

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.2-Trinomial/1.2.1-Quadratic-
trinomial/1.2.1.2/91-1.2.1.2-c

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May 18, 2024

Compiled on May 18, 2024 at 2:23am

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3.92	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$	730
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3.100	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$	784
3.101	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$	790

3.102	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	796
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3.116	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	880
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3.127	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	957
3.128	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	966
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3.155	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	1152
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3.159	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	1176
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3.171	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	1253
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3.173	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1266
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3.176	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1290
3.177	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1297
3.178	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx$	1303
3.179	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx$	1310
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3.198	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1476
3.199	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1487
3.200	$\int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1499
3.201	$\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1510
3.202	$\int (d+ex) \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1520
3.203	$\int \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1529
3.204	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	1536
3.205	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1542
3.206	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	1549
3.207	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1554
3.208	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	1561
3.209	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	1569
3.210	$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1577
3.211	$\int (d+ex) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1588
3.212	$\int (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx$	1599
3.213	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1607
3.214	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1615
3.215	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	1623
3.216	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1631
3.217	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	1639
3.218	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	1645
3.219	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	1652
3.220	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	1659
3.221	$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1667
3.222	$\int (d+ex) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1679
3.223	$\int (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1692
3.224	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1702

3.225	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1711
3.226	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	1721
3.227	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1731
3.228	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	1742
3.229	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	1753
3.230	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	1764
3.231	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	1770
3.232	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	1777
3.233	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	1784
3.234	$\int (d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2} dx$	1792
3.235	$\int (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2} dx$	1808
3.236	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1819
3.237	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1830
3.238	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	1842
3.239	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1855
3.240	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	1866
3.241	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	1877
3.242	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	1888
3.243	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	1900
3.244	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	1911
3.245	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	1918
3.246	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx$	1925
3.247	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{12}} dx$	1932
3.248	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	1940
3.249	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	1950
3.250	$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	1959
3.251	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	1966
3.252	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	1972
3.253	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	1977

3.254	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1983
3.255	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1990
3.256	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1998
3.257	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2008
3.258	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2017
3.259	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2025
3.260	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2031
3.261	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2036
3.262	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2041
3.263	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2047
3.264	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2055
3.265	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2063
3.266	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2073
3.267	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2082
3.268	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2090
3.269	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2095
3.270	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2101
3.271	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2107
3.272	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2114
3.273	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2121
3.274	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2131
3.275	$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2141
3.276	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx$	2146
3.277	$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx$	2151
3.278	$\int (d+ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2156
3.279	$\int (d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2165
3.280	$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2173
3.281	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2180
3.282	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2186
3.283	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2191
3.284	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2197
3.285	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2203

3.286	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2211
3.287	$\int (d+ex)^{5/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2220
3.288	$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2229
3.289	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2237
3.290	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2244
3.291	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2250
3.292	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2255
3.293	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2262
3.294	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2269
3.295	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2276
3.296	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2285
3.297	$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2296
3.298	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2305
3.299	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2313
3.300	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2320
3.301	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2326
3.302	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2331
3.303	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2339
3.304	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2347
3.305	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2355
3.306	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{15/2}} dx$	2363
3.307	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{17/2}} dx$	2374
3.308	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx$	2386
3.309	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx$	2393
3.310	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx$	2399
3.311	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx$	2405
3.312	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx$	2410
3.313	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx$	2416
3.314	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx$	2422

3.315	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2429
3.316	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2435
3.317	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2441
3.318	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2446
3.319	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2453
3.320	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2461
3.321	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2470
3.322	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2476
3.323	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2482
3.324	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2487
3.325	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2495
3.326	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2503
3.327	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2514
3.328	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	2526
3.329	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	2531
3.330	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2536
3.331	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2543
3.332	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2554
3.333	$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2563
3.334	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2570
3.335	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2577
3.336	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2583
3.337	$\int (d+ex)^2\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2589
3.338	$\int (d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2597
3.339	$\int \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2604
3.340	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	2610
3.341	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2618
3.342	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	2626
3.343	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	2635

3.344	$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$	2646
3.345	$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$	2657
3.346	$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$	2667
3.347	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d+ex} dx$	2675
3.348	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2684
3.349	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	2693
3.350	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	2705
3.351	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	2721
3.352	$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$	2741
3.353	$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$	2751
3.354	$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$	2759
3.355	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d+ex} dx$	2766
3.356	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2775
3.357	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	2784
3.358	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	2793
3.359	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	2802
3.360	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	2813
3.361	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$	2827
3.362	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$	2838
3.363	$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$	2848
3.364	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$	2856
3.365	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$	2863
3.366	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$	2872
3.367	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$	2883
3.368	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2898
3.369	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2906
3.370	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2913
3.371	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2919
3.372	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2924

3.373	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2931
3.374	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2939
3.375	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2948
3.376	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2963
3.377	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2974
3.378	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2982
3.379	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2990
3.380	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2998
3.381	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	3013
3.382	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3 dx$	3032
3.383	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2 dx$	3041
3.384	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2) dx$	3050
3.385	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	3057
3.386	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	3062
3.387	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	3067
3.388	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^4} dx$	3072
3.389	$\int (d+ex)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3078
3.390	$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3084
3.391	$\int (d+ex) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3090
3.392	$\int (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3096
3.393	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	3101
3.394	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	3107
3.395	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	3113
3.396	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3119
3.397	$\int (d+ex)^{-5-2p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3125
3.398	$\int (d+ex)^{-4-2p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3134
3.399	$\int (d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3141
3.400	$\int (d+ex)^{-2-2p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3148
3.401	$\int (d+ex)^{-1-2p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3153
3.402	$\int (d+ex)^{-2p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3159
3.403	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$	3165
3.404	$\int (d+ex)^{-p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^p dx$	3170

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [404]. This is test number [91].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (404)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	100.00 (404)	0.00 (0)
Maple	83.66 (338)	16.34 (66)
Fricas	83.66 (338)	16.34 (66)
Reduce	82.18 (332)	17.82 (72)
Giac	73.27 (296)	26.73 (108)
Mupad	68.07 (275)	31.93 (129)
Maxima	50.50 (204)	49.50 (200)
Sympy	50.50 (204)	49.50 (200)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

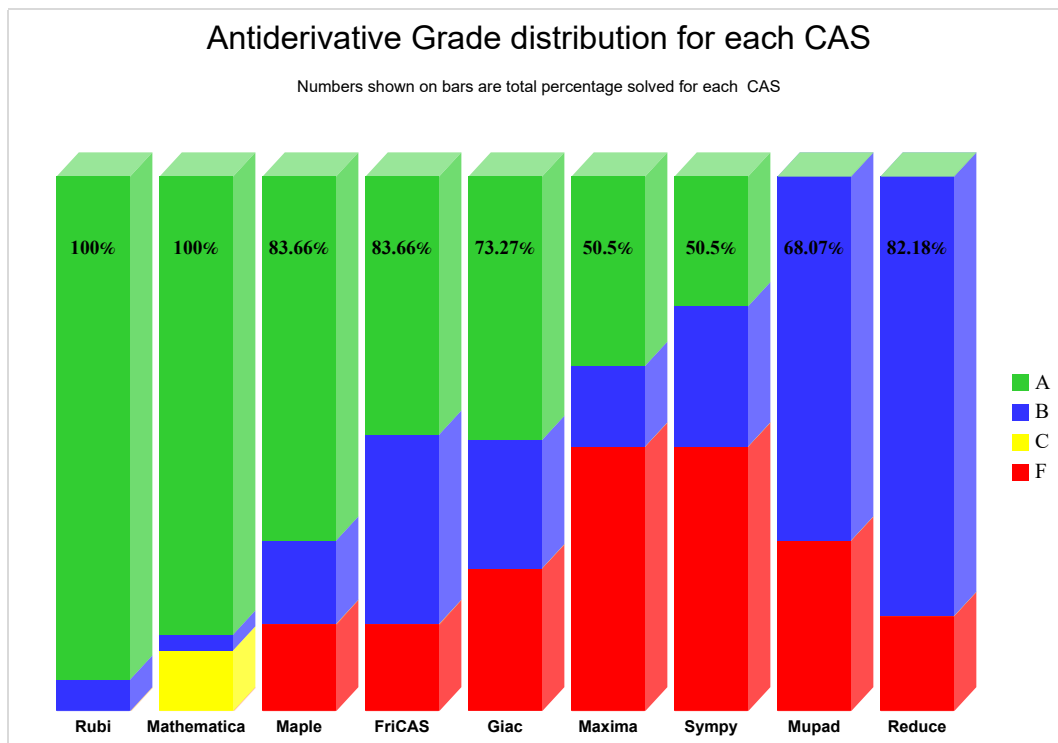
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

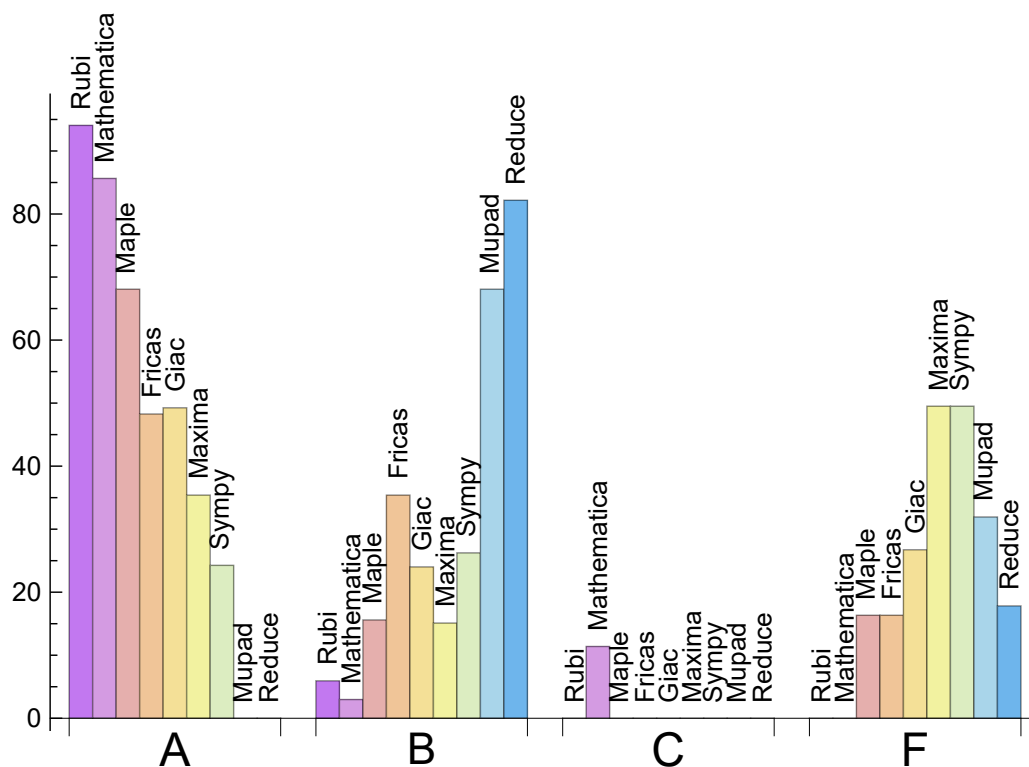
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	94.059	5.941	0.000	0.000
Mathematica	85.644	2.970	11.386	0.000
Maple	68.069	15.594	0.000	16.337
Giac	49.257	24.010	0.000	26.733
Fricas	48.267	35.396	0.000	16.337
Maxima	35.396	15.099	0.000	49.505
Sympy	24.257	26.238	0.000	49.505
Mupad	0.000	68.069	0.000	31.931
Reduce	0.000	82.178	0.000	17.822

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	66	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	66	100.00	0.00	0.00
Reduce	72	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	108	70.37	0.00	29.63
Mupad	129	0.00	100.00	0.00
Maxima	200	48.50	0.00	51.50
Sympy	200	73.50	25.50	1.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.04
Giac	0.17
Mathematica	0.22
Reduce	0.27
Rubi	0.51
Fricas	1.35
Maple	2.03
Mupad	3.86
Sympy	4.56

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mathematica	118.43	0.93	100.00	0.88
Maxima	174.57	1.81	115.50	1.47
Rubi	203.04	1.40	123.00	1.00
Maple	246.07	1.55	119.00	1.06
Giac	292.87	2.07	157.00	1.43
Reduce	366.31	2.42	197.00	1.98
Fricas	378.20	2.45	226.00	2.28
Mupad	409.65	3.14	130.00	1.42
Sympy	663.72	3.60	154.00	1.85

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

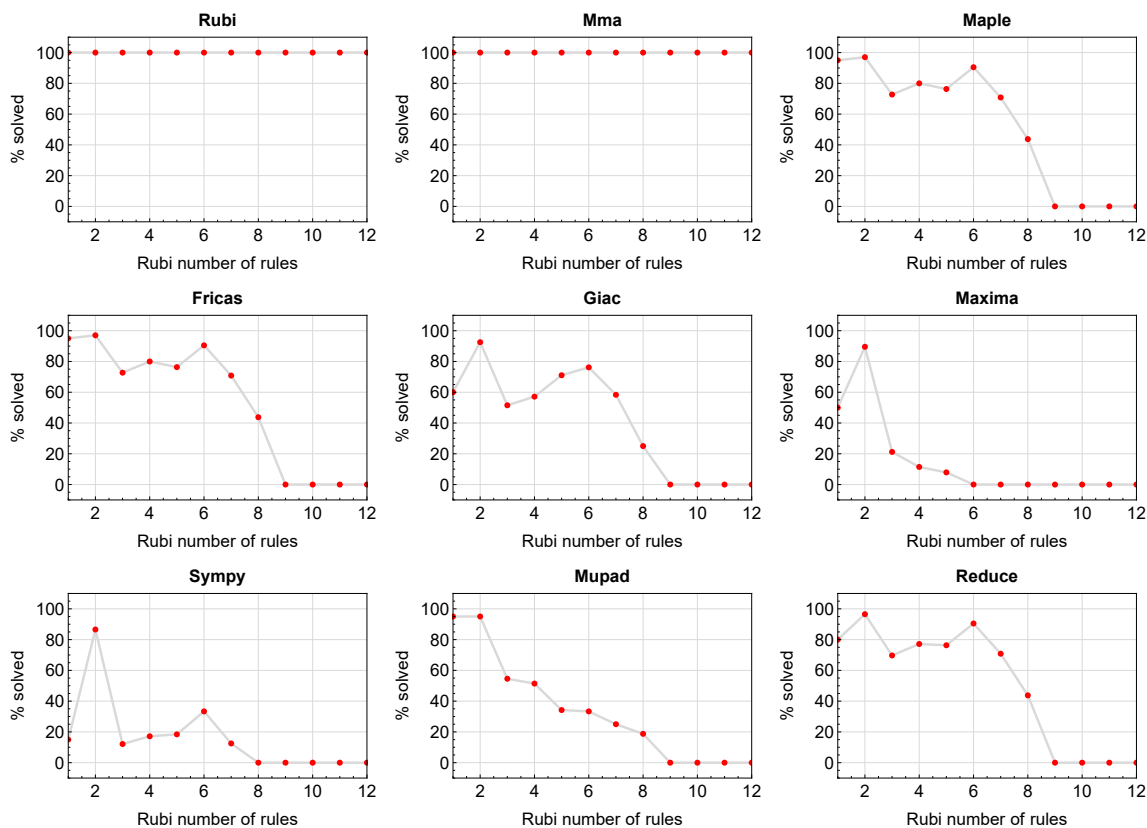


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

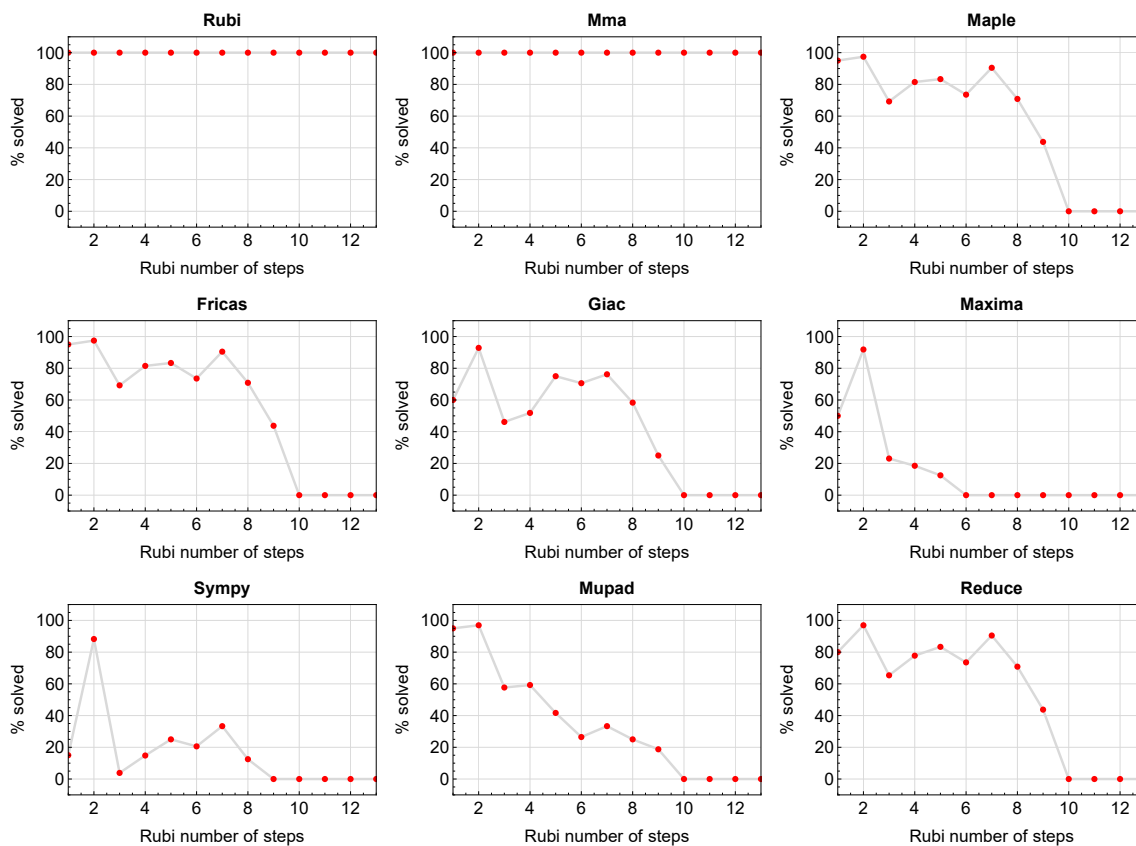


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

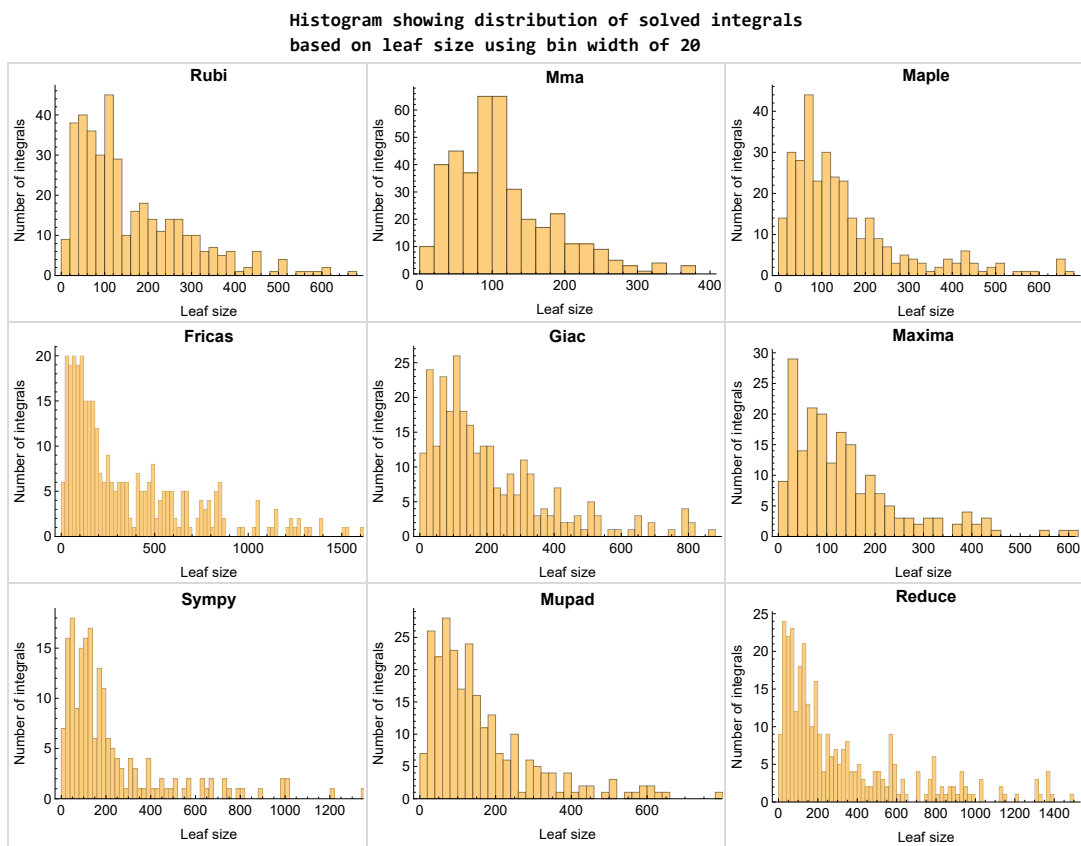


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

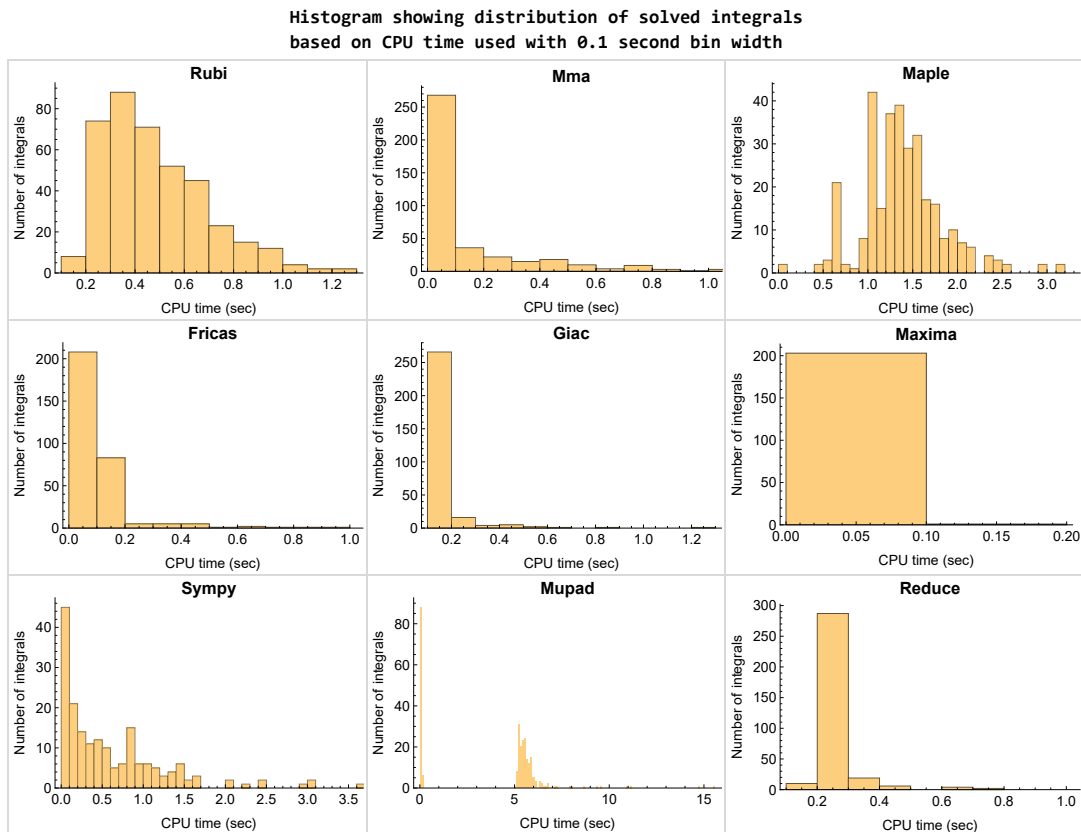


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

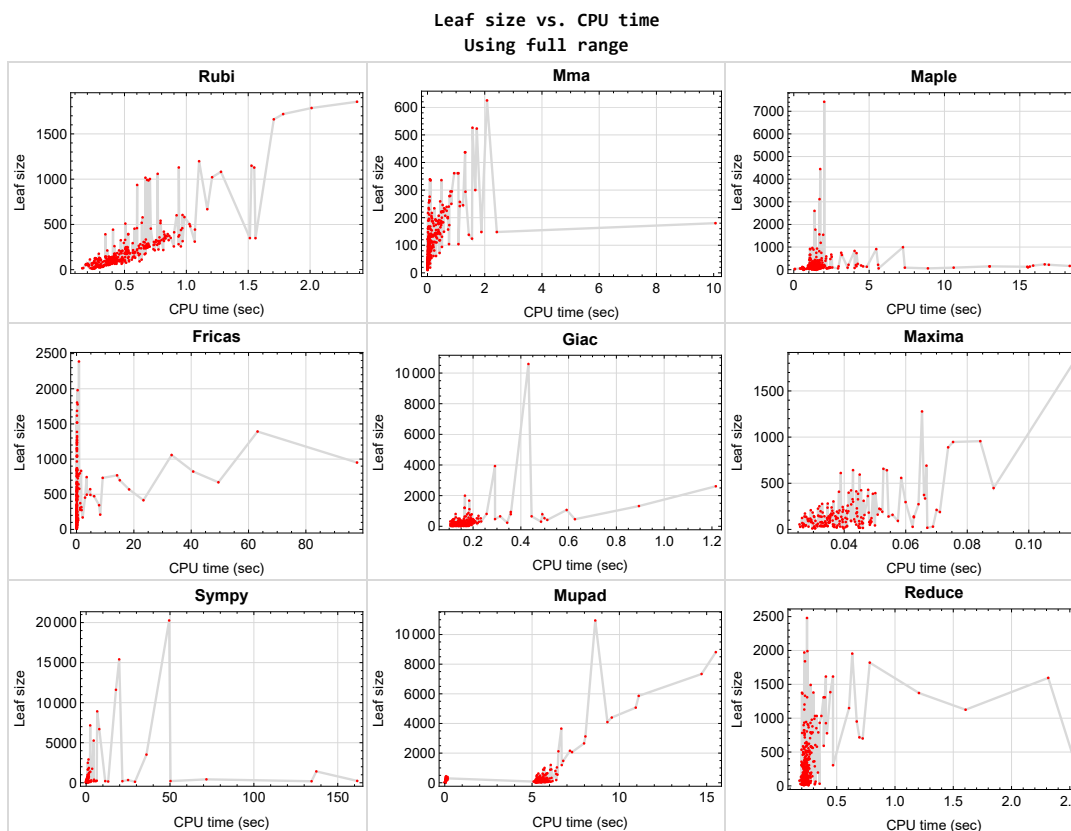


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

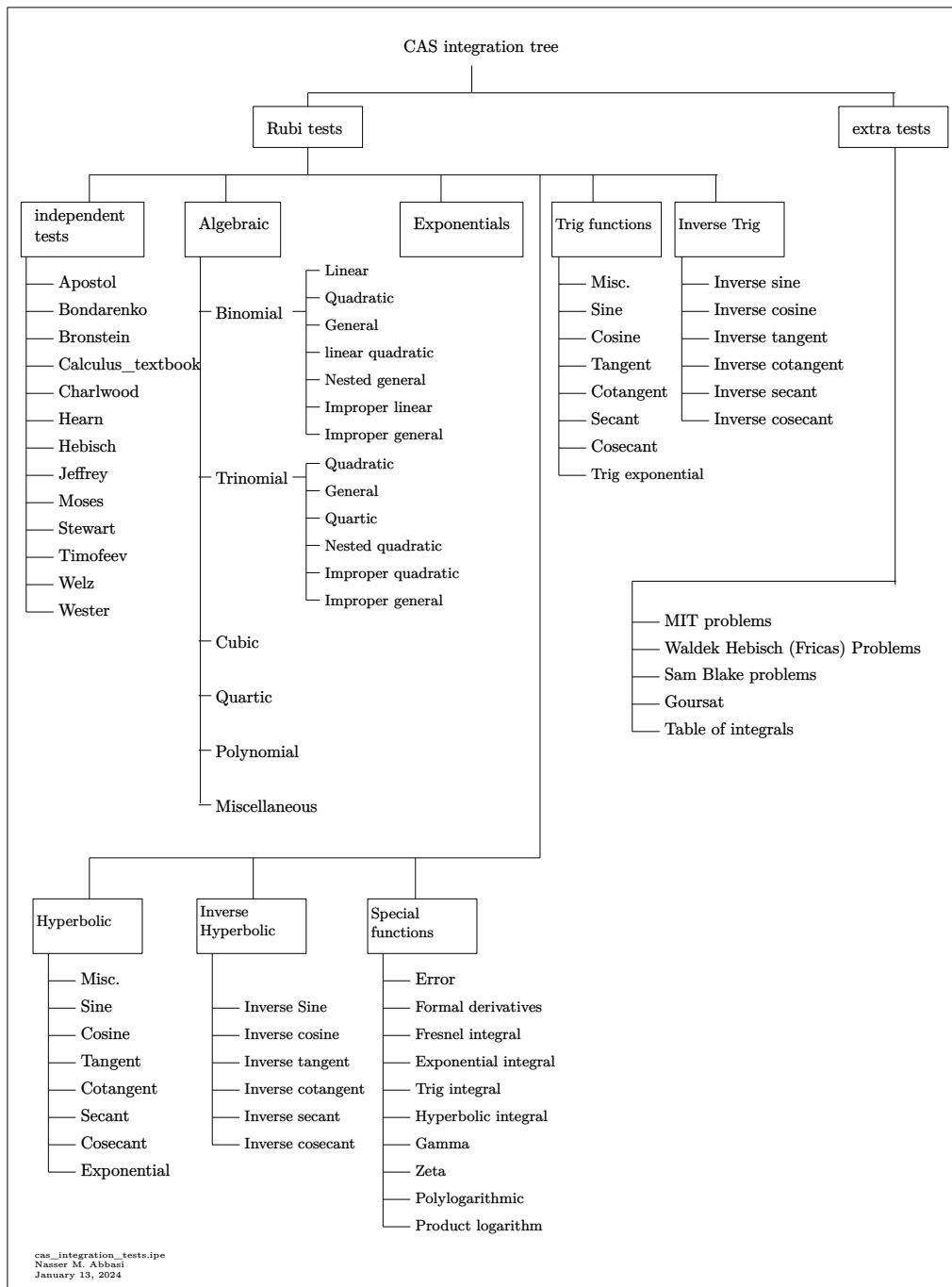
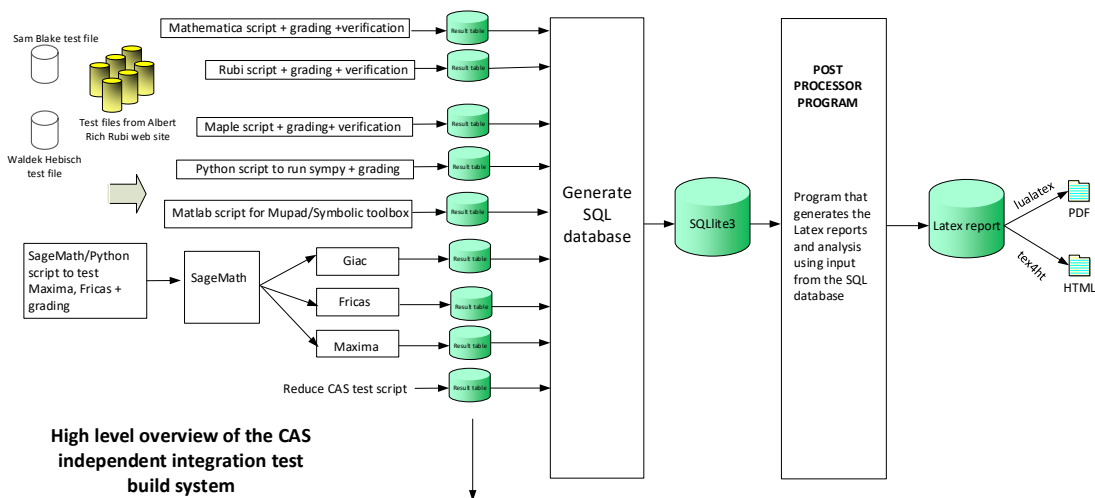


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	147

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	37
Mma	38
Maple	39
Fricas	39
Maxima	40
Giac	41
Mupad	42
Sympy	43
Reduce	43

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 335, 336, 337, 338, 340, 341, 342, 343, 347, 348, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 367, 368, 372, 373, 374, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404 }

B grade { 331, 332, 333, 334, 339, 344, 345, 346, 349, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 369, 370, 371, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 391 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404 }

B grade { 1, 11, 12, 25, 26, 27, 36, 70, 71, 81, 93, 103 }

C grade { 330, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 202, 203, 204, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 212, 213, 217, 218, 219, 220, 222, 223, 224, 225, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 244, 245, 246, 247, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 328, 329, 384, 398, 399, 400, 403, 404 }

B grade { 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 36, 37, 41, 70, 71, 72, 81, 89, 93, 94, 103, 142, 200, 201, 205, 210, 214, 215, 216, 221, 226, 227, 228, 229, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 248, 249, 256, 257, 258, 259, 265, 266, 267, 295, 296, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 326, 327, 382, 383, 397 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 401, 402 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 28, 32, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 54, 55, 56, 57, 63, 64, 65, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 99, 102, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 131, 132, 133, 141, 143, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 193, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 234, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 248, 249, 250, 252, 253, 254, 256, 257, 258,

259, 260, 262, 265, 266, 267, 269, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 297, 298, 299, 300, 302, 303, 304, 305, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 315, 316, 317, 318, 321, 322, 328, 329, 399, 400, 403, 404 }

B grade { 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 81, 89, 93, 94, 98, 100, 101, 103, 104, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 142, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 156, 157, 158, 165, 166, 167, 180, 181, 182, 189, 190, 191, 192, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 208, 209, 217, 218, 219, 220, 230, 231, 232, 233, 235, 244, 245, 246, 247, 251, 255, 261, 263, 264, 268, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 284, 285, 286, 295, 296, 301, 306, 307, 313, 314, 319, 320, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 382, 383, 384, 397, 398 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 401, 402 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 28, 32, 33, 34, 35, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 101, 102, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 138, 139, 140, 141, 143, 149, 150, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 275, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 308, 309, 310, 311, 315, 316, 317, 321, 322, 323, 403, 404 }

B grade { 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 49, 50, 51, 58, 59, 60, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 81, 89, 93, 94, 98, 103, 104, 114, 115, 124, 125, 126, 134, 135, 136, 137, 142, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 151, 158, 166, 382, 383, 384 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 283, 284, 285, 286, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 312, 313, 314, 318, 319, 320, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356,

357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276 }

Giac

A grade { 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 32, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 73, 74, 75, 77, 78, 79, 80, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 96, 99, 100, 101, 102, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 138, 139, 140, 141, 143, 144, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 210, 211, 212, 213, 215, 221, 222, 223, 224, 226, 227, 234, 236, 238, 239, 248, 249, 250, 253, 261, 275, 277, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 328, 329, 403, 404 }

B grade { 1, 2, 6, 11, 12, 13, 16, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 36, 37, 41, 50, 51, 58, 59, 60, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 76, 81, 82, 85, 89, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 103, 115, 125, 126, 135, 136, 137, 142, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 157, 158, 159, 165, 166, 167, 168, 182, 183, 190, 191, 199, 208, 214, 217, 225, 228, 235, 237, 240, 251, 263, 271, 273, 278, 279, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 307, 327, 382, 383, 384 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 262, 264, 270, 272, 274, 276, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 206, 207, 209, 216, 218, 219, 220, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 252, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 202, 203, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 212, 217, 218, 219, 220, 223, 230, 231, 232, 233, 235, 244, 245, 246, 247, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 308, 309, 310, 311, 315, 316, 317, 321, 322, 323, 382, 383, 384, 397, 398, 399, 400, 403, 404 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 148, 200, 201, 204, 205, 210, 213, 214, 215, 216, 221, 222, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 234, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 248, 249, 256, 257, 258, 259, 265, 266, 267, 283, 284, 285, 286, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 312, 313, 314, 318, 319, 320, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 401, 402 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 21, 32, 33, 34, 35, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 61, 62, 63, 64, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 96, 99, 100, 101, 102, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 139, 140, 141, 143, 149, 150, 152, 153, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 173, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 213, 224, 225, 236, 277 }

B grade { 1, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 80, 81, 82, 85, 89, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 103, 104, 106, 112, 113, 114, 115, 123, 124, 125, 126, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 142, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 151, 154, 155, 156, 162, 163, 164, 170, 171, 172, 200, 201, 202, 203, 210, 211, 212, 221, 222, 223, 234, 235, 248, 249, 250, 251, 382, 383, 384, 404 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 198, 199, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 241, 242, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 299, 300, 301, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 385, 386, 387, 391, 392, 393, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 174, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 233, 237, 238, 239, 240, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 278, 279, 285, 286, 287, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 315, 321, 322, 323, 389, 390, 394, 395, 396, 402 }

F(-2) exception fail { 388, 403 }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139,

140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 382, 383, 384 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	84	94	96	96	100	97	97	88
N.S.	1	1.00	2.21	2.47	2.53	2.53	2.63	2.55	2.55	2.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.018	0.635	0.036	0.066	0.027	0.151	0.235	5.470

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	67	70	69	69	73	72	73	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.76	1.84	1.82	1.82	1.92	1.89	1.92	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.008	0.612	0.026	0.068	0.024	0.116	0.225	0.021

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	46	48	48	48	49	49	49	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.007	0.452	0.034	0.066	0.020	0.135	0.207	0.028

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	32	25	24	24	26	24	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.89	0.86	0.86	0.93	0.86	0.89	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.000	0.060	0.027	0.060	0.017	0.144	0.261	0.021

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	12	11	10	10	8	10	10	10
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.79	0.71	0.71	0.57	0.71	0.71	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.001	0.671	0.040	0.062	0.024	0.149	0.220	0.010

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	25	26	25	24	20	117	28	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.04	1.00	0.96	0.80	4.68	1.12	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.008	0.669	0.038	0.070	0.079	0.154	0.228	5.510

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	31	33	35	39	27	33	49	31
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.03	1.09	1.22	0.84	1.03	1.53	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.010	0.664	0.035	0.069	0.094	0.166	0.221	0.033

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	26	25	38	38	39	24	37	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.89	1.36	1.36	1.39	0.86	1.32	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.008	0.695	0.033	0.066	0.132	0.170	0.231	0.022

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	27	26	50	50	53	41	48	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.68	1.32	1.32	1.39	1.08	1.26	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.008	0.658	0.037	0.069	0.190	0.169	0.225	5.535

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	27	26	61	61	65	25	59	63
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.68	1.61	1.61	1.71	0.66	1.55	1.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.008	0.658	0.027	0.075	0.219	0.168	0.230	0.028

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	189	195	197	197	218	212	213	181
N.S.	1	1.00	2.91	3.00	3.03	3.03	3.35	3.26	3.28	2.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.026	1.211	0.032	0.067	0.041	0.171	0.243	5.583

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	148	157	156	156	168	170	172	144
N.S.	1	1.00	2.28	2.42	2.40	2.40	2.58	2.62	2.65	2.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.017	1.238	0.047	0.065	0.035	0.177	0.227	0.037

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	122	121	124	124	133	130	131	115
N.S.	1	1.00	1.88	1.86	1.91	1.91	2.05	2.00	2.02	1.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.012	1.082	0.026	0.064	0.033	0.160	0.229	5.536

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	77	79	69	72	81	87	89	90	74
N.S.	1	1.18	1.22	1.06	1.11	1.25	1.34	1.37	1.38	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.007	0.957	0.035	0.063	0.026	0.164	0.250	5.588

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	47	48	48	48	49	49	49	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.008	1.386	0.034	0.066	0.038	0.154	0.218	0.027

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	13	20	20	19	84	21	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	1.43	1.43	1.36	6.00	1.50	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.001	1.200	0.038	0.066	0.037	0.154	0.227	0.019

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	43	56	61	63	44	60	72	62
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	1.14	1.24	1.29	0.90	1.22	1.47	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.013	1.244	0.031	0.069	0.130	0.132	0.228	0.042

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	47	63	67	92	60	65	112	71
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	1.31	1.80	1.18	1.27	2.20	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.028	1.271	0.049	0.070	0.199	0.163	0.210	5.402

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	49	67	79	99	80	110	113	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	1.14	1.34	1.68	1.36	1.86	1.92	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.017	1.238	0.035	0.069	0.240	0.162	0.221	0.041

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	53	60	84	84	88	59	69	80
N.S.	1	1.00	1.89	2.14	3.00	3.00	3.14	2.11	2.46	2.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.017	1.266	0.046	0.072	0.312	0.181	0.250	0.027

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	56	62	98	98	104	61	95	96
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.95	1.51	1.51	1.60	0.94	1.46	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.015	1.214	0.035	0.072	0.424	0.143	0.223	5.408

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	57	62	109	109	116	61	106	107
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.95	1.68	1.68	1.78	0.94	1.63	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.018	1.221	0.043	0.072	0.500	0.133	0.227	0.041

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	58	62	120	120	128	61	117	118
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.95	1.85	1.85	1.97	0.94	1.80	1.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.018	1.223	0.035	0.072	0.637	0.140	0.244	5.948

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	57	62	131	131	139	61	128	129
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.95	2.02	2.02	2.14	0.94	1.97	1.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.023	1.220	0.037	0.070	0.875	0.135	0.240	5.829

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	276	325	327	327	364	362	363	308
N.S.	1	1.00	3.00	3.53	3.55	3.55	3.96	3.93	3.95	3.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.622	0.076	1.188	0.043	0.076	0.056	0.140	0.236	5.866

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	235	273	277	277	308	303	305	261
N.S.	1	1.00	2.55	2.97	3.01	3.01	3.35	3.29	3.32	2.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.537	0.040	1.174	0.033	0.079	0.067	0.140	0.263	0.061

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	217	222	225	225	243	245	247	208
N.S.	1	1.00	2.36	2.41	2.45	2.45	2.64	2.66	2.68	2.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.019	1.105	0.031	0.072	0.062	0.138	0.219	5.722

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	104	161	172	140	167	190	188	189	152
N.S.	1	1.13	1.75	1.87	1.52	1.82	2.07	2.04	2.05	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.019	0.955	0.027	0.066	0.045	0.152	0.216	5.611

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	122	121	124	124	133	130	131	115
N.S.	1	1.00	1.88	1.86	1.91	1.91	2.05	2.00	2.02	1.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.010	1.364	0.034	0.072	0.084	0.132	0.249	5.580

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	67	73	69	69	73	155	73	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.76	1.92	1.82	1.82	1.92	4.08	1.92	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.007	1.354	0.033	0.071	0.080	0.135	0.279	5.934

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	13	31	31	32	31	32	31
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	2.21	2.21	2.29	2.21	2.29	2.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.001	1.212	0.030	0.065	0.077	0.162	0.353	0.025

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	74	109	114	116	83	115	132	118
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	1.49	1.56	1.59	1.14	1.58	1.81	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.022	1.227	0.028	0.091	0.270	0.157	0.242	0.034

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	72	109	118	173	102	167	197	123
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.45	1.57	2.31	1.36	2.23	2.63	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.042	1.250	0.035	0.072	0.433	0.141	0.209	0.041

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	114	114	125	188	128	112	209	130
N.S.	1	1.00	1.46	1.46	1.60	2.41	1.64	1.44	2.68	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.028	1.322	0.035	0.078	0.459	0.157	0.250	0.060

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	80	115	142	176	148	118	180	138
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.34	1.65	2.05	1.72	1.37	2.09	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.029	1.264	0.044	0.074	0.602	0.159	0.221	5.295

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	91	104	143	143	155	111	122	135
N.S.	1	1.00	3.25	3.71	5.11	5.11	5.54	3.96	4.36	4.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.022	1.262	0.037	0.074	0.940	0.147	0.208	0.037

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	90	97	110	160	160	172	114	159	154
N.S.	1	1.55	1.67	1.90	2.76	2.76	2.97	1.97	2.74	2.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.024	1.292	0.051	0.075	1.554	0.152	0.235	5.381

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	97	110	171	171	184	114	170	165
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.20	1.86	1.86	2.00	1.24	1.85	1.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.025	1.272	0.036	0.073	3.025	0.142	0.247	5.398

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	97	110	182	182	196	114	181	176
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.20	1.98	1.98	2.13	1.24	1.97	1.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.022	1.263	0.048	0.079	5.788	0.158	0.230	5.439

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	97	110	193	193	207	114	192	187
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.20	2.10	2.10	2.25	1.24	2.09	2.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.029	1.269	0.038	0.073	11.366	0.150	0.221	0.061

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	167	244	258	259	209	273	301	280
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	2.00	2.11	2.12	1.71	2.24	2.47	2.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.049	1.534	0.041	0.089	0.271	0.133	0.210	5.386

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	98	115	168	177	179	136	184	208	189
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.71	1.81	1.83	1.39	1.88	2.12	1.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.041	1.627	0.041	0.089	0.211	0.116	0.249	0.029

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	74	107	114	115	83	116	132	118
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.45	1.54	1.55	1.12	1.57	1.78	1.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	0.034	1.464	0.041	0.075	0.166	0.148	0.215	0.032

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	50	43	56	60	62	44	60	72	62
N.S.	1	1.02	0.88	1.14	1.22	1.27	0.90	1.22	1.47	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.022	1.376	0.038	0.074	0.129	0.126	0.221	0.039

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	25	26	26	25	20	27	28	25
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.00	0.96	0.77	1.04	1.08	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.011	1.454	0.037	0.080	0.078	0.126	0.217	0.026

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	10	11	10	10	7	11	10	10
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.00	0.70	1.10	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.001	1.322	0.030	0.068	0.024	0.139	0.258	0.013

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	51	26	28	36	26	128	46	26	40
N.S.	1	1.42	0.72	0.78	1.00	0.72	3.56	1.28	0.72	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.015	1.309	0.032	0.076	0.158	0.132	0.214	0.042

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	53	57	92	93	233	94	115	76
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.00	1.61	1.63	4.09	1.65	2.02	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.043	1.691	0.029	0.072	0.357	0.129	0.213	5.393

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	67	81	202	242	381	145	288	182
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.99	2.46	2.95	4.65	1.77	3.51	2.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.041	1.725	0.036	0.078	0.557	0.114	0.204	5.657

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	107	103	361	425	570	243	499	312
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.96	3.37	3.97	5.33	2.27	4.66	2.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.053	1.725	0.048	0.082	0.769	0.159	0.256	5.671

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	130	130	125	558	657	802	338	769	505
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.96	4.29	5.05	6.17	2.60	5.92	3.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	0.032	1.736	0.059	0.089	1.038	0.141	0.225	5.703

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	165	175	183	267	155	188	297	203
N.S.	1	1.00	1.59	1.68	1.76	2.57	1.49	1.81	2.86	1.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.042	1.457	0.033	0.076	0.536	0.148	0.225	0.042

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	114	108	117	172	102	118	197	123
N.S.	1	1.00	1.52	1.44	1.56	2.29	1.36	1.57	2.63	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.024	1.398	0.029	0.079	0.379	0.121	0.226	5.828

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	47	63	67	92	60	65	112	71
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	1.31	1.80	1.18	1.27	2.20	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.025	1.457	0.046	0.074	0.327	0.109	0.226	0.049

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	33	34	37	27	32	49	32
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.10	1.19	0.87	1.03	1.58	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.008	1.414	0.031	0.080	0.123	0.131	0.221	0.031

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	12	13	13	13	10	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.08	1.08	1.08	0.83	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.002	1.427	0.031	0.077	0.080	0.120	0.215	0.022

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	53	58	90	92	233	93	115	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.04	1.61	1.64	4.16	1.66	2.05	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.021	1.290	0.045	0.085	0.343	0.136	0.223	5.839

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	106	66	82	208	241	406	166	459	182
N.S.	1	1.31	0.81	1.01	2.57	2.98	5.01	2.05	5.67	2.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	0.044	1.396	0.029	0.085	0.559	0.124	0.246	0.145

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	109	98	109	386	494	634	253	821	330
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.00	3.54	4.53	5.82	2.32	7.53	3.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.474	0.062	1.683	0.045	0.087	0.836	0.134	0.219	5.850

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	133	230	254	271	416	258	264	470	291
N.S.	1	1.00	1.73	1.91	2.04	3.13	1.94	1.98	3.53	2.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.053	1.507	0.042	0.073	1.045	0.124	0.222	6.014

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	167	172	191	291	185	183	330	196
N.S.	1	1.00	1.62	1.67	1.85	2.83	1.80	1.78	3.20	1.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	0.036	1.421	0.039	0.080	0.653	0.110	0.205	0.055

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	114	114	125	188	128	112	209	130
N.S.	1	1.00	1.46	1.46	1.60	2.41	1.64	1.44	2.68	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.031	1.410	0.040	0.075	0.449	0.113	0.233	5.779

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	48	66	80	100	80	69	113	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	1.12	1.36	1.69	1.36	1.17	1.92	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.018	1.398	0.040	0.074	0.248	0.114	0.242	6.032

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	26	25	38	38	39	24	37	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.89	1.36	1.36	1.39	0.86	1.32	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.007	1.411	0.027	0.069	0.145	0.141	0.219	0.021

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	13	24	24	26	12	23	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	1.71	1.71	1.86	0.86	1.64	1.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.002	1.388	0.040	0.065	0.096	0.152	0.226	0.020

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	67	81	202	242	381	165	289	183
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.99	2.46	2.95	4.65	2.01	3.52	2.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.033	1.400	0.041	0.080	0.538	0.121	0.244	6.385

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	97	108	386	495	632	254	821	329
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.98	3.51	4.50	5.75	2.31	7.46	2.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.064	1.390	0.049	0.101	0.839	0.114	0.222	6.116

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	160	128	140	594	760	881	345	1202	542
N.S.	1	1.12	0.90	0.98	4.15	5.31	6.16	2.41	8.41	3.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.615	0.070	1.245	0.045	0.101	1.171	0.110	0.223	6.455

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	170	154	165	889	1151	1217	458	1840	797
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.97	5.23	6.77	7.16	2.69	10.82	4.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.663	0.149	1.602	0.074	0.101	1.667	0.116	0.228	6.337

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	117	123	121	121	136	127	127	122
N.S.	1	1.00	3.00	3.15	3.10	3.10	3.49	3.26	3.26	3.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.026	0.566	0.038	0.073	0.038	0.129	0.248	0.036

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	95	100	102	102	107	103	103	99
N.S.	1	1.00	2.44	2.56	2.62	2.62	2.74	2.64	2.64	2.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.014	0.612	0.029	0.072	0.027	0.146	0.218	5.746

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	73	76	75	75	80	78	79	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.87	1.95	1.92	1.92	2.05	2.00	2.03	1.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.015	0.553	0.033	0.076	0.023	0.143	0.207	5.521

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	51	54	54	54	56	55	55	53
N.S.	1	1.00	1.31	1.38	1.38	1.38	1.44	1.41	1.41	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.013	0.415	0.025	0.079	0.020	0.125	0.208	0.028

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	38	31	30	30	32	30	31	31
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.91	0.88	0.88	0.94	0.88	0.91	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.000	0.082	0.028	0.081	0.017	0.136	0.215	0.022

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	14	13	12	12	12	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.001	0.612	0.031	0.084	0.023	0.116	0.256	0.012

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	30	31	31	30	26	119	33	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	1.19	1.19	1.15	1.00	4.58	1.27	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.011	0.629	0.039	0.086	0.077	0.120	0.222	0.031

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	36	38	39	44	32	37	53	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.15	1.18	1.33	0.97	1.12	1.61	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.010	0.613	0.041	0.084	0.103	0.105	0.206	0.034

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	29	30	43	43	44	29	31	30
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.86	1.23	1.23	1.26	0.83	0.89	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.010	0.615	0.032	0.071	0.148	0.108	0.235	5.756

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	30	31	55	55	58	41	53	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.79	1.41	1.41	1.49	1.05	1.36	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.009	0.621	0.036	0.085	0.186	0.143	0.217	0.025

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	30	31	66	66	70	30	64	68
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.79	1.69	1.69	1.79	0.77	1.64	1.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.010	0.625	0.030	0.073	0.243	0.124	0.267	0.031

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	160	173	172	172	185	186	188	168
N.S.	1	1.00	2.08	2.25	2.23	2.23	2.40	2.42	2.44	2.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.024	1.246	0.027	0.080	0.038	0.159	0.270	0.042

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	120	137	140	140	150	146	147	135
N.S.	1	1.00	1.56	1.78	1.82	1.82	1.95	1.90	1.91	1.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.026	1.271	0.032	0.073	0.033	0.105	0.270	5.569

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	97	87	93	93	97	104	105	106	99
N.S.	1	1.26	1.13	1.21	1.21	1.26	1.35	1.36	1.38	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.022	1.075	0.031	0.085	0.028	0.135	0.250	0.026

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	54	64	64	64	66	65	65	63
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.22	1.20	1.20	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.010	1.444	0.034	0.083	0.043	0.142	0.201	5.713

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	19	28	28	29	97	29	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.40	1.40	1.45	4.85	1.45	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.002	1.347	0.026	0.089	0.043	0.119	0.210	0.024

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	62	52	66	72	72	53	72	82	69
N.S.	1	1.02	0.85	1.08	1.18	1.18	0.87	1.18	1.34	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.017	1.388	0.035	0.096	0.131	0.152	0.209	6.073

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	59	75	79	108	71	77	120	83
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.19	1.25	1.71	1.13	1.22	1.90	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.030	1.368	0.029	0.076	0.203	0.137	0.244	0.054

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	59	78	90	112	90	120	113	89
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	1.10	1.27	1.58	1.27	1.69	1.59	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.024	1.350	0.042	0.072	0.272	0.133	0.215	5.597

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	59	70	94	94	99	69	66	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.69	2.00	2.69	2.69	2.83	1.97	1.89	1.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.025	1.401	0.042	0.071	0.380	0.141	0.220	5.526

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	61	72	108	108	114	71	105	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.94	1.40	1.40	1.48	0.92	1.36	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.025	1.553	0.039	0.083	0.542	0.121	0.201	0.036

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	61	72	119	119	126	71	116	119
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.94	1.55	1.55	1.64	0.92	1.51	1.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.022	1.310	0.046	0.080	0.800	0.133	0.235	5.557

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	61	72	130	130	138	71	127	130
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.94	1.69	1.69	1.79	0.92	1.65	1.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.022	1.345	0.046	0.082	1.423	0.109	0.213	0.050

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	255	299	303	303	335	329	331	295
N.S.	1	1.00	2.30	2.69	2.73	2.73	3.02	2.96	2.98	2.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.639	0.050	1.325	0.037	0.070	0.048	0.137	0.238	5.453

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	211	248	251	251	270	271	273	242
N.S.	1	1.00	1.90	2.23	2.26	2.26	2.43	2.44	2.46	2.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.559	0.060	1.338	0.032	0.070	0.044	0.137	0.253	5.603

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	131	167	198	183	193	218	214	215	186
N.S.	1	1.18	1.50	1.78	1.65	1.74	1.96	1.93	1.94	1.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.044	1.161	0.030	0.071	0.039	0.140	0.237	0.044

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	123	147	150	150	160	156	157	145
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	1.62	1.65	1.65	1.76	1.71	1.73	1.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.026	1.560	0.032	0.072	0.061	0.146	0.232	0.033

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	79	99	95	95	100	174	99	91
N.S.	1	1.00	1.46	1.83	1.76	1.76	1.85	3.22	1.83	1.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.019	1.533	0.028	0.074	0.064	0.132	0.215	5.485

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	19	45	45	49	45	46	45
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	2.25	2.25	2.45	2.25	2.30	2.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.002	1.414	0.028	0.079	0.053	0.110	0.240	0.031

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	85	124	131	130	95	133	147	128
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.39	1.47	1.46	1.07	1.49	1.65	1.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.025	1.369	0.035	0.083	0.197	0.139	0.233	0.037

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	129	125	136	193	117	182	207	141
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	1.33	1.45	2.05	1.24	1.94	2.20	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.030	1.382	0.030	0.086	0.315	0.117	0.225	5.421

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	129	133	142	209	144	129	215	149
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.37	1.46	2.15	1.48	1.33	2.22	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.038	1.364	0.034	0.077	0.520	0.149	0.219	5.399

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	92	133	158	194	163	136	181	157
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	1.27	1.50	1.85	1.55	1.30	1.72	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.033	1.325	0.036	0.093	1.150	0.135	0.239	5.364

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	100	123	158	158	170	126	125	102
N.S.	1	1.00	2.86	3.51	4.51	4.51	4.86	3.60	3.57	2.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.027	1.310	0.056	0.081	2.969	0.145	0.254	0.049

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	108	103	129	175	175	187	129	174	135
N.S.	1	1.48	1.41	1.77	2.40	2.40	2.56	1.77	2.38	1.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.036	1.337	0.036	0.079	4.613	0.109	0.217	0.049

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	103	129	186	186	199	129	185	184
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.16	1.68	1.68	1.79	1.16	1.67	1.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.027	1.397	0.044	0.087	21.631	0.125	0.216	5.697

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	103	129	197	197	211	129	196	195
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.16	1.77	1.77	1.90	1.16	1.77	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.028	1.410	0.041	0.087	50.320	0.146	0.282	0.053

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	134	201	205	207	153	210	246	217
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.53	1.56	1.58	1.17	1.60	1.88	1.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.043	1.734	0.038	0.076	0.254	0.130	0.217	0.038

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	100	91	132	135	137	99	136	162	138
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.32	1.35	1.37	0.99	1.36	1.62	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.026	1.576	0.028	0.088	0.174	0.110	0.209	5.364

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	58	74	77	79	58	76	94	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.07	1.12	1.14	0.84	1.10	1.36	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.019	1.578	0.035	0.081	0.131	0.107	0.210	5.483

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	35	39	38	35	32	39	42	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.03	1.00	0.92	0.84	1.03	1.11	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.008	1.580	0.026	0.075	0.084	0.146	0.203	0.033

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	17	16	16	12	17	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.00	1.00	0.75	1.06	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.001	1.478	0.046	0.074	0.024	0.113	0.226	5.244

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	69	33	34	47	33	172	57	33	51
N.S.	1	1.47	0.70	0.72	1.00	0.70	3.66	1.21	0.70	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.012	1.499	0.031	0.074	0.163	0.111	0.234	5.370

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	66	75	107	109	301	111	131	95
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.03	1.47	1.49	4.12	1.52	1.79	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.022	1.763	0.039	0.081	0.374	0.126	0.220	5.262

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	102	107	228	266	471	158	307	220
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.99	2.11	2.46	4.36	1.46	2.84	2.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.040	1.773	0.044	0.080	0.560	0.145	0.196	0.102

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	135	137	393	454	672	275	523	359
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.99	2.83	3.27	4.83	1.98	3.76	2.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.050	1.829	0.050	0.086	0.803	0.117	0.234	5.277

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	219	339	402	398	545	345	418	631	625
N.S.	1	1.00	1.55	1.84	1.82	2.49	1.58	1.91	2.88	2.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.084	1.556	0.041	0.077	0.922	0.173	0.230	5.361

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	184	263	298	300	417	264	312	486	387
N.S.	1	1.00	1.43	1.62	1.63	2.27	1.43	1.70	2.64	2.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.066	1.575	0.043	0.078	0.597	0.118	0.214	0.050

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	145	196	208	214	305	185	222	357	242
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	1.43	1.48	2.10	1.28	1.53	2.46	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.049	1.625	0.040	0.075	0.443	0.139	0.225	0.047

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	142	137	143	205	131	146	246	152
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	1.30	1.36	1.95	1.25	1.39	2.34	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.037	1.664	0.030	0.082	0.319	0.150	0.244	5.413

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	65	86	89	117	85	86	150	96
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	1.16	1.20	1.58	1.15	1.16	2.03	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.033	1.586	0.039	0.074	0.209	0.134	0.222	5.407

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	47	49	52	56	46	49	74	47
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.02	1.08	1.17	0.96	1.02	1.54	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.012	1.556	0.044	0.088	0.108	0.131	0.208	5.263

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	18	19	18	18	17	18	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.004	1.569	0.030	0.068	0.070	0.128	0.200	5.258

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	74	75	113	116	287	112	149	96
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	1.00	1.51	1.55	3.83	1.49	1.99	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.030	1.595	0.028	0.079	0.386	0.157	0.248	0.072

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	143	86	107	236	277	486	195	523	223
N.S.	1	1.35	0.81	1.01	2.23	2.61	4.58	1.84	4.93	2.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.070	1.644	0.035	0.078	0.591	0.134	0.266	0.153

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	146	130	144	423	544	734	289	897	381
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.99	2.90	3.73	5.03	1.98	6.14	2.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.065	1.952	0.042	0.089	0.910	0.122	0.216	5.414

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	176	160	174	641	807	996	480	1331	595
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.99	3.64	4.59	5.66	2.73	7.56	3.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.093	2.014	0.054	0.088	1.301	0.121	0.228	5.815

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	221	337	399	408	606	386	403	716	516
N.S.	1	1.00	1.52	1.81	1.85	2.74	1.75	1.82	3.24	2.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.528	0.098	1.609	0.038	0.088	4.716	0.146	0.226	5.282

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	185	262	297	310	469	303	301	547	341
N.S.	1	1.00	1.42	1.61	1.68	2.54	1.64	1.63	2.96	1.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	0.066	1.658	0.046	0.084	3.049	0.119	0.221	0.064

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	142	191	211	224	338	226	214	393	232
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	1.49	1.58	2.38	1.59	1.51	2.77	1.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.570	0.053	1.589	0.051	0.081	1.205	0.125	0.233	5.272

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	139	147	156	227	163	136	258	163
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	1.32	1.41	2.05	1.47	1.23	2.32	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	0.063	1.729	0.036	0.086	0.509	0.139	0.216	0.077

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	65	90	105	126	109	89	142	106
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	1.06	1.24	1.48	1.28	1.05	1.67	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.053	1.598	0.035	0.078	0.286	0.161	0.291	0.056

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	35	36	56	56	60	35	44	43
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.03	1.60	1.60	1.71	1.00	1.26	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.012	1.666	0.027	0.071	0.168	0.121	0.275	5.164

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	19	35	35	39	18	35	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.75	1.75	1.95	0.90	1.75	1.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.003	1.582	0.036	0.070	0.122	0.109	0.314	0.018

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	83	106	238	280	457	190	333	225
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.99	2.22	2.62	4.27	1.78	3.11	2.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.061	1.674	0.036	0.081	0.812	0.134	0.227	5.212

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	142	127	142	429	555	736	286	911	392
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.00	3.02	3.91	5.18	2.01	6.42	2.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.078	1.527	0.048	0.084	1.205	0.156	0.250	0.160

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	214	168	186	642	828	1001	386	1309	616
N.S.	1	1.13	0.89	0.98	3.40	4.38	5.30	2.04	6.93	3.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.745	0.097	1.572	0.043	0.094	1.401	0.114	0.246	5.827

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	223	201	218	947	1222	1357	503	1970	878
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.98	4.25	5.48	6.09	2.26	8.83	3.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.774	0.143	1.806	0.075	0.106	2.282	0.143	0.222	5.680

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	217	335	399	424	644	425	398	749	452
N.S.	1	1.00	1.54	1.84	1.95	2.97	1.96	1.83	3.45	2.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.813	0.107	1.602	0.045	0.084	71.723	0.114	0.224	5.259

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	179	259	300	326	488	337	299	556	331
N.S.	1	1.00	1.45	1.68	1.82	2.73	1.88	1.67	3.11	1.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.670	0.066	1.587	0.044	0.089	25.011	0.141	0.257	0.082

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	146	194	216	243	347	257	206	379	246
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.48	1.66	2.38	1.76	1.41	2.60	1.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	0.056	1.530	0.040	0.079	6.345	0.119	0.221	5.275

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	99	145	179	217	189	142	223	178
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	1.19	1.47	1.78	1.55	1.16	1.83	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.039	1.491	0.038	0.084	1.405	0.143	0.244	5.283

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	65	76	113	113	121	75	87	81
N.S.	1	1.00	1.86	2.17	3.23	3.23	3.46	2.14	2.49	2.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.025	1.511	0.037	0.080	0.411	0.138	0.214	0.038

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	37	37	74	74	80	36	71	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.69	1.37	1.37	1.48	0.67	1.31	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.015	1.506	0.035	0.079	0.235	0.140	0.237	5.198

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	19	52	52	58	18	52	54
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	2.60	2.60	2.90	0.90	2.60	2.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.003	1.511	0.027	0.079	0.159	0.147	0.228	5.367

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	117	135	412	484	668	273	565	372
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.97	2.96	3.48	4.81	1.96	4.06	2.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.077	1.629	0.044	0.096	0.880	0.122	0.219	0.135

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	157	173	656	837	1006	386	1362	617
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.00	3.79	4.84	5.82	2.23	7.87	3.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	0.111	1.691	0.053	0.101	1.450	0.141	0.206	5.606

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	226	206	221	956	1242	1363	503	1990	891
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.98	4.23	5.50	6.03	2.23	8.81	3.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.734	0.138	1.671	0.084	0.111	2.494	0.137	0.248	5.637

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	281	234	253	1278	1618	1748	635	2480	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.91	0.99	4.99	6.32	6.83	2.48	9.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.937	0.239	1.639	0.065	0.134	3.606	0.165	0.245	0.000

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	34	32	38	98	53	313	97	34
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.74	0.88	2.28	1.23	7.28	2.26	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.046	1.591	0.027	0.074	0.855	0.113	0.217	0.029

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	34	32	38	74	53	198	73	34
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.74	0.88	1.72	1.23	4.60	1.70	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.038	1.571	0.034	0.074	0.845	0.158	0.223	5.187

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	34	32	90	51	104	105	49	34
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.74	2.09	1.19	2.42	2.44	1.14	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.038	1.448	0.028	0.076	0.626	0.118	0.259	0.026

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	33	31	37	30	51	41	29	33
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.76	0.90	0.73	1.24	1.00	0.71	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.037	0.711	0.034	0.078	0.770	0.145	0.228	0.024

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	31	31	42	40	58	39	31	30
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.79	1.08	1.03	1.49	1.00	0.79	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.034	0.701	0.038	0.079	0.255	0.113	0.228	5.230

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	33	31	33	51	126	33	39	34
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.76	0.80	1.24	3.07	0.80	0.95	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.041	0.678	0.033	0.077	0.429	0.175	0.237	0.026

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	34	32	34	63	187	34	50	34
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.74	0.79	1.47	4.35	0.79	1.16	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.041	0.811	0.033	0.079	0.705	0.135	0.237	0.025

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	34	32	34	74	248	34	61	31
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.74	0.79	1.72	5.77	0.79	1.42	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.044	0.678	0.033	0.076	1.356	0.117	0.238	5.351

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	67	65	80	184	110	566	190	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.78	0.96	2.22	1.33	6.82	2.29	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.059	2.312	0.029	0.077	0.879	0.181	0.214	5.347

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	67	65	280	147	110	368	149	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.78	3.37	1.77	1.33	4.43	1.80	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.057	2.179	0.035	0.079	0.895	0.153	0.202	5.178

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	67	65	80	109	110	208	108	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.78	0.96	1.31	1.33	2.51	1.30	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.055	2.198	0.033	0.077	0.875	0.174	0.227	0.034

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	66	65	80	74	109	86	71	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.80	0.99	0.91	1.35	1.06	0.88	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.042	1.386	0.041	0.081	0.879	0.137	0.220	5.086

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	65	65	87	83	133	94	72	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.82	1.10	1.05	1.68	1.19	0.91	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.054	1.396	0.034	0.080	0.445	0.144	0.230	0.037

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	68	62	84	95	264	84	80	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.78	1.06	1.20	3.34	1.06	1.01	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.054	1.458	0.044	0.085	0.711	0.194	0.236	0.036

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	67	65	77	105	388	80	91	78
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.80	0.95	1.30	4.79	0.99	1.12	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.058	1.392	0.034	0.081	0.965	0.123	0.211	0.045

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	67	65	77	117	510	80	102	78
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.78	0.93	1.41	6.14	0.96	1.23	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.053	1.369	0.032	0.082	1.387	0.148	0.240	5.148

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	111	97	137	335	178	1214	357	106
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.82	1.15	2.82	1.50	10.20	3.00	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.101	2.556	0.027	0.079	0.984	0.164	0.198	5.162

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	111	97	611	283	178	874	299	106
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.82	5.13	2.38	1.50	7.34	2.51	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.100	2.385	0.039	0.077	1.007	0.181	0.215	0.037

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	111	97	137	231	178	582	241	106
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.82	1.15	1.94	1.50	4.89	2.03	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.083	2.397	0.039	0.087	1.129	0.128	0.240	0.037

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	111	97	137	179	178	337	183	106
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.82	1.15	1.50	1.50	2.83	1.54	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.076	2.329	0.033	0.083	1.081	0.153	0.216	0.038

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	110	95	137	130	177	145	129	106
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.83	1.19	1.13	1.54	1.26	1.12	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.078	1.473	0.036	0.081	1.105	0.146	0.224	0.037

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	109	105	144	139	230	167	130	133
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.93	1.27	1.23	2.04	1.48	1.15	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.070	1.530	0.032	0.092	0.776	0.184	0.197	5.163

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	110	83	141	151	450	158	137	147
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.72	1.23	1.31	3.91	1.37	1.19	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.099	1.536	0.035	0.081	1.078	0.191	0.200	5.407

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	109	106	140	163	654	150	149	129
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.94	1.24	1.44	5.79	1.33	1.32	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.090	1.464	0.054	0.087	1.454	0.138	0.206	5.265

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	207	179	185	0	510	230	298	434	207
N.S.	1	1.15	0.99	1.03	0.00	2.83	1.28	1.66	2.41	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	0.206	4.471	0.000	0.103	161.604	0.150	0.232	0.040

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	170	135	146	0	366	0	209	288	165
N.S.	1	1.16	0.92	0.99	0.00	2.49	0.00	1.42	1.96	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.144	2.013	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.160	0.251	5.237

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	133	102	112	0	254	122	134	164	121
N.S.	1	1.17	0.89	0.98	0.00	2.23	1.07	1.18	1.44	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.193	1.991	0.000	0.284	29.125	0.157	0.220	0.053

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	96	83	76	0	191	90	83	70	67
N.S.	1	1.16	1.00	0.92	0.00	2.30	1.08	1.00	0.84	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.126	1.959	0.000	0.098	1.536	0.121	0.201	0.041

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	65	48	0	155	58	49	72	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.00	2.38	0.89	0.75	1.11	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.059	1.780	0.000	0.079	1.303	0.150	0.218	5.255

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	91	76	0	233	92	89	107	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.84	0.00	2.56	1.01	0.98	1.18	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.135	1.803	0.000	0.097	2.019	0.162	0.211	0.045

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	136	111	117	0	434	124	140	267	127
N.S.	1	1.13	0.92	0.98	0.00	3.62	1.03	1.17	2.22	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.265	1.937	0.000	0.112	2.003	0.153	0.234	5.243

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	181	145	146	0	756	160	217	503	171
N.S.	1	1.18	0.95	0.95	0.00	4.94	1.05	1.42	3.29	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.284	1.924	0.000	0.105	13.142	0.143	0.233	5.326

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	226	189	175	0	1130	0	310	788	213
N.S.	1	1.22	1.02	0.94	0.00	6.08	0.00	1.67	4.24	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.302	1.923	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.105	0.221	5.338

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	246	246	257	0	788	0	422	804	443
N.S.	1	1.17	1.17	1.22	0.00	3.75	0.00	2.01	3.83	2.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.528	4.240	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.177	0.244	0.076

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	209	191	204	0	586	0	312	570	290
N.S.	1	1.17	1.07	1.15	0.00	3.29	0.00	1.75	3.20	1.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.400	4.120	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.157	0.287	5.445

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	172	146	151	0	420	0	218	359	200
N.S.	1	1.19	1.01	1.05	0.00	2.92	0.00	1.51	2.49	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.355	4.161	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.160	0.299	5.298

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	135	110	129	0	282	0	142	174	140
N.S.	1	1.21	0.98	1.15	0.00	2.52	0.00	1.27	1.55	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.315	4.848	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.119	0.277	0.079

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	93	75	0	309	0	94	180	81
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.80	0.00	3.29	0.00	1.00	1.91	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.211	4.037	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.131	0.222	5.193

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	100	82	0	353	0	111	207	97
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.81	0.00	3.50	0.00	1.10	2.05	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.196	1.865	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.132	0.233	5.238

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	146	118	100	0	476	0	171	270	155
N.S.	1	1.14	0.92	0.78	0.00	3.72	0.00	1.34	2.11	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.417	1.951	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.111	0.250	5.243

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	191	156	153	0	854	0	253	585	200
N.S.	1	1.21	0.99	0.97	0.00	5.41	0.00	1.60	3.70	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.378	2.073	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.165	0.211	5.385

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	236	200	183	0	1304	0	340	933	244
N.S.	1	1.23	1.04	0.95	0.00	6.79	0.00	1.77	4.86	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.502	2.016	0.000	0.166	0.000	0.152	0.222	5.292

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	250	250	235	0	858	0	418	895	430
N.S.	1	1.13	1.13	1.06	0.00	3.86	0.00	1.88	4.03	1.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.835	16.651	0.000	0.154	0.000	0.185	0.256	5.455

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	213	207	180	0	638	0	303	594	319
N.S.	1	1.15	1.11	0.97	0.00	3.43	0.00	1.63	3.19	1.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.621	15.887	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.178	0.241	0.092

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	176	149	164	0	440	0	203	320	240
N.S.	1	1.16	0.98	1.08	0.00	2.89	0.00	1.34	2.11	1.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.575	18.312	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.165	0.220	5.338

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	135	118	101	0	492	0	133	341	171
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.78	0.00	3.78	0.00	1.02	2.62	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.436	15.540	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.159	0.212	0.078

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	142	131	136	0	565	0	155	383	166
N.S.	1	0.99	0.91	0.94	0.00	3.92	0.00	1.08	2.66	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.505	15.659	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.138	0.249	5.266

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	158	125	129	0	654	0	175	434	177
N.S.	1	1.08	0.86	0.88	0.00	4.48	0.00	1.20	2.97	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.334	15.496	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.180	0.233	5.276

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	203	157	152	0	870	0	269	518	251
N.S.	1	1.15	0.89	0.86	0.00	4.94	0.00	1.53	2.94	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.471	0.721	2.000	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.113	0.255	5.292

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	248	202	180	0	1326	0	340	944	296
N.S.	1	1.19	0.97	0.87	0.00	6.38	0.00	1.63	4.54	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.709	1.980	0.000	0.197	0.000	0.165	0.238	0.171

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	293	257	209	0	1980	0	433	1491	344
N.S.	1	1.20	1.05	0.86	0.00	8.11	0.00	1.77	6.11	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	1.130	2.023	0.000	0.375	0.000	0.194	0.276	5.405

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	358	351	278	1543	0	844	1646	400	790	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.78	4.31	0.00	2.36	4.60	1.12	2.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.874	0.767	1.954	0.000	0.118	0.947	0.161	0.274	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	284	223	816	0	672	989	305	579	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.75	2.74	0.00	2.26	3.32	1.02	1.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	0.526	1.691	0.000	0.118	0.833	0.210	0.235	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	219	179	373	0	532	571	222	400	307
N.S.	1	0.91	0.75	1.55	0.00	2.22	2.38	0.92	1.67	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.371	1.481	0.000	0.110	1.188	0.182	0.268	5.841

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	159	144	154	0	412	306	156	251	131
N.S.	1	1.10	1.00	1.07	0.00	2.86	2.12	1.08	1.74	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.431	1.389	0.000	0.101	0.401	0.141	0.236	5.430

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	131	112	131	0	337	0	114	135	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.97	1.13	0.00	2.91	0.00	0.98	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.216	1.769	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.141	0.233	0.000

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	124	110	212	0	326	0	185	149	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.98	1.89	0.00	2.91	0.00	1.65	1.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.164	1.872	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.201	0.241	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	43	58	0	90	0	0	145	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.07	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	2.69	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.035	2.198	0.000	0.187	0.000	0.000	0.260	5.542

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	81	90	0	205	0	0	342	562
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	1.85	0.00	0.00	3.08	5.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.235	2.437	0.000	0.426	0.000	0.000	0.245	5.655

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	186	124	146	0	373	0	698	603	877
N.S.	1	1.09	0.73	0.85	0.00	2.18	0.00	4.08	3.53	5.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.532	1.556	2.974	0.000	1.290	0.000	0.190	0.316	6.039

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	261	180	217	0	572	0	0	926	1192
N.S.	1	1.13	0.78	0.94	0.00	2.48	0.00	0.00	4.01	5.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.682	10.063	3.633	0.000	4.762	0.000	0.000	0.407	6.700

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	421	371	361	1188	0	1042	2909	519	1033	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.86	2.82	0.00	2.48	6.91	1.23	2.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.829	0.932	1.786	0.000	0.137	1.420	0.232	0.328	0.000

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	363	306	295	559	0	844	1681	411	790	646
N.S.	1	0.84	0.81	1.54	0.00	2.33	4.63	1.13	2.18	1.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.654	0.804	1.497	0.000	0.273	1.270	0.203	0.278	5.881

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	246	239	247	0	666	1853	310	579	225
N.S.	1	1.13	1.10	1.14	0.00	3.07	8.54	1.43	2.67	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.669	1.463	0.000	0.130	1.622	0.187	0.280	5.502

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	215	180	230	0	532	751	229	400	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.73	0.94	0.00	2.17	3.07	0.93	1.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.409	1.780	0.000	0.111	1.652	0.195	0.247	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	194	150	311	0	418	0	471	253	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.86	1.79	0.00	2.40	0.00	2.71	1.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.391	1.902	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.292	0.223	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	186	148	392	0	414	0	224	347	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.92	2.45	0.00	2.59	0.00	1.40	2.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.569	0.382	2.103	0.000	0.145	0.000	0.204	0.229	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	174	130	473	0	426	0	0	255	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.83	3.01	0.00	2.71	0.00	0.00	1.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.306	2.429	0.000	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	43	58	0	130	0	806	229	901
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.07	0.00	2.41	0.00	14.93	4.24	16.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.045	2.940	0.000	0.589	0.000	0.257	0.253	6.101

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	61	90	0	275	0	0	467	1477
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	0.81	0.00	2.48	0.00	0.00	4.21	13.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.208	3.572	0.000	1.767	0.000	0.000	0.269	6.785

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	186	94	146	0	472	0	0	777	2067
N.S.	1	1.09	0.55	0.85	0.00	2.76	0.00	0.00	4.54	12.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.541	0.505	4.597	0.000	6.146	0.000	0.000	0.416	7.290

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	261	138	217	0	699	0	0	1149	2657
N.S.	1	1.13	0.60	0.94	0.00	3.03	0.00	0.00	4.97	11.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	1.445	5.596	0.000	15.093	0.000	0.000	0.606	7.978

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	544	458	526	1560	0	1520	8918	786	1615	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.97	2.87	0.00	2.79	16.39	1.44	2.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.967	1.572	1.700	0.000	0.179	6.605	0.358	0.468	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	486	393	437	745	0	1270	5268	650	1308	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.90	1.53	0.00	2.61	10.84	1.34	2.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.849	1.314	1.496	0.000	0.153	4.511	0.313	0.398	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	333	361	340	0	1034	6698	524	1033	319
N.S.	1	1.15	1.24	1.17	0.00	3.57	23.10	1.81	3.56	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.673	1.082	1.386	0.000	0.138	7.840	0.499	0.368	5.470

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	373	302	295	327	0	844	3516	415	790	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.79	0.88	0.00	2.26	9.43	1.11	2.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.663	0.850	1.721	0.000	0.132	35.968	0.511	0.342	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	308	279	222	408	0	672	1416	1319	579	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.72	1.32	0.00	2.18	4.60	4.28	1.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.678	0.548	1.856	0.000	0.115	137.235	0.894	0.330	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	264	183	489	0	534	0	235	400	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.79	2.12	0.00	2.31	0.00	1.02	1.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.616	0.548	2.136	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.343	0.258	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	257	186	570	0	554	0	302	597	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.84	2.57	0.00	2.50	0.00	1.36	2.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.956	0.492	2.517	0.000	0.243	0.000	0.484	0.246	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	239	185	651	0	594	0	462	622	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.88	3.09	0.00	2.82	0.00	2.19	2.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.676	0.465	3.193	0.000	0.353	0.000	0.626	0.262	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	224	173	732	0	578	0	0	491	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.84	3.55	0.00	2.81	0.00	0.00	2.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.603	0.478	4.165	0.000	0.958	0.000	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	43	58	0	170	0	0	305	2156
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.07	0.00	3.15	0.00	0.00	5.65	39.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.050	5.631	0.000	2.136	0.000	0.000	0.468	7.171

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	61	90	0	344	0	0	592	3125
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	0.81	0.00	3.10	0.00	0.00	5.33	28.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.298	7.371	0.000	7.879	0.000	0.000	0.389	8.056

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	186	104	146	0	569	0	0	951	4096
N.S.	1	1.09	0.61	0.85	0.00	3.33	0.00	0.00	5.56	23.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.523	0.751	12.989	0.000	18.334	0.000	0.000	0.672	9.316

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	261	148	217	0	823	0	0	1372	5069
N.S.	1	1.13	0.64	0.94	0.00	3.56	0.00	0.00	5.94	21.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.665	1.884	16.928	0.000	40.705	0.000	0.000	1.205	10.937

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	609	480	625	931	0	1804	15410	936	1954	0
N.S.	1	0.79	1.03	1.53	0.00	2.96	25.30	1.54	3.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.031	2.079	1.543	0.000	0.186	19.707	0.358	0.633	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	363	420	523	433	0	1518	20264	786	1615	413
N.S.	1	1.16	1.44	1.19	0.00	4.18	55.82	2.17	4.45	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.818	1.722	1.398	0.000	0.173	49.501	0.490	0.407	5.430

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	496	389	437	424	0	1270	11608	651	1308	0
N.S.	1	0.78	0.88	0.85	0.00	2.56	23.40	1.31	2.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.822	1.315	1.724	0.000	0.157	17.790	0.445	0.387	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	436	366	361	505	0	1042	0	2611	1033	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.83	1.16	0.00	2.39	0.00	5.99	2.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.827	1.059	1.848	0.000	0.125	0.000	1.216	0.314	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	371	345	279	586	0	844	0	412	790	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.75	1.58	0.00	2.27	0.00	1.11	2.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.832	0.793	2.155	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.196	0.294	0.000

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	328	225	667	0	674	0	315	579	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.78	2.32	0.00	2.34	0.00	1.09	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.800	0.670	2.488	0.000	0.188	0.000	0.234	0.282	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	348	221	748	0	726	0	1066	879	0
N.S.	1	1.24	0.79	2.66	0.00	2.58	0.00	3.79	3.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.559	0.549	3.147	0.000	0.427	0.000	0.592	0.291	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	310	222	829	0	786	0	0	991	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.80	2.99	0.00	2.84	0.00	0.00	3.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.068	0.481	4.035	0.000	0.772	0.000	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	260	292	219	910	0	798	0	0	931	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.84	3.50	0.00	3.07	0.00	0.00	3.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.782	0.486	5.473	0.000	1.161	0.000	0.000	0.354	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	274	207	991	0	744	0	0	701	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.81	3.89	0.00	2.92	0.00	0.00	2.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.764	0.393	7.244	0.000	3.534	0.000	0.000	0.723	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	53	58	0	210	0	0	381	4399
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.07	0.00	3.89	0.00	0.00	7.06	81.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.040	8.901	0.000	8.259	0.000	0.000	2.538	9.565

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	72	90	0	415	0	0	717	5860
N.S.	1	1.00	0.65	0.81	0.00	3.74	0.00	0.00	6.46	52.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.423	10.610	0.000	23.339	0.000	0.000	0.694	11.109

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	186	104	146	0	670	0	0	1125	7337
N.S.	1	1.09	0.61	0.85	0.00	3.92	0.00	0.00	6.58	42.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	1.082	13.002	0.000	49.488	0.000	0.000	1.606	14.707

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	261	148	217	0	951	0	0	1595	8811
N.S.	1	1.13	0.64	0.94	0.00	4.12	0.00	0.00	6.90	38.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.695	2.423	18.613	0.000	97.838	0.000	0.000	2.315	15.524

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	267	187	888	0	534	782	230	400	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.78	3.70	0.00	2.22	3.26	0.96	1.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.684	0.359	1.309	0.000	0.154	0.889	0.200	0.254	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	200	155	442	0	418	502	163	253	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.86	2.46	0.00	2.32	2.79	0.91	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.298	1.134	0.000	0.121	0.766	0.193	0.228	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	135	136	186	0	338	335	120	135	144
N.S.	1	1.16	1.17	1.60	0.00	2.91	2.89	1.03	1.16	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.278	0.990	0.000	0.106	0.681	0.181	0.236	5.900

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	82	94	62	0	244	218	156	58	49
N.S.	1	1.21	1.38	0.91	0.00	3.59	3.21	2.29	0.85	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.106	0.911	0.000	0.105	0.499	0.157	0.239	5.855

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	42	50	0	59	0	0	71	50
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.96	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	1.37	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.034	1.125	0.000	0.149	0.000	0.000	0.255	5.614

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	61	81	0	140	0	176	211	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	0.73	0.00	1.26	0.00	1.59	1.90	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.095	1.185	0.000	0.296	0.000	0.181	0.230	5.729

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	186	94	138	0	279	0	0	431	110
N.S.	1	1.09	0.55	0.81	0.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	2.52	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	0.143	1.327	0.000	1.286	0.000	0.000	0.261	6.172

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	261	138	209	0	452	0	0	705	252
N.S.	1	1.13	0.60	0.90	0.00	1.96	0.00	0.00	3.05	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.666	0.236	1.460	0.000	2.968	0.000	0.000	0.271	5.883

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	349	234	3117	0	759	0	0	569	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.82	10.86	0.00	2.64	0.00	0.00	1.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.514	0.581	1.709	0.000	0.642	0.000	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	257	180	1770	0	585	0	0	388	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.80	7.83	0.00	2.59	0.00	0.00	1.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.899	0.479	1.431	0.000	0.307	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	190	143	960	0	447	0	0	230	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.88	5.89	0.00	2.74	0.00	0.00	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.567	0.258	1.232	0.000	0.169	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	125	113	485	0	349	0	0	104	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.02	4.37	0.00	3.14	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.153	1.090	0.000	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.257	0.000

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	39	53	0	65	0	0	59	53
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	1.06	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	1.18	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.034	0.978	0.000	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.232	5.295

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	49	60	0	153	0	101	143	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.97	0.00	2.47	0.00	1.63	2.31	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.086	0.915	0.000	0.452	0.000	0.158	0.231	0.033

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	121	95	138	0	306	0	0	323	120
N.S.	1	0.73	0.58	0.84	0.00	1.85	0.00	0.00	1.96	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.136	1.174	0.000	1.257	0.000	0.000	0.225	5.594

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	196	136	216	0	494	0	3930	561	1005
N.S.	1	0.87	0.60	0.96	0.00	2.19	0.00	17.39	2.48	4.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.179	1.238	0.000	3.580	0.000	0.292	0.295	5.714

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	271	193	307	0	733	0	0	852	2121
N.S.	1	0.94	0.67	1.07	0.00	2.55	0.00	0.00	2.97	7.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.647	0.281	1.420	0.000	9.125	0.000	0.000	0.325	6.509

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	279	315	230	7420	0	833	0	0	773	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.82	26.59	0.00	2.99	0.00	0.00	2.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.970	0.609	2.019	0.000	1.582	0.000	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	248	189	4447	0	641	0	0	491	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.88	20.78	0.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	2.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.673	0.460	1.754	0.000	0.685	0.000	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	180	137	2599	0	469	0	0	198	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.87	16.45	0.00	2.97	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.264	1.375	0.000	0.497	0.000	0.000	0.234	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	46	58	0	103	0	0	123	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	1.07	0.00	1.91	0.00	0.00	2.28	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.042	1.254	0.000	0.359	0.000	0.000	0.214	5.706

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	116	59	85	0	156	0	0	168	72
N.S.	1	1.07	0.55	0.79	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.086	1.122	0.000	0.477	0.000	0.000	0.230	5.572

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	118	90	146	0	316	0	0	346	120
N.S.	1	0.73	0.56	0.90	0.00	1.95	0.00	0.00	2.14	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.148	1.008	0.000	1.693	0.000	0.000	0.224	5.570

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	132	153	0	491	0	366	647	131
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.16	0.00	3.72	0.00	2.77	4.90	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.194	0.944	0.000	4.837	0.000	0.191	0.240	5.356

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	289	207	193	242	0	769	0	0	977	253
N.S.	1	0.72	0.67	0.84	0.00	2.66	0.00	0.00	3.38	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.277	1.201	0.000	14.142	0.000	0.000	0.286	5.852

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	352	282	259	323	0	1058	0	10592	1384	3654
N.S.	1	0.80	0.74	0.92	0.00	3.01	0.00	30.09	3.93	10.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.444	1.263	0.000	33.166	0.000	0.432	0.445	6.675

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	413	357	336	404	0	1392	0	0	1820	10949
N.S.	1	0.86	0.81	0.98	0.00	3.37	0.00	0.00	4.41	26.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.783	0.487	1.441	0.000	63.142	0.000	0.000	0.784	8.619

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	17	19	16	26	20	0	19	19	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.94	1.53	1.18	0.00	1.12	1.12	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.091	0.665	0.039	0.086	0.000	0.179	0.239	5.258

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	45	54	0	62	0	0	59	47
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.12	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.060	1.280	0.000	0.132	0.000	0.000	0.256	5.268

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	34	26	29	29	31	30	23	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.85	0.85	0.91	0.88	0.68	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.093	0.671	0.030	0.092	0.351	0.181	0.312	5.450

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	305	317	187	233	296	315	0	646	289	346
N.S.	1	1.04	0.61	0.76	0.97	1.03	0.00	2.12	0.95	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.819	0.156	1.187	0.060	0.096	0.000	0.170	0.312	5.593

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	248	131	158	211	230	0	444	197	256
N.S.	1	1.03	0.55	0.66	0.88	0.96	0.00	1.85	0.82	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.690	0.107	1.177	0.070	0.094	0.000	0.186	0.339	5.586

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	179	88	100	140	159	0	276	122	180
N.S.	1	1.02	0.50	0.57	0.80	0.91	0.00	1.58	0.70	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.071	1.248	0.063	0.093	0.000	0.177	0.276	5.333

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	55	59	83	102	0	146	63	121
N.S.	1	1.00	0.50	0.54	0.75	0.93	0.00	1.33	0.57	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.045	1.116	0.049	0.080	0.000	0.186	0.319	5.294

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	37	40	18	57	0	18	25	49
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.83	0.38	1.19	0.00	0.38	0.52	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.015	1.046	0.045	0.088	0.000	0.173	0.258	5.296

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	128	118	153	0	341	0	106	65	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.20	0.00	2.66	0.00	0.83	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.106	1.085	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.151	0.256	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	112	153	0	482	0	111	168	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	1.19	0.00	3.74	0.00	0.86	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.250	1.080	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.162	0.242	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	194	165	282	0	748	0	228	363	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.83	1.42	0.00	3.76	0.00	1.15	1.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.583	0.452	1.088	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.187	0.308	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	271	200	447	0	1114	0	337	626	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.76	1.69	0.00	4.22	0.00	1.28	2.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.696	0.708	1.085	0.000	0.134	0.000	0.190	0.247	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	305	317	187	235	373	392	0	1115	374	424
N.S.	1	1.04	0.61	0.77	1.22	1.29	0.00	3.66	1.23	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.785	0.182	1.196	0.066	0.094	0.000	0.185	0.244	5.627

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	248	132	160	273	292	0	784	265	320
N.S.	1	1.03	0.55	0.67	1.14	1.22	0.00	3.27	1.10	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.680	0.133	1.235	0.064	0.096	0.000	0.194	0.261	5.558

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	179	88	102	189	208	0	500	173	230
N.S.	1	1.02	0.50	0.58	1.08	1.19	0.00	2.86	0.99	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.094	1.236	0.071	0.098	0.000	0.162	0.210	5.431

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	55	61	98	135	0	278	97	128
N.S.	1	1.00	0.50	0.55	0.89	1.23	0.00	2.53	0.88	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.058	1.217	0.049	0.104	0.000	0.159	0.207	5.399

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	37	42	43	74	0	114	42	62
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.88	0.90	1.54	0.00	2.38	0.88	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.022	1.049	0.050	0.091	0.000	0.191	0.218	5.224

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	191	137	265	0	431	0	199	157	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.76	1.46	0.00	2.38	0.00	1.10	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.585	0.185	1.088	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.170	0.242	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	181	142	304	0	443	0	198	164	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.81	1.74	0.00	2.53	0.00	1.13	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.578	0.296	1.066	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.181	0.224	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	184	140	271	0	648	0	208	322	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.76	1.46	0.00	3.50	0.00	1.12	1.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.446	1.061	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.220	0.204	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	249	198	447	0	966	0	322	560	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	1.79	0.00	3.86	0.00	1.29	2.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.671	0.710	1.070	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.181	0.218	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	326	242	652	0	1386	0	532	864	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.77	2.07	0.00	4.40	0.00	1.69	2.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.857	1.128	1.085	0.000	0.149	0.000	0.191	0.259	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	305	317	197	235	448	467	0	1674	459	501
N.S.	1	1.04	0.65	0.77	1.47	1.53	0.00	5.49	1.50	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.771	0.161	1.191	0.089	0.097	0.000	0.184	0.208	5.769

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	248	142	160	335	354	0	1195	333	383
N.S.	1	1.03	0.59	0.67	1.40	1.48	0.00	4.98	1.39	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.663	0.126	1.202	0.066	0.093	0.000	0.165	0.214	5.644

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	179	98	102	217	254	0	780	224	241
N.S.	1	1.02	0.56	0.58	1.24	1.45	0.00	4.46	1.28	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.076	1.214	0.052	0.089	0.000	0.175	0.244	5.516

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	65	61	132	169	0	520	131	156
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	0.55	1.20	1.54	0.00	4.73	1.19	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.060	1.185	0.063	0.087	0.000	0.216	0.266	5.409

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	37	42	60	91	0	218	59	79
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.88	1.25	1.90	0.00	4.54	1.23	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.032	1.039	0.045	0.088	0.000	0.190	0.225	5.291

