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*((2*x)/(a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1914 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.)*(x_.)^2 + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$

rule 1929 $\text{Int}[(c_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.)*(x_.)^{(j_.)} + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c^{(j-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*(n-j)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c^j*(m+n*p+n-j+1)/(a*(n-j)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1944 $\text{Int}[(e_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.)*(x_.)^{(j_.)} + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(jn_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*e^{(j-1)}*(e*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+j*p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+j*p+1) - b*c*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1)/(a*e^n*(m+j*p+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+n)}*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j+n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m+j*p, -1] \ || \ (\text{IntegersQ}[m-1/2, p-1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, (-n)*p-1])) \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[j, n]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+j*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m-n+j*p+1, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{16\left(-\frac{3x\left(\frac{dx}{3}+c\right)b^2}{8}-\frac{3a\left(-\frac{2dx}{3}+c\right)b}{4}+a^2d\right)}{3\sqrt{bx+a}b^3}$	41
risch	$-\frac{c(bx+a)}{a^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{\left(\frac{2(-2ad+3bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\frac{4ad-4bc}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{2a^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$	93
default	$-\frac{x^2(bx+a)\left(2\sqrt{bx+a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)adx-3\sqrt{bx+a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)bcx-2a^{\frac{3}{2}}dx+3\sqrt{a}bcx+a^{\frac{3}{2}}c\right)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	96

input `int(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{16}{3}\sqrt{bx+a}(-3/8*x*(1/3*d*x+c)*b^2-3/4*a*(-2/3*d*x+c)*b+a^2*d)/b^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(3b^2c-2abd\right)x^3+\left(3abc-2a^2d\right)x^2\right)\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right)+2\sqrt{bx^3}}{2\left(a^3bx^3+a^4x^2\right)} + \frac{\left(\left(3b^2c-2abd\right)x^3+\left(3abc-2a^2d\right)x^2\right)\sqrt{-a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2+ax}\right)+\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\left(a^2c+\left(3abc-2a^2d\right)x\right)}{a^3bx^3+a^4x^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*(((3*b^2*c - 2*a*b*d)*x^3 + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x^2)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(a^2*c + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x))/(a^3*b*x^3 + a^4*x^2), -(((3*b^2*c - 2*a*b*d)*x^3 + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(a^2*c + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x))/(a^3*b*x^3 + a^4*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(c + dx)}{(x^2(a + bx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)x}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*x/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(3bc-2ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}a^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{3(bx+a)bc-2abc-2(bx+a)ad+2a^2d}{\left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\sqrt{bx+aa}\right)a^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*sgn(x)) - (3*(b*x + a)*b*c - 2*a*b*c - 2*(b*x + a)*a*d + 2*a^2*d)/(((b*x + a)^(3/2) - sqrt(b*x + a))*a^2*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})}{a^2} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})}{a^2} bcx - 2$$

input `int(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*d*x - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*c*x - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*d*x + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*c*x - 2*a**2*c + 4*a**2*d*x - 6*a*b*c*x)/(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*x)
```


3.288 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2160
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2160
Rubi [A] (verified)	2161
Maple [A] (verified)	2162
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2162
Sympy [F]	2163
Maxima [F]	2163
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2164
Mupad [F(-1)]	2164
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2165

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b(bc-ad)x}{a^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2a^2x^3} + \frac{(7bc-4ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4a^3x^2} - \frac{3b(5bc-4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2*b*(-a*d+b*c)*x/a^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^3
+1/4*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2-3/4*b*(-4*a*d+5*b*c)*arctan
h((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(15b^2cx^2+abx(5c-12dx)-2a^2(c+2dx))-3b(5bc-4ad)x^2\sqrt{a+bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}x\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(15*b^2*c*x^2 + a*b*x*(5*c - 12*d*x) - 2*a^2*(c + 2*d*x)) - 3*b*(
5*b*c - 4*a*d)*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]/(4*a^(7/2)
)*x*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2450, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2450

$$\int \left(\frac{c}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{15b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}} + \frac{3bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} + \frac{15bc\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4a^3x^2} - \frac{5c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2a^2x^3} - \frac{3d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{a^2x^2} + \frac{2c}{ax\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2d}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*d)/(a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (2*c)/(a*x*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (5*c*Sqr
t[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*a^2*x^3) + (15*b*c*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(4*a^3*x^2) -
(3*d*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a^2*x^2) - (15*b^2*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[
a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(4*a^(7/2)) + (3*b*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x
^3]])/a^(5/2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2450 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && (PolyQ[Pq, x] || PolyQ[Pq, x^n]) && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(2dx-2c)b+4ad}{b^2\sqrt{bx+a}}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)(4adx-7cbx+2ac)}{4a^3x\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{b\left(-\frac{2(12ad-15bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2(-8ad+8bc)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}x}{8a^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$\frac{x(bx+a)\left(12\sqrt{bx+a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)abd x^2 - 15\sqrt{bx+a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)b^2c x^2 - 4a^{\frac{5}{2}}dx - 12a^{\frac{3}{2}}bd x^2 - 2a^{\frac{5}{2}}c + 5a^{\frac{3}{2}}bcx + 1\right)}{4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}}$

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((2*d*x-2*c)*b+4*a*d)/b^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((5b^3c-4ab^2d)x^4 + (5ab^2c-4a^2bd)x^3)\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(2c+dx)\sqrt{a}}{8(a^4bx^4+a^5x^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*(3*((5*b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d)*x^4 + (5*a*b^2*c - 4*a^2*b*d)*x^3)*sqrt(a)
*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(2*a^3*c - 3
*(5*a*b^2*c - 4*a^2*b*d)*x^2 - (5*a^2*b*c - 4*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2
))/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3), 1/4*(3*((5*b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d)*x^4 + (5*a*b^2*c -
4*a^2*b*d)*x^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x
)) - (2*a^3*c - 3*(5*a*b^2*c - 4*a^2*b*d)*x^2 - (5*a^2*b*c - 4*a^3*d)*x)*s
qrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(x^2(a + bx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(5b^2c - 4abd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}a^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2(b^2c - abd)}{\sqrt{bx+aa^3}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$+ \frac{7(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2c - 9\sqrt{bx+aa}b^2c - 4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}abd + 4\sqrt{bx+aa^2}bd}{4a^3b^2x^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/4*(5*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*sgn(x)) + 2*(b^2*c - a*b*d)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*sgn(x)) + 1/4*(7*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c - 9*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^2*c - 4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b*d + 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b*d)/(a^3*b^2*x^2*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})abd x^2 + 15\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})b}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 - 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2 - 4*a**3*c - 8*a**3*d*x + 10*a**2*b*c*x - 24*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 30*a*b**2*c*x**2)/(8*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*x**2)`

3.289 $\int \frac{c+dx}{x(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2166
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2166
Rubi [A] (verified)	2167
Maple [A] (verified)	2170
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2171
Sympy [F]	2171
Maxima [F]	2172
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2172
Mupad [F(-1)]	2173
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2173

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b^2(bc - ad)x}{a^4\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a^2x^4} + \frac{(11bc - 6ad)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{12a^3x^3} - \frac{b(19bc - 14ad)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{8a^4x^2} + \frac{5b^2(7bc - 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*(-a*d+b*c)*x/a^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^4+1/12*(-6*a*d+11*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^3-1/8*b*(-14*a*d+19*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/x^2+5/8*b^2*(-6*a*d+7*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-105b^3cx^3 - 4a^3(2c + 3dx) + 2a^2bx(7c + 15dx) + 5ab^2x^2(-7c + 18dx)) + 1}{24a^{9/2}x^2\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(-105*b^3*c*x^3 - 4*a^3*(2*c + 3*d*x) + 2*a^2*b*x*(7*c + 15*d*x)
+ 5*a*b^2*x^2*(-7*c + 18*d*x)) + 15*b^2*(7*b*c - 6*a*d)*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x]*
ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]/(24*a^(9/2)*x^2*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1912, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & -\frac{(7bc - 6ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6a} - \frac{c}{3ax^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1912} \\
 & -\frac{(7bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c}{3ax^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1931} \\
 & -\frac{(7bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{5 \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{c}{3ax^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1931}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(7bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{6a}{c} \sqrt{3ax^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

1914

$$(7bc - 6ad) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{6a}{c} \sqrt{3ax^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

219

$$\left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) (7bc - 6ad)$$

$$\frac{6a}{c} \sqrt{3ax^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$-1/3*c/(a*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((7*b*c - 6*a*d)*(2/(a*x*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (5*(-1/2*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^{(3/2)})))/(4*a)))/a)/(6*a)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1912

$$\text{Int}[(a \cdot x)^j + (b \cdot x)^n]^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}/(a \cdot (n-j) \cdot (p+1) \cdot x^{j-1}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n \cdot p + n - j + 1)/(a \cdot (n-j) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}/x^j, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1914

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a \cdot x)^2 + (b \cdot x)^n], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$$

rule 1931

$$\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot ((a \cdot x)^j + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{j-1} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-j+1} \cdot ((a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}/(a \cdot (m+j \cdot p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b \cdot ((m+n \cdot p + n - j + 1)/(a \cdot c^{n-j} \cdot (m+j \cdot p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m+n-j} \cdot (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + j \cdot p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2(ad-bc)}{a\sqrt{bx+a}}}{a^{\frac{3}{2}} b}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)(-42abd x^2+57b^2c x^2+12a^2 dx-22abcx+8a^2 c)}{24a^4 x^2 \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{2(30ad-35bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2(-16ad+16bc)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{16a^4 \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx+a) \left(90\sqrt{bx+a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a b^2 d x^3 - 105\sqrt{bx+a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) b^3 c x^3 + 12a^{\frac{7}{2}} dx - 30a^{\frac{5}{2}} b d x^2 - 90a^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 d x^3 \right)}{24(b x^3 + a x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/b*(-b*c/a^(3/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))- (a*d-b*c)/a/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15((7b^4c - 6ab^3d)x^5 + (7ab^3c - 6a^2b^2d)x^4)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 15((7b^4c - 6ab^3d)x^5 + (7ab^3c - 6a^2b^2d)x^4)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2 + ax}\right) + (8a^4c + 15(7ab^3c - 6a^2b^2d)x^3 + 5(7a^2b^2c - 6a^3bd)x^2 - 2(7a^3bc - 6a^4d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{24(a^5bx^5 + a^6x^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(15*((7*b^4*c - 6*a*b^3*d)*x^5 + (7*a*b^3*c - 6*a^2*b^2*d)*x^4)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(8*a^4*c + 15*(7*a*b^3*c - 6*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 5*(7*a^2*b^2*c - 6*a^3*b*d)*x^2 - 2*(7*a^3*b*c - 6*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^5*b*x^5 + a^6*x^4), -1/24*(15*((7*b^4*c - 6*a*b^3*d)*x^5 + (7*a*b^3*c - 6*a^2*b^2*d)*x^4)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (8*a^4*c + 15*(7*a*b^3*c - 6*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 5*(7*a^2*b^2*c - 6*a^3*b*d)*x^2 - 2*(7*a^3*b*c - 6*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^5*b*x^5 + a^6*x^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(x*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{5(7b^3c - 6ab^2d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-aa^4\operatorname{sgn}(x)}} - \frac{2(b^3c - ab^2d)}{\sqrt{bx + aa^4\operatorname{sgn}(x)}} - \frac{57(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3c - 136(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^3c + 87\sqrt{bx + aa^2}b^3c - 42(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^2d + 96(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2d - 54\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2d}{24a^4b^3x^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-5/8*(7*b^3*c - 6*a*b^2*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^4*sgn(x)) - 2*(b^3*c - a*b^2*d)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*sgn(x)) - 1/24*(57*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^3*c - 136*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b^3*c + 87*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^3*c - 42*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*b^2*d + 96*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*d - 54*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b^2*d)/(a^4*b^3*x^3*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x)`output `int((c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{90\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})ab^2dx^3 - 105\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})}{\dots}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(90*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 - 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3 - 90*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3 - 16*a**4*c - 24*a**4*d*x + 28*a**3*b*c*x + 60*a**3*b*d*x**2 - 70*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 + 180*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 - 210*a*b**3*c*x**3)/(48*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*x**3)`

3.290 $\int \frac{c+dx}{x^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2174
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2175
Rubi [A] (verified)	2175
Maple [A] (verified)	2179
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2180
Sympy [F]	2180
Maxima [F]	2181
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2181
Mupad [F(-1)]	2182
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2182

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{x^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3(bc-ad)x}{a^5\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4a^2x^5} + \frac{(15bc-8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24a^3x^4} - \frac{b(123bc-88ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{96a^4x^3} + \frac{b^2(187bc-152ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64a^5x^2} - \frac{35b^3(9bc-8ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{64a^{11/2}}$$

output

```
2*b^3*(-a*d+b*c)*x/a^5/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-1/4*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/x^5+1/24*(-8*a*d+15*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^4-1/96*b*(-88*a*d+123*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/x^3+1/64*b^2*(-152*a*d+187*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^5/x^2-35/64*b^3*(-8*a*d+9*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(945b^4cx^4 + 105ab^3x^3(3c - 8dx) - 16a^4(3c + 4dx) + 8a^3bx(9c + 14dx) - 14a^4c) - 14a^4c}{192a^{11/2}x^3\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*(945*b^4*c*x^4 + 105*a*b^3*x^3*(3*c - 8*d*x) - 16*a^4*(3*c + 4*d*x) + 8*a^3*b*x*(9*c + 14*d*x) - 14*a^2*b^2*x^2*(9*c + 20*d*x)) - 105*b^3*(9*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]/(192*a^(11/2)*x^3*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1944, 1929, 1931, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\ & -\frac{(9bc - 8ad) \int \frac{1}{x(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^3\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1929} \\ & -\frac{(9bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^3\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1931} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{(9bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{7 \left(-\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{6a} + \frac{2}{ax^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \\
 \downarrow 1931 \\
 \frac{(9bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{7 \left(-\frac{5b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \\
 \downarrow 1931 \\
 \frac{(9bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{7 \left(-\frac{5b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \\
 \downarrow 1914
 \end{array}$$

$$(9bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{c \quad 8a}{4ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

\downarrow 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2}}{a^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3}}{4a} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4}}{6a} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) (9bc - 8ad)}{c \frac{8a}{4ax^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)/(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x]
```

```
output -1/4*c/(a*x^3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((9*b*c - 8*a*d)*(2/(a*x^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (7*(-1/3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^4) - (5*b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/(6*a)))/a)/(8*a)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))* ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1914 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^2 + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

rule 1929

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int
[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] &
& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[p,
-1]
```

rule 1931

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[
m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}x\left(ad-\frac{3bc}{2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\sqrt{a}\left((-2dx+c)a+3cbx\right)}{\sqrt{bx+a}xa^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)\left(456ab^2dx^3-561b^3cx^3-176a^2bdx^2+246ab^2cx^2+64a^3dx-120a^2bcx+48ca^3\right)}{192a^5x^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{b^3\left(-\frac{2(280ad-315bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{12a^{\frac{11}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{(bx+a)\left(840\sqrt{bx+a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a b^3dx^4-945\sqrt{bx+a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)b^4cx^4-64a^{\frac{9}{2}}dx+112a^{\frac{7}{2}}bdx^2-280a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2dx^3\right)}{192x(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{11}{2}}}$

input `int((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(2*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*x*(a*d-3/2*b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})+a^{(1/2)}*((-2*d*x+c)*a+3*c*b*x))/x/a^{(5/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{105 ((9b^5c - 8ab^4d)x^6 + (9ab^4c - 8a^2b^3d)x^5)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^2 + 2ax + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/384*(105*((9*b^5*c - 8*a*b^4*d)*x^6 + (9*a*b^4*c - 8*a^2*b^3*d)*x^5)* \\ & \operatorname{qrt}(a)*\log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3 + a*x^2))*\operatorname{sqrt}(a))/x^2) + 2*(48*a^5*c - \\ & 105*(9*a*b^4*c - 8*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 - 35*(9*a^2*b^3*c - 8*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + \\ & 14*(9*a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*b*d)*x^2 - 8*(9*a^4*b*c - 8*a^5*d)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3 + \\ & a*x^2))/(a^6*b*x^6 + a^7*x^5), 1/192*(105*((9*b^5*c - 8*a*b^4*d)*x^6 + \\ & (9*a*b^4*c - 8*a^2*b^3*d)*x^5)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3 + a*x^2))*\operatorname{sqrt} \\ & (-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (48*a^5*c - 105*(9*a*b^4*c - 8*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 - 35*(\\ & 9*a^2*b^3*c - 8*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 14*(9*a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*b*d)*x^2 - 8*(9*a^4*b*c - \\ & 8*a^5*d)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^6*b*x^6 + a^7*x^5)] \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (x^2 (a + bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x**2/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(x**2*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{35 (9 b^4 c - 8 a b^3 d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{64 \sqrt{-aa^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}} + \frac{2 (b^4 c - ab^3 d)}{\sqrt{bx + aa^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}} + \frac{561 (bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^4 c - 1929 (bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} ab^4 c + 2295 (bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b^4 c - 975 \sqrt{bx + aa^3 b^4 c} - 456 (bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} ab^3 d + 1544 (bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^2 b^3 d - 1784 (bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3 b^3 d + 696 \sqrt{bx + a} a^4 b^3 d}{192 a^5 b^4 x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `35/64*(9*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^5*sgn(x)) + 2*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5*sgn(x)) + 1/192*(561*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b^4*c - 1929*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*b^4*c + 2295*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^4*c - 975*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*b^4*c - 456*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b^3*d + 1544*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^3*d - 1784*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b^3*d + 696*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b^3*d)/(a^5*b^4*x^4*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x)`output `int((c + d*x)/(x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x^2 (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-840\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})ab^3dx^4 + 945\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})ab^3dx^4 + 840\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a})ab^3dx^4 - 945\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a})ab^3dx^4 - 96a^5c - 128a^5dx + 144a^4b^2c^2x + 224a^4b^2d^2x^2 - 252a^3b^2c^2x^2 - 560a^3b^2d^2x^3 + 630a^2b^3c^2x^3 - 1680a^2b^3d^2x^4 + 1890ab^4c^2x^4}{(384\sqrt{a+b*x}a^6x^4)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/x^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 840*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 + 945*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4 + 840*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 - 945*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4 - 96*a**5*c - 128*a**5*d*x + 144*a**4*b*c*x + 224*a**4*b*d*x**2 - 252*a**3*b**2*c*x**2 - 560*a**3*b**2*d*x**3 + 630*a**2*b**3*c*x**3 - 1680*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 + 1890*a*b**4*c*x**4)/(384*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*x**4)`

3.291 $\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2183
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2183
Rubi [A] (verified)	2184
Maple [A] (verified)	2186
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2187
Sympy [F]	2188
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2188
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2188
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2189
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2189

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2a^3(bc-ad)x^3}{3b^5(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(3bc-4ad)x}{b^5\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{6a(bc-2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^5x} + \frac{2(bc-4ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^5x^3} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b^5x^5}$$

output

```
2/3*a^3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/b^5/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2*a^2*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*x/b^5/
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-6*a*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^5/x+2/3*(-4*a*d
+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^5/x^3+2/5*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b^5/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^3(128a^4d+24a^2b^2x(-5c+2dx))+b^4x^3(5c+3dx)-2ab^3x^2(15c+4dx)+a^3b(-5c+2dx)}{15b^5(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^8*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```


output

$$(2x^3(128a^4d + 24a^2b^2x(-5c + 2d*x) + b^4x^3(5c + 3d*x) - 2ab^3x^2(15c + 4d*x) + a^3b(-80c + 192d*x)))/(15b^5(x^2(a + b*x))^{3/2})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1943, 1921, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{2x^7(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{(5bc - 8ad) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1921$$

$$\frac{2x^7(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{(5bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{6 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{b} - \frac{2x^4}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$\frac{2x^7(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{(5bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{5b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^4}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2x^7(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \\
 (5bc - 8ad) \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{3b} \right)}{5b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^4}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \\
 \hline
 3ab \\
 \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 \frac{2x^7(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5b} - \frac{4a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{4a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b^2x} \right)}{5b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^4}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) (5bc - 8ad) \\
 \hline
 3ab
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^8*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^7)/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((5*b*c - 8*a*d)*((-2*x^4)/(b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])) + (6*((2*x*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*b) - (4*a*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (4*a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b^2*x)))/(5*b)))/b)/(3*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1921

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[c^j*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int
[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n}
, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(
n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) Int
[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1943

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3dx^4b^4-8ab^3dx^3+5b^4cx^3+48a^2b^2dx^2-30ab^3cx^2+192a^3bdx-120a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-80a^3bc)x^5}{15b^5(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3dx^4b^4-8ab^3dx^3+5b^4cx^3+48a^2b^2dx^2-30ab^3cx^2+192a^3bdx-120a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-80a^3bc)x^5}{15b^5(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3dx^4b^4-8ab^3dx^3+5b^4cx^3+48a^2b^2dx^2-30ab^3cx^2+192a^3bdx-120a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-80a^3bc)x^5}{15b^5(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{2(3b^2dx^2-14abdx+5b^2cx+73a^2d-40abc)(bx+a)x}{15b^5\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{2a^2(12abdx-9b^2cx+11a^2d-8abc)x}{3b^5(bx+a)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
trager	$\frac{2(3dx^4b^4-8ab^3dx^3+5b^4cx^3+48a^2b^2dx^2-30ab^3cx^2+192a^3bdx-120a^2b^2cx+128a^4d-80a^3bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15xb^5(bx+a)^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(858dx^9+990cx^8)b^9-1440x^7\left(\frac{33dx}{40}+c\right)ab^8+2240\left(\frac{27dx}{35}+c\right)x^6a^2b^7-3840x^5\left(\frac{7dx}{10}+c\right)a^3b^6+7680x^4\left(\frac{3dx}{5}+c\right)a^4b^5-20480x^3a^5b^4+16384x^2a^6b^3-12288xa^7b^2+8192a^8b}{6435(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{10}}$

```
input int(x^8*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/15*(b*x+a)*(3*b^4*d*x^4-8*a*b^3*d*x^3+5*b^4*c*x^3+48*a^2*b^2*d*x^2-30*a*b^3*c*x^2+192*a^3*b*d*x-120*a^2*b^2*c*x+128*a^4*d-80*a^3*b*c)*x^5/b^5/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3b^4dx^4-80a^3bc+128a^4d+(5b^4c-8ab^3d)x^3-6(5ab^3c-8a^2b^2d)x^2-24(5a^2b^2c-8a^3b^2d)x-24(5a^3b^2c-8a^4b^2d))\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15(b^7x^3+2ab^6x^2+a^2b^5x)}$$

```
input integrate(x^8*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/15*(3*b^4*d*x^4-80*a^3*b*c+128*a^4*d+(5*b^4*c-8*a*b^3*d)*x^3-6*(5*a*b^3*c-8*a^2*b^2*d)*x^2-24*(5*a^2*b^2*c-8*a^3*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3+a*x^2)/(b^7*x^3+2*a*b^6*x^2+a^2*b^5*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**8*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**8*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^3x^3 - 6ab^2x^2 - 24a^2bx - 16a^3)c}{3(b^5x + ab^4)\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{2(3b^4x^4 - 8ab^3x^3 + 48a^2b^2x^2 + 192a^3bx + 128a^4)d}{15(b^6x + ab^5)\sqrt{bx+a}}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(b^3*x^3 - 6*a*b^2*x^2 - 24*a^2*b*x - 16*a^3)*c/((b^5*x + a*b^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)) + 2/15*(3*b^4*x^4 - 8*a*b^3*x^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 192*a^3*b*x + 128*a^4)*d/((b^6*x + a*b^5)*sqrt(b*x + a))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{32(5a^2bc - 8a^3d)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15\sqrt{ab^5}} - \frac{2(9(bx+a)a^2bc - a^3bc - 12(bx+a)a^3d + a^4d)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2\left(5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{21}c - 45\sqrt{bx+aa}b^{21}c + 3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^{20}d - 20(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^{20}d + 90\sqrt{bx+aa^2}b^{20}d\right)}{15b^{25}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{32}{15}(5a^2bc - 8a^3d)\operatorname{sgn}(x)/(\sqrt{a}b^5) - \frac{2}{3}(9(bx+a)a^2bc - a^3bc - 12(bx+a)a^3d + a^4d)/((bx+a)^{3/2}b^5\operatorname{sgn}(x)) + \frac{2}{15}(5(bx+a)^{3/2}b^{21}c - 45\sqrt{bx+a}ab^{21}c + 3(bx+a)^{5/2}b^{20}d - 20(bx+a)^{3/2}ab^{20}d + 90\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^{20}d)/(b^{25}\operatorname{sgn}(x))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(128da^4+192da^3bx-80ca^3b+48da^2b^2x^2-120ca^2b^2x-8d^2bx^3)}{15b^5x(a+bx)^2}$$

input `int((x^8*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2(a^2x^2+b^2x^3)^{1/2}(128a^4d+5b^4cx^3+3b^4dx^4-80a^3bc+48a^2b^2d^2x^2+192a^3b^2dx-120a^2b^2c^2x-30ab^3c^2x^2-8ab^3d^2x^3))}{(15b^5x(a+bx)^2)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^4dx^4 - \frac{16}{15}ab^3dx^3 + \frac{2}{3}b^4cx^3 + \frac{32}{5}a^2b^2dx^2 - 4ab^3cx^2 + \frac{128}{5}a^3bdx - 16a^2b^2cx + \frac{25}{15}d^2bx^3}{\sqrt{bx+ab^5}(bx+a)}$$

input `int(x^8*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2(128a^4d-80a^3bc+192a^3b^2dx-120a^2b^2c^2x+48a^2b^2d^2x^2-30ab^3c^2x^2-8ab^3d^2x^3+5b^4c^2x^3+3b^4d^2x^4))}{(15\sqrt{a+bx}b^5(a+bx))}$$

3.292 $\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2190
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2190
Rubi [A] (verified)	2191
Maple [A] (verified)	2193
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2193
Sympy [F]	2194
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2194
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2194
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2195
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2195

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2(bc-ad)x^3}{3b^4(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{2a(2bc-3ad)x}{b^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2(bc-3ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^4x} + \frac{2d(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b^4x^3}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^2*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/b^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)+2*a*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*x/b^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+2*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^4/x+2/3*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b^4/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^3(-16a^3d+8a^2b(c-3dx)-6ab^2x(-2c+dx)+b^3x^2(3c+dx))}{3b^4(x^2(ax+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^7*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$(2x^3(-16a^3d + 8a^2b(c - 3dx) - 6ab^2x(-2c + dx) + b^3x^2(3c + dx)))/(3b^4(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1943, 1921, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{2x^6(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x^5}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1921$$

$$\frac{2x^6(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{b} - \frac{2x^3}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$\frac{2x^6(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^3}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{2x^6(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{4a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b^2x} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^3}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) (bc - 2ad)}{ab}$$

input `Int[(x^7*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^6)/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((b*c - 2*a*d)*((-2*x^3)/(b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (4*((2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (4*a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b^2*x)))/b))/(a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1921 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1943 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(e*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-b^3dx^3+6ab^2dx^2-3b^3cx^2+24a^2bdx-12ab^2cx+16a^3d-8ca^2b)x^5}{3b^4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-b^3dx^3+6ab^2dx^2-3b^3cx^2+24a^2bdx-12ab^2cx+16a^3d-8ca^2b)x^5}{3b^4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(-b^3dx^3+6ab^2dx^2-3b^3cx^2+24a^2bdx-12ab^2cx+16a^3d-8ca^2b)x^5}{3b^4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{2(-b^3dx^3+6ab^2dx^2-3b^3cx^2+24a^2bdx-12ab^2cx+16a^3d-8ca^2b)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3xb^4(bx+a)^2}$
risch	$\frac{2(-bdx+8ad-3bc)(bx+a)x}{3b^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{2a(9abdx-6b^2cx+8a^2d-5abc)x}{3b^4(bx+a)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\left(\frac{11dx}{13}+c\right)x^7b^8}{11} - \frac{28x^6a\left(\frac{72dx}{91}+c\right)b^7}{99} + \frac{16x^5\left(\frac{28dx}{39}+c\right)a^2b^6}{33} - \frac{32x^4\left(\frac{8dx}{13}+c\right)a^3b^5}{33} + \frac{256x^3\left(\frac{6dx}{13}+c\right)a^4b^4}{99} - \frac{512\left(\frac{8dx}{39}+c\right)x^2a^5b^3}{33} - \frac{2}{b^9(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int(x^7*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(b*x+a)*(-b^3*d*x^3+6*a*b^2*d*x^2-3*b^3*c*x^2+24*a^2*b*d*x-12*a*b^2*c*x+16*a^3*d-8*a^2*b*c)*x^5/b^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^3dx^3+8a^2bc-16a^3d+3(b^3c-2ab^2d)x^2+12(ab^2c-2a^2bd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3(b^6x^3+2ab^5x^2+a^2b^4x)}$$

```
input integrate(x^7*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(b^3*d*x^3+8*a^2*b*c-16*a^3*d+3*(b^3*c-2*a*b^2*d)*x^2+12*(a*b^2*c-2*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3+a*x^2)/(b^6*x^3+2*a*b^5*x^2+a^2*b^4*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**7*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**7*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3b^2x^2+12abx+8a^2)c}{3(b^4x+ab^3)\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{2(b^3x^3-6ab^2x^2-24a^2bx-16a^3)d}{3(b^5x+ab^4)\sqrt{bx+a}}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*b^2*x^2 + 12*a*b*x + 8*a^2)*c/((b^4*x + a*b^3)*sqrt(b*x + a)) + 2/3*(b^3*x^3 - 6*a*b^2*x^2 - 24*a^2*b*x - 16*a^3)*d/((b^5*x + a*b^4)*sqrt(b*x + a))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{16(abc-2a^2d)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3\sqrt{ab^4}} \\ &+ \frac{2(6(bx+a)abc-a^2bc-9(bx+a)a^2d+a^3d)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \\ &+ \frac{2(3\sqrt{bx+ab^9}c+(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^8d-9\sqrt{bx+a}aab^8d)}{3b^{12}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-16/3*(a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(a)*b^4) + 2/3*(6*(b*x + a)*a*b*c - a^2*b*c - 9*(b*x + a)*a^2*d + a^3*d)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^4*sgn(x)) + 2/3*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*b^9*c + (b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^8*d - 9*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^8*d)/(b^12*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(-16da^3-24da^2bx+8ca^2b-6da^2b^2x^2+12cab^2x+db^3x^3+3b^4x(a+bx)^2)}{3b^4x(a+bx)^2}$$

input `int((x^7*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(1/2)*(3*b^3*c*x^2-16*a^3*d+b^3*d*x^3+8*a^2*b*c+12*a*b^2*c*x-24*a^2*b*d*x-6*a*b^2*d*x^2))/(3*b^4*x*(a+b*x)^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^3dx^3-4ab^2dx^2+2b^3cx^2-16a^2bdx+8ab^2cx-\frac{32}{3}a^3d+\frac{16}{3}a^2bc}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^4(bx+a)}$$

input `int(x^7*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(-16*a**3*d+8*a**2*b*c-24*a**2*b*d*x+12*a*b**2*c*x-6*a*b**2*d*x**2+3*b**3*c*x**2+b**3*d*x**3))/(3*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**4*(a+b*x))`

3.293
$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2196
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2196
Rubi [A] (verified)	2197
Maple [A] (verified)	2198
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2199
Sympy [F]	2200
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2200
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2200
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2201
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2201

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2a(bc-ad)x^3}{3b^3(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(bc-2ad)x}{b^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^3x}$$

output `2/3*a*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/b^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*x/b^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/x`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^3(8a^2d-2ab(c-6dx)+3b^2x(-c+dx))}{3b^3(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^6*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*x^3*(8*a^2*d-2*a*b*(c-6*d*x)+3*b^2*x*(-c+d*x)))/(3*b^3*(x^2*(a+b*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1943, 1921, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{2x^5(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc-4ad) \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1921$$

$$\frac{2x^5(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc-4ad) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{b} - \frac{2x^2}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{2x^5(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^2x} - \frac{2x^2}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) (bc-4ad)}{3ab}$$

input `Int[(x^6*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^5)/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((b*c - 4*a*d)*((-2*x^2)/(b*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (4*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b^2*x)))/(3*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1921

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int
[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(
n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1943

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^2dx^2+12abdx-3b^2cx+8a^2d-2abc)x^5}{3b^3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^2dx^2+12abdx-3b^2cx+8a^2d-2abc)x^5}{3b^3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)(3b^2dx^2+12abdx-3b^2cx+8a^2d-2abc)x^5}{3b^3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{2(3b^2dx^2+12abdx-3b^2cx+8a^2d-2abc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3xb^3(bx+a)^2}$
risch	$\frac{2d(bx+a)x}{b^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{2(6abdx-3b^2cx+5a^2d-2abc)x}{3b^3(bx+a)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{4096\left(-\frac{11x^6\left(\frac{9dx}{11}+c\right)b^7}{2048} + \frac{33x^5a\left(\frac{49dx}{66}+c\right)b^6}{3584} - \frac{33x^4\left(\frac{7dx}{11}+c\right)a^2b^5}{1792} + \frac{11x^3a^3\left(\frac{21dx}{44}+c\right)b^4}{224} - \frac{33\left(\frac{7dx}{33}+c\right)x^2a^4b^3}{112} - \frac{33xa^5\left(-\frac{7dx}{22}\right)}{28}\right)}{99(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^8}$

input `int(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{3}*(b*x+a)*(3*b^2*d*x^2+12*a*b*d*x-3*b^2*c*x+8*a^2*d-2*a*b*c)*x^5/b^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3b^2dx^2-2abc+8a^2d-3(b^2c-4abd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3(b^5x^3+2ab^4x^2+a^2b^3x)}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3}*(3*b^2*d*x^2-2*a*b*c+8*a^2*d-3*(b^2*c-4*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3+a*x^2)/(b^5*x^3+2*a*b^4*x^2+a^2*b^3*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**6*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**6*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3bx+2a)c}{3(b^3x+ab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{2(3b^2x^2+12abx+8a^2)d}{3(b^4x+ab^3)\sqrt{bx+a}}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*(3*b*x + 2*a)*c/((b^3*x + a*b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)) + 2/3*(3*b^2*x^2 + 12*a*b*x + 8*a^2)*d/((b^4*x + a*b^3)*sqrt(b*x + a))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4(bc-4ad)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3\sqrt{ab^3}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+ad}}{b^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2(3(bx+a)bc-abc-6(bx+a)ad+a^2d)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}b^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{4}{3}(b^2c - 4ad)\operatorname{sgn}(x)/(\sqrt{a}b^3) + 2\sqrt{bx+a}d/(b^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)) - \frac{2}{3}(3(bx+a)b^2c - ab^2c - 6(bx+a)ad + a^2d)/((bx+a)^{3/2}b^3\operatorname{sgn}(x))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(8da^2+12dabx-2cab+3db^2x^2-3cb^2x)}{3b^3x(a+bx)^2}$$

input

```
int((x^6*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*d + 3*b^2*d*x^2 - 2*a*b*c - 3*b^2*c*x + 12*a*b*d*x))/(3*b^3*x*(a + b*x)^2)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^2dx^2 + 8abdx - 2b^2cx + \frac{16}{3}a^2d - \frac{4}{3}abc}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^3(bx+a)}$$

input

```
int(x^6*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(8*a**2*d - 2*a*b*c + 12*a*b*d*x - 3*b**2*c*x + 3*b**2*d*x**2))/(3*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*(a + b*x))}$$

3.294 $\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2202
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2202
Rubi [A] (verified)	2203
Maple [A] (verified)	2204
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2204
Sympy [F]	2205
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2205
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2205
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2206
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2206

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc-ad)x^3}{3b^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2dx}{b^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

output `-2/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2*d*x/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2x^3(2ad+b(c+3dx))}{3b^2(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*x^3*(2*a*d+b*(c+3*d*x)))/(3*b^2*(x^2*(a+b*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1943, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1943

$$\frac{(2ad + bc) \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{2x^4(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{2x^4(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x(2ad + bc)}{3ab^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^4)/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - (2*(b*c + 2*a*d)*x)/(3*a*b^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1943

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(3bdx+2ad+bc)x^5}{3b^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(3bdx+2ad+bc)x^5}{3b^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(3bdx+2ad+bc)x^5}{3b^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(3bdx+2ad+bc)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3xb^2(bx+a)^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(14dx^6+18cx^5)b^6-36x^4\left(\frac{2dx}{3}+c\right)ab^5+96x^3\left(\frac{dx}{2}+c\right)a^2b^4-576\left(\frac{2dx}{9}+c\right)x^2a^3b^3-2304\left(-\frac{dx}{3}+c\right)xa^4b^2-1536a^5(-2dx+)}{63(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^7}$

input

```
int(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*x+a)*(3*b*d*x+2*a*d+b*c)*x^5/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(3bdx+bc+2ad)}{3(b^4x^3+2ab^3x^2+a^2b^2x)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-2/3*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*(3*b*d*x + b*c + 2*a*d)/(b^4*x^3 + 2*a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**5*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3bx+2a)d}{3(b^3x+ab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2c}{3(b^2x+ab)\sqrt{bx+a}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2/3*(3*b*x + 2*a)*d/((b^3*x + a*b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)) - 2/3*c/((b^2*x + a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc+2ad)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3a^{3/2}b^2} - \frac{2(bc+3(bx+a)d-ad)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}b^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output $\frac{2}{3}*(b*c + 2*a*d)*\text{sgn}(x)/(a^{(3/2)}*b^2) - \frac{2}{3}*(b*c + 3*(b*x + a)*d - a*d)/((b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*b^2*\text{sgn}(x))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(2ad + bc + 3bdx)}{3b^2x(a + bx)^2}$$

input `int((x^5*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

output $-(2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*(2*a*d + b*c + 3*b*d*x))/(3*b^2*x*(a + b*x)^2)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2bdx - \frac{4}{3}ad - \frac{2}{3}bc}{\sqrt{bx + a}b^2(bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^5*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output $(2*(-2*a*d - b*c - 3*b*d*x))/(3*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*b**2*(a + b*x))$

3.295 $\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2207
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2207
Rubi [A] (verified)	2208
Maple [A] (verified)	2209
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2210
Sympy [F]	2210
Maxima [F]	2211
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2211
Mupad [F(-1)]	2212
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2212

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc-ad)x^3}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{2cx}{a^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2c\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output `2/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/a/b/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)+2*c*x/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-2*c*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^3\left(\sqrt{a}(4abc-a^2d+3b^2cx) - 3bc(a+bx)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{3a^{5/2}b(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*x^3*(Sqrt[a]*(4*a*b*c - a^2*d + 3*b^2*c*x) - 3*b*c*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(3*a^(5/2)*b*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1943, 1929, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{c \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2x^3(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1929$$

$$\frac{c \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2x^3(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1914$$

$$\frac{c \left(\frac{2x}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{a} \right)}{a} + \frac{2x^3(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{c \left(\frac{2x}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2x^3(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^3)/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (c*((2*x)/(a*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (2*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*x)/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1914 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n)
Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

```
rule 1929 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) In
t[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] &
& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[p,
-1]
```

```
rule 1943 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*(a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2x^5(bx+a)\left(da^{\frac{9}{2}}-4a^{\frac{7}{2}}bc-3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2cx+3bc\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}ba^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	79
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{512\left(-\frac{21x^4\left(\frac{5dx}{7}+c\right)b^5}{1280}+\frac{7x^3\left(\frac{15dx}{28}+c\right)ab^4}{160}-\frac{21x^2a^2\left(\frac{5dx}{21}+c\right)b^3}{80}-\frac{21\left(-\frac{5dx}{14}+c\right)xa^3b^2}{20}-\frac{7\left(-\frac{15dx}{7}+c\right)a^4b}{10}+a^5d\right)}{21(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^6}$	92

input `int(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*x^5*(b*x+a)*(d*a^(9/2)-4*a^(7/2)*b*c-3*a^(5/2)*b^2*c*x+3*b*c*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*a^2*(b*x+a)^(3/2))/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b/a^(9/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(b^3cx^3 + 2ab^2cx^2 + a^2bcx)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{a}}{x^2}\right) + 2(3ab^2cx + 4a^2bc - a^3d)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{3(a^3b^3x^3 + 2a^4b^2x^2 + a^5bx)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/3*(3*(b^3*c*x^3 + 2*a*b^2*c*x^2 + a^2*b*c*x)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(3*a*b^2*c*x + 4*a^2*b*c - a^3*d)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^3*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^4*b^2*x^2 + a^5*b*x), 2/3*(3*(b^3*c*x^3 + 2*a*b^2*c*x^2 + a^2*b*c*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (3*a*b^2*c*x + 4*a^2*b*c - a^3*d)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^3*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^4*b^2*x^2 + a^5*b*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)x^4}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*x^4/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{abc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 4\sqrt{-abc} - \sqrt{-aad}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3\sqrt{-aa^{\frac{5}{2}}}b} + \frac{2(3(bx+a)bc + abc - a^2d)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*c*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*sgn(x)) - 2/3*(3*sqrt(a)*b*c*arctan(sqrt(a)/sqrt(-a)) + 4*sqrt(-a)*b*c - sqrt(-a)*a*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(-a)*a^(5/2)*b) + 2/3*(3*(b*x + a)*b*c + a*b*c - a^2*d)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(c + dx)}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`output `int((x^4*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})abc + 3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})b^2cx - 3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})b^2d}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^4*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b*c - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x - 2*a**3*d + 8*a**2*b*c + 6*a*b**2*c*x)/(3*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*(a + b*x))`

3.296 $\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2213
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2213
Rubi [A] (verified)	2214
Maple [A] (verified)	2216
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2217
Sympy [F]	2217
Maxima [F]	2218
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2218
Mupad [F(-1)]	2219
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2219

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc-ad)x^3}{3a^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(2bc-ad)x}{a^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{a^3x^2} + \frac{(5bc-2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2*(-a*d+2*b*c)*x/a^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2+(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2\left(\sqrt{a}(-15b^2cx^2+2abx(-10c+3dx))+a^2(-3c+8dx)\right)+3(5bc-2ad)x(a+bx)}{3a^{7/2}(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(Sqrt[a]*(-15*b^2*c*x^2 + 2*a*b*x*(-10*c + 3*d*x) + a^2*(-3*c + 8*d*x)) + 3*(5*b*c - 2*a*d)*x*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(3*a^(7/2)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1943, 1929, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{2x^2(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1929$$

$$\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{2x^2(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1931$$

$$\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{2x^2(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1914$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} - d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{2x^2(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) (5bc - 2ad)}{3ab} + \frac{2x^2(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x^2)/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + ((5*b*c - 2*a*d)*(2/(a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (3*(-(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/a)/(3*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^2 + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1929

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) In
t[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] &
& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[p,
-1]
```

rule 1931

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[
m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1943

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2x^3\left(\frac{3dx}{5}+c\right)b^4}{3}-4x^2a\left(\frac{4dx}{15}+c\right)b^3-16x\left(-\frac{2dx}{5}+c\right)a^2b^2-\frac{32a^3\left(-\frac{12dx}{5}+c\right)b}{3}+\frac{256a^4d}{15}}{b^5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{c(bx+a)}{a^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}-\frac{\left(-\frac{2(-2ad+5bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}-\frac{2(2ad-4bc)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}-\frac{4a(ad-bc)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{2a^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$\frac{x^4(bx+a)\left(6(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)adx-15(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)bcx-8a^{\frac{5}{2}}dx-6a^{\frac{3}{2}}bdx^2+20a^{\frac{3}{2}}bcx+15\sqrt{a}b^2\right)}{3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}}$

input `int(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `256/15/(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(5/128*x^3*(3/5*d*x+c)*b^4-15/64*x^2*a*(4/15*d*x+c)*b^3-15/16*x*(-2/5*d*x+c)*a^2*b^2-5/8*a^3*(-12/5*d*x+c)*b+a^4*d)/b^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((5b^3c-2ab^2d)x^4 + 2(5ab^2c-2a^2bd)x^3 + (5a^2bc-2a^3d)x^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^2+2ax+a^2}{bx^2+ax+a^2}\right) + 3((5b^3c-2ab^2d)x^4 + 2(5ab^2c-2a^2bd)x^3 + (5a^2bc-2a^3d)x^2)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2+ax}\right) + (3a^3c+3a^2d)x}{3(a^4b^2x^4 + 2a^5bx^3 + a^6x^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*((5*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*x^4 + 2*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^3 + (5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^2)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(3*a^3*c + 3*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 4*(5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^4*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^5*b*x^3 + a^6*x^2), -1/3*(3*((5*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*x^4 + 2*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^3 + (5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (3*a^3*c + 3*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 4*(5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^4*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^5*b*x^3 + a^6*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)x^3}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*x^3/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+a}c}{a^3 x \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2(6(bx+a)bc + abc - 3(bx+a)ad - a^2d)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(5*b*c - 2*a*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*sgn(x)) - sqrt(b*x + a)*c/(a^3*x*sgn(x)) - 2/3*(6*(b*x + a)*b*c + a*b*c - 3*(b*x + a)*a*d - a^2*d)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `int((x^3*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})a^2dx - 15\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})abcx - \dots}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^3*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a+b*x)*log(sqrt(a+b*x)-sqrt(a))*a**2*d*x - 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a+b*x)*log(sqrt(a+b*x)-sqrt(a))*a*b*c*x + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a+b*x)*log(sqrt(a+b*x)-sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 - 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a+b*x)*log(sqrt(a+b*x)-sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a+b*x)*log(sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(a))*a**2*d*x + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a+b*x)*log(sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(a))*a*b*c*x - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a+b*x)*log(sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a+b*x)*log(sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**2 - 6*a**3*c + 16*a**3*d*x - 40*a**2*b*c*x + 12*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 30*a*b*c*x**2)/(6*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**4*x*(a+b*x))`

3.297 $\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2220
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2220
Rubi [A] (verified)	2221
Maple [A] (verified)	2224
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2224
Sympy [F]	2225
Maxima [F]	2225
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2226
Mupad [F(-1)]	2226
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b(bc-ad)x^3}{3a^3(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b(3bc-2ad)x}{a^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2a^3x^3} + \frac{(11bc-4ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4a^4x^2} - \frac{5b(7bc-4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{4a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*b*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/a^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)+2*b*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*x/a^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^3+1/4*(-4*a*d+11*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/x^2-5/4*b*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(\sqrt{a}(105b^3cx^3+a^2bx(21c-80dx))+20ab^2x^2(7c-3dx)-6a^3(c+2dx)\right)+15b(-}{12a^{9/2}(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(Sqrt[a]*(105*b^3*c*x^3 + a^2*b*x*(21*c - 80*d*x) + 20*a*b^2*x^2*(7*c -
3*d*x) - 6*a^3*(c + 2*d*x)) + 15*b*(-7*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*A
rcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(12*a^(9/2)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1943, 1912, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1943} \\
 & \frac{(7bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{2x(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1912} \\
 & \frac{(7bc-4ad) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{2x(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1931} \\
 & \frac{(7bc-4ad) \left(\frac{5 \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{2x(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1931}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (7bc - 4ad) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \frac{3ab}{2x(bc - ad)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3ab}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1914} \\
 & (7bc - 4ad) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \frac{3ab}{2x(bc - ad)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3ab}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) (7bc - 4ad) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \frac{3ab}{2x(bc - ad)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3ab}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(b*c - a*d)*x)/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)} + ((7*b*c - 4*a*d)*(2/(a*x*\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3}) + (5*(-1/2*\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3})/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3})/(a*x^2)) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{a}*x)/\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3}]))/a^{(3/2)}))/(4*a)))/a)/(3*a*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1912

$$\text{Int}[(a \cdot x)^j + (b \cdot x)^n]^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}/(a \cdot (n-j) \cdot (p+1) \cdot x^{j-1}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n \cdot p + n - j + 1)/(a \cdot (n-j) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}/x^j, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1914

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a \cdot x)^2 + (b \cdot x)^n}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x^n}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$$

rule 1931

$$\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot ((a \cdot x)^j + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{j-1} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-j+1} \cdot ((a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}/(a \cdot (m+j \cdot p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b \cdot ((m+n \cdot p + n - j + 1)/(a \cdot c^{n-j} \cdot (m+j \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m+n-j} \cdot (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + j \cdot p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1943

$$\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot ((a \cdot x)^j + (b \cdot x)^n)^p \cdot ((c + d \cdot x)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^{j-1}) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-j+1} \cdot ((a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^{j+n})^{p+1}/(a \cdot b \cdot n \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^{-j} \cdot ((a \cdot d \cdot (m+j \cdot p + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m+n+p \cdot (j+n) + 1))/(a \cdot b \cdot n \cdot (p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-j} \cdot (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^{j+n})^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[j \cdot n, j + n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[j, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[j, m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[j])$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{32 \left(-\frac{3x^2 \left(\frac{dx}{3} + c \right) b^3}{16} - \frac{3 \left(-\frac{dx}{2} + c \right) x a b^2}{4} - \frac{a^2 (-3dx+c)b}{2} + a^3 d \right)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)(4adx-11cbx+2ac)}{4a^4 x \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{2(20ad-35bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2(-16ad+24bc)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{16a(ad-bc)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{8a^4 \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$\frac{x^3(bx+a) \left(60(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) abd x^2 - 105(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) b^2 c x^2 - 12a^{\frac{7}{2}} dx - 80a^{\frac{5}{2}} bd x^2 - 60a^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 d x^3 \right)}{12(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-32/3/(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(-3/16*x^2*(1/3*d*x+c)*b^3-3/4*(-1/2*d*x+c)*x*a*b^2-1/2*a^2*(-3*d*x+c)*b+a^3*d)/b^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15((7b^4c-4ab^3d)x^5 + 2(7ab^3c-4a^2b^2d)x^4 + (7a^2b^2c-4a^3bd)x^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^3+ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(15*((7*b^4*c - 4*a*b^3*d)*x^5 + 2*(7*a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b^2*d)*x^4 +
(7*a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*b*d)*x^3)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 +
a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(6*a^4*c - 15*(7*a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 - 20
*(7*a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*b*d)*x^2 - 3*(7*a^3*b*c - 4*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a
*x^2))/(a^5*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^6*b*x^4 + a^7*x^3), 1/12*(15*((7*b^4*c - 4*a*b^3
*d)*x^5 + 2*(7*a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b^2*d)*x^4 + (7*a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*b*d)*x^3)
*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (6*a^4*c -
15*(7*a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 - 20*(7*a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*b*d)*x^2 - 3*(7
*a^3*b*c - 4*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^5*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^6*b*x^4 + a
^7*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(c + dx)}{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)x^2}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*x^2/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(7b^2c-4abd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2(9(bx+a)b^2c+ab^2c-6(bx+a)abd-a^2bd)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}a^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{11(bx+a)^{3/2}b^2c-13\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2c-4(bx+a)^{3/2}abd+4\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bd}{4a^4b^2x^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/4*(7*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^4*sgn(x)) + 2/3*(9*(b*x + a)*b^2*c + a*b^2*c - 6*(b*x + a)*a*b*d - a^2*b*d)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4*sgn(x)) + 1/4*(11*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c - 13*sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b^2*c - 4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a*b*d + 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2*b*d)/(a^4*b^2*x^2*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-60\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})a^2bdx^2 + 105\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^2*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 60*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b*d*x**2 +
105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x**2 - 60*
sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 105*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3 + 60*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt
(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 60*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a +
b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**3 - 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*
x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**3 - 12*a**4*c - 24*a**4*d*x + 42
*a**3*b*c*x - 160*a**3*b*d*x**2 + 280*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 120*a**2*b**2*d*x
**3 + 210*a*b**3*c*x**3)/(24*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*x**2*(a + b*x))
```

3.298 $\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2228
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2229
Rubi [A] (verified)	2229
Maple [A] (verified)	2234
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2234
Sympy [F]	2235
Maxima [F]	2235
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2236
Mupad [F(-1)]	2236
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2237

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b^2(bc-ad)x^3}{3a^4(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2(4bc-3ad)x}{a^5\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

$$- \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a^3x^4} + \frac{(17bc-6ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{12a^4x^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(41bc-22ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8a^5x^2} + \frac{35b^2(3bc-2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{8a^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*b^2*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/a^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2*b^2*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*x/a^5
/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^4+1/12*(-6*a*d+17*b*c
)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/x^3-1/8*b*(-22*a*d+41*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a
^5/x^2+35/8*b^2*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(1
1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-315b^4cx^4 + 210ab^3x^3(-2c+dx) - 4a^4(2c+3dx) + 6a^3bx(3c+7dx) + 7a^2b^2c) + 24a^{11/2}(x^2(a+bx))}{24a^{11/2}(x^2(a+bx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(-315*b^4*c*x^4 + 210*a*b^3*x^3*(-2*c + d*x) - 4*a^4*(2*c + 3*d*x) + 6*a^3*b*x*(3*c + 7*d*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-9*c + 40*d*x)) + 105*b^2*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*x^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(11/2)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {1944, 1929, 1912, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\ & -\frac{(3bc-2ad) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{c}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1929 \\ & -\frac{(3bc-2ad) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2x}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1912 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1931

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1931

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1914

$$(3bc - 2ad) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b f \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} - d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) + \frac{2x}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{c \quad 2a}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2}}{a^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3}}{4a} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} (3bc - 2ad)$$

$$\frac{c}{3a} \frac{2a}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/3*c/(a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*((2*x)/(3*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (7*(2/(a*x*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (5*(-1/2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-(sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a]*x)/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a))/a)/(3*a)))/(2*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1912 $\text{Int}[(a_.)*(x_.)^{(j_.)} + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*(n-j)*(p+1)*x^{(j-1)}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n-j)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/x^j, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1914 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.)*(x_.)^2 + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(2 - n) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2]$

rule 1929 $\text{Int}[(c_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.)*(x_.)^{(j_.)} + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c^{(j-1)})*(c*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*(n-j)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c^j*((m+n*p+n-j+1)/(a*(n-j)*(p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1931 $\text{Int}[(c_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.)*(x_.)^{(j_.)} + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(j-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-j+1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+j*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+n*p+n-j+1)/(a*c^{(n-j)}*(m+j*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+n-j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m + j*p + 1, 0]$

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(dx^2 - cx)b^2 - \frac{4a(-6dx + c)b + 16a^2d}{3}}{b^3(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)(-66abd x^2 + 123b^2c x^2 + 12a^2dx - 34abcx + 8a^2c)}{24a^5 x^2 \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} + \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{2(70ad - 105bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2(-48ad + 64bc)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{32}{3} \right)}{16a^5 \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$-\frac{x^2(bx+a) \left(210(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a b^2 d x^3 - 315(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) b^3 c x^3 + 12a^{\frac{9}{2}} dx - 42a^{\frac{7}{2}} b d x^2 - 280a^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{24(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{11}{2}}}$

```
input int(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(3*(d*x^2-c*x)*b^2-2*a*(-6*d*x+c)*b+8*a^2*d)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 482, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{105((3b^5c - 2ab^4d)x^6 + 2(3ab^4c - 2a^2b^3d)x^5 + (3a^2b^3c - 2a^3b^2d)x^4)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^3 + ax^2\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2 + ax}\right) + (8a^2b^2d^2 - 2ab^2d^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2)x^6 + 2(3ab^4c - 2a^2b^3d)x^5 + (3a^2b^3c - 2a^3b^2d)x^4\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2\sqrt{-a}}}{bx^2 + ax}\right) + (8a^2b^2d^2 - 2ab^2d^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2)x^6}{24(a^6b^2d^2 - 2a^5b^2d^2 - 2a^4b^2d^2)x^6 + 2(3ab^4c - 2a^2b^3d)x^5 + (3a^2b^3c - 2a^3b^2d)x^4\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2\sqrt{-a}}}{bx^2 + ax}\right) + (8a^2b^2d^2 - 2ab^2d^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2)x^6} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(105*((3*b^5*c - 2*a*b^4*d)*x^6 + 2*(3*a*b^4*c - 2*a^2*b^3*d)*x^5 + (3*a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3*b^2*d)*x^4)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))*sqrt(a))/x^2 + 2*(8*a^5*c + 105*(3*a*b^4*c - 2*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 + 140*(3*a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 21*(3*a^3*b^2*c - 2*a^4*b*d)*x^2 - 6*(3*a^4*b*c - 2*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^6*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^7*b*x^5 + a^8*x^4), -1/24*(105*((3*b^5*c - 2*a*b^4*d)*x^6 + 2*(3*a*b^4*c - 2*a^2*b^3*d)*x^5 + (3*a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3*b^2*d)*x^4)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (8*a^5*c + 105*(3*a*b^4*c - 2*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 + 140*(3*a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 21*(3*a^3*b^2*c - 2*a^4*b*d)*x^2 - 6*(3*a^4*b*c - 2*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^6*b^2*x^6 + 2*a^7*b*x^5 + a^8*x^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)x}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*x/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{35(3b^3c-2ab^2d)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-a}a^5\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{315(bx+a)^4b^3c-840(bx+a)^3ab^3c+693(bx+a)^2a^2b^3c-144(bx+a)a^3b^3c-16a^4b^3c-210(bx+a)a^5}{24\left((bx+a)^{3/2}-\sqrt{bx+aa}\right)^3a^5}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-35/8*(3*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^5*sgn(x)) - 1/24*(315*(b*x + a)^4*b^3*c - 840*(b*x + a)^3*a*b^3*c + 693*(b*x + a)^2*a^2*b^3*c - 144*(b*x + a)*a^3*b^3*c - 16*a^4*b^3*c - 210*(b*x + a)^4*a*b^2*d + 560*(b*x + a)^3*a^2*b^2*d - 462*(b*x + a)^2*a^3*b^2*d + 96*(b*x + a)*a^4*b^2*d + 16*a^5*b^2*d)/(((b*x + a)^(3/2) - sqrt(b*x + a))*a)^3*a^5*sgn(x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{210\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})a^2b^2dx^3 - 315\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(210*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 -
 315*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**3*c*x**3 + 21
0*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 - 315*s
qrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4 - 210*sqrt(a
)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 + 315*sqrt(a
)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3*c*x**3 - 210*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**3*d*x**4 + 315*sqrt(a)*sqrt
(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*c*x**4 - 16*a**5*c - 24*a**5*d
*x + 36*a**4*b*c*x + 84*a**4*b*d*x**2 - 126*a**3*b**2*c*x**2 + 560*a**3*b*
*2*d*x**3 - 840*a**2*b**3*c*x**3 + 420*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 - 630*a*b**4*c*x**
4)/(48*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*x**3*(a + b*x))
```

3.299 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2238
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2239
Rubi [A] (verified)	2239
Maple [A] (verified)	2241
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Sympy [F]	2242
Maxima [F]	2242
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2243
Mupad [F(-1)]	2243
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2244

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 248

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3(bc-ad)x^3}{3a^5(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^3(5bc-4ad)x}{a^6\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

$$- \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4a^3x^5} + \frac{(23bc-8ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24a^4x^4} - \frac{b(259bc-136ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{96a^5x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(515bc-328ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64a^6x^2} - \frac{105b^3(11bc-8ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{64a^{13/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*b^3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/a^5/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)+2*b^3*(-4*a*d+5*b*c)*x/a^6/
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-1/4*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^5+1/24*(-8*a*d+23*b*c)
*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/x^4-1/96*b*(-136*a*d+259*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)
/a^5/x^3+1/64*b^2*(-328*a*d+515*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^6/x^2-105/64*b^
3*(-8*a*d+11*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(3465b^5cx^5 + 21a^2b^3x^3(33c - 160dx) + 420ab^4x^4(11c - 6dx) - 16a^5(3c + 4dx) + 192a^4b^2x^2(11c + 18dx) - 18a^3b^2x^2(11c + 28dx)) + 315b^3(-11b^2c + 8ad)x^4(a + bx)^{3/2} + \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + bx]/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/(192a^{13/2}x(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2})}{192a^4b^2x^2(11c + 18dx) - 18a^3b^2x^2(11c + 28dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*(3465*b^5*c*x^5 + 21*a^2*b^3*x^3*(33*c - 160*d*x) + 420*a*b^4*x^4*(11*c - 6*d*x) - 16*a^5*(3*c + 4*d*x) + 8*a^4*b*x*(11*c + 18*d*x) - 18*a^3*b^2*x^2*(11*c + 28*d*x)) + 315*b^3*(-11*b*c + 8*a*d)*x^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]/(192*a^(13/2)*x*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2450, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2450

$$\int \left(\frac{c}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} + \frac{dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1155b^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{64a^{13/2}} + \frac{105b^3 \operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{8a^{11/2}} + \frac{1155b^3 c \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64a^6 x^2} - \\
& \frac{385b^2 c \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{32a^5 x^3} - \frac{105b^2 d \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8a^{11/2}} + \frac{77bc \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8a^4 x^4} + \frac{35bd \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4a^4 x^3} - \\
& \frac{33c \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4a^3 x^5} - \frac{7d \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{a^3 x^4} + \frac{22c}{3a^2 x^3 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{6d}{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \\
& \frac{2c}{3ax(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*d)/(3*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (2*c)/(3*a*x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (22*c)/(3*a^2*x^3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (6*d)/(a^2*x^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (33*c*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(4*a^3*x^5) + (77*b*c*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(8*a^4*x^4) - (7*d*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a^3*x^4) - (385*b^2*c*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(32*a^5*x^3) + (35*b*d*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(4*a^4*x^3) + (1155*b^3*c*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(64*a^6*x^2) - (105*b^2*d*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(8*a^5*x^2) - (1155*b^4*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(64*a^(13/2)) + (105*b^3*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(8*a^(11/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2450 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n, p}, x] && (PolyQ[Pq, x] || PolyQ[Pq, x^n]) && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{4\left(\frac{(3dx+c)b}{2}+ad\right)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)(984ab^2dx^3-1545b^3cx^3-272a^2bdx^2+518ab^2cx^2+64a^3dx-184a^2bcx+48ca^3)}{192a^6x^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}} - \frac{b^3\left(-\frac{2(840ad-1155bc)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{192(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{x(bx+a)\left(2520(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ab^3dx^4-3465(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)b^4cx^4-64a^{\frac{11}{2}}dx+144a^{\frac{9}{2}}bdx^2-504a^{\frac{7}{2}}\right)}{192(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/3/(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(1/2*(3*d*x+c)*b+a*d)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{315((11b^6c - 8ab^5d)x^7 + 2(11ab^5c - 8a^2b^4d)x^6 + (11a^2b^4c - 8a^3b^3d)x^5)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{192(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(315*((11*b^6*c - 8*a*b^5*d)*x^7 + 2*(11*a*b^5*c - 8*a^2*b^4*d)*x^6 + (11*a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^3*d)*x^5)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(48*a^6*c - 315*(11*a*b^5*c - 8*a^2*b^4*d)*x^5 - 420*(11*a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^3*d)*x^4 - 63*(11*a^3*b^3*c - 8*a^4*b^2*d)*x^3 + 18*(11*a^4*b^2*c - 8*a^5*b*d)*x^2 - 8*(11*a^5*b*c - 8*a^6*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^7*b^2*x^7 + 2*a^8*b*x^6 + a^9*x^5), 1/192*(315*((11*b^6*c - 8*a*b^5*d)*x^7 + 2*(11*a*b^5*c - 8*a^2*b^4*d)*x^6 + (11*a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^3*d)*x^5)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (48*a^6*c - 315*(11*a*b^5*c - 8*a^2*b^4*d)*x^5 - 420*(11*a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^3*d)*x^4 - 63*(11*a^3*b^3*c - 8*a^4*b^2*d)*x^3 + 18*(11*a^4*b^2*c - 8*a^5*b*d)*x^2 - 8*(11*a^5*b*c - 8*a^6*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^7*b^2*x^7 + 2*a^8*b*x^6 + a^9*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{105(11b^4c - 8ab^3d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{64\sqrt{-a}a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2(15(bx+a)b^4c + ab^4c - 12(bx+a)ab^3d - a^2b^3d)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}a^6 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{1545(bx+a)^{7/2}b^4c - 5153(bx+a)^{5/2}ab^4c + 5855(bx+a)^{3/2}a^2b^4c - 2295\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^4c - 984(bx+a)^{7/2}ab^3d}{192a^6b^4x^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `105/64*(11*b^4*c - 8*a*b^3*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^6*sgn(x)) + 2/3*(15*(b*x + a)*b^4*c + a*b^4*c - 12*(b*x + a)*a*b^3*d - a^2*b^3*d)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6*sgn(x)) + 1/192*(1545*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b^4*c - 5153*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a*b^4*c + 5855*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^4*c - 2295*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3*b^4*c - 984*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b^3*d + 3224*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^3*d - 3560*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b^3*d + 1320*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b^3*d)/(a^6*b^4*x^4*sgn(x))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2520\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})a^2b^3dx^4 + 3465\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})a^2b^3dx^4 + 3465\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})a^2b^3dx^4 + 3465\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})a^2b^3dx^4}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2520*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 + 3465*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**4*c*x**4 - 2520*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**4*d*x**5 + 3465*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**5*c*x**5 + 2520*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 - 3465*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**4*c*x**4 + 2520*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**4*d*x**5 - 3465*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**5*c*x**5 - 96*a**6*c - 128*a**6*d*x + 176*a**5*b*c*x + 288*a**5*b*d*x**2 - 396*a**4*b**2*c*x**2 - 1008*a**4*b**2*d*x**3 + 1386*a**3*b**3*c*x**3 - 6720*a**3*b**3*d*x**4 + 9240*a**2*b**4*c*x**4 - 5040*a**2*b**4*d*x**5 + 6930*a*b**5*c*x**5)/(384*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**7*x**4*(a + b*x))
```