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	254	170	427	0	570	0	323	286	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.71	1.78	0.00	2.38	0.00	1.35	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.704	0.226	1.050	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.199	0.211	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	233	244	178	511	0	611	0	325	350	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.76	2.19	0.00	2.62	0.00	1.39	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.684	0.389	1.066	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.208	0.229	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	236	184	517	0	594	0	335	310	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	2.19	0.00	2.52	0.00	1.42	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.634	0.475	1.079	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.198	0.248	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	239	173	433	0	836	0	294	500	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.73	1.83	0.00	3.54	0.00	1.25	2.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.619	0.763	1.081	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.225	0.212	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	301	304	245	652	0	1204	0	506	782	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.81	2.17	0.00	4.00	0.00	1.68	2.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.780	1.243	1.070	0.000	0.134	0.000	0.222	0.203	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	366	381	300	900	0	1686	0	683	1128	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	2.46	0.00	4.61	0.00	1.87	3.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.943	1.670	1.091	0.000	0.170	0.000	0.223	0.222	0.000

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	248	131	150	192	173	0	282	135	194
N.S.	1	1.05	0.56	0.64	0.81	0.73	0.00	1.19	0.57	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.658	0.134	1.056	0.052	0.086	0.000	0.152	0.246	5.746

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	179	87	92	122	117	0	166	77	131
N.S.	1	1.03	0.50	0.53	0.71	0.68	0.00	0.96	0.45	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.131	1.066	0.049	0.087	0.000	0.160	0.181	5.950

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	110	54	51	65	73	0	89	35	85
N.S.	1	1.02	0.50	0.47	0.60	0.68	0.00	0.82	0.32	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.045	1.065	0.046	0.088	0.000	0.157	0.208	5.776

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	35	32	18	49	0	36	17	54
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.70	0.39	1.07	0.00	0.78	0.37	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.009	1.030	0.045	0.085	0.000	0.156	0.210	5.562

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	97	81	0	234	0	63	65	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	0.96	0.00	2.79	0.00	0.75	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.083	1.042	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.155	0.258	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	139	135	162	0	557	0	124	193	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.96	1.16	0.00	3.98	0.00	0.89	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.202	1.060	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.153	0.221	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	216	174	282	0	869	0	254	414	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.84	1.36	0.00	4.20	0.00	1.23	2.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.570	0.293	1.089	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.155	0.225	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	175	87	102	79	141	0	114	78	174
N.S.	1	1.02	0.51	0.60	0.46	0.82	0.00	0.67	0.46	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.072	1.043	0.048	0.086	0.000	0.155	0.224	5.847

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	51	60	36	98	0	50	37	116
N.S.	1	1.00	0.48	0.57	0.34	0.92	0.00	0.47	0.35	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.052	1.043	0.045	0.085	0.000	0.154	0.235	5.857

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	35	42	18	74	0	18	19	82
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.91	0.39	1.61	0.00	0.39	0.41	1.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.011	1.041	0.067	0.090	0.000	0.161	0.215	5.907

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	115	126	0	500	0	124	109	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.91	0.00	3.60	0.00	0.89	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.095	1.066	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.174	0.232	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	213	141	225	0	764	0	266	267	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.72	1.15	0.00	3.90	0.00	1.36	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.600	0.355	1.097	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.144	0.214	0.000

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	290	183	374	0	1140	0	374	503	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.68	1.39	0.00	4.24	0.00	1.39	1.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.783	0.496	1.273	0.000	0.149	0.000	0.173	0.267	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	173	84	102	93	174	0	171	89	195
N.S.	1	1.01	0.49	0.60	0.54	1.02	0.00	1.00	0.52	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.080	1.082	0.057	0.100	0.000	0.178	0.194	5.538

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	53	60	50	131	0	79	48	147
N.S.	1	1.00	0.49	0.56	0.46	1.21	0.00	0.73	0.44	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.055	1.069	0.048	0.087	0.000	0.186	0.228	5.519

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	37	42	28	107	0	39	29	110
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.88	0.58	2.23	0.00	0.81	0.60	2.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.018	1.069	0.062	0.082	0.000	0.184	0.227	5.456

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	273	135	224	0	788	0	197	273	0
N.S.	1	1.39	0.69	1.14	0.00	4.02	0.00	1.01	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.736	0.206	1.066	0.000	0.136	0.000	0.215	0.231	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	289	177	423	0	1236	0	322	584	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.69	1.66	0.00	4.85	0.00	1.26	2.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.773	0.390	1.065	0.000	0.196	0.000	0.196	0.277	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	332	366	240	658	0	1778	0	469	930	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.72	1.98	0.00	5.36	0.00	1.41	2.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.936	0.743	1.080	0.000	0.369	0.000	0.200	0.275	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	394	443	294	920	0	2388	0	742	1379	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.75	2.34	0.00	6.06	0.00	1.88	3.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.070	1.327	1.076	0.000	0.843	0.000	0.187	0.300	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	52	58	0	144	0	31	44	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.12	0.00	2.77	0.00	0.60	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.015	0.650	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.153	0.239	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	54	63	0	147	0	29	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.19	0.00	2.77	0.00	0.55	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.139	0.645	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.150	0.189	0.000

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	502	604	95	0	0	0	0	0	128	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.969	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.165	0.000

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	1855	102	0	0	0	0	0	143	0
N.S.	1	22.08	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.379	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	1786	93	0	0	0	0	0	103	0
N.S.	1	21.26	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.012	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	1719	88	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	20.96	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.783	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	1661	95	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	15.38	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.707	0.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	116	98	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.41	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.398	0.049	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	118	102	0	0	0	0	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.40	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.054	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	350	581	110	0	0	0	0	0	1122	0
N.S.	1	1.66	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.984	0.048	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.290	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	514	88	0	0	0	0	0	697	0
N.S.	1	1.76	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.791	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.924	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	454	96	0	0	0	0	0	536	0
N.S.	1	2.20	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.713	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.600	0.000

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	236	98	0	0	0	0	0	254	0
N.S.	1	1.38	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.669	0.045	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.544	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	235	106	0	0	0	0	0	979	0
N.S.	1	1.34	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.657	0.055	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.852	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	304	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.752	0.048	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.071	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	369	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.842	0.045	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.419	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	1148	110	0	0	0	0	0	1122	0
N.S.	1	3.32	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.527	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.896	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	1081	88	0	0	0	0	0	697	0
N.S.	1	3.75	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.280	0.064	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.170	0.000

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	1021	96	0	0	0	0	0	538	0
N.S.	1	4.96	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.208	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.756	0.000

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	326	98	0	0	0	0	0	257	0
N.S.	1	1.93	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.755	0.041	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.611	0.000

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	307	106	0	0	0	0	0	967	0
N.S.	1	1.85	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.738	0.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.841	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	373	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.10	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.862	0.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.213	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	438	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.82	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.957	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.718	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	503	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.65	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.025	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.166	0.000

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	473	668	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.41	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.169	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.629	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	415	601	112	0	0	0	0	0	1373	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.921	0.053	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.128	0.000

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	279	541	96	0	0	0	0	0	1125	0
N.S.	1	1.94	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.792	0.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.218	0.000

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	297	341	98	0	0	0	0	0	694	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.815	0.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.884	0.000

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	288	98	0	0	0	0	0	585	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.692	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.809	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	280	108	0	0	0	0	0	1406	0
N.S.	1	1.31	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.686	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.504	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	279	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.25	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.743	0.057	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.833	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	348	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.824	0.059	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.780	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	353	413	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.901	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.478	0.000

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	1128	102	0	0	0	0	0	143	0
N.S.	1	3.89	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.549	0.065	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.726	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	1059	93	0	0	0	0	0	103	0
N.S.	1	4.60	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.768	0.052	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.473	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	992	88	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	5.80	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.311	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	936	95	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	6.64	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.602	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	329	98	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	2.53	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	394	102	0	0	0	0	0	99	0
N.S.	1	2.08	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.531	0.048	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.253	0.000

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	459	102	0	0	0	0	0	136	0
N.S.	1	1.84	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.601	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.323	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	578	100	0	0	0	0	0	143	0
N.S.	1	1.97	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.646	0.061	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.655	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	509	91	0	0	0	0	0	103	0
N.S.	1	2.18	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.406	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	442	86	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	2.54	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.287	0.000

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	391	93	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	2.75	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	260	96	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.39	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	325	100	0	0	0	0	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.33	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.049	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	309	390	100	0	0	0	0	0	136	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	0.065	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	1198	100	0	0	0	0	0	287	0
N.S.	1	4.20	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.103	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.810	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	1129	93	0	0	0	0	0	211	0
N.S.	1	5.04	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.939	0.038	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.544	0.000

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	986	91	0	0	0	0	0	135	0
N.S.	1	5.80	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.694	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.354	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	1002	86	0	0	0	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	7.37	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.705	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	1016	94	0	0	0	0	0	132	0
N.S.	1	5.13	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.669	0.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.248	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	453	96	0	0	0	0	0	208	0
N.S.	1	1.87	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.311	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	303	518	100	0	0	0	0	0	284	0
N.S.	1	1.71	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.639	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.358	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	130	114	436	1819	1156	7164	1999	1376	1202
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	3.35	13.99	8.89	55.11	15.38	10.58	9.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.137	1.082	0.115	0.121	2.427	0.166	0.202	6.070

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	79	183	691	479	2494	805	535	486
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	2.03	7.68	5.32	27.71	8.94	5.94	5.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.124	0.954	0.067	0.102	1.022	0.127	0.198	5.460

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	45	55	174	136	556	219	134	141
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	1.06	3.35	2.62	10.69	4.21	2.58	2.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.070	0.511	0.044	0.096	0.422	0.115	0.194	5.383

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	54	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	59	0	0	0	0	0	111	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	63	0	0	0	0	0	220	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	63	0	0	0	0	0	363	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.264	0.000

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	124	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.39	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.385	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	124	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.39	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.360	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	176	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.02	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	96	0	0	0	0	0	1594	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	93	81	0	0	0	0	0	258	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	120	108	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.40	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	124	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.38	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	126	107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.37	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	296	217	745	0	1051	0	0	135	1036
N.S.	1	1.03	0.75	2.59	0.00	3.65	0.00	0.00	0.47	3.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.495	0.153	1.829	0.000	0.169	0.000	0.000	0.186	6.425

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	212	131	381	0	580	0	0	115	595
N.S.	1	1.03	0.64	1.85	0.00	2.82	0.00	0.00	0.56	2.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.108	1.546	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.227	6.385

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	128	76	170	0	255	0	0	95	293
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	1.33	0.00	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.74	2.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.089	1.537	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.182	5.802

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	49	75	0	92	0	0	75	150
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.25	0.00	1.53	0.00	0.00	1.25	2.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.064	1.517	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.192	5.666

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	107	95	0	0	0	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.061	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	116	97	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	42	57	33	57	0	81	38	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	1.06	0.61	1.06	0.00	1.50	0.70	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.019	1.368	0.041	0.100	0.000	0.157	0.202	5.664

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	41	56	30	55	190	79	38	56
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	1.08	0.58	1.06	3.65	1.52	0.73	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.011	1.360	0.069	0.088	134.398	0.130	0.205	5.547

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [375] had the largest ratio of [.324324000000000001]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
2	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
3	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
4	A	1	1	1.00	19	0.053
5	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
6	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
7	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
8	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
9	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
10	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
11	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
12	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
13	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
14	A	2	2	1.18	21	0.095
15	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
16	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
17	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
18	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
19	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
20	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
21	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
23	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
24	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
25	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
26	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
27	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
28	A	2	2	1.13	21	0.095
29	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
30	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
31	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
32	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
33	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
34	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
35	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
36	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
37	A	2	2	1.55	29	0.069
38	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
39	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
40	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
41	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
42	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
43	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
44	A	2	2	1.02	29	0.069
45	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
46	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
47	A	2	2	1.42	21	0.095
48	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
49	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
50	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
51	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
52	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
53	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
55	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
56	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
57	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
58	A	2	2	1.31	21	0.095
59	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
60	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
61	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
62	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
63	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
64	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
65	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
66	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
67	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
68	A	2	2	1.12	21	0.095
69	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
70	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
71	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
72	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
73	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
74	A	1	1	1.00	25	0.040
75	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
76	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
77	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
78	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
79	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
80	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
81	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
82	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
83	A	2	2	1.26	27	0.074
84	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
85	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	2	2	1.02	35	0.057
87	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
88	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
89	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
90	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
91	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
92	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
93	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
94	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
95	A	2	2	1.18	27	0.074
96	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
97	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
98	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
99	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
100	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
101	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
102	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
103	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
104	A	2	2	1.48	35	0.057
105	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
106	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
107	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
108	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
109	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
110	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
111	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
112	A	2	2	1.47	27	0.074
113	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
114	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
115	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
116	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
117	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
119	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
120	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
121	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
122	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
123	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
124	A	2	2	1.35	27	0.074
125	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
126	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
127	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
128	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
129	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
130	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
131	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
132	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
133	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
134	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
135	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
136	A	2	2	1.13	27	0.074
137	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
138	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
139	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
140	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
141	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
142	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
143	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
144	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
145	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
146	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
147	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
148	A	2	2	1.10	27	0.074
149	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
151	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
152	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
153	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
154	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
155	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
156	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
157	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
158	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
159	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
160	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
161	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
162	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
163	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
164	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
165	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
166	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
167	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
168	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
169	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
170	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
171	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
172	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
173	A	8	7	1.15	37	0.189
174	A	7	6	1.16	37	0.162
175	A	6	5	1.17	37	0.135
176	A	5	4	1.16	37	0.108
177	A	4	3	1.00	37	0.081
178	A	5	4	1.00	37	0.108
179	A	6	5	1.13	37	0.135
180	A	7	6	1.18	37	0.162
181	A	8	7	1.22	37	0.189

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	9	8	1.17	37	0.216
183	A	8	7	1.17	37	0.189
184	A	7	6	1.19	37	0.162
185	A	6	5	1.21	37	0.135
186	A	5	4	1.00	37	0.108
187	A	5	4	1.00	37	0.108
188	A	6	5	1.14	37	0.135
189	A	7	6	1.21	37	0.162
190	A	8	7	1.23	37	0.189
191	A	9	8	1.13	37	0.216
192	A	8	7	1.15	37	0.189
193	A	7	6	1.16	37	0.162
194	A	6	5	1.04	37	0.135
195	A	6	5	0.99	37	0.135
196	A	6	5	1.08	37	0.135
197	A	7	6	1.15	37	0.162
198	A	8	7	1.19	37	0.189
199	A	9	8	1.20	37	0.216
200	A	7	6	0.98	37	0.162
201	A	6	5	0.95	37	0.135
202	A	5	4	0.91	35	0.114
203	A	4	3	1.10	29	0.103
204	A	4	3	1.13	37	0.081
205	A	6	5	1.11	37	0.135
206	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
207	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
208	A	3	3	1.09	37	0.081
209	A	4	4	1.13	37	0.108
210	A	7	6	0.88	37	0.162
211	A	6	5	0.84	35	0.143
212	A	5	4	1.13	29	0.138
213	A	5	4	0.88	37	0.108

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	5	4	1.11	37	0.108
215	A	6	5	1.16	37	0.135
216	A	7	6	1.11	37	0.162
217	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
218	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
219	A	3	3	1.09	37	0.081
220	A	4	4	1.13	37	0.108
221	A	8	7	0.84	37	0.189
222	A	7	6	0.81	35	0.171
223	A	6	5	1.15	29	0.172
224	A	6	5	0.81	37	0.135
225	A	7	6	0.91	37	0.162
226	A	6	5	1.14	37	0.135
227	A	8	7	1.16	37	0.189
228	A	7	6	1.13	37	0.162
229	A	8	7	1.09	37	0.189
230	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
231	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
232	A	3	3	1.09	37	0.081
233	A	4	4	1.13	37	0.108
234	A	8	7	0.79	35	0.200
235	A	7	6	1.16	29	0.207
236	A	7	6	0.78	37	0.162
237	A	8	7	0.84	37	0.189
238	A	8	7	0.93	37	0.189
239	A	8	7	1.14	37	0.189
240	A	9	8	1.24	37	0.216
241	A	9	8	1.12	37	0.216
242	A	8	7	1.12	37	0.189
243	A	9	8	1.07	37	0.216
244	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
245	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	3	3	1.09	37	0.081
247	A	4	4	1.13	37	0.108
248	A	6	5	1.11	37	0.135
249	A	5	4	1.11	37	0.108
250	A	4	3	1.16	35	0.086
251	A	3	2	1.21	29	0.069
252	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
253	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
254	A	3	3	1.09	37	0.081
255	A	4	4	1.13	37	0.108
256	A	9	8	1.22	37	0.216
257	A	7	6	1.14	37	0.162
258	A	6	5	1.17	37	0.135
259	A	4	3	1.13	37	0.081
260	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
261	A	1	1	1.00	29	0.034
262	A	2	2	0.73	37	0.054
263	A	3	3	0.87	37	0.081
264	A	4	4	0.94	37	0.108
265	A	8	7	1.13	37	0.189
266	A	7	6	1.16	37	0.162
267	A	5	4	1.14	37	0.108
268	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
269	A	2	2	1.07	37	0.054
270	A	2	2	0.73	35	0.057
271	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
272	A	3	3	0.72	37	0.081
273	A	4	4	0.80	37	0.108
274	A	5	5	0.86	37	0.135
275	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
276	A	1	1	1.00	36	0.028
277	A	4	3	1.00	16	0.188

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	5	5	1.04	39	0.128
279	A	4	4	1.03	39	0.103
280	A	3	3	1.02	39	0.077
281	A	2	2	1.00	39	0.051
282	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
283	A	4	3	1.00	39	0.077
284	A	4	3	1.00	39	0.077
285	A	5	4	0.97	39	0.103
286	A	6	5	1.03	39	0.128
287	A	5	5	1.04	39	0.128
288	A	4	4	1.03	39	0.103
289	A	3	3	1.02	39	0.077
290	A	2	2	1.00	39	0.051
291	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
292	A	5	4	1.06	39	0.103
293	A	5	4	1.03	39	0.103
294	A	5	4	0.99	39	0.103
295	A	6	5	1.00	39	0.128
296	A	7	6	1.03	39	0.154
297	A	5	5	1.04	39	0.128
298	A	4	4	1.03	39	0.103
299	A	3	3	1.02	39	0.077
300	A	2	2	1.00	39	0.051
301	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
302	A	6	5	1.06	39	0.128
303	A	6	5	1.05	39	0.128
304	A	6	5	1.00	39	0.128
305	A	6	5	1.01	39	0.128
306	A	7	6	1.01	39	0.154
307	A	8	7	1.04	39	0.179
308	A	4	4	1.05	39	0.103
309	A	3	3	1.03	39	0.077

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	2	2	1.02	39	0.051
311	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
312	A	3	2	1.00	39	0.051
313	A	4	3	0.99	39	0.077
314	A	5	4	1.04	39	0.103
315	A	3	3	1.02	39	0.077
316	A	2	2	1.00	39	0.051
317	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
318	A	4	3	1.00	39	0.077
319	A	5	4	1.09	39	0.103
320	A	6	5	1.08	39	0.128
321	A	3	3	1.01	39	0.077
322	A	2	2	1.00	39	0.051
323	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
324	A	6	5	1.39	39	0.128
325	A	6	5	1.13	39	0.128
326	A	7	6	1.10	39	0.154
327	A	8	7	1.12	39	0.179
328	A	3	2	1.00	26	0.077
329	A	3	2	1.00	28	0.071
330	A	6	5	1.20	39	0.128
331	B	10	9	22.08	37	0.243
332	B	8	7	21.26	37	0.189
333	B	6	5	20.96	35	0.143
334	B	5	4	15.38	29	0.138
335	A	3	3	1.41	37	0.081
336	A	3	3	1.40	37	0.081
337	A	7	6	1.66	37	0.162
338	A	5	4	1.76	35	0.114
339	B	4	3	2.20	29	0.103
340	A	8	7	1.38	37	0.189
341	A	8	7	1.34	37	0.189

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	9	8	1.28	37	0.216
343	A	10	9	1.21	37	0.243
344	B	9	8	3.32	37	0.216
345	B	7	6	3.75	35	0.171
346	B	6	5	4.96	29	0.172
347	A	9	8	1.93	37	0.216
348	A	9	8	1.85	37	0.216
349	B	10	9	2.10	37	0.243
350	A	11	10	1.82	37	0.270
351	A	12	11	1.65	37	0.297
352	A	8	7	1.41	37	0.189
353	A	6	5	1.45	35	0.143
354	A	5	4	1.94	29	0.138
355	A	10	9	1.15	37	0.243
356	A	9	8	1.27	37	0.216
357	A	9	8	1.31	37	0.216
358	A	9	8	1.25	37	0.216
359	A	10	9	1.20	37	0.243
360	A	11	10	1.17	37	0.270
361	B	10	9	3.89	37	0.243
362	B	8	7	4.60	37	0.189
363	B	6	5	5.80	35	0.143
364	B	5	4	6.64	29	0.138
365	B	9	8	2.53	37	0.216
366	B	10	9	2.08	37	0.243
367	A	11	10	1.84	37	0.270
368	A	8	7	1.97	37	0.189
369	B	6	5	2.18	37	0.135
370	B	4	3	2.54	35	0.086
371	B	3	2	2.75	29	0.069
372	A	8	7	1.39	37	0.189
373	A	9	8	1.33	37	0.216

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
374	A	10	9	1.26	37	0.243
375	B	13	12	4.20	37	0.324
376	B	11	10	5.04	37	0.270
377	B	6	5	5.80	37	0.135
378	B	6	5	7.37	35	0.143
379	B	6	5	5.13	29	0.172
380	A	11	10	1.87	37	0.270
381	A	12	11	1.71	37	0.297
382	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
383	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
384	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
385	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
386	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
387	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
388	A	2	2	1.00	35	0.057
389	A	3	3	1.39	35	0.086
390	A	3	3	1.39	35	0.086
391	B	2	2	2.02	33	0.061
392	A	1	1	1.00	27	0.037
393	A	3	3	1.07	35	0.086
394	A	3	3	1.40	35	0.086
395	A	3	3	1.38	35	0.086
396	A	4	4	1.37	35	0.114
397	A	4	4	1.03	39	0.103
398	A	3	3	1.03	39	0.077
399	A	2	2	1.00	39	0.051
400	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
401	A	4	4	1.22	39	0.103
402	A	4	4	1.27	37	0.108
403	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
404	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.2	$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$	180
3.3	$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$	186
3.4	$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$	192
3.5	$\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{a+bx} dx$	197
3.6	$\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	202
3.7	$\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	207
3.8	$\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^4} dx$	212
3.9	$\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^5} dx$	217
3.10	$\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^6} dx$	222
3.11	$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$	227
3.12	$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$	235
3.13	$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$	242
3.14	$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$	249
3.15	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{a+bx} dx$	255
3.16	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	260
3.17	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	265
3.18	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^4} dx$	270
3.19	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^5} dx$	275
3.20	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^6} dx$	281
3.21	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^7} dx$	287
3.22	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^8} dx$	293

3.23	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^9} dx$	299
3.24	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^{10}} dx$	305
3.25	$\int (a+bx)^3 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3 dx$	311
3.26	$\int (a+bx)^2 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3 dx$	321
3.27	$\int (a+bx) (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3 dx$	331
3.28	$\int (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3 dx$	339
3.29	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{a+bx} dx$	346
3.30	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	353
3.31	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	359
3.32	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^4} dx$	364
3.33	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^5} dx$	370
3.34	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^6} dx$	376
3.35	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^7} dx$	382
3.36	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^8} dx$	388
3.37	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^9} dx$	394
3.38	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^{10}} dx$	400
3.39	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^{11}} dx$	406
3.40	$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^{12}} dx$	412
3.41	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$	418
3.42	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$	426
3.43	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$	433
3.44	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$	439
3.45	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$	444
3.46	$\int \frac{a+bx}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$	449
3.47	$\int \frac{1}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$	454
3.48	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$	459
3.49	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$	465
3.50	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$	471
3.51	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$	479
3.52	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$	488
3.53	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$	495

3.54	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$	501
3.55	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$	506
3.56	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$	511
3.57	$\int \frac{a+bx}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$	516
3.58	$\int \frac{1}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$	522
3.59	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$	529
3.60	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^8}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	537
3.61	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^7}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	544
3.62	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	551
3.63	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	557
3.64	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	563
3.65	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	568
3.66	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	573
3.67	$\int \frac{a+bx}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	580
3.68	$\int \frac{1}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	588
3.69	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$	596
3.70	$\int (d+ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$	605
3.71	$\int (d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$	611
3.72	$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$	617
3.73	$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$	623
3.74	$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$	629
3.75	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{d+ex} dx$	634
3.76	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	639
3.77	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	644
3.78	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	649
3.79	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	654
3.80	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	659
3.81	$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$	664
3.82	$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$	671
3.83	$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$	677
3.84	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{d+ex} dx$	683
3.85	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	689
3.86	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	694

3.87	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	700
3.88	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	706
3.89	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	712
3.90	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	718
3.91	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	724
3.92	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	730
3.93	$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3 dx$	736
3.94	$\int (d+ex) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3 dx$	744
3.95	$\int (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3 dx$	752
3.96	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{d+ex} dx$	759
3.97	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	766
3.98	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	772
3.99	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	778
3.100	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	784
3.101	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	790
3.102	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	796
3.103	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	802
3.104	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	808
3.105	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	814
3.106	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx$	820
3.107	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	826
3.108	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	833
3.109	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	839
3.110	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	844
3.111	$\int \frac{d+ex}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	849
3.112	$\int \frac{1}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	854
3.113	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$	859
3.114	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$	865
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$	872
3.116	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$	880
3.117	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$	890

3.118	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	898
3.119	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	905
3.120	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	911
3.121	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	917
3.122	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	922
3.123	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	927
3.124	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	933
3.125	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	940
3.126	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^2} dx$	948
3.127	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	957
3.128	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	966
3.129	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	974
3.130	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	981
3.131	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	987
3.132	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	993
3.133	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	998
3.134	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	1003
3.135	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	1010
3.136	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	1018
3.137	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^3} dx$	1027
3.138	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{10}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1037
3.139	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1046
3.140	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1054
3.141	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1061
3.142	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1067
3.143	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1073
3.144	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1078
3.145	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1083
3.146	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1091
3.147	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1100
3.148	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^4} dx$	1110

3.149	$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$	1119
3.150	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$	1125
3.151	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	1131
3.152	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	1137
3.153	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	1142
3.154	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	1147
3.155	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	1152
3.156	$\int \frac{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	1157
3.157	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$	1162
3.158	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	1169
3.159	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	1176
3.160	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	1182
3.161	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	1188
3.162	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	1194
3.163	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	1200
3.164	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$	1206
3.165	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$	1213
3.166	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	1220
3.167	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	1228
3.168	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	1235
3.169	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	1241
3.170	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	1247
3.171	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	1253
3.172	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$	1259
3.173	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	1266
3.174	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	1275
3.175	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	1283
3.176	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	1290
3.177	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	1297
3.178	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$	1303

3.179	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx$	1310
3.180	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx$	1317
3.181	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx$	1325
3.182	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1334
3.183	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1347
3.184	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1357
3.185	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1366
3.186	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1373
3.187	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1380
3.188	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1387
3.189	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1396
3.190	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	1405
3.191	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1415
3.192	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1427
3.193	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1437
3.194	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1446
3.195	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1453
3.196	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1460
3.197	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1467
3.198	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1476
3.199	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	1487
3.200	$\int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1499
3.201	$\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1510
3.202	$\int (d+ex) \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1520
3.203	$\int \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	1529
3.204	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	1536
3.205	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1542
3.206	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	1549
3.207	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1554
3.208	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	1561
3.209	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	1569

3.210	$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$	1577
3.211	$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$	1588
3.212	$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$	1599
3.213	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$	1607
3.214	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$	1615
3.215	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	1623
3.216	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$	1631
3.217	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$	1639
3.218	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$	1645
3.219	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$	1652
3.220	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$	1659
3.221	$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$	1667
3.222	$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$	1679
3.223	$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$	1692
3.224	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$	1702
3.225	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$	1711
3.226	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	1721
3.227	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$	1731
3.228	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$	1742
3.229	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$	1753
3.230	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$	1764
3.231	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$	1770
3.232	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx$	1777
3.233	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$	1784
3.234	$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx$	1792
3.235	$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx$	1808
3.236	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx$	1819
3.237	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$	1830
3.238	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	1842
3.239	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$	1855

3.240	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	1866
3.241	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	1877
3.242	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	1888
3.243	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	1900
3.244	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	1911
3.245	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	1918
3.246	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx$	1925
3.247	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{12}} dx$	1932
3.248	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1940
3.249	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1950
3.250	$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1959
3.251	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1966
3.252	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1972
3.253	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1977
3.254	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1983
3.255	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	1990
3.256	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1998
3.257	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2008
3.258	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2017
3.259	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2025
3.260	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2031
3.261	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2036
3.262	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2041
3.263	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2047
3.264	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2055
3.265	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2063
3.266	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2073
3.267	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2082
3.268	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2090
3.269	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2095

3.270	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2101
3.271	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2107
3.272	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2114
3.273	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2121
3.274	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2131
3.275	$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2141
3.276	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx$	2146
3.277	$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx$	2151
3.278	$\int (d+ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2156
3.279	$\int (d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2165
3.280	$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2173
3.281	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	2180
3.282	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2186
3.283	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2191
3.284	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2197
3.285	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2203
3.286	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2211
3.287	$\int (d+ex)^{5/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2220
3.288	$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2229
3.289	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx$	2237
3.290	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2244
3.291	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2250
3.292	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2255
3.293	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2262
3.294	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2269
3.295	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2276
3.296	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2285
3.297	$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2296
3.298	$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2305
3.299	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	2313
3.300	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2320

3.301	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2326
3.302	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	2331
3.303	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	2339
3.304	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$	2347
3.305	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$	2355
3.306	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{15/2}} dx$	2363
3.307	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{17/2}} dx$	2374
3.308	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2386
3.309	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2393
3.310	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2399
3.311	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2405
3.312	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2410
3.313	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2416
3.314	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2422
3.315	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2429
3.316	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2435
3.317	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2441
3.318	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2446
3.319	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2453
3.320	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2461
3.321	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2470
3.322	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2476
3.323	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2482
3.324	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2487
3.325	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2495
3.326	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2503
3.327	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2514
3.328	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	2526
3.329	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	2531

3.330	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	2536
3.331	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	2543
3.332	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	2554
3.333	$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	2563
3.334	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	2570
3.335	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	2577
3.336	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	2583
3.337	$\int (d+ex)^2\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	2589
3.338	$\int (d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	2597
3.339	$\int \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$	2604
3.340	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$	2610
3.341	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2618
3.342	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	2626
3.343	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	2635
3.344	$\int (d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$	2646
3.345	$\int (d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$	2657
3.346	$\int (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$	2667
3.347	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d+ex} dx$	2675
3.348	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2684
3.349	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	2693
3.350	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	2705
3.351	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	2721
3.352	$\int (d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$	2741
3.353	$\int (d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$	2751
3.354	$\int (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$	2759
3.355	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d+ex} dx$	2766
3.356	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2775
3.357	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	2784
3.358	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	2793

3.359	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	2802
3.360	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	2813
3.361	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2827
3.362	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2838
3.363	$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2848
3.364	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2856
3.365	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2863
3.366	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2872
3.367	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	2883
3.368	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2898
3.369	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2906
3.370	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2913
3.371	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2919
3.372	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2924
3.373	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2931
3.374	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx$	2939
3.375	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2948
3.376	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2963
3.377	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2974
3.378	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2982
3.379	$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2990
3.380	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	2998
3.381	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$	3013
3.382	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3 dx$	3032
3.383	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2 dx$	3041
3.384	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2) dx$	3050
3.385	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$	3057
3.386	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$	3062
3.387	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$	3067
3.388	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^4} dx$	3072

3.389	$\int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3078
3.390	$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3084
3.391	$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3090
3.392	$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3096
3.393	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$	3101
3.394	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$	3107
3.395	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	3113
3.396	$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3119
3.397	$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3125
3.398	$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3134
3.399	$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3141
3.400	$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3148
3.401	$\int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3153
3.402	$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3159
3.403	$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$	3165
3.404	$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$	3170

3.1 $\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{(bc - ad)(a + bx)^5}{5b^2} + \frac{d(a + bx)^6}{6b^2}$$

output `1/5*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^5/b^2+1/6*d*(b*x+a)^6/b^2`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs. $2(38) = 76$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{30}x(15a^4(2c + dx) + 20a^3bx(3c + 2dx) + 15a^2b^2x^2(4c + 3dx) + 6ab^3x^3(5c + 4dx) + b^4x^4(6c + 5dx))$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^3*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]`

output `(x*(15*a^4*(2*c + d*x) + 20*a^3*b*x*(3*c + 2*d*x) + 15*a^2*b^2*x^2*(4*c + 3*d*x) + 6*a*b^3*x^3*(5*c + 4*d*x) + b^4*x^4*(6*c + 5*d*x)))/30`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^4 (bc - ad)}{b} + \frac{d(a + bx)^5}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^5 (bc - ad)}{5b^2} + \frac{d(a + bx)^6}{6b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)^3*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^2) + (d*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 93 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^4 d x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{4}{5} a b^3 d + \frac{1}{5} b^4 c\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{2} a^2 d b^2 + a b^3 c\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{4}{3} a^3 b d + 2 a^2 b^2 c\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^4 d + 2 a^3 b c\right) x^2 + 2 a^3 b^2 c x + \frac{a^4 c}{3}$
gosper	$\frac{x(5b^4 d x^5 + 24x^4 a b^3 d + 6x^4 b^4 c + 45a^2 b^2 d x^3 + 30a b^3 c x^3 + 40a^3 b d x^2 + 60a^2 b^2 c x^2 + 15a^4 d x + 60a^3 b c x + 30c a^4)}{30}$
risch	$\frac{1}{6} b^4 d x^6 + \frac{4}{5} x^5 a b^3 d + \frac{1}{5} b^4 c x^5 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^2 d x^4 + x^4 a b^3 c + \frac{4}{3} a^3 b d x^3 + 2 a^2 b^2 c x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^4 d x^2 + 2 a^3 b^2 c x + \frac{a^4 c}{3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6} b^4 d x^6 + \frac{4}{5} x^5 a b^3 d + \frac{1}{5} b^4 c x^5 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^2 d x^4 + x^4 a b^3 c + \frac{4}{3} a^3 b d x^3 + 2 a^2 b^2 c x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^4 d x^2 + 2 a^3 b^2 c x + \frac{a^4 c}{3}$
orering	$\frac{x(5b^4 d x^5 + 24x^4 a b^3 d + 6x^4 b^4 c + 45a^2 b^2 d x^3 + 30a b^3 c x^3 + 40a^3 b d x^2 + 60a^2 b^2 c x^2 + 15a^4 d x + 60a^3 b c x + 30c a^4)}{30(dx+c)(bx+a)}$
default	$\frac{b^4 d x^6}{6} + \frac{(3a b^3 d + b^3(ad+bc))x^5}{5} + \frac{(3a^2 d b^2 + 3a b^2(ad+bc) + a b^3 c)x^4}{4} + \frac{(a^3 b d + 3a^2 b(ad+bc) + 3a^2 b^2 c)x^3}{3} + \frac{(a^3(ad+bc) + a^4 c)x^2}{2} + \frac{a^4 c}{3}$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*b^4*d*x^6+(4/5*a*b^3*d+1/5*b^4*c)*x^5+(3/2*a^2*d*b^2+a*b^3*c)*x^4+(4/3*a^3*b*d+2*a^2*b^2*c)*x^3+(1/2*a^4*d+2*a^3*b*c)*x^2+a^4*c*x`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} b^4 dx^6 + a^4 cx + \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c + 4 ab^3 d) x^5 + \frac{1}{2} (2 ab^3 c + 3 a^2 b^2 d) x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (3 a^2 b^2 c + 2 a^3 b d) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (4 a^3 b c + a^4 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/6*b^4*d*x^6 + a^4*c*x + 1/5*(b^4*c + 4*a*b^3*d)*x^5 + 1/2*(2*a*b^3*c + 3
*a^2*b^2*d)*x^4 + 2/3*(3*a^2*b^2*c + 2*a^3*b*d)*x^3 + 1/2*(4*a^3*b*c + a^4
*d)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = a^4cx + \frac{b^4dx^6}{6} + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{4ab^3d}{5} + \frac{b^4c}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2b^2d}{2} + ab^3c \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{4a^3bd}{3} + 2a^2b^2c \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^4d}{2} + 2a^3bc \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)
```

output

```
a**4*c*x + b**4*d*x**6/6 + x**5*(4*a*b**3*d/5 + b**4*c/5) + x**4*(3*a**2*b
**2*d/2 + a*b**3*c) + x**3*(4*a**3*b*d/3 + 2*a**2*b**2*c) + x**2*(a**4*d/2
+ 2*a**3*b*c)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} b^4 dx^6 + a^4 cx + \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c + 4 ab^3 d) x^5 + \frac{1}{2} (2 ab^3 c + 3 a^2 b^2 d) x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (3 a^2 b^2 c + 2 a^3 b d) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (4 a^3 b c + a^4 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/6*b^4*d*x^6 + a^4*c*x + 1/5*(b^4*c + 4*a*b^3*d)*x^5 + 1/2*(2*a*b^3*c + 3*a^2*b^2*d)*x^4 + 2/3*(3*a^2*b^2*c + 2*a^3*b*d)*x^3 + 1/2*(4*a^3*b*c + a^4*d)*x^2$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} b^4 dx^6 + \frac{1}{5} b^4 cx^5 + \frac{4}{5} ab^3 dx^5 + ab^3 cx^4 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^2 dx^4 + 2 a^2 b^2 cx^3 + \frac{4}{3} a^3 b dx^3 + 2 a^3 bcx^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^4 dx^2 + a^4 cx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/6*b^4*d*x^6 + 1/5*b^4*c*x^5 + 4/5*a*b^3*d*x^5 + a*b^3*c*x^4 + 3/2*a^2*b^2*d*x^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c*x^3 + 4/3*a^3*b*d*x^3 + 2*a^3*b*c*x^2 + 1/2*a^4*d*x^2 + a^4*c*x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{cb^4}{5} + \frac{4adb^3}{5} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{da^4}{2} + 2bca^3 \right) + \frac{b^4 dx^6}{6} + a^4 cx + \frac{2a^2 bx^3 (2ad + 3bc)}{3} + \frac{ab^2 x^4 (3ad + 2bc)}{2}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^3*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`

output

$$x^5 \left(\frac{b^4 c}{5} + \frac{4 a b^3 d}{5} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^4 d}{2} + 2 a^3 b c \right) + \frac{b^4 d x^6}{6} + a^4 c x + \frac{(2 a^2 b x^3 (2 a d + 3 b c))}{3} + \frac{(a b^2 x^4 (3 a d + 2 b c))}{2}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(5b^4 d x^5 + 24a b^3 d x^4 + 6b^4 c x^4 + 45a^2 b^2 d x^3 + 30a b^3 c x^3 + 40a^3 b d x^2 + 60a^2 b^2 c x^2 + 15a^4 d x + 60a^3 b c a)}{30}$$

input

`int((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`

output

$$\frac{(x(30 a^4 c + 15 a^4 d x + 60 a^3 b c x + 40 a^3 b d x^2 + 60 a^2 b^2 c x^2 + 45 a^2 b^2 d x^3 + 30 a b^3 c x^3 + 24 a b^3 d x^4 + 6 b^4 c x^4 + 5 b^4 d x^5))}{30}$$

3.2 $\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{(bc - ad)(a + bx)^4}{4b^2} + \frac{d(a + bx)^5}{5b^2}$$

output

$$1/4*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^4/b^2+1/5*d*(b*x+a)^5/b^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = a^3cx + \frac{1}{2}a^2(3bc + ad)x^2 + ab(bc + ad)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^2(bc + 3ad)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^3dx^5$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a + b*x)^2*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2), x]$$

output

$$a^3*c*x + (a^2*(3*b*c + a*d)*x^2)/2 + a*b*(b*c + a*d)*x^3 + (b^2*(b*c + 3*a*d)*x^4)/4 + (b^3*d*x^5)/5$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)}{b} + \frac{d(a + bx)^4}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^4(bc - ad)}{4b^2} + \frac{d(a + bx)^5}{5b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)^2*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^4)/(4*b^2) + (d*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b^3 d x^5}{5} + \left(\frac{3}{4} d a b^2 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 c\right) x^4 + (a^2 b d + c a b^2) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^3 d + \frac{3}{2} c a^2 b\right) x^2 + a^3 c x$	70
risch	$\frac{1}{5} b^3 d x^5 + \frac{3}{4} a b^2 d x^4 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 c x^4 + a^2 b d x^3 + a b^2 c x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 d x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b c x^2 + a^3 c x$	73
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5} b^3 d x^5 + \frac{3}{4} a b^2 d x^4 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 c x^4 + a^2 b d x^3 + a b^2 c x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 d x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b c x^2 + a^3 c x$	73
gospers	$\frac{x(4b^3 d x^4 + 15a b^2 d x^3 + 5b^3 c x^3 + 20a^2 b d x^2 + 20a b^2 c x^2 + 10a^3 d x + 30a^2 b c x + 20c a^3)}{20}$	74
default	$\frac{b^3 d x^5}{5} + \frac{(2d a b^2 + b^2(ad+bc))x^4}{4} + \frac{(a^2 b d + 2ab(ad+bc) + c a b^2)x^3}{3} + \frac{(a^2(ad+bc) + 2c a^2 b)x^2}{2} + a^3 c x$	94
orering	$\frac{x(4b^3 d x^4 + 15a b^2 d x^3 + 5b^3 c x^3 + 20a^2 b d x^2 + 20a b^2 c x^2 + 10a^3 d x + 30a^2 b c x + 20c a^3)(ac + (ad+bc)x + b d x^2)}{20(dx+c)(bx+a)}$	107

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{5} b^3 d x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{4} d a b^2 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 c\right) x^4 + (a^2 b d + a b^2 c) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^3 d + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b c\right) x^2 + a^3 c x$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + b d x^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} b^3 d x^5 + a^3 c x + \frac{1}{4} (b^3 c + 3 a b^2 d) x^4 + (a b^2 c + a^2 b d) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 b c + a^3 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{5} b^3 d x^5 + a^3 c x + \frac{1}{4} (b^3 c + 3 a b^2 d) x^4 + (a b^2 c + a^2 b d) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 b c + a^3 d) x^2$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = a^3cx + \frac{b^3dx^5}{5} + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3ab^2d}{4} + \frac{b^3c}{4} \right) + x^3(a^2bd + ab^2c) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^3d}{2} + \frac{3a^2bc}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output `a**3*c*x + b**3*d*x**5/5 + x**4*(3*a*b**2*d/4 + b**3*c/4) + x**3*(a**2*b*d + a*b**2*c) + x**2*(a**3*d/2 + 3*a**2*b*c/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} b^3 dx^5 + a^3 cx + \frac{1}{4} (b^3 c + 3 ab^2 d) x^4 + (ab^2 c + a^2 bd) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 bc + a^3 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*b^3*d*x^5 + a^3*c*x + 1/4*(b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d)*x^4 + (a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*b*c + a^3*d)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} b^3 dx^5 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 cx^4 + \frac{3}{4} ab^2 dx^4 + ab^2 cx^3 + a^2 bdx^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 bcx^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 dx^2 + a^3 cx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*b^3*d*x^5 + 1/4*b^3*c*x^4 + 3/4*a*b^2*d*x^4 + a*b^2*c*x^3 + a^2*b*d*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*b*c*x^2 + 1/2*a^3*d*x^2 + a^3*c*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = x^4 \left(\frac{cb^3}{4} + \frac{3adb^2}{4} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{da^3}{2} + \frac{3bca^2}{2} \right) + \frac{b^3 dx^5}{5} + a^3 cx + abx^3 (ad + bc)$$

input `int((a + b*x)^2*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`

output `x^4*((b^3*c)/4 + (3*a*b^2*d)/4) + x^2*((a^3*d)/2 + (3*a^2*b*c)/2) + (b^3*d*x^5)/5 + a^3*c*x + a*b*x^3*(a*d + b*c)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(4b^3dx^4 + 15ab^2dx^3 + 5b^3cx^3 + 20a^2bdx^2 + 20ab^2cx^2 + 10a^3dx + 30a^2bcx + 20a^3c)}{20}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`

output `(x*(20*a**3*c + 10*a**3*d*x + 30*a**2*b*c*x + 20*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 20*a*b**2*c*x**2 + 15*a*b**2*d*x**3 + 5*b**3*c*x**3 + 4*b**3*d*x**4))/20`

3.3 $\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	187
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	190
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	190
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	191

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{(bc - ad)(a + bx)^3}{3b^2} + \frac{d(a + bx)^4}{4b^2}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^3/b^2+1/4*d*(b*x+a)^4/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{12}x(6a^2(2c + dx) + 4abx(3c + 2dx) + b^2x^2(4c + 3dx))$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(6*a^2*(2*c + d*x) + 4*a*b*x*(3*c + 2*d*x) + b^2*x^2*(4*c + 3*d*x)))/12
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx) (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)}{b} + \frac{d(a + bx)^3}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)}{3b^2} + \frac{d(a + bx)^4}{4b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b^2) + (d*(a + b*x)^4)/(4*b^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b^2 d x^4}{4} + \left(\frac{2}{3} d a b + \frac{1}{3} b^2 c\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 d + a b c\right) x^2 + a^2 c x$	48
gospers	$\frac{x(3b^2 d x^3 + 8abd x^2 + 4b^2 c x^2 + 6a^2 d x + 12abcx + 12a^2 c)}{12}$	50
risch	$\frac{1}{4} b^2 d x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a b d x^3 + \frac{1}{3} b^2 c x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d x^2 + a b c x^2 + a^2 c x$	50
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4} b^2 d x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a b d x^3 + \frac{1}{3} b^2 c x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d x^2 + a b c x^2 + a^2 c x$	50
default	$\frac{b^2 d x^4}{4} + \frac{(d a b + b(a d + b c)) x^3}{3} + \frac{(a(a d + b c) + a b c) x^2}{2} + a^2 c x$	55
orering	$\frac{x(3b^2 d x^3 + 8abd x^2 + 4b^2 c x^2 + 6a^2 d x + 12abcx + 12a^2 c)(ac + (ad + bc)x + bd x^2)}{12(dx + c)(bx + a)}$	83

input `int((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*b^2*d*x^4+(2/3*d*a*b+1/3*b^2*c)*x^3+(1/2*a^2*d+a*b*c)*x^2+a^2*c*x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} b^2 dx^4 + a^2 cx + \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c + 2abd)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (2abc + a^2 d)x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*b^2*d*x^4 + a^2*c*x + 1/3*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^3 + 1/2*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = a^2cx + \frac{b^2dx^4}{4} + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{2abd}{3} + \frac{b^2c}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^2d}{2} + abc \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`output `a**2*c*x + b**2*d*x**4/4 + x**3*(2*a*b*d/3 + b**2*c/3) + x**2*(a**2*d/2 + a*b*c)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} b^2 dx^4 + a^2 cx + \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c + 2 abd) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (2 abc + a^2 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*b^2*d*x^4 + a^2*c*x + 1/3*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^3 + 1/2*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} b^2 dx^4 + \frac{1}{3} b^2 cx^3 + \frac{2}{3} abdx^3 + abcx^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + a^2 cx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*b^2*d*x^4 + 1/3*b^2*c*x^3 + 2/3*a*b*d*x^3 + a*b*c*x^2 + 1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = x^2 \left(\frac{da^2}{2} + bca \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{cb^2}{3} + \frac{2adb}{3} \right) + \frac{b^2 dx^4}{4} + a^2 cx$$

input `int((a + b*x)*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`

output `x^2*((a^2*d)/2 + a*b*c) + x^3*((b^2*c)/3 + (2*a*b*d)/3) + (b^2*d*x^4)/4 + a^2*c*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$$
$$= \frac{x(3b^2dx^3 + 8abd x^2 + 4b^2c x^2 + 6a^2dx + 12abcx + 12a^2c)}{12}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`output `(x*(12*a**2*c + 6*a**2*d*x + 12*a*b*c*x + 8*a*b*d*x**2 + 4*b**2*c*x**2 + 3*b**2*d*x**3))/12`

3.4 $\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	192
Rubi [A] (verified)	193
Maple [A] (verified)	194
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	194
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	195
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	195
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	195
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	196
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	196

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = acx + \frac{1}{2}(bc + ad)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}bdx^3$$

output `a*c*x+1/2*(a*d+b*c)*x^2+1/3*b*d*x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = acx + \frac{1}{2}bcx^2 + \frac{1}{2}adx^2 + \frac{1}{3}bdx^3$$

input `Integrate[a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2,x]`

output `a*c*x + (b*c*x^2)/2 + (a*d*x^2)/2 + (b*d*x^3)/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(ad + bc) + acx + \frac{1}{3}bdx^3$$

input `Int[a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2,x]`

output `a*c*x + ((b*c + a*d)*x^2)/2 + (b*d*x^3)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
default	$acx + \frac{(ad+bc)x^2}{2} + \frac{bdx^3}{3}$	25
gospers	$\frac{x(2bdx^2+3adx+3cbx+6ac)}{6}$	26
norman	$\frac{bdx^3}{3} + \left(\frac{ad}{2} + \frac{bc}{2}\right)x^2 + acx$	26
risch	$acx + \frac{1}{2}adx^2 + \frac{1}{2}bcx^2 + \frac{1}{3}bdx^3$	27
parallelrisch	$acx + \frac{1}{2}adx^2 + \frac{1}{2}bcx^2 + \frac{1}{3}bdx^3$	27
parts	$acx + \frac{1}{2}adx^2 + \frac{1}{2}bcx^2 + \frac{1}{3}bdx^3$	27
orering	$\frac{x(2bdx^2+3adx+3cbx+6ac)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)}{6(bx+a)(dx+c)}$	59

input `int(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*c*x+1/2*(a*d+b*c)*x^2+1/3*b*d*x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{3} bdx^3 + acx + \frac{1}{2} (bc + ad)x^2$$

input `integrate(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*b*d*x^3 + a*c*x + 1/2*(b*c + a*d)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = acx + \frac{bdx^3}{3} + x^2 \left(\frac{ad}{2} + \frac{bc}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2,x)`

output `a*c*x + b*d*x**3/3 + x**2*(a*d/2 + b*c/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{3} bdx^3 + acx + \frac{1}{2} (bc + ad)x^2$$

input `integrate(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b*d*x^3 + a*c*x + 1/2*(b*c + a*d)*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{1}{3} bdx^3 + acx + \frac{1}{2} (bc + ad)x^2$$

input `integrate(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b*d*x^3 + a*c*x + 1/2*(b*c + a*d)*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{bdx^3}{3} + \left(\frac{ad}{2} + \frac{bc}{2}\right)x^2 + acx$$

input `int(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2,x)`output `x^2*((a*d)/2 + (b*c)/2) + a*c*x + (b*d*x^3)/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2) dx = \frac{x(2bdx^2 + 3adx + 3bcx + 6ac)}{6}$$

input `int(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2,x)`output `(x*(6*a*c + 3*a*d*x + 3*b*c*x + 2*b*d*x**2))/6`

3.5 $\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	197
Mathematica [A] (verified)	197
Rubi [A] (verified)	198
Maple [A] (verified)	199
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	199
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	200
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	200
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	200
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	201
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	201

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{(c + dx)^2}{2d}$$

output `1/2*(d*x+c)^2/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx = cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x),x]`

output `c*x + (d*x^2)/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int (c + dx) dx$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{(c + dx)^2}{2d}$$

input

```
Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x),x]
```

output

```
(c + d*x)^2/(2*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17

```
Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 1120

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(dx+2c)}{2}$	11
default	$\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx$	11
norman	$\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx$	11
risch	$\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx$	11
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx$	11
parts	$\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx$	11
orering	$\frac{x(dx+2c)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)}{2(dx+c)(bx+a)}$	44

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x*(d*x+2*c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{2} dx^2 + cx$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*d*x^2 + c*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx = cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)/(b*x+a),x)`output `c*x + d*x**2/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{2} dx^2 + cx$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*d*x^2 + c*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{2} dx^2 + cx$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*d*x^2 + c*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{dx^2}{2} + cx$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x),x)`

output `c*x + (d*x^2)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{x(dx + 2c)}{2}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `(x*(2*c + d*x))/2`

3.6 $\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	202
Mathematica [A] (verified)	202
Rubi [A] (verified)	203
Maple [A] (verified)	204
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	204
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	204
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	205
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	205
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	206
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	206

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{dx}{b} + \frac{(bc - ad) \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

output `d*x/b+(-a*d+b*c)*ln(b*x+a)/b^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{dx}{b} + \frac{(bc - ad) \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `(d*x)/b + ((b*c - a*d)*Log[a + b*x])/b^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{bc - ad}{b(a + bx)} + \frac{d}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \log(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{dx}{b}$$

input

```
Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(d*x)/b + ((b*c - a*d)*Log[a + b*x])/b^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
default	$\frac{dx}{b} + \frac{(-ad+bc)\ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	26
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(bx+a)ad-\ln(bx+a)bc-bdx}{b^2}$	31
risch	$\frac{dx}{b} - \frac{\ln(bx+a)ad}{b^2} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)c}{b}$	32
norman	$\frac{dx^2 - \frac{a^2d}{b^2}}{bx+a} - \frac{(ad-bc)\ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	44

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d*x/b+(-a*d+b*c)*ln(b*x+a)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{bdx + (bc - ad) \log(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*d*x + (b*c - a*d)*log(b*x + a))/b^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{dx}{b} - \frac{(ad - bc) \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output $d*x/b - (a*d - b*c)*\log(a + b*x)/b**2$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{dx}{b} + \frac{(bc - ad) \log(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $d*x/b + (b*c - a*d)*\log(b*x + a)/b^2$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.68

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = bd \left(\frac{2a \log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{bx+a}{b^3} - \frac{a^2}{(bx+a)b^3} \right) - \frac{(bc+ad) \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b} - \frac{a}{(bx+a)b} \right)}{b} - \frac{ac}{(bx+a)b}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $b*d*(2*a*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)^2*\text{abs}(b))))/b^3 + (b*x + a)/b^3 - a^2/((b*x + a)*b^3) - (b*c + a*d)*(\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)^2*\text{abs}(b))))/b - a/((b*x + a)*b)/b - a*c/((b*x + a)*b)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{dx}{b} - \frac{\ln(a + bx)(ad - bc)}{b^2}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `(d*x)/b - (log(a + b*x)*(a*d - b*c))/b^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-\log(bx + a)ad + \log(bx + a)bc + bdx}{b^2}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `(- log(a + b*x)*a*d + log(a + b*x)*b*c + b*d*x)/b**2`

3.7 $\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	207
Mathematica [A] (verified)	207
Rubi [A] (verified)	208
Maple [A] (verified)	209
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	209
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	210
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	210
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	210
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	211
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	211

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{d \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

output

```
-(-a*d+b*c)/b^2/(b*x+a)+d*ln(b*x+a)/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-bc + ad}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{d \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-(b*c) + a*d)/(b^2*(a + b*x)) + (d*Log[a + b*x])/b^2
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{bc - ad}{b(a + bx)^2} + \frac{d}{b(a + bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{d \log(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{bc - ad}{b^2(a + bx)}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `-((b*c - a*d)/(b^2*(a + b*x))) + (d*Log[a + b*x])/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{-ad+bc}{b^2(bx+a)} + \frac{d \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	33
risch	$\frac{ad}{b^2(bx+a)} - \frac{c}{b(bx+a)} + \frac{d \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	39
parallelrisc	$\frac{\ln(bx+a)xbd + \ln(bx+a)ad + ad - bc}{b^2(bx+a)}$	39
norman	$\frac{\frac{a(ad-bc)}{b^2} + \frac{(ad-bc)x}{b}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{d \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	48

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-a*d+b*c)/b^2/(b*x+a)+d*ln(b*x+a)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{bc - ad - (bdx + ad) \log(bx + a)}{b^3x + ab^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*c - a*d - (b*d*x + a*d)*log(b*x + a))/(b^3*x + a*b^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{ad - bc}{ab^2 + b^3x} + \frac{d \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `(a*d - b*c)/(a*b**2 + b**3*x) + d*log(a + b*x)/b**2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{b^3x + ab^2} + \frac{d \log(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(b*c - a*d)/(b^3*x + a*b^2) + d*log(b*x + a)/b^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{d \log(|bx + a|)}{b^2} - \frac{bc - ad}{(bx + a)b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `d*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^2 - (b*c - a*d)/((b*x + a)*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{ad - bc}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{d \ln(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `(a*d - b*c)/(b^2*(a + b*x)) + (d*log(a + b*x))/b^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a) a^2 d + \log(bx + a) abdx - abdx + b^2 cx}{a b^2 (bx + a)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(log(a + b*x)*a**2*d + log(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x - a*b*d*x + b**2*c*x)/(a*b**2*(a + b*x))`

3.8 $\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	212
Mathematica [A] (verified)	212
Rubi [A] (verified)	213
Maple [A] (verified)	214
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	214
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	215
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	215
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	215
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	216
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	216

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = -\frac{(c + dx)^2}{2(bc - ad)(a + bx)^2}$$

output `-1/2*(d*x+c)^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = -\frac{ad + b(c + 2dx)}{2b^2(a + bx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*d + b*(c + 2*d*x))/(b^2*(a + b*x)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(c + dx)^2}{2(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/2*(c + d*x)^2/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2bdx+ad+bc}{2b^2(bx+a)^2}$	25
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2bdx-ad-bc}{2b^2(bx+a)^2}$	27
risch	$\frac{-\frac{dx}{b} - \frac{ad+bc}{2b^2}}{(bx+a)^2}$	29
default	$-\frac{d}{b^2(bx+a)} - \frac{-ad+bc}{2b^2(bx+a)^2}$	35
orering	$-\frac{(2bdx+ad+bc)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)}{2b^2(bx+a)^3(dx+c)}$	51
norman	$\frac{-dx^2 + \frac{a(-dab-b^2c)}{2b^3} + \frac{(-3dab-b^2c)x}{2b^2}}{(bx+a)^3}$	52

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*(2*b*d*x+a*d+b*c)/b^2/(b*x+a)^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = -\frac{2bdx + bc + ad}{2(b^4x^2 + 2ab^3x + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(2*b*d*x + b*c + a*d)/(b^4*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{-ad - bc - 2bdx}{2a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x + 2b^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)/(b*x+a)**4,x)`output `(-a*d - b*c - 2*b*d*x)/(2*a**2*b**2 + 4*a*b**3*x + 2*b**4*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = -\frac{2bdx + bc + ad}{2(b^4x^2 + 2ab^3x + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(2*b*d*x + b*c + a*d)/(b^4*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = -\frac{2bdx + bc + ad}{2(bx + a)^2b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(2*b*d*x + b*c + a*d)/((b*x + a)^2*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad+bc}{2b^2} + \frac{dx}{b}}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^4,x)`output `-((a*d + b*c)/(2*b^2) + (d*x)/b)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{bdx^2 - ac}{2ab(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^4,x)`output `(- a*c + b*d*x**2)/(2*a*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.9 $\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^5} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	217
Rubi [A] (verified)	218
Maple [A] (verified)	219
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	219
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	220
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	220
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	220
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	221
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	221

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{3b^2(a + bx)^3} - \frac{d}{2b^2(a + bx)^2}$$

output

$$-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)/b^2/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*d/b^2/(b*x+a)^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{2bc + ad + 3bdx}{6b^2(a + bx)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^5, x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(2*b*c + a*d + 3*b*d*x)/(b^2*(a + b*x)^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{bc - ad}{b(a + bx)^4} + \frac{d}{b(a + bx)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{bc - ad}{3b^2(a + bx)^3} - \frac{d}{2b^2(a + bx)^2}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/3*(b*c - a*d)/(b^2*(a + b*x)^3) - d/(2*b^2*(a + b*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{3bdx+ad+2bc}{6b^2(bx+a)^3}$	26
risch	$\frac{\frac{dx}{2b} - \frac{ad+2bc}{6b^2}}{(bx+a)^3}$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{-3b^2dx-dab-2b^2c}{6b^3(bx+a)^3}$	32
default	$-\frac{ad+bc}{3b^2(bx+a)^3} - \frac{d}{2b^2(bx+a)^2}$	35
orering	$-\frac{(3bdx+ad+2bc)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)}{6b^2(bx+a)^4(dx+c)}$	52
norman	$\frac{\frac{a(-da^2-2b^3c)}{6b^4} - \frac{dx^2}{2} + \frac{(-2da^2-b^3c)x}{3b^3}}{(bx+a)^4}$	56

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6/b^2*(3*b*d*x+a*d+2*b*c)/(b*x+a)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{3bdx + 2bc + ad}{6(b^5x^3 + 3ab^4x^2 + 3a^2b^3x + a^3b^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(3*b*d*x + 2*b*c + a*d)/(b^5*x^3 + 3*a*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{-ad - 2bc - 3bdx}{6a^3b^2 + 18a^2b^3x + 18ab^4x^2 + 6b^5x^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)/(b*x+a)**5,x)`output `(-a*d - 2*b*c - 3*b*d*x)/(6*a**3*b**2 + 18*a**2*b**3*x + 18*a*b**4*x**2 + 6*b**5*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{3 bdx + 2bc + ad}{6(b^5x^3 + 3ab^4x^2 + 3a^2b^3x + a^3b^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*b*d*x + 2*b*c + a*d)/(b^5*x^3 + 3*a*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{c}{3(bx + a)^3b} - \frac{d}{2(bx + a)^2b^2} + \frac{ad}{3(bx + a)^3b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*c/((b*x + a)^3*b) - 1/2*d/((b*x + a)^2*b^2) + 1/3*a*d/((b*x + a)^3*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad+2bc}{6b^2} + \frac{dx}{2b}}{a^3 + 3a^2bx + 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^5,x)`output `-((a*d + 2*b*c)/(6*b^2) + (d*x)/(2*b))/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{-3bdx - ad - 2bc}{6b^2 (b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx + a^3)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^5,x)`output `(- a*d - 2*b*c - 3*b*d*x)/(6*b**2*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))`

3.10 $\int \frac{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2}{(a+bx)^6} dx$

Optimal result	222
Mathematica [A] (verified)	222
Rubi [A] (verified)	223
Maple [A] (verified)	224
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	224
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	225
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	225
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	225
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	226
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	226

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{4b^2(a + bx)^4} - \frac{d}{3b^2(a + bx)^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)/b^2/(b*x+a)^4-1/3*d/b^2/(b*x+a)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{3bc + ad + 4bdx}{12b^2(a + bx)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(3*b*c + a*d + 4*b*d*x)/(b^2*(a + b*x)^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{bc - ad}{b(a + bx)^5} + \frac{d}{b(a + bx)^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{bc - ad}{4b^2(a + bx)^4} - \frac{d}{3b^2(a + bx)^3}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^6,x]`

output `-1/4*(b*c - a*d)/(b^2*(a + b*x)^4) - d/(3*b^2*(a + b*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{4bdx+ad+3bc}{12b^2(bx+a)^4}$	26
risch	$-\frac{\frac{dx}{3b} - \frac{ad+3bc}{12b^2}}{(bx+a)^4}$	30
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4dx b^3 - da b^2 - 3b^3 c}{12b^4(bx+a)^4}$	34
default	$-\frac{-ad+bc}{4b^2(bx+a)^4} - \frac{d}{3b^2(bx+a)^3}$	35
orering	$-\frac{(4bdx+ad+3bc)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)}{12b^2(bx+a)^5(dx+c)}$	52
norman	$\frac{a(-ab^3d-3b^4c)}{12b^5} - \frac{dx^2}{3} + \frac{(-5ab^3d-3b^4c)x}{12b^4}$ $\frac{\quad}{(bx+a)^5}$	56

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12/b^2*(4*b*d*x+a*d+3*b*c)/(b*x+a)^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{4bdx + 3bc + ad}{12(b^6x^4 + 4ab^5x^3 + 6a^2b^4x^2 + 4a^3b^3x + a^4b^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(4*b*d*x + 3*b*c + a*d)/(b^6*x^4 + 4*a*b^5*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^3*x + a^4*b^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = \frac{-ad - 3bc - 4bdx}{12a^4b^2 + 48a^3b^3x + 72a^2b^4x^2 + 48ab^5x^3 + 12b^6x^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)/(b*x+a)**6,x)`

output `(-a*d - 3*b*c - 4*b*d*x)/(12*a**4*b**2 + 48*a**3*b**3*x + 72*a**2*b**4*x**2 + 48*a*b**5*x**3 + 12*b**6*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{4bdx + 3bc + ad}{12(b^6x^4 + 4ab^5x^3 + 6a^2b^4x^2 + 4a^3b^3x + a^4b^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(4*b*d*x + 3*b*c + a*d)/(b^6*x^4 + 4*a*b^5*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^3*x + a^4*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{4bdx + 3bc + ad}{12(bx + a)^4b^2}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/12*(4*b*d*x + 3*b*c + a*d)/((b*x + a)^4*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad+3bc}{12b^2} + \frac{dx}{3b}}{a^4 + 4a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)/(a + b*x)^6,x)`output `-((a*d + 3*b*c)/(12*b^2) + (d*x)/(3*b))/(a^4 + b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*b*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = \frac{-4bdx - ad - 3bc}{12b^2 (b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)/(b*x+a)^6,x)`output `(- a*d - 3*b*c - 4*b*d*x)/(12*b**2*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

3.11 $\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	227
Mathematica [B] (verified)	228
Rubi [A] (verified)	228
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^6}{6b^3} + \frac{2d(bc - ad)(a + bx)^7}{7b^3} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^8}{8b^3}$$

output

```
1/6*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*x+a)^6/b^3+2/7*d*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^7/b^3+1/8*d^2*(b*x+a)^8/b^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = a^5 c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} a^4 c (5bc + 2ad) x^2 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 (10b^2 c^2 + 10abcd + a^2 d^2) x^3 + \frac{5}{4} a^2 b (2b^2 c^2 + 4abcd + a^2 d^2) x^4 + ab^2 (b^2 c^2 + 4abcd + 2a^2 d^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{6} b^3 (b^2 c^2 + 10abcd + 10a^2 d^2) x^6 + \frac{1}{7} b^4 d (2bc + 5ad) x^7 + \frac{1}{8} b^5 d^2 x^8$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^3*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `a^5*c^2*x + (a^4*c*(5*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^2)/2 + (a^3*(10*b^2*c^2 + 10*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^3)/3 + (5*a^2*b*(2*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^4)/4 + a*b^2*(b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^5 + (b^3*(b^2*c^2 + 10*a*b*c*d + 10*a^2*d^2)*x^6)/6 + (b^4*d*(2*b*c + 5*a*d)*x^7)/7 + (b^5*d^2*x^8)/8`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2 dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(a+bx)^6(bc-ad)}{b^2} + \frac{(a+bx)^5(bc-ad)^2}{b^2} + \frac{d^2(a+bx)^7}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2d(a+bx)^7(bc-ad)}{7b^3} + \frac{(a+bx)^6(bc-ad)^2}{6b^3} + \frac{d^2(a+bx)^8}{8b^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^3*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^3) + (2*d*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^3) + (d^2*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^5 d^2 x^8}{8} + \left(\frac{5}{7} a b^4 d^2 + \frac{2}{7} b^5 c d\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{5}{3} d^2 a^2 b^3 + \frac{5}{3} c d a b^4 + \frac{1}{6} b^5 c^2\right) x^6 + (2 d^2 a^3 b^2 + 4 a^2 b^3 c d + a b^4 c^2) x^5 + (5 a^4 d^2 b + 5 a^3 b^2 c d + 5 a^2 b^3 c^2) x^4 + (10 a^4 d^2 b^2 + 10 a^3 b^2 c d + 5 a^2 b^3 c^2) x^3 + (5 a^4 b c^2 + 2 a^5 c d) x^2 + a^5 c^2 x$
risch	$\frac{1}{8} b^5 d^2 x^8 + \frac{5}{7} x^7 a b^4 d^2 + \frac{2}{7} x^7 b^5 c d + \frac{5}{3} x^6 d^2 a^2 b^3 + \frac{5}{3} x^6 c d a b^4 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 b^5 c^2 + 2 a^3 b^2 d^2 x^5 + 4 a^2 b^3 c d x^4 + (5 a^4 d^2 b + 5 a^3 b^2 c d + 5 a^2 b^3 c^2) x^3 + (5 a^4 b c^2 + 2 a^5 c d) x^2 + a^5 c^2 x$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{8} b^5 d^2 x^8 + \frac{5}{7} x^7 a b^4 d^2 + \frac{2}{7} x^7 b^5 c d + \frac{5}{3} x^6 d^2 a^2 b^3 + \frac{5}{3} x^6 c d a b^4 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 b^5 c^2 + 2 a^3 b^2 d^2 x^5 + 4 a^2 b^3 c d x^4 + (5 a^4 d^2 b + 5 a^3 b^2 c d + 5 a^2 b^3 c^2) x^3 + (5 a^4 b c^2 + 2 a^5 c d) x^2 + a^5 c^2 x$
gosp	$\frac{x(21b^5d^2x^7+120x^6ab^4d^2+48x^6b^5cd+280x^5d^2a^2b^3+280x^5cda b^4+28b^5c^2x^5+336a^3b^2d^2x^4+672a^2b^3cdx^4+168ab^4c^2x^4+2a^5c^2x)}{168}$
oring	$\frac{x(21b^5d^2x^7+120x^6ab^4d^2+48x^6b^5cd+280x^5d^2a^2b^3+280x^5cda b^4+28b^5c^2x^5+336a^3b^2d^2x^4+672a^2b^3cdx^4+168ab^4c^2x^4+2a^5c^2x)}{16}$
default	$\frac{b^5 d^2 x^8}{8} + \frac{(3 a b^4 d^2 + 2 b^4 d(ad+bc)) x^7}{7} + \frac{(3 d^2 a^2 b^3 + 6 a b^3 d(ad+bc) + b^3(2abcd + (ad+bc)^2)) x^6}{6} + \frac{(d^2 a^3 b^2 + 6 a^2 b^2 d(ad+bc) + 5 a^3 b^2 c d + 5 a^2 b^3 c^2) x^5}{5} + \frac{(5 a^4 d^2 b + 5 a^3 b^2 c d + 5 a^2 b^3 c^2) x^4}{4} + \frac{(5 a^4 b c^2 + 2 a^5 c d) x^3}{3} + \frac{(5 a^4 b c^2 + 2 a^5 c d) x^2}{2} + a^5 c^2 x$

```
input int((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8*b^5*d^2*x^8+(5/7*a*b^4*d^2+2/7*b^5*c*d)*x^7+(5/3*d^2*a^2*b^3+5/3*c*d*a*b^4+1/6*b^5*c^2)*x^6+(2*a^3*b^2*d^2+4*a^2*b^3*c*d+a*b^4*c^2)*x^5+(5/4*a^4*d^2*b+5*c*d*a^3*b^2+5/2*a^2*b^3*c^2)*x^4+(1/3*d^2*a^5+10/3*c*d*a^4*b+10/3*a^3*b^2*c^2)*x^3+(c*d*a^5+5/2*c^2*a^4*b)*x^2+a^5*c^2*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} b^5 d^2 x^8 + a^5 c^2 x + \frac{1}{7} (2 b^5 c d + 5 a b^4 d^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (b^5 c^2 + 10 a b^4 c d + 10 a^2 b^3 d^2) x^6 + (a b^4 c^2 + 4 a^2 b^3 c d + 2 a^3 b^2 d^2) x^5 + \frac{5}{4} (2 a^2 b^3 c^2 + 4 a^3 b^2 c d + a^4 b d^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (10 a^3 b^2 c^2 + 10 a^4 b c d + a^5 d^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (5 a^4 b c^2 + 2 a^5 c d) x^2$$

```
input integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*b^5*d^2*x^8 + a^5*c^2*x + 1/7*(2*b^5*c*d + 5*a*b^4*d^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(b^5*c^2 + 10*a*b^4*c*d + 10*a^2*b^3*d^2)*x^6 + (a*b^4*c^2 + 4*a^2*b^3*c*d + 2*a^3*b^2*d^2)*x^5 + 5/4*(2*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 4*a^3*b^2*c*d + a^4*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(10*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 10*a^4*b*c*d + a^5*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(5*a^4*b*c^2 + 2*a^5*c*d)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = a^5 c^2 x + \frac{b^5 d^2 x^8}{8} + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{5ab^4 d^2}{7} + \frac{2b^5 cd}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5a^2 b^3 d^2}{3} + \frac{5ab^4 cd}{3} + \frac{b^5 c^2}{6} \right) + x^5 \cdot (2a^3 b^2 d^2 + 4a^2 b^3 cd + ab^4 c^2) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5a^4 bd^2}{4} + 5a^3 b^2 cd + \frac{5a^2 b^3 c^2}{2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{a^5 d^2}{3} + \frac{10a^4 bcd}{3} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 c^2}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(a^5 cd + \frac{5a^4 bc^2}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
a**5*c**2*x + b**5*d**2*x**8/8 + x**7*(5*a*b**4*d**2/7 + 2*b**5*c*d/7) + x**6*(5*a**2*b**3*d**2/3 + 5*a*b**4*c*d/3 + b**5*c**2/6) + x**5*(2*a**3*b**2*d**2 + 4*a**2*b**3*c*d + a*b**4*c**2) + x**4*(5*a**4*b*d**2/4 + 5*a**3*b**2*c*d + 5*a**2*b**3*c**2/2) + x**3*(a**5*d**2/3 + 10*a**4*b*c*d/3 + 10*a**3*b**2*c**2/3) + x**2*(a**5*c*d + 5*a**4*b*c**2/2)
```


Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} b^5 d^2 x^8 + a^5 c^2 x + \frac{1}{7} (2b^5 cd + 5ab^4 d^2) x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (b^5 c^2 + 10ab^4 cd + 10a^2 b^3 d^2) x^6$$

$$+ (ab^4 c^2 + 4a^2 b^3 cd + 2a^3 b^2 d^2) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{5}{4} (2a^2 b^3 c^2 + 4a^3 b^2 cd + a^4 b d^2) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (10a^3 b^2 c^2 + 10a^4 bcd + a^5 d^2) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (5a^4 bc^2 + 2a^5 cd) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*b^5*d^2*x^8 + a^5*c^2*x + 1/7*(2*b^5*c*d + 5*a*b^4*d^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(b^5*c^2 + 10*a*b^4*c*d + 10*a^2*b^3*d^2)*x^6 + (a*b^4*c^2 + 4*a^2*b^3*c*d + 2*a^3*b^2*d^2)*x^5 + 5/4*(2*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 4*a^3*b^2*c*d + a^4*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(10*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 10*a^4*b*c*d + a^5*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(5*a^4*b*c^2 + 2*a^5*c*d)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} b^5 d^2 x^8 + \frac{2}{7} b^5 cd x^7 + \frac{5}{7} ab^4 d^2 x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} b^5 c^2 x^6 + \frac{5}{3} ab^4 cd x^6 + \frac{5}{3} a^2 b^3 d^2 x^6$$

$$+ ab^4 c^2 x^5 + 4a^2 b^3 cd x^5 + 2a^3 b^2 d^2 x^5$$

$$+ \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 c^2 x^4 + 5a^3 b^2 cd x^4 + \frac{5}{4} a^4 b d^2 x^4$$

$$+ \frac{10}{3} a^3 b^2 c^2 x^3 + \frac{10}{3} a^4 bcd x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^5 d^2 x^3$$

$$+ \frac{5}{2} a^4 bc^2 x^2 + a^5 cd x^2 + a^5 c^2 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*b^5*d^2*x^8 + 2/7*b^5*c*d*x^7 + 5/7*a*b^4*d^2*x^7 + 1/6*b^5*c^2*x^6 + \\ & 5/3*a*b^4*c*d*x^6 + 5/3*a^2*b^3*d^2*x^6 + a*b^4*c^2*x^5 + 4*a^2*b^3*c*d*x^5 + \\ & 2*a^3*b^2*d^2*x^5 + 5/2*a^2*b^3*c^2*x^4 + 5*a^3*b^2*c*d*x^4 + 5/4*a^4*b*d^2*x^4 + \\ & 10/3*a^3*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 10/3*a^4*b*c*d*x^3 + 1/3*a^5*d^2*x^3 + \\ & 5/2*a^4*b*c^2*x^2 + a^5*c*d*x^2 + a^5*c^2*x \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = & x^3 \left(\frac{a^5 d^2}{3} + \frac{10 a^4 b c d}{3} + \frac{10 a^3 b^2 c^2}{3} \right) \\ & + x^6 \left(\frac{5 a^2 b^3 d^2}{3} + \frac{5 a b^4 c d}{3} + \frac{b^5 c^2}{6} \right) \\ & + a^5 c^2 x + \frac{b^5 d^2 x^8}{8} + \frac{a^4 c x^2 (2 a d + 5 b c)}{2} \\ & + \frac{b^4 d x^7 (5 a d + 2 b c)}{7} \\ & + \frac{5 a^2 b x^4 (a^2 d^2 + 4 a b c d + 2 b^2 c^2)}{4} \\ & + a b^2 x^5 (2 a^2 d^2 + 4 a b c d + b^2 c^2) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^3*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^3*((a^5*d^2)/3 + (10*a^3*b^2*c^2)/3 + (10*a^4*b*c*d)/3) + x^6*((b^5*c^2)/ \\ & /6 + (5*a^2*b^3*d^2)/3 + (5*a*b^4*c*d)/3) + a^5*c^2*x + (b^5*d^2*x^8)/8 + \\ & (a^4*c*x^2*(2*a*d + 5*b*c))/2 + (b^4*d*x^7*(5*a*d + 2*b*c))/7 + (5*a^2*b*x \\ & ^4*(a^2*d^2 + 2*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d))/4 + a*b^2*x^5*(2*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + \\ & 4*a*b*c*d) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(21b^5d^2x^7 + 120ab^4d^2x^6 + 48b^5cdx^6 + 280a^2b^3d^2x^5 + 280ab^4cdx^5 + 28b^5c^2x^5 + 336a^3b^2d^2x^4 + 672a^2b^3cdx^4 + 280a^2b^3d^2x^3 + 168ab^4c^2x^3 + 280ab^4cdx^3 + 120a^2b^4d^2x^2 + 28b^5c^2x^2 + 48b^5cdx^2 + 21b^5d^2x)}{168}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `(x*(168*a**5*c**2 + 168*a**5*c*d*x + 56*a**5*d**2*x**2 + 420*a**4*b*c**2*x + 560*a**4*b*c*d*x**2 + 210*a**4*b*d**2*x**3 + 560*a**3*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 840*a**3*b**2*c*d*x**3 + 336*a**3*b**2*d**2*x**4 + 420*a**2*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 672*a**2*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 280*a**2*b**3*d**2*x**5 + 168*a*b**4*c**2*x**4 + 280*a*b**4*c*d*x**5 + 120*a*b**4*d**2*x**6 + 28*b**5*c**2*x**5 + 48*b**5*c*d*x**6 + 21*b**5*d**2*x**7))/168`

3.12 $\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	241

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^5}{5b^3} + \frac{d(bc - ad)(a + bx)^6}{3b^3} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^7}{7b^3}$$

output

```
1/5*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*x+a)^5/b^3+1/3*d*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^6/b^3+1/7*d^2*(b*x+a)^7/b^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = a^4c^2x + a^3c(2bc + ad)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}a^2(6b^2c^2 + 8abcd + a^2d^2)x^3 + ab(b^2c^2 + 3abcd + a^2d^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2(b^2c^2 + 8abcd + 6a^2d^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{3}b^3d(bc + 2ad)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^4d^2x^7$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^2*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `a^4*c^2*x + a^3*c*(2*b*c + a*d)*x^2 + (a^2*(6*b^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^3)/3 + a*b*(b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^4 + (b^2*(b^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c*d + 6*a^2*d^2)*x^5)/5 + (b^3*d*(b*c + 2*a*d)*x^6)/3 + (b^4*d^2*x^7)/7`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(a + bx)^5(bc - ad)}{b^2} + \frac{(a + bx)^4(bc - ad)^2}{b^2} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^6}{b^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d(a + bx)^6(bc - ad)}{3b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^5(bc - ad)^2}{5b^3} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^7}{7b^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^2*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^3) + (d*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^6)/(3*b^3) + (d^2*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^4 d^2 x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{2}{3} a b^3 d^2 + \frac{1}{3} b^4 c d\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{6}{5} d^2 a^2 b^2 + \frac{8}{5} c d a b^3 + \frac{1}{5} b^4 c^2\right) x^5 + (a^3 d^2 b + 3 c d a^2 b^2 + c^2 a b^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 + \frac{2}{3} a b^3 d^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{3} b^4 c d x^6 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 b^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{8}{5} a b^3 c d x^5 + \frac{1}{5} b^4 c^2 x^5 + a^3 b d^2 x^4 + 3 a^2 b^2 c d x^4 + \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 + \frac{2}{3} a b^3 d^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{3} b^4 c d x^6 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 b^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{8}{5} a b^3 c d x^5 + \frac{1}{5} b^4 c^2 x^5 + a^3 b d^2 x^4 + 3 a^2 b^2 c d x^4$
risch	
parallelrisc	
gospers	$\frac{x(15b^4d^2x^6+70ab^3d^2x^5+35x^5b^4cd+126a^2b^2d^2x^4+168ab^3cdx^4+21b^4c^2x^4+105a^3bd^2x^3+315a^2b^2cdx^3+105ab^3c^2x^3+35a^4c^2x^3)}{105}$
oring	$\frac{x(15b^4d^2x^6+70ab^3d^2x^5+35x^5b^4cd+126a^2b^2d^2x^4+168ab^3cdx^4+21b^4c^2x^4+105a^3bd^2x^3+315a^2b^2cdx^3+105ab^3c^2x^3+35a^4c^2x^3)}{105(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$
default	$\frac{b^4 d^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{(2 a b^3 d^2 + 2 b^3 d (a d + b c)) x^6}{6} + \frac{(d^2 a^2 b^2 + 4 a b^2 d (a d + b c) + b^2 (2 a b c d + (a d + b c)^2)) x^5}{5} + \frac{(2 a^2 b d (a d + b c) + 2 a b^3 c^2) x^4}{105 (d x + c)^2 (b x + a)^2}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7+(2/3*a*b^3*d^2+1/3*b^4*c*d)*x^6+(6/5*d^2*a^2*b^2+8/5*c*d*a
*b^3+1/5*b^4*c^2)*x^5+(a^3*b*d^2+3*a^2*b^2*c*d+a*b^3*c^2)*x^4+(1/3*a^4*d^2
+8/3*a^3*d*c*b+2*a^2*b^2*c^2)*x^3+(a^4*c*d+2*a^3*b*c^2)*x^2+a^4*c^2*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 + a^4 c^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (b^4 cd + 2 ab^3 d^2) x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c^2 + 8 ab^3 cd + 6 a^2 b^2 d^2) x^5$$

$$+ (ab^3 c^2 + 3 a^2 b^2 cd + a^3 b d^2) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (6 a^2 b^2 c^2 + 8 a^3 bcd + a^4 d^2) x^3$$

$$+ (2 a^3 bc^2 + a^4 cd) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7 + a^4*c^2*x + 1/3*(b^4*c*d + 2*a*b^3*d^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(b^4*c^2 + 8*a*b^3*c*d + 6*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^5 + (a*b^3*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(6*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 8*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)*x^3 + (2*a^3*b*c^2 + a^4*c*d)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = a^4 c^2 x + \frac{b^4 d^2 x^7}{7} + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{2ab^3 d^2}{3} + \frac{b^4 cd}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{6a^2 b^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{8ab^3 cd}{5} + \frac{b^4 c^2}{5} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 (a^3 b d^2 + 3a^2 b^2 cd + ab^3 c^2)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(\frac{a^4 d^2}{3} + \frac{8a^3 bcd}{3} + 2a^2 b^2 c^2 \right)$$

$$+ x^2 (a^4 cd + 2a^3 bc^2)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
a**4*c**2*x + b**4*d**2*x**7/7 + x**6*(2*a*b**3*d**2/3 + b**4*c*d/3) + x**
5*(6*a**2*b**2*d**2/5 + 8*a*b**3*c*d/5 + b**4*c**2/5) + x**4*(a**3*b*d**2
+ 3*a**2*b**2*c*d + a*b**3*c**2) + x**3*(a**4*d**2/3 + 8*a**3*b*c*d/3 + 2*
a**2*b**2*c**2) + x**2*(a**4*c*d + 2*a**3*b*c**2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 + a^4 c^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (b^4 cd + 2 ab^3 d^2) x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c^2 + 8 ab^3 cd + 6 a^2 b^2 d^2) x^5$$

$$+ (ab^3 c^2 + 3 a^2 b^2 cd + a^3 b d^2) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (6 a^2 b^2 c^2 + 8 a^3 bcd + a^4 d^2) x^3$$

$$+ (2 a^3 bc^2 + a^4 cd) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7 + a^4*c^2*x + 1/3*(b^4*c*d + 2*a*b^3*d^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(b^4*c
^2 + 8*a*b^3*c*d + 6*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^5 + (a*b^3*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b
*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(6*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 8*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)*x^3 + (2*a^3*b*c^2
+ a^4*c*d)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} b^4 cd x^6 + \frac{2}{3} ab^3 d^2 x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} b^4 c^2 x^5 + \frac{8}{5} ab^3 cd x^5 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 b^2 d^2 x^5$$

$$+ ab^3 c^2 x^4 + 3 a^2 b^2 cd x^4 + a^3 b d^2 x^4$$

$$+ 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 x^3 + \frac{8}{3} a^3 bcd x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^4 d^2 x^3$$

$$+ 2 a^3 bc^2 x^2 + a^4 cd x^2 + a^4 c^2 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7 + 1/3*b^4*c*d*x^6 + 2/3*a*b^3*d^2*x^6 + 1/5*b^4*c^2*x^5 + 8/5*a*b^3*c*d*x^5 + 6/5*a^2*b^2*d^2*x^5 + a*b^3*c^2*x^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^4 + a^3*b*d^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 8/3*a^3*b*c*d*x^3 + 1/3*a^4*d^2*x^3 + 2*a^3*b*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c*d*x^2 + a^4*c^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{a^4 d^2}{3} + \frac{8 a^3 b c d}{3} + 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 \right)$$

$$+ x^5 \left(\frac{6 a^2 b^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{8 a b^3 c d}{5} + \frac{b^4 c^2}{5} \right)$$

$$+ a^4 c^2 x + \frac{b^4 d^2 x^7}{7} + a^3 c x^2 (a d + 2 b c)$$

$$+ \frac{b^3 d x^6 (2 a d + b c)}{3}$$

$$+ a b x^4 (a^2 d^2 + 3 a b c d + b^2 c^2)$$

input `int((a + b*x)^2*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output `x^3*((a^4*d^2)/3 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + (8*a^3*b*c*d)/3) + x^5*((b^4*c^2)/5 + (6*a^2*b^2*d^2)/5 + (8*a*b^3*c*d)/5) + a^4*c^2*x + (b^4*d^2*x^7)/7 + a^3*c*x^2*(a*d + 2*b*c) + (b^3*d*x^6*(2*a*d + b*c))/3 + a*b*x^4*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(15b^4d^2x^6 + 70ab^3d^2x^5 + 35b^4cdx^5 + 126a^2b^2d^2x^4 + 168ab^3cdx^4 + 21b^4c^2x^4 + 105a^3bd^2x^3 + 315a^2b^2cdx^3 + 15b^4d^2x^3 + 15b^4d^2x^2 + 15b^4d^2x)}{105}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `(x*(105*a**4*c**2 + 105*a**4*c*d*x + 35*a**4*d**2*x**2 + 210*a**3*b*c**2*x + 280*a**3*b*c*d*x**2 + 105*a**3*b*d**2*x**3 + 210*a**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 315*a**2*b**2*c*d*x**3 + 126*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**4 + 105*a*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 168*a*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 70*a*b**3*d**2*x**5 + 21*b**4*c**2*x**4 + 35*b**4*c*d*x**5 + 15*b**4*d**2*x**6))/105`

3.13 $\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^4}{4b^3} + \frac{2d(bc - ad)(a + bx)^5}{5b^3} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^6}{6b^3}$$

output

```
1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*x+a)^4/b^3+2/5*d*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^5/b^3+1/6*d^2*(b*x+a)^6/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = a^3c^2x + \frac{1}{2}a^2c(3bc + 2ad)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}a(3b^2c^2 + 6abcd + a^2d^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b(b^2c^2 + 6abcd + 3a^2d^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2d(2bc + 3ad)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^3d^2x^6$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `a^3*c^2*x + (a^2*c*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^2)/2 + (a*(3*b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^3)/3 + (b*(b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*x^4)/4 + (b^2*d*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^5)/5 + (b^3*d^2*x^6)/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx) (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(a + bx)^4(bc - ad)}{b^2} + \frac{(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)^2}{b^2} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^5}{b^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2d(a + bx)^5(bc - ad)}{5b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^4(bc - ad)^2}{4b^3} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^6}{6b^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^4)/(4*b^3) + (2*d*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^3) + (d^2*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^3 d^2 x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{3}{5} a b^2 d^2 + \frac{2}{5} b^3 c d\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{4} a^2 b d^2 + \frac{3}{2} c d a b^2 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 c^2\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{1}{3} a^3 d^2 + 2 a^2 b c d + a c^2 b^2\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{6} b^3 d^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a b^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{5} b^3 c d x^5 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 b d^2 x^4 + \frac{3}{2} c d a b^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 c^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 a^3 d^2 + 2 a^2 b c d x^3\right)$
risch	
parallelrisc	
gosper	$\frac{x(10b^3d^2x^5+36ab^2d^2x^4+24b^3cdx^4+45d^2x^3a^2b+90ab^2cdx^3+15b^3c^2x^3+20a^3d^2x^2+120x^2a^2bcd+60ab^2c^2x^2+60a^3cdx+90a^2b^2c^2)}{60}$
default	$\frac{b^3 d^2 x^6}{6} + \frac{(a b^2 d^2 + 2 b^2 d (a d + b c)) x^5}{5} + \frac{(2 a b d (a d + b c) + b (2 a b c d + (a d + b c)^2)) x^4}{4} + \frac{(a (2 a b c d + (a d + b c)^2) + 2 b a c (a d + b c)) x^3}{3}$
orering	$\frac{x(10b^3d^2x^5+36ab^2d^2x^4+24b^3cdx^4+45d^2x^3a^2b+90ab^2cdx^3+15b^3c^2x^3+20a^3d^2x^2+120x^2a^2bcd+60ab^2c^2x^2+60a^3cdx+90a^2b^2c^2)}{60(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*b^3*d^2*x^6+(3/5*a*b^2*d^2+2/5*b^3*c*d)*x^5+(3/4*a^2*b*d^2+3/2*c*d*a*b
^2+1/4*b^3*c^2)*x^4+(1/3*a^3*d^2+2*a^2*b*c*d+a*c^2*b^2)*x^3+(a^3*d*c+3/2*a
^2*b*c^2)*x^2+a^3*c^2*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx &= \frac{1}{6} b^3 d^2 x^6 + a^3 c^2 x + \frac{1}{5} (2b^3 cd + 3ab^2 d^2) x^5 \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} (b^3 c^2 + 6ab^2 cd + 3a^2 bd^2) x^4 \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} (3ab^2 c^2 + 6a^2 bcd + a^3 d^2) x^3 \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} (3a^2 bc^2 + 2a^3 cd) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*b^3*d^2*x^6 + a^3*c^2*x + 1/5*(2*b^3*c*d + 3*a*b^2*d^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(b^3*c^2 + 6*a*b^2*c*d + 3*a^2*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*a*b^2*c^2 + 6*a^2*b*c*d + a^3*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*b*c^2 + 2*a^3*c*d)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx &= a^3 c^2 x + \frac{b^3 d^2 x^6}{6} + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3ab^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{2b^3 cd}{5} \right) \\ &+ x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2 bd^2}{4} + \frac{3ab^2 cd}{2} + \frac{b^3 c^2}{4} \right) \\ &+ x^3 \left(\frac{a^3 d^2}{3} + 2a^2 bcd + ab^2 c^2 \right) \\ &+ x^2 \left(a^3 cd + \frac{3a^2 bc^2}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`

output

```
a**3*c**2*x + b**3*d**2*x**6/6 + x**5*(3*a*b**2*d**2/5 + 2*b**3*c*d/5) + x
**4*(3*a**2*b*d**2/4 + 3*a*b**2*c*d/2 + b**3*c**2/4) + x**3*(a**3*d**2/3 +
2*a**2*b*c*d + a*b**2*c**2) + x**2*(a**3*c*d + 3*a**2*b*c**2/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^3 d^2 x^6 + a^3 c^2 x + \frac{1}{5} (2 b^3 cd + 3 a^2 b d^2) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (b^3 c^2 + 6 a b^2 cd + 3 a^2 b d^2) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (3 a b^2 c^2 + 6 a^2 b cd + a^3 d^2) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 b c^2 + 2 a^3 cd) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*b^3*d^2*x^6 + a^3*c^2*x + 1/5*(2*b^3*c*d + 3*a*b^2*d^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(b^3
*c^2 + 6*a*b^2*c*d + 3*a^2*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*a*b^2*c^2 + 6*a^2*b*c*d + a
^3*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*b*c^2 + 2*a^3*c*d)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^3 d^2 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} b^3 cd x^5 + \frac{3}{5} a b^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 c^2 x^4$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} a b^2 cd x^4 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 b d^2 x^4 + a b^2 c^2 x^3$$

$$+ 2 a^2 b cd x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b c^2 x^2 + a^3 cd x^2$$

$$+ a^3 c^2 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{6}b^3d^2x^6 + \frac{2}{5}b^3c*d*x^5 + \frac{3}{5}a*b^2*d^2*x^5 + \frac{1}{4}b^3*c^2*x^4 + \frac{3}{2}a*b^2*c*d*x^4 + \frac{3}{4}a^2*b*d^2*x^4 + a*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 2*a^2*b*c*d*x^3 + \frac{1}{3}a^3*d^2*x^3 + \frac{3}{2}a^2*b*c^2*x^2 + a^3*c*d*x^2 + a^3*c^2*x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{a^3 d^2}{3} + 2a^2 bcd + ab^2 c^2 \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{3a^2 b d^2}{4} + \frac{3ab^2 cd}{2} + \frac{b^3 c^2}{4} \right) + a^3 c^2 x + \frac{b^3 d^2 x^6}{6} + \frac{a^2 c x^2 (2ad + 3bc)}{2} + \frac{b^2 d x^5 (3ad + 2bc)}{5}$$

input `int((a + b*x)*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output $x^3*((a^3*d^2)/3 + a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c*d) + x^4*((b^3*c^2)/4 + (3*a^2*b*d^2)/4 + (3*a*b^2*c*d)/2) + a^3*c^2*x + (b^3*d^2*x^6)/6 + (a^2*c*x^2*(2*a*d + 3*b*c))/2 + (b^2*d*x^5*(3*a*d + 2*b*c))/5$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{x(10b^3d^2x^5 + 36ab^2d^2x^4 + 24b^3cdx^4 + 45a^2bd^2x^3 + 90ab^2cdx^3 + 15b^3c^2x^3 + 20a^3d^2x^2 + 120a^2bcdx^2 + \dots)}{60}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(x*(60*a**3*c**2 + 60*a**3*c*d*x + 20*a**3*d**2*x**2 + 90*a**2*b*c**2*x +
120*a**2*b*c*d*x**2 + 45*a**2*b*d**2*x**3 + 60*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 90*a*b**
2*c*d*x**3 + 36*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + 15*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 24*b**3*c*d*x**4 +
10*b**3*d**2*x**5))/60
```

3.14 $\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	249
Mathematica [A] (verified)	249
Rubi [A] (verified)	250
Maple [A] (verified)	251
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	251
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	252
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	252
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	253
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	253
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	254

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(bc - ad)^2(c + dx)^3}{3d^3} - \frac{b(bc - ad)(c + dx)^4}{2d^3} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^5}{5d^3}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(d*x+c)^3/d^3-1/2*b*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^4/d^3+1/5*b^2*(d*x+c)^5/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = a^2c^2x + ac(bc + ad)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}(b^2c^2 + 4abcd + a^2d^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}bd(bc + ad)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2d^2x^5$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*c^2*x + a*c*(b*c + a*d)*x^2 + ((b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^3)/3 + (b*d*(b*c + a*d)*x^4)/2 + (b^2*d^2*x^5)/5
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1084$$

$$\int \frac{((bc + bdx)^4 - 2b^3(bc - ad)(c + dx)^3 + b^2(bc - ad)^2(c + dx)^2) dx}{b^2d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{b^3(c+dx)^4(bc-ad)}{2d} + \frac{b^2(c+dx)^3(bc-ad)^2}{3d} + \frac{b^4(c+dx)^5}{5d}}{b^2d^2}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d) - (b^3*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^4)/(2*d) + (b^4*(c + d*x)^5)/(5*d))/(b^2*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1084 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{(ad+bc)bdx^4}{2} + \frac{(2abcd+(ad+bc)^2)x^3}{3} + ac(ad+bc)x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$
norman	$\frac{b^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + (\frac{1}{2}ab d^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd b^2) x^4 + (\frac{1}{3}a^2 d^2 + \frac{4}{3}abcd + \frac{1}{3}b^2 c^2) x^3 + (a^2 cd + ab c^2) x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$
risch	$\frac{1}{5}b^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab d^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{2}b^2 cd x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^2 d^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{3}abcd x^3 + \frac{1}{3}b^2 c^2 x^3 + a^2 cd x^2 + ab c^2 x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}b^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab d^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{2}b^2 cd x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^2 d^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{3}abcd x^3 + \frac{1}{3}b^2 c^2 x^3 + a^2 cd x^2 + ab c^2 x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$
gospers	$\frac{x(6b^2 d^2 x^4 + 15d^2 x^3 ab + 15b^2 cd x^3 + 10a^2 d^2 x^2 + 40abcd x^2 + 10b^2 c^2 x^2 + 30a^2 cd x + 30ab c^2 x + 30a^2 c^2)}{30}$
orering	$\frac{x(6b^2 d^2 x^4 + 15d^2 x^3 ab + 15b^2 cd x^3 + 10a^2 d^2 x^2 + 40abcd x^2 + 10b^2 c^2 x^2 + 30a^2 cd x + 30ab c^2 x + 30a^2 c^2)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^2}{30(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/5*b^2*d^2*x^5+1/2*(a*d+b*c)*b*d*x^4+1/3*(2*a*b*c*d+(a*d+b*c)^2)*x^3+a*c*(a*d+b*c)*x^2+a^2*c^2*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5} b^2 d^2 x^5 + a^2 c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} (b^2 cd + abd^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c^2 + 4abcd + a^2 d^2) x^3 + (abc^2 + a^2 cd) x^2$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*b^2*d^2*x^5 + a^2*c^2*x + 1/2*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^3 + (a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = a^2c^2x + \frac{b^2d^2x^5}{5} + x^4\left(\frac{abd^2}{2} + \frac{b^2cd}{2}\right) + x^3\left(\frac{a^2d^2}{3} + \frac{4abcd}{3} + \frac{b^2c^2}{3}\right) + x^2(a^2cd + abc^2)$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`

output `a**2*c**2*x + b**2*d**2*x**5/5 + x**4*(a*b*d**2/2 + b**2*c*d/2) + x**3*(a**2*d**2/3 + 4*a*b*c*d/3 + b**2*c**2/3) + x**2*(a**2*c*d + a*b*c**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}b^2d^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}(bc + ad)bdx^4 + a^2c^2x + \frac{1}{3}(bc + ad)^2x^3 + \frac{1}{3}(2bdx^3 + 3(bc + ad)x^2)ac$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*b^2*d^2*x^5 + 1/2*(b*c + a*d)*b*d*x^4 + a^2*c^2*x + 1/3*(b*c + a*d)^2*x^3 + 1/3*(2*b*d*x^3 + 3*(b*c + a*d)*x^2)*a*c`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5} b^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} b^2 cd x^4 + \frac{1}{2} abd^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} b^2 c^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{3} abcd x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 x^3 + abc^2 x^2 + a^2 cd x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*b^2*d^2*x^5 + 1/2*b^2*c*d*x^4 + 1/2*a*b*d^2*x^4 + 1/3*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 4/3*a*b*c*d*x^3 + 1/3*a^2*d^2*x^3 + a*b*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + a^2*c^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{a^2 d^2}{3} + \frac{4abcd}{3} + \frac{b^2 c^2}{3} \right) + a^2 c^2 x + \frac{b^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + acx^2(ad + bc) + \frac{bdx^4(ad + bc)}{2}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output `x^3*((a^2*d^2)/3 + (b^2*c^2)/3 + (4*a*b*c*d)/3) + a^2*c^2*x + (b^2*d^2*x^5)/5 + a*c*x^2*(a*d + b*c) + (b*d*x^4*(a*d + b*c))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(6b^2d^2x^4 + 15abd^2x^3 + 15b^2cdx^3 + 10a^2d^2x^2 + 40abcdx^2 + 10b^2c^2x^2 + 30a^2cdx + 30abc^2x + 30a^2c^2)}{30}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `(x*(30*a**2*c**2 + 30*a**2*c*d*x + 10*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 30*a*b*c**2*x + 40*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 15*a*b*d**2*x**3 + 10*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 15*b**2*c*d*x**3 + 6*b**2*d**2*x**4))/30`

$$3.15 \quad \int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx$$

Optimal result	255
Mathematica [A] (verified)	255
Rubi [A] (verified)	256
Maple [A] (verified)	257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	257
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	258
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	258
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	258
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	259
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	259

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)(c + dx)^3}{3d^2} + \frac{b(c + dx)^4}{4d^2}$$

output `-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^3/d^2+1/4*b*(d*x+c)^4/d^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{12}x(12ac^2 + 6c(bc + 2ad)x + 4d(2bc + ad)x^2 + 3bd^2x^3)$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x),x]`

output `(x*(12*a*c^2 + 6*c*(b*c + 2*a*d)*x + 4*d*(2*b*c + a*d)*x^2 + 3*b*d^2*x^3)/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(c + dx)^2(ad - bc)}{d} + \frac{b(c + dx)^3}{d} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b(c + dx)^4}{4d^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(bc - ad)}{3d^2}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x),x]`

output `-1/3*((b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^3)/d^2 + (b*(c + d*x)^4)/(4*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{bd^2x^4}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{3}ad^2 + \frac{2}{3}dbc\right)x^3 + \left(acd + \frac{1}{2}bc^2\right)x^2 + ac^2x$	48
gosper	$\frac{x(3bd^2x^3 + 4ad^2x^2 + 8bcdx^2 + 12adxc + 6c^2bx + 12ac^2)}{12}$	50
risch	$\frac{1}{4}bd^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ad^2x^3 + \frac{2}{3}bcdx^3 + adx^2c + \frac{1}{2}bc^2x^2 + ac^2x$	50
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}bd^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ad^2x^3 + \frac{2}{3}bcdx^3 + adx^2c + \frac{1}{2}bc^2x^2 + ac^2x$	50
default	$\frac{bd^2x^4}{4} + \frac{(dbc + d(ad + bc))x^3}{3} + \frac{(c(ad + bc) + acd)x^2}{2} + ac^2x$	55
orering	$\frac{x(3bd^2x^3 + 4ad^2x^2 + 8bcdx^2 + 12adxc + 6c^2bx + 12ac^2)(ac + (ad + bc)x + bdx^2)^2}{12(bx + a)^2(dx + c)^2}$	85

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*b*d^2*x^4+(1/3*a*d^2+2/3*d*b*c)*x^3+(a*c*d+1/2*b*c^2)*x^2+a*c^2*x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{4}bd^2x^4 + ac^2x + \frac{1}{3}(2bcd + ad^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(bc^2 + 2acd)x^2$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*b*d^2*x^4 + a*c^2*x + 1/3*(2*b*c*d + a*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx = ac^2x + \frac{bd^2x^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{ad^2}{3} + \frac{2bcd}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(acd + \frac{bc^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a),x)`output `a*c**2*x + b*d**2*x**4/4 + x**3*(a*d**2/3 + 2*b*c*d/3) + x**2*(a*c*d + b*c**2/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{4} bd^2x^4 + ac^2x + \frac{1}{3} (2bcd + ad^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (bc^2 + 2acd)x^2$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*b*d^2*x^4 + a*c^2*x + 1/3*(2*b*c*d + a*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d)*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{4} bd^2x^4 + \frac{2}{3} bcdx^3 + \frac{1}{3} ad^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} bc^2x^2 + acdx^2 + ac^2x$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*b*d^2*x^4 + 2/3*b*c*d*x^3 + 1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + 1/2*b*c^2*x^2 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{bc^2}{2} + a d c \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{a d^2}{3} + \frac{2 b c d}{3} \right) + \frac{b d^2 x^4}{4} + a c^2 x$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x),x)`output `x^2*((b*c^2)/2 + a*c*d) + x^3*((a*d^2)/3 + (2*b*c*d)/3) + (b*d^2*x^4)/4 + a*c^2*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{a + bx} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(3b d^2 x^3 + 4a d^2 x^2 + 8bcd x^2 + 12acd x + 6b c^2 x + 12a c^2)}{12}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a),x)`output `(x*(12*a*c**2 + 12*a*c*d*x + 4*a*d**2*x**2 + 6*b*c**2*x + 8*b*c*d*x**2 + 3*b*d**2*x**3))/12`

$$3.16 \quad \int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	260
Mathematica [A] (verified)	260
Rubi [A] (verified)	261
Maple [A] (verified)	262
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	262
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	263
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	263
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	263
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	264
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	264

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(c + dx)^3}{3d}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x+c)^3/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(c + dx)^3}{3d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(c + d*x)^3/(3*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int (c + dx)^2 dx$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{(c + dx)^3}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^3/(3*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(dx+c)^3}{3d}$	13
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{3}d^2x^3 + cdx^2 + c^2x$	21
gosper	$\frac{x(d^2x^2+3cdx+3c^2)}{3}$	22
risch	$\frac{d^2x^3}{3} + cdx^2 + c^2x + \frac{c^3}{3d}$	29
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{3}ad^2+dbc)x^3+(acd+bc^2)x^2+ac^2x+\frac{bd^2x^4}{3}}{bx+a}$	54
orering	$\frac{x(d^2x^2+3cdx+3c^2)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^2}{3(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$	57

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(d*x+c)^3/d`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3 + cdx^2 + c^2x$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*d^2*x^3 + c*d*x^2 + c^2*x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19 vs. $2(8) = 16$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = c^2x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3 + cdx^2 + c^2x$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*d^2*x^3 + c*d*x^2 + c^2*x`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.00

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{\left(\frac{3b^2c^2}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{3bcd}{bx+a} - \frac{6abcd}{(bx+a)^2} - \frac{3ad^2}{bx+a} + \frac{3a^2d^2}{(bx+a)^2} + d^2 \right) (bx+a)^3}{3b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(3*b^2*c^2/(b*x + a)^2 + 3*b*c*d/(b*x + a) - 6*a*b*c*d/(b*x + a)^2 - 3*a*d^2/(b*x + a) + 3*a^2*d^2/(b*x + a)^2 + d^2)*(b*x + a)^3/b^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `c^2*x + (d^2*x^3)/3 + c*d*x^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{x(d^2 x^2 + 3cdx + 3c^2)}{3}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `(x*(3*c**2 + 3*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))/3`

$$3.17 \quad \int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	265
Mathematica [A] (verified)	265
Rubi [A] (verified)	266
Maple [A] (verified)	267
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	267
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	268
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	268
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	268
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	269
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	269

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{d(2bc - ad)x}{b^2} + \frac{d^2x^2}{2b} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

output

```
d*(-a*d+2*b*c)*x/b^2+1/2*d^2*x^2/b+(-a*d+b*c)^2*ln(b*x+a)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{bdx(4bc - 2ad + bdx) + 2(bc - ad)^2 \log(a + bx)}{2b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(b*d*x*(4*b*c - 2*a*d + b*d*x) + 2*(b*c - a*d)^2*Log[a + b*x])/(2*b^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{d(bc - ad)}{b^2} + \frac{d(c + dx)}{b} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(bc - ad)^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{dx(bc - ad)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{2b}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `(d*(b*c - a*d)*x)/b^2 + (c + d*x)^2/(2*b) + ((b*c - a*d)^2*Log[a + b*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{d(-\frac{1}{2}bdx^2+adx-2cbx)}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)\ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	56
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^2d^2x^2+2\ln(bx+a)a^2d^2-4\ln(bx+a)abcd+2\ln(bx+a)b^2c^2-2abd^2x+4b^2cxd}{2b^3}$	73
risch	$\frac{d^2x^2}{2b} - \frac{d^2ax}{b^2} + \frac{2cdx}{b} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)a^2d^2}{b^3} - \frac{2\ln(bx+a)acd}{b^2} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)c^2}{b}$	74
norman	$\frac{a^2(3a^2d^2-8abcd)}{2b^3} + \frac{bd^2x^4}{2} + \frac{2a(a^2d^2-3abcd)x}{b^2} + 2bcdx^3 + \frac{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)\ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	103

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-d/b^2*(-1/2*b*d*x^2+a*d*x-2*c*b*x)+(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/b^3*ln(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2d^2x^2 + 2(2b^2cd - abd^2)x + 2(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2)\log(bx + a)}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x + 2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(b*x + a))/b^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = x \left(-\frac{ad^2}{b^2} + \frac{2cd}{b} \right) + \frac{d^2x^2}{2b} + \frac{(ad - bc)^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `x*(-a*d**2/b**2 + 2*c*d/b) + d**2*x**2/(2*b) + (a*d - b*c)**2*log(a + b*x)/b**3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{bd^2x^2 + 2(2bcd - ad^2)x}{2b^2} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(bx + a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(b*d^2*x^2 + 2*(2*b*c*d - a*d^2)*x)/b^2 + (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(b*x + a)/b^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{bd^2x^2 + 4bcdx - 2ad^2x}{2b^2} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b*d^2*x^2 + 4*b*c*d*x - 2*a*d^2*x)/b^2 + (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{\ln(a + bx) (a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{b^3} - x \left(\frac{a d^2}{b^2} - \frac{2cd}{b} \right) + \frac{d^2 x^2}{2b}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `(log(a + b*x)*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/b^3 - x*((a*d^2)/b^2 - (2*c*d)/b) + (d^2*x^2)/(2*b)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2 \log(bx + a) a^2 d^2 - 4 \log(bx + a) abcd + 2 \log(bx + a) b^2 c^2 - 2ab d^2 x + 4b^2 cdx + b^2 d^2 x^2}{2b^3}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `(2*log(a + b*x)*a**2*d**2 - 4*log(a + b*x)*a*b*c*d + 2*log(a + b*x)*b**2*c**2 - 2*a*b*d**2*x + 4*b**2*c*d*x + b**2*d**2*x**2)/(2*b**3)`

$$3.18 \quad \int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	270
Mathematica [A] (verified)	270
Rubi [A] (verified)	271
Maple [A] (verified)	272
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	272
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	273
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	273
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	273
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	274
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	274

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{d^2x}{b^2} - \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{2d(bc - ad) \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

output

$$d^2x/b^2 - (-a*d + b*c)^2/b^3/(b*x + a) + 2*d*(-a*d + b*c)*\ln(b*x + a)/b^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{bd^2x - \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{a + bx} + 2d(bc - ad) \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^4, x]$$

output

$$(b*d^2*x - (b*c - a*d)^2/(a + b*x) + 2*d*(b*c - a*d)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/b^3$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{d^2}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{2d(bc - ad) \log(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{d^2 x}{b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(d^2*x)/b^2 - (b*c - a*d)^2/(b^3*(a + b*x)) + (2*d*(b*c - a*d)*Log[a + b*x])/b^3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d^2 x}{b^2} - \frac{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2}{b^3 (bx+a)} - \frac{2d(ad-bc) \ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	63
risch	$\frac{d^2 x}{b^2} - \frac{a^2 d^2}{b^3 (bx+a)} + \frac{2acd}{b^2 (bx+a)} - \frac{c^2}{b(bx+a)} - \frac{2d^2 \ln(bx+a)a}{b^3} + \frac{2d \ln(bx+a)c}{b^2}$	86
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(bx+a)xab d^2 - 2 \ln(bx+a)x b^2 cd - b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 \ln(bx+a)a^2 d^2 - 2 \ln(bx+a)abcd + 2a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2}{b^3 (bx+a)}$	100
norman	$\frac{b d^2 x^4 - \frac{a^2 (4a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{b^3} - \frac{(7a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)x^2}{b} - \frac{a(10a^2 d^2 - 4abcd + 2b^2 c^2)x}{b^2}}{(bx+a)^3} - \frac{2d(ad-bc) \ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	129

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `d^2*x/b^2-(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/b^3/(b*x+a)-2/b^3*d*(a*d-b*c)*ln(b*x+a)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 d^2 x^2 + abd^2 x - b^2 c^2 + 2abcd - a^2 d^2 + 2(abcd - a^2 d^2 + (b^2 cd - abd^2)x) \log(bx + a)}{b^4 x + ab^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(b^2*d^2*x^2 + a*b*d^2*x - b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 + 2*(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^4*x + a*b^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2d^2 + 2abcd - b^2c^2}{ab^3 + b^4x} + \frac{d^2x}{b^2} - \frac{2d(ad - bc) \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**4,x)`output `(-a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*c*d - b**2*c**2)/(a*b**3 + b**4*x) + d**2*x/b**2 - 2*d*(a*d - b*c)*log(a + b*x)/b**3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{d^2x}{b^2} - \frac{b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2}{b^4x + ab^3} + \frac{2(bcd - ad^2) \log(bx + a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `d^2*x/b^2 - (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)/(b^4*x + a*b^3) + 2*(b*c*d - a*d^2)*log(b*x + a)/b^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2x}{b^2} + \frac{2(bcd - ad^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^3} - \frac{b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2}{(bx + a)b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{d^2x}{b^2} + \frac{2(bcd - ad^2)\log(\abs{bx + a})}{b^3} - \frac{(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2)}{(bx + a)b^3}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{d^2x}{b^2} - \frac{a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2}{b(xb^3 + ab^2)} - \frac{\ln(ax + b)(2ad^2 - 2bcd)}{b^3}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^4,x)`

output
$$\frac{d^2x}{b^2} - \frac{(a^2d^2 + b^2c^2 - 2abcd)}{b(ab^2 + b^3x)} - \frac{(\log(ax + b))(2ad^2 - 2bcd)}{b^3}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{-2\log(bx + a)a^3d^2 + 2\log(bx + a)a^2bcd - 2\log(bx + a)a^2bd^2x + 2\log(bx + a)ab^2cdx + 2a^2bd^2x - 2a^2b^2d^2x^2 + 2ab^2cd^2x^2 + 2b^3cd^2x^2}{ab^3(bx + a)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^4,x)`

output
$$\frac{(-2\log(ax + b)a^3d^2 + 2\log(ax + b)a^2bcd - 2\log(ax + b)a^2bd^2x + 2\log(ax + b)ab^2cdx + 2a^2bd^2x^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2x^2 + 2ab^2cd^2x^2 + b^3cd^2x^2)}{ab^3(ax + b)}$$

3.19
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^5} dx$$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^2}{2b^3(a + bx)^2} - \frac{2d(bc - ad)}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{d^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

output `-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^2-2*d*(-a*d+b*c)/b^3/(b*x+a)+d^2*ln(b*x+a)/b^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{-\frac{(bc-ad)(3ad+b(c+4dx))}{(a+bx)^2} + 2d^2 \log(a + bx)}{2b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^5,x]`

output `(-(((b*c - a*d)*(3*a*d + b*(c + 4*d*x)))/(a + b*x)^2) + 2*d^2*Log[a + b*x])/ (2*b^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{b^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^2(a + bx)^3} + \frac{d^2}{b^2(a + bx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{b^3(a + bx)} - \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{2b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{d^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/2*(b*c - a*d)^2/(b^3*(a + b*x)^2) - (2*d*(b*c - a*d))/(b^3*(a + b*x)) + (d^2*Log[a + b*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
risch	$\frac{2d(ad-bc)x + 3a^2d^2 - 2abcd - b^2c^2}{b^2(bx+a)^2} + \frac{d^2 \ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$
default	$\frac{2d(ad-bc)}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{d^2 \ln(bx+a)}{b^3} - \frac{a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2}{2b^3(bx+a)^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(bx+a)x^2b^2d^2 + 4 \ln(bx+a)xabd^2 + 2 \ln(bx+a)a^2d^2 + 4abd^2x - 4b^2cxd + 3a^2d^2 - 2abcd - b^2c^2}{2b^3(bx+a)^2}$
norman	$\frac{a(5a^2bd^2 - 4cda b^2 - b^3c^2)x}{b^3} + \frac{a^2(3a^2bd^2 - 2cda b^2 - b^3c^2)}{2b^4} + \frac{2(abd^2 - cdb^2)x^3}{b} + \frac{(11a^2bd^2 - 10cda b^2 - b^3c^2)x^2}{2b^2} + \frac{d^2 \ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(2/b^2*d*(a*d-b*c)*x + 1/2*(3*a^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*c*d - b^2*c^2)/b^3)/(b*x+a)^2 + d^2*\ln(b*x+a)/b^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^2c^2 + 2abcd - 3a^2d^2 + 4(b^2cd - abd^2)x - 2(b^2d^2x^2 + 2abd^2x + a^2d^2) \log(bx + a)}{2(b^5x^2 + 2ab^4x + a^2b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/2*(b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d - 3*a^2*d^2 + 4*(b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*d^2*x + a^2*d^2)*\log(b*x + a))/(b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{3a^2d^2 - 2abcd - b^2c^2 + x(4abd^2 - 4b^2cd)}{2a^2b^3 + 4ab^4x + 2b^5x^2} + \frac{d^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**5,x)`output `(3*a**2*d**2 - 2*a*b*c*d - b**2*c**2 + x*(4*a*b*d**2 - 4*b**2*c*d))/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x + 2*b**5*x**2) + d**2*log(a + b*x)/b**3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{b^2c^2 + 2abcd - 3a^2d^2 + 4(b^2cd - abd^2)x}{2(b^5x^2 + 2ab^4x + a^2b^3)} + \frac{d^2 \log(bx + a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d - 3*a^2*d^2 + 4*(b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3) + d^2*log(b*x + a)/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\frac{b^5c^2}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{4b^4cd}{bx+a} - \frac{2ab^4cd}{(bx+a)^2} - \frac{4ab^3d^2}{bx+a} + \frac{a^2b^3d^2}{(bx+a)^2}}{2b^6}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-d^2*log(abs(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)^2*abs(b)))/b^3 - 1/2*(b^5*c^2/(b*x + a)^2 + 4*b^4*c*d/(b*x + a) - 2*a*b^4*c*d/(b*x + a)^2 - 4*a*b^3*d^2/(b*x + a) + a^2*b^3*d^2/(b*x + a)^2)/b^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{d^2 \ln(a + bx)}{b^3} - \frac{-3a^2d^2 + 2ab^2cd + b^2c^2}{2b^3} - \frac{2dx(ad - bc)}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^5,x)`

output `(d^2*log(a + b*x))/b^3 - ((b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2 + 2*a*b*c*d)/(2*b^3) - (2*d*x*(a*d - b*c))/b^2)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(bx + a) a^3 d^2 + 4 \log(bx + a) a^2 b d^2 x + 2 \log(bx + a) a b^2 d^2 x^2 + a^3 d^2 - a b^2 c^2 - 2 a b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 b^3 c d x}{2 a b^3 (b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^5,x)`output `(2*log(a + b*x)*a**3*d**2 + 4*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d**2*x + 2*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + a**3*d**2 - a*b**2*c**2 - 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*b**3*c*d*x**2)/(2*a*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

$$3.20 \quad \int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	285
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	285

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{(c + dx)^3}{3(bc - ad)(a + bx)^3}$$

output `-1/3*(d*x+c)^3/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{a^2d^2 + abd(c + 3dx) + b^2(c^2 + 3cdx + 3d^2x^2)}{3b^3(a + bx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^6,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^2*d^2 + a*b*d*(c + 3*d*x) + b^2*(c^2 + 3*c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2))/(b^3*(a + b*x)^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(c + dx)^3}{3(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^6,x]`

output `-1/3*(c + d*x)^3/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 59 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{3b^2d^2x^2+3abd^2x+3b^2cxd+a^2d^2+abcd+b^2c^2}{3b^3(bx+a)^3}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{d^2x^2}{b}-\frac{d(ad+bc)x}{b^2}-\frac{a^2d^2+abcd+b^2c^2}{3b^3}}{(bx+a)^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3b^2d^2x^2-3abd^2x-3b^2cxd-a^2d^2-abcd-b^2c^2}{3b^3(bx+a)^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}{3b^3(bx+a)^3}-\frac{d^2}{b^3(bx+a)}+\frac{d(ad-bc)}{b^3(bx+a)^2}$
orering	$-\frac{(3b^2d^2x^2+3abd^2x+3b^2cxd+a^2d^2+abcd+b^2c^2)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^2}{3b^3(bx+a)^5(dx+c)^2}$
norman	$-\frac{bd^2x^4+\frac{(-3ab^2d^2-b^3cd)x^3}{b^2}+\frac{a^2(-d^2a^2b^2-cda b^3-b^4c^2)}{3b^5}+\frac{(-10d^2a^2b^2-7cda b^3-b^4c^2)x^2}{3b^3}+\frac{a(-5d^2a^2b^2-5cda b^3-2b^4c^2)x}{3b^4}}{(bx+a)^5}$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2+3*a*b*d^2*x+3*b^2*c*d*x+a^2*d^2+a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^3$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{3b^2d^2x^2 + b^2c^2 + abcd + a^2d^2 + 3(b^2cd + abd^2)x}{3(b^6x^3 + 3ab^5x^2 + 3a^2b^4x + a^3b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/3*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 3*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^6*x^3 + 3*a*b^5*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^4*x + a^3*b^3)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 88 vs. $2(22) = 44$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = \frac{-a^2d^2 - abcd - b^2c^2 - 3b^2d^2x^2 + x(-3abd^2 - 3b^2cd)}{3a^3b^3 + 9a^2b^4x + 9ab^5x^2 + 3b^6x^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**6,x)`

output `(-a**2*d**2 - a*b*c*d - b**2*c**2 - 3*b**2*d**2*x**2 + x*(-3*a*b*d**2 - 3*b**2*c*d))/(3*a**3*b**3 + 9*a**2*b**4*x + 9*a*b**5*x**2 + 3*b**6*x**3)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{3b^2d^2x^2 + b^2c^2 + abcd + a^2d^2 + 3(b^2cd + abd^2)x}{3(b^6x^3 + 3ab^5x^2 + 3a^2b^4x + a^3b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 3*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^6*x^3 + 3*a*b^5*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^4*x + a^3*b^3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 59 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{3b^2d^2x^2 + 3b^2cdx + 3abd^2x + b^2c^2 + abcd + a^2d^2}{3(bx + a)^3b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c*d*x + 3*a*b*d^2*x + b^2*c^2 + a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)/((b*x + a)^3*b^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^2d^2+abcd+b^2c^2}{3b^3} + \frac{d^2x^2}{b} + \frac{dx(ad+bc)}{b^2}}{a^3 + 3a^2bx + 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^6,x)`

output `-((a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + a*b*c*d)/(3*b^3) + (d^2*x^2)/b + (d*x*(a*d + b*c))/b^2)/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^6} dx = \frac{b^2d^2x^3 - 3abcdx - a^2cd - abc^2}{3ab^2(b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 + 3a^2bx + a^3)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^6,x)`

output $(-a^{**2}*c*d - a*b*c^{**2} - 3*a*b*c*d*x + b^{**2}*d^{**2}*x^{**3})/(3*a*b^{**2}*(a^{**3} + 3*a^{**2}*b*x + 3*a*b^{**2}*x^{**2} + b^{**3}*x^{**3}))$

3.21
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^7} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^2}{4b^3(a + bx)^4} - \frac{2d(bc - ad)}{3b^3(a + bx)^3} - \frac{d^2}{2b^3(a + bx)^2}$$

output

$$-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^4-2/3*d*(-a*d+b*c)/b^3/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*d^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx = -\frac{a^2d^2 + 2abd(c + 2dx) + b^2(3c^2 + 8cdx + 6d^2x^2)}{12b^3(a + bx)^4}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^7,x]$$

output

$$-1/12*(a^2*d^2 + 2*a*b*d*(c + 2*d*x) + b^2*(3*c^2 + 8*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2))/(b^3*(a + b*x)^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{b^2(a + bx)^4} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^2(a + bx)^5} + \frac{d^2}{b^2(a + bx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{3b^3(a + bx)^3} - \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{4b^3(a + bx)^4} - \frac{d^2}{2b^3(a + bx)^2}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^7,x]`

output `-1/4*(b*c - a*d)^2/(b^3*(a + b*x)^4) - (2*d*(b*c - a*d))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^3) - d^2/(2*b^3*(a + b*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{6b^2d^2x^2+4abd^2x+8b^2cxd+a^2d^2+2abcd+3b^2c^2}{12b^3(bx+a)^4}$	6
risch	$\frac{-\frac{d^2x^2}{2b}-\frac{d(ad+2bc)x}{3b^2}-\frac{a^2d^2+2abcd+3b^2c^2}{12b^3}}{(bx+a)^4}$	6
paralelrisch	$\frac{-6b^3d^2x^2-4ab^2d^2x-8b^3cxd-a^2bd^2-2cda b^2-3b^3c^2}{12b^4(bx+a)^4}$	6
default	$\frac{2d(ad-bc)}{3b^3(bx+a)^3}-\frac{d^2}{2b^3(bx+a)^2}-\frac{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}{4b^3(bx+a)^4}$	7
orering	$-\frac{(6b^2d^2x^2+4abd^2x+8b^2cxd+a^2d^2+2abcd+3b^2c^2)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^2}{12b^3(bx+a)^6(dx+c)^2}$	9
norman	$\frac{\frac{a^2(-d^2a^2b^3-2cda b^4-3b^5c^2)}{12b^6}-\frac{bd^2x^4}{2}+\frac{2(-2ab^3d^2-b^4cd)x^3}{3b^3}+\frac{(-5d^2a^2b^3-6cda b^4-b^5c^2)x^2}{4b^4}+\frac{a(-d^2a^2b^3-2cda b^4-b^5c^2)x}{2b^5}}{(bx+a)^6}$	1

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/12/b^3*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2+4*a*b*d^2*x+8*b^2*c*d*x+a^2*d^2+2*a*b*c*d+3*b^2*c^2)/(b*x+a)^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6b^2d^2x^2 + 3b^2c^2 + 2abcd + a^2d^2 + 4(2b^2cd + abd^2)x}{12(b^7x^4 + 4ab^6x^3 + 6a^2b^5x^2 + 4a^3b^4x + a^4b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/12*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^7*x^4 + 4*a*b^6*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^5*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2d^2 - 2abcd - 3b^2c^2 - 6b^2d^2x^2 + x(-4abd^2 - 8b^2cd)}{12a^4b^3 + 48a^3b^4x + 72a^2b^5x^2 + 48ab^6x^3 + 12b^7x^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**7,x)`output `(-a**2*d**2 - 2*a*b*c*d - 3*b**2*c**2 - 6*b**2*d**2*x**2 + x*(-4*a*b*d**2 - 8*b**2*c*d))/(12*a**4*b**3 + 48*a**3*b**4*x + 72*a**2*b**5*x**2 + 48*a*b**6*x**3 + 12*b**7*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6b^2d^2x^2 + 3b^2c^2 + 2abcd + a^2d^2 + 4(2b^2cd + abd^2)x}{12(b^7x^4 + 4ab^6x^3 + 6a^2b^5x^2 + 4a^3b^4x + a^4b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^7*x^4 + 4*a*b^6*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^5*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6b^2d^2x^2 + 8b^2cdx + 4abd^2x + 3b^2c^2 + 2abcd + a^2d^2}{12(bx + a)^4b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/12*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 8*b^2*c*d*x + 4*a*b*d^2*x + 3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)/((b*x + a)^4*b^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^2d^2 + 2abcd + 3b^2c^2}{12b^3} + \frac{d^2x^2}{2b} + \frac{dx(ad + 2bc)}{3b^2}}{a^4 + 4a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4}$$

input

```
int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^7,x)
```

output

```
-((a^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d)/(12*b^3) + (d^2*x^2)/(2*b) + (d*x*(a*d + 2*b*c))/(3*b^2))/(a^4 + b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*b*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^7} dx = \frac{-6b^2d^2x^2 - 4abd^2x - 8b^2cdx - a^2d^2 - 2abcd - 3b^2c^2}{12b^3(b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^7,x)`

output `(- a**2*d**2 - 2*a*b*c*d - 4*a*b*d**2*x - 3*b**2*c**2 - 8*b**2*c*d*x - 6*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(12*b**3*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

3.22
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^8} dx$$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	298

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^2}{5b^3(a + bx)^5} - \frac{d(bc - ad)}{2b^3(a + bx)^4} - \frac{d^2}{3b^3(a + bx)^3}$$

output

$$-1/5*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^5-1/2*d*(-a*d+b*c)/b^3/(b*x+a)^4-1/3*d^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx = -\frac{a^2d^2 + abd(3c + 5dx) + b^2(6c^2 + 15cdx + 10d^2x^2)}{30b^3(a + bx)^5}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^8,x]$$

output

$$-1/30*(a^2*d^2 + a*b*d*(3*c + 5*d*x) + b^2*(6*c^2 + 15*c*d*x + 10*d^2*x^2))/(b^3*(a + b*x)^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{b^2(a + bx)^5} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^2(a + bx)^6} + \frac{d^2}{b^2(a + bx)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{d(bc - ad)}{2b^3(a + bx)^4} - \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{5b^3(a + bx)^5} - \frac{d^2}{3b^3(a + bx)^3}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^8,x]`

output `-1/5*(b*c - a*d)^2/(b^3*(a + b*x)^5) - (d*(b*c - a*d))/(2*b^3*(a + b*x)^4) - d^2/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{10b^2d^2x^2+5abd^2x+15b^2cxd+a^2d^2+3abcd+6b^2c^2}{30b^3(bx+a)^5}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{d^2x^2}{3b}-\frac{d(ad+3bc)x}{6b^2}-\frac{a^2d^2+3abcd+6b^2c^2}{30b^3}}{(bx+a)^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{10b^4d^2x^2-5ab^3d^2x-15b^4cxd-d^2a^2b^2-3cda b^3-6b^4c^2}{30b^5(bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}{5b^3(bx+a)^5}-\frac{d^2}{3b^3(bx+a)^3}+\frac{d(ad-bc)}{2b^3(bx+a)^4}$
orering	$-\frac{(10b^2d^2x^2+5abd^2x+15b^2cxd+a^2d^2+3abcd+6b^2c^2)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^2}{30b^3(bx+a)^7(dx+c)^2}$
norman	$\frac{a^2(-a^2b^4d^2-3ab^5cd-6b^6c^2)}{30b^7}-\frac{bd^2x^4}{3}+\frac{(-5ab^4d^2-3b^5cd)x^3}{6b^4}+\frac{(-7a^2b^4d^2-11ab^5cd-2b^6c^2)x^2}{10b^5}+\frac{a(-7a^2b^4d^2-21ab^5cd-12b^6c^2)}{30b^6}$ $(bx+a)^7$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/30/b^3*(10*b^2*d^2*x^2+5*a*b*d^2*x+15*b^2*c*d*x+a^2*d^2+3*a*b*c*d+6*b^2*c^2)/(b*x+a)^5$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{10b^2d^2x^2 + 6b^2c^2 + 3abcd + a^2d^2 + 5(3b^2cd + abd^2)x}{30(b^8x^5 + 5ab^7x^4 + 10a^2b^6x^3 + 10a^3b^5x^2 + 5a^4b^4x + a^5b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/30*(10*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 6*b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 5*(3*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^8*x^5 + 5*a*b^7*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^4*x + a^5*b^3)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2d^2 - 3abcd - 6b^2c^2 - 10b^2d^2x^2 + x(-5abd^2 - 15b^2cd)}{30a^5b^3 + 150a^4b^4x + 300a^3b^5x^2 + 300a^2b^6x^3 + 150ab^7x^4 + 30b^8x^5}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**8,x)`

output `(-a**2*d**2 - 3*a*b*c*d - 6*b**2*c**2 - 10*b**2*d**2*x**2 + x*(-5*a*b*d**2 - 15*b**2*c*d))/(30*a**5*b**3 + 150*a**4*b**4*x + 300*a**3*b**5*x**2 + 300*a**2*b**6*x**3 + 150*a*b**7*x**4 + 30*b**8*x**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{10b^2d^2x^2 + 6b^2c^2 + 3abcd + a^2d^2 + 5(3b^2cd + abd^2)x}{30(b^8x^5 + 5ab^7x^4 + 10a^2b^6x^3 + 10a^3b^5x^2 + 5a^4b^4x + a^5b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/30*(10*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 6*b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 5*(3*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^8*x^5 + 5*a*b^7*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^4*x + a^5*b^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{10b^2d^2x^2 + 15b^2cdx + 5abd^2x + 6b^2c^2 + 3abcd + a^2d^2}{30(bx + a)^5b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/30*(10*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 15*b^2*c*d*x + 5*a*b*d^2*x + 6*b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)/((b*x + a)^5*b^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^2d^2+3abcd+6b^2c^2}{30b^3} + \frac{d^2x^2}{3b} + \frac{dx(ad+3bc)}{6b^2}}{a^5 + 5a^4bx + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 5ab^4x^4 + b^5x^5}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^8,x)`

output `-((a^2*d^2 + 6*b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d)/(30*b^3) + (d^2*x^2)/(3*b) + (d*x*(a*d + 3*b*c))/(6*b^2))/(a^5 + b^5*x^5 + 5*a*b^4*x^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10b^2d^2x^2 - 5abd^2x - 15b^2cdx - a^2d^2 - 3abcd - 6b^2c^2}{30b^3(b^5x^5 + 5ab^4x^4 + 10a^2b^3x^3 + 10a^3b^2x^2 + 5a^4bx + a^5)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^8,x)`output `(- a**2*d**2 - 3*a*b*c*d - 5*a*b*d**2*x - 6*b**2*c**2 - 15*b**2*c*d*x - 10*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(30*b**3*(a**5 + 5*a**4*b*x + 10*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 10*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 5*a*b**4*x**4 + b**5*x**5))`

3.23
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^9} dx$$

Optimal result	299
Mathematica [A] (verified)	299
Rubi [A] (verified)	300
Maple [A] (verified)	301
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	301
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	302
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	302
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	303
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	304

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^2}{6b^3(a + bx)^6} - \frac{2d(bc - ad)}{5b^3(a + bx)^5} - \frac{d^2}{4b^3(a + bx)^4}$$

output

```
-1/6*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^6-2/5*d*(-a*d+b*c)/b^3/(b*x+a)^5-1/4*d^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx = -\frac{a^2d^2 + 2abd(2c + 3dx) + b^2(10c^2 + 24cdx + 15d^2x^2)}{60b^3(a + bx)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^9,x]
```

output

```
-1/60*(a^2*d^2 + 2*a*b*d*(2*c + 3*d*x) + b^2*(10*c^2 + 24*c*d*x + 15*d^2*x^2))/(b^3*(a + b*x)^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{b^2(a + bx)^6} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^2(a + bx)^7} + \frac{d^2}{b^2(a + bx)^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{5b^3(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{6b^3(a + bx)^6} - \frac{d^2}{4b^3(a + bx)^4}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^9,x]`

output `-1/6*(b*c - a*d)^2/(b^3*(a + b*x)^6) - (2*d*(b*c - a*d))/(5*b^3*(a + b*x)^5) - d^2/(4*b^3*(a + b*x)^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{15b^2d^2x^2+6abd^2x+24b^2cxd+a^2d^2+4abcd+10b^2c^2}{60b^3(bx+a)^6}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{d^2x^2}{4b}-\frac{d(ad+4bc)x}{10b^2}-\frac{a^2d^2+4abcd+10b^2c^2}{60b^3}}{(bx+a)^6}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{15d^2x^2b^5-6ab^4d^2x-24b^5cxd-d^2a^2b^3-4cda^4b-10b^5c^2}{60b^6(bx+a)^6}$
default	$\frac{2d(ad-bc)}{5b^3(bx+a)^5}-\frac{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}{6b^3(bx+a)^6}-\frac{d^2}{4b^3(bx+a)^4}$
orering	$-\frac{(15b^2d^2x^2+6abd^2x+24b^2cxd+a^2d^2+4abcd+10b^2c^2)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^2}{60b^3(bx+a)^8(dx+c)^2}$
norman	$\frac{a^2(-a^2b^5d^2-4ab^6cd-10b^7c^2)}{60b^8}-\frac{bd^2x^4}{4}+\frac{(-3ab^5d^2-2cd^6)x^3}{5b^5}+\frac{(-14a^2b^5d^2-26ab^6cd-5b^7c^2)x^2}{30b^6}+\frac{a(-2a^2b^5d^2-8ab^6cd-5b^7c^2)}{15b^7}$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/60/b^3*(15*b^2*d^2*x^2+6*a*b*d^2*x+24*b^2*c*d*x+a^2*d^2+4*a*b*c*d+10*b^2*c^2)/(b*x+a)^6$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15b^2d^2x^2 + 10b^2c^2 + 4abcd + a^2d^2 + 6(4b^2cd + abd^2)x}{60(b^9x^6 + 6ab^8x^5 + 15a^2b^7x^4 + 20a^3b^6x^3 + 15a^4b^5x^2 + 6a^5b^4x + a^6b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$-1/60*(15*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 10*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 6*(4*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^9*x^6 + 6*a*b^8*x^5 + 15*a^2*b^7*x^4 + 20*a^3*b^6*x^3 + 15*a^4*b^5*x^2 + 6*a^5*b^4*x + a^6*b^3)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2d^2 - 4abcd - 10b^2c^2 - 15b^2d^2x^2 + x(-6abd^2 - 24b^2cd)}{60a^6b^3 + 360a^5b^4x + 900a^4b^5x^2 + 1200a^3b^6x^3 + 900a^2b^7x^4 + 360ab^8x^5 + 60b^9x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**9,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(-a**2*d**2 - 4*a*b*c*d - 10*b**2*c**2 - 15*b**2*d**2*x**2 + x*(-6*a*b*d**2 - 24*b**2*c*d))/(60*a**6*b**3 + 360*a**5*b**4*x + 900*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**6*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**7*x**4 + 360*a*b**8*x**5 + 60*b**9*x**6)}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15b^2d^2x^2 + 10b^2c^2 + 4abcd + a^2d^2 + 6(4b^2cd + abd^2)x}{60(b^9x^6 + 6ab^8x^5 + 15a^2b^7x^4 + 20a^3b^6x^3 + 15a^4b^5x^2 + 6a^5b^4x + a^6b^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/60*(15*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 10*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 6*(4*b^2*c*d +
a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^9*x^6 + 6*a*b^8*x^5 + 15*a^2*b^7*x^4 + 20*a^3*b^6*x^3 + 15*
a^4*b^5*x^2 + 6*a^5*b^4*x + a^6*b^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15b^2d^2x^2 + 24b^2cdx + 6abd^2x + 10b^2c^2 + 4abcd + a^2d^2}{60(bx + a)^6b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^9,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/60*(15*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 24*b^2*c*d*x + 6*a*b*d^2*x + 10*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*
d + a^2*d^2)/((b*x + a)^6*b^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^2d^2+4abcd+10b^2c^2}{60b^3} + \frac{d^2x^2}{4b} + \frac{dx(ad+4bc)}{10b^2}}{a^6 + 6a^5bx + 15a^4b^2x^2 + 20a^3b^3x^3 + 15a^2b^4x^4 + 6ab^5x^5 + b^6x^6}$$

input

```
int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^9,x)
```

output

```
-((a^2*d^2 + 10*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d)/(60*b^3) + (d^2*x^2)/(4*b) + (d*x*(a*
d + 4*b*c))/(10*b^2))/(a^6 + b^6*x^6 + 6*a*b^5*x^5 + 15*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 20*a
^3*b^3*x^3 + 15*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 6*a^5*b*x)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15b^2d^2x^2 - 6abd^2x - 24b^2cdx - a^2d^2 - 4abcd - 10b^2c^2}{60b^3(b^6x^6 + 6ab^5x^5 + 15a^2b^4x^4 + 20a^3b^3x^3 + 15a^4b^2x^2 + 6a^5bx + a^6)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^9,x)`output `(- a**2*d**2 - 4*a*b*c*d - 6*a*b*d**2*x - 10*b**2*c**2 - 24*b**2*c*d*x - 15*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(60*b**3*(a**6 + 6*a**5*b*x + 15*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 15*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 6*a*b**5*x**5 + b**6*x**6))`

$$3.24 \quad \int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2}{(a+bx)^{10}} dx$$

Optimal result	305
Mathematica [A] (verified)	305
Rubi [A] (verified)	306
Maple [A] (verified)	307
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	307
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	308
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	308
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	309
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	309
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	310

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^2}{7b^3(a + bx)^7} - \frac{d(bc - ad)}{3b^3(a + bx)^6} - \frac{d^2}{5b^3(a + bx)^5}$$

output

```
-1/7*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^7-1/3*d*(-a*d+b*c)/b^3/(b*x+a)^6-1/5*d^2/b^3/(b*x+a)^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^2d^2 + abd(5c + 7dx) + b^2(15c^2 + 35cdx + 21d^2x^2)}{105b^3(a + bx)^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^10,x]
```

output

```
-1/105*(a^2*d^2 + a*b*d*(5*c + 7*d*x) + b^2*(15*c^2 + 35*c*d*x + 21*d^2*x^2))/(b^3*(a + b*x)^7)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2d(bc - ad)}{b^2(a + bx)^7} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{b^2(a + bx)^8} + \frac{d^2}{b^2(a + bx)^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{d(bc - ad)}{3b^3(a + bx)^6} - \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{7b^3(a + bx)^7} - \frac{d^2}{5b^3(a + bx)^5}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^10,x]`

output `-1/7*(b*c - a*d)^2/(b^3*(a + b*x)^7) - (d*(b*c - a*d))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^6) - d^2/(5*b^3*(a + b*x)^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{21b^2d^2x^2+7abd^2x+35b^2cxd+a^2d^2+5abcd+15b^2c^2}{105b^3(bx+a)^7}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{d^2x^2}{5b}-\frac{d(ad+5bc)x}{15b^2}-\frac{a^2d^2+5abcd+15b^2c^2}{105b^3}}{(bx+a)^7}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{21d^2x^2b^6-7ab^5d^2x-35b^6cxd-a^2b^4d^2-5ab^5cd-15b^6c^2}{105b^7(bx+a)^7}$
default	$-\frac{d^2}{5b^3(bx+a)^5}-\frac{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}{7b^3(bx+a)^7}+\frac{d(ad-bc)}{3b^3(bx+a)^6}$
orering	$-\frac{(21b^2d^2x^2+7abd^2x+35b^2cxd+a^2d^2+5abcd+15b^2c^2)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^2}{105b^3(bx+a)^9(dx+c)^2}$
norman	$\frac{a^2(-a^2b^6d^2-5ab^7cd-15b^8c^2)}{105b^9}-\frac{bd^2x^4}{5}+\frac{(-7ab^6d^2-5cdb^7)x^3}{15b^6}+\frac{(-12a^2b^6d^2-25ab^7cd-5b^8c^2)x^2}{35b^7}+\frac{a(-3a^2b^6d^2-15ab^7cd-10b^8c^2)}{35b^8}$ $(bx+a)^9$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/105/b^3*(21*b^2*d^2*x^2+7*a*b*d^2*x+35*b^2*c*d*x+a^2*d^2+5*a*b*c*d+15*b^2*c^2)/(b*x+a)^7$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{21b^2d^2x^2 + 15b^2c^2 + 5abcd + a^2d^2 + 7(5b^2cd + abd^2)x}{105(b^{10}x^7 + 7ab^9x^6 + 21a^2b^8x^5 + 35a^3b^7x^4 + 35a^4b^6x^3 + 21a^5b^5x^2 + 7a^6b^4x + a^7b^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$-1/105*(21*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 15*b^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 7*(5*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^10*x^7 + 7*a*b^9*x^6 + 21*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 35*a^3*b^7*x^4 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 21*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 7*a^6*b^4*x + a^7*b^3)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2d^2 - 5abcd - 15b^2c^2 - 21b^2d^2x^2 + x(-7abd^2 - 35b^2cd)}{105a^7b^3 + 735a^6b^4x + 2205a^5b^5x^2 + 3675a^4b^6x^3 + 3675a^3b^7x^4 + 2205a^2b^8x^5 + 735ab^9x^6 + 105b^{10}x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2/(b*x+a)**10,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(-a**2*d**2 - 5*a*b*c*d - 15*b**2*c**2 - 21*b**2*d**2*x**2 + x*(-7*a*b*d**2 - 35*b**2*c*d))/(105*a**7*b**3 + 735*a**6*b**4*x + 2205*a**5*b**5*x**2 + 3675*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 3675*a**3*b**7*x**4 + 2205*a**2*b**8*x**5 + 735*a*b**9*x**6 + 105*b**10*x**7)}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx =$$

$$\frac{21b^2d^2x^2 + 15b^2c^2 + 5abcd + a^2d^2 + 7(5b^2cd + abd^2)x}{105(b^{10}x^7 + 7ab^9x^6 + 21a^2b^8x^5 + 35a^3b^7x^4 + 35a^4b^6x^3 + 21a^5b^5x^2 + 7a^6b^4x + a^7b^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-1/105*(21*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 15*b^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 7*(5*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(b^10*x^7 + 7*a*b^9*x^6 + 21*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 35*a^3*b^7*x^4 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 21*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 7*a^6*b^4*x + a^7*b^3)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{21 b^2 d^2 x^2 + 35 b^2 c d x + 7 a b d^2 x + 15 b^2 c^2 + 5 a b c d + a^2 d^2}{105 (b x + a)^7 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^10,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/105*(21*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 35*b^2*c*d*x + 7*a*b*d^2*x + 15*b^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)/((b*x + a)^7*b^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^2 d^2 + 5 a b c d + 15 b^2 c^2}{105 b^3} + \frac{d^2 x^2}{5 b} + \frac{d x (a d + 5 b c)}{15 b^2}}{a^7 + 7 a^6 b x + 21 a^5 b^2 x^2 + 35 a^4 b^3 x^3 + 35 a^3 b^4 x^4 + 21 a^2 b^5 x^5 + 7 a b^6 x^6 + b^7 x^7}$$

input

```
int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2/(a + b*x)^10,x)
```

output

$$-((a^2*d^2 + 15*b^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c*d)/(105*b^3) + (d^2*x^2)/(5*b) + (d*x*(a*d + 5*b*c))/(15*b^2))/(a^7 + b^7*x^7 + 7*a*b^6*x^6 + 21*a^5*b^2*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*x^3 + 35*a^3*b^4*x^4 + 21*a^2*b^5*x^5 + 7*a^6*b*x)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-21b^2d^2x^2 - 7abd^2x - 35b^2cdx - a^2d^2 - 5abcd - 15b^2c^2}{105b^3(b^7x^7 + 7ab^6x^6 + 21a^2b^5x^5 + 35a^3b^4x^4 + 35a^4b^3x^3 + 21a^5b^2x^2 + 7a^6bx + a^7)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2/(b*x+a)^10,x)`output `(- a**2*d**2 - 5*a*b*c*d - 7*a*b*d**2*x - 15*b**2*c**2 - 35*b**2*c*d*x - 21*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(105*b**3*(a**7 + 7*a**6*b*x + 21*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 35*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 35*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 21*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 7*a*b**6*x**6 + b**7*x**7))`

3.25 $\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(bc - ad)^3(a + bx)^7}{7b^4} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^8}{8b^4} + \frac{d^2(bc - ad)(a + bx)^9}{3b^4} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{10}}{10b^4}$$

output

```
1/7*(-a*d+b*c)^3*(b*x+a)^7/b^4+3/8*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*x+a)^8/b^4+1/3*d^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^9/b^4+1/10*d^3*(b*x+a)^10/b^4
```


Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 276 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{840}x(210a^6(4c^3 + 6c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3) + 252a^5bx(10c^3 + 20c^2dx + 15cd^2x^2 + 4d^3x^3) + 210a^4b^2x^2(20c^3 + 45c^2dx + 36cd^2x^2 + 10d^3x^3) + 120a^3b^3x^3(35c^3 + 84c^2dx + 70cd^2x^2 + 20d^3x^3) + 45a^2b^4x^4(56c^3 + 140c^2dx + 120cd^2x^2 + 35d^3x^3) + 10ab^5x^5(84c^3 + 216c^2dx + 189cd^2x^2 + 56d^3x^3) + b^6x^6(120c^3 + 315c^2dx + 280cd^2x^2 + 84d^3x^3))$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^3*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x*(210*a^6*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) + 252*a^5*b*x*(10*c^3 + 20*c^2*d*x + 15*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3) + 210*a^4*b^2*x^2*(20*c^3 + 45*c^2*d*x + 36*c*d^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*x^3) + 120*a^3*b^3*x^3*(35*c^3 + 84*c^2*d*x + 70*c*d^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*x^3) + 45*a^2*b^4*x^4*(56*c^3 + 140*c^2*d*x + 120*c*d^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*x^3) + 10*a*b^5*x^5*(84*c^3 + 216*c^2*d*x + 189*c*d^2*x^2 + 56*d^3*x^3) + b^6*x^6*(120*c^3 + 315*c^2*d*x + 280*c*d^2*x^2 + 84*d^3*x^3)))/840
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3d^2(a + bx)^8(bc - ad)}{b^3} + \frac{3d(a + bx)^7(bc - ad)^2}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^6(bc - ad)^3}{b^3} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^9}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d^2(a + bx)^9(bc - ad)}{3b^4} + \frac{3d(a + bx)^8(bc - ad)^2}{8b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^7(bc - ad)^3}{7b^4} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{10}}{10b^4}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)^3*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^4) + (3*d*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^4) + (d^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^9)/(3*b^4) + (d^3*(a + b*x)^10)/(10*b^4)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^6 d^3 x^{10}}{10} + \left(\frac{2}{3} d^3 a b^5 + \frac{1}{3} c d^2 b^6\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{15}{8} d^3 a^2 b^4 + \frac{9}{4} c d^2 a b^5 + \frac{3}{8} c^2 d b^6\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{20}{7} d^3 a^3 b^3 + \frac{45}{7} a^2 b^4 c\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{15}{8} a^2 b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{2} a^6 c^2 d x^2 + 6 a^5 b c^2 d x^3 + \frac{9}{4} x^8 c d^2 a b^5 + \frac{45}{7} x^7 a^2 b^4 c d\right) x^6 + \frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{15}{8} a^2 b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{2} a^6 c^2 d x^2 + 6 a^5 b c^2 d x^3 + \frac{9}{4} x^8 c d^2 a b^5 + \frac{45}{7} x^7 a^2 b^4 c d$
risch	
parallelrisc	
gosper	$x(84b^6d^3x^9+560x^8d^3ab^5+280x^8cd^2b^6+1575x^7d^3a^2b^4+1890x^7cd^2ab^5+315x^7c^2db^6+2400x^6d^3a^3b^3+5400x^6a^2b^4cd^2+21000x^5d^3a^4b^2+10500x^5d^3a^2b^4c+10500x^5d^3b^6c^2+18900x^4d^3a^6c^2+18900x^4d^3a^5bc^2+18900x^4d^3a^4b^2c^2+18900x^4d^3a^3b^3c^2+18900x^4d^3a^2b^4c^2+18900x^4d^3ab^5c^2+18900x^4d^3a^6c^2d+18900x^4d^3a^5bc^2d+18900x^4d^3a^4b^2c^2d+18900x^4d^3a^3b^3c^2d+18900x^4d^3a^2b^4c^2d+18900x^4d^3ab^5c^2d)$
orering	
default	$\frac{b^6 d^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(3d^3 a b^5 + 3b^5(ad+bc)d^2)x^9}{9} + \frac{(3d^3 a^2 b^4 + 9a b^4(ad+bc)d^2 + b^3(a b^2 c d^2 + 2(ad+bc)^2 bd + bd(2abcd + (ad+bc)^2))x^8}{8}$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10+(2/3*d^3*a*b^5+1/3*c*d^2*b^6)*x^9+(15/8*d^3*a^2*b^4+9/4*c*d^2*a*b^5+3/8*c^2*d*b^6)*x^8+(20/7*d^3*a^3*b^3+45/7*a^2*b^4*c*d^2+18/7*a*b^5*c^2*d+1/7*b^6*c^3)*x^7+(5/2*d^3*a^4*b^2+10*c*d^2*a^3*b^3+15/2*c^2*d*a^2*b^4+c^3*a*b^5)*x^6+(6/5*a^5*b*d^3+9*c*d^2*a^4*b^2+12*c^2*d*a^3*b^3+3*c^3*a^2*b^4)*x^5+(1/4*d^3*a^6+9/2*c*d^2*a^5*b+45/4*c^2*d*a^4*b^2+5*a^3*b^3*c^3)*x^4+(a^6*c*d^2+6*a^5*b*c^2*d+5*a^4*b^2*c^3)*x^3+(3/2*c^2*d*a^6+3*c^3*a^5*b)*x^2+a^6*c^3*x`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 327 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10} + a^6 c^3 x + \frac{1}{3} (b^6 cd^2 + 2ab^5 d^3) x^9 + \frac{3}{8} (b^6 c^2 d + 6ab^5 cd^2 + 5a^2 b^4 d^3) x^8 \\
 &+ \frac{1}{7} (b^6 c^3 + 18ab^5 c^2 d + 45a^2 b^4 cd^2 + 20a^3 b^3 d^3) x^7 \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} (2ab^5 c^3 + 15a^2 b^4 c^2 d + 20a^3 b^3 cd^2 + 5a^4 b^2 d^3) x^6 \\
 &+ \frac{3}{5} (5a^2 b^4 c^3 + 20a^3 b^3 c^2 d + 15a^4 b^2 cd^2 + 2a^5 b d^3) x^5 \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4} (20a^3 b^3 c^3 + 45a^4 b^2 c^2 d + 18a^5 b cd^2 + a^6 d^3) x^4 \\
 &+ (5a^4 b^2 c^3 + 6a^5 b c^2 d + a^6 cd^2) x^3 + \frac{3}{2} (2a^5 b c^3 + a^6 c^2 d) x^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10 + a^6*c^3*x + 1/3*(b^6*c*d^2 + 2*a*b^5*d^3)*x^9 + 3/8*(b
^6*c^2*d + 6*a*b^5*c*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^4*d^3)*x^8 + 1/7*(b^6*c^3 + 18*a*b^5*c
^2*d + 45*a^2*b^4*c*d^2 + 20*a^3*b^3*d^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(2*a*b^5*c^3 + 15*a^2*b
^4*c^2*d + 20*a^3*b^3*c*d^2 + 5*a^4*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(5*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 20
*a^3*b^3*c^2*d + 15*a^4*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(20*a^3*b^3*c^3
+ 45*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + 18*a^5*b*c*d^2 + a^6*d^3)*x^4 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^3 + 6*a
^5*b*c^2*d + a^6*c*d^2)*x^3 + 3/2*(2*a^5*b*c^3 + a^6*c^2*d)*x^2

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 364 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.96

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= a^6 c^3 x + \frac{b^6 d^3 x^{10}}{10} + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{2ab^5 d^3}{3} + \frac{b^6 c d^2}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{15a^2 b^4 d^3}{8} + \frac{9ab^5 c d^2}{4} + \frac{3b^6 c^2 d}{8} \right)$$

$$+ x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{20a^3 b^3 d^3}{7} + \frac{45a^2 b^4 c d^2}{7} + \frac{18ab^5 c^2 d}{7} + \frac{b^6 c^3}{7} \right)$$

$$+ x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5a^4 b^2 d^3}{2} + 10a^3 b^3 c d^2 + \frac{15a^2 b^4 c^2 d}{2} + ab^5 c^3 \right)$$

$$+ x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{6a^5 b d^3}{5} + 9a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 12a^3 b^3 c^2 d + 3a^2 b^4 c^3 \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{a^6 d^3}{4} + \frac{9a^5 b c d^2}{2} + \frac{45a^4 b^2 c^2 d}{4} + 5a^3 b^3 c^3 \right)$$

$$+ x^3 (a^6 c d^2 + 6a^5 b c^2 d + 5a^4 b^2 c^3) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^6 c^2 d}{2} + 3a^5 b c^3 \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output `a**6*c**3*x + b**6*d**3*x**10/10 + x**9*(2*a*b**5*d**3/3 + b**6*c*d**2/3) + x**8*(15*a**2*b**4*d**3/8 + 9*a*b**5*c*d**2/4 + 3*b**6*c**2*d/8) + x**7*(20*a**3*b**3*d**3/7 + 45*a**2*b**4*c*d**2/7 + 18*a*b**5*c**2*d/7 + b**6*c**3/7) + x**6*(5*a**4*b**2*d**3/2 + 10*a**3*b**3*c*d**2 + 15*a**2*b**4*c**2*d/2 + a*b**5*c**3) + x**5*(6*a**5*b*d**3/5 + 9*a**4*b**2*c*d**2 + 12*a**3*b**3*c**2*d + 3*a**2*b**4*c**3) + x**4*(a**6*d**3/4 + 9*a**5*b*c*d**2/2 + 45*a**4*b**2*c**2*d/4 + 5*a**3*b**3*c**3) + x**3*(a**6*c*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*c**2*d + 5*a**4*b**2*c**3) + x**2*(3*a**6*c**2*d/2 + 3*a**5*b*c**3)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 327 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10} + a^6 c^3 x + \frac{1}{3} (b^6 cd^2 + 2ab^5 d^3) x^9 + \frac{3}{8} (b^6 c^2 d + 6ab^5 cd^2 + 5a^2 b^4 d^3) x^8 \\ &+ \frac{1}{7} (b^6 c^3 + 18ab^5 c^2 d + 45a^2 b^4 cd^2 + 20a^3 b^3 d^3) x^7 \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} (2ab^5 c^3 + 15a^2 b^4 c^2 d + 20a^3 b^3 cd^2 + 5a^4 b^2 d^3) x^6 \\ &+ \frac{3}{5} (5a^2 b^4 c^3 + 20a^3 b^3 c^2 d + 15a^4 b^2 cd^2 + 2a^5 b d^3) x^5 \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} (20a^3 b^3 c^3 + 45a^4 b^2 c^2 d + 18a^5 b cd^2 + a^6 d^3) x^4 \\ &+ (5a^4 b^2 c^3 + 6a^5 b c^2 d + a^6 cd^2) x^3 + \frac{3}{2} (2a^5 b c^3 + a^6 c^2 d) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10 + a^6*c^3*x + 1/3*(b^6*c*d^2 + 2*a*b^5*d^3)*x^9 + 3/8*(b^6*c^2*d + 6*a*b^5*c*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^4*d^3)*x^8 + 1/7*(b^6*c^3 + 18*a*b^5*c^2*d + 45*a^2*b^4*c*d^2 + 20*a^3*b^3*d^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(2*a*b^5*c^3 + 15*a^2*b^4*c^2*d + 20*a^3*b^3*c*d^2 + 5*a^4*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(5*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 20*a^3*b^3*c^2*d + 15*a^4*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(20*a^3*b^3*c^3 + 45*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + 18*a^5*b*c*d^2 + a^6*d^3)*x^4 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^3 + 6*a^5*b*c^2*d + a^6*c*d^2)*x^3 + 3/2*(2*a^5*b*c^3 + a^6*c^2*d)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.93

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 + \frac{2}{3} a b^5 d^3 x^9$$

$$+ \frac{3}{8} b^6 c^2 d x^8 + \frac{9}{4} a b^5 c d^2 x^8 + \frac{15}{8} a^2 b^4 d^3 x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{7} b^6 c^3 x^7 + \frac{18}{7} a b^5 c^2 d x^7 + \frac{45}{7} a^2 b^4 c d^2 x^7$$

$$+ \frac{20}{7} a^3 b^3 d^3 x^7 + a b^5 c^3 x^6 + \frac{15}{2} a^2 b^4 c^2 d x^6$$

$$+ 10 a^3 b^3 c d^2 x^6 + \frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 x^6 + 3 a^2 b^4 c^3 x^5$$

$$+ 12 a^3 b^3 c^2 d x^5 + 9 a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{6}{5} a^5 b d^3 x^5$$

$$+ 5 a^3 b^3 c^3 x^4 + \frac{45}{4} a^4 b^2 c^2 d x^4 + \frac{9}{2} a^5 b c d^2 x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} a^6 d^3 x^4 + 5 a^4 b^2 c^3 x^3 + 6 a^5 b c^2 d x^3$$

$$+ a^6 c d^2 x^3 + 3 a^5 b c^3 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^6 c^2 d x^2 + a^6 c^3 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10 + 1/3*b^6*c*d^2*x^9 + 2/3*a*b^5*d^3*x^9 + 3/8*b^6*c^2*d*x^8 + 9/4*a*b^5*c*d^2*x^8 + 15/8*a^2*b^4*d^3*x^8 + 1/7*b^6*c^3*x^7 + 18/7*a*b^5*c^2*d*x^7 + 45/7*a^2*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 20/7*a^3*b^3*d^3*x^7 + a*b^5*c^3*x^6 + 15/2*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*x^6 + 10*a^3*b^3*c*d^2*x^6 + 5/2*a^4*b^2*d^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^3*x^5 + 12*a^3*b^3*c^2*d*x^5 + 9*a^4*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 + 6/5*a^5*b*d^3*x^5 + 5*a^3*b^3*c^3*x^4 + 45/4*a^4*b^2*c^2*d*x^4 + 9/2*a^5*b*c*d^2*x^4 + 1/4*a^6*d^3*x^4 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 6*a^5*b*c^2*d*x^3 + a^6*c*d^2*x^3 + 3*a^5*b*c^3*x^2 + 3/2*a^6*c^2*d*x^2 + a^6*c^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = x^5 \left(\frac{6a^5 b d^3}{5} + 9a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 12a^3 b^3 c^2 d + 3a^2 b^4 c^3 \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{5a^4 b^2 d^3}{2} + 10a^3 b^3 c d^2 + \frac{15a^2 b^4 c^2 d}{2} + a b^5 c^3 \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{a^6 d^3}{4} + \frac{9a^5 b c d^2}{2} + \frac{45a^4 b^2 c^2 d}{4} + 5a^3 b^3 c^3 \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{20a^3 b^3 d^3}{7} + \frac{45a^2 b^4 c d^2}{7} + \frac{18a b^5 c^2 d}{7} + \frac{b^6 c^3}{7} \right) + a^6 c^3 x + \frac{b^6 d^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{3a^5 c^2 x^2 (ad + 2bc)}{2} + \frac{b^5 d^2 x^9 (2ad + bc)}{3} + a^4 c x^3 (a^2 d^2 + 6abcd + 5b^2 c^2) + \frac{3b^4 d x^8 (5a^2 d^2 + 6abcd + b^2 c^2)}{8}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^3*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `x^5*((6*a^5*b*d^3)/5 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 12*a^3*b^3*c^2*d + 9*a^4*b^2*c*d^2) + x^6*(a*b^5*c^3 + (5*a^4*b^2*d^3)/2 + (15*a^2*b^4*c^2*d)/2 + 10*a^3*b^3*c*d^2) + x^4*((a^6*d^3)/4 + 5*a^3*b^3*c^3 + (45*a^4*b^2*c^2*d)/4 + (9*a^5*b*c*d^2)/2) + x^7*((b^6*c^3)/7 + (20*a^3*b^3*d^3)/7 + (45*a^2*b^4*c*d^2)/7 + (18*a*b^5*c^2*d)/7) + a^6*c^3*x + (b^6*d^3*x^10)/10 + (3*a^5*c^2*x^2*(a*d + 2*b*c))/2 + (b^5*d^2*x^9*(2*a*d + b*c))/3 + a^4*c*x^3*(a^2*d^2 + 5*b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d) + (3*b^4*d*x^8*(5*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d))/8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.95

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(84b^6d^3x^9 + 560ab^5d^3x^8 + 280b^6cd^2x^8 + 1575a^2b^4d^3x^7 + 1890ab^5cd^2x^7 + 315b^6c^2dx^7 + 2400a^3b^3d^3x^6 + \dots)}{84}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `(x*(840*a**6*c**3 + 1260*a**6*c**2*d*x + 840*a**6*c*d**2*x**2 + 210*a**6*d**3*x**3 + 2520*a**5*b*c**3*x + 5040*a**5*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 3780*a**5*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 1008*a**5*b*d**3*x**4 + 4200*a**4*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 9450*a**4*b**2*c**2*d*x**3 + 7560*a**4*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 2100*a**4*b**2*d**3*x**5 + 4200*a**3*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 10080*a**3*b**3*c**2*d*x**4 + 8400*a**3*b**3*c*d**2*x**5 + 2400*a**3*b**3*d**3*x**6 + 2520*a**2*b**4*c**3*x**4 + 6300*a**2*b**4*c**2*d*x**5 + 5400*a**2*b**4*c*d**2*x**6 + 1575*a**2*b**4*d**3*x**7 + 840*a*b**5*c**3*x**5 + 2160*a*b**5*c**2*d*x**6 + 1890*a*b**5*c*d**2*x**7 + 560*a*b**5*d**3*x**8 + 120*b**6*c**3*x**6 + 315*b**6*c**2*d*x**7 + 280*b**6*c*d**2*x**8 + 84*b**6*d**3*x**9))/840`

3.26 $\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(bc - ad)^3(a + bx)^6}{6b^4} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^7}{7b^4} + \frac{3d^2(bc - ad)(a + bx)^8}{8b^4} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^9}{9b^4}$$

output

```
1/6*(-a*d+b*c)^3*(b*x+a)^6/b^4+3/7*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*x+a)^7/b^4+3/8*d^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^8/b^4+1/9*d^3*(b*x+a)^9/b^4
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 235 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{504}x(126a^5(4c^3 + 6c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3) + 126a^4bx(10c^3 + 20c^2dx + 15cd^2x^2 + 4d^3x^3) + 84a^3b^2x^2(20c^3 + 45c^2dx + 36cd^2x^2 + 10d^3x^3) + 36a^2b^3x^3(35c^3 + 84c^2dx + 70cd^2x^2 + 20d^3x^3) + 9ab^4x^4(56c^3 + 140c^2dx + 120cd^2x^2 + 35d^3x^3) + b^5x^5(84c^3 + 216c^2dx + 189cd^2x^2 + 56d^3x^3))$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^2*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(x*(126*a^5*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) + 126*a^4*b*x*(10*c^3 + 20*c^2*d*x + 15*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3) + 84*a^3*b^2*x^2*(20*c^3 + 45*c^2*d*x + 36*c*d^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*x^3) + 36*a^2*b^3*x^3*(35*c^3 + 84*c^2*d*x + 70*c*d^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*x^3) + 9*a*b^4*x^4*(56*c^3 + 140*c^2*d*x + 120*c*d^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*x^3) + b^5*x^5*(84*c^3 + 216*c^2*d*x + 189*c*d^2*x^2 + 56*d^3*x^3)))/504`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3d^2(a+bx)^7(bc-ad)}{b^3} + \frac{3d(a+bx)^6(bc-ad)^2}{b^3} + \frac{(a+bx)^5(bc-ad)^3}{b^3} + \frac{d^3(a+bx)^8}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3d^2(a+bx)^8(bc-ad)}{8b^4} + \frac{3d(a+bx)^7(bc-ad)^2}{7b^4} + \frac{(a+bx)^6(bc-ad)^3}{6b^4} + \frac{d^3(a+bx)^9}{9b^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^2*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^4) + (3*d*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^4) + (3*d^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^4) + (d^3*(a + b*x)^9)/(9*b^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^5 d^3 x^9}{9} + \left(\frac{5}{8} a b^4 d^3 + \frac{3}{8} b^5 c d^2\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{10}{7} d^3 a^2 b^3 + \frac{15}{7} a b^4 c d^2 + \frac{3}{7} b^5 c^2 d\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{5}{3} d^3 a^3 b^2 + 5 c d^2 a^2\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d\right) x^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d$
risch	$\frac{1}{9} b^5 d^3 x^9 + \frac{5}{8} a b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{8} b^5 c d^2 x^8 + \frac{10}{7} x^7 d^3 a^2 b^3 + \frac{15}{7} a b^4 c d^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} b^5 c^2 d x^7 + \frac{5}{3} x^6 d^3 a^3 b^2 + 5 c d^2 a^2 x^6 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x^5 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x^4 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x^3 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9} b^5 d^3 x^9 + \frac{5}{8} a b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{8} b^5 c d^2 x^8 + \frac{10}{7} x^7 d^3 a^2 b^3 + \frac{15}{7} a b^4 c d^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} b^5 c^2 d x^7 + \frac{5}{3} x^6 d^3 a^3 b^2 + 5 c d^2 a^2 x^6 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x^5 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x^4 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x^3 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d x + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^3 c d$
gosper	$x(56b^5d^3x^8+315ab^4d^3x^7+189x^7b^5cd^2+720a^2b^3d^3x^6+1080ab^4cd^2x^6+216x^6b^5c^2d+840x^5d^3a^3b^2+2520a^2b^3cd^2x^5+1260a^4b^2cd^2x^5+1260a^3b^3cdx^5+1260a^4b^2cd^2x^4+1260a^3b^3cdx^4+1260a^4b^2cd^2x^3+1260a^3b^3cdx^3+1260a^4b^2cd^2x^2+1260a^3b^3cdx^2+1260a^4b^2cd^2x+1260a^3b^3cdx+1260a^4b^2cd^2+1260a^3b^3cd)$
orering	$x(56b^5d^3x^8+315ab^4d^3x^7+189x^7b^5cd^2+720a^2b^3d^3x^6+1080ab^4cd^2x^6+216x^6b^5c^2d+840x^5d^3a^3b^2+2520a^2b^3cd^2x^5+1260a^4b^2cd^2x^5+1260a^3b^3cdx^5+1260a^4b^2cd^2x^4+1260a^3b^3cdx^4+1260a^4b^2cd^2x^3+1260a^3b^3cdx^3+1260a^4b^2cd^2x^2+1260a^3b^3cdx^2+1260a^4b^2cd^2x+1260a^3b^3cdx+1260a^4b^2cd^2+1260a^3b^3cd)$
default	$\frac{b^5 d^3 x^9}{9} + \frac{(2 a b^4 d^3 + 3 b^4 (a d + b c) d^2) x^8}{8} + \frac{(d^3 a^2 b^3 + 6 a b^3 (a d + b c) d^2 + b^2 (a b^2 c d^2 + 2 (a d + b c)^2 b d + b d (2 a b c d + (a d + b c)^2))) x^7}{7}$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/9*b^5*d^3*x^9+(5/8*a*b^4*d^3+3/8*b^5*c*d^2)*x^8+(10/7*d^3*a^2*b^3+15/7*a*b^4*c*d^2+3/7*b^5*c^2*d)*x^7+(5/3*d^3*a^3*b^2+5*c*d^2*a^2*b^3+5/2*c^2*d*a*b^4+1/6*b^5*c^3)*x^6+(a^4*b*d^3+6*a^3*b^2*c*d^2+6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d+a*b^4*c^3)*x^5+(1/4*a^5*d^3+15/4*a^4*b*c*d^2+15/2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d+5/2*a^2*b^3*c^3)*x^4+(c*d^2*a^5+5*a^4*b*c^2*d+10/3*a^3*b^2*c^3)*x^3+(3/2*c^2*d*a^5+5/2*a^4*b*c^3)*x^2+a^5*c^3*x`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{9} b^5 d^3 x^9 + a^5 c^3 x + \frac{1}{8} (3 b^5 c d^2 + 5 a b^4 d^3) x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (3 b^5 c^2 d + 15 a b^4 c d^2 + 10 a^2 b^3 d^3) x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (b^5 c^3 + 15 a b^4 c^2 d + 30 a^2 b^3 c d^2 + 10 a^3 b^2 d^3) x^6$$

$$+ (a b^4 c^3 + 6 a^2 b^3 c^2 d + 6 a^3 b^2 c d^2 + a^4 b d^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (10 a^2 b^3 c^3 + 30 a^3 b^2 c^2 d + 15 a^4 b c d^2 + a^5 d^3) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (10 a^3 b^2 c^3 + 15 a^4 b c^2 d + 3 a^5 c d^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (5 a^4 b c^3 + 3 a^5 c^2 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*b^5*d^3*x^9 + a^5*c^3*x + 1/8*(3*b^5*c*d^2 + 5*a*b^4*d^3)*x^8 + 1/7*(3*b^5*c^2*d + 15*a*b^4*c*d^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*d^3)*x^7 + 1/6*(b^5*c^3 + 15*a*b^4*c^2*d + 30*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + (a*b^4*c^3 + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 6*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + a^4*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(10*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 30*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + 15*a^4*b*c*d^2 + a^5*d^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(10*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 15*a^4*b*c^2*d + 3*a^5*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(5*a^4*b*c^3 + 3*a^5*c^2*d)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int (a+bx)^2 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3 dx = a^5 c^3 x + \frac{b^5 d^3 x^9}{9} + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{5ab^4 d^3}{8} + \frac{3b^5 c d^2}{8} \right) + x^7$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{10a^2 b^3 d^3}{7} + \frac{15ab^4 c d^2}{7} + \frac{3b^5 c^2 d}{7} \right) + x^6$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{5a^3 b^2 d^3}{3} + 5a^2 b^3 c d^2 + \frac{5ab^4 c^2 d}{2} + \frac{b^5 c^3}{6} \right)$$

$$+ x^5 (a^4 b d^3 + 6a^3 b^2 c d^2 + 6a^2 b^3 c^2 d + ab^4 c^3)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{a^5 d^3}{4} + \frac{15a^4 b c d^2}{4} + \frac{15a^3 b^2 c^2 d}{2} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 c^3}{2} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(a^5 c d^2 + 5a^4 b c^2 d + \frac{10a^3 b^2 c^3}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^5 c^2 d}{2} + \frac{5a^4 b c^3}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
a**5*c**3*x + b**5*d**3*x**9/9 + x**8*(5*a*b**4*d**3/8 + 3*b**5*c*d**2/8)
+ x**7*(10*a**2*b**3*d**3/7 + 15*a*b**4*c*d**2/7 + 3*b**5*c**2*d/7) + x**6
*(5*a**3*b**2*d**3/3 + 5*a**2*b**3*c*d**2 + 5*a*b**4*c**2*d/2 + b**5*c**3/
6) + x**5*(a**4*b*d**3 + 6*a**3*b**2*c*d**2 + 6*a**2*b**3*c**2*d + a*b**4*
c**3) + x**4*(a**5*d**3/4 + 15*a**4*b*c*d**2/4 + 15*a**3*b**2*c**2*d/2 + 5
*a**2*b**3*c**3/2) + x**3*(a**5*c*d**2 + 5*a**4*b*c**2*d + 10*a**3*b**2*c*
*3/3) + x**2*(3*a**5*c**2*d/2 + 5*a**4*b*c**3/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{9} b^5 d^3 x^9 + a^5 c^3 x + \frac{1}{8} (3 b^5 c d^2 + 5 a b^4 d^3) x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (3 b^5 c^2 d + 15 a b^4 c d^2 + 10 a^2 b^3 d^3) x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (b^5 c^3 + 15 a b^4 c^2 d + 30 a^2 b^3 c d^2 + 10 a^3 b^2 d^3) x^6$$

$$+ (a b^4 c^3 + 6 a^2 b^3 c^2 d + 6 a^3 b^2 c d^2 + a^4 b d^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (10 a^2 b^3 c^3 + 30 a^3 b^2 c^2 d + 15 a^4 b c d^2 + a^5 d^3) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (10 a^3 b^2 c^3 + 15 a^4 b c^2 d + 3 a^5 c d^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (5 a^4 b c^3 + 3 a^5 c^2 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*b^5*d^3*x^9 + a^5*c^3*x + 1/8*(3*b^5*c*d^2 + 5*a*b^4*d^3)*x^8 + 1/7*(3*b^5*c^2*d + 15*a*b^4*c*d^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*d^3)*x^7 + 1/6*(b^5*c^3 + 15*a*b^4*c^2*d + 30*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + (a*b^4*c^3 + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 6*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + a^4*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(10*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 30*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + 15*a^4*b*c*d^2 + a^5*d^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(10*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 15*a^4*b*c^2*d + 3*a^5*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(5*a^4*b*c^3 + 3*a^5*c^2*d)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} b^5 d^3 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} b^5 cd^2 x^8 + \frac{5}{8} ab^4 d^3 x^8$$

$$+ \frac{3}{7} b^5 c^2 dx^7 + \frac{15}{7} ab^4 cd^2 x^7 + \frac{10}{7} a^2 b^3 d^3 x^7$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} b^5 c^3 x^6 + \frac{5}{2} ab^4 c^2 dx^6 + 5 a^2 b^3 cd^2 x^6$$

$$+ \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^2 d^3 x^6 + ab^4 c^3 x^5 + 6 a^2 b^3 c^2 dx^5$$

$$+ 6 a^3 b^2 cd^2 x^5 + a^4 bd^3 x^5 + \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 c^3 x^4$$

$$+ \frac{15}{2} a^3 b^2 c^2 dx^4 + \frac{15}{4} a^4 bcd^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^5 d^3 x^4$$

$$+ \frac{10}{3} a^3 b^2 c^3 x^3 + 5 a^4 bc^2 dx^3 + a^5 cd^2 x^3$$

$$+ \frac{5}{2} a^4 bc^3 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^5 c^2 dx^2 + a^5 c^3 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*b^5*d^3*x^9 + 3/8*b^5*c*d^2*x^8 + 5/8*a*b^4*d^3*x^8 + 3/7*b^5*c^2*d*x^7 + 15/7*a*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 10/7*a^2*b^3*d^3*x^7 + 1/6*b^5*c^3*x^6 + 5/2*a*b^4*c^2*d*x^6 + 5*a^2*b^3*c*d^2*x^6 + 5/3*a^3*b^2*d^3*x^6 + a*b^4*c^3*x^5 + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d*x^5 + 6*a^3*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 + a^4*b*d^3*x^5 + 5/2*a^2*b^3*c^3*x^4 + 15/2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d*x^4 + 15/4*a^4*b*c*d^2*x^4 + 1/4*a^5*d^3*x^4 + 10/3*a^3*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d*x^3 + a^5*c*d^2*x^3 + 5/2*a^4*b*c^3*x^2 + 3/2*a^5*c^2*d*x^2 + a^5*c^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = x^5 (a^4 b d^3 + 6 a^3 b^2 c d^2 + 6 a^2 b^3 c^2 d + a b^4 c^3) \\ + x^4 \left(\frac{a^5 d^3}{4} + \frac{15 a^4 b c d^2}{4} + \frac{15 a^3 b^2 c^2 d}{2} + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 c^3}{2} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{5 a^3 b^2 d^3}{3} + 5 a^2 b^3 c d^2 + \frac{5 a b^4 c^2 d}{2} + \frac{b^5 c^3}{6} \right) \\ + a^5 c^3 x + \frac{b^5 d^3 x^9}{9} + \frac{a^4 c^2 x^2 (3 a d + 5 b c)}{2} + \frac{b^4 d^2 x^8 (5 a d + 3 b c)}{8} \\ + \frac{a^3 c x^3 (3 a^2 d^2 + 15 a b c d + 10 b^2 c^2)}{3} + \frac{b^3 d x^7 (10 a^2 d^2 + 15 a b c d + 3 b^2 c^2)}{7}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^2*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `x^5*(a*b^4*c^3 + a^4*b*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 6*a^3*b^2*c*d^2) + x^4*((a^5*d^3)/4 + (5*a^2*b^3*c^3)/2 + (15*a^3*b^2*c^2*d)/2 + (15*a^4*b*c*d^2)/4) + x^6*((b^5*c^3)/6 + (5*a^3*b^2*d^3)/3 + 5*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + (5*a*b^4*c^2*d)/2) + a^5*c^3*x + (b^5*d^3*x^9)/9 + (a^4*c^2*x^2*(3*a*d + 5*b*c))/2 + (b^4*d^2*x^8*(5*a*d + 3*b*c))/8 + (a^3*c*x^3*(3*a^2*d^2 + 10*b^2*c^2 + 15*a*b*c*d))/3 + (b^3*d*x^7*(10*a^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^2 + 15*a*b*c*d))/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(56b^5d^3x^8 + 315ab^4d^3x^7 + 189b^5cd^2x^7 + 720a^2b^3d^3x^6 + 1080ab^4cd^2x^6 + 216b^5c^2dx^6 + 840a^3b^2d^3x^5 + \dots)}{504}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `(x*(504*a**5*c**3 + 756*a**5*c**2*d*x + 504*a**5*c*d**2*x**2 + 126*a**5*d**3*x**3 + 1260*a**4*b*c**3*x + 2520*a**4*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 1890*a**4*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 504*a**4*b*d**3*x**4 + 1680*a**3*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 3780*a**3*b**2*c**2*d*x**3 + 3024*a**3*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 840*a**3*b**2*d**3*x**5 + 1260*a**2*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 3024*a**2*b**3*c**2*d*x**4 + 2520*a**2*b**3*c*d**2*x**5 + 720*a**2*b**3*d**3*x**6 + 504*a*b**4*c**3*x**4 + 1260*a*b**4*c**2*d*x**5 + 1080*a*b**4*c*d**2*x**6 + 315*a*b**4*d**3*x**7 + 84*b**5*c**3*x**5 + 216*b**5*c**2*d*x**6 + 189*b**5*c*d**2*x**7 + 56*b**5*d**3*x**8))/504`