3.300 $\int \frac{c+dx}{x(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2245
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2246
Rubi [A] (verified)	2246
Maple [A] (verified)	2255
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2256
Sympy [F]	2256
Maxima [F]	2257
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2257
Mupad [F(-1)]	2258
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{x(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b^4(bc-ad)x^3}{3a^6(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^4(6bc-5ad)x}{a^7\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a^3x^6} + \frac{(29bc-10ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{40a^4x^5} - \frac{b(443bc-230ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{240a^5x^4} + \frac{b^2(827bc-518ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{192a^6x^3} - \frac{b^3(1467bc-1030ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{128a^7x^2} + \frac{231b^4(13bc-10ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax}}\right)}{128a^{15/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*b^4*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/a^6/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2*b^4*(-5*a*d+6*b*c)*x/a^7/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/x^6+1/40*(-10*a*d+29*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/x^5-1/240*b*(-230*a*d+443*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^5/x^4+1/192*b^2*(-518*a*d+827*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^6/x^3-1/128*b^3*(-1030*a*d+1467*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^7/x^2+231/128*b^4*(-10*a*d+13*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/x)/a^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-45045b^6cx^6 - 96a^6(4c + 5dx) + 2310ab^5x^5(-26c + 15dx) + 198a^3b^3x^3(13c + 35dx) - 44a^4b^2x^2(26c + 45dx) + 16a^5bx(39c + 55dx) + 231a^2b^4x^4(-39c + 200dx)) + 3465b^4(13bc - 10ad)x^5(a + bx)^{3/2}\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + bx]/\text{Sqrt}[a]]}{(1920a^{15/2})x^2(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(-45045*b^6*c*x^6 - 96*a^6*(4*c + 5*d*x) + 2310*a*b^5*x^5*(-26*c + 15*d*x) + 198*a^3*b^3*x^3*(13*c + 35*d*x) - 44*a^4*b^2*x^2*(26*c + 45*d*x) + 16*a^5*b*x*(39*c + 55*d*x) + 231*a^2*b^4*x^4*(-39*c + 200*d*x)) + 3465*b^4*(13*b*c - 10*a*d)*x^5*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(1920*a^(15/2)*x^2*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {1944, 1912, 1929, 1931, 1931, 1931, 1931, 1914, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1944}$$

$$\frac{(13bc - 10ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}} dx}{10a} - \frac{c}{5ax^2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1912}$$

$$\frac{(13bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{11 \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{10a} - \frac{c}{5ax^2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1929 \\ (13bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right) \\ \hline 10a \end{array} - \frac{c}{5ax^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1931 \\ (13bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{9 \left(-\frac{7b \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right) \\ \hline 10a \end{array}$$

$$\frac{c}{5ax^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1931 \\ (13bc - 10ad) \left(\frac{11 \left(\frac{9 \left(-\frac{7b \left(-\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right) \\ \hline c \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10a}{5ax^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1931$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{5b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5} \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{11}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(13bc - 10ad)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c}{5ax^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{10a}{1931}$$

$$\left(\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned}
 & 5b \left(\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \\
 & 7b \\
 & 9 - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5} \\
 & 11 - \frac{a}{ax^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}
 \end{aligned} \right)
 \end{aligned} \right) + \frac{2}{ax^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

(13bc - 10ad)

3a

↓ 1914

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{ax^2}{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx - \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{ax^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{5b}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{7b}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{9}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4ax^5} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{11}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{13bc - 10ad}{3a} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{3b \left(\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^2} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2ax^3} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3ax^4} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4ax^5} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{ax^3 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{3ax(ax^2+bx^3)} \right) + \frac{2}{3ax(ax^2+bx^3)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*c/(a*x^2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((13*b*c - 10*a*d)*(2/(3*a*x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (11*(2/(a*x^3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])) + (9*(-1/4*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^5) - (7*b*(-1/3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^4) - (5*b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^3) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(a*x^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*x)/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/(6*a)))/(8*a)))/a)/(3*a)))/(10*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1912 `Int[((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)*x^(j - 1)), x] + Simp[(n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int[(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/x^j, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 1914 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^2 + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/(2 - n) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && NeQ[n, 2]`

rule 1929 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 1931

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[
m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(3bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}+(-3b^2cx+a^2d-4abc)a^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ba^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{(bx+a)(-15450x^4ab^3d+22005x^4b^4c+5180a^2b^2dx^3-8270ab^3cx^3-1840a^3bdx^2+3544a^2b^2cx^2+480a^4dx-1392a^3bcx-1920a^7x^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)})}{1920a^7x^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx+a)\left(480a^{\frac{13}{2}}dx-880a^{\frac{11}{2}}bdx^2+1980a^{\frac{9}{2}}b^2dx^3-6930a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^3dx^4-46200a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4dx^5-34650a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5dx^6+34650 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ba^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3/(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(3*b*c*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*a^2*(b*x+a)^(3/2)
+(-3*b^2*c*x+a^2*d-4*a*b*c)*a^(5/2))/b/a^(9/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 578, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3465((13b^7c - 10ab^6d)x^8 + 2(13ab^6c - 10a^2b^5d)x^7 + (13a^2b^5c - 10a^3b^4d)x^6 + 3465((13b^7c - 10ab^6d)x^8 + 2(13ab^6c - 10a^2b^5d)x^7 + (13a^2b^5c - 10a^3b^4d)x^6)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{-a}}{bx^2+ax}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3840*(3465*((13*b^7*c - 10*a*b^6*d)*x^8 + 2*(13*a*b^6*c - 10*a^2*b^5*d)*x^7 + (13*a^2*b^5*c - 10*a^3*b^4*d)*x^6)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^2 + 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(a))/x^2) + 2*(384*a^7*c + 3465*(13*a*b^6*c - 10*a^2*b^5*d)*x^6 + 4620*(13*a^2*b^5*c - 10*a^3*b^4*d)*x^5 + 693*(13*a^3*b^4*c - 10*a^4*b^3*d)*x^4 - 198*(13*a^4*b^3*c - 10*a^5*b^2*d)*x^3 + 88*(13*a^5*b^2*c - 10*a^6*b*d)*x^2 - 48*(13*a^6*b*c - 10*a^7*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^8*b^2*x^8 + 2*a^9*b*x^7 + a^10*x^6), -1/1920*(3465*((13*b^7*c - 10*a*b^6*d)*x^8 + 2*(13*a*b^6*c - 10*a^2*b^5*d)*x^7 + (13*a^2*b^5*c - 10*a^3*b^4*d)*x^6)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-a)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (384*a^7*c + 3465*(13*a*b^6*c - 10*a^2*b^5*d)*x^6 + 4620*(13*a^2*b^5*c - 10*a^3*b^4*d)*x^5 + 693*(13*a^3*b^4*c - 10*a^4*b^3*d)*x^4 - 198*(13*a^4*b^3*c - 10*a^5*b^2*d)*x^3 + 88*(13*a^5*b^2*c - 10*a^6*b*d)*x^2 - 48*(13*a^6*b*c - 10*a^7*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))/(a^8*b^2*x^8 + 2*a^9*b*x^7 + a^10*x^6)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(x*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2} x} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{231(13b^5c - 10ab^4d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{128\sqrt{-a}a^7\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2(18(bx+a)b^5c + ab^5c - 15(bx+a)ab^4d - a^2b^4d)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}a^7\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{22005(bx+a)^{9/2}b^5c - 96290(bx+a)^{7/2}ab^5c + 160384(bx+a)^{5/2}a^2b^5c - 121310(bx+a)^{3/2}a^3b^5c + 35595\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^5c - 15450(bx+a)^{9/2}ab^4d + 66980(bx+a)^{7/2}a^2b^4d - 110080(bx+a)^{5/2}a^3b^4d + 81500(bx+a)^{3/2}a^4b^4d - 22950\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b^4d}{a^7b^5x^5\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-231/128*(13*b^5*c - 10*a*b^4*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^7*sgn(x)) - 2/3*(18*(b*x + a)*b^5*c + a*b^5*c - 15*(b*x + a)*a*b^4*d - a^2*b^4*d)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^7*sgn(x)) - 1/1920*(22005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*b^5*c - 96290*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a*b^5*c + 160384*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^5*c - 121310*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b^5*c + 35595*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4*b^5*c - 15450*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a*b^4*d + 66980*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2*b^4*d - 110080*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3*b^4*d + 81500*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4*b^4*d - 22950*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5*b^4*d)/(a^7*b^5*x^5*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{x(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)),x)`output `int((c + d*x)/(x*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{x(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{34650\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})a^2b^4dx^5 - 45045\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})a^2b^4dx^5 - 34650\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}\log(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})a^2b^4dx^5 + 45045\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{a})a^2b^4dx^5 - 34650\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}\log(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})a^2b^4dx^6 + 45045\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{a})a^2b^4dx^6 - 34650\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}\log(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})a^2b^4dx^7 + 45045\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{a})a^2b^4dx^7 - 768a^2b^4c - 960a^2b^4d^2x + 1248a^2b^4c^2x + 1760a^2b^4d^2x^2 - 2288a^2b^4c^2x^2 + 3960a^2b^4d^2x^3 + 5148a^2b^4c^2x^3 + 13860a^2b^4d^2x^4 - 18018a^2b^4c^2x^4 + 92400a^2b^4d^2x^5 - 120120a^2b^4c^2x^5 + 69300a^2b^4d^2x^6 - 90090a^2b^4c^2x^6)/(3840\sqrt{a+bx})a^2b^4x^5(a+bx)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/x/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(34650*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b**4*d*x**5 - 45045*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**5*c*x**5 + 34650*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b**5*d*x**6 - 45045*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**6*c*x**6 - 34650*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b**4*d*x**5 + 45045*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**5*c*x**5 - 34650*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**5*d*x**6 + 45045*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**6*c*x**6 - 768*a**2*b**4*c - 960*a**2*b**4*d*x + 1248*a**2*b**4*c*x + 1760*a**2*b**4*d*x**2 - 2288*a**2*b**4*c*x**2 + 3960*a**2*b**4*d*x**3 + 5148*a**2*b**4*c*x**3 + 13860*a**2*b**4*d*x**4 - 18018*a**2*b**4*c*x**4 + 92400*a**2*b**4*d*x**5 - 120120*a**2*b**4*c*x**5 + 69300*a**2*b**4*d*x**6 - 90090*a**2*b**4*c*x**6)/(3840*sqrt(a + b*x))*a**2*b**4*x**5*(a + b*x)`

3.301 $\int (ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$

Optimal result	2259
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2260
Rubi [A] (verified)	2260
Maple [A] (verified)	2266
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2266
Sympy [F]	2267
Maxima [F]	2267
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2268
Mupad [F(-1)]	2268
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2269

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 258

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx &= \frac{a^3(10bc - 7ad)e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{128b^4\sqrt{ex}} \\ &- \frac{a^2(10bc - 7ad)e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{192b^3} + \frac{a(10bc - 7ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{240b^2} \\ &+ \frac{(10bc - 7ad)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{40be} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5b} \\ &- \frac{a^4(10bc - 7ad)e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{128b^{9/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/128*a^3*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*e^2*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^4/(e*x)^(1/2)-1/192*a^
2*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*e*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/240*a*(-7*a*d+10
*b*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/40*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*(e*x)^(5/2)
*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e+1/5*d*e*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b-1/128*a
^4*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*e^(3/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^
2)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \frac{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(-105a^4d + 16ab^3x^2(5c + 3dx) + 96b^4x^3(5c + 3dx) + 7d^2x^2(5c + 3d^2x) - 4a^2b^2x(25c + 14d^2x) + 300a^4b^2c\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}]) + 210a^5d\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a+bx}}])\right)}{(1920b^{9/2}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]
```

output

```
((e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-105*a^4*d + 16*a*b^3*x^2*(5*c + 3*d*x) + 96*b^4*x^3*(5*c + 4*d*x) + 10*a^3*b*(15*c + 7*d*x) - 4*a^2*b^2*x*(25*c + 14*d*x)) + 300*a^4*b*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 210*a^5*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])]))/(1920*b^(9/2)*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1930, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(10bc - 7ad) \int (ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{10b} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e} \right)}{10b} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1930 \\
 (10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{10b}{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 5b
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1930 \\
 (10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{10b}{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 5b \\
 \downarrow 1930
 \end{array}$$

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} \right) + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e}$$

$$\frac{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

↓ 1937

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} \right) + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e}$$

$$\frac{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

↓ 1935

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left[\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right)}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right]}{8e^2} \right] + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2}}{4e}$$

$$\frac{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} \right) + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e}}{5b} \frac{de\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{10b}$$

```
input Int[(e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]
```

```
output (d*e*Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*b) + ((10*b*c - 7*a*d)*((e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(4*e) + (a*((e^2*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (5*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*e^2))/(10*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1927

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-384dx^4b^4-48ab^3dx^3-480b^4cx^3+56a^2b^2dx^2-80ab^3cx^2-70a^3bdx+100a^2b^2cx+105a^4d-150a^3bc)e^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{1920b^4\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^4(70a^3bdx-100a^2b^2cx-105a^4d+150a^3bc)}{1920b^4\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}e\left(-768b^4dx^4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-96ab^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-960b^4cx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+112a^2b^2dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+112a^2b^2dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}\right)}{1920b^4\sqrt{ex}}$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/1920*(-384*b^4*d*x^4-48*a*b^3*d*x^3-480*b^4*c*x^3+56*a^2*b^2*d*x^2-80*a*b^3*c*x^2-70*a^3*b*d*x+100*a^2*b^2*c*x+105*a^4*d-150*a^3*b*c)/b^4*e^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/256*a^4*(7*a*d-10*b*c)/b^4*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)*e^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \left[-\frac{15(10a^4bc - 7a^5d)ex\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}\log\left(\frac{2bex^2+aux+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{x}\right) - 2(384b^4dex^4 + 480b^4cex^3 + 112a^2b^2dex^2 + 112a^2b^2cex + 105a^4d - 150a^3bc)e^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{1920b^4\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^4(70a^3bdx - 100a^2b^2cx - 105a^4d + 150a^3bc)}{1920b^4\sqrt{ex}} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/3840*(15*(10*a^4*b*c - 7*a^5*d)*e*x*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x +
2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(384*b^4*d*e*x^4 + 48
*(10*b^4*c + a*b^3*d)*e*x^3 + 8*(10*a*b^3*c - 7*a^2*b^2*d)*e*x^2 - 10*(10*
a^2*b^2*c - 7*a^3*b*d)*e*x + 15*(10*a^3*b*c - 7*a^4*d)*e)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x
^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^4*x), 1/1920*(15*(10*a^4*b*c - 7*a^5*d)*e*x*sqrt(-e/b)*a
rctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (384
*b^4*d*e*x^4 + 48*(10*b^4*c + a*b^3*d)*e*x^3 + 8*(10*a*b^3*c - 7*a^2*b^2*d
)*e*x^2 - 10*(10*a^2*b^2*c - 7*a^3*b*d)*e*x + 15*(10*a^3*b*c - 7*a^4*d)*e
)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^4*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(c+dx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((e*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(dx+c)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)*(e*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \frac{1}{3840} \left(\frac{20 \left(\frac{15a^4e^2 \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{be^2x + ae^2} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{beb^3}} + \sqrt{be^2x + ae^2} \left(2 \left(4ex \left(\frac{6x}{e^2} + \frac{a}{be^2} \right) - \frac{5a^2}{b^2e} \right) \right)}{e^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3840*(20*(15*a^4*e^2*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*(2*(4*e*x*(6*x/e^2 + a/(b*e^2)) - 5*a^2/(b^2*e))*e*x + 15*a^3/b^3)*sqrt(e*x))*c*abs(e)*sgn(x)/e^2 - 2*(105*a^5*e^6*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4) + (105*a^4*e^4/b^4 - 2*(35*a^3*e^3/b^3 + 4*(6*(8*e*x + a*e/b))*e*x - 7*a^2*e^2/b^2))*e*x)*e*x)*sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x))*d*abs(e)*sgn(x)/e^6 - 15*(10*a^4*b*c*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 7*a^5*d*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4))*e`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} e \left(-105\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^4bd + 150\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3b^2c + 70\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3b^2dx - 100\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3b^2dx - 100\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3b^2dx \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*e*( - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*d + 150*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*c + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*d*x - 100*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**2 + 80*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*d*x**3 + 480*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5*c*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5*d*x**4 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**5*d - 150*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c))/(1920*b**5)
```

3.302 $\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$

Optimal result	2270
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2271
Rubi [A] (verified)	2271
Maple [A] (verified)	2275
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2276
Sympy [F]	2276
Maxima [F]	2277
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2277
Mupad [F(-1)]	2278
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2278

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = -\frac{a^2(8bc - 5ad)e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{64b^3\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a(8bc - 5ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{96b^2} + \frac{(8bc - 5ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{24be} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4b\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^3(8bc - 5ad)\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/64*a^2*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/96*a*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/24*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e+1/4*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/64*a^3*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*e^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(15a^3d + 8ab^2x(2c + dx) + 16b^3x^2(4c + 3dx) - 2a^2b(12c + 5dx)) + \frac{6a^3(-8bc + 5d^2)}{192b^{7/2}x^{3/2}} \right)}{192b^{7/2}x^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[e*x]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3], x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(15*a^3*d + 8*a*b^2*x*(2*c + d*x) + 16*b^3*x^2*(4*c + 3*d*x) - 2*a^2*b*(12*c + 5*d*x)) + (6*a^3*(-8*b*c + 5*a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]))/(192*b^{(7/2)}*x^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(8bc - 5ad) \int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{8b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4b\sqrt{ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right)}{8b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4b\sqrt{ex}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1930 \\ (8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right) \\ \hline 8b \end{array} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4b\sqrt{ex}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1930 \\ (8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right) \\ \hline \end{array} + \frac{8b}{4b\sqrt{ex}} \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4b\sqrt{ex}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1937 \\ (8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right) \\ \hline \end{array} + \frac{8b}{4b\sqrt{ex}} \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4b\sqrt{ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$(8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right) +$$

$$\frac{8b}{4b\sqrt{ex}} de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}$$

219

$$(8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2} \sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right) +$$

$$\frac{8b}{4b\sqrt{ex}} de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[e*x]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(d e (a x^2 + b x^3)^{3/2}) / (4 b \sqrt{e x}) + ((8 b c - 5 a d) * ((e x)^{3/2}) * \sqrt{a x^2 + b x^3}) / (3 e) + (a * (e^2 \sqrt{e x} * \sqrt{a x^2 + b x^3}) / (2 b) - (3 a e * (e^2 \sqrt{a x^2 + b x^3}) / (b \sqrt{e x}) - (a e \sqrt{e x} * \text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b} x^{3/2}) / \sqrt{a x^2 + b x^3}]) / (b^{3/2} \sqrt{x}))) / (4 b)) / (6 e^2)) / (8 b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1927

$$\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m * (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \cdot x)^{m+1} * (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p / (c * (m + n * p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[a * (n - j) * (p / (c^j * (m + n * p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m+j} * (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n * p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1930

$$\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m * (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{n-1} * (c \cdot x)^{m-n+1} * (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (b * (m + n * p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[a * c^{n-j} * ((m + j * p - n + j + 1) / (b * (m + n * p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-(n-j)} * (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m + j * p - n + j + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n * p + 1, 0]$$

rule 1935

$$\text{Int}(x^m / \sqrt{a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 / (n - j) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - a \cdot x^2), x], x, x^{(j/2)} / \sqrt{a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, j, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, j/2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j]$$

rule 1937

$$\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m * (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^m * \text{IntPart}[m] * ((c \cdot x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]} / x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \ \text{Int}[x^m * (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + j * p + 1], 0]$$

rule 1945

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
risch	$\frac{(48b^3dx^3+8ab^2dx^2+64b^3cx^2-10a^2bdx+16ab^2cx+15a^3d-24ca^2b)e\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{192b^3\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{a^3(5ad-8bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}\sqrt{x^2+ae}\right)}{128b^3\sqrt{be}x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}\left(96b^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+16ab^2dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+128b^3cx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-15\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)\right)}{192b^3\sqrt{ex}}$

input

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/192*(48*b^3*d*x^3+8*a*b^2*d*x^2+64*b^3*c*x^2-10*a^2*b*d*x+16*a*b^2*c*x+1
5*a^3*d-24*a^2*b*c)/b^3*e*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)-1/128*a^3*(5*a*d
-8*b*c)/b^3*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1
/2)*e*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(8a^3bc - 5a^4d)x\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}} \log\left(\frac{2beax^2 + aex - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{x}\right) - 2(48b^3dx^3 - 24a^2bc + 15a^3d + 8(8b^3c + ab^2d))}{384b^3x} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(8a^3bc - 5a^4d)x\sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}}}{beax^2 + aex}\right) - (48b^3dx^3 - 24a^2bc + 15a^3d + 8(8b^3c + ab^2d))}{192b^3x} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/384*(3*(8*a^3*b*c - 5*a^4*d)*x*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(48*b^3*d*x^3 - 24*a^2*b*c + 15*a^3*d + 8*(8*b^3*c + a*b^2*d)*x^2 + 2*(8*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^3*x), -1/192*(3*(8*a^3*b*c - 5*a^4*d)*x*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (48*b^3*d*x^3 - 24*a^2*b*c + 15*a^3*d + 8*(8*b^3*c + a*b^2*d)*x^2 + 2*(8*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^3*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(dx+c)\sqrt{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)*sqrt(e*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{ex}(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3} dx \\ &= \frac{\left(\frac{15a^4e^2 \log\left(|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}+\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}|\right)}{\sqrt{beb^3}} + \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2} \left(2 \left(4ex \left(\frac{6x}{e^2} + \frac{a}{be^2} \right) - \frac{5a^2}{b^2e} \right) ex + \frac{15a^3}{b^3} \right) \sqrt{ex} \right) d|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{192e^2} \\ & - \frac{\left(\frac{3a^3e^4 \log\left(|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}+\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}|\right)}{\sqrt{beb^2}} - \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2} \left(2 \left(4ex + \frac{ae}{b} \right) ex - \frac{3a^2e^2}{b^2} \right) \sqrt{ex} \right) c|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{24e^4} \\ & + \frac{(8a^3bc|e|\log(e^2|a|) - 5a^4d|e|\log(e^2|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{128\sqrt{beb^3}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(15*a^4*e^2*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*(2*(4*e*x*(6*x/e^2 + a/(b*e^2)) - 5*a^2/(b^2*e))*e*x + 15*a^3/b^3)*sqrt(e*x))*d*abs(e)*sgn(x)/e^2 - 1/24*(3*a^3*e^4*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*(2*(4*e*x + a*e/b)*e*x - 3*a^2*e^2/b^2)*sqrt(e*x))*c*abs(e)*sgn(x)/e^4 + 1/128*(8*a^3*b*c*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 5*a^4*d*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx = \int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

output `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(15\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 b d - 24\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 b^2 c - 10\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 b^2 dx + 16\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a b^3 cx + 8\sqrt{x} \right)}{192 b^4}$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*d*x**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4*d + 24*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c))/(192*b**4)`

3.303 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$

Optimal result	2279
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2280
Rubi [A] (verified)	2280
Maple [A] (verified)	2283
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2283
Sympy [F]	2284
Maxima [F]	2284
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2285
Mupad [F(-1)]	2285
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2286

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{a(2bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8b^2\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{(2bc-ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4be} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{a^2(2bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/8*a*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/4*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e+1/3*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b/(e*x)^(3/2)-1/8*a^2*(-a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/e^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(6abc\sqrt{x} - 3a^2d\sqrt{x} + 12b^2cx^{3/2} + 2abdx^{3/2} + 8b^2dx^{5/2})}{24b^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^2(-2bc + ad)\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/Sqrt[e*x], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(6*a*b*c*Sqrt[x] - 3*a^2*d*Sqrt[x] + 12*b^2*c*x^(3/2) + 2*a*b*d*x^(3/2) + 8*b^2*d*x^(5/2)))/(24*b^2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[e*x]) + (a^2*(-2*b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(4*b^(5/2)*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1930

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1937

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1935

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1 - \frac{1}{bx^3}}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/Sqrt[e*x], x]`

output

```
(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*b*(e*x)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*c - a*d)*((Sqrt[e*x]
*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*e) + (a*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x])
- (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])]/(b^(3/2)*
Sqrt[x])))/(4*e^2)))/(2*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1927

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-8b^2dx^2-2abdx-12b^2cx+3a^2d-6abc)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{24b^2\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^2(ad-2bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}\sqrt{x^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{16b^2\sqrt{be}x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\left(-16b^2dx^2\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}-3\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^3de+6\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2bce-4\sqrt{ex}\right)}{48\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}b^2\sqrt{be}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(-8*b^2*d*x^2-2*a*b*d*x-12*b^2*c*x+3*a^2*d-6*a*b*c)/b^2*(x^2*(b*x+a)
)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/16*a^2*(a*d-2*b*c)/b^2*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2
))+ (b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2)/(b*e)^(1/2)*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b
*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(2a^2bc - a^3d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2bex^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) - 2(8b^3dx^2 + 6ab^2c - 3a^2bd + 2(6b^3c + ab^2d))\sqrt{ex}}{48b^3ex} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(3*(2*a^2*b*c - a^3*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) - 2*(8*b^3*d*x^2 + 6*a*b^2*c - 3*a^2*b*d + 2*(6*b^3*c + a*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^3*e*x), 1/24*(3*(2*a^2*b*c - a^3*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (8*b^3*d*x^2 + 6*a*b^2*c - 3*a^2*b*d + 2*(6*b^3*c + a*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^3*e*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/sqrt(e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/sqrt(e*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx + a)be - abe}\sqrt{bx + a} \left(2(bx + a) \left(\frac{4(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^3e} + \frac{6b^7ce^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 7ab^6de^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^9e^3} \right) - \frac{3(2ab^7ce^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^2b^6de^2\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{b^9e^3} \right) \right)}{24|b|} - \frac{\left(2a^2bc \log\left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}\right) - a^3d \log\left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}\right) \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{8\sqrt{beb}|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/(b^3*e) + (6*b^7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - 7*a*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3)) - 3*(2*a*b^7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - a^2*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3)) + 3*(2*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) - a^3*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2))*b/abs(b) - 1/8*(2*a^2*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)) - a^3*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bd + 6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2c + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2dx + 12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3cx + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3d \right)}{24b^3e}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*(-3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b*d + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b*c + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**2*d*x + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**3*c*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**3*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*d - 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c))/(24*b**3*e)`

3.304 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2287
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2287
Rubi [A] (verified)	2288
Maple [A] (verified)	2290
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2290
Sympy [F]	2291
Maxima [F]	2291
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2292
Mupad [F(-1)]	2292
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2292

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(4bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4be\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2b(ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{a(4bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}e^{3/2}}$$

output `1/4*(-a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/2*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/b/(e*x)^(5/2)+1/4*a*(-a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2))/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/e^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(4bc+ad+2bdx) + a(-4bc+ad)\log\left(-\sqrt{\dots}\right)\right)}{4b^{3/2}(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}) (\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx}) (4bc + ad + 2bdx) + a(-4bc + ad) \operatorname{Log}[-(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{a+bx}]}{4b^{3/2} (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(4bc - ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{4b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1927

$$\frac{(4bc - ad) \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1937

$$\frac{(4bc - ad) \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1935

$$\frac{(4bc - ad) \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(4bc - ad) \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{be^2}\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(2*b*(e*x)^(5/2)) + ((4*b*c - a*d)*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(e*Sqrt[e*x]) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x]))/(4*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+n*p+1))), x] + Simp[a*(n-j)*(p/(c^j*(m+n*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m+j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p-1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m+n*p+1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n-j) Subst[Int[1/(1-a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]`

rule 1945

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2bdx+ad+4bc)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{4be\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{a(ad-4bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{8b\sqrt{be}ex(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\left(4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}bdx-\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2de+4\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)abce+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}\right)}{8e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}b\sqrt{be}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*(2*b*d*x+a*d+4*b*c)/b/e*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)-1/8*a*(a*d-4*b
*c)/b*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e*
(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{(4abc - a^2d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right) - 2(2b^2dx + 4b^2c + abd)\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{8b^2e^2x} - \frac{(4abc - a^2d)\sqrt{-be}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{-be}\sqrt{ex}}{be+ae}\right) - (2b^2dx + 4b^2c + abd)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{4b^2e^2x} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*((4*a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) - 2*(2*b^2*d*x + 4*b^2*c + a*b*d)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^2*e^2*x), -1/4*((4*a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (2*b^2*d*x + 4*b^2*c + a*b*d)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^2*e^2*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx+a)be - abe\sqrt{bx+a}} \left(\frac{2(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^2e} + \frac{4b^3c\operatorname{sgn}(x) - ab^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^4e^2} \right) - \frac{(4abc\operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log\left(\frac{|-\sqrt{bx+a}|}{\sqrt{be}}\right)}{\sqrt{be}} \right)}{|b|} \frac{1}{4e}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*((sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/(b^2*e) + (4*b^3*c*e*sgn(x) - a*b^2*d*e*sgn(x))/(b^4*e^2)) - (4*a*b*c*sgn(x) - a^2*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b))*b/abs(b) + (4*a*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)) - a^2*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*abs(b)))/e`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} abd + 4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} b^2c + 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} b^2dx - \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{be}}\right) \right)}{4b^2e^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*c + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*d*x - sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*d + 4*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*c))/(4*b**2*e**2)`

3.305 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2294
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2294
Rubi [A] (verified)	2295
Maple [A] (verified)	2297
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2299
Mupad [F(-1)]	2299
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2299

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2c\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e^2\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{(2bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(e*x)^(3/2)+d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x)^(1/2)+(a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}(-2c+dx) + 2(2bc+ad)\sqrt{x}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-2*c + d*x) + 2*(2*b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(Sqrt[b]*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1944, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$\frac{(ad + 2bc) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{a(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{a(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1937$$

$$\frac{(ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{a(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$\frac{(ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{a(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{be^2}\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{a(ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(a*(e*x)^(7/2)) + ((2*b*c + a*d)*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(e*Sqrt[e*x]) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x]))) / (a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+n*p+1))), x] + Simp[a*(n-j)*(p/(c^j*(m+n*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m+j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p-1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m+n*p+1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n-j) Subst[Int[1/(1-a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]`

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-dx+2c)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{e^2x\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{\left(\frac{ad}{2}+bc\right)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{be}e^2x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\left(-\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)adex-2\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)bce-2dx\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}\right)}{2xe^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-d*x+2*c)/e^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(e*x)^(1/2)+(1/2*a*d+b*c)*ln((1/2*a*
e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(
1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(2bc + ad)\sqrt{be}x^2 \log\left(\frac{2be+ae+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(bdx - 2bc)\sqrt{ex}}{2be^3x^2} - \frac{(2bc + ad)\sqrt{-be}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{-be}\sqrt{ex}}{be^2+ae}\right) - \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(bdx - 2bc)\sqrt{ex}}{be^3x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x^2*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(b*d*x - 2*b*c)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e^3*x^2), -((2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(b*d*x - 2*b*c)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e^3*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b} - \frac{2b^2c\operatorname{sgn}(x) + abd\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^2} \right)}{\sqrt{(bx+a)be - abe}} \right) - \frac{(2bc\operatorname{sgn}(x) + ad\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)be - abe}}{\sqrt{beb}}\right)}{e^2|b|}}{e^2|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(sqrt(b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/b - (2*b^2*c*sgn(x) + a*b*d*sgn(x))/b^2)/sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e) - (2*b*c*sgn(x) + a*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b)*b^2/(e^2*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} bc + 4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} bdx + 4\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right) adx + 8}{4b e^3 x}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(e)*( - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*d*x +
4*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*d*x + 8*sqrt(b
)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*b*c*x - sqrt(b)*a*d*x - 8
*sqrt(b)*b*c*x))/(4*b*e**3*x)
```

3.306 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2301
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2301
Rubi [A] (verified)	2302
Maple [A] (verified)	2304
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2305
Sympy [F]	2305
Maxima [F]	2306
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2306
Mupad [F(-1)]	2307
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2307

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3a(ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{b}d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{e^{7/2}}$$

output `-2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x)^(3/2)-2/3*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a/(e*x)^(9/2)+2*b^(1/2)*d*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{a+bx}(bcx+a(c+3dx))+3a\sqrt{b}dx^{3/2}\log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{a+bx}\right)\right)}{3a(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*x*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(b*c*x + a*(c + 3*d*x)) + 3*a*Sqrt[b]*d*x^(3/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]])/(3*a*(e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3a(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3a(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1937} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{b\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3a(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1935} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{2b\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3a(ex)^{9/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3a(ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*a*(e*x)^(9/2)) + (d*((-2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*(e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(e^3*Sqrt[x]))) / e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]`

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(3adx+cbx+ac)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{3x^2a e^3\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{bd \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be x+\sqrt{be x^2+ae x}}{\sqrt{be}}\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{be} e^3 x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\left(-3\ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)abde x^2+6adx\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+2bcx\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+2ac\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}\right)}{3x^2e^3\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}a\sqrt{be}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(3*a*d*x+b*c*x+a*c)/x^2/a/e^3*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+b*d*ln(
(1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^3*(x^2*(b
*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3 adex^3 \sqrt{\frac{b}{e}} \log\left(\frac{2bx^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}}{x}\right) - 2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(ac+(bc+3ad)x)}{3ae^4x^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(3 adex^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{e}}}{bx^2+ax}\right) + \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(ac+(bc+3ad)x)\sqrt{ex}\right)}{3ae^4x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/3*(3*a*d*e*x^3*sqrt(b/e)*log((2*b*x^2 + a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(b/e))/x) - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(a*c + (b*c + 3*a*d)*x)*sqrt(e*x))/(a*e^4*x^3), -2/3*(3*a*d*e*x^3*sqrt(-b/e)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(-b/e)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(a*c + (b*c + 3*a*d)*x)*sqrt(e*x))/(a*e^4*x^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(c+dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3 d \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)be-abe} \right| \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{beb}} - \frac{\left(3 a d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{(b^2 c e \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3 a b d \operatorname{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{ab} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{((bx+a)be-abe)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) b^3}{3 e^3 |b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*(3*d*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))
*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b) - (3*a*d*e*sgn(x) - (b^2*c*e*sgn(x) + 3*a*b*d*e*sgn(x))
*(b*x + a)/(a*b))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(3/2))*b^3/(e^3
*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} ac - 3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} adx - \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} bcx + 3\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{3a e^4 x^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(e)*(- sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*c - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d*x - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*d*x**2 + sqrt(b)*a*d*x**2 - sqrt(b)*b*c*x**2))/(3*a*e**4*x**2)`

3.307 $\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2308
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2308
Rubi [A] (verified)	2309
Maple [A] (verified)	2310
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2310
Sympy [F]	2311
Maxima [F]	2311
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2311
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2312
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2312

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5a(ex)^{11/2}} + \frac{2(2bc - 5ad)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{15a^2(ex)^{9/2}}$$

output

$$-2/5*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a/(e*x)^(11/2)+2/15*(-5*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(9/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(3ac - 2bcx + 5adx)}{15a^2(ex)^{11/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(9/2), x]`

output

$$(-2*e*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2)*(3*a*c - 2*b*c*x + 5*a*d*x))/(15*a^2*(e*x)^(11/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1944, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(2bc - 5ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5a(ex)^{11/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}(2bc - 5ad)}{15a^2(ex)^{9/2}} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5a(ex)^{11/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*a*(e*x)^(11/2)) + (2*(2*b*c - 5*a*d)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(15*a^2*(e*x)^(9/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
  n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```

Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(5adx-2cbx+3ac)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15a^2(ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	45
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(5adx-2cbx+3ac)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{15a^2(ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	45
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(bx+a)(5adx-2cbx+3ac)}{15x^3e^4\sqrt{ex}a^2}$	50
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(5abd^2-2b^2cx^2+5a^2dx+abcx+3a^2c)}{15e^4x^3\sqrt{ex}a^2}$	64

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*x*(b*x+a)*(5*a*d*x-2*b*c*x+3*a*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(9/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(3a^2c - (2b^2c - 5abd)x^2 + (abc + 5a^2d)x)\sqrt{ex}}{15a^2e^5x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/15*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(3*a^2*c - (2*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d)*x^2 + (a*b*c + 5*
a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^2*e^5*x^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(9/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(9/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b \left(\frac{(2b^5ce^2\text{sgn}(x) - 5ab^4de^2\text{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^2} - \frac{5(ab^5ce^2\text{sgn}(x) - a^2b^4de^2\text{sgn}(x))}{a^2} \right)}{15((bx + a)be - abe)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^4 |b|}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

$$\frac{2}{15}(bx + a)^{3/2} * b * ((2b^5c * e^{2\text{sgn}(x)} - 5a * b^4 * d * e^{2\text{sgn}(x)}) * (bx + a) / a^2 - 5 * (a * b^5c * e^{2\text{sgn}(x)} - a^2 * b^4 * d * e^{2\text{sgn}(x)}) / a^2) / (((bx + a) * b * e - a * b * e)^{5/2} * e^4 * \text{abs}(b))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2c}{5e^4} - \frac{x^2(4b^2c - 10abd)}{15a^2e^4} + \frac{x(10da^2 + 2bca)}{15a^2e^4} \right)}{x^3 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)} * (c + d*x)) / (e*x)^{(9/2)}, x)$$

output

$$-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)} * ((2*c) / (5*e^4) - (x^2 * (4*b^2*c - 10*a*b*d)) / (15*a^2*e^4) + (x * (10*a^2*d + 2*a*b*c)) / (15*a^2*e^4))) / (x^3 * (e*x)^{(1/2)})$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2c - 5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2dx - \sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abcx - 5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abcx - 5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abcx \right)}{15a^2e^5x^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(1/2)} / (e*x)^{(9/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\frac{(2*\text{sqrt}(e) * (-3*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a**2*c - 5*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a**2*d*x - \text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a*b*c*x - 5*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x**2 + 2*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 - \text{sqrt}(b)*a*b*d*x**3 - 2*\text{sqrt}(b)*b**2*c*x**3)) / (15*a**2*e**5*x**3)}$$

3.308
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2313
Rubi [A] (verified)	2314
Maple [A] (verified)	2315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2316
Sympy [F]	2316
Maxima [F]	2317
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2317
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2318
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2318

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{7a(ex)^{13/2}} + \frac{2(4bc-7ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{35a^2(ex)^{11/2}} - \frac{4b(4bc-7ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{105a^3e(ex)^{9/2}}$$

output

`-2/7*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a/(e*x)^(13/2)+2/35*(-7*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(11/2)-4/105*b*(-7*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^3/e/(e*x)^(9/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2x(a+bx)\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(15a^2c-12abcx+21a^2dx+8b^2cx^2-14abdx^2)}{105a^3(ex)^{11/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[((c+d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2+b*x^3])/(e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output

$$(-2*x*(a + b*x)*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(15*a^2*c - 12*a*b*c*x + 21*a^2*d*x + 8*b^2*c*x^2 - 14*a*b*d*x^2))/(105*a^3*(e*x)^(11/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1944, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1944

$$-\frac{(4bc - 7ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7a(ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1922

$$-\frac{(4bc - 7ad) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5a(ex)^{11/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7a(ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1920

$$-\frac{(4bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{4b(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{15a^2(ex)^{9/2}} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5a(ex)^{11/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7a(ex)^{13/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(e*x)^(11/2), x]$$

output

$$(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(7*a*(e*x)^(13/2)) - ((4*b*c - 7*a*d)*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*a*(e*x)^(11/2)) + (4*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(15*a^2*(e*x)^(9/2)))/(7*a*e)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1920 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1922 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1944 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_ +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-14abd x^2+8b^2c x^2+21a^2 dx-12abcx+15a^2c)\sqrt{b x^3+a x^2}}{105a^3(e x)^{\frac{11}{2}}}$	67
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-14abd x^2+8b^2c x^2+21a^2 dx-12abcx+15a^2c)\sqrt{b x^3+a x^2}}{105a^3(e x)^{\frac{11}{2}}}$	67
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{b x^3+a x^2}(bx+a)(-14abd x^2+8b^2c x^2+21a^2 dx-12abcx+15a^2c)}{105x^4e^5\sqrt{e x} a^3}$	72
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-14a b^2d x^3+8b^3c x^3+7a^2bd x^2-4a b^2c x^2+21a^3 dx+3a^2bcx+15c a^3)}{105e^5x^4\sqrt{e x} a^3}$	89

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/105*x*(b*x+a)*(-14*a*b*d*x^2+8*b^2*c*x^2+21*a^2*d*x-12*a*b*c*x+15*a^2*c) * (b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/(e*x)^(11/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(15a^3c+2(4b^3c-7ab^2d)x^3-(4ab^2c-7a^2bd)x^2+3(a^2bc+7a^3d)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{105a^3e^6x^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/105*(15*a^3*c + 2*(4*b^3*c - 7*a*b^2*d)*x^3 - (4*a*b^2*c - 7*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*b*c + 7*a^3*d)*x)*\text{sqrt}(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*\text{sqrt}(e*x)/(a^3*e^6*x^5)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(c+dx)}{(ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x)**(11/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(11/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(11/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left((bx + a) \left(\frac{2(4b^3ce^3\text{sgn}(x) - 7ab^2de^3\text{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{7(4ab^3ce^3\text{sgn}(x) - 7a^2b^2de^3\text{sgn}(x))}{a^3} \right) + \frac{35(a^2b^3ce^3\text{sgn}(x) - a^3)}{a^3} \right)}{105((bx + a)be - abe)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^5|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/105*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*((b*x + a)*(2*(4*b^3*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 7*a*b^2*d*e^3*sgn(x))*(b*x + a)/a^3 - 7*(4*a*b^3*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 7*a^2*b^2*d*e^3*sgn(x))/a^3) + 35*(a^2*b^3*c*e^3*sgn(x) - a^3*b^2*d*e^3*sgn(x))/a^3)*b^5/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(7/2)*e^5*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2c}{7e^5} + \frac{x(42da^3 + 6bca^2)}{105a^3e^5} + \frac{x^3(16b^3c - 28ab^2d)}{105a^3e^5} + \frac{2bx^2(7ad - 4bc)}{105a^2e^5} \right)}{x^4 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(11/2),x)`output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*c)/(7*e^5) + (x*(42*a^3*d + 6*a^2*b*c))/(105*a^3*e^5) + (x^3*(16*b^3*c - 28*a*b^2*d))/(105*a^3*e^5) + (2*b*x^2*(7*a*d - 4*b*c))/(105*a^2*e^5)))/(x^4*(e*x)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3c - 21\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3dx - 3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bcx - 7\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2d^2x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2c^2x^2 + 14\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2d^2x^3 - 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3c^2x^3 - 14\sqrt{b}a^2b^2d^2x^4 + 8\sqrt{b}b^3c^2x^4 \right)}{(105a^3e^6x^4)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*(-15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*c - 21*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*x - 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 14*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*c*x**3 - 14*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*d*x**4 + 8*sqrt(b)*b**3*c*x**4)/(105*a**3*e**6*x**4)`

3.309
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2319
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2319
Rubi [A] (verified)	2320
Maple [A] (verified)	2322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2322
Sympy [F(-1)]	2323
Maxima [F]	2323
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2324
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2324
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{9a(ex)^{15/2}} + \frac{2(2bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{21a^2(ex)^{13/2}} - \frac{8b(2bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{105a^3e(ex)^{11/2}} + \frac{16b^2(2bc-3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{315a^4e^2(ex)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/9*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a/(e*x)^(15/2)+2/21*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(13/2)-8/105*b*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^3/e/(e*x)^(11/2)+16/315*b^2*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^4/e^2/(e*x)^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex}(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}(-16b^3cx^3+24ab^2x^2(c+dx)-6a^2bx(5c+6dx)+5a^3(7c+9dx))}{315a^4e^7x^8}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*(x^2*(a + b*x))^{3/2}*(-16*b^3*c*x^3 + 24*a*b^2*x^2*(c + d*x) - 6*a^2*b*x*(5*c + 6*d*x) + 5*a^3*(7*c + 9*d*x)))/(315*a^4*e^7*x^8)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1944, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{9a(ex)^{15/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7a(ex)^{13/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{9a(ex)^{15/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5a(ex)^{11/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{7a(ex)^{13/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{9a(ex)^{15/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1920
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(2bc - 3ad) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{15a^2(ex)^{9/2}} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5a(ex)^{11/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{7a(ex)^{13/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{9a(ex)^{15/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(9*a*(e*x)^(15/2)) - ((2*b*c - 3*a*d)*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(7*a*(e*x)^(13/2)) - (4*b*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*a*(e*x)^(11/2)) + (4*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(15*a^2*(e*x)^(9/2))))/(7*a*e))/(3*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))] Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(24a^2b^2dx^3-16b^3cx^3-36a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+45a^3dx-30a^2bcx+35ca^3)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315a^4(ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}}$	91
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(24a^2b^2dx^3-16b^3cx^3-36a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+45a^3dx-30a^2bcx+35ca^3)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315a^4(ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}}$	91
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(bx+a)(24a^2b^2dx^3-16b^3cx^3-36a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+45a^3dx-30a^2bcx+35ca^3)}{315x^5e^6\sqrt{ex}a^4}$	96
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(24x^4ab^3d-16x^4b^4c-12a^2b^2dx^3+8ab^3cx^3+9a^3bdx^2-6a^2b^2cx^2+45a^4dx+5a^3bcx+35ca^4)}{315e^6x^5\sqrt{ex}a^4}$	113

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*x*(b*x+a)*(24*a*b^2*d*x^3-16*b^3*c*x^3-36*a^2*b*d*x^2+24*a*b^2*c*x^
2+45*a^3*d*x-30*a^2*b*c*x+35*a^3*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(13/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(35a^4c - 8(2b^4c - 3ab^3d)x^4 + 4(2ab^3c - 3a^2b^2d)x^3 - 3(2a^2b^2c - 3a^3bd)x^2 + 5(a^3bc + 9a^4d)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{315a^4e^7x^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*(35*a^4*c - 8*(2*b^4*c - 3*a*b^3*d)*x^4 + 4*(2*a*b^3*c - 3*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 - 3*(2*a^2*b^2*c - 3*a^3*b*d)*x^2 + 5*(a^3*b*c + 9*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^4*e^7*x^6)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x)**(13/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(13/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((bx + a) \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{2(2b^9ce^4\text{sgn}(x) - 3ab^8de^4\text{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{9(2ab^9ce^4\text{sgn}(x) - 3a^2b^8c)}{a^4} \right) \right) \right)}{315((bx +$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*((b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(2*b^9*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 3*a*b^8*d*e^4*sgn(x)))*(b*x + a)/a^4 - 9*(2*a*b^9*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 3*a^2*b^8*d*e^4*sgn(x))/a^4) + 63*(2*a^2*b^9*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 3*a^3*b^8*d*e^4*sgn(x))/a^4) - 105*(a^3*b^9*c*e^4*sgn(x) - a^4*b^8*d*e^4*sgn(x))/a^4)*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(9/2)*e^6*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2c}{9e^6} + \frac{x(90da^4 + 10bca^3)}{315a^4e^6} - \frac{x^4(32b^4c - 48ab^3d)}{315a^4e^6} - \frac{8b^2x^3(3ad - 2bc)}{315a^3e^6} + \frac{2bx^2(3ad - 2bc)}{105a^2e^6} \right)}{x^5 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*c)/(9*e^6) + (x*(90*a^4*d + 10*a^3*b*c))/(315*a^4*e^6) - (x^4*(32*b^4*c - 48*a*b^3*d))/(315*a^4*e^6) - (8*b^2*x^3*(3*a*d - 2*b*c))/(315*a^3*e^6) + (2*b*x^2*(3*a*d - 2*b*c))/(105*a^2*e^6)))/(x^5*(e*x)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4c - 45\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4dx - 5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bcx - 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2cx^2 - 6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2d^2x^3 - 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^3c^2x^3 - 24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^3d^2x^4 + 16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4c^2x^4 + 24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4d^2x^5 - 16\sqrt{b}b^4c^2x^5 \right)}{(315a^4e^7x^5)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*(-35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**4*c - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**4*d*x - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**3*b*c*x - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**3*b*d*x**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**3*d*x**4 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**4*c*x**4 + 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**4*d*x**5 - 16*sqrt(b)*b**4*c*x**5)/(315*a**4*e**7*x**5)`

3.310 $\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2326
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2327
Rubi [A] (verified)	2327
Maple [A] (verified)	2339
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2340
Sympy [F]	2340
Maxima [F]	2341
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2341
Mupad [F(-1)]	2342
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2342

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 343

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{a^5(14bc - 9ad)e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{1024b^5\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^4(14bc - 9ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{1536b^4} - \frac{a^3(14bc - 9ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{1920b^3e} + \frac{a^2(14bc - 9ad)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2240b^2e^2} + \frac{13a(14bc - 9ad)(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{840be^3} + \frac{(14bc - 9ad)(ex)^{9/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{84e^4} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7b\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^6(14bc - 9ad)\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{1024b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-1/1024*a^5*(-9*a*d+14*b*c)*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^5/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/1536*a^4*(-9*a*d+14*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^4-1/1920*a^3*(-9*a*d+14*b*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/e+1/2240*a^2*(-9*a*d+14*b*c)*(e*x)^(5/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/e^2+13/840*a*(-9*a*d+14*b*c)*(e*x)^(7/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^3+1/84*(-9*a*d+14*b*c)*(e*x)^(9/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4+1/7*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/1024*a^6*(-9*a*d+14*b*c)*e^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(945a^6d - 210a^5b(7c + 3dx) + 96a^2b^4x^3(7c + 4dx) + 2560b^6x^5(7c + 6dx) + 28a^4b^2x(35c + 18dx) - 16a^3b^3x^2(49c + 27dx) + 256ab^5x^4(91c + 75dx)) + 1890a^7d\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a+bx}}\right] + 2940a^6b\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx}}\right]\right)}{(107520b^{11/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[e*x]*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(945*a^6*d - 210*a^5*b*(7*c + 3*d*x) + 96*a^2*b^4*x^3*(7*c + 4*d*x) + 2560*b^6*x^5*(7*c + 6*d*x) + 28*a^4*b^2*x*(35*c + 18*d*x) - 16*a^3*b^3*x^2*(49*c + 27*d*x) + 256*a*b^5*x^4*(91*c + 75*d*x)) + 1890*a^7*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 2940*a^6*b*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])]))/(107520*b^(11/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1930, 1930, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(14bc - 9ad) \int \sqrt{ex}(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2} dx}{14b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7b\sqrt{ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(14bc - 9ad) \left(\frac{a \int (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{6e} \right)}{14b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7b\sqrt{ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1927 \\
 & \frac{(14bc - 9ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{10e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5e} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{6e} \right)}{14b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7b\sqrt{ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1930 \\
 & \frac{(14bc - 9ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} - \frac{7ae \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{8b} \right)}{10e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5e} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{6e} \right)}{14b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7b\sqrt{ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1930
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(14bc - 9ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} - \frac{7ae \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{6b} \right)}{8b} \right)}{10e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5e} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{6e}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7b\sqrt{ex}} \quad 14b$$

↓ 1930

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} - \frac{7ae \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8b} \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{a}{10e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5e} \right) \\
 & \frac{(14bc - 9ad)}{4e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7b\sqrt{ex}}$$

14b

↓ 1930

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} - \frac{7ae \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8b} \right)}{10e^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

(14bc - 9ad)

$4e^2$

↓ 1937

(14bc - 9ad)

$$\left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} - \frac{7ae \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8b} \right) \frac{a}{10e^2} \frac{a}{4e^2}$$

↓ 1935

					$3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{bx^3} dx \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3}}}{1 - \frac{bx^3+ax^2}{bx^3+ax^2}} \right)$
					$5ae \frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{bx^3} dx \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3}}}{4b}$
					$7ae \frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{bx^3} dx \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3}}}{6b}$
					$a \frac{e^2 (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4b} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{bx^3} dx \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3}}}{8b}$
					$a \frac{e^2 (ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4b} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{bx^3} dx \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^3}}}{10e^2}$

↓ 219

	$\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{ae \sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}$
$5ae$	$\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{ae \sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}$
$7ae$	$\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b}$
a	$\frac{e^2 (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b}$
a	$10e^2$
$(14bc - 9ad)$	$4e^2$

input `Int[Sqrt[e*x]*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(7*b*Sqrt[e*x]) + ((14*b*c - 9*a*d)*(((e*x)^(3/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(6*e) + (a*(((e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(5*e) + (a*((e^2*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(4*b) - (7*a*e*((e^2*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(3*b) - (5*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*b)))/(10*e^2)))/(4*e^2)))/(14*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1930 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$\frac{(15360b^6dx^6+19200ab^5dx^5+17920b^6cx^5+384a^2b^4dx^4+23296ab^5cx^4-432a^3b^3dx^3+672a^2b^4cx^3+504a^4b^2dx^2-784a^3b^3cx^2-107520b^5\sqrt{ex}}{107520b^5\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ex}\left(30720b^6dx^6\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+38400ab^5dx^5\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+35840b^6cx^5\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+768a^2b^4dx^4\sqrt{ex}\right)}{107520b^5\sqrt{ex}}$

input

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/107520/b^5*(15360*b^6*d*x^6+19200*a*b^5*d*x^5+17920*b^6*c*x^5+384*a^2*b^
4*d*x^4+23296*a*b^5*c*x^4-432*a^3*b^3*d*x^3+672*a^2*b^4*c*x^3+504*a^4*b^2*
d*x^2-784*a^3*b^3*c*x^2-630*a^5*b*d*x+980*a^4*b^2*c*x+945*a^6*d-1470*a^5*b
*c)*e*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)-1/2048*a^6/b^5*(9*a*d-14*b*c)*ln((1/
2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)*e*(x^2*(b*x+a)
)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{105 (14 a^6 bc - 9 a^7 d) x \sqrt{\frac{e}{b}} \log \left(\frac{2 b e x^2 + a e x - 2 \sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2} \sqrt{e x b} \sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{x} \right) - 2 (15360 b^6 d x^6 - 1470 a^5 b^5 c + 945 a^6 d + 1280 (14 b^6 c + 15 a b^5 d) x^5 + 128 (182 a b^5 c + 3 a^2 b^4 d) x^4 + 48 (14 a^2 b^4 c - 9 a^3 b^3 d) x^3 - 56 (14 a^3 b^3 c - 9 a^4 b^2 d) x^2 + 70 (14 a^4 b^2 c - 9 a^5 b d) x) \sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2} \sqrt{e x}}{b^5 x}, \frac{105 (14 a^6 bc - 9 a^7 d) x \sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2} \sqrt{e x b} \sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}}}{b e x^2 + a e x} \right) - (15360 b^6 d x^6 - 1470 a^5 b^5 c + 945 a^6 d + 1280 (14 b^6 c + 15 a b^5 d) x^5 + 128 (182 a b^5 c + 3 a^2 b^4 d) x^4 + 48 (14 a^2 b^4 c - 9 a^3 b^3 d) x^3 - 56 (14 a^3 b^3 c - 9 a^4 b^2 d) x^2 + 70 (14 a^4 b^2 c - 9 a^5 b d) x) \sqrt{b x^3 + a x^2} \sqrt{e x}}{b^5 x} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/215040*(105*(14*a^6*b*c - 9*a^7*d)*x*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x
- 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(15360*b^6*d*x^6 - 1
470*a^5*b*c + 945*a^6*d + 1280*(14*b^6*c + 15*a*b^5*d)*x^5 + 128*(182*a*b^
5*c + 3*a^2*b^4*d)*x^4 + 48*(14*a^2*b^4*c - 9*a^3*b^3*d)*x^3 - 56*(14*a^3*
b^3*c - 9*a^4*b^2*d)*x^2 + 70*(14*a^4*b^2*c - 9*a^5*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a
*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^5*x), -1/107520*(105*(14*a^6*b*c - 9*a^7*d)*x*sqrt(-e/
b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) -
(15360*b^6*d*x^6 - 1470*a^5*b*c + 945*a^6*d + 1280*(14*b^6*c + 15*a*b^5*d)
*x^5 + 128*(182*a*b^5*c + 3*a^2*b^4*d)*x^4 + 48*(14*a^2*b^4*c - 9*a^3*b^3*
d)*x^3 - 56*(14*a^3*b^3*c - 9*a^4*b^2*d)*x^2 + 70*(14*a^4*b^2*c - 9*a^5*b*
d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^5*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{ex}(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(e*x)*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)\sqrt{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)*sqrt(e*x), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 655 vs. $2(287) = 574$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/7680*(315*a^6*e^2*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))
/(sqrt(b*e)*b^5) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*(2*(4*(2*(8*e*x*(10*x/e^4 + a/(b*
e^4)) - 9*a^2/(b^2*e^3))*e*x + 21*a^3/(b^3*e^2))*e*x - 105*a^4/(b^4*e))*e*
x + 315*a^5/b^5)*sqrt(e*x))*b*c*abs(e)*sgn(x)/e^2 + 1/7680*(315*a^6*e^2*lo
g(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^5) + sqr
t(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*(2*(4*(2*(8*e*x*(10*x/e^4 + a/(b*e^4)) - 9*a^2/(b^2*e^3
))*e*x + 21*a^3/(b^3*e^2))*e*x - 105*a^4/(b^4*e))*e*x + 315*a^5/b^5)*sqrt(
e*x))*a*d*abs(e)*sgn(x)/e^2 - 1/1920*(105*a^5*e^6*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(
e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4) + (105*a^4*e^4/b^4 - 2*(35*
a^3*e^3/b^3 + 4*(6*(8*e*x + a*e/b)*e*x - 7*a^2*e^2/b^2)*e*x)*e*x)*sqrt(b*e
^2*x + a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x))*a*c*abs(e)*sgn(x)/e^6 - 1/107520*(3465*a^7*e^8*lo
g(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^6) + (34
65*a^6*e^6/b^6 - 2*(1155*a^5*e^5/b^5 - 4*(231*a^4*e^4/b^4 - 2*(99*a^3*e^3/
b^3 + 8*(10*(12*e*x + a*e/b)*e*x - 11*a^2*e^2/b^2)*e*x)*e*x)*e*x)*sqrt
t(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x))*b*d*abs(e)*sgn(x)/e^8 + 1/2048*(14*a^6*b*c*a
bs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 9*a^7*d*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*
b^5)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}(c+dx) dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x), x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(945\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^6bd - 1470\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b^2c - 630\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b^2dx + 980\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^3 \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(945*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*b*d - 1470*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a**5*b**2*c - 630*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b**2*d*x + 980*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a
+ b*x)*a**4*b**3*c*x + 504*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**3*d*x**2 - 784*s
qrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**4*c*x**2 - 432*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**
4*d*x**3 + 672*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**5*c*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a
+ b*x)*a**2*b**5*d*x**4 + 23296*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**6*c*x**4 + 192
00*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**6*d*x**5 + 17920*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**7*
c*x**5 + 15360*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**7*d*x**6 - 945*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a
+ b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**7*d + 1470*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*
x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**6*b*c))/(107520*b**6)`

3.311
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	2344
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2345
Rubi [A] (verified)	2345
Maple [A] (verified)	2354
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2355
Sympy [F]	2355
Maxima [F]	2356
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2356
Mupad [F(-1)]	2357
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2357

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 301

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{a^4(12bc-7ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{512b^4\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{a^3(12bc-7ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{768b^3e} + \frac{a^2(12bc-7ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{960b^2e^2} + \frac{11a(12bc-7ad)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{480be^3} + \frac{(12bc-7ad)(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{60e^4} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{a^5(12bc-7ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{512b^{9/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
1/512*a^4*(-7*a*d+12*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^4/(e*x)^(1/2)-1/768*a^3*(-7*a*d+12*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/e+1/960*a^2*(-7*a*d+12*b*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/e^2+11/480*a*(-7*a*d+12*b*c)*(e*x)^(5/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^3+1/60*(-7*a*d+12*b*c)*(e*x)^(7/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4+1/6*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b/(e*x)^(3/2)-1/512*a^5*(-7*a*d+12*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(-105a^5d + 48a^2b^3x^2(2c + dx) + 256b^5x^4(6c + dx))\right)}{\sqrt{ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/Sqrt[e*x], x]
```

output

```
(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-105*a^5*d + 48*a^2*b^3*x^2*(2*c + d*x) + 256*b^5*x^4*(6*c + 5*d*x) - 8*a^3*b^2*x*(15*c + 7*d*x) + 10*a^4*b*(18*c + 7*d*x) + 64*a*b^4*x^3*(33*c + 26*d*x)) + 360*a^5*b*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 210*a^6*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(7680*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.321$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1930, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(12bc - 7ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{12b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(12bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{3a \int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{10e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)}{12b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1927 \\
 (12bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} \right)}{10e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \right) \\
 \hline
 12b \qquad \qquad \qquad + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1930 \\
 (12bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} \right)}{10e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{12b}{6b(ex)^{3/2}} \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 1930
 \end{array}$$

$$\left((12bc - 7ad) \frac{3a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e} \right)}{10e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1930

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{\quad}{6b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\quad}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\quad}{10e^2} + \sqrt{\quad} \right) \\
 & (12bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{\quad}{10e^2} + \sqrt{\quad} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}} \quad 12b$$

↓ 1937

$$\left(\frac{(12bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e} \right)}{10e^2} \right) + \dots$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}} \quad 12b$$

↓ 1935

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{1}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2}}{4e} \right) \\
 & \frac{(12bc - 7ad)}{10e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{\phantom{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}}{6b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} \right) \\
 & \frac{(12bc - 7ad)}{10e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{6b(ex)^{3/2}} \qquad 12b$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/Sqrt[e*x],x]`

output `(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(6*b*(e*x)^(3/2)) + ((12*b*c - 7*a*d)*((Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*e) + (3*a*((e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(4*e) + (a*((e^2*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (5*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])]/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*e^2)))/(10*e^2)))/(12*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1930 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-1280dx^5b^5-1664ab^4dx^4-1536b^5cx^4-48a^2b^3dx^3-2112ab^4cx^3+56a^3b^2dx^2-96a^2b^3cx^2-70a^4bdx+120a^3b^2cx+105a^5d-180a^4b^2c)}{7680b^4\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-2560b^5dx^5\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-3328ab^4dx^4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-3072b^5cx^4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-96a^2b^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-180a^4b^2c)}{(b^2e+x^2(bx+a))^{1/2}(bx+a)^{1/2}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/7680/b^4*(-1280*b^5*d*x^5-1664*a*b^4*d*x^4-1536*b^5*c*x^4-48*a^2*b^3*d*
x^3-2112*a*b^4*c*x^3+56*a^3*b^2*d*x^2-96*a^2*b^3*c*x^2-70*a^4*b*d*x+120*a^
3*b^2*c*x+105*a^5*d-180*a^4*b*c)*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/1024*a^
5/b^4*(7*a*d-12*b*c)*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))
/(b*e)^(1/2)*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(12a^5bc - 7a^6d)\sqrt{bex} \log\left(\frac{2bex^2 + aex + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) - 2(1280b^6d}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/15360*(15*(12*a^5*b*c - 7*a^6*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x +
2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) - 2*(1280*b^6*d*x^5 + 180*a^
4*b^2*c - 105*a^5*b*d + 128*(12*b^6*c + 13*a*b^5*d)*x^4 + 48*(44*a*b^5*c +
a^2*b^4*d)*x^3 + 8*(12*a^2*b^4*c - 7*a^3*b^3*d)*x^2 - 10*(12*a^3*b^3*c -
7*a^4*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^5*e*x), 1/7680*(15*(12*a
^5*b*c - 7*a^6*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(
e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (1280*b^6*d*x^5 + 180*a^4*b^2*c - 105*a^5*b*d +
128*(12*b^6*c + 13*a*b^5*d)*x^4 + 48*(44*a*b^5*c + a^2*b^4*d)*x^3 + 8*(12*
a^2*b^4*c - 7*a^3*b^3*d)*x^2 - 10*(12*a^3*b^3*c - 7*a^4*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x
^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^5*e*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/sqrt(e*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/sqrt(e*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx+a)be - a^2e} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2(bx+a) \left(8(bx+a) \left(\frac{10(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^5e} + \frac{12b^{21}ce^4}{b^5e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) \right)}{512 \sqrt{beb^3|b|}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7680*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*(4*(2*(b*x + a)*(8*(b*x + a)*(10*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/(b^5*e) + (12*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 37*a*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5)) - 9*(28*a*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 43*a^2*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5)) + (372*a^2*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 377*a^3*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5))*(b*x + a) - 5*(12*a^3*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 7*a^4*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5))*(b*x + a) - 15*(12*a^4*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 7*a^5*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5)*sqrt(b*x + a) + 15*(12*a^5*b*c*sgn(x) - 7*a^6*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4)*b/abs(b) - 1/512*(12*a^5*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)) - 7*a^6*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-105\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^5 b d + 180\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^4 b^2 c + 70\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^4 b^2 \right)}{\sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(-105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b*d + 180*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*c + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*d*x - 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*c*x - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*d*x**2 + 96*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*d*x**3 + 2112*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**5*c*x**3 + 1664*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**5*d*x**4 + 1536*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**6*c*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**6*d*x**5 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**6*d - 180*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**5*b*c)/(7680*b**5*e)`