3.27 $\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(bc - ad)^3(a + bx)^5}{5b^4} + \frac{d(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^6}{2b^4} + \frac{3d^2(bc - ad)(a + bx)^7}{7b^4} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^8}{8b^4}$$

output

```
1/5*(-a*d+b*c)^3*(b*x+a)^5/b^4+1/2*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*x+a)^6/b^4+3/7*d^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^7/b^4+1/8*d^3*(b*x+a)^8/b^4
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 217 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = a^4 c^3 x + \frac{1}{2} a^3 c^2 (4bc + 3ad) x^2 + a^2 c (2b^2 c^2 + 4abcd + a^2 d^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{4} a (4b^3 c^3 + 18ab^2 c^2 d + 12a^2 bcd^2 + a^3 d^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{5} b (b^3 c^3 + 12ab^2 c^2 d + 18a^2 bcd^2 + 4a^3 d^3) x^5 + \frac{1}{2} b^2 d (b^2 c^2 + 4abcd + 2a^2 d^2) x^6 + \frac{1}{7} b^3 d^2 (3bc + 4ad) x^7 + \frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
a^4*c^3*x + (a^3*c^2*(4*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^2)/2 + a^2*c*(2*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^3 + (a*(4*b^3*c^3 + 18*a*b^2*c^2*d + 12*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)*x^4)/4 + (b*(b^3*c^3 + 12*a*b^2*c^2*d + 18*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 4*a^3*d^3)*x^5)/5 + (b^2*d*(b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^6)/2 + (b^3*d^2*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^7)/7 + (b^4*d^3*x^8)/8
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx) (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3d^2(a+bx)^6(bc-ad)}{b^3} + \frac{3d(a+bx)^5(bc-ad)^2}{b^3} + \frac{(a+bx)^4(bc-ad)^3}{b^3} + \frac{d^3(a+bx)^7}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3d^2(a+bx)^7(bc-ad)}{7b^4} + \frac{d(a+bx)^6(bc-ad)^2}{2b^4} + \frac{(a+bx)^5(bc-ad)^3}{5b^4} + \frac{d^3(a+bx)^8}{8b^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^4) + (d*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^6)/(2*b^4) + (3*d^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^4) + (d^3*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^4 d^3 x^8}{8} + \left(\frac{4}{7} a b^3 d^3 + \frac{3}{7} b^4 c d^2\right) x^7 + \left(a^2 b^2 d^3 + 2c d^2 a b^3 + \frac{1}{2} b^4 c^2 d\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2\right) x^2 + \left(\frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2\right) x + \left(\frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2\right)$
risch	$\frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} a b^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} b^4 c d^2 x^7 + a^2 b^2 d^3 x^6 + 2a b^3 c d^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} b^4 c^2 d x^6 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^5 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^4 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^2 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} a b^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} b^4 c d^2 x^7 + a^2 b^2 d^3 x^6 + 2a b^3 c d^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} b^4 c^2 d x^6 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^5 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^4 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^2 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2$
gospers	$x(35b^4 d^3 x^7 + 160a b^3 d^3 x^6 + 120b^4 c d^2 x^6 + 280a^2 b^2 d^3 x^5 + 560a b^3 c d^2 x^5 + 140b^4 c^2 d x^5 + 224a^3 b d^3 x^4 + 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 672a b^3 c^2 d x^4 + 224a^3 b d^3 x^3 + 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^3 + 672a b^3 c^2 d x^3 + 224a^3 b d^3 x^2 + 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + 672a b^3 c^2 d x^2 + 224a^3 b d^3 x + 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x + 672a b^3 c^2 d + 224a^3 b d^3)$
orering	$x(35b^4 d^3 x^7 + 160a b^3 d^3 x^6 + 120b^4 c d^2 x^6 + 280a^2 b^2 d^3 x^5 + 560a b^3 c d^2 x^5 + 140b^4 c^2 d x^5 + 224a^3 b d^3 x^4 + 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 672a b^3 c^2 d x^4 + 224a^3 b d^3 x^3 + 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^3 + 672a b^3 c^2 d x^3 + 224a^3 b d^3 x^2 + 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + 672a b^3 c^2 d x^2 + 224a^3 b d^3 x + 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x + 672a b^3 c^2 d + 224a^3 b d^3)$
default	$\frac{b^4 d^3 x^8}{8} + \frac{(a b^3 d^3 + 3b^3(ad+bc)d^2)x^7}{7} + \frac{(3a(ad+bc)b^2 d^2 + b(a b^2 c d^2 + 2(ad+bc)^2 b d + b d(2abcd + (ad+bc)^2))x^6}{6} + \frac{(a^3 b d^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c d^2)x^5}{5} + \frac{(a^3 b d^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c d^2)x^4}{5} + \frac{(a^3 b d^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c d^2)x^3}{5} + \frac{(a^3 b d^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c d^2)x^2}{5} + \frac{(a^3 b d^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c d^2)x}{5} + \frac{a^3 b d^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c d^2}{5}$

input `int((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} a b^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} b^4 c d^2 x^7 + a^2 b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} b^4 c^2 d x^6 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^5 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^4 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^2 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + a^4 c^3 x + \frac{1}{7} (3b^4 cd^2 + 4ab^3 d^3) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (b^4 c^2 d + 4ab^3 cd^2 + 2a^2 b^2 d^3) x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c^3 + 12ab^3 c^2 d + 18a^2 b^2 cd^2 + 4a^3 b d^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (4ab^3 c^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c^2 d + 12a^3 bcd^2 + a^4 d^3) x^4$$

$$+ (2a^2 b^2 c^3 + 4a^3 bc^2 d + a^4 cd^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (4a^3 bc^3 + 3a^4 c^2 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*b^4*d^3*x^8 + a^4*c^3*x + 1/7*(3*b^4*c*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*d^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(b^4*c^2*d + 4*a*b^3*c*d^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(b^4*c^3 + 12*a*b^3*c^2*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + 4*a^3*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(4*a*b^3*c^3 + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 12*a^3*b*c*d^2 + a^4*d^3)*x^4 + (2*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d + a^4*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(4*a^3*b*c^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d)*x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx &= a^4c^3x + \frac{b^4d^3x^8}{8} + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{4ab^3d^3}{7} + \frac{3b^4cd^2}{7} \right) \\ &+ x^6 \left(a^2b^2d^3 + 2ab^3cd^2 + \frac{b^4c^2d}{2} \right) + x^5 \\ &\cdot \left(\frac{4a^3bd^3}{5} + \frac{18a^2b^2cd^2}{5} + \frac{12ab^3c^2d}{5} + \frac{b^4c^3}{5} \right) \\ &+ x^4 \left(\frac{a^4d^3}{4} + 3a^3bcd^2 + \frac{9a^2b^2c^2d}{2} + ab^3c^3 \right) \\ &+ x^3 (a^4cd^2 + 4a^3bc^2d + 2a^2b^2c^3) \\ &+ x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^4c^2d}{2} + 2a^3bc^3 \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & a**4*c**3*x + b**4*d**3*x**8/8 + x**7*(4*a*b**3*d**3/7 + 3*b**4*c*d**2/7) \\ & + x**6*(a**2*b**2*d**3 + 2*a*b**3*c*d**2 + b**4*c**2*d/2) + x**5*(4*a**3*b \\ & *d**3/5 + 18*a**2*b**2*c*d**2/5 + 12*a*b**3*c**2*d/5 + b**4*c**3/5) + x**4 \\ & *(a**4*d**3/4 + 3*a**3*b*c*d**2 + 9*a**2*b**2*c**2*d/2 + a*b**3*c**3) + x* \\ & *3*(a**4*c*d**2 + 4*a**3*b*c**2*d + 2*a**2*b**2*c**3) + x**2*(3*a**4*c**2* \\ & d/2 + 2*a**3*b*c**3) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + a^4 c^3 x + \frac{1}{7} (3b^4 cd^2 + 4ab^3 d^3) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (b^4 c^2 d + 4ab^3 cd^2 + 2a^2 b^2 d^3) x^6 \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c^3 + 12ab^3 c^2 d + 18a^2 b^2 cd^2 + 4a^3 b d^3) x^5 \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} (4ab^3 c^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c^2 d + 12a^3 bcd^2 + a^4 d^3) x^4 \\ &+ (2a^2 b^2 c^3 + 4a^3 bc^2 d + a^4 cd^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (4a^3 bc^3 + 3a^4 c^2 d) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*b^4*d^3*x^8 + a^4*c^3*x + 1/7*(3*b^4*c*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*d^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(b^4*c^2*d + 4*a*b^3*c*d^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(b^4*c^3 + 12*a*b^3*c^2*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + 4*a^3*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(4*a*b^3*c^3 + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 12*a^3*b*c*d^2 + a^4*d^3)*x^4 + (2*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d + a^4*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(4*a^3*b*c^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx &= \frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} b^4 cd^2 x^7 + \frac{4}{7} ab^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} b^4 c^2 dx^6 \\ &+ 2ab^3 cd^2 x^6 + a^2 b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} b^4 c^3 x^5 \\ &+ \frac{12}{5} ab^3 c^2 dx^5 + \frac{18}{5} a^2 b^2 cd^2 x^5 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 b d^3 x^5 \\ &+ ab^3 c^3 x^4 + \frac{9}{2} a^2 b^2 c^2 dx^4 + 3a^3 bcd^2 x^4 \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} a^4 d^3 x^4 + 2a^2 b^2 c^3 x^3 + 4a^3 bc^2 dx^3 \\ &+ a^4 cd^2 x^3 + 2a^3 bc^3 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 c^2 dx^2 + a^4 c^3 x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*b^4*d^3*x^8 + 3/7*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 4/7*a*b^3*d^3*x^7 + 1/2*b^4*c^2*d*x^6 \\ & + 2*a*b^3*c*d^2*x^6 + a^2*b^2*d^3*x^6 + 1/5*b^4*c^3*x^5 + 12/5*a*b^3*c^2*d*x^5 \\ & + 18/5*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 + 4/5*a^3*b*d^3*x^5 + a*b^3*c^3*x^4 + 9/2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d*x^4 \\ & + 3*a^3*b*c*d^2*x^4 + 1/4*a^4*d^3*x^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d*x^3 \\ & + a^4*c*d^2*x^3 + 2*a^3*b*c^3*x^2 + 3/2*a^4*c^2*d*x^2 + a^4*c^3*x \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + bx) (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx \\ & = x^4 \left(\frac{a^4 d^3}{4} + 3a^3 b c d^2 + \frac{9a^2 b^2 c^2 d}{2} + a b^3 c^3 \right) \\ & + x^5 \left(\frac{4a^3 b d^3}{5} + \frac{18a^2 b^2 c d^2}{5} + \frac{12a b^3 c^2 d}{5} + \frac{b^4 c^3}{5} \right) + a^4 c^3 x \\ & + \frac{b^4 d^3 x^8}{8} + \frac{a^3 c^2 x^2 (3ad + 4bc)}{2} + \frac{b^3 d^2 x^7 (4ad + 3bc)}{7} \\ & + a^2 c x^3 (a^2 d^2 + 4abcd + 2b^2 c^2) + \frac{b^2 d x^6 (2a^2 d^2 + 4abcd + b^2 c^2)}{2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*x)*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^4*((a^4*d^3)/4 + a*b^3*c^3 + (9*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)/2 + 3*a^3*b*c*d^2) + x^5* \\ & ((b^4*c^3)/5 + (4*a^3*b*d^3)/5 + (18*a^2*b^2*c*d^2)/5 + (12*a*b^3*c^2*d)/5 \\ &) + a^4*c^3*x + (b^4*d^3*x^8)/8 + (a^3*c^2*x^2*(3*a*d + 4*b*c))/2 + (b^3*d \\ & ^2*x^7*(4*a*d + 3*b*c))/7 + a^2*c*x^3*(a^2*d^2 + 2*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d) + \\ & (b^2*d*x^6*(2*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d))/2 \end{aligned}$$

3.28 $\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^3(c + dx)^4}{4d^4} + \frac{3b(bc - ad)^2(c + dx)^5}{5d^4} - \frac{b^2(bc - ad)(c + dx)^6}{2d^4} + \frac{b^3(c + dx)^7}{7d^4}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^3*(d*x+c)^4/d^4+3/5*b*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(d*x+c)^5/d^4-1/2*b^2*(
-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^6/d^4+1/7*b^3*(d*x+c)^7/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx &= a^3c^3x + \frac{3}{2}a^2c^2(bc + ad)x^2 + ac(b^2c^2 + 3abcd + a^2d^2)x^3 \\ &+ \frac{1}{4}(b^3c^3 + 9ab^2c^2d + 9a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3)x^4 \\ &+ \frac{3}{5}bd(b^2c^2 + 3abcd + a^2d^2)x^5 \\ &+ \frac{1}{2}b^2d^2(bc + ad)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^3d^3x^7 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output $a^3c^3x + (3a^2c^2(b*c + a*d)x^2)/2 + a*c*(b^2c^2 + 3a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)x^3 + ((b^3c^3 + 9a*b^2c^2*d + 9a^2b*c*d^2 + a^3d^3)x^4)/4 + (3b*d*(b^2c^2 + 3a*b*c*d + a^2d^2)x^5)/5 + (b^2d^2*(b*c + a*d)x^6)/2 + (b^3d^3x^7)/7$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1084$$

$$\frac{\int ((bc + bdx)^6 - 3b^5(bc - ad)(c + dx)^5 + 3b^4(bc - ad)^2(c + dx)^4 - b^3(bc - ad)^3(c + dx)^3) dx}{b^3d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{b^5(c+dx)^6(bc-ad)}{2d} + \frac{3b^4(c+dx)^5(bc-ad)^2}{5d} - \frac{b^3(c+dx)^4(bc-ad)^3}{4d} + \frac{b^6(c+dx)^7}{7d}}{b^3d^3}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(-1/4*(b^3*(b*c - a*d)^3*(c + d*x)^4)/d + (3*b^4*(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^5)/(5*d) - (b^5*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^6)/(2*d) + (b^6*(c + d*x)^7)/(7*d))/(b^3*d^3)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1084

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^3 d^3 x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{2} a b^2 d^3 + \frac{1}{2} b^3 c d^2\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{3}{5} d^3 a^2 b + \frac{9}{5} a b^2 c d^2 + \frac{3}{5} b^3 c^2 d\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{4} a^3 d^3 + \frac{9}{4} a^2 b c d^2 + \frac{9}{4} a b^2 c^2 d\right) x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^4 d^3 + \frac{9}{4} a^3 b c d^2 + \frac{9}{4} a^2 b^2 c^2 d$
risch	$\frac{1}{7} b^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} a b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} b^3 c d^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b d^3 x^5 + \frac{9}{5} a b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} b^3 c^2 d x^5 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^3 d^3 + \frac{9}{4} a^2 b c d^2 + \frac{9}{4} a b^2 c^2 d$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{7} b^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} a b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} b^3 c d^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b d^3 x^5 + \frac{9}{5} a b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} b^3 c^2 d x^5 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^3 d^3 + \frac{9}{4} a^2 b c d^2 + \frac{9}{4} a b^2 c^2 d$
gosper	$\frac{x(20b^3d^3x^6+70ab^2d^3x^5+70b^3cd^2x^5+84a^2bd^3x^4+252ab^2cd^2x^4+84b^3c^2dx^4+35a^3d^3x^3+315a^2bcd^2x^3+315ab^2c^2dx^3+315a^3d^3x^3+315a^2bcd^2x^3+315ab^2c^2dx^3+315a^3d^3x^3)}{140}$
default	$\frac{b^3 d^3 x^7}{7} + \frac{(ad+bc)b^2 d^2 x^6}{2} + \frac{(a b^2 c d^2 + 2(ad+bc)^2 b d + b d(2abcd + (ad+bc)^2)) x^5}{5} + \frac{(4ac(ad+bc)bd + (ad+bc)(2abcd + (ad+bc)^2)) x^4}{4}$
orering	$\frac{x(20b^3d^3x^6+70ab^2d^3x^5+70b^3cd^2x^5+84a^2bd^3x^4+252ab^2cd^2x^4+84b^3c^2dx^4+35a^3d^3x^3+315a^2bcd^2x^3+315ab^2c^2dx^3+315a^3d^3x^3)}{140(bx+a)^3(dx+a)}$

input

```
int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/7*b^3*d^3*x^7+(1/2*a*b^2*d^3+1/2*b^3*c*d^2)*x^6+(3/5*d^3*a^2*b+9/5*a*b^2*c*d^2+3/5*b^3*c^2*d)*x^5+(1/4*a^3*d^3+9/4*a^2*b*c*d^2+9/4*a*b^2*c^2*d+1/4*b^3*c^3)*x^4+(a^3*c*d^2+3*a^2*b*c^2*d+a*b^2*c^3)*x^3+(3/2*a^3*c^2*d+3/2*a^2*b*c^3)*x^2+a^3*c^3*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^3 d^3 x^7 + a^3 c^3 x + \frac{1}{2} (b^3 cd^2 + ab^2 d^3) x^6 \\ + \frac{3}{5} (b^3 c^2 d + 3 ab^2 cd^2 + a^2 bd^3) x^5 \\ + \frac{1}{4} (b^3 c^3 + 9 ab^2 c^2 d + 9 a^2 bcd^2 + a^3 d^3) x^4 \\ + (ab^2 c^3 + 3 a^2 bc^2 d + a^3 cd^2) x^3 \\ + \frac{3}{2} (a^2 bc^3 + a^3 c^2 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*b^3*d^3*x^7 + a^3*c^3*x + 1/2*(b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(b^3*c^2*d + 3*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(b^3*c^3 + 9*a*b^2*c^2*d + 9*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)*x^4 + (a*b^2*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d + a^3*c*d^2)*x^3 + 3/2*(a^2*b*c^3 + a^3*c^2*d)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = a^3 c^3 x + \frac{b^3 d^3 x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{ab^2 d^3}{2} + \frac{b^3 cd^2}{2} \right) \\ + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2 bd^3}{5} + \frac{9ab^2 cd^2}{5} + \frac{3b^3 c^2 d}{5} \right) \\ + x^4 \left(\frac{a^3 d^3}{4} + \frac{9a^2 bcd^2}{4} + \frac{9ab^2 c^2 d}{4} + \frac{b^3 c^3}{4} \right) \\ + x^3 (a^3 cd^2 + 3a^2 bc^2 d + ab^2 c^3) \\ + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^3 c^2 d}{2} + \frac{3a^2 bc^3}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
a**3*c**3*x + b**3*d**3*x**7/7 + x**6*(a*b**2*d**3/2 + b**3*c*d**2/2) + x*
*5*(3*a**2*b*d**3/5 + 9*a*b**2*c*d**2/5 + 3*b**3*c**2*d/5) + x**4*(a**3*d*
*3/4 + 9*a**2*b*c*d**2/4 + 9*a*b**2*c**2*d/4 + b**3*c**3/4) + x**3*(a**3*c
*d**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**2*d + a*b**2*c**3) + x**2*(3*a**3*c**2*d/2 + 3*a**2*b*
c**3/2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{7} b^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (bc + ad) b^2 d^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (bc + ad)^2 b d x^5 + a^3 c^3 x \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} (bc + ad)^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} (2 b d x^3 + 3 (bc + ad) x^2) a^2 c^2 \\ &+ \frac{1}{10} (6 b^2 d^2 x^5 + 15 (bc + ad) b d x^4 + 10 (bc + ad)^2 x^3) a c \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*b^3*d^3*x^7 + 1/2*(b*c + a*d)*b^2*d^2*x^6 + 3/5*(b*c + a*d)^2*b*d*x^5
+ a^3*c^3*x + 1/4*(b*c + a*d)^3*x^4 + 1/2*(2*b*d*x^3 + 3*(b*c + a*d)*x^2)*
a^2*c^2 + 1/10*(6*b^2*d^2*x^5 + 15*(b*c + a*d)*b*d*x^4 + 10*(b*c + a*d)^2*
x^3)*a*c
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx &= \frac{1}{7} b^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} b^3 c d^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} a b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} b^3 c^2 d x^5 \\ &+ \frac{9}{5} a b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b d^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} b^3 c^3 x^4 + \frac{9}{4} a b^2 c^2 d x^4 \\ &+ \frac{9}{4} a^2 b c d^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^3 d^3 x^4 + a b^2 c^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 b c^2 d x^3 \\ &+ a^3 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b c^3 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^3 c^2 d x^2 + a^3 c^3 x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*b^3*d^3*x^7 + 1/2*b^3*c*d^2*x^6 + 1/2*a*b^2*d^3*x^6 + 3/5*b^3*c^2*d*x^5 + 9/5*a*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 + 3/5*a^2*b*d^3*x^5 + 1/4*b^3*c^3*x^4 + 9/4*a*b^2*c^2*d*x^4 + 9/4*a^2*b*c*d^2*x^4 + 1/4*a^3*d^3*x^4 + a*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d*x^3 + a^3*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*b*c^3*x^2 + 3/2*a^3*c^2*d*x^2 + a^3*c^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx = x^4 \left(\frac{a^3 d^3}{4} + \frac{9 a^2 b c d^2}{4} + \frac{9 a b^2 c^2 d}{4} + \frac{b^3 c^3}{4} \right) + a^3 c^3 x + \frac{b^3 d^3 x^7}{7} + a c x^3 (a^2 d^2 + 3 a b c d + b^2 c^2) + \frac{3 b d x^5 (a^2 d^2 + 3 a b c d + b^2 c^2)}{5} + \frac{3 a^2 c^2 x^2 (a d + b c)}{2} + \frac{b^2 d^2 x^6 (a d + b c)}{2}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output `x^4*((a^3*d^3)/4 + (b^3*c^3)/4 + (9*a*b^2*c^2*d)/4 + (9*a^2*b*c*d^2)/4) + a^3*c^3*x + (b^3*d^3*x^7)/7 + a*c*x^3*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d) + (3*b*d*x^5*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d))/5 + (3*a^2*c^2*x^2*(a*d + b*c))/2 + (b^2*d^2*x^6*(a*d + b*c))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(20b^3d^3x^6 + 70ab^2d^3x^5 + 70b^3cd^2x^5 + 84a^2bd^3x^4 + 252ab^2cd^2x^4 + 84b^3c^2dx^4 + 35a^3d^3x^3 + 315a^2bcd^2x^3 + 140a^3cd^2x^2 + 35a^3d^3x^2 + 210a^2b^2c^3x + 420a^2b^2c^2d^2x^2 + 315a^2b^2c^2d^2x^3 + 84a^2b^2d^3x^4 + 140ab^2c^3x^2 + 315ab^2c^2d^2x^3 + 252ab^2c^2d^2x^4 + 70ab^2d^3x^5 + 35b^3c^3x^3 + 84b^3c^2d^2x^4 + 70b^3cd^2x^5 + 20b^3d^3x^6)}{140}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `(x*(140*a**3*c**3 + 210*a**3*c**2*d*x + 140*a**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 35*a**3*d**3*x**3 + 210*a**2*b*c**3*x + 420*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 315*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 84*a**2*b*d**3*x**4 + 140*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 315*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**3 + 252*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 70*a*b**2*d**3*x**5 + 35*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 84*b**3*c**2*d*x**4 + 70*b**3*c*d**2*x**5 + 20*b**3*d**3*x**6))/140`

3.29
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{a+bx} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)^2(c + dx)^4}{4d^3} - \frac{2b(bc - ad)(c + dx)^5}{5d^3} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^6}{6d^3}$$

output `1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(d*x+c)^4/d^3-2/5*b*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^5/d^3+1/6*b^2*(d*x+c)^6/d^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx = a^2c^3x + \frac{1}{2}ac^2(2bc + 3ad)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}c(b^2c^2 + 6abcd + 3a^2d^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}d(3b^2c^2 + 6abcd + a^2d^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}bd^2(3bc + 2ad)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^2d^3x^6$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x),x]`

output `a^2*c^3*x + (a*c^2*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^2)/2 + (c*(b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*x^3)/3 + (d*(3*b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^4)/4 + (b*d^2*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^5)/5 + (b^2*d^3*x^6)/6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{2b(c + dx)^4(bc - ad)}{d^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bc)^2}{d^2} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^5}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2b(c + dx)^5(bc - ad)}{5d^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^4(bc - ad)^2}{4d^3} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^6}{6d^3}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^4)/(4*d^3) - (2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^5)/(5*d^3) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^6)/(6*d^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{2}{5} a b d^3 + \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 + \frac{3}{2} a b c d^2 + \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d\right) x^4 + \left(a^2 c d^2 + 2 a b c^2 d + \frac{1}{3} c^3 b^2\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} a b d^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 d^3 + \frac{3}{2} a b c d^2 x^4 + \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d x^4 + x^3 a^2 c d^2 + 2 a b d x^3 c^2\right) x^2 + \left(\frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} a b d^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 d^3 + \frac{3}{2} a b c d^2 x^4 + \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d x^4 + x^3 a^2 c d^2 + 2 a b d x^3 c^2\right) x + \frac{x(10 b^2 d^3 x^5 + 24 a b d^3 x^4 + 36 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 15 a^2 d^3 x^3 + 90 a b c d^2 x^3 + 45 b^2 c^2 d x^3 + 60 a^2 c d^2 x^2 + 120 a b c^2 x^2 d + 20 b^2 c^3 x^2 + 90 a^2 c^2 d x + 60)}{60}$
risch	$\frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{2}{5} a b d^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 d^3 + \frac{3}{2} a b c d^2 x^4 + \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d x^4 + x^3 a^2 c d^2 + 2 a b d x^3 c^2$
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{2}{5} a b d^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 d^3 + \frac{3}{2} a b c d^2 x^4 + \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d x^4 + x^3 a^2 c d^2 + 2 a b d x^3 c^2$
gosper	$\frac{x(10 b^2 d^3 x^5 + 24 a b d^3 x^4 + 36 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 15 a^2 d^3 x^3 + 90 a b c d^2 x^3 + 45 b^2 c^2 d x^3 + 60 a^2 c d^2 x^2 + 120 a b c^2 x^2 d + 20 b^2 c^3 x^2 + 90 a^2 c^2 d x + 60)}{60}$
default	$\frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{(b^2 c d^2 + 2 d^2 b (a d + b c)) x^5}{5} + \frac{(2 c b d (a d + b c) + d (2 a b c d + (a d + b c)^2)) x^4}{4} + \frac{(c (2 a b c d + (a d + b c)^2) + 2 d a c (a d + b c)) x^3}{3}$
orering	$\frac{x(10 b^2 d^3 x^5 + 24 a b d^3 x^4 + 36 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 15 a^2 d^3 x^3 + 90 a b c d^2 x^3 + 45 b^2 c^2 d x^3 + 60 a^2 c d^2 x^2 + 120 a b c^2 x^2 d + 20 b^2 c^3 x^2 + 90 a^2 c^2 d x + 60)}{60 (b x + a)^3 (d x + c)^3}$

input

```
int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*b^2*d^3*x^6+(2/5*a*b*d^3+3/5*b^2*c*d^2)*x^5+(1/4*a^2*d^3+3/2*a*b*c*d^2
+3/4*b^2*c^2*d)*x^4+(a^2*c*d^2+2*a*b*c^2*d+1/3*c^3*b^2)*x^3+(3/2*a^2*c^2*d
+a*b*c^3)*x^2+a^2*c^3*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 + a^2 c^3 x + \frac{1}{5} (3b^2 cd^2 + 2abd^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (3b^2 c^2 d + 6abcd^2 + a^2 d^3) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c^3 + 6abc^2 d + 3a^2 cd^2) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (2abc^3 + 3a^2 c^2 d) x^2$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*b^2*d^3*x^6 + a^2*c^3*x + 1/5*(3*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(b^2*c^3 + 6*a*b*c^2*d + 3*a^2*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(2*a*b*c^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx = a^2 c^3 x + \frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{2abd^3}{5} + \frac{3b^2 cd^2}{5} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{a^2 d^3}{4} + \frac{3abcd^2}{2} + \frac{3b^2 c^2 d}{4} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(a^2 cd^2 + 2abc^2 d + \frac{b^2 c^3}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2 c^2 d}{2} + abc^3 \right)$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a),x)`

output

```
a**2*c**3*x + b**2*d**3*x**6/6 + x**5*(2*a*b*d**3/5 + 3*b**2*c*d**2/5) + x
**4*(a**2*d**3/4 + 3*a*b*c*d**2/2 + 3*b**2*c**2*d/4) + x**3*(a**2*c*d**2 +
2*a*b*c**2*d + b**2*c**3/3) + x**2*(3*a**2*c**2*d/2 + a*b*c**3)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 + a^2 c^3 x + \frac{1}{5} (3 b^2 c d^2 + 2 a b d^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (3 b^2 c^2 d + 6 a b c d^2 + a^2 d^3) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c^3 + 6 a b c^2 d + 3 a^2 c d^2) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (2 a b c^3 + 3 a^2 c^2 d) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*b^2*d^3*x^6 + a^2*c^3*x + 1/5*(3*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a*b*d^3)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*b
^2*c^2*d + 6*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(b^2*c^3 + 6*a*b*c^2*d + 3*a^2
*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(2*a*b*c^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx = \frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{5} a b d^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d x^4$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} a b c d^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} b^2 c^3 x^3 + 2 a b c^2 d x^3$$

$$+ a^2 c d^2 x^3 + a b c^3 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 d x^2 + a^2 c^3 x$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{6}b^2d^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5}b^2cd^2x^5 + \frac{2}{5}a^2bd^3x^5 + \frac{3}{4}b^2c^2dx^4 + \frac{3}{2}a^2b^2cd^2x^4 + \frac{1}{4}a^2d^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}b^2c^3x^3 + 2a^2b^2c^2dx^3 + a^2cd^2x^3 + a^2b^2c^3x^2 + \frac{3}{2}a^2c^2dx^2 + a^2c^3x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx = x^3 \left(a^2cd^2 + 2ab^2cd + \frac{b^2c^3}{3} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{a^2d^3}{4} + \frac{3abc^2d^2}{2} + \frac{3b^2c^2d}{4} \right) + a^2c^3x + \frac{b^2d^3x^6}{6} + \frac{a^2c^2x^2(3ad + 2bc)}{2} + \frac{bd^2x^5(2ad + 3bc)}{5}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x),x)`

output $x^3 \left(\frac{b^2c^3}{3} + a^2cd^2 + 2a^2b^2cd \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{a^2d^3}{4} + \frac{3b^2c^2d}{4} + \frac{3a^2b^2cd^2}{2} \right) + a^2c^3x + \frac{b^2d^3x^6}{6} + \frac{a^2c^2x^2(3a^2d + 2b^2c)}{2} + \frac{bd^2x^5(2a^2d + 3b^2c)}{5}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{a + bx} dx = \frac{x(10b^2d^3x^5 + 24abd^3x^4 + 36b^2cd^2x^4 + 15a^2d^3x^3 + 90abc^2d^2x^3 + 45b^2c^2dx^3 + 60a^2cd^2x^2 + 120abc^2dx^2)}{60}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a),x)`

output

```
(x*(60*a**2*c**3 + 90*a**2*c**2*d*x + 60*a**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 15*a**2*d**3*x**3 + 60*a*b*c**3*x + 120*a*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 90*a*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 24*a*b*d**3*x**4 + 20*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 45*b**2*c**2*d*x**3 + 36*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 10*b**2*d**3*x**5))/60
```

3.30
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	353
Mathematica [A] (verified)	353
Rubi [A] (verified)	354
Maple [B] (verified)	355
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	355
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	356
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	356
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	357
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	357
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	358

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)(c + dx)^4}{4d^2} + \frac{b(c + dx)^5}{5d^2}$$

output `-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^4/d^2+1/5*b*(d*x+c)^5/d^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx = ac^3x + \frac{1}{2}c^2(bc + 3ad)x^2 + cd(bc + ad)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}d^2(3bc + ad)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}bd^3x^5$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `a*c^3*x + (c^2*(b*c + 3*a*d)*x^2)/2 + c*d*(b*c + a*d)*x^3 + (d^2*(3*b*c + a*d)*x^4)/4 + (b*d^3*x^5)/5`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bc)}{d} + \frac{b(c + dx)^4}{d} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b(c + dx)^5}{5d^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^4(bc - ad)}{4d^2}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `-1/4*((b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^4)/d^2 + (b*(c + d*x)^5)/(5*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
risch	$\frac{1}{5}bd^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}ad^3x^4 + \frac{3}{4}bcd^2x^4 + acd^2x^3 + bc^2dx^3 + \frac{3}{2}ac^2dx^2 + \frac{1}{2}bc^3x^2 + ac^3x$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{5}bd^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}ad^3x^4 + \frac{3}{4}bcd^2x^4 + acd^2x^3 + bc^2dx^3 + \frac{3}{2}ac^2dx^2 + \frac{1}{2}bc^3x^2 + ac^3x$
gospers	$\frac{x(4bd^3x^4 + 5ax^3d^3 + 15x^3bcd^2 + 20ad^2x^2c + 20bc^2dx^2 + 30adx^2c^2 + 10bc^3x + 20c^3a)}{20}$
default	$\frac{bd^3x^5}{5} + \frac{(2bcd^2 + d^2(ad+bc))x^4}{4} + \frac{(bc^2d + 2cd(ad+bc) + ad^2c)x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^2(ad+bc) + 2ac^2d)x^2}{2} + ac^3x$
orering	$\frac{x(4bd^3x^4 + 5ax^3d^3 + 15x^3bcd^2 + 20ad^2x^2c + 20bc^2dx^2 + 30adx^2c^2 + 10bc^3x + 20c^3a)(ac + (ad+bc)x + bdx^2)^3}{20(bx+a)^3(dx+c)^3}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{9}{20}abd^3 + \frac{3}{4}b^2cd^2)x^5 + (\frac{3}{2}a^2c^2d + \frac{3}{2}abc^3)x^2 + (\frac{1}{4}a^2d^3 + \frac{7}{4}abc^2d + b^2c^2d)x^4 + (a^2cd^2 + \frac{5}{2}abc^2d + \frac{1}{2}c^3b^2)x^3 + a^2c^3x + \frac{b^2d^3x^6}{5}}{bx+a}$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*b*d^3*x^5+1/4*a*d^3*x^4+3/4*b*c*d^2*x^4+a*c*d^2*x^3+b*c^2*d*x^3+3/2*a*c^2*d*x^2+1/2*b*c^3*x^2+a*c^3*x`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{1}{5}bd^3x^5 + ac^3x + \frac{1}{4}(3bcd^2 + ad^3)x^4 + (bc^2d + acd^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(bc^3 + 3ac^2d)x^2$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*b*d^3*x^5 + a*c^3*x + 1/4*(3*b*c*d^2 + a*d^3)*x^4 + (b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(b*c^3 + 3*a*c^2*d)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx = ac^3x + \frac{bd^3x^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{ad^3}{4} + \frac{3bcd^2}{4} \right) + x^3(acd^2 + bc^2d) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3ac^2d}{2} + \frac{bc^3}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `a*c**3*x + b*d**3*x**5/5 + x**4*(a*d**3/4 + 3*b*c*d**2/4) + x**3*(a*c*d**2 + b*c**2*d) + x**2*(3*a*c**2*d/2 + b*c**3/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{1}{5} bd^3x^5 + ac^3x + \frac{1}{4} (3bcd^2 + ad^3)x^4 + (bc^2d + acd^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (bc^3 + 3ac^2d)x^2$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*b*d^3*x^5 + a*c^3*x + 1/4*(3*b*c*d^2 + a*d^3)*x^4 + (b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(b*c^3 + 3*a*c^2*d)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{10b^3c^3}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{20b^2c^2d}{(bx+a)^2} - \frac{30ab^2c^2d}{(bx+a)^3} + \frac{15bcd^2}{bx+a} - \frac{40abcd^2}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{30a^2bcd^2}{(bx+a)^3} - \frac{15ad^3}{bx+a} + \frac{20a^2d^3}{(bx+a)^2} - \frac{10a^3d^3}{(bx+a)^3} + 4d^3 \right) (bx+a)^5}{20b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/20*(10*b^3*c^3/(b*x + a)^3 + 20*b^2*c^2*d/(b*x + a)^2 - 30*a*b^2*c^2*d/(b*x + a)^3 + 15*b*c*d^2/(b*x + a) - 40*a*b*c*d^2/(b*x + a)^2 + 30*a^2*b*c*d^2/(b*x + a)^3 - 15*a*d^3/(b*x + a) + 20*a^2*d^3/(b*x + a)^2 - 10*a^3*d^3/(b*x + a)^3 + 4*d^3)*(b*x + a)^5/b^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{bc^3}{2} + \frac{3ad^2c^2}{2} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{ad^3}{4} + \frac{3bcd^2}{4} \right) + \frac{bd^3x^5}{5} + ac^3x + cd^3x^3(ad + bc)$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `x^2*((b*c^3)/2 + (3*a*c^2*d)/2) + x^4*((a*d^3)/4 + (3*b*c*d^2)/4) + (b*d^3*x^5)/5 + a*c^3*x + c*d*x^3*(a*d + b*c)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(4bd^3x^4 + 5ad^3x^3 + 15bcd^2x^3 + 20acd^2x^2 + 20b^2c^2dx^2 + 30a^2c^2dx + 10bc^3x + 20a^3c^3)}{20}$$

input

```
int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(x*(20*a*c**3 + 30*a*c**2*d*x + 20*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 5*a*d**3*x**3 + 10*b*c*
*3*x + 20*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 15*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 4*b*d**3*x**4))/20
```

$$3.31 \quad \int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	359
Mathematica [A] (verified)	359
Rubi [A] (verified)	360
Maple [A] (verified)	361
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	361
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	362
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	362
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	362
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	363
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	363

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{(c + dx)^4}{4d}$$

output

```
1/4*(d*x+c)^4/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{(c + dx)^4}{4d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(c + d*x)^4/(4*d)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int (c + dx)^3 dx$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{(c + dx)^4}{4d}$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^4/(4*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
default	$\frac{(dx+c)^4}{4d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{4}d^3x^4 + cd^2x^3 + \frac{3}{2}c^2dx^2 + c^3x$
gosper	$\frac{x(d^3x^3+4cd^2x^2+6c^2dx+4c^3)}{4}$
risc	$\frac{d^3x^4}{4} + cd^2x^3 + \frac{3c^2dx^2}{2} + c^3x + \frac{c^4}{4d}$
orering	$\frac{x(d^3x^3+4cd^2x^2+6c^2dx+4c^3)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^3}{4(dx+c)^3(bx+a)^3}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{2}abd^3+b^2cd^2)x^5+(\frac{1}{4}a^2d^3+2abc d^2+\frac{3}{2}b^2c^2d)x^4+(a^2cd^2+3abc^2d+c^3b^2)x^3-\frac{a^2(3a^2c^2d+4abc^3)}{2b^2}+\frac{b^2d^3x^6}{4}-\frac{a(3a^2c^2d+3ab}{(bx+a)^2}}$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(d*x+c)^4/d`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4}d^3x^4 + cd^2x^3 + \frac{3}{2}c^2dx^2 + c^3x$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*d^3*x^4 + c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*c^2*d*x^2 + c^3*x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs. $2(8) = 16$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx = c^3x + \frac{3c^2dx^2}{2} + cd^2x^3 + \frac{d^3x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4}d^3x^4 + cd^2x^3 + \frac{3}{2}c^2dx^2 + c^3x$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*d^3*x^4 + c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*c^2*d*x^2 + c^3*x`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4}d^3x^4 + cd^2x^3 + \frac{3}{2}c^2dx^2 + c^3x$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/4*d^3*x^4 + c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*c^2*d*x^2 + c^3*x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx = c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 d x^2}{2} + c d^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4}$$

input $\text{int}((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^3, x)$

output $c^3*x + (d^3*x^4)/4 + (3*c^2*d*x^2)/2 + c*d^2*x^3$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{x(d^3 x^3 + 4c d^2 x^2 + 6c^2 d x + 4c^3)}{4}$$

input $\text{int}((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^3, x)$

output $(x*(4*c**3 + 6*c**2*d*x + 4*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3))/4$

3.32 $\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	364
Mathematica [A] (verified)	364
Rubi [A] (verified)	365
Maple [A] (verified)	366
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	367
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	367
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	368
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	368
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	369
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	369

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{d(bc - ad)^2x}{b^3} + \frac{(bc - ad)(c + dx)^2}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{3b} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3 \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
d*(-a*d+b*c)^2*x/b^3+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^2/b^2+1/3*(d*x+c)^3/b+(-a*d+b*c)^3*ln(b*x+a)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{bdx(6a^2d^2 - 3abd(6c + dx) + b^2(18c^2 + 9cdx + 2d^2x^2)) + 6(bc - ad)^3 \log(a + bx)}{6b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$(b*d*x*(6*a^2*d^2 - 3*a*b*d*(6*c + d*x) + b^2*(18*c^2 + 9*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2)) + 6*(b*c - a*d)^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/ (6*b^4)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{d(bc - ad)^2}{b^3} + \frac{d(c + dx)(bc - ad)}{b^2} + \frac{d(c + dx)^2}{b} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(bc - ad)^3 \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + \frac{dx(bc - ad)^2}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{3b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^4, x]$$

output

$$(d*(b*c - a*d)^2*x)/b^3 + ((b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*b^2) + (c + d*x)^3/(3*b) + ((b*c - a*d)^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/b^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$\frac{d(\frac{1}{3}x^3b^2d^2 - \frac{1}{2}abd^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}b^2cx^2d + a^2d^2x - 3abcdx + 3xb^2c^2)}{b^3} + \frac{(-a^3d^3 + 3a^2bcd^2 - 3ab^2c^2d + b^3c^3) \ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
risch	$\frac{x^3d^3}{3b} - \frac{d^3ax^2}{2b^2} + \frac{3d^2cx^2}{2b} + \frac{d^3a^2x}{b^3} - \frac{3d^2acx}{b^2} + \frac{3dxc^2}{b} - \frac{\ln(bx+a)a^3d^3}{b^4} + \frac{3\ln(bx+a)a^2cd^2}{b^3} - \frac{3\ln(bx+a)ac^2d}{b^2}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-2x^3b^3d^3 + 3ab^2d^3x^2 - 9x^2b^3cd^2 + 6\ln(bx+a)a^3d^3 - 18\ln(bx+a)a^2bcd^2 + 18\ln(bx+a)ab^2c^2d - 6\ln(bx+a)b^3c^3 - 6a^2bd^3x}{6b^4}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{2}abd^3 + \frac{3}{2}b^2cd^2)x^5 + (\frac{1}{2}a^2d^3 + \frac{3}{2}abcd^2 + 3b^2c^2d)x^4 - \frac{a^3(11a^3d^3 - 27a^2bcd^2 + 54ab^2c^2d)}{6b^4} + \frac{b^2d^3x^6}{3} - \frac{3a(a^3d^3 - 2a^2bcd^2 + 6ab^2c^2d)}{b^2}}{(bx+a)^3}$

input

```
int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d/b^3*(1/3*x^3*b^2*d^2-1/2*a*b*d^2*x^2+3/2*b^2*c*x^2*d+a^2*d^2*x-3*a*b*c*d
*x+3*x*b^2*c^2)+(-a^3*d^3+3*a^2*b*c*d^2-3*a*b^2*c^2*d+b^3*c^3)/b^4*ln(b*x+
a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^3d^3x^3 + 3(3b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 + 6(3b^3c^2d - 3ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x + 6(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3)}{6b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*(3*b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 6*(3*b^3*c^2*d - 3*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x + 6*(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*log(b*x + a))/b^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx = x^2 \left(-\frac{ad^3}{2b^2} + \frac{3cd^2}{2b} \right) + x \left(\frac{a^2d^3}{b^3} - \frac{3acd^2}{b^2} + \frac{3c^2d}{b} \right) + \frac{d^3x^3}{3b} - \frac{(ad - bc)^3 \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**4,x)`

output `x**2*(-a*d**3/(2*b**2) + 3*c*d**2/(2*b)) + x*(a**2*d**3/b**3 - 3*a*c*d**2/b**2 + 3*c**2*d/b) + d**3*x**3/(3*b) - (a*d - b*c)**3*log(a + b*x)/b**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2d^3x^3 + 3(3b^2cd^2 - abd^3)x^2 + 6(3b^2c^2d - 3abcd^2 + a^2d^3)x}{6b^3} + \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3) \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(2*b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*(3*b^2*c*d^2 - a*b*d^3)*x^2 + 6*(3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x)/b^3 + (b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*log(b*x + a)/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2d^3x^3 + 9b^2cd^2x^2 - 3abd^3x^2 + 18b^2c^2dx - 18abcd^2x + 6a^2d^3x}{6b^3} + \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(2*b^2*d^3*x^3 + 9*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 - 3*a*b*d^3*x^2 + 18*b^2*c^2*d*x - 18*a*b*c*d^2*x + 6*a^2*d^3*x)/b^3 + (b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx = x \left(\frac{3c^2d}{b} + \frac{a \left(\frac{ad^3}{b^2} - \frac{3cd^2}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{ad^3}{2b^2} - \frac{3cd^2}{2b} \right) + \frac{d^3x^3}{3b} - \frac{\ln(a + bx) (a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3)}{b^4}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^4,x)`output `x*((3*c^2*d)/b + (a*((a*d^3)/b^2 - (3*c*d^2)/b))/b - x^2*((a*d^3)/(2*b^2) - (3*c*d^2)/(2*b)) + (d^3*x^3)/(3*b) - (log(a + b*x)*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/b^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \frac{-6 \log(bx + a) a^3 d^3 + 18 \log(bx + a) a^2 b c d^2 - 18 \log(bx + a) a b^2 c^2 d + 6 \log(bx + a) b^3 c^3 + 6 a^2 b d^3 x - 1}{6 b^4}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^4,x)`output `(- 6*log(a + b*x)*a**3*d**3 + 18*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 18*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d + 6*log(a + b*x)*b**3*c**3 + 6*a**2*b*d**3*x - 18*a*b**2*c*d**2*x - 3*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 18*b**3*c**2*d*x + 9*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*b**3*d**3*x**3)/(6*b**4)`

3.33 $\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^5} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{d^2(3bc - 2ad)x}{b^3} + \frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
d^2*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*x/b^3+1/2*d^3*x^2/b^2-(-a*d+b*c)^3/b^4/(b*x+a)+3*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2*ln(b*x+a)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{2bd^2(3bc - 2ad)x + b^2d^3x^2 - \frac{2(bc-ad)^3}{a+bx} + 6d(bc - ad)^2 \log(a + bx)}{2b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^5,x]
```

output

$$(2*b*d^2*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*x + b^2*d^3*x^2 - (2*(b*c - a*d)^3)/(a + b*x) + 6*d*(b*c - a*d)^2*Log[a + b*x])/(2*b^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2(3bc - 2ad)}{b^3} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{d^3x}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + \frac{d^2x(3bc - 2ad)}{b^3} + \frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^5, x]$$

output

$$(d^2*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/b^3 + (d^3*x^2)/(2*b^2) - (b*c - a*d)^3/(b^4*(a + b*x)) + (3*d*(b*c - a*d)^2*Log[a + b*x])/b^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
default	$-\frac{d^2(-\frac{1}{2}bdx^2+2adx-3cbx)}{b^3} - \frac{-a^3d^3+3a^2bcd^2-3ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3}{b^4(bx+a)} + \frac{3d(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
risch	$\frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{2d^3ax}{b^3} + \frac{3cd^2x}{b^2} + \frac{a^3d^3}{b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{3a^2cd^2}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{3ac^2d}{b^2(bx+a)} - \frac{c^3}{b(bx+a)} + \frac{3d^3\ln(bx+a)a^2}{b^4} - \frac{6d^2\ln(bx+a)ac}{b^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{x^3b^3d^3+6\ln(bx+a)xa^2bd^3-12\ln(bx+a)xa^2bd^3+6\ln(bx+a)xb^3c^2d-3ab^2d^3x^2+6x^2b^3cd^2+6\ln(bx+a)a^3d^3-12\ln(bx+a)ac}{2b^4(bx+a)}$
norman	$\frac{a^3(6a^3d^3-15a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)}{b^4} + \frac{(11a^3d^3-33a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)x^3}{b} + \frac{a^2(21a^3d^3-54a^2bcd^2+9ab^2c^2d-3b^3c^3)x}{b^3} + \frac{b^2d^3x}{2(bx+a)^4}$

```
input int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -d^2/b^3*(-1/2*b*d*x^2+2*a*d*x-3*c*b*x)-1/b^4*(-a^3*d^3+3*a^2*b*c*d^2-3*a*
b^2*c^2*d+b^3*c^3)/(b*x+a)+3/b^4*d*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*ln(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3d^3x^3 - 2b^3c^3 + 6ab^2c^2d - 6a^2bcd^2 + 2a^3d^3 + 3(2b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 + 2(3ab^2cd^2 - 2a^2bd^3)x + 6(ab^2c^2d - a^2cd^2)}{2(b^5x + ab^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}(b^3d^3x^3 - 2b^3c^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d - 6a^2b^2cd^2 + 2a^3d^3 + 3(2b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 + 2(3a^2b^2cd^2 - 2a^2b^2d^3)x + 6(a^2b^2cd^2 - 2a^2b^2cd^2 + a^3d^3 + (b^3c^2d - 2a^2b^2cd^2 + a^2b^2d^3)x) \log(bx + a)) / (b^5x + ab^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx = x \left(-\frac{2ad^3}{b^3} + \frac{3cd^2}{b^2} \right) + \frac{a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3}{ab^4 + b^5x} + \frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} + \frac{3d(ad - bc)^2 \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**5,x)`

output
$$x(-2ad^3/b^3 + 3cd^2/b^2) + (a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3a^2b^2c^2d - b^3c^3)/(ab^4 + b^5x) + d^3x^2/(2b^2) + 3d(a^2b^2cd^2 - 2a^2b^2d^3) \log(a + bx)/b^4$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx = -\frac{b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3}{b^5x + ab^4} + \frac{bd^3x^2 + 2(3bcd^2 - 2ad^3)x}{2b^3} + \frac{3(b^2c^2d - 2abcd^2 + a^2d^3) \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3d^3)/(b^5x + ab^4) + 1/2 * (b^3d^3x^2 + 2*(3b^2cd^2 - 2a^2d^3)x)/b^3 + 3*(b^2c^2d - 2ab^2cd^2 + a^2d^3)*\log(bx + a)/b^4$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{\left(d^3 + \frac{6(b^2cd^2 - abd^3)}{(bx+a)b}\right)(bx + a)^2}{2b^4} - \frac{3(b^2c^2d - 2abcd^2 + a^2d^3) \log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{\frac{b^5c^3}{bx+a} - \frac{3ab^4c^2d}{bx+a} + \frac{3a^2b^3cd^2}{bx+a} - \frac{a^3b^2d^3}{bx+a}}{b^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/2*(d^3 + 6*(b^2*c*d^2 - a*b*d^3)/((b*x + a)*b))*(b*x + a)^2/b^4 - 3*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)^2*\text{abs}(b)))/b^4 - (b^5*c^3/(b*x + a) - 3*a*b^4*c^2*d/(b*x + a) + 3*a^2*b^3*c*d^2/(b*x + a) - a^3*b^2*d^3/(b*x + a))/b^6$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx = \frac{\ln(a + bx) (3a^2d^3 - 6abcd^2 + 3b^2c^2d)}{b^4} - x \left(\frac{2ad^3}{b^3} - \frac{3cd^2}{b^2} \right) + \frac{a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3}{b(xb^4 + ab^3)} + \frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2}$$

```
input int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^5,x)
output (log(a + b*x)*(3*a^2*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^2*d - 6*a*b*c*d^2))/b^4 - x*((2*a*d^3)/
b^3 - (3*c*d^2)/b^2) + (a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)
/(b*(a*b^3 + b^4*x)) + (d^3*x^2)/(2*b^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(bx + a) a^4 d^3 - 12 \log(bx + a) a^3 bc d^2 + 6 \log(bx + a) a^3 b d^3 x + 6 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c^2 d - 12 \log(bx +$$

```
input int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^5,x)
output (6*log(a + b*x)*a**4*d**3 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*d**2 + 6*log(a + b*x)
*a**3*b*d**3*x + 6*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*
*2*c*d**2*x + 6*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c**2*d*x - 6*a**3*b*d**3*x + 12*a**2*b
**2*c*d**2*x - 3*a**2*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 6*a*b**3*c**2*d*x + 6*a*b**3*c*d**2
*x**2 + a*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 2*b**4*c**3*x)/(2*a*b**4*(a + b*x))
```


3.34
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^6} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx = \frac{d^3x}{b^3} - \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{2b^4(a + bx)^2} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{3d^2(bc - ad) \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
d^3*x/b^3-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^3/b^4/(b*x+a)^2-3*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^4/(b*x+a)+3*d^2*(-a*d+b*c)*ln(b*x+a)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx = \frac{-5a^3d^3 + a^2bd^2(9c - 4dx) + ab^2d(-3c^2 + 12cdx + 4d^2x^2) - b^3(c^3 + 6c^2dx - 2d^3x^3) - 6d^2(-bc + ad)(a + bx)}{2b^4(a + bx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^6,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-5a^3d^3 + a^2bd^2(9c - 4dx) + ab^2d(-3c^2 + 12cdx + 4d^2x^2) \\ & - b^3(c^3 + 6c^2dx - 2d^3x^3) - 6d^2(-(bc) + ad)(a + bx) \\ & ^2 \text{Log}[a + bx]) / (2b^4(a + bx)^2) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\ & \int \left(\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^3(a + bx)^3} + \frac{d^3}{b^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{3d^2(bc - ad) \log(a + bx)}{b^4} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^4(a + bx)} - \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{2b^4(a + bx)^2} + \frac{d^3x}{b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^6, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d^3x)/b^3 - (b*c - a*d)^3/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^2) - (3*d*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(b^4 \\ & *(a + b*x)) + (3*d^2*(b*c - a*d)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
default	$\frac{d^3 x}{b^3} - \frac{3d(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{b^4 (bx+a)} - \frac{3d^2(ad-bc) \ln(bx+a)}{b^4} - \frac{-a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{2b^4 (bx+a)^2}$
risch	$\frac{d^3 x}{b^3} + \frac{(-3a^2 d^3 + 6abc d^2 - 3b^2 c^2 d)x - \frac{5a^3 d^3 - 9a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{2b}}{b^3 (bx+a)^2} - \frac{3d^3 \ln(bx+a)a}{b^4} + \frac{3d^2 \ln(bx+a)c}{b^3}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6 \ln(bx+a)x^2 a b^2 d^3 - 6 \ln(bx+a)x^2 b^3 c d^2 - 2x^3 b^3 d^3 + 12 \ln(bx+a)x a^2 b d^3 - 12 \ln(bx+a)x a b^2 c d^2 + 6 \ln(bx+a)a^3 d^3 - 6 \ln(bx+a)a^2 b c d^2}{2b^4 (bx+a)^2}$
norman	$\frac{b^2 d^3 x^6 - \frac{a^3 (15a^3 b d^3 - 9a^2 b^2 c d^2 + 3a b^3 c^2 d + b^4 c^3)}{2b^5} - \frac{(18d^3 a^2 b - 6a b^2 c d^2 + 3b^3 c^2 d)x^4}{b} - \frac{(103a^3 b d^3 - 45a^2 b^2 c d^2 + 21a b^3 c^2 d + b^4 c^3)x^3}{2b^2}}{(bx+a)^5}$

```
input int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output d^3*x/b^3-3/b^4*d*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/(b*x+a)-3/b^4*d^2*(a*d-b*c)*
ln(b*x+a)-1/2/b^4*(-a^3*d^3+3*a^2*b*c*d^2-3*a*b^2*c^2*d+b^3*c^3)/(b*x+a)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^3d^3x^3 + 4ab^2d^3x^2 - b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 9a^2bcd^2 - 5a^3d^3 - 2(3b^3c^2d - 6ab^2cd^2 + 2a^2bd^3)x + 6(a^2bcd^3 - 3ab^2cd^2 + 2a^2bd^3)}{2(b^6x^2 + 2ab^5x + a^2b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 4*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 - b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 9*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 5*a^3*d^3 - 2*(3*b^3*c^2*d - 6*a*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a^2*b*d^3)*x + 6*(a^2*b*c*d^3 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^2 + (b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(a*b^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d^3)*x)*log(b*x + a)/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5a^3d^3 + 9a^2bcd^2 - 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3 + x(-6a^2bd^3 + 12ab^2cd^2 - 6b^3c^2d)}{2a^2b^4 + 4ab^5x + 2b^6x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3x}{b^3} - \frac{3d^2(ad - bc) \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**6,x)`

output `(-5*a**3*d**3 + 9*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 3*a*b**2*c**2*d - b**3*c**3 + x*(-6*a**2*b*d**3 + 12*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 6*b**3*c**2*d))/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) + d**3*x/b**3 - 3*d**2*(a*d - b*c)*log(a + b*x)/b**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3x}{b^3} - \frac{b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d - 9a^2bcd^2 + 5a^3d^3 + 6(b^3c^2d - 2ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x}{2(b^6x^2 + 2ab^5x + a^2b^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(bcd^2 - ad^3) \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^3*x/b^3 - 1/2*(b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 9*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 5*a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4) + 3*(b*c*d^2 - a*d^3)*log(b*x + a)/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3x}{b^3} + \frac{3(bcd^2 - ad^3) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4}$$

$$- \frac{b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d - 9a^2bcd^2 + 5a^3d^3 + 6(b^3c^2d - 2ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x}{2(bx + a)^2b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d^3*x/b^3 + 3*(b*c*d^2 - a*d^3)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^4 - 1/2*(b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 9*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 5*a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 x}{b^3} - \frac{\ln(a + bx) (3ad^3 - 3bcd^2)}{b^4}$$

$$- \frac{5a^3d^3 - 9a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d + b^3c^3}{2b} + \frac{x(3a^2d^3 - 6abcd^2 + 3b^2c^2d)}{a^2b^3 + 2ab^4x + b^5x^2}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^6,x)`output `(d^3*x)/b^3 - (log(a + b*x)*(3*a*d^3 - 3*b*c*d^2))/b^4 - ((5*a^3*d^3 + b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 9*a^2*b*c*d^2)/(2*b) + x*(3*a^2*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^2*d - 6*a*b*c*d^2))/(a^2*b^3 + b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(bx + a) a^4 d^3 + 6 \log(bx + a) a^3 b c d^2 - 12 \log(bx + a) a^3 b d^3 x + 12 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c d^2 x - 6 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^2 - 6 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^3 - 6 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^4 - 6 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^5 - 6 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^6}{2a^2 b^3 + 2ab^4x + b^5x^2}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^6,x)`output `(- 6*log(a + b*x)*a**4*d**3 + 6*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*d**2 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d**3*x + 12*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x - 6*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 6*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 3*a**4*d**3 + 3*a**3*b*c*d**2 + 6*a**2*b**2*d**3*x**2 - a*b**3*c**3 - 6*a*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*a*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 3*b**4*c**2*d*x**2)/(2*a*b**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))`

3.35
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^7} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^3}{3b^4(a + bx)^3} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{2b^4(a + bx)^2} - \frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{d^3 \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)^3/b^4/(b*x+a)^3-3/2*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^4/(b*x+a)^2-3*d^2*(-a*d+b*c)/b^4/(b*x+a)+d^3*ln(b*x+a)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx = \frac{-(bc-ad)(11a^2d^2+abd(5c+27dx)+b^2(2c^2+9cdx+18d^2x^2))}{6b^4(a+bx)^3} + 6d^3 \log(a + bx)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^7,x]
```

output $(-(((b*c - a*d)*(11*a^2*d^2 + a*b*d*(5*c + 27*d*x) + b^2*(2*c^2 + 9*c*d*x + 18*d^2*x^2)))/(a + b*x)^3) + 6*d^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(6*b^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)^3} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^3(a + bx)^4} + \frac{d^3}{b^3(a + bx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{b^4(a + bx)} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{2b^4(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{3b^4(a + bx)^3} + \frac{d^3 \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^7, x]$

output $-1/3*(b*c - a*d)^3/(b^4*(a + b*x)^3) - (3*d*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^2) - (3*d^2*(b*c - a*d))/(b^4*(a + b*x)) + (d^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/b^4$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
risch	$\frac{3d^2(ad-bc)x^2}{b^2} + \frac{3d(3a^2d^2-2abcd-b^2c^2)x}{2b^3} + \frac{11a^3d^3-6a^2bcd^2-3ab^2c^2d-2b^3c^3}{6b^4} + \frac{d^3 \ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
default	$-\frac{-a^3d^3+3a^2bcd^2-3ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3}{3b^4(bx+a)^3} + \frac{3d^2(ad-bc)}{b^4(bx+a)} + \frac{d^3 \ln(bx+a)}{b^4} - \frac{3d(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}{2b^4(bx+a)^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6 \ln(bx+a)x^3b^3d^3+18 \ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2d^3+18 \ln(bx+a)xa^2bd^3+18ab^2d^3x^2-18x^2b^3cd^2+6 \ln(bx+a)a^3d^3+27a^2bd^3x-18xa}{6b^4(bx+a)^3}$
norman	$\frac{a(22d^3a^3b^2-15cd^2a^2b^3-6c^2da^4-b^5c^3)x^2}{b^4} + \frac{a^2(10d^3a^3b^2-6cd^2a^2b^3-3c^2da^4-b^5c^3)x}{b^5} + \frac{a^3(11d^3a^3b^2-6cd^2a^2b^3-3c^2da^4-2b^5c^3)}{6b^6} + \frac{d^3 \ln(bx+a)}{(bx+a)^6}$

```
input int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (3*d^2*(a*d-b*c)/b^2*x^2+3/2*d*(3*a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d-b^2*c^2)/b^3*x+1/6*(11
*a^3*d^3-6*a^2*b*c*d^2-3*a*b^2*c^2*d-2*b^3*c^3)/b^4)/(b*x+a)^3+d^3*ln(b*x+
a)/b^4
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx = \frac{2b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d + 6a^2bcd^2 - 11a^3d^3 + 18(b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 + 9(b^3c^2d + 2ab^2cd^2 - 3a^2bd^3)x - 6(b^3c^2d + 3ab^2cd^2 - 3a^2bd^3)}{6(b^7x^3 + 3ab^6x^2 + 3a^2b^5x + a^3b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 11*a^3*d^3 + 18*(b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 9*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*b*d^3)*x - 6*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^3*x + a^3*d^3)*log(b*x + a))/(b^7*x^3 + 3*a*b^6*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*x + a^3*b^4)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx = \frac{11a^3d^3 - 6a^2bcd^2 - 3ab^2c^2d - 2b^3c^3 + x^2 \cdot (18ab^2d^3 - 18b^3cd^2) + x(27a^2bd^3 - 18ab^2cd^2 - 9b^3c^2d)}{6a^3b^4 + 18a^2b^5x + 18ab^6x^2 + 6b^7x^3} + \frac{d^3 \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**7,x)`

output `(11*a**3*d**3 - 6*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 3*a*b**2*c**2*d - 2*b**3*c**3 + x**2*(18*a*b**2*d**3 - 18*b**3*c*d**2) + x*(27*a**2*b*d**3 - 18*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 9*b**3*c**2*d))/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + d**3*log(a + b*x)/b**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx =$$

$$\frac{2b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d + 6a^2bcd^2 - 11a^3d^3 + 18(b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 + 9(b^3c^2d + 2ab^2cd^2 - 3a^2bd^3)x}{6(b^7x^3 + 3ab^6x^2 + 3a^2b^5x + a^3b^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3 \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 11*a^3*d^3 + 18*(b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 9*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^7*x^3 + 3*a*b^6*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*x + a^3*b^4) + d^3*log(b*x + a)/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4}$$

$$- \frac{18(b^2cd^2 - abd^3)x^2 + 9(b^2c^2d + 2abcd^2 - 3a^2d^3)x + \frac{2b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d + 6a^2bcd^2 - 11a^3d^3}{b}}{6(bx + a)^3b^3}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `d^3*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^4 - 1/6*(18*(b^2*c*d^2 - a*b*d^3)*x^2 + 9*(b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*d^3)*x + (2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 11*a^3*d^3)/b)/((b*x + a)^3*b^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 \ln(a + bx)}{b^4} - \frac{-11a^3 d^3 + 6a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d + 2b^3 c^3}{6b^4} + \frac{3x(-3a^2 d^3 + 2a b c d^2 + b^2 c^2 d)}{2b^3} - \frac{3d^2 x^2 (a d - b c)}{b^2}$$

$$- \frac{a^3 + 3a^2 b x + 3a b^2 x^2 + b^3 x^3}{a^3 + 3a^2 b x + 3a b^2 x^2 + b^3 x^3}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^7,x)`output `(d^3*log(a + b*x))/b^4 - ((2*b^3*c^3 - 11*a^3*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^2*b*c*d^2)/(6*b^4) + (3*x*(b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*d^3 + 2*a*b*c*d^2))/(2*b^3) - (3*d^2*x^2*(a*d - b*c))/b^2)/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(bx + a) a^4 d^3 + 18 \log(bx + a) a^3 b d^3 x + 18 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 d^3 x^2 + 6 \log(bx + a) a b^3 d^3 x^3 + 5 a^4 d^3 + 6 a b^4 (b^3 x^3 + 3 a b^2 x^2 + 3 a^2 b x + a^3)}{6 a b^4 (b^3 x^3 + 3 a b^2 x^2 + 3 a^2 b x + a^3)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^7,x)`output `(6*log(a + b*x)*a**4*d**3 + 18*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d**3*x + 18*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 6*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 5*a**4*d**3 + 9*a**3*b*d**3*x - 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*d - 2*a*b**3*c**3 - 9*a*b**3*c**2*d*x - 6*a*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 6*b**4*c*d**2*x**3)/(6*a*b**4*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))`

$$3.36 \quad \int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^8} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx = -\frac{(c + dx)^4}{4(bc - ad)(a + bx)^4}$$

output `-1/4*(d*x+c)^4/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)^4`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 91 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^3 d^3 + a^2 b d^2 (c + 4dx) + ab^2 d (c^2 + 4cdx + 6d^2 x^2) + b^3 (c^3 + 4c^2 dx + 6cd^2 x^2 + 4d^3 x^3)}{4b^4 (a + bx)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^8,x]`

output

$$-1/4*(a^3*d^3 + a^2*b*d^2*(c + 4*d*x) + a*b^2*d*(c^2 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2) + b^3*(c^3 + 4*c^2*d*x + 6*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx)^5} dx$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(c + dx)^4}{4(a + bx)^4(bc - ad)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^8, x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(c + d*x)^4/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 1120

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p,
0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. 2(26) = 52.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x^3 d^3}{b} - \frac{3d^2(ad+bc)x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{d(a^2d^2+abcd+b^2c^2)x}{b^3} - \frac{a^3d^3+a^2bcd^2+ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3}{4b^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{4x^3b^3d^3+6ab^2d^3x^2+6x^2b^3cd^2+4a^2bd^3x+4xa^2b^2cd^2+4xb^3c^2d+a^3d^3+a^2bcd^2+ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3}{4b^4(bx+a)^4}$
parallemrisch	$-\frac{4x^3b^3d^3-6ab^2d^3x^2-6x^2b^3cd^2-4a^2bd^3x-4xa^2b^2cd^2-4xb^3c^2d-a^3d^3-a^2bcd^2-ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}{4b^4(bx+a)^4}$
default	$-\frac{d(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}{b^4(bx+a)^3} - \frac{d^3}{b^4(bx+a)} + \frac{3d^2(ad-bc)}{2b^4(bx+a)^2} - \frac{-a^3d^3+3a^2bcd^2-3ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3}{4b^4(bx+a)^4}$
orering	$-\frac{(4x^3b^3d^3+6ab^2d^3x^2+6x^2b^3cd^2+4a^2bd^3x+4xa^2b^2cd^2+4xb^3c^2d+a^3d^3+a^2bcd^2+ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3)(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^3}{4b^4(bx+a)^7(dx+c)^3}$
norman	$-b^2d^3x^6 + \frac{a^3(-d^3a^3b^3-a^2b^4cd^2-ab^5c^2d-b^6c^3)}{4b^7} + \frac{3(-3ab^3d^3-b^4cd^2)x^5}{2b^2} + \frac{(-17d^3a^2b^3-11ab^4cd^2-2b^5c^2d)x^4}{2b^3} + \frac{(-35d^3a^3b^3-3a^2b^4cd^2-b^5c^2d)x^3}{2b^4} + \frac{(-17d^3a^2b^3-11ab^4cd^2-2b^5c^2d)x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{(-35d^3a^3b^3-3a^2b^4cd^2-b^5c^2d)x}{2b^2} + \frac{(-17d^3a^2b^3-11ab^4cd^2-2b^5c^2d)}{2b^3} + \frac{(-35d^3a^3b^3-3a^2b^4cd^2-b^5c^2d)}{2b^4}$

input

```
int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/b*x^3*d^3-3/2*d^2*(a*d+b*c)/b^2*x^2-d*(a^2*d^2+a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/b^3*x-
1/4*(a^3*d^3+a^2*b*c*d^2+a*b^2*c^2*d+b^3*c^3)/b^4)/(b*x+a)^4
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.11

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{4b^3d^3x^3 + b^3c^3 + ab^2c^2d + a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 6(b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 4(b^3c^2d + ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x}{4(b^8x^4 + 4ab^7x^3 + 6a^2b^6x^2 + 4a^3b^5x + a^4b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(4*b^3*d^3*x^3 + b^3*c^3 + a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 4*(b^3*c^2*d + a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^8*x^4 + 4*a*b^7*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^6*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^5*x + a^4*b^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs. $2(22) = 44$.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^3d^3 - a^2bcd^2 - ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3 - 4b^3d^3x^3 + x^2(-6ab^2d^3 - 6b^3cd^2) + x(-4a^2bd^3 - 4ab^2cd^2 - 4b^3c^2d)}{4a^4b^4 + 16a^3b^5x + 24a^2b^6x^2 + 16ab^7x^3 + 4b^8x^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**8,x)`

output `(-a**3*d**3 - a**2*b*c*d**2 - a*b**2*c**2*d - b**3*c**3 - 4*b**3*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(-6*a*b**2*d**3 - 6*b**3*c*d**2) + x*(-4*a**2*b*d**3 - 4*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 4*b**3*c**2*d))/(4*a**4*b**4 + 16*a**3*b**5*x + 24*a**2*b**6*x**2 + 16*a*b**7*x**3 + 4*b**8*x**4)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.11

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{4b^3d^3x^3 + b^3c^3 + ab^2c^2d + a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 6(b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 4(b^3c^2d + ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x}{4(b^8x^4 + 4ab^7x^3 + 6a^2b^6x^2 + 4a^3b^5x + a^4b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(4*b^3*d^3*x^3 + b^3*c^3 + a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 4*(b^3*c^2*d + a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^8*x^4 + 4*a*b^7*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^6*x^2 + 4*a^3*b^5*x + a^4*b^4)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.96

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{4b^3d^3x^3 + 6b^3cd^2x^2 + 6ab^2d^3x^2 + 4b^3c^2dx + 4ab^2cd^2x + 4a^2bd^3x + b^3c^3 + ab^2c^2d + a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3}{4(bx + a)^4b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(4*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 6*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^2*d*x + 4*a*b^2*c*d^2*x + 4*a^2*b*d^3*x + b^3*c^3 + a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)/((b*x + a)^4*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^3 d^3 + a^2 b c d^2 + a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{4b^4} + \frac{d^3 x^3}{b} + \frac{dx(a^2 d^2 + a b c d + b^2 c^2)}{b^3} + \frac{3d^2 x^2 (ad + bc)}{2b^2}}{a^4 + 4a^3 b x + 6a^2 b^2 x^2 + 4a b^3 x^3 + b^4 x^4}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^8,x)`output `-((a^3*d^3 + b^3*c^3 + a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*c*d^2)/(4*b^4) + (d^3*x^3)/b + (d*x*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + a*b*c*d))/b^3 + (3*d^2*x^2*(a*d + b*c))/(2*b^2)) / (a^4 + b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*b*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3 d^3 x^4 - 6a b^2 c d^2 x^2 - 4a^2 b c d^2 x - 4a b^2 c^2 dx - a^3 c d^2 - a^2 b c^2 d - a b^2 c^3}{4a b^3 (b^4 x^4 + 4a b^3 x^3 + 6a^2 b^2 x^2 + 4a^3 b x + a^4)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^8,x)`output `(- a**3*c*d**2 - a**2*b*c**2*d - 4*a**2*b*c*d**2*x - a*b**2*c**3 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*d*x - 6*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + b**3*d**3*x**4)/(4*a*b**3*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))`

3.37
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^9} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx = -\frac{(c + dx)^4}{5(bc - ad)(a + bx)^5} + \frac{d(c + dx)^4}{20(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^4}$$

output -1/5*(d*x+c)^4/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)^5+1/20*d*(d*x+c)^4/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)^4

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx = \frac{a^3d^3 + a^2bd^2(2c + 5dx) + ab^2d(3c^2 + 10cdx + 10d^2x^2) + b^3(4c^3 + 15c^2dx + 20cd^2x^2 + 10d^3x^3)}{20b^4(a + bx)^5}$$

input Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^9,x]

output

$$-1/20*(a^3*d^3 + a^2*b*d^2*(2*c + 5*d*x) + a*b^2*d*(3*c^2 + 10*c*d*x + 10*d^2*x^2) + b^3*(4*c^3 + 15*c^2*d*x + 20*c*d^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*x^3))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{b^3(a + bx)^4} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)^5} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^3(a + bx)^6} + \frac{d^3}{b^3(a + bx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{d^2(bc - ad)}{b^4(a + bx)^3} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{4b^4(a + bx)^4} - \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{5b^4(a + bx)^5} - \frac{d^3}{2b^4(a + bx)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^9, x]$$

output

$$-1/5*(b*c - a*d)^3/(b^4*(a + b*x)^5) - (3*d*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(4*b^4*(a + b*x)^4) - (d^2*(b*c - a*d))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^3) - d^3/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{x^3 d^3}{2b} - \frac{d^2(ad+2bc)x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{d(a^2 d^2 + 2abcd + 3b^2 c^2)x}{4b^3} - \frac{a^3 d^3 + 2a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d + 4b^3 c^3}{20b^4}}{(bx+a)^5}$
gospers	$-\frac{10x^3 b^3 d^3 + 10a b^2 d^3 x^2 + 20x^2 b^3 c d^2 + 5a^2 b d^3 x + 10xa b^2 c d^2 + 15x b^3 c^2 d + a^3 d^3 + 2a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d + 4b^3 c^3}{20b^4 (bx+a)^5}$
default	$-\frac{a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{5b^4 (bx+a)^5} + \frac{d^2(ad-bc)}{b^4 (bx+a)^3} - \frac{d^3}{2b^4 (bx+a)^2} - \frac{3d(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{4b^4 (bx+a)^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{10d^3 x^3 b^4 - 10a b^3 d^3 x^2 - 20b^4 c d^2 x^2 - 5a^2 b^2 d^3 x - 10a b^3 c d^2 x - 15b^4 c^2 dx - a^3 b d^3 - 2a^2 b^2 c d^2 - 3a b^3 c^2 d - 4b^4 c^3}{20b^5 (bx+a)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(10x^3 b^3 d^3 + 10a b^2 d^3 x^2 + 20x^2 b^3 c d^2 + 5a^2 b d^3 x + 10xa b^2 c d^2 + 15x b^3 c^2 d + a^3 d^3 + 2a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d + 4b^3 c^3)(ac + (ad+bc)x)}{20b^4 (bx+a)^8 (dx+c)^3}$
norman	$\frac{(-2a b^4 d^3 - b^5 c d^2)x^5}{b^3} + \frac{a^3(-a^3 b^4 d^3 - 2a^2 b^5 c d^2 - 3a c^2 d b^6 - 4c^3 b^7)}{20b^8} - \frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{2} + \frac{(-13d^3 a^2 b^4 - 14c d^2 a b^5 - 3c^2 d b^6)x^4}{4b^4} + \frac{(-14a^3 b^4 d^3 - \dots)}{(bx+a)^5}$

```
input int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^9, x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/2/b*x^3*d^3-1/2/b^2*d^2*(a*d+2*b*c)*x^2-1/4/b^3*d*(a^2*d^2+2*a*b*c*d+3
*b^2*c^2)*x-1/20/b^4*(a^3*d^3+2*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d+4*b^3*c^3))/(b*x
+a)^5
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{10b^3d^3x^3 + 4b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d + 2a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 10(2b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 5(3b^3c^2d + 2ab^2cd^2 + a^2b^3d^3)x + 5a^3d^3}{20(b^9x^5 + 5ab^8x^4 + 10a^2b^7x^3 + 10a^3b^6x^2 + 5a^4b^5x + a^5b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(10*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 4*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 10*(2*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 5*(3*b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^9*x^5 + 5*a*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^5*x + a^5*b^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^3d^3 - 2a^2bcd^2 - 3ab^2c^2d - 4b^3c^3 - 10b^3d^3x^3 + x^2(-10ab^2d^3 - 20b^3cd^2) + x(-5a^2bd^3 - 10ab^2cd^2 - 10a^3d^3) + 5a^3d^3}{20a^5b^4 + 100a^4b^5x + 200a^3b^6x^2 + 200a^2b^7x^3 + 100ab^8x^4 + 20b^9x^5}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**9,x)`

output `(-a**3*d**3 - 2*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 3*a*b**2*c**2*d - 4*b**3*c**3 - 10*b**3*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(-10*a*b**2*d**3 - 20*b**3*c*d**2) + x*(-5*a**2*b*d**3 - 10*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 15*b**3*c**2*d))/(20*a**5*b**4 + 100*a**4*b**5*x + 200*a**3*b**6*x**2 + 200*a**2*b**7*x**3 + 100*a*b**8*x**4 + 20*b**9*x**5)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{10b^3d^3x^3 + 4b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d + 2a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 10(2b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 5(3b^3c^2d + 2ab^2cd^2 + a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3)x + 2a^4d^3}{20(b^9x^5 + 5ab^8x^4 + 10a^2b^7x^3 + 10a^3b^6x^2 + 5a^4b^5x + a^5b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/20*(10*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 4*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 10*(2*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 5*(3*b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^9*x^5 + 5*a*b^8*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^7*x^3 + 10*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^5*x + a^5*b^4)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{10b^3d^3x^3 + 20b^3cd^2x^2 + 10ab^2d^3x^2 + 15b^3c^2dx + 10ab^2cd^2x + 5a^2bd^3x + 4b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d + 2a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3}{20(bx + a)^5b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/20*(10*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 20*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 10*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 15*b^3*c^2*d*x + 10*a*b^2*c*d^2*x + 5*a^2*b*d^3*x + 4*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)/((b*x + a)^5*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^3 d^3 + 2a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d + 4b^3 c^3}{20b^4} + \frac{d^3 x^3}{2b} + \frac{dx(a^2 d^2 + 2abcd + 3b^2 c^2)}{4b^3} + \frac{d^2 x^2 (ad + 2bc)}{2b^2}}{a^5 + 5a^4 b x + 10a^3 b^2 x^2 + 10a^2 b^3 x^3 + 5ab^4 x^4 + b^5 x^5}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^9,x)`

output

$$-\frac{(a^3 d^3 + 4b^3 c^3 + 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d + 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2)/(20b^4) + (d^3 x^3)/2b + (d^2 x^2 (a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2 + 2abcd))/(4b^3) + (d^2 x^2 (ad + 2bc))/(2b^2)}{a^5 + b^5 x^5 + 5a^4 b x + 10a^3 b^2 x^2 + 10a^2 b^3 x^3 + 5ab^4 x^4 + b^5 x^5}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10b^3 d^3 x^3 - 10ab^2 d^3 x^2 - 20b^3 c d^2 x^2 - 5a^2 b d^3 x - 10ab^2 c d^2 x - 15b^3 c^2 dx - a^3 d^3 - 2a^2 b c d^2 - 3ab^2 c^2 d}{20b^4 (b^5 x^5 + 5ab^4 x^4 + 10a^2 b^3 x^3 + 10a^3 b^2 x^2 + 5a^4 b x + a^5)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^9,x)`

output

$$\frac{(-a^3 d^3 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d - 5a^2 b^2 d^3 x - 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 10a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 x - 10a^2 b^2 d^3 x^2 - 4b^3 c^3 - 15b^3 c^2 d x - 20b^3 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 10b^3 d^3 x^3)/(20b^4 (a^5 + 5a^4 b x + 10a^3 b^2 x^2 + 10a^2 b^3 x^3 + 5a^4 b x + b^5 x^5))}{20b^4 (b^5 x^5 + 5ab^4 x^4 + 10a^2 b^3 x^3 + 10a^3 b^2 x^2 + 5a^4 b x + a^5)}$$

3.38
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^{10}} dx$$

Optimal result	400
Mathematica [A] (verified)	400
Rubi [A] (verified)	401
Maple [A] (verified)	402
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	403
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	403
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	404
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	404
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	405
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	405

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^3}{6b^4(a + bx)^6} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{5b^4(a + bx)^5} - \frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{4b^4(a + bx)^4} - \frac{d^3}{3b^4(a + bx)^3}$$

output

$$-1/6*(-a*d+b*c)^3/b^4/(b*x+a)^6-3/5*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^4/(b*x+a)^5-3/4*d^2*(-a*d+b*c)/b^4/(b*x+a)^4-1/3*d^3/b^4/(b*x+a)^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx = \frac{a^3d^3 + 3a^2bd^2(c + 2dx) + 3ab^2d(2c^2 + 6cdx + 5d^2x^2) + b^3(10c^3 + 36c^2dx + 45cd^2x^2 + 20d^3x^3)}{60b^4(a + bx)^6}$$

input

`Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^10,x]`

output

$$-1/60*(a^3*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*d^2*(c + 2*d*x) + 3*a*b^2*d*(2*c^2 + 6*c*d*x + 5*d^2*x^2) + b^3*(10*c^3 + 36*c^2*d*x + 45*c*d^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*x^3))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^6)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{b^3(a + bx)^5} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)^6} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^3(a + bx)^7} + \frac{d^3}{b^3(a + bx)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{4b^4(a + bx)^4} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{5b^4(a + bx)^5} - \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{6b^4(a + bx)^6} - \frac{d^3}{3b^4(a + bx)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^10, x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(b*c - a*d)^3/(b^4*(a + b*x)^6) - (3*d*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(5*b^4*(a + b*x)^5) - (3*d^2*(b*c - a*d))/(4*b^4*(a + b*x)^4) - d^3/(3*b^4*(a + b*x)^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{x^3 d^3}{3b} - \frac{d^2(ad+3bc)x^2}{4b^2} - \frac{d(a^2 d^2 + 3abcd + 6b^2 c^2)x}{10b^3} - \frac{a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 + 6a b^2 c^2 d + 10b^3 c^3}{60b^4}}{(bx+a)^6}$
gospers	$\frac{-20x^3 b^3 d^3 + 15a b^2 d^3 x^2 + 45x^2 b^3 c d^2 + 6a^2 b d^3 x + 18xa b^2 c d^2 + 36x b^3 c^2 d + a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 + 6a b^2 c^2 d + 10b^3 c^3}{60b^4 (bx+a)^6}$
default	$-\frac{3d(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{5b^4 (bx+a)^5} - \frac{d^3}{3b^4 (bx+a)^3} - \frac{-a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{6b^4 (bx+a)^6} + \frac{3d^2(ad-bc)}{4b^4 (bx+a)^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-20d^3 x^3 b^5 - 15a b^4 d^3 x^2 - 45b^5 c d^2 x^2 - 6a^2 b^3 d^3 x - 18a b^4 c d^2 x - 36b^5 c^2 d x - d^3 a^3 b^2 - 3c d^2 a^2 b^3 - 6c^2 d a b^4 - 10b^5 c^3}{60b^6 (bx+a)^6}$
orering	$-\frac{(20x^3 b^3 d^3 + 15a b^2 d^3 x^2 + 45x^2 b^3 c d^2 + 6a^2 b d^3 x + 18xa b^2 c d^2 + 36x b^3 c^2 d + a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 + 6a b^2 c^2 d + 10b^3 c^3)(ac + (ad+bc))}{60b^4 (bx+a)^9 (dx+c)^3}$
norman	$\frac{a^3(-a^3 b^5 d^3 - 3a^2 b^6 c d^2 - 6a b^7 c^2 d - 10c^3 b^8)}{60b^9} - \frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{3} + \frac{(-5d^3 a b^5 - 3c d^2 b^6)x^5}{4b^4} + \frac{(-37a^2 b^5 d^3 - 51a d^2 c b^6 - 12c^2 d b^7)x^4}{20b^5} + \frac{(-42a^3 b^5 d^3 - 3a^2 b^6 c d^2 - 6a b^7 c^2 d - 10c^3 b^8)}{60b^9}$

```
input int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/3/b*x^3*d^3-1/4/b^2*d^2*(a*d+3*b*c)*x^2-1/10/b^3*d*(a^2*d^2+3*a*b*c*d+
6*b^2*c^2)*x-1/60/b^4*(a^3*d^3+3*a^2*b*c*d^2+6*a*b^2*c^2*d+10*b^3*c^3))/(b
*x+a)^6
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx = \frac{20b^3d^3x^3 + 10b^3c^3 + 6ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 15(3b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 6(6b^3c^2d + 3ab^2cd^2 + a^2b^3d^3)x + 6a^3d^3}{60(b^{10}x^6 + 6ab^9x^5 + 15a^2b^8x^4 + 20a^3b^7x^3 + 15a^4b^6x^2 + 6a^5b^5x + a^6b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(20*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 10*b^3*c^3 + 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 15*(3*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 6*(6*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^10*x^6 + 6*a*b^9*x^5 + 15*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 20*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 15*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 6*a^5*b^5*x + a^6*b^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx = \frac{-a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 - 6ab^2c^2d - 10b^3c^3 - 20b^3d^3x^3 + x^2(-15ab^2d^3 - 45b^3cd^2) + x(-6a^2bd^3 - 18ab^2cd^2 - 18a^2b^3d^3) + 6a^3d^3}{60a^6b^4 + 360a^5b^5x + 900a^4b^6x^2 + 1200a^3b^7x^3 + 900a^2b^8x^4 + 360ab^9x^5 + 60b^{10}x^6}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**10,x)`

output `(-a**3*d**3 - 3*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 6*a*b**2*c**2*d - 10*b**3*c**3 - 20*b**3*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(-15*a*b**2*d**3 - 45*b**3*c*d**2) + x*(-6*a**2*b*d**3 - 18*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 36*b**3*c**2*d))/(60*a**6*b**4 + 360*a**5*b**5*x + 900*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**7*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**8*x**4 + 360*a*b**9*x**5 + 60*b**10*x**6)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{20b^3d^3x^3 + 10b^3c^3 + 6ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 15(3b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 6(6b^3c^2d + 3ab^2cd^2 + a^2b^3d^3)x + 6a^3d^3}{60(b^{10}x^6 + 6ab^9x^5 + 15a^2b^8x^4 + 20a^3b^7x^3 + 15a^4b^6x^2 + 6a^5b^5x + a^6b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/60*(20*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 10*b^3*c^3 + 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 15*(3*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 6*(6*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^10*x^6 + 6*a*b^9*x^5 + 15*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 20*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 15*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 6*a^5*b^5*x + a^6*b^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{20b^3d^3x^3 + 45b^3cd^2x^2 + 15ab^2d^3x^2 + 36b^3c^2dx + 18ab^2cd^2x + 6a^2bd^3x + 10b^3c^3 + 6ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bd^3}{60(bx + a)^6b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/60*(20*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 45*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 15*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 36*b^3*c^2*d*x + 18*a*b^2*c*d^2*x + 6*a^2*b*d^3*x + 10*b^3*c^3 + 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)/((b*x + a)^6*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 b c d^2 + 6a b^2 c^2 d + 10b^3 c^3}{60b^4} + \frac{d^3 x^3}{3b} + \frac{dx(a^2 d^2 + 3abcd + 6b^2 c^2)}{10b^3} + \frac{d^2 x^2 (ad + 3bc)}{4b^2}}{a^6 + 6a^5 b x + 15a^4 b^2 x^2 + 20a^3 b^3 x^3 + 15a^2 b^4 x^4 + 6ab^5 x^5 + b^6 x^6}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^10,x)`

output

```

-((a^3*d^3 + 10*b^3*c^3 + 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)/(60*b^4) + (d^3*x
^3)/(3*b) + (d*x*(a^2*d^2 + 6*b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c*d))/(10*b^3) + (d^2*x^2*(a
*d + 3*b*c))/(4*b^2))/(a^6 + b^6*x^6 + 6*a*b^5*x^5 + 15*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 20*a
^3*b^3*x^3 + 15*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 6*a^5*b*x)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-20b^3 d^3 x^3 - 15a b^2 d^3 x^2 - 45b^3 c d^2 x^2 - 6a^2 b d^3 x - 18a b^2 c d^2 x - 36b^3 c^2 dx - a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 - 6a b^2 c^2 d}{60b^4 (b^6 x^6 + 6a b^5 x^5 + 15a^2 b^4 x^4 + 20a^3 b^3 x^3 + 15a^4 b^2 x^2 + 6a^5 b x + a^6)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^10,x)`

output

```

( - a**3*d**3 - 3*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 6*a**2*b*d**3*x - 6*a*b**2*c**2*d - 18*a
*b**2*c*d**2*x - 15*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 10*b**3*c**3 - 36*b**3*c**2*d*x - 4
5*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 20*b**3*d**3*x**3)/(60*b**4*(a**6 + 6*a**5*b*x + 15*a
**4*b**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 15*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 6*a*b**5*x**5 + b
*6*x**6))

```

3.39
$$\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^{11}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^3}{7b^4(a + bx)^7} - \frac{d(bc - ad)^2}{2b^4(a + bx)^6} - \frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{5b^4(a + bx)^5} - \frac{d^3}{4b^4(a + bx)^4}$$

output

```
-1/7*(-a*d+b*c)^3/b^4/(b*x+a)^7-1/2*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^4/(b*x+a)^6-3/5*d^2*(-a*d+b*c)/b^4/(b*x+a)^5-1/4*d^3/b^4/(b*x+a)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx = \frac{a^3d^3 + a^2bd^2(4c + 7dx) + ab^2d(10c^2 + 28cdx + 21d^2x^2) + b^3(20c^3 + 70c^2dx + 84cd^2x^2 + 35d^3x^3)}{140b^4(a + bx)^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^11,x]
```

output

$$-1/140*(a^3*d^3 + a^2*b*d^2*(4*c + 7*d*x) + a*b^2*d*(10*c^2 + 28*c*d*x + 21*d^2*x^2) + b^3*(20*c^3 + 70*c^2*d*x + 84*c*d^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*x^3))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^7)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{b^3(a + bx)^6} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)^7} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^3(a + bx)^8} + \frac{d^3}{b^3(a + bx)^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{5b^4(a + bx)^5} - \frac{d(bc - ad)^2}{2b^4(a + bx)^6} - \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{7b^4(a + bx)^7} - \frac{d^3}{4b^4(a + bx)^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^11,x]$$

output

$$-1/7*(b*c - a*d)^3/(b^4*(a + b*x)^7) - (d*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^6) - (3*d^2*(b*c - a*d))/(5*b^4*(a + b*x)^5) - d^3/(4*b^4*(a + b*x)^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{x^3 d^3}{4b} - \frac{3d^2(ad+4bc)x^2}{20b^2} - \frac{d(a^2 d^2 + 4abcd + 10b^2 c^2)x}{20b^3} - \frac{a^3 d^3 + 4a^2 bc d^2 + 10a b^2 c^2 d + 20b^3 c^3}{140b^4}}{(bx+a)^7}$
gospers	$\frac{-35x^3 b^3 d^3 + 21a b^2 d^3 x^2 + 84x^2 b^3 c d^2 + 7a^2 b d^3 x + 28xa b^2 c d^2 + 70x b^3 c^2 d + a^3 d^3 + 4a^2 bc d^2 + 10a b^2 c^2 d + 20b^3 c^3}{140b^4 (bx+a)^7}$
default	$\frac{3d^2(ad-bc)}{5b^4(bx+a)^5} - \frac{-a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{7b^4(bx+a)^7} - \frac{d(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{2b^4(bx+a)^6} - \frac{d^3}{4b^4(bx+a)^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-35d^3 x^3 b^6 - 21a b^5 d^3 x^2 - 84b^6 c d^2 x^2 - 7a^2 b^4 d^3 x - 28a b^5 c d^2 x - 70b^6 c^2 d x - d^3 a^3 b^3 - 4a^2 b^4 c d^2 - 10a b^5 c^2 d - 20b^6 c^3}{140b^7 (bx+a)^7}$
orering	$\frac{(35x^3 b^3 d^3 + 21a b^2 d^3 x^2 + 84x^2 b^3 c d^2 + 7a^2 b d^3 x + 28xa b^2 c d^2 + 70x b^3 c^2 d + a^3 d^3 + 4a^2 bc d^2 + 10a b^2 c^2 d + 20b^3 c^3)(ac + (ad + bc)x)}{140b^4 (bx+a)^{10} (dx+c)^3}$
norman	$\frac{a^3(-a^3 b^6 d^3 - 4a^2 b^7 c d^2 - 10a b^8 c^2 d - 20b^9 c^3)}{140b^{10}} - \frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{4} + \frac{3(-3a d^3 b^6 - 2c d^2 b^7)x^5}{10b^5} + \frac{(-5a^2 b^6 d^3 - 8a d^2 c b^7 - 2c^2 d b^8)x^4}{4b^6} + \frac{(-6a^3 b^6 d^3 - 12a^2 b^7 c d^2 - 10a b^8 c^2 d - 20b^9 c^3)}{140b^{10}} + \dots$

```
input int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/4/b*x^3*d^3-3/20/b^2*d^2*(a*d+4*b*c)*x^2-1/20/b^3*d*(a^2*d^2+4*a*b*c*d
+10*b^2*c^2)*x-1/140/b^4*(a^3*d^3+4*a^2*b*c*d^2+10*a*b^2*c^2*d+20*b^3*c^3)
)/(b*x+a)^7
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{35b^3d^3x^3 + 20b^3c^3 + 10ab^2c^2d + 4a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 21(4b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 7(10b^3c^2d + 4ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x + 7a^3d^3}{140(b^{11}x^7 + 7ab^{10}x^6 + 21a^2b^9x^5 + 35a^3b^8x^4 + 35a^4b^7x^3 + 21a^5b^6x^2 + 7a^6b^5x + a^7b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/140*(35*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 20*b^3*c^3 + 10*a*b^2*c^2*d + 4*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 21*(4*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 7*(10*b^3*c^2*d + 4*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^11*x^7 + 7*a*b^10*x^6 + 21*a^2*b^9*x^5 + 35*a^3*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^4*b^7*x^3 + 21*a^5*b^6*x^2 + 7*a^6*b^5*x + a^7*b^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 196 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 5.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^3d^3 - 4a^2bcd^2 - 10ab^2c^2d - 20b^3c^3 - 35b^3d^3x^3 + x^2(-21ab^2d^3 - 84b^3cd^2) + x(-7a^2bd^3 - 28ab^2cd^2 - 28a^2bd^3) + 7a^3d^3}{140a^7b^4 + 980a^6b^5x + 2940a^5b^6x^2 + 4900a^4b^7x^3 + 4900a^3b^8x^4 + 2940a^2b^9x^5 + 980ab^{10}x^6 + 140b^{11}x^7}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**11,x)`

output `(-a**3*d**3 - 4*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 10*a*b**2*c**2*d - 20*b**3*c**3 - 35*b**3*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(-21*a*b**2*d**3 - 84*b**3*c*d**2) + x*(-7*a**2*b*d**3 - 28*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 70*b**3*c**2*d))/(140*a**7*b**4 + 980*a**6*b**5*x + 2940*a**5*b**6*x**2 + 4900*a**4*b**7*x**3 + 4900*a**3*b**8*x**4 + 2940*a**2*b**9*x**5 + 980*a*b**10*x**6 + 140*b**11*x**7)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{35b^3d^3x^3 + 20b^3c^3 + 10ab^2c^2d + 4a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 21(4b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 7(10b^3c^2d + 4ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x + 7a^2b^3c^2d}{140(b^{11}x^7 + 7ab^{10}x^6 + 21a^2b^9x^5 + 35a^3b^8x^4 + 35a^4b^7x^3 + 21a^5b^6x^2 + 7a^6b^5x + a^7b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/140*(35*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 20*b^3*c^3 + 10*a*b^2*c^2*d + 4*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 21*(4*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 7*(10*b^3*c^2*d + 4*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^11*x^7 + 7*a*b^10*x^6 + 21*a^2*b^9*x^5 + 35*a^3*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^4*b^7*x^3 + 21*a^5*b^6*x^2 + 7*a^6*b^5*x + a^7*b^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{35b^3d^3x^3 + 84b^3cd^2x^2 + 21ab^2d^3x^2 + 70b^3c^2dx + 28ab^2cd^2x + 7a^2bd^3x + 20b^3c^3 + 10ab^2c^2d + 4a^2bd^3}{140(bx + a)^7b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/140*(35*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 84*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 21*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 70*b^3*c^2*d*x + 28*a*b^2*c*d^2*x + 7*a^2*b*d^3*x + 20*b^3*c^3 + 10*a*b^2*c^2*d + 4*a^2*b*d^3)/((b*x + a)^7*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^3 d^3 + 4a^2 b c d^2 + 10a b^2 c^2 d + 20b^3 c^3}{140b^4} + \frac{d^3 x^3}{4b} + \frac{dx(a^2 d^2 + 4abcd + 10b^2 c^2)}{20b^3} + \frac{3d^2 x^2(ad + 4bc)}{20b^2}}{a^7 + 7a^6 bx + 21a^5 b^2 x^2 + 35a^4 b^3 x^3 + 35a^3 b^4 x^4 + 21a^2 b^5 x^5 + 7ab^6 x^6 + b^7 x^7}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^11,x)`output `-((a^3*d^3 + 20*b^3*c^3 + 10*a*b^2*c^2*d + 4*a^2*b*c*d^2)/(140*b^4) + (d^3*x^3)/(4*b) + (d*x*(a^2*d^2 + 10*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d))/(20*b^3) + (3*d^2*x^2*(a*d + 4*b*c))/(20*b^2))/(a^7 + b^7*x^7 + 7*a*b^6*x^6 + 21*a^5*b^2*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*x^3 + 35*a^3*b^4*x^4 + 21*a^2*b^5*x^5 + 7*a^6*b*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-35b^3 d^3 x^3 - 21ab^2 d^3 x^2 - 84b^3 c d^2 x^2 - 7a^2 b d^3 x - 28ab^2 c d^2 x - 70b^3 c^2 dx - a^3 d^3 - 4a^2 b c d^2 - 10ab^2 c^2 d}{140b^4 (b^7 x^7 + 7ab^6 x^6 + 21a^2 b^5 x^5 + 35a^3 b^4 x^4 + 35a^4 b^3 x^3 + 21a^5 b^2 x^2 + 7a^6 b x + a^7)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^11,x)`output `(- a**3*d**3 - 4*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 7*a**2*b*d**3*x - 10*a*b**2*c**2*d - 28*a*b**2*c*d**2*x - 21*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 20*b**3*c**3 - 70*b**3*c**2*d*x - 84*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 35*b**3*d**3*x**3)/(140*b**4*(a**7 + 7*a**6*b*x + 21*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 35*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 35*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 21*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 7*a*b**6*x**6 + b**7*x**7))`

3.40 $\int \frac{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3}{(a+bx)^{12}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)^3}{8b^4(a + bx)^8} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{7b^4(a + bx)^7} - \frac{d^2(bc - ad)}{2b^4(a + bx)^6} - \frac{d^3}{5b^4(a + bx)^5}$$

output

```
-1/8*(-a*d+b*c)^3/b^4/(b*x+a)^8-3/7*d*(-a*d+b*c)^2/b^4/(b*x+a)^7-1/2*d^2*(-a*d+b*c)/b^4/(b*x+a)^6-1/5*d^3/b^4/(b*x+a)^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx = \frac{a^3d^3 + a^2bd^2(5c + 8dx) + ab^2d(15c^2 + 40cdx + 28d^2x^2) + b^3(35c^3 + 120c^2dx + 140cd^2x^2 + 56d^3x^3)}{280b^4(a + bx)^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^12,x]
```

output

$$-1/280*(a^3*d^3 + a^2*b*d^2*(5*c + 8*d*x) + a*b^2*d*(15*c^2 + 40*c*d*x + 28*d^2*x^2) + b^3*(35*c^3 + 120*c^2*d*x + 140*c*d^2*x^2 + 56*d^3*x^3))/(b^4*(a + b*x)^8)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3d^2(bc - ad)}{b^3(a + bx)^7} + \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{b^3(a + bx)^8} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{b^3(a + bx)^9} + \frac{d^3}{b^3(a + bx)^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{d^2(bc - ad)}{2b^4(a + bx)^6} - \frac{3d(bc - ad)^2}{7b^4(a + bx)^7} - \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{8b^4(a + bx)^8} - \frac{d^3}{5b^4(a + bx)^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^12, x]$$

output

$$-1/8*(b*c - a*d)^3/(b^4*(a + b*x)^8) - (3*d*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(7*b^4*(a + b*x)^7) - (d^2*(b*c - a*d))/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^6) - d^3/(5*b^4*(a + b*x)^5)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{x^3 d^3}{5b} - \frac{d^2(ad+5bc)x^2}{10b^2} - \frac{d(a^2 d^2 + 5abcd + 15b^2 c^2)x}{35b^3} - \frac{a^3 d^3 + 5a^2 bc d^2 + 15a b^2 c^2 d + 35b^3 c^3}{280b^4}}{(bx+a)^8}$
gospers	$\frac{-56x^3 b^3 d^3 + 28a b^2 d^3 x^2 + 140x^2 b^3 c d^2 + 8a^2 b d^3 x + 40xa b^2 c d^2 + 120x b^3 c^2 d + a^3 d^3 + 5a^2 bc d^2 + 15a b^2 c^2 d + 35b^3 c^3}{280b^4 (bx+a)^8}$
default	$-\frac{a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{8b^4 (bx+a)^8} - \frac{d^3}{5b^4 (bx+a)^5} - \frac{3d(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{7b^4 (bx+a)^7} + \frac{d^2(ad-bc)}{2b^4 (bx+a)^6}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-56d^3 x^3 b^7 - 28a b^6 d^3 x^2 - 140b^7 c d^2 x^2 - 8a^2 b^5 d^3 x - 40a b^6 c d^2 x - 120b^7 c^2 d x - a^3 b^4 d^3 - 5a^2 b^5 c d^2 - 15a c^2 d b^6 - 35c^3 b^7}{280b^8 (bx+a)^8}$
orering	$\frac{(56x^3 b^3 d^3 + 28a b^2 d^3 x^2 + 140x^2 b^3 c d^2 + 8a^2 b d^3 x + 40xa b^2 c d^2 + 120x b^3 c^2 d + a^3 d^3 + 5a^2 bc d^2 + 15a b^2 c^2 d + 35b^3 c^3)(ac + (ad + a^2 c + b^2 c^2)x + b^3 c^3)}{280b^4 (bx+a)^{11} (dx+c)^3}$
norman	$\frac{a^3(-a^3 b^7 d^3 - 5a^2 b^8 c d^2 - 15a b^9 c^2 d - 35b^{10} c^3)}{280b^{11}} - \frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{5} + \frac{(-7a d^3 b^7 - 5c d^2 b^8)x^5}{10b^6} + \frac{(-13a^2 b^7 d^3 - 23a d^2 c b^8 - 6c^2 d b^9)x^4}{14b^7} + \frac{(-33a^3 b^7}{14b^7}$

input