3.312
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2358
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2359
Rubi [A] (verified)	2359
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 260

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = & -\frac{3a^3(2bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{128b^3e\sqrt{ex}} \\ & + \frac{a^2(2bc-ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64b^2e^2} + \frac{3a(2bc-ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{16be^3} \\ & + \frac{(2bc-ad)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8e^4} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b(ex)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{3a^4(2bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{128b^{7/2}e^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-3/128*a^3*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/e/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/64*a^2*(-a
*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/e^2+3/16*a*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x
)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^3+1/8*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(5/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^
2)^(1/2)/e^4+1/5*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b/(e*x)^(5/2)+3/128*a^4*(-a*d+2*b
*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)/e^(3/
2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(-30a^3bc + 15a^4d + 20a^2b^2cx - 10a^3bdx + 240ab^3cx^2 + 8a^4bx^3 + 128b^4dx^4)}{640b^3x(ex)^{3/2}(a + bx)} - \frac{3a^4(-2bc + ad)(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}x^{3/2}(ex)^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2)*(-30*a^3*b*c + 15*a^4*d + 20*a^2*b^2*c*x - 10*a^3*b*d*x + 240*a*b^3*c*x^2 + 8*a^2*b^2*d*x^2 + 160*b^4*c*x^3 + 176*a*b^3*d*x^3 + 128*b^4*d*x^4))/(640*b^3*x*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x)) - (3*a^4*(-2*b*c + a*d)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(64*b^(7/2)*x^(3/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1927

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{3a \int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1927

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1930

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1930

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e} \right)}{(2bc - ad) \cdot 8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right) +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b}{5b(ex)^{5/2}} de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}$$

↓ 1937

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e} \right)}{(2bc - ad) \cdot 8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right) +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b}{5b(ex)^{5/2}} de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}$$

↓ 1935

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} dx \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(2bc - ad)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b(ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right) \right. \\
 (2bc - ad) & \left. \frac{\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5b(ex)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(5*b*(e*x)^(5/2)) + ((2*b*c - a*d)*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(4*e*sqrt[e*x]) + (3*a*((e*x)^(3/2)*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(3*e) + (a*((e^2*sqrt[e*x]*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(b*sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*sqrt[x])))/(4*b))/(6*e^2))/(8*e^2))/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1927

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$\frac{(128dx^4b^4+176ab^3dx^3+160b^4cx^3+8a^2b^2dx^2+240ab^3cx^2-10a^3bdx+20a^2b^2cx+15a^4d-30a^3bc)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{640b^3e\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{3a^4(ad-2bc)}{640b^3e\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(256b^4dx^4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+352ab^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+320b^4cx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+16a^2b^2dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be} \right)}{640b^3e\sqrt{ex}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{640b^3} \left(\frac{128b^4dx^4+176ab^3dx^3+160b^4cx^3+8a^2b^2dx^2+240ab^3cx^2-10a^3bdx+20a^2b^2cx+15a^4d-30a^3bc}{e(x^2(bx+a))^{1/2}} \right) \frac{1}{(e*x)^{1/2}} - \frac{3}{256a^4/b^3} \left(\frac{a*d-2*b*c}{e} \right) \ln \left(\frac{(1/2*a*e+b*e*x)^{1/2} + (b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^{1/2}}{(b*e)^{1/2}} \right) \frac{1}{e(x^2(bx+a))^{1/2}} \frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{(bx+a)} \left(\frac{e*x*(bx+a)^{1/2}}{(e*x)^{1/2}} \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(2a^4bc-a^5d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2be^2x^2+ae^2x-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) - 2(128b^5dx^4}{640b^3e\sqrt{ex}} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/1280*(15*(2*a^4*b*c - a^5*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) - 2*(128*b^5*d*x^4 - 30*a^3*b^2*c + 15*a^4*b*d + 16*(10*b^5*c + 11*a*b^4*d)*x^3 + 8*(30*a*b^4*c + a^2*b^3*d)*x^2 + 10*(2*a^2*b^3*c - a^3*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^4*e^2*x), -1/640*(15*(2*a^4*b*c - a^5*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (128*b^5*d*x^4 - 30*a^3*b^2*c + 15*a^4*b*d + 16*(10*b^5*c + 11*a*b^4*d)*x^3 + 8*(30*a*b^4*c + a^2*b^3*d)*x^2 + 10*(2*a^2*b^3*c - a^3*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^4*e^2*x)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx+a)be-abe}\left(2\left(4(bx+a)\left(2(bx+a)\left(\frac{8(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^4e} + \frac{10b^{13}ce^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)-21ab^{12}de^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^{16}e^4}\right) - 30a\right)\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/640*((sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(8*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/(b^4*e) + (10*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 21*a*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4)) - (30*a*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 31*a^2*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4)) + 5*(2*a^2*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - a^3*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4))*(b*x + a) + 15*(2*a^3*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - a^4*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4))*sqrt(b*x + a) - 15*(2*a^4*b*c*sgn(x) - a^5*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3))*b/abs(b) + 15*(2*a^4*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)) - a^5*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2*abs(b)))/e`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(15\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^4bd - 30\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3b^2c - 10\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3b^2dx + \dots \right)}{(ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*d - 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*d*x + 20*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**2 + 240*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*c*x**2 + 176*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*d*x**3 + 160*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5*c*x**3 + 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5*d*x**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**5*d + 30*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c)/(640*b**4*e**2)`

$$3.313 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2370
Rubi [A] (verified)	2370
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Sympy [F]	2375
Maxima [F]	2375
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2375
Mupad [F(-1)]	2376
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 216

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{a^2(8bc-3ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64b^2e^2\sqrt{ex}} \\ &+ \frac{7a(8bc-3ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{96be^3} + \frac{(8bc-3ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24e^4} \\ &+ \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{a^3(8bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{64b^{5/2}e^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/64*a^2*(-3*a*d+8*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/e^2/(e*x)^(1/2)+7/96*a*(-3
*a*d+8*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^3+1/24*(-3*a*d+8*b*c)*(e*x
)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4+1/4*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b/(e*x)^(7/2)-
1/64*a^3*(-3*a*d+8*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(
1/2))/b^(5/2)/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a + bx} (-9a^3d + 6a^2b(4c + dx) + 16b^3x^2(4c + 3d) + 192b^2c^2) \right)}{192b^2c^2}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-9*a^3*d + 6*a^2*b*(4*c + d*x) + 16*b^3*x^2*(4*c + 3*d*x) + 8*a*b^2*x*(14*c + 9*d*x)) + 48*a^3*b*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 18*a^4*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(192*b^(5/2)*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(8bc - 3ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{8b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4b(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(8bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{8b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4b(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1927 \\ (8bc - 3ad) & \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8b}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1930 \\ (8bc - 3ad) & \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8b}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1937 \\ (8bc - 3ad) & \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8b}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(8bc - 3ad) \left(a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{4e^2} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{8b}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \left(\frac{(8bc - 3ad) \left(a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{4e^2} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{8b}{4b(ex)^{7/2}} de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(4*b*(e*x)^(7/2)) + ((8*b*c - 3*a*d)*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/(3*e*(e*x)^(3/2)) + (a*((Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*e) + (a*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*e^2)))/(2*e^2)))/(8*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1927

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-48b^3dx^3-72ab^2dx^2-64b^3cx^2-6a^2bdx-112ab^2cx+9a^3d-24ca^2b)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{192b^2e^2\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^3(3ad-8bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+bx}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)}{128b^2\sqrt{be}e^2x(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(-96b^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-144ab^2dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-128b^3cx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-9\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)\right)}{384}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/192/b^2*(-48*b^3*d*x^3-72*a*b^2*d*x^2-64*b^3*c*x^2-6*a^2*b*d*x-112*a*b^2*c*x+9*a^3*d-24*a^2*b*c)/e^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/128*a^3/b^2*(3*a*d-8*b*c)*\ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(8a^3bc-3a^4d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2bex^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) - 2(48b^4dx^3 + \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[-1/384*(3*(8*a^3*b*c - 3*a^4*d)*\sqrt{b*e}*x*\log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{b*e}*\sqrt{e*x}))/x - 2*(48*b^4*d*x^3 + 24*a^2*b^2*c - 9*a^3*b*d + 8*(8*b^4*c + 9*a*b^3*d)*x^2 + 2*(56*a*b^3*c + 3*a^2*b^2*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}]/(b^3*e^3*x), 1/192*(3*(8*a^3*b*c - 3*a^4*d)*\sqrt{-b*e}*x*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{-b*e}*\sqrt{e*x}/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (48*b^4*d*x^3 + 24*a^2*b^2*c - 9*a^3*b*d + 8*(8*b^4*c + 9*a*b^3*d)*x^2 + 2*(56*a*b^3*c + 3*a^2*b^2*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}]/(b^3*e^3*x)]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx + a)be - abe} \left(2(bx + a) \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{6(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^3e} + \frac{8b^7ce^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)-9a}{b^9e^3} \right) \right) \right) \right.}{64\sqrt{be}e^2|b|} \\ \left. - \frac{(8a^3bc \log(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}) - 3a^4d \log(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a})) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{64\sqrt{be}e^2|b|} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/192*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(6*(b*x + a)*
d*sgn(x)/(b^3*e) + (8*b^7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - 9*a*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3))
- (8*a*b^7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - 3*a^2*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3)) - 3*(8*a^2*b^
7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - 3*a^3*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3))*sqrt(b*x + a) + 3*(8*a
^3*b*c*sgn(x) - 3*a^4*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b
*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2))*b/(e^2*abs(b)) - 1/64*(8*a^3*b*c*1
og(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)) - 3*a^4*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*
b*e^2*abs(b))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-9\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 b d + 24\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 b^2 c + 6\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 b^2 dx + \dots \right)}{(ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*( - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d + 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a
**2*b**2*c + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x + 112*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a +
b*x)*a*b**3*c*x + 72*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt
(a + b*x)*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*d*x**3 + 9*sqrt(b)*1
og((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4*d - 24*sqrt(b)*log((sqr
t(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c))/(192*b**3*e**3)
```

3.314
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2378
Rubi [A] (verified)	2378
Maple [A] (verified)	2381
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2381
Sympy [F]	2382
Maxima [F]	2382
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2382
Mupad [F(-1)]	2383
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2383

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{5a(6bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24be^3\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{(6bc-ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{12e^4} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3b(ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^2(6bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
5/24*a*(-a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^3/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/12*(-a*d+6*b*c)
)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4+1/3*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/b/(e*x)^(
9/2)+1/8*a^2*(-a*d+6*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^
2)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(3a^2d + 4b^2x(3c + 2dx)) + 2ab(15c + 7dx)\right)}{24b^{3/2}e^2(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*a^2*d + 4*b^2*x*(3*c + 2*d*x) + 2*a*b*(15*c + 7*d*x)) + 3*a^2*(-6*b*c + a*d)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]])/(24*b^(3/2)*e^2*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1945 \\ & \frac{(6bc - ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{6b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3b(ex)^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1927 \\ & \frac{(6bc - ad) \left(\frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3b(ex)^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1927 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(6bc - ad) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3b(ex)^{9/2}}}{1937}$$

$$\frac{(6bc - ad) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3b(ex)^{9/2}}}{1935}$$

$$\frac{(6bc - ad) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2} - d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3b(ex)^{9/2}}}{219}$$

$$\frac{(6bc - ad) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{\sqrt{be^2x}} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3b(ex)^{9/2}}}{6b}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(3*b*(e*x)^(9/2)) + ((6*b*c - a*d)*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/(2*e*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (3*a*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(e*Sqrt[e*x])) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x])))/(4*e^2))/(6*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1927 $\text{Int}[(c_)(x_)^{m_}((a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_})^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+j}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0]$

rule 1935 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_}/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/(n - j) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^{(j/2)}/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, j, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, j/2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j]$

rule 1937 $\text{Int}[(c_)(x_)^{m_}((a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_})^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]}*((c*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \ \text{Int}[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + j*p + 1], 0]$

rule 1945 $\text{Int}[(e_)(x_)^{m_}((a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{jn_})^{p_}((c_ + (d_)(x_)^{n_})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*e^{(j-1)}*(e*x)^{m-j+1}*((a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^{p+1}/(b*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+j*p+1) - b*c*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1))/(b*(m+n+p*(j+n)+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j+n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j+n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+p*(j+n)+1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[j])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8b^2dx^2+14abdx+12b^2cx+3a^2d+30abc)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{24be^3\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{a^2(ad-6bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{16b\sqrt{be}e^3x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(16b^2dx^2\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}-3\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^3de+18\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2bce+28\sqrt{ex}\right)}{48x^2(bx+a)e^3b\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{24} \frac{1}{b} \frac{(8b^2dx^2+14abdx+12b^2cx+3a^2d+30abc)}{e^3} \frac{(bx+a)^{1/2}}{(ex)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{16} \frac{a^2}{b} \frac{(ad-6bc) \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{ae+be}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be}x^2 + ae\right)}{(be)^{1/2}} \frac{(bx+a)^{1/2}}{(ex)^{1/2}} + \frac{(bx+a)^{3/2}}{(be)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{e^3} \frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{(bx+a)} \frac{(ex)^{1/2}}{(ex)^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(6a^2bc - a^3d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right) - 2(8b^3dx^2 + 30abc)}{48b^2e^4x} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{48} \frac{3(6a^2bc - a^3d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right) - 2(8b^3dx^2 + 30abc)}{48b^2e^4x}, -\frac{1}{24} \frac{3(6a^2bc - a^3d)\sqrt{be}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{\sqrt{-be}}\right) \sqrt{-be} \sqrt{ex}}{(be)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(bx+a)} \frac{(ex)^{1/2}}{(ex)^{1/2}} \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(7/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx + a)be - abe\sqrt{bx + a}} \left(2(bx + a) \left(\frac{4(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^2e} + \frac{6b^3c\operatorname{sgn}(x) - ab^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^4e^2} \right) \right) \right.}{8\sqrt{bee^3|b|}} \\ \left. + \frac{\left(6a^2bc \log\left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}\right) - a^3d \log\left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}\right) \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{8\sqrt{bee^3|b|}} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*
d*sgn(x)/(b^2*e) + (6*b^3*c*e*sgn(x) - a*b^2*d*e*sgn(x))/(b^4*e^2)) + 3*(6
*a*b^3*c*e*sgn(x) - a^2*b^2*d*e*sgn(x))/(b^4*e^2)) - 3*(6*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) -
a^3*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b
*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b))*b/(e^3*abs(b)) + 1/8*(6*a^2*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)
) - a^3*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*e^3*abs(b))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(7/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 bd + 30\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a b^2 c + 14\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a b^2 dx + 1 \right)}{(ex)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*(3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d + 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*
**2*c + 14*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3
*c*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x)
+ sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*d + 18*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(
x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c))/(24*b**2*e**4)
```


3.315
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2384
Rubi [A] (verified)	2385
Maple [A] (verified)	2387
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2388
Sympy [F]	2388
Maxima [F]	2389
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2389
Mupad [F(-1)]	2390
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2390

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{3(4bc+ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e^4\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2c(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{d(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e^2(ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{3a(4bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}e^{9/2}}$$

output `3/4*(a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x)^(1/2)-2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x)^(7/2)+1/2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x)^(5/2)+3/4*a*(a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/e^(9/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}(2bx(2c+dx)+a(-8c+5dx))+6a(4bc+ad)\right)}{4\sqrt{b}e^3(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c+d*x)*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(2*b*x*(2*c + d*x) + a*(-8*c + 5*d*x)) + 6*a*(4*b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])]))/(4*Sqrt[b]*e^3*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1944, 1927, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1944

$$\frac{(ad + 4bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{a(ex)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 1927

$$\frac{(ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{a(ex)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 1927

$$\frac{(ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{a(ex)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 1937

$$\frac{(ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{a(ex)^{11/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1935 \\
 (ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3 + ax^2}{e^2\sqrt{x}}} dx \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 ae - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{a(ex)^{11/2}} \\
 \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 (ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{\sqrt{be^2}\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 ae - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{a(ex)^{11/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(a*(e*x)^(11/2)) + ((4*b*c + a*d)*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/(2*e*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (3*a*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(e*Sqrt[e*x])) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x])))/(4*e^2))/(a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

```

rule 1935 Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]

rule 1937 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]

rule 1944 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
    
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2bdx^2 - 5adx - 4cbx + 8ac)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{4e^4x\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{3a(ad+4bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+bx}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be x^2+ae}\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{8\sqrt{be}e^4x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(-3\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2dex-12\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)abce-4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}bdx^2-10a\right)}{8x^3(bx+a)e^4\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}$

```

input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(9/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
    
```

output

```
-1/4*(-2*b*d*x^2-5*a*d*x-4*b*c*x+8*a*c)/e^4*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(e*x)^(1/2)+3/8*a*(a*d+4*b*c)*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^4*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(4abc + a^2d)\sqrt{bex^2} \log\left(\frac{2bex^2 + aex + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) + 2(2b^2dx^2 - 8abc)}{8be^5x^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(3*(4*a*b*c + a^2*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x^2*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) + 2*(2*b^2*d*x^2 - 8*a*b*c + (4*b^2*c + 5*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b*e^5*x^2), -1/4*(3*(4*a*b*c + a^2*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (2*b^2*d*x^2 - 8*a*b*c + (4*b^2*c + 5*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b*e^5*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(9/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(9/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{(bx+a) \left(\frac{2(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b} + \frac{4b^2c\operatorname{sgn}(x) + abd\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{3(4ab^2c\operatorname{sgn}(x) + a^2bd\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{b^2}}{\sqrt{(bx+a)be - a^2e}} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{4e^4|b|} - \frac{3(4a^2c\operatorname{sgn}(x) + a^3d\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{4e^4|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(((b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/b + (4*b^2*c*sgn(x) + a*b*d*sgn(x))/b^2) - 3*(4*a*b^2*c*sgn(x) + a^2*b*d*sgn(x))/b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e) - 3*(4*a*b*c*sgn(x) + a^2*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b))*b^2/(e^4*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} abc + 5\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} abdx + 4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} b^2cx + 2\sqrt{x} \right)}{(ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(- 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c + 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*c*x + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*d*x + 12*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*c*x - sqrt(b)*a**2*d*x - 9*sqrt(b)*a*b*c*x))/(4*b*e**5*x)`

3.316
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2391
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2391
Rubi [A] (verified)	2392
Maple [A] (verified)	2394
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2395
Sympy [F(-1)]	2395
Maxima [F]	2396
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2396
Mupad [F(-1)]	2397
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2397

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc+ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e^4(ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{bd\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e^5\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2c(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(2bc+3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{e^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x)^(3/2)+b*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^5/(e*x)^(1/2)-2/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x)^(9/2)+b^(1/2)*(3*a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(-\sqrt{a+bx}(bx(8c-3dx)+2a(c+3dx))+6\sqrt{b}(2bc+3ad)x\right)}{3e^3(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(11/2), x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(b*x*(8*c - 3*d*x) + 2*a*(c + 3*d*x)) + 6*Sqrt[b]*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])]))/(3*e^3*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1944

$$\frac{(3ad + 2bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3a(ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1926

$$\frac{(3ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{3b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3a(ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1927

$$\frac{(3ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3a(ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1937

$$\frac{(3ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3a(ex)^{13/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1935 \\
 (3ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3 + ax^2}{e^2\sqrt{x}}} dx \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 3ae - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3a(ex)^{13/2}} \\
 \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 (3ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 3ae - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3a(ex)^{13/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(3*a*(e*x)^(13/2)) + ((2*b*c + 3*a*d)*((-2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*(e*x)^(7/2)) + (3*b*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(e*Sqrt[e*x])) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x]))/e^3)/(3*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

- rule 1927 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`
- rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol]
-> Simp[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`
- rule 1937 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]`
- rule 1944 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-3bdx^2+6adx+8cbx+2ac)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{3x^2e^5\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{b(3ad+2bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be x+\sqrt{be x^2+ae x}}{\sqrt{be}}\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{2\sqrt{be}e^5x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(9\ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)abde x^2+6\ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)b^2ce x^2+6\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}bdx^2-12adx\right)}{6x^4(bx+a)e^5\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*(-3*b*d*x^2+6*a*d*x+8*b*c*x+2*a*c)/x^2/e^5*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(3*a*d+2*b*c)*\ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^5*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(2bc+3ad)ex^3\sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}\log\left(\frac{2bx^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}}{x}\right) + 2(3bdx^2-2ac - \dots)}{6e^6x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[1/6*(3*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*e*x^3*\sqrt{b/e}*\log((2*b*x^2 + a*x + 2*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2})*\sqrt{e*x}*\sqrt{b/e))/x) + 2*(3*b*d*x^2 - 2*a*c - 2*(4*b*c + 3*a*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x})/(e^6*x^3), -1/3*(3*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*e*x^3*\sqrt{-b/e}*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}*\sqrt{-b/e)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (3*b*d*x^2 - 2*a*c - 2*(4*b*c + 3*a*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x})/(e^6*x^3)]$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(11/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{b^3 \left(\frac{3(2bc\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3ad\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)be-abe} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{beb}} - \left(\frac{3(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{4(2ab^2ce^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3a^2bde^2\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{abe}}{((bx+a)be-abe)^{3/2}} \right) (bx+a) \right)}{3e^5|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*b^3*(3*(2*b*c*sgn(x) + 3*a*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b) - ((3*(b*x + a)*d*e*sgn(x) - 4*(2*a*b^2*c*e^2*sgn(x) + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(a*b*e))*(b*x + a) + 3*(2*a^2*b^2*c*e^2*sgn(x) + 3*a^3*b*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(a*b*e))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(3/2))/(e^5*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(11/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} ac - 12\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} adx - 16\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} bcx + 6\sqrt{x} \right)}{(ex)^{11/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(- 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*c - 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d*x - 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c*x + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*d*x**2 + 18*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*d*x**2 + 12*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*b*c*x**2 + 5*sqrt(b)*a*d*x**2))/(6*e**6*x**2)`

3.317
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2398
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2398
Rubi [A] (verified)	2399
Maple [A] (verified)	2401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2402
Sympy [F(-1)]	2402
Maxima [F]	2403
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2403
Mupad [F(-1)]	2404
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2ad\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e^4(ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{8bd\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e^5(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5a(ex)^{15/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2} \operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{e^{13/2}}$$

output
$$-2/3*a*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x)^(5/2)-8/3*b*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^5/(e*x)^(3/2)-2/5*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a/(e*x)^(15/2)+2*b^(3/2)*d*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(13/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{a+bx}(3b^2cx^2+a^2(3c+5dx))+2abx(3c+10dx)\right)+15ab^{3/2}dx^{5/2}\log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{a+bx}\right)}{15ae^7x^4\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output `(-2*sqrt[e*x]*sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*b^2*c*x^2 + a^2*(3*c + 5*d*x) + 2*a*b*x*(3*c + 10*d*x)) + 15*a*b^(3/2)*d*x^(5/2)*Log[-(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x]) + sqrt[a + b*x]))/(15*a*e^7*x^4*sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5a(ex)^{15/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5a(ex)^{15/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5a(ex)^{15/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1937}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5a(ex)^{15/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1935} \\
 & d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2b\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5a(ex)^{15/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5a(ex)^{15/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(5*a*(e*x)^(15/2)) + (d*((-2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*e*(e*x)^(9/2)) + (b*((-2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*(e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*sqrt[b]*sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(e^3*sqrt[x])))/e^3)/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

```
rule 1926 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p
  *((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1),
  x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Integer
  sQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 1935 Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp
  [-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
  x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

```
rule 1937 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
  *x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
  NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

```
rule 1944 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
  (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
  + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
  *c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
  j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
  + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
  ] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
  GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
  , 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(20abd^2x^2+3b^2cx^2+5a^2dx+6abcx+3a^2c)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{15x^3ae^6\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{b^2d \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be x^2+ae}\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{be}e^6x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(15 \ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2b^2dex^3-40abd^2x^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-6b^2c^2x^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-10a^2dx\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\right)}{15x^5(bx+a)e^6a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(20*a*b*d*x^2+3*b^2*c*x^2+5*a^2*d*x+6*a*b*c*x+3*a^2*c)/x^3/a/e^6*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+b^2*d*\ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^6*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15 abdex^4 \sqrt{\frac{b}{e}} \log\left(\frac{2bx^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}}{x}\right) - 2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(3a^2c+(3b^2c+20abd)x^2+(6abc+5a^2d)x)\sqrt{ex}}{15ae^7x^4} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[1/15*(15*a*b*d*e*x^4*\sqrt{b/e}*\log((2*b*x^2+a*x+2*\sqrt{b*x^3+a*x^2})*\sqrt{e*x}*\sqrt{b/e})/x) - 2*\sqrt{b*x^3+a*x^2}*(3*a^2*c+(3*b^2*c+20*a*b*d)*x^2+(6*a*b*c+5*a^2*d)*x)*\sqrt{e*x})/(a*e^7*x^4), -2/15*(15*a*b*d*e*x^4*\sqrt{-b/e}*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x^3+a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}*\sqrt{-b/e})/(b*x^2+a*x)) + \sqrt{b*x^3+a*x^2}*(3*a^2*c+(3*b^2*c+20*a*b*d)*x^2+(6*a*b*c+5*a^2*d)*x)*\sqrt{e*x})/(a*e^7*x^4)]$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(13/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(13/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(\frac{15b^2 d \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)be-abe} \right|\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{be}} + \frac{\left(15a^2b^4de^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) - \left(35ab^4de^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{(3ab^5ce^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 20a^2b^4de^2\operatorname{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^2} \right) (bx+a)}{((bx+a)be-abe)^{5/2}} \right)}{15e^6|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*(15*b^2*d*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))*sgn(x)/sqrt(b*e) + (15*a^2*b^4*d*e^2*sgn(x) - (35*a*b^4*d*e^2*sgn(x) - (3*a*b^5*c*e^2*sgn(x) + 20*a^2*b^4*d*e^2*sgn(x))*(b*x + a)/a^2)*(b*x + a))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(5/2))*b/(e^6*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(13/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2c - 5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2dx - 6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abcx - 20\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2c^2 - 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2dx - 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2c^2x - 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2dx^2 - 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2c^2x^2 - 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2dx^3 - 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2c^2x^3 \right)}{(15ae^7x^3)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(e)*(-3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*c - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*d*x - 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b*c*x - 20*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**3 + 8*sqrt(b)*a*b*d*x**3 - 3*sqrt(b)*b**2*c*x**3))/(15*a*e**7*x**3)`

3.318
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2405
Rubi [A] (verified)	2406
Maple [A] (verified)	2407
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2408
Sympy [F(-1)]	2408
Maxima [F]	2408
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2409
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2409
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2410

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{7a(ex)^{17/2}} + \frac{2(2bc-7ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{35a^2(ex)^{15/2}}$$

output
$$-2/7*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a/(e*x)^(17/2)+2/35*(-7*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(15/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}(5ac-2bcx+7adx)}{35a^2(ex)^{17/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(15/2),x]`

output
$$(-2*e*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(5/2)*(5*a*c - 2*b*c*x + 7*a*d*x))/(35*a^2*(e*x)^(17/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1944, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx$$

↓ 1944

$$-\frac{(2bc - 7ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7a(ex)^{17/2}}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (2bc - 7ad)}{35a^2(ex)^{15/2}} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7a(ex)^{17/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(15/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(7*a*(e*x)^(17/2)) + (2*(2*b*c - 7*a*d)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(35*a^2*(e*x)^(15/2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :-> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```

Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(7adx-2cbx+5ac)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35a^2(ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}}$	45
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(7adx-2cbx+5ac)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35a^2(ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}}$	45
default	$-\frac{2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(7abd x^2-2b^2c x^2+7a^2dx+3abcx+5a^2c)}{35x^6a^2e^7\sqrt{ex}}$	67
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(7a^2bdx^3-2b^3cx^3+14a^2bdx^2+ab^2cx^2+7a^3dx+8a^2bcx+5ca^3)}{35e^7x^4\sqrt{exa^2}}$	88

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35*x*(b*x+a)*(7*a*d*x-2*b*c*x+5*a*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(15/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2(5a^3c - (2b^3c - 7ab^2d)x^3 + (ab^2c + 14a^2bd)x^2 + (8a^2bc + 7a^3d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{35a^2e^8x^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/35*(5*a^3*c - (2*b^3*c - 7*a*b^2*d)*x^3 + (a*b^2*c + 14*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + (8*a^2*b*c + 7*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^2*e^8*x^5)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(15/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(15/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx + a)^{5/2} b^5 \left(\frac{(2ab^3ce^3\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 7a^2b^2de^3\operatorname{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{7(a^2b^3ce^3\operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^3b^2de^3\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{a^3} \right)}{35((bx + a)be - abe)^{7/2} e^7 |b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/35*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^5*((2*a*b^3*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 7*a^2*b^2*d*e^3*sgn(x))*
(b*x + a)/a^3 - 7*(a^2*b^3*c*e^3*sgn(x) - a^3*b^2*d*e^3*sgn(x))/a^3)/(((b*
x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(7/2)*e^7*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2ac}{7e^7} + \frac{x(14da^3 + 16bca^2)}{35a^2e^7} - \frac{x^3(4b^3c - 14ab^2d)}{35a^2e^7} + \frac{2bx^2(14ad + bc)}{35ae^7} \right)}{x^4 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(15/2),x)`

output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*a*c)/(7*e^7) + (x*(14*a^3*d + 16*a^2*b*c))/(35*
a^2*e^7) - (x^3*(4*b^3*c - 14*a*b^2*d))/(35*a^2*e^7) + (2*b*x^2*(14*a*d +
b*c))/(35*a*e^7)))/(x^4*(e*x)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3c - 7\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3dx - 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bcx - 14\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2d^2x^2 - \sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2c^2x^2 - 7\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2d^2x^3 + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3c^2x^3 - 3\sqrt{b}ab^2d^2x^4 - 2\sqrt{b}b^3c^2x^4 \right)}{(35a^2e^8x^4)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*(- 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*c - 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d*x - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*x - 14*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 - 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*c*x**3 - 3*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*d*x**4 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**3*c*x**4))/(35*a**2*e**8*x**4)`

3.319 $\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2411
Rubi [A] (verified)	2412
Maple [A] (verified)	2414
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2414
Sympy [F(-1)]	2415
Maxima [F]	2415
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2415
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2416
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2416

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{9a(ex)^{19/2}} + \frac{2(4bc-9ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{63a^2(ex)^{17/2}} - \frac{4b(4bc-9ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{315a^3e(ex)^{15/2}}$$

```
output -2/9*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a/(e*x)^(19/2)+2/63*(-9*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(17/2)-4/315*b*(-9*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^3/e/(e*x)^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}(8b^2cx^2+5a^2(7c+9dx)-2abx(10c+9dx))}{315a^3(ex)^{19/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(17/2),x]`

output `(-2*e*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(5/2)*(8*b^2*c*x^2 + 5*a^2*(7*c + 9*d*x) - 2*a*b*x*(10*c + 9*d*x)))/(315*a^3*(e*x)^(19/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1944, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & -\frac{(4bc - 9ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx}{9ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9a(ex)^{19/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & -\frac{(4bc - 9ad) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7a(ex)^{17/2}} \right)}{9ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9a(ex)^{19/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 & -\frac{(4bc - 9ad) \left(\frac{4b(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{35a^2(ex)^{15/2}} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{7a(ex)^{17/2}} \right)}{9ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9a(ex)^{19/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(17/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(5/2)})/(9*a*(e*x)^{(19/2)}) - ((4*b*c - 9*a*d)*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(5/2)})/(7*a*(e*x)^{(17/2)}) + (4*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(5/2)})/(35*a^2*(e*x)^{(15/2)})))/(9*a*e)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
  n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
  + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
  nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
  p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
  /(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
  (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
  + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
  *c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
  j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
  + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
  ] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
  GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
  , 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-18abd^2x^2+8b^2cx^2+45a^2dx-20abcx+35a^2c)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315a^3(ex)^{\frac{17}{2}}}$	67
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-18abd^2x^2+8b^2cx^2+45a^2dx-20abcx+35a^2c)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315a^3(ex)^{\frac{17}{2}}}$	67
default	$-\frac{2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-18ab^2dx^3+8b^3cx^3+27a^2bdx^2-12ab^2cx^2+45a^3dx+15a^2bcx+35ca^3)}{315x^7a^3e^8\sqrt{ex}}$	91
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-18x^4ab^3d+8x^4b^4c+9a^2b^2dx^3-4ab^3cx^3+72a^3bdx^2+3a^2b^2cx^2+45a^4dx+50a^3bcx+35ca^4)}{315e^8x^5\sqrt{ex}a^3}$	113

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/315*x*(b*x+a)*(-18*a*b*d*x^2+8*b^2*c*x^2+45*a^2*d*x-20*a*b*c*x+35*a^2*c)*
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^3/(e*x)^(17/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(35a^4c+2(4b^4c-9ab^3d)x^4-(4ab^3c-9a^2b^2d)x^3+3(a^2b^2c+24a^3bd)x^2+5(10a^3bc+9a^4d)x)\sqrt{b}}{315a^3e^9x^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*(35*a^4*c+2*(4*b^4*c-9*a*b^3*d)*x^4-(4*a*b^3*c-9*a^2*b^2*d)*
x^3+3*(a^2*b^2*c+24*a^3*b*d)*x^2+5*(10*a^3*b*c+9*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b
*x^3+a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^3*e^9*x^6)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(17/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{\frac{17}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(17/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left((bx + a) \left(\frac{2(4ab^9ce^4\text{sgn}(x) - 9a^2b^8de^4\text{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{9(4a^2b^9ce^4\text{sgn}(x) - 9a^3b^8de^4\text{sgn}(x))}{a^4} \right) + \frac{63(a^3b^9ce^4\text{sgn}(x) - 9a^2b^8de^4\text{sgn}(x))}{a^4} \right)}{315((bx + a)be - abe)^{\frac{9}{2}}e^8|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-2/315*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*((b*x + a)*(2*(4*a*b^9*c*e^4*\text{sgn}(x) - 9*a^2*b^8*d*e^4*\text{sgn}(x))*(b*x + a)/a^4 - 9*(4*a^2*b^9*c*e^4*\text{sgn}(x) - 9*a^3*b^8*d*e^4*\text{sgn}(x))/a^4) + 63*(a^3*b^9*c*e^4*\text{sgn}(x) - a^4*b^8*d*e^4*\text{sgn}(x))/a^4)*b/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^{(9/2)}*e^8*\text{abs}(b))$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2ac}{9e^8} + \frac{x(90da^4 + 100bca^3)}{315a^3e^8} + \frac{x^4(16b^4c - 36ab^3d)}{315a^3e^8} + \frac{2b^2x^3(9ad - 4bc)}{315a^2e^8} + \frac{2bx^2(24ad + bc)}{105ae^8} \right)}{x^5 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(3/2)}*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^{(17/2)}, x)$$

output

$$-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(1/2)}*((2*a*c)/(9*e^8) + (x*(90*a^4*d + 100*a^3*b*c))/(315*a^3*e^8) + (x^4*(16*b^4*c - 36*a*b^3*d))/(315*a^3*e^8) + (2*b^2*x^3*(9*a*d - 4*b*c))/(315*a^2*e^8) + (2*b*x^2*(24*a*d + b*c))/(105*a*e^8)))/(x^5*(e*x)^{(1/2)})$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-35\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^4 c - 45\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^4 dx - 50\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 bcx - \dots \right)}{x^5 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(3/2))/(e*x)^{(17/2)}, x)$$

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*(- 35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*c - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a**4*d*x - 50*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*x - 72*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a**3*b*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(
a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d*x**4 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*c*x**4 - 1
8*sqrt(b)*a*b**3*d*x**5 + 8*sqrt(b)*b**4*c*x**5))/(315*a**3*e**9*x**5)
```

3.320
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2418
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2418
Rubi [A] (verified)	2419
Maple [A] (verified)	2421
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2422
Sympy [F(-1)]	2422
Maxima [F]	2422
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2423
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2423
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2424

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{11a(ex)^{21/2}} + \frac{2(6bc-11ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{99a^2(ex)^{19/2}} - \frac{8b(6bc-11ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{693a^3e(ex)^{17/2}} + \frac{16b^2(6bc-11ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3465a^4e^2(ex)^{15/2}}$$

output

```
-2/11*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a/(e*x)^(21/2)+2/99*(-11*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(19/2)-8/693*b*(-11*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^3/e/(e*x)^(17/2)+16/3465*b^2*(-11*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^4/e^2/(e*x)^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \frac{2(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}(-48b^3cx^3+35a^3(9c+11dx)+8ab^2x^2(15c+11dx)-10a^2bx(21c+22dx))}{3465a^4e^8x^9(ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(19/2),x]`

output `(-2*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(5/2)*(-48*b^3*c*x^3 + 35*a^3*(9*c + 11*d*x) + 8*a*b^2*x^2*(15*c + 11*d*x) - 10*a^2*b*x*(21*c + 22*d*x)))/(3465*a^4*e^8*x^9*(e*x)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1944, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\
 & -\frac{(6bc - 11ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx}{11ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11a(ex)^{21/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & -\frac{(6bc - 11ad) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx}{9ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{9a(ex)^{19/2}} \right)}{11ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{11a(ex)^{21/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (6bc - 11ad) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{7a(ex)^{17/2}} \right)}{9ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{9a(ex)^{19/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{11ae}{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{11a(ex)^{21/2}}{11a(ex)^{21/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 (6bc - 11ad) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{35a^2(ex)^{15/2}} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{7a(ex)^{17/2}} \right)}{9ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{9a(ex)^{19/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{11ae}{11ae} \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{11a(ex)^{21/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(19/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(11*a*(e*x)^(21/2)) - ((6*b*c - 11*a*d)*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(9*a*(e*x)^(19/2)) - (4*b*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(7*a*(e*x)^(17/2)) + (4*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(35*a^2*(e*x)^(15/2))))/(9*a*e))/(11*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(88ab^2dx^3-48b^3cx^3-220a^2bdx^2+120ab^2cx^2+385a^3dx-210a^2bcx+315ca^3)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465a^4(ex)^{\frac{19}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(88ab^2dx^3-48b^3cx^3-220a^2bdx^2+120ab^2cx^2+385a^3dx-210a^2bcx+315ca^3)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465a^4(ex)^{\frac{19}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(88x^4ab^3d-48x^4b^4c-132a^2b^2dx^3+72ab^3cx^3+165a^3bdx^2-90a^2b^2cx^2+385a^4dx+105a^3bcx+315ca^4)}{3465x^8a^4e^9\sqrt{ex}}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(88ab^4dx^5-48b^5cx^5-44x^4a^2b^3d+24x^4ab^4c+33a^3b^2dx^3-18a^2b^3cx^3+550a^4bdx^2+15a^3b^2cx^2+385a^5dx+420a^6)}{3465e^9x^6\sqrt{ex}a^4}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3465*x*(b*x+a)*(88*a*b^2*d*x^3-48*b^3*c*x^3-220*a^2*b*d*x^2+120*a*b^2*c
*x^2+385*a^3*d*x-210*a^2*b*c*x+315*a^3*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(1
9/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \frac{2(315a^5c - 8(6b^5c - 11ab^4d)x^5 + 4(6ab^4c - 11a^2b^3d)x^4 - 3(6a^2b^3c - 11a^3b^2d)x^3 + 5(3a^3b^2c + 110a^4b^3d)x^2 - 35(12a^4b^2c + 11a^5d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{3465a^4e^{10}x^7}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3465*(315*a^5*c - 8*(6*b^5*c - 11*a*b^4*d)*x^5 + 4*(6*a*b^4*c - 11*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 - 3*(6*a^2*b^3*c - 11*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 5*(3*a^3*b^2*c + 110*a^4*b^3*d)*x^2 + 35*(12*a^4*b^2*c + 11*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^4*e^10*x^7)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x)**(19/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{\frac{19}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(19/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((bx + a) \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{2(6ab^5ce^5\text{sgn}(x) - 11a^2b^4de^5\text{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{11(6a^2b^5ce^5\text{sgn}(x))}{3465} \right) \right) \right)}{x^6 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3465*((b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(6*a*b^5*c*e^5*sgn(x) - 11*a^2*b^4*d*e^5*sgn(x))*(b*x + a)/a^5 - 11*(6*a^2*b^5*c*e^5*sgn(x) - 11*a^3*b^4*d*e^5*sgn(x))/a^5) + 99*(6*a^3*b^5*c*e^5*sgn(x) - 11*a^4*b^4*d*e^5*sgn(x))/a^5) - 693*(a^4*b^5*c*e^5*sgn(x) - a^5*b^4*d*e^5*sgn(x))/a^5)*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^7/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(11/2)*e^9*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2ac}{11e^9} + \frac{x(770da^5 + 840bca^4)}{3465a^4e^9} - \frac{x^5(96b^5c - 176ab^4d)}{3465a^4e^9} + \frac{2b^2x^3(11ad - 6bc)}{1155a^2e^9} - \frac{8b^3x^4(11ad - 6bc)}{3465a^3e^9} + \frac{2bx^2(11ad - 6bc)}{693a^2e^9} \right)}{x^6 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(19/2),x)`

output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*a*c)/(11*e^9) + (x*(770*a^5*d + 840*a^4*b*c))/(3465*a^4*e^9) - (x^5*(96*b^5*c - 176*a*b^4*d))/(3465*a^4*e^9) + (2*b^2*x^3*(11*a*d - 6*b*c))/(1155*a^2*e^9) - (8*b^3*x^4*(11*a*d - 6*b*c))/(3465*a^3*e^9) + (2*b*x^2*(110*a*d + 3*b*c))/(693*a^2*e^9)))/(x^6*(e*x)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-315\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5c - 385\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5dx - 420\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b \right)}{(ex)^{19/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*(-315*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**5*c - 385*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**5*d*x - 420*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**4*b*c*x - 550*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**4*b*d*x**2 - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**3*b**2*c*x**2 - 33*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**3 + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**3 + 44*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**4*c*x**4 - 88*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**4*d*x**5 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**5*c*x**5 + 88*sqrt(b)*a*b**4*d*x**6 - 48*sqrt(b)*b**5*c*x**6))/(3465*a**4*e**10*x**6)`

3.321
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2426
Rubi [A] (verified)	2426
Maple [A] (verified)	2438
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2439
Sympy [F]	2439
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2440
Mupad [F(-1)]	2441
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2441

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5a^5(2bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{1024b^4e^2\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{5a^4(2bc-ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{1536b^3e^3} + \frac{a^3(2bc-ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{384b^2e^4} + \frac{9a^2(2bc-ad)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64be^5} + \frac{5a(2bc-ad)(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24e^6} + \frac{b(2bc-ad)(ex)^{9/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{12e^7} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b(ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{5a^6(2bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{1024b^{9/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
5/1024*a^5*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^4/e^2/(e*x)^(1/2)-5/1536*a^4
*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/e^3+1/384*a^3*(-a*d+2*b*
c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/e^4+9/64*a^2*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(5/
2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^5+5/24*a*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(7/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)
^(1/2)/e^6+1/12*b*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(9/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^7+1/7*d*e
*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b/(e*x)^(7/2)-5/1024*a^6*(-a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)
*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a + bx} (-105a^6d + 70a^5b(3c + dx) - 28a^4b^2x(5c + 2dx) + 16a^3b^3x^2(7c + 3dx) + 512b^6x^5(7c + 6dx) + 256ab^5x^4(35c + 29dx) + 32a^2b^4x^3(189c + 148dx)) + 420a^6b^2c \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a + bx}}\right] + 210a^7d \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a + bx}}\right] \right)}{(21504b^{9/2})(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-105*a^6*d + 70*a^5*b*(3*c + d*x) - 28*a^4*b^2*x*(5*c + 2*d*x) + 16*a^3*b^3*x^2*(7*c + 3*d*x) + 512*b^6*x^5*(7*c + 6*d*x) + 256*a*b^5*x^4*(35*c + 29*d*x) + 32*a^2*b^4*x^3*(189*c + 148*d*x)) + 420*a^6*b^2*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 210*a^7*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(21504*b^(9/2)*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1927, 1930, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{5a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{12e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{6e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b(ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1927 \\
 & \frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} dx}{10e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)}{12e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{6e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b(ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1927 \\
 & \frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} \right)}{10e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)}{12e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{6e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b(ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1930
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((2bc - ad) \frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4e} \right)}{10e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)}{12e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{6e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b(ex)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1930

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) \\
 & \frac{3a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} \\
 & \frac{5a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} \right)}{10e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} + \frac{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)}{12e^2} + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7b(ex)^{7/2}}$$

2b

↓ 1930

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{3a}{8e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{10e^2} \\
 & \frac{5a}{12e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{12e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$(2bc - ad)$

↓ 1937

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{e^2(e^x)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left. \frac{3a}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e} \right) \\
 & \left. \frac{5a}{10e^2} \right) + \\
 & \left. \frac{(2bc - ad)}{12e^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1935

$$\left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

$$\frac{3a}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e}$$

$$\frac{5a}{10e^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2}}{4e} \right) \\
 & \frac{5a}{10e^2} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - ad)}{12e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(7*b*(e*x)^(7/2)) + ((2*b*c - a*d)*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(6*e*(e*x)^(3/2)) + (5*a*((Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(5*e) + (3*a*((e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(4*e) + (a*((e^2*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (5*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])]/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*e^2)))/(10*e^2)))/(12*e^2)))/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1927 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1930 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-3072b^6dx^6-7424ab^5dx^5-3584b^6cx^5-4736a^2b^4dx^4-8960ab^5cx^4-48a^3b^3dx^3-6048a^2b^4cx^3+56a^4b^2dx^2-112a^3b^3cx^2-70a^5b^6dx-140a^4b^2c^2x+105a^6d-210a^5b^6c)/e^{2*(x^2*(bx+a))^{1/2}}/(e*x)^{1/2}+5/2048*a^6/b^4*(a*d-2*b*c)*\ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^{1/2}+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^{1/2})/(b*e)^{1/2}/e^{2*(x^2*(bx+a))^{1/2}}/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^{1/2}}{(e*x)^{1/2}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-6144b^6dx^6\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-14848ab^5dx^5\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-7168b^6cx^5\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-9472a^2b^4dx^4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-14848ab^5dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-7168b^6cx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-6048a^2b^4dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-112a^3b^3cx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-70a^5b^6dx\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-140a^4b^2c^2x\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+105a^6d\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-210a^5b^6c\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be})}{21504b^4e^2\sqrt{ex}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/21504/b^4*(-3072*b^6*d*x^6-7424*a*b^5*d*x^5-3584*b^6*c*x^5-4736*a^2*b^4
*d*x^4-8960*a*b^5*c*x^4-48*a^3*b^3*d*x^3-6048*a^2*b^4*c*x^3+56*a^4*b^2*d*x
^2-112*a^3*b^3*c*x^2-70*a^5*b*d*x+140*a^4*b^2*c*x+105*a^6*d-210*a^5*b*c)/e
^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+5/2048*a^6/b^4*(a*d-2*b*c)*ln((1/2*a*e+
b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^2*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1
/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 462, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{105(2a^6bc - a^7d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2bex^2 + aex + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) - 2(3072b^7d^2x^6 + 210a^5b^2c^2 - 105a^6bd + 256(14b^7c + 29ab^6d)x^5 + 128(70ab^6c + 37a^2b^5d)x^4 + 48(126a^2b^5c + a^3b^4d)x^3 + 56(2a^3b^4c - a^4b^3d)x^2 - 70(2a^4b^3c - a^5b^2d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{(b^5e^3x)}, \frac{1}{21504}(105(2a^6bc - a^7d)\sqrt{-be}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{-be}\sqrt{ex}}{b^5e^3x}\right) + (3072b^7d^2x^6 + 210a^5b^2c^2 - 105a^6bd + 256(14b^7c + 29ab^6d)x^5 + 128(70ab^6c + 37a^2b^5d)x^4 + 48(126a^2b^5c + a^3b^4d)x^3 + 56(2a^3b^4c - a^4b^3d)x^2 - 70(2a^4b^3c - a^5b^2d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{(b^5e^3x)} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/43008*(105*(2*a^6*b*c - a^7*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) - 2*(3072*b^7*d*x^6 + 210*a^5*b^2*c^2 - 105*a^6*b*d + 256*(14*b^7*c + 29*a*b^6*d)*x^5 + 128*(70*a*b^6*c + 37*a^2*b^5*d)*x^4 + 48*(126*a^2*b^5*c + a^3*b^4*d)*x^3 + 56*(2*a^3*b^4*c - a^4*b^3*d)*x^2 - 70*(2*a^4*b^3*c - a^5*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^5*e^3*x), 1/21504*(105*(2*a^6*b*c - a^7*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (3072*b^7*d*x^6 + 210*a^5*b^2*c^2 - 105*a^6*b*d + 256*(14*b^7*c + 29*a*b^6*d)*x^5 + 128*(70*a*b^6*c + 37*a^2*b^5*d)*x^4 + 48*(126*a^2*b^5*c + a^3*b^4*d)*x^3 + 56*(2*a^3*b^4*c - a^4*b^3*d)*x^2 - 70*(2*a^4*b^3*c - a^5*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^5*e^3*x) ]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(5/2), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx + a)be - a^2} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8(bx + a) \left(2(bx + a) \left(\frac{12(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^5 e} + \frac{14b^2}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^7 d \log \left(\sqrt{be} \sqrt{a} \right) \right)}{1024 \sqrt{beb^3 e^2} |b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/21504*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(12*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/(b^5*e) + (14*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 43*a*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5)) - (70*a*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 107*a^2*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5)) + 3*(126*a^2*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 127*a^3*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5))*(b*x + a) - 7*(2*a^3*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - a^4*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5))*(b*x + a) - 35*(2*a^4*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - a^5*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5))*(b*x + a) - 105*(2*a^5*b^21*c*e^4*sgn(x) - a^6*b^20*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(b^25*e^5))*sqrt(b*x + a) + 105*(2*a^6*b*c*sgn(x) - a^7*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4)*b/(e^2*abs(b)) - 5/1024*(2*a^6*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)) - a^7*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3*e^2*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^6bd + 210\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b^2c + 70\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b^2 \right)}{(ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(-105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*b*d + 210*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b**2*c + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b**2*d*x - 140*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**3*c*x - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**3*d*x**2 + 112*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**4*d*x**3 + 6048*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**5*c*x**3 + 4736*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**5*d*x**4 + 8960*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**6*c*x**4 + 7424*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**6*d*x**5 + 3584*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**7*c*x**5 + 3072*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**7*d*x**6 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**7*d - 210*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**6*b*c))/(21504*b**5*e**3)`

3.322
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2442
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2443
Rubi [A] (verified)	2443
Maple [A] (verified)	2452
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2453
Sympy [F]	2453
Maxima [F]	2454
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2454
Mupad [F(-1)]	2455
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2455

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 302

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{a^4(12bc-5ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{512b^3e^3\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a^3(12bc-5ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{768b^2e^4} + \frac{31a^2(12bc-5ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{960be^5} + \frac{7a(12bc-5ad)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{160e^6} + \frac{b(12bc-5ad)(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{60e^7} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{a^5(12bc-5ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{512b^{7/2}e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/512*a^4*(-5*a*d+12*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/e^3/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/768*a^3*(-5*a*d+12*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/e^4+31/960*a^2*(-5*a*d+12*b*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^5+7/160*a*(-5*a*d+12*b*c)*(e*x)^(5/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^6+1/60*b*(-5*a*d+12*b*c)*(e*x)^(7/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^7+1/6*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b/(e*x)^(9/2)+1/512*a^5*(-5*a*d+12*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2} (-180a^4bc + 75a^5d + 120a^3b^2cx - 50a^4bdx + 2976a^2b^3cx^2 + 7680b^3d^2x^3 + 1536b^5c^2x^4 + 3200ab^4d^2x^4 + 1280b^5d^2x^5)}{256b^{7/2}x^{3/2}(ex)^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(7/2), x]`

output `((x^2*(a + b*x))^(5/2)*(-180*a^4*b*c + 75*a^5*d + 120*a^3*b^2*c*x - 50*a^4*b*d*x + 2976*a^2*b^3*c*x^2 + 40*a^3*b^2*d*x^2 + 4032*a*b^4*c*x^3 + 2160*a^2*b^3*d*x^3 + 1536*b^5*c*x^4 + 3200*a*b^4*d*x^4 + 1280*b^5*d*x^5))/(7680*b^3*x*(e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^2) - (a^5*(-12*b*c + 5*a*d)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(256*b^(7/2)*x^(3/2)*(e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.321$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1927, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(12bc - 5ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{12b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(12bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{12b} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1927} \\
 & \frac{(12bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{3a \int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{12b} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1927} \\
 & \frac{(12bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{12b} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1930}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left((12bc - 5ad) \left[\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right] \right. \\
 \left. \frac{3a}{a} \left[\frac{\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right] \right. \\
 \left. \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{5/2}} \right] + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{5/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{12b}{6b(ex)^{9/2}} \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 1930

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(12bc - 5ad)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 1937

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(12bc - 5ad)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{5e\sqrt{ex}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}} \quad 12b$$

↓ 1935

$$\left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{3a} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3e} \right) + \frac{a}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}}$$

$(12bc - 5ad)$

$2e^2$

↓ 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \frac{3ae}{6e^2} + \frac{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{4e\sqrt{ex}} \\
 & \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \frac{a}{8e^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{(12bc - 5ad)}{2e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{6b(ex)^{9/2}} \quad 12b$$

input $\text{Int}[\frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{e^{7/2}x}, x]$

output $(d \cdot e \cdot (ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}) / (6 \cdot b \cdot e^{9/2}) + ((12 \cdot b \cdot c - 5 \cdot a \cdot d) \cdot (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}) / (5 \cdot e \cdot e^{5/2}) + (a \cdot (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}) / (4 \cdot e \cdot \sqrt{e \cdot x}) + (3 \cdot a \cdot ((e \cdot x)^{3/2} \cdot \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}) / (3 \cdot e) + (a \cdot (e^2 \cdot \sqrt{e \cdot x} \cdot \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}) / (2 \cdot b) - (3 \cdot a \cdot e \cdot (e^2 \cdot \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}) / (b \cdot \sqrt{e \cdot x}) - (a \cdot e \cdot \sqrt{e \cdot x} \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b} \cdot x^{3/2}) / \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}]) / (b^{3/2} \cdot \sqrt{x}))) / (4 \cdot b))) / (6 \cdot e^2)) / (8 \cdot e^2)) / (2 \cdot e^2)) / (12 \cdot b)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[\frac{(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}}{x}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\frac{1}{\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2]}] \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot x}{\text{Rt}[a, 2]}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1927 $\text{Int}[\frac{(c \cdot x)^m \cdot ((a \cdot x)^j + (b \cdot x)^n)^p}{x}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a \cdot x)^j + b \cdot x^n)^p / (c \cdot (m + n \cdot p + 1))], x] + \text{Simp}[a \cdot (n - j) \cdot (p / (c^j \cdot (m + n \cdot p + 1)))] \cdot \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m+j} \cdot (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p-1}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n \cdot p + 1, 0]$

rule 1930 $\text{Int}[\frac{(c \cdot x)^m \cdot ((a \cdot x)^j + (b \cdot x)^n)^p}{x}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{n-1} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-n+1} \cdot (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (m + n \cdot p + 1))], x] - \text{Simp}[a \cdot c^{n-j} \cdot ((m + j \cdot p - n + j + 1) / (b \cdot (m + n \cdot p + 1)))] \cdot \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-(n-j)} \cdot (a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m + j \cdot p - n + j + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n \cdot p + 1, 0]$

rule 1935 $\text{Int}[\frac{x^m}{\sqrt{(a \cdot x)^j + (b \cdot x)^n}}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 / (n - j) \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - a \cdot x^2)], x], x, x^{j/2} / \sqrt{a \cdot x^j + b \cdot x^n}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, j, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, j/2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j]$

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{(1280dx^5b^5+3200ab^4dx^4+1536b^5c^4+2160a^2b^3dx^3+4032ab^4cx^3+40a^3b^2dx^2+2976a^2b^3cx^2-50a^4bdx+120a^3b^2cx+75a^5d-17680b^3e^3\sqrt{ex}}{7680b^3e^3\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(2560b^5dx^5\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+6400ab^4dx^4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+3072b^5cx^4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+4320a^2b^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)} \right)}{7680b^3e^3\sqrt{ex}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/7680/b^3*(1280*b^5*d*x^5+3200*a*b^4*d*x^4+1536*b^5*c*x^4+2160*a^2*b^3*d*
x^3+4032*a*b^4*c*x^3+40*a^3*b^2*d*x^2+2976*a^2*b^3*c*x^2-50*a^4*b*d*x+120*
a^3*b^2*c*x+75*a^5*d-180*a^4*b*c)/e^3*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)-1/10
24*a^5/b^3*(5*a*d-12*b*c)*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(
1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^3*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e
*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(12a^5bc - 5a^6d)\sqrt{bex} \log\left(\frac{2bex^2 + aex - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) - 2(1280b^6d}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/15360*(15*(12*a^5*b*c - 5*a^6*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x -
2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) - 2*(1280*b^6*d*x^5 - 180*a^
4*b^2*c + 75*a^5*b*d + 128*(12*b^6*c + 25*a*b^5*d)*x^4 + 144*(28*a*b^5*c +
15*a^2*b^4*d)*x^3 + 8*(372*a^2*b^4*c + 5*a^3*b^3*d)*x^2 + 10*(12*a^3*b^3*c
c - 5*a^4*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^4*e^4*x), -1/7680*(1
5*(12*a^5*b*c - 5*a^6*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e
)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (1280*b^6*d*x^5 - 180*a^4*b^2*c + 75*a^5*
b*d + 128*(12*b^6*c + 25*a*b^5*d)*x^4 + 144*(28*a*b^5*c + 15*a^2*b^4*d)*x^
3 + 8*(372*a^2*b^4*c + 5*a^3*b^3*d)*x^2 + 10*(12*a^3*b^3*c - 5*a^4*b^2*d)*
x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^4*e^4*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(7/2),x)`

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(7/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx + a)be - a^2} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2(bx + a) \left(8(bx + a) \left(\frac{10(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^4e} + \frac{12b^{13}ce^3}{b^4e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{512 \sqrt{be} b^2 e^3 |b|} + \frac{\left(12a^5bc \log(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}) - 5a^6d \log(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}) \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{512 \sqrt{be} b^2 e^3 |b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7680*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*(4*(2*(b*x + a)*(8*(b*x + a)*(10*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/(b^4*e) + (12*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 25*a*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4)) - 3*(44*a*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 45*a^2*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4)) + (12*a^2*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 5*a^3*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4))* (b*x + a) + 5*(12*a^3*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 5*a^4*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4))*(b*x + a) + 15*(12*a^4*b^13*c*e^3*sgn(x) - 5*a^5*b^12*d*e^3*sgn(x))/(b^16*e^4))*sqrt(b*x + a) - 15*(12*a^5*b*c*sgn(x) - 5*a^6*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3)) *b/(e^3*abs(b)) + 1/512*(12*a^5*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)) - 5*a^6*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2*e^3*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(75\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5bd - 180\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^2c - 50\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^2dx \right)}{(ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(75*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b*d - 180*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*c - 50*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*d*x + 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*c*x + 40*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*d*x**2 + 2976*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*c*x**2 + 2160*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*d*x**3 + 4032*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**5*c*x**3 + 3200*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**5*d*x**4 + 1536*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**6*c*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**6*d*x**5 - 75*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**6*d + 180*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**5*b*c))/(7680*b**4*e**4)`

3.323
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2456
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2457
Rubi [A] (verified)	2457
Maple [A] (verified)	2463
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2463
Sympy [F]	2464
Maxima [F]	2464
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2465
Mupad [F(-1)]	2465
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{a^3(10bc-3ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{128b^2e^4\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{59a^2(10bc-3ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{960be^5} + \frac{17a(10bc-3ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{240e^6} + \frac{b(10bc-3ad)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{40e^7} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5b(ex)^{11/2}} - \frac{a^4(10bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/128*a^3*(-3*a*d+10*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/e^4/(e*x)^(1/2)+59/960*a^2*(-3*a*d+10*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^5+17/240*a*(-3*a*d+10*b*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^6+1/40*b*(-3*a*d+10*b*c)*(e*x)^(5/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^7+1/5*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b/(e*x)^(11/2)-1/128*a^4*(-3*a*d+10*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(-45a^4d + 30a^3b(5c + dx) + 96b^4x^3(5c + dx) + 16a^2b^3x^2(85c + 63dx) + 4a^2b^2x(295c + 186dx)) + 300a^4b^2c \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right] + 90a^5d \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a+bx}}\right]\right)}{(1920b^{5/2}e^{3/2}(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx})}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(9/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-45*a^4*d + 30*a^3*b*(5*c + d*x) + 96*b^4*x^3*(5*c + 4*d*x) + 16*a*b^3*x^2*(85*c + 63*d*x) + 4*a^2*b^2*x*(295*c + 186*d*x)) + 300*a^4*b^2*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]]) + 90*a^5*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(1920*b^(5/2)*e^(3/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1927, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\frac{(10bc - 3ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx}{10b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{5b(ex)^{11/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(10bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{5a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4e(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{10b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{5b(ex)^{11/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1927 \\
 (10bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4e(ex)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 10b \qquad \qquad \qquad + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5b(ex)^{11/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1927 \\
 (10bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4e(ex)^{7/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{10b}{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \\
 5b(ex)^{11/2} \\
 \downarrow 1930
 \end{array}$$

$$(10bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4e(ex)^{7/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{10b}{5b(ex)^{11/2}} de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}$$

↓ 1937

$$(10bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2e} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{8e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4e(ex)^{7/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{10b}{5b(ex)^{11/2}} de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}$$

↓ 1935

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{ex}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2e} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. \left(\frac{5a}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(10bc - 3ad)}{8e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{4e(ex)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{10b}}{5b(ex)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(10bc - 3ad)}{8e^2} \left(\frac{5a}{a} \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2e} \right) + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ax)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{4e(ax)^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{5b(ex)^{11/2}}$$

```
input Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(9/2),x]
```

```
output (d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(5*b*(e*x)^(11/2)) + ((10*b*c - 3*a*d)*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)/(4*e*(e*x)^(7/2)) + (5*a*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/(3*e*(e*x)^(3/2)) + (a*((Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*e) + (a*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*e^2)))/(2*e^2)))/(8*e^2))/(10*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1927

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-384dx^4b^4-1008ab^3dx^3-480b^4cx^3-744a^2b^2dx^2-1360ab^3cx^2-30a^3bdx-1180a^2b^2cx+45a^4d-150a^3bc)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{1920b^2e^4\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-768b^4dx^4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-2016ab^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-960b^4cx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-1488a^2b^2dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-480a^3bdx\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-1180a^2b^2cx\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+45a^4d\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-150a^3bc\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be})}{1920b^2e^4\sqrt{ex}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/1920/b^2*(-384*b^4*d*x^4-1008*a*b^3*d*x^3-480*b^4*c*x^3-744*a^2*b^2*d*x^2-1360*a*b^3*c*x^2-30*a^3*b*d*x-1180*a^2*b^2*c*x+45*a^4*d-150*a^3*b*c)/e^4*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/256*a^4/b^2*(3*a*d-10*b*c)*\ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^4*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(10a^4bc-3a^5d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2bex^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) - 2(384b^5dax^4 + \dots)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/3840*(15*(10*a^4*b*c - 3*a^5*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2
*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) - 2*(384*b^5*d*x^4 + 150*a^3*
b^2*c - 45*a^4*b*d + 48*(10*b^5*c + 21*a*b^4*d)*x^3 + 8*(170*a*b^4*c + 93*
a^2*b^3*d)*x^2 + 10*(118*a^2*b^3*c + 3*a^3*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*s
qrt(e*x))/(b^3*e^5*x), 1/1920*(15*(10*a^4*b*c - 3*a^5*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x*arct
an(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (384*b^5*
d*x^4 + 150*a^3*b^2*c - 45*a^4*b*d + 48*(10*b^5*c + 21*a*b^4*d)*x^3 + 8*(1
70*a*b^4*c + 93*a^2*b^3*d)*x^2 + 10*(118*a^2*b^3*c + 3*a^3*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(
b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^3*e^5*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(x^2(a + bx))^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/(e*x)**(9/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(9/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx+a)be-abe}\left(2\left(4(bx+a)\left(6(bx+a)\left(\frac{8(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^3e} + \frac{10b^7ce^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^3e}\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)}{128\sqrt{be}e^4|b|} - \frac{\left(10a^4bc\log\left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}\right) - 3a^5d\log\left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}\right)\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{128\sqrt{be}e^4|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1920*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*(4*(b*x + a)*(6*(b*x + a)*(8*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/(b^3*e) + (10*b^7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - 11*a*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3)) - (10*a*b^7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - 3*a^2*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3)) - 5*(10*a^2*b^7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - 3*a^3*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3))*(b*x + a) - 15*(10*a^3*b^7*c*e^2*sgn(x) - 3*a^4*b^6*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(b^9*e^3))*sqrt(b*x + a) + 15*(10*a^4*b*c*sgn(x) - 3*a^5*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2))*b/(e^4*abs(b)) - 1/128*(10*a^4*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)) - 3*a^5*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b*e^4*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-45\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4bd + 150\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2c + 30\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2d \right)}{(ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(9/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*(-45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**4*b*d + 150*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**3*b**2*c + 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**3*b**2*d*x + 1180*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x + 744*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**2 + 1360*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**4*c*x**2 + 1008*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**4*d*x**3 + 480*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**5*c*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**5*d*x**4 + 45*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**5*d - 150*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c))/(1920*b**3*e**5)`

3.324
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2468
Rubi [A] (verified)	2468
Maple [A] (verified)	2472
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2472
Sympy [F(-1)]	2473
Maxima [F]	2473
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2473
Mupad [F(-1)]	2474
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2474

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{11a^2(8bc-ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64be^5\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{13a(8bc-ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{96e^6} + \frac{b(8bc-ad)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24e^7} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} + \frac{5a^3(8bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{64b^{3/2}e^{11/2}}$$

output

```
11/64*a^2*(-a*d+8*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/e^5/(e*x)^(1/2)+13/96*a*(-a*d+8*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^6+1/24*b*(-a*d+8*b*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^7+1/4*d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/b/(e*x)^(13/2)+5/64*a^3*(-a*d+8*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/e^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}(15a^3d + 16b^3x^2(4c + 3dx) + 8ab^2x(26c + 17dx) + 2a^2b(132c + 59dx)) + 15a^3(-8b^3c + a^3d)\text{Log}[-(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{a + bx}]\right)}{192b^{3/2}e^4(e^2x^2 + b)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*a^3*d + 16*b^3*x^2*(4*c + 3*d*x) + 8*a*b^2*x*(26*c + 17*d*x) + 2*a^2*b*(132*c + 59*d*x)) + 15*a^3*(-8*b^3*c + a*d)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]])/(192*b^(3/2)*e^4*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1945, 1927, 1927, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(8bc - ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx}{8b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{4b(ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1927

$$\frac{(8bc - ad) \left(\frac{5a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{8b} + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{4b(ex)^{13/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1927 \\ (8bc - ad) & \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8b}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1927 \\ (8bc - ad) & \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8b}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1937 \\ (8bc - ad) & \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{8b}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} + \frac{de(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(8bc - ad) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3+ax^2}{e^2\sqrt{x}}} dx \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{8b} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \left(\frac{(8bc - ad) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{8b} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + \frac{de(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{4b(ex)^{13/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output `(d*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(4*b*(e*x)^(13/2)) + ((8*b*c - a*d)*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)/(3*e*(e*x)^(9/2)) + (5*a*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/(2*e*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (3*a*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(e*Sqrt[e*x]) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x])))/(4*e^2)))/(6*e^2))/(8*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1927

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
risch	$\frac{(48b^3dx^3+136a^2dx^2+64b^3cx^2+118a^2bdx+208ab^2cx+15a^3d+264ca^2b)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{192be^5\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{5a^3(ad-8bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+a\right)}{128b\sqrt{be}e^5x(bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(96b^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+272a^2dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+128b^3cx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-15\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)\right)}{384x}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192/b*(48*b^3*d*x^3+136*a*b^2*d*x^2+64*b^3*c*x^2+118*a^2*b*d*x+208*a*b^2*c*x+15*a^3*d+264*a^2*b*c)/e^5*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)-5/128*a^3/b*(a*d-8*b*c)*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^5*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(8a^3bc - a^4d)\sqrt{be}x \log\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)}{384x} - 2(48b^4dx^3 + \dots) \right]$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/384*(15*(8*a^3*b*c - a^4*d)*sqrt(b*e)*x*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x))/x) - 2*(48*b^4*d*x^3 + 264*a^2*b^2*c + 15*a^3*b*d + 8*(8*b^4*c + 17*a*b^3*d)*x^2 + 2*(104*a*b^3*c + 59*a^2*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^2*e^6*x), -1/192*(15*(8*a^3*b*c - a^4*d)*sqrt(-b*e)*x*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (48*b^4*d*x^3 + 264*a^2*b^2*c + 15*a^3*b*d + 8*(8*b^4*c + 17*a*b^3*d)*x^2 + 2*(104*a*b^3*c + 59*a^2*b^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^2*e^6*x)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(11/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx + a)be - abe} \left(2(bx + a) \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{6(bx+a)d\text{sgn}(x)}{b^2e} + \frac{8b^3c\text{esgn}(x) - ab^2c}{b^4e^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{64 \sqrt{bee^5|b|}} + \frac{5 \left(8a^3bc \log(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}) - a^4d \log(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{a}) \right) \text{sgn}(x)}{64 \sqrt{bee^5|b|}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/192*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(6*(b*x + a)*
d*sgn(x)/(b^2*e) + (8*b^3*c*e*sgn(x) - a*b^2*d*e*sgn(x))/(b^4*e^2)) + 5*(8
*a*b^3*c*e*sgn(x) - a^2*b^2*d*e*sgn(x))/(b^4*e^2)) + 15*(8*a^2*b^3*c*e*sgn
(x) - a^3*b^2*d*e*sgn(x))/(b^4*e^2))*sqrt(b*x + a) - 15*(8*a^3*b*c*sgn(x)
- a^4*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*
b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b)*b/(e^5*abs(b)) + 5/64*(8*a^3*b*c*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(
a)) - a^4*d*log(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*e^5*abs(b))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(11/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^3bd + 264\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2c + 118\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2d \right)}{(ex)^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d + 264*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*
*2*b**2*c + 118*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x + 208*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a +
b*x)*a*b**3*c*x + 136*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(a + b*x)*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*d*x**3 - 15*sqrt(b
)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4*d + 120*sqrt(b)*log(
(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c)/(192*b**2*e**6)
```

3.325
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2475
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2476
Rubi [A] (verified)	2476
Maple [A] (verified)	2480
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2480
Sympy [F(-1)]	2481
Maxima [F]	2481
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2481
Mupad [F(-1)]	2482
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2482

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{25a(6bc+ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24e^6\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{5b(6bc+ad)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{12e^7} - \frac{2c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{e(ex)^{11/2}} + \frac{d(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e^2(ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{5a^2(6bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}e^{13/2}}$$

output `25/24*a*(a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^6/(e*x)^(1/2)+5/12*b*(a*d+6*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^7-2*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x)^(11/2)+1/3*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/e^2/(e*x)^(9/2)+5/8*a^2*(a*d+6*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/e^(13/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx}(4b^2x^2(3c + 2dx) + 2abx(27c + 13dx) + a^2(-48c + 33dx)) + 30a^2(6bc + ad)\sqrt{x} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx}}\right) \right)}{24\sqrt{b}e^5(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(13/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(4*b^2*x^2*(3*c + 2*d*x) + 2*a*b*x*(27*c + 13*d*x) + a^2*(-48*c + 33*d*x)) + 30*a^2*(6*b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(24*Sqrt[b]*e^5*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1927, 1927, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$\frac{(ad + 6bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{a(ex)^{15/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1927$$

$$\frac{(ad + 6bc) \left(\frac{5a \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{a(ex)^{15/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1927 \\ (ad + 6bc) & \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{a(ex)^{15/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1927 \\ (ad + 6bc) & \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{ae}{a(ex)^{15/2}} \\ & \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{a(ex)^{15/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1937 \\ (ad + 6bc) & \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{6e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{ae}{a(ex)^{15/2}} \\ & \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{a(ex)^{15/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$(ad + 6bc) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3 + ax^2}{e^2\sqrt{x}}} dx - \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}}}{6e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{ae}{a(ex)^{15/2}} 2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}$$

219

$$(ad + 6bc) \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{\sqrt{be^2}\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}}}{6e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}}$$

$$\frac{ae}{a(ex)^{15/2}} 2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(a*(e*x)^(15/2)) + ((6*b*c + a*d)*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)/(3*e*(e*x)^(9/2)) + (5*a*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)/(2*e*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (3*a*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*Sqrt[e*x]) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x])))/(4*e^2)))/(6*e^2))/(a*e)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1927

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*
(n - j)*(p/(c^j*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (Int
egersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-8b^2dx^3-26abd^2x^2-12b^2c^2x^2-33a^2dx-54abcx+48a^2c)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{24e^6x\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{5a^2(ad+6bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{16\sqrt{be}e^6x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-16b^2dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-15\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^3dex-90\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2bcex-48x^5(bx+a)^2e^6\sqrt{ex}\right)}{48x^5(bx+a)^2e^6\sqrt{ex}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(-8*b^2*d*x^3-26*a*b*d*x^2-12*b^2*c*x^2-33*a^2*d*x-54*a*b*c*x+48*a^2*c)/e^6*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(e*x)^(1/2)+5/16*a^2*(a*d+6*b*c)*\ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^6*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(6a^2bc+a^3d)\sqrt{be}x^2 \log\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)}{48be} + 2(8b^3dx^3 - 48a^2bc + 2(6b^3c + 13ab^2d)x^2 + 3(18ab^2c + 11a^2bd)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[1/48*(15*(6*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*\sqrt{b*e}*x^2*\log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*\sqrt{t(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*\sqrt{b*e}}*\sqrt{e*x}))/x) + 2*(8*b^3*d*x^3 - 48*a^2*b*c + 2*(6*b^3*c + 13*a*b^2*d)*x^2 + 3*(18*a*b^2*c + 11*a^2*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x})/(b*e^7*x^2), -1/24*(15*(6*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*\sqrt{-b*e}*x^2*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{-b*e}*\sqrt{e*x}/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (8*b^3*d*x^3 - 48*a^2*b*c + 2*(6*b^3*c + 13*a*b^2*d)*x^2 + 3*(18*a*b^2*c + 11*a^2*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x})/(b*e^7*x^2)]$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(13/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(13/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(2(bx+a) \left(\frac{4(bx+a)d\text{sgn}(x)}{b} + \frac{6b^2c\text{sgn}(x)+abd\text{sgn}(x)}{b^2} \right) + \frac{5(6ab^2c\text{sgn}(x)+a^2bd\text{sgn}(x))}{b^2} \right) (bx+a) - \frac{15(6}{\sqrt{(bx+a)be-abe}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(((2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*d*sgn(x)/b + (6*b^2*c*sgn(x) + a*b*d*sgn(x)))/b^2) + 5*(6*a*b^2*c*sgn(x) + a^2*b*d*sgn(x))/b^2)*(b*x + a) - 15*(6*a^2*b^2*c*sgn(x) + a^3*b*d*sgn(x))/b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e) - 15*(6*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) + a^3*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b))*b^2/(e^6*abs(b))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(13/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(13/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-384\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bc + 264\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bdx + 432\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abx \right)}{(ex)^{13/2}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(13/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*(-384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c + 264*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x + 432*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x + 208*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**2 + 96*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*c*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*d*x**3 + 120*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*d*x + 720*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c*x - 45*sqrt(b)*a**3*d*x - 480*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*c*x)/(192*b*e**7*x)
```

3.326
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2483
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2484
Rubi [A] (verified)	2484
Maple [A] (verified)	2488
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2488
Sympy [F(-1)]	2489
Maxima [F]	2489
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2490
Mupad [F(-1)]	2490
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2491

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{5b(4bc+3ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4e^7\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2(5bc+3ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e^4(ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{bd(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e^5(ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{13/2}} + \frac{5a\sqrt{b}(4bc+3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{4e^{15/2}}$$

```
output 5/4*b*(3*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^7/(e*x)^(1/2)-2/3*(3*a*d+5*b*c)*
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/e^4/(e*x)^(7/2)+1/2*b*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/e^5/(e*x)^(
5/2)-2/3*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x)^(13/2)+5/4*a*b^(1/2)*(3*a*d+4*b*c)
*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(\sqrt{a + bx}(6b^2x^2(2c + dx) - 8a^2(c + 3dx) + abx(-56c + 27d)) + 30a\sqrt{b}(4bc + 3ad)x^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx}}\right) \right)}{12e^5(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(15/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(6*b^2*x^2*(2*c + d*x) - 8*a^2*(c + 3*d*x) + a*b*x*(-56*c + 27*d*x)) + 30*a*Sqrt[b]*(4*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(12*e^5*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1927, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\ & \frac{(3ad + 4bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{13/2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{3a(ex)^{17/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\ & \frac{(3ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{5b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{7/2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{e(ex)^{11/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{3a(ex)^{17/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1927 \\ (3ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{e(ex)^{11/2}} \right) \\ \hline 3ae - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{3a(ex)^{17/2}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1927 \\ (3ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{e(ex)^{11/2}} \right) \\ \hline \frac{3ae}{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \\ \hline 3a(ex)^{17/2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1937 \\ (3ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} + \frac{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{e(ex)^{11/2}} \right) \\ \hline \frac{3ae}{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \\ \hline 3a(ex)^{17/2} \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$(3ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3 + ax^2}{e^2\sqrt{x}}} dx - \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{4e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}}}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{e(ex)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3ae}{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}} \frac{3a(ex)^{17/2}}$$

219

$$(3ad + 4bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{\sqrt{be^2\sqrt{x}} \cdot 4e^2} \right) + \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{2e(ex)^{5/2}}}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{e(ex)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3ae}{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}} \frac{3a(ex)^{17/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(15/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(3*a*(e*x)^(17/2)) + ((4*b*c + 3*a*d)*((-2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*(e*x)^(11/2)) + (5*b*((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(2*e*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (3*a*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]/(e*Sqrt[e*x])) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x])))/(4*e^2))/e^3)/(3*a*e)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a + b(x^2)^{-1}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1926 $\text{Int}[(c(x))^m * ((a(x)^j + b(x)^n)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1} * ((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p / (c*(m+j*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*p * ((n-j)/(c^n*(m+j*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+n} * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerSQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m+j*p+1, 0]$

rule 1927 $\text{Int}[(c(x))^m * ((a(x)^j + b(x)^n)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1} * ((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p / (c*(m+n*p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a * (n-j) * (p/(c^j*(m+n*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+j} * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerSQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*p+1, 0]$

rule 1935 $\text{Int}[(x)^m / \text{Sqrt}[a(x)^j + b(x)^n], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/(n-j) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1-a*x^2), x], x, x^{(j/2)}/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, j, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, j/2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j]$

rule 1937 $\text{Int}[(c(x))^m * ((a(x)^j + b(x)^n)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]} * ((c*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]} / x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \ \text{Int}[x^m * (a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p+1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m+j*p+1], 0]$

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-6b^2dx^3-27abd^2x^2-12b^2cx^2+24a^2dx+56abcx+8a^2c)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{12x^2e^7\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{5ab(3ad+4bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+bx}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{8\sqrt{be}e^7x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-45\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2bde^7x^2-60\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2ce^7x^2-12b^2dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\right)}{24x^6(bx+a)^2e^7}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/12*(-6*b^2*d*x^3-27*a*b*d*x^2-12*b^2*c*x^2+24*a^2*d*x+56*a*b*c*x+8*a^2*c)
/x^2/e^7*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+5/8*a*b*(3*a*d+4*b*c)*ln((1/2*a
*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^7*(x^2*(b*x+a)
^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(4abc + 3a^2d)ex^3\sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}\log\left(\frac{2bx^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}}{x}\right) + 2(6b^2dx^3 - 8c^2)}{24e^8x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/24*(15*(4*a*b*c + 3*a^2*d)*e*x^3*sqrt(b/e)*log((2*b*x^2 + a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2))*sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(b/e))/x) + 2*(6*b^2*d*x^3 - 8*a^2*c + 3*(4*b^2*c + 9*a*b*d)*x^2 - 8*(7*a*b*c + 3*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(e^8*x^3), -1/12*(15*(4*a*b*c + 3*a^2*d)*e*x^3*sqrt(-b/e)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(-b/e)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (6*b^2*d*x^3 - 8*a^2*c + 3*(4*b^2*c + 9*a*b*d)*x^2 - 8*(7*a*b*c + 3*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(e^8*x^3)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(15/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(15/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx =$$

$$b^3 \left(\frac{15(4abc\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3a^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log\left(\left| \frac{-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)be - abe}}{\sqrt{beb}} \right|\right)}{\sqrt{beb}} - \frac{\left(3\left(2(bx+a)d\operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{4ab^2ce^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3a^2bde^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{abe}\right)(bx+a)\right)}{12e^7|b|} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*b^3*(15*(4*a*b*c*sgn(x) + 3*a^2*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/sqrt(b*e)*b - ((3*(2*(b*x + a)*d*e*sgn(x) + (4*a*b^2*c*e^2*sgn(x) + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(a*b*e))*(b*x + a) - 20*(4*a^2*b^2*c*e^2*sgn(x) + 3*a^3*b*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(a*b*e))*(b*x + a) + 15*(4*a^3*b^2*c*e^2*sgn(x) + 3*a^4*b*d*e^2*sgn(x))/(a*b*e))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(3/2))/(e^7*abs(b))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(15/2),x)`output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(15/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2c - 192\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2dx - 448\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abcx - \dots \right)}{(ex)^{15/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(15/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(-64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*c - 192*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*d*x - 448*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b*c*x + 216*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b*d*x**2 + 96*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**2*d*x**3 + 360*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*d*x**2 + 480*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*c*x**2 + 95*sqrt(b)*a**2*d*x**2 + 80*sqrt(b)*a*b*c*x**2))/(96*e**8*x**2)`

3.327
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2492
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2493
Rubi [A] (verified)	2493
Maple [A] (verified)	2497
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2497
Sympy [F(-1)]	2498
Maxima [F]	2498
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2499
Mupad [F(-1)]	2499
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2500

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(bc+2ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e^7(ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e^8\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2(bc+ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e^4(ex)^{9/2}} - \frac{2c(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{15/2}} + \frac{b^{3/2}(2bc+5ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{e^{17/2}}$$

output

```
-2*b*(2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^7/(e*x)^(3/2)+b^2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^8/(e*x)^(1/2)-2/3*(a*d+b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/e^4/(e*x)^(9/2)-2/5*c*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x)^(15/2)+b^(3/2)*(5*a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(17/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)} \left(-\sqrt{a + bx}(b^2x^2(46c - 15dx) + 2a^2(3c + 5dx) + 2abx) \right)}{15e^9x^4\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(17/2),x]`output `(Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(b^2*x^2*(46*c - 15*d*x) + 2*a^2*(3*c + 5*d*x) + 2*a*b*x*(11*c + 35*d*x))) + 30*b^(3/2)*(2*b*c + 5*a*d)*x^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(15*e^9*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x])`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1927, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$\frac{(5ad + 2bc) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{15/2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{5a(ex)^{19/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1926$$

$$\frac{(5ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{5b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{9/2}} dx}{3e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{13/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{5a(ex)^{19/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1926 \\ (5ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{3e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{13/2}} \right) \\ \hline 5ae \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{5a(ex)^{19/2}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1927 \\ (5ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{3e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{13/2}} \right) \\ \hline \frac{5ae}{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \\ \frac{5a(ex)^{19/2}}{5a(ex)^{19/2}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1937 \\ (5ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2e^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{3e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{13/2}} \right) \\ \hline \frac{5ae}{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \\ \frac{5a(ex)^{19/2}}{5a(ex)^{19/2}} \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$(5ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{e^3} \right) - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}}}{3e^3} \right) - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{13/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5ae}{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}} \frac{5a(ex)^{19/2}}$$

219

$$(5ad + 2bc) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{a\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{e\sqrt{ex}} \right)}{\sqrt{be^2}\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{e(ex)^{7/2}}}{e^3} \right) - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{3e(ex)^{13/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5ae}{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}} \frac{5a(ex)^{19/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(17/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(5*a*(e*x)^(19/2)) + ((2*b*c + 5*a*d)*((-2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(3*e*(e*x)^(13/2)) + (5*b*((-2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)))/(e*(e*x)^(7/2)) + (3*b*(Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(e*Sqrt[e*x]) + (a*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e^2*Sqrt[x])))/(e^3))/(3*e^3))/(5*a*e)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1926 $\text{Int}[(c_)(x_)^m*((a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_})^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+j*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*p*((n-j)/(c^n*(m+j*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+n}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerSQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m+j*p+1, 0]$

rule 1927 $\text{Int}[(c_)(x_)^m*((a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_})^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1}*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+n*p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a*(n-j)*(p/(c^j*(m+n*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+j}*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, j, n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerSQ}[j, n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*p+1, 0]$

rule 1935 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/(n-j) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1-a*x^2), x], x, x^{(j/2)}/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, j, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, j/2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j]$

rule 1937 $\text{Int}[(c_)(x_)^m*((a_)(x_)^{j_} + (b_)(x_)^{n_})^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]}*((c*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \ \text{Int}[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p+1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m+j*p+1], 0]$

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-15b^2dx^3+70abd x^2+46b^2c x^2+10a^2dx+22abcx+6a^2c)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{15x^3e^8\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{b^2(5ad+2bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be x+\sqrt{be x^2+ae x}}{\sqrt{be}}\right)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{2\sqrt{be}e^8x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-75\ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)ab^2de x^3-30\ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)b^3ce x^3-30b^2dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}\right)}{30x^7(bx+a)^2e^8}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(-15*b^2*d*x^3+70*a*b*d*x^2+46*b^2*c*x^2+10*a^2*d*x+22*a*b*c*x+6*a^2
*c)/x^3/e^8*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*(5*a*d+2*b*c)*ln((1/2*
a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^8*(x^2*(b*x+a)
)^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(2b^2c + 5abd)ex^4\sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}\log\left(\frac{2bx^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}}{x}\right) + 2(15b^2dx^3 - \dots)}{30e^9x} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(15*(2*b^2*c + 5*a*b*d)*e*x^4*sqrt(b/e)*log((2*b*x^2 + a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(b/e))/x) + 2*(15*b^2*d*x^3 - 6*a^2*c - 2*(23*b^2*c + 35*a*b*d)*x^2 - 2*(11*a*b*c + 5*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(e^9*x^4), -1/15*(15*(2*b^2*c + 5*a*b*d)*e*x^4*sqrt(-b/e)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(-b/e)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) - (15*b^2*d*x^3 - 6*a^2*c - 2*(23*b^2*c + 35*a*b*d)*x^2 - 2*(11*a*b*c + 5*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(e^9*x^4)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(17/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{\frac{17}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(17/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx =$$

$$\left(\frac{15(2b^3c\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5ab^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log\left(\left| \frac{-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)be - abe}}{\sqrt{be}} \right|\right)}{\sqrt{be}} - \frac{\left(\left(\left(15(bx+a)b^4de^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{23(2a^2b^7ce^4\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5a^3b^6de^4\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{a^2b^2e^2} \right) \right) \right)}{15e^8|b|} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/15*(15*(2*b^3*c*sgn(x) + 5*a*b^2*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/sqrt(b*e) - (((15*(b*x + a)*b^4*d*e^2*sgn(x) - 23*(2*a^2*b^7*c*e^4*sgn(x) + 5*a^3*b^6*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(a^2*b^2*e^2))*(b*x + a) + 35*(2*a^3*b^7*c*e^4*sgn(x) + 5*a^4*b^6*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(a^2*b^2*e^2))*(b*x + a) - 15*(2*a^4*b^7*c*e^4*sgn(x) + 5*a^5*b^6*d*e^4*sgn(x))/(a^2*b^2*e^2))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(5/2))*b/(e^8*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(17/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(17/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(-24\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 c - 40\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 dx - 88\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} abcx - 280\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 dx^2 - 184\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} b^2 c x^2 + 60\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} b^2 d x^3 + 300\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{b}) / \sqrt{a} \right) a^2 b^2 d x^3 + 120\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{b}) / \sqrt{a} b^2 c x^3 + 163\sqrt{b} a b d x^3 + 40\sqrt{b} b^2 c x^3}{(60e^9 x^3)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(17/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*(-24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*c - 40*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*d*x - 88*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b*c*x - 280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b*d*x**2 - 184*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 60*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**2*d*x**3 + 300*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*d*x**3 + 120*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a+b*x)+sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**3 + 163*sqrt(b)*a*b*d*x**3 + 40*sqrt(b)*b**2*c*x**3)/(60*e**9*x**3)`

3.328
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2501
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2501
Rubi [A] (verified)	2502
Maple [A] (verified)	2505
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2506
Sympy [F(-1)]	2506
Maxima [F]	2507
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2507
Mupad [F(-1)]	2508
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2508

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5e^6(ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{22abd\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{15e^7(ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{46b^2d\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{15e^8(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7a(ex)^{21/2}} + \frac{2b^{5/2}d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{e^{19/2}}$$

```
output -2/5*a^2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^6/(e*x)^(7/2)-22/15*a*b*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^7/(e*x)^(5/2)-46/15*b^2*d*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/e^8/(e*x)^(3/2)-2/7*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a/(e*x)^(21/2)+2*b^(5/2)*d*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(19/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}\left(\sqrt{a+bx}(15b^3cx^3+3a^3(5c+7dx))+a^2bx(45c+77dx)+ab^2x^2(45c+161dx)\right)+105ab^5}{105ae^9x^4\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(19/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*b^3*c*x^3 + 3*a^3*(5*c + 7*d*x) + a^2*b*x*(45*c + 77*d*x) + a*b^2*x^2*(45*c + 161*d*x)) + 105*a*b^(5/2)*d*x^(7/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]])/(105*a*e^9*x^4*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1926, 1926, 1926, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{17/2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7a(ex)^{21/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{11/2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{15/2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7a(ex)^{21/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1926} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{15/2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{7a(ex)^{21/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1926}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}}}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{15/2}} \right) - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7a(ex)^{21/2}}$$

1937

$$d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}}}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{15/2}} \right) - \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7a(ex)^{21/2}}$$

1935

$$d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2b\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}}}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{15/2}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7a(ex)^{21/2}}$$

219

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{e(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{e^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}{3e(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{2(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{5e(ex)^{15/2}} \right)}{e} \\
 \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{7a(ex)^{21/2}}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(19/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(7*a*(e*x)^(21/2)) + (d*((-2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(5*e*(e*x)^(15/2)) + (b*((-2*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2))/(3*e*(e*x)^(9/2)) + (b*((-2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(e*(e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*sqrt[b]*sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(e^3*sqrt[x])))/e^3))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1926 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*p*((n - j)/(c^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegerSQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m + j*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]`

rule 1944 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(161ab^2dx^3+15b^3cx^3+77a^2bdx^2+45ab^2cx^2+21a^3dx+45a^2bcx+15ca^3)\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}{105x^4ae^9\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{b^3d\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)\sqrt{be}e^9x(bx+a)}{\sqrt{be}e^9x(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-105\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)ab^3dex^4+322ab^2dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+30b^3cx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+154a^2bdx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+154a^2bdx\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+154a^2bd\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}\right)}{105x^8(bx+a)^2e^9a\sqrt{ex}}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/105*(161*a*b^2*d*x^3+15*b^3*c*x^3+77*a^2*b*d*x^2+45*a*b^2*c*x^2+21*a^3*
d*x+45*a^2*b*c*x+15*a^3*c)/x^4/a/e^9*(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+b^3*d
*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/e^9*(x^
2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x/(b*x+a)*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \left[\frac{105 ab^2 dex^5 \sqrt{\frac{b}{e}} \log\left(\frac{2bx^2 + ax + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{\frac{b}{e}}}{x}\right) - 2(15a^3c + (15b^3c + 161ab^2d)x^3 + (45ab^2c + 77a^2bd)x^2 + 3(15a^2bc + 7a^3d)x) \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \sqrt{ex}}{(ex)^{19/2}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/105*(105*a*b^2*d*e*x^5*sqrt(b/e)*log((2*b*x^2 + a*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*
x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(b/e))/x) - 2*(15*a^3*c + (15*b^3*c + 161*a*b^2*d)*x^3
+ (45*a*b^2*c + 77*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 3*(15*a^2*b*c + 7*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 +
a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(a*e^10*x^5), -2/105*(105*a*b^2*d*e*x^5*sqrt(-b/e)*arct
an(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(-b/e)/(b*x^2 + a*x)) + (15*a^3*c + (
15*b^3*c + 161*a*b^2*d)*x^3 + (45*a*b^2*c + 77*a^2*b*d)*x^2 + 3*(15*a^2*b*
c + 7*a^3*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(a*e^10*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(19/2),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(19/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(\frac{105 d \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)be-abe}\right|\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{beb}} - \frac{\left(105 a^3 b^2 d e^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \left(350 a^2 b^2 d e^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \left(406 a b^2 d e^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{(15 a^2 b^4 c e^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x))}{((bx+a)be-abe)^{7/2}}\right)\right)\right)}{105 e^9 |b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/105*(105*d*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b) - (105*a^3*b^2*d*e^3*sgn(x) - (350*a^2*b^2*d*e^3*sgn(x) - (406*a*b^2*d*e^3*sgn(x) - (15*a^2*b^4*c*e^3*sgn(x) + 161*a^3*b^3*d*e^3*sgn(x))*(b*x + a)/(a^3*b))*(b*x + a))*(b*x + a)*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(7/2))*b^5/(e^9*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(19/2),x)`

output `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(19/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-15\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 c - 21\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 dx - 45\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 bcx - \dots \right)}{(ex)^{19/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(19/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(e)*(-15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*c - 21*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d*x - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*x - 77*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 45*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 - 161*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**3 - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*c*x**3 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**4 + 71*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*d*x**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*b**3*c*x**4)/(105*a*e**10*x**4)`

3.329
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2509
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2509
Rubi [A] (verified)	2510
Maple [A] (verified)	2511
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2512
Sympy [F(-1)]	2512
Maxima [F]	2512
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2513
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2513
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2514

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{9a(ex)^{23/2}} + \frac{2(2bc-9ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{63a^2(ex)^{21/2}}$$

output `-2/9*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a/(e*x)^(23/2)+2/63*(-9*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(21/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(x^2(a+bx))^{7/2}(7ac-2bcx+9adx)}{63a^2(ex)^{23/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(21/2),x]`

output `(-2*e*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(7/2)*(7*a*c - 2*b*c*x + 9*a*d*x))/(63*a^2*(e*x)^(23/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1944, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(2bc - 9ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx}{9ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9a(ex)^{23/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{2(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2} (2bc - 9ad)}{63a^2(ex)^{21/2}} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9a(ex)^{23/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(21/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(9*a*(e*x)^(23/2)) + (2*(2*b*c - 9*a*d)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(63*a^2*(e*x)^(21/2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :-> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(9adx-2cbx+7ac)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63a^2(ex)^{\frac{21}{2}}}$	45
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(9adx-2cbx+7ac)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63a^2(ex)^{\frac{21}{2}}}$	45
default	$-\frac{2(9abd^2x^2-2b^2cx^2+9a^2dx+5abcx+7a^2c)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63\sqrt{ex}e^{10}a^2x^9}$	67
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(9x^4ab^3d-2x^4b^4c+27a^2b^2dx^3+ab^3cx^3+27a^3bdx^2+15a^2b^2cx^2+9a^4dx+19a^3bcx+7ca^4)}{63e^{10}x^5\sqrt{ex}a^2}$	112

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(21/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/63*x*(b*x+a)*(9*a*d*x-2*b*c*x+7*a*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(21/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx = \frac{2(7a^4c - (2b^4c - 9ab^3d)x^4 + (ab^3c + 27a^2b^2d)x^3 + 3(5a^2b^2c + 9a^3bd)x^2 + (19a^3bc + 9a^4d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{63a^2e^{11}x^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(21/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/63*(7*a^4*c - (2*b^4*c - 9*a*b^3*d)*x^4 + (a*b^3*c + 27*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 3*(5*a^2*b^2*c + 9*a^3*b*d)*x^2 + (19*a^3*b*c + 9*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^2*e^11*x^6)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(21/2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(21/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(21/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx + a)^{7/2} b \left(\frac{(2a^2b^9ce^4\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 9a^3b^8de^4\operatorname{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{9(a^3b^9ce^4\operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^4b^8de^4\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{a^4} \right)}{63((bx + a)be - abe)^{9/2} e^{10}|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(21/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/63*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b*((2*a^2*b^9*c*e^4*sgn(x) - 9*a^3*b^8*d*e^4*sgn(x))*(b*x + a)/a^4 - 9*(a^3*b^9*c*e^4*sgn(x) - a^4*b^8*d*e^4*sgn(x))/a^4)/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(9/2)*e^10*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2a^2c}{9e^{10}} + \frac{2bx^2(9ad+5bc)}{21e^{10}} + \frac{x(18da^4+38bca^3)}{63a^2e^{10}} - \frac{x^4(4b^4c-18ab^3d)}{63a^2e^{10}} + \frac{2b^2x^3(27ad+bc)}{63ae^{10}} \right)}{x^5 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(21/2),x)`

output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*a^2*c)/(9*e^10) + (2*b*x^2*(9*a*d + 5*b*c))/(21*e^10) + (x*(18*a^4*d + 38*a^3*b*c))/(63*a^2*e^10) - (x^4*(4*b^4*c - 18*a*b^3*d))/(63*a^2*e^10) + (2*b^2*x^3*(27*a*d + b*c))/(63*a*e^10))/(x^5*(e*x)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-7\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4c - 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4dx - 19\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bcx - 27\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3d^2x^2 - 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2c^2x^2 - 27\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2d^2x^3 - \sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3c^3x^3 - 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3d^3x^4 + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4c^4x^4 - 5\sqrt{bx+a}b^4d^4x^5 - 2\sqrt{b}b^4c^5x^5 \right)}{63a^2e^{11}x^5}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(21/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*(- 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*c - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*d*x - 19*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*x - 27*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d*x**2 - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 27*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 - 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d*x**4 + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*c*x**4 - 5*sqrt(b)*a*b**3*d*x**5 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**4*c*x**5))/(63*a**2*e**11*x**5)`

3.330
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2515
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2515
Rubi [A] (verified)	2516
Maple [A] (verified)	2518
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2518
Sympy [F(-1)]	2519
Maxima [F]	2519
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2519
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2520
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2520

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{11a(ex)^{25/2}} + \frac{2(4bc-11ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{99a^2(ex)^{23/2}} - \frac{4b(4bc-11ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{693a^3e(ex)^{21/2}}$$

output `-2/11*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a/(e*x)^(25/2)+2/99*(-11*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(23/2)-4/693*b*(-11*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a^3/e/(e*x)^(21/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(x^2(a+bx))^{7/2}(8b^2cx^2+7a^2(9c+11dx)-2abx(14c+11dx))}{693a^3(ex)^{25/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(23/2),x]`

output `(-2*e*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(7/2)*(8*b^2*c*x^2 + 7*a^2*(9*c + 11*d*x) - 2*a*b*x*(14*c + 11*d*x)))/(693*a^3*(e*x)^(25/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1944, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & -\frac{(4bc - 11ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx}{11ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11a(ex)^{25/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & -\frac{(4bc - 11ad) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx}{9ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9a(ex)^{23/2}} \right)}{11ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11a(ex)^{25/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 & -\frac{(4bc - 11ad) \left(\frac{4b(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{63a^2(ex)^{21/2}} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{9a(ex)^{23/2}} \right)}{11ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11a(ex)^{25/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(23/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(11*a*(e*x)^{(25/2)}) - ((4*b*c - 11*a*d)*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(9*a*(e*x)^{(23/2)}) + (4*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^{(7/2)})/(63*a^2*(e*x)^{(21/2)})))/(11*a*e)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
  n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
  + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))] I
  nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
  p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
  /(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
  (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
  + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
  *c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
  j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
  + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
  ] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
  GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
  , 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-22abd^2x^2+8b^2cx^2+77a^2dx-28abcx+63a^2c)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693a^3(ex)^{\frac{23}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-22abd^2x^2+8b^2cx^2+77a^2dx-28abcx+63a^2c)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693a^3(ex)^{\frac{23}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2(-22ab^2dx^3+8b^3cx^3+55a^2bdx^2-20ab^2cx^2+77a^3dx+35a^2bcx+63ca^3)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693\sqrt{ex}e^{11a^3x^{10}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(-22ab^4dx^5+8b^5cx^5+11x^4a^2b^3d-4x^4ab^4c+165a^3b^2dx^3+3a^2b^3cx^3+209a^4bdx^2+113a^3b^2cx^2+77a^5dx+161a^6)}{693e^{11x^6}\sqrt{ex}a^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(23/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/693*x*(b*x+a)*(-22*a*b*d*x^2+8*b^2*c*x^2+77*a^2*d*x-28*a*b*c*x+63*a^2*c)*
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^3/(e*x)^(23/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(63a^5c+2(4b^5c-11ab^4d)x^5-(4ab^4c-11a^2b^3d)x^4+3(a^2b^3c+55a^3b^2d)x^3+(113a^3b^2c+209a^4bd)x^2+7*(23a^4b^3c+11a^5d)*x)*\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{693a^3e^{12}x^7}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(23/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/693*(63*a^5*c + 2*(4*b^5*c - 11*a*b^4*d)*x^5 - (4*a*b^4*c - 11*a^2*b^3*d)*
x^4 + 3*(a^2*b^3*c + 55*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + (113*a^3*b^2*c + 209*a^4*b*d)*
x^2 + 7*(23*a^4*b^3*c + 11*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^3*e^12
*x^7)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(23/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(23/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(23/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx + a)^{7/2} \left((bx + a) \left(\frac{2(4a^2b^5ce^5\text{sgn}(x) - 11a^3b^4de^5\text{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{11(4a^3b^5ce^5\text{sgn}(x) - 11a^4b^4de^5\text{sgn}(x))}{a^5} \right) + \frac{99(a^4b^5ce^5\text{sgn}(x) - 11a^3b^4de^5\text{sgn}(x))}{a^5} \right)}{693((bx + a)be - abe)^{1/2} e^{11}|b|}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(23/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2/693*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*((b*x + a)*(2*(4*a^2*b^5*c*e^5*sgn(x) - 11*a^3*b^4*d*e^5*sgn(x))*(b*x + a)/a^5 - 11*(4*a^3*b^5*c*e^5*sgn(x) - 11*a^4*b^4*d*e^5*sgn(x))/a^5) + 99*(a^4*b^5*c*e^5*sgn(x) - a^5*b^4*d*e^5*sgn(x))/a^5)*b^7/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(11/2)*e^11*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2a^2c}{11e^{11}} + \frac{2bx^2(209ad + 113bc)}{693e^{11}} + \frac{x(154da^5 + 322bca^4)}{693a^3e^{11}} + \frac{x^5(16b^5c - 44ab^4d)}{693a^3e^{11}} + \frac{2b^3x^4(11ad - 4bc)}{693a^2e^{11}} + \frac{2b^2x^3}{231a^2e^{11}} \right)}{x^6 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input

```
int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(23/2), x)
```

output

```
-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*a^2*c)/(11*e^11) + (2*b*x^2*(209*a*d + 113*b*c))/(693*e^11) + (x*(154*a^5*d + 322*a^4*b*c))/(693*a^3*e^11) + (x^5*(16*b^5*c - 44*a*b^4*d))/(693*a^3*e^11) + (2*b^3*x^4*(11*a*d - 4*b*c))/(693*a^2*e^11) + (2*b^2*x^3*(55*a*d + b*c))/(231*a*e^11)))/(x^6*(e*x)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-63\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^5 c - 77\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^5 dx - 161\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} a^4 bc \right)}{(ex)^{23/2}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(23/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*( - 63*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*c - 77*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a**5*d*x - 161*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*c*x - 209*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)
)*a**4*b*d*x**2 - 113*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*c*x**2 - 165*sqrt(x)
*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**3
- 11*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b
**4*c*x**4 + 22*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*d*x**5 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b
*x)*b**5*c*x**5 - 22*sqrt(b)*a*b**4*d*x**6 + 8*sqrt(b)*b**5*c*x**6))/(693*
a**3*e**12*x**6)
```

3.331
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2522
Rubi [A] (verified)	2523
Maple [A] (verified)	2525
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2526
Sympy [F(-1)]	2526
Maxima [F]	2526
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2527
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2527
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2528

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13a(ex)^{27/2}} + \frac{2(6bc-13ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{143a^2(ex)^{25/2}} - \frac{8b(6bc-13ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{1287a^3e(ex)^{23/2}} + \frac{16b^2(6bc-13ad)(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{9009a^4e^2(ex)^{21/2}}$$

output

```
-2/13*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a/(e*x)^(27/2)+2/143*(-13*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(25/2)-8/1287*b*(-13*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a^3/e/(e*x)^(23/2)+16/9009*b^2*(-13*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(7/2)/a^4/e^2/(e*x)^(21/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx = \frac{2x(a+bx)(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}(693a^3c-378a^2bcx+819a^3dx+168ab^2cx^2-364a^2bdx^2-48b^3cx^3+104ab^2x^4)}{9009a^4(ex)^{25/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(25/2),x]`

output `(-2*x*(a + b*x)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(5/2)*(693*a^3*c - 378*a^2*b*c*x + 819*a^3*d*x + 168*a*b^2*c*x^2 - 364*a^2*b*d*x^2 - 48*b^3*c*x^3 + 104*a*b^2*d*x^3)/(9009*a^4*(e*x)^(25/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1944, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\
 & -\frac{(6bc - 13ad) \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{23/2}} dx}{13ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13a(ex)^{27/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & -\frac{(6bc - 13ad) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{21/2}} dx}{11ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{11a(ex)^{25/2}} \right)}{13ae} - \frac{2ce(ax^2 + bx^3)^{7/2}}{13a(ex)^{27/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (6bc - 13ad) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{19/2}} dx}{9ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{9a(ex)^{23/2}} \right)}{11ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{11a(ex)^{25/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{13ae}{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}} \\
 \frac{13a(ex)^{27/2}}{13a(ex)^{27/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{1920} \\
 (6bc - 13ad) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{63a^2(ex)^{21/2}} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{9a(ex)^{23/2}} \right)}{11ae} - \frac{2e(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{11a(ex)^{25/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{13ae}{13ae} \qquad \frac{2ce(ax^2+bx^3)^{7/2}}{13a(ex)^{27/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2))/(e*x)^(25/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(13*a*(e*x)^(27/2)) - ((6*b*c - 13*a*d)*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(11*a*(e*x)^(25/2)) - (4*b*((-2*e*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(9*a*(e*x)^(23/2)) + (4*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(7/2))/(63*a^2*(e*x)^(21/2))))/(11*a*e))/(13*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] -
Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*
(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*
(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(104ab^2dx^3-48b^3cx^3-364a^2bdx^2+168ab^2cx^2+819a^3dx-378a^2bcx+693ca^3)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009a^4(ex)^{\frac{25}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(104ab^2dx^3-48b^3cx^3-364a^2bdx^2+168ab^2cx^2+819a^3dx-378a^2bcx+693ca^3)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009a^4(ex)^{\frac{25}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2(104x^4ab^3d-48x^4b^4c-260a^2b^2dx^3+120ab^3cx^3+455a^3bdx^2-210a^2b^2cx^2+819a^4dx+315a^3bcx+693ca^4)(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9009\sqrt{ex}e^{12}a^4x^{11}}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}(104ab^5dx^6-48b^6cx^6-52a^2b^4dx^5+24ab^5cx^5+39a^3b^3dx^4-18a^2b^4cx^4+1469a^4b^2dx^3+15a^3b^3cx^3+2093a^5bdx^2-18a^4b^4cx^2+1469a^5bdx-18a^6b^2c)}{9009e^{12}x^7\sqrt{ex}a^4}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(25/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/9009*x*(b*x+a)*(104*a*b^2*d*x^3-48*b^3*c*x^3-364*a^2*b*d*x^2+168*a*b^2*c*x^2+819*a^3*d*x-378*a^2*b*c*x+693*a^3*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(25/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx = \frac{2(693a^6c - 8(6b^6c - 13ab^5d)x^6 + 4(6ab^5c - 13a^2b^4d)x^5 - 3(6a^2b^4c - 13a^3b^3d)x^4 + (15a^3b^3c + 1469a^4b^2d)x^3 + 7(159a^4b^2c + 299a^5b^3d)x^2 + 63(27a^5b^3c + 13a^6b^4d)x + 7a^6b^4d}{9009a^4e^{13}x^8}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(25/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/9009*(693*a^6*c - 8*(6*b^6*c - 13*a*b^5*d)*x^6 + 4*(6*a*b^5*c - 13*a^2*b^4*d)*x^5 - 3*(6*a^2*b^4*c - 13*a^3*b^3*d)*x^4 + (15*a^3*b^3*c + 1469*a^4*b^2*d)*x^3 + 7*(159*a^4*b^2*c + 299*a^5*b^3*d)*x^2 + 63*(27*a^5*b^3*c + 13*a^6*b^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^4*e^13*x^8)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x)**(25/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}(dx + c)}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(25/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)/(e*x)^(25/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((bx + a) \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{2(6a^2b^{13}ce^6\text{sgn}(x) - 13a^3b^{12}de^6\text{sgn}(x))(bx+a)}{a^6} - \frac{13(6a^3b^{13}ce^6\text{sgn}(x))}{a^6} \right) \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(25/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9009*((b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(6*a^2*b^13*c*e^6*sgn(x) - 13*a^3*b^12*d*e^6*sgn(x))*(b*x + a)/a^6 - 13*(6*a^3*b^13*c*e^6*sgn(x) - 13*a^4*b^12*d*e^6*sgn(x))/a^6) + 143*(6*a^4*b^13*c*e^6*sgn(x) - 13*a^5*b^12*d*e^6*sgn(x))/a^6) - 1287*(a^5*b^13*c*e^6*sgn(x) - a^6*b^12*d*e^6*sgn(x))/a^6)*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(13/2)*e^12*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2a^2c}{13e^{12}} + \frac{2bx^2(299ad + 159bc)}{1287e^{12}} + \frac{x(1638da^6 + 3402bca^5)}{9009a^4e^{12}} - \frac{x^6(96b^6c - 208ab^5d)}{9009a^4e^{12}} + \frac{2b^3x^4(13ad - 6bc)}{3003a^2e^{12}} - \frac{8b^6c}{3003a^2e^{12}} \right)}{x^7 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int(((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(e*x)^(25/2),x)`

output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*a^2*c)/(13*e^12) + (2*b*x^2*(299*a*d + 159*b*c))/(1287*e^12) + (x*(1638*a^6*d + 3402*a^5*b*c))/(9009*a^4*e^12) - (x^6*(96*b^6*c - 208*a*b^5*d))/(9009*a^4*e^12) + (2*b^3*x^4*(13*a*d - 6*b*c))/(3003*a^2*e^12) - (8*b^6*c)/(3003*a^2*e^12))/(x^7*(e*x)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}}{(ex)^{25/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-693\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^6c - 819\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^6dx - 1701\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5 \right)}{(ex)^{25/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x)^(25/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(e)*(-693*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**6*c - 819*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**6*d*x - 1701*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**5*b*c*x - 2093*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**5*b*d*x**2 - 1113*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**4*b**2*c*x**2 - 1469*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**4*b**2*d*x**3 - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**3*b**3*c*x**3 - 39*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**3*b**3*d*x**4 + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**4*c*x**4 + 52*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**4*d*x**5 - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**5*c*x**5 - 104*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**5*d*x**6 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**6*c*x**6 + 104*sqrt(b)*a*b**5*d*x**7 - 48*sqrt(b)*b**6*c*x**7)/(9009*a**4*e**13*x**7)`

3.332 $\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2529
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2530
Rubi [A] (verified)	2530
Maple [A] (verified)	2534
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2534
Sympy [F]	2535
Maxima [F]	2535
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2536
Mupad [F(-1)]	2536
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2537

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{5a^2(8bc-7ad)e^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{64b^4\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{5a(8bc-7ad)e^3\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{96b^3} + \frac{(8bc-7ad)e^2(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{24b^2} + \frac{de(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4b} - \frac{5a^3(8bc-7ad)e^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{64b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
5/64*a^2*(-7*a*d+8*b*c)*e^4*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^4/(e*x)^(1/2)-5/96*a*(-7
*a*d+8*b*c)*e^3*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/24*(-7*a*d+8*b*c)*e^
2*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/4*d*e*(e*x)^(5/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1
/2)/b-5/64*a^3*(-7*a*d+8*b*c)*e^(7/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{e^3 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{ex} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} (a + bx) (-105a^3d + 16b^3x^2(4c + 3dx) - 8ab^2x(10c + 7dx) + 10a^2b(12c + 7dx)) + 240a^3b^2c \sqrt{a + bx} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + bx}} \right] + 210a^4d \sqrt{a + bx} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx}} \right] \right)}{(192b^{9/2} \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]
```

output

```
(e^3*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[e*x]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)*(-105*a^3*d + 16*b^3*x^2*(4*c + 3*d*x) - 8*a*b^2*x*(10*c + 7*d*x) + 10*a^2*b*(12*c + 7*d*x)) + 240*a^3*b^2*c*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 210*a^4*d*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(192*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1945, 1930, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(8bc - 7ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{8b} + \frac{de(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b}$$

↓ 1930

$$\frac{(8bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{e^2(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{6b} \right)}{8b} + \frac{de(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b}$$

↓ 1930

$$(8bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

$$\frac{de(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} +$$

1930

$$(8bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

$$\frac{de(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} +$$

1937

$$(8bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

$$\frac{de(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} +$$

1935

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left((8bc - 7ad) \frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) \\
 & \frac{de(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \left((8bc - 7ad) \frac{e^2 (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} - \frac{5ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2} \sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) \\
 & \frac{de(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{4b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3], x]`

output `(d*e*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(4*b) + ((8*b*c - 7*a*d)*((e^2*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) - (5*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*b)))/(6*b))/(8*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-48b^3dx^3+56ab^2dx^2-64b^3cx^2-70a^2bdx+80ab^2cx+105a^3d-120ca^2b)x^2(bx+a)e^4}{192b^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{5a^3(7ad-8bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x\right)}{128b^4\sqrt{be}\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}}$
default	$-\frac{x(bx+a)e^3\sqrt{ex}\left(-96b^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}+112ab^2dx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-128b^3cx^2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-105\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)\right)}{192b^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$

input `int((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/192*(-48*b^3*d*x^3+56*a*b^2*d*x^2-64*b^3*c*x^2-70*a^2*b*d*x+80*a*b^2*c*x+105*a^3*d-120*a^2*b*c)*x^2*(b*x+a)/b^4*e^4/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+5/128*a^3*(7*a*d-8*b*c)/b^4*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)*e^4/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*x*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(8a^3bc-7a^4d)e^3x\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}\log\left(\frac{2be^2+ae+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{x}\right) - 2(48b^3de^3x^3 + \dots)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(8*a^3*b*c - 7*a^4*d)*e^3*x*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x +
2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(48*b^3*d*e^3*x^3 + 8
*(8*b^3*c - 7*a*b^2*d)*e^3*x^2 - 10*(8*a*b^2*c - 7*a^2*b*d)*e^3*x + 15*(8*
a^2*b*c - 7*a^3*d)*e^3)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^4*x), 1/192*(15*
(8*a^3*b*c - 7*a^4*d)*e^3*x*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x
)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (48*b^3*d*e^3*x^3 + 8*(8*b^3*c - 7*a*b
^2*d)*e^3*x^2 - 10*(8*a*b^2*c - 7*a^2*b*d)*e^3*x + 15*(8*a^2*b*c - 7*a^3*d
)*e^3)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^4*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((e*x)**(7/2)*(c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(7/2)/sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}\left(2\left(4ex\left(\frac{6dx}{be}+\frac{8b^6ce^2-7ab^5de^2}{b^7e^3}\right)-\frac{5(8ab^5ce^3-7a^2b^4de^3)}{b^7e^3}\right)\right)ex+\frac{15(8a^2b^4ce^3-7a^3b^3de^3)}{b^7e^3}\right)}{192|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{5(8a^3bce^5\log(e^2|a|)-7a^4de^5\log(e^2|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{128\sqrt{beb^4}|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*(2*(4*e*x*(6*d*x/(b*e) + (8*b^6*c*e^2 - 7*a*b^5*d*e^2)/(b^7*e^3)) - 5*(8*a*b^5*c*e^3 - 7*a^2*b^4*d*e^3)/(b^7*e^3))*e*x + 15*(8*a^2*b^4*c*e^4 - 7*a^3*b^3*d*e^4)/(b^7*e^3))*sqrt(e*x) + 15*(8*a^3*b*c*e^3 - 7*a^4*d*e^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4)*e^2/(abs(e)*sgn(x)) - 5/128*(8*a^3*b*c*e^5*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 7*a^4*d*e^5*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4*abs(e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} e^3 \left(-105\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^3bd + 120\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2b^2c + 70\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2b^2dx - 80\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^3b^2d + 56\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2b^2c^2 + 64\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^3b^2d^2 + 48\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2b^2c^2d + 105\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4d - 120\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3bc \right)}{192b^5}$$

input `int((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*e**3*(- 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d + 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x - 80*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*d*x**3 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4*d - 120*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c))/(192*b**5)`

3.333 $\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2538
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2539
Rubi [A] (verified)	2539
Maple [A] (verified)	2542
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2542
Sympy [F]	2543
Maxima [F]	2543
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2544
Mupad [F(-1)]	2544
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2545

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{a(6bc-5ad)e^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{8b^3\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{(6bc-5ad)e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{12b^2} + \frac{de(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} + \frac{a^2(6bc-5ad)e^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{8b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*a*(-5*a*d+6*b*c)*e^3*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/12*(-5*a*d+6*b*c)*e^2*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/3*d*e*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b+1/8*a^2*(-5*a*d+6*b*c)*e^(5/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{(ex)^{5/2} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)(15a^2d+4b^2x(3c+2dx)) - 2ab(9c+5dx) \right) + 6a^2(-6bc + 24b^{7/2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}{24b^{7/2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `((e*x)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)*(15*a^2*d + 4*b^2*x*(3*c + 2*d*x) - 2*a*b*(9*c + 5*d*x)) + 6*a^2*(-6*b*c + 5*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(24*b^(7/2)*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1945, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1945 \\ & \frac{(6bc-5ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{6b} + \frac{de(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1930 \\ & \frac{(6bc-5ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1930 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(6bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1937} \\
 & \frac{(6bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1935} \\
 & \frac{(6bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{(6bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2} \sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{de(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]
```

output

```
(d*e*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*b) + ((6*b*c - 5*a*d)*((e^2*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*b)))/(6*b)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8b^2dx^2-10abdx+12b^2cx+15a^2d-18abc)x^2(bx+a)e^3}{24b^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{a^2(5ad-6bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)e^3x\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{16b^3\sqrt{be}\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{x(bx+a)e^2\sqrt{ex}\left(16b^2dx^2\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}-15\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^3de+18\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2bce-20\sqrt{48\sqrt{b^3x^3+ax^2}b^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}\right)}{48\sqrt{b^3x^3+ax^2}b^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}}$

input `int((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{24} \cdot \frac{(8b^2dx^2-10abdx+12b^2cx+15a^2d-18abc)x^2(bx+a)}{b^3} \cdot \frac{e^3}{(x^2(bx+a))^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{(e*x)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{16} \cdot \frac{a^2(5ad-6bc)}{b^3} \cdot \frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}ae+be\right)}{(b*e)^{1/2}} + \frac{(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^{1/2}}{(b*e)^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{e^3}{(x^2(bx+a))^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{(e*x)^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \left[\frac{3(6a^2bc-5a^3d)e^2x\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}} \log\left(\frac{2be^2x^2+ae^2x-2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{x}\right) - 2(8b^2de^2x^2+2(6b^2c-5abd)e^2x-3(6abc-5a^2d))\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{48b^3x} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(6a^2bc-5a^3d)e^2x\sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}}}{be^2x^2+ae^2x}\right) - (8b^2de^2x^2+2(6b^2c-5abd)e^2x-3(6abc-5a^2d))\sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}}}{24b^3x} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(6*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*e^2*x*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x - 2
*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(8*b^2*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*(6
*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d)*e^2*x - 3*(6*a*b*c - 5*a^2*d)*e^2)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*s
qrt(e*x))/(b^3*x), -1/24*(3*(6*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*e^2*x*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(
sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (8*b^2*d*e
^2*x^2 + 2*(6*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d)*e^2*x - 3*(6*a*b*c - 5*a^2*d)*e^2)*sqrt(b*x
^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^3*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((e*x)**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(5/2)/sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}\left(2ex\left(\frac{4dx}{be} + \frac{6b^4ce^2-5ab^3de^2}{b^5e^3}\right) - \frac{3(6ab^3ce^3-5a^2b^2de^3)}{b^5e^3}\right)\sqrt{ex} - \frac{3(6a^2bce^2-5a^3de^4)}{b^5e^3}\right)}{24|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(6a^2bce^4 \log(e^2|a|) - 5a^3de^4 \log(e^2|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{16\sqrt{beb^3}|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*(2*e*x*(4*d*x/(b*e) + (6*b^4*c*e^2 - 5*a*b^3*d*e^2)/(b^5*e^3)) - 3*(6*a*b^3*c*e^3 - 5*a^2*b^2*d*e^3)/(b^5*e^3))*sqrt(e*x) - 3*(6*a^2*b*c*e^2 - 5*a^3*d*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3))*e^2/(abs(e)*sgn(x)) + 1/16*(6*a^2*b*c*e^4*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 5*a^3*d*e^4*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3*abs(e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}e^2 \left(15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bd - 18\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2c - 10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2dx + 12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2c \right)}{24b^2}$$

input `int((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*e**2*(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d - 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*c*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*d*x**2 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*d + 18*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c))/(24*b**4)`

3.334 $\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2546
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2546
Rubi [A] (verified)	2547
Maple [A] (verified)	2549
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2549
Sympy [F]	2550
Maxima [F]	2550
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2551
Mupad [F(-1)]	2551
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2552

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{(4bc-3ad)e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4b^2\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{a(4bc-3ad)e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}}$$

output $1/4*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*e^2*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/2*d*e*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b-1/4*a*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*e^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{(ex)^{3/2} \left(\sqrt{b}(a+bx)(4bc-3ad+2bdx) + \frac{2a(-4bc+3ad)\sqrt{a+bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b^{5/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output

```
((e*x)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[b]*(a + b*x)*(4*b*c - 3*a*d + 2*b*d*x) + (2*a*(-4*b*c +
3*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])
])/Sqrt[x]))/(4*b^(5/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1945, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

↓ 1945

$$\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b}$$

↓ 1930

$$\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b}$$

↓ 1937

$$\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b}$$

↓ 1935

$$\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{e^{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{de\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3],x]`

output `(d*e*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*b) + ((4*b*c - 3*a*d)*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x]))/(4*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1930 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n-1)*(c*x)^(m-n+1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n-j)*((m+j*p-n+j+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m-(n-j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[m+j*p-n+j+1, 0] && NeQ[m+n*p+1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n-j) Subst[Int[1/(1-a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2-1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p+1/2] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m+j*p+1], 0]`

rule 1945

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*
p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*
x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p},
x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p
*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2bdx+3ad-4bc)x^2(bx+a)e^2}{4b^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a(3ad-4bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}}+\sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)}{8b^2\sqrt{be}\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}e^2x\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}$
default	$-\frac{x(bx+a)e\sqrt{ex}\left(-4\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}bdx-3\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2de+4\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)abce+6\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\right)}{8\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}b^2\sqrt{be}}$

input

```
int((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(-2*b*d*x+3*a*d-4*b*c)*x^2*(b*x+a)/b^2*e^2/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(
(1/2))+1/8*a*(3*a*d-4*b*c)/b^2*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*
x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)*e^2/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*x*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(
(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \left[\frac{(4abc - 3a^2d)ex\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}\log\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right) - 2(2bdex + (4bc - 3a^2d)x)}{8b^2x} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*((4*a*b*c - 3*a^2*d)*e*x*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(2*b*d*e*x + (4*b*c - 3*a*d)*e)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^2*x), 1/4*((4*a*b*c - 3*a^2*d)*e*x*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (2*b*d*e*x + (4*b*c - 3*a*d)*e)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^2*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((e*x)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{1}{8} e \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2} \sqrt{ex} \left(\frac{2dx}{be^2} + \frac{4b^2ce^3-3abde^3}{b^3e^5} \right) + \frac{(4abc-3a^2d) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}+\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}}{\sqrt{beb^2}}\right)}{|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)}{|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*e*(2*(sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x)*(2*d*x/(b*e^2) + (4*b^2*c*e^3 - 3*a*b*d*e^3)/(b^3*e^5)) + (4*a*b*c - 3*a^2*d)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2))*e^2/(abs(e)*sgn(x)) - (4*a*b*c*e^2*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 3*a^2*d*e^2*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2*abs(e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}e\left(-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abd + 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2c + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2dx + 3\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right)\right)}{4b^3}$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*e*(- 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*c + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*d - 4*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*c))/(4*b**3)`

3.335 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2553
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2553
Rubi [A] (verified)	2554
Maple [A] (verified)	2556
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2556
Sympy [F]	2557
Maxima [F]	2557
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2557
Mupad [F(-1)]	2558
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2558