```
int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/5/b*x^3*d^3-1/10/b^2*d^2*(a*d+5*b*c)*x^2-1/35/b^3*d*(a^2*d^2+5*a*b*c*d
+15*b^2*c^2)*x-1/280/b^4*(a^3*d^3+5*a^2*b*c*d^2+15*a*b^2*c^2*d+35*b^3*c^3)
)/(b*x+a)^8
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{56b^3d^3x^3 + 35b^3c^3 + 15ab^2c^2d + 5a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 28(5b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 8(15b^3c^2d + 5ab^2cd^2 + a^2b^2d^3)x + 280(b^{12}x^8 + 8ab^{11}x^7 + 28a^2b^{10}x^6 + 56a^3b^9x^5 + 70a^4b^8x^4 + 56a^5b^7x^3 + 28a^6b^6x^2 + 8a^7b^5x + a^8b^4)}{280(b^{12}x^8 + 8ab^{11}x^7 + 28a^2b^{10}x^6 + 56a^3b^9x^5 + 70a^4b^8x^4 + 56a^5b^7x^3 + 28a^6b^6x^2 + 8a^7b^5x + a^8b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/280*(56*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 35*b^3*c^3 + 15*a*b^2*c^2*d + 5*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 28*(5*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 8*(15*b^3*c^2*d + 5*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^3)*x)/(b^12*x^8 + 8*a*b^11*x^7 + 28*a^2*b^10*x^6 + 56*a^3*b^9*x^5 + 70*a^4*b^8*x^4 + 56*a^5*b^7*x^3 + 28*a^6*b^6*x^2 + 8*a^7*b^5*x + a^8*b^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 11.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^3d^3 - 5a^2bcd^2 - 15ab^2c^2d - 35b^3c^3 - 56b^3d^3x^3 + x^2(-28ab^2d^3 - 140b^3cd^2) + x(-8a^2bd^3 - 40ab^2cd^2) + 280(b^{12}x^8 + 8ab^{11}x^7 + 28a^2b^{10}x^6 + 56a^3b^9x^5 + 70a^4b^8x^4 + 56a^5b^7x^3 + 28a^6b^6x^2 + 8a^7b^5x + a^8b^4)}{280a^8b^4 + 2240a^7b^5x + 7840a^6b^6x^2 + 15680a^5b^7x^3 + 19600a^4b^8x^4 + 15680a^3b^9x^5 + 7840a^2b^{10}x^6 + 2240ab^{11}x^7 + 280b^{12}x^8}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3/(b*x+a)**12,x)`

output `(-a**3*d**3 - 5*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 15*a*b**2*c**2*d - 35*b**3*c**3 - 56*b**3*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(-28*a*b**2*d**3 - 140*b**3*c*d**2) + x*(-8*a**2*b*d**3 - 40*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 120*b**3*c**2*d))/(280*a**8*b**4 + 2240*a**7*b**5*x + 7840*a**6*b**6*x**2 + 15680*a**5*b**7*x**3 + 19600*a**4*b**8*x**4 + 15680*a**3*b**9*x**5 + 7840*a**2*b**10*x**6 + 2240*a*b**11*x**7 + 280*b**12*x**8)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx = \frac{56b^3d^3x^3 + 35b^3c^3 + 15ab^2c^2d + 5a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 28(5b^3cd^2 + ab^2d^3)x^2 + 8(15b^3c^2d + 5ab^2cd^2 + a^2b^2d^3)x + 8a^3d^3}{280(b^{12}x^8 + 8ab^{11}x^7 + 28a^2b^{10}x^6 + 56a^3b^9x^5 + 70a^4b^8x^4 + 56a^5b^7x^3 + 28a^6b^6x^2 + 8a^7b^5x + a^8b^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/280*(56*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 35*b^3*c^3 + 15*a*b^2*c^2*d + 5*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 28*(5*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 8*(15*b^3*c^2*d + 5*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(b^12*x^8 + 8*a*b^11*x^7 + 28*a^2*b^10*x^6 + 56*a^3*b^9*x^5 + 70*a^4*b^8*x^4 + 56*a^5*b^7*x^3 + 28*a^6*b^6*x^2 + 8*a^7*b^5*x + a^8*b^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx = \frac{56b^3d^3x^3 + 140b^3cd^2x^2 + 28ab^2d^3x^2 + 120b^3c^2dx + 40ab^2cd^2x + 8a^2bd^3x + 35b^3c^3 + 15ab^2c^2d + 5a^3d^3}{280(bx + a)^8b^4}$$

input `integrate((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/280*(56*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 140*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 28*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 120*b^3*c^2*d*x + 40*a*b^2*c*d^2*x + 8*a^2*b*d^3*x + 35*b^3*c^3 + 15*a*b^2*c^2*d + 5*a^3*d^3)/((b*x + a)^8*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^3 d^3 + 5a^2 b c d^2 + 15a b^2 c^2 d + 35b^3 c^3}{280b^4} + \frac{d^3 x^3}{5b} + \frac{dx(a^2 d^2 + 5abcd + 15b^2 c^2)}{35b^3} + \frac{d^2 x^2 (ad + 5bc)}{10b^2}}{a^8 + 8a^7 b x + 28a^6 b^2 x^2 + 56a^5 b^3 x^3 + 70a^4 b^4 x^4 + 56a^3 b^5 x^5 + 28a^2 b^6 x^6 + 8a b^7 x^7 + b^8 x^8}$$

input `int((a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3/(a + b*x)^12,x)`

output

```

-((a^3*d^3 + 35*b^3*c^3 + 15*a*b^2*c^2*d + 5*a^2*b*c*d^2)/(280*b^4) + (d^3
*x^3)/(5*b) + (d*x*(a^2*d^2 + 15*b^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c*d))/(35*b^3) + (d^2*x^2
*(a*d + 5*b*c))/(10*b^2))/(a^8 + b^8*x^8 + 8*a*b^7*x^7 + 28*a^6*b^2*x^2 +
56*a^5*b^3*x^3 + 70*a^4*b^4*x^4 + 56*a^3*b^5*x^5 + 28*a^2*b^6*x^6 + 8*a^7*
b*x)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3}{(a + bx)^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-56b^3 d^3 x^3 - 28a b^2 d^3 x^2 - 140b^3 c d^2 x^2 - 8a^2 b d^3 x - 40a b^2 c d^2 x - 120b^3 c^2 dx - a^3 d^3 - 5a^2 b c d^2 - 15a b^2 c^2 d}{280b^4 (b^8 x^8 + 8a b^7 x^7 + 28a^2 b^6 x^6 + 56a^3 b^5 x^5 + 70a^4 b^4 x^4 + 56a^5 b^3 x^3 + 28a^6 b^2 x^2 + 8a^7 b x + a^8)}$$

input `int((a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3/(b*x+a)^12,x)`

output

```

( - a**3*d**3 - 5*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 8*a**2*b*d**3*x - 15*a*b**2*c**2*d - 40*
a*b**2*c*d**2*x - 28*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 35*b**3*c**3 - 120*b**3*c**2*d*x -
140*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 56*b**3*d**3*x**3)/(280*b**4*(a**8 + 8*a**7*b*x +
28*a**6*b**2*x**2 + 56*a**5*b**3*x**3 + 70*a**4*b**4*x**4 + 56*a**3*b**5*x
**5 + 28*a**2*b**6*x**6 + 8*a*b**7*x**7 + b**8*x**8))

```

3.41 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$

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Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	422
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	422
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	424
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	425

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{b(bc-ad)^4x}{d^5} - \frac{(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)^2}{2d^4} + \frac{(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)^3}{3d^3} - \frac{(bc-ad)(a+bx)^4}{4d^2} + \frac{(a+bx)^5}{5d} - \frac{(bc-ad)^5 \log(c+dx)}{d^6}$$

output

```
b*(-a*d+b*c)^4*x/d^5-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^3*(b*x+a)^2/d^4+1/3*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*x+a)^3/d^3-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^4/d^2+1/5*(b*x+a)^5/d-(-a*d+b*c)^5*ln(d*x+c)/d^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{bdx(300a^4d^4 + 300a^3bd^3(-2c+dx) + 100a^2b^2d^2(6c^2 - 3cdx + 2d^2x^2) + 25ab^3d(-12c^3 + 6c^2dx - 4cd^2x^2))}{60d^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^6/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]`

output $(b*d*x*(300*a^4*d^4 + 300*a^3*b*d^3*(-2*c + d*x) + 100*a^2*b^2*d^2*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2) + 25*a*b^3*d*(-12*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x - 4*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*x^3) + b^4*(60*c^4 - 30*c^3*d*x + 20*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 15*c*d^3*x^3 + 12*d^4*x^4)) - 60*(b*c - a*d)^5*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(60*d^6)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(ad - bc)^5}{d^5(c + dx)} + \frac{b(bc - ad)^4}{d^5} - \frac{b(a + bx)(bc - ad)^3}{d^4} + \frac{b(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^2}{d^3} - \frac{b(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)}{d^2} + \frac{b(a + bx)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(bc - ad)^5 \log(c + dx)}{d^6} + \frac{bx(bc - ad)^4}{d^5} - \frac{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^3}{4d^2} + \frac{(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)^2}{3d^3} - \frac{2d^4}{(a + bx)^4(bc - ad)} + \frac{(a + bx)^5}{5d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^6/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]`

output $(b*(b*c - a*d)^4*x)/d^5 - ((b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)^2)/(2*d^4) + ((b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^3)/(3*d^3) - ((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^4)/(4*d^2) + (a + b*x)^5/(5*d) - ((b*c - a*d)^5*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/d^6$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{b(5a^4d^4 - 10a^3bc d^3 + 10a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 5ab^3c^3d + c^4b^4)x}{d^5} + \frac{b^5x^5}{5d} + \frac{b^2(10a^3d^3 - 10a^2bcd^2 + 5ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3)x^2}{2d^4} + \frac{b^3(10a^2d^2 - 10ab^2cd + b^3c^2)x^3}{d^5}$
default	$\frac{b(\frac{1}{5}b^4x^5d^4 + \frac{5}{4}ab^3d^4x^4 - \frac{1}{4}b^4cx^4d^3 + \frac{10}{3}x^3a^2b^2d^4 - \frac{5}{3}ab^3cd^3x^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^3b^4c^2d^2 + 5a^3bd^4x^2 - 5x^2a^2b^2cd^3 + \frac{5}{2}ab^3c^2d^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2b^4c^2d^2 + \frac{1}{5}b^5x^5)}{d^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^5x^5}{5d} + \frac{5b^4ax^4}{4d} - \frac{b^5cx^4}{4d^2} + \frac{10b^3x^3a^2}{3d} - \frac{5b^4acx^3}{3d^2} + \frac{b^5x^3c^2}{3d^3} + \frac{5b^2a^3x^2}{d} - \frac{5b^3x^2a^2c}{d^2} + \frac{5b^4ac^2x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{b^5x^2c^3}{2d^4} + \frac{12b^5d^5x^5 + 75ab^4d^5x^4 - 15b^5cd^4x^4 + 200a^2b^3d^5x^3 - 100ab^4cd^4x^3 + 20b^5c^2d^3x^3 + 300a^3b^2d^5x^2 - 300a^2b^3cd^4x^2 + 150ab^4c^2d^3x^2 - 15b^5c^3d^3x^2 - 15b^5cd^4x^2 + 150ab^4c^2d^3x^2 - 15b^5cd^4x^2 + 150ab^4c^2d^3x^2}{d^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12b^5d^5x^5 + 75ab^4d^5x^4 - 15b^5cd^4x^4 + 200a^2b^3d^5x^3 - 100ab^4cd^4x^3 + 20b^5c^2d^3x^3 + 300a^3b^2d^5x^2 - 300a^2b^3cd^4x^2 + 150ab^4c^2d^3x^2 - 15b^5c^3d^3x^2 - 15b^5cd^4x^2 + 150ab^4c^2d^3x^2 - 15b^5cd^4x^2 + 150ab^4c^2d^3x^2}{d^5}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b*(5*a^4*d^4-10*a^3*b*c*d^3+10*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-5*a*b^3*c^3*d+b^4*c^4)/d^5*
x+1/5*b^5/d*x^5+1/2*b^2/d^4*(10*a^3*d^3-10*a^2*b*c*d^2+5*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c
^3)*x^2+1/3*b^3/d^3*(10*a^2*d^2-5*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*x^3+1/4*b^4/d^2*(5*a*d-
b*c)*x^4+(a^5*d^5-5*a^4*b*c*d^4+10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3-10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2+5*a*
b^4*c^4*d-b^5*c^5)/d^6*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 259 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12b^5d^5x^5 - 15(b^5cd^4 - 5ab^4d^5)x^4 + 20(b^5c^2d^3 - 5ab^4cd^4 + 10a^2b^3d^5)x^3 - 30(b^5c^3d^2 - 5ab^4c^2d^3 + 10a^2b^3c^2d^4 - 10a^3b^2cd^5)x^2 + 60(b^5c^4d - 5a^2b^3c^2d^3 - 10a^3b^2c^2d^4 + 5a^4b^2cd^5)x - 60(b^5c^5 - 5a^2b^4c^4d + 10a^2b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^4b^2cd^4 - a^5d^5) \log(dx+c)}{d^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(12*b^5*d^5*x^5 - 15*(b^5*c*d^4 - 5*a*b^4*d^5)*x^4 + 20*(b^5*c^2*d^3 - 5*a*b^4*c*d^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*d^5)*x^3 - 30*(b^5*c^3*d^2 - 5*a*b^4*c^2*d^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^2 + 60*(b^5*c^4*d - 5*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 10*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 + 5*a^4*b*d^5)*x - 60*(b^5*c^5 - 5*a*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 - a^5*d^5)*log(d*x + c))/d^6`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{b^5x^5}{5d} + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5ab^4}{4d} - \frac{b^5c}{4d^2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10a^2b^3}{3d} - \frac{5ab^4c}{3d^2} + \frac{b^5c^2}{3d^3} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5a^3b^2}{d} - \frac{5a^2b^3c}{d^2} + \frac{5ab^4c^2}{2d^3} - \frac{b^5c^3}{2d^4} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{5a^4b}{d} - \frac{10a^3b^2c}{d^2} + \frac{10a^2b^3c^2}{d^3} - \frac{5ab^4c^3}{d^4} + \frac{b^5c^4}{d^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{(ad-bc)^5 \log(c+dx)}{d^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output

```
b**5*x**5/(5*d) + x**4*(5*a*b**4/(4*d) - b**5*c/(4*d**2)) + x**3*(10*a**2*
b**3/(3*d) - 5*a*b**4*c/(3*d**2) + b**5*c**2/(3*d**3)) + x**2*(5*a**3*b**2
/d - 5*a**2*b**3*c/d**2 + 5*a*b**4*c**2/(2*d**3) - b**5*c**3/(2*d**4)) + x
*(5*a**4*b/d - 10*a**3*b**2*c/d**2 + 10*a**2*b**3*c**2/d**3 - 5*a*b**4*c**
3/d**4 + b**5*c**4/d**5) + (a*d - b*c)**5*log(c + d*x)/d**6
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12b^5d^4x^5 - 15(b^5cd^3 - 5ab^4d^4)x^4 + 20(b^5c^2d^2 - 5ab^4cd^3 + 10a^2b^3d^4)x^3 - 30(b^5c^3d - 5ab^4c^2d^2 + 10a^2b^3c^2d^3 - 10a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^4bcd^4 - a^5d^5)\log(dx+c)}{60d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/60*(12*b^5*d^4*x^5 - 15*(b^5*c*d^3 - 5*a*b^4*d^4)*x^4 + 20*(b^5*c^2*d^2
- 5*a*b^4*c*d^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*d^4)*x^3 - 30*(b^5*c^3*d - 5*a*b^4*c^2*d^2 +
10*a^2*b^3*c*d^3 - 10*a^3*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 60*(b^5*c^4 - 5*a*b^4*c^3*d + 10*
a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*d^4)*x)/d^5 - (b^5*c^5 - 5*a*
b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 - a^5*
d^5)*log(d*x + c)/d^6
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 273 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12b^5d^4x^5 - 15b^5cd^3x^4 + 75ab^4d^4x^4 + 20b^5c^2d^2x^3 - 100ab^4cd^3x^3 + 200a^2b^3d^4x^3 - 30b^5c^3dx^2 + 150ab^4c^2d^2x^2 - 300a^2b^3cd^3x^2 + 300a^3b^2d^4x^2 + 60b^5c^4x - 300ab^4c^3dx + 600a^2b^3c^2d^2x - 600a^3b^2cd^3x + 300a^4b^2d^4x}{d^6} - \frac{(b^5c^5 - 5ab^4c^4d + 10a^2b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^4bcd^4 - a^5d^5) \log(|dx+c|)}{d^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/60*(12*b^5*d^4*x^5 - 15*b^5*c*d^3*x^4 + 75*a*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 20*b^5*c^2*d^2*x^3 - 100*a*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 200*a^2*b^3*d^4*x^3 - 30*b^5*c^3*d*x^2 + 150*a*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 300*a^2*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 300*a^3*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 60*b^5*c^4*x - 300*a*b^4*c^3*d*x + 600*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2*x - 600*a^3*b^2*c*d^3*x + 300*a^4*b^2*d^4*x)/d^5 - (b^5*c^5 - 5*a*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 - a^5*d^5)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx \\
&= x \left(\frac{5a^4b}{d} - \frac{c \left(\frac{10a^3b^2}{d} + \frac{c \left(\frac{c \left(\frac{5ab^4}{d} - \frac{b^5c}{d^2} \right) - \frac{10a^2b^3}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \\
&+ x^4 \left(\frac{5ab^4}{4d} - \frac{b^5c}{4d^2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{5a^3b^2}{d} + \frac{c \left(\frac{c \left(\frac{5ab^4}{d} - \frac{b^5c}{d^2} \right) - \frac{10a^2b^3}{d} \right)}{2d} \right) \\
&- x^3 \left(\frac{c \left(\frac{5ab^4}{d} - \frac{b^5c}{d^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{3d} \right) + \frac{b^5x^5}{5d} \\
&+ \frac{\ln(c+dx) (a^5d^5 - 5a^4bcd^4 + 10a^3b^2c^2d^3 - 10a^2b^3c^3d^2 + 5ab^4c^4d - b^5c^5)}{d^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^6/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`output `x*((5*a^4*b)/d - (c*((10*a^3*b^2)/d + (c*((c*((5*a*b^4)/d - (b^5*c)/d^2))/d - (10*a^2*b^3)/d))/d)/d) + x^4*((5*a*b^4)/(4*d) - (b^5*c)/(4*d^2)) + x^2*((5*a^3*b^2)/d + (c*((c*((5*a*b^4)/d - (b^5*c)/d^2))/d - (10*a^2*b^3)/d))/(2*d) - x^3*((c*((5*a*b^4)/d - (b^5*c)/d^2))/(3*d) - (10*a^2*b^3)/(3*d)) + (b^5*x^5)/(5*d) + (log(c + d*x)*(a^5*d^5 - b^5*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d - 5*a^4*b*c*d^4))/d^6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 \log(dx + c) a^5 d^5 - 300 \log(dx + c) a^4 bc d^4 + 600 \log(dx + c) a^3 b^2 c^2 d^3 - 600 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^3 c^3 d^2 + 300 \log(dx + c) a b^4 c^4 d - 60 \log(dx + c) b^5 c^5 + 300 a^4 b d^5 x - 600 a^3 b^2 c d^4 x + 300 a^3 b^2 d^5 x^2 + 600 a^2 b^3 c^2 d^3 x - 300 a^2 b^3 c d^4 x^2 + 200 a^2 b^3 d^5 x^3 - 300 a b^4 c^3 d^2 x + 150 a b^4 c^2 d^3 x^2 - 100 a b^4 c d^4 x^3 + 75 a b^4 d^5 x^4 + 60 b^5 c^4 d x - 30 b^5 c^3 d^2 x^2 + 20 b^5 c^2 d^3 x^3 - 15 b^5 c d^4 x^4 + 12 b^5 d^5 x^5}{60 d^6}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(60*log(c + d*x)*a**5*d**5 - 300*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b*c*d**4 + 600*log(c +
d*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 600*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**2 + 300*log(
c + d*x)*a*b**4*c**4*d - 60*log(c + d*x)*b**5*c**5 + 300*a**4*b*d**5*x - 6
00*a**3*b**2*c*d**4*x + 300*a**3*b**2*d**5*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**3*
x - 300*a**2*b**3*c*d**4*x**2 + 200*a**2*b**3*d**5*x**3 - 300*a*b**4*c**3*
d**2*x + 150*a*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 100*a*b**4*c*d**4*x**3 + 75*a*b**4*d*
**5*x**4 + 60*b**5*c**4*d*x - 30*b**5*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 20*b**5*c**2*d**3*x*
**3 - 15*b**5*c*d**4*x**4 + 12*b**5*d**5*x**5)/(60*d**6)
```

3.42 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = -\frac{b(bc-ad)^3x}{d^4} + \frac{(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)^2}{2d^3} - \frac{(bc-ad)(a+bx)^3}{3d^2} + \frac{(a+bx)^4}{4d} + \frac{(bc-ad)^4 \log(c+dx)}{d^5}$$

output

```
-b*(-a*d+b*c)^3*x/d^4+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*x+a)^2/d^3-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^3/d^2+1/4*(b*x+a)^4/d+(-a*d+b*c)^4*ln(d*x+c)/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{bdx(48a^3d^3 + 36a^2bd^2(-2c+dx) + 8ab^2d(6c^2 - 3cdx + 2d^2x^2) + b^3(-12c^3 + 6c^2dx - 4cd^2x^2 + 3d^3x^3))}{12d^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^5/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(b*d*x*(48*a^3*d^3 + 36*a^2*b*d^2*(-2*c + d*x) + 8*a*b^2*d*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2) + b^3*(-12*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x - 4*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*x^3)) + 12*(b*c - a*d)^4*\text{Log}[c + d*x])}{(12*d^5)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(ad - bc)^4}{d^4(c + dx)} - \frac{b(bc - ad)^3}{d^4} + \frac{b(a + bx)(bc - ad)^2}{d^3} - \frac{b(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)}{d^2} + \frac{b(a + bx)^3}{d} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(bc - ad)^4 \log(c + dx)}{d^5} - \frac{bx(bc - ad)^3}{d^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^2}{2d^3} - \frac{(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)}{3d^2} + \frac{(a + bx)^4}{4d}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^5/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2), x]$$

output

$$-\frac{(b*(b*c - a*d)^3*x)}{d^4} + \frac{(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^2}{(2*d^3)} - \frac{(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^3}{(3*d^2)} + \frac{(a + b*x)^4}{(4*d)} + \frac{(b*c - a*d)^4*\text{Log}[c + d*x]}{d^5}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
norman	$\frac{b(4a^3d^3-6a^2bcd^2+4ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)x}{d^4} + \frac{b^4x^4}{4d} + \frac{b^2(6a^2d^2-4abcd+b^2c^2)x^2}{2d^3} + \frac{b^3(4ad-bc)x^3}{3d^2} + \frac{(a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d-b^3c^3)x^5}{12d^5} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$b \left(\frac{b^3d^3x^4}{4} + \frac{((2ad-bc)b^2d^2+2ab^2d^3)x^3}{3} + \frac{(2(2ad-bc)abd^2+bd(2a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2))x^2}{2} + (2ad-bc)(2a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)x \right) / d^4 + \frac{\ln(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{b^4x^4}{4d} + \frac{4b^3ax^3}{3d} - \frac{b^4cx^3}{3d^2} + \frac{3b^2a^2x^2}{d} - \frac{2b^3acx^2}{d^2} + \frac{b^4c^2x^2}{2d^3} + \frac{4ba^3x}{d} - \frac{6b^2a^2cx}{d^2} + \frac{4b^3ac^2x}{d^3} - \frac{b^4c^3x}{d^4} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3b^4d^4x^4+16ab^3d^4x^3-4b^4cd^3x^3+36a^2b^2d^4x^2-24ab^3cd^3x^2+6b^4c^2d^2x^2+12\ln(dx+c)a^4d^4-48\ln(dx+c)a^3bcd^3+72\ln(dx+c)a^2b^2c^2d^2-4a^3b^3c^3d+b^4c^4}{12d^5} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)}{d}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b*(4*a^3*d^3-6*a^2*b*c*d^2+4*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/d^4*x+1/4*b^4*x^4/d+1/2*
b^2/d^3*(6*a^2*d^2-4*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*x^2+1/3*b^3/d^2*(4*a*d-b*c)*x^3+(a^4
*d^4-4*a^3*b*c*d^3+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-4*a*b^3*c^3*d+b^4*c^4)/d^5*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^4d^4x^4 - 4(b^4cd^3 - 4ab^3d^4)x^3 + 6(b^4c^2d^2 - 4ab^3cd^3 + 6a^2b^2d^4)x^2 - 12(b^4c^3d - 4ab^3c^2d^2 + 6a^2b^2cd^3) - 12d^5 \log(dx+c)}{12d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*b^4*d^4*x^4 - 4*(b^4*c*d^3 - 4*a*b^3*d^4)*x^3 + 6*(b^4*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 - 12*(b^4*c^3*d - 4*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 4*a^3*b*d^4)*x + 12*(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(d*x + c))/d^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{b^4x^4}{4d} + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{4ab^3}{3d} - \frac{b^4c}{3d^2} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2b^2}{d} - \frac{2ab^3c}{d^2} + \frac{b^4c^2}{2d^3} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{4a^3b}{d} - \frac{6a^2b^2c}{d^2} + \frac{4ab^3c^2}{d^3} - \frac{b^4c^3}{d^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{(ad-bc)^4 \log(c+dx)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output `b**4*x**4/(4*d) + x**3*(4*a*b**3/(3*d) - b**4*c/(3*d**2)) + x**2*(3*a**2*b**2/d - 2*a*b**3*c/d**2 + b**4*c**2/(2*d**3)) + x*(4*a**3*b/d - 6*a**2*b**2*c/d**2 + 4*a*b**3*c**2/d**3 - b**4*c**3/d**4) + (a*d - b*c)**4*log(c + d*x)/d**5`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^4d^3x^4 - 4(b^4cd^2 - 4ab^3d^3)x^3 + 6(b^4c^2d - 4ab^3cd^2 + 6a^2b^2d^3)x^2 - 12(b^4c^3 - 4ab^3c^2d + 6a^2b^2cd^2 - 4a^3b^2d^3)x + 12d^4}{d^5} + \frac{(b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4) \log(dx+c)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*(3*b^4*d^3*x^4 - 4*(b^4*c*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*d^3)*x^3 + 6*(b^4*c^2*d - 4*a*b^3*c*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 12*(b^4*c^3 - 4*a*b^3*c^2*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*d^3)*x)/d^4 + (b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(d*x + c)/d^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^4d^3x^4 - 4b^4cd^2x^3 + 16ab^3d^3x^3 + 6b^4c^2dx^2 - 24ab^3cd^2x^2 + 36a^2b^2d^3x^2 - 12b^4c^3x + 48ab^3c^2dx - 72a^3b^2d^3}{d^5} + \frac{(b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4) \log(|dx+c|)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*(3*b^4*d^3*x^4 - 4*b^4*c*d^2*x^3 + 16*a*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^4*c^2*d*x^2 - 24*a*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 36*a^2*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 12*b^4*c^3*x + 48*a*b^3*c^2*d*x - 72*a^3*b^2*d^3)/d^4 + (b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx$$

$$= x^3 \left(\frac{4ab^3}{3d} - \frac{b^4c}{3d^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{4a^3b}{d} + \frac{c \left(\frac{4ab^3}{d} - \frac{b^4c}{d^2} \right) - \frac{6a^2b^2}{d}}{d} \right)$$

$$- x^2 \left(\frac{c \left(\frac{4ab^3}{d} - \frac{b^4c}{d^2} \right) - \frac{3a^2b^2}{d}}{2d} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(c + dx) (a^4d^4 - 4a^3bcd^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d + b^4c^4)}{d^5} + \frac{b^4x^4}{4d}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^5/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`output `x^3*((4*a*b^3)/(3*d) - (b^4*c)/(3*d^2)) + x*((4*a^3*b)/d + (c*((c*((4*a*b^3)/d - (b^4*c)/d^2))/d - (6*a^2*b^2)/d))/d) - x^2*((c*((4*a*b^3)/d - (b^4*c)/d^2))/(2*d) - (3*a^2*b^2)/d) + (log(c + d*x)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3))/d^5 + (b^4*x^4)/(4*d)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(dx + c) a^4 d^4 - 48 \log(dx + c) a^3 b c d^3 + 72 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 48 \log(dx + c) a b^3 c^3 d + 12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^4}{d^5} + \frac{b^4 x^4}{4d}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`

output

```
(12*log(c + d*x)*a**4*d**4 - 48*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b*c*d**3 + 72*log(c + d*
x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 48*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d + 12*log(c + d*x)*b
**4*c**4 + 48*a**3*b*d**4*x - 72*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x + 36*a**2*b**2*d**4*x*
*2 + 48*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 24*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 + 16*a*b**3*d**4*x**3 -
12*b**4*c**3*d*x + 6*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + 3*b**4*d*
*4*x**4)/(12*d**5)
```

3.43 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{b(bc-ad)^2x}{d^3} - \frac{(bc-ad)(a+bx)^2}{2d^2} + \frac{(a+bx)^3}{3d} - \frac{(bc-ad)^3 \log(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

output

```
b*(-a*d+b*c)^2*x/d^3-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*(b*x+a)^2/d^2+1/3*(b*x+a)^3/d-(-a*d+b*c)^3*ln(d*x+c)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{bdx(18a^2d^2+9abd(-2c+dx)+b^2(6c^2-3cdx+2d^2x^2))-6(bc-ad)^3 \log(c+dx)}{6d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^4/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(b*d*x*(18*a^2*d^2 + 9*a*b*d*(-2*c + d*x) + b^2*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2)) - 6*(b*c - a*d)^3*Log[c + d*x])/(6*d^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ad - bc)^3}{d^3(c + dx)} + \frac{b(bc - ad)^2}{d^3} - \frac{b(a + bx)(bc - ad)}{d^2} + \frac{b(a + bx)^2}{d} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{(bc - ad)^3 \log(c + dx)}{d^4} + \frac{bx(bc - ad)^2}{d^3} - \frac{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a + bx)^3}{3d}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)^4/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(b*(b*c - a*d)^2*x)/d^3 - ((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^2)/(2*d^2) + (a + b*x)^3/(3*d) - ((b*c - a*d)^3*Log[c + d*x])/d^4
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
norman	$\frac{b(3a^2d^2-3abcd+b^2c^2)x}{d^3} + \frac{b^3x^3}{3d} + \frac{b^2(3ad-bc)x^2}{2d^2} + \frac{(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)\ln(dx+c)}{d^4}$
default	$\frac{b(\frac{1}{3}x^3b^2d^2+\frac{3}{2}abd^2x^2-\frac{1}{2}b^2cx^2d+3a^2d^2x-3abcdx+xb^2c^2)}{d^3} + \frac{(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)\ln(dx+c)}{d^4}$
risch	$\frac{b^3x^3}{3d} + \frac{3b^2ax^2}{2d} - \frac{b^3cx^2}{2d^2} + \frac{3ba^2x}{d} - \frac{3b^2acx}{d^2} + \frac{b^3x^2}{d^3} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)a^3}{d} - \frac{3\ln(dx+c)a^2bc}{d^2} + \frac{3\ln(dx+c)ab^2c^2}{d^3} - \dots$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2x^3b^3d^3+9ab^2d^3x^2-3x^2b^3cd^2+6\ln(dx+c)a^3d^3-18\ln(dx+c)a^2bcd^2+18\ln(dx+c)ab^2c^2d-6\ln(dx+c)b^3c^3+18a^2bd^3x-18a^3d^3}{6d^4}$

input `int((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b*(3*a^2*d^2-3*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/d^3*x+1/3*b^3/d*x^3+1/2*b^2/d^2*(3*a*d-b*c)*x^2+(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/d^4*ln(d*x+c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^3d^3x^3 - 3(b^3cd^2 - 3ab^2d^3)x^2 + 6(b^3c^2d - 3ab^2cd^2 + 3a^2bd^3)x - 6(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3)}{6d^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*b^3*d^3*x^3 - 3*(b^3*c*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 6*(b^3*c^2*d - 3*a*b^2*c*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^3)*x - 6*(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*log(d*x + c))/d^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{b^3x^3}{3d} + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3ab^2}{2d} - \frac{b^3c}{2d^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{3a^2b}{d} - \frac{3ab^2c}{d^2} + \frac{b^3c^2}{d^3} \right) + \frac{(ad-bc)^3 \log(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`output `b**3*x**3/(3*d) + x**2*(3*a*b**2/(2*d) - b**3*c/(2*d**2)) + x*(3*a**2*b/d - 3*a*b**2*c/d**2 + b**3*c**2/d**3) + (a*d - b*c)**3*log(c + d*x)/d**4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{2b^3d^2x^3 - 3(b^3cd - 3ab^2d^2)x^2 + 6(b^3c^2 - 3ab^2cd + 3a^2bd^2)x - (b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3) \log(dx+c)}{6d^3d^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(2*b^3*d^2*x^3 - 3*(b^3*c*d - 3*a*b^2*d^2)*x^2 + 6*(b^3*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d + 3*a^2*b*d^2)*x)/d^3 - (b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*log(d*x + c)/d^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^3d^2x^3 - 3b^3cdx^2 + 9ab^2d^2x^2 + 6b^3c^2x - 18ab^2cdx + 18a^2bd^2x}{d^4} - \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3) \log(|dx+c|)}{d^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(2*b^3*d^2*x^3 - 3*b^3*c*d*x^2 + 9*a*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 6*b^3*c^2*x - 18*a*b^2*c*d*x + 18*a^2*b*d^2*x)/d^3 - (b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{3ab^2}{2d} - \frac{b^3c}{2d^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{3a^2b}{d} - \frac{c \left(\frac{3ab^2}{d} - \frac{b^3c}{d^2} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(c+dx) (a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3)}{d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{b^3x^3}{3d}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^4/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`

output `x^2*((3*a*b^2)/(2*d) - (b^3*c)/(2*d^2)) + x*((3*a^2*b)/d - (c*((3*a*b^2)/d - (b^3*c)/d^2))/d + (log(c + d*x)*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/d^4 + (b^3*x^3)/(3*d)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(dx + c) a^3 d^3 - 18 \log(dx + c) a^2 bc d^2 + 18 \log(dx + c) a b^2 c^2 d - 6 \log(dx + c) b^3 c^3 + 18 a^2 b d^3 x - 18 a b^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 6 b^3 c^2 d x^3 - 3 b^3 c d^2 x^4 + 2 b^3 d^3 x^5}{6 d^4}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(6*log(c + d*x)*a**3*d**3 - 18*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 18*log(c + d*x)
)*a*b**2*c**2*d - 6*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**3 + 18*a**2*b*d**3*x - 18*a*b**2*
c*d**2*x + 9*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 6*b**3*c**2*d*x - 3*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*b
**3*d**3*x**3)/(6*d**4)
```

3.44 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$

Optimal result	439
Mathematica [A] (verified)	439
Rubi [A] (verified)	440
Maple [A] (verified)	441
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	441
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	442
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	442
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	442
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	443
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	443

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = -\frac{b(bc-2ad)x}{d^2} + \frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + \frac{(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

output `-b*(-2*a*d+b*c)*x/d^2+1/2*b^2*x^2/d+(-a*d+b*c)^2*ln(d*x+c)/d^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{bdx(-2bc+4ad+bdx) + 2(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx)}{2d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^3/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]`

output `(b*d*x*(-2*b*c + 4*a*d + b*d*x) + 2*(b*c - a*d)^2*Log[c + d*x])/(2*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ad - bc)^2}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{b(bc - ad)}{d^2} + \frac{b(a + bx)}{d} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3} - \frac{bx(bc - ad)}{d^2} + \frac{(a + bx)^2}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^3/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]`

output `-((b*(b*c - a*d)*x)/d^2) + (a + b*x)^2/(2*d) + ((b*c - a*d)^2*Log[c + d*x])/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b(\frac{1}{2}bdx^2+2adx-cbx)}{d^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	56
norman	$\frac{b(2ad-bc)x}{d^2} + \frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + \frac{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	59
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^2d^2x^2+2\ln(dx+c)a^2d^2-4\ln(dx+c)abcd+2\ln(dx+c)b^2c^2+4abd^2x-2b^2cxd}{2d^3}$	73
risch	$\frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + \frac{2bax}{d} - \frac{b^2cx}{d^2} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)a^2}{d} - \frac{2\ln(dx+c)abc}{d^2} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)b^2c^2}{d^3}$	74

input `int((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b/d^2*(1/2*b*d*x^2+2*a*d*x-c*b*x)+(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/d^3*ln(d*x+c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2d^2x^2 - 2(b^2cd - 2abd^2)x + 2(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2)\log(dx+c)}{2d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*(b^2*c*d - 2*a*b*d^2)*x + 2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(d*x + c))/d^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + x\left(\frac{2ab}{d} - \frac{b^2c}{d^2}\right) + \frac{(ad-bc)^2 \log(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`output `b**2*x**2/(2*d) + x*(2*a*b/d - b**2*c/d**2) + (a*d - b*c)**2*log(c + d*x)/d**3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{b^2dx^2 - 2(b^2c - 2abd)x}{2d^2} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(dx+c)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(b^2*d*x^2 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a*b*d)*x)/d^2 + (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(d*x + c)/d^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{b^2dx^2 - 2b^2cx + 4abdx}{2d^2} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(|dx+c|)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b^2*d*x^2 - 2*b^2*c*x + 4*a*b*d*x)/d^2 + (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\ln(c + dx) (a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{d^3} - x \left(\frac{b^2 c}{d^2} - \frac{2ab}{d} \right) + \frac{b^2 x^2}{2d}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^3/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`

output `(log(c + d*x)*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/d^3 - x*((b^2*c)/d^2 - (2*a*b)/d) + (b^2*x^2)/(2*d)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(dx + c) a^2 d^2 - 4 \log(dx + c) abcd + 2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^2 + 4ab d^2 x - 2b^2 cdx + b^2 d^2 x^2}{2d^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`

output `(2*log(c + d*x)*a**2*d**2 - 4*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d + 2*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**2 + 4*a*b*d**2*x - 2*b**2*c*d*x + b**2*d**2*x**2)/(2*d**3)`

$$3.45 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$$

Optimal result	444
Mathematica [A] (verified)	444
Rubi [A] (verified)	445
Maple [A] (verified)	446
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	446
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	446
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	447
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	447
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	447
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	448

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{bx}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad)\log(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

output `b*x/d-(-a*d+b*c)*ln(d*x+c)/d^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{bx}{d} + \frac{(-bc+ad)\log(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^2/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]`

output `(b*x)/d + ((-b*c) + a*d)*Log[c + d*x])/d^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{ad - bc}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{b}{d} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{bx}{d} - \frac{(bc - ad) \log(c + dx)}{d^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)^2/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(b*x)/d - ((b*c - a*d)*Log[c + d*x])/d^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{bx}{d} + \frac{(ad-bc)\ln(dx+c)}{d^2}$	26
norman	$\frac{bx}{d} + \frac{(ad-bc)\ln(dx+c)}{d^2}$	26
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(dx+c)ad - \ln(dx+c)bc + bdx}{d^2}$	29
risch	$\frac{bx}{d} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)a}{d} - \frac{\ln(dx+c)bc}{d^2}$	32

input `int((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `b*x/d+(a*d-b*c)/d^2*ln(d*x+c)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{bdx - (bc-ad)\log(dx+c)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(b*d*x - (b*c - a*d)*log(d*x + c))/d^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{bx}{d} + \frac{(ad-bc)\log(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output $b*x/d + (a*d - b*c)*\log(c + d*x)/d**2$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{bx}{d} - \frac{(bc - ad) \log(dx + c)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $b*x/d - (b*c - a*d)*\log(d*x + c)/d^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{bx}{d} - \frac{(bc - ad) \log(|dx + c|)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $b*x/d - (b*c - a*d)*\log(\text{abs}(d*x + c))/d^2$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\ln(c + dx) (ad - bc)}{d^2} + \frac{bx}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^2/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`

output $(\log(c + d*x)*(a*d - b*c))/d^2 + (b*x)/d$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(dx + c) ad - \log(dx + c) bc + bdx}{d^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`

output `(log(c + d*x)*a*d - log(c + d*x)*b*c + b*d*x)/d**2`

3.46 $\int \frac{a+bx}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$

Optimal result	449
Mathematica [A] (verified)	449
Rubi [A] (verified)	450
Maple [A] (verified)	451
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	451
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	451
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	452
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	452
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	452
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	453

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

`ln(d*x+c)/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(c + dx)}{d}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*x)/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2),x]`

output

`Log[c + d*x]/d`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1120, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{1}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{\log(c + dx)}{d}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2), x]
```

output

```
Log[c + d*x]/d
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16

```
Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1120

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(dx+c)}{d}$	11
norman	$\frac{\ln(dx+c)}{d}$	11
risch	$\frac{\ln(dx+c)}{d}$	11
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(dx+c)}{d}$	11

input `int((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `ln(d*x+c)/d`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `log(d*x + c)/d`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output `log(c + d*x)/d`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `log(d*x + c)/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(|dx + c|)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `log(abs(d*x + c))/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\ln(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*x)/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2),x)`

output `log(c + d*x)/d`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `int((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`

output `log(c + d*x)/d`

3.47 $\int \frac{1}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx$

Optimal result	454
Mathematica [A] (verified)	454
Rubi [A] (verified)	455
Maple [A] (verified)	456
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	456
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	456
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	457
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	457
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	458
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	458

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{1}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx)}{bc-ad} - \frac{\log(c+dx)}{bc-ad}$$

output

```
ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)-ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx) - \log(c+dx)}{bc-ad}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
(Log[a + b*x] - Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1081, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1081$$

$$bd \int \left(\frac{1}{d(bc - ad)(a + bx)} - \frac{1}{b(bc - ad)(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$bd \left(\frac{\log(a + bx)}{bd(bc - ad)} - \frac{\log(c + dx)}{bd(bc - ad)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^(-1),x]`

output `b*d*(Log[a + b*x]/(b*d*(b*c - a*d)) - Log[c + d*x]/(b*d*(b*c - a*d)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1081 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/((b/2 - q/2 + c*x)*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\ln(bx+a)-\ln(dx+c)}{ad-bc}$	28
default	$-\frac{\ln(bx+a)}{ad-bc} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)}{ad-bc}$	37
norman	$-\frac{\ln(bx+a)}{ad-bc} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)}{ad-bc}$	37
risc	$-\frac{\ln(bx+a)}{ad-bc} + \frac{\ln(-dx-c)}{ad-bc}$	40

input `int(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(ln(b*x+a)-ln(d*x+c))/(a*d-b*c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a) - \log(dx + c)}{bc - ad}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(log(b*x + a) - log(d*x + c))/(b*c - a*d)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int \frac{1}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log\left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^2d^2}{ad-bc} + \frac{2abcd}{ad-bc} + ad - \frac{b^2c^2}{ad-bc} + bc}{2bd}\right)}{ad - bc} - \frac{\log\left(x + \frac{\frac{a^2d^2}{ad-bc} - \frac{2abcd}{ad-bc} + ad + \frac{b^2c^2}{ad-bc} + bc}{2bd}\right)}{ad - bc}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output `log(x + (-a**2*d**2/(a*d - b*c) + 2*a*b*c*d/(a*d - b*c) + a*d - b**2*c**2/(a*d - b*c) + b*c)/(2*b*d))/(a*d - b*c) - log(x + (a**2*d**2/(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*b*c*d/(a*d - b*c) + a*d + b**2*c**2/(a*d - b*c) + b*c)/(2*b*d))/(a*d - b*c)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a)}{bc - ad} - \frac{\log(dx + c)}{bc - ad}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `log(b*x + a)/(b*c - a*d) - log(d*x + c)/(b*c - a*d)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{b \log(|bx + a|)}{b^2c - abd} - \frac{d \log(|dx + c|)}{bcd - ad^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $b \cdot \log(\text{abs}(b \cdot x + a)) / (b^2 \cdot c - a \cdot b \cdot d) - d \cdot \log(\text{abs}(d \cdot x + c)) / (b \cdot c \cdot d - a \cdot d^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{\text{atan}\left(\frac{bc2i + bdx2i}{ad - bc} + 1i\right) 2i}{ad - bc}$$

input $\text{int}(1/(a \cdot c + x \cdot (a \cdot d + b \cdot c) + b \cdot d \cdot x^2), x)$

output $(\text{atan}((b \cdot c \cdot 2i + b \cdot d \cdot x \cdot 2i)/(a \cdot d - b \cdot c) + 1i) \cdot 2i)/(a \cdot d - b \cdot c)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2} dx = \frac{-\log(bx + a) + \log(dx + c)}{ad - bc}$$

input $\text{int}(1/(a \cdot c + (a \cdot d + b \cdot c) \cdot x + b \cdot d \cdot x^2), x)$

output $(-\log(a + b \cdot x) + \log(c + d \cdot x))/(a \cdot d - b \cdot c)$

3.48
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	459
Mathematica [A] (verified)	459
Rubi [A] (verified)	460
Maple [A] (verified)	461
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	461
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	462
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	462
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	463
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	463
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	464

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{(bc-ad)(a+bx)} - \frac{d \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^2} + \frac{d \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^2}$$

output `-1/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)-d*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^2+d*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = \frac{-bc+ad-d(a+bx)\log(a+bx)+d(a+bx)\log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a+b*x)*(a*c+(b*c+a*d)*x+b*d*x^2)),x]`

output

$$\frac{-(b*c) + a*d - d*(a + b*x)*\text{Log}[a + b*x] + d*(a + b*x)*\text{Log}[c + d*x]}{(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{bd}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^2} + \frac{b}{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)} - \frac{d \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^2} + \frac{d \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^2}$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$-\frac{1}{(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)} - \frac{d*\text{Log}[a + b*x]}{(b*c - a*d)^2} + \frac{d*\text{Log}[c + d*x]}{(b*c - a*d)^2}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{1}{(ad-bc)(bx+a)} - \frac{d \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{d \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^2}$	57
risch	$\frac{1}{(ad-bc)(bx+a)} + \frac{d \ln(-dx-c)}{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2} - \frac{d \ln(bx+a)}{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2}$	86
norman	$-\frac{bx}{a(ad-bc)(bx+a)} + \frac{d \ln(dx+c)}{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2} - \frac{d \ln(bx+a)}{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2}$	89
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(bx+a)xabd - \ln(dx+c)xabd + \ln(bx+a)a^2 d - \ln(dx+c)a^2 d + abdx - b^2 cx}{(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)(bx+a)a}$	95

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x+a)-d/(a*d-b*c)^2*ln(b*x+a)+d/(a*d-b*c)^2*ln(d*x+c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{bc-ad+(bdx+ad)\log(bx+a)-(bdx+ad)\log(dx+c)}{ab^2c^2-2a^2bcd+a^3d^2+(b^3c^2-2ab^2cd+a^2bd^2)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*c - a*d + (b*d*x + a*d)*log(b*x + a) - (b*d*x + a*d)*log(d*x + c))/(a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d + a^3*d^2 + (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d + a^2*b*d^2)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^3 d^4}{(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{3a^2 bcd^3}{(ad-bc)^2} - \frac{3ab^2 c^2 d^2}{2bd^2} + ad^2 + \frac{b^3 c^3 d}{(ad-bc)^2} + bcd \right)}{(ad-bc)^2}$$

$$- \frac{d \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^3 d^4}{(ad-bc)^2} - \frac{3a^2 bcd^3}{(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{3ab^2 c^2 d^2}{2bd^2} + ad^2 - \frac{b^3 c^3 d}{(ad-bc)^2} + bcd \right)}{(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{1}{a^2 d - abc + x(abd - b^2 c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output `d*log(x + (-a**3*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**2 - 3*a*b**2*c**2*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**2 + a*d**2 + b**3*c**3*d/(a*d - b*c)**2 + b*c*d)/(2*b*d**2))/(a*d - b*c)**2 - d*log(x + (a**3*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**2 - 3*a**2*b*c*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**2*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**2 + a*d**2 - b**3*c**3*d/(a*d - b*c)**2 + b*c*d)/(2*b*d**2))/(a*d - b*c)**2 + 1/(a**2*d - a*b*c + x*(a*b*d - b**2*c))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = -\frac{d \log (bx+a)}{b^2 c^2 - 2abcd + a^2 d^2} + \frac{d \log (dx+c)}{b^2 c^2 - 2abcd + a^2 d^2}$$

$$- \frac{1}{abc - a^2 d + (b^2 c - abd)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-d*log(b*x + a)/(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2) + d*log(d*x + c)/(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2) - 1/(a*b*c - a^2*d + (b^2*c - a*b*d)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = -\frac{bd \log(|bx+a|)}{b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2} + \frac{d^2 \log(|dx+c|)}{b^2c^2d - 2abcd^2 + a^2d^3} - \frac{1}{(bc-ad)(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b*d*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d + a^2*b*d^2) + d^2*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3) - 1/((b*c - a*d)*(b*x + a))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = \frac{1}{(ad-bc)(a+bx)} - \frac{2d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^2d^2-b^2c^2}{(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{2bdx}{ad-bc}\right)}{(ad-bc)^2}$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x)*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)),x)`

output `1/((a*d - b*c)*(a + b*x)) - (2*d*atanh((a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)/(a*d - b*c)^2 + (2*b*d*x)/(a*d - b*c)))/(a*d - b*c)^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log(bx+a)a^2d - \log(bx+a)abdx + \log(dx+c)a^2d + \log(dx+c)abdx - abdx + b^2cx}{a(a^2bd^2x - 2ab^2cdx + b^3c^2x + a^3d^2 - 2a^2bcd + ab^2c^2)}$$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`

output `(- log(a + b*x)*a**2*d - log(a + b*x)*a*b*d*x + log(c + d*x)*a**2*d + log(c + d*x)*a*b*d*x - a*b*d*x + b**2*c*x)/(a*(a**3*d**2 - 2*a**2*b*c*d + a**2*b*d**2*x + a*b**2*c**2 - 2*a*b**2*c*d*x + b**3*c**2*x))`

3.49
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	465
Mathematica [A] (verified)	465
Rubi [A] (verified)	466
Maple [A] (verified)	467
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	467
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	468
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	469
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	469
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	470
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	470

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{2(bc-ad)(a+bx)^2} + \frac{d}{(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)} + \frac{d^2 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{d^2 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^3}$$

output `-1/2/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)^2+d/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)+d^2*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^3-d^2*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{(bc-ad)(-bc+3ad+2bdx)}{(a+bx)^2} + 2d^2 \log(a+bx) - 2d^2 \log(c+dx)}{2(bc-ad)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x)^2*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)), x]`

output

$$\frac{((b*c - a*d)*(-(b*c) + 3*a*d + 2*b*d*x))/(a + b*x)^2 + 2*d^2*Log[a + b*x] - 2*d^2*Log[c + d*x]}{(2*(b*c - a*d)^3)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2 (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{d^3}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{bd^2}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{bd}{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^2} + \frac{b}{(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d^2 \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{d^2 \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{d}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{1}{2(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((a + b*x)^2*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)),x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/2*1/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^2) + d/((b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)) + (d^2*Log[a + b*x])/(b*c - a*d)^3 - (d^2*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{2(ad-bc)(bx+a)^2} + \frac{d}{(ad-bc)^2(bx+a)} - \frac{d^2 \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{d^2 \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^3}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{bdx}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2} + \frac{3ad-bc}{2a^2d^2-4abcd+2b^2c^2}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{d^2 \ln(-dx-c)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} - \frac{d^2 \ln(bx+a)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{bdx}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2} + \frac{3da b^2 - b^3c}{2b^2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{d^2 \ln(dx+c)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} - \frac{d^2 \ln(bx+a)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(bx+a)x^2b^4d^2 - 2 \ln(dx+c)x^2b^4d^2 + 4 \ln(bx+a)xa b^3d^2 - 4 \ln(dx+c)xa b^3d^2 + 2 \ln(bx+a)a^2b^2d^2 - 2 \ln(dx+c)a^2b^2d^2 - 2xa}{2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)(bx+a)^2b^2}$

```
input int(1/(b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x+a)^2+d/(a*d-b*c)^2/(b*x+a)-d^2/(a*d-b*c)^3*ln(b*x+a)+d^
2/(a*d-b*c)^3*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{b^2c^2-4abcd+3a^2d^2-2(b^2cd-abd^2)x-2(b^2d^2x^2+2abd^2x+a^2d^2)\log(bx+a)+2(b^2d^2x^2+2abd^2x+a^2d^2)\log(dx+c)}{2(a^2b^3c^3-3a^3b^2c^2d+3a^4bcd^2-a^5d^3+(b^5c^3-3ab^4c^2d+3a^2b^3cd^2-a^3b^2d^3)x^2+2(ab^4c^3-3a^2b^3cd^2-2abd^2c^2+2a^2bd^2c^2-d^3c^2)x+2a^2bd^2c^2-d^3c^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2 - 2*(b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*d^2*x + a^2*d^2)*\log(b*x + a) + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*d^2*x + a^2*d^2)*\log(d*x + c)/(a^2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^4*b*c*d^2 - a^5*d^3 + (b^5*c^3 - 3*a*b^4*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(a*b^4*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 - a^4*b*d^3)*x)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 381 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2 (ac + (bc+ad)x + bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^4 d^6}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{4a^3 bcd^5}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{4ab^3 c^3 d^3}{(ad-bc)^3} + ad^3 - \frac{b^4 c^4 d^2}{(ad-bc)^3} + bcd^2}{2bd^3} \right)}{(ad-bc)^3}$$

$$- \frac{d^2 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^4 d^6}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{4a^3 bcd^5}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{4ab^3 c^3 d^3}{(ad-bc)^3} + ad^3 + \frac{b^4 c^4 d^2}{(ad-bc)^3} + bcd^2}{2bd^3} \right)}{(ad-bc)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3ad - bc + 2bdx}{2a^4 d^2 - 4a^3 bcd + 2a^2 b^2 c^2 + x^2 \cdot (2a^2 b^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 cd + 2b^4 c^2) + x(4a^3 bd^2 - 8a^2 b^2 cd + 4ab^3 c^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)**2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output
$$d**2*\log(x + (-a**4*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 4*a**3*b*c*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**3 - 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 4*a*b**3*c**3*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**3 + a*d**3 - b**4*c**4*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**3 + b*c*d**2)/(2*b*d**3))/(a*d - b*c)**3 - d**2*\log(x + (a**4*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**3 - 4*a**3*b*c*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**3 - 4*a*b**3*c**3*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**3 + a*d**3 + b**4*c**4*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**3 + b*c*d**2)/(2*b*d**3))/(a*d - b*c)**3 + (3*a*d - b*c + 2*b*d*x)/(2*a**4*d**2 - 4*a**3*b*c*d + 2*a**2*b**2*c**2 + x**2*(2*a**2*b**2*d**2 - 4*a*b**3*c*d + 2*b**4*c**2) + x*(4*a**3*b*d**2 - 8*a**2*b**2*c*d + 4*a*b**3*c**2))$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2 \log(bx+a)}{b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3} - \frac{d^2 \log(dx+c)}{b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2bdx - bc + 3ad}{2(a^2b^2c^2 - 2a^3bcd + a^4d^2 + (b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2)x^2 + 2(ab^3c^2 - 2a^2b^2cd + a^3bd^2)x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^2*log(b*x + a)/(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3) - d^2*log(d*x + c)/(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3) + 1/2*(2*b*d*x - b*c + 3*a*d)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = -\frac{bd^2 \log\left(\left|-\frac{bc}{bx+a} + \frac{ad}{bx+a} - d\right|\right)}{b^4c^3 - 3ab^3c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3bd^3}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{b^3c}{(bx+a)^2} - \frac{2b^2d}{bx+a} - \frac{ab^2d}{(bx+a)^2}}{2(b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b*d^2*log(abs(-b*c/(b*x + a) + a*d/(b*x + a) - d))/(b^4*c^3 - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d^3) - 1/2*(b^3*c/(b*x + a)^2 - 2*b^2*d/(b*x + a) - a*b^2*d/(b*x + a)^2)/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3ad-bc}{2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)} + \frac{bdx}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}$$

$$- \frac{2d^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^3d^3-a^2bcd^2-ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{2bdx(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}{(ad-bc)^3}\right)}{(ad-bc)^3}$$

input `int(1/((a+b*x)^2*(a*c+x*(a*d+b*c)+b*d*x^2)),x)`output `((3*a*d - b*c)/(2*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d)) + (b*d*x)/(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x) - (2*d^2*atanh((a^3*d^3 + b^3*c^3 - a*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*b*c*d^2)/(a*d - b*c)^3 + (2*b*d*x*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(a*d - b*c)^3))/(a*d - b*c)^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\log(bx+a)a^3d^2 - 4\log(bx+a)a^2bd^2x - 2\log(bx+a)ab^2d^2x^2 + 2\log(dx+c)a^3d^2 + 4\log(dx+c)a^2bd^2x - 2\log(dx+c)ab^2d^2x^2}{2a(a^3b^2d^3x^2 - 3a^2b^3cd^2x^2 + 3ab^4c^2dx^2 - b^5c^3x^2 + 2a^4bd^3x - 6a^3b^2cd^2x + 6a^2b^3c^2d^2x^2)}$$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)`output `(- 2*log(a + b*x)*a**3*d**2 - 4*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d**2*x - 2*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*log(c + d*x)*a**3*d**2 + 4*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*d**2*x + 2*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*a**3*d**2 - 3*a**2*b*c*d + a*b**2*c**2 - a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + b**3*c*d*x**2)/(2*a*(a**5*d**3 - 3*a**4*b*c*d**2 + 2*a**4*b*d**3*x + 3*a**3*b**2*c**2*d - 6*a**3*b**2*c*d**2*x + a**3*b**2*d**3*x**2 - a**2*b**3*c**3 + 6*a**2*b**3*c**2*d*x - 3*a**2*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*a*b**4*c**3*x + 3*a*b**4*c**2*d*x**2 - b**5*c**3*x**2))`

3.50
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{3(bc-ad)(a+bx)^3} + \frac{d}{2(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)^2} - \frac{d^2}{(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)} - \frac{d^3 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^4} + \frac{d^3 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^4}$$

output `-1/3/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)^3+1/2*d/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)^2-d^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(b*x+a)-d^3*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^4+d^3*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = \frac{1}{3(-bc+ad)(a+bx)^3} + \frac{d}{2(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)^2} - \frac{d^2}{(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)} - \frac{d^3 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^4} + \frac{d^3 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^4}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x)^3*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)),x]`

output $\frac{1}{3*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(a + b*x)^3} + \frac{d}{2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^2} - \frac{d^2}{(b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)} - \frac{(d^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x])}{(b*c - a*d)^4} + \frac{(d^3*\text{Log}[c + d*x])}{(b*c - a*d)^4}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)^3 (x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{d^4}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^4} - \frac{bd^3}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^4} + \frac{bd^2}{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{bd}{(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)^2} + \frac{b}{(a + bx)^4(bc - ad)} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{d^3 \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^4} + \frac{d^3 \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^4} - \frac{d^2}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{d}{2(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{1}{3(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x)^3*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)),x]`

output $-\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^3)} + \frac{d}{2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^2} - \frac{d^2}{(b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)} - \frac{(d^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x])}{(b*c - a*d)^4} + \frac{(d^3*\text{Log}[c + d*x])}{(b*c - a*d)^4}$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{3(ad-bc)(bx+a)^3} + \frac{d}{2(ad-bc)^2(bx+a)^2} + \frac{d^2}{(ad-bc)^3(bx+a)} - \frac{d^3 \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{d^3 \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^4}$
risch	$\frac{b^2 d^2 x^2}{a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3} + \frac{(5ad-bc)bdx}{2a^3 d^3 - 6a^2 bc d^2 + 6a b^2 c^2 d - 2b^3 c^3} + \frac{11a^2 d^2 - 7abcd + 2b^2 c^2}{6a^3 d^3 - 18a^2 bc d^2 + 18a b^2 c^2 d - 6b^3 c^3} + \frac{d^3 \ln(dx+c)}{a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 bc d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a b^3 c^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{18a^2 b^4 c d^2 + 2b^6 c^3 + 18 \ln(bx+a) x a^2 b^4 d^3 - 18 \ln(dx+c) x a^2 b^4 d^3 + 18 x a b^5 c d^2 + 18 \ln(bx+a) x^2 a b^5 d^3 - 18 \ln(dx+c) x^2 a b^5 d^3}{6(a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 bc d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a b^3 c^3)}$
norman	$\frac{b^2 d^2 x^2}{a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3} + \frac{11d^2 a^2 b^3 - 7cda b^4 + 2b^5 c^2}{6b^3 (a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)} + \frac{(5a b^3 d^2 - b^4 cd) x}{2b^2 (a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)} + \frac{d^3 \ln(dx+c)}{a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 bc d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a b^3 c^3}$

input

```
int(1/(b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x+a)^3+1/2*d/(a*d-b*c)^2/(b*x+a)^2+d^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/(b*x+a)
)-d^3/(a*d-b*c)^4*ln(b*x+a)+d^3/(a*d-b*c)^4*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 425 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3 (ac + (bc+ad)x + bdx^2)} dx = \frac{2b^3c^3 - 9ab^2c^2d + 18a^2bcd^2 - 11a^3d^3 + 6(b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 - 3(b^3c^2d - 6ab^2cd^2 + 5a^2bcd^3 - 6a^3b^4c^4 - 4a^4b^3c^3d + 6a^5b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^6bcd^3 + a^7d^4 + (b^7c^4 - 4ab^6c^3d + 6a^2b^5c^2d^2 - 4a^3b^4cd^3 + a^4b^3c^2d^2 - 4a^5b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^6bcd^3 + a^7d^4)x}{6(a^3b^4c^4 - 4a^4b^3c^3d + 6a^5b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^6bcd^3 + a^7d^4 + (b^7c^4 - 4ab^6c^3d + 6a^2b^5c^2d^2 - 4a^3b^4cd^3 + a^4b^3c^2d^2 - 4a^5b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^6bcd^3 + a^7d^4)x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(2*b^3*c^3 - 9*a*b^2*c^2*d + 18*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 11*a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 3*(b^3*c^2*d - 6*a*b^2*c*d^2 + 5*a^2*b*d^3)*x + 6*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^3*x + a^3*d^3)*log(b*x + a) - 6*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^3*x + a^3*d^3)*log(d*x + c))/(a^3*b^4*c^4 - 4*a^4*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^6*b*c*d^3 + a^7*d^4 + (b^7*c^4 - 4*a*b^6*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b^4*c*d^3 + a^4*b^3*d^4)*x^3 + 3*(a*b^6*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^5*c^3*d + 6*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^4*b^3*c*d^3 + a^5*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*b^5*c^4 - 4*a^3*b^4*c^3*d + 6*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^5*b^2*c*d^3 + a^6*b*d^4)*x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 570 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3 (ac + (bc+ad)x + bdx^2)} dx = \frac{d^3 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^5 d^8}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{5a^4 bcd^7}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{10a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 c^3 d^5}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{5ab^4 c^4 d^4}{(ad-bc)^4} + ad^4 + \frac{b^5 c^5 d^3}{(ad-bc)^4} + bcd^3}{2bd^4} \right)}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{d^3 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^5 d^8}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{5a^4 bcd^7}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{10a^2 b^3 c^3 d^5}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{5ab^4 c^4 d^4}{(ad-bc)^4} + ad^4 - \frac{b^5 c^5 d^3}{(ad-bc)^4} + bcd^3}{2bd^4} \right)}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{11a^2 d^2 - 7abcd + 2b^2 c^2 + 6b^2 d^2 a}{6a^6 d^3 - 18a^5 bcd^2 + 18a^4 b^2 c^2 d - 6a^3 b^3 c^3 + x^3 \cdot (6a^3 b^3 d^3 - 18a^2 b^4 cd^2 + 18ab^5 c^2 d - 6b^6 c^3) + x^2 \cdot (18a^4 b^3 c^2 d^2 - 18a^3 b^4 cd^3 + 6a^2 b^5 c^2 d^2 - 6a^3 b^4 cd^3 + a^4 b^3 c^2 d^2 - 4a^5 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a^6 bcd^3 + a^7 d^4)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)**3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & d^{**3}*\log(x + (-a^{**5}*d^{**8}/(a*d - b*c)^{**4} + 5*a^{**4}*b*c*d^{**7}/(a*d - b*c)^{**4} - \\ & 10*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**6}/(a*d - b*c)^{**4} + 10*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*c^{**3}*d^{**5}/(a*d - b*c)^{**4} - \\ & 5*a*b^{**4}*c^{**4}*d^{**4}/(a*d - b*c)^{**4} + a*d^{**4} + b^{**5}*c^{**5}*d^{**3}/(a*d - \\ & b*c)^{**4} + b*c*d^{**3})/(2*b*d^{**4}))/ (a*d - b*c)^{**4} - d^{**3}*\log(x + (a^{**5}*d^{**8}/(\\ & a*d - b*c)^{**4} - 5*a^{**4}*b*c*d^{**7}/(a*d - b*c)^{**4} + 10*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**6}/(a \\ & *d - b*c)^{**4} - 10*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*c^{**3}*d^{**5}/(a*d - b*c)^{**4} + 5*a*b^{**4}*c^{**4}*d^{**4}/ \\ & (a*d - b*c)^{**4} + a*d^{**4} - b^{**5}*c^{**5}*d^{**3}/(a*d - b*c)^{**4} + b*c*d^{**3})/(2*b*d \\ & **4))/ (a*d - b*c)^{**4} + (11*a^{**2}*d^{**2} - 7*a*b*c*d + 2*b^{**2}*c^{**2} + 6*b^{**2}*d* \\ & *2*x^{**2} + x*(15*a*b*d^{**2} - 3*b^{**2}*c*d))/(6*a^{**6}*d^{**3} - 18*a^{**5}*b*c*d^{**2} + \\ & 18*a^{**4}*b^{**2}*c^{**2}*d - 6*a^{**3}*b^{**3}*c^{**3} + x^{**3}*(6*a^{**3}*b^{**3}*d^{**3} - 18*a^{**2}* \\ & b^{**4}*c*d^{**2} + 18*a*b^{**5}*c^{**2}*d - 6*b^{**6}*c^{**3}) + x^{**2}*(18*a^{**4}*b^{**2}*d^{**3} - \\ & 54*a^{**3}*b^{**3}*c*d^{**2} + 54*a^{**2}*b^{**4}*c^{**2}*d - 18*a*b^{**5}*c^{**3}) + x*(18*a^{**5}*b \\ & *d^{**3} - 54*a^{**4}*b^{**2}*c*d^{**2} + 54*a^{**3}*b^{**3}*c^{**2}*d - 18*a^{**2}*b^{**4}*c^{**3})) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 361 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx \\ & = -\frac{d^3 \log(bx+a)}{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4} \\ & + \frac{d^3 \log(dx+c)}{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4} \\ & - \frac{6b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2c^2 - 7abcd + 11a^2d^2 - 3(b^6c^3 - 3ab^5c^2d + 3a^2b^4cd^2 - a^3b^3d^3)x^3 + 3(ab^5c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2d + 3ab^4c^3d - 3a^3b^3c^2d^2 + 3a^2b^2c^3d^2 - 3a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4)}{6(a^3b^3c^3 - 3a^4b^2c^2d + 3a^5bcd^2 - a^6d^3 + (b^6c^3 - 3ab^5c^2d + 3a^2b^4cd^2 - a^3b^3d^3)x^3 + 3(ab^5c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2d + 3ab^4c^3d - 3a^3b^3c^2d^2 + 3a^2b^2c^3d^2 - 3a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-d^3*log(b*x + a)/(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4) + d^3*log(d*x + c)/(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4) - 1/6*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^2 - 7*a*b*c*d + 11*a^2*d^2 - 3*(b^2*c*d - 5*a*b*d^2)*x)/(a^3*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^5*b*c*d^2 - a^6*d^3 + (b^6*c^3 - 3*a*b^5*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^2 - a^3*b^3*d^3)*x^3 + 3*(a*b^5*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b^3*c*d^2 - a^4*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*b^4*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^4*b^2*c*d^2 - a^5*b*d^3)*x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{bd^3 \log(|bx+a|)}{b^5c^4 - 4ab^4c^3d + 6a^2b^3c^2d^2 - 4a^3b^2cd^3 + a^4bd^4} + \frac{d^4 \log(|dx+c|)}{b^4c^4d - 4ab^3c^3d^2 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^3 - 4a^3bcd^4 + a^4d^5} - \frac{2b^3c^3 - 9ab^2c^2d + 18a^2bcd^2 - 11a^3d^3 + 6(b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 - 3(b^3c^2d - 6ab^2cd^2 + 5a^2bd^3)x}{6(bc-ad)^4(bx+a)^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-b*d^3*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^5*c^4 - 4*a*b^4*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^3 + a^4*b*d^4) + d^4*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^4*c^4*d - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^4 + a^4*d^5) - 1/6*(2*b^3*c^3 - 9*a*b^2*c^2*d + 18*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 11*a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 3*(b^3*c^2*d - 6*a*b^2*c*d^2 + 5*a^2*b*d^3)*x)/((b*c - a*d)^4*(b*x + a)^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{11a^2d^2-7abcd+2b^2c^2}{6(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} - \frac{dx(b^2c-5abd)}{2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} + \frac{b^2d^2x^2}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}}{a^3+3a^2bx+3ab^2x^2+b^3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{2d^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^4d^4-2a^3bcd^3+2ab^3c^3d-b^4c^4}{(a-dc)^4} + \frac{2bdx(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)}{(a-dc)^4}\right)}{(ad-bc)^4}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x)^3*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
((11*a^2*d^2 + 2*b^2*c^2 - 7*a*b*c*d)/(6*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)) - (d*x*(b^2*c - 5*a*b*d))/(2*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)) + (b^2*d^2*x^2)/(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(a^3 + b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x) - (2*d^3*atanh((a^4*d^4 - b^4*c^4 + 2*a*b^3*c^3*d - 2*a^3*b*c*d^3)/(a*d - b*c)^4 + (2*b*d*x*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(a*d - b*c)^4))/(a*d - b*c)^4
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^3 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(bx+a) a^4 d^3 - 18 \log(bx+a) a^3 b d^3 x - 18 \log(bx+a) a^2 b^2 d^3 x^2 - 6 \log(bx+a) a b^3 d^3 x^3 + 6 \log(bx+a) b^4 d^3 x^4}{6a(a^4 b^3 d^4 x^3 - 4a^3 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 6a^2 b^5 c^2 d^2 x^3 - 4a b^6 c^3 d x^3 + b^7 c^4 x^3 + 3a^5 b^2 d^4 x^2 - 12a^4 b^3 c d^4 x^2 + 6a^3 b^4 c^2 d^3 x^2 - 4a^2 b^5 c^3 d^2 x^2 + 2a b^6 c^4 d x^2 - b^7 c^5 x^2) - 6 \log(bx+a) a^4 d^3 - 18 \log(bx+a) a^3 b d^3 x - 18 \log(bx+a) a^2 b^2 d^3 x^2 - 6 \log(bx+a) a b^3 d^3 x^3 + 6 \log(bx+a) b^4 d^3 x^4}$$

input

```
int(1/(b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 6*log(a + b*x)*a**4*d**3 - 18*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d**3*x - 18*log(a +
b*x)*a**2*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 6*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 6*log(c + d*x
)*a**4*d**3 + 18*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b*d**3*x + 18*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*d*
**3*x**2 + 6*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 9*a**4*d**3 - 16*a**3*b*c*d**2
+ 9*a**3*b*d**3*x + 9*a**2*b**2*c**2*d - 12*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x - 2*a*b**3
*c**3 + 3*a*b**3*c**2*d*x - 2*a*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 2*b**4*c*d**2*x**3)/(6*a*
(a**7*d**4 - 4*a**6*b*c*d**3 + 3*a**6*b*d**4*x + 6*a**5*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 1
2*a**5*b**2*c*d**3*x + 3*a**5*b**2*d**4*x**2 - 4*a**4*b**3*c**3*d + 18*a**
4*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 12*a**4*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 + a**4*b**3*d**4*x**3 + a**3
*b**4*c**4 - 12*a**3*b**4*c**3*d*x + 18*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*a**3*
b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b**5*c**4*x - 12*a**2*b**5*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*a**2*
b**5*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 3*a*b**6*c**4*x**2 - 4*a*b**6*c**3*d*x**3 + b**7*c**
4*x**3))
```

3.51 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{4(bc-ad)(a+bx)^4} + \frac{d}{3(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{d^2}{2(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{d^3}{(bc-ad)^4(a+bx)} + \frac{d^4 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^5} - \frac{d^4 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^5}$$

```
output -1/4/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)^4+1/3*d/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)^3-1/2*d^2/(-a*d+b*c)^
3/(b*x+a)^2+d^3/(-a*d+b*c)^4/(b*x+a)+d^4*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^5-d^4*ln(d*x
+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^5
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx = \frac{1}{4(-bc+ad)(a+bx)^4} + \frac{d}{3(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)^3} - \frac{d^2}{2(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{d^3}{(bc-ad)^4(a+bx)} + \frac{d^4 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^5} - \frac{d^4 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^5}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x)^4*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)), x]`

output `1/(4*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(a + b*x)^4) + d/(3*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^3) - d^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)^2) + d^3/((b*c - a*d)^4*(a + b*x)) + (d^4*Log[a + b*x])/(b*c - a*d)^5 - (d^4*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^5`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4(x(ad+bc)+ac+bdx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{d^5}{(c+dx)(bc-ad)^5} + \frac{bd^4}{(a+bx)(bc-ad)^5} - \frac{bd^3}{(a+bx)^2(bc-ad)^4} + \frac{bd^2}{(a+bx)^3(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{bd}{(a+bx)^4(bc-ad)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d^4 \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^5} - \frac{d^4 \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^5} + \frac{d^3}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^4} - \frac{d^2}{2(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{d}{3(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{1}{4(a + bx)^4(bc - ad)}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x)^4*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/4*1/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^4) + d/(3*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^3) - d^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)^2) + d^3/((b*c - a*d)^4*(a + b*x)) + (d^4*Log[a + b*x])/(b*c - a*d)^5 - (d^4*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{4(ad-bc)(bx+a)^4} + \frac{d}{3(ad-bc)^2(bx+a)^3} + \frac{d^2}{2(ad-bc)^3(bx+a)^2} + \frac{d^3}{(ad-bc)^4(bx+a)} - \frac{d^4 \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^5} + \frac{d^4 \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6x^2b^8c^2d^2 - 52xa^3b^5d^4 + 4xb^8c^3d + 12 \ln(bx+a)x^4b^8d^4 - 12 \ln(dx+c)x^4b^8d^4 + 12 \ln(bx+a)a^4b^4d^4 - 12 \ln(dx+c)a^4b^4d^4 - 1}{(bx+a)^4}$
risch	$\frac{b^3d^3x^3}{a^4d^4 - 4a^3bc d^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d + c^4b^4} + \frac{(7ad-bc)d^2b^2x^2}{2a^4d^4 - 8a^3bc d^3 + 12a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 8ab^3c^3d + 2c^4b^4} + \frac{bd(13a^2d^2 - 5abcd + b^2c^2)x}{(bx+a)^4}$
norman	$\frac{b^3d^3x^3}{a^4d^4 - 4a^3bc d^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d + c^4b^4} + \frac{25a^3b^4d^3 - 23a^2b^5c d^2 + 13a c^2d b^6 - 3c^3b^7}{12b^4(a^4d^4 - 4a^3bc d^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d + c^4b^4)} + \frac{(7ab^4d^3 - b^5c d^2)x^2}{2b^2(a^4d^4 - 4a^3bc d^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d + c^4b^4)}$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{(a*d-b*c)} \frac{1}{(b*x+a)^4} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{d}{(a*d-b*c)^2} \frac{1}{(b*x+a)^3} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{(a*d-b*c)^3} \frac{1}{(b*x+a)^2} + \frac{d^3}{(a*d-b*c)^4} \frac{1}{(b*x+a)} - \frac{d^4}{(a*d-b*c)^5} \ln(b*x+a) + \frac{d^4}{(a*d-b*c)^5} \ln(d*x+c)$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 657 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 657, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4 (ac + (bc+ad)x + bdx^2)} dx = \frac{3b^4c^4 - 16ab^3c^3d + 36a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 48a^3bcd^3 + 25a^4d^4 - 12(b^4cd^3 - ad^4)}{12(a^4b^5c^5 - 5a^5b^4c^4d + 10a^6b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^7b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^8bcd^4 - a^9d^5 + (b^9c^5 - 5ab^8c^4d + 10a^2b^7c^3d^2 - 10a^3b^6c^2d^3 + 5a^4b^5c^4d - a^5b^4d^5)*x^4 + 4*(a*b^8c^5 - 5a^2b^7c^4d + 10a^3b^6c^3d^2 - 10a^4b^5c^2d^3 + 5a^5b^4c^4d - a^6b^3d^5)*x^3 + 6*(a^2b^7c^5 - 5a^3b^6c^4d + 10a^4b^5c^3d^2 - 10a^5b^4c^2d^3 + 5a^6b^3c^4d - a^7b^2d^5)*x^2 + 4*(a^3b^6c^5 - 5a^4b^5c^4d + 10a^5b^4c^3d^2 - 10a^6b^3c^2d^3 + 5a^7b^2c^4d - a^8b^1d^5)*x} + \frac{12*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 4*a^3*b*d^4*x + a^4*d^4)*\log(b*x + a) + 12*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 4*a^3*b*d^4*x + a^4*d^4)*\log(d*x + c)}{(a^4*b^5*c^5 - 5*a^5*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^6*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^8*b*c*d^4 - a^9*d^5 + (b^9*c^5 - 5*a*b^8*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^6*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b^5*c^4*d - a^5*b^4*d^5)*x^4 + 4*(a*b^8*c^5 - 5*a^2*b^7*c^4*d + 10*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^4*b^5*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^5*b^4*c^4*d - a^6*b^3*d^5)*x^3 + 6*(a^2*b^7*c^5 - 5*a^3*b^6*c^4*d + 10*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^6*b^3*c^4*d - a^7*b^2*d^5)*x^2 + 4*(a^3*b^6*c^5 - 5*a^4*b^5*c^4*d + 10*a^5*b^4*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^6*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^7*b^2*c^4*d - a^8*b^1*d^5)*x}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1}{12} \frac{(3b^4c^4 - 16a^2b^3c^3d + 36a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 48a^3bcd^3 + 25a^4d^4 - 12(b^4cd^3 - a^4d^4))x^3 + 6(b^4c^2d^2 - 8a^2b^3cd^3 + 7a^2b^2d^4)x^2 - 4(b^4c^3d - 6a^2b^3c^2d^2 + 18a^2b^2cd^3 - 13a^3bd^4)x - 12(b^4d^4x^4 + 4a^2b^3d^4x^3 + 6a^2b^2d^4x^2 + 4a^3bd^4x + a^4d^4) \log(bx + a) + 12(b^4d^4x^4 + 4a^2b^3d^4x^3 + 6a^2b^2d^4x^2 + 4a^3bd^4x + a^4d^4) \log(dx + c)}{(a^4b^5c^5 - 5a^5b^4c^4d + 10a^6b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^7b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^8bcd^4 - a^9d^5 + (b^9c^5 - 5a^2b^8c^4d + 10a^2b^7c^3d^2 - 10a^3b^6c^2d^3 + 5a^4b^5c^4d - a^5b^4d^5)*x^4 + 4*(a*b^8c^5 - 5a^2b^7c^4d + 10a^3b^6c^3d^2 - 10a^4b^5c^2d^3 + 5a^5b^4c^4d - a^6b^3d^5)*x^3 + 6*(a^2b^7c^5 - 5a^3b^6c^4d + 10a^4b^5c^3d^2 - 10a^5b^4c^2d^3 + 5a^6b^3c^4d - a^7b^2d^5)*x^2 + 4*(a^3b^6c^5 - 5a^4b^5c^4d + 10a^5b^4c^3d^2 - 10a^6b^3c^2d^3 + 5a^7b^2c^4d - a^8b^1d^5)*x}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 802 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 802, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^4 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^6 d^{10}}{(ad-bc)^5} + \frac{6a^5 bcd^9}{(ad-bc)^5} - \frac{15a^4 b^2 c^2 d^8}{(ad-bc)^5} + \frac{20a^3 b^3 c^3 d^7}{(ad-bc)^5} - \frac{15a^2 b^4 c^4 d^6}{(ad-bc)^5} + \frac{6ab^5 c^5 d^5}{(ad-bc)^5} + ad^5 - \frac{b^6 c^6 d^4}{(ad-bc)^5} + bcd^4}{2bd^5} \right)}{(ad-bc)^5}$$

$$- \frac{d^4 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^6 d^{10}}{(ad-bc)^5} - \frac{6a^5 bcd^9}{(ad-bc)^5} + \frac{15a^4 b^2 c^2 d^8}{(ad-bc)^5} - \frac{20a^3 b^3 c^3 d^7}{(ad-bc)^5} + \frac{15a^2 b^4 c^4 d^6}{(ad-bc)^5} - \frac{6ab^5 c^5 d^5}{(ad-bc)^5} + ad^5 + \frac{b^6 c^6 d^4}{(ad-bc)^5} + bcd^4}{2bd^5} \right)}{(ad-bc)^5}$$

$$+ \frac{12a^8 d^4 - 48a^7 bcd^3 + 72a^6 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 48a^5 b^3 c^3 d + 12a^4 b^4 c^4 + x^4 \cdot (12a^4 b^4 d^4 - 48a^3 b^5 cd^3 + 72a^2 b^6 c^2 d^2 - 48a b^7 c^3 d + 12a^8 d^4)}{(ad-bc)^5}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)**4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2), x)`

output

```
d**4*log(x + (-a**6*d**10/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 6*a**5*b*c*d**9/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 15*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**8/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 20*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**7/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 15*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 6*a*b**5*c**5*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**5 + a*d**5 - b**6*c**6*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**5 + b*c*d**4)/(2*b*d**5))/(a*d - b*c)**5 - d**4*log(x + (a**6*d**10/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 6*a**5*b*c*d**9/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 15*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**8/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 20*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**7/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 15*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 6*a*b**5*c**5*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**5 + a*d**5 + b**6*c**6*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**5 + b*c*d**4)/(2*b*d**5))/(a*d - b*c)**5 + (25*a**3*d**3 - 23*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 13*a*b**2*c**2*d - 3*b**3*c**3 + 12*b**3*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(42*a*b**2*d**3 - 6*b**3*c*d**2) + x*(52*a**2*b*d**3 - 20*a*b**2*c*d**2 + 4*b**3*c**2*d))/(12*a**8*d**4 - 48*a**7*b*c*d**3 + 72*a**6*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 48*a**5*b**3*c**3*d + 12*a**4*b**4*c**4 + x**4*(12*a**4*b**4*d**4 - 48*a**3*b**5*c*d**3 + 72*a**2*b**6*c**2*d**2 - 48*a*b**7*c**3*d + 12*b**8*c**4) + x**3*(48*a**5*b**3*d**4 - 192*a**4*b**4*c*d**3 + 288*a**3*b**5*c**2*d**2 - 192*a**2*b**6*c**3*d + 48*a*b**7*c**4) + x**2*(72*a**6*b**2*d**4 - 288*a**5*b**3*c*d**3 + 432*a**4*b**4*c**2*d**2 - 288*a**3*b**5*c**3*d + 72*a**2*b**6*c**4) + x*(48*a**7*b*d**4 - 192*a**6*b**2*c*d**3 + 288*a**5*b**3*c**2*d**2 - 192*a**4*b**4*c**3*d + 48*a**3*b**5*c**4))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 558 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 558, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^4 \log(bx+a)}{b^5 c^5 - 5ab^4 c^4 d + 10a^2 b^3 c^3 d^2 - 10a^3 b^2 c^2 d^3 + 5a^4 b c d^4 - a^5 d^5}$$

$$- \frac{d^4 \log(dx+c)}{b^5 c^5 - 5ab^4 c^4 d + 10a^2 b^3 c^3 d^2 - 10a^3 b^2 c^2 d^3 + 5a^4 b c d^4 - a^5 d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{12b^3 d^3 x^3 - 3b^3 c^3 + 13a^2 b^2 c^2 d - 23a^2 b c d^2 + 25a^3 d^3 - 6(b^3 c d^2 - 7a^2 b^2 d^3) x^2 + 4(b^3 c^2 d - 5a^2 b^2 c d^2 + 13a^2 b d^3) x}{12(a^4 b^4 c^4 - 4a^5 b^3 c^3 d + 6a^6 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a^7 b c d^3 + a^8 d^4 + (b^8 c^4 - 4a^2 b^7 c^3 d + 6a^2 b^6 c^2 d^2 - 4a^3 b^5 c d^3 + a^4 b^4 c^2 d^4) x^4 + 4(a^2 b^7 c^4 - 4a^2 b^6 c^3 d + 6a^3 b^5 c^2 d^2 - 4a^4 b^4 c^2 d^3 + a^5 b^3 c^2 d^4) x^3 + 6(a^2 b^6 c^4 - 4a^3 b^5 c^3 d + 6a^4 b^4 c^2 d^2 - 4a^5 b^3 c^2 d^3 + a^6 b^2 c^2 d^4) x^2 + 4(a^3 b^5 c^4 - 4a^4 b^4 c^3 d + 6a^5 b^3 c^2 d^2 - 4a^6 b^2 c^2 d^3 + a^7 b^2 c^2 d^4) x}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^4*log(b*x + a)/(b^5*c^5 - 5*a*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 - a^5*d^5) - d^4*log(d*x + c)/(b^5*c^5 - 5*a*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 - a^5*d^5) + 1/12*(12*b^3*d^3*x^3 - 3*b^3*c^3 + 13*a*b^2*c^2*d - 23*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 25*a^3*d^3 - 6*(b^3*c*d^2 - 7*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 4*(b^3*c^2*d - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + 13*a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(a^4*b^4*c^4 - 4*a^5*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^7*b*c*d^3 + a^8*d^4 + (b^8*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^7*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b^5*c*d^3 + a^4*b^4*d^4)*x^4 + 4*(a*b^7*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^3*d + 6*a^3*b^5*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^3 + a^5*b^3*d^4)*x^3 + 6*(a^2*b^6*c^4 - 4*a^3*b^5*c^3*d + 6*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^5*b^3*c^2*d^3 + a^6*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 4*(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 4*a^4*b^4*c^3*d + 6*a^5*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^6*b^2*c*d^3 + a^7*b^2*d^4)*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bd^4 \log(|bx+a|)}{b^6 c^5 - 5ab^5 c^4 d + 10a^2 b^4 c^3 d^2 - 10a^3 b^3 c^2 d^3 + 5a^4 b^2 c d^4 - a^5 b d^5} - \frac{d^5 \log(|dx+c|)}{b^5 c^5 d - 5ab^4 c^4 d^2 + 10a^2 b^3 c^3 d^3 - 10a^3 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 5a^4 b c d^5 - a^5 d^6} - \frac{3b^4 c^4 - 16ab^3 c^3 d + 36a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 48a^3 b c d^3 + 25a^4 d^4 - 12(b^4 c d^3 - ab^3 d^4)x^3 + 6(b^4 c^2 d^2 - 8ab^3 c d^3 + 12(bc-ad)^5 (bx+a)^4}{12(bc-ad)^5 (bx+a)^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*d^4*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^6*c^5 - 5*a*b^5*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b^2*c*d^4 - a^5*b*d^5) - d^5*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^5*c^5*d - 5*a*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^5 - a^5*d^6) - 1/12*(3*b^4*c^4 - 16*a*b^3*c^3*d + 36*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 48*a^3*b*c*d^3 + 25*a^4*d^4 - 12*(b^4*c*d^3 - a*b^3*d^4)*x^3 + 6*(b^4*c^2*d^2 - 8*a*b^3*c*d^3 + 7*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 - 4*(b^4*c^3*d - 6*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 18*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 13*a^3*b*d^4)*x)/((b*c - a*d)^5*(b*x + a)^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{25a^3 d^3 - 23a^2 b c d^2 + 13a b^2 c^2 d - 3b^3 c^3}{12(a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 b c d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a b^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4)} - \frac{d^2 x^2 (b^3 c - 7a b^2 d)}{2(a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 b c d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a b^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4)} + \frac{d x (13a^2 b d^2 - 5a^3 c d + 4a^4)}{3(a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 b c d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a b^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4)}$$

$$- \frac{2d^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^5 d^5 - 3a^4 b c d^4 + 2a^3 b^2 c^2 d^3 + 2a^2 b^3 c^3 d^2 - 3a b^4 c^4 d + b^5 c^5}{(a d - b c)^5} + \frac{2b d x (a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 b c d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4a b^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4)}{(a d - b c)^5}\right)}{(a d - b c)^5}$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x)^4*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((25a^3d^3 - 3b^3c^3 + 13ab^2c^2d - 23a^2b^3cd^2)/(12(a^4d^4 + \\ & b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d - 4a^3b^3cd^3)) - (d^2x^2 * \\ & (b^3c - 7ab^2d))/(2(a^4d^4 + b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d - 4a^3b^3cd^3)) + (d * x * (b^3c^2 + 13a^2b^2d^2 - 5ab^2cd))/(3 * \\ & (a^4d^4 + b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d - 4a^3b^3cd^3)) + \\ & (b^3d^3x^3)/(a^4d^4 + b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d - 4a^3b^3cd^3)) / (a^4 + b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx) - (\\ & 2d^4 \operatorname{atanh}((a^5d^5 + b^5c^5 + 2a^2b^3c^3d^2 + 2a^3b^2c^2d^3 - 3 \\ & ab^4c^4d - 3a^4b^3cd^4)/(a*d - b*c)^5 + (2b*d*x*(a^4d^4 + b^4c^4 \\ & + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d - 4a^3b^3cd^3))/(a*d - b*c)^5)) / (a*d \\ & - b*c)^5 \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 769, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^4 (ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(bx+a) a^5 d^4 - 48 \log(bx+a) a^4 b d^4 x - 72 \log(bx+a) a^3 b^2 d^4 x^2 - 48 \log(bx+a) a^2 b^3 d^4 x^3 - 12 \log(bx+a) a b^4 d^4 x^4 - 12 \log(bx+a) b^5 d^4 x^5}{12a(a^5 b^4 d^5 x^4 - 5a^4 b^5 c d^4 x^4 + 10a^3 b^6 c^2 d^3 x^4 - 10a^2 b^7 c^3 d^2 x^4 + 5a b^8 c^4 d x^4 - b^9 c^5 x^4 + 4a^6 b^3 d^5)}$$

input

 $\operatorname{int}(1/(b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2), x)$

output

```
( - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**5*d**4 - 48*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b*d**4*x - 72*log(a +
b*x)*a**3*b**2*d**4*x**2 - 48*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*d**4*x**3 - 12*log(a
+ b*x)*a*b**4*d**4*x**4 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a**5*d**4 + 48*log(c + d*x)*a**
4*b*d**4*x + 72*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*d**4*x**2 + 48*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*
**3*d**4*x**3 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a*b**4*d**4*x**4 + 22*a**5*d**4 - 45*a**4*b
*c*d**3 + 40*a**4*b*d**4*x + 36*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 60*a**3*b**2*c*d**3*
x + 24*a**3*b**2*d**4*x**2 - 16*a**2*b**3*c**3*d + 24*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**2*
x - 30*a**2*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 + 3*a*b**4*c**4 - 4*a*b**4*c**3*d*x + 6*a*b**
4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 3*a*b**4*d**4*x**4 + 3*b**5*c*d**3*x**4)/(12*a*(a**9*d*
**5 - 5*a**8*b*c*d**4 + 4*a**8*b*d**5*x + 10*a**7*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 20*a**7*
b**2*c*d**4*x + 6*a**7*b**2*d**5*x**2 - 10*a**6*b**3*c**3*d**2 + 40*a**6*b
**3*c**2*d**3*x - 30*a**6*b**3*c*d**4*x**2 + 4*a**6*b**3*d**5*x**3 + 5*a**
5*b**4*c**4*d - 40*a**5*b**4*c**3*d**2*x + 60*a**5*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 2
0*a**5*b**4*c*d**4*x**3 + a**5*b**4*d**5*x**4 - a**4*b**5*c**5 + 20*a**4*b
**5*c**4*d*x - 60*a**4*b**5*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 40*a**4*b**5*c**2*d**3*x**3 -
5*a**4*b**5*c*d**4*x**4 - 4*a**3*b**6*c**5*x + 30*a**3*b**6*c**4*d*x**2 -
40*a**3*b**6*c**3*d**2*x**3 + 10*a**3*b**6*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 6*a**2*b**7*c
**5*x**2 + 20*a**2*b**7*c**4*d*x**3 - 10*a**2*b**7*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 4*a*b*
**8*c**5*x**3 + 5*a*b**8*c**4*d*x**4 - b**9*c**5*x**4))
```


3.52
$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	493

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{6b^2(bc-ad)^2x}{d^4} - \frac{(bc-ad)^4}{d^5(c+dx)} - \frac{2b^3(bc-ad)(c+dx)^2}{d^5} + \frac{b^4(c+dx)^3}{3d^5} - \frac{4b(bc-ad)^3 \log(c+dx)}{d^5}$$

output