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{de\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{(2bc-ad)\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
d*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b/(e*x)^(1/2)+(-a*d+2*b*c)*e^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)
*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ex}\left(\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{x}(a+bx) + 2(2bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a+\sqrt{a+bx}}}\right)\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[e*x]*(c+d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2+b*x^3],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[e*x]*(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x) + 2*(2*b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[a +
b*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])]))/(b^(3/2)*Sqr
t[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1945, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1945} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{de\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1937} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ex}(2bc - ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{de\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1935} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ex}(2bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{de\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right) (2bc - ad)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} + \frac{de\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[e*x]*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3], x]
```

output $(d*e*\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3})/(b*\sqrt{e*x}) + ((2*b*c - a*d)*\sqrt{e*x}*\text{ArcTanh}(\sqrt{b}*x^{(3/2)})/\sqrt{a*x^2 + b*x^3})/(b^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{x})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1935 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)} / \sqrt{(a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/(n - j) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^{(j/2)}/\sqrt{a*x^j + b*x^n}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, j, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, j/2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j]$

rule 1937 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]}*((c*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \ \text{Int}[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + j*p + 1], 0]$

rule 1945 $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(jn_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*e^{(j - 1)}*(e*x)^{(m - j + 1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^{(j + n)})^{(p + 1)}/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j + n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j + n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[j])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{dx^2(bx+a)e}{b\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{(ad-2bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)ex\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{2b\sqrt{be}\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$	108
default	$\frac{x(bx+a)\sqrt{ex}\left(-\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)ade+2\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)bce+2\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}d\right)}{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}b\sqrt{be}}$	142

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{d/b*x^2*(b*x+a)*e/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*d-2*b*c)/b*\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}*a*e+b*e*x\right)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2)/(b*e)^(1/2)*e/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*x*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(2bc-ad)x\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}\log\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{x}\right) - 2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exd}}{2bx}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{(2bc-ad)x\sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{-\frac{e}{b}}}{be+ae}\right) - \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exd}}{bx} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*((2*b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a
*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*d)/(b*x)
, -((2*b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt
(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*d)/(b*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(e*x)*(c + d*x)/sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*sqrt(e*x)/sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{e^2 \left(\frac{(2bc-ad) \log\left(\left| \frac{-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}}{\sqrt{beb}} \right| \right) - \frac{\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}\sqrt{exd}}{be^2}}{e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)}{2\sqrt{beb}|e|} + \frac{(2bce^2 \log(e^2|a|) - ade^2 \log(e^2|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2\sqrt{beb}|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-e^2*((2*b*c - a*d)*\log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{b*e})\sqrt{e*x} + \sqrt{b*e^2*x + a*e^2}))/(\sqrt{b*e}*b) - \sqrt{b*e^2*x + a*e^2}*\sqrt{e*x}*d/(b*e^2))/(\text{abs}(e)*\text{sgn}(x)) + 1/2*(2*b*c*e^2*\log(e^2*\text{abs}(a)) - a*d*e^2*\log(e^2*\text{abs}(a)))*\text{sgn}(x)/(\sqrt{b*e}*b*\text{abs}(e))$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} bd - \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) ad + 2\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) bc \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output
$$(\sqrt{e}*(\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a + b*x})*b*d - \sqrt{b}*\log((\sqrt{a + b*x} + \sqrt{x})*\sqrt{b}))/\sqrt{a})*a*d + 2*\sqrt{b}*\log((\sqrt{a + b*x} + \sqrt{x})*\sqrt{b}))/\sqrt{a})*b*c)/b**2$$

3.336 $\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2559
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2559
Rubi [A] (verified)	2560
Maple [A] (verified)	2561
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2562
Sympy [F]	2562
Maxima [F]	2563
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2563
Mupad [F(-1)]	2564
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2564

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{a(ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-2*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/(e*x)^(3/2)+2*d*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2\left(\sqrt{b}cx(a+bx) + adx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+bx}\right)\right)}{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(Sqrt[b]*c*x*(a + b*x) + a*d*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]])/(a*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1944, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{a(ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1937} \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{a(ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1935} \\
 & \frac{2d\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{e\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{a(ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2d\sqrt{ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{be}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{a(ex)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a*(e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*d*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(Sqrt[b]*e*Sqrt[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2c(bx+a)x}{a\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be x^2+ae}\right) x \sqrt{ex(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{be} \sqrt{x^2(bx+a)} \sqrt{ex}}$	94
default	$-\frac{x(bx+a) \left(-\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right) adex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}c \right)}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} a\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ex(bx+a)} \sqrt{be}}$	104

input `int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2*c/a*(b*x+a)/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*x/(e*x)^(1/2)+d*\ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*x*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{be}adx^2 \log\left(\frac{2bea^2x^2 + aex + 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right) - 2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}bc}{abe^2}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(\sqrt{-be}adx^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{-be}\sqrt{ex}}{be^2 + aex}\right) + \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}bc\right)}{abe^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[(\sqrt{b*e})a*d*x^2*\log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{b*e})*\sqrt{e*x})/x) - 2*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}*b*c)/(a*b*e*x^2), -2*(\sqrt{-b*e})a*d*x^2*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{-b*e}*\sqrt{e*x}/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + \sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}*b*c)/(a*b*e*x^2)]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)**(1/2)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(sqrt(e*x)*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{d \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{(bx+a)be-abe} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{beb}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx+ac}}{\sqrt{(bx+a)be-abea}} \right)}{|b|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*b^2*(d*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b) + sqrt(b*x + a)*c/(sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*a)/(abs(b)*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}bc + \sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) adx - \sqrt{b}bcx \right)}{abex}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(e)*(-sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*d*x - sqrt(b)*b*c*x)/(a*b*e*x)`

3.337 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2565
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2565
Rubi [A] (verified)	2566
Maple [A] (verified)	2567
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2567
Sympy [F]	2568
Maxima [F]	2568
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2568
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2569
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2569

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(2bc - 3ad)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/3*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/(e*x)^(5/2)+2/3*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(-2bcx + a(c + 3dx))}{3a^2(ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/((e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `(-2*e*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-2*b*c*x + a*(c + 3*d*x)))/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1944, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(2bc - 3ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}(2bc - 3ad)}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/((e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*(2*b*c - 3*a*d)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :-> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
  n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(3adx-2cbx+ac)}{3a^2(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	44
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(3adx-2cbx+ac)}{3e\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}a^2}$	44
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(3adx-2cbx+ac)}{3a^2(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	44
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(3adx-2cbx+ac)}{3\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}a^2e\sqrt{ex}}$	46

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*x*(b*x+a)*(3*a*d*x-2*b*c*x+a*c)/a^2/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(ac - (2bc - 3ad)x)\sqrt{ex}}{3a^2e^2x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output
$$-2/3*\text{sqrt}(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(a*c - (2*b*c - 3*a*d)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x)/(a^2*e^2*x^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)**(3/2)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/((e*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} (ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + ab^3} \left(\frac{(2bce - 3ade)(bx+a)}{a^2} - \frac{3(abce - a^2de)}{a^2} \right)}{3((bx + a)be - abe)^{3/2} e |b| \text{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3\left(\frac{2b^2c^2e-3a^2d^2e}{a^2}(bx+a)-3\frac{a^2b^2c^2e-a^2d^2e}{a^2}\right)/\left(\frac{bx+a}{e}\right)^{3/2}e^{\text{abs}(b)x}\text{sgn}(x)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\left(\frac{2c}{3ae}+\frac{x(6ad-4bc)}{3a^2e}\right)}{x^2\sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)),x)`

output $-\frac{(a^2x^2+b^2x^3)^{1/2}\left(\frac{2c}{3ae}+\frac{x(6ad-4bc)}{3a^2e}\right)}{x^2(e^x)^{1/2}}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}\left(-\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ac-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}adx+2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}bcx+\sqrt{b}adx^2-\dots\right)}{3a^2e^2x^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $\frac{(2\sqrt{e})\left(-\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}ac-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}adx+2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}bcx+\sqrt{b}adx^2-\dots\right)}{3a^2e^2x^2}$

3.338 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2570
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2570
Rubi [A] (verified)	2571
Maple [A] (verified)	2572
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2573
Sympy [F]	2573
Maxima [F]	2574
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2574
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2574
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2575

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2(4bc - 5ad)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{15a^2(ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{4b(4bc - 5ad)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{15a^3e(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

$$-2/5*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/(e*x)^(7/2)+2/15*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(5/2)-4/15*b*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/e/(e*x)^(3/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}(8b^2cx^2 - 2abx(2c + 5dx) + a^2(3c + 5dx))}{15a^3(ex)^{7/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(c + d*x)/((e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2e\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)})(8b^2cx^2 - 2abx(2c+5dx) + a^2(3c+5dx))}{(15a^3(e^x)^{7/2})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1944, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(4bc-5ad) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$-\frac{(4bc-5ad) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$-\frac{(4bc-5ad) \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c+d*x)/((e*x)^(5/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2+b*x^3]),x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2c*e*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2+b*x^3])}{(5*a*(e*x)^(7/2))} - \frac{((4*b*c-5*a*d)*((-2*e*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2+b*x^3])/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*b*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2+b*x^3])/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2))))}{(5*a*e)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1920 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1922 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1944 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-10abd^2x^2+8b^2cx^2+5a^2dx-4abcx+3a^2c)}{15a^3(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	67
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-10abd^2x^2+8b^2cx^2+5a^2dx-4abcx+3a^2c)}{15a^3(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	67
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-10abd^2x^2+8b^2cx^2+5a^2dx-4abcx+3a^2c)}{15e^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}x\sqrt{ex}a^3}$	70
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-10abd^2x^2+8b^2cx^2+5a^2dx-4abcx+3a^2c)}{15\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}xa^3e^2\sqrt{ex}}$	72

input `int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-2/15*x*(b*x+a)*(-10*a*b*d*x^2+8*b^2*c*x^2+5*a^2*d*x-4*a*b*c*x+3*a^2*c)/a^3}{(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(3a^2c + 2(4b^2c - 5abd)x^2 - (4abc - 5a^2d)x)\sqrt{ex}}{15a^3e^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-2/15*\text{sqrt}(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(3*a^2*c + 2*(4*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d)*x^2 - (4*a*b*c - 5*a^2*d)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x)}{(a^3*e^3*x^4)}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)**(5/2)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/((e*x)**(5/2)*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} (ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left((bx+a) \left(\frac{2(4b^5ce^2 - 5ab^4de^2)(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{5(4ab^5ce^2 - 5a^2b^4de^2)}{a^3} \right) + \frac{15(a^2b^5ce^2 - a^3b^4de^2)}{a^3} \right) b}{15((bx+a)be - abe)^{5/2} e^2 |b| \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*sqrt(b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*(2*(4*b^5*c*e^2 - 5*a*b^4*d*e^2)*(b*x + a)/a^3 - 5*(4*a*b^5*c*e^2 - 5*a^2*b^4*d*e^2)/a^3) + 15*(a^2*b^5*c*e^2 - a^3*b^4*d*e^2)/a^3)*b/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(5/2)*e^2*abs(b)*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2c}{5ae^2} + \frac{x^2(16b^2c - 20abd)}{15a^3e^2} + \frac{x(10a^2d - 8abc)}{15a^3e^2} \right)}{x^3 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)),x)`

output

$$-\left(\frac{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{1/2} \left(\frac{2c}{5ae^2} + \frac{x^2(16b^2c - 20abd)}{15a^3e^2} + \frac{x(10a^2d - 8abc)}{15a^3e^2} \right)}{x^3(e^x)^{1/2}}\right)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2c - 5\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2dx + 4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} abcx + 10\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} abcdx^2 - 8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} b^2cx^2 - 10\sqrt{b} abdx^3 + 8\sqrt{b} b^2cx^3 \right)}{15a^3e^3x^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)$$

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{e} * (-3\sqrt{x} * \sqrt{a + b*x} * a^2*c - 5\sqrt{x} * \sqrt{a + b*x} * a^2*d*x + 4\sqrt{x} * \sqrt{a + b*x} * a*b*c*x + 10\sqrt{x} * \sqrt{a + b*x} * a*b*d*x^2 - 8\sqrt{x} * \sqrt{a + b*x} * b^2*c*x^2 - 10\sqrt{b} * a*b*d*x^3 + 8\sqrt{b} * b^2*c*x^3)) / (15*a^3*e^3*x^3))}{15a^3e^3x^3}$$

3.339 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx$

Optimal result	2576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2576
Rubi [A] (verified)	2577
Maple [A] (verified)	2579
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2579
Sympy [F]	2580
Maxima [F]	2580
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2580
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2581
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2581

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = -\frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{2(6bc-7ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{35a^2(ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{8b(6bc-7ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{105a^3e(ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2(6bc-7ad)\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{105a^4e^2(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*c*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a/(e*x)^(9/2)+2/35*(-7*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/(e*x)^(7/2)-8/105*b*(-7*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/e/(e*x)^(5/2)+16/105*b^2*(-7*a*d+6*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/e^2/(e*x)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}(-48b^3cx^3+8ab^2x^2(3c+7dx)+3a^3(5c+7dx)-2a^2bx(9c+14dx))}{105a^4(ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/((e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `(-2*e*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)]*(-48*b^3*c*x^3 + 8*a*b^2*x^2*(3*c + 7*d*x) + 3*a^3*(5*c + 7*d*x) - 2*a^2*b*x*(9*c + 14*d*x))/(105*a^4*(e*x)^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1944, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\
 & -\frac{(6bc - 7ad) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & -\frac{(6bc - 7ad) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & -\frac{(6bc - 7ad) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1920 \\
 & -\frac{(6bc - 7ad) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/((e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(7*a*(e*x)^(9/2)) - ((6*b*c - 7*a*d)*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*a*(e*x)^(7/2)) - (4*b*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2)))))/(5*a*e))/(7*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1944 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(56ab^2dx^3-48b^3cx^3-28a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+21a^3dx-18a^2bcx+15ca^3)}{105a^4(ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	91
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(56ab^2dx^3-48b^3cx^3-28a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+21a^3dx-18a^2bcx+15ca^3)}{105a^4(ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}$	91
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(56ab^2dx^3-48b^3cx^3-28a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+21a^3dx-18a^2bcx+15ca^3)}{105e^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}x^2\sqrt{ex}a^4}$	94
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(56ab^2dx^3-48b^3cx^3-28a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+21a^3dx-18a^2bcx+15ca^3)}{105\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}x^2a^4e^3\sqrt{ex}}$	96

input `int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(7/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/105*x*(b*x+a)*(56*a*b^2*d*x^3-48*b^3*c*x^3-28*a^2*b*d*x^2+24*a*b^2*c*x^2+21*a^3*d*x-18*a^2*b*c*x+15*a^3*c)/a^4/(e*x)^(7/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} dx = \frac{2(15a^3c-8(6b^3c-7ab^2d)x^3+4(6ab^2c-7a^2bd)x^2-3(6a^2bc-7a^3d)x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{105a^4e^4x^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(7/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/105*(15*a^3*c-8*(6*b^3*c-7*a*b^2*d)*x^3+4*(6*a*b^2*c-7*a^2*b*d)*x^2-3*(6*a^2*b*c-7*a^3*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3+a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}/(a^4*e^4*x^5)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)**(7/2)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/((e*x)**(7/2)*sqrt(x**2*(a + b*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} (ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(7/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(e*x)^(7/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2 \left((bx + a) \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{2(6b^3ce^3 - 7ab^2de^3)(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{7(6ab^3ce^3 - 7a^2b^2de^3)}{a^4} \right) + \frac{35(6a^2b^3c}{105((bx+a)be - abe)^{7/2}e^3|b|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)}{105((bx+a)be - abe)^{7/2}e^3|b|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)}{105((bx+a)be - abe)^{7/2}e^3|b|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(7/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*((b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(6*b^3*c*e^3 - 7*a*b^2*d*e^3)*(b*x + a)/a^4 - 7*(6*a*b^3*c*e^3 - 7*a^2*b^2*d*e^3)/a^4) + 35*(6*a^2*b^3*c*e^3 - 7*a^3*b^2*d*e^3)/a^4) - 105*(a^3*b^3*c*e^3 - a^4*b^2*d*e^3)/a^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)*b^5/(((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(7/2)*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2c}{7ae^3} + \frac{x(42a^3d - 36a^2bc)}{105a^4e^3} - \frac{x^3(96b^3c - 112ab^2d)}{105a^4e^3} - \frac{8bx^2(7ad - 6bc)}{105a^3e^3} \right)}{x^4 \sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/((e*x)^(7/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)),x)`output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*c)/(7*a*e^3) + (x*(42*a^3*d - 36*a^2*b*c))/(105*a^4*e^3) - (x^3*(96*b^3*c - 112*a*b^2*d))/(105*a^4*e^3) - (8*b*x^2*(7*a*d - 6*b*c))/(105*a^3*e^3)))/(x^4*(e*x)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3c - 21\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3dx + 18\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bcx + 28\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bdx^2 - 24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2c*x^2 - 56\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2d*x^3 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3c*x^3 + 56\sqrt{b}ab^2d*x^4 - 48\sqrt{b}b^3c*x^4 \right)}{(105*a^4*e^4*x^4)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(7/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*(-15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*c - 21*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d*x + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*x + 28*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 - 56*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*c*x**3 + 56*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*d*x**4 - 48*sqrt(b)*b**3*c*x**4)/(105*a**4*e**4*x**4)`

3.340
$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2582
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2582
Rubi [A] (verified)	2583
Maple [A] (verified)	2586
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2586
Sympy [F]	2587
Maxima [F]	2587
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2588
Mupad [F(-1)]	2588
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2589

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc-ad)e^2(ex)^{5/2}}{b^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{3(4bc-5ad)e^5\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4b^3\sqrt{ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{de^4\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b^2} - \frac{3a(4bc-5ad)e^{9/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*d+b*c)*e^2*(e*x)^(5/2)/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+3/4*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*e^5*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/2*d*e^4*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2-3/4*a*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*e^(9/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2))/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ex}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(-15a^2d+ab(12c-5dx))+2b^2x(2c+dx)\right)+24abc\sqrt{a+bx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(9/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(e^4 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{e x} (\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} (-15 a^2 d + a b (12 c - 5 d x) + 2 b^2 x (2 c + d x)) + 24 a b c \sqrt{a + b x} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b x}}] + 30 a^2 d \sqrt{a + b x} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b x}}]) / (4 b^{7/2} \sqrt{x^2 (a + b x)}))}{(4 b^{7/2} \sqrt{x^2 (a + b x)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1943, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(4bc-5ad)}{ab} \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1930$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(4bc-5ad)}{ab} \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1930$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(4bc-5ad)}{ab} \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1937$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(4bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx \right)}{4b} \right)}{ab}$$

↓ 1935

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(4bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{ab}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(4bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{ab}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(9/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*e*(e*x)^(7/2))/(a*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((4*b*c - 5*a*d)*e^2*((e^2*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*b)))/(a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1943

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2bdx+7ad-4bc)x^2(bx+a)e^5}{4b^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{a \left(\frac{15ad \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be x^2+ae x}\right)}{\sqrt{be}} - \frac{12bc \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be x^2+ae x}\right)}{\sqrt{be}} - \frac{16(ad-bc)\sqrt{be\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)^2}}{be\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)} \right)}{8b^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$-\frac{x^3(bx+a)\left(-4b^2d x^2\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}-15 \ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)\right)}{a^2bdex+12 \ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)} a b^2 c e x+10$

input

```
int((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(-2*b*d*x+7*a*d-4*b*c)*x^2*(b*x+a)/b^3*e^5/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/8*a/b^3*(15*a*d*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2)))/(b*e)^(1/2)-12*b*c*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2)))/(b*e)^(1/2)-16*(a*d-b*c)/b/e/(x+a/b)*(b*e*(x+a/b)^2-a*e*(x+a/b))^(1/2)*e^5/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*x*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((4ab^2c-5a^2bd)e^4x^2+(4a^2bc-5a^3d)e^4x)\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}} \log\left(\frac{2be x^2+ae x+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{x}\right)}{8(b^4x^2} \right.$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*(3*((4*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*e^4*x^2 + (4*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*e^4*x)*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(2*b^2*d*e^4*x^2 + (4*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d)*e^4*x + 3*(4*a*b*c - 5*a^2*d)*e^4)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^4*x^2 + a*b^3*x), 1/4*(3*((4*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*e^4*x^2 + (4*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*e^4*x)*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (2*b^2*d*e^4*x^2 + (4*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d)*e^4*x + 3*(4*a*b*c - 5*a^2*d)*e^4)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(b^4*x^2 + a*b^3*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((e*x)**(9/2)*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{9/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(9/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\frac{2de^3x|e|}{b\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{4b^4ce^5|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-5ab^3de^5|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^5e^2}\right)ex + \frac{3(4ab^3ce^6|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-5a^2b^2de^6|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{b^5e^2}\right)\sqrt{ex}}{4\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}} - \frac{3(4abce^4|e|\log(e^2|a|) - 5a^2de^4|e|\log(e^2|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{8\sqrt{beb^3}} + \frac{3(4abce^4|e| - 5a^2de^4|e|)\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}\right|\right)}{4\sqrt{beb^3}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*((2*d*e^3*x*abs(e)/(b*sgn(x)) + (4*b^4*c*e^5*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 5*a*b^3*d*e^5*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(b^5*e^2))*e*x + 3*(4*a*b^3*c*e^6*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 5*a^2*b^2*d*e^6*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(b^5*e^2))*sqrt(e*x)/sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2) - 3/8*(4*a*b*c*e^4*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 5*a^2*d*e^4*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3) + 3/4*(4*a*b*c*e^4*abs(e) - 5*a^2*d*e^4*abs(e))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(9/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(9/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} e^4 \left(15\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 d - 12\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) ab \right)}{4\sqrt{a+b} b^4}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*e**4*(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*d - 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*c - 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c - 15*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c - 5*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d*x + 4*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*d*x**2))/(4*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4)
```

3.341
$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2590
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2590
Rubi [A] (verified)	2591
Maple [A] (verified)	2593
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2593
Sympy [F]	2594
Maxima [F]	2594
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2595
Mupad [F(-1)]	2595
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2596

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc-ad)e^2(ex)^{3/2}}{b^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{de^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^2\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{(2bc-3ad)e^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*d+b*c)*e^2*(e*x)^(3/2)/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+d*e^4*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^2/(e*x)^(1/2)+(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*e^(7/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ex)^{7/2} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)(-2bc+3ad+bdx) + 2(2bc-3ad)(a+bx)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right) \right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{x}(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(7/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^{(7/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x)*(-2*b*c + 3*a*d + b*d*x) + 2*(2*b*c - 3*a*d)*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])]))}{(b^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(x^2*(a + b*x))^{(3/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1943, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(2bc - 3ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1930$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(2bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1937$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(2bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(2bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{e^2(2bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{ab}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*e*(e*x)^(5/2))/(a*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((2*b*c - 3*a*d)*e^2*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1930 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && GtQ[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]`

rule 1943

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
risch	$\frac{dx^2(bx+a)e^4}{b^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{\left(\frac{3ad \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be x + \sqrt{be x^2+ae x}}{\sqrt{be}}\right)}{\sqrt{be}} - \frac{2bc \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be x + \sqrt{be x^2+ae x}}{\sqrt{be}}\right)}{\sqrt{be}} - \frac{4(ad-bc)\sqrt{be\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 - ae\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}}{be\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)} \right) e^4 x \sqrt{ex}}{2b^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$\frac{x^3(bx+a)\left(-3 \ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right) abdex+2 \ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right) b^2 cex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be} bdx-3 \ln\left(\frac{2be x+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)\right)}{2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex}}$

input

```
int((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d/b^2*x^2*(b*x+a)*e^4/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)-1/2/b^2*(3*a*d*ln((1
/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)-2*b*c*ln((1/2
*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)-4*(a*d-b*c)/b/e
/(x+a/b)*(b*e*(x+a/b)^2-a*e*(x+a/b))^(1/2))*e^4/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*x*(e*x
*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{\left((2b^2c - 3abd)e^3x^2 + (2abc - 3a^2d)e^3x \right) \sqrt{\frac{e}{b}} \log\left(\frac{2be x^2 + ae x - 2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{x} \right)}{2(b^3x^2 + ab^2x)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(((2*b^2*c - 3*a*b*d)*e^3*x^2 + (2*a*b*c - 3*a^2*d)*e^3*x)*sqrt(e/b)
*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x
- 2*(b*d*e^3*x - (2*b*c - 3*a*d)*e^3)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^3*
x^2 + a*b^2*x), -(((2*b^2*c - 3*a*b*d)*e^3*x^2 + (2*a*b*c - 3*a^2*d)*e^3*x
)*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 +
a*e*x)) - (b*d*e^3*x - (2*b*c - 3*a*d)*e^3)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))
/(b^3*x^2 + a*b^2*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(7/2)*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{7/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(7/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{de^3x|e|}{b\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2b^2ce^5|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-3abde^5|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{b^3e^2}\right)\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}} + \frac{(2bce^3|e|\log(e^2|a|) - 3ade^3|e|\log(e^2|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2\sqrt{beb^2}} - \frac{(2bce^3|e| - 3ade^3|e|)\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{beb^2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(d*e^3*x*abs(e)/(b*sgn(x)) - (2*b^2*c*e^5*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 3*a*b*d*e^5*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(b^3*e^2))*sqrt(e*x)/sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2) + 1/2*(2*b*c*e^3*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 3*a*d*e^3*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2) - (2*b*c*e^3*abs(e) - 3*a*d*e^3*abs(e))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} e^3 \left(-12\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) ad + 8\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) bc \right)}{4\sqrt{bx+a}}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*e**3*( - 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*d + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*b*c + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b*d - 8*sqrt(x)*b**2*c + 4*sqrt(x)*b**2*d*x))/(4*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3)
```

3.342 $\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2597
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2597
Rubi [A] (verified)	2598
Maple [B] (verified)	2599
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2600
Sympy [F]	2600
Maxima [F]	2601
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2601
Mupad [F(-1)]	2602
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2602

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc-ad)e(ex)^{3/2}}{ab\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2de^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*d+b*c)*e*(e*x)^(3/2)/a/b/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+2*d*e^(5/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ex)^{5/2}\left(\sqrt{b}(-bc+ad)\sqrt{x}+ad\sqrt{a+bx}\log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{a+bx}\right)\right)}{ab^{3/2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(5/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(e*x)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[b]*(-(b*c) + a*d)*Sqrt[x] + a*d*Sqrt[a + b*x]*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]]))/(a*b^(3/2)*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1943, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{de^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{b} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1937$$

$$\frac{de^2 \sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1935$$

$$\frac{2de^2 \sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}}{b\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{2de^2 \sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]
```

output $(2*(b*c - a*d)*e*(e*x)^{(3/2)}/(a*b*\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (2*d*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(3/2)})/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[x])$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1935 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)} / \text{Sqrt}[(a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/(n - j) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^{(j/2)}/\text{Sqrt}[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, j, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, j/2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j]$

rule 1937 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]}*((c*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \ \text{Int}[x^m*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, j] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + j*p + 1], 0]$

rule 1943 $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)*(x_)^{(j_)} + (b_)*(x_)^{(jn_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^{(j - 1)})*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^{(m - j + 1)}*((a*x^j + b*x^{(j + n)})^{(p + 1)}/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^j*((a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m - j)}*(a*x^j + b*x^{(j + n)})^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[jn, j + n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[j, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[j, m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[j])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{x^3(bx+a)\left(-\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)abdex-\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2de+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}ad-2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\right)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}a\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}b}$

input `int((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-x^3*(b*x+a)*(-ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b*d*e*x-ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*d*e+2*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)*a*d-2*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)*e^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)/a/(b*e)^(1/2)/(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/b`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(bc-ad)\sqrt{ex}e^2 + (abde^2x^2 + a^2de^2x)\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}} \log\left(\frac{2bex^2+ax+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{x}\right)}{ab^2x^2 + a^2bx}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(e*x)*e^2 + (a*b*d*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d*e^2*x)*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x)/(a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b*x), 2*(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(e*x)*e^2 - (a*b*d*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d*e^2*x)*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)))/(a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{de^2|e|\log(e^2|a|)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{beb}} - \frac{2de^2|e|\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{be^2x + ae^2}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{bebsgn}(x)} + \frac{2(bce^4|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x) - ade^4|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x))\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{be^2x + ae^2}abe^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d*e^2*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b) - 2*d*e^2*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b*sgn(x)) + 2*(b*c*e^4*abs(e)*sgn(x) - a*d*e^4*abs(e)*sgn(x))*sqrt(e*x)/(sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*a*b*e^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}e^2\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ad - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}ad + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}bc - \sqrt{bx+a}ab^2\right)}{\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2}$$

input `int((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(e)*e**2*(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*d - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c - sqrt(x)*a*b*d + sqrt(x)*b**2*c))/(sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2)`

3.343
$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2603
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2603
Rubi [A] (verified)	2604
Maple [A] (verified)	2605
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2605
Sympy [F]	2606
Maxima [F]	2606
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2606
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2607
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2607

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2(2bc-ad)(ex)^{3/2}}{a^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

output

$$-2*c*e*(e*x)^{(1/2)}/a/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(1/2)}-2*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^{(3/2)}/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}(-ac-2bcx+adx)}{a^2\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

`Integrate[((e*x)^(3/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$(2*e*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*(-a*c)-2*b*c*x+a*d*x)/(a^2*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a+b*x)])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1944, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(2bc-ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$-\frac{2(ex)^{3/2}(2bc-ad)}{a^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*Sqrt[e*x])/(a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (2*(2*b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(3/2))/(a^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
  *(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
  n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```

Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-adx+2cbx+ac)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	44
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-adx+2cbx+ac)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	44
default	$-\frac{2x^2(bx+a)(-adx+2cbx+ac)\sqrt{ex}e}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	47
risch	$-\frac{2c(bx+a)e^2x}{a^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{2(ad-bc)x^2e^2}{a^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$	68

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2*x*(b*x+a)*(-a*d*x+2*b*c*x+a*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(ace+(2bc-ad)ex)\sqrt{ex}}{a^2bx^3+a^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-2\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}(ac + (2bc - ad)e)x\sqrt{ex}/(a^2bx^3 + a^3x^2)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{(x^2(a + bx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**3/2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -2e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}ce^3}{\left(ae^2 - \left(\sqrt{b}e\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{be^2x + ae^2} \right)^2 \right) a|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(bce^2 - ade^2)\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{be^2x + ae^2}a^2|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e*(2*sqrt(b*e)*c*e^3/((a*e^2 - (sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^2)*a*abs(e)*sgn(x)) + (b*c*e^2 - a*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*a^2*abs(e)*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(\frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{ab} - \frac{2ex\sqrt{ex}(ad-2bc)}{a^2b} \right)}{x^3 + \frac{ax^2}{b}}$$

input `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`

output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*c*e*(e*x)^(1/2))/(a*b) - (2*e*x*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a*d - 2*b*c))/(a^2*b)))/(x^3 + (a*x^2)/b)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}e \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}adx - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}bcx - \sqrt{x}abc + \sqrt{x}abdx - 2\sqrt{x}b^2cx \right)}{\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx}$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(e)*e*(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d*x - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c*x - sqrt(x)*a*b*c + sqrt(x)*a*b*d*x - 2*sqrt(x)*b**2*c*x)/(sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x)`

3.344 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2608
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2608
Rubi [A] (verified)	2609
Maple [A] (verified)	2610
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2611
Sympy [F]	2611
Maxima [F]	2612
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2612
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2613
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2613

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce}{3a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2(4bc-3ad)\sqrt{ex}}{3a^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{4(4bc-3ad)e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a^3(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*c*e/a/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-2/3*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+4/3*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*e^2*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/(e*x)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(-8b^2cx^2+2abx(-2c+3dx)+a^2(c+3dx))}{3a^3\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[e*x]*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(-2*e*(-8*b^2*c*x^2 + 2*a*b*x*(-2*c + 3*d*x) + a^2*(c + 3*d*x)))/(3*a^3*sqrt[e*x]*sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1944, 1921, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2ce}{3a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1921$$

$$-\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce}{3a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$-\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{a\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{4e^3\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{a^2(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce}{3a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(-2*c*e)/(3*a*sqrt[e*x]*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((4*b*c - 3*a*d)*((2*e*sqrt[e*x])/(a*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (4*e^3*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a^2*(e*x)^(3/2))))/(3*a*e)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1920 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1921 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int
[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(
n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 1944 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(6abd x^2-8b^2c x^2+3a^2dx-4abcx+a^2c)\sqrt{ex}}{3a^3(b x^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	66
default	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(6abd x^2-8b^2c x^2+3a^2dx-4abcx+a^2c)\sqrt{ex}}{3a^3(b x^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	66
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(6abd x^2-8b^2c x^2+3a^2dx-4abcx+a^2c)\sqrt{ex}}{3a^3(b x^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	66
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(3adx-5cbx+ac)e}{3a^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2b(ad-bc)x^2e}{a^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$	77

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*x*(b*x+a)*(6*a*b*d*x^2-8*b^2*c*x^2+3*a^2*d*x-4*a*b*c*x+a^2*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}(a^2c-2(4b^2c-3abd)x^2-(4abc-3a^2d)x)\sqrt{ex}}{3(a^3bx^4+a^4x^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/3*\text{sqrt}(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*(a^2*c - 2*(4*b^2*c - 3*a*b*d)*x^2 - (4*a*b*c - 3*a^2*d)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x)/(a^3*b*x^4 + a^4*x^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(e*x)*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2ce^2 - abde^2)\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{be^2x + ae^2a^3}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$+ \frac{4 \left(5\sqrt{bea^2bce^7} - 3\sqrt{bea^3de^7} - 12\sqrt{be} \left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{be^2x + ae^2} \right)^2 abce^5 + 6\sqrt{be} \left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{be^2x + ae^2} \right) \right)}{3 \left(ae^2 - \left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{be^2x + ae^2} \right) \right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(b^2*c*e^2 - a*b*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)*a^3*abs(e)*sgn(x)) + 4/3*(5*sqrt(b*e)*a^2*b*c*e^7 - 3*sqrt(b*e)*a^3*d*e^7 - 12*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^2*a*b*c*e^5 + 6*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^2*a^2*d*e^5 + 3*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^4*b*c*e^3 - 3*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^4*a*d*e^3)/((a*e^2 - (sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^2)^3*a^2*abs(e)*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(\frac{2c\sqrt{ex}}{3ab} + \frac{x\sqrt{ex}(6a^2d-8abc)}{3a^3b} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{ex}(16b^2c-12abd)}{3a^3b} \right)}{x^4 + \frac{ax^3}{b}}$$

input `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2),x)`output `-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*c*(e*x)^(1/2))/(3*a*b) + (x*(e*x)^(1/2)*(6*a^2*d - 8*a*b*c))/(3*a^3*b) - (x^2*(e*x)^(1/2)*(16*b^2*c - 12*a*b*d))/(3*a^3*b)))/(x^4 + (a*x^3)/b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(6\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}adx^2 - 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}bcx^2 - \sqrt{x}a^2c - 3\sqrt{x}a^2dx + 4\sqrt{x}abcx - \dots \right)}{3\sqrt{bx+a}a^3x^2}$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*(6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*d*x**2 - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*c*x**2 - sqrt(x)*a**2*c - 3*sqrt(x)*a**2*d*x + 4*sqrt(x)*a*b*c*x - 6*sqrt(x)*a*b*d*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x)*b**2*c*x**2))/(3*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*x**2)`

$$3.345 \quad \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2614
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2614
Rubi [A] (verified)	2615
Maple [A] (verified)	2617
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2617
Sympy [F]	2618
Maxima [F]	2618
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2619
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2619
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2620

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce}{5a(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{2(6bc-5ad)}{5a^2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{8(6bc-5ad)e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{15a^3(ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{16b(6bc-5ad)e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{15a^4(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*c*e/a/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-2/5*(-5*a*d+6*b*c)/a^2/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+8/15*(-5*a*d+6*b*c)*e^2*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/(e*x)^(5/2)-16/15*b*(-5*a*d+6*b*c)*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e(48b^3cx^3+8ab^2x^2(3c-5dx)+a^3(3c+5dx)-2a^2bx(3c+10dx))}{15a^4(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x^2(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*e*(48*b^3*c*x^3 + 8*a*b^2*x^2*(3*c - 5*d*x) + a^3*(3*c + 5*d*x) - 2*a^2*b*x*(3*c + 10*d*x)))/(15*a^4*(e*x)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[x^2*(a + b*x)]}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1944, 1921, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(6bc - 5ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2ce}{5a(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1921$$

$$-\frac{(6bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{4e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce}{5a(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1922$$

$$-\frac{(6bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{4e^2 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce}{5a(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$-\frac{(6bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{4e^2 \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce}{5a(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*c*e)/(5*a*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((6*b*c - 5*a*d)*((2*e)/(a*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (4*e^2*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2))))/a)/(5*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1921 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1944

```

Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-40ab^2dx^3+48b^3cx^3-20a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+5a^3dx-6a^2bcx+3ca^3)}{15a^4\sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	91
default	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-40ab^2dx^3+48b^3cx^3-20a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+5a^3dx-6a^2bcx+3ca^3)}{15a^4\sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	91
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-40ab^2dx^3+48b^3cx^3-20a^2bdx^2+24ab^2cx^2+5a^3dx-6a^2bcx+3ca^3)}{15a^4\sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	91
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-25abd^2x^2+33b^2cx^2+5a^2dx-9abcx+3a^2c)}{15a^4x\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{2(ad-bc)b^2x^2}{a^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$	103

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/15*x*(b*x+a)*(-40*a*b^2*d*x^3+48*b^3*c*x^3-20*a^2*b*d*x^2+24*a*b^2*c*x^
2+5*a^3*d*x-6*a^2*b*c*x+3*a^3*c)/a^4/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^3c + 8(6b^3c - 5ab^2d)x^3 + 4(6ab^2c - 5a^2bd)x^2 - (6a^2bc - 5a^3d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{15(a^4bex^5 + a^5ex^4)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/15*(3*a^3*c + 8*(6*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*x^3 + 4*(6*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*x^2 - (6*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}/(a^4*b*e*x^5 + a^5*e*x^4)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}(x^2(a + bx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)**(1/2)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(sqrt(e*x)*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. $2(127) = 254$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left((bx+a) \left(\frac{(33a^5b^8ce^2 - 25a^6b^7de^2)(bx+a)}{a^9b^2|b|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{5(15a^6b^8ce^2 - 11a^7b^7de^2)}{a^9b^2|b|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) + \frac{15(3a^7b^8ce^2 - 2a^8b^7de^2)}{a^9b^2|b|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)}{15((bx+a)be - abe)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 4(b^9c^2e - 2ab^8cde + a^2b^7d^2e)}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\sqrt{be}ab^5ce - \sqrt{be}a^2b^4de + \sqrt{be} \left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{(bx+a)be - abe} \right)^2 b^4c - \sqrt{be} \left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{(bx+a)be - abe} \right) a^2b^3d \right)}{15((bx+a)be - abe)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 4(b^9c^2e - 2ab^8cde + a^2b^7d^2e)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*sqrt(b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*((33*a^5*b^8*c*e^2 - 25*a^6*b^7*d*e^2)*(b*x + a)/(a^9*b^2*abs(b)*sgn(x)) - 5*(15*a^6*b^8*c*e^2 - 11*a^7*b^7*d*e^2)/(a^9*b^2*abs(b)*sgn(x))) + 15*(3*a^7*b^8*c*e^2 - 2*a^8*b^7*d*e^2)/(a^9*b^2*abs(b)*sgn(x)))/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(5/2) - 4*(b^9*c^2*e - 2*a*b^8*c*d*e + a^2*b^7*d^2*e)/((sqrt(b*e)*a*b^5*c*e - sqrt(b*e)*a^2*b^4*d*e + sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^2*b^4*c - sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^2*a*b^3*d)*a^3*abs(b)*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2c}{5ab} - \frac{8x^2(5ad - 6bc)}{15a^3} + \frac{x(10a^3d - 12a^2bc)}{15a^4b} + \frac{x^3(96b^3c - 80ab^2d)}{15a^4b} \right)}{x^4\sqrt{ex} + \frac{ax^3\sqrt{ex}}{b}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x)`

output

```

-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*c)/(5*a*b) - (8*x^2*(5*a*d - 6*b*c))/(15*a^3)
+ (x*(10*a^3*d - 12*a^2*b*c))/(15*a^4*b) + (x^3*(96*b^3*c - 80*a*b^2*d))/(
15*a^4*b)))/(x^4*(e*x)^(1/2) + (a*x^3*(e*x)^(1/2))/b)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-40\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a} abd x^3 + 48\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a} b^2 c x^3 - 3\sqrt{x} a^3 c - 5\sqrt{x} a^3 dx + \dots \right)}{15\sqrt{bx+a}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*sqrt(e)*( - 40*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x**3 + 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b
*x)*b**2*c*x**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*a**3*c - 5*sqrt(x)*a**3*d*x + 6*sqrt(x)*a**2*b
*c*x + 20*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 24*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 40*sqrt(x)*a*
b**2*d*x**3 - 48*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x**3))/(15*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*e*x**3)

```

3.346 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(ex)^{3/2}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce}{7a(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} - \frac{2(8bc - 7ad)}{7a^2(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} + \frac{12(8bc - 7ad)e^2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{35a^3(ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{16b(8bc - 7ad)e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{35a^4(ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{32b^2(8bc - 7ad)\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{35a^5(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*c*e/a/(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)-2/7*(-7*a*d+8*b*c)/a^2/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+12/35*(-7*a*d+8*b*c)*e^2*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/(e*x)^(7/2)-16/35*b*(-7*a*d+8*b*c)*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(5/2)+32/35*b^2*(-7*a*d+8*b*c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^5/(e*x)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e(-128b^4cx^4 + 16ab^3x^3(-4c + 7dx) + 8a^2b^2x^2(2c + 7dx) - 2a^3bx(4c + 7dx) + a^4(5c + 7dx))}{35a^5(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{x^2(a + bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*e*(-128*b^4*c*x^4 + 16*a*b^3*x^3*(-4*c + 7*d*x) + 8*a^2*b^2*x^2*(2*c + 7*d*x) - 2*a^3*b*x*(4*c + 7*d*x) + a^4*(5*c + 7*d*x))/(35*a^5*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[x^2*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1944, 1921, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1944} \\ & -\frac{(8bc - 7ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2ce}{7a(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1921} \\ & -\frac{(8bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{6e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2ce}{7a(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(8bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{6e^2 \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}}}{5ae} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{\frac{7ae}{2ce} \sqrt{7a(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1922 \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{6e^2 \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{\frac{7ae}{2ce} \sqrt{7a(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1920 \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{6e^2 \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{\frac{7ae}{2ce} \sqrt{7a(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*c*e)/(7*a*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - ((8*b*c - 7*a*d)*((2*e)/(a*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (6*e^2*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*a*(e*x)^(7/2)) - (4*b*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2))))/(5*a*e))/a)/(7*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1921 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))) Int
t[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(
n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1944 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
c(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(112x^4ab^3d-128x^4b^4c+56a^2b^2dx^3-64ab^3cx^3-14a^3bdx^2+16a^2b^2cx^2+7a^4dx-8a^3bcx+5ca^4)}{35a^5(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	115
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(112x^4ab^3d-128x^4b^4c+56a^2b^2dx^3-64ab^3cx^3-14a^3bdx^2+16a^2b^2cx^2+7a^4dx-8a^3bcx+5ca^4)}{35a^5(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	115
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(112x^4ab^3d-128x^4b^4c+56a^2b^2dx^3-64ab^3cx^3-14a^3bdx^2+16a^2b^2cx^2+7a^4dx-8a^3bcx+5ca^4)}{35(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ex}e^{a^5}}$	117
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(77ab^2dx^3-93b^3cx^3-21a^2bdx^2+29ab^2cx^2+7a^3dx-13a^2bcx+5ca^3)}{35a^5x^2e\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2b^3(ad-bc)x^2}{a^5e\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$	133

input `int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/35*x*(b*x+a)*(112*a*b^3*d*x^4-128*b^4*c*x^4+56*a^2*b^2*d*x^3-64*a*b^3*c*x^3-14*a^3*b*d*x^2+16*a^2*b^2*c*x^2+7*a^4*d*x-8*a^3*b*c*x+5*a^4*c)/a^5/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5a^4c - 16(8b^4c - 7ab^3d)x^4 - 8(8ab^3c - 7a^2b^2d)x^3 + 2(8a^2b^2c - 7a^3bd)x^2 - (8a^3bc - 7a^4d)x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}}{35(a^5be^2x^6 + a^6e^2x^5)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/35*(5*a^4*c - 16*(8*b^4*c - 7*a*b^3*d)*x^4 - 8*(8*a*b^3*c - 7*a^2*b^2*d)*x^3 + 2*(8*a^2*b^2*c - 7*a^3*b*d)*x^2 - (8*a^3*b*c - 7*a^4*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^5*b*e^2*x^6 + a^6*e^2*x^5)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)**(3/2)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/((e*x)**(3/2)*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2} (ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(3/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 375 vs. $2(162) = 324$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(bx+a) \left((bx+a) \left(\frac{(93 a^9 b^{10} c e^3 |b| \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 77 a^{10} b^9 d e^3 |b| \operatorname{sgn}(x)) (bx+a)}{a^{14} b^4} - \frac{28 (11 a^{10} b^{10} c e^3 |b| \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 9 a^{11} b^9 d e^3 |b| \operatorname{sgn}(x))}{a^{14} b^4} \right)}{(bx+a)} \right)}{(bx+a)} \right)}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/35*((b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*((93*a^9*b^10*c*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x) - 77*a^10*b^9*d*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x))*(b*x + a)/(a^14*b^4) - 28*(11*a^10*b^10*c*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x) - 9*a^11*b^9*d*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x))/(a^14*b^4)) + 70*(5*a^11*b^10*c*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x) - 4*a^12*b^9*d*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x))/(a^14*b^4) - 35*(4*a^12*b^10*c*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x) - 3*a^13*b^9*d*e^3*abs(b)*sgn(x))/(a^14*b^4))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(7/2) + 70*(b^11*c^2*e - 2*a*b^10*c*d*e + a^2*b^9*d^2*e)/((sqrt(b*e)*a*b^6*c*e - sqrt(b*e)*a^2*b^5*d*e + sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^2*b^5*c - sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^2*a*b^4*d)*a^4*abs(b)*sgn(x))/e
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{2c}{7abe} - \frac{4x^2(7ad-8bc)}{35a^3e} - \frac{x^4(256b^4c-224ab^3d)}{35a^5be} + \frac{16bx^3(7ad-8bc)}{35a^4e} + \frac{x(14a^4d-16a^3bc)}{35a^5be} \right)}{x^5 \sqrt{ex} + \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{ex}}{b}}$$

input

```
int((c + d*x)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*c)/(7*a*b*e) - (4*x^2*(7*a*d - 8*b*c))/(35*a^3*e) - (x^4*(256*b^4*c - 224*a*b^3*d))/(35*a^5*b*e) + (16*b*x^3*(7*a*d - 8*b*c))/(35*a^4*e) + (x*(14*a^4*d - 16*a^3*b*c))/(35*a^5*b*e)))/(x^5*(e*x)^(1/2) + (a*x^4*(e*x)^(1/2))/b)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(112\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx + a} a b^2 d x^4 - 128\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx + a} b^3 c x^4 - 5\sqrt{x} a^4 c - 7\sqrt{x} a^4 \right)}{x^5 \sqrt{ex} + \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{ex}}{b}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*(112*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**4 - 128*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a +
b*x)*b**3*c*x**4 - 5*sqrt(x)*a**4*c - 7*sqrt(x)*a**4*d*x + 8*sqrt(x)*a**3
*b*c*x + 14*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*d*x**2 - 16*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 56*sqrt(
x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 + 64*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 - 112*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*d*x**4
+ 128*sqrt(x)*b**4*c*x**4))/(35*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*e**2*x**4)
```

3.347 $\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2629
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2630
Rubi [A] (verified)	2630
Maple [A] (verified)	2634
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2635
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2636
Mupad [F(-1)]	2637
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2637

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc-ad)e^2(ex)^{11/2}}{3b^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(5bc-8ad)e^5(ex)^{5/2}}{3b^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{5(4bc-7ad)e^8\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{4b^4\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{de^7\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{2b^3} - \frac{5a(4bc-7ad)e^{15/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-a*d+b*c)*e^2*(e*x)^(11/2)/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2/3*(-8*a*d+5*b*c)
)*e^5*(e*x)^(5/2)/b^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+5/4*(-7*a*d+4*b*c)*e^8*(b*x^3+a*
x^2)^(1/2)/b^4/(e*x)^(1/2)+1/2*d*e^7*(e*x)^(1/2)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3-5
/4*a*(-7*a*d+4*b*c)*e^(15/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*
x^2)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^7 x^{5/2} \sqrt{ex} \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} (-105a^3 d + ab^2 x (80c - 21dx) + 20a^2 b (3c - 7dx) + 6b^3 x^2 (2c + dx)) + 120ab^2 c (a + bx)^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + bx}} \right] + 210a^2 d (a + bx)^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx}} \right] \right)}{12b^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(15/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(e^7*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[e*x]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(-105*a^3*d + a*b^2*x*(80*c - 21*d*x) + 20*a^2*b*(3*c - 7*d*x) + 6*b^3*x^2*(2*c + d*x)) + 120*a*b*c*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 210*a^2*d*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(12*b^(9/2)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1943, 1928, 1930, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{13/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(4bc-7ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1928$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{13/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(4bc-7ad) \left(\frac{5e^3 \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{b} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{13/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(4bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{5e^3 \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{4b} \right)}{b} \right)}{3ab} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{13/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(4bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{5e^3 \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b} \right)}{3ab} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{13/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(4bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{5e^3 \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{2b\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b} \right)}{3ab} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

1935

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{13/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{5e^3 \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b}$$

$$\frac{2e^2(ex)^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

3ab

↓ 219

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{13/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{5e^3 \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{2b} - \frac{3ae \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b}$$

$$\frac{2e^2(ex)^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}$$

3ab

input `Int[((e*x)^(15/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*e*(e*x)^(13/2))/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((4*b*c - 7*a*d)*e^2*(-2*e^2*(e*x)^(7/2))/(b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (5*e^3*((e^2*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(2*b) - (3*a*e*((e^2*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*Sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/(4*b))/b)/(3*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1928

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(
p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(p + 1))) Int[(
c*x)^(m - n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !In
tegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[p, -1] &
& GtQ[m + j*p + 1, n - j]
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1943

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2bdx+11ad-4bc)x^2(bx+a)e^8}{4b^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + a \left(\frac{35ad \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)}{\sqrt{be}} - \frac{20bc \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae+be}{\sqrt{be}} + \sqrt{be}x^2+ae\right)}{\sqrt{be}} - \frac{16(4ad-3bc)\sqrt{be}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}{be\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)} \right)$
default	$-\frac{x^5(bx+a)\left(-12b^3dx^3\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be}-105\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2b^2dex^2+60\ln\left(\frac{2be+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2b^3ce\right)}{8b^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$

input

```
int((e*x)^(15/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(-2*b*d*x+11*a*d-4*b*c)*x^2*(b*x+a)/b^4*e^8/(x^2*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)
^(1/2)+1/8*a/b^4*(35*a*d*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1
/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)-20*b*c*ln((1/2*a*e+b*e*x)/(b*e)^(1/2)+(b*e*x^2+a*e*x)^(1
/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)-16*(4*a*d-3*b*c)/b/e/(x+a/b)*(b*e*(x+a/b)^2-a*e*(x+a/b))^(
1/2)+8*a^2*(a*d-b*c)/b^2*(2/3/a/e/(x+a/b)^2*(b*e*(x+a/b)^2-a*e*(x+a/b))^(1
/2)+4/3*b/e/a^2/(x+a/b)*(b*e*(x+a/b)^2-a*e*(x+a/b))^(1/2))*e^8/(x^2*(b*x+
a))^(1/2)*x*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/(e*x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15((4ab^3c - 7a^2b^2d)e^7x^3 + 2(4a^2b^2c - 7a^3bd)e^7x^2 + (4a^3bc - 7a^4d)e^7x)\sqrt{\dots}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(15/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/24*(15*((4*a*b^3*c - 7*a^2*b^2*d)*e^7*x^3 + 2*(4*a^2*b^2*c - 7*a^3*b*d)*e^7*x^2 + (4*a^3*b*c - 7*a^4*d)*e^7*x)*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(6*b^3*d*e^7*x^3 + 3*(4*b^3*c - 7*a*b^2*d)*e^7*x^2 + 20*(4*a*b^2*c - 7*a^2*b*d)*e^7*x + 15*(4*a^2*b*c - 7*a^3*d)*e^7)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^6*x^3 + 2*a*b^5*x^2 + a^2*b^4*x), 1/12*(15*((4*a*b^3*c - 7*a^2*b^2*d)*e^7*x^3 + 2*(4*a^2*b^2*c - 7*a^3*b*d)*e^7*x^2 + (4*a^3*b*c - 7*a^4*d)*e^7*x)*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (6*b^3*d*e^7*x^3 + 3*(4*b^3*c - 7*a*b^2*d)*e^7*x^2 + 20*(4*a*b^2*c - 7*a^2*b*d)*e^7*x + 15*(4*a^2*b*c - 7*a^3*d)*e^7)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^6*x^3 + 2*a*b^5*x^2 + a^2*b^4*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(15/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(15/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(15/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(3 \left(\frac{2de^7x|e|}{b\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{4ab^6ce^{10}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 7a^2b^5de^{10}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{ab^7e^3}\right)ex + \frac{20(4a^2b^5ce^{11}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 7a^3b^4de^{11}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{ab^7e^3}\right)}{12(be^2x + ae^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{5(4abce^7|e|\log(e^2|a|) - 7a^2de^7|e|\log(e^2|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{8\sqrt{beb^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{5(4abce^7|e| - 7a^2de^7|e|)\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{be^2x + ae^2}\right|\right)}{4\sqrt{beb^4}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(15/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*((3*(2*d*e^7*x*abs(e)/(b*sgn(x)) + (4*a*b^6*c*e^10*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 7*a^2*b^5*d*e^10*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(a*b^7*e^3))*e*x + 20*(4*a^2*b^5*c*e^11*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 7*a^3*b^4*d*e^11*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(a*b^7*e^3))*e*x + 15*(4*a^3*b^4*c*e^12*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 7*a^4*b^3*d*e^12*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(a*b^7*e^3))*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)^(3/2) - 5/8*(4*a*b*c*e^7*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 7*a^2*d*e^7*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4) + 5/4*(4*a*b*c*e^7*abs(e) - 7*a^2*d*e^7*abs(e))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^4*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(15/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(15/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{15/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} e^7 \left(840\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 d - 480\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((e*x)^(15/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*e**7*(840*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*d - 480*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c + 840*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*d*x - 480*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x + 175*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*d - 80*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c + 175*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d*x - 80*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*x - 840*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*d + 480*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*c - 1120*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*d*x + 640*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c*x - 168*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*d*x**2 + 96*sqrt(x)*b**4*c*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*b**4*d*x**3)/(96*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5*(a + b*x))`

3.348 $\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2638
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2638
Rubi [A] (verified)	2639
Maple [B] (verified)	2642
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2643
Sympy [F(-1)]	2643
Maxima [F]	2644
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
Mupad [F(-1)]	2645
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2645

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bc-ad)e^2(ex)^{9/2}}{3b^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(bc-2ad)e^5(ex)^{3/2}}{b^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{de^7\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b^3\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{(2bc-5ad)e^{13/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-a*d+b*c)*e^2*(e*x)^(9/2)/b^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*e^5*(e*x)^(3/2)/b^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+d*e^7*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/(e*x)^(1/2)+(-5*a*d+2*b*c)*e^(13/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(ex)^{13/2} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)(15a^2d+b^2x(-8c+3dx))+ab(-6c+20dx) \right) + 6(2bc-5ad)e^{13/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{3b^{7/2}x^{3/2}(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(13/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\left((e*x)^{(13/2)} * (\text{Sqrt}[b] * \text{Sqrt}[x] * (a + b*x) * (15*a^2*d + b^2*x*(-8*c + 3*d*x) + a*b*(-6*c + 20*d*x)) + 6*(2*b*c - 5*a*d) * (a + b*x)^{(5/2)} * \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b] * \text{Sqrt}[x]) / (-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])]) \right) / (3*b^{(7/2)} * x^{(3/2)} * (x^2 * (a + b*x))^{(5/2)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1943, 1928, 1930, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{11/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(2bc-5ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1928$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{11/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(2bc-5ad) \left(\frac{3e^3 \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{b} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1930$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{11/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(2bc-5ad) \left(\frac{3e^3 \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{2b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 1937$$

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{11/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(2bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{3e^3 \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx \right)}{b} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

1935

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{11/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(2bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{3e^3 \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^3}{bx^3+ax^2}} d\frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

219

$$\frac{2e(ex)^{11/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2(2bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{3e^3 \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{b\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{ae\sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(13/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*e*(e*x)^(11/2))/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((2*b*c - 5*a*d)*e^2*((-2*e^2*(e*x)^(5/2))/(b*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (3*e^3*((e^2*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(b*sqrt[e*x]) - (a*e*sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*sqrt[x])))/b))/(3*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1928

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(
p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(p + 1))) Int[(
c*x)^(m - n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !In
tegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[p, -1] &
& GtQ[m + j*p + 1, n - j]
```

rule 1930

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^(n - j)*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m - (n - j))*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && Gt
Q[m + j*p - n + j + 1, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1935

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp
[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]
```

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((2b^3c-5ab^2d)e^6x^3 + 2(2ab^2c-5a^2bd)e^6x^2 + (2a^2bc-5a^3d)e^6x)\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}} \log}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(13/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*((2*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*e^6*x^3 + 2*(2*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*e^6*x^2 + (2*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*e^6*x)*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x - 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(3*b^2*d*e^6*x^2 - 4*(2*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d)*e^6*x - 3*(2*a*b*c - 5*a^2*d)*e^6)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^5*x^3 + 2*a*b^4*x^2 + a^2*b^3*x), -1/3*(3*((2*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*e^6*x^3 + 2*(2*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*e^6*x^2 + (2*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*e^6*x)*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) - (3*b^2*d*e^6*x^2 - 4*(2*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d)*e^6*x - 3*(2*a*b*c - 5*a^2*d)*e^6)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(b^5*x^3 + 2*a*b^4*x^2 + a^2*b^3*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(13/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(13/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(13/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\frac{3de^7x|e|}{b\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{4(2ab^4ce^{10}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-5a^2b^3de^{10}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{ab^5e^3} \right) ex - \frac{3(2a^2b^3ce^{11}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-5a^3b^2de^{11}|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{ab^5e^3} \right)}{3(be^2x+ae^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(2bce^6|e|\log(e^2|a|) - 5ade^6|e|\log(e^2|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2\sqrt{beb^3}} - \frac{(2bce^6|e| - 5ade^6|e|)\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{beb^3}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(13/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*((3*d*e^7*x*abs(e)/(b*sgn(x)) - 4*(2*a*b^4*c*e^10*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 5*a^2*b^3*d*e^10*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(a*b^5*e^3))*e*x - 3*(2*a^2*b^3*c*e^11*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 5*a^3*b^2*d*e^11*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(a*b^5*e^3)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)^(3/2) + 1/2*(2*b*c*e^6*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)) - 5*a*d*e^6*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3) - (2*b*c*e^6*abs(e) - 5*a*d*e^6*abs(e))*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^3*sgn(x))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(13/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(13/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{13/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}e^6 \left(-30\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2d + 12\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((e*x)^(13/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*e**6*(- 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*d + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*c - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x - 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d - 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x + 30*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d - 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c + 40*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d*x - 16*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x + 6*sqrt(x)*b**3*d*x**2))/(6*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*(a + b*x))`

3.349 $\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2646
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2646
Rubi [A] (verified)	2647
Maple [B] (verified)	2649
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2650
Sympy [F(-1)]	2650
Maxima [F]	2651
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2651
Mupad [F(-1)]	2652
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc-ad)e(ex)^{9/2}}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2de^4(ex)^{3/2}}{b^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2de^{11/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(ex)^{3/2}}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(-a*d+b*c)*e*(e*x)^(9/2)/a/b/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2*d*e^4*(e*x)^(3/2)/b
^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+2*d*e^(11/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)/(b
*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e^5x^{5/2}\sqrt{ex}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(3a^2d-b^2cx+4abdx)+3ad(a+bx)^{3/2}\log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{a+bx}\right)\right)}{3ab^{5/2}(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^(11/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*e^5*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[e*x]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*(3*a^2*d - b^2*c*x + 4*a*b*d*x) + 3*a*d*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]])/(3*a*b^(5/2)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1943, 1928, 1937, 1935, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1943} \\
 & \frac{de^2 \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{b} + \frac{2e(ex)^{9/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1928} \\
 & \frac{de^2 \left(\frac{e^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{b} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{3/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2e(ex)^{9/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1937} \\
 & \frac{de^2 \left(\frac{e^3 \sqrt{ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{b\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2e^2(ex)^{3/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2e(ex)^{9/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1935}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{de^2 \left(\frac{2e^3 \sqrt{ex} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^3}{bx^3 + ax^2}} d \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} - \frac{2e^2 (ex)^{3/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2e(ex)^{9/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{de^2 \left(\frac{2e^3 \sqrt{ex} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b^{3/2} \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2e^2 (ex)^{3/2}}{b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2e(ex)^{9/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(11/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*e*(e*x)^(9/2))/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (d*e^2*((-2*e^2*(e*x)^(3/2))/(b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (2*e^3*Sqrt[e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[x])))/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1928 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m + j*p - n + j + 1)/(b*(n - j)*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[0, j, n] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + j*p + 1, n - j]`

rule 1935 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/Sqrt[(a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(n - j) Subst[Int[1/(1 - a*x^2), x], x, x^(j/2)/Sqrt[a*x^j + b*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, j, n}, x] && EqQ[m, j/2 - 1] && NeQ[n, j]`

rule 1937

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a*x^j + b
*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] &&
NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[Simplify[m + j*p + 1], 0]
```

rule 1943

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs. $2(98) = 196$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result
default	$\frac{x^5(bx+a) \left(-3 \ln \left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}} \right) a b^2 d e x^2 - 6 \ln \left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{ex(bx+a)}\sqrt{be+ae}}{2\sqrt{be}} \right) a^2 b d e x + 8 \sqrt{ex(bx+a)} \sqrt{be} a b d x - 2 \sqrt{ex(bx+a)} \sqrt{be} a^2 b^2 d x^2 \right)}{3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{be} a \sqrt{ex(bx+a)} b^2}$

input

```
int((e*x)^(11/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*x^5*(b*x+a)*(-3*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e
)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b^2*d*e*x^2-6*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)
^(1/2)+a*e)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*b*d*e*x+8*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)*a*b
*d*x-2*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)*b^2*c*x-3*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*(e*x*(b
*x+a))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^3*d*e+6*(e*x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*(
b*e)^(1/2)*a^2*d)*(e*x)^(1/2)*e^5/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)/(b*e)^(1/2)/a/(e*x*(
b*x+a))^(1/2)/b^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(ab^2de^5x^3 + 2a^2bde^5x^2 + a^3de^5x)\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}} \log\left(\frac{2be^2x^2+ae^2x+2\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{exb}\sqrt{\frac{e}{b}}}{x}\right) - 2(3a^2d^2e^5 - (b^2c - 4a^2bd)e^5x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{3(ab^4x^3 + 2a^2b^3x^2 + a^3b^2x)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(11/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/3*(3*(a*b^2*d*e^5*x^3 + 2*a^2*b*d*e^5*x^2 + a^3*d*e^5*x)*sqrt(e/b)*log((2*b*e*x^2 + a*e*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(e/b))/x) - 2*(3*a^2*d*e^5 - (b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*e^5*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(a*b^4*x^3 + 2*a^2*b^3*x^2 + a^3*b^2*x), -2/3*(3*(a*b^2*d*e^5*x^3 + 2*a^2*b*d*e^5*x^2 + a^3*d*e^5*x)*sqrt(-e/b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)*b*sqrt(-e/b)/(b*e*x^2 + a*e*x)) + (3*a^2*d*e^5 - (b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*e^5*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x))/(a*b^4*x^3 + 2*a^2*b^3*x^2 + a^3*b^2*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(11/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(11/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(11/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{de^5|e|\log(e^2|a|)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{beb^2}} - \frac{2de^5|e|\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} + \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{beb^2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2\left(\frac{3ade^7|e|}{b^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{(b^3ce^9|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-4ab^2de^9|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x))x}{ab^3e^2}\right)\sqrt{ex}}{3(be^2x+ae^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(11/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d*e^5*abs(e)*log(e^2*abs(a))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2) - 2*d*e^5*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) + sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2*sgn(x)) - 2/3*(3*a*d*e^7*abs(e)/(b^2*sgn(x)) - (b^3*c*e^9*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 4*a*b^2*d*e^9*abs(e)*sgn(x))*x/(a*b^3*e^2))*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(11/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `int(((e*x)^(11/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{11/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}e^5 \left(3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2d + 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) ab \right)}{3\sqrt{bx+a} a^3}$$

input `int((e*x)^(11/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*e**5*(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*d + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*c*x - 3*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d - 4*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d*x + sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x))/(3*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*(a + b*x))`

3.350 $\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2653
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2653
Rubi [A] (verified)	2654
Maple [A] (verified)	2655
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2655
Sympy [F(-1)]	2656
Maxima [F]	2656
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2656
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2657
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2657

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc-ad)e(ex)^{7/2}}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2bc+ad)e^3(ex)^{3/2}}{3a^2b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

output

```
2/3*(-a*d+b*c)*e*(e*x)^(7/2)/a/b/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)+2/3*(a*d+2*b*c)*e^3*(e*x)^(3/2)/a^2/b/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(3ac+2bcx+adx)}{3a^2(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(9/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*e*(e*x)^(7/2)*(3*a*c+2*b*c*x+a*d*x))/(3*a^2*(x^2*(a+b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1943, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1943

$$\frac{e^2(ad+2bc) \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{2e^3(ex)^{3/2}(ad+2bc)}{3a^2b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{2e(ex)^{7/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^(9/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(b*c-a*d)*e*(e*x)^(7/2))/(3*a*b*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (2*(2*b*c+a*d)*e^3*(e*x)^(3/2))/(3*a^2*b*Sqrt[a*x^2+b*x^3])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-c^(j-1))*(c*x)^(m-j+1)*((a*x^j+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*(n-j)*(p+1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,j,m,n,p},x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n,j] && EqQ[m+n*p+n-j+1,0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c,0])
```

rule 1943

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x(bx+a)(adx+2cbx+3ac)(ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3a^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	44
orering	$\frac{2x(bx+a)(adx+2cbx+3ac)(ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3a^2(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	44
default	$\frac{2x^5(bx+a)(adx+2cbx+3ac)\sqrt{ex}e^4}{3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2}$	49

input

```
int((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*x*(b*x+a)*(a*d*x+2*b*c*x+3*a*c)*(e*x)^(9/2)/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3ace^4 + (2bc+ad)e^4x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{3(a^2b^2x^3 + 2a^3bx^2 + a^4x)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3*(3*a*c*e^4 + (2*b*c + a*d)*e^4*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^2*b
^2*x^3 + 2*a^3*b*x^2 + a^4*x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(9/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3ce^6|e|}{a\text{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(2b^2ce^8|e|\text{sgn}(x)+abde^8|e|\text{sgn}(x))x}{a^2be^2} \right) \sqrt{ex}}{3 (be^2x + ae^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(3*c*e^6*abs(e)/(a*sgn(x)) + (2*b^2*c*e^8*abs(e)*sgn(x) + a*b*d*e^8*abs(e)*sgn(x))*x/(a^2*b*e^2))*sqrt(e*x)/(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2ce^4\sqrt{ex}}{ab^2} + \frac{2e^4x\sqrt{ex}(ad+2bc)}{3a^2b^2}\right) \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}}{x^3 + \frac{2ax^2}{b} + \frac{a^2x}{b^2}}$$

input `int(((e*x)^(9/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `((((2*c*e^4*(e*x)^(1/2))/(a*b^2) + (2*e^4*x*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a*d+2*b*c))/(3*a^2*b^2))*(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(1/2))/(x^3+(2*a*x^2)/b+(a^2*x)/b^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{9/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}e^4\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2d - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abc + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abdx - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2\right)}{3\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2(bx+a)}$$

input `int((e*x)^(9/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*e**4*(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*d - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b*c + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b*d*x - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**2*c*x + 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c + sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x)/(3*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**2*(a+b*x))`

3.351 $\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2658
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2658
Rubi [A] (verified)	2659
Maple [A] (verified)	2660
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2661
Sympy [F]	2661
Maxima [F]	2662
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2662
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2663
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2663

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ex)^{5/2}}{a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(4bc-ad)(ex)^{7/2}}{3a^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{4(4bc-ad)e^2(ex)^{3/2}}{3a^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}$$

```
output -2*c*e*(e*x)^(5/2)/a/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2/3*(-a*d+4*b*c)*(e*x)^(7/2)/a^2/
(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-4/3*(-a*d+4*b*c)*e^2*(e*x)^(3/2)/a^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/
2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(-8b^2cx^2-3a^2(c-dx)+2abx(-6c+dx))}{3a^3(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[((e*x)^(7/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (2*e*(e*x)^(5/2)*(-8*b^2*c*x^2-3*a^2*(c-d*x)+2*a*b*x*(-6*c+d*x)))/(
(3*a^3*(x^2*(a+b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1943, 1921, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1943$$

$$\frac{e^2(4bc-ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1921$$

$$\frac{e^2(4bc-ad) \left(\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1920$$

$$\frac{e^2(4bc-ad) \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{a\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} - \frac{4e^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{a^2(ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{3ab} + \frac{2e(ex)^{5/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*e*(e*x)^(5/2))/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + ((4*b*c - a*d)*e^2*((2*e*Sqrt[e*x])/(a*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) - (4*e^3*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(a^2*(e*x)^(3/2))))/(3*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 $\text{Int}[\text{((c_)}*(x_))^{\text{(m_)}*((a_)}*(x_)^{\text{(j_)} + (b_)}*(x_)^{\text{(n_)}))^{\text{(p_)}}, x_Symbol]$ $\text{:> Simp}[(-c^{\text{(j - 1)}})*(c*x)^{\text{(m - j + 1)}}*((a*x^{\text{j}} + b*x^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x]$ $/;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, j, m, n, p\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[n, j]$ $\&\& \text{EqQ}[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0]$ $\&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[j] \text{ || GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1921 $\text{Int}[\text{((c_)}*(x_))^{\text{(m_)}*((a_)}*(x_)^{\text{(j_)} + (b_)}*(x_)^{\text{(n_)}))^{\text{(p_)}}, x_Symbol]$ $\text{:> Simp}[(-c^{\text{(j - 1)}})*(c*x)^{\text{(m - j + 1)}}*((a*x^{\text{j}} + b*x^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x]$ $+ \text{Simp}[c^{\text{j}}*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{\text{(m - j)}}*(a*x^{\text{j}} + b*x^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}}, x], x]$ $/;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, j, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[n, j]$ $\&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0]$ $\&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$ $\&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[j] \text{ || GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1943 $\text{Int}[\text{((e_)}*(x_))^{\text{(m_)}*((a_)}*(x_)^{\text{(j_)} + (b_)}*(x_)^{\text{(jn_)}))^{\text{(p_)}*((c_)} + (d_)}*(x_)^{\text{(n_)}}, x_Symbol]$ $\text{:> Simp}[(-e^{\text{(j - 1)}})*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^{\text{(m - j + 1)}}*((a*x^{\text{j}} + b*x^{\text{(j + n)}})^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x]$ $- \text{Simp}[e^{\text{j}}*(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{\text{(m - j)}}*(a*x^{\text{j}} + b*x^{\text{(j + n)}})^{\text{(p + 1)}}, x], x]$ $/;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{EqQ}[jn, j + n]$ $\&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$ $\&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$ $\&\& \text{GtQ}[j, 0]$ $\&\& \text{LeQ}[j, m]$ $\&\& (\text{GtQ}[e, 0] \text{ || IntegerQ}[j])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-2abd x^2+8b^2c x^2-3a^2 dx+12abcx+3a^2c)(ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3a^3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	67
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-2abd x^2+8b^2c x^2-3a^2 dx+12abcx+3a^2c)(ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3a^3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	67
default	$-\frac{2x^4(bx+a)(-2abd x^2+8b^2c x^2-3a^2 dx+12abcx+3a^2c)\sqrt{ex} e^3}{3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^3}$	72
risch	$-\frac{2c(bx+a)e^4x}{a^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{2(2abdx-5b^2cx+3a^2d-6abc)x^2e^4}{3(bx+a)a^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$	92

input $\text{int}((e*x)^{\text{(7/2)}}*(d*x+c)/(b*x^{\text{3}}+a*x^{\text{2}})^{\text{(5/2)}}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-2/3*x*(b*x+a)*(-2*a*b*d*x^2+8*b^2*c*x^2-3*a^2*d*x+12*a*b*c*x+3*a^2*c)*(e*x)^(7/2)/a^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^2ce^3 + 2(4b^2c - abd)e^3x^2 + 3(4abc - a^2d)e^3x)\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{3(a^3b^2x^4 + 2a^4bx^3 + a^5x^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(3*a^2*c*e^3 + 2*(4*b^2*c - a*b*d)*e^3*x^2 + 3*(4*a*b*c - a^2*d)*e^3*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^3*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^4*b*x^3 + a^5*x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((e*x)**(7/2)*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{7/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(7/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{b}ce^6}{\left(ae^2 - \left(\sqrt{b}e\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2}\right)^2\right)a^2|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2\sqrt{ex}\left(\frac{5a^2b^3ce^7|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-2a^3b^2de^7|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{a^5be^2}x + \frac{3(2a^3b^2ce^8|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-a^4bde^8|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{a^5be^3}\right)}{3(be^2x+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4*sqrt(b*e)*c*e^6/((a*e^2 - (sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))
^2)*a^2*abs(e)*sgn(x)) - 2/3*sqrt(e*x)*((5*a^2*b^3*c*e^7*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 2
*a^3*b^2*d*e^7*abs(e)*sgn(x))*x/(a^5*b*e^2) + 3*(2*a^3*b^2*c*e^8*abs(e)*sg
n(x) - a^4*b*d*e^8*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(a^5*b*e^3))/(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(\frac{2e^3 x \sqrt{ex}(ad-4bc)}{a^2 b^2} - \frac{2ce^3 \sqrt{ex}}{ab^2} + \frac{4e^3 x^2 \sqrt{ex}(ad-4bc)}{3a^3 b} \right)}{x^4 + \frac{2ax^3}{b} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{b^2}}$$

input `int(((e*x)^(7/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*e^3*x*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a*d - 4*b*c))/(a^2*b^2) - (2*c*e^3*(e*x)^(1/2))/(a*b^2) + (4*e^3*x^2*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a*d - 4*b*c))/(3*a^3*b)))/(x^4 + (2*a*x^3)/b + (a^2*x^2)/b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{7/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}e^3 \left(-2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2dx + 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abcx - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abd x^2 + 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}cdx^3 \right)}{3\sqrt{bx+a}}$$

input `int((e*x)^(7/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*e**3*(- 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d*x + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*c*x - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x**2 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 - 3*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*c + 3*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d*x - 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c*x + 2*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d*x**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x**2))/(3*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x*(a + b*x))`

3.352 $\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2664
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2664
Rubi [A] (verified)	2665
Maple [A] (verified)	2667
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2667
Sympy [F]	2668
Maxima [F]	2668
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2669
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2669
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2670

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce(ex)^{3/2}}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(2bc-ad)(ex)^{5/2}}{3a^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{8(2bc-ad)e^2\sqrt{ex}}{3a^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{16(2bc-ad)e^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a^4(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output -2/3*c*e*(e*x)^(3/2)/a/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2/3*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(5/2)/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-8/3*(-a*d+2*b*c)*e^2*(e*x)^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+16/3*(-a*d+2*b*c)*e^4*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(3/2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(-16b^3cx^3 - 6a^2bx(c-2dx) + 8ab^2x^2(-3c+dx) + a^3(c+3dx))}{3a^4(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*e*(e*x)^(3/2)*(-16*b^3*c*x^3 - 6*a^2*b*x*(c - 2*d*x) + 8*a*b^2*x^2*(-3*c + d*x) + a^3*(c + 3*d*x)))/(3*a^4*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1943, 1921, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1943} \\
 & \frac{e^2(2bc-ad)}{ab} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1921} \\
 & \frac{e^2(2bc-ad)}{ab} \left(\frac{4e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1922} \\
 & \frac{e^2(2bc-ad)}{ab} \left(\frac{4e^2 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}{3ab(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1920}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e^2(2bc - ad) \left(\frac{4e^2 \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{ab} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}(bc - ad)}{3ab(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(5/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*e*(e*x)^(3/2))/(3*a*b*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*c - a*d)*e^2*((2*e)/(a*sqrt[e*x]*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (4*e^2*((-2*e*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*b*sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2))))/a)/(a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1921 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1922 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1943

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^(j - 1))*(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m - j
+ 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^j*((a*d*(
m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- j)*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m,
n}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1
] && GtQ[j, 0] && LeQ[j, m] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(8ab^2dx^3-16b^3cx^3+12a^2bdx^2-24ab^2cx^2+3a^3dx-6a^2bcx+ca^3)(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3a^4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	90
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(8ab^2dx^3-16b^3cx^3+12a^2bdx^2-24ab^2cx^2+3a^3dx-6a^2bcx+ca^3)(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3a^4(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	90
default	$-\frac{2x^3(bx+a)(8ab^2dx^3-16b^3cx^3+12a^2bdx^2-24ab^2cx^2+3a^3dx-6a^2bcx+ca^3)\sqrt{ex}e^2}{3(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^4}$	95
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(3adx-8cbx+ac)e^3}{3a^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2b(5abdx-8b^2cx+6a^2d-9abc)x^2e^3}{3(bx+a)a^4\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$	105

input

```
int((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*x*(b*x+a)*(8*a*b^2*d*x^3-16*b^3*c*x^3+12*a^2*b*d*x^2-24*a*b^2*c*x^2+3
*a^3*d*x-6*a^2*b*c*x+a^3*c)*(e*x)^(5/2)/a^4/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c + dx)}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^3ce^2 - 8(2b^3c - ab^2d)e^2x^3 - 12(2ab^2c - a^2bd)e^2x^2 - 3(2a^2bc - a^3d)e^2x)\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{3(a^4b^2x^5 + 2a^5bx^4 + a^6x^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/3*(a^3*c*e^2 - 8*(2*b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*e^2*x^3 - 12*(2*a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d)*e^2*x^2 - 3*(2*a^2*b*c - a^3*d)*e^2*x)*\sqrt{b*x^3 + a*x^2}*\sqrt{e*x}/(a^4*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^5*b*x^4 + a^6*x^3)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(5/2)*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 365 vs. $2(128) = 256$.

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex} \left(\frac{(8a^3b^4ce^6|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-5a^4b^3de^6|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x))x}{a^7be^2} + \frac{3(3a^4b^3ce^7|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-2a^5b^2de^7|e|\operatorname{sgn}(x))}{a^7be^3} \right)}{3(be^2x+ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4 \left(8\sqrt{be}a^2bce^9 - 3\sqrt{be}a^3de^9 - 18\sqrt{be} \left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2} \right)^2 abce^7 + 6\sqrt{be} \left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2} \right) \right)}{3 \left(ae^2 - \left(\sqrt{be}\sqrt{ex} - \sqrt{be^2x+ae^2} \right) \right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*sqrt(e*x)*((8*a^3*b^4*c*e^6*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 5*a^4*b^3*d*e^6*abs(e)*sgn(x))*x/(a^7*b*e^2) + 3*(3*a^4*b^3*c*e^7*abs(e)*sgn(x) - 2*a^5*b^2*d*e^7*abs(e)*sgn(x))/(a^7*b*e^3))/(b*e^2*x + a*e^2)^(3/2) + 4/3*(8*sqrt(b*e)*a^2*b*c*e^9 - 3*sqrt(b*e)*a^3*d*e^9 - 18*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^2*a*b*c*e^7 + 6*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^2*a^2*d*e^7 + 6*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^4*b*c*e^5 - 3*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^4*a*d*e^5)/((a*e^2 - (sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(e*x) - sqrt(b*e^2*x + a*e^2))^2)^3*a^3*abs(e)*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(\frac{2ce^2\sqrt{ex}}{3ab^2} + \frac{16e^2x^3\sqrt{ex}(ad-2bc)}{3a^4} + \frac{2e^2x\sqrt{ex}(ad-2bc)}{a^2b^2} + \frac{8e^2x^2\sqrt{ex}(ad-2bc)}{a^3b} \right)}{x^5 + \frac{2ax^4}{b} + \frac{a^2x^3}{b^2}}$$

input `int(((e*x)^(5/2)*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output

```

-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((2*c*e^2*(e*x)^(1/2))/(3*a*b^2) + (16*e^2*x^3*(e*
x)^(1/2)*(a*d - 2*b*c))/(3*a^4) + (2*e^2*x*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a*d - 2*b*c))/(a^2
*b^2) + (8*e^2*x^2*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a*d - 2*b*c))/(a^3*b)))/(x^5 + (2*a*x^4)/b
+ (a^2*x^3)/b^2)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}e^2(8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2dx^2 - 16\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abcx^2 + 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abd x^3 - 16\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abcdx^4 + 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2d^2x^2 - 16\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abcdx^2 + 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abd^2x^3 - 16\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}abcdx^4 + 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2d^2x^2)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(5/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*sqrt(e)*e**2*(8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*d*x**2 - 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a +
b*x)*a*b*c*x**2 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x**3 - 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
+ b*x)*b**2*c*x**3 - sqrt(x)*a**3*c - 3*sqrt(x)*a**3*d*x + 6*sqrt(x)*a**2*
b*c*x - 12*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 24*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c*x**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*a*
b**2*d*x**3 + 16*sqrt(x)*b**3*c*x**3))/(3*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*x**2*(a + b*x
))

```

3.353 $\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2671
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2672
Rubi [A] (verified)	2672
Maple [A] (verified)	2675
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2675
Sympy [F]	2676
Maxima [F]	2676
Giac [F(-1)]	2676
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2677
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2677

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{5a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(8bc-5ad)(ex)^{3/2}}{15a^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{4(8bc-5ad)e^2}{5a^3\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{16(8bc-5ad)e^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{15a^4(ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{32b(8bc-5ad)e^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{15a^5(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*c*e*(e*x)^(1/2)/a/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2/15*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)
/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-4/5*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*e^2/a^3/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x
^2)^(1/2)+16/15*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*e^4*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(5/2)-32/
15*b*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*e^3*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^5/(e*x)^(3/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}(-128b^4cx^4 + 16ab^3x^3(-12c+5dx) + 24a^2b^2x^2(-2c+5dx) - a^4(3c+5dx))}{15a^5(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*e*Sqrt[e*x]*(-128*b^4*c*x^4 + 16*a*b^3*x^3*(-12*c + 5*d*x) + 24*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-2*c + 5*d*x) - a^4*(3*c + 5*d*x) + 2*a^3*b*x*(4*c + 15*d*x)))/(15*a^5*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1944, 1921, 1921, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1944 \\ & -\frac{(8bc-5ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{5/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{5a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1921 \\ & -\frac{(8bc-5ad) \left(\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{5a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1921 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{2e^2 \left(\frac{4e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{5a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1922

$$\frac{(8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{2e^2 \left(\frac{4e^2 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{5a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1920

$$\frac{(8bc - 5ad) \left(\frac{2e^2 \left(\frac{4e^2 \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^3}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e(ex)^{3/2}}{3a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{5a(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*c*e*Sqrt[e*x])/(5*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((8*b*c - 5*a*d)*((2*e*(e*x)^(3/2))/(3*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (2*e^2*((2*e)/(a*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])) + (4*e^2*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]))/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2))))/a)/a)/(5*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1921

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))) In
t[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(
n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-80x^4ab^3d+128x^4b^4c-120a^2b^2dx^3+192ab^3cx^3-30a^3bdx^2+48a^2b^2cx^2+5a^4dx-8a^3bcx+3ca^4)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15a^5(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	115
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-80x^4ab^3d+128x^4b^4c-120a^2b^2dx^3+192ab^3cx^3-30a^3bdx^2+48a^2b^2cx^2+5a^4dx-8a^3bcx+3ca^4)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15a^5(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	115
default	$-\frac{2x^2(bx+a)(-80x^4ab^3d+128x^4b^4c-120a^2b^2dx^3+192ab^3cx^3-30a^3bdx^2+48a^2b^2cx^2+5a^4dx-8a^3bcx+3ca^4)\sqrt{ex}e}{15(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^5}$	118
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-40abd^2x^2+73b^2c^2x^2+5a^2dx-14abcx+3a^2c)e^2}{15a^5x\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{2b^2(8abdx-11b^2cx+9a^2d-12abc)x^2e^2}{3(bx+a)a^5\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$	133

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15*x*(b*x+a)*(-80*a*b^3*d*x^4+128*b^4*c*x^4-120*a^2*b^2*d*x^3+192*a*b^3*c*x^3-30*a^3*b*d*x^2+48*a^2*b^2*c*x^2+5*a^4*d*x-8*a^3*b*c*x+3*a^4*c)*(e*x)^(3/2)/a^5/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^4ce+16(8b^4c-5ab^3d)ex^4+24(8ab^3c-5a^2b^2d)ex^3+6(8a^2b^2c-5a^3bd)ex^2-(8a^3bc-5a^4d)e)}{15(a^5b^2x^6+2a^6bx^5+a^7x^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(3*a^4*c*e+16*(8*b^4*c-5*a*b^3*d)*e*x^4+24*(8*a*b^3*c-5*a^2*b^2*d)*e*x^3+6*(8*a^2*b^2*c-5*a^3*b*d)*e*x^2-(8*a^3*b*c-5*a^4*d)*e*x)*sqrt(b*x^3+a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^5*b^2*x^6+2*a^6*b*x^5+a^7*x^4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(3/2)*(c+d*x)/(x**2*(a+b*x))**(5/2),x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x+c)*(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(\frac{16ex^3\sqrt{ex}(5ad-8bc)}{5a^4} - \frac{2ce\sqrt{ex}}{5ab^2} - \frac{2ex\sqrt{ex}(5ad-8bc)}{15a^2b^2} + \frac{32bex^4\sqrt{ex}(5ad-8bc)}{15a^5} \right)}{x^6 + \frac{2ax^5}{b} + \frac{a^2x^4}{b^2}}$$

input `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`output `((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((16*e*x^3*(e*x)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 8*b*c))/(5*a^4) - (2*c*e*(e*x)^(1/2))/(5*a*b^2) - (2*e*x*(e*x)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 8*b*c))/(15*a^2*b^2) + (32*b*e*x^4*(e*x)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 8*b*c))/(15*a^5) + (4*e*x^2*(e*x)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 8*b*c))/(5*a^3*b)))/(x^6 + (2*a*x^5)/b + (a^2*x^4)/b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}e \left(-80\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bdx^3 + 128\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2cx^3 - 80\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2dx^4 \right)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*e*(-80*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b*d*x**3 + 128*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**2*c*x**3 - 80*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**2*d*x**4 + 128*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**3*c*x**4 - 3*sqrt(x)*a**4*c - 5*sqrt(x)*a**4*d*x + 8*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*c*x + 30*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*d*x**2 - 48*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 + 120*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 - 192*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c*x**3 + 80*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*d*x**4 - 128*sqrt(x)*b**4*c*x**4))/(15*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**5*x**3*(a+b*x))`

3.354 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2678
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2679
Rubi [A] (verified)	2679
Maple [A] (verified)	2682
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2683
Sympy [F]	2683
Maxima [F]	2684
Giac [F(-1)]	2684
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2684
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2685

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce}{7a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(10bc-7ad)\sqrt{ex}}{21a^2(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{16(10bc-7ad)e^2}{21a^3(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{32(10bc-7ad)e^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{35a^4(ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{128b(10bc-7ad)e^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{105a^5(ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{256b^2(10bc-7ad)e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{105a^6(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*c*e/a/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2/21*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)
)/a^2/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-16/21*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*e^2/a^3/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3
+a*x^2)^(1/2)+32/35*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*e^4*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(7/2)
)-128/105*b*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*e^3*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^5/(e*x)^(5/2)+256/10
5*b^2*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*e^2*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^6/(e*x)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e(-1280b^5cx^5 + 128ab^4x^4(-15c+7dx) + 3a^5(5c+7dx) + 96a^2b^3x^3(-5c+14dx) + 16a^3b^2x^2(5c+21dx) - 2a^4b^2x(15c+28dx))}{105a^6\sqrt{ex}(x^2(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[e*x]*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*e*(-1280*b^5*c*x^5 + 128*a*b^4*x^4*(-15*c + 7*d*x) + 3*a^5*(5*c + 7*d*x) + 96*a^2*b^3*x^3*(-5*c + 14*d*x) + 16*a^3*b^2*x^2*(5*c + 21*d*x) - 2*a^4*b*x*(15*c + 28*d*x)))/(105*a^6*Sqrt[e*x]*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {1944, 1921, 1921, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1944$$

$$-\frac{(10bc-7ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2ce}{7a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1921$$

$$-\frac{(10bc-7ad) \left(\frac{8e^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2ce}{7a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{8e^2 \left(\frac{6e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 1921

$$\frac{7ae}{2ce} \frac{7a\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1922

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{8e^2 \left(\frac{6e^2 \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{7ae}{2ce} \frac{7a\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1922

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{8e^2 \left(\frac{6e^2 \left(\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2ce}{7ae} \frac{7a\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1920

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left(\frac{8e^2 \left(\frac{6e^2 \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a^2(e^x)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a(e^x)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(e^x)^{7/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(e^x)^{3/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2e\sqrt{ex}}{3a(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2ce}{7a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[e*x]*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*c*e)/(7*a*Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((10*b*c - 7*a*d)*((2*e*Sqrt[e*x])/(3*a*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (8*e^2*((2*e)/(a*(e*x)^(3/2))*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (6*e^2*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*a*(e*x)^(7/2)) - (4*b*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2)))/(5*a*e))/a)/(3*a)))/(7*a*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1921

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j
)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1)) In
t[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n}
, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(
n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1)) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(896ab^4dx^5-1280b^5cx^5+1344x^4a^2b^3d-1920x^4ab^4c+336a^3b^2dx^3-480a^2b^3cx^3-56a^4bdx^2+80a^3b^2cx^2+21a^5dx-3105a^6(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{105a^6(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(896ab^4dx^5-1280b^5cx^5+1344x^4a^2b^3d-1920x^4ab^4c+336a^3b^2dx^3-480a^2b^3cx^3-56a^4bdx^2+80a^3b^2cx^2+21a^5dx-3105a^6(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{105a^6(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(896ab^4dx^5-1280b^5cx^5+1344x^4a^2b^3d-1920x^4ab^4c+336a^3b^2dx^3-480a^2b^3cx^3-56a^4bdx^2+80a^3b^2cx^2+21a^5dx-3105a^6(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{105a^6(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(511ab^2dx^3-790b^3cx^3-98a^2bdx^2+185ab^2cx^2+21a^3dx-60a^2bcx+15ca^3)e}{105a^6x^2\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2b^3(11abdx-14b^2cx+12a^2d-15abc)}{3(bx+a)a^6\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}}$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/105*x*(b*x+a)*(896*a*b^4*d*x^5-1280*b^5*c*x^5+1344*a^2*b^3*d*x^4-1920*a*b^4*c*x^4+336*a^3*b^2*d*x^3-480*a^2*b^3*c*x^3-56*a^4*b*d*x^2+80*a^3*b^2*c*x^2+21*a^5*d*x-30*a^4*b*c*x+15*a^5*c)*(e*x)^(1/2)/a^6/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(15a^5c - 128(10b^5c - 7ab^4d)x^5 - 192(10ab^4c - 7a^2b^3d)x^4 - 48(10a^2b^3c - 7a^3b^2d)x^3 + 8(10a^3b^2c - 7a^4b^2d)x^2 - 3(10a^4b^2c - 7a^5d)x)\sqrt{b^2x^3+ax^2}\sqrt{ex}}{105(a^6b^2x^7 + 2a^7bx^6 + a^8x^5)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(15*a^5*c - 128*(10*b^5*c - 7*a*b^4*d)*x^5 - 192*(10*a*b^4*c - 7*a^2*b^3*d)*x^4 - 48*(10*a^2*b^3*c - 7*a^3*b^2*d)*x^3 + 8*(10*a^3*b^2*c - 7*a^4*b^2*d)*x^2 - 3*(10*a^4*b^2*c - 7*a^5*d)*x)*sqrt(b*x^3 + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x)/(a^6*b^2*x^7 + 2*a^7*b*x^6 + a^8*x^5)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(x^2(a+bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(e*x)*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2} \left(\frac{32x^3\sqrt{ex}(7ad-10bc)}{35a^4} + \frac{2c\sqrt{ex}}{7ab^2} - \frac{x^5\sqrt{ex}(2560b^5c-1792ab^4d)}{105a^6b^2} + \frac{128bx^4\sqrt{ex}(7ad-10bc)}{35a^5} + \frac{x\sqrt{ex}(42a^5d)}{105a^6} \right)}{x^7 + \frac{2ax^6}{b} + \frac{a^2x^5}{b^2}}$$

input `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2),x)`

output

```

-((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((32*x^3*(e*x)^(1/2)*(7*a*d - 10*b*c))/(35*a^4) +
(2*c*(e*x)^(1/2))/(7*a*b^2) - (x^5*(e*x)^(1/2)*(2560*b^5*c - 1792*a*b^4*d)
)/(105*a^6*b^2) + (128*b*x^4*(e*x)^(1/2)*(7*a*d - 10*b*c))/(35*a^5) + (x*(
e*x)^(1/2)*(42*a^5*d - 60*a^4*b*c))/(105*a^6*b^2) - (16*x^2*(e*x)^(1/2)*(7
*a*d - 10*b*c))/(105*a^3*b)))/(x^7 + (2*a*x^6)/b + (a^2*x^5)/b^2)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(896\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2dx^4 - 1280\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3cx^4 + 896\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3dx^4 \right)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*sqrt(e)*(896*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**4 - 1280*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*x**4 + 896*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d*x**5 - 1280*s
qrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*c*x**5 - 15*sqrt(x)*a**5*c - 21*sqrt(x)*a**5*d*x
+ 30*sqrt(x)*a**4*b*c*x + 56*sqrt(x)*a**4*b*d*x**2 - 80*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**2
*c*x**2 - 336*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**3 + 480*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**3 - 13
44*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**4 + 1920*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*c*x**4 - 896*sqrt(x)*a*b
**4*d*x**5 + 1280*sqrt(x)*b**5*c*x**5))/(105*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*x**4*(a +
b*x))

```

3.355 $\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2686
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2687
Rubi [A] (verified)	2687
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2ce}{9a(ex)^{3/2}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(4bc-3ad)}{9a^2\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} - \frac{20(4bc-3ad)e^2}{9a^3(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} + \frac{160(4bc-3ad)e^4\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{63a^4(ex)^{9/2}} - \frac{64b(4bc-3ad)e^3\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{21a^5(ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{256b^2(4bc-3ad)e^2\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{63a^6(ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{512b^3(4bc-3ad)e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{63a^7(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/9*c*e/a/(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-2/9*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)/a^2/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(3/2)-20/9*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*e^2/a^3/(e*x)^(5/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)+160/63*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*e^4*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/(e*x)^(9/2)-64/21*b*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*e^3*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^5/(e*x)^(7/2)+256/63*b^2*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*e^2*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^6/(e*x)^(5/2)-512/63*b^3*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*e*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(1/2)/a^7/(e*x)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e(1024b^6cx^6 + 384a^2b^4x^4(c - 3dx) - 768ab^5x^5(-2c + dx) + 24a^4b^2x^2(c + 2dx) - 6a^5bx(2c + 3dx) - 32a^6c^2)}{63a^7(ex)^{3/2} (x^2(a + bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*e*(1024*b^6*c*x^6 + 384*a^2*b^4*x^4*(c - 3*d*x) - 768*a*b^5*x^5*(-2*c + d*x) + 24*a^4*b^2*x^2*(c + 2*d*x) - 6*a^5*b*x*(2*c + 3*d*x) - 32*a^3*b^3*x^3*(2*c + 9*d*x) + a^6*(7*c + 9*d*x))/(63*a^7*(e*x)^(3/2)*(x^2*(a + b*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1944, 1921, 1921, 1922, 1922, 1922, 1920}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1944

$$-\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2}} dx}{3ae} - \frac{2ce}{9a(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1921

$$-\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{10e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} (bx^3 + ax^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2e}{3a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \right)}{3ae} - \frac{2ce}{9a(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1921 \\
 (4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{10e^2 \left(\frac{8e^2 \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2e}{3a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{3ae}{2ce} \\
 \frac{9a(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\phantom{9a(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}} \\
 \downarrow 1922 \\
 (4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{10e^2 \left(\frac{8e^2 \left(-\frac{6b \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{7ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2e}{3a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{3ae}{2ce} \\
 \frac{9a(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}{\phantom{9a(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}} \\
 \downarrow 1922 \\
 (4bc - 3ad) \left(\frac{10e^2 \left(\frac{8e^2 \left(-\frac{6b \left(\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2e}{3a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{2ce}{9a(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \quad \frac{3ae}{\phantom{9a(ex)^{3/2} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}}}
 \end{array}$$

↓ 1922

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^3+ax^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{5ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right) \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}} \right) \right)}{a} + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{10e^2}{(4bc - 3ad)} \right) \left(\frac{3ae}{3a} \right) + \frac{3ae}{3a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2ce}{9a(ex)^{3/2}(ax^2+bx^3)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1920

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{10e^2}{a} \left(\frac{6b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a^2(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{3a(ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{5a(ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{7ae} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}}{7a(ex)^{9/2}} \right) + \frac{2e}{a(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ax^2+bx^3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{(4bc - 3ad)}{3a} + \frac{2e}{3a\sqrt{ex}(ax^2)} \\
 & \frac{2ce}{9a(ex)^{3/2}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{3/2}} \quad 3ae
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)),x]
```

```
output (-2*c*e)/(9*a*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) - ((4*b*c - 3*a*d)*((2*e)/(3*a*Sqrt[e*x]*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(3/2)) + (10*e^2*((2*e)/(a*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3]) + (8*e^2*(-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(7*a*(e*x)^(9/2)) - (6*b*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(5*a*(e*x)^(7/2)) - (4*b*((-2*e*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a*(e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a*x^2 + b*x^3])/(3*a^2*(e*x)^(3/2)))))/(5*a*e)))/(7*a*e))/a)/(3*a)))/(3*a*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1920

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[
n, j] && EqQ[m + n*p + n - j + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1921

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(-c^(j - 1))*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(n - j)
)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c^j*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*(n - j)*(p + 1))) In
t[(c*x)^(m - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(
n - j)], 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[j] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1922

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[c^(j - 1)*(c*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*p + n - j + 1)/(a*c^(n - j)*(m + j*p + 1))) I
nt[(c*x)^(m + n - j)*(a*x^j + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n,
p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + n*p + n - j + 1)
/(n - j)], 0] && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && (IntegersQ[j, n] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1944

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^(p_)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j
+ b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(a*(m + j*p + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b
*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + j*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a*x^
j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j
+ n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[m + j*p, -1
] || (IntegersQ[m - 1/2, p - 1/2] && LtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, (-n)*p - 1])) && (
GtQ[e, 0] || IntegersQ[j, n]) && NeQ[m + j*p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m - n + j*p + 1
, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-768ab^5dx^6+1024b^6cx^6-1152a^2b^4dx^5+1536ab^5cx^5-288a^3b^3dx^4+384a^2b^4cx^4+48a^4b^2dx^3-64a^3b^3cx^3-18a^5b^2dx^2+24a^4b^2cx^2+9a^6dx-12a^5b^2cx+7a^6c)}{63a^7\sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-768ab^5dx^6+1024b^6cx^6-1152a^2b^4dx^5+1536ab^5cx^5-288a^3b^3dx^4+384a^2b^4cx^4+48a^4b^2dx^3-64a^3b^3cx^3-18a^5b^2dx^2+24a^4b^2cx^2+9a^6dx-12a^5b^2cx+7a^6c)}{63a^7\sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2x(bx+a)(-768ab^5dx^6+1024b^6cx^6-1152a^2b^4dx^5+1536ab^5cx^5-288a^3b^3dx^4+384a^2b^4cx^4+48a^4b^2dx^3-64a^3b^3cx^3-18a^5b^2dx^2+24a^4b^2cx^2+9a^6dx-12a^5b^2cx+7a^6c)}{63a^7\sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(bx+a)(-474x^4ab^3d+667x^4b^4c+111a^2b^2dx^3-176ab^3cx^3-36a^3bdx^2+69a^2b^2cx^2+9a^4dx-26a^3bcx+7ca^4)}{63a^7x^3\sqrt{x^2(bx+a)}\sqrt{ex}} + \frac{2b^4(14abdx^3+3bx^4+c)}{3(bx+a)^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{2}{63}x(bx+a)(-768ab^5dx^6+1024b^6cx^6-1152a^2b^4dx^5+1536ab^5cx^5-288a^3b^3dx^4+384a^2b^4cx^4+48a^4b^2dx^3-64a^3b^3cx^3-18a^5b^2dx^2+24a^4b^2cx^2+9a^6dx-12a^5b^2cx+7a^6c)/a^7\sqrt{ex}(bx^3+ax^2)^{5/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2+bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(7a^6c+256(4b^6c-3ab^5d)x^6+384(4ab^5c-3a^2b^4d)x^5+96(4a^2b^4c-3a^3b^3d)x^4-16(4a^3b^3c-3a^4b^2d)x^3+6(4a^4b^2c-3a^5b^2d)x^2-3(4a^5b^2c-3a^6d)x+7a^6c)\sqrt{ex}}{63(a^7b^2ex^8+2a^8bex^7+a^9ex^6)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{2}{63}(7a^6c+256(4b^6c-3ab^5d)x^6+384(4a^2b^4c-3a^3b^3d)x^5+96(4a^2b^4c-3a^3b^3d)x^4-16(4a^3b^3c-3a^4b^2d)x^3+6(4a^4b^2c-3a^5b^2d)x^2-3(4a^5b^2c-3a^6d)x+7a^6c)\sqrt{ex}/(a^7b^2ex^8+2a^8bex^7+a^9ex^6)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (x^2 (a + bx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)**(1/2)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)/(sqrt(e*x)*(x**2*(a + b*x))**(5/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/((b*x^3 + a*x^2)^(5/2)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 533 vs. $2(238) = 476$.

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 533, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left((bx + a) \left((bx + a) \left(\frac{(667 a^{18} b^{14} c e^4 - 474 a^{19} b^{13} d e^4)(bx+a)}{a^{25} b^4 |b| \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{9 (316 a^{19} b^{14} c e^4 - 223 a^{20} b^{13} d e^4)}{a^{25} b^4 |b| \operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) + \frac{63 (73 a^{20} b^{14} c e^4 - 51 a^{21} b^{13} d e^4)}{a^{25} b^4 |b| \operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) \right)}{63 ((bx + a)be - abe)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{4 \left(17 \sqrt{be} a^2 b^8 c e^2 - 14 \sqrt{be} a^3 b^7 d e^2 + 36 \sqrt{be} \left(\sqrt{be} \sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{(bx + a)be - abe} \right)^2 ab^7 c e - 30 \sqrt{be} \left(\sqrt{be} \right)}{3 \left(abe + \right)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/63*(((b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*((667*a^18*b^14*c*e^4 - 474*a^19*b^13*d*e^4)*
(b*x + a)/(a^25*b^4*abs(b)*sgn(x)) - 9*(316*a^19*b^14*c*e^4 - 223*a^20*b^13*d*e^4)/(a^25*b^4*abs(b)*sgn(x))) + 63*(73*a^20*b^14*c*e^4 - 51*a^21*b^13*d*e^4)/(a^25*b^4*abs(b)*sgn(x))) - 210*(16*a^21*b^14*c*e^4 - 11*a^22*b^13*d*e^4)/(a^25*b^4*abs(b)*sgn(x)))*(b*x + a) + 315*(3*a^22*b^14*c*e^4 - 2*a^23*b^13*d*e^4)/(a^25*b^4*abs(b)*sgn(x))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(9/2) - 4/3*(17*sqrt(b*e)*a^2*b^8*c*e^2 - 14*sqrt(b*e)*a^3*b^7*d*e^2 + 36*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^2*a*b^7*c*e - 30*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^2*a^2*b^6*d*e + 15*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^4*b^6*c - 12*sqrt(b*e)*(sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^4*a*b^5*d)/((a*b*e + (sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e))^2)^3*a^6*abs(b)*sgn(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^3 + ax^2} \left(\frac{64bx^4(3ad-4bc)}{21a^5} - \frac{32x^3(3ad-4bc)}{63a^4} - \frac{2c}{9ab^2} - \frac{x(18a^6d-24a^5bc)}{63a^7b^2} + \frac{4x^2}{2} \right)}{x^7 \sqrt{ex} + \frac{a^2x^5\sqrt{ex}}{b^2} + \frac{2ax^6\sqrt{ex}}{b}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(5/2)),x)`

output `((a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1/2)*((64*b*x^4*(3*a*d - 4*b*c))/(21*a^5) - (32*x^3*(3*a*d - 4*b*c))/(63*a^4) - (2*c)/(9*a*b^2) - (x*(18*a^6*d - 24*a^5*b*c))/(63*a^7*b^2) + (4*x^2*(3*a*d - 4*b*c))/(21*a^3*b) + (256*b^2*x^5*(3*a*d - 4*b*c))/(21*a^6) + (512*b^3*x^6*(3*a*d - 4*b*c))/(63*a^7)))/(x^7*(e*x)^(1/2) + (a^2*x^5*(e*x)^(1/2))/b^2 + (2*a*x^6*(e*x)^(1/2))/b)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{ex}(ax^2 + bx^3)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(-768\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^3dx^5 + 1024\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^4cx^5 - 768\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*(-768*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x**5 + 1024*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**4*c*x**5 - 768*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*a*b**4*d*x**6 + 1024*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a+b*x)*b**5*c*x**6 - 7*sqrt(x)*a**6*c - 9*sqrt(x)*a**6*d*x + 12*sqrt(x)*a**5*b*c*x + 18*sqrt(x)*a**5*b*d*x**2 - 24*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**2*c*x**2 - 48*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**2*d*x**3 + 64*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*c*x**3 + 288*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*d*x**4 - 384*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**4*c*x**4 + 1152*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**4*d*x**5 - 1536*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*c*x**5 + 768*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*d*x**6 - 1024*sqrt(x)*b**6*c*x**6)/(63*sqrt(a+b*x)*a**7*e*x**5*(a+b*x))
```


3.356 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2696
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2696
Rubi [A] (verified)	2697
Maple [B] (verified)	2698
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2699
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2700
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2701
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2701
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2702
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2703

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 c (ex)^{7+m}}{e^7 (7+m)} + \frac{a^2 (3bc + ad) (ex)^{8+m}}{e^8 (8+m)} + \frac{3ab (bc + ad) (ex)^{9+m}}{e^9 (9+m)} + \frac{b^2 (bc + 3ad) (ex)^{10+m}}{e^{10} (10+m)} + \frac{b^3 d (ex)^{11+m}}{e^{11} (11+m)}$$

output

```
a^3*c*(e*x)^(7+m)/e^7/(7+m)+a^2*(a*d+3*b*c)*(e*x)^(8+m)/e^8/(8+m)+3*a*b*(a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^(9+m)/e^9/(9+m)+b^2*(3*a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^(10+m)/e^10/(10+m)+b^3*d*(e*x)^(11+m)/e^11/(11+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx = \frac{x^7 (ex)^m \left(d(a + bx)^4 + (-ad(7 + m) + bc(11 + m)) \left(\frac{a^3}{7+m} + \frac{3a^2bx}{8+m} + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{9+m} + \frac{b^3x^3}{10+m} \right) \right)}{b(11 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^3,x]`

output $(x^7(e*x)^m*(d*(a + b*x)^4 + (-a*d*(7 + m)) + b*c*(11 + m))*(a^3/(7 + m) + (3*a^2*b*x)/(8 + m) + (3*a*b^2*x^2)/(9 + m) + (b^3*x^3)/(10 + m)))/(b*(11 + m))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 (c + dx)(ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\frac{\int (ex)^{m+6}(a + bx)^3(c + dx)dx}{e^6}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\int \left(a^3c(ex)^{m+6} + \frac{a^2(3bc+ad)(ex)^{m+7}}{e} + \frac{3ab(bc+ad)(ex)^{m+8}}{e^2} + \frac{b^2(bc+3ad)(ex)^{m+9}}{e^3} + \frac{b^3d(ex)^{m+10}}{e^4} \right) dx}{e^6}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^3c(ex)^{m+7}}{e(m+7)} + \frac{a^2(ex)^{m+8}(ad+3bc)}{e^2(m+8)} + \frac{b^2(ex)^{m+10}(3ad+bc)}{e^4(m+10)} + \frac{3ab(ex)^{m+9}(ad+bc)}{e^3(m+9)} + \frac{b^3d(ex)^{m+11}}{e^5(m+11)}}{e^6}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^3,x]`

output $((a^3*c*(e*x)^(7 + m))/(e*(7 + m)) + (a^2*(3*b*c + a*d)*(e*x)^(8 + m))/(e^2*(8 + m)) + (3*a*b*(b*c + a*d)*(e*x)^(9 + m))/(e^3*(9 + m)) + (b^2*(b*c + 3*a*d)*(e*x)^(10 + m))/(e^4*(10 + m)) + (b^3*d*(e*x)^(11 + m))/(e^5*(11 + m)))/e^6$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 9 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px,
x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p,
x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] &&
!MonomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. 2(121) = 242.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

method	result
gosper	$(ex)^m (b^3 d m^4 x^4 + 3a b^2 d m^4 x^3 + b^3 c m^4 x^3 + 34b^3 d m^3 x^4 + 3a^2 b d m^4 x^2 + 3a b^2 c m^4 x^2 + 105a b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 35b^3 c m^3 x^3 + 431b^3 d m^2 x^4 + \dots)$
risch	$(ex)^m (b^3 d m^4 x^4 + 3a b^2 d m^4 x^3 + b^3 c m^4 x^3 + 34b^3 d m^3 x^4 + 3a^2 b d m^4 x^2 + 3a b^2 c m^4 x^2 + 105a b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 35b^3 c m^3 x^3 + 431b^3 d m^2 x^4 + \dots)$
orering	$(b^3 d m^4 x^4 + 3a b^2 d m^4 x^3 + b^3 c m^4 x^3 + 34b^3 d m^3 x^4 + 3a^2 b d m^4 x^2 + 3a b^2 c m^4 x^2 + 105a b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 35b^3 c m^3 x^3 + 431b^3 d m^2 x^4 + \dots)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{108x^9 (ex)^m a^2 b d m^3 + 108x^9 (ex)^m a b^2 c m^3 + 3x^8 (ex)^m a^2 b c m^4 + 7815x^{10} (ex)^m a b^2 d m + 1443x^9 (ex)^m a^2 b d m^2 + 1443x^9 (ex)^m a^2 b d m^2 + \dots}{\dots}$

```
input int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(e*x)^m*(b^3*d*m^4*x^4+3*a*b^2*d*m^4*x^3+b^3*c*m^4*x^3+34*b^3*d*m^3*x^4+3*
a^2*b*d*m^4*x^2+3*a*b^2*c*m^4*x^2+105*a*b^2*d*m^3*x^3+35*b^3*c*m^3*x^3+431
*b^3*d*m^2*x^4+a^3*d*m^4*x+3*a^2*b*c*m^4*x+108*a^2*b*d*m^3*x^2+108*a*b^2*c
*m^3*x^2+1365*a*b^2*d*m^2*x^3+455*b^3*c*m^2*x^3+2414*b^3*d*m*x^4+a^3*c*m^4
+37*a^3*d*m^3*x+111*a^2*b*c*m^3*x+1443*a^2*b*d*m^2*x^2+1443*a*b^2*c*m^2*x^
2+7815*a*b^2*d*m*x^3+2605*b^3*c*m*x^3+5040*b^3*d*x^4+38*a^3*c*m^3+509*a^3*
d*m^2*x+1527*a^2*b*c*m^2*x+8478*a^2*b*d*m*x^2+8478*a*b^2*c*m*x^2+16632*a*b
^2*d*x^3+5544*b^3*c*x^3+539*a^3*c*m^2+3083*a^3*d*m*x+9249*a^2*b*c*m*x+1848
0*a^2*b*d*x^2+18480*a*b^2*c*x^2+3382*a^3*c*m+6930*a^3*d*x+20790*a^2*b*c*x+
7920*a^3*c)*x^7/(11+m)/(10+m)/(9+m)/(8+m)/(7+m)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 383 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^3 dm^4 + 34 b^3 dm^3 + 431 b^3 dm^2 + 2414 b^3 dm + 5040 b^3 d)x^{11} + ((b^3 c + 3 ab^2 d)m^4 + 5544 b^3 c + 16632 a$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((b^3*d*m^4 + 34*b^3*d*m^3 + 431*b^3*d*m^2 + 2414*b^3*d*m + 5040*b^3*d)*x^
11 + ((b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^4 + 5544*b^3*c + 16632*a*b^2*d + 35*(b^3*c + 3
*a*b^2*d)*m^3 + 455*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^2 + 2605*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m)*
x^10 + 3*((a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^4 + 6160*a*b^2*c + 6160*a^2*b*d + 36*(a*b^
2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^3 + 481*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^2 + 2826*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d
)*m)*x^9 + ((3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*m^4 + 20790*a^2*b*c + 6930*a^3*d + 37*(3*a
^2*b*c + a^3*d)*m^3 + 509*(3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*m^2 + 3083*(3*a^2*b*c + a^3*
d)*m)*x^8 + (a^3*c*m^4 + 38*a^3*c*m^3 + 539*a^3*c*m^2 + 3382*a^3*c*m + 792
0*a^3*c)*x^7*(e*x)^m/(m^5 + 45*m^4 + 805*m^3 + 7155*m^2 + 31594*m + 55440
)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2111 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2111, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.45

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((( -a**3*c/(4*x**4) - a**3*d/(3*x**3) - a**2*b*c/x**3 - 3*a**2*b*d/(2*x**2) - 3*a*b**2*c/(2*x**2) - 3*a*b**2*d/x - b**3*c/x + b**3*d*log(x))/e**11, Eq(m, -11)), (( -a**3*c/(3*x**3) - a**3*d/(2*x**2) - 3*a**2*b*c/(2*x**2) - 3*a**2*b*d/x - 3*a*b**2*c/x + 3*a*b**2*d*log(x) + b**3*c*log(x) + b**3*d*x)/e**10, Eq(m, -10)), (( -a**3*c/(2*x**2) - a**3*d/x - 3*a**2*b*c/x + 3*a**2*b*d*log(x) + 3*a*b**2*c*log(x) + 3*a*b**2*d*x + b**3*c*x + b**3*d*x**2/2)/e**9, Eq(m, -9)), (( -a**3*c/x + a**3*d*log(x) + 3*a**2*b*c*log(x) + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*c*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2/2 + b**3*c*x**2/2 + b**3*d*x**3/3)/e**8, Eq(m, -8)), ((a**3*c*log(x) + a**3*d*x + 3*a**2*b*c*x + 3*a**2*b*d*x**2/2 + 3*a*b**2*c*x**2/2 + a*b**2*d*x**3 + b**3*c*x**3/3 + b**3*d*x**4/4)/e**7, Eq(m, -7)), (a**3*c*m**4*x**7*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440) + 38*a**3*c*m**3*x**7*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440) + 539*a**3*c*m**2*x**7*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440) + 3382*a**3*c*m*x**7*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440) + 7920*a**3*c*x**7*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440) + a**3*d*m**4*x**8*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440) + 37*a**3*d*m**3*x**8*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440) + 509*a**3*d*m**2*x**8*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440) + 3...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx = \frac{b^3 de^m x^{11} x^m}{m + 11} + \frac{b^3 ce^m x^{10} x^m}{m + 10} + \frac{3 ab^2 de^m x^{10} x^m}{m + 10} + \frac{3 ab^2 ce^m x^9 x^m}{m + 9} + \frac{3 a^2 b de^m x^9 x^m}{m + 9} + \frac{3 a^2 b ce^m x^8 x^m}{m + 8} + \frac{a^3 de^m x^8 x^m}{m + 8} + \frac{a^3 ce^m x^7 x^m}{m + 7}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^3*d*e^m*x^11*x^m/(m + 11) + b^3*c*e^m*x^10*x^m/(m + 10) + 3*a*b^2*d*e^m*x^10*x^m/(m + 10) + 3*a*b^2*c*e^m*x^9*x^m/(m + 9) + 3*a^2*b*d*e^m*x^9*x^m/(m + 9) + 3*a^2*b*c*e^m*x^8*x^m/(m + 8) + a^3*d*e^m*x^8*x^m/(m + 8) + a^3*c*e^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 683 vs. 2(121) = 242.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 683, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.64

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((e*x)^m*b^3*d*m^4*x^11 + (e*x)^m*b^3*c*m^4*x^10 + 3*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*m^4*x^10 + 34*(e*x)^m*b^3*d*m^3*x^11 + 3*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*m^4*x^9 + 3*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*m^4*x^9 + 35*(e*x)^m*b^3*c*m^3*x^10 + 105*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*m^3*x^10 + 431*(e*x)^m*b^3*d*m^2*x^11 + 3*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*m^4*x^8 + (e*x)^m*a^3*d*m^4*x^8 + 108*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*m^3*x^9 + 108*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*m^3*x^9 + 455*(e*x)^m*b^3*c*m^2*x^10 + 1365*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*m^2*x^10 + 2414*(e*x)^m*b^3*d*m*x^11 + (e*x)^m*a^3*c*m^4*x^7 + 111*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*m^3*x^8 + 37*(e*x)^m*a^3*d*m^3*x^8 + 1443*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*m^2*x^9 + 1443*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*m^2*x^9 + 2605*(e*x)^m*b^3*c*m*x^10 + 7815*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*m*x^10 + 5040*(e*x)^m*b^3*d*x^11 + 38*(e*x)^m*a^3*c*m^3*x^7 + 1527*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*m^2*x^8 + 509*(e*x)^m*a^3*d*m^2*x^8 + 8478*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*m*x^9 + 8478*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*m*x^9 + 5544*(e*x)^m*b^3*c*x^10 + 16632*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*d*x^10 + 539*(e*x)^m*a^3*c*m^2*x^7 + 9249*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*m*x^8 + 3083*(e*x)^m*a^3*d*m*x^8 + 18480*(e*x)^m*a*b^2*c*x^9 + 18480*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*d*x^9 + 3382*(e*x)^m*a^3*c*m*x^7 + 20790*(e*x)^m*a^2*b*c*x^8 + 6930*(e*x)^m*a^3*d*x^8 + 7920*(e*x)^m*a^3*c*x^7)/(m^5 + 45*m^4 + 805*m^3 + 7155*m^2 + 31594*m + 55440)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx$$

$$= (ex)^m \left(\frac{a^3 c x^7 (m^4 + 38 m^3 + 539 m^2 + 3382 m + 7920)}{m^5 + 45 m^4 + 805 m^3 + 7155 m^2 + 31594 m + 55440} + \frac{b^3 d x^{11} (m^4 + 34 m^3 + 431 m^2 + 2414 m + 5040)}{m^5 + 45 m^4 + 805 m^3 + 7155 m^2 + 31594 m + 55440} + \frac{a^2 x^8 (a d + 3 b c) (m^4 + 37 m^3 + 509 m^2 + 3083 m + 6930)}{m^5 + 45 m^4 + 805 m^3 + 7155 m^2 + 31594 m + 55440} + \frac{b^2 x^{10} (3 a d + b c) (m^4 + 35 m^3 + 455 m^2 + 2605 m + 5544)}{m^5 + 45 m^4 + 805 m^3 + 7155 m^2 + 31594 m + 55440} + \frac{3 a b x^9 (a d + b c) (m^4 + 36 m^3 + 481 m^2 + 2826 m + 6160)}{m^5 + 45 m^4 + 805 m^3 + 7155 m^2 + 31594 m + 55440} \right)$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^3*(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
(e*x)^m*((a^3*c*x^7*(3382*m + 539*m^2 + 38*m^3 + m^4 + 7920))/(31594*m + 7155*m^2 + 805*m^3 + 45*m^4 + m^5 + 55440) + (b^3*d*x^11*(2414*m + 431*m^2 + 34*m^3 + m^4 + 5040))/(31594*m + 7155*m^2 + 805*m^3 + 45*m^4 + m^5 + 55440) + (a^2*x^8*(a*d + 3*b*c)*(3083*m + 509*m^2 + 37*m^3 + m^4 + 6930))/(31594*m + 7155*m^2 + 805*m^3 + 45*m^4 + m^5 + 55440) + (b^2*x^10*(3*a*d + b*c)*(2605*m + 455*m^2 + 35*m^3 + m^4 + 5544))/(31594*m + 7155*m^2 + 805*m^3 + 45*m^4 + m^5 + 55440) + (3*a*b*x^9*(a*d + b*c)*(2826*m + 481*m^2 + 36*m^3 + m^4 + 6160))/(31594*m + 7155*m^2 + 805*m^3 + 45*m^4 + m^5 + 55440))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^m x^7 (b^3 d m^4 x^4 + 3a b^2 d m^4 x^3 + b^3 c m^4 x^3 + 34b^3 d m^3 x^4 + 3a^2 b d m^4 x^2 + 3a b^2 c m^4 x^2 + 105a b^2 d m^3 x^3 + \dots)}{m^5 + 45m^4 + 805m^3 + 7155m^2 + 31594m + 55440}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**m*e**m*x**7*(a**3*c*m**4 + 38*a**3*c*m**3 + 539*a**3*c*m**2 + 3382*a**3*c*m + 7920*a**3*c + a**3*d*m**4*x + 37*a**3*d*m**3*x + 509*a**3*d*m**2*x + 3083*a**3*d*m*x + 6930*a**3*d*x + 3*a**2*b*c*m**4*x + 111*a**2*b*c*m**3*x + 1527*a**2*b*c*m**2*x + 9249*a**2*b*c*m*x + 20790*a**2*b*c*x + 3*a**2*b*d*m**4*x**2 + 108*a**2*b*d*m**3*x**2 + 1443*a**2*b*d*m**2*x**2 + 8478*a**2*b*d*m*x**2 + 18480*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*c*m**4*x**2 + 108*a*b**2*c*m**3*x**2 + 1443*a*b**2*c*m**2*x**2 + 8478*a*b**2*c*m*x**2 + 18480*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*d*m**4*x**3 + 105*a*b**2*d*m**3*x**3 + 1365*a*b**2*d*m**2*x**3 + 7815*a*b**2*d*m*x**3 + 16632*a*b**2*d*x**3 + b**3*c*m**4*x**3 + 35*b**3*c*m**3*x**3 + 455*b**3*c*m**2*x**3 + 2605*b**3*c*m*x**3 + 5544*b**3*c*x**3 + b**3*d*m**4*x**4 + 34*b**3*d*m**3*x**4 + 431*b**3*d*m**2*x**4 + 2414*b**3*d*m*x**4 + 5040*b**3*d*x**4))/(m**5 + 45*m**4 + 805*m**3 + 7155*m**2 + 31594*m + 55440)
```


3.357 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2704
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2704
Rubi [A] (verified)	2705
Maple [A] (verified)	2706
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2707
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2707
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2708
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2709
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2709
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2710

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 c (ex)^{5+m}}{e^5 (5+m)} + \frac{a(2bc + ad)(ex)^{6+m}}{e^6 (6+m)} + \frac{b(bc + 2ad)(ex)^{7+m}}{e^7 (7+m)} + \frac{b^2 d (ex)^{8+m}}{e^8 (8+m)}$$

output

```
a^2*c*(e*x)^(5+m)/e^5/(5+m)+a*(a*d+2*b*c)*(e*x)^(6+m)/e^6/(6+m)+b*(2*a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^(7+m)/e^7/(7+m)+b^2*d*(e*x)^(8+m)/e^8/(8+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx = \frac{x^5 (ex)^m \left(d(a + bx)^3 + (-ad(5 + m) + bc(8 + m)) \left(\frac{a^2}{5+m} + \frac{2abx}{6+m} + \frac{b^2 x^2}{7+m} \right) \right)}{b(8 + m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^2,x]
```

output

$$(x^5*(e*x)^m*(d*(a + b*x)^3 + (-a*d*(5 + m)) + b*c*(8 + m))*(a^2/(5 + m) + (2*a*b*x)/(6 + m) + (b^2*x^2)/(7 + m)))/(b*(8 + m))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 (c + dx)(ex)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{9} \\ & \frac{\int (ex)^{m+4} (a + bx)^2 (c + dx) dx}{e^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{85} \\ & \frac{\int \left(a^2 c (ex)^{m+4} + \frac{a(2bc+ad)(ex)^{m+5}}{e} + \frac{b(bc+2ad)(ex)^{m+6}}{e^2} + \frac{b^2 d (ex)^{m+7}}{e^3} \right) dx}{e^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{a^2 c (ex)^{m+5}}{e(m+5)} + \frac{b(ex)^{m+7}(2ad+bc)}{e^3(m+7)} + \frac{a(ex)^{m+6}(ad+2bc)}{e^2(m+6)} + \frac{b^2 d (ex)^{m+8}}{e^4(m+8)}}{e^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^2,x]$$

output

$$\left(\frac{a^2 c (e*x)^{(5+m)}}{e*(5+m)} + \frac{a*(2*b*c + a*d)*(e*x)^{(6+m)}}{e^2*(6+m)} + \frac{b*(b*c + 2*a*d)*(e*x)^{(7+m)}}{e^3*(7+m)} + \frac{b^2*d*(e*x)^{(8+m)}}{e^4*(8+m)} \right) / e^4$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^2 dm^3 + 18 b^2 dm^2 + 107 b^2 dm + 210 b^2 d)x^8 + ((b^2 c + 2 abd)m^3 + 240 b^2 c + 480 abd + 19 (b^2 c + 2 abd)$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b^2*d*m^3 + 18*b^2*d*m^2 + 107*b^2*d*m + 210*b^2*d)*x^8 + ((b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m^3 + 240*b^2*c + 480*a*b*d + 19*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m^2 + 118*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m)*x^7 + ((2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m^3 + 560*a*b*c + 280*a^2*d + 20*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m^2 + 131*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m)*x^6 + (a^2*c*m^3 + 21*a^2*c*m^2 + 146*a^2*c*m + 336*a^2*c)*x^5)*(e*x)^m/(m^4 + 26*m^3 + 251*m^2 + 1066*m + 1680)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1081 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1081, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.88

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a**2*c/(3*x**3) - a**2*d/(2*x**2) - a*b*c/x**2 - 2*a*b*d/x -
b**2*c/x + b**2*d*log(x))/e**8, Eq(m, -8)), ((-a**2*c/(2*x**2) - a**2*d/x
- 2*a*b*c/x + 2*a*b*d*log(x) + b**2*c*log(x) + b**2*d*x)/e**7, Eq(m, -7)),
((-a**2*c/x + a**2*d*log(x) + 2*a*b*c*log(x) + 2*a*b*d*x + b**2*c*x + b**
2*d*x**2/2)/e**6, Eq(m, -6)), ((a**2*c*log(x) + a**2*d*x + 2*a*b*c*x + a*b
*d*x**2 + b**2*c*x**2/2 + b**2*d*x**3/3)/e**5, Eq(m, -5)), (a**2*c*m**3*x*
*5*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 21*a**2*c*m**2*x
**5*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 146*a**2*c*m*x*
*5*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 336*a**2*c*x**5*
(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + a**2*d*m**3*x**6*(e
*x)**m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 20*a**2*d*m**2*x**6*(
e*x)**m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 131*a**2*d*m*x**6*(e
*x)**m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 280*a**2*d*x**6*(e*x)
**m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 2*a*b*c*m**3*x**6*(e*x)*
*m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 40*a*b*c*m**2*x**6*(e*x)*
*m/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 262*a*b*c*m*x**6*(e*x)**m
/(m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 560*a*b*c*x**6*(e*x)**m/(m*
*4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 2*a*b*d*m**3*x**7*(e*x)**m/(m**
4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 38*a*b*d*m**2*x**7*(e*x)**m/(m**
4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680) + 236*a*b*d*m*x**7*(e*x)**m/(m...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 de^m x^8 x^m}{m+8} + \frac{b^2 ce^m x^7 x^m}{m+7} + \frac{2 abde^m x^7 x^m}{m+7} + \frac{2 abce^m x^6 x^m}{m+6} + \frac{a^2 de^m x^6 x^m}{m+6} + \frac{a^2 ce^m x^5 x^m}{m+5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^2*d*e^m*x^8*x^m/(m + 8) + b^2*c*e^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + 2*a*b*d*e^m*x^7*x^
m/(m + 7) + 2*a*b*c*e^m*x^6*x^m/(m + 6) + a^2*d*e^m*x^6*x^m/(m + 6) + a^2*
c*e^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^m b^2 d m^3 x^8 + (ex)^m b^2 c m^3 x^7 + 2 (ex)^m a b d m^3 x^7 + 18 (ex)^m b^2 d m^2 x^8 + 2 (ex)^m a b c m^3 x^6 + (ex)^m a^2 c m^3 x^5}{m^4 + 26 m^3 + 251 m^2 + 1066 m + 1680}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((e*x)^m*b^2*d*m^3*x^8 + (e*x)^m*b^2*c*m^3*x^7 + 2*(e*x)^m*a*b*d*m^3*x^7 + 18*(e*x)^m*b^2*d*m^2*x^8 + 2*(e*x)^m*a*b*c*m^3*x^6 + (e*x)^m*a^2*d*m^3*x^6 + 19*(e*x)^m*b^2*c*m^2*x^7 + 38*(e*x)^m*a*b*d*m^2*x^7 + 107*(e*x)^m*b^2*d*m*x^8 + (e*x)^m*a^2*c*m^3*x^5 + 40*(e*x)^m*a*b*c*m^2*x^6 + 20*(e*x)^m*a^2*d*m^2*x^6 + 118*(e*x)^m*b^2*c*m*x^7 + 236*(e*x)^m*a*b*d*m*x^7 + 210*(e*x)^m*b^2*d*x^8 + 21*(e*x)^m*a^2*c*m^2*x^5 + 262*(e*x)^m*a*b*c*m*x^6 + 131*(e*x)^m*a^2*d*m*x^6 + 240*(e*x)^m*b^2*c*x^7 + 480*(e*x)^m*a*b*d*x^7 + 146*(e*x)^m*a^2*c*m*x^5 + 560*(e*x)^m*a*b*c*x^6 + 280*(e*x)^m*a^2*d*x^6 + 336*(e*x)^m*a^2*c*x^5)/(m^4 + 26*m^3 + 251*m^2 + 1066*m + 1680)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx = (ex)^m \left(\frac{ax^6 (ad + 2bc) (m^3 + 20m^2 + 131m + 280)}{m^4 + 26m^3 + 251m^2 + 1066m + 1680} + \frac{bx^7 (2ad + bc) (m^3 + 19m^2 + 118m + 240)}{m^4 + 26m^3 + 251m^2 + 1066m + 1680} + \frac{a^2 c x^5 (m^3 + 21m^2 + 146m + 336)}{m^4 + 26m^3 + 251m^2 + 1066m + 1680} + \frac{b^2 d x^8 (m^3 + 18m^2 + 107m + 210)}{m^4 + 26m^3 + 251m^2 + 1066m + 1680} \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^2*(c + d*x),x)`

output