```
6*b^2*(-a*d+b*c)^2*x/d^4-(-a*d+b*c)^4/d^5/(d*x+c)-2*b^3*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)
^2/d^5+1/3*b^4*(d*x+c)^3/d^5-4*b*(-a*d+b*c)^3*ln(d*x+c)/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{12a^3bcd^3 - 3a^4d^4 + 18a^2b^2d^2(-c^2 + cdx + d^2x^2) + 6ab^3d(2c^3 - 4c^2dx - 3cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3) + b^4(-3c^4 + 9cd^3x^2 + 6cd^2x^3 + d^4x^4)}{3d^5(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^6/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$(12a^3b^2cd^3 - 3a^4d^4 + 18a^2b^2d^2(-c^2 + cd^2x + d^2x^2) + 6ab^3d(2c^3 - 4c^2dx - 3cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3) + b^4(-3c^4 + 9c^3dx + 6c^2d^2x^2 - 2cd^3x^3 + d^4x^4) - 12b(bc - ad)^3(c + dx)) \cdot \text{Log}[c + dx] / (3d^5(c + dx))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{4b^3(c + dx)(bc - ad)}{d^4} + \frac{6b^2(bc - ad)^2}{d^4} - \frac{4b(bc - ad)^3}{d^4(c + dx)} + \frac{(ad - bc)^4}{d^4(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^4(c + dx)^2}{d^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2b^3(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)}{d^5} + \frac{6b^2x(bc - ad)^2}{d^4} - \frac{(bc - ad)^4}{d^5(c + dx)} - \frac{4b(bc - ad)^3 \log(c + dx)}{d^5} + \frac{b^4(c + dx)^3}{3d^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^6/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$(6b^2(b^2c - a^2d)^2x)/d^4 - (b^2c - a^2d)^4/(d^5(c + dx)) - (2b^3(b^2c - a^2d)(c + dx)^2)/d^5 + (b^4(c + dx)^3)/(3d^5) - (4b(b^2c - a^2d)^3 \text{Log}[c + dx])/d^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2(\frac{1}{3}x^3b^2d^2+2abd^2x^2-b^2cx^2d+6a^2d^2x-8abcdx+3xb^2c^2)}{d^4} - \frac{a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-4ab^3c^3d+c^4b^4}{d^5(dx+c)} + \frac{4b(a^3d^3-3a^2bd^2+3ab^2cd-b^3c^2)}{d^5(dx+c)}$
risch	$\frac{b^4x^3}{3d^2} + \frac{2b^3ax^2}{d^2} - \frac{b^4cx^2}{d^3} + \frac{6b^2a^2x}{d^2} - \frac{8b^3acx}{d^3} + \frac{3b^4xc^2}{d^4} - \frac{a^4}{d(dx+c)} + \frac{4a^3bc}{d^2(dx+c)} - \frac{6a^2b^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)} + \frac{4ab^3c^3}{d^4(dx+c)} - \frac{b^5x^5}{3d} + \frac{2b^3(12a^2d^2-10abcd+3b^2c^2)x^3}{3d^3} + \frac{b^4(7ad-2bc)x^4}{3d^2} - \frac{a(a^4bd^4+2a^3b^2cd^3+6a^2b^3c^2d^2-10ab^4c^3d+4b^5c^4)}{d^5b} - \frac{(7a^4b^2d^4-4d^3ca^3b^3)}{d^5b}$
norman	$\frac{b^4d^4x^4+6ab^3d^4x^3-2b^4cd^3x^3+12\ln(dx+c)xa^3bd^4-36\ln(dx+c)xa^2b^2cd^3+36\ln(dx+c)xa^3b^3c^2d^2-12\ln(dx+c)xb^4c^3d+12\ln(dx+c)xb^5c^4}{(bx+a)(dx+c)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^4d^4x^4+6ab^3d^4x^3-2b^4cd^3x^3+12\ln(dx+c)xa^3bd^4-36\ln(dx+c)xa^2b^2cd^3+36\ln(dx+c)xa^3b^3c^2d^2-12\ln(dx+c)xb^4c^3d+12\ln(dx+c)xb^5c^4}{(bx+a)(dx+c)}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b^2/d^4*(1/3*x^3*b^2*d^2+2*a*b*d^2*x^2-b^2*c*x^2*d+6*a^2*d^2*x-8*a*b*c*d*x
+3*x*b^2*c^2)-(a^4*d^4-4*a^3*b*c*d^3+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-4*a*b^3*c^3*d+b^4*c
^4)/d^5/(d*x+c)+4*b/d^5*(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)*ln(d
*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 267 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4 d^4 x^4 - 3 b^4 c^4 + 12 a b^3 c^3 d - 18 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 12 a^3 b c d^3 - 3 a^4 d^4 - 2 (b^4 c d^3 - 3 a b^3 d^4) x^3 + 6 (b^4 c^2 d^2 - 3 a b^3 c d^3 + 3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4) x^2 + 3 (3 b^4 c^3 d - 8 a b^3 c^2 d^2 + 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3) x - 12 (b^4 c^4 - 3 a b^3 c^3 d + 3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - a^3 b c^2 d^3 + (b^4 c^3 d - 3 a b^3 c^2 d^2 + 3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3 - a^3 b d^4) x) \log(dx + c)}{(d^6 x + c d^5)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{3} * (b^4 * d^4 * x^4 - 3 * b^4 * c^4 + 12 * a * b^3 * c^3 * d - 18 * a^2 * b^2 * c^2 * d^2 + 12 * a^3 * b * c * d^3 - 3 * a^4 * d^4 - 2 * (b^4 * c * d^3 - 3 * a * b^3 * d^4) * x^3 + 6 * (b^4 * c^2 * d^2 - 3 * a * b^3 * c * d^3 + 3 * a^2 * b^2 * d^4) * x^2 + 3 * (3 * b^4 * c^3 * d - 8 * a * b^3 * c^2 * d^2 + 6 * a^2 * b^2 * c^2 * d^3) * x - 12 * (b^4 * c^4 - 3 * a * b^3 * c^3 * d + 3 * a^2 * b^2 * c^2 * d^2 - a^3 * b * c^2 * d^3 + (b^4 * c^3 * d - 3 * a * b^3 * c^2 * d^2 + 3 * a^2 * b^2 * c^2 * d^3 - a^3 * b * d^4) * x) * \log(dx + c)) / (d^6 * x + c * d^5)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^4 x^3}{3d^2} + \frac{4b(ad - bc)^3 \log(c + dx)}{d^5} + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2ab^3}{d^2} - \frac{b^4 c}{d^3} \right) + x \left(\frac{6a^2 b^2}{d^2} - \frac{8ab^3 c}{d^3} + \frac{3b^4 c^2}{d^4} \right) + \frac{-a^4 d^4 + 4a^3 b c d^3 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 4ab^3 c^3 d - b^4 c^4}{cd^5 + d^6 x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`

output $b**4*x**3/(3*d**2) + 4*b*(a*d - b*c)**3*log(c + d*x)/d**5 + x**2*(2*a*b**3/d**2 - b**4*c/d**3) + x*(6*a**2*b**2/d**2 - 8*a*b**3*c/d**3 + 3*b**4*c**2/d**4) + (-a**4*d**4 + 4*a**3*b*c*d**3 - 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 4*a*b**3*c**3*d - b**4*c**4)/(c*d**5 + d**6*x)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{d^6x + cd^5}$$

$$+ \frac{b^4d^2x^3 - 3(b^4cd - 2ab^3d^2)x^2 + 3(3b^4c^2 - 8ab^3cd + 6a^2b^2d^2)x}{3d^4}$$

$$- \frac{4(b^4c^3 - 3ab^3c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3bd^3) \log(dx+c)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(d^6*x + c*d^5) + 1/3*(b^4*d^2*x^3 - 3*(b^4*c*d - 2*a*b^3*d^2)*x^2 + 3*(3*b^4*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c*d + 6*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x)/d^4 - 4*(b^4*c^3 - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d^3)*log(d*x + c)/d^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4(b^4c^3 - 3ab^3c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3bd^3) \log(|dx+c|)}{d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{b^4d^4x^3 - 3b^4cd^3x^2 + 6ab^3d^4x^2 + 9b^4c^2d^2x - 24ab^3cd^3x + 18a^2b^2d^4x}{3d^6}$$

$$- \frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{(dx+c)d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-4*(b^4*c^3 - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d^3)*log(abs(d*x + c
))/d^5 + 1/3*(b^4*d^4*x^3 - 3*b^4*c*d^3*x^2 + 6*a*b^3*d^4*x^2 + 9*b^4*c^2*
d^2*x - 24*a*b^3*c*d^3*x + 18*a^2*b^2*d^4*x)/d^6 - (b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*
d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/((d*x + c)*d^5)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{2ab^3}{d^2} - \frac{b^4c}{d^3} \right) - x \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{4ab^3}{d^2} - \frac{2b^4c}{d^3} \right)}{d} - \frac{6a^2b^2}{d^2} + \frac{b^4c^2}{d^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{b^4x^3}{3d^2} - \frac{\ln(c+dx) (-4a^3bd^3 + 12a^2b^2cd^2 - 12ab^3c^2d + 4b^4c^3)}{d^5}$$

$$- \frac{a^4d^4 - 4a^3bcd^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d + b^4c^4}{d(xd^5 + cd^4)}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x)^6/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
x^2*((2*a*b^3)/d^2 - (b^4*c)/d^3) - x*((2*c*((4*a*b^3)/d^2 - (2*b^4*c)/d^3
))/d - (6*a^2*b^2)/d^2 + (b^4*c^2)/d^4) + (b^4*x^3)/(3*d^2) - (log(c + d*x
))*(4*b^4*c^3 - 4*a^3*b*d^3 + 12*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 12*a*b^3*c^2*d)/d^5 - (a^
4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3)/(d*(c
*d^4 + d^5*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(dx+c) a^3 b c^2 d^3 + 12 \log(dx+c) a^3 b c d^4 x - 36 \log(dx+c) a^2 b^2 c^3 d^2 - 36 \log(dx+c) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3 x +$$

input `int((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(12*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b*c**2*d**3 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b*c*d**4*x - 36*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**2 - 36*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x + 36*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**4*d + 36*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d**2*x - 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**5 - 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**4*d*x + 3*a**4*d**5*x - 12*a**3*b*c*d**4*x + 36*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x + 18*a**2*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 - 36*a*b**3*c**3*d**2*x - 18*a*b**3*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 6*a*b**3*c*d**4*x**3 + 12*b**4*c**4*d*x + 6*b**4*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 2*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**3 + b**4*c*d**4*x**4)/(3*c*d**5*(c + d*x))`

3.53 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	495
Mathematica [A] (verified)	495
Rubi [A] (verified)	496
Maple [A] (verified)	497
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	497
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	498
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	498
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	499
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	499
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	500

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2(2bc-3ad)x}{d^3} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2d^2} + \frac{(bc-ad)^3}{d^4(c+dx)} + \frac{3b(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

output

$-b^2*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*x/d^3+1/2*b^3*x^2/d^2+(-a*d+b*c)^3/d^4/(d*x+c)+3*b*(-a*d+b*c)^2*\ln(d*x+c)/d^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2(2bc-3ad)x}{d^3} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2d^2} + \frac{b^3c^3-3ab^2c^2d+3a^2bcd^2-a^3d^3}{d^4(c+dx)} + \frac{3(b^3c^2-2ab^2cd+a^2bd^2)\log(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^5/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output
$$-\frac{(b^2(2bc - 3ad)x)/d^3}{d^4} + \frac{(b^3x^2)/(2d^2)}{d^4} + \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3d^3)/(d^4(c + dx))}{d^4} + \frac{(3(b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2)*\text{Log}[c + dx])}{d^4}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{b^2(2bc - 3ad)}{d^3} + \frac{3b(bc - ad)^2}{d^3(c + dx)} + \frac{(ad - bc)^3}{d^3(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^3x}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^2x(2bc - 3ad)}{d^3} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{d^4(c + dx)} + \frac{3b(bc - ad)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^4} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2d^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^5/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output
$$-\frac{(b^2(2bc - 3ad)x)/d^3}{d^4} + \frac{(b^3x^2)/(2d^2)}{d^4} + \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3d^3)/(d^4(c + dx))}{d^4} + \frac{(3b(b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2)*\text{Log}[c + dx])}{d^4}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2(\frac{1}{2}bdx^2+3adx-2cbx)}{d^3} - \frac{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}{d^4(dx+c)} + \frac{3b(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^4}$
risch	$\frac{b^3x^2}{2d^2} + \frac{3b^2ax}{d^2} - \frac{2b^3cx}{d^3} - \frac{a^3}{d(dx+c)} + \frac{3a^2bc}{d^2(dx+c)} - \frac{3ab^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)} + \frac{b^3c^3}{d^4(dx+c)} + \frac{3b\ln(dx+c)a^2}{d^2} - \frac{6b^2\ln(dx+c)ac}{d^3} +$
norman	$\frac{b^4x^4}{2d} + \frac{b^3(7ad-3bc)x^3}{2d^2} - \frac{a(2a^3bd^3+9ab^3c^2d-6b^4c^3)}{2d^4b} - \frac{(8a^3a^3b^2-3cd^2a^2b^3+9c^2da^4-6b^5c^3)x}{2d^4b} + \frac{3b(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{x^3b^3d^3+6\ln(dx+c)xa^2bd^3-12\ln(dx+c)xa^2bd^3-12\ln(dx+c)xa^2bd^3+6\ln(dx+c)xb^3c^2d+6ab^2d^3x^2-3x^2b^3cd^2+6\ln(dx+c)a^2bcd^2-12\ln(dx+c)a^2bcd^2-12\ln(dx+c)a^2bcd^2}{2d^4(dx+c)}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b^2/d^3*(1/2*b*d*x^2+3*a*d*x-2*c*b*x)-(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d
-b^3*c^3)/d^4/(d*x+c)+3*b/d^4*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3d^3x^3 + 2b^3c^3 - 6ab^2c^2d + 6a^2bcd^2 - 2a^3d^3 - 3(b^3cd^2 - 2ab^2d^3)x^2 - 2(2b^3c^2d - 3ab^2cd^2)x + 6(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2cd^2)}{2(d^5x + cd^4)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 2*b^3*c^3 - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3 - 3*(b^3*c*d^2 - 2*a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 2*(2*b^3*c^2*d - 3*a*b^2*c*d^2)*x + 6*(b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*c*d^2 + (b^3*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)*\log(d*x + c))/(d^5*x + c*d^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^3x^2}{2d^2} + \frac{3b(ad-bc)^2 \log(c+dx)}{d^4} + x \left(\frac{3ab^2}{d^2} - \frac{2b^3c}{d^3} \right) + \frac{-a^3d^3 + 3a^2bcd^2 - 3ab^2c^2d + b^3c^3}{cd^4 + d^5x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`

output
$$b**3*x**2/(2*d**2) + 3*b*(a*d - b*c)**2*\log(c + d*x)/d**4 + x*(3*a*b**2/d**2 - 2*b**3*c/d**3) + (-a**3*d**3 + 3*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 3*a*b**2*c**2*d + b**3*c**3)/(c*d**4 + d**5*x)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3}{d^5x + cd^4} + \frac{b^3dx^2 - 2(2b^3c - 3ab^2d)x}{2d^3} + \frac{3(b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2) \log(dx+c)}{d^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3d^3)/(d^5x + cd^4) + 1/2*(b^3dx^2 - 2*(2b^3c - 3ab^2d)*x)/d^3 + 3*(b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2)*\log(dx + c)/d^4$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{3(b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2) \log(|dx + c|)}{d^4} + \frac{b^3d^2x^2 - 4b^3cdx + 6ab^2d^2x}{2d^4} + \frac{b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3}{(dx + c)d^4}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$3*(b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2)*\log(\text{abs}(dx + c))/d^4 + 1/2*(b^3d^2*x^2 - 4*b^3c*d*x + 6*a*b^2*d^2*x)/d^4 + (b^3c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)/((dx + c)*d^4)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{3ab^2}{d^2} - \frac{2b^3c}{d^3} \right) + \frac{\ln(c + dx) (3a^2bd^2 - 6ab^2cd + 3b^3c^2)}{d^4} - \frac{a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3}{d(xd^4 + cd^3)} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2d^2}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x)^5/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
x*((3*a*b^2)/d^2 - (2*b^3*c)/d^3) + (log(c + d*x)*(3*b^3*c^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^2
- 6*a*b^2*c*d))/d^4 - (a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)
/(d*(c*d^3 + d^4*x)) + (b^3*x^2)/(2*d^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(dx + c) a^2 b c^2 d^2 + 6 \log(dx + c) a^2 b c d^3 x - 12 \log(dx + c) a b^2 c^3 d - 12 \log(dx + c) a b^2 c^2 d^2 x + 6 \log(dx + c) a^3 d^3 + 6 \log(dx + c) b^3 c^3 - 12 \log(dx + c) a b^2 c^2 d x + 6 \log(dx + c) a^2 b c^2 d^2}{(2 * d^4 * (c + d * x))}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(6*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 + 6*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x - 12*log
(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d - 12*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 6*log(c + d
*x)*b**3*c**4 + 6*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**3*d*x + 2*a**3*d**4*x - 6*a**2*b*c*
d**3*x + 12*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 6*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 - 6*b**3*c**3*d*x -
3*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**2 + b**3*c*d**3*x**3)/(2*c*d**4*(c + d*x))
```

$$3.54 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	501
Mathematica [A] (verified)	501
Rubi [A] (verified)	502
Maple [A] (verified)	503
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	503
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	504
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	504
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	504
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	505
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	505

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^2x}{d^2} - \frac{(bc-ad)^2}{d^3(c+dx)} - \frac{2b(bc-ad)\log(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

output

```
b^2*x/d^2-(-a*d+b*c)^2/d^3/(d*x+c)-2*b*(-a*d+b*c)*ln(d*x+c)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^2dx - \frac{(bc-ad)^2}{c+dx} + 2b(-bc+ad)\log(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^4/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(b^2*d*x - (b*c - a*d)^2/(c + d*x) + 2*b*(-(b*c) + a*d)*Log[c + d*x])/d^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{2b(bc - ad)}{d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{(ad - bc)^2}{d^2(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(bc - ad)^2}{d^3(c + dx)} - \frac{2b(bc - ad) \log(c + dx)}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 x}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^4/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(b^2*x)/d^2 - (b*c - a*d)^2/(d^3*(c + d*x)) - (2*b*(b*c - a*d)*Log[c + d*x])/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2x}{d^2} - \frac{a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)} + \frac{2b(ad-bc)\ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	63
risch	$\frac{b^2x}{d^2} - \frac{a^2}{d(dx+c)} + \frac{2abc}{d^2(dx+c)} - \frac{b^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)} + \frac{2b\ln(dx+c)a}{d^2} - \frac{2b^2c\ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	86
parallelrisch	$\frac{2\ln(dx+c)xabd^2 - 2\ln(dx+c)xb^2cd + b^2d^2x^2 + 2\ln(dx+c)abcd - 2\ln(dx+c)b^2c^2 - a^2d^2 + 2abcd - 2b^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)}$	99
norman	$\frac{\frac{b^3x^3}{d} - \frac{a(a^2bd^2 - cda b^2 + 2b^3c^2)}{d^3b} - \frac{(2a^2a^2b^2 - cda b^3 + 2b^4c^2)x}{d^3b}}{(bx+a)(dx+c)} + \frac{2b(ad-bc)\ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	119

input `int((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $b^2x/d^2 - (a^2d^2 - 2a*b*c*d + b^2c^2)/d^3/(dx+c) + 2*b/d^3*(a*d - b*c)*\ln(dx+c)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2d^2x^2 + b^2cdx - b^2c^2 + 2abcd - a^2d^2 - 2(b^2c^2 - abcd + (b^2cd - abd^2)x)\log(dx+c)}{d^4x + cd^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $(b^2d^2x^2 + b^2c*d*x - b^2c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d - a^2d^2 - 2*(b^2c^2 - a*b*c*d + (b^2c*d - a*b*d^2)*x)*\log(dx+c))/(d^4*x + c*d^3)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^2x}{d^2} + \frac{2b(ad-bc)\log(c+dx)}{d^3} + \frac{-a^2d^2+2abcd-b^2c^2}{cd^3+d^4x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`output `b**2*x/d**2 + 2*b*(a*d - b*c)*log(c + d*x)/d**3 + (-a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*c*d - b**2*c**2)/(c*d**3 + d**4*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^2x}{d^2} - \frac{b^2c^2-2abcd+a^2d^2}{d^4x+cd^3} - \frac{2(b^2c-abd)\log(dx+c)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^2*x/d^2 - (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)/(d^4*x + c*d^3) - 2*(b^2*c - a*b*d)*log(d*x + c)/d^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{b^2x}{d^2} - \frac{2(b^2c-abd)\log(|dx+c|)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2c^2-2abcd+a^2d^2}{(dx+c)d^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$b^2 x/d^2 - 2*(b^2*c - a*b*d)*\log(\text{abs}(d*x + c))/d^3 - (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)/((d*x + c)*d^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^2 x}{d^2} - \frac{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2}{d(xd^3 + cd^2)} - \frac{\ln(c + dx)(2b^2c - 2abd)}{d^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a + b*x)^4/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2, x)$$

output

$$(b^2*x)/d^2 - (a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d)/(d*(c*d^2 + d^3*x)) - (\log(c + d*x)*(2*b^2*c - 2*a*b*d))/d^3$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(dx + c) ab c^2 d + 2 \log(dx + c) abc d^2 x - 2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^3 - 2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^2 dx + a^2 d^3 x - 2 abc d}{c d^3 (dx + c)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2, x)$$

output

$$(2*\log(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2*d + 2*\log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 2*\log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3 - 2*\log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x + a**2*d**3*x - 2*a*b*c*d**2*x + 2*b**2*c**2*d*x + b**2*c*d**2*x**2)/(c*d**3*(c + d*x))$$

$$3.55 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	506
Mathematica [A] (verified)	506
Rubi [A] (verified)	507
Maple [A] (verified)	508
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	508
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	509
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	509
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	509
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	510
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	510

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bc-ad}{d^2(c+dx)} + \frac{b \log(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

output $(-a*d+b*c)/d^2/(d*x+c)+b*\ln(d*x+c)/d^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bc-ad}{d^2(c+dx)} + \frac{b \log(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^3/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(b*c - a*d)/(d^2*(c + d*x)) + (b*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/d^2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{ad - bc}{d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b}{d(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{bc - ad}{d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{b \log(c + dx)}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^3/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(b*c - a*d)/(d^2*(c + d*x)) + (b*Log[c + d*x])/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{ad-bc}{d^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b \ln(dx+c)}{d^2}$	33
risch	$-\frac{a}{d(dx+c)} + \frac{bc}{d^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b \ln(dx+c)}{d^2}$	39
parallelrisc	$\frac{\ln(dx+c)xbd + \ln(dx+c)bc - ad + bc}{d^2(dx+c)}$	39
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a(dab-b^2c)}{d^2b} - \frac{(dab^2-b^3c)x}{d^2b}}{(bx+a)(dx+c)} + \frac{b \ln(dx+c)}{d^2}$	71

input `int((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-(a*d-b*c)/d^2/(d*x+c)+b*ln(d*x+c)/d^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bc-ad+(bdx+bc)\log(dx+c)}{d^3x+cd^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(b*c - a*d + (b*d*x + b*c)*log(d*x + c))/(d^3*x + c*d^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b \log(c + dx)}{d^2} + \frac{-ad + bc}{cd^2 + d^3x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`output `b*log(c + d*x)/d**2 + (-a*d + b*c)/(c*d**2 + d**3*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bc - ad}{d^3x + cd^2} + \frac{b \log(dx + c)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b*c - a*d)/(d^3*x + c*d^2) + b*log(d*x + c)/d^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b \log(|dx + c|)}{d^2} + \frac{bc - ad}{(dx + c)d^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^2 + (b*c - a*d)/((d*x + c)*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b \ln(c + dx)}{d^2} - \frac{ad - bc}{d^2 (c + dx)}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^3/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `(b*log(c + d*x))/d^2 - (a*d - b*c)/(d^2*(c + d*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\log(dx + c) b c^2 + \log(dx + c) bcdx + a d^2 x - bcdx}{c d^2 (dx + c)}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `(log(c + d*x)*b*c**2 + log(c + d*x)*b*c*d*x + a*d**2*x - b*c*d*x)/(c*d**2*(c + d*x))`

3.56
$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	511
Rubi [A] (verified)	512
Maple [A] (verified)	513
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	513
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	514
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	514
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	514
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	515
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	515

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{d(c + dx)}$$

output

```
-1/d/(d*x+c)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{d(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^2/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
-(1/(d*(c + d*x)))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1120$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$-\frac{1}{d(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^2/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-(1/(d*(c + d*x)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{1}{d(dx+c)}$	13
default	$-\frac{1}{d(dx+c)}$	13
risch	$-\frac{1}{d(dx+c)}$	13
parallelrisc	$-\frac{1}{d(dx+c)}$	13
norman	$\frac{-\frac{bx}{d} - \frac{a}{d}}{(bx+a)(dx+c)}$	30
orering	$-\frac{(dx+c)(bx+a)^2}{d(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^2}$	39

input `int((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d/(d*x+c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{d^2x+cd}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/(d^2*x + c*d)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{cd + d^2x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`output `-1/(c*d + d**2*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{d^2x + cd}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/(d^2*x + c*d)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{(dx + c)d}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/((d*x + c)*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{d(c + dx)}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^2/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `-1/(d*(c + d*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x}{c(dx + c)}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `x/(c*(c + d*x))`

3.57
$$\int \frac{a+bx}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	516
Mathematica [A] (verified)	516
Rubi [A] (verified)	517
Maple [A] (verified)	518
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	518
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	519
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	519
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	520
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	520
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	521

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{1}{(bc - ad)(c + dx)} + \frac{b \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{b \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^2}$$

output `1/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x+c)+b*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^2-b*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{bc - ad + b(c + dx) \log(a + bx) - b(c + dx) \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^2(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(b*c - a*d + b*(c + d*x)*Log[a + b*x] - b*(c + d*x)*Log[c + d*x])/((b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{b^2}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{bd}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{d}{(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)} + \frac{b \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{b \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `1/((b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)) + (b*Log[a + b*x])/(b*c - a*d)^2 - (b*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^2} - \frac{1}{(ad-bc)(dx+c)} - \frac{b \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^2}$	58
risch	$-\frac{1}{(ad-bc)(dx+c)} + \frac{b \ln(-bx-a)}{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2} - \frac{b \ln(dx+c)}{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2}$	87
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(bx+a)xbcd - \ln(dx+c)xbcd + \ln(bx+a)bc^2 - \ln(dx+c)bc^2 + a^2 d^2 x - bcdx}{(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)(dx+c)c}$	94
norman	$-\frac{\frac{a}{ad-bc} - \frac{bx}{ad-bc}}{(bx+a)(dx+c)} + \frac{b \ln(bx+a)}{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2} - \frac{b \ln(dx+c)}{a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2}$	108

input `int((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b/(a*d-b*c)^2*ln(b*x+a)-1/(a*d-b*c)/(d*x+c)-b/(a*d-b*c)^2*ln(d*x+c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{bc - ad + (bdx + bc) \log(bx + a) - (bdx + bc) \log(dx + c)}{b^2 c^3 - 2abc^2 d + a^2 cd^2 + (b^2 c^2 d - 2abcd^2 + a^2 d^3)x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*c - a*d + (b*d*x + b*c)*log(b*x + a) - (b*d*x + b*c)*log(d*x + c))/(b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.16

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^3 b d^3}{(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{3a^2 b^2 c d^2}{(ad-bc)^2} - \frac{3ab^3 c^2 d}{(ad-bc)^2} + abd + \frac{b^4 c^3}{(ad-bc)^2} + b^2 c}{(ad-bc)^2} \right)}{(ad-bc)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^3 b d^3}{(ad-bc)^2} - \frac{3a^2 b^2 c d^2}{(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{3ab^3 c^2 d}{(ad-bc)^2} + abd - \frac{b^4 c^3}{(ad-bc)^2} + b^2 c}{2b^2 d} \right)}{(ad-bc)^2} - \frac{1}{acd - bc^2 + x(ad^2 - bcd)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`

output `-b*log(x + (-a**3*b*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**2 + 3*a**2*b**2*c*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**2 - 3*a*b**3*c**2*d/(a*d - b*c)**2 + a*b*d + b**4*c**3/(a*d - b*c)**2 + b**2*c)/(2*b**2*d))/(a*d - b*c)**2 + b*log(x + (a**3*b*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**2 - 3*a**2*b**2*c*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**2 + 3*a*b**3*c**2*d/(a*d - b*c)**2 + a*b*d - b**4*c**3/(a*d - b*c)**2 + b**2*c)/(2*b**2*d))/(a*d - b*c)**2 - 1/(a*c*d - b*c**2 + x*(a*d**2 - b*c*d))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b \log(bx + a)}{b^2 c^2 - 2abcd + a^2 d^2} - \frac{b \log(dx + c)}{b^2 c^2 - 2abcd + a^2 d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{bc^2 - acd + (bcd - ad^2)x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$b \log(bx + a) / (b^2c^2 - 2abc^2d + a^2d^2) - b \log(dx + c) / (b^2c^2 - 2abc^2d + a^2d^2) + 1 / (b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)x$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^2 \log(|bx + a|)}{b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2} - \frac{bd \log(|dx + c|)}{b^2c^2d - 2abcd^2 + a^2d^3} + \frac{1}{(bc - ad)(dx + c)}$$

input

$$\text{integrate}((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, \text{algorithm}="giac")$$

output

$$b^2 \log(\text{abs}(bx + a)) / (b^3c^2 - 2a^2b^2c^2d + a^2b^2d^2) - b*d \log(\text{abs}(dx + c)) / (b^2c^2d - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^2d^3) + 1 / ((b*c - a*d)*(d*x + c))$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^2d^2 - b^2c^2}{(ad - bc)^2} + \frac{2bdx}{ad - bc}\right)}{(ad - bc)^2} - \frac{1}{(ad - bc)(c + dx)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a + b*x)/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)$$

output

$$(2*b*\operatorname{atanh}((a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)/(a*d - b*c)^2 + (2*b*d*x)/(a*d - b*c)))/(a*d - b*c)^2 - 1/((a*d - b*c)*(c + d*x))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(bx + a)bc^2 + \log(bx + a)bcdx - \log(dx + c)bc^2 - \log(dx + c)bcdx + ad^2x - bcdx}{c(a^2d^3x - 2abcd^2x + b^2c^2dx + a^2cd^2 - 2abc^2d + b^2c^3)}$$

input `int((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`output `(log(a + b*x)*b*c**2 + log(a + b*x)*b*c*d*x - log(c + d*x)*b*c**2 - log(c + d*x)*b*c*d*x + a*d**2*x - b*c*d*x)/(c*(a**2*c*d**2 + a**2*d**3*x - 2*a*b*c**2*d - 2*a*b*c*d**2*x + b**2*c**3 + b**2*c**2*d*x))`

3.58 $\int \frac{1}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	522
Rubi [A] (verified)	523
Maple [A] (verified)	524
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	524
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	525
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	526
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	527
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	527
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	528

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b}{(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)} - \frac{d}{(bc - ad)^2(c + dx)} - \frac{2bd \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{2bd \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^3}$$

output `-b/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)-d/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(d*x+c)-2*b*d*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^3+2*b*d*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{b(-bc+ad)}{a+bx} + \frac{d(-bc+ad)}{c+dx} - 2bd \log(a + bx) + 2bd \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^(-2),x]`

output

$$\frac{((b*(-(b*c) + a*d))/(a + b*x) + (d*(-(b*c) + a*d))/(c + d*x) - 2*b*d*\text{Log}[a + b*x] + 2*b*d*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^3}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1084

$$b^2 d^2 \int \left(\frac{2}{b(bc - ad)^3(c + dx)} + \frac{1}{b^2(bc - ad)^2(c + dx)^2} - \frac{2}{d(bc - ad)^3(a + bx)} + \frac{1}{d^2(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$b^2 d^2 \left(-\frac{1}{b^2 d(c + dx)(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{1}{bd^2(a + bx)(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{2 \log(a + bx)}{bd(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{2 \log(c + dx)}{bd(bc - ad)^3} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^{-2}, x]$$

output

$$b^2 d^2 * (-1/(b*d^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x))) - 1/(b^2*d*(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)) - (2*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(b*d*(b*c - a*d)^3) + (2*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(b*d*(b*c - a*d)^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1084 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
default	$-\frac{b}{(ad-bc)^2(bx+a)} + \frac{2bd \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{d}{(ad-bc)^2(dx+c)} - \frac{2bd \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^3}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{2bdx}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2} - \frac{ad+bc}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}}{bdx^2+adx+cbx+ac} - \frac{2bd \ln(dx+c)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} + \frac{2bd \ln(-bx-a)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{-abd^2-cdb^2}{db(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)} - \frac{2bdx}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}}{(bx+a)(dx+c)} + \frac{2bd \ln(bx+a)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} - \frac{2bd \ln(dx+c)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2 \ln(bx+a)x^2b^3d^3 - 2 \ln(dx+c)x^2b^3d^3 + 2 \ln(bx+a)xa b^2d^3 + 2 \ln(bx+a)x b^3c d^2 - 2 \ln(dx+c)xa b^2d^3 - 2 \ln(dx+c)x b^3c d^2 + 2 \ln(dx+c)xa b^2d^3}{(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)(bdx^2+adx+cbx+ac)}$

```
input int(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -b/(a*d-b*c)^2/(b*x+a)+2*b/(a*d-b*c)^3*d*ln(b*x+a)-d/(a*d-b*c)^2/(d*x+c)-2*b/(a*d-b*c)^3*d*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{b^2c^2 - a^2d^2 + 2(b^2cd - abd^2)x + 2(b^2d^2x^2 + abcd + (b^2cd + abd^2)x) \log(bx + a) - 2(b^2d^2x^2 + abcd - ab^3c^4 - 3a^2b^2c^3d + 3a^3bc^2d^2 - a^4cd^3 + (b^4c^3d - 3ab^3c^2d^2 + 3a^2b^2cd^3 - a^3bd^4)x^2 + (b^4c^4 - 2ab^3c^3d - 2ab^2c^2d^2 + 2abd^3)x^3 + b^4d^4x^4}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2 + 2*(b^2c*d - a*b*d^2)*x + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + a*b*c*d + (b^2c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)*\log(b*x + a) - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + a*b*c*d + (b^2c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)*\log(d*x + c))/(a*b^3*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 3*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*d^3 + (b^4*c^3*d - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - a^3*b*d^4)*x^2 + (b^4*c^4 - 2*a*b^3*c^3*d + 2*a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4)*x)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 406 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2bd \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{2a^4bd^5}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{8a^3b^2cd^4}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{12a^2b^3c^2d^3}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{8ab^4c^3d^2}{(ad-bc)^3} + 2abd^2 - \frac{2b^5c^4d}{(ad-bc)^3} + 2b^2cd}{4b^2d^2} \right)}{(ad-bc)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2bd \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{2a^4bd^5}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{8a^3b^2cd^4}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{12a^2b^3c^2d^3}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{8ab^4c^3d^2}{(ad-bc)^3} + 2abd^2 + \frac{2b^5c^4d}{(ad-bc)^3} + 2b^2cd}{4b^2d^2} \right)}{(ad-bc)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{-ad - bc - 2bdx}{a^3cd^2 - 2a^2bc^2d + ab^2c^3 + x^2(a^2bd^3 - 2ab^2cd^2 + b^3c^2d) + x(a^3d^3 - a^2bcd^2 - ab^2c^2d + b^3c^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)`

output

```
-2*b*d*log(x + (-2*a**4*b*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 8*a**3*b**2*c*d**4/(a*d -
b*c)**3 - 12*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 8*a*b**4*c**3*d**2/(a*d
- b*c)**3 + 2*a*b*d**2 - 2*b**5*c**4*d/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 2*b**2*c*d)/(4*b**
2*d**2))/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 2*b*d*log(x + (2*a**4*b*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**3 - 8*
a**3*b**2*c*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 12*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**3 -
8*a*b**4*c**3*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 2*a*b*d**2 + 2*b**5*c**4*d/(a*d - b*c)
**3 + 2*b**2*c*d)/(4*b**2*d**2))/(a*d - b*c)**3 + (-a*d - b*c - 2*b*d*x)/(
a**3*c*d**2 - 2*a**2*b*c**2*d + a*b**2*c**3 + x**2*(a**2*b*d**3 - 2*a*b**2
*c*d**2 + b**3*c**2*d) + x*(a**3*d**3 - a**2*b*c*d**2 - a*b**2*c**2*d + b
**3*c**3))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2bd \log(bx + a)}{b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3} + \frac{2bd \log(dx + c)}{b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3}$$

$$- \frac{2bdx + bc + ad}{ab^2c^3 - 2a^2bc^2d + a^3cd^2 + (b^3c^2d - 2ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x^2 + (b^3c^3 - ab^2c^2d - a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3)x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2*b*d*log(b*x + a)/(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3) +
2*b*d*log(d*x + c)/(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3) - (
2*b*d*x + b*c + a*d)/(a*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^2*b*c^2*d + a^3*c*d^2 + (b^3*c^2*d -
2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x^2 + (b^3*c^3 - a*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*b*c*d^2 + a
^3*d^3)*x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 166 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2d \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4c^3 - 3ab^3c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3bd^3} + \frac{2bd^2 \log(|dx + c|)}{b^3c^3d - 3ab^2c^2d^2 + 3a^2bcd^3 - a^3d^4} - \frac{2bdx + bc + ad}{(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2)(bdx^2 + bcx + adx + ac)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*b^2*d*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^4*c^3 - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d^3) + 2*b*d^2*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^3*c^3*d - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^3 - a^3*d^4) - (2*b*d*x + b*c + a*d)/((b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*(b*d*x^2 + b*c*x + a*d*x + a*c))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{4bd \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^3d^3 - a^2bcd^2 - ab^2c^2d + b^3c^3}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{2bdx(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)}{(ad-bc)^3}\right)}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{\frac{ad+bc}{a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2} + \frac{2bdx}{a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2}}{bdx^2 + (ad+bc)x + ac}$$

input `int(1/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(4*b*d*atanh((a^3*d^3 + b^3*c^3 - a*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*b*c*d^2)/(a*d - b*c)^3 + (2*b*d*x*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(a*d - b*c)^3))/(a*d - b*c)^3 - ((a*d + b*c)/(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d) + (2*b*d*x)/(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(bx + a) a^2 bc d^2 + 2 \log(bx + a) a^2 b d^3 x + 2 \log(bx + a) a b^2 c^2 d + 4 \log(bx + a) a b^2 c d^2 x + 2 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 2 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 x + 2 \log(bx + a) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 x^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2}$$

input

```
int(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 2*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*d**3*x + 2*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d + 4*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x + 2*log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 2*log(a + b*x)*b**3*c**2*d*x + 2*log(a + b*x)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 2*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*d**3*x - 2*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d - 4*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x - 2*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 2*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**2*d*x - 2*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - a**3*d**3 + a**2*b*c*d**2 - a*b**2*c**2*d + 2*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 + b**3*c**3 - 2*b**3*c*d**2*x**2)/(a**5*c*d**4 + a**5*d**5*x - 2*a**4*b*c**2*d**3 - a**4*b*c*d**4*x + a**4*b*d**5*x**2 - 2*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3*x - 2*a**3*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 + 2*a**2*b**3*c**4*d + 2*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**2*x - a*b**4*c**5 + a*b**4*c**4*d*x + 2*a*b**4*c**3*d**2*x**2 - b**5*c**5*x - b**5*c**4*d*x**2)
```

3.59 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b}{2(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2bd}{(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)} + \frac{d^2}{(bc-ad)^3(c+dx)} + \frac{3bd^2 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^4} - \frac{3bd^2 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^4}$$

output

```
-1/2*b/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)^2+2*b*d/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(b*x+a)+d^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(d*x+c)+3*b*d^2*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^4-3*b*d^2*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{b(bc-ad)^2}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{4bd(bc-ad)}{a+bx} + \frac{2d^2(bc-ad)}{c+dx} + 6bd^2 \log(a+bx) - 6bd^2 \log(c+dx)}{2(bc-ad)^4}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(-((b*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(a + b*x)^2) + (4*b*d*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x) + (2*d^2*(b*c - a*d))/(c + d*x) + 6*b*d^2*Log[a + b*x] - 6*b*d^2*Log[c + d*x])/(2*(b*c - a*d)^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3b^2d^2}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^4} - \frac{2b^2d}{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{b^2}{(a + bx)^3(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{3bd^3}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^4} - \frac{d^3}{(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d^2}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{3bd^2 \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^4} - \frac{3bd^2 \log(c + dx)}{b(bc - ad)^4} + \frac{2bd}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{1}{2(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^2}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-1/2*b/((b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^2) + (2*b*d)/((b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)) + d^2/((b*c - a*d)^3*(c + d*x)) + (3*b*d^2*Log[a + b*x])/(b*c - a*d)^4 - (3*b*d^2*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{b}{2(ad-bc)^2(bx+a)^2} + \frac{3bd^2 \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{2bd}{(ad-bc)^3(bx+a)} - \frac{d^2}{(ad-bc)^3(dx+c)} - \frac{3bd^2 \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^4}$
risch	$-\frac{3b^2d^2x^2}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} - \frac{3(3ad+bc)bdx}{2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} - \frac{2a^2d^2+5abcd-b^2c^2}{2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} - \frac{3bd}{a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2cd^2-3ab^3c^2d-b^4c^3}$
norman	$-\frac{3b^2d^2x^2}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} + \frac{-2a^2b^2d^3-5cd^2ab^3+b^4c^2d}{2db^2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} + \frac{(-9ab^3d^3-3b^4cd^2)x}{2db^2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} + \frac{3bd}{a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2cd^2-3ab^3c^2d-b^4c^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6ab^4c^2d^2-3a^2b^3cd^3+6\ln(bx+a)x^3b^5d^4-6\ln(dx+c)x^3b^5d^4+12\ln(bx+a)xab^4cd^3-12\ln(dx+c)xab^4cd^3-12\ln(dx+c)x^2a^2b^4cd^3}{(dx+c)(bx+a)^2}$

```
input int(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*b/(a*d-b*c)^2/(b*x+a)^2+3*b/(a*d-b*c)^4*d^2*ln(b*x+a)-2*b/(a*d-b*c)^3
*d/(b*x+a)-d^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/(d*x+c)-3*b/(a*d-b*c)^4*d^2*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 494 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^3c^3 - 6ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 + 2a^3d^3 - 6(b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 - 3(b^3c^2d + 2ab^2cd^2 - 3a^2bd^3)x - 6(b^3d^3 - 3a^2bd^3)x^3 + a^2b^2cd^2 + (b^3cd^2 + 2ab^2cd^2 + a^2b^2d^3)x^2 + (2ab^2cd^2 + a^2b^2d^3)x \cdot \log(bx+a) + 6(b^3d^3x^3 + a^2b^2cd^2 + (b^3cd^2 + 2ab^2d^3)x^2 + (2ab^2cd^2 + a^2b^2d^3)x) \cdot \log(dx+c)}{2(a^2b^4c^5 - 4a^3b^3c^4d + 6a^4b^2c^3d^2 - 4a^5bc^2d^3 + a^6cd^4 + (b^6c^4d - 4ab^5c^3d^2 + 6a^2b^4c^2d^3 - 4a^3b^3cd^4 + a^4b^2d^5)x^3 + (b^6c^5 - 2ab^5c^4d - 2a^2b^4c^3d^2 + 8a^3b^3c^2d^3 - 7a^4b^2cd^4 + 2a^5bd^5)x^2 + (2ab^5c^5 - 7a^2b^4c^4d + 8a^3b^3c^3d^2 - 2a^4b^2c^2d^3 - 2a^5b^2cd^4 + a^6d^5)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b^3*c^3 - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*d^3 - 6*(b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 3*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*b*d^3)*x - 6*(b^3*d^3 - 3*a^2*b*d^3)x^3 + a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + (b^3*c*d^2 + 2*a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + (2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^3)*x)*log(b*x + a) + 6*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + (b^3*c*d^2 + 2*a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + (2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^3)*x)*log(d*x + c))/(a^2*b^4*c^5 - 4*a^3*b^3*c^4*d + 6*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 4*a^5*b*c^2*d^3 + a^6*c*d^4 + (b^6*c^4*d - 4*a*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 4*a^3*b^3*c*d^4 + a^4*b^2*d^5)*x^3 + (b^6*c^5 - 2*a*b^5*c^4*d - 2*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 8*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 7*a^4*b^2*c*d^4 + 2*a^5*b*d^5)*x^2 + (2*a*b^5*c^5 - 7*a^2*b^4*c^4*d + 8*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^5*b*c*d^4 + a^6*d^5)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 634 vs. $2(97) = 194$.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 634, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3bd^2 \log\left(x + \frac{-\frac{3a^5bd^7}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{15a^4b^2cd^6}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{30a^3b^3c^2d^5}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{30a^2b^4c^3d^4}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{15ab^5c^4d^3}{(ad-bc)^4} + 3abd^3 + \frac{3b^6c^5d^2}{(ad-bc)^4} + 3b^2cd^2}{(ad-bc)^4}\right)}{(ad-bc)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3bd^2 \log\left(x + \frac{\frac{3a^5bd^7}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{15a^4b^2cd^6}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{30a^3b^3c^2d^5}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{30a^2b^4c^3d^4}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{15ab^5c^4d^3}{(ad-bc)^4} + 3abd^3 - \frac{3b^6c^5d^2}{(ad-bc)^4} + 3b^2cd^2}{(ad-bc)^4}\right)}{(ad-bc)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{-2a^2d^2 - 5abcd + b^2c^2 - 6a^5cd^3 - 6a^4bc^2d^2 + 6a^3b^2c^3d - 2a^2b^3c^4 + x^3 \cdot (2a^3b^2d^4 - 6a^2b^3cd^3 + 6ab^4c^2d^2 - 2b^5c^3d) + x^2 \cdot (4a^4bd^4 - 10a^3b^2cd^3 + 6a^2b^3c^2d^2 - 2ab^4c^3d + b^5c^4)}{(ad-bc)^4}$$

```
input integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**2,x)
```

```
output -3*b*d**2*log(x + (-3*a**5*b*d**7/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 15*a**4*b**2*c*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 30*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 30*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 15*a*b**5*c**4*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*a*b*d**3 + 3*b**6*c**5*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*b**2*c*d**2)/(6*b**2*d**3))/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*b*d**2*log(x + (3*a**5*b*d**7/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 15*a**4*b**2*c*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 30*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 30*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 15*a*b**5*c**4*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*a*b*d**3 - 3*b**6*c**5*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*b**2*c*d**2)/(6*b**2*d**3))/(a*d - b*c)**4 + (-2*a**2*d**2 - 5*a*b*c*d + b**2*c**2 - 6*b**2*d**2*x**2 + x*(-9*a*b*d**2 - 3*b**2*c*d))/(2*a**5*c*d**3 - 6*a**4*b*c**2*d**2 + 6*a**3*b**2*c**3*d - 2*a**2*b**3*c**4 + x**3*(2*a**3*b**2*d**4 - 6*a**2*b**3*c*d**3 + 6*a*b**4*c**2*d**2 - 2*b**5*c**3*d) + x**2*(4*a**4*b*d**4 - 10*a**3*b**2*c*d**3 + 6*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**2 + 2*a*b**4*c**3*d - 2*b**5*c**4) + x*(2*a**5*d**4 - 2*a**4*b*c*d**3 - 6*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 10*a**2*b**3*c**3*d - 4*a*b**4*c**4))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3bd^2 \log(bx+a)}{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}$$

$$- \frac{3bd^2 \log(dx+c)}{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{6b^2d^2x^2 - b^2c^2 + 5abcd + 2a^2c^2}{2(a^2b^3c^4 - 3a^3b^2c^3d + 3a^4bc^2d^2 - a^5cd^3 + (b^5c^3d - 3ab^4c^2d^2 + 3a^2b^3cd^3 - a^3b^2d^4)x^3 + (b^5c^4 - ab^4c^3d - 3a^4b^3c^2d^2 + 5a^4b^2c^3d - 2a^4b^3cd^3 - a^5d^4)x^2 + (2a^4b^4c^4 - 5a^4b^3c^3d + 3a^4b^2c^2d^2 + a^4b^3cd^3 - a^5d^4)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*b*d^2*log(b*x + a)/(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4) - 3*b*d^2*log(d*x + c)/(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4) + 1/2*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2 - b^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2 + 3*(b^2*c*d + 3*a*b*d^2)*x)/(a^2*b^3*c^4 - 3*a^3*b^2*c^3*d + 3*a^4*b*c^2*d^2 - a^5*c*d^3 + (b^5*c^3*d - 3*a*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b^3*c*d^3 - a^3*b^2*d^4)*x^3 + (b^5*c^4 - a*b^4*c^3*d - 3*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^3*d - 2*a^4*b*d^4)*x^2 + (2*a*b^4*c^4 - 5*a^2*b^3*c^3*d + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*b*c*d^3 - a^5*d^4)*x`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 253 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2d^2 \log(|bx+a|)}{b^5c^4 - 4ab^4c^3d + 6a^2b^3c^2d^2 - 4a^3b^2cd^3 + a^4bd^4}$$

$$- \frac{3bd^3 \log(|dx+c|)}{b^5c^4 - 4ab^4c^3d + 6a^2b^3c^2d^2 - 4a^3b^2cd^3 + a^4bd^4}$$

$$- \frac{b^4c^4d - 4ab^3c^3d^2 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^3 - 4a^3bcd^4 + a^4d^5}{2(bc-ad)^4(bx+a)^2(dx+c)}$$

$$- \frac{b^3c^3 - 6ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 + 2a^3d^3 - 6(b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 - 3(b^3c^2d + 2ab^2cd^2 - 3a^2bd^3)x}{2(bc-ad)^4(bx+a)^2(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{3*b^2*d^2*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/(b^5*c^4 - 4*a*b^4*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^3 + a^4*b*d^4) - 3*b*d^3*\log(\text{abs}(d*x + c))/(b^4*c^4*d - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^4 + a^4*d^5) - 1/2*(b^3*c^3 - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*d^3 - 6*(b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 3*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*b*d^3)*x)/((b*c - a*d)^4*(b*x + a)^2*(d*x + c))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6bd^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^4d^4 - 2a^3bcd^3 + 2ab^3c^3d - b^4c^4}{(ad - bc)^4} + \frac{2bdx(a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3)}{(ad - bc)^4}\right)}{(ad - bc)^4}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{2a^2d^2 + 5abcd - b^2c^2}{2(a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3)} + \frac{3dx(cb^2 + 3adb)}{2(a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3)} + \frac{3b^2d^2x^2}{a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3}}{x(da^2 + 2bca) + a^2c + x^2(cb^2 + 2adb) + b^2dx^3}$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x)*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(6*b*d^2*\operatorname{atanh}((a^4*d^4 - b^4*c^4 + 2*a*b^3*c^3*d - 2*a^3*b*c*d^3)/(a*d - b*c)^4 + (2*b*d*x*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(a*d - b*c)^4))/(a*d - b*c)^4 - ((2*a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c*d)/(2*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)) + (3*d*x*(b^2*c + 3*a*b*d))/(2*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)) + (3*b^2*d^2*x^2)/(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(x*(a^2*d + 2*a*b*c) + a^2*c + x^2*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d) + b^2*d*x^3)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*c*d**3 + 12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*d**4*x + 6*log(a +
b*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 30*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x + 24*log(a
+ b*x)*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**2 + 12*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x + 24*log(a
+ b*x)*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 + 12*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d**4*x**3 + 6*log(a +
b*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 6*log(a + b*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 - 12*log(c + d*
x)*a**3*b*c*d**3 - 12*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b*d**4*x - 6*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**
2*c**2*d**2 - 30*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x - 24*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b*
*d**4*x**2 - 12*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 24*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3
*c*d**3*x**2 - 12*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*d**4*x**3 - 6*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**2
*d**2*x**2 - 6*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 - 4*a**4*d**4 - 2*a**3*b*c*d*
*3 - 12*a**3*b*d**4*x + 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 9*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x + 4*a
*b**3*c**3*d + 6*a*b**3*d**4*x**3 - b**4*c**4 + 3*b**4*c**3*d*x - 6*b**4*c
*d**3*x**3)/(2*(2*a**7*c*d**5 + 2*a**7*d**6*x - 7*a**6*b*c**2*d**4 - 3*a**
6*b*c*d**5*x + 4*a**6*b*d**6*x**2 + 8*a**5*b**2*c**3*d**3 - 6*a**5*b**2*c*
*d**4*x - 12*a**5*b**2*c*d**5*x**2 + 2*a**5*b**2*d**6*x**3 - 2*a**4*b**3
*c**4*d**2 + 14*a**4*b**3*c**3*d**3*x + 9*a**4*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 7*a**
4*b**3*c*d**5*x**3 - 2*a**3*b**4*c**5*d - 6*a**3*b**4*c**4*d**2*x + 4*a**3
*b**4*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 8*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**3 + a**2*b**5*c**6 - 3*a**
2*b**5*c**5*d*x - 6*a**2*b**5*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 2*a**2*b**5*c**3*d**3*x**3
+ 2*a*b**6*c**6*x - 2*a*b**6*c**4*d**2*x**3 + b**7*c**6*x**2 + b**7*c**...
```

3.60
$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^8}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	537
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Rubi [A] (verified)	538
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^8}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{10b^3(bc-ad)^2x}{d^5} + \frac{(bc-ad)^5}{2d^6(c+dx)^2} - \frac{5b(bc-ad)^4}{d^6(c+dx)} - \frac{5b^4(bc-ad)(c+dx)^2}{2d^6} + \frac{b^5(c+dx)^3}{3d^6} - \frac{10b^2(bc-ad)^3 \log(c+dx)}{d^6}$$

output

```
10*b^3*(-a*d+b*c)^2*x/d^5+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^5/d^6/(d*x+c)^2-5*b*(-a*d+b*c)^4/d^6/(d*x+c)-5/2*b^4*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^2/d^6+1/3*b^5*(d*x+c)^3/d^6-10*b^2*(-a*d+b*c)^3*ln(d*x+c)/d^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^8}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-3a^5d^5 - 15a^4bd^4(c+2dx) + 30a^3b^2cd^3(3c+4dx) + 30a^2b^3d^2(-5c^3 - 4c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + 2d^3x^3) + 15ab^4d(c+dx)^2 + 5b^5(c+dx)^3}{d^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^8/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(-3a^5d^5 - 15a^4b*d^4*(c + 2*d*x) + 30a^3*b^2*c*d^3*(3*c + 4*d*x) + 30a^2*b^3*d^2*(-5*c^3 - 4*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + 2*d^3*x^3) + 15a*b^4*d*(7*c^4 + 2*c^3*d*x - 11*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 4*c*d^3*x^3 + d^4*x^4) + b^5*(-27*c^5 + 6*c^4*d*x + 63*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 20*c^2*d^3*x^3 - 5*c*d^4*x^4 + 2*d^5*x^5) - 60*b^2*(b*c - a*d)^3*(c + d*x)^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(6*d^6*(c + d*x)^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^8}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{5b^4(c + dx)(bc - ad)}{d^5} + \frac{10b^3(bc - ad)^2}{d^5} - \frac{10b^2(bc - ad)^3}{d^5(c + dx)} + \frac{5b(bc - ad)^4}{d^5(c + dx)^2} + \frac{(ad - bc)^5}{d^5(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^5(c + dx)^2}{d^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{5b^4(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)}{2d^6} + \frac{10b^3x(bc - ad)^2}{d^5} - \frac{10b^2(bc - ad)^3 \log(c + dx)}{d^6} - \frac{5b(bc - ad)^4}{d^6(c + dx)} + \frac{(bc - ad)^5}{2d^6(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^5(c + dx)^3}{3d^6}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^8/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(10*b^3*(b*c - a*d)^2*x)/d^5 + (b*c - a*d)^5/(2*d^6*(c + d*x)^2) - (5*b*(b*c - a*d)^4)/(d^6*(c + d*x)) - (5*b^4*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*d^6) + (b^5*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d^6) - (10*b^2*(b*c - a*d)^3*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/d^6$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
default	$\frac{b^3(\frac{1}{3}x^3b^2d^2 + \frac{5}{2}abd^2x^2 - \frac{3}{2}b^2cx^2d + 10a^2d^2x - 15abcdx + 6xb^2c^2)}{d^5} - \frac{5b(a^4d^4 - 4a^3bcd^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4ab^3c^3d + c^4b^4)}{d^6(dx+c)} - \frac{a^5}{d^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^5x^3}{3d^3} + \frac{5b^4ax^2}{2d^3} - \frac{3b^5cx^2}{2d^4} + \frac{10b^3a^2x}{d^3} - \frac{15b^4acx}{d^4} + \frac{6b^5xc^2}{d^5} + \frac{(-5a^4bd^4 + 20b^2cd^3a^3 - 30a^2b^3c^2d^2 + 20ab^4c^3d - 5b^5c^4)}{d^6(dx+c)}$
norman	$\frac{b^7x^7}{3d} + \frac{b^5(46a^2d^2 - 35abcd + 10b^2c^2)x^5}{3d^3} + \frac{b^6(19ad - 5bc)x^6}{6d^2} - \frac{(198a^5b^4d^5 + 190a^4cd^4b^5 + 305a^3c^2d^3b^6 - 415c^3d^2a^2b^7 + 10a^4d^8b^8 + 90c^5b^9)}{6d^6b^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{60a^2b^3d^5x^3 + 90a^3b^2c^2d^3 - 270a^2b^3c^3d^2 + 270ab^4c^4d - 15a^4bcd^4 - 120b^5c^4dx - 3a^5d^5 + 120a^3b^2cd^4x - 360a^2b^3c^2d^3x + 360ab^4c^3d^2}{d^6(dx+c)}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^8/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b^3/d^5*(1/3*x^3*b^2*d^2+5/2*a*b*d^2*x^2-3/2*b^2*c*x^2*d+10*a^2*d^2*x-15*a
*b*c*d*x+6*x*b^2*c^2)-5*b/d^6*(a^4*d^4-4*a^3*b*c*d^3+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-4*a
*b^3*c^3*d+b^4*c^4)/(d*x+c)-1/2*(a^5*d^5-5*a^4*b*c*d^4+10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3-
10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2+5*a*b^4*c^4d-b^5*c^5)/d^6/(d*x+c)^2+10*b^2/d^6*(a^3*d^
3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 416 vs. $2(127) = 254$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^8}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^5d^5x^5 - 27b^5c^5 + 105ab^4c^4d - 150a^2b^3c^3d^2 + 90a^3b^2c^2d^3 - 15a^4bcd^4 - 3a^5d^5 - 5(b^5cd^4 - 3ab^4d^5)x}{2c^2d^6 + 4cd^7x + 2d^8x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^8/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot (2b^5d^5x^5 - 27b^5c^5 + 105a^2b^4c^4d - 150a^2b^3c^3d^2 + 90a^3b^2c^2d^3 - 15a^4b^2c^2d^3 - 3a^5d^5 - 5(b^5c^4d - 3a^2b^4d^5))x^4 + 20(b^5c^2d^3 - 3a^2b^4c^4d + 3a^2b^3d^5)x^3 + 3(21b^5c^3d^2 - 55a^2b^4c^2d^3 + 40a^2b^3c^4d)x^2 + 6(b^5c^4d + 5a^2b^4c^3d^2 - 20a^2b^3c^2d^3 + 20a^3b^2c^4d - 5a^4b^2d^5)x - 60(b^5c^5 - 3a^2b^4c^4d + 3a^2b^3c^3d^2 - a^3b^2c^2d^3 + (b^5c^3d^2 - 3a^2b^4c^2d^3 + 3a^2b^3c^4d - a^3b^2d^5))x^2 + 2(b^5c^4d - 3a^2b^4c^3d^2 + 3a^2b^3c^2d^3 - a^3b^2c^4d)x \cdot \log(dx + c) / (d^8x^2 + 2cd^7x + c^2d^6)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^8}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^5x^3}{3d^3} + \frac{10b^2(ad-bc)^3 \log(c+dx)}{d^6} + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5ab^4}{2d^3} - \frac{3b^5c}{2d^4} \right) + x \left(\frac{10a^2b^3}{d^3} - \frac{15ab^4c}{d^4} + \frac{6b^5c^2}{d^5} \right) + \frac{-a^5d^5 - 5a^4bcd^4 + 30a^3b^2c^2d^3 - 50a^2b^3c^3d^2 + 35ab^4c^4d - 9b^5c^5 + x(-10a^4bd^5 + 40a^3b^2cd^4 - 60a^2b^3c^2d^3)}{2c^2d^6 + 4cd^7x + 2d^8x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**8/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```

b**5*x**3/(3*d**3) + 10*b**2*(a*d - b*c)**3*log(c + d*x)/d**6 + x**2*(5*a*
b**4/(2*d**3) - 3*b**5*c/(2*d**4)) + x*(10*a**2*b**3/d**3 - 15*a*b**4*c/d*
**4 + 6*b**5*c**2/d**5) + (-a**5*d**5 - 5*a**4*b*c*d**4 + 30*a**3*b**2*c**2
*d**3 - 50*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**2 + 35*a*b**4*c**4*d - 9*b**5*c**5 + x*(-10*a
**4*b*d**5 + 40*a**3*b**2*c*d**4 - 60*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**3 + 40*a*b**4*c**3
*d**2 - 10*b**5*c**4*d))/(2*c**2*d**6 + 4*c*d**7*x + 2*d**8*x**2)

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 271 vs. $2(127) = 254$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^8}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{9b^5c^5 - 35ab^4c^4d + 50a^2b^3c^3d^2 - 30a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^4bcd^4 + a^5d^5 + 10(b^5c^4d - 4ab^4c^3d^2 + 6a^2b^3c^2d^3 - 3ab^2c^2d^3)}{2(d^8x^2 + 2cd^7x + c^2d^6)}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^5d^2x^3 - 3(3b^5cd - 5ab^4d^2)x^2 + 6(6b^5c^2 - 15ab^4cd + 10a^2b^3d^2)x}{6d^5}$$

$$- \frac{10(b^5c^3 - 3ab^4c^2d + 3a^2b^3cd^2 - a^3b^2d^3) \log(dx + c)}{d^6}$$

input

```

integrate((b*x+a)^8/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output

```

-1/2*(9*b^5*c^5 - 35*a*b^4*c^4*d + 50*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 30*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3
+ 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 + a^5*d^5 + 10*(b^5*c^4*d - 4*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^3*c
^2*d^3 - 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 + a^4*b*d^5)*x)/(d^8*x^2 + 2*c*d^7*x + c^2*d^6) +
1/6*(2*b^5*d^2*x^3 - 3*(3*b^5*c*d - 5*a*b^4*d^2)*x^2 + 6*(6*b^5*c^2 - 15*
a*b^4*c*d + 10*a^2*b^3*d^2)*x)/d^5 - 10*(b^5*c^3 - 3*a*b^4*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b
^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b^2*d^3)*log(d*x + c)/d^6

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. $2(127) = 254$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^8}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{10(b^5c^3 - 3ab^4c^2d + 3a^2b^3cd^2 - a^3b^2d^3) \log(|dx+c|)}{d^6}$$

$$- \frac{9b^5c^5 - 35ab^4c^4d + 50a^2b^3c^3d^2 - 30a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^4bcd^4 + a^5d^5 + 10(b^5c^4d - 4ab^4c^3d^2 + 6a^2b^3c^2d^3 - 4a^3b^2c^2d^3)}{2(dx+c)^2d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^5d^6x^3 - 9b^5cd^5x^2 + 15ab^4d^6x^2 + 36b^5c^2d^4x - 90ab^4cd^5x + 60a^2b^3d^6x}{6d^9}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^8/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-10*(b^5*c^3 - 3*a*b^4*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b^2*d^3)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^6 - 1/2*(9*b^5*c^5 - 35*a*b^4*c^4*d + 50*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 30*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 + a^5*d^5 + 10*(b^5*c^4*d - 4*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 + a^4*b*d^5)*x)/((d*x + c)^2*d^6) + 1/6*(2*b^5*d^6*x^3 - 9*b^5*c*d^5*x^2 + 15*a*b^4*d^6*x^2 + 36*b^5*c^2*d^4*x - 90*a*b^4*c*d^5*x + 60*a^2*b^3*d^6*x)/d^9
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^8}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{5ab^4}{2d^3} - \frac{3b^5c}{2d^4} \right)$$

$$- \frac{\frac{a^5d^5+5a^4bcd^4-30a^3b^2c^2d^3+50a^2b^3c^3d^2-35ab^4c^4d+9b^5c^5}{2d} + x(5a^4bd^4 - 20a^3b^2cd^3 + 30a^2b^3c^2d^2 - 20ab^4c^2d^3 + 5a^4bd^4 - 20a^3b^2cd^3 + 30a^2b^3c^2d^2 - 20ab^4c^2d^3)}{c^2d^5 + 2cd^6x + d^7x^2}$$

$$- x \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{5ab^4}{d^3} - \frac{3b^5c}{d^4} \right)}{d} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{d^3} + \frac{3b^5c^2}{d^5} \right)$$

$$- \frac{\ln(c+dx) (-10a^3b^2d^3 + 30a^2b^3cd^2 - 30ab^4c^2d + 10b^5c^3)}{d^6} + \frac{b^5x^3}{3d^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^8/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^2 \left(\frac{5ab^4}{2d^3} - \frac{3b^5c}{2d^4} \right) - \left(\frac{a^5d^5 + 9b^5c^5 + 50a^2b^3c^3d^2 - 30a^3b^2c^2d^3 - 35a^4b^4c^4d + 5a^4b^4c^4d}{2d} \right) \\ & + x \left(\frac{5b^5c^4 + 5a^4bd^4 - 20a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 30a^2b^3c^2d^2 - 20ab^4c^3d}{c^2d^5 + d^7x^2 + 2cd^6x} \right) - x \left(\frac{3c \left(\frac{5ab^4}{d^3} - \frac{3b^5c}{d^4} \right)}{d} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{d^3} + \frac{3b^5c^2}{d^5} - \frac{\log(c + dx) \left(10b^5c^3 - 10a^3b^2d^3 + 30a^2b^3cd^2 - 30ab^4c^2d \right)}{d^6} + \frac{b^5x^3}{3d^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^8}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 \log(dx + c) a^3 b^2 c^3 d^3 - 180 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^3 c^4 d^2 + 180 \log(dx + c) a b^4 c^5 d - 120 \log(dx + c) b^5 c^5 dx - \dots}{(6cd^6(c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2))}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^8/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (60 \log(c + dx) a^3 b^2 c^3 d^3 + 120 \log(c + dx) a^3 b^2 c^2 d^4 x + 60 \log(c + dx) a^3 b^2 c d^5 x^2 - 180 \log(c + dx) a^2 b^3 c^4 d^2 - 360 \log(c + dx) a^2 b^3 c^3 d^3 x - 180 \log(c + dx) a^2 b^3 c^2 d^4 x^2 + 180 \log(c + dx) a b^4 c^5 d + 360 \log(c + dx) a b^4 c^4 d^2 x + 180 \log(c + dx) a b^4 c^3 d^3 x^2 - 60 \log(c + dx) b^5 c^6 - 120 \log(c + dx) b^5 c^5 d x - 60 \log(c + dx) b^5 c^4 d^2 x^2 - 3a^5 c d^5 + 15a^4 b d^6 x^2 + 30a^3 b^2 c^3 d^3 - 60a^3 b^2 c d^5 x^2 - 90a^2 b^3 c^4 d^2 + 180a^2 b^3 c^2 d^4 x^2 + 60a^2 b^3 c d^5 x^3 + 90a b^4 c^5 d - 180a b^4 c^3 d^3 x^2 - 60a b^4 c^2 d^4 x^3 + 15a b^4 c d^5 x^4 - 30b^5 c^6 + 60b^5 c^4 d^2 x^2 + 20b^5 c^3 d^3 x^3 - 5b^5 c^2 d^4 x^4 + 2b^5 c d^5 x^5) / (6cd^6(c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2)) \end{aligned}$$

3.61 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^7}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^7}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{b^3(3bc-4ad)x}{d^4} + \frac{b^4x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{(bc-ad)^4}{2d^5(c+dx)^2} + \frac{4b(bc-ad)^3}{d^5(c+dx)} + \frac{6b^2(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx)}{d^5}$$

output `-b^3*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*x/d^4+1/2*b^4*x^2/d^3-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^4/d^5/(d*x+c)^2+4*b*(-a*d+b*c)^3/d^5/(d*x+c)+6*b^2*(-a*d+b*c)^2*ln(d*x+c)/d^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^7}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-a^4d^4 - 4a^3bd^3(c+2dx) + 6a^2b^2cd^2(3c+4dx) + 4ab^3d(-5c^3 - 4c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + 2d^3x^3) + b^4(7c^4 + 2cd^2x^2)}{2d^5(c+dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^7/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-a^4d^4) - 4a^3b^3d^3(c + 2dx) + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2(3c + 4dx) + 4a^2b^3d^2(-5c^3 - 4c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + 2d^3x^3) + b^4(7c^4 + 2c^3dx - 11c^2d^2x^2 - 4cd^3x^3 + d^4x^4) + 12b^2(b^2c - a^2d)^2(c + dx)^2 \text{Log}[c + dx] / (2d^5(c + dx)^2) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^7}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\ & \int \left(-\frac{b^3(3bc - 4ad)}{d^4} + \frac{6b^2(bc - ad)^2}{d^4(c + dx)} - \frac{4b(bc - ad)^3}{d^4(c + dx)^2} + \frac{(ad - bc)^4}{d^4(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^4x}{d^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{b^3x(3bc - 4ad)}{d^4} + \frac{6b^2(bc - ad)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^5} + \frac{4b(bc - ad)^3}{d^5(c + dx)} - \frac{(bc - ad)^4}{2d^5(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^4x^2}{2d^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^7/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -((b^3(3b^2c - 4a^2d)*x)/d^4) + (b^4*x^2)/(2*d^3) - (b^2c - a^2d)^4/(2*d^5*(c + d*x)^2) + (4*b*(b^2c - a^2d)^3)/(d^5*(c + d*x)) + (6*b^2*(b^2c - a^2d)^2* \text{Log}[c + d*x])/d^5 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
default	$\frac{b^3(\frac{1}{2}bdx^2+4adx-3cbx)}{d^4} - \frac{4b(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)}{d^5(dx+c)} - \frac{a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-4ab^3c^3d+c^4b^4}{2d^5(dx+c)^2} + \frac{6b^2(a^4d^4+4a^3bcd^3-18a^2b^2c^2d^2+20ab^3c^3d-7c^4b^4)}{2d^5(dx+c)^2}$
risch	$\frac{b^4x^2}{2d^3} + \frac{4b^3ax}{d^3} - \frac{3b^4cx}{d^4} + \frac{(-4a^3bd^3+12a^2b^2cd^2-12ab^3c^2d+4b^4c^3)x - \frac{a^4d^4+4a^3bcd^3-18a^2b^2c^2d^2+20ab^3c^3d-7c^4b^4}{2d}}{d^4(dx+c)^2} +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^4d^4x^4+12\ln(dx+c)x^2a^2b^2d^4-24\ln(dx+c)x^2ab^3cd^3+12\ln(dx+c)x^2b^4c^2d^2+8ab^3d^4x^3-4b^4cd^3x^3+24\ln(dx+c)xa^2b^2cd^3}{(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$
norman	$\frac{b^5(5ad-2bc)x^5}{d^2} + \frac{b^6x^6}{2d} - \frac{a^2(a^4b^2d^4+4d^3ca^3b^3-a^2c^2d^2b^4+28ac^3db^5-18b^6c^4)}{2b^2d^5} - \frac{(34a^4b^4d^4+16a^3b^5cd^3+63a^2b^6c^2d^2-20ab^7c^3d-18b^8c^4)}{2d^5b^2(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^7/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b^3/d^4*(1/2*b*d*x^2+4*a*d*x-3*c*b*x)-4*b/d^5*(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/(d*x+c)-1/2*(a^4*d^4-4*a^3*b*c*d^3+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-4*a*b^3*c^3*d+b^4*c^4)/d^5/(d*x+c)^2+6*b^2/d^5*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 291 vs. $2(99) = 198$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^7}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4 d^4 x^4 + 7 b^4 c^4 - 20 a b^3 c^3 d + 18 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4 a^3 b c d^3 - a^4 d^4 - 4 (b^4 c d^3 - 2 a b^3 d^4) x^3 - (11 b^4 c^2 d^2 - 16 a b^3 c^2 d^3) x^2 + 2 (b^4 c^3 d - 8 a b^3 c^2 d^2 + 12 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3 - 4 a^3 b^2 c d^4) x + 12 (b^4 c^4 - 2 a b^3 c^3 d + a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + (b^4 c^2 d^2 - 2 a b^3 c^2 d^3 + a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 2 (b^4 c^3 d - 2 a b^3 c^2 d^2 + a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3) x) \log(dx + c)}{(d^7 x^2 + 2 c^2 d^6 x + c^2 d^5)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^7/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + 7*b^4*c^4 - 20*a*b^3*c^3*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4 - 4*(b^4*c*d^3 - 2*a*b^3*d^4)*x^3 - (11*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 16*a*b^3*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(b^4*c^3*d - 8*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 12*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^4)*x + 12*(b^4*c^4 - 2*a*b^3*c^3*d + a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + (b^4*c^2*d^2 - 2*a*b^3*c^2*d^3 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(b^4*c^3*d - 2*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3)*x)*log(d*x + c))/(d^7*x^2 + 2*c^2*d^6*x + c^2*d^5)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^7}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^4 x^2}{2d^3} + \frac{6b^2(ad - bc)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^5} + x \left(\frac{4ab^3}{d^3} - \frac{3b^4 c}{d^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 b c d^3 + 18a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 20ab^3 c^3 d + 7b^4 c^4 + x(-8a^3 b d^4 + 24a^2 b^2 c d^3 - 24ab^3 c^2 d^2 + 8b^4 c^3 d)}{2c^2 d^5 + 4cd^6 x + 2d^7 x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**7/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output `b**4*x**2/(2*d**3) + 6*b**2*(a*d - b*c)**2*log(c + d*x)/d**5 + x*(4*a*b**3/d**3 - 3*b**4*c/d**4) + (-a**4*d**4 - 4*a**3*b*c*d**3 + 18*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 20*a*b**3*c**3*d + 7*b**4*c**4 + x*(-8*a**3*b*d**4 + 24*a**2*b**2*c*d**3 - 24*a*b**3*c**2*d**2 + 8*b**4*c**3*d))/(2*c**2*d**5 + 4*c*d**6*x + 2*d**7*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^7}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{7b^4c^4 - 20ab^3c^3d + 18a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 - a^4d^4 + 8(b^4c^3d - 3ab^3c^2d^2 + 3a^2b^2cd^3 - a^3bd^4)x}{2(d^7x^2 + 2cd^6x + c^2d^5)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^4dx^2 - 2(3b^4c - 4ab^3d)x}{2d^4} + \frac{6(b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2) \log(dx+c)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^7/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(7*b^4*c^4 - 20*a*b^3*c^3*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4 + 8*(b^4*c^3*d - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - a^3*b*d^4)*x)/(d^7*x^2 + 2*c*d^6*x + c^2*d^5) + 1/2*(b^4*d*x^2 - 2*(3*b^4*c - 4*a*b^3*d)*x)/d^4 + 6*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*log(d*x + c)/d^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^7}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6(b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2) \log(|dx+c|)}{d^5} + \frac{b^4d^3x^2 - 6b^4cd^2x + 8ab^3d^3x}{2d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{7b^4c^4 - 20ab^3c^3d + 18a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 - a^4d^4 + 8(b^4c^3d - 3ab^3c^2d^2 + 3a^2b^2cd^3 - a^3bd^4)x}{2(dx+c)^2d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^7/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
6*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^5 + 1/2*(b^4*d^3*x^2 - 6*b^4*c*d^2*x + 8*a*b^3*d^3*x)/d^6 + 1/2*(7*b^4*c^4 - 20*a*b^3*c^3*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4 + 8*(b^4*c^3*d - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - a^3*b*d^4)*x)/((d*x + c)^2*d^5)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^7}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = x \left(\frac{4ab^3}{d^3} - \frac{3b^4c}{d^4} \right) - \frac{a^4d^4+4a^3bcd^3-18a^2b^2c^2d^2+20ab^3c^3d-7b^4c^4}{2d} - x \frac{(-4a^3bd^3+12a^2b^2cd^2-12ab^3c^2d+4b^4c^3)}{c^2d^4+2cd^5x+d^6x^2} + \frac{b^4x^2}{2d^3} + \frac{\ln(c+dx)(6a^2b^2d^2-12ab^3cd+6b^4c^2)}{d^5}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^7/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `x*((4*a*b^3)/d^3 - (3*b^4*c)/d^4) - ((a^4*d^4 - 7*b^4*c^4 - 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 20*a*b^3*c^3*d + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3)/(2*d) - x*(4*b^4*c^3 - 4*a^3*b*d^3 + 12*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 12*a*b^3*c^2*d))/(c^2*d^4 + d^6*x^2 + 2*c*d^5*x) + (b^4*x^2)/(2*d^3) + (log(c + d*x)*(6*b^4*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^2 - 12*a*b^3*c*d))/d^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^7}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{12 \log(dx+c) a^2 b^2 c^3 d^2 + 24 \log(dx+c) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3 x + 12 \log(dx+c) a^2 b^2 c d^4 x^2 - 24 \log(dx+c) a b^3 c^4 d - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^7/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(12*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**2 + 24*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3
*x + 12*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 - 24*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**4*d
- 48*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d**2*x - 24*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**2*d**3*x
**2 + 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**5 + 24*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**4*d*x + 12*log(c
+ d*x)*b**4*c**3*d**2*x**2 - a**4*c*d**4 + 4*a**3*b*d**5*x**2 + 6*a**2*b*
*2*c**3*d**2 - 12*a**2*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 - 12*a*b**3*c**4*d + 24*a*b**3*c**
2*d**3*x**2 + 8*a*b**3*c*d**4*x**3 + 6*b**4*c**5 - 12*b**4*c**3*d**2*x**2
- 4*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**3 + b**4*c*d**4*x**4)/(2*c*d**5*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d*
*2*x**2))
```

3.62
$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^3x}{d^3} + \frac{(bc-ad)^3}{2d^4(c+dx)^2} - \frac{3b(bc-ad)^2}{d^4(c+dx)} - \frac{3b^2(bc-ad)\log(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

output

```
b^3*x/d^3+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^3/d^4/(d*x+c)^2-3*b*(-a*d+b*c)^2/d^4/(d*x+c)-3*b^2*(-a*d+b*c)*ln(d*x+c)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-a^3d^3 - 3a^2bd^2(c+2dx) + 3ab^2cd(3c+4dx) + b^3(-5c^3 - 4c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + 2d^3x^3) - 6b^2(bc-ad)(c+dx)}{2d^4(c+dx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^6/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]
```


output

$$\frac{-(a^3 d^3) - 3a^2 b d^2 (c + 2d x) + 3a b^2 c d (3c + 4d x) + b^3 (-5c^3 - 4c^2 d x + 4c d^2 x^2 + 2d^3 x^3) - 6b^2 (b c - a d) (c + d x)^2 \operatorname{Log}[c + d x]}{(2d^4 (c + d x)^2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3b^2(bc - ad)}{d^3(c + dx)} + \frac{3b(bc - ad)^2}{d^3(c + dx)^2} + \frac{(ad - bc)^3}{d^3(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^3}{d^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3b^2(bc - ad) \log(c + dx)}{d^4} - \frac{3b(bc - ad)^2}{d^4(c + dx)} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3}{2d^4(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^3 x}{d^3}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^6/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{b^3 x}{d^3} + \frac{(b c - a d)^3}{2 d^4 (c + d x)^2} - \frac{3 b (b c - a d)^2}{d^4 (c + d x)} - \frac{3 b^2 (b c - a d) \operatorname{Log}[c + d x]}{d^4}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
default	$\frac{b^3x}{d^3} - \frac{3b(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)}{d^4(dx+c)} - \frac{a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3}{2d^4(dx+c)^2} + \frac{3b^2(ad-bc)\ln(dx+c)}{d^4}$
risch	$\frac{b^3x}{d^3} + \frac{(-3a^2bd^2 + 6cda b^2 - 3b^3c^2)x - \frac{a^3d^3 + 3a^2bcd^2 - 9ab^2c^2d + 5b^3c^3}{2d}}{d^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{3b^2\ln(dx+c)a}{d^3} - \frac{3b^3\ln(dx+c)c}{d^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6\ln(dx+c)x^2ab^2d^3 - 6\ln(dx+c)x^2b^3cd^2 + 2x^3b^3d^3 + 12\ln(dx+c)xab^2cd^2 - 12\ln(dx+c)xb^3c^2d + 6\ln(dx+c)ab^2c^2d - 6\ln(dx+c)a^3d^3}{2d^4(dx+c)^2}$
norman	$\frac{b^5x^5}{d} - \frac{(17a^3b^4d^3 - 5a^2b^5cd^2 + 19a^2dbb^6 + 9c^3b^7)x^2}{2d^4b^2} - \frac{2(3a^2d^2b^4 - acdb^5 + 3b^6c^2)x^3}{d^3b} - \frac{(d^3a^3b^2 + 3cd^2a^2b^3 - 5c^2da b^4 + 9b^5c^3)a^2}{2d^4b^2} - \frac{a^4}{(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b^3*x/d^3-3*b/d^4*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/(d*x+c)-1/2*(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/d^4/(d*x+c)^2+3*b^2/d^4*(a*d-b*c)*ln(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^3d^3x^3 + 4b^3cd^2x^2 - 5b^3c^3 + 9ab^2c^2d - 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3 - 2(2b^3c^2d - 6ab^2cd^2 + 3a^2bd^3)x - 6(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2cd^2 + 3a^2bd^3)}{2(d^6x^2 + 2cd^5x + c^2d^4)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot (2b^3d^3x^3 + 4b^3cd^2x^2 - 5b^3c^3 + 9a^2b^2c^2d - 3a^2b^2cd^2 - a^3d^3 - 2(2b^3c^2d - 6a^2b^2cd^2 + 3a^2b^2d^3)x - 6(b^3c^3 - a^2b^2c^2d + (b^3cd^2 - a^2b^2d^3)x^2 + 2(b^3c^2d - a^2b^2cd^2)x) \log(dx + c)) / (d^6x^2 + 2cd^5x + c^2d^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3x}{d^3} + \frac{3b^2(ad - bc) \log(c + dx)}{d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{-a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 9ab^2c^2d - 5b^3c^3 + x(-6a^2bd^3 + 12ab^2cd^2 - 6b^3c^2d)}{2c^2d^4 + 4cd^5x + 2d^6x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output
$$b^3x/d^3 + 3b^2(a*d - b*c) \log(c + d*x)/d^4 + (-a^3d^3 - 3a^2b^2c^2d + 9a^2b^2cd^2 - 5b^3c^3 + x(-6a^2bd^3 + 12a^2b^2cd^2 - 6b^3c^2d)) / (2c^2d^4 + 4cd^5x + 2d^6x^2)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3x}{d^3} - \frac{5b^3c^3 - 9ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 6(b^3c^2d - 2ab^2cd^2 + a^2bd^3)x}{2(d^6x^2 + 2cd^5x + c^2d^4)}$$

$$- \frac{3(b^3c - ab^2d) \log(dx + c)}{d^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & b^3x/d^3 - 1/2*(5*b^3*c^3 - 9*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 6*(\\ & b^3*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(d^6*x^2 + 2*c*d^5*x + c^2*d^4) \\ & - 3*(b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*\log(d*x + c)/d^4 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx \\ & = \frac{b^3x}{d^3} - \frac{3(b^3c-ab^2d)\log(|dx+c|)}{d^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{5b^3c^3-9ab^2c^2d+3a^2bcd^2+a^3d^3+6(b^3c^2d-2ab^2cd^2+a^2bd^3)x}{2(dx+c)^2d^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & b^3x/d^3 - 3*(b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*\log(\text{abs}(d*x + c))/d^4 - 1/2*(5*b^3*c^3 - 9 \\ & *a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2 \\ & *b*d^3)*x)/((d*x + c)^2*d^4) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^6}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx \\ & = \frac{b^3x}{d^3} - \frac{\ln(c+dx)(3b^3c-3ab^2d)}{d^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{\frac{a^3d^3+3a^2bcd^2-9ab^2c^2d+5b^3c^3}{2d} + x(3a^2bd^2-6ab^2cd+3b^3c^2)}{c^2d^3+2cd^4x+d^5x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^6/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output

$$\frac{(b^3x)/d^3 - (\log(c + dx)*(3b^3c - 3ab^2d))/d^4 - ((a^3d^3 + 5b^3c^3 - 9ab^2c^2d + 3a^2b^2cd^2)/(2d) + x*(3b^3c^2 + 3a^2b^2d^2 - 6ab^2cd))/(c^2d^3 + d^5x^2 + 2cd^4x)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^6}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(dx + c) a b^2 c^3 d + 12 \log(dx + c) a b^2 c^2 d^2 x + 6 \log(dx + c) a b^2 c d^3 x^2 - 6 \log(dx + c) b^3 c^4 - 12 \log(dx + c) b^3 c^3 d x}{2c d^4 (c^2 d^3 + d^5 x^2 + 2c d^4 x)}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^6/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(6*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d + 12*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 6*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 - 6*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**4 - 12*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**3*d*x - 6*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**2 - a**3*c*d**3 + 3*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**3*d - 6*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 - 3*b**3*c**4 + 6*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*b**3*c*d**3*x**3)/(2*c*d**4*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))
```

3.63 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	557
Mathematica [A] (verified)	557
Rubi [A] (verified)	558
Maple [A] (verified)	559
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	559
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	560
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	560
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	561
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	561
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)^2}{2d^3(c+dx)^2} + \frac{2b(bc-ad)}{d^3(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2 \log(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

output
$$-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^2+2*b*(-a*d+b*c)/d^3/(d*x+c)+b^2*\ln(d*x+c)/d^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{(bc-ad)(3bc+ad+4bdx)}{(c+dx)^2} + 2b^2 \log(c+dx)}{2d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^5/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{((b*c - a*d)*(3*b*c + a*d + 4*b*d*x))/(c + d*x)^2 + 2*b^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x]}{2*d^3}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{2b(bc - ad)}{d^2(c + dx)^2} + \frac{(ad - bc)^2}{d^2(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{d^2(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2b(bc - ad)}{d^3(c + dx)} - \frac{(bc - ad)^2}{2d^3(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^5/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(b*c - a*d)^2/(d^3*(c + d*x)^2) + (2*b*(b*c - a*d))/(d^3*(c + d*x)) + (b^2*Log[c + d*x])/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{-\frac{2b(ad-bc)x}{d^2} - \frac{a^2d^2+2abcd-3b^2c^2}{2d^3}}{(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	66
default	$-\frac{2b(ad-bc)}{d^3(dx+c)} - \frac{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}{2d^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	69
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(dx+c)x^2b^2d^2+4 \ln(dx+c)x b^2cd+2 \ln(dx+c)b^2c^2-4ab d^2x+4b^2cxd-a^2d^2-2abcd+3b^2c^2}{2d^3(dx+c)^2}$	97
norman	$-\frac{(9a^2d^2b^4-6acd b^5-3b^6c^2)x^2}{2d^3b^2} - \frac{2(ad b^4-b^5c)x^3}{d^2b} - \frac{(d^2a^2b^2+2cda b^3-3b^4c^2)a^2}{2d^3b^2} - \frac{a(3d^2a^2b^3-3b^5c^2)x}{d^3b^2} + \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	162

input `int((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-2*b/d^2*(a*d-b*c)*x-1/2*(a^2*d^2+2*a*b*c*d-3*b^2*c^2)/d^3)/(d*x+c)^2+b^2*\ln(d*x+c)/d^3}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2c^2 - 2abcd - a^2d^2 + 4(b^2cd - abd^2)x + 2(b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2) \log(dx+c)}{2(d^5x^2 + 2cd^4x + c^2d^3)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/2*(3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 + 4*(b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*\log(d*x + c))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3} + \frac{-a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2 c^2 + x(-4abd^2 + 4b^2 cd)}{2c^2 d^3 + 4cd^4 x + 2d^5 x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`output `b**2*log(c + d*x)/d**3 + (-a**2*d**2 - 2*a*b*c*d + 3*b**2*c**2 + x*(-4*a*b*d**2 + 4*b**2*c*d))/(2*c**2*d**3 + 4*c*d**4*x + 2*d**5*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3b^2 c^2 - 2abcd - a^2 d^2 + 4(b^2 cd - abd^2)x}{2(d^5 x^2 + 2cd^4 x + c^2 d^3)} + \frac{b^2 \log(dx + c)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 + 4*(b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3) + b^2*log(d*x + c)/d^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 \log(|dx + c|)}{d^3} + \frac{4(b^2c - abd)x + \frac{3b^2c^2 - 2abcd - a^2d^2}{d}}{2(dx + c)^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^2*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^3 + 1/2*(4*(b^2*c - a*b*d)*x + (3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 \ln(c + dx)}{d^3} - \frac{\frac{a^2d^2 + 2abcd - 3b^2c^2}{2d^3} + \frac{2bx(a-d-bc)}{d^2}}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^5/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `(b^2*log(c + d*x))/d^3 - ((a^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d)/(2*d^3) + (2*b*x*(a-d-b*c))/d^2)/(c^2 + d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^3 + 4 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^2 dx + 2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c d^2 x^2 - a^2 c d^2 + 2ab d^3 x^2 + b^2 c^3 - 2b^2 c d^2 x^2}{2c d^3 (d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(2*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3 + 4*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*log(c + d*x)*  
b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - a**2*c*d**2 + 2*a*b*d**3*x**2 + b**2*c**3 - 2*b**2*c*d*  
*2*x**2)/(2*c*d**3*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))
```

$$3.64 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	563
Mathematica [A] (verified)	563
Rubi [A] (verified)	564
Maple [A] (verified)	565
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	565
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	566
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	566
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	566
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	567
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	567

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(a+bx)^2}{2(bc-ad)(c+dx)^2}$$

output `1/2*(b*x+a)^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x+c)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{ad+b(c+2dx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^4/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*d + b*(c + 2*d*x))/(d^2*(c + d*x)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{(a + bx)^2}{2(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^4/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(a + b*x)^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp
 [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
 a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
 Symbol] :> Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
 , e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p,
 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2bdx+ad+bc}{2(dx+c)^2d^2}$	25
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2bdx-ad-bc}{2d^2(dx+c)^2}$	27
risch	$-\frac{\frac{bx}{d} - \frac{ad+bc}{2d^2}}{(dx+c)^2}$	29
default	$-\frac{b}{d^2(dx+c)} - \frac{ad-bc}{2d^2(dx+c)^2}$	35
orering	$-\frac{(2bdx+ad+bc)(bx+a)^3(dx+c)}{2d^2(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^3}$	51
norman	$-\frac{\frac{b^3x^3}{d} - \frac{(da b^2 + b^3c)a^2}{2b^2d^2} + \frac{(-5adb^4 - b^5c)x^2}{2b^2d^2} - \frac{a(2ab^3d + b^4c)x}{b^2d^2}}{(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$	99

input `int((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(2*b*d*x+a*d+b*c)/(d*x+c)^2/d^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^4}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2bdx+bc+ad}{2(d^4x^2+2cd^3x+c^2d^2)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*b*d*x + b*c + a*d)/(d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-ad - bc - 2bdx}{2c^2d^2 + 4cd^3x + 2d^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`output `(-a*d - b*c - 2*b*d*x)/(2*c**2*d**2 + 4*c*d**3*x + 2*d**4*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2bdx + bc + ad}{2(d^4x^2 + 2cd^3x + c^2d^2)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(2*b*d*x + b*c + a*d)/(d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2bdx + bc + ad}{2(dx + c)^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(2*b*d*x + b*c + a*d)/((d*x + c)^2*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad+bc}{2d^2} + \frac{bx}{d}}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^4/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `-((a*d + b*c)/(2*d^2) + (b*x)/d)/(c^2 + d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^4}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{bdx^2 - ac}{2cd(d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^4/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`output `(- a*c + b*d*x**2)/(2*c*d*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))`

3.65 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	568
Mathematica [A] (verified)	568
Rubi [A] (verified)	569
Maple [A] (verified)	570
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	570
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	571
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	571
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	571
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	572
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	572

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2d(c + dx)^2}$$

output

```
-1/2/d/(d*x+c)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2d(c + dx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^3/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*1/(d*(c + d*x)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1120$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$-\frac{1}{2d(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^3/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*1/(d*(c + d*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{1}{2d(dx+c)^2}$	13
default	$-\frac{1}{2d(dx+c)^2}$	13
risch	$-\frac{1}{2d(dx+c)^2}$	13
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{2d(dx+c)^2}$	13
orering	$-\frac{(dx+c)(bx+a)^3}{2d(ac+(ad+bc)x+bdx^2)^3}$	39
norman	$\frac{-\frac{abx}{d} - \frac{a^2}{2d} - \frac{b^2x^2}{2d}}{(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$	44

input `int((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/d/(d*x+c)^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(d^3x^2+2cd^2x+c^2d)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 26 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2c^2d + 4cd^2x + 2d^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output `-1/(2*c**2*d + 4*c*d**2*x + 2*d**3*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(d^3x^2 + 2cd^2x + c^2d)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(dx + c)^2d}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2/((d*x + c)^2*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2c^2d + 4cd^2x + 2d^3x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^3/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output `-1/(2*c^2*d + 2*d^3*x^2 + 4*c*d^2*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2d(d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(- 1)/(2*d*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))`