```
(e*x)^m*((a*x^6*(a*d + 2*b*c)*(131*m + 20*m^2 + m^3 + 280))/(1066*m + 251*
m^2 + 26*m^3 + m^4 + 1680) + (b*x^7*(2*a*d + b*c)*(118*m + 19*m^2 + m^3 +
240))/(1066*m + 251*m^2 + 26*m^3 + m^4 + 1680) + (a^2*c*x^5*(146*m + 21*m^
2 + m^3 + 336))/(1066*m + 251*m^2 + 26*m^3 + m^4 + 1680) + (b^2*d*x^8*(107
*m + 18*m^2 + m^3 + 210))/(1066*m + 251*m^2 + 26*m^3 + m^4 + 1680))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^m x^5 (b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 2abd m^3 x^2 + b^2 c m^3 x^2 + 18b^2 d m^2 x^3 + a^2 d m^3 x + 2abc m^3 x + 38abd m^2 x^2 + 19b^2 c m^3 x + 210abd m^2 x + 1066 m^3 + 251 m^2 + 1066 m + 1680)}{1066 m^4 + 26 m^3 + 251 m^2 + 1066 m + 1680}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(x**m*e**m*x**5*(a**2*c*m**3 + 21*a**2*c*m**2 + 146*a**2*c*m + 336*a**2*c
+ a**2*d*m**3*x + 20*a**2*d*m**2*x + 131*a**2*d*m*x + 280*a**2*d*x + 2*a*b
*c*m**3*x + 40*a*b*c*m**2*x + 262*a*b*c*m*x + 560*a*b*c*x + 2*a*b*d*m**3*x
**2 + 38*a*b*d*m**2*x**2 + 236*a*b*d*m*x**2 + 480*a*b*d*x**2 + b**2*c*m**3
*x**2 + 19*b**2*c*m**2*x**2 + 118*b**2*c*m*x**2 + 240*b**2*c*x**2 + b**2*d
*m**3*x**3 + 18*b**2*d*m**2*x**3 + 107*b**2*d*m*x**3 + 210*b**2*d*x**3))/(
m**4 + 26*m**3 + 251*m**2 + 1066*m + 1680)
```

3.358 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx$

Optimal result	2711
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2711
Rubi [A] (verified)	2712
Maple [A] (verified)	2713
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2714
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2714
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2715
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2715
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2716
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2716

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx = \frac{ac(ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)} + \frac{(bc + ad)(ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4+m)} + \frac{bd(ex)^{5+m}}{e^5(5+m)}$$

output

```
a*c*(e*x)^(3+m)/e^3/(3+m)+(a*d+b*c)*(e*x)^(4+m)/e^4/(4+m)+b*d*(e*x)^(5+m)/e^5/(5+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx = \frac{x^3(ex)^m(a(5+m)(c(4+m) + d(3+m)x) + b(3+m)x(c(5+m) + d(4+m)x))}{(3+m)(4+m)(5+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3),x]
```

output

```
(x^3*(e*x)^m*(a*(5+m)*(c*(4+m) + d*(3+m)*x) + b*(3+m)*x*(c*(5+m) + d*(4+m)*x)))/((3+m)*(4+m)*(5+m))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {9, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ax^2 + bx^3)(c + dx)(ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$\frac{\int (ex)^{m+2}(a + bx)(c + dx)dx}{e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\int \left(ac(ex)^{m+2} + \frac{(bc+ad)(ex)^{m+3}}{e} + \frac{bd(ex)^{m+4}}{e^2} \right) dx}{e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{(ex)^{m+4}(ad+bc)}{e^2(m+4)} + \frac{ac(ex)^{m+3}}{e(m+3)} + \frac{bd(ex)^{m+5}}{e^3(m+5)}}{e^2}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3),x]`

output `((a*c*(e*x)^(3 + m))/(e*(3 + m)) + ((b*c + a*d)*(e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^2*(4 + m)) + (b*d*(e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^3*(5 + m)))/e^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
norman	$\frac{(ad+bc)x^4 e^{m \ln(ex)}}{4+m} + \frac{acx^3 e^{m \ln(ex)}}{3+m} + \frac{bdx^5 e^{m \ln(ex)}}{5+m}$
gosper	$\frac{(ex)^m (bd m^2 x^2 + ad m^2 x + bc m^2 x + 7bdm x^2 + ac m^2 + 8adm x + 8bcm x + 12bd x^2 + 9acm + 15adx + 15cbx + 20ac)x^3}{(5+m)(4+m)(3+m)}$
risch	$\frac{(ex)^m (bd m^2 x^2 + ad m^2 x + bc m^2 x + 7bdm x^2 + ac m^2 + 8adm x + 8bcm x + 12bd x^2 + 9acm + 15adx + 15cbx + 20ac)x^3}{(5+m)(4+m)(3+m)}$
orering	$\frac{(bd m^2 x^2 + ad m^2 x + bc m^2 x + 7bdm x^2 + ac m^2 + 8adm x + 8bcm x + 12bd x^2 + 9acm + 15adx + 15cbx + 20ac)x(ex)^m (bx^3 + ax^2)}{(5+m)(4+m)(3+m)(bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^5 (ex)^m bd m^2 + 7x^5 (ex)^m bdm + x^4 (ex)^m ad m^2 + x^4 (ex)^m bc m^2 + 12x^5 (ex)^m bd + 8x^4 (ex)^m adm + 8x^4 (ex)^m bcm + x^3 (ex)^m ac}{(5+m)(4+m)(3+m)}$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(a*d+b*c)/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x))+a*c/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b*d/(5+m)*
x^5*exp(m*ln(e*x))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx$$

$$= \frac{((bdm^2 + 7bdm + 12bd)x^5 + ((bc + ad)m^2 + 15bc + 15ad + 8(bc + ad)m)x^4 + (acm^2 + 9acm + 20ac)x^3)(ex)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b*d*m^2 + 7*b*d*m + 12*b*d)*x^5 + ((b*c + a*d)*m^2 + 15*b*c + 15*a*d + 8*(b*c + a*d)*m)*x^4 + (a*c*m^2 + 9*a*c*m + 20*a*c)*x^3*(e*x)^m/(m^3 + 12*m^2 + 47*m + 60)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 425 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.08

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{-\frac{ac}{2x^2} - \frac{ad}{x} - \frac{bc}{x} + bd \log(x)}{e^5} \\ \frac{-\frac{ac}{x} + ad \log(x) + bc \log(x) + bdx}{e^4} \\ \frac{ac \log(x) + adx + bcx + \frac{bdx^2}{2}}{e^3} \\ \frac{acm^2 x^3 (ex)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} + \frac{9acm x^3 (ex)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} + \frac{20acx^3 (ex)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} + \frac{adm^2 x^4 (ex)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} + \frac{8adm x^4 (ex)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} + \frac{15adx^4}{m^3 + 12m^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a*c/(2*x**2) - a*d/x - b*c/x + b*d*log(x))/e**5, Eq(m, -5)),
((-a*c/x + a*d*log(x) + b*c*log(x) + b*d*x)/e**4, Eq(m, -4)), ((a*c*log(x)
+ a*d*x + b*c*x + b*d*x**2/2)/e**3, Eq(m, -3)), (a*c*m**2*x**3*(e*x)**m/(
m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60) + 9*a*c*m*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m
+ 60) + 20*a*c*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60) + a*d*m**2*x**4
*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60) + 8*a*d*m*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*
m**2 + 47*m + 60) + 15*a*d*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60) + b*
c*m**2*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60) + 8*b*c*m*x**4*(e*x)**m/
(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60) + 15*b*c*x**4*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m
+ 60) + b*d*m**2*x**5*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60) + 7*b*d*m*x**
5*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60) + 12*b*d*x**5*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*
m**2 + 47*m + 60), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx = \frac{bde^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{bce^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{ade^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{ace^m x^3 x^m}{m+3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b*d*e^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + b*c*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + a*d*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4
) + a*c*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx = \frac{(ex)^m bdm^2 x^5 + (ex)^m bcm^2 x^4 + (ex)^m adm^2 x^4 + 7(ex)^m bdmx^5 + (ex)^m acm^2 x^3 + 8(ex)^m bcmx^4 + 8(ex)^m bdmx^5}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
((e*x)^m*b*d*m^2*x^5 + (e*x)^m*b*c*m^2*x^4 + (e*x)^m*a*d*m^2*x^4 + 7*(e*x)^m*b*d*m*x^5 + (e*x)^m*a*c*m^2*x^3 + 8*(e*x)^m*b*c*m*x^4 + 8*(e*x)^m*a*d*m*x^4 + 12*(e*x)^m*b*d*x^5 + 9*(e*x)^m*a*c*m*x^3 + 15*(e*x)^m*b*c*x^4 + 15*(e*x)^m*a*d*x^4 + 20*(e*x)^m*a*c*x^3)/(m^3 + 12*m^2 + 47*m + 60)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx = (ex)^m \left(\frac{x^4 (ad + bc) (m^2 + 8m + 15)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} + \frac{acx^3 (m^2 + 9m + 20)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} + \frac{bdx^5 (m^2 + 7m + 12)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} \right)$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)*(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
(e*x)^m*((x^4*(a*d + b*c)*(8*m + m^2 + 15))/(47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60) + (a*c*x^3*(9*m + m^2 + 20))/(47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60) + (b*d*x^5*(7*m + m^2 + 12))/(47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3) dx = \frac{x^m e^m x^3 (bdm^2 x^2 + adm^2 x + bcm^2 x + 7bdm x^2 + acm^2 + 8adm x + 8bcm x + 12bd x^2 + 9acm + 15adx)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(x**m*e**m*x**3*(a*c*m**2 + 9*a*c*m + 20*a*c + a*d*m**2*x + 8*a*d*m*x + 15*a*d*x + b*c*m**2*x + 8*b*c*m*x + 15*b*c*x + b*d*m**2*x**2 + 7*b*d*m*x**2 + 12*b*d*x**2))/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60)
```

3.359 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx$

Optimal result	2717
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2717
Rubi [A] (verified)	2718
Maple [F]	2719
Fricas [F]	2720
Sympy [F]	2720
Maxima [F]	2720
Giac [F]	2721
Mupad [F(-1)]	2721
Reduce [F]	2721

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx = -\frac{de(ex)^{-1+m}}{b(1-m)} - \frac{(bc-ad)e(ex)^{-1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -1+m, m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab(1-m)}$$

output

```
-d*e*(e*x)^(-1+m)/b/(1-m)-(-a*d+b*c)*e*(e*x)^(-1+m)*hypergeom([1, -1+m], [m], -b*x/a)/a/b/(1-m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \frac{(ex)^m(acm - (bc-ad)(-1+m)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m, 1+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right))}{a^2(-1+m)mx}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c+d*x))/(a*x^2+b*x^3),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^m*(a*c*m - (b*c - a*d)*(-1 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, m, 1 + m, -(b*x)/a]))}{(a^2*(-1 + m)*m*x)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {9, 88, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{ax^2 + bx^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{9} \\ & e^2 \int \frac{(ex)^{m-2}(c + dx)}{a + bx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{88} \\ & e^2 \left(-\frac{(bc - ad) \int \frac{(ex)^{m-1}}{a+bx} dx}{ae} - \frac{c(ex)^{m-1}}{ae(1-m)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{74} \\ & e^2 \left(-\frac{(ex)^m(bc - ad) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m, m + 1, -\frac{bx}{a} \right)}{a^2 e^2 m} - \frac{c(ex)^{m-1}}{ae(1-m)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)}{(a*x^2 + b*x^3)}, x]$$

output

$$e^2 * \left(-\frac{c * (e*x)^{-1+m}}{a * e * (1-m)} - \frac{(b*c - a*d) * (e*x)^m * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, m, 1+m, -(b*x)/a]}{a^2 * e^2 * m} \right)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 88 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^Simplify[p + 1], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && !RationalQ[p] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{bx^3 + ax^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{bx^3+ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{x^2(a+bx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{bx^3+ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{bx^3+ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{bx^3+ax^2} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^2+bx^3} dx = \frac{e^m(x^m d - (\int \frac{x^m}{bx^3+ax^2} dx) admx + (\int \frac{x^m}{bx^3+ax^2} dx) adx + (\int \frac{x^m}{bx^3+ax^2} dx) bcmx - (\int \frac{x^m}{bx^3+ax^2} dx) bcx)}{bx(m-1)}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2),x)`

output `(e**m*(x**m*d - int(x**m/(a*x**2 + b*x**3),x)*a*d*m*x + int(x**m/(a*x**2 + b*x**3),x)*a*d*x + int(x**m/(a*x**2 + b*x**3),x)*b*c*m*x - int(x**m/(a*x**2 + b*x**3),x)*b*c*x))/(b*x*(m - 1))`

3.360 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2722
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2722
Rubi [A] (verified)	2723
Maple [F]	2724
Fricas [F]	2725
Sympy [F]	2725
Maxima [F]	2725
Giac [F]	2726
Mupad [F(-1)]	2726
Reduce [F]	2726

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx = -\frac{de^3(ex)^{-3+m}}{b(4-m)(a+bx)} - \frac{e^3\left(\frac{c}{3-m} - \frac{ad}{4b-bm}\right)(ex)^{-3+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -3+m, -2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

output

```
-d*e^3*(e*x)^(-3+m)/b/(4-m)/(b*x+a)-e^3*(c/(3-m)-a*d/(-b*m+4*b))*(e*x)^(-3+m)*hypergeom([2, -3+m], [-2+m], -b*x/a)/a^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx = \frac{(ex)^m \left(\frac{a(bc-ad)}{a+bx} - \frac{(bc(-4+m)-ad(-3+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -3+m, -2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{-3+m} \right)}{a^2bx^3}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^2,x]`

output `((e*x)^m*((a*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x) - ((b*c*(-4 + m) - a*d*(-3 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3 + m, -2 + m, -((b*x)/a)]/(-3 + m)))/(a^2*b*x^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {9, 87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$e^4 \int \frac{(ex)^{m-4}(c + dx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$e^4 \left(\frac{(ex)^{m-3}(bc - ad)}{abe(a + bx)} - \frac{(ad(3 - m) - bc(4 - m)) \int \frac{(ex)^{m-4}}{a + bx} dx}{ab} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$e^4 \left(\frac{(ex)^{m-3}(ad(3 - m) - bc(4 - m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m - 3, m - 2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^2be(3 - m)} + \frac{(ex)^{m-3}(bc - ad)}{abe(a + bx)} \right)$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^2,x]`

output `e^4*(((b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(-3 + m))/(a*b*e*(a + b*x)) + ((a*d*(3 - m) - b*c*(4 - m))*(e*x)^(-3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3 + m, -2 + m, -((b*x)/a)]/(a^2*b*e*(3 - m)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^3+ax^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*x^5 + a^2*x^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{x^4(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(x**4*(a + b*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^3+ax^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^3+ax^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^2} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^2,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^m(x^m d - (\int \frac{x^m}{b^2 m x^6 + 2ab m x^5 - 4b^2 x^6 + a^2 m x^4 - 8ab x^5 - 4a^2 x^4} dx) a^2 d m^2 x^3 + 7(\int \frac{x^m}{b^2 m x^6 + 2ab m x^5 - 4b^2 x^6 + a^2 m x^4 - 8ab x^5 -$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*d - int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a**2*d*m**2*x**3 + 7*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a**2*d*m*x**3 - 12*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a**2*d*x**3 + int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a*b*c*m**2*x**3 - 8*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a*b*c*m*x**3 + 16*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a*b*c*x**3 - int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a*b*d*m**2*x**4 + 7*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a*b*d*m*x**4 - 12*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*a*b*d*x**4 + int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*b**2*c*m**2*x**4 - 8*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*b**2*c*m*x**4 + 16*int(x**m/(a**2*m*x**4 - 4*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m*x**5 - 8*a*b*x**5 + b**2*m*x**6 - 4*b**2*x**6),x)*b**2*c*x**4))/(b*x**3*(a*m - 4*a + b*m*x - 4*b*x))
```


3.361
$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2728
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2728
Rubi [A] (verified)	2729
Maple [F]	2730
Fricas [F]	2731
Sympy [F]	2731
Maxima [F]	2731
Giac [F]	2732
Mupad [F(-1)]	2732
Reduce [F]	2732

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx = -\frac{de^5(ex)^{-5+m}}{b(7-m)(a+bx)^2} - \frac{e^5\left(\frac{c}{5-m} - \frac{ad}{7b-bm}\right)(ex)^{-5+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -5+m, -4+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^3}$$

output

```
-d*e^5*(e*x)^(-5+m)/b/(7-m)/(b*x+a)^2-e^5*(c/(5-m)-a*d/(-b*m+7*b))*(e*x)^(-5+m)*hypergeom([3, -5+m],[4+m],-b*x/a)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx = \frac{(ex)^m \left(\frac{a^2(bc-ad)}{(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(bc(-7+m)-ad(-5+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -5+m, -4+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{-5+m} \right)}{2a^3bx^5}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^3,x]`

output `((e*x)^m*((a^2*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x)^2 - ((b*c*(-7 + m) - a*d*(-5 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -5 + m, -4 + m, -((b*x)/a)]/(-5 + m)))/(2*a^3*b*x^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {9, 87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(ax^2 + bx^3)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 9$$

$$e^6 \int \frac{(ex)^{m-6}(c + dx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$e^6 \left(\frac{(ex)^{m-5}(bc - ad)}{2abe(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(ad(5 - m) - bc(7 - m)) \int \frac{(ex)^{m-6}}{(a + bx)^2} dx}{2ab} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$e^6 \left(\frac{(ex)^{m-5}(ad(5 - m) - bc(7 - m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, m - 5, m - 4, -\frac{bx}{a} \right)}{2a^3be(5 - m)} + \frac{(ex)^{m-5}(bc - ad)}{2abe(a + bx)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^3,x]`

output `e^6*(((b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(-5 + m))/(2*a*b*e*(a + b*x)^2) + ((a*d*(5 - m) - b*c*(7 - m))*(e*x)^(-5 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -5 + m, -4 + m, -((b*x)/a)]/(2*a^3*b*e*(5 - m)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 9 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Expon[Px, x, Min]}, Simp[1/e^(p*r) Int[u*(e*x)^(m + p*r)*ExpandToSum[Px/x^r, x]^p, x], x] /; IGtQ[r, 0]] /; FreeQ[{e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && IntegerQ[p] && !MonomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{(bx^3 + ax^2)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^3+ax^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b^3*x^9 + 3*a*b^2*x^8 + 3*a^2*b*x^7 + a^3*x^6), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{x^6(a+bx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(b*x**3+a*x**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(x**6*(a + b*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^3+ax^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^3+ax^2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(bx^3+ax^2)^3} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^3,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^2+bx^3)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(b*x^3+a*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*d - int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**7 - 21
*a**2*b*x**7 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**8 - 21*a*b**2*x**8 + b**3*m*x**9 - 7*b**3*x**
9),x)*a**3*d*m**2*x**5 + 12*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b
*m*x**7 - 21*a**2*b*x**7 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**8 - 21*a*b**2*x**8 + b**3*m*x**9
- 7*b**3*x**9),x)*a**3*d*m*x**5 - 35*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x**6 +
3*a**2*b*m*x**7 - 21*a**2*b*x**7 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**8 - 21*a*b**2*x**8 + b**
3*m*x**9 - 7*b**3*x**9),x)*a**3*d*x**5 + int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x*
*6 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**7 - 21*a**2*b*x**7 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**8 - 21*a*b**2*x**8 +
b**3*m*x**9 - 7*b**3*x**9),x)*a**2*b*c*m**2*x**5 - 14*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x*
*6 - 7*a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**7 - 21*a**2*b*x**7 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**8 - 21
*a*b**2*x**8 + b**3*m*x**9 - 7*b**3*x**9),x)*a**2*b*c*m*x**5 + 49*int(x**m
/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**7 - 21*a**2*b*x**7 + 3*a*b**2*
m*x**8 - 21*a*b**2*x**8 + b**3*m*x**9 - 7*b**3*x**9),x)*a**2*b*c*x**5 - 2*
int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**7 - 21*a**2*b*x**7 + 3
*a*b**2*m*x**8 - 21*a*b**2*x**8 + b**3*m*x**9 - 7*b**3*x**9),x)*a**2*b*d*m
**2*x**6 + 24*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*m*x**7 - 21*a
**2*b*x**7 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**8 - 21*a*b**2*x**8 + b**3*m*x**9 - 7*b**3*x**9)
,x)*a**2*b*d*m*x**6 - 70*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*m*
x**7 - 21*a**2*b*x**7 + 3*a*b**2*m*x**8 - 21*a*b**2*x**8 + b**3*m*x**9 - 7
*b**3*x**9),x)*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 2*int(x**m/(a**3*m*x**6 - 7*a**3*x**6 + ...
```

3.362 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx$

Optimal result	2734
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2735
Rubi [A] (verified)	2735
Maple [F]	2737
Fricas [F]	2737
Sympy [F]	2738
Maxima [F]	2738
Giac [F]	2738
Mupad [F(-1)]	2739
Reduce [F]	2739

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \frac{de(ex)^{-1+m} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{1+p}}{b(2 + m + 3p)} - e \left(\frac{d}{b(2 + m + 3p)} - \frac{c}{a + am + 2ap} \right) (ex)^{-1+m} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 2 + m + 3p, 2 + m + 2p, -\frac{bx}{a} \right)$$

output

```
d*e*(e*x)^(-1+m)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(p+1)/b/(2+m+3*p)-e*(d/b/(2+m+3*p)-c/(a*m+2*a*p+a))*(e*x)^(-1+m)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 2+m+3*p],[2+2*p+m],-b*x/a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x(ex)^m (x^2(a + bx))^p \left(d(a + bx) + \frac{(-ad(1+m+2p)+bc(2+m+3p)) \left(1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+m+2p, 2+m+2p, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m+2p} \right)}{b(2 + m + 3p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(x^2*(a + b*x))^p*(d*(a + b*x) + ((-(a*d*(1 + m + 2*p)) + b*c*(2 + m + 3*p))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + m + 2*p, 2 + m + 2*p, -(b*x)/a]))/((1 + m + 2*p)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p))/(b*(2 + m + 3*p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1945, 1938, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(ex)^m (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad(m + 2p + 1)}{b(m + 3p + 2)} \right) \int (ex)^m (bx^3 + ax^2)^p dx + \frac{de(ex)^{m-1} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{p+1}}{b(m + 3p + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1938$$

$$(ex)^m x^{-m-2p} (a + bx)^{-p} (ax^2 + bx^3)^p \left(c - \frac{ad(m + 2p + 1)}{b(m + 3p + 2)} \right) \int x^{m+2p} (a + bx)^p dx + \frac{de(ex)^{m-1} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{p+1}}{b(m + 3p + 2)}$$

$$\int x^{m+2p} \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{de(ex)^{m-1} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{p+1}}{b(m+3p+2)}$$

$$\frac{x(ex)^m \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ax^2 + bx^3)^p \left(c - \frac{ad(m+2p+1)}{b(m+3p+2)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, m+2p+1, m+2p+2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right) + \frac{de(ex)^{m-1} (ax^2 + bx^3)^{p+1}}{b(m+3p+2)}}{m+2p+1}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p,x]`

output `(d*e*(e*x)^(-1 + m)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1 + p))/(b*(2 + m + 3*p)) + ((c - (a*d*(1 + m + 2*p))/(b*(2 + m + 3*p)))*x*(e*x)^m*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + m + 2*p, 2 + m + 2*p, -(b*x)/a])/((1 + m + 2*p)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 76 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n])`

rule 1938

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*(c*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p]))*(a + b*x^(n - j))^FracPart[p])] Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^(n - j))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && PosQ[n - j]
```

rule 1945

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)*(x_)^(j_) + (b_)*(x_)^(jn_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (dx + c) (bx^3 + ax^2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^3 + ax^2)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x + c)*(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^p*(e*x)^m, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (ex)^m (x^2(a + bx))^p (c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(x**2*(a + b*x))**p*(c + d*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^3 + ax^2)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^3 + ax^2)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (ex)^m (bx^3 + ax^2)^p (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p*(c + d*x), x)`output `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p*(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p, x)`

output

```
(e**m*( - x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**2*d*m*p - 2*x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)*
*p*a**2*d*p**2 - x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**2*d*p + x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**
3)**p*a*b*c*m*p + 3*x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a*b*c*p**2 + 2*x**m*(a*x**2
+ b*x**3)**p*a*b*c*p + x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a*b*d*m*p*x + 3*x**m*(a*x
**2 + b*x**3)**p*a*b*d*p**2*x + x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**2*c*m**2*x +
6*x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**2*c*m*p*x + 2*x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**
2*c*m*x + 9*x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**2*c*p**2*x + 6*x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x
**3)**p*b**2*c*p*x + x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**2*d*m**2*x**2 + 6*x**m*(
a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**2*d*m*p*x**2 + x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**2*d*m*x
**2 + 9*x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**2*d*p**2*x**2 + 3*x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x*
*3)**p*b**2*d*p*x**2 + int((x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 9*a*m**
2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 27*a*m*p**2*x + 18*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x + 27*a*p**3*x +
27*a*p**2*x + 6*a*p*x + b*m**3*x**2 + 9*b*m**2*p*x**2 + 3*b*m**2*x**2 + 27
*b*m*p**2*x**2 + 18*b*m*p*x**2 + 2*b*m*x**2 + 27*b*p**3*x**2 + 27*b*p**2*x
**2 + 6*b*p*x**2),x)*a**3*d*m**5*p + 13*int((x**m*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p)/(a
*m**3*x + 9*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 27*a*m*p**2*x + 18*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x
+ 27*a*p**3*x + 27*a*p**2*x + 6*a*p*x + b*m**3*x**2 + 9*b*m**2*p*x**2 + 3
*b*m**2*x**2 + 27*b*m*p**2*x**2 + 18*b*m*p*x**2 + 2*b*m*x**2 + 27*b*p**3*x
**2 + 27*b*p**2*x**2 + 6*b*p*x**2),x)*a**3*d*m**4*p**2 + 4*int((x**m*(a*x*
*2 + b*x**3)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 9*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 27*a*m*p**2*x ...
```

3.363 $\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx$

Optimal result	2741
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2741
Rubi [A] (verified)	2742
Maple [F]	2744
Fricas [F]	2744
Sympy [F]	2744
Maxima [F]	2745
Giac [F]	2745
Mupad [F(-1)]	2745
Reduce [F]	2746

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \frac{3ce(ex)^p (ax^2 + bx^3)^{1+p}}{b(3 + 4p)} - \frac{e\left(\frac{3c}{3+4p} - \frac{2b^2}{2a+3ap}\right) (ex)^p (ax^2 + bx^3)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 3 + 4p, 3(1 + p), -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{b}$$

output

$3*c*e*(e*x)^p*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(p+1)/b/(3+4*p)-e*(3*c/(3+4*p)-2*b^2/(3*a*p+2*a))*(e*x)^p*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^(p+1)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 3+4*p],[3*p+3],-b*x/a)/b$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \frac{ex^2(ex)^p (x^2(a + bx))^p \left(1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-p} (3c(2 + 3p)(a + bx) \left(1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)^p + (-3ac(2 + 3p) + b^2(6 + 8p)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 3 + 4p, 3(1 + p), -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{b(2 + 3p)(3 + 4p)}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[(e*x)^(1 + p)*(2*b + 3*c*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p,x]$

output

$$\frac{(e*x^2*(e*x)^p*(x^2*(a + b*x))^{p*(3*c*(2 + 3*p)*(a + b*x)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p + (-3*a*c*(2 + 3*p) + b^2*(6 + 8*p))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 2 + 3*p, 3 + 3*p, -((b*x)/a)]))/(b*(2 + 3*p)*(3 + 4*p)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1945, 1938, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2b + 3cx)(ex)^{p+1} (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1945$$

$$\left(2b - \frac{3ac(3p+2)}{b(4p+3)}\right) \int (ex)^{p+1} (bx^3 + ax^2)^p dx + \frac{3ce(ex)^p (ax^2 + bx^3)^{p+1}}{b(4p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 1938$$

$$ex^{-3p}(ex)^p \left(2b - \frac{3ac(3p+2)}{b(4p+3)}\right) (a + bx)^{-p} (ax^2 + bx^3)^p \int x^{3p+1} (a + bx)^p dx + \frac{3ce(ex)^p (ax^2 + bx^3)^{p+1}}{b(4p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 76$$

$$ex^{-3p}(ex)^p \left(2b - \frac{3ac(3p+2)}{b(4p+3)}\right) \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ax^2 + bx^3)^p \int x^{3p+1} \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{3ce(ex)^p (ax^2 + bx^3)^{p+1}}{b(4p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{ex^2(ex)^p \left(2b - \frac{3ac(3p+2)}{b(4p+3)}\right) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 3p+2, 3(p+1), -\frac{bx}{a}\right) + \frac{3p+2}{b(4p+3)} 3ce(ex)^p (ax^2 + bx^3)^{p+1}}{b(4p+3)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(1 + p)*(2*b + 3*c*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p,x]`

output `(3*c*e*(e*x)^p*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^(1 + p))/(b*(3 + 4*p)) + (e*(2*b - (3*a*c*(2 + 3*p))/(b*(3 + 4*p))))*x^2*(e*x)^p*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 2 + 3*p, 3*(1 + p), -((b*x)/a)]/((2 + 3*p)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 76 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n])`

rule 1938 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*(c*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p]))*(a + b*x^(n - j))^FracPart[p])] Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^(n - j))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, j, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[n, j] && PosQ[n - j]`

rule 1945 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p_*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*e^(j - 1)*(e*x)^(m - j + 1)*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + j*p + 1) - b*c*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1))/(b*(m + n + p*(j + n) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p*(j + n) + 1, 0] && (GtQ[e, 0] || IntegerQ[j])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{p+1} (3cx + 2b) (bx^3 + ax^2)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{1+p} (2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (3cx + 2b) (bx^3 + ax^2)^p (ex)^{p+1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*c*x + 2*b)*(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^p*(e*x)^(p + 1), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^{1+p} (2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (ex)^{p+1} (x^2(a + bx))^p (2b + 3cx) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(b*x**3+a*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(p + 1)*(x**2*(a + b*x))**p*(2*b + 3*c*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (3cx + 2b)(bx^3 + ax^2)^p (ex)^{p+1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*c*x + 2*b)*(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^p*(e*x)^(p + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (3cx + 2b)(bx^3 + ax^2)^p (ex)^{p+1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*c*x + 2*b)*(b*x^3 + a*x^2)^p*(e*x)^(p + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \int (ex)^{p+1} (2b + 3cx) (bx^3 + ax^2)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(p + 1)*(2*b + 3*c*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(p + 1)*(2*b + 3*c*x)*(a*x^2 + b*x^3)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{1+p}(2b + 3cx) (ax^2 + bx^3)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^(p+1)*(3*c*x+2*b)*(b*x^3+a*x^2)^p,x)`

output

```
(e**p*e*(27*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**3*c*p**2 + 27*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**3*c*p + 6*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**3*c - 24*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**2*b**2*p**2 - 26*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**2*b**2*p - 6*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**2*b**2 - 36*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**2*b*c*p**2*x - 24*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a**2*b*c*p*x + 32*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a*b**3*p**2*x + 24*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a*b**3*p*x + 48*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a*b**2*c*p**2*x**2 + 12*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*a*b**2*c*p*x**2 + 128*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**4*p**2*x**2 + 128*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**4*p*x**2 + 24*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**4*x**2 + 192*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**3*c*p**2*x**3 + 144*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**3*c*p*x**3 + 24*x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p*b**3*c*x**3 - 2592*int((x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p)/(32*a*p**3*x + 48*a*p**2*x + 22*a*p*x + 3*a*x + 32*b*p**3*x**2 + 48*b*p**2*x**2 + 22*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a**4*c*p**6 - 6480*int((x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p)/(32*a*p**3*x + 48*a*p**2*x + 22*a*p*x + 3*a*x + 32*b*p**3*x**2 + 48*b*p**2*x**2 + 22*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a**4*c*p**5 - 6246*int((x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p)/(32*a*p**3*x + 48*a*p**2*x + 22*a*p*x + 3*a*x + 32*b*p**3*x**2 + 48*b*p**2*x**2 + 22*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a**4*c*p**4 - 2889*int((x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p)/(32*a*p**3*x + 48*a*p**2*x + 22*a*p*x + 3*a*x + 32*b*p**3*x**2 + 48*b*p**2*x**2 + 22*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a**4*c*p**3 - 639*int((x**p*(a*x**2 + b*x**3)**p...
```

3.364 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3 dx$

Optimal result	2747
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2747
Rubi [A] (verified)	2748
Maple [B] (verified)	2749
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2750
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2751
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2753
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2754
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2755
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2755

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3 dx = \frac{3ab(bc + ad)x^{3(1+n)}(ex)^m}{3 + m + 3n} + \frac{a^3cx^{1+3n}(ex)^m}{1 + m + 3n} + \frac{a^2(3bc + ad)x^{2+3n}(ex)^m}{2 + m + 3n} + \frac{b^2(bc + 3ad)x^{4+3n}(ex)^m}{4 + m + 3n} + \frac{b^3dx^{5+3n}(ex)^m}{5 + m + 3n}$$

output

```
3*a*b*(a*d+b*c)*x^(3+3*n)*(e*x)^m/(3+m+3*n)+a^3*c*x^(1+3*n)*(e*x)^m/(1+m+3*n)+a^2*(a*d+3*b*c)*x^(2+3*n)*(e*x)^m/(2+m+3*n)+b^2*(3*a*d+b*c)*x^(4+3*n)*(e*x)^m/(4+m+3*n)+b^3*d*x^(5+3*n)*(e*x)^m/(5+m+3*n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3 dx = \frac{x^{1+3n}(ex)^m \left(d(a + bx)^4 + (-ad(1 + m + 3n) + bc(5 + m + 3n)) \left(\frac{a^3}{1+m+3n} + \frac{3a^2bx}{2+m+3n} + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{3+m+3n} + \frac{b^3x^3}{4+m+3n} \right) \right)}{b(5 + m + 3n)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^3,x]`

output $(x^{(1 + 3n)}(e x)^m(d(a + b x)^4 + (-a d(1 + m + 3n)) + b c(5 + m + 3n))(a^3/(1 + m + 3n) + (3 a^2 b x)/(2 + m + 3n) + (3 a b^2 x^2)/(3 + m + 3n) + (b^3 x^3)/(4 + m + 3n)))/(b(5 + m + 3n))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2027, 30, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2027$$

$$\int x^{3n}(a + bx)^3(c + dx)(ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 30$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \int x^{m+3n}(a + bx)^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \int (a^3 cx^{m+3n} + a^2(3bc + ad)x^{m+3n+1} + 3ab(bc + ad)x^{m+3n+2} + b^2(bc + 3ad)x^{m+3n+3} + b^3 dx^{m+3n+4}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{a^3 cx^{m+3n+1}}{m + 3n + 1} + \frac{a^2 x^{m+3n+2}(ad + 3bc)}{m + 3n + 2} + \frac{b^2 x^{m+3n+4}(3ad + bc)}{m + 3n + 4} + \frac{3abx^{m+3n+3}(ad + bc)}{m + 3n + 3} + \frac{b^3 dx^{m+3n+4}}{m + 3n + 4} \right)$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^m*((a^3*c*x^{(1+m+3*n)})/(1+m+3*n) + (a^2*(3*b*c + a*d)*x^{(2+m+3*n)})/(2+m+3*n) + (3*a*b*(b*c + a*d)*x^{(3+m+3*n)})/(3+m+3*n) + (b^2*(b*c + 3*a*d)*x^{(4+m+3*n)})/(4+m+3*n) + (b^3*d*x^{(5+m+3*n)})/(5+m+3*n))}{x^m}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 30

```
Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_)^(m_))*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b^I
ntPart[p]*((b*x^i)^FracPart[p]/(a^(i*IntPart[p]))*(a*x)^(i*FracPart[p]))]
Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[i] &
& !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2027

```
Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(x_)^(r_) + (b_)*(x_)^(s_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^
(p*r)*(a + b*x^(s - r))^p*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, r, s}, x] && IntegerQ[p] &
& PosQ[s - r] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[u, 1])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1453 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 7.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1454, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.96

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1454
risch	Expression too large to display	1478
parallelrisc	Expression too large to display	2971

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(b^3*d*m^4*x^4+12*b^3*d*m^3*n*x^4+54*b^3*d*m^2*n^2*x^4+108*b^3*d*m*n^3*x^4
+81*b^3*d*n^4*x^4+3*a*b^2*d*m^4*x^3+36*a*b^2*d*m^3*n*x^3+162*a*b^2*d*m^2*n
^2*x^3+324*a*b^2*d*m*n^3*x^3+243*a*b^2*d*n^4*x^3+b^3*c*m^4*x^3+12*b^3*c*m^
3*n*x^3+54*b^3*c*m^2*n^2*x^3+108*b^3*c*m*n^3*x^3+81*b^3*c*n^4*x^3+10*b^3*d
*m^3*x^4+90*b^3*d*m^2*n*x^4+270*b^3*d*m*n^2*x^4+270*b^3*d*n^3*x^4+3*a^2*b*
d*m^4*x^2+36*a^2*b*d*m^3*n*x^2+162*a^2*b*d*m^2*n^2*x^2+324*a^2*b*d*m*n^3*x
^2+243*a^2*b*d*n^4*x^2+3*a*b^2*c*m^4*x^2+36*a*b^2*c*m^3*n*x^2+162*a*b^2*c*
m^2*n^2*x^2+324*a*b^2*c*m*n^3*x^2+243*a*b^2*c*n^4*x^2+33*a*b^2*d*m^3*x^3+2
97*a*b^2*d*m^2*n*x^3+891*a*b^2*d*m*n^2*x^3+891*a*b^2*d*n^3*x^3+11*b^3*c*m^
3*x^3+99*b^3*c*m^2*n*x^3+297*b^3*c*m*n^2*x^3+297*b^3*c*n^3*x^3+35*b^3*d*m^
2*x^4+210*b^3*d*m*n*x^4+315*b^3*d*n^2*x^4+a^3*d*m^4*x+12*a^3*d*m^3*n*x+54*
a^3*d*m^2*n^2*x+108*a^3*d*m*n^3*x+81*a^3*d*n^4*x+3*a^2*b*c*m^4*x+36*a^2*b*
c*m^3*n*x+162*a^2*b*c*m^2*n^2*x+324*a^2*b*c*m*n^3*x+243*a^2*b*c*n^4*x+36*a
^2*b*d*m^3*x^2+324*a^2*b*d*m^2*n*x^2+972*a^2*b*d*m*n^2*x^2+972*a^2*b*d*n^3
*x^2+36*a*b^2*c*m^3*x^2+324*a*b^2*c*m^2*n*x^2+972*a*b^2*c*m*n^2*x^2+972*a*
b^2*c*n^3*x^2+123*a*b^2*d*m^2*x^3+738*a*b^2*d*m*n*x^3+1107*a*b^2*d*n^2*x^3
+41*b^3*c*m^2*x^3+246*b^3*c*m*n*x^3+369*b^3*c*n^2*x^3+50*b^3*d*m*x^4+150*b
^3*d*n*x^4+a^3*c*m^4+12*a^3*c*m^3*n+54*a^3*c*m^2*n^2+108*a^3*c*m*n^3+81*a^
3*c*n^4+13*a^3*d*m^3*x+117*a^3*d*m^2*n*x+351*a^3*d*m*n^2*x+351*a^3*d*n^3*x
+39*a^2*b*c*m^3*x+351*a^2*b*c*m^2*n*x+1053*a^2*b*c*m*n^2*x+1053*a^2*b*c...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1171 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1171, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.02

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(a^3*c*m^4 + 81*a^3*c*n^4 + 14*a^3*c*m^3 + 71*a^3*c*m^2 + 154*a^3*c*m + (b
^3*d*m^4 + 81*b^3*d*n^4 + 10*b^3*d*m^3 + 35*b^3*d*m^2 + 50*b^3*d*m + 24*b^
3*d + 54*(2*b^3*d*m + 5*b^3*d)*n^3 + 9*(6*b^3*d*m^2 + 30*b^3*d*m + 35*b^3*
d)*n^2 + 6*(2*b^3*d*m^3 + 15*b^3*d*m^2 + 35*b^3*d*m + 25*b^3*d)*n)*x^4 + 1
20*a^3*c + 54*(2*a^3*c*m + 7*a^3*c)*n^3 + ((b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^4 + 81*(b
^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*n^4 + 30*b^3*c + 90*a*b^2*d + 11*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^3
+ 27*(11*b^3*c + 33*a*b^2*d + 4*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m)*n^3 + 41*(b^3*c +
3*a*b^2*d)*m^2 + 9*(41*b^3*c + 123*a*b^2*d + 6*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^2 + 3
3*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m)*n^2 + 61*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m + 3*(61*b^3*c + 18
3*a*b^2*d + 4*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^3 + 33*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m^2 + 82*(b
^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*m)*n)*x^3 + 9*(6*a^3*c*m^2 + 42*a^3*c*m + 71*a^3*c)*n^2
+ 3*((a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^4 + 81*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*n^4 + 40*a*b^2*c + 4
0*a^2*b*d + 12*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^3 + 108*(3*a*b^2*c + 3*a^2*b*d + (a*b
^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m)*n^3 + 49*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^2 + 9*(49*a*b^2*c + 49*a
^2*b*d + 6*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^2 + 36*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m)*n^2 + 78*(a
*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m + 6*(39*a*b^2*c + 39*a^2*b*d + 2*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m
^3 + 18*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m^2 + 49*(a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*m)*n)*x^2 + 6*(2*
a^3*c*m^3 + 21*a^3*c*m^2 + 71*a^3*c*m + 77*a^3*c)*n + ((3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)
*m^4 + 81*(3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*n^4 + 180*a^2*b*c + 60*a^3*d + 13*(3*a^2*b*c
+ a^3*d)*m^3 + 27*(39*a^2*b*c + 13*a^3*d + 4*(3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*m)*n^...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 18686 vs. $2(138) = 276$.

Time = 94.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18686, normalized size of antiderivative = 127.99

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**3,x)
```


output

```

Piecewise((-a**3*c*x*x**(3*n)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 5)/4 - a**3*d*x**2*x**(3*n)*(
e*x)**(-3*n - 5)/3 - a**2*b*c*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 5) - 3*
a**2*b*d*x**2*x**(2*n)*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 5)/2 - 3*a*b**2*c*x*x**n*
x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 5)/2 - 3*a*b**2*d*x**2*x**n*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)
**(-3*n - 5) - b**3*c*x*x**(3*n + 3)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 5) + b**3*d*x**2*x**(3
*n + 3)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 5)*log(x), Eq(m, -3*n - 5)), (-a**3*c*x*x**(3*n)*(e
*x)**(-3*n - 4)/3 - a**3*d*x**2*x**(3*n)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 4)/2 - 3*a**2*b*c*
x*x**(2*n)*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 4)/2 - 3*a**2*b*d*x**2*x**(2*n)*x**(n
+ 1)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 4) - 3*a*b**2*c*x*x**n*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 4)
+ 3*a*b**2*d*x**2*x**n*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 4)*log(x) + b**3*c*x*x
**(3*n + 3)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 4)*log(x) + b**3*d*x**2*x**(3*n + 3)*(e*x)**(-3
*n - 4), Eq(m, -3*n - 4)), (-a**3*c*x*x**(3*n)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 3)/2 - a**3*
d*x**2*x**(3*n)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 3) - 3*a**2*b*c*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)
**(-3*n - 3) + 3*a**2*b*d*x**2*x**(2*n)*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 3)*log(x)
) + 3*a*b**2*c*x*x**n*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 3)*log(x) + 3*a*b**2*d*x
**2*x**n*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 3) + b**3*c*x*x**(3*n + 3)*(e*x)**(-3
*n - 3) + b**3*d*x**2*x**(3*n + 3)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 3)/2, Eq(m, -3*n - 3)),
(-a**3*c*x*x**(3*n)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 2) + a**3*d*x**2*x**(3*n)*(e*x)**(-3*n
- 2)*log(x) + 3*a**2*b*c*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 2)*log(x) +
3*a**2*b*d*x**2*x**(2*n)*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-3*n - 2) + 3*a*b**2*c*x*x**...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3 dx = \frac{b^3 d e^m x^5 e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 5} + \frac{b^3 c e^m x^4 e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 4} + \frac{3 a b^2 d e^m x^4 e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 4} + \frac{3 a b^2 c e^m x^3 e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 3} + \frac{3 a^2 b d e^m x^3 e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 3} + \frac{3 a^2 b c e^m x^2 e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 2} + \frac{a^3 d e^m x^2 e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 2} + \frac{a^3 c e^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^3*d*e^m*x^5*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 5) + b^3*c*e^m*x^4*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 4) + 3*a*b^2*d*e^m*x^4*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 4) + 3*a*b^2*c*e^m*x^3*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 3) + 3*a^2*b*d*e^m*x^3*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 3) + 3*a^2*b*c*e^m*x^2*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 2) + a^3*d*e^m*x^2*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 2) + a^3*c*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 1)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3372 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3372, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.10

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(b^3*d*m^4*x^5*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 12*b^3*d*m^3*n*x^5*x^(3*n)
)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 54*b^3*d*m^2*n^2*x^5*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 108*b^3*d*m*n^3*x^5*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 81*b^3*d*n^4*x^5*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b^3*c*m^4*x^4*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 3*a*b^2*d*m^4*x^4*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 12*b^3*c*m^3*n*x^4*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 36*a*b^2*d*m^3*n*x^4*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 54*b^3*c*m^2*n^2*x^4*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 162*a*b^2*d*m^2*n^2*x^4*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 108*b^3*c*m*n^3*x^4*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 324*a*b^2*d*m*n^3*x^4*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 81*b^3*c*n^4*x^4*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 243*a*b^2*d*n^4*x^4*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 10*b^3*d*m^3*x^5*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 90*b^3*d*m^2*n*x^5*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 270*b^3*d*m*n^2*x^5*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 270*b^3*d*n^3*x^5*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a*b^2*c*m^4*x^3*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a^2*b*d*m^4*x^3*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 36*a*b^2*c*m^3*n*x^3*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 36*a^2*b*d*m^3*n*x^3*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 162*a*b^2*c*m^2*n^2*x^3*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 162*a^2*b*d*m^2*n^2*x^3*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 324*a*b^2*c*m*n^3*x^3*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 324*a^2*b*d*m*n^3*x^3*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))
+ 243*a*b^2*c*n^4*x^3*x^(3*n)...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1641, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.24

$$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^3*(c + d*x),x)`

output

```
(a^3*c*x*x^(3*n)*(e*x)^m*(154*m + 462*n + 426*m*n + 378*m*n^2 + 126*m^2*n
+ 108*m*n^3 + 12*m^3*n + 71*m^2 + 14*m^3 + m^4 + 639*n^2 + 378*n^3 + 81*n^
4 + 54*m^2*n^2 + 120))/(274*m + 822*n + 1350*m*n + 2295*m*n^2 + 765*m^2*n
+ 1620*m*n^3 + 180*m^3*n + 405*m*n^4 + 15*m^4*n + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^
4 + m^5 + 2025*n^2 + 2295*n^3 + 1215*n^4 + 243*n^5 + 810*m^2*n^2 + 270*m^2
*n^3 + 90*m^3*n^2 + 120) + (b^3*c*x*x^(3*n + 3)*(e*x)^m*(61*m + 183*n + 24
6*m*n + 297*m*n^2 + 99*m^2*n + 108*m*n^3 + 12*m^3*n + 41*m^2 + 11*m^3 + m^
4 + 369*n^2 + 297*n^3 + 81*n^4 + 54*m^2*n^2 + 30))/(274*m + 822*n + 1350*m
*n + 2295*m*n^2 + 765*m^2*n + 1620*m*n^3 + 180*m^3*n + 405*m*n^4 + 15*m^4*
n + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 2025*n^2 + 2295*n^3 + 1215*n^4 + 243
*n^5 + 810*m^2*n^2 + 270*m^2*n^3 + 90*m^3*n^2 + 120) + (a^3*d*x^(3*n)*x^2*
(e*x)^m*(107*m + 321*n + 354*m*n + 351*m*n^2 + 117*m^2*n + 108*m*n^3 + 12*
m^3*n + 59*m^2 + 13*m^3 + m^4 + 531*n^2 + 351*n^3 + 81*n^4 + 54*m^2*n^2 +
60))/(274*m + 822*n + 1350*m*n + 2295*m*n^2 + 765*m^2*n + 1620*m*n^3 + 180
*m^3*n + 405*m*n^4 + 15*m^4*n + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 2025*n^2
+ 2295*n^3 + 1215*n^4 + 243*n^5 + 810*m^2*n^2 + 270*m^2*n^3 + 90*m^3*n^2
+ 120) + (b^3*d*x^(3*n + 3)*x^2*(e*x)^m*(50*m + 150*n + 210*m*n + 270*m*n^
2 + 90*m^2*n + 108*m*n^3 + 12*m^3*n + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 315*n^2 + 27
0*n^3 + 81*n^4 + 54*m^2*n^2 + 24))/(274*m + 822*n + 1350*m*n + 2295*m*n^2
+ 765*m^2*n + 1620*m*n^3 + 180*m^3*n + 405*m*n^4 + 15*m^4*n + 225*m^2 + ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1508, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.33

$$\int (ex)^m(c+dx)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x)`

output

```
(x**(m + 3*n)*e**m*x*(a**3*c*m**4 + 12*a**3*c*m**3*n + 14*a**3*c*m**3 + 54
*a**3*c*m**2*n**2 + 126*a**3*c*m**2*n + 71*a**3*c*m**2 + 108*a**3*c*m*n**3
+ 378*a**3*c*m*n**2 + 426*a**3*c*m*n + 154*a**3*c*m + 81*a**3*c*n**4 + 37
8*a**3*c*n**3 + 639*a**3*c*n**2 + 462*a**3*c*n + 120*a**3*c + a**3*d*m**4*
x + 12*a**3*d*m**3*n*x + 13*a**3*d*m**3*x + 54*a**3*d*m**2*n**2*x + 117*a*
*3*d*m**2*n*x + 59*a**3*d*m**2*x + 108*a**3*d*m*n**3*x + 351*a**3*d*m*n**2
*x + 354*a**3*d*m*n*x + 107*a**3*d*m*x + 81*a**3*d*n**4*x + 351*a**3*d*n**
3*x + 531*a**3*d*n**2*x + 321*a**3*d*n*x + 60*a**3*d*x + 3*a**2*b*c*m**4*x
+ 36*a**2*b*c*m**3*n*x + 39*a**2*b*c*m**3*x + 162*a**2*b*c*m**2*n**2*x +
351*a**2*b*c*m**2*n*x + 177*a**2*b*c*m**2*x + 324*a**2*b*c*m*n**3*x + 1053
*a**2*b*c*m*n**2*x + 1062*a**2*b*c*m*n*x + 321*a**2*b*c*m*x + 243*a**2*b*c
*n**4*x + 1053*a**2*b*c*n**3*x + 1593*a**2*b*c*n**2*x + 963*a**2*b*c*n*x +
180*a**2*b*c*x + 3*a**2*b*d*m**4*x**2 + 36*a**2*b*d*m**3*n*x**2 + 36*a**2
*b*d*m**3*x**2 + 162*a**2*b*d*m**2*n**2*x**2 + 324*a**2*b*d*m**2*n*x**2 +
147*a**2*b*d*m**2*x**2 + 324*a**2*b*d*m*n**3*x**2 + 972*a**2*b*d*m*n**2*x*
*2 + 882*a**2*b*d*m*n*x**2 + 234*a**2*b*d*m*x**2 + 243*a**2*b*d*n**4*x**2
+ 972*a**2*b*d*n**3*x**2 + 1323*a**2*b*d*n**2*x**2 + 702*a**2*b*d*n*x**2 +
120*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*c*m**4*x**2 + 36*a*b**2*c*m**3*n*x**2 + 36*a
*b**2*c*m**3*x**2 + 162*a*b**2*c*m**2*n**2*x**2 + 324*a*b**2*c*m**2*n*x**2
+ 147*a*b**2*c*m**2*x**2 + 324*a*b**2*c*m*n**3*x**2 + 972*a*b**2*c*m*n...
```

3.365 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx$

Optimal result	2757
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2757
Rubi [A] (verified)	2758
Maple [B] (verified)	2759
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2760
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2761
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2764
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2765

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx = \frac{a(2bc + ad)x^{2(1+n)}(ex)^m}{2 + m + 2n} + \frac{b^2 dx^{2(2+n)}(ex)^m}{4 + m + 2n} + \frac{a^2 cx^{1+2n}(ex)^m}{1 + m + 2n} + \frac{b(bc + 2ad)x^{3+2n}(ex)^m}{3 + m + 2n}$$

output

```
a*(a*d+2*b*c)*x^(2+2*n)*(e*x)^m/(2+m+2*n)+b^2*d*x^(4+2*n)*(e*x)^m/(4+m+2*n)+a^2*c*x^(1+2*n)*(e*x)^m/(1+m+2*n)+b*(2*a*d+b*c)*x^(3+2*n)*(e*x)^m/(3+m+2*n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx = \frac{x^{1+2n}(ex)^m \left(d(a + bx)^3 + (-ad(1 + m + 2n) + bc(4 + m + 2n)) \left(\frac{a^2}{1+m+2n} + \frac{2abx}{2+m+2n} + \frac{b^2 x^2}{3+m+2n} \right) \right)}{b(4 + m + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{1+2n}(ex)^m(d(a+bx)^3 + (-a*d*(1+m+2n) + b*c*(4+m+2n))*(a^2/(1+m+2n) + (2*a*b*x)/(2+m+2n) + (b^2*x^2)/(3+m+2n))))}{(b*(4+m+2n))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2027, 30, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c+dx)(ex)^m(ax^n+bx^{n+1})^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2027} \\ & \int x^{2n}(a+bx)^2(c+dx)(ex)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{30} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \int x^{m+2n}(a+bx)^2(c+dx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \int (a^2cx^{m+2n} + a(2bc+ad)x^{m+2n+1} + b(bc+2ad)x^{m+2n+2} + b^2dx^{m+2n+3}) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{a^2cx^{m+2n+1}}{m+2n+1} + \frac{ax^{m+2n+2}(ad+2bc)}{m+2n+2} + \frac{bx^{m+2n+3}(2ad+bc)}{m+2n+3} + \frac{b^2dx^{m+2n+4}}{m+2n+4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(ex)^m*(c+dx)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{((ex)^m*((a^2*c*x^(1+m+2n))/(1+m+2n) + (a*(2*b*c+a*d)*x^(2+m+2n))/(2+m+2n) + (b*(b*c+2*a*d)*x^(3+m+2n))/(3+m+2n) + (b^2*d*x^(4+m+2n))/(4+m+2n)))}{x^m}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 30 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(i_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((b*x^i)^FracPart[p]/(a^(i*IntPart[p])*(a*x)^(i*FracPart[p])))`
`Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[i] &`
`& !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,`
`d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*`
`f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n`
`+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,`
`1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2027 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(r_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(s_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(`
`p*r)*(a + b*x^(s - r))^p*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, r, s}, x] && IntegerQ[p] &`
`& PosQ[s - r] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[u, 1])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 652 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 653, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

method	result
orering	$\frac{(b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 6 b^2 d m^2 n x^3 + 12 b^2 d m n^2 x^3 + 8 b^2 d n^3 x^3 + 2 a b d m^3 x^2 + 12 a b d m^2 n x^2 + 24 a b d m n^2 x^2 + 16 a b d n^3 x^2 + b^2 c m^3 x^2 + 6 b^2 c m^2 n x^2 + 12 b^2 c m n^2 x^2 + 8 b^2 c n^3 x^2 + 2 a b c m^3 x + 12 a b c m^2 n x + 24 a b c m n^2 x + 16 a b c n^3 x + b^2 c^2 m^3 x + 6 b^2 c^2 m^2 n x + 12 b^2 c^2 m n^2 x + 8 b^2 c^2 n^3 x + 2 a b c^2 m^3 + 12 a b c^2 m^2 n + 24 a b c^2 m n^2 + 16 a b c^2 n^3 + b^2 c^3 m^3 x + 6 b^2 c^3 m^2 n x + 12 b^2 c^3 m n^2 x + 8 b^2 c^3 n^3 x + 2 a b c^3 m^3 + 12 a b c^3 m^2 n + 24 a b c^3 m n^2 + 16 a b c^3 n^3 + b^2 c^4 m^3 x + 6 b^2 c^4 m^2 n x + 12 b^2 c^4 m n^2 x + 8 b^2 c^4 n^3 x + 2 a b c^4 m^3 + 12 a b c^4 m^2 n + 24 a b c^4 m n^2 + 16 a b c^4 n^3 + b^2 c^5 m^3 x + 6 b^2 c^5 m^2 n x + 12 b^2 c^5 m n^2 x + 8 b^2 c^5 n^3 x + 2 a b c^5 m^3 + 12 a b c^5 m^2 n + 24 a b c^5 m n^2 + 16 a b c^5 n^3}{(a + b x^{s-r})^p}$
risch	$x \frac{(b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 6 b^2 d m^2 n x^3 + 12 b^2 d m n^2 x^3 + 8 b^2 d n^3 x^3 + 2 a b d m^3 x^2 + 12 a b d m^2 n x^2 + 24 a b d m n^2 x^2 + 16 a b d n^3 x^2 + b^2 c m^3 x^2 + 6 b^2 c m^2 n x^2 + 12 b^2 c m n^2 x^2 + 8 b^2 c n^3 x^2 + 2 a b c m^3 x + 12 a b c m^2 n x + 24 a b c m n^2 x + 16 a b c n^3 x + b^2 c^2 m^3 x + 6 b^2 c^2 m^2 n x + 12 b^2 c^2 m n^2 x + 8 b^2 c^2 n^3 x + 2 a b c^2 m^3 + 12 a b c^2 m^2 n + 24 a b c^2 m n^2 + 16 a b c^2 n^3 + b^2 c^3 m^3 x + 6 b^2 c^3 m^2 n x + 12 b^2 c^3 m n^2 x + 8 b^2 c^3 n^3 x + 2 a b c^3 m^3 + 12 a b c^3 m^2 n + 24 a b c^3 m n^2 + 16 a b c^3 n^3 + b^2 c^4 m^3 x + 6 b^2 c^4 m^2 n x + 12 b^2 c^4 m n^2 x + 8 b^2 c^4 n^3 x + 2 a b c^4 m^3 + 12 a b c^4 m^2 n + 24 a b c^4 m n^2 + 16 a b c^4 n^3 + b^2 c^5 m^3 x + 6 b^2 c^5 m^2 n x + 12 b^2 c^5 m n^2 x + 8 b^2 c^5 n^3 x + 2 a b c^5 m^3 + 12 a b c^5 m^2 n + 24 a b c^5 m n^2 + 16 a b c^5 n^3}{(a + b x^{s-r})^p}$
parallelrisc	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(b^2*d*m^3*x^3+6*b^2*d*m^2*n*x^3+12*b^2*d*m*n^2*x^3+8*b^2*d*n^3*x^3+2*a*b*
d*m^3*x^2+12*a*b*d*m^2*n*x^2+24*a*b*d*m*n^2*x^2+16*a*b*d*n^3*x^2+b^2*c*m^3
*x^2+6*b^2*c*m^2*n*x^2+12*b^2*c*m*n^2*x^2+8*b^2*c*n^3*x^2+6*b^2*d*m^2*x^3+
24*b^2*d*m*n*x^3+24*b^2*d*n^2*x^3+a^2*d*m^3*x+6*a^2*d*m^2*n*x+12*a^2*d*m*n
^2*x+8*a^2*d*n^3*x+2*a*b*c*m^3*x+12*a*b*c*m^2*n*x+24*a*b*c*m*n^2*x+16*a*b*
c*n^3*x+14*a*b*d*m^2*x^2+56*a*b*d*m*n*x^2+56*a*b*d*n^2*x^2+7*b^2*c*m^2*x^2
+28*b^2*c*m*n*x^2+28*b^2*c*n^2*x^2+11*b^2*d*m*x^3+22*b^2*d*n*x^3+a^2*c*m^3
+6*a^2*c*m^2*n+12*a^2*c*m*n^2+8*a^2*c*n^3+8*a^2*d*m^2*x+32*a^2*d*m*n*x+32*
a^2*d*n^2*x+16*a*b*c*m^2*x+64*a*b*c*m*n*x+64*a*b*c*n^2*x+28*a*b*d*m*x^2+56
*a*b*d*n*x^2+14*b^2*c*m*x^2+28*b^2*c*n*x^2+6*b^2*d*x^3+9*a^2*c*m^2+36*a^2*
c*m*n+36*a^2*c*n^2+19*a^2*d*m*x+38*a^2*d*n*x+38*a*b*c*m*x+76*a*b*c*n*x+16*
a*b*d*x^2+8*b^2*c*x^2+26*a^2*c*m+52*a^2*c*n+12*a^2*d*x+24*a*b*c*x+24*a^2*c
)/(1+m+2*n)/(2+m+2*n)/(3+m+2*n)/(4+m+2*n)/(b*x+a)^2*x*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(
1+n))^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 565 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.09

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a^2cm^3 + 8a^2cn^3 + 9a^2cm^2 + 26a^2cm + (b^2dm^3 + 8b^2dn^3 + 6b^2dm^2 + 11b^2dm + 6b^2d + 12(b^2dm + 2$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(a^2*c*m^3 + 8*a^2*c*n^3 + 9*a^2*c*m^2 + 26*a^2*c*m + (b^2*d*m^3 + 8*b^2*d
*n^3 + 6*b^2*d*m^2 + 11*b^2*d*m + 6*b^2*d + 12*(b^2*d*m + 2*b^2*d)*n^2 + 2
*(3*b^2*d*m^2 + 12*b^2*d*m + 11*b^2*d)*n)*x^3 + 24*a^2*c + 12*(a^2*c*m + 3
*a^2*c)*n^2 + ((b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m^3 + 8*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*n^3 + 8*b^2*c +
16*a*b*d + 7*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m^2 + 4*(7*b^2*c + 14*a*b*d + 3*(b^2*c + 2
*a*b*d)*m)*n^2 + 14*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m + 2*(14*b^2*c + 28*a*b*d + 3*(b^2*
c + 2*a*b*d)*m^2 + 14*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*m)*n)*x^2 + 2*(3*a^2*c*m^2 + 18*a^
2*c*m + 26*a^2*c)*n + ((2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m^3 + 8*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*n^3 + 2
4*a*b*c + 12*a^2*d + 8*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m^2 + 4*(16*a*b*c + 8*a^2*d + 3*(
2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m)*n^2 + 19*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m + 2*(38*a*b*c + 19*a^2*d
+ 3*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m^2 + 16*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*m)*n)*x)*x^(2*n + 2)*e^(m
*log(e) + m*log(x))/((m^4 + 16*(2*m + 5)*n^3 + 16*n^4 + 10*m^3 + 4*(6*m^2
+ 30*m + 35)*n^2 + 35*m^2 + 4*(2*m^3 + 15*m^2 + 35*m + 25)*n + 50*m + 24)*
x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6790 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 29.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6790, normalized size of antiderivative = 61.17

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-a**2*c*x*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 4)/3 - a**2*d*x**2*x**(2*n)*(
e*x)**(-2*n - 4)/2 - a*b*c*x*x**n*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 4) - 2*a*b*d*x
**2*x**n*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 4) - b**2*c*x*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-2*n
- 4) + b**2*d*x**2*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 4)*log(x), Eq(m, -2*n - 4)
), (-a**2*c*x*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 3)/2 - a**2*d*x**2*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**(
-2*n - 3) - 2*a*b*c*x*x**n*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 3) + 2*a*b*d*x**2*x**
n*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 3)*log(x) + b**2*c*x*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-2*n
- 3)*log(x) + b**2*d*x**2*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 3), Eq(m, -2*n - 3)
), (-a**2*c*x*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 2) + a**2*d*x**2*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**(-2
*n - 2)*log(x) + 2*a*b*c*x*x**n*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 2)*log(x) + 2*a*
b*d*x**2*x**n*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 2) + b**2*c*x*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**
(-2*n - 2) + b**2*d*x**2*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 2)/2, Eq(m, -2*n - 2)
), (a**2*c*x*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x) + a**2*d*x**2*x**(2*n)*(e*x
)**(-2*n - 1) + 2*a*b*c*x*x**n*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 1) + a*b*d*x**2*x
**n*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 1) + b**2*c*x*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 1)
/2 + b**2*d*x**2*x**(2*n + 2)*(e*x)**(-2*n - 1)/3, Eq(m, -2*n - 1)), (a**2
*c*m**3*x*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 8*m**3*n + 10*m**3 + 24*m**2*n**2 + 60
*m**2*n + 35*m**2 + 32*m*n**3 + 120*m*n**2 + 140*m*n + 50*m + 16*n**4 + 80
*n**3 + 140*n**2 + 100*n + 24) + 6*a**2*c*m**2*n*x*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**m/(m**4
+ 8*m**3*n + 10*m**3 + 24*m**2*n**2 + 60*m**2*n + 35*m**2 + 32*m*n**3 ...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx = \frac{b^2 de^m x^4 e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 4} + \frac{b^2 ce^m x^3 e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 3} + \frac{2 abde^m x^3 e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 3} + \frac{2 abce^m x^2 e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 2} + \frac{a^2 de^m x^2 e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 2} + \frac{a^2 ce^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$b^2 d e^{m x^4} e^{(m \log(x) + 2 n \log(x)) / (m + 2 n + 4)} + b^2 c e^{m x^3} e^{(m \log(x) + 2 n \log(x)) / (m + 2 n + 3)} + 2 a b d e^{m x^3} e^{(m \log(x) + 2 n \log(x)) / (m + 2 n + 3)} + 2 a b c e^{m x^2} e^{(m \log(x) + 2 n \log(x)) / (m + 2 n + 2)} + a^2 d e^{m x^2} e^{(m \log(x) + 2 n \log(x)) / (m + 2 n + 2)} + a^2 c e^{m x} e^{(m \log(x) + 2 n \log(x)) / (m + 2 n + 1)}$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1616 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1616, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.56

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(b^2*d*m^3*x^4*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 6*b^2*d*m^2*n*x^4*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 12*b^2*d*m*n^2*x^4*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 8*b^2*d*n^3*x^4*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b^2*c*m^3*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*b*d*m^3*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 6*b^2*c*m^2*n*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 12*a*b*d*m^2*n*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 12*b^2*c*m*n^2*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 24*a*b*d*m*n^2*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 8*b^2*c*n^3*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 16*a*b*d*n^3*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 6*b^2*d*m^2*x^4*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 24*b^2*d*m*n*x^4*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 24*b^2*d*n^2*x^4*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*b*c*m^3*x^2*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a^2*d*m^3*x^2*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 12*a*b*c*m^2*n*x^2*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 6*a^2*d*m^2*n*x^2*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 24*a*b*c*m*n^2*x^2*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 12*a^2*d*m*n^2*x^2*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 16*a*b*c*n^3*x^2*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 8*a^2*d*n^3*x^2*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 7*b^2*c*m^2*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 14*a*b*d*m^2*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 28*b^2*c*m*n*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 56*a*b*d*m*n*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 28*b^2*c*n^2*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 56*a*b*d*n^2*x^3*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 809, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.29

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 c x x^{2n} (ex)^m (m^3 + 6 m^2 n + 9 m^2 + 12 m n^2 + 36 m n + 26 m + 8 n^3 + 36 n^2 + 50 m + 16 n^4 + 8 n^3)}{m^4 + 8 m^3 n + 10 m^3 + 24 m^2 n^2 + 60 m^2 n + 35 m^2 + 32 m n^3 + 120 m n^2 + 140 m n + 50 m + 16 n^4 + 8 n^3} +$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 c x x^{2n+2} (ex)^m (m^3 + 6 m^2 n + 7 m^2 + 12 m n^2 + 28 m n + 14 m + 8 n^3 + 28 n^2)}{m^4 + 8 m^3 n + 10 m^3 + 24 m^2 n^2 + 60 m^2 n + 35 m^2 + 32 m n^3 + 120 m n^2 + 140 m n + 50 m + 16 n^4 + 8 n^3} +$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 d x^{2n} x^2 (ex)^m (m^3 + 6 m^2 n + 8 m^2 + 12 m n^2 + 32 m n + 19 m + 8 n^3 + 32 n^2)}{m^4 + 8 m^3 n + 10 m^3 + 24 m^2 n^2 + 60 m^2 n + 35 m^2 + 32 m n^3 + 120 m n^2 + 140 m n + 50 m + 16 n^4 + 8 n^3} +$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 d x^{2n+2} x^2 (ex)^m (m^3 + 6 m^2 n + 6 m^2 + 12 m n^2 + 24 m n + 11 m + 8 n^3 + 24 n^2)}{m^4 + 8 m^3 n + 10 m^3 + 24 m^2 n^2 + 60 m^2 n + 35 m^2 + 32 m n^3 + 120 m n^2 + 140 m n + 50 m + 16 n^4 + 8 n^3} +$$

$$+ \frac{2 a b c x x^n x^{n+1} (ex)^m (m^3 + 6 m^2 n + 8 m^2 + 12 m n^2 + 32 m n + 19 m + 8 n^3 + 32 n^2)}{m^4 + 8 m^3 n + 10 m^3 + 24 m^2 n^2 + 60 m^2 n + 35 m^2 + 32 m n^3 + 120 m n^2 + 140 m n + 50 m + 16 n^4 + 8 n^3} +$$

$$+ \frac{2 a b d x^n x^{n+1} x^2 (ex)^m (m^3 + 6 m^2 n + 7 m^2 + 12 m n^2 + 28 m n + 14 m + 8 n^3 + 28 n^2)}{m^4 + 8 m^3 n + 10 m^3 + 24 m^2 n^2 + 60 m^2 n + 35 m^2 + 32 m n^3 + 120 m n^2 + 140 m n + 50 m + 16 n^4 + 8 n^3}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^2*(c + d*x),x)`

output

```
(a^2*c*x*x^(2*n)*(e*x)^m*(26*m + 52*n + 36*m*n + 12*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 9*m^2 + m^3 + 36*n^2 + 8*n^3 + 24))/(50*m + 100*n + 140*m*n + 120*m*n^2 + 60*m^2*n + 32*m*n^3 + 8*m^3*n + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 140*n^2 + 80*n^3 + 16*n^4 + 24*m^2*n^2 + 24) + (b^2*c*x*x^(2*n + 2)*(e*x)^m*(14*m + 28*n + 28*m*n + 12*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 7*m^2 + m^3 + 28*n^2 + 8*n^3 + 8))/(50*m + 100*n + 140*m*n + 120*m*n^2 + 60*m^2*n + 32*m*n^3 + 8*m^3*n + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 140*n^2 + 80*n^3 + 16*n^4 + 24*m^2*n^2 + 24) + (a^2*d*x^(2*n)*x^2*(e*x)^m*(19*m + 38*n + 32*m*n + 12*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 8*m^2 + m^3 + 32*n^2 + 8*n^3 + 12))/(50*m + 100*n + 140*m*n + 120*m*n^2 + 60*m^2*n + 32*m*n^3 + 8*m^3*n + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 140*n^2 + 80*n^3 + 16*n^4 + 24*m^2*n^2 + 24) + (b^2*d*x^(2*n + 2)*x^2*(e*x)^m*(11*m + 22*n + 24*m*n + 12*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 24*n^2 + 8*n^3 + 6))/(50*m + 100*n + 140*m*n + 120*m*n^2 + 60*m^2*n + 32*m*n^3 + 8*m^3*n + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 140*n^2 + 80*n^3 + 16*n^4 + 24*m^2*n^2 + 24) + (2*a*b*c*x*x^n*x^(n + 1)*(e*x)^m*(19*m + 38*n + 32*m*n + 12*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 8*m^2 + m^3 + 32*n^2 + 8*n^3 + 12))/(50*m + 100*n + 140*m*n + 120*m*n^2 + 60*m^2*n + 32*m*n^3 + 8*m^3*n + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 140*n^2 + 80*n^3 + 16*n^4 + 24*m^2*n^2 + 24) + (2*a*b*d*x^n*x^(n + 1)*x^2*(e*x)^m*(14*m + 28*n + 28*m*n + 12*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 7*m^2 + m^3 + 28*n^2 + 8*n^3 + 8))/(50*m + 100*n + 140*m*n + 120*m*n^2 + 60*m^2*n + 32*m*n^3 + 8*m^3*n + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 140*n^2 + 80*n^...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 677, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{m+2n} e^m x (b^2 d m^3 x^3 + 6b^2 d m^2 n x^3 + 12b^2 d m n^2 x^3 + 8b^2 d n^3 x^3 + 2abd m^3 x^2 + 12abd m^2 n x^2 + 24abdm$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x)
```

output

```
(x**(m + 2*n)*e**m*x*(a**2*c*m**3 + 6*a**2*c*m**2*n + 9*a**2*c*m**2 + 12*a
**2*c*m*n**2 + 36*a**2*c*m*n + 26*a**2*c*m + 8*a**2*c*n**3 + 36*a**2*c*n**
2 + 52*a**2*c*n + 24*a**2*c + a**2*d*m**3*x + 6*a**2*d*m**2*n*x + 8*a**2*d
*m**2*x + 12*a**2*d*m*n**2*x + 32*a**2*d*m*n*x + 19*a**2*d*m*x + 8*a**2*d*
n**3*x + 32*a**2*d*n**2*x + 38*a**2*d*n*x + 12*a**2*d*x + 2*a*b*c*m**3*x +
12*a*b*c*m**2*n*x + 16*a*b*c*m**2*x + 24*a*b*c*m*n**2*x + 64*a*b*c*m*n*x
+ 38*a*b*c*m*x + 16*a*b*c*n**3*x + 64*a*b*c*n**2*x + 76*a*b*c*n*x + 24*a*b
*c*x + 2*a*b*d*m**3*x**2 + 12*a*b*d*m**2*n*x**2 + 14*a*b*d*m**2*x**2 + 24*
a*b*d*m*n**2*x**2 + 56*a*b*d*m*n*x**2 + 28*a*b*d*m*x**2 + 16*a*b*d*n**3*x*
*2 + 56*a*b*d*n**2*x**2 + 56*a*b*d*n*x**2 + 16*a*b*d*x**2 + b**2*c*m**3*x*
*2 + 6*b**2*c*m**2*n*x**2 + 7*b**2*c*m**2*x**2 + 12*b**2*c*m*n**2*x**2 + 2
8*b**2*c*m*n*x**2 + 14*b**2*c*m*x**2 + 8*b**2*c*n**3*x**2 + 28*b**2*c*n**2
*x**2 + 28*b**2*c*n*x**2 + 8*b**2*c*x**2 + b**2*d*m**3*x**3 + 6*b**2*d*m**
2*n*x**3 + 6*b**2*d*m**2*x**3 + 12*b**2*d*m*n**2*x**3 + 24*b**2*d*m*n*x**3
+ 11*b**2*d*m*x**3 + 8*b**2*d*n**3*x**3 + 24*b**2*d*n**2*x**3 + 22*b**2*d
*n*x**3 + 6*b**2*d*x**3))/(m**4 + 8*m**3*n + 10*m**3 + 24*m**2*n**2 + 60*m
**2*n + 35*m**2 + 32*m*n**3 + 120*m*n**2 + 140*m*n + 50*m + 16*n**4 + 80*n
**3 + 140*n**2 + 100*n + 24)
```

3.366 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx$

Optimal result	2767
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2767
Rubi [A] (verified)	2768
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx = \frac{acx^{1+n}(ex)^m}{1+m+n} + \frac{(bc+ad)x^{2+n}(ex)^m}{2+m+n} + \frac{bdx^{3+n}(ex)^m}{3+m+n}$$

output

`a*c*x^(1+n)*(e*x)^m/(1+m+n)+(a*d+b*c)*x^(2+n)*(e*x)^m/(2+m+n)+b*d*x^(3+n)*(e*x)^m/(3+m+n)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx = \frac{x^{1+n}(ex)^m \left(b(c + dx)^2 - \frac{(bc(1+m+n) - ad(3+m+n))(c(2+m+n) + d(1+m+n)x)}{(1+m+n)(2+m+n)} \right)}{d(3+m+n)}$$

input

`Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)),x]`

output

$$(x^{(1+n)}(e^x)^m(b(c+dx)^2 - ((b*c*(1+m+n) - a*d*(3+m+n))*c*(2+m+n) + d*(1+m+n)*x))/((1+m+n)*(2+m+n)))/(d*(3+m+n))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {2027, 30, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c+dx)(ex)^m(ax^n+bx^{n+1})dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2027} \\ & \int x^n(a+bx)(c+dx)(ex)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{30} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \int x^{m+n}(a+bx)(c+dx)dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \int (acx^{m+n} + (bc+ad)x^{m+n+1} + bdx^{m+n+2}) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{x^{m+n+2}(ad+bc)}{m+n+2} + \frac{acx^{m+n+1}}{m+n+1} + \frac{bdx^{m+n+3}}{m+n+3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e^x)^m*(c+dx)*(a*x^n+b*x^{(1+n)}),x]$$

output

$$((e^x)^m*((a*c*x^{(1+m+n)})/(1+m+n) + ((b*c+a*d)*x^{(2+m+n)})/(2+m+n) + (b*d*x^{(3+m+n)})/(3+m+n)))/x^m$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 30 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((b_.)*(x_)^(i_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((b*x^i)^FracPart[p]/(a^(i*IntPart[p])*(a*x)^(i*FracPart[p])))
Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[i] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2027 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(r_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(s_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(p*r)*(a + b*x^(s - r))^p*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, r, s}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && PosQ[s - r] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[u, 1])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

method	result
orering	$\frac{(bd^2m^2x^2 + 2bdm^2x + bd^2n^2x^2 + ad^2m^2x + 2adm^2n^2x + ad^2n^2x + bc^2m^2x + 2bcm^2n^2x + bc^2n^2x + 3bdm^2x^2 + 3bdn^2x^2 + ac^2m^2 + 2acm^2n^2 + 2acn^2m^2)}{(1+m+n)(2+m+n)(3+m+n)}$
risch	$\frac{x(bd^2m^2x^2 + 2bdm^2x + bd^2n^2x^2 + ad^2m^2x + 2adm^2n^2x + ad^2n^2x + bc^2m^2x + 2bcm^2n^2x + bc^2n^2x + 3bdm^2x^2 + 3bdn^2x^2 + ac^2m^2 + 2acm^2n^2 + 2acn^2m^2)}{(1+n)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2x^{1+n}(ex)^m bcmn + 2x^2x^{1+n}(ex)^m bdmn + 2x^n(ex)^m acmn + 2x^2x^n(ex)^m admn + x^2x^n(ex)^m ad^2m^2 + x^2x^n(ex)^m ad^2n^2 + x^2x^n(ex)^m ad^2m^2n^2 + x^2x^n(ex)^m ad^2n^2m^2}{(1+n)}$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(b*d*m^2*x^2+2*b*d*m*n*x^2+b*d*n^2*x^2+a*d*m^2*x+2*a*d*m*n*x+a*d*n^2*x+b*c
*m^2*x+2*b*c*m*n*x+b*c*n^2*x+3*b*d*m*x^2+3*b*d*n*x^2+a*c*m^2+2*a*c*m*n+a*c
*n^2+4*a*d*m*x+4*a*d*n*x+4*b*c*m*x+4*b*c*n*x+2*b*d*x^2+5*a*c*m+5*a*c*n+3*a
*d*x+3*b*c*x+6*a*c)/(1+m+n)/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)/(b*x+a)**(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(
1+n))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx$$

$$= \frac{(acm^2 + acn^2 + 5acm + (bdm^2 + bdn^2 + 3bdm + 2bd + (2bdm + 3bd)n)x^2 + 6ac + (2acm + 5ac)n + m^3 + 3(m+2)n^2 + n^3 + 6)}{m^3 + 3(m+2)n^2 + n^3 + 6}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(a*c*m^2 + a*c*n^2 + 5*a*c*m + (b*d*m^2 + b*d*n^2 + 3*b*d*m + 2*b*d + (2*b
*d*m + 3*b*d)*n)*x^2 + 6*a*c + (2*a*c*m + 5*a*c)*n + ((b*c + a*d)*m^2 + (b
*c + a*d)*n^2 + 3*b*c + 3*a*d + 4*(b*c + a*d)*m + 2*(2*b*c + 2*a*d + (b*c
+ a*d)*m)*n)*x)*x^(n + 1)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))/(m^3 + 3*(m + 2)*n^2 + n
^3 + 6*m^2 + (3*m^2 + 12*m + 11)*n + 11*m + 6)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1756 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 11.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1756, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.87

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n)),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-a*c*x*x**n*(e*x)**(-n - 3)/2 - a*d*x**2*x**n*(e*x)**(-n - 3) -
b*c*x*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-n - 3) + b*d*x**2*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-n - 3)*lo
g(x), Eq(m, -n - 3)), (-a*c*x*x**n*(e*x)**(-n - 2) + a*d*x**2*x**n*(e*x)**
(-n - 2)*log(x) + b*c*x*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-n - 2)*log(x) + b*d*x**2*x**(n
+ 1)*(e*x)**(-n - 2), Eq(m, -n - 2)), (a*c*x*x**n*(e*x)**(-n - 1)*log(x)
+ a*d*x**2*x**n*(e*x)**(-n - 1) + b*c*x*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-n - 1) + b*d*x
**2*x**(n + 1)*(e*x)**(-n - 1)/2, Eq(m, -n - 1)), (a*c*m**2*x*x**n*(e*x)**
m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2 + 12*m*n + 11*m + n**3 + 6*n**2 + 1
1*n + 6) + 2*a*c*m*n*x*x**n*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2
+ 12*m*n + 11*m + n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n + 6) + 5*a*c*m*x*x**n*(e*x)**m/(m**
3 + 3*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2 + 12*m*n + 11*m + n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n +
6) + a*c*n**2*x*x**n*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2 + 12*m*
n + 11*m + n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n + 6) + 5*a*c*n*x*x**n*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m
**2*n + 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2 + 12*m*n + 11*m + n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n + 6) + 6*
a*c*x*x**n*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2 + 12*m*n + 11*m +
n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n + 6) + a*d*m**2*x**2*x**n*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n
+ 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2 + 12*m*n + 11*m + n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n + 6) + 2*a*d*m*
n*x**2*x**n*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2 + 12*m*n + 11*m
+ n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n + 6) + 4*a*d*m*x**2*x**n*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n
+ 6*m**2 + 3*m*n**2 + 12*m*n + 11*m + n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n + 6) + a*d*n...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx = \frac{bde^m x^3 e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 3} + \frac{bce^m x^2 e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 2} + \frac{ade^m x^2 e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 2} + \frac{ace^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b*d*e^m*x^3*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 3) + b*c*e^m*x^2*e^(m*log(x)
+ n*log(x))/(m + n + 2) + a*d*e^m*x^2*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 2)
+ a*c*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 544 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.63

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(b*d*m^2*x^3*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*b*d*m*n*x^3*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b*d*n^2*x^3*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b*c*m^2*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a*d*m^2*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*b*c*m*n*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*d*m*n*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b*c*n^2*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a*d*n^2*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + m*log(x)) + 3*b*d*m*x^3*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*b*d*n*x^3*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a*c*m^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*c*m*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a*c*n^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 4*b*c*m*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 4*a*d*m*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 4*b*c*n*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 4*a*d*n*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*b*d*x^3*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 5*a*c*m*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 5*a*c*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*b*c*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a*d*x^2*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 6*a*c*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)))/(m^3 + 3*m^2*n + 3*m*n^2 + n^3 + 6*m^2 + 12*m*n + 6*n^2 + 11*m + 11*n + 6)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx \\ &= \frac{bdx^{n+1}x^2(ex)^m(m^2 + 2mn + 3m + n^2 + 3n + 2)}{m^3 + 3m^2n + 6m^2 + 3mn^2 + 12mn + 11m + n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6} \\ &+ \frac{acxx^n(ex)^m(m^2 + 2mn + 5m + n^2 + 5n + 6)}{m^3 + 3m^2n + 6m^2 + 3mn^2 + 12mn + 11m + n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6} \\ &+ \frac{bcxx^{n+1}(ex)^m(m^2 + 2mn + 4m + n^2 + 4n + 3)}{m^3 + 3m^2n + 6m^2 + 3mn^2 + 12mn + 11m + n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6} \\ &+ \frac{adx^n x^2(ex)^m(m^2 + 2mn + 4m + n^2 + 4n + 3)}{m^3 + 3m^2n + 6m^2 + 3mn^2 + 12mn + 11m + n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))*(c + d*x),x)`

output
$$\frac{(b*d*x^{(n + 1)}*x^2*(e*x)^m*(3*m + 3*n + 2*m*n + m^2 + n^2 + 2))/(11*m + 11*n + 12*m*n + 3*m*n^2 + 3*m^2*n + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6) + (a*c*x*x^n*(e*x)^m*(5*m + 5*n + 2*m*n + m^2 + n^2 + 6))/(11*m + 11*n + 12*m*n + 3*m*n^2 + 3*m^2*n + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6) + (b*c*x*x^{(n + 1)}*(e*x)^m*(4*m + 4*n + 2*m*n + m^2 + n^2 + 3))/(11*m + 11*n + 12*m*n + 3*m*n^2 + 3*m^2*n + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6) + (a*d*x^n*x^2*(e*x)^m*(4*m + 4*n + 2*m*n + m^2 + n^2 + 3))/(11*m + 11*n + 12*m*n + 3*m*n^2 + 3*m^2*n + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n}) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{m+n} e^m x (bd m^2 x^2 + 2bdmn x^2 + bd n^2 x^2 + ad m^2 x + 2admnx + ad n^2 x + bc m^2 x + 2bcmnx + bc n^2 x + m^3 + 3m^2 n + 3m n^2)}{m^3 + 3m^2 n + 3m n^2}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x)`

output
$$\frac{(x^{**}(m + n)*e^{**m}*x*(a*c*m^{**2} + 2*a*c*m*n + 5*a*c*m + a*c*n^{**2} + 5*a*c*n + 6*a*c + a*d*m^{**2}*x + 2*a*d*m*n*x + 4*a*d*m*x + a*d*n^{**2}*x + 4*a*d*n*x + 3*a*d*x + b*c*m^{**2}*x + 2*b*c*m*n*x + 4*b*c*m*x + b*c*n^{**2}*x + 4*b*c*n*x + 3*b*c*x + b*d*m^{**2}*x^{**2} + 2*b*d*m*n*x^{**2} + 3*b*d*m*x^{**2} + b*d*n^{**2}*x^{**2} + 3*b*d*n*x^{**2} + 2*b*d*x^{**2}))/((m^{**3} + 3*m^{**2}*n + 6*m^{**2} + 3*m*n^{**2} + 12*m*n + 11*m + n^{**3} + 6*n^{**2} + 11*n + 6))}$$

3.367 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx$

Optimal result	2774
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2774
Rubi [A] (verified)	2775
Maple [F]	2776
Fricas [F]	2777
Sympy [F]	2777
Maxima [F]	2777
Giac [F]	2778
Mupad [F(-1)]	2778
Reduce [F]	2778

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{dx^{1-n}(ex)^m}{b(1+m-n)} + \frac{(bc-ad)x^{1-n}(ex)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m-n, 2+m-n, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab(1+m-n)}$$

output

```
d*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m/b/(1+m-n)+(-a*d+b*c)*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m*hypergeom([1, 1+m-n], [2+m-n], -b*x/a)/a/b/(1+m-n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{1-n}(ex)^m (ad + (bc - ad) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m-n, 2+m-n, -\frac{bx}{a}\right))}{ab(1+m-n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{1-n}(e^x)^m(a*d + (b*c - a*d)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + m - n, 2 + m - n, -((b*x)/a)]))}{(a*b*(1 + m - n))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2027, 30, 90, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2027} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-n}(c + dx)(ex)^m}{a + bx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{30} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \int \frac{x^{m-n}(c + dx)}{a + bx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{(bc - ad) \int \frac{x^{m-n}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{dx^{m-n+1}}{b(m-n+1)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{74} \\ & x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{x^{m-n+1}(bc - ad) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m - n + 1, m - n + 2, -\frac{bx}{a} \right)}{ab(m-n+1)} + \frac{dx^{m-n+1}}{b(m-n+1)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(e^x)^m(c + d*x)}{(a*x^n + b*x^{(1 + n)})}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(e^x)^m((d*x^{(1 + m - n)})/(b*(1 + m - n)) + ((b*c - a*d)*x^{(1 + m - n)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + m - n, 2 + m - n, -((b*x)/a)]/(a*b*(1 + m - n)))}{x^m}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 30 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(i_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((b*x^i)^FracPart[p]/(a^(i*IntPart[p])*(a*x)^(i*FracPart[p])))
Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[i] &
& !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x]
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0]
&& !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 2027 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(r_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(s_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(p*r)*(a + b*x^(s - r))^p*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, r, s}, x] && IntegerQ[p] &
& PosQ[s - r] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[u, 1])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{a x^n + b x^{1+n}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{bx^{n+1}+ax^n} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{n+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n)),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(a*x**n + b*x**(n + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{bx^{n+1}+ax^n} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{bx^{n+1}+ax^n} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1)),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^m(-x^m adm + x^m adn - x^m ad + x^m bcm - x^m bcn + x^m bc + x^m bdmx - x^m bdnx + x^n (\int \frac{x^m}{x^n ax + x^n b x^2} dx))}{1}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n)),x)`

output

```
(e**m*( - x**m*a*d*m + x**m*a*d*n - x**m*a*d + x**m*b*c*m - x**m*b*c*n + x
**m*b*c + x**m*b*d*m*x - x**m*b*d*n*x + x**n*int(x**m/(x**n*a*x + x**n*b*x
**2),x)*a**2*d*m**2 - 2*x**n*int(x**m/(x**n*a*x + x**n*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d*m
*n + x**n*int(x**m/(x**n*a*x + x**n*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d*m + x**n*int(x**m/(x
**n*a*x + x**n*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**2 - x**n*int(x**m/(x**n*a*x + x**n*b*x
**2),x)*a**2*d*n - x**n*int(x**m/(x**n*a*x + x**n*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c*m**2 +
2*x**n*int(x**m/(x**n*a*x + x**n*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c*m*n - x**n*int(x**m/(x**
n*a*x + x**n*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c*m - x**n*int(x**m/(x**n*a*x + x**n*b*x**2),x
)*a*b*c*n**2 + x**n*int(x**m/(x**n*a*x + x**n*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c*n))/(x**n*b
**2*(m**2 - 2*m*n + m + n**2 - n))
```

3.368
$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2780
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2780
Rubi [A] (verified)	2781
Maple [F]	2783
Fricas [F]	2783
Sympy [F]	2783
Maxima [F]	2784
Giac [F]	2784
Mupad [F(-1)]	2784
Reduce [F]	2785

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx = \frac{dx^{1-2n}(ex)^m}{b(m-2n)(a+bx)} + \frac{\left(\frac{c}{1+m-2n} - \frac{ad}{bm-2bn}\right) x^{1-2n}(ex)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m-2n, 2+m-2n, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

output

```
d*x^(1-2*n)*(e*x)^m/b/(m-2*n)/(b*x+a)+(c/(1+m-2*n)-a*d/(b*m-2*b*n))*x^(1-2*n)*(e*x)^m*hypergeom([2, 1+m-2*n],[2+m-2*n],-b*x/a)/a^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx = \frac{x^{1-2n}(ex)^m \left(\frac{a(bc-ad)}{a+bx} + \frac{(-bc(m-2n)+ad(1+m-2n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m-2n, 2+m-2n, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m-2n} \right)}{a^2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c+d*x))/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x]
```

output

```
(x^(1 - 2*n)*(e*x)^m*((a*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x) + ((-b*c*(m - 2*n)) + a*d
*(1 + m - 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m - 2*n, 2 + m - 2*n, -((b*x)/a)]
)/(1 + m - 2*n))/(a^2*b)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2027, 30, 87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(ax^n + bx^{n+1})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2027$$

$$\int \frac{x^{-2n}(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 30$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \int \frac{x^{m-2n}(c + dx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{x^{m-2n+1}(bc - ad)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(bc(m - 2n) - ad(m - 2n + 1)) \int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{a+bx} dx}{ab} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{x^{m-2n+1}(bc - ad)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{x^{m-2n+1}(bc(m - 2n) - ad(m - 2n + 1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1, m - 2n + 1, a^2b(m - 2n + 1))}{a^2b(m - 2n + 1)} \right)$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^m * ((b*c - a*d)*x^{(1+m-2*n)}) / (a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((b*c*(m - 2*n) - a*d*(1 + m - 2*n))*x^{(1+m-2*n)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+m-2*n, 2+m-2*n, -(b*x)/a]) / (a^2*b*(1+m-2*n)))}{x^m}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 30

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(i_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^I
ntPart[p]*((b*x^i)^FracPart[p]/(a^(i*IntPart[p])*(a*x)^(i*FracPart[p]))
Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[i] &
& !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 74

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x
)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x]
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0]
&& !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 2027

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(r_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(s_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^
(p*r)*(a + b*x^(s - r))^p*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, r, s}, x] && IntegerQ[p] &
& PosQ[s - r] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[u, 1])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(2*a*b*x^(n + 1)*x^n + a^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*x^(2*n + 2)), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{n+1})^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**2,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(a*x**n + b*x**(n + 1))**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1}+ax^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1}+ax^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{n+1})^2} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^2,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^2,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*c*x + x**(2*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*m - 2*x**(2*n)*a**2
*n + x**(2*n)*a**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*m*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*n*x + 2*x**(2*n)*
a*b*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*x**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*x**2
),x)*a**2*d*m**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*m - 2*x**(2*n)*a
**2*n + x**(2*n)*a**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*m*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*n*x + 2*x**(2*
n)*a*b*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*x**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*x
**2),x)*a**2*d*m*n + 2*x**(2*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*m - 2*x**(2*n)
*a**2*n + x**(2*n)*a**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*m*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*n*x + 2*x**(
2*n)*a*b*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*x**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2
*x**2),x)*a**2*d*m + 4*x**(2*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*m - 2*x**(2*n)
*a**2*n + x**(2*n)*a**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*m*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*n*x + 2*x**(
2*n)*a*b*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*x**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2
*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*m - 2*x**(2
n)*a**2*n + x**(2*n)*a**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*m*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*n*x + 2*x
**(2*n)*a*b*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*x**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b
**2*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n + x**(2*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*m - 2*x**(2*n)
)*a**2*n + x**(2*n)*a**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*m*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*n*x + 2*x**
(2*n)*a*b*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*x**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b**
2*x**2),x)*a**2*d - x**(2*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*m - 2*x**(2*n)*a
**2*n + x**(2*n)*a**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*m*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*n*x + 2*x**(...
```

3.369 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx$

Optimal result	2786
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2786
Rubi [A] (verified)	2787
Maple [F]	2789
Fricas [F]	2789
Sympy [F(-1)]	2789
Maxima [F]	2790
Giac [F]	2790
Mupad [F(-1)]	2790
Reduce [F]	2791

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx = -\frac{dx^{1-3n}(ex)^m}{b(1-m+3n)(a+bx)^2} + \frac{\left(\frac{c}{1+m-3n} + \frac{ad}{b-bm+3bn}\right) x^{1-3n}(ex)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1+m-3n, 2+m-3n, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^3}$$

output

```
-d*x^(1-3*n)*(e*x)^m/b/(1-m+3*n)/(b*x+a)^2+(c/(1+m-3*n)+a*d/(-b*m+3*b*n+b))*x^(1-3*n)*(e*x)^m*hypergeom([3, 1+m-3*n], [2+m-3*n], -b*x/a)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx = \frac{x^{1-3n}(ex)^m \left(\frac{a^2(bc-ad)}{(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(bc(-1+m-3n)-ad(1+m-3n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m-3n, 2+m-3n, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m-3n} \right)}{2a^3b}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c+d*x))/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x]
```

output

$$(x^{(1 - 3n)}(ex)^m((a^2(bc - ad))/(a + bx)^2 - ((bc(-1 + m - 3n) - a*d*(1 + m - 3n))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m - 3n, 2 + m - 3n, -(bcx/a)])/(1 + m - 3n)))/(2*a^3*b)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2027, 30, 87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(ax^n + bx^{n+1})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2027$$

$$\int \frac{x^{-3n}(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 30$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \int \frac{x^{m-3n}(c + dx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{(ad(m - 3n + 1) + bc(-m + 3n + 1)) \int \frac{x^{m-3n}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{2ab} + \frac{x^{m-3n+1}(bc - ad)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \left(\frac{x^{m-3n+1}(ad(m - 3n + 1) + bc(-m + 3n + 1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(2, m - 3n + 1, m - 3n + 2, -\frac{bx}{a+bx})}{2a^3b(m - 3n + 1)} + \frac{x^{m-3n+1}(bc - ad)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(ex)^m(c + dx)/(ax^n + bx^{(1 + n)})^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^m*((b*c - a*d)*x^{(1 + m - 3*n)})/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) + ((a*d*(1 + m - 3*n) + b*c*(1 - m + 3*n))*x^{(1 + m - 3*n)}*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m - 3*n, 2 + m - 3*n, -(b*x)/a])/(2*a^3*b*(1 + m - 3*n))}{x^m}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 30

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(i_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b^I
ntPart[p]*((b*x^i)^FracPart[p]/(a^(i*IntPart[p])*(a*x)^(i*FracPart[p]))
Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[i] &
& !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 74

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^n*((b*x
)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x]
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0]
&& !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] :> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 2027

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(r_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(s_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^
(p*r)*(a + b*x^(s - r))^p*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, r, s}, x] && IntegerQ[p] &
& PosQ[s - r] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[u, 1])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(3*a^2*b*x^(2*n)*x^(n + 1) + a^3*x^(3*n) + (b^3*x^(n + 1) + 3*a*b^2*x^n)*x^(2*n + 2)), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1}+ax^n)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1}+ax^n)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{n+1})^3} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^3,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^3,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*c*x + x**(3*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(3*n)*a**3*m - 3*x**(3*n)*a**3
*n + x**(3*n)*a**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*m*x - 9*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*n*x + 3*x**
(3*n)*a**2*b*x + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*m*x**2 - 9*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*n*x**2 + 3*x
**(3*n)*a*b**2*x**2 + x**(3*n)*b**3*m*x**3 - 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*n*x**3 + x**(
3*n)*b**3*x**3),x)*a**3*d*m**2 - 6*x**(3*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(3*n)*a**3*m
- 3*x**(3*n)*a**3*n + x**(3*n)*a**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*m*x - 9*x**(3*n)*a
**2*b*n*x + 3*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*x + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*m*x**2 - 9*x**(3*n)*a*
b**2*n*x**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*x**2 + x**(3*n)*b**3*m*x**3 - 3*x**(3*n)*b
**3*n*x**3 + x**(3*n)*b**3*x**3),x)*a**3*d*m*n + 2*x**(3*n)*int((x**m*x)/(
x**(3*n)*a**3*m - 3*x**(3*n)*a**3*n + x**(3*n)*a**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*m*
x - 9*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*n*x + 3*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*x + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*m*x**2
- 9*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*n*x**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*x**2 + x**(3*n)*b**3*m*x**
3 - 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*n*x**3 + x**(3*n)*b**3*x**3),x)*a**3*d*m + 9*x**(3*n)*
int((x**m*x)/(x**(3*n)*a**3*m - 3*x**(3*n)*a**3*n + x**(3*n)*a**3 + 3*x**
(3*n)*a**2*b*m*x - 9*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*n*x + 3*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*x + 3*x**(3*n)
*a*b**2*m*x**2 - 9*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*n*x**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*x**2 + x**(3
*n)*b**3*m*x**3 - 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*n*x**3 + x**(3*n)*b**3*x**3),x)*a**3*d*n
**2 - 6*x**(3*n)*int((x**m*x)/(x**(3*n)*a**3*m - 3*x**(3*n)*a**3*n + x**(3
*n)*a**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*m*x - 9*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*n*x + 3*x**(3*n)*a**2
*b*x + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*m*x**2 - 9*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*n*x**2 + 3*x**(3*n)...
```


3.370 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2792
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2792
Rubi [A] (verified)	2793
Maple [F]	2795
Fricas [F(-2)]	2795
Sympy [F(-1)]	2795
Maxima [F]	2796
Giac [F]	2796
Mupad [F(-1)]	2796
Reduce [F]	2797

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx = \frac{2dx^{1-n}(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{7/2}}{b(9 + 2m + 5n)} + \frac{2\left(bc - \frac{ad(2+2m+5n)}{9+2m+5n}\right) x^{-n} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-m-\frac{5n}{2}} (ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{7/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -m - \frac{5n}{2}, \frac{9}{2}, 1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)}{7b^2}$$

output

```
2*d*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(7/2)/b/(9+2*m+5*n)+2/7*(b*c-a*d*(2+2*m+5*n)/(9+2*m+5*n))*(-b*x/a)^(-m-5/2*n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(7/2)*hypergeom([7/2, -m-5/2*n],[9/2],1+b*x/a)/b^2/(x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-m-\frac{5n}{2}} (ex)^m (a + bx) (x^n (a + bx))^{5/2} \left(7bdx \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{m+\frac{5n}{2}} + (-ad(2 + 2m + 5n) + b\right)}{7b^2(9 + 2m + 5n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((b*x)/a))^(-m - (5*n)/2)*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)*(x^n*(a + b*x))^(5/2)*(7*
b*d*x*(-((b*x)/a))^(m + (5*n)/2) + (-a*d*(2 + 2*m + 5*n)) + b*c*(9 + 2*m
+ 5*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -m - (5*n)/2, 9/2, 1 + (b*x)/a])/(7*b^2*(9
+ 2*m + 5*n))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1948, 90, 77, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1948$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \int x^{m+\frac{5n}{2}} (a + bx)^{5/2} (c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(\left(c - \frac{ad(2m+5n+2)}{b(2m+5n+9)} \right) \int x^{m+\frac{5n}{2}} (a + bx)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx)^{7/2} x^{m+\frac{5n}{2}+1}}{b(2m+5n+9)} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 77$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(x^{m+\frac{5n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{-m-\frac{5n}{2}} \left(c - \frac{ad(2m+5n+2)}{b(2m+5n+9)} \right) \int \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{m+\frac{5n}{2}} (a + bx)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx)^{7/2} x^{m+\frac{5n}{2}+1}}{b(2m+5n+9)} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 75$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(\frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2} x^{m+\frac{5n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{-m-\frac{5n}{2}} \left(c - \frac{ad(2m+5n+2)}{b(2m+5n+9)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -m-\frac{5n}{2}, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{bx}{a} + 1 \right)}{7b} + 2d \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^(-m - n/2)*(e*x)^m*Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)]*((2*d*x^(1 + m + (5*n)/2)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(b*(9 + 2*m + 5*n)) + (2*(c - (a*d*(2 + 2*m + 5*n))/(b*(9 + 2*m + 5*n))))*x^(m + (5*n)/2)*(-(b*x)/a)^(-m - (5*n)/2)*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -m - (5*n)/2, 9/2, 1 + (b*x)/a]/(7*b))/Sqrt[a + b*x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 77 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((-b)*(c/d))^IntPart[m]*((b*x)^FracPart[m]/((-d)*(x/c))^FracPart[m]) Int[((-d)*(x/c))^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1948 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*(e*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p]))*(a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(EqQ[n, 1] && EqQ[j, 1])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (dx + c) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^{5/2} (dx + c)(ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)*(e*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^{5/2} (dx + c)(ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)*(e*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx = \int (ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^{5/2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(5/2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(5/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} dx = \int (ex)^m (dx + c) (x^n a + b x^{1+n})^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x)`

3.371 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2798
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2798
Rubi [A] (verified)	2799
Maple [F]	2801
Fricas [F(-2)]	2801
Sympy [F(-1)]	2801
Maxima [F]	2802
Giac [F]	2802
Mupad [F(-1)]	2802
Reduce [F]	2803

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2dx^{1-n}(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2}}{b(7 + 2m + 3n)} + \frac{2\left(bc - \frac{ad(2+2m+3n)}{7+2m+3n}\right) x^{-n} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-m-\frac{3n}{2}} (ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -m - \frac{3n}{2}, \frac{7}{2}, 1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)}{5b^2}$$

output

```
2*d*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2)/b/(7+2*m+3*n)+2/5*(b*c-a*d*(2+2*m+3*n)/(7+2*m+3*n))*(-b*x/a)^(-m-3/2*n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2)*hypergeom([5/2, -m-3/2*n],[7/2],1+b*x/a)/b^2/(x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-m-\frac{3n}{2}} (ex)^m (a + bx) (x^n (a + bx))^{3/2} \left(5bdx \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} + (-ad(2 + 2m + 3n) + b\right)}{5b^2(7 + 2m + 3n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((b*x)/a))^(-m - (3*n)/2)*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)*(x^n*(a + b*x))^(3/2)*(5*
b*d*x*(-((b*x)/a))^(m + (3*n)/2) + (-a*d*(2 + 2*m + 3*n)) + b*c*(7 + 2*m
+ 3*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -m - (3*n)/2, 7/2, 1 + (b*x)/a])/(5*b^2*(7
+ 2*m + 3*n))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1948, 90, 77, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1948$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \int x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} (a + bx)^{3/2} (c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(\left(c - \frac{ad(2m+3n+2)}{b(2m+3n+7)} \right) \int x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} (a + bx)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx)^{5/2} x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}+1}}{b(2m+3n+7)} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 77$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{-m-\frac{3n}{2}} \left(c - \frac{ad(2m+3n+2)}{b(2m+3n+7)} \right) \int \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} (a + bx)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx)^{5/2} x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}+1}}{b(2m+3n+7)} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 75$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(\frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2} x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{-m-\frac{3n}{2}} \left(c - \frac{ad(2m+3n+2)}{b(2m+3n+7)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -m-\frac{3n}{2}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{bx}{a} + 1 \right)}{5b} + 2d \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^(-m - n/2)*(e*x)^m*Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)]*((2*d*x^(1 + m + (3*n)/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(b*(7 + 2*m + 3*n)) + (2*(c - (a*d*(2 + 2*m + 3*n))/(b*(7 + 2*m + 3*n))))*x^(m + (3*n)/2)*(-(b*x)/a)^(-m - (3*n)/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -m - (3*n)/2, 7/2, 1 + (b*x)/a]/(5*b))/Sqrt[a + b*x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 77 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((-b)*(c/d))^IntPart[m]*((b*x)^FracPart[m]/((-d)*(x/c))^FracPart[m]) Int[((-d)*(x/c))^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1948 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*(e*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p]))*(a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(EqQ[n, 1] && EqQ[j, 1])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (dx + c) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c)(ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)*(e*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c)(ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)*(e*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx = \int (ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^{3/2} (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(3/2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(3/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} dx = e^m \left(\left(\int x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} x^2 dx \right) bd + \left(\int x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} x dx \right) ad + \left(\int x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} dx \right) bc + \left(\int x^{m+\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} dx \right) ac \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x)`

output `e**m*(int(x**((2*m + 3*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*x**2,x)*b*d + int(x**((2*m + 3*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*x,x)*a*d + int(x**((2*m + 3*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*x,x)*b*c + int(x**((2*m + 3*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x),x)*a*c)`

3.372 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx$

Optimal result	2804
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2804
Rubi [A] (verified)	2805
Maple [F]	2807
Fricas [F(-2)]	2807
Sympy [F]	2807
Maxima [F]	2808
Giac [F]	2808
Mupad [F(-1)]	2808
Reduce [F]	2809

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx = \frac{2dx^{1-n}(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2}}{b(5 + 2m + n)} + \frac{2\left(bc - \frac{ad(2+2m+n)}{5+2m+n}\right) x^{-n} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} (ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -m - \frac{n}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)}{3b^2}$$

output

```
2*d*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2)/b/(5+2*m+n)+2/3*(b*c-a*d*(2+2*m+n)/(5+2*m+n))*(-b*x/a)^(-m-1/2*n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2)*hypergeom([3/2, -m-1/2*n],[5/2],1+b*x/a)/b^2/(x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-m-\frac{n}{2}} (ex)^m (a + bx) \sqrt{x^n (a + bx)} \left(3bdx \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{m+\frac{n}{2}} + (-ad(2 + 2m + n) + bc(5 + 2m + n)) \text{Hyp}\right)}{3b^2(5 + 2m + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)],x]
```

output

```
(2*((b*x)/a))^(-m - n/2)*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[x^n*(a + b*x)]*(3*b*d*x*
(-(b*x)/a))^(m + n/2) + (-a*d*(2 + 2*m + n)) + b*c*(5 + 2*m + n))*Hyperg
eometric2F1[3/2, -m - n/2, 5/2, 1 + (b*x)/a])/(3*b^2*(5 + 2*m + n))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1948, 90, 77, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(ex)^m \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1948$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m - \frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \int x^{m + \frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{a + bx}(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m - \frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(\left(c - \frac{ad(2m+n+2)}{b(2m+n+5)} \right) \int x^{m + \frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{a + bx} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx)^{3/2} x^{m + \frac{n}{2} + 1}}{b(2m+n+5)} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 77$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m - \frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(x^{m + \frac{n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{-m - \frac{n}{2}} \left(c - \frac{ad(2m+n+2)}{b(2m+n+5)} \right) \int \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{m + \frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{a + bx} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx)^{3/2} x^{m + \frac{n}{2} + 1}}{b(2m+n+5)} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 75$$

$$\frac{(ex)^m x^{-m - \frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} \left(\frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2} x^{m + \frac{n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{-m - \frac{n}{2}} \left(c - \frac{ad(2m+n+2)}{b(2m+n+5)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -m - \frac{n}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{bx}{a} + 1 \right)}{3b} + \frac{2d(a+bx)^{3/2} x^{m + \frac{n}{2} + 1}}{b(2m+n+5)} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)],x]
```

output

```
(x^(-m - n/2)*(e*x)^m*Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)]*((2*d*x^(1 + m + n/2)*(a +
b*x)^(3/2))/(b*(5 + 2*m + n)) + (2*(c - (a*d*(2 + 2*m + n))/(b*(5 + 2*m +
n)))*x^(m + n/2)*(-(b*x)/a))^(-m - n/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F
1[3/2, -m - n/2, 5/2, 1 + (b*x)/a]/(3*b))/Sqrt[a + b*x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)
)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 +
d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m]
|| GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])
```

rule 77

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((-b)*(c/
d))^IntPart[m]*((b*x)^FracPart[m]/((-d)*(x/c))^FracPart[m]) Int[((-d)*(x/
c))^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] &&
!IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0]
```

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1948

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p)*((c_) +
(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*(e*x)^FracPart[m]*
(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p]))*(a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(EqQ[n, 1] && EqQ[j, 1])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (dx + c) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx = \int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*x**n + b*x**(n + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^{n+1} + ax^n} (dx + c) (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)*(d*x + c)*(e*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^{n+1} + ax^n} (dx + c) (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)*(d*x + c)*(e*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx = \int (ex)^m \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}} (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(1/2)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(1/2)*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) \sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}} dx = e^m \left(\left(\int x^{m+\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} x dx \right) d + \left(\int x^{m+\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+ad} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x)`

output `e**m*(int(x**((2*m + n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*x,x)*d + int(x**((2*m + n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x),x)*c)`

3.373 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} dx$

Optimal result	2810
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2810
Rubi [A] (verified)	2811
Maple [F]	2813
Fricas [F(-2)]	2813
Sympy [F]	2813
Maxima [F]	2814
Giac [F]	2814
Mupad [F(-1)]	2814
Reduce [F]	2815

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} dx = \frac{2dx^{1-n}(ex)^m\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}}{b(3+2m-n)} + \frac{2\left(bc - \frac{ad(2+2m-n)}{3+2m-n}\right)x^{-n}\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}(-2m+n)}(ex)^m\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2m+n), \frac{3}{2}, 1+\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{b^2}$$

output

```
2*d*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2)/b/(3+2*m-n)+2*(b*c-a*d*(2+2*m-n)/(3+2*m-n))*(-b*x/a)^(-m+1/2*n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2)*hypergeometric([1/2, -m+1/2*n], [3/2], 1+b*x/a)/b^2/(x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} dx = \frac{2(ex)^m(a+bx)\left(bdx+(bc(3+2m-n)+ad(-2-2m+n))\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}(-2m+n)}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2m+n), \frac{3}{2}, 1+\frac{bx}{a}\right)\right)}{b^2(3+2m-n)\sqrt{x^n(a+bx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)], x]
```

output

```
(2*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)*(b*d*x + (b*c*(3 + 2*m - n) + a*d*(-2 - 2*m + n))*(-(b*x)/a))^((-2*m + n)/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2*m + n)/2, 3/2, 1 + (b*x)/a]]/(b^2*(3 + 2*m - n)*Sqrt[x^n*(a + b*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1948, 90, 77, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1948 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \int \frac{x^{m-\frac{n}{2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(\left(c - \frac{ad(2m-n+2)}{b(2m-n+3)} \right) \int \frac{x^{m-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}x^{m-\frac{n}{2}+1}}{b(2m-n+3)} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 77 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(x^{m-\frac{n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(c - \frac{ad(2m-n+2)}{b(2m-n+3)} \right) \int \frac{\left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{m-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}x^{m-\frac{n}{2}+1}}{b(2m-n+3)} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}x^{m-\frac{n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(c - \frac{ad(2m-n+2)}{b(2m-n+3)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(n-2m), \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)}{b} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}x^{m-\frac{n}{2}+1}}{b(2m-n+3)} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)],x]`

output `(x^((-2*m + n)/2)*(e*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x]*((2*d*x^(1 + m - n/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/
(b*(3 + 2*m - n)) + (2*(c - (a*d*(2 + 2*m - n))/(b*(3 + 2*m - n)))*x^(m -
n/2)*(-(b*x)/a))^((-2*m + n)/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (
-2*m + n)/2, 3/2, 1 + (b*x)/a])/b)/Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 77 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((-b)*(c/d))^IntPart[m]*((b*x)^FracPart[m]/((-d)*(x/c))^FracPart[m]) Int[((-d)*(x/c))^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1948 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*(e*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p])*(a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p])) Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(EqQ[n, 1] && EqQ[j, 1])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{1+n}}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/sqrt(a*x**n + b*x**(n + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{\sqrt{bx^{n+1}+ax^n}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/sqrt(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{\sqrt{bx^{n+1}+ax^n}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/sqrt(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{n+1}}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} dx = e^m \left(\left(\int \frac{x^m}{x^{\frac{n}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}} dx \right) c + \left(\int \frac{x^m x}{x^{\frac{n}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}} dx \right) d \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2),x)`

output `e**m*(int(x**m/(x**(n/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)),x)*c + int((x**m*x)/(x**(n/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)),x)*d)`

3.374
$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2816
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2816
Rubi [A] (verified)	2817
Maple [F]	2819
Fricas [F(-2)]	2819
Sympy [F]	2819
Maxima [F]	2820
Giac [F]	2820
Mupad [F(-1)]	2820
Reduce [F]	2821

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2dx^{1-n}(ex)^m}{b(1+2m-3n)\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}} - \frac{2\left(bc - \frac{ad(2+2m-3n)}{1+2m-3n}\right) x^{-n} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-m+\frac{3n}{2}} (ex)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -m+\frac{3n}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{ax^n+bx^{1+n}}}$$

output

```
2*d*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m/b/(1+2*m-3*n)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2)-2*(b*c-a*d*(2+2*m-3*n)/(1+2*m-3*n))*(-b*x/a)^(-m+3/2*n)*(e*x)^m*hypergeom([-1/2, -m+3/2*n], [1/2], 1+b*x/a)/b^2/(x^n)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ex)^m(a+bx)\left(b(bc-ad)x - (bc(1+2m-3n) + ad(-2-2m+3n))\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)\right)}{ab^2(x^n(a+bx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c+d*x))/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(2*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)*(b*(b*c - a*d)*x - (b*c*(1 + 2*m - 3*n) + a*d*(-2 - 2*m + 3*n))*(-(b*x)/a))^{-m + (3*n)/2}*(a + b*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -m + (3*n)/2, 3/2, 1 + (b*x)/a])/((a*b^2*(x^n*(a + b*x))^{3/2})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1948, 87, 77, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(ax^n + bx^{n+1})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1948

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \int \frac{x^{m-\frac{3n}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}$$

↓ 87

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(\frac{2x^{m-\frac{3n}{2}+1}(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{(bc(2m-3n+1)-ad(2m-3n+2)) \int \frac{x^{m-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{ab} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}$$

↓ 77

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(\frac{2x^{m-\frac{3n}{2}+1}(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{x^{m-\frac{3n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{\frac{3n}{2}-m} (bc(2m-3n+1)-ad(2m-3n+2)) \int \frac{\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{m-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{ab} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}$$

↓ 75

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(\frac{2x^{m-\frac{3n}{2}+1}(bc-ad)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx} x^{m-\frac{3n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{\frac{3n}{2}-m} (bc(2m-3n+1)-ad(2m-3n+2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, m-\frac{3n}{2}, \frac{3n}{2}, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab^2} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^((-2*m + n)/2)*(e*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x]*((2*(b*c - a*d)*x^(1 + m - (3*n)/2)))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*(b*c*(1 + 2*m - 3*n) - a*d*(2 + 2*m - 3*n))*x^(m - (3*n)/2)*(-(b*x)/a))^(-m + (3*n)/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -m + (3*n)/2, 3/2, 1 + (b*x)/a]/(a*b^2))/Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 77 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((-b)*(c/d))^IntPart[m]*((b*x)^FracPart[m]/((-d)*(x/c))^FracPart[m]) Int[((-d)*(x/c))^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 1948 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q, x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*(e*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p]))*(a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(EqQ[n, 1] && EqQ[j, 1])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{n+1})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(a*x**n + b*x**(n + 1))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1}+ax^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1}+ax^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{n+1})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} dx = e^m \left(\left(\int \frac{x^m}{x^{\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} a + x^{\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} bx} dx \right) c \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{x^m x}{x^{\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} a + x^{\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} bx} dx \right) d \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2),x)`

output `e**m*(int(x**m/(x**((3*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a + x**((3*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x),x)*c + int((x**m*x)/(x**((3*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a + x**((3*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x),x)*d)`

3.375
$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2822
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2822
Rubi [A] (verified)	2823
Maple [F]	2825
Fricas [F(-2)]	2825
Sympy [F]	2825
Maxima [F]	2826
Giac [F]	2826
Mupad [F(-1)]	2826
Reduce [F]	2827

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2dx^{1-n}(ex)^m}{b(1-2m+5n)(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}} - \frac{2\left(bc + \frac{ad(2+2m-5n)}{1-2m+5n}\right) x^{-n} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-m+\frac{5n}{2}} (ex)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -m + \frac{5n}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)}{3b^2(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*d*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m/b/(1-2*m+5*n)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2)-2/3*(b*c+a*d*(2+2*m-5*n)/(1-2*m+5*n))*(-b*x/a)^(-m+5/2*n)*(e*x)^m*hypergeom([-3/2, -m+5/2*n], [-1/2], 1+b*x/a)/b^2/(x^n)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ex)^m(a+bx)\left(b(bc-ad)x+(bc(-1+2m-5n)+ad(-2-2m+5n))\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^5\right)}{3ab^2(x^n(a+bx))^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(c+d*x))/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)*(b*(b*c - a*d)*x + (b*c*(-1 + 2*m - 5*n) + a*d*(-2 - 2*m + 5*n))*(-(b*x)/a))^(-m + (5*n)/2)*(a + b*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -m + (5*n)/2, 1/2, 1 + (b*x)/a]))/(3*a*b^2*(x^n*(a + b*x))^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1948, 87, 77, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)(ex)^m}{(ax^n + bx^{n+1})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1948

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \int \frac{x^{m-\frac{5n}{2}}(c+dx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}$$

↓ 87

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(\frac{(ad(2m-5n+2)+bc(-2m+5n+1)) \int \frac{x^{m-\frac{5n}{2}}}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{2x^{m-\frac{5n}{2}+1}(bc-ad)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}$$

↓ 77

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(\frac{x^{m-\frac{5n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{\frac{5n}{2}-m} (ad(2m-5n+2)+bc(-2m+5n+1)) \int \frac{\left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{m-\frac{5n}{2}}}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{2x^{m-\frac{5n}{2}+1}(bc-ad)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}$$

↓ 75

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(ex)^m x^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2m)} \left(\frac{2x^{m-\frac{5n}{2}+1}(bc-ad)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x^{m-\frac{5n}{2}} \left(-\frac{bx}{a}\right)^{\frac{5n}{2}-m} (ad(2m-5n+2)+bc(-2m+5n+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5n}{2}\right)}{3ab^2\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{\sqrt{ax^n + bx^{n+1}}}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^((-2*m + n)/2)*(e*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x]*((2*(b*c - a*d)*x^(1 + m - (5*n)/2)))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(a*d*(2 + 2*m - 5*n) + b*c*(1 - 2*m + 5*n))*x^(m - (5*n)/2)*(-((b*x)/a))^(-m + (5*n)/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -m + (5*n)/2, 1/2, 1 + (b*x)/a]/(3*a*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x]))/Sqrt[a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n)]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 77 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((-b)*(c/d))^IntPart[m]*((b*x)^FracPart[m]/((-d)*(x/c))^FracPart[m]) Int[((-d)*(x/c))^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 1948 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(j_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(jn_.))^p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*(e*x)^FracPart[m]*((a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p])*(a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p])) Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(EqQ[n, 1] && EqQ[j, 1])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (dx + c)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m (c + dx)}{(ax^n + bx^{n+1})^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)/(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*(c + d*x)/(a*x**n + b*x**(n + 1))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1}+ax^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)(ex)^m}{(bx^{n+1}+ax^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(e*x)^m/(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{n+1})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(c + d*x))/(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(c+dx)}{(ax^n+bx^{1+n})^{5/2}} dx = e^m \left(\left(\int \frac{x^m}{x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2 + 2x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} abx + x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} b^2 x^2} dx \right) c \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{x^m x}{x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2 + 2x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} abx + x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} b^2 x^2} dx \right) d \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)/(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(5/2),x)`

output `e**m*(int(x**m/(x**((5*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 + 2*x**((5*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + x**((5*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2),x)*c + int((x**m*x)/(x**((5*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 + 2*x**((5*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + x**((5*n)/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2),x)*d)`

3.376 $\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx$

Optimal result	2828
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2829
Rubi [A] (verified)	2829
Maple [F]	2831
Fricas [F]	2831
Sympy [F(-1)]	2831
Maxima [F]	2832
Giac [F]	2832
Mupad [F(-1)]	2832
Reduce [F]	2833

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx = \frac{dx^{1-n}(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{1+p}}{b(2 + m + p + np)} - \left(\frac{d}{b(2 + m + p + np)} - \frac{c}{a + am + anp} \right) x^{1-n}(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 2 + m + p + np, 2 + m + np, -\frac{bx}{a} \right)$$

output

```
d*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(p+1)/b/(n*p+m+p+2)-(d/b/(n*p+m+p+2)-c/(a*n*p+a*m+a))*x^(1-n)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, n*p+m+p+2], [n*p+m+2], -b*x/a)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x(ex)^m (x^n(a + bx))^p \left(d(a + bx) + \frac{(-ad(1+m+np)+bc(2+m+p+np)) \left(1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-p, 1+m+np, 2+m+np, -(bx)/a)}{1+m+np} \right)}{b(2 + m + p + np)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(x^n*(a + b*x))^p*(d*(a + b*x) + ((-a*d*(1 + m + n*p)) + b*c*(2 + m + p + n*p))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + m + n*p, 2 + m + n*p, -(b*x)/a])/((1 + m + n*p)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p))/(b*(2 + m + p + n*p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1948, 90, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1948$$

$$(ex)^m (a + bx)^{-p} x^{-m-np} (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^p \int x^{m+np} (a + bx)^p (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$bx)^{-p} x^{-m-np} (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^p \left(\left(c - \frac{ad(m + np + 1)}{b(m + np + p + 2)} \right) \int x^{m+np} (a + bx)^p dx + \frac{d(a + bx)^{p+1} x^{m+np+1}}{b(m + np + p + 2)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 76$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (bx)^{-p} x^{-m-np} (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^p \left((a+bx)^p \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m+np+1)}{b(m+np+p+2)} \right) \int x^{m+np} \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \frac{d(a+bx)^{m+np+1}}{b(m+np+p+2)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 74 \\
 & (bx)^{-p} x^{-m-np} (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^p \left(\frac{(a+bx)^p \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} x^{m+np+1} \left(c - \frac{ad(m+np+1)}{b(m+np+p+2)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-p, m+np+1, m+np+2, \frac{bx}{a})}{m+np+1} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^p,x]`

output `(x^(-m - n*p)*(e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(1 + n))^p*((d*x^(1 + m + n*p)*(a + b*x)^(1 + p))/(b*(2 + m + p + n*p)) + ((c - (a*d*(1 + m + n*p))/(b*(2 + m + p + n*p))))*x^(1 + m + n*p)*(a + b*x)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + m + n*p, 2 + m + n*p, -(b*x)/a])/((1 + m + n*p)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p)/(a + b*x)^p`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 76 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n])`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1948

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._)*(x._)^(j._) + (b._)*(x._)^(jn._))^(p._)*((c._) +
(d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*(e*x)^FracPart[m]*
(a*x^j + b*x^(j + n))^FracPart[p]/(x^(FracPart[m] + j*FracPart[p])*(a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p])] Int[x^(m + j*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, j, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[jn, j + n] && !IntegerQ[p]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(EqQ[n, 1] && EqQ[j, 1])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (dx + c) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x + c)*(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^p*(e*x)^m, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**m*(d*x+c)*(a*x**n+b*x**(1+n))**p,x)
```


output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^{n+1} + ax^n)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(b*x^(n + 1) + a*x^n)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx = \int (ex)^m (ax^n + bx^{n+1})^p (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^p*(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a*x^n + b*x^(n + 1))^p*(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx) (ax^n + bx^{1+n})^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(d*x+c)*(a*x^n+b*x^(1+n))^p,x)`

output

```
(e**m*( - x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*a**2*d*m*p - x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)
)**p*a**2*d*n*p**2 - x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*a**2*d*p + x**m*(x**n*a +
x**n*b*x)**p*a*b*c*m*p + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*a*b*c*n*p**2 + x**m*
(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*a*b*c*p**2 + 2*x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*a*b*c*p
+ x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*a*b*d*m*p*x + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*a*
b*d*n*p**2*x + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*a*b*d*p**2*x + x**m*(x**n*a + x
**n*b*x)**p*b**2*c*m**2*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*c*m*n*p*x +
2*x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*c*m*p*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**
p*b**2*c*m*x + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*c*n**2*p**2*x + 2*x**m*(x*
*n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*c*n*p**2*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*c
*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*c*p**2*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*a + x**n
*b*x)**p*b**2*c*p*x + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*d*m**2*x**2 + 2*x**
m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*d*m*n*p*x**2 + 2*x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p
*b**2*d*m*p*x**2 + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*d*m*x**2 + x**m*(x**n*
a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*d*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 2*x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**
2*d*n*p**2*x**2 + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*d*n*p*x**2 + x**m*(x**n
*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*d*p**2*x**2 + x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p*b**2*d*p*
x**2 + int((x**m*(x**n*a + x**n*b*x)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 3*a*m**2*n*p*x + 3*a*
m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 3*a*m*n**2*p**2*x + 6*a*m*n*p**2*x + 6*a*m*n*p*x +
3*a*m*p**2*x + 6*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x + a*n**3*p**3*x + 3*a*n**2*p**3*x + ...
```

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	2834
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	2852

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A",""}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
      ]
    ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
    If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
      finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order of result is higher than in optimal."}
    ]
  ]

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType, expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], 2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], ExpnType[expn[[2]], 3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]], ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3, ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```


Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```



```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```



```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file