3.66 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	573
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2(bc-ad)(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b}{(bc-ad)^2(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^3}$$

output `1/2/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x+c)^2+b/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(d*x+c)+b^2*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^3 -b^2*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{(bc-ad)(3bc-ad+2bdx)}{(c+dx)^2} + 2b^2 \log(a+bx) - 2b^2 \log(c+dx)}{2(bc-ad)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^2/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{((b*c - a*d)*(3*b*c - a*d + 2*b*d*x))/(c + d*x)^2 + 2*b^2*\text{Log}[a + b*x] - 2*b^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x]}{(2*(b*c - a*d))^3}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{b^3}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{b^2 d}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{bd}{(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{d}{(c + dx)^3(bc - ad)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b^2 \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{b}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^2} + \frac{1}{2(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^2/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^2} + \frac{b}{(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)} + \frac{b^2*\text{Log}[a + b*x]}{(b*c - a*d)^3} - \frac{b^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x]}{(b*c - a*d)^3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2 \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{1}{2(ad-bc)(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{b}{(ad-bc)^2(dx+c)}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{bdx}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2} - \frac{ad-3bc}{2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}}{(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^2 \ln(-dx-c)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} - \frac{b^2 \ln(bx+a)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(bx+a)x^2b^2d^4 - 2 \ln(dx+c)x^2b^2d^4 + 4 \ln(bx+a)xb^2cd^3 - 4 \ln(dx+c)xb^2cd^3 + 2 \ln(bx+a)b^2c^2d^2 - 2 \ln(dx+c)b^2c^2d^2 - 2ab^2c^2d^2}{2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)(dx+c)^2d^2}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{b^3dx^3}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2} + \frac{3caxb^2x}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2} + \frac{a^2(-ab^2d^3+3b^3cd^2)}{2d^2b^2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)} + \frac{(3ab^4d^3+3b^5cd^2)x^2}{2d^2b^2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}}{(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2} + \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -b^2/(a*d-b*c)^3*ln(b*x+a)-1/2/(a*d-b*c)/(d*x+c)^2+b^2/(a*d-b*c)^3*ln(d*x+c)+b/(a*d-b*c)^2/(d*x+c)
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2c^2 - 4abcd + a^2d^2 + 2(b^2cd - abd^2)x + 2(b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2) \log(bx+a) - 2(b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2)}{2(b^3c^5 - 3ab^2c^4d + 3a^2bc^3d^2 - a^3c^2d^3 + (b^3c^3d^2 - 3ab^2c^2d^3 + 3a^2bcd^4 - a^3d^5)x^2 + 2(b^3c^4d - 3ab^2c^3d^2 + 3a^2bc^2d^3 - a^3cd^4)x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1/2*(3*b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 2*(b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*\log(b*x + a) - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*\log(d*x + c)}{(b^3*c^5 - 3*a*b^2*c^4*d + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 - a^3*c^2*d^3 + (b^3*c^3*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^4 - a^3*d^5)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^4*d - 3*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - a^3*c*d^4)*x}$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 381 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^4 b^2 d^4}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{4a^3 b^3 c d^3}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{6a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{4ab^5 c^3 d}{(ad-bc)^3} + ab^2 d - \frac{b^6 c^4}{(ad-bc)^3} + b^3 c}{(ad-bc)^3} \right)}{(ad-bc)^3}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^4 b^2 d^4}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{4a^3 b^3 c d^3}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{6a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2}{(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{4ab^5 c^3 d}{(ad-bc)^3} + ab^2 d + \frac{b^6 c^4}{(ad-bc)^3} + b^3 c}{(ad-bc)^3} \right)}{(ad-bc)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{-ad + 3bc + 2bdx}{2a^2c^2d^2 - 4abc^3d + 2b^2c^4 + x^2 \cdot (2a^2d^4 - 4abcd^3 + 2b^2c^2d^2) + x(4a^2cd^3 - 8abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^3d)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```

b**2*log(x + (-a**4*b**2*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 4*a**3*b**3*c*d**3/(a*d - b
*c)**3 - 6*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**3 + 4*a*b**5*c**3*d/(a*d - b*c
)**3 + a*b**2*d - b**6*c**4/(a*d - b*c)**3 + b**3*c)/(2*b**3*d))/(a*d - b*c
)**3 - b**2*log(x + (a**4*b**2*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**3 - 4*a**3*b**3*c*d**3/(
a*d - b*c)**3 + 6*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**3 - 4*a*b**5*c**3*d/(a*
d - b*c)**3 + a*b**2*d + b**6*c**4/(a*d - b*c)**3 + b**3*c)/(2*b**3*d))/(a
*d - b*c)**3 + (-a*d + 3*b*c + 2*b*d*x)/(2*a**2*c**2*d**2 - 4*a*b*c**3*d +
2*b**2*c**4 + x**2*(2*a**2*d**4 - 4*a*b*c*d**3 + 2*b**2*c**2*d**2) + x*(4
*a**2*c*d**3 - 8*a*b*c**2*d**2 + 4*b**2*c**3*d))

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \log(bx + a)}{b^3 c^3 - 3 ab^2 c^2 d + 3 a^2 bcd^2 - a^3 d^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(dx + c)}{b^3 c^3 - 3 ab^2 c^2 d + 3 a^2 bcd^2 - a^3 d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2(b^2 c^4 - 2 abc^3 d + a^2 c^2 d^2 + (b^2 c^2 d^2 - 2 abcd^3 + a^2 d^4)x^2 + 2(b^2 c^3 d - 2 abc^2 d^2 + a^2 cd^3)x)}{2 bdx + 3 bc - ad}$$

input

```

integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output

```

b^2*log(b*x + a)/(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3) - b^2
*log(d*x + c)/(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3) + 1/2*(2
*b*d*x + 3*b*c - a*d)/(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^3*d + a^2*c^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d^2
- 2*a*b*c*d^3 + a^2*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*d^3)*x
)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^3 \log(|bx+a|)}{b^4 c^3 - 3ab^3 c^2 d + 3a^2 b^2 c d^2 - a^3 b d^3} - \frac{b^2 d \log(|dx+c|)}{b^3 c^3 d - 3ab^2 c^2 d^2 + 3a^2 b c d^3 - a^3 d^4} + \frac{3b^2 c^2 - 4abcd + a^2 d^2 + 2(b^2 c d - ab d^2)x}{2(bc-ad)^3(dx+c)^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^3*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^4*c^3 - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d^3) - b^2*d*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^3*c^3*d - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^3 - a^3*d^4) + 1/2*(3*b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 2*(b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x)/((b*c - a*d)^3*(d*x + c)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{ad-3bc}{2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)} - \frac{bdx}{a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2}}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^3d^3-a^2bcd^2-ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3}{(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{2bdx(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}{(ad-bc)^3}\right)}{(ad-bc)^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^2/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output

$$- ((a*d - 3*b*c)/(2*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d)) - (b*d*x)/(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(c^2 + d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x) - (2*b^2*atanh((a^3*d^3 + b^3*c^3 - a*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*b*c*d^2)/(a*d - b*c)^3 + (2*b*d*x*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(a*d - b*c)^3))/(a*d - b*c)^3$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log(bx + a) b^2 c^3 - 4 \log(bx + a) b^2 c^2 dx - 2 \log(bx + a) b^2 c d^2 x^2 + 2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^3 + 4 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^2 dx}{2c(a^3 d^5 x^2 - 3a^2 bc d^4 x^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d^3 x^2 - b^3 c^3 d^2 x^2 + 2a^3 c d^4 x - 6a^2 b c^2 d^3 x + 6a b^2 c^3)}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^2/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 2*log(a + b*x)*b**2*c**3 - 4*log(a + b*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x - 2*log(a + b*x)*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3 + 4*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - a**2*c*d**2 + 3*a*b*c**2*d - a*b*d**3*x**2 - 2*b**2*c**3 + b**2*c*d**2*x**2)/(2*c*(a**3*c**2*d**3 + 2*a**3*c*d**4*x + a**3*d**5*x**2 - 3*a**2*b*c**3*d**2 - 6*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x - 3*a**2*b*c*d**4*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**4*d + 6*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x + 3*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 - b**3*c**5 - 2*b**3*c**4*d*x - b**3*c**3*d**2*x**2))
```

3.67
$$\int \frac{a+bx}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{a+bx}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{b^2}{(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)} - \frac{d}{2(bc-ad)^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{2bd}{(bc-ad)^3(c+dx)} - \frac{3b^2d \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^4} + \frac{3b^2d \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^4}$$

output

```
-b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(b*x+a)-1/2*d/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(d*x+c)^2-2*b*d/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(d*x+c)-3*b^2*d*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^4+3*b^2*d*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a+bx}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{2b^2(bc-ad)}{a+bx} + \frac{d(bc-ad)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{4bd(bc-ad)}{c+dx} + 6b^2d \log(a+bx) - 6b^2d \log(c+dx)}{2(bc-ad)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((2*b^2*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x) + (d*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + (4*b*d*(b*c - a*d))/(c + d*x) + 6*b^2*d*Log[a + b*x] - 6*b^2*d*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3b^3d}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^4} + \frac{b^3}{(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{3b^2d^2}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^4} + \frac{2bd^2}{(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{d^2}{(c + dx)^3(bc - ad)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^2}{(a + bx)(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{3b^2d \log(a + bx)}{(bc - ad)^4} + \frac{3b^2d \log(c + dx)}{d(bc - ad)^4} - \frac{2bd}{(c + dx)(bc - ad)^3} - \frac{d^2}{2(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)/(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-(b^2/((b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x))) - d/(2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^2) - (2*b*d)/((b*c - a*d)^3*(c + d*x)) - (3*b^2*d*Log[a + b*x])/(b*c - a*d)^4 + (3*b^2*d*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2}{(ad-bc)^3(bx+a)} - \frac{3b^2d \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{d}{2(ad-bc)^2(dx+c)^2} + \frac{3b^2d \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{2db}{(ad-bc)^3(dx+c)}$
risch	$\frac{3b^2d^2x^2}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} + \frac{3(ad+3bc)bdx}{2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} - \frac{a^2d^2-5abcd-2b^2c^2}{2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} - \frac{3b^2d}{a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-3ab^3c^3}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-6a^2cd^4b^2+3ab^3c^2d^3+a^3bd^5+12 \ln(bx+a)xa b^3cd^4-12 \ln(dx+c)xa b^3cd^4-6xa b^3cd^4+6 \ln(bx+a)x^3b^4d^5-6 \ln(dx+c)xa^2b^4d^5}{(dx+c)(bdx^2+adx+cbx+ac)}$
norman	$\frac{3b^3d^2x^3}{a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3} + \frac{(a^2b^3d^4+7ab^4cd^3+b^5c^2d^2)x}{d^2b^2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} + \frac{a(-a^2b^2d^4+5ab^3cd^3+2b^4c^2d^2)}{2d^2b^2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} + \frac{(9ab^4d^4-3a^2b^3cd^3+3ab^4c^2d^2)}{2d^2b^2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)}$

```
input int((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/(b*x+a)-3*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^4*d*ln(b*x+a)-1/2*d/(a*d-b*c)^2/(d
*x+c)^2+3*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^4*d*ln(d*x+c)+2*d/(a*d-b*c)^3*b/(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.50

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d - 6a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 6(b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 + 3(3b^3c^2d - 2ab^2cd^2 - a^2bd^3)x + 6(b^3d^3 - ab^2cd^2)}{2(ab^4c^6 - 4a^2b^3c^5d + 6a^3b^2c^4d^2 - 4a^4bc^3d^3 + a^5c^2d^4 + (b^5c^4d^2 - 4ab^4c^3d^3 + 6a^2b^3c^2d^4 - 4a^3b^2cd^5 - 4a^4b^3c^4d^2 + 6a^5c^5d^3 - 7a^4b^4c^4d^2 + 8a^3b^3c^3d^3 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^4 - 2a^4b^3c^4d^2 + 8a^3b^2c^3d^3 - 7a^4b^3c^2d^4 + 2a^5c^4d^5)x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 6*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 3*(3*b^3*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d^3)*x + 6*(b^3*c^2*d + a*b^2*c*d + (2*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2)*x)*log(b*x + a) - 6*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + a*b^2*c^2*d + (2*b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + (b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2)*x)*log(d*x + c))/(a*b^4*c^6 - 4*a^2*b^3*c^5*d + 6*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 4*a^4*b*c^3*d^3 + a^5*c^2*d^4 + (b^5*c^4*d^2 - 4*a*b^4*c^3*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4 - 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^5 + a^4*b*d^6)*x^3 + (2*b^5*c^5*d - 7*a*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 8*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*b*c*d^5 + a^5*d^6)*x^2 + (b^5*c^6 - 2*a*b^4*c^5*d - 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 8*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 7*a^4*b*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^5*c*d^5)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 632 vs. $2(97) = 194$.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.75

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2d \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{3a^5b^2d^6}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{15a^4b^3cd^5}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{30a^3b^4c^2d^4}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{30a^2b^5c^3d^3}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{15ab^6c^4d^2}{(ad-bc)^4} + 3ab^2d^2 + \frac{3b^7c^5d}{(ad-bc)^4} + 3b^3cd}{(ad-bc)^4} \right)}{3b^2d \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{3a^5b^2d^6}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{15a^4b^3cd^5}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{30a^3b^4c^2d^4}{(ad-bc)^4} - \frac{30a^2b^5c^3d^3}{(ad-bc)^4} + \frac{15ab^6c^4d^2}{(ad-bc)^4} + 3ab^2d^2 - \frac{3b^7c^5d}{(ad-bc)^4} + 3b^3cd}{6b^3d^2} \right)} - \frac{-a^2d^2 + 5abcd + 2b^2c^2 + \dots}{2a^4c^2d^3 - 6a^3bc^3d^2 + 6a^2b^2c^4d - 2ab^3c^5 + x^3 \cdot (2a^3bd^5 - 6a^2b^2cd^4 + 6ab^3c^2d^3 - 2b^4c^3d^2) + x^2 \cdot (2a^4d^5 - \dots)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
3*b**2*d*log(x + (-3*a**5*b**2*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 15*a**4*b**3*c*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 30*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 30*a**2*b**5*c**3*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 15*a*b**6*c**4*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*a*b**2*d**2 + 3*b**7*c**5*d/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*b**3*c*d)/(6*b**3*d**2))/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 3*b**2*d*log(x + (3*a**5*b**2*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 15*a**4*b**3*c*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 30*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**4 - 30*a**2*b**5*c**3*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 15*a*b**6*c**4*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*a*b**2*d**2 - 3*b**7*c**5*d/(a*d - b*c)**4 + 3*b**3*c*d)/(6*b**3*d**2))/(a*d - b*c)**4 + (-a**2*d**2 + 5*a*b*c*d + 2*b**2*c**2 + 6*b**2*d**2*x**2 + x*(3*a*b*d**2 + 9*b**2*c*d))/(2*a**4*c**2*d**3 - 6*a**3*b*c**3*d**2 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**4*d - 2*a*b**3*c**5 + x**3*(2*a**3*b*d**5 - 6*a**2*b**2*c*d**4 + 6*a*b**3*c**2*d**3 - 2*b**4*c**3*d**2) + x**2*(2*a**4*d**5 - 2*a**3*b*c*d**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3 + 10*a*b**3*c**3*d**2 - 4*b**4*c**4*d) + x*(4*a**4*c*d**4 - 10*a**3*b*c**2*d**3 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**2 + 2*a*b**3*c**4*d - 2*b**4*c**5))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^2d \log(bx + a)}{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^2d \log(dx + c)}{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}$$

$$- \frac{6b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2c^2 + 5abcd - a^2}{2(ab^3c^5 - 3a^2b^2c^4d + 3a^3bc^3d^2 - a^4c^2d^3 + (b^4c^3d^2 - 3ab^3c^2d^3 + 3a^2b^2cd^4 - a^3bd^5)x^3 + (2b^4c^4d - 5$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3*b^2*d*log(b*x + a)/(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4) + 3*b^2*d*log(d*x + c)/(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4) - 1/2*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 + 3*(3*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/(a*b^3*c^5 - 3*a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 3*a^3*b*c^3*d^2 - a^4*c^2*d^3 + (b^4*c^3*d^2 - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^4 - a^3*b*d^5)*x^3 + (2*b^4*c^4*d - 5*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*b*c*d^4 - a^4*d^5)*x^2 + (b^4*c^5 - a*b^3*c^4*d - 3*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 5*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^4*c*d^4)*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^3d \log(|bx + a|)}{b^5c^4 - 4ab^4c^3d + 6a^2b^3c^2d^2 - 4a^3b^2cd^3 + a^4bd^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^2d^2 \log(|dx + c|)}{b^4c^4d - 4ab^3c^3d^2 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^3 - 4a^3bcd^4 + a^4d^5}$$

$$- \frac{2b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d - 6a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3 + 6(b^3cd^2 - ab^2d^3)x^2 + 3(3b^3cd - 2ab^2cd^2 - a^2bd^3)x}{2(bc - ad)^4(bx + a)(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3*b^3*d*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^5*c^4 - 4*a*b^4*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 -
4*a^3*b^2*c*d^3 + a^4*b*d^4) + 3*b^2*d^2*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^4*c^4*d - 4*
a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^4 + a^4*d^5) - 1/2*(2*b^3*
c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 6*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3 + 6*(b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*
x^2 + 3*(3*b^3*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d^3)*x)/((b*c - a*d)^4*(b*x +
a)*(d*x + c)^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2 d^2 + 5abcd + 2b^2 c^2}{2(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bcd^2 + 3ab^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)} + \frac{3bx(ad^2 + 3bcd)}{2(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bcd^2 + 3ab^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)} + \frac{3b^2 d^2 x^2}{a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bcd^2 + 3ab^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3}$$

$$- \frac{6b^2 d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^4 d^4 - 2a^3 bcd^3 + 2ab^3 c^3 d - b^4 c^4}{(ad - bc)^4} + \frac{2bdx(ad^3 - 3a^2 bcd^2 + 3ab^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)}{(ad - bc)^4}\right)}{(ad - bc)^4}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x)/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
((2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2 + 5*a*b*c*d)/(2*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d -
3*a^2*b*c*d^2)) + (3*b*x*(a*d^2 + 3*b*c*d))/(2*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^
2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)) + (3*b^2*d^2*x^2)/(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*
c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(x*(b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d) + a*c^2 + x^2*(a*d^2 + 2*b*c*
d) + b*d^2*x^3) - (6*b^2*d*atanh((a^4*d^4 - b^4*c^4 + 2*a*b^3*c^3*d - 2*a^
3*b*c*d^3)/(a*d - b*c)^4 + (2*b*d*x*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3
*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(a*d - b*c)^4))/(a*d - b*c)^4
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.46

$$\int \frac{a + bx}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 6*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*
x - 6*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**2 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d - 3
0*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 24*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 - 6
*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*d**4*x**3 - 12*log(a + b*x)*b**4*c**3*d*x - 24*log(a
+ b*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 12*log(a + b*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + 6*log(c +
d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x + 6*log(c +
d*x)*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**2 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d + 30*log(c + d*x)
*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x + 24*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 + 6*log(c + d*x)*
a*b**3*d**4*x**3 + 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**3*d*x + 24*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c
**2*d**2*x**2 + 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 - a**4*d**4 + 4*a**3*b*c*d
**3 + 3*a**3*b*d**4*x + 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 2*a*b**3*c**3*d + 9*a*b**3
*c**2*d**2*x - 6*a*b**3*d**4*x**3 - 4*b**4*c**4 - 12*b**4*c**3*d*x + 6*b**
4*c*d**3*x**3)/(2*(a**6*c**2*d**5 + 2*a**6*c*d**6*x + a**6*d**7*x**2 - 2*a
**5*b*c**3*d**4 - 3*a**5*b*c**2*d**5*x + a**5*b*d**7*x**3 - 2*a**4*b**2*c
**4*d**3 - 6*a**4*b**2*c**3*d**4*x - 6*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**5*x**2 - 2*a**4*b
**2*c*d**6*x**3 + 8*a**3*b**3*c**5*d**2 + 14*a**3*b**3*c**4*d**3*x + 4*a**3
*b**3*c**3*d**4*x**2 - 2*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**5*x**3 - 7*a**2*b**4*c**6*d - 6
*a**2*b**4*c**5*d**2*x + 9*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**3*x**2 + 8*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**
4*x**3 + 2*a*b**5*c**7 - 3*a*b**5*c**6*d*x - 12*a*b**5*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 7*
a*b**5*c**4*d**3*x**3 + 2*b**6*c**7*x + 4*b**6*c**6*d*x**2 + 2*b**6*c**...
```

3.68 $\int \frac{1}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{b^2}{2(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{3b^2d}{(bc-ad)^4(a+bx)} + \frac{d^2}{2(bc-ad)^3(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3bd^2}{(bc-ad)^4(c+dx)} + \frac{6b^2d^2 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^5} - \frac{6b^2d^2 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^5}$$

output

```
-1/2*b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(b*x+a)^2+3*b^2*d/(-a*d+b*c)^4/(b*x+a)+1/2*d^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(d*x+c)^2+3*b*d^2/(-a*d+b*c)^4/(d*x+c)+6*b^2*d^2*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^5-6*b^2*d^2*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{b^2(bc-ad)^2}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{6b^2d(bc-ad)}{a+bx} + \frac{d^2(bc-ad)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{6bd^2(bc-ad)}{c+dx} + 12b^2d^2 \log(a+bx) - 12b^2d^2 \log(c+dx)}{2(bc-ad)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^(-3),x]`

output
$$\left(-\frac{(b^2(b*c - a*d)^2)}{(a + b*x)^2} + \frac{(6*b^2*d*(b*c - a*d))}{(a + b*x)} + (d^2*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + \frac{(6*b*d^2*(b*c - a*d))}{(c + d*x)} + 12*b^2*d^2*\text{Log}[a + b*x] - 12*b^2*d^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x] \right) / (2*(b*c - a*d)^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1084

$$b^3 d^3 \int \left(-\frac{6}{b(bc - ad)^5(c + dx)} - \frac{3}{b^2(bc - ad)^4(c + dx)^2} - \frac{1}{b^3(bc - ad)^3(c + dx)^3} + \frac{6}{d(bc - ad)^5(a + bx)} - \frac{6}{d^2(bc - ad)^4(a + bx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$b^3 d^3 \left(\frac{1}{2b^3 d(c + dx)^2(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{3}{b^2 d(c + dx)(bc - ad)^4} - \frac{1}{2bd^3(a + bx)^2(bc - ad)^3} + \frac{3}{bd^2(a + bx)(bc - ad)^4} + \frac{6}{d^2(bc - ad)^4(a + bx)^2} - \frac{6}{d(bc - ad)^5(a + bx)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^(-3),x]`

output
$$b^3*d^3*(-1/2*1/(b*d^3*(b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)^2) + 3/(b*d^2*(b*c - a*d)^4*(a + b*x)) + 1/(2*b^3*d*(b*c - a*d)^3*(c + d*x)^2) + 3/(b^2*d*(b*c - a*d)^4*(c + d*x)) + (6*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(b*d*(b*c - a*d)^5) - (6*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(b*d*(b*c - a*d)^5))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1084 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2}{2(ad-bc)^3(bx+a)^2} - \frac{6b^2d^2 \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^5} + \frac{3b^2d}{(ad-bc)^4(bx+a)} - \frac{d^2}{2(ad-bc)^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{6b^2d^2 \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^5} + \frac{3d^2b}{(ad-bc)^4(dx+c)}$
risch	$\frac{6b^3d^3x^3}{a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-4ab^3c^3d+c^4b^4} + \frac{9b^2d^2(ad+bc)x^2}{a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-4ab^3c^3d+c^4b^4} + \frac{2(a^2d^2+7abcd+b^2c^2)bdx}{(bdx^2+adx+cbx+ac)^2}$
norman	$\frac{(9ab^4d^5+9b^5cd^4)x^2}{d^2b^2(a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-4ab^3c^3d+c^4b^4)} + \frac{-a^3d^5b^2+7a^2b^3cd^4+7d^3ac^2b^4-c^3d^2b^5}{2d^2b^2(a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-4ab^3c^3d+c^4b^4)} + \frac{6b^3d^3x^3}{a^4d^4-4a^3bcd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-4ab^3c^3d+c^4b^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{24xa^2b^4cd^5+24xab^5c^2d^4+24\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^5d^6+24\ln(bx+a)x^3b^6cd^5-24\ln(dx+c)x^3ab^5d^6-24\ln(dx+c)x^3b^6cd^5+12a^2b^4cd^5+12ab^5c^2d^4+12\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^5d^6+12\ln(bx+a)x^3b^6cd^5-12\ln(dx+c)x^3ab^5d^6-12\ln(dx+c)x^3b^6cd^5}{(dx+c)^2(bx+a)^2}$

```
input int(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/(b*x+a)^2-6*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^5*d^2*ln(b*x+a)+3*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^4*d/(b*x+a)-1/2*d^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/(d*x+c)^2+6*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^5*d^2*ln(d*x+c)+3*d^2/(a*d-b*c)^4*b/(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 760 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 760, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^4c^4 - 8ab^3c^3d + 8a^3bcd^3 - a^4d^4 - 12(b^4cd^3 - ab^3d^4)x^3 - 18(b^4c^2d^2 - a^2b^2d^4)x^2 - 4(b^4c^3d - a^2b^3c^2d^2) - 2(a^2b^5c^7 - 5a^3b^4c^6d + 10a^4b^3c^5d^2 - 10a^5b^2c^4d^3 + 5a^6bc^3d^4 - a^7c^2d^5 + (b^7c^5d^2 - 5ab^6c^4d^3 + 10a^2b^5c^3d^4 - 10a^3b^4c^2d^5 + 5a^4b^3c^2d^6 - a^5b^2c^2d^7))x^4 + 2(b^7c^6d - 4a^2b^6c^5d^2 + 5a^2b^5c^4d^3 - 5a^4b^3c^2d^5 + 4a^5b^2c^2d^6 - a^6bd^7)x^3 + (b^7c^7 - ab^6c^6d - 9a^2b^5c^5d^2 + 25a^3b^4c^4d^3 - 25a^4b^3c^3d^4 + 9a^5b^2c^2d^5 + a^6b^2c^2d^6 - a^7d^7)x^2 + 2(a^2b^6c^7 - 4a^2b^5c^6d + 5a^3b^4c^5d^2 - 5a^5b^2c^3d^4 + 4a^6b^2c^2d^5 - a^7c^2d^6)x}{2(a^2b^5c^7 - 5a^3b^4c^6d + 10a^4b^3c^5d^2 - 10a^5b^2c^4d^3 + 5a^6bc^3d^4 - a^7c^2d^5 + (b^7c^5d^2 - 5ab^6c^4d^3 + 10a^2b^5c^3d^4 - 10a^3b^4c^2d^5 + 5a^4b^3c^2d^6 - a^5b^2c^2d^7))x^4 + 2(b^7c^6d - 4a^2b^6c^5d^2 + 5a^2b^5c^4d^3 - 5a^4b^3c^2d^5 + 4a^5b^2c^2d^6 - a^6bd^7)x^3 + (b^7c^7 - ab^6c^6d - 9a^2b^5c^5d^2 + 25a^3b^4c^4d^3 - 25a^4b^3c^3d^4 + 9a^5b^2c^2d^5 + a^6b^2c^2d^6 - a^7d^7)x^2 + 2(a^2b^6c^7 - 4a^2b^5c^6d + 5a^3b^4c^5d^2 - 5a^5b^2c^3d^4 + 4a^6b^2c^2d^5 - a^7c^2d^6)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b^4*c^4 - 8*a*b^3*c^3*d + 8*a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4 - 12*(b^4*c*d^3 - a*b^3*d^4)*x^3 - 18*(b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 - 4*(b^4*c^3*d + 6*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - a^3*b*d^4)*x - 12*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 2*(b^4*c*d^3 + a*b^3*d^4)*x^3 + (b^4*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c*d^3 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)*log(b*x + a) + 12*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 2*(b^4*c*d^3 + a*b^3*d^4)*x^3 + (b^4*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c*d^3 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)*log(d*x + c)/(a^2*b^5*c^7 - 5*a^3*b^4*c^6*d + 10*a^4*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 10*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 5*a^6*b*c^3*d^4 - a^7*c^2*d^5 + (b^7*c^5*d^2 - 5*a*b^6*c^4*d^3 + 10*a^2*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^5 + 5*a^4*b^3*c*d^6 - a^5*b^2*d^7)*x^4 + 2*(b^7*c^6*d - 4*a^2*b^6*c^5*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^3 - 5*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^5 + 4*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^6 - a^6*b*d^7)*x^3 + (b^7*c^7 - a*b^6*c^6*d - 9*a^2*b^5*c^5*d^2 + 25*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^3 - 25*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 9*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^5 + a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6 - a^7*d^7)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b^6*c^7 - 4*a^2*b^5*c^6*d + 5*a^3*b^4*c^5*d^2 - 5*a^5*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^5 - a^7*c^2*d^6)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 881 vs. $2(128) = 256$.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 881, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```

6*b**2*d**2*log(x + (-6*a**6*b**2*d**8/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 36*a**5*b**3*c*d**
7/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 90*a**4*b**4*c**2*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 120*a**3*b**5*c
**3*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 90*a**2*b**6*c**4*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 36*a*b**
7*c**5*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 6*a*b**2*d**3 - 6*b**8*c**6*d**2/(a*d - b*c)*
*5 + 6*b**3*c*d**2)/(12*b**3*d**3))/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 6*b**2*d**2*log(x + (
6*a**6*b**2*d**8/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 36*a**5*b**3*c*d**7/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 90*
a**4*b**4*c**2*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 120*a**3*b**5*c**3*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**
5 + 90*a**2*b**6*c**4*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**5 - 36*a*b**7*c**5*d**3/(a*d - b*c
)**5 + 6*a*b**2*d**3 + 6*b**8*c**6*d**2/(a*d - b*c)**5 + 6*b**3*c*d**2)/(1
2*b**3*d**3))/(a*d - b*c)**5 + (-a**3*d**3 + 7*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*c*
*2*d - b**3*c**3 + 12*b**3*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(18*a*b**2*d**3 + 18*b**3*c*d*
*2) + x*(4*a**2*b*d**3 + 28*a*b**2*c*d**2 + 4*b**3*c**2*d))/(2*a**6*c**2*d
**4 - 8*a**5*b*c**3*d**3 + 12*a**4*b**2*c**4*d**2 - 8*a**3*b**3*c**5*d + 2
*a**2*b**4*c**6 + x**4*(2*a**4*b**2*d**6 - 8*a**3*b**3*c*d**5 + 12*a**2*b*
*4*c**2*d**4 - 8*a*b**5*c**3*d**3 + 2*b**6*c**4*d**2) + x**3*(4*a**5*b*d**
6 - 12*a**4*b**2*c*d**5 + 8*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**4 + 8*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**3 -
12*a*b**5*c**4*d**2 + 4*b**6*c**5*d) + x**2*(2*a**6*d**6 - 18*a**4*b**2*c*
*2*d**4 + 32*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**3 - 18*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**2 + 2*b**6*c**6) +
x*(4*a**6*c*d**5 - 12*a**5*b*c**2*d**4 + 8*a**4*b**2*c**3*d**3 + 8*a**3*b
**3*c**4*d**2 - 12*a**2*b**4*c**5*d + 4*a*b**5*c**6))

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 594 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx \\
&= \frac{6b^2d^2 \log(bx + a)}{b^5c^5 - 5ab^4c^4d + 10a^2b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^4bcd^4 - a^5d^5} \\
&\quad - \frac{6b^2d^2 \log(dx + c)}{b^5c^5 - 5ab^4c^4d + 10a^2b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^4bcd^4 - a^5d^5} \\
&\quad + \frac{2(a^2b^4c^6 - 4a^3b^3c^5d + 6a^4b^2c^4d^2 - 4a^5bc^3d^3 + a^6c^2d^4 + (b^6c^4d^2 - 4ab^5c^3d^3 + 6a^2b^4c^2d^4 - 4a^3b^3cd^5)}{b^5c^5 - 5ab^4c^4d + 10a^2b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^3b^2c^2d^3 + 5a^4bcd^4 - a^5d^5}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
6*b^2*d^2*log(b*x + a)/(b^5*c^5 - 5*a*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*
a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 - a^5*d^5) - 6*b^2*d^2*log(d*x + c)/(b^5*c
^5 - 5*a*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b*c*d
^4 - a^5*d^5) + 1/2*(12*b^3*d^3*x^3 - b^3*c^3 + 7*a*b^2*c^2*d + 7*a^2*b*c*
d^2 - a^3*d^3 + 18*(b^3*c*d^2 + a*b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 4*(b^3*c^2*d + 7*a*b^2*c*
d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)/(a^2*b^4*c^6 - 4*a^3*b^3*c^5*d + 6*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 4
*a^5*b*c^3*d^3 + a^6*c^2*d^4 + (b^6*c^4*d^2 - 4*a*b^5*c^3*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^4*
c^2*d^4 - 4*a^3*b^3*c*d^5 + a^4*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 2*(b^6*c^5*d - 3*a*b^5*c^4*
d^2 + 2*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^3 + 2*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^4 - 3*a^4*b^2*c*d^5 + a^5*b*d^6)
*x^3 + (b^6*c^6 - 9*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 16*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 9*a^4*b^2*c^2*d
^4 + a^6*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*b^5*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^5*d + 2*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 2
*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 3*a^5*b*c^2*d^4 + a^6*c*d^5)*x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3d^2 \log(|bx + a|)}{b^6c^5 - 5ab^5c^4d + 10a^2b^4c^3d^2 - 10a^3b^3c^2d^3 + 5a^4b^2cd^4 - a^5bd^5}$$

$$- \frac{6b^2d^3 \log(|dx + c|)}{b^5c^5d - 5ab^4c^4d^2 + 10a^2b^3c^3d^3 - 10a^3b^2c^2d^4 + 5a^4bcd^5 - a^5d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{12b^3d^3x^3 + 18b^3cd^2x^2 + 18ab^2d^3x^2 + 4b^3c^2dx + 28ab^2cd^2x + 4a^2bd^3x - b^3c^3 + 7ab^2c^2d + 7a^2bcd^2 - 2(b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4)(bdx^2 + bcx + adx + ac)^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
6*b^3*d^2*log(abs(b*x + a))/(b^6*c^5 - 5*a*b^5*c^4*d + 10*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2
- 10*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^4*b^2*c*d^4 - a^5*b*d^5) - 6*b^2*d^3*log(abs(d*
x + c))/(b^5*c^5*d - 5*a*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^2
*d^4 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^5 - a^5*d^6) + 1/2*(12*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 18*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 +
18*a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^2*d*x + 28*a*b^2*c*d^2*x + 4*a^2*b*d^3*x - b^3
*c^3 + 7*a*b^2*c^2*d + 7*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)/((b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d
+ 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*(b*d*x^2 + b*c*x + a*d*x +
a*c)^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3 d^3 x^3}{a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 bc d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4} - \frac{a^3 d^3 - 7a^2 bc d^2 - 7ab^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{2(a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 bc d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4)} + \frac{9bdx^2 (cb^2 d + ab d^2)}{a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 bc d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4}$$

$$- \frac{12b^2 d^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^5 d^5 - 3a^4 bc d^4 + 2a^3 b^2 c^2 d^3 + 2a^2 b^3 c^3 d^2 - 3ab^4 c^4 d + b^5 c^5}{(ad - bc)^5} + \frac{2bdx (a^4 d^4 - 4a^3 bc d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4)}{(ad - bc)^5}\right)}{(ad - bc)^5}$$

input `int(1/(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output

$$\frac{((6*b^3*d^3*x^3)/(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3) - (a^3*d^3 + b^3*c^3 - 7*a*b^2*c^2*d - 7*a^2*b*c*d^2)/(2*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3)) + (9*b*d*x^2*(a*b*d^2 + b^2*c*d))/(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3) + (2*b*d*x*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + 7*a*b*c*d))/(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3))/(x*(2*a*b*c^2 + 2*a^2*c*d) + x^2*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d) + x^3*(2*a*b*d^2 + 2*b^2*c*d) + a^2*c^2 + b^2*d^2*x^4) - (12*b^2*d^2*atanh((a^5*d^5 + b^5*c^5 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b^4*c^4*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^4)/(a*d - b*c)^5 + (2*b*d*x*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3))/(a*d - b*c)^5))/(a*d - b*c)^5}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1202, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 24*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**4
*x - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*d**5*x**2 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*
d**2 - 48*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**3*x - 60*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*c
*d**4*x**2 - 24*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*d**5*x**3 - 24*log(a + b*x)*a*b**4*
c**3*d**2*x - 60*log(a + b*x)*a*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 48*log(a + b*x)*a*b*
**4*c*d**4*x**3 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a*b**4*d**5*x**4 - 12*log(a + b*x)*b**5*c
**3*d**2*x**2 - 24*log(a + b*x)*b**5*c**2*d**3*x**3 - 12*log(a + b*x)*b**5
*c*d**4*x**4 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3 + 24*log(c + d*x)*a**3*
b**2*c*d**4*x + 12*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*d**5*x**2 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a**2
*b**3*c**3*d**2 + 48*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**3*x + 60*log(c + d*x)*
a**2*b**3*c*d**4*x**2 + 24*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*d**5*x**3 + 24*log(c + d
*x)*a*b**4*c**3*d**2*x + 60*log(c + d*x)*a*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 48*log(c
+ d*x)*a*b**4*c*d**4*x**3 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a*b**4*d**5*x**4 + 12*log(c +
d*x)*b**5*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 24*log(c + d*x)*b**5*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 12*log(c
+ d*x)*b**5*c*d**4*x**4 - a**5*d**5 + 7*a**4*b*c*d**4 + 4*a**4*b*d**5*x +
2*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3 + 16*a**3*b**2*c*d**4*x + 12*a**3*b**2*d**5*x**2 - 2
*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**2 - 7*a*b**4*c**4*d - 16*a*b**4*c**3*d**2*x - 6*a*b**4*
d**5*x**4 + b**5*c**5 - 4*b**5*c**4*d*x - 12*b**5*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 6*b**5*
c*d**4*x**4)/(2*(a**8*c**2*d**6 + 2*a**8*c*d**7*x + a**8*d**8*x**2 - 4*a**
7*b*c**3*d**5 - 6*a**7*b*c**2*d**6*x + 2*a**7*b*d**8*x**3 + 5*a**6*b**2...
```

3.69 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{b^2}{3(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{3b^2d}{2(bc-ad)^4(a+bx)^2} - \frac{6b^2d^2}{(bc-ad)^5(a+bx)} - \frac{d^3}{2(bc-ad)^4(c+dx)^2} - \frac{4bd^3}{(bc-ad)^5(c+dx)} - \frac{10b^2d^3 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^6} + \frac{10b^2d^3 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^6}$$

```
output -1/3*b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(b*x+a)^3+3/2*b^2*d/(-a*d+b*c)^4/(b*x+a)^2-6*b^2*d^2/(-a*d+b*c)^5/(b*x+a)-1/2*d^3/(-a*d+b*c)^4/(d*x+c)^2-4*b*d^3/(-a*d+b*c)^5/(d*x+c)-10*b^2*d^3*ln(b*x+a)/(-a*d+b*c)^6+10*b^2*d^3*ln(d*x+c)/(-a*d+b*c)^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{2b^2(bc-ad)^3}{(a+bx)^3} - \frac{9b^2d(bc-ad)^2}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{36b^2d^2(bc-ad)}{a+bx} + \frac{3d^3(bc-ad)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{24bd^3(bc-ad)}{c+dx} + 60b^2d^3 \log(a+bx) - 60b^2d^3 \log(c+dx)}{6(bc-ad)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

```
-1/6*((2*b^2*(b*c - a*d)^3)/(a + b*x)^3 - (9*b^2*d*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(a + b*x)^2 + (36*b^2*d^2*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x) + (3*d^3*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + (24*b*d^3*(b*c - a*d))/(c + d*x) + 60*b^2*d^3*Log[a + b*x] - 60*b^2*d^3*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^6
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(x(ad+bc)+ac+bdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{10b^3d^3}{(a+bx)(bc-ad)^6} + \frac{6b^3d^2}{(a+bx)^2(bc-ad)^5} - \frac{3b^3d}{(a+bx)^3(bc-ad)^4} + \frac{b^3}{(a+bx)^4(bc-ad)^3} + \frac{10b^2d^4}{(c+dx)(bc-ad)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{10b^2d^3 \log(a+bx)}{(bc-ad)^6} + \frac{10b^2d^3 \log(c+dx)}{(bc-ad)^6} - \frac{6b^2d^2}{(a+bx)(bc-ad)^5} + \frac{3b^2d}{2(a+bx)^2(bc-ad)^4} - \frac{10b^2d^4}{3(a+bx)^3(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{10b^2d^4}{(c+dx)(bc-ad)^3}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x)*(a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x + b*d*x^2)^3),x]`

output
$$-1/3*b^2/((b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)^3) + (3*b^2*d)/(2*(b*c - a*d)^4*(a + b*x)^2) - (6*b^2*d^2)/((b*c - a*d)^5*(a + b*x)) - d^3/(2*(b*c - a*d)^4*(c + d*x)^2) - (4*b*d^3)/((b*c - a*d)^5*(c + d*x)) - (10*b^2*d^3*Log[a + b*x])/(b*c - a*d)^6 + (10*b^2*d^3*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c - a*d)^6$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2}{3(ad-bc)^3(bx+a)^3} - \frac{10b^2d^3 \ln(bx+a)}{(ad-bc)^6} + \frac{6b^2d^2}{(ad-bc)^5(bx+a)} + \frac{3b^2d}{2(ad-bc)^4(bx+a)^2} - \frac{d^3}{2(ad-bc)^4(dx+c)^2} + \frac{10b^2d^3 \ln(c+dx)}{(ad-bc)^6}$
risch	$\frac{10b^4d^4x^4}{a^5d^5-5a^4bcd^4+10a^3b^2c^2d^3-10a^2b^3c^3d^2+5ab^4c^4d-b^5c^5} + \frac{5b^3d^3(5ad+3bc)x^3}{a^5d^5-5a^4bcd^4+10a^3b^2c^2d^3-10a^2b^3c^3d^2+5ab^4c^4d-b^5c^5} + \frac{3}{3(a^5d^5-5a^4bcd^4+10a^3b^2c^2d^3-10a^2b^3c^3d^2+5ab^4c^4d-b^5c^5)}$
norman	$\frac{10b^4d^4x^4}{a^5d^5-5a^4bcd^4+10a^3b^2c^2d^3-10a^2b^3c^3d^2+5ab^4c^4d-b^5c^5} + \frac{(25ab^5d^6+15b^6cd^5)x^3}{d^2b^2(a^5d^5-5a^4bcd^4+10a^3b^2c^2d^3-10a^2b^3c^3d^2+5ab^4c^4d-b^5c^5)} + \frac{3}{6d^2b^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{60x^4ab^7d^7+60x^4b^8cd^6-150x^3a^2b^6d^7+90x^3b^8c^2d^5-110x^2a^3b^5d^7+20x^2b^8c^3d^4-15x^4a^4b^4d^7+60 \ln(bx+a)x^5b^8d^7-60 \ln(c+dx)x^5b^8d^7}{(ad-bc)^6}$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/3*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/(b*x+a)^3-10*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^6*d^3*ln(b*x+a)+6*b^2/(a*d-
b*c)^5*d^2/(b*x+a)+3/2*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^4*d/(b*x+a)^2-1/2*d^3/(a*d-b*c)^4/(d*
x+c)^2+10*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^6*d^3*ln(d*x+c)+4*d^3/(a*d-b*c)^5*b/(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1151 vs. $2(164) = 328$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1151, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(2*b^5*c^5 - 15*a*b^4*c^4*d + 60*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 20*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3
- 30*a^4*b*c*d^4 + 3*a^5*d^5 + 60*(b^5*c*d^4 - a*b^4*d^5)*x^4 + 30*(3*b^5
*c^2*d^3 + 2*a*b^4*c*d^4 - 5*a^2*b^3*d^5)*x^3 + 10*(2*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 21*a*b
^4*c^2*d^3 - 12*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 - 11*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^2 - 5*(b^5*c^4*d - 12*a*
b^4*c^3*d^2 - 24*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 32*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 + 3*a^4*b*d^5)*x + 60*
(b^5*d^5*x^5 + a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + (2*b^5*c*d^4 + 3*a*b^4*d^5)*x^4 + (b^5*c^
2*d^3 + 6*a*b^4*c*d^4 + 3*a^2*b^3*d^5)*x^3 + (3*a*b^4*c^2*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^3*
c*d^4 + a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^2 + (3*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^3*b^2*c*d^4)*x)*log(b*
x + a) - 60*(b^5*d^5*x^5 + a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + (2*b^5*c*d^4 + 3*a*b^4*d^5)*x
^4 + (b^5*c^2*d^3 + 6*a*b^4*c*d^4 + 3*a^2*b^3*d^5)*x^3 + (3*a*b^4*c^2*d^3
+ 6*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 + a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^2 + (3*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^3*b^2*c*d^
4)*x)*log(d*x + c))/(a^3*b^6*c^8 - 6*a^4*b^5*c^7*d + 15*a^5*b^4*c^6*d^2 -
20*a^6*b^3*c^5*d^3 + 15*a^7*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 6*a^8*b*c^3*d^5 + a^9*c^2*d^6 +
(b^9*c^6*d^2 - 6*a*b^8*c^5*d^3 + 15*a^2*b^7*c^4*d^4 - 20*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^5 +
15*a^4*b^5*c^2*d^6 - 6*a^5*b^4*c*d^7 + a^6*b^3*d^8)*x^5 + (2*b^9*c^7*d -
9*a*b^8*c^6*d^2 + 12*a^2*b^7*c^5*d^3 + 5*a^3*b^6*c^4*d^4 - 30*a^4*b^5*c^3*
d^5 + 33*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^6 - 16*a^6*b^3*c*d^7 + 3*a^7*b^2*d^8)*x^4 + (b^9*c^
8 - 18*a^2*b^7*c^6*d^2 + 52*a^3*b^6*c^5*d^3 - 60*a^4*b^5*c^4*d^4 + 24*a^5*
b^4*c^3*d^5 + 10*a^6*b^3*c^2*d^6 - 12*a^7*b^2*c*d^7 + 3*a^8*b*d^8)*x^3 + (
3*a*b^8*c^8 - 12*a^2*b^7*c^7*d + 10*a^3*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 24*a^4*b^5*c^5*d^...
```


Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1217 vs. $2(153) = 306$.

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1217, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
10*b**2*d**3*log(x + (-10*a**7*b**2*d**10/(a*d - b*c)**6 + 70*a**6*b**3*c*
d**9/(a*d - b*c)**6 - 210*a**5*b**4*c**2*d**8/(a*d - b*c)**6 + 350*a**4*b*
*5*c**3*d**7/(a*d - b*c)**6 - 350*a**3*b**6*c**4*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**6 + 210
*a**2*b**7*c**5*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**6 - 70*a*b**8*c**6*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**6 +
10*a*b**2*d**4 + 10*b**9*c**7*d**3/(a*d - b*c)**6 + 10*b**3*c*d**3)/(20*b
**3*d**4))/(a*d - b*c)**6 - 10*b**2*d**3*log(x + (10*a**7*b**2*d**10/(a*d
- b*c)**6 - 70*a**6*b**3*c*d**9/(a*d - b*c)**6 + 210*a**5*b**4*c**2*d**8/(
a*d - b*c)**6 - 350*a**4*b**5*c**3*d**7/(a*d - b*c)**6 + 350*a**3*b**6*c**
4*d**6/(a*d - b*c)**6 - 210*a**2*b**7*c**5*d**5/(a*d - b*c)**6 + 70*a*b**8
*c**6*d**4/(a*d - b*c)**6 + 10*a*b**2*d**4 - 10*b**9*c**7*d**3/(a*d - b*c)
**6 + 10*b**3*c*d**3)/(20*b**3*d**4))/(a*d - b*c)**6 + (-3*a**4*d**4 + 27*
a**3*b*c*d**3 + 47*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 13*a*b**3*c**3*d + 2*b**4*c**4 +
60*b**4*d**4*x**4 + x**3*(150*a*b**3*d**4 + 90*b**4*c*d**3) + x**2*(110*a*
*2*b**2*d**4 + 230*a*b**3*c*d**3 + 20*b**4*c**2*d**2) + x*(15*a**3*b*d**4
+ 175*a**2*b**2*c*d**3 + 55*a*b**3*c**2*d**2 - 5*b**4*c**3*d))/(6*a**8*c**
2*d**5 - 30*a**7*b*c**3*d**4 + 60*a**6*b**2*c**4*d**3 - 60*a**5*b**3*c**5*
d**2 + 30*a**4*b**4*c**6*d - 6*a**3*b**5*c**7 + x**5*(6*a**5*b**3*d**7 - 3
0*a**4*b**4*c*d**6 + 60*a**3*b**5*c**2*d**5 - 60*a**2*b**6*c**3*d**4 + 30*
a*b**7*c**4*d**3 - 6*b**8*c**5*d**2) + x**4*(18*a**6*b**2*d**7 - 78*a**5*b
**3*c*d**6 + 120*a**4*b**4*c**2*d**5 - 60*a**3*b**5*c**3*d**4 - 30*a**2...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 889 vs. $2(164) = 328$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 889, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(ac+(bc+ad)x+bdx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-10*b^2*d^3*log(b*x + a)/(b^6*c^6 - 6*a*b^5*c^5*d + 15*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 20*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 15*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 6*a^5*b*c*d^5 + a^6*d^6) + 10*b^2*d^3*log(d*x + c)/(b^6*c^6 - 6*a*b^5*c^5*d + 15*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 20*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 15*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 6*a^5*b*c*d^5 + a^6*d^6) - 1/6*(60*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 2*b^4*c^4 - 13*a*b^3*c^3*d + 47*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 27*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 3*a^4*d^4 + 30*(3*b^4*c*d^3 + 5*a*b^3*d^4)*x^3 + 10*(2*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 23*a*b^3*c*d^3 + 11*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 - 5*(b^4*c^3*d - 11*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 35*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 3*a^3*b*d^4)*x)/(a^3*b^5*c^7 - 5*a^4*b^4*c^6*d + 10*a^5*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 10*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 5*a^7*b*c^3*d^4 - a^8*c^2*d^5 + (b^8*c^5*d^2 - 5*a*b^7*c^4*d^3 + 10*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^5*c^2*d^5 + 5*a^4*b^4*c*d^6 - a^5*b^3*d^7)*x^5 + (2*b^8*c^6*d - 7*a*b^7*c^5*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^6*c^4*d^3 + 10*a^3*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 20*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^5 + 13*a^5*b^3*c*d^6 - 3*a^6*b^2*d^7)*x^4 + (b^8*c^7 + a*b^7*c^6*d - 17*a^2*b^6*c^5*d^2 + 35*a^3*b^5*c^4*d^3 - 25*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^4 - a^5*b^3*c^2*d^5 + 9*a^6*b^2*c*d^6 - 3*a^7*b*d^7)*x^3 + (3*a*b^7*c^7 - 9*a^2*b^6*c^6*d + a^3*b^5*c^5*d^2 + 25*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^3 - 35*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 17*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^5 - a^7*b*c*d^6 - a^8*d^7)*x^2 + (3*a^2*b^6*c^7 - 13*a^3*b^5*c^6*d + 20*a^4*b^4*c^5*d^2 - 10*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^3 - 5*a^6*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 7*a^7*b*c^2*d^5 - 2*a^8*c*d^6)*x)
```


input `int(1/((a + b*x)*(a*c + x*(a*d + b*c) + b*d*x^2)^3),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*b^4*c^4 - 3*a^4*d^4 + 47*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 13*a*b^3*c^3*d + 27*a^3*b*c*d^3)/(6*(a^5*d^5 - b^5*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d - 5*a^4*b*c*d^4)) + (5*d*x*(3*a^3*b*d^3 - b^4*c^3 + 35*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + 11*a*b^3*c^2*d))/(6*(a^5*d^5 - b^5*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d - 5*a^4*b*c*d^4)) + (10*b^4*d^4*x^4)/(a^5*d^5 - b^5*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d - 5*a^4*b*c*d^4) + (5*d^2*x^2*(2*b^4*c^2 + 11*a^2*b^2*d^2 + 23*a*b^3*c*d))/(3*(a^5*d^5 - b^5*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d - 5*a^4*b*c*d^4)) + (5*b*d^2*x^3*(5*a*b^2*d^2 + 3*b^3*c*d))/(a^5*d^5 - b^5*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d - 5*a^4*b*c*d^4))/(x^2*(a^3*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + 6*a^2*b*c*d) + x^3*(b^3*c^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^2 + 6*a*b^2*c*d) + x*(3*a^2*b*c^2 + 2*a^3*c*d) + x^4*(3*a*b^2*d^2 + 2*b^3*c*d) + a^3*c^2 + b^3*d^2*x^5) - (20*b^2*d^3*atanh((a^6*d^6 - b^6*c^6 - 5*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*b^5*c^5*d - 4*a^5*b*c*d^5))/(a*d - b*c)^6 + (2*b*d*x*(a^5*d^5 - b^5*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d - 5*a^4*b*c*d^4))/(a*d - b*c)^6))/(a*d - b*c)^6 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1840, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(ac + (bc + ad)x + bdx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(a*c+(a*d+b*c)*x+b*d*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 180*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**4 - 360*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*c*d*
**5*x - 180*log(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*d**6*x**2 - 120*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*c
**3*d**3 - 780*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**4*x - 1200*log(a + b*x)*a**3
*b**3*c*d**5*x**2 - 540*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*d**6*x**3 - 360*log(a + b*x
)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**3*x - 1260*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 144
0*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*c*d**5*x**3 - 540*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*d**6*x**
4 - 360*log(a + b*x)*a*b**5*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 900*log(a + b*x)*a*b**5*c**2*
d**4*x**3 - 720*log(a + b*x)*a*b**5*c*d**5*x**4 - 180*log(a + b*x)*a*b**5*
d**6*x**5 - 120*log(a + b*x)*b**6*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 240*log(a + b*x)*b**6*c
**2*d**4*x**4 - 120*log(a + b*x)*b**6*c*d**5*x**5 + 180*log(c + d*x)*a**4*
b**2*c**2*d**4 + 360*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b**2*c*d**5*x + 180*log(c + d*x)*a*
**4*b**2*d**6*x**2 + 120*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**3 + 780*log(c + d*x
)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**4*x + 1200*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*c*d**5*x**2 + 540*lo
g(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*d**6*x**3 + 360*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**3*x +
1260*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 1440*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c
*d**5*x**3 + 540*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*d**6*x**4 + 360*log(c + d*x)*a*b**
5*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 900*log(c + d*x)*a*b**5*c**2*d**4*x**3 + 720*log(c + d*
x)*a*b**5*c*d**5*x**4 + 180*log(c + d*x)*a*b**5*d**6*x**5 + 120*log(c + d*
x)*b**6*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 240*log(c + d*x)*b**6*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 120*log(c
+ d*x)*b**6*c*d**5*x**5 - 9*a**6*d**6 + 84*a**5*b*c*d**5 + 45*a**5*b*d*...
```

3.70 $\int (d+ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$

Optimal result	605
Mathematica [B] (verified)	605
Rubi [A] (verified)	606
Maple [B] (verified)	607
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	608
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	610

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int (d+ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (d+ex)^6 + \frac{cd(d+ex)^7}{7e^2}$$

output

$$1/6*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(e*x+d)^6+1/7*c*d*(e*x+d)^7/e^2$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{42} x (7ae(6d^5 + 15d^4ex + 20d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^2e^3x^3 + 6de^4x^4 + e^5x^5) \\ & \quad + cdx(21d^5 + 70d^4ex + 105d^3e^2x^2 + 84d^2e^3x^3 + 35de^4x^4 + 6e^5x^5)) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(d + e*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]$$

output

```
(x*(7*a*e*(6*d^5 + 15*d^4*e*x + 20*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*d*e^4*x^4 + e^5*x^5) + c*d*x*(21*d^5 + 70*d^4*e*x + 105*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 84*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 35*d*e^4*x^4 + 6*e^5*x^5)))/42
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 - cd^2)}{e} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^6}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(d + ex)^6 \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{cd(d + ex)^7}{7e^2}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/6 + (c*d*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

method	result
norman	$\frac{cd e^5 x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{6}e^6 a + \frac{5}{6}c d^2 e^4\right) x^6 + (a e^5 d + 2c d^3 e^3) x^5 + \left(\frac{5}{2}a e^4 d^2 + \frac{5}{2}c d^4 e^2\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{10}{3}a e^3 d^3 + \frac{10}{3}c d^5 e\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{5}{2}a e^2 d^4 + \frac{5}{2}c d^6\right) x^2 + \frac{5}{6}a e d^5 + \frac{5}{6}c d^7$
gospers	$\frac{x(6cd e^5 x^6 + 7x^5 e^6 a + 35x^5 c d^2 e^4 + 42ad e^5 x^4 + 84c d^3 e^3 x^4 + 105x^3 a e^4 d^2 + 105x^3 c d^4 e^2 + 140x^2 a e^3 d^3 + 70x^2 c d^5 e + 105x a e^2 d^4 + 5a e d^5 + 5c d^7)}{42}$
risch	$\frac{1}{7}cd e^5 x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6 e^6 a + \frac{5}{6}x^6 c d^2 e^4 + ad e^5 x^5 + 2c d^3 e^3 x^5 + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a e^4 d^2 + \frac{5}{2}x^4 c d^4 e^2 + \frac{10}{3}x^3 a e^3 d^3 + \frac{10}{3}x^3 c d^5 e + \frac{5}{6}a e d^5 + \frac{5}{6}c d^7$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{7}cd e^5 x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6 e^6 a + \frac{5}{6}x^6 c d^2 e^4 + ad e^5 x^5 + 2c d^3 e^3 x^5 + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a e^4 d^2 + \frac{5}{2}x^4 c d^4 e^2 + \frac{10}{3}x^3 a e^3 d^3 + \frac{10}{3}x^3 c d^5 e + \frac{5}{6}a e d^5 + \frac{5}{6}c d^7$
orering	$\frac{x(6cd e^5 x^6 + 7x^5 e^6 a + 35x^5 c d^2 e^4 + 42ad e^5 x^4 + 84c d^3 e^3 x^4 + 105x^3 a e^4 d^2 + 105x^3 c d^4 e^2 + 140x^2 a e^3 d^3 + 70x^2 c d^5 e + 105x a e^2 d^4 + 5a e d^5 + 5c d^7)}{42(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}$
default	$\frac{cd e^5 x^7}{7} + \frac{(4c d^2 e^4 + e^4 (a e^2 + c d^2)) x^6}{6} + \frac{(6c d^3 e^3 + 4d e^3 (a e^2 + c d^2) + a e^5 d) x^5}{5} + \frac{(4c d^4 e^2 + 6d^2 e^2 (a e^2 + c d^2) + 4a e^4 d^2 + 5a e d^5 + 5c d^7)}{4}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/7*c*d*e^5*x^7+(1/6*e^6*a+5/6*c*d^2*e^4)*x^6+(a*d*e^5+2*c*d^3*e^3)*x^5+(5
/2*a*e^4*d^2+5/2*c*d^4*e^2)*x^4+(10/3*a*e^3*d^3+5/3*c*d^5*e)*x^3+(5/2*a*e^
2*d^4+1/2*c*d^6)*x^2+a*e*d^5*x
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{7} cde^5 x^7 + ad^5 ex + \frac{1}{6} (5cd^2 e^4 + ae^6) x^6 + (2cd^3 e^3 + ade^5) x^5 \\ & \quad + \frac{5}{2} (cd^4 e^2 + ad^2 e^4) x^4 + \frac{5}{3} (cd^5 e + 2ad^3 e^3) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (cd^6 + 5ad^4 e^2) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/7*c*d*e^5*x^7 + a*d^5*e*x + 1/6*(5*c*d^2*e^4 + a*e^6)*x^6 + (2*c*d^3*e^3 + a*d*e^5)*x^5 + 5/2*(c*d^4*e^2 + a*d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 5/3*(c*d^5*e + 2*a*d^3*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(c*d^6 + 5*a*d^4*e^2)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= ad^5 ex + \frac{cde^5 x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{ae^6}{6} + \frac{5cd^2 e^4}{6} \right) + x^5 (ade^5 + 2cd^3 e^3) + x^4 \\ & \quad \cdot \left(\frac{5ad^2 e^4}{2} + \frac{5cd^4 e^2}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10ad^3 e^3}{3} + \frac{5cd^5 e}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5ad^4 e^2}{2} + \frac{cd^6}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**4*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)
```

output

```
a*d**5*e*x + c*d*e**5*x**7/7 + x**6*(a*e**6/6 + 5*c*d**2*e**4/6) + x**5*(a*d*e**5 + 2*c*d**3*e**3) + x**4*(5*a*d**2*e**4/2 + 5*c*d**4*e**2/2) + x**3*(10*a*d**3*e**3/3 + 5*c*d**5*e/3) + x**2*(5*a*d**4*e**2/2 + c*d**6/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{7} cde^5 x^7 + ad^5 ex + \frac{1}{6} (5cd^2 e^4 + ae^6) x^6 + (2cd^3 e^3 + ade^5) x^5 \\ & \quad + \frac{5}{2} (cd^4 e^2 + ad^2 e^4) x^4 + \frac{5}{3} (cd^5 e + 2ad^3 e^3) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (cd^6 + 5ad^4 e^2) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/7*c*d*e^5*x^7 + a*d^5*e*x + 1/6*(5*c*d^2*e^4 + a*e^6)*x^6 + (2*c*d^3*e^3 + a*d*e^5)*x^5 + 5/2*(c*d^4*e^2 + a*d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 5/3*(c*d^5*e + 2*a*d^3*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(c*d^6 + 5*a*d^4*e^2)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{7} cde^5 x^7 + \frac{5}{6} cd^2 e^4 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} ae^6 x^6 + 2cd^3 e^3 x^5 + ade^5 x^5 + \frac{5}{2} cd^4 e^2 x^4 \\ & \quad + \frac{5}{2} ad^2 e^4 x^4 + \frac{5}{3} cd^5 ex^3 + \frac{10}{3} ad^3 e^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} cd^6 x^2 + \frac{5}{2} ad^4 e^2 x^2 + ad^5 ex \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*c*d*e^5*x^7 + 5/6*c*d^2*e^4*x^6 + 1/6*a*e^6*x^6 + 2*c*d^3*e^3*x^5 + a*d*e^5*x^5 + 5/2*c*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 5/2*a*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 5/3*c*d^5*e*x^3 + 10/3*a*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 1/2*c*d^6*x^2 + 5/2*a*d^4*e^2*x^2 + a*d^5*e*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= x^4 \left(\frac{5cd^4e^2}{2} + \frac{5ad^2e^4}{2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{cd^6}{2} + \frac{5ad^4e^2}{2} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{5cd^2e^4}{6} + \frac{ae^6}{6} \right)$$

$$+ x^5 (2cd^3e^3 + ade^5) + x^3 \left(\frac{5cd^5e}{3} + \frac{10ad^3e^3}{3} \right) + ad^5ex + \frac{cde^5x^7}{7}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `x^4*((5*a*d^2*e^4)/2 + (5*c*d^4*e^2)/2) + x^2*((c*d^6)/2 + (5*a*d^4*e^2)/2) + x^6*((a*e^6)/6 + (5*c*d^2*e^4)/6) + x^5*(2*c*d^3*e^3 + a*d*e^5) + x^3*((10*a*d^3*e^3)/3 + (5*c*d^5*e)/3) + a*d^5*e*x + (c*d*e^5*x^7)/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(6cde^5x^6 + 7ae^6x^5 + 35cd^2e^4x^5 + 42ade^5x^4 + 84cd^3e^3x^4 + 105ad^2e^4x^3 + 105cd^4e^2x^3 + 140ad^3e^3x^2)}{42}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(x*(42*a*d**5*e + 105*a*d**4*e**2*x + 140*a*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 105*a*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 42*a*d*e**5*x**4 + 7*a*e**6*x**5 + 21*c*d**6*x + 70*c*d**5*e*x**2 + 105*c*d**4*e**2*x**3 + 84*c*d**3*e**3*x**4 + 35*c*d**2*e**4*x**5 + 6*c*d*e**5*x**6))/42`

3.71 $\int (d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (d+ex)^5 + \frac{cd(d+ex)^6}{6e^2}$$

output

$$1/5*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(e*x+d)^5+1/6*c*d*(e*x+d)^6/e^2$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{30} x (6ae(5d^4 + 10d^3ex + 10d^2e^2x^2 + 5de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) \\ & \quad + cdx(15d^4 + 40d^3ex + 45d^2e^2x^2 + 24de^3x^3 + 5e^4x^4)) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]$$

output

```
(x*(6*a*e*(5*d^4 + 10*d^3*e*x + 10*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 5*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) +
c*d*x*(15*d^4 + 40*d^3*e*x + 45*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 24*d*e^3*x^3 + 5*e^4*x^4)))/
30
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 - cd^2)}{e} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^5}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5}(d + ex)^5 \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{cd(d + ex)^6}{6e^2}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/5 + (c*d*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

method	result
norman	$\frac{cd e^4 x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{5} a e^5 + \frac{4}{5} c d^2 e^3\right) x^5 + \left(ad e^4 + \frac{3}{2} d^3 e^2 c\right) x^4 + \left(2a e^3 d^2 + \frac{4}{3} c d^4 e\right) x^3 + \left(2a e^2 d^3 + \frac{1}{2} c d^5\right) x^2 + \left(a e d^4 + \frac{1}{3} c d^3 e^2\right) x + \frac{a^2 d^2 e^2}{2}$
gospers	$\frac{x(5cd e^4 x^5 + 6x^4 a e^5 + 24x^4 c d^2 e^3 + 30x^3 ad e^4 + 45x^3 d^3 e^2 c + 60x^2 a e^3 d^2 + 40x^2 c d^4 e + 60x a e^2 d^3 + 15x c d^5 + 30a e d^4)}{30}$
risch	$\frac{1}{6} cd e^4 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a e^5 + \frac{4}{5} x^5 c d^2 e^3 + x^4 ad e^4 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 d^3 e^2 c + 2x^3 a e^3 d^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^3 c d^4 e + 2x^2 a e^2 d^3 + \frac{1}{2} x a e d^4 + \frac{1}{3} c d^3 e^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6} cd e^4 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a e^5 + \frac{4}{5} x^5 c d^2 e^3 + x^4 ad e^4 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 d^3 e^2 c + 2x^3 a e^3 d^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^3 c d^4 e + 2x^2 a e^2 d^3 + \frac{1}{2} x a e d^4 + \frac{1}{3} c d^3 e^2$
orering	$\frac{x(5cd e^4 x^5 + 6x^4 a e^5 + 24x^4 c d^2 e^3 + 30x^3 ad e^4 + 45x^3 d^3 e^2 c + 60x^2 a e^3 d^2 + 40x^2 c d^4 e + 60x a e^2 d^3 + 15x c d^5 + 30a e d^4)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + d^3)}{30(cd x + ae)(ex + d)}$
default	$\frac{cd e^4 x^6}{6} + \frac{(3c d^2 e^3 + e^3(a e^2 + c d^2))x^5}{5} + \frac{(3d^3 e^2 c + 3d e^2(a e^2 + c d^2) + ad e^4)x^4}{4} + \frac{(c d^4 e + 3d^2 e(a e^2 + c d^2) + 3a e^3 d^2)x^3}{3}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*c*d*e^4*x^6+(1/5*a*e^5+4/5*c*d^2*e^3)*x^5+(a*d*e^4+3/2*d^3*e^2*c)*x^4+
(2*a*e^3*d^2+4/3*c*d^4*e)*x^3+(2*a*e^2*d^3+1/2*c*d^5)*x^2+a*e*d^4*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{6} cde^4 x^6 + ad^4 ex + \frac{1}{5} (4cd^2 e^3 + ae^5) x^5 + \frac{1}{2} (3cd^3 e^2 + 2ade^4) x^4 \\ & \quad + \frac{2}{3} (2cd^4 e + 3ad^2 e^3) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (cd^5 + 4ad^3 e^2) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*c*d*e^4*x^6 + a*d^4*e*x + 1/5*(4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*x^5 + 1/2*(3*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*d*e^4)*x^4 + 2/3*(2*c*d^4*e + 3*a*d^2*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(c*d^5 + 4*a*d^3*e^2)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= ad^4 ex + \frac{cde^4 x^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{ae^5}{5} + \frac{4cd^2 e^3}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(ade^4 + \frac{3cd^3 e^2}{2} \right) \\ & \quad + x^3 \cdot \left(2ad^2 e^3 + \frac{4cd^4 e}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(2ad^3 e^2 + \frac{cd^5}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `a*d**4*e*x + c*d*e**4*x**6/6 + x**5*(a*e**5/5 + 4*c*d**2*e**3/5) + x**4*(a*d*e**4 + 3*c*d**3*e**2/2) + x**3*(2*a*d**2*e**3 + 4*c*d**4*e/3) + x**2*(2*a*d**3*e**2 + c*d**5/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{6} cde^4 x^6 + ad^4 ex + \frac{1}{5} (4cd^2 e^3 + ae^5) x^5 + \frac{1}{2} (3cd^3 e^2 + 2ade^4) x^4 \\ & \quad + \frac{2}{3} (2cd^4 e + 3ad^2 e^3) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (cd^5 + 4ad^3 e^2) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*c*d*e^4*x^6 + a*d^4*e*x + 1/5*(4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*x^5 + 1/2*(3*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*d*e^4)*x^4 + 2/3*(2*c*d^4*e + 3*a*d^2*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(c*d^5 + 4*a*d^3*e^2)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{6} cde^4 x^6 + \frac{4}{5} cd^2 e^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} ae^5 x^5 + \frac{3}{2} cd^3 e^2 x^4 + ade^4 x^4 \\ & \quad + \frac{4}{3} cd^4 ex^3 + 2ad^2 e^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} cd^5 x^2 + 2ad^3 e^2 x^2 + ad^4 ex \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*c*d*e^4*x^6 + 4/5*c*d^2*e^3*x^5 + 1/5*a*e^5*x^5 + 3/2*c*d^3*e^2*x^4 + a*d*e^4*x^4 + 4/3*c*d^4*e*x^3 + 2*a*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 1/2*c*d^5*x^2 + 2*a*d^3*e^2*x^2 + a*d^4*e*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{cd^5}{2} + 2ad^3e^2 \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{4cd^2e^3}{5} + \frac{ae^5}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{3cd^3e^2}{2} + ade^4 \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(\frac{4cd^4e}{3} + 2ad^2e^3 \right) + ad^4ex + \frac{cde^4x^6}{6}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `x^2*((c*d^5)/2 + 2*a*d^3*e^2) + x^5*((a*e^5)/5 + (4*c*d^2*e^3)/5) + x^4*((3*c*d^3*e^2)/2 + a*d*e^4) + x^3*(2*a*d^2*e^3 + (4*c*d^4*e)/3) + a*d^4*e*x + (c*d*e^4*x^6)/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(5cd^4e^4x^5 + 6ae^5x^4 + 24cd^2e^3x^4 + 30ade^4x^3 + 45cd^3e^2x^3 + 60ad^2e^3x^2 + 40cd^4ex^2 + 60ad^3e^2x + 15cd^4e^4x^6 + 6ad^4e^4x^5 + 24cd^2e^3x^4 + 30ade^4x^3 + 45cd^3e^2x^3 + 60ad^2e^3x^2 + 40cd^4ex^2 + 60ad^3e^2x + 15cd^4e^4x^6)}{30}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(x*(30*a*d**4*e + 60*a*d**3*e**2*x + 60*a*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 30*a*d*e**4*x**3 + 6*a*e**5*x**4 + 15*c*d**5*x + 40*c*d**4*e*x**2 + 45*c*d**3*e**2*x**3 + 24*c*d**2*e**3*x**4 + 5*c*d*e**4*x**5))/30`

3.72 $\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$

Optimal result	617
Mathematica [A] (verified)	617
Rubi [A] (verified)	618
Maple [B] (verified)	619
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	619
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	620
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	620
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	621
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	621
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	622

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (d+ex)^4 + \frac{cd(d+ex)^5}{5e^2}$$

output

$$1/4*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(e*x+d)^4+1/5*c*d*(e*x+d)^5/e^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{20} x (5ae(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + cdx(10d^3 + 20d^2ex + 15de^2x^2 + 4e^3x^3)) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]$$

output

$$(x*(5*a*e*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + c*d*x*(10*d^3 + 20*d^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3)))/20$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - cd^2)}{e} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^4}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(d + ex)^4 \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{cd(d + ex)^5}{5e^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `((a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*(d + e*x)^4)/4 + (c*d*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
norman	$\frac{cde^3x^5}{5} + \left(\frac{1}{4}e^4a + \frac{3}{4}d^2e^2c\right)x^4 + (ade^3 + cd^3e)x^3 + \left(\frac{3}{2}ad^2e^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^4\right)x^2 + xd^3ea$
risch	$\frac{1}{5}cde^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4e^4a + \frac{3}{4}x^4d^2e^2c + x^3ade^3 + cd^3ex^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2ad^2e^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^2cd^4 + xd^3ea$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}cde^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4e^4a + \frac{3}{4}x^4d^2e^2c + x^3ade^3 + cd^3ex^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2ad^2e^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^2cd^4 + xd^3ea$
gospers	$\frac{x(4cde^3x^4 + 5x^3e^4a + 15x^3d^2e^2c + 20ade^3x^2 + 20cd^3ex^2 + 30xad^2e^2 + 10xcd^4 + 20d^3ea)}{20}$
default	$\frac{cde^3x^5}{5} + \frac{(2d^2e^2c + e^2(ae^2 + cd^2))x^4}{4} + \frac{(cd^3e + 2de(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade^3)x^3}{3} + \frac{(d^2(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ad^2e^2)x^2}{2} + xd^3ea$
orering	$\frac{x(4cde^3x^4 + 5x^3e^4a + 15x^3d^2e^2c + 20ade^3x^2 + 20cd^3ex^2 + 30xad^2e^2 + 10xcd^4 + 20d^3ea)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e)}{20(cd^2x + ae)(ex + d)}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*c*d*e^3*x^5+(1/4*e^4*a+3/4*d^2*e^2*c)*x^4+(a*d*e^3+c*d^3*e)*x^3+(3/2*a*d^2*e^2+1/2*c*d^4)*x^2+x*d^3*e*a`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}cde^3x^5 + ad^3ex + \frac{1}{4}(3cd^2e^2 + ae^4)x^4 + (cd^3e + ade^3)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(cd^4 + 3ad^2e^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*c*d*e^3*x^5 + a*d^3*e*x + 1/4*(3*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^4 + (c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(c*d^4 + 3*a*d^2*e^2)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= ad^3ex + \frac{cde^3x^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{ae^4}{4} + \frac{3cd^2e^2}{4} \right) + x^3 (ade^3 + cd^3e) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3ad^2e^2}{2} + \frac{cd^4}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `a*d**3*e*x + c*d*e**3*x**5/5 + x**4*(a*e**4/4 + 3*c*d**2*e**2/4) + x**3*(a*d*e**3 + c*d**3*e) + x**2*(3*a*d**2*e**2/2 + c*d**4/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} cde^3x^5 + ad^3ex + \frac{1}{4} (3cd^2e^2 + ae^4)x^4 + (cd^3e + ade^3)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (cd^4 + 3ad^2e^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*c*d*e^3*x^5 + a*d^3*e*x + 1/4*(3*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^4 + (c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(c*d^4 + 3*a*d^2*e^2)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} cde^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} cd^2 e^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} ae^4 x^4 + cd^3 ex^3 + ade^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} cd^4 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} ad^2 e^2 x^2 + ad^3 ex$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*c*d*e^3*x^5 + 3/4*c*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 1/4*a*e^4*x^4 + c*d^3*e*x^3 + a*d*e^3*x^3 + 1/2*c*d^4*x^2 + 3/2*a*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*d^3*e*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{cd^4}{2} + \frac{3ad^2e^2}{2} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{3cd^2e^2}{4} + \frac{ae^4}{4} \right) + x^3 (cd^3e + ade^3) + ad^3ex + \frac{cde^3x^5}{5}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `x^2*((c*d^4)/2 + (3*a*d^2*e^2)/2) + x^4*((a*e^4)/4 + (3*c*d^2*e^2)/4) + x^3*(a*d*e^3 + c*d^3*e) + a*d^3*e*x + (c*d*e^3*x^5)/5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(4cd e^3 x^4 + 5a e^4 x^3 + 15c d^2 e^2 x^3 + 20ad e^3 x^2 + 20c d^3 e x^2 + 30a d^2 e^2 x + 10c d^4 x + 20a d^3 e)}{20}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(x*(20*a*d**3*e + 30*a*d**2*e**2*x + 20*a*d*e**3*x**2 + 5*a*e**4*x**3 + 10*c*d**4*x + 20*c*d**3*e*x**2 + 15*c*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 4*c*d*e**3*x**4))/20`

3.73 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$

Optimal result	623
Mathematica [A] (verified)	623
Rubi [A] (verified)	624
Maple [A] (verified)	625
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	625
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	626
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	626
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	627
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	627
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	628

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{1}{3} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (d+ex)^3 + \frac{cd(d+ex)^4}{4e^2}$$

output

```
1/3*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(e*x+d)^3+1/4*c*d*(e*x+d)^4/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{12} x (4ae(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) + cdx(6d^2 + 8dex + 3e^2x^2)) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(4*a*e*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + c*d*x*(6*d^2 + 8*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/12
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 - cd^2)}{e} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^3}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(d + ex)^3 \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{cd(d + ex)^4}{4e^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `((a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*(d + e*x)^3)/3 + (c*d*(d + e*x)^4)/(4*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{cd^2x^4}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{3}ae^3 + \frac{2}{3}cd^2e\right)x^3 + \left(ade^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^3\right)x^2 + xad^2e$	54
gospers	$\frac{x(3cdx^3e^2+4ae^3x^2+8cd^2ex^2+12d^2eax+6d^3cx+12ad^2e)}{12}$	56
risch	$\frac{1}{4}cd^2e^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3ae^3 + \frac{2}{3}x^3cd^2e + ade^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3cx^2 + xad^2e$	56
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}cd^2e^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3ae^3 + \frac{2}{3}x^3cd^2e + ade^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3cx^2 + xad^2e$	56
default	$\frac{cd^2e^2x^4}{4} + \frac{(cd^2e+e(ae^2+cd^2))x^3}{3} + \frac{(d(ae^2+cd^2)+ade^2)x^2}{2} + xad^2e$	69
orering	$\frac{x(3cdx^3e^2+4ae^3x^2+8cd^2ex^2+12d^2eax+6d^3cx+12ad^2e)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{12(cd^2x+ae)(ex+d)}$	98

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*c*d*e^2*x^4+(1/3*a*e^3+2/3*c*d^2*e)*x^3+(a*d*e^2+1/2*c*d^3)*x^2+x*a*d^2*e`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}cde^2x^4 + ad^2ex + \frac{1}{3}(2cd^2e+ae^3)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(cd^3+2ade^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*c*d*e^2*x^4 + a*d^2*e*x + 1/3*(2*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= ad^2ex + \frac{cde^2x^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{ae^3}{3} + \frac{2cd^2e}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(ade^2 + \frac{cd^3}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`output `a*d**2*e*x + c*d*e**2*x**4/4 + x**3*(a*e**3/3 + 2*c*d**2*e/3) + x**2*(a*d*e**2 + c*d**3/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} cde^2x^4 + ad^2ex + \frac{1}{3} (2cd^2e + ae^3)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (cd^3 + 2ade^2)x^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*c*d*e^2*x^4 + a*d^2*e*x + 1/3*(2*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2)*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} cde^2 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} cd^2 ex^3 + \frac{1}{3} ae^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} cd^3 x^2 + ade^2 x^2 + ad^2 ex \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*c*d*e^2*x^4 + 2/3*c*d^2*e*x^3 + 1/3*a*e^3*x^3 + 1/2*c*d^3*x^2 + a*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d^2*e*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx \\ &= x^2 \left(\frac{cd^3}{2} + ade^2 \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{2cd^2e}{3} + \frac{ae^3}{3} \right) + ad^2ex + \frac{cde^2x^4}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `x^2*((c*d^3)/2 + a*d*e^2) + x^3*((a*e^3)/3 + (2*c*d^2*e)/3) + a*d^2*e*x + (c*d*e^2*x^4)/4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(3cd e^2 x^3 + 4a e^3 x^2 + 8c d^2 e x^2 + 12ad e^2 x + 6c d^3 x + 12a d^2 e)}{12}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(x*(12*a*d**2*e + 12*a*d*e**2*x + 4*a*e**3*x**2 + 6*c*d**3*x + 8*c*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*c*d*e**2*x**3))/12`

3.74 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$

Optimal result	629
Mathematica [A] (verified)	629
Rubi [A] (verified)	630
Maple [A] (verified)	631
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	631
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	632
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	632
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	632
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	633
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	633

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = adex + \frac{1}{2}(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}cdex^3$$

output `a*d*e*x+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2+1/3*c*d*e*x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = adex + \frac{1}{2}cd^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}ae^2x^2 + \frac{1}{3}cdex^3$$

input `Integrate[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2,x]`

output `a*d*e*x + (c*d^2*x^2)/2 + (a*e^2*x^2)/2 + (c*d*e*x^3)/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.040$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(ae^2 + cd^2) + adex + \frac{1}{3}cdex^3$$

input `Int[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2,x]`

output `a*d*e*x + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2)/2 + (c*d*e*x^3)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$adex + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)x^2}{2} + \frac{cdex^3}{3}$	31
gospers	$\frac{x(2cdx^2e+3ae^2x+3cd^2x+6ade)}{6}$	32
norman	$\frac{cdex^3}{3} + \left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right)x^2 + adex$	32
risch	$adex + \frac{1}{2}ae^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^2x^2 + \frac{1}{3}cdex^3$	33
paralelrisch	$adex + \frac{1}{2}ae^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^2x^2 + \frac{1}{3}cdex^3$	33
parts	$adex + \frac{1}{2}ae^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^2x^2 + \frac{1}{3}cdex^3$	33
orering	$\frac{x(2cdx^2e+3ae^2x+3cd^2x+6ade)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{6(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}$	74

input `int(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*d*e*x+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2+1/3*c*d*e*x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{1}{3}cdex^3 + adex + \frac{1}{2}(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2$$

input `integrate(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*c*d*e*x^3 + a*d*e*x + 1/2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = adex + \frac{cdex^3}{3} + x^2 \left(\frac{ae^2}{2} + \frac{cd^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2,x)`output `a*d*e*x + c*d*e*x**3/3 + x**2*(a*e**2/2 + c*d**2/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{1}{3} cdex^3 + adex + \frac{1}{2} (cd^2 + ae^2)x^2$$

input `integrate(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*c*d*e*x^3 + a*d*e*x + 1/2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{1}{3} cdex^3 + adex + \frac{1}{2} (cd^2 + ae^2)x^2$$

input `integrate(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*c*d*e*x^3 + a*d*e*x + 1/2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{cde x^3}{3} + \left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right) x^2 + ade x$$

input `int(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2,x)`output `x^2*((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2) + a*d*e*x + (c*d*e*x^3)/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{x(2cde x^2 + 3ae^2 x + 3cd^2 x + 6ade)}{6}$$

input `int(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2,x)`output `(x*(6*a*d*e + 3*a*e**2*x + 3*c*d**2*x + 2*c*d*e*x**2))/6`

$$3.75 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx$$

Optimal result	634
Mathematica [A] (verified)	634
Rubi [A] (verified)	635
Maple [A] (verified)	636
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	636
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	638
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	638

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(ae + cd)x^2}{2cd}$$

output `1/2*(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx = aex + \frac{1}{2}cdx^2$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `a*e*x + (c*d*x^2)/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int (ae + cd)x dx$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{(ae + cd)x^2}{2cd}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)^2/(2*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(cx+2ae)}{2}$	13
default	$\frac{1}{2}cdx^2 + aex$	13
norman	$\frac{1}{2}cdx^2 + aex$	13
risch	$\frac{1}{2}cdx^2 + aex$	13
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{2}cdx^2 + aex$	13
parts	$\frac{1}{2}cdx^2 + aex$	13
orering	$\frac{x(cx+2ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{2(cx+ae)(ex+d)}$	55

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x*(c*d*x+2*a*e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{2}cdx^2 + aex$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*c*d*x^2 + a*e*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx = aex + \frac{cdx^2}{2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d),x)`output `a*e*x + c*d*x**2/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{2}cdx^2 + aex$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*c*d*x^2 + a*e*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{2}cdx^2 + aex$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*c*d*x^2 + a*e*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cdx^2}{2} + aex$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x),x)`output `a*e*x + (c*d*x^2)/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{x(cdx + 2ae)}{2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d),x)`output `(x*(2*a*e + c*d*x))/2`

$$3.76 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	639
Rubi [A] (verified)	640
Maple [A] (verified)	641
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	641
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	642
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	642
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	642
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	643
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	643

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{cdx}{e} + \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \log(d+ex)$$

output `c*d*x/e+(a-c*d^2/e^2)*ln(e*x+d)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{cdx}{e} + \frac{(-cd^2 + ae^2) \log(d+ex)}{e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(c*d*x)/e + ((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x]/e^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{cd}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) \log(d + ex) + \frac{cdx}{e}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(c*d*x)/e + (a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*Log[d + e*x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
default	$\frac{cdx}{e} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{e^2}$	31
risch	$\frac{cdx}{e} + \ln(ex+d) a - \frac{\ln(ex+d)cd^2}{e^2}$	32
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(ex+d)ae^2 - \ln(ex+d)cd^2 + cdxe}{e^2}$	34
norman	$\frac{cdx^2 - \frac{d^3c}{e^2}}{ex+d} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{e^2}$	48

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c*d*x/e+(a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^2*ln(e*x+d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{cdex - (cd^2 - ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*d*e*x - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*log(e*x + d))/e^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{cdx}{e} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `c*d*x/e + (a*e**2 - c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{cdx}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c*d*x/e - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.58

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = cde \left(\frac{2d \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{ex+d}{e^3} - \frac{d^2}{(ex+d)e^3} \right) - \frac{ad}{ex+d} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e} - \frac{d}{(ex+d)e} \right)}{e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c*d*e*(2*d*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^3 + (e*x + d)/e^3 - d^2/((e*x + d)*e^3)) - a*d/(e*x + d) - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e - d/((e*x + d)*e))/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\ln(d + ex)(ae^2 - cd^2)}{e^2} + \frac{cdx}{e}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `(log(d + e*x)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/e^2 + (c*d*x)/e`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\log(ex + d)ae^2 - \log(ex + d)cd^2 + cdex}{e^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(log(d + e*x)*a*e**2 - log(d + e*x)*c*d**2 + c*d*e*x)/e**2`

$$3.77 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	644
Mathematica [A] (verified)	644
Rubi [A] (verified)	645
Maple [A] (verified)	646
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	646
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	647
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	647
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	647
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	648
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	648

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx = -\frac{a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}}{d+ex} + \frac{cd \log(d+ex)}{e^2}$$

output $-(a-c*d^2/e^2)/(e*x+d)+c*d*\ln(e*x+d)/e^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e^2(d+ex)} + \frac{cd \log(d+ex)}{e^2}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^3, x]$

output $(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e^2*(d + e*x)) + (c*d*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{cd}{e(d + ex)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{cd \log(d + ex)}{e^2} - \frac{a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}}{d + ex}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-((a - (c*d^2)/e^2)/(d + e*x)) + (c*d*Log[d + e*x])/e^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
default	$\frac{cd \ln(ex+d)}{e^2} - \frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e^2(ex+d)}$	38
risch	$\frac{cd \ln(ex+d)}{e^2} - \frac{a}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{e^2(ex+d)}$	39
parallelrisc	$\frac{\ln(ex+d)xcde + \ln(ex+d)cd^2 - ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(ex+d)}$	46
norman	$\frac{\frac{(ade^2 - cd^3)x^2}{d^2} + \frac{(ade^2 - cd^3)x}{de}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{cd \ln(ex+d)}{e^2}$	64

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c*d*ln(e*x+d)/e^2-(a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^2/(e*x+d)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{cd^2 - ae^2 + (cdex + cd^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^3x + de^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*d^2 - a*e^2 + (c*d*e*x + c*d^2)*log(e*x + d))/(e^3*x + d*e^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{cd \log(d + ex)}{e^2} + \frac{-ae^2 + cd^2}{de^2 + e^3x}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`output `c*d*log(d + e*x)/e**2 + (-a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(d*e**2 + e**3*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{cd \log(ex + d)}{e^2} + \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e^3x + de^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `c*d*log(e*x + d)/e^2 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e^3*x + d*e^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{cd \log(|ex + d|)}{e^2} + \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{(ex + d)e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `c*d*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^2 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/((e*x + d)*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{cd \ln(d + ex)}{e^2} - \frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `(c*d*log(d + e*x))/e^2 - (a*e^2 - c*d^2)/(e^2*(d + e*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(ex + d)cd^3 + \log(ex + d)cd^2ex + ae^3x - cd^2ex}{de^2(ex + d)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`output `(log(d + e*x)*c*d**3 + log(d + e*x)*c*d**2*e*x + a*e**3*x - c*d**2*e*x)/(d*e**2*(d + e*x))`

$$3.78 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	649
Mathematica [A] (verified)	649
Rubi [A] (verified)	650
Maple [A] (verified)	651
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	651
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	652
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	652
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	652
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	653
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	653

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{(ae + cd)x^2}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

output `1/2*(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{ae^2 + cd(d+2ex)}{2e^2(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 2*e*x))/(e^2*(d + e*x)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{ae + cdx}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{(ae + cdx)^2}{2(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)^2/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2}{2(ex+d)^2e^2}$	30
parallelrirsch	$\frac{-2cdxe-ae^2-cd^2}{2e^2(ex+d)^2}$	32
risch	$\frac{-\frac{cdx}{e}-\frac{ae^2+cd^2}{2e^2}}{(ex+d)^2}$	34
default	$-\frac{cd}{e^2(ex+d)}-\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{2e^2(ex+d)^2}$	40
norman	$-\frac{d(ae^3+cd^2e)}{2e^3}-\frac{(ae^3+3cd^2e)x}{(ex+d)^3}-cdx^2$	54
orering	$-\frac{(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{2e^2(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^3}$	65

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2/e^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}{2(e^4x^2 + 2de^3x + d^2e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2 - 2cdex}{2d^2e^2 + 4de^3x + 2e^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`output `(-a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*d**2*e**2 + 4*d*e**3*x + 2*e**4*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}{2(e^4x^2 + 2de^3x + d^2e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}{2(ex + d)^2e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^2*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{a}{2} - \frac{cx^2}{2}}{d^2 + 2dex + e^2x^2}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `-(a/2 - (c*x^2)/2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{cx^2 - a}{2e^2x^2 + 4dex + 2d^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`output `(- a + c*x**2)/(2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

3.79
$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	654
Mathematica [A] (verified)	654
Rubi [A] (verified)	655
Maple [A] (verified)	656
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	656
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	657
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	657
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	657
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	658
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	658

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}}{3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{cd}{2e^2(d + ex)^2}$$

output `-1/3*(a-c*d^2/e^2)/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*c*d/e^2/(e*x+d)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{2ae^2 + cd(d + 3ex)}{6e^2(d + ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/6*(2*a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 3*e*x))/(e^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e(d + ex)^4} + \frac{cd}{e(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}}{3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{cd}{2e^2(d + ex)^2}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/3*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)/(d + e*x)^3 - (c*d)/(2*e^2*(d + e*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{3cdxe+2ae^2+cd^2}{6e^2(ex+d)^3}$	31
risch	$-\frac{\frac{cdx}{2e} - \frac{2ae^2+cd^2}{6e^2}}{(ex+d)^3}$	35
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3cdxe^2-2ae^3-cd^2e}{6e^3(ex+d)^3}$	35
default	$-\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{3e^2(ex+d)^3} - \frac{cd}{2e^2(ex+d)^2}$	40
norman	$-\frac{\frac{d(2e^4a+d^2e^2c)}{6e^4} - \frac{(e^4a+2d^2e^2c)x}{3e^3} - \frac{cdx^2}{2}}{(ex+d)^4}$	59
orering	$-\frac{(3cdxe+2ae^2+cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{6e^2(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^4}$	66

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6/e^2*(3*c*d*e*x+2*a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{3cdex + cd^2 + 2ae^2}{6(e^5x^3 + 3de^4x^2 + 3d^2e^3x + d^3e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(3*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-2ae^2 - cd^2 - 3cdex}{6d^3e^2 + 18d^2e^3x + 18de^4x^2 + 6e^5x^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**5,x)`output `(-2*a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 3*c*d*e*x)/(6*d**3*e**2 + 18*d**2*e**3*x + 18*d*e**4*x**2 + 6*e**5*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{3cdex + cd^2 + 2ae^2}{6(e^5x^3 + 3de^4x^2 + 3d^2e^3x + d^3e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{a}{3(ex + d)^3} - \frac{cd}{2(ex + d)^2e^2} + \frac{cd^2}{3(ex + d)^3e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/3*a/(e*x + d)^3 - 1/2*c*d/((e*x + d)^2*e^2) + 1/3*c*d^2/((e*x + d)^3*e^2)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{cd^2+2ae^2}{6e^2} + \frac{cdx}{2e}}{d^3 + 3d^2ex + 3de^2x^2 + e^3x^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^5, x)$$

output

$$-((2*a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(6*e^2) + (c*d*x)/(2*e))/(d^3 + e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-3cdex - 2ae^2 - cd^2}{6e^2(e^3x^3 + 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + d^3)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^5, x)$$

output

$$(-2*a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 3*c*d*e*x)/(6*e**2*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3))$$

3.80 $\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

Optimal result	659
Mathematica [A] (verified)	659
Rubi [A] (verified)	660
Maple [A] (verified)	661
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	661
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	662
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	662
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	662
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	663
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	663

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}}{4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{cd}{3e^2(d + ex)^3}$$

output `-1/4*(a-c*d^2/e^2)/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*c*d/e^2/(e*x+d)^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{3ae^2 + cd(d + 4ex)}{12e^2(d + ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `-1/12*(3*a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 4*e*x))/(e^2*(d + e*x)^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e(d + ex)^5} + \frac{cd}{e(d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}}{4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{cd}{3e^2(d + ex)^3}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `-1/4*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)/(d + e*x)^4 - (c*d)/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{4cdxe+3ae^2+cd^2}{12e^2(ex+d)^4}$	31
risch	$-\frac{\frac{cdx}{3e}-\frac{3ae^2+cd^2}{12e^2}}{(ex+d)^4}$	35
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4de^3cx-3e^4a-d^2e^2c}{12e^4(ex+d)^4}$	37
default	$-\frac{cd}{3e^2(ex+d)^3}-\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{4e^2(ex+d)^4}$	40
norman	$-\frac{\frac{d(3ae^5+cd^2e^3)}{12e^5}-\frac{(3ae^5+5cd^2e^3)x}{12e^4}-\frac{cdx^2}{3}}{(ex+d)^5}$	60
orering	$-\frac{(4cdxe+3ae^2+cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{12e^2(cdxa+e)(ex+d)^5}$	66

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12/e^2*(4*c*d*e*x+3*a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{4cdex + cd^2 + 3ae^2}{12(e^6x^4 + 4de^5x^3 + 6d^2e^4x^2 + 4d^3e^3x + d^4e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(4*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(e^6*x^4 + 4*d*e^5*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^3*x + d^4*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{-3ae^2 - cd^2 - 4cdex}{12d^4e^2 + 48d^3e^3x + 72d^2e^4x^2 + 48de^5x^3 + 12e^6x^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output `(-3*a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 4*c*d*e*x)/(12*d**4*e**2 + 48*d**3*e**3*x + 72*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 48*d*e**5*x**3 + 12*e**6*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{4cdex + cd^2 + 3ae^2}{12(e^6x^4 + 4de^5x^3 + 6d^2e^4x^2 + 4d^3e^3x + d^4e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(4*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(e^6*x^4 + 4*d*e^5*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^3*x + d^4*e^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{4cdex + cd^2 + 3ae^2}{12(ex + d)^4e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/12*(4*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^4*e^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{cd^2+3ae^2}{12e^2} + \frac{cdx}{3e}}{d^4 + 4d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 + 4de^3x^3 + e^4x^4}$$

input $\text{int}((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^6, x)$

output $-((3*a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(12*e^2) + (c*d*x)/(3*e))/(d^4 + e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{-4cdex - 3ae^2 - cd^2}{12e^2(e^4x^4 + 4de^3x^3 + 6d^2e^2x^2 + 4d^3ex + d^4)}$$

input $\text{int}((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^6, x)$

output $(-3*a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 4*c*d*e*x)/(12*e**2*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3*x**3 + e**4*x**4))$

3.81 $\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	664
Mathematica [B] (verified)	664
Rubi [A] (verified)	665
Maple [B] (verified)	666
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	667
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	667
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	668
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	668
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	669
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	670

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^5}{5e^3} - \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^6}{3e^3} + \frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^7}{7e^3}$$

output

```
1/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^5/e^3-1/3*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^3+1/7*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^7/e^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{15}acdex^2(15d^4 + 40d^3ex + 45d^2e^2x^2 + 24de^3x^3 + 5e^4x^4)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{105}c^2d^2x^3(35d^4 + 105d^3ex + 126d^2e^2x^2 + 70de^3x^3 + 15e^4x^4)$$

$$+ a^2\left(d^4e^2x + 2d^3e^3x^2 + 2d^2e^4x^3 + de^5x^4 + \frac{e^6x^5}{5}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(a*c*d*e*x^2*(15*d^4 + 40*d^3*e*x + 45*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 24*d*e^3*x^3 + 5*e^4*x^4))/15 + (c^2*d^2*x^3*(35*d^4 + 105*d^3*e*x + 126*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 70*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*e^4*x^4))/105 + a^2*(d^4*e^2*x + 2*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*d^2*e^4*x^3 + d*e^5*x^4 + (e^6*x^5)/5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(d + ex)^5 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^6}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{cd(d + ex)^6 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^5 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5e^3} + \frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^7}{7e^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^3) - (c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/(3*e^3) + (c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result
norman	$\frac{c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{3} a c d e^5 + \frac{2}{3} c^2 d^3 e^3\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{1}{5} a^2 e^6 + \frac{8}{5} a c d^2 e^4 + \frac{6}{5} c^2 d^4 e^2\right) x^5 + (e^5 a^2 d + 3 a c d^3 e^3 +$
risch	$\frac{1}{7} c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} x^6 a c d e^5 + \frac{2}{3} x^6 c^2 d^3 e^3 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^2 e^6 + \frac{8}{5} x^5 a c d^2 e^4 + \frac{6}{5} x^5 c^2 d^4 e^2 + a^2 d e^5 x^4 + 3 a c$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{7} c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} x^6 a c d e^5 + \frac{2}{3} x^6 c^2 d^3 e^3 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^2 e^6 + \frac{8}{5} x^5 a c d^2 e^4 + \frac{6}{5} x^5 c^2 d^4 e^2 + a^2 d e^5 x^4 + 3 a c$
gospers	$\frac{x(15c^2d^2e^4x^6+35x^5acd e^5+70x^5c^2d^3e^3+21x^4a^2e^6+168x^4acd^2e^4+126x^4c^2d^4e^2+105a^2de^5x^3+315acd^3e^3x^3+105c^2d^5ex^3)}{105}$
oring	$\frac{x(15c^2d^2e^4x^6+35x^5acd e^5+70x^5c^2d^3e^3+21x^4a^2e^6+168x^4acd^2e^4+126x^4c^2d^4e^2+105a^2de^5x^3+315acd^3e^3x^3+105c^2d^5ex^3)}{105(cd x+ae)^2(eax^2+cd^2e^2)}$
default	$\frac{c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7}{7} + \frac{(2c^2 d^3 e^3 + 2e^3 d c (a e^2 + c d^2)) x^6}{6} + \frac{(c^2 d^4 e^2 + 4d^2 e^2 c (a e^2 + c d^2) + e^2 (2a c d^2 e^2 + (a e^2 + c d^2)^2)) x^5}{5} + \frac{(2d^3 e^5 a^2 d + 3 a c d^3 e^3 +$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/7*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7+(1/3*a*c*d*e^5+2/3*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x^6+(1/5*a^2*e^6+8/5*a
*c*d^2*e^4+6/5*c^2*d^4*e^2)*x^5+(a^2*d*e^5+3*a*c*d^3*e^3+c^2*d^5*e)*x^4+(2
*a^2*d^2*e^4+8/3*a*d^4*e^2*c+1/3*d^6*c^2)*x^3+(2*a^2*d^3*e^3+a*c*d^5*e)*x
^2+e^2*a^2*d^4*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{7} c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7 + a^2 d^4 e^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (2c^2 d^3 e^3 + acde^5) x^6 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{5} (6c^2 d^4 e^2 + 8acd^2 e^4 + a^2 e^6) x^5 + (c^2 d^5 e + 3acd^3 e^3 + a^2 d e^5) x^4 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{3} (c^2 d^6 + 8acd^4 e^2 + 6a^2 d^2 e^4) x^3 + (acd^5 e + 2a^2 d^3 e^3) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 + a^2*d^4*e^2*x + 1/3*(2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a*c*d*e^5)*x^6 + 1/5*(6*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 8*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*x^5 + (c^2*d^5*e + 3*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x^4 + 1/3*(c^2*d^6 + 8*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*d^2*e^4)*x^3 + (a*c*d^5*e + 2*a^2*d^3*e^3)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx \\ &= a^2 d^4 e^2 x + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{acde^5}{3} + \frac{2c^2 d^3 e^3}{3} \right) \\ & \quad + x^5 \left(\frac{a^2 e^6}{5} + \frac{8acd^2 e^4}{5} + \frac{6c^2 d^4 e^2}{5} \right) + x^4 (a^2 d e^5 + 3acd^3 e^3 + c^2 d^5 e) \\ & \quad + x^3 \cdot \left(2a^2 d^2 e^4 + \frac{8acd^4 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^2 d^6}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot (2a^2 d^3 e^3 + acd^5 e) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output

```
a**2*d**4*e**2*x + c**2*d**2*e**4*x**7/7 + x**6*(a*c*d*e**5/3 + 2*c**2*d**
3*e**3/3) + x**5*(a**2*e**6/5 + 8*a*c*d**2*e**4/5 + 6*c**2*d**4*e**2/5) +
x**4*(a**2*d*e**5 + 3*a*c*d**3*e**3 + c**2*d**5*e) + x**3*(2*a**2*d**2*e**
4 + 8*a*c*d**4*e**2/3 + c**2*d**6/3) + x**2*(2*a**2*d**3*e**3 + a*c*d**5*e
)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{7} c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7 + a^2 d^4 e^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (2c^2 d^3 e^3 + acde^5) x^6 \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} (6c^2 d^4 e^2 + 8acd^2 e^4 + a^2 e^6) x^5 + (c^2 d^5 e + 3acd^3 e^3 + a^2 d e^5) x^4 \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} (c^2 d^6 + 8acd^4 e^2 + 6a^2 d^2 e^4) x^3 + (acd^5 e + 2a^2 d^3 e^3) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxi
ma")
```

output

```
1/7*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 + a^2*d^4*e^2*x + 1/3*(2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a*c*d*e^5)*x^6
+ 1/5*(6*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 8*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*x^5 + (c^2*d^5*e + 3*a*c*d
^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x^4 + 1/3*(c^2*d^6 + 8*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*d^2*e^4)*x^
3 + (a*c*d^5*e + 2*a^2*d^3*e^3)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 186 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{7} c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7 + \frac{2}{3} c^2 d^3 e^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{3} acd e^5 x^6 + \frac{6}{5} c^2 d^4 e^2 x^5 + \frac{8}{5} acd^2 e^4 x^5 \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} a^2 e^6 x^5 + c^2 d^5 e x^4 + 3 acd^3 e^3 x^4 + a^2 d e^5 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^6 x^3 \\ &+ \frac{8}{3} acd^4 e^2 x^3 + 2 a^2 d^2 e^4 x^3 + acd^5 e x^2 + 2 a^2 d^3 e^3 x^2 + a^2 d^4 e^2 x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7 + 2/3*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^6 + 1/3*a*c*d*e^5*x^6 + 6/5*c^2*d^4*e^2*x^5 + 8/5*a*c*d^2*e^4*x^5 + 1/5*a^2*e^6*x^5 + c^2*d^5*e*x^4 + 3*a*c*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a^2*d*e^5*x^4 + 1/3*c^2*d^6*x^3 + 8/3*a*c*d^4*e^2*x^3 + 2*a^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 + a*c*d^5*e*x^2 + 2*a^2*d^3*e^3*x^2 + a^2*d^4*e^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx \\ &= x^3 \left(2a^2 d^2 e^4 + \frac{8acd^4 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^2 d^6}{3} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{a^2 e^6}{5} + \frac{8acd^2 e^4}{5} + \frac{6c^2 d^4 e^2}{5} \right) \\ &+ x^4 (a^2 d e^5 + 3acd^3 e^3 + c^2 d^5 e) + a^2 d^4 e^2 x + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^4 x^7}{7} \\ &+ a d^3 e x^2 (cd^2 + 2ae^2) + \frac{cde^3 x^6 (2cd^2 + ae^2)}{3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `x^3*((c^2*d^6)/3 + 2*a^2*d^2*e^4 + (8*a*c*d^4*e^2)/3) + x^5*((a^2*e^6)/5 + (6*c^2*d^4*e^2)/5 + (8*a*c*d^2*e^4)/5) + x^4*(a^2*d*e^5 + c^2*d^5*e + 3*a*c*d^3*e^3) + a^2*d^4*e^2*x + (c^2*d^2*e^4*x^7)/7 + a*d^3*e*x^2*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2) + (c*d*e^3*x^6*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(15c^2d^2e^4x^6 + 35acd^2e^5x^5 + 70c^2d^3e^3x^5 + 21a^2e^6x^4 + 168acd^2e^4x^4 + 126c^2d^4e^2x^4 + 105a^2de^5x^3 + 315acd^3e^3x^3 + 168a^2cde^4x^3 + 35a^2c^2d^2e^2x^3 + 15c^2d^4e^2x^2 + 70acd^3e^3x^2 + 15c^2d^2e^4x^2 + 15acd^3e^3x + 15c^2d^2e^4x + 15acd^3e^3)}{105}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(x*(105*a**2*d**4*e**2 + 210*a**2*d**3*e**3*x + 210*a**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 105*a**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 21*a**2*e**6*x**4 + 105*a*c*d**5*e*x + 280*a*c*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 315*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 168*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 35*a*c*d*e**5*x**5 + 35*c**2*d**6*x**2 + 105*c**2*d**5*e*x**3 + 126*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 70*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**5 + 15*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**6))/105`

3.82 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	671
Mathematica [A] (verified)	671
Rubi [A] (verified)	672
Maple [A] (verified)	673
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	674
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	674
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	675
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	675
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	676
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	676

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^4}{4e^3} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex)^5}{5e^3} + \frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^6}{6e^3}$$

output

```
1/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^4/e^3-2/5*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^5/e^3+1/6*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^6/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{60} x (15a^2e^2(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 6acdex(10d^3 + 20d^2ex + 15de^2x^2 + 4e^3x^3) + c^2d^2x^2(20d^3 + 45d^2ex + 36de^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3))$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```


output

```
(x*(15*a^2*e^2*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + 6*a*c*d*e*x*(10*d^3 + 20*d^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3) + c^2*d^2*x^2*(20*d^3 + 45*d^2*e*x + 36*d*e^2*x^2 + 10*e^3*x^3)))/60
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(d + ex)^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2} + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^5}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2cd(d + ex)^5 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{4e^3} + \frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^6}{6e^3}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^4)/(4*e^3) - (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^3) + (c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^3)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
norman	$\frac{c^2 d^2 e^3 x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{2}{5} a c d e^4 + \frac{3}{5} c^2 d^3 e^2\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{4} a^2 e^5 + \frac{3}{2} a c d^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} c^2 d^4 e\right) x^4 + \left(a^2 d e^4 + 2 a c d^3 e^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 e^3 d\right) x^3 + \frac{1}{6} c^2 d^2 e^3 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 a c d e^4 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 c^2 d^3 e^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 e^5 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 a c d^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 c^2 d^4 e + x^3 a^2 d e^4 + 2 x^3 a^2 e^3 d$
risch	
parallelrisch	
gospers	$\frac{x(10c^2d^2e^3x^5+24x^4acd e^4+36x^4c^2d^3 e^2+15x^3a^2 e^5+90x^3ac d^2 e^3+45x^3c^2d^4 e+60x^2a^2 d e^4+120x^2ac d^3 e^2+20x^2c^2d^5+90x^2a^2 e^3 d)}{60}$
orering	$\frac{x(10c^2d^2e^3x^5+24x^4acd e^4+36x^4c^2d^3 e^2+15x^3a^2 e^5+90x^3ac d^2 e^3+45x^3c^2d^4 e+60x^2a^2 d e^4+120x^2ac d^3 e^2+20x^2c^2d^5+90x^2a^2 e^3 d)}{60(cdx+ae)^2(e^2+cd)}$
default	$\frac{c^2 d^2 e^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{(c^2 d^3 e^2 + 2 e^2 d c (a e^2 + c d^2)) x^5}{5} + \frac{(2 d^2 e c (a e^2 + c d^2) + e (2 a c d^2 e^2 + (a e^2 + c d^2)^2)) x^4}{4} + \frac{(d (2 a c d^2 e^2 + (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) + (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) x^3}{3}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^6+(2/5*a*c*d*e^4+3/5*c^2*d^3*e^2)*x^5+(1/4*a^2*e^5+3/2*a
*c*d^2*e^3+3/4*c^2*d^4*e)*x^4+(a^2*d*e^4+2*a*c*d^3*e^2+1/3*c^2*d^5)*x^3+(3
/2*e^3*a^2*d^2+a*c*d^4*e)*x^2+e^2*a^2*d^3*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}c^2d^2e^3x^6 + a^2d^3e^2x + \frac{1}{5}(3c^2d^3e^2 + 2acde^4)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(3c^2d^4e + 6acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3}(c^2d^5 + 6acd^3e^2 + 3a^2de^4)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(2acd^4e + 3a^2d^2e^3)x^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^6 + a^2*d^3*e^2*x + 1/5*(3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^4)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x^4 + 1/3*(c^2*d^5 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 1/2*(2*a*c*d^4*e + 3*a^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int (d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= a^2d^3e^2x + \frac{c^2d^2e^3x^6}{6} + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{2acde^4}{5} + \frac{3c^2d^3e^2}{5} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{a^2e^5}{4} + \frac{3acd^2e^3}{2} + \frac{3c^2d^4e}{4} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(a^2de^4 + 2acd^3e^2 + \frac{c^2d^5}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2d^2e^3}{2} + acd^4e \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `a**2*d**3*e**2*x + c**2*d**2*e**3*x**6/6 + x**5*(2*a*c*d*e**4/5 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2/5) + x**4*(a**2*e**5/4 + 3*a*c*d**2*e**3/2 + 3*c**2*d**4*e/4) + x**3*(a**2*d*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**3*e**2 + c**2*d**5/3) + x**2*(3*a**2*d**2*e**3/2 + a*c*d**4*e)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} c^2 d^2 e^3 x^6 + a^2 d^3 e^2 x + \frac{1}{5} (3 c^2 d^3 e^2 + 2 acde^4) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (3 c^2 d^4 e + 6 acd^2 e^3 + a^2 e^5) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (c^2 d^5 + 6 acd^3 e^2 + 3 a^2 de^4) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (2 acd^4 e + 3 a^2 d^2 e^3) x^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^6 + a^2*d^3*e^2*x + 1/5*(3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^4)*x^5 + 1/4*(3*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x^4 + 1/3*(c^2*d^5 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 1/2*(2*a*c*d^4*e + 3*a^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} c^2 d^2 e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} c^2 d^3 e^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{5} acde^4 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} c^2 d^4 e x^4 + \frac{3}{2} acd^2 e^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^2 e^5 x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^5 x^3 + 2 acd^3 e^2 x^3 + a^2 de^4 x^3 + acd^4 e x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 d^2 e^3 x^2 + a^2 d^3 e^2 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 3/5*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^5 + 2/5*a*c*d*e^4*x^5 + 3/4*c^2*d^4*e*x^4 + 3/2*a*c*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 1/4*a^2*e^5*x^4 + 1/3*c^2*d^5*x^3 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2*x^3 + a^2*d*e^4*x^3 + a*c*d^4*e*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + a^2*d^3*e^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= x^3 \left(a^2 d e^4 + 2 a c d^3 e^2 + \frac{c^2 d^5}{3} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{a^2 e^5}{4} + \frac{3 a c d^2 e^3}{2} + \frac{3 c^2 d^4 e}{4} \right)$$

$$+ a^2 d^3 e^2 x + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{a d^2 e x^2 (2 c d^2 + 3 a e^2)}{2} + \frac{c d e^2 x^5 (3 c d^2 + 2 a e^2)}{5}$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `x^3*((c^2*d^5)/3 + a^2*d*e^4 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2) + x^4*((a^2*e^5)/4 + (3*c^2*d^4*e)/4 + (3*a*c*d^2*e^3)/2) + a^2*d^3*e^2*x + (c^2*d^2*e^3*x^6)/6 + (a*d^2*e*x^2*(3*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/2 + (c*d*e^2*x^5*(2*a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(10c^2d^2e^3x^5 + 24acd^4e^4x^4 + 36c^2d^3e^2x^4 + 15a^2e^5x^3 + 90acd^2e^3x^3 + 45c^2d^4e^4x^3 + 60a^2de^4x^2 + 120acd^2e^3x^2 + 10c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 10c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 10c^2d^2e^3x^2)}{60}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(x*(60*a**2*d**3*e**2 + 90*a**2*d**2*e**3*x + 60*a**2*d*e**4*x**2 + 15*a**2*e**5*x**3 + 60*a*c*d**4*e*x + 120*a*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 90*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 24*a*c*d*e**4*x**4 + 20*c**2*d**5*x**2 + 45*c**2*d**4*e*x**3 + 36*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 10*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**5))/60`

3.83 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	677
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	682

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^3}{3e^3} - \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^4}{2e^3} + \frac{c^2d^2(d + ex)^5}{5e^3}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^3/e^3-1/2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^4/e^3+1/5*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^5/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{30}x(10a^2e^2(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) + 5acdex(6d^2 + 8dex + 3e^2x^2) + c^2d^2x^2(10d^2 + 15dex + 6e^2x^2))$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(10*a^2*e^2*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + 5*a*c*d*e*x*(6*d^2 + 8*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^2*d^2*x^2*(10*d^2 + 15*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2)))/30
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1084$$

$$\frac{\int \left((cd^2 + cexd)^4 - 2c^3d^3(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^3 + c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d + ex)^2 \right) dx}{c^2d^2e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^4(cd^2-ae^2)}{2e} + \frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{3e} + \frac{c^4d^4(d+ex)^5}{5e}}{c^2d^2e^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(3*e) - (c^3*d^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4)/(2*e) + (c^4*d^4*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e))/(c^2*d^2*e^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1084

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2
- 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q
/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 c^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{(a e^2 + c d^2) d e c x^4}{2} + \frac{(2 a c d^2 e^2 + (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) x^3}{3} + a d e (a e^2 + c d^2) x^2 + d^2 e^2 a^2 x$
norman	$\frac{e^2 c^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + \left(\frac{1}{2} d e^3 a c + \frac{1}{2} d^3 e c^2\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{1}{3} a^2 e^4 + \frac{4}{3} a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^4\right) x^3 + (a^2 d e^3 + a c d^3 e) x^2 +$
risch	$\frac{1}{5} e^2 c^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} a c d e^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^3 e x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 a^2 e^4 + \frac{4}{3} x^3 a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^4 x^3 + a^2 d e^3 x^2 + a c d^3 e$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{5} e^2 c^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} a c d e^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^3 e x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 a^2 e^4 + \frac{4}{3} x^3 a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^4 x^3 + a^2 d e^3 x^2 + a c d^3 e$
gosper	$\frac{x(6e^2c^2d^2x^4+15x^3de^3ac+15x^3d^3ec^2+10x^2a^2e^4+40x^2acd^2e^2+10x^2c^2d^4+30a^2de^3x+30acd^3ex+30d^2e^2a^2)}{30}$
orering	$\frac{x(6e^2c^2d^2x^4+15x^3de^3ac+15x^3d^3ec^2+10x^2a^2e^4+40x^2acd^2e^2+10x^2c^2d^4+30a^2de^3x+30acd^3ex+30d^2e^2a^2)(ade+(ae^2+c^2d^2)^2)}{30(ex+d)^2(cd^2x+ae)^2}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/5*e^2*c^2*d^2*x^5+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*d*e*c*x^4+1/3*(2*a*c*d^2*e^2+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)*x^3+a*d*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2+d^2*e^2*a^2*x
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}c^2d^2e^2x^5 + a^2d^2e^2x + \frac{1}{2}(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(c^2d^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x^3 + (acd^3e + a^2de^3)x^2$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^5 + a^2*d^2*e^2*x + 1/2*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^3 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = a^2d^2e^2x + \frac{c^2d^2e^2x^5}{5} + x^4\left(\frac{acde^3}{2} + \frac{c^2d^3e}{2}\right) + x^3\left(\frac{a^2e^4}{3} + \frac{4acd^2e^2}{3} + \frac{c^2d^4}{3}\right) + x^2(a^2de^3 + acd^3e)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`output `a**2*d**2*e**2*x + c**2*d**2*e**2*x**5/5 + x**4*(a*c*d*e**3/2 + c**2*d**3*e/2) + x**3*(a**2*e**4/3 + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2/3 + c**2*d**4/3) + x**2*(a**2*d*e**3 + a*c*d**3*e)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}c^2d^2e^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}(cd^2 + ae^2)cdex^4 + a^2d^2e^2x + \frac{1}{3}(cd^2 + ae^2)^2x^3 + \frac{1}{3}(2cdex^3 + 3(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2)ade$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 1/2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d*e*x^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2*x + 1/3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x^3 + 1/3*(2*c*d*e*x^3 + 3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2)*a*d*e`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}c^2d^2e^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}c^2d^3ex^4 + \frac{1}{2}acde^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}c^2d^4x^3 + \frac{4}{3}acd^2e^2x^3 + \frac{1}{3}a^2e^4x^3 + acd^3ex^2 + a^2de^3x^2 + a^2d^2e^2x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 1/2*c^2*d^3*e*x^4 + 1/2*a*c*d*e^3*x^4 + 1/3*c^2*d^4*x^3 + 4/3*a*c*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 1/3*a^2*e^4*x^3 + a*c*d^3*e*x^2 + a^2*d*e^3*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left(\frac{a^2 e^4}{3} + \frac{4acd^2 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^2 d^4}{3} \right) + x^2 (a^2 d e^3 + ca d^3 e) + x^4 \left(\frac{c^2 d^3 e}{2} + \frac{ac d e^3}{2} \right) + a^2 d^2 e^2 x + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^2 x^5}{5}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `x^3*((a^2*e^4)/3 + (c^2*d^4)/3 + (4*a*c*d^2*e^2)/3) + x^2*(a^2*d*e^3 + a*c*d^3*e) + x^4*((c^2*d^3*e)/2 + (a*c*d*e^3)/2) + a^2*d^2*e^2*x + (c^2*d^2*e^2*x^5)/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \frac{x(6c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 15acd^3e^3x^3 + 15c^2d^3e^3x^3 + 10a^2e^4x^2 + 40acd^2e^2x^2 + 10c^2d^4x^2 + 30a^2de^3x + 30acd^3ex + 6c^2d^2e^2x^5)}{30}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(x*(30*a**2*d**2*e**2 + 30*a**2*d*e**3*x + 10*a**2*e**4*x**2 + 30*a*c*d**3*e*x + 40*a*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 15*a*c*d*e**3*x**3 + 10*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 15*c**2*d**3*e*x**3 + 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**4))/30`

$$3.84 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

Optimal result	683
Mathematica [A] (verified)	683
Rubi [A] (verified)	684
Maple [A] (verified)	685
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	685
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	686
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	686
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	687
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	687
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	688

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^3}{3c^2d^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)^4}{4c^2d^2}$$

output

$$1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/c^2/d^2+1/4*e*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/c^2/d^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{12}x(6a^2e^2(2d + ex) + 4acdex(3d + 2ex) + c^2d^2x^2(4d + 3ex))$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x), x]$$

output

$$(x*(6*a^2*e^2*(2*d + e*x) + 4*a*c*d*e*x*(3*d + 2*e*x) + c^2*d^2*x^2*(4*d + 3*e*x)))/12$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^2}{cd} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)^3}{cd} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^3}{3c^2d^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)^4}{4c^2d^2}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)/(3*c^2*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x)^4)/(4*c^2*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{d^2 e c^2 x^4}{4} + \left(\frac{2}{3} a d e^2 c + \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^3\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 e^3 + d^2 e a c\right) x^2 + a^2 d e^2 x$	64
gospers	$\frac{x(3d^2 e c^2 x^3 + 8x^2 a d e^2 c + 4c^2 d^3 x^2 + 6x a^2 e^3 + 12x d^2 e a c + 12a^2 d e^2)}{12}$	66
risch	$\frac{1}{4} d^2 e c^2 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} x^3 a d e^2 c + \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 a^2 e^3 + x^2 d^2 e a c + a^2 d e^2 x$	66
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4} d^2 e c^2 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} x^3 a d e^2 c + \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 a^2 e^3 + x^2 d^2 e a c + a^2 d e^2 x$	66
default	$\frac{d^2 e c^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{(a d e^2 c + c d (a e^2 + c d^2)) x^3}{3} + \frac{(a e (a e^2 + c d^2) + d^2 e a c) x^2}{2} + a^2 d e^2 x$	77
orering	$\frac{x(3d^2 e c^2 x^3 + 8x^2 a d e^2 c + 4c^2 d^3 x^2 + 6x a^2 e^3 + 12x d^2 e a c + 12a^2 d e^2)(a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^2}{12(e x + d)^2 (c d x + a e)^2}$	110

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{4} d^2 e c^2 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a d e^2 c x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 e^3 x^2 + a^2 d e^2 x + \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^3 x^3 + d^2 e a c x^2 + a^2 d e^2 x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2)^2}{d + e x} dx = \frac{1}{4} c^2 d^2 e x^4 + a^2 d e^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (c^2 d^3 + 2 a c d e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (2 a c d^2 e + a^2 e^3) x^2$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{4} c^2 d^2 e x^4 + a^2 d e^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (c^2 d^3 + 2 a c d e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (2 a c d^2 e + a^2 e^3) x^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = a^2de^2x + \frac{c^2d^2ex^4}{4} + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{2acde^2}{3} + \frac{c^2d^3}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^2e^3}{2} + acd^2e \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `a**2*d*e**2*x + c**2*d**2*e*x**4/4 + x**3*(2*a*c*d*e**2/3 + c**2*d**3/3) + x**2*(a**2*e**3/2 + a*c*d**2*e)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{4}c^2d^2ex^4 + a^2de^2x + \frac{1}{3}(c^2d^3 + 2acde^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}(2acd^2e + a^2e^3)x^2$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*c^2*d^2*e*x^4 + a^2*d*e^2*x + 1/3*(c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(2*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{4}c^2d^2ex^4 + \frac{1}{3}c^2d^3x^3 + \frac{2}{3}acde^2x^3 + acd^2ex^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^2e^3x^2 + a^2de^2x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*c^2*d^2*e*x^4 + 1/3*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 2/3*a*c*d*e^2*x^3 + a*c*d^2*e*x^2 + 1/2*a^2*e^3*x^2 + a^2*d*e^2*x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{a^2e^3}{2} + cad^2e \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{c^2d^3}{3} + \frac{2acde^2}{3} \right) + \frac{c^2d^2ex^4}{4} + a^2de^2x$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x),x)`output `x^2*((a^2*e^3)/2 + a*c*d^2*e) + x^3*((c^2*d^3)/3 + (2*a*c*d*e^2)/3) + (c^2*d^2*e*x^4)/4 + a^2*d*e^2*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(3c^2d^2ex^3 + 8acd^2e^2x^2 + 4c^2d^3x^2 + 6a^2e^3x + 12acd^2ex + 12a^2de^2)}{12}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
(x*(12*a**2*d*e**2 + 6*a**2*e**3*x + 12*a*c*d**2*e*x + 8*a*c*d*e**2*x**2 +
4*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 3*c**2*d**2*e*x**3))/12
```

$$3.85 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	689
Mathematica [A] (verified)	689
Rubi [A] (verified)	690
Maple [A] (verified)	691
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	691
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	692
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	692
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	692
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	693
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	693

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)^3}{3cd}$$

output `1/3*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/c/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)^3}{3cd}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)^3/(3*c*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int (ae + cd x)^2 dx$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{(ae + cd x)^3}{3cd}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)^3/(3*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(cdx+ae)^3}{3cd}$	19
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{3}d^2c^2x^3 + acdex^2 + a^2e^2x$	29
gospers	$\frac{x(d^2c^2x^2+3acdex+3e^2a^2)}{3}$	30
risc	$\frac{d^2c^2x^3}{3} + acdex^2 + a^2e^2x + \frac{e^3a^3}{3cd}$	43
norman	$\frac{(ade^2c+\frac{1}{3}c^2d^3)x^3+(a^2e^3+d^2eac)x^2+a^2de^2x+\frac{d^2e^2c^2x^4}{3}}{ex+d}$	70
orering	$\frac{x(d^2c^2x^2+3acdex+3e^2a^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^2}{3(cdx+ae)^2(ex+d)^2}$	74

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/c/d`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{1}{3}c^2d^2x^3 + acdex^2 + a^2e^2x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*c^2*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*e*x^2 + a^2*e^2*x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 29 vs. $2(14) = 28$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = a^2e^2x + acdex^2 + \frac{c^2d^2x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `a**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e*x**2 + c**2*d**2*x**3/3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{1}{3}c^2d^2x^3 + acdex^2 + a^2e^2x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*c^2*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*e*x^2 + a^2*e^2*x`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left(c^2d^2 - \frac{3c^2d^3}{ex+d} + \frac{3c^2d^4}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{3acde^2}{ex+d} - \frac{6acd^2e^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{3a^2e^4}{(ex+d)^2}\right)(ex+d)^3}{3e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(c^2*d^2 - 3*c^2*d^3/(e*x + d) + 3*c^2*d^4/(e*x + d)^2 + 3*a*c*d*e^2/(e*x + d) - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2/(e*x + d)^2 + 3*a^2*e^4/(e*x + d)^2)*(e*x + d)^3/e^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = a^2 e^2 x + acdex^2 + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `a^2*e^2*x + (c^2*d^2*x^3)/3 + a*c*d*e*x^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{x(c^2 d^2 x^2 + 3acdex + 3a^2 e^2)}{3}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(x*(3*a**2*e**2 + 3*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))/3`

$$3.86 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	694
Mathematica [A] (verified)	694
Rubi [A] (verified)	695
Maple [A] (verified)	696
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	696
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	697
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	697
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	698
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	698
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	699

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx = -\frac{cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{c^2d^2x^2}{2e} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^3}$$

output

```
-c*d*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/e^2+1/2*c^2*d^2*x^2/e+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{cdex(4ae^2 + cd(-2d + ex)) + 2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(d+ex)}{2e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output $(c*d*e*x*(4*a*e^2 + c*d*(-2*d + e*x)) + 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(2*e^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2} + \frac{cd(ae + cd x)}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{cdx(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^3} + \frac{(ae + cd x)^2}{2e}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^3, x]$

output $-((c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)/e^2) + (a*e + c*d*x)^2/(2*e) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^3$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$\frac{cd(\frac{1}{2}cdx^2e+2ae^2x-cd^2x)}{e^2} + \frac{(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	66
risch	$\frac{c^2d^2x^2}{2e} + 2adxc - \frac{c^2d^3x}{e^2} + \ln(ex+d)a^2e - \frac{2\ln(ex+d)acd^2}{e} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)c^2d^4}{e^3}$	77
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^2c^2d^2e^2+2\ln(ex+d)a^2e^4-4\ln(ex+d)acd^2e^2+2\ln(ex+d)c^2d^4+4xacde^3-2xc^2d^3e}{2e^3}$	83
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d^2(8acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)}{2e^3} - \frac{2d(3acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)x}{e^2} + \frac{d^2ec^2x^4}{2} + 2x^3ade^2c}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	122

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c*d/e^2*(1/2*c*d*x^2*e+2*a*e^2*x-c*d^2*x)+(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/
e^3*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 2(c^2d^3e - 2acde^3)x + 2(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\log(ex + d)}{2e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*(c^2*d^3*e - 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x + 2*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(e*x + d))/e^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 x^2}{2e} + x \left(2acd - \frac{c^2 d^3}{e^2} \right) + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `c**2*d**2*x**2/(2*e) + x*(2*a*c*d - c**2*d**3/e**2) + (a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2*log(d + e*x)/e**3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 ex^2 - 2(c^2 d^3 - 2acde^2)x}{2e^2} + \frac{(c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) \log(ex + d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 - 2*(c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*x)/e^2 + (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(e*x + d)/e^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 ex^2 - 2c^2 d^3 x + 4acde^2 x}{2e^2} + \frac{(c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^3*x + 4*a*c*d*e^2*x)/e^2 + (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = x \left(2acd - \frac{c^2 d^3}{e^2} \right) + \frac{\ln(d + ex) (a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{e^3} + \frac{c^2 d^2 x^2}{2e}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `x*(2*a*c*d - (c^2*d^3)/e^2) + (log(d + e*x)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/e^3 + (c^2*d^2*x^2)/(2*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(ex + d) a^2 e^4 - 4 \log(ex + d) ac d^2 e^2 + 2 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^4 + 4acd e^3 x - 2c^2 d^3 ex + c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2}{2e^3}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x)`output `(2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*e**4 - 4*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 2*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4 + 4*a*c*d*e**3*x - 2*c**2*d**3*e*x + c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2)/(2*e**3)`

3.87
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	700
Rubi [A] (verified)	701
Maple [A] (verified)	702
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	702
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	703
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	703
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	704
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	704
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	705

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2d^2x}{e^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d+ex)} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(d+ex)}{e^3}$$

output

```
c^2*d^2*x/e^2 - (-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d) - 2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2d^2ex - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{d+ex} + 2cd(-cd^2 + ae^2) \log(d+ex)}{e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$(c^2 d^2 e^x - (c d^2 - a e^2)^2 / (d + e x) + 2 c d (-c d^2 + a e^2) \text{Log}[d + e x]) / e^3$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c^2 d^2}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^3} + \frac{c^2 d^2 x}{e^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^4, x]$$

output

$$(c^2*d^2*x)/e^2 - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2/(e^3*(d + e*x)) - (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^3$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2 d^2 x}{e^2} + \frac{2dc(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{e^3} - \frac{a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{e^3(ex+d)}$
risch	$\frac{c^2 d^2 x}{e^2} + \frac{2dc \ln(ex+d)a}{e} - \frac{2d^3 c^2 \ln(ex+d)}{e^3} - \frac{ea^2}{ex+d} + \frac{2acd^2}{e(ex+d)} - \frac{c^2 d^4}{e^3(ex+d)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2 \ln(ex+d)xacd e^3 - 2 \ln(ex+d)x c^2 d^3 e + x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 2 \ln(ex+d)acd^2 e^2 - 2 \ln(ex+d)c^2 d^4 - a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 - 2c^2 d^4}{e^3(ex+d)}$
norman	$\frac{d^2 e c^2 x^4 - \frac{d^2(a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + 4c^2 d^4)}{e^3} - \frac{(a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + 7c^2 d^4)x^2}{e} - \frac{d(2a^2 e^4 - 4acd^2 e^2 + 10c^2 d^4)x}{e^2}}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{2dc(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^2*d^2*x/e^2+2*d/e^3*c*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)-(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2
*d^4)/e^3/(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + c^2 d^3 ex - c^2 d^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 - a^2 e^4 - 2(c^2 d^4 - acd^2 e^2 + (c^2 d^3 e - acde^3)x) \log(ex + d)}{e^4 x + de^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^3e^2x - c^2d^4 + 2ac^2d^2e^2 - a^2e^4 - 2(c^2d^4 - ac^2d^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e - ac^2d^2e^3)x)\log(ex + d))/(e^4x + de^3)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{c^2d^2x}{e^2} + \frac{2cd(ae^2 - cd^2)\log(d + ex)}{e^3} + \frac{-a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{de^3 + e^4x}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output $c**2*d**2*x/e**2 + 2*c*d*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*\log(d + e*x)/e**3 + (-a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{c^2d^2x}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4}{e^4x + de^3} - \frac{2(c^2d^3 - acde^2)\log(ex + d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $c^2d^2x/e^2 - (c^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^2 + a^2e^4)/(e^4x + de^3) - 2(c^2d^3 - acde^2)\log(ex + d)/e^3$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 x}{e^2} - \frac{2(c^2 d^3 - acde^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^3} - \frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{(ex + d)e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c^2*d^2*x/e^2 - 2*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^3 - (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)*e^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 x}{e^2} - \frac{a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{e(xe^3 + de^2)} - \frac{\ln(d + ex)(2c^2 d^3 - 2acde^2)}{e^3}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `(c^2*d^2*x)/e^2 - (a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(e*(d*e^2 + e^3*x)) - (log(d + e*x)*(2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2))/e^3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(ex + d) ac d^3 e^2 + 2 \log(ex + d) ac d^2 e^3 x - 2 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^5 - 2 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^4 ex + a^2 e^5 x - 2ac}{d e^3 (ex + d)}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

output

```
(2*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 2*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x - 2*log(d +
e*x)*c**2*d**5 - 2*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4*e*x + a**2*e**5*x - 2*a*c*d**2*
e**3*x + 2*c**2*d**4*e*x + c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2)/(d*e**3*(d + e*x))
```

3.88
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	706
Mathematica [A] (verified)	706
Rubi [A] (verified)	707
Maple [A] (verified)	708
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	709
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	709
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	710
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	710
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	711
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	711

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2e^3(d+ex)^2} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{c^2d^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^2+2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae^2 + cd(3d + 4ex))}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{2c^2d^2 \log(d+ex)}{2e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e^2 + c*d*(3*d + 4*e*x))/(d + e*x)^2 + 2*c^2*d^2*Log[d + e*x])/(2*e^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2(d + ex)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3(d + ex)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c^2d^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2/(e^3*(d + e*x)^2) + (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + (c^2*d^2*Log[d + e*x])/e^3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{2dc(ae^2 - cd^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 3c^2d^4}{2e^3}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{c^2d^2 \ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$
default	$\frac{c^2d^2 \ln(ex+d)}{e^3} - \frac{2dc(ae^2 - cd^2)}{e^3(ex+d)} - \frac{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{2e^3(ex+d)^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(ex+d)x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 4 \ln(ex+d)x c^2d^3e + 2 \ln(ex+d)c^2d^4 - 4xacd e^3 + 4x c^2d^3e - a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4}{2e^3(ex+d)^2}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d^2(a^2e^5 + 2acd^2e^3 - 3c^2d^4e)}{2e^4} - \frac{(a^2e^5 + 10acd^2e^3 - 11c^2d^4e)x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{2d(ac e^3 - d^2e c^2)x^3}{e} - \frac{d(a^2e^5 + 4acd^2e^3 - 5c^2d^4e)x}{e^3}}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{c^2d^2 \ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-2*d/e^2*c*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x-1/2*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2-3*c^2*d^4)/e^3)/(e*
x+d)^2+c^2*d^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + 4(c^2d^3e - acde^3)x + 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2c^2d^3ex + c^2d^4)\log(ex + d)}{2(e^5x^2 + 2de^4x + d^2e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x + 2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*e*x + c^2*d^4)*log(e*x + d))/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2d^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^3} + \frac{-a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4 + x(-4acde^3 + 4c^2d^3e)}{2d^2e^3 + 4de^4x + 2e^5x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**5,x)
```

output

```
c**2*d**2*log(d + e*x)/e**3 + (-a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*c**2*d**4 + x*(-4*a*c*d*e**3 + 4*c**2*d**3*e))/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 \log(ex + d)}{e^3} + \frac{3c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 - a^2 e^4 + 4(c^2 d^3 e - acde^3)x}{2(e^5 x^2 + 2de^4 x + d^2 e^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c^2*d^2*log(e*x + d)/e^3 + 1/2*(3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{c^2 d^2 \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{\frac{4c^2 d^3 e^3}{ex+d} - \frac{c^2 d^4 e^3}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{4acde^5}{ex+d} + \frac{2acd^2 e^5}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{a^2 e^7}{(ex+d)^2}}{2e^6}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-c^2*d^2*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^3 + 1/2*(4*c^2*d^3*e^3/(e*x + d) - c^2*d^4*e^3/(e*x + d)^2 - 4*a*c*d*e^5/(e*x + d) + 2*a*c*d^2*e^5/(e*x + d)^2 - a^2*e^7/(e*x + d)^2)/e^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 \ln(d + ex)}{e^3} - \frac{\frac{a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 - 3c^2 d^4}{2e^3} + \frac{2cdx(ae^2 - cd^2)}{e^2}}{d^2 + 2dex + e^2 x^2}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^5,x)`output `(c^2*d^2*log(d + e*x))/e^3 - ((a^2*e^4 - 3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(2*e^3) + (2*c*d*x*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/e^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{2 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^4 + 4 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^3 ex + 2 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 - a^2 e^4 + 2ac e^4 x^2 + c^2 d^4 - 2c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2}{2e^3 (e^2 x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x)`output `(2*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4 + 4*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3*e*x + 2*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*e**4*x**2 + c**2*d**4 - 2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2)/(2*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

$$3.89 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	712
Mathematica [A] (verified)	712
Rubi [A] (verified)	713
Maple [B] (verified)	714
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	714
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	715
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	715
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	716
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	716
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	717

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)^3}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^3}$$

output $1/3*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx \\ &= -\frac{a^2e^4 + acde^2(d + 3ex) + c^2d^2(d^2 + 3dex + 3e^2x^2)}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^6,x]$

output $-1/3*(a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(d + 3*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{(ae + cdx)^3}{3(d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)^3/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{3x^2c^2d^2e^2+3xacde^3+3xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{3e^3(ex+d)^3}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^2d^2x^2}{e}-\frac{cd(ae^2+cd^2)x}{e^2}-\frac{a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{3e^3}}{(ex+d)^3}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{-3x^2c^2d^2e^2-3xacde^3-3xc^2d^3e-a^2e^4-acd^2e^2-c^2d^4}{3e^3(ex+d)^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{3e^3(ex+d)^3}-\frac{c^2d^2}{e^3(ex+d)}-\frac{dc(ae^2-cd^2)}{e^3(ex+d)^2}$
orering	$-\frac{(3x^2c^2d^2e^2+3xacde^3+3xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^2}{3e^3(cdx+ae)^2(ex+d)^5}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d^2(a^2e^6+acd^2e^4+c^2d^4e^2)}{3e^5}-\frac{(a^2e^6+7acd^2e^4+10c^2d^4e^2)x^2}{3e^3}-d^2ec^2x^4-\frac{d(ac^4+3e^2c^2d^2)x^3}{e^2}-\frac{d(2a^2e^6+5acd^2e^4+5c^2d^4e^2)x}{3e^4}}{(ex+d)^5}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+3*a*c*d*e^3*x+3*c^2*d^3*e*x+a^2*e^4+a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/e^3/(e*x+d)^3$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 94 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 3(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{3(e^6x^3 + 3de^5x^2 + 3d^2e^4x + d^3e^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$-1/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 3*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2e^4 - acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 - 3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + x(-3acde^3 - 3c^2d^3e)}{3d^3e^3 + 9d^2e^4x + 9de^5x^2 + 3e^6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**6,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(-a**2*e**4 - a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4 - 3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(-3*a*c*d*e**3 - 3*c**2*d**3*e))/(3*d**3*e**3 + 9*d**2*e**4*x + 9*d*e**5*x**2 + 3*e**6*x**3)}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 94 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 3(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{3(e^6x^3 + 3de^5x^2 + 3d^2e^4x + d^3e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-1/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 3*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^3ex + 3acde^3x + c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4}{3(ex + d)^3e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^3*e*x + 3*a*c*d*e^3*x + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^3*e^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^2e}{3} - d\left(\frac{c^2x^3}{3} - acx\right) + \frac{acd^2}{3e}}{d^3 + 3d^2ex + 3de^2x^2 + e^3x^3}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
-((a^2*e)/3 - d*((c^2*x^3)/3 - a*c*x) + (a*c*d^2)/(3*e))/(d^3 + e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{c^2dex^3 - 3acdex - a^2e^2 - acd^2}{3e(e^3x^3 + 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + d^3)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x)`output `(- a**2*e**2 - a*c*d**2 - 3*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d*e*x**3)/(3*e*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3))`

3.90 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$

Optimal result	718
Mathematica [A] (verified)	718
Rubi [A] (verified)	719
Maple [A] (verified)	720
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	721
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	721
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	722
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	722
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	723
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	723

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{c^2d^2}{2e^3(d + ex)^2}$$

output `-1/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^4+2/3*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*c^2*d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = -\frac{3a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(d + 4ex) + c^2d^2(d^2 + 4dex + 6e^2x^2)}{12e^3(d + ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output

$$-1/12*(3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(d + 4*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{c^2d^2}{2e^3(d + ex)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^7, x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2/(e^3*(d + e*x)^4) + (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - (c^2*d^2)/(2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{6x^2c^2d^2e^2+8xacde^3+4xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{12e^3(ex+d)^4}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{c^2d^2x^2}{2e}-\frac{dc(2ae^2+cd^2)x}{3e^2}-\frac{3a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{12e^3}}{(ex+d)^4}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6d^2c^2x^2e^3-8acd^4x-4c^2d^3e^2x-3a^2e^5-2acd^2e^3-c^2d^4e}{12e^4(ex+d)^4}$
default	$-\frac{2dc(ae^2-cd^2)}{3e^3(ex+d)^3}-\frac{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{4e^3(ex+d)^4}-\frac{c^2d^2}{2e^3(ex+d)^2}$
orering	$-\frac{(6x^2c^2d^2e^2+8xacde^3+4xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^2}{12e^3(cdxa+ae)^2(ex+d)^6}$
norman	$-\frac{d^2(3a^2e^7+2ad^2ce^5+c^2d^4e^3)}{12e^6}-\frac{(a^2e^7+6ad^2ce^5+5c^2d^4e^3)x^2}{4e^4}-\frac{2d(ac^5+2c^2d^2e^3)x^3}{3e^3}-\frac{d(a^2e^7+2ad^2ce^5+c^2d^4e^3)x}{2e^5}-\frac{d^2ec^2x^4}{2}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/12/e^3*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+8*a*c*d*e^3*x+4*c^2*d^3*e*x+3*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4 + 4(c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x}{12(e^7x^4 + 4de^6x^3 + 6d^2e^5x^2 + 4d^3e^4x + d^4e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/12*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^7*x^4 + 4*d*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 - 6c^2d^2e^2x^2 + x(-8acde^3 - 4c^2d^3e)}{12d^4e^3 + 48d^3e^4x + 72d^2e^5x^2 + 48de^6x^3 + 12e^7x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**7,x)
```

output

```
(-3*a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4 - 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(-8*a*c*d*e**3 - 4*c**2*d**3*e))/(12*d**4*e**3 + 48*d**3*e**4*x + 72*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 48*d*e**6*x**3 + 12*e**7*x**4)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4 + 4(c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x}{12(e^7x^4 + 4de^6x^3 + 6d^2e^5x^2 + 4d^3e^4x + d^4e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/12*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^7*x^4 + 4*d*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 4c^2d^3ex + 8acde^3x + c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4}{12(ex + d)^4e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/12*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^2*d^3*e*x + 8*a*c*d*e^3*x + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^4*e^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^2e}{4} - d\left(\frac{c^2x^3}{3} - \frac{2acx}{3}\right) - \frac{c^2ex^4}{12} + \frac{acd^2}{6e}}{d^4 + 4d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 + 4de^3x^3 + e^4x^4}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^7,x)`output `-((a^2*e)/4 - d*((c^2*x^3)/3 - (2*a*c*x)/3) - (c^2*e*x^4)/12 + (a*c*d^2)/(6*e))/(d^4 + e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{-6c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 8acd^3e^3x - 4c^2d^3ex - 3a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{12e^3(e^4x^4 + 4de^3x^3 + 6d^2e^2x^2 + 4d^3ex + d^4)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x)`output `(-3*a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 8*a*c*d*e**3*x - c**2*d**4 - 4*c**2*d**3*e*x - 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2)/(12*e**3*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3*x**3 + e**4*x**4))`

3.91
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	724
Mathematica [A] (verified)	724
Rubi [A] (verified)	725
Maple [A] (verified)	726
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	727
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	727
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	728
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	728
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	729
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	729

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} + \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{c^2d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^3}$$

output

```
-1/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^5+1/2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*c^2*d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = -\frac{6a^2e^4 + 3acde^2(d + 5ex) + c^2d^2(d^2 + 5dex + 10e^2x^2)}{30e^3(d + ex)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^8,x]
```

output

$$-1/30*(6*a^2*e^4 + 3*a*c*d*e^2*(d + 5*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 10*e^2*x^2))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^6} + \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2(d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} - \frac{c^2d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^8,x]$$

output

$$-1/5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2/(e^3*(d + e*x)^5) + (c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(2*e^3*(d + e*x)^4) - (c^2*d^2)/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{10x^2c^2d^2e^2+15xacde^3+5xc^2d^3e+6a^2e^4+3acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{30e^3(ex+d)^5}$
risch	$-\frac{c^2d^2x^2}{3e} - \frac{dc(3ae^2+cd^2)x}{6e^2} - \frac{6a^2e^4+3acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{30e^3}$ $(ex+d)^5$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{10d^2c^2x^2e^4-15acd^2e^3x-5c^2d^3e^3x-6a^2e^6-3acd^2e^4-c^2d^4e^2}{30e^5(ex+d)^5}$
default	$-\frac{c^2d^2}{3e^3(ex+d)^3} - \frac{dc(ae^2-cd^2)}{2e^3(ex+d)^4} - \frac{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{5e^3(ex+d)^5}$
orering	$-\frac{(10x^2c^2d^2e^2+15xacde^3+5xc^2d^3e+6a^2e^4+3acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^2}{30e^3(cdx+ae)^2(ex+d)^7}$
norman	$-\frac{d^2(6e^8a^2+3ad^2ce^6+c^2d^4e^4)}{30e^7} - \frac{(2e^8a^2+11ad^2ce^6+7c^2d^4e^4)x^2}{10e^5} - \frac{d(3ace^6+5c^2d^2e^4)x^3}{6e^4} - \frac{d(12e^8a^2+21ad^2ce^6+7c^2d^4e^4)x}{30e^6} - \frac{d^2e}{(ex+d)^7}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/30/e^3*(10*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+15*a*c*d*e^3*x+5*c^2*d^3*e*x+6*a^2*e^4+3*a*c
*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{10c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 6a^2e^4 + 5(c^2d^3e + 3acde^3)x}{30(e^8x^5 + 5de^7x^4 + 10d^2e^6x^3 + 10d^3e^5x^2 + 5d^4e^4x + d^5e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/30*(10*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*e^4 + 5*(c^2*d^3*e + 3*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^8*x^5 + 5*d*e^7*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^6*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^5*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^4*x + d^5*e^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 - 10c^2d^2e^2x^2 + x(-15acde^3 - 5c^2d^3e)}{30d^5e^3 + 150d^4e^4x + 300d^3e^5x^2 + 300d^2e^6x^3 + 150de^7x^4 + 30e^8x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**8,x)
```

output

```
(-6*a**2*e**4 - 3*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4 - 10*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(-15*a*c*d*e**3 - 5*c**2*d**3*e))/(30*d**5*e**3 + 150*d**4*e**4*x + 300*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 300*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 150*d*e**7*x**4 + 30*e**8*x**5)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{10c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 6a^2e^4 + 5(c^2d^3e + 3acde^3)x}{30(e^8x^5 + 5de^7x^4 + 10d^2e^6x^3 + 10d^3e^5x^2 + 5d^4e^4x + d^5e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/30*(10*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*e^4 + 5*(c^2*d^3*e + 3*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^8*x^5 + 5*d*e^7*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^6*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^5*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^4*x + d^5*e^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{10c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 5c^2d^3ex + 15acde^3x + c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 6a^2e^4}{30(ex + d)^5e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/30*(10*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 5*c^2*d^3*e*x + 15*a*c*d*e^3*x + c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^5*e^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{6a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{30e^3} + \frac{c^2d^2x^2}{3e} + \frac{cdx(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{6e^2}}{d^5 + 5d^4ex + 10d^3e^2x^2 + 10d^2e^3x^3 + 5de^4x^4 + e^5x^5}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^8,x)`output `-((6*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(30*e^3) + (c^2*d^2*x^2)/(3*e) + (c*d*x*(3*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(6*e^2))/(d^5 + e^5*x^5 + 5*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^4*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 15acd^3ex - 5c^2d^3ex - 6a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{30e^3(e^5x^5 + 5de^4x^4 + 10d^2e^3x^3 + 10d^3e^2x^2 + 5d^4ex + d^5)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x)`output `(-6*a**2*e**4 - 3*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 15*a*c*d*e**3*x - c**2*d**4 - 5*c**2*d**3*e*x - 10*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2)/(30*e**3*(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x + 10*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*d*e**4*x**4 + e**5*x**5))`

3.92
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

Optimal result	730
Mathematica [A] (verified)	730
Rubi [A] (verified)	731
Maple [A] (verified)	732
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	733
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	733
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	734
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	734
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	735
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	735

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{6e^3(d + ex)^6} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} - \frac{c^2d^2}{4e^3(d + ex)^4}$$

output

$$-1/6*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^6+2/5*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^5-1/4*c^2*d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx = -\frac{10a^2e^4 + 4acde^2(d + 6ex) + c^2d^2(d^2 + 6dex + 15e^2x^2)}{60e^3(d + ex)^6}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^9,x]$$

output

$$-1/60*(10*a^2*e^4 + 4*a*c*d*e^2*(d + 6*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^6)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^7} + \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2(d + ex)^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{6e^3(d + ex)^6} - \frac{c^2d^2}{4e^3(d + ex)^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^9, x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2/(e^3*(d + e*x)^6) + (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*e^3*(d + e*x)^5) - (c^2*d^2)/(4*e^3*(d + e*x)^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{15x^2c^2d^2e^2+24xacde^3+6xc^2d^3e+10a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{60e^3(ex+d)^6}$
risch	$-\frac{c^2d^2x^2}{4e} - \frac{dc(4ae^2+cd^2)x}{10e^2} - \frac{10a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{60e^3}$ $(ex+d)^6$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{15d^2c^2x^2e^5-24acd^2e^6x-6c^2d^3e^4x-10a^2e^7-4ad^2ce^5-c^2d^4e^3}{60e^6(ex+d)^6}$
default	$-\frac{c^2d^2}{4e^3(ex+d)^4} - \frac{2dc(ae^2-cd^2)}{5e^3(ex+d)^5} - \frac{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{6e^3(ex+d)^6}$
orering	$-\frac{(15x^2c^2d^2e^2+24xacde^3+6xc^2d^3e+10a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^2}{60e^3(cdx+ae)^2(ex+d)^8}$
norman	$-\frac{d^2(10e^9a^2+4ad^2ce^7+c^2d^4e^5)}{60e^8} - \frac{(5e^9a^2+26ad^2ce^7+14c^2d^4e^5)x^2}{30e^6} - \frac{d(2ace^7+3c^2d^2e^5)x^3}{5e^5} - \frac{d(5e^9a^2+8ad^2ce^7+2c^2d^4e^5)x}{15e^7} - \frac{d^2e}{(ex+d)^8}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/60/e^3*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+24*a*c*d*e^3*x+6*c^2*d^3*e*x+10*a^2*e^4+4*a*
c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 10a^2e^4 + 6(c^2d^3e + 4acde^3)x}{60(e^9x^6 + 6de^8x^5 + 15d^2e^7x^4 + 20d^3e^6x^3 + 15d^4e^5x^2 + 6d^5e^4x + d^6e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/60*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 10*a^2*e^4 + 6*(c^2*d^3*e + 4*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^9*x^6 + 6*d*e^8*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^7*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^6*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^5*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^4*x + d^6*e^3)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10a^2e^4 - 4acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 - 15c^2d^2e^2x^2 + x(-24acde^3 - 6c^2d^3e)}{60d^6e^3 + 360d^5e^4x + 900d^4e^5x^2 + 1200d^3e^6x^3 + 900d^2e^7x^4 + 360de^8x^5 + 60e^9x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**9,x)
```

output

```
(-10*a**2*e**4 - 4*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4 - 15*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(-24*a*c*d*e**3 - 6*c**2*d**3*e))/(60*d**6*e**3 + 360*d**5*e**4*x + 900*d**4*e**5*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**6*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**7*x**4 + 360*d*e**8*x**5 + 60*e**9*x**6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 10a^2e^4 + 6(c^2d^3e + 4acde^3)x}{60(e^9x^6 + 6de^8x^5 + 15d^2e^7x^4 + 20d^3e^6x^3 + 15d^4e^5x^2 + 6d^5e^4x + d^6e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/60*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 10*a^2*e^4 + 6*(c^2*d^3*e + 4*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^9*x^6 + 6*d*e^8*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^7*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^6*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^5*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^4*x + d^6*e^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 6c^2d^3ex + 24acde^3x + c^2d^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 10a^2e^4}{60(ex + d)^6e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/60*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*c^2*d^3*e*x + 24*a*c*d*e^3*x + c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 10*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^6*e^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{10a^2e^4 + 4ac d^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{60e^3} + \frac{c^2d^2x^2}{4e} + \frac{cdx(cd^2 + 4ae^2)}{10e^2}}{d^6 + 6d^5ex + 15d^4e^2x^2 + 20d^3e^3x^3 + 15d^2e^4x^4 + 6de^5x^5 + e^6x^6}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^9,x)
```

output

```
-((10*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(60*e^3) + (c^2*d^2*x^2)/(4*e) +
(c*d*x*(4*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(10*e^2))/(d^6 + e^6*x^6 + 6*d*e^5*x^5 + 15*d^4*
e^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 6*d^5*e*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 24acd^3e^3x - 6c^2d^3ex - 10a^2e^4 - 4acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{60e^3(e^6x^6 + 6de^5x^5 + 15d^2e^4x^4 + 20d^3e^3x^3 + 15d^4e^2x^2 + 6d^5ex + d^6)}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^9,x)
```

output

```
( - 10*a**2*e**4 - 4*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 24*a*c*d*e**3*x - c**2*d**4 - 6*c**2*
d**3*e*x - 15*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2)/(60*e**3*(d**6 + 6*d**5*e*x + 15*d**4*
e**2*x**2 + 20*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 15*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 6*d*e**5*x**5 + e**6*x
**6))
```


3.93 $\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	736
Mathematica [B] (verified)	736
Rubi [A] (verified)	737
Maple [B] (verified)	738
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	739
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	740
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	741
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	741
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	742
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	743

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (d+ex)^6}{6e^4} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^7}{7e^4}$$

$$- \frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^8}{8e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^9}{9e^4}$$

output

```
-1/6*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^6/e^4+3/7*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^7/e^4
-3/8*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^8/e^4+1/9*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^9/e^4
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{504} x (84a^3e^3(6d^5 + 15d^4ex + 20d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^2e^3x^3 + 6de^4x^4 + e^5x^5)$$

$$+ 36a^2cde^2x(21d^5 + 70d^4ex + 105d^3e^2x^2 + 84d^2e^3x^3 + 35de^4x^4 + 6e^5x^5)$$

$$+ 9ac^2d^2ex^2(56d^5 + 210d^4ex + 336d^3e^2x^2 + 280d^2e^3x^3 + 120de^4x^4 + 21e^5x^5)$$

$$+ c^3d^3x^3(126d^5 + 504d^4ex + 840d^3e^2x^2 + 720d^2e^3x^3 + 315de^4x^4 + 56e^5x^5))$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(x*(84*a^3*e^3*(6*d^5 + 15*d^4*e*x + 20*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*d*e^4*x^4 + e^5*x^5) + 36*a^2*c*d*e^2*x*(21*d^5 + 70*d^4*e*x + 105*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 84*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 35*d*e^4*x^4 + 6*e^5*x^5) + 9*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2*(56*d^5 + 210*d^4*e*x + 336*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 280*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 120*d*e^4*x^4 + 21*e^5*x^5) + c^3*d^3*x^3*(126*d^5 + 504*d^4*e*x + 840*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 720*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 315*d*e^4*x^4 + 56*e^5*x^5)))/504`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(d + ex)^7 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(d + ex)^6 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^8}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{3c^2d^2(d+ex)^8(cd^2-ae^2)}{8e^4} + \frac{3cd(d+ex)^7(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{7e^4} - \frac{(d+ex)^6(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{6e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^9}{9e^4}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/6*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^6)/e^4 + (3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^4) - (3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^4) + (c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

method	result
norman	$\frac{d^3c^3e^5x^9}{9} + \left(\frac{3}{8}ae^6c^2d^2 + \frac{5}{8}d^4c^3e^4\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{3}{7}a^2e^7cd + \frac{15}{7}ae^5c^2d^3 + \frac{10}{7}d^5c^3e^3\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{6}a^3e^8 + \frac{5}{2}a^2e^7c\right)x^6 + \frac{1}{6}a^4e^8x^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^5e^7x^4 + \frac{1}{6}a^6e^6x^3 + \frac{1}{6}a^7e^5x^2 + \frac{1}{6}a^8e^4x + \frac{1}{6}a^9e^3$
risch	$\frac{1}{9}d^3c^3e^5x^9 + \frac{3}{8}x^8ae^6c^2d^2 + \frac{5}{8}x^8d^4c^3e^4 + \frac{3}{7}x^7a^2e^7cd + \frac{15}{7}x^7ae^5c^2d^3 + \frac{10}{7}x^7d^5c^3e^3 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^3e^8 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^2e^7c + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^4e^6 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^5e^5 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^6e^4 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^7e^3 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^8e^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^9e$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{9}d^3c^3e^5x^9 + \frac{3}{8}x^8ae^6c^2d^2 + \frac{5}{8}x^8d^4c^3e^4 + \frac{3}{7}x^7a^2e^7cd + \frac{15}{7}x^7ae^5c^2d^3 + \frac{10}{7}x^7d^5c^3e^3 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^3e^8 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^2e^7c + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^4e^6 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^5e^5 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^6e^4 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^7e^3 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^8e^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^6a^9e$
gospers	$\frac{x(56d^3c^3e^5x^8+189x^7ae^6c^2d^2+315x^7d^4c^3e^4+216x^6a^2e^7cd+1080x^6ae^5c^2d^3+720x^6d^5c^3e^3+84x^5a^3e^8+1260x^5a^2c^2d^2e^6+2160x^5a^4e^7cd+1260x^5a^5e^6c^2d^3+1260x^5a^6e^5c^3e^3+84x^4a^7e^8+1260x^4a^8e^7c+1260x^4a^9e^6)}{720}$
orering	$\frac{x(56d^3c^3e^5x^8+189x^7ae^6c^2d^2+315x^7d^4c^3e^4+216x^6a^2e^7cd+1080x^6ae^5c^2d^3+720x^6d^5c^3e^3+84x^5a^3e^8+1260x^5a^2c^2d^2e^6+2160x^5a^4e^7cd+1260x^5a^5e^6c^2d^3+1260x^5a^6e^5c^3e^3+84x^4a^7e^8+1260x^4a^8e^7c+1260x^4a^9e^6)}{720}$
default	$\frac{d^3c^3e^5x^9}{9} + \frac{(2d^4c^3e^4+3e^4(ae^2+cd^2)c^2d^2)x^8}{8} + \frac{(d^5c^3e^3+6d^3e^3(ae^2+cd^2)c^2+e^2(a^2d^3e^3+2(ae^2+cd^2)^2dec+dec^2))x^7}{7}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/9*d^3*c^3*e^5*x^9+(3/8*a*e^6*c^2*d^2+5/8*d^4*c^3*e^4)*x^8+(3/7*a^2*e^7*c \\ & *d+15/7*a*e^5*c^2*d^3+10/7*d^5*c^3*e^3)*x^7+(1/6*a^3*e^8+5/2*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 \\ & +5*a*c^2*d^4*e^4+5/3*c^3*d^6*e^2)*x^6+(a^3*d*e^7+6*a^2*c*d^3*e^5+6*a*c^2*d \\ & ^5*e^3+c^3*d^7*e)*x^5+(5/2*e^6*a^3*d^2+15/2*a^2*e^4*c*d^4+15/4*a*e^2*c^2*d \\ & ^6+1/4*d^8*c^3)*x^4+(10/3*e^5*a^3*d^3+5*a^2*e^3*c*d^5+a*e*c^2*d^7)*x^3+(5/ \\ & 2*e^4*a^3*d^4+3/2*a^2*e^2*c*d^6)*x^2+e^3*a^3*d^5*x \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\ & = \frac{1}{9} c^3 d^3 e^5 x^9 + a^3 d^5 e^3 x + \frac{1}{8} (5 c^3 d^4 e^4 + 3 a c^2 d^2 e^6) x^8 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{7} (10 c^3 d^5 e^3 + 15 a c^2 d^3 e^5 + 3 a^2 c d e^7) x^7 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{6} (10 c^3 d^6 e^2 + 30 a c^2 d^4 e^4 + 15 a^2 c d^2 e^6 + a^3 e^8) x^6 \\ & \quad + (c^3 d^7 e + 6 a c^2 d^5 e^3 + 6 a^2 c d^3 e^5 + a^3 d e^7) x^5 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{4} (c^3 d^8 + 15 a c^2 d^6 e^2 + 30 a^2 c d^4 e^4 + 10 a^3 d^2 e^6) x^4 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{3} (3 a c^2 d^7 e + 15 a^2 c d^5 e^3 + 10 a^3 d^3 e^5) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 c d^6 e^2 + 5 a^3 d^4 e^4) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/9*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^9 + a^3*d^5*e^3*x + 1/8*(5*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^8 + 1/7*(10*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 15*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^7)*x^7 + 1/6*(10*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 30*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + a^3*e^8)*x^6 + (c^3*d^7*e + 6*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 6*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 + a^3*d*e^7)*x^5 + 1/4*(c^3*d^8 + 15*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 30*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 + 10*a^3*d^2*e^6)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*a*c^2*d^7*e + 15*a^2*c*d^5*e^3 + 10*a^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^6*e^2 + 5*a^3*d^4*e^4)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= a^3 d^5 e^3 x + \frac{c^3 d^3 e^5 x^9}{9} + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{3ac^2 d^2 e^6}{8} + \frac{5c^3 d^4 e^4}{8} \right) + x^7$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{3a^2 c d e^7}{7} + \frac{15a^2 d^3 e^5}{7} + \frac{10c^3 d^5 e^3}{7} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{a^3 e^8}{6} + \frac{5a^2 c d^2 e^6}{2} + 5ac^2 d^4 e^4 + \frac{5c^3 d^6 e^2}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^5 (a^3 d e^7 + 6a^2 c d^3 e^5 + 6ac^2 d^5 e^3 + c^3 d^7 e) + x^4$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{5a^3 d^2 e^6}{2} + \frac{15a^2 c d^4 e^4}{2} + \frac{15ac^2 d^6 e^2}{4} + \frac{c^3 d^8}{4} \right) + x^3$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{10a^3 d^3 e^5}{3} + 5a^2 c d^5 e^3 + ac^2 d^7 e \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5a^3 d^4 e^4}{2} + \frac{3a^2 c d^6 e^2}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
a**3*d**5*e**3*x + c**3*d**3*e**5*x**9/9 + x**8*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**6/8 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**4/8) + x**7*(3*a**2*c*d*e**7/7 + 15*a*c**2*d**3*e**5/7 + 10*c**3*d**5*e**3/7) + x**6*(a**3*e**8/6 + 5*a**2*c*d**2*e**6/2 + 5*a*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 5*c**3*d**6*e**2/3) + x**5*(a**3*d*e**7 + 6*a**2*c*d**3*e**5 + 6*a*c**2*d**5*e**3 + c**3*d**7*e) + x**4*(5*a**3*d**2*e**6/2 + 15*a**2*c*d**4*e**4/2 + 15*a*c**2*d**6*e**2/4 + c**3*d**8/4) + x**3*(10*a**3*d**3*e**5/3 + 5*a**2*c*d**5*e**3 + a*c**2*d**7*e) + x**2*(5*a**3*d**4*e**4/2 + 3*a**2*c*d**6*e**2/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{9} c^3 d^3 e^5 x^9 + a^3 d^5 e^3 x + \frac{1}{8} (5 c^3 d^4 e^4 + 3 a c^2 d^2 e^6) x^8 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{7} (10 c^3 d^5 e^3 + 15 a c^2 d^3 e^5 + 3 a^2 c d e^7) x^7 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{6} (10 c^3 d^6 e^2 + 30 a c^2 d^4 e^4 + 15 a^2 c d^2 e^6 + a^3 e^8) x^6 \\ & \quad + (c^3 d^7 e + 6 a c^2 d^5 e^3 + 6 a^2 c d^3 e^5 + a^3 d e^7) x^5 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{4} (c^3 d^8 + 15 a c^2 d^6 e^2 + 30 a^2 c d^4 e^4 + 10 a^3 d^2 e^6) x^4 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{3} (3 a c^2 d^7 e + 15 a^2 c d^5 e^3 + 10 a^3 d^3 e^5) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 c d^6 e^2 + 5 a^3 d^4 e^4) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^9 + a^3*d^5*e^3*x + 1/8*(5*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^8 + 1/7*(10*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 15*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^7)*x^7 + 1/6*(10*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 30*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + a^3*e^8)*x^6 + (c^3*d^7*e + 6*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 6*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 + a^3*d*e^7)*x^5 + 1/4*(c^3*d^8 + 15*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 30*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 + 10*a^3*d^2*e^6)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*a*c^2*d^7*e + 15*a^2*c*d^5*e^3 + 10*a^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^6*e^2 + 5*a^3*d^4*e^4)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{9} c^3 d^3 e^5 x^9 + \frac{5}{8} c^3 d^4 e^4 x^8 + \frac{3}{8} ac^2 d^2 e^6 x^8 + \frac{10}{7} c^3 d^5 e^3 x^7 + \frac{15}{7} ac^2 d^3 e^5 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} a^2 c d e^7 x^7$$

$$+ \frac{5}{3} c^3 d^6 e^2 x^6 + 5 ac^2 d^4 e^4 x^6 + \frac{5}{2} a^2 c d^2 e^6 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} a^3 e^8 x^6 + c^3 d^7 e x^5 + 6 ac^2 d^5 e^3 x^5$$

$$+ 6 a^2 c d^3 e^5 x^5 + a^3 d e^7 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} c^3 d^8 x^4 + \frac{15}{4} ac^2 d^6 e^2 x^4 + \frac{15}{2} a^2 c d^4 e^4 x^4 + \frac{5}{2} a^3 d^2 e^6 x^4$$

$$+ ac^2 d^7 e x^3 + 5 a^2 c d^5 e^3 x^3 + \frac{10}{3} a^3 d^3 e^5 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c d^6 e^2 x^2 + \frac{5}{2} a^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 + a^3 d^5 e^3 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^9 + 5/8*c^3*d^4*e^4*x^8 + 3/8*a*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^8 + 10/7*c^3*d^5*e^3*x^7 + 15/7*a*c^2*d^3*e^5*x^7 + 3/7*a^2*c*d*e^7*x^7 + 5/3*c^3*d^6*e^2*x^6 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^4*x^6 + 5/2*a^2*c*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 1/6*a^3*e^8*x^6 + c^3*d^7*e*x^5 + 6*a*c^2*d^5*e^3*x^5 + 6*a^2*c*d^3*e^5*x^5 + a^3*d*e^7*x^5 + 1/4*c^3*d^8*x^4 + 15/4*a*c^2*d^6*e^2*x^4 + 15/2*a^2*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 5/2*a^3*d^2*e^6*x^4 + a*c^2*d^7*e*x^3 + 5*a^2*c*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 10/3*a^3*d^3*e^5*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 5/2*a^3*d^4*e^4*x^2 + a^3*d^5*e^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= x^4 \left(\frac{5a^3 d^2 e^6}{2} + \frac{15a^2 c d^4 e^4}{2} + \frac{15a c^2 d^6 e^2}{4} + \frac{c^3 d^8}{4} \right)$$

$$+ x^6 \left(\frac{a^3 e^8}{6} + \frac{5a^2 c d^2 e^6}{2} + 5a c^2 d^4 e^4 + \frac{5c^3 d^6 e^2}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^5 (a^3 d e^7 + 6a^2 c d^3 e^5 + 6a c^2 d^5 e^3 + c^3 d^7 e) + a^3 d^5 e^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{c^3 d^3 e^5 x^9}{9} + \frac{a d^3 e x^3 (10a^2 e^4 + 15a c d^2 e^2 + 3c^2 d^4)}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{c d e^3 x^7 (3a^2 e^4 + 15a c d^2 e^2 + 10c^2 d^4)}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 d^4 e^2 x^2 (3c d^2 + 5a e^2)}{2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^4 x^8 (5c d^2 + 3a e^2)}{8}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output $x^4*((c^3d^8)/4 + (5a^3d^2e^6)/2 + (15ac^2d^6e^2)/4 + (15a^2cd^4e^4)/2) + x^6*((a^3e^8)/6 + (5c^3d^6e^2)/3 + 5ac^2d^4e^4 + (5a^2cd^2e^6)/2) + x^5*(a^3d^2e^7 + c^3d^7e + 6ac^2d^5e^3 + 6a^2cd^3e^5) + a^3d^5e^3x + (c^3d^3e^5x^9)/9 + (a^3d^3e^3x^3*(10a^2e^4 + 3c^2d^4 + 15ac^2d^2e^2))/3 + (cd^3e^3x^7*(3a^2e^4 + 10c^2d^4 + 15ac^2d^2e^2))/7 + (a^2d^4e^2x^2*(5ae^2 + 3cd^2))/2 + (c^2d^2e^4x^8*(3ae^2 + 5cd^2))/8$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(56c^3d^3e^5x^8 + 189ac^2d^2e^6x^7 + 315c^3d^4e^4x^7 + 216a^2cde^7x^6 + 1080ac^2d^3e^5x^6 + 720c^3d^5e^3x^6 + 84a^3e^8x^5 + 1260a^3d^2e^6x^5 + 1680a^3d^3e^5x^5 + 1260a^3d^4e^4x^5 + 84a^3e^8x^5 + 756a^2c^2d^6e^2x^4 + 2520a^2c^2d^5e^3x^4 + 3780a^2c^2d^4e^4x^4 + 3024a^2c^2d^3e^5x^4 + 1260a^2c^2d^2e^6x^4 + 216a^2c^2d^2e^6x^4 + 504ac^2d^7e^2x^3 + 1890ac^2d^6e^2x^3 + 3024ac^2d^5e^3x^3 + 2520ac^2d^4e^4x^3 + 1080ac^2d^3e^5x^3 + 189ac^2d^2e^6x^3 + 126c^3d^8x^3 + 504c^3d^7e^2x^3 + 840c^3d^6e^2x^3 + 720c^3d^5e^3x^3 + 315c^3d^4e^4x^3 + 56c^3d^3e^5x^3)}{504}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output $(x*(504a^3d^5e^3 + 1260a^3d^4e^4x + 1680a^3d^3e^5x^2 + 1260a^3d^2e^6x^3 + 504a^3d^2e^6x^3 + 504a^3d^2e^6x^3 + 84a^3e^8x^5 + 756a^2c^2d^6e^2x + 2520a^2c^2d^5e^3x^2 + 3780a^2c^2d^4e^4x^3 + 3024a^2c^2d^3e^5x^4 + 1260a^2c^2d^2e^6x^5 + 216a^2c^2d^2e^6x^5 + 504ac^2d^7e^2x^2 + 1890ac^2d^6e^2x^3 + 3024ac^2d^5e^3x^4 + 2520ac^2d^4e^4x^5 + 1080ac^2d^3e^5x^6 + 189ac^2d^2e^6x^7 + 126c^3d^8x^3 + 504c^3d^7e^2x^3 + 840c^3d^6e^2x^3 + 720c^3d^5e^3x^3 + 315c^3d^4e^4x^3 + 56c^3d^3e^5x^3))/504$

3.94 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	744
Mathematica [A] (verified)	744
Rubi [A] (verified)	745
Maple [B] (verified)	746
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	747
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	747
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	748
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	749
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	750
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	750

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 111

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\ &= -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (d+ex)^5}{5e^4} + \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^6}{2e^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex)^7}{7e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3 (d+ex)^8}{8e^4} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^5/e^4+1/2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^6/e^4
-3/7*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^7/e^4+1/8*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^8/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{280}x(56a^3e^3(5d^4 + 10d^3ex + 10d^2e^2x^2 + 5de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) \\ & \quad + 28a^2cde^2x(15d^4 + 40d^3ex + 45d^2e^2x^2 + 24de^3x^3 + 5e^4x^4) \\ & \quad + 8ac^2d^2ex^2(35d^4 + 105d^3ex + 126d^2e^2x^2 + 70de^3x^3 + 15e^4x^4) \\ & \quad + c^3d^3x^3(70d^4 + 224d^3ex + 280d^2e^2x^2 + 160de^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4)) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(x*(56*a^3*e^3*(5*d^4 + 10*d^3*e*x + 10*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 5*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) + 28*a^2*c*d*e^2*x*(15*d^4 + 40*d^3*e*x + 45*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 24*d*e^3*x^3 + 5*e^4*x^4) + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2*(35*d^4 + 105*d^3*e*x + 126*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 70*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*e^4*x^4) + c^3*d^3*x^3*(70*d^4 + 224*d^3*e*x + 280*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 160*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4)))/280$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(d + ex)^6 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(d + ex)^5 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^7}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{3c^2d^2(d + ex)^7 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{7e^4} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^6 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2e^4} - \frac{(d + ex)^5 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{5e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^8}{8e^4}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $-1/5*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^5)/e^4 + (c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^6)/(2*e^4) - (3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^4) + (c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^4)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 247 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

method	result
norman	$\frac{d^3 c^3 e^4 x^8}{8} + \left(\frac{3}{7} a e^5 c^2 d^2 + \frac{4}{7} d^4 c^3 e^3\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 e^6 c d + 2 a e^4 c^2 d^3 + d^5 c^3 e^2\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{1}{5} a^3 e^7 + \frac{12}{5} a^2 e^5 c\right) x^5 + \dots$
risch	$\frac{1}{8} d^3 c^3 e^4 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a e^5 c^2 d^2 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 d^4 c^3 e^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a^2 e^6 c d + 2 x^6 a e^4 c^2 d^3 + x^6 d^5 c^3 e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^3 e^7 + \dots$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8} d^3 c^3 e^4 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a e^5 c^2 d^2 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 d^4 c^3 e^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a^2 e^6 c d + 2 x^6 a e^4 c^2 d^3 + x^6 d^5 c^3 e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^3 e^7 + \dots$
gosper	$x(35d^3c^3e^4x^7+120x^6ae^5c^2d^2+160x^6d^4c^3e^3+140x^5a^2e^6cd+560x^5ae^4c^2d^3+280x^5d^5c^3e^2+56x^4a^3e^7+672x^4a^2e^5cd^2+100x^4d^6c^3e^3)$
oring	$x(35d^3c^3e^4x^7+120x^6ae^5c^2d^2+160x^6d^4c^3e^3+140x^5a^2e^6cd+560x^5ae^4c^2d^3+280x^5d^5c^3e^2+56x^4a^3e^7+672x^4a^2e^5cd^2+100x^4d^6c^3e^3)$
default	$\frac{d^3 c^3 e^4 x^8}{8} + \frac{(d^4 c^3 e^3 + 3 e^3 (a e^2 + c d^2) c^2 d^2) x^7}{7} + \frac{(3 d^3 (a e^2 + c d^2) e^2 c^2 + e (a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 2 (a e^2 + c d^2)^2 d e c + d e c (2 a c d^2 e^2 + (a e^2 + c d^2) c^2 d^2))) x^6}{6}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*d^3*c^3*e^4*x^8+(3/7*a*e^5*c^2*d^2+4/7*d^4*c^3*e^3)*x^7+(1/2*a^2*e^6*c
*d+2*a*e^4*c^2*d^3+d^5*c^3*e^2)*x^6+(1/5*a^3*e^7+12/5*a^2*e^5*c*d^2+18/5*a
*e^3*c^2*d^4+4/5*d^6*c^3*e)*x^5+(e^6*a^3*d+9/2*a^2*c*d^3*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^5*e
^2+1/4*c^3*d^7)*x^4+(2*a^3*d^2*e^5+4*a^2*c*d^4*e^3+a*c^2*d^6*e)*x^3+(2*e^4
*a^3*d^3+3/2*a^2*e^2*c*d^5)*x^2+e^3*a^3*d^4*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{8} c^3 d^3 e^4 x^8 + a^3 d^4 e^3 x + \frac{1}{7} (4c^3 d^4 e^3 + 3ac^2 d^2 e^5) x^7 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{2} (2c^3 d^5 e^2 + 4ac^2 d^3 e^4 + a^2 cde^6) x^6 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{5} (4c^3 d^6 e + 18ac^2 d^4 e^3 + 12a^2 cd^2 e^5 + a^3 e^7) x^5 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{4} (c^3 d^7 + 12ac^2 d^5 e^2 + 18a^2 cd^3 e^4 + 4a^3 de^6) x^4 \\ & \quad + (ac^2 d^6 e + 4a^2 cd^4 e^3 + 2a^3 d^2 e^5) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3a^2 cd^5 e^2 + 4a^3 d^3 e^4) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^8 + a^3*d^4*e^3*x + 1/7*(4*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^7 + 1/2*(2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^6 + 1/5*(4*c^3*d^6*e + 18*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + a^3*e^7)*x^5 + 1/4*(c^3*d^7 + 12*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 18*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 4*a^3*d*e^6)*x^4 + (a*c^2*d^6*e + 4*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 + 2*a^3*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^5*e^2 + 4*a^3*d^3*e^4)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 270 vs. $2(99) = 198$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\ &= a^3 d^4 e^3 x + \frac{c^3 d^3 e^4 x^8}{8} + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{3ac^2 d^2 e^5}{7} + \frac{4c^3 d^4 e^3}{7} \right) \\ &+ x^6 \left(\frac{a^2 c d e^6}{2} + 2ac^2 d^3 e^4 + c^3 d^5 e^2 \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{a^3 e^7}{5} + \frac{12a^2 c d^2 e^5}{5} + \frac{18ac^2 d^4 e^3}{5} + \frac{4c^3 d^6 e}{5} \right) \\ &+ x^4 \left(a^3 d e^6 + \frac{9a^2 c d^3 e^4}{2} + 3ac^2 d^5 e^2 + \frac{c^3 d^7}{4} \right) + x^3 \\ &\cdot (2a^3 d^2 e^5 + 4a^2 c d^4 e^3 + ac^2 d^6 e) + x^2 \cdot \left(2a^3 d^3 e^4 + \frac{3a^2 c d^5 e^2}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `a**3*d**4*e**3*x + c**3*d**3*e**4*x**8/8 + x**7*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**5/7 + 4*c**3*d**4*e**3/7) + x**6*(a**2*c*d*e**6/2 + 2*a*c**2*d**3*e**4 + c**3*d**5*e**2) + x**5*(a**3*e**7/5 + 12*a**2*c*d**2*e**5/5 + 18*a*c**2*d**4*e**3/5 + 4*c**3*d**6*e/5) + x**4*(a**3*d*e**6 + 9*a**2*c*d**3*e**4/2 + 3*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 + c**3*d**7/4) + x**3*(2*a**3*d**2*e**5 + 4*a**2*c*d**4*e**3 + a*c**2*d**6*e) + x**2*(2*a**3*d**3*e**4 + 3*a**2*c*d**5*e**2/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{8} c^3 d^3 e^4 x^8 + a^3 d^4 e^3 x + \frac{1}{7} (4c^3 d^4 e^3 + 3ac^2 d^2 e^5) x^7 \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} (2c^3 d^5 e^2 + 4ac^2 d^3 e^4 + a^2 c d e^6) x^6 \\ &+ \frac{1}{5} (4c^3 d^6 e + 18ac^2 d^4 e^3 + 12a^2 c d^2 e^5 + a^3 e^7) x^5 \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} (c^3 d^7 + 12ac^2 d^5 e^2 + 18a^2 c d^3 e^4 + 4a^3 d e^6) x^4 \\ &+ (ac^2 d^6 e + 4a^2 c d^4 e^3 + 2a^3 d^2 e^5) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3a^2 c d^5 e^2 + 4a^3 d^3 e^4) x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^8 + a^3*d^4*e^3*x + 1/7*(4*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^5) *x^7 + 1/2*(2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^6 + 1/5*(4*c^3*d^6*e + 18*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + a^3*e^7)*x^5 + 1/4*(c^3*d^7 + 12*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 18*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 4*a^3*d*e^6)*x^4 + (a*c^2*d^6*e + 4*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 + 2*a^3*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^5*e^2 + 4*a^3*d^3*e^4)*x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 271 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\ & = \frac{1}{8} c^3 d^3 e^4 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} c^3 d^4 e^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} ac^2 d^2 e^5 x^7 + c^3 d^5 e^2 x^6 + 2 ac^2 d^3 e^4 x^6 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c d e^6 x^6 + \frac{4}{5} c^3 d^6 e x^5 + \frac{18}{5} ac^2 d^4 e^3 x^5 + \frac{12}{5} a^2 c d^2 e^5 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} a^3 e^7 x^5 \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{4} c^3 d^7 x^4 + 3 ac^2 d^5 e^2 x^4 + \frac{9}{2} a^2 c d^3 e^4 x^4 + a^3 d e^6 x^4 + ac^2 d^6 e x^3 \\ & \quad + 4 a^2 c d^4 e^3 x^3 + 2 a^3 d^2 e^5 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c d^5 e^2 x^2 + 2 a^3 d^3 e^4 x^2 + a^3 d^4 e^3 x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^8 + 4/7*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^7 + 3/7*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^7 + c^3*d^5 *e^2*x^6 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^6 + 1/2*a^2*c*d*e^6*x^6 + 4/5*c^3*d^6*e*x^5 + 18/5*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^5 + 12/5*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 1/5*a^3*e^7*x^5 + 1/4 *c^3*d^7*x^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^4 + 9/2*a^2*c*d^3*e^4*x^4 + a^3*d*e^6*x^4 + a*c^2*d^6*e*x^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 2*a^3*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c*d^5 *e^2*x^2 + 2*a^3*d^3*e^4*x^2 + a^3*d^4*e^3*x \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\
&= x^4 \left(a^3 d e^6 + \frac{9 a^2 c d^3 e^4}{2} + 3 a c^2 d^5 e^2 + \frac{c^3 d^7}{4} \right) \\
&+ x^5 \left(\frac{a^3 e^7}{5} + \frac{12 a^2 c d^2 e^5}{5} + \frac{18 a c^2 d^4 e^3}{5} + \frac{4 c^3 d^6 e}{5} \right) + a^3 d^4 e^3 x + \frac{c^3 d^3 e^4 x^8}{8} \\
&+ a d^2 e x^3 (2 a^2 e^4 + 4 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) + \frac{c d e^2 x^6 (a^2 e^4 + 4 a c d^2 e^2 + 2 c^2 d^4)}{2} \\
&+ \frac{a^2 d^3 e^2 x^2 (3 c d^2 + 4 a e^2)}{2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^3 x^7 (4 c d^2 + 3 a e^2)}{7}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `x^4*((c^3*d^7)/4 + a^3*d*e^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + (9*a^2*c*d^3*e^4)/2) + x^5*((a^3*e^7)/5 + (4*c^3*d^6*e)/5 + (18*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)/5 + (12*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)/5) + a^3*d^4*e^3*x + (c^3*d^3*e^4*x^8)/8 + a*d^2*e*x^3*(2*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (c*d*e^2*x^6*(a^2*e^4 + 2*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2))/2 + (a^2*d^3*e^2*x^2*(4*a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/2 + (c^2*d^2*e^3*x^7*(3*a*e^2 + 4*c*d^2))/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\
&= \frac{x(35c^3d^3e^4x^7 + 120a^2c^2d^2e^5x^6 + 160c^3d^4e^3x^6 + 140a^2cd^2e^6x^5 + 560a^2c^2d^3e^4x^5 + 280c^3d^5e^2x^5 + 56a^3e^7x^4)}{1}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(x*(280*a**3*d**4*e**3 + 560*a**3*d**3*e**4*x + 560*a**3*d**2*e**5*x**2 +
280*a**3*d*e**6*x**3 + 56*a**3*e**7*x**4 + 420*a**2*c*d**5*e**2*x + 1120*a
**2*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 1260*a**2*c*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 672*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x
**4 + 140*a**2*c*d*e**6*x**5 + 280*a*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 + 840*a*c**2*d**5*e*
**2*x**3 + 1008*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 + 560*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**5 + 120*a*c
**2*d**2*e**5*x**6 + 70*c**3*d**7*x**3 + 224*c**3*d**6*e*x**4 + 280*c**3*d
**5*e**2*x**5 + 160*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**6 + 35*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**7))/280
```


3.95 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^4}{4e^4} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^5}{5e^4} - \frac{c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) (d + ex)^6}{2e^4} + \frac{c^3 d^3 (d + ex)^7}{7e^4}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^4/e^4+3/5*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^5/e^4
-1/2*c^2*d^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^4+1/7*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^7/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{140}x(35a^3e^3(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 21a^2cde^2x(10d^3 + 20d^2ex + 15de^2x^2 + 4e^3x^3) + 7ac^2d^2ex^2(20d^3 + 45d^2ex + 36de^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3) + c^3d^3x^3(35d^3 + 84d^2ex + 70de^2x^2 + 20e^3x^3))$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(x*(35*a^3*e^3*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + 21*a^2*c*d*e^2*x*(10*d^3 + 20*d^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3) + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2*(20*d^3 + 45*d^2*e*x + 36*d*e^2*x^2 + 10*e^3*x^3) + c^3*d^3*x^3*(35*d^3 + 84*d^2*e*x + 70*d*e^2*x^2 + 20*e^3*x^3)))/140$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1084$$

$$\frac{\int ((cd^2 + cexd)^6 - 3c^5d^5(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^5 + 3c^4d^4(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d + ex)^4 - c^3d^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d + ex)^3) dx}{c^3d^3e^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{c^5d^5(d+ex)^6(cd^2-ae^2)}{2e} + \frac{3c^4d^4(d+ex)^5(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{5e} - \frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^4(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{4e} + \frac{c^6d^6(d+ex)^7}{7e}}{c^3d^3e^3}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(-1/4*(c^3*d^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^4)/e + (3*c^4*d^4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e) - (c^5*d^5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/(2*e) + (c^6*d^6*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e))/(c^3*d^3*e^3)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1084 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
norman	$\frac{e^3 d^3 c^3 x^7}{7} + (\frac{1}{2} a c^2 d^2 e^4 + \frac{1}{2} c^3 d^4 e^2) x^6 + (\frac{3}{5} d e^5 a^2 c + \frac{9}{5} a c^2 d^3 e^3 + \frac{3}{5} c^3 d^5 e) x^5 + (\frac{1}{4} e^6 a^3 + \frac{9}{4} d^2 e^4 c + \frac{3}{4} c^2 d^4 e^2) x^4 + (\frac{1}{2} a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} c^3 d^4 e^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 d e^5 a^2 c + \frac{9}{5} x^5 a c^2 d^3 e^3 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 c^3 d^5 e + \frac{1}{4} x^4 e^6 a^3 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 e^4 c^2 d^4 e^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 e^2 c^2 d^4 e^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{7} e^3 d^3 c^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} c^3 d^4 e^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 d e^5 a^2 c + \frac{9}{5} x^5 a c^2 d^3 e^3 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 c^3 d^5 e + \frac{1}{4} x^4 e^6 a^3 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 e^4 c^2 d^4 e^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 e^2 c^2 d^4 e^2$
risch	
parallelrisc	
gospers	$\frac{x(20e^3d^3c^3x^6+70x^5ac^2d^2e^4+70x^5c^3d^4e^2+84x^4de^5a^2c+252x^4ac^2d^3e^3+84x^4c^3d^5e+35x^3e^6a^3+315x^3d^2e^4a^2c+315x^3d^4e^2c^2)}{140}$
oring	$\frac{x(20e^3d^3c^3x^6+70x^5ac^2d^2e^4+70x^5c^3d^4e^2+84x^4de^5a^2c+252x^4ac^2d^3e^3+84x^4c^3d^5e+35x^3e^6a^3+315x^3d^2e^4a^2c+315x^3d^4e^2c^2)}{140(e^3d^3c^3x^7 + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)e^2c^2d^2x^6}{2} + \frac{(ac^2d^3e^3+2(ae^2+cd^2)^2dec+dec(2acd^2e^2+(ae^2+cd^2)^2))x^5}{5} + \frac{(4ad^2e^2c(ae^2+cd^2)^2)}{5})}$
default	

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/7*e^3*d^3*c^3*x^7+(1/2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4+1/2*c^3*d^4*e^2)*x^6+(3/5*d*e^5*a^2*c+9/5*a*c^2*d^3*e^3+3/5*c^3*d^5*e)*x^5+(1/4*e^6*a^3+9/4*d^2*e^4*a^2*c+9/4*d^4*e^2*a*c^2+1/4*d^6*c^3)*x^4+(a^3*d*e^5+3*a^2*c*d^3*e^3+a*c^2*d^5*e)*x^3+(3/2*d^2*e^4*a^3+3/2*d^4*a^2*e^2*c)*x^2+d^3*e^3*a^3*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{7}c^3d^3e^3x^7 + a^3d^3e^3x + \frac{1}{2}(c^3d^4e^2 + ac^2d^2e^4)x^6 + \frac{3}{5}(c^3d^5e + 3ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(c^3d^6 + 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)x^4 + (ac^2d^5e + 3a^2cd^3e^3 + a^3de^5)x^3 + \frac{3}{2}(a^2cd^4e^2 + a^3d^2e^4)x^2$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^7 + a^3*d^3*e^3*x + 1/2*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^6 + 3/5*(c^3*d^5*e + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^5 + 1/4*(c^3*d^6 + 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x^4 + (a*c^2*d^5*e + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + a^3*d*e^5)*x^3 + 3/2*(a^2*c*d^4*e^2 + a^3*d^2*e^4)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = a^3d^3e^3x + \frac{c^3d^3e^3x^7}{7} + x^6\left(\frac{ac^2d^2e^4}{2} + \frac{c^3d^4e^2}{2}\right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2cde^5}{5} + \frac{9ac^2d^3e^3}{5} + \frac{3c^3d^5e}{5}\right) + x^4\left(\frac{a^3e^6}{4} + \frac{9a^2cd^2e^4}{4} + \frac{9ac^2d^4e^2}{4} + \frac{c^3d^6}{4}\right) + x^3(a^3de^5 + 3a^2cd^3e^3 + ac^2d^5e) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^3d^2e^4}{2} + \frac{3a^2cd^4e^2}{2}\right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
a**3*d**3*e**3*x + c**3*d**3*e**3*x**7/7 + x**6*(a*c**2*d**2*e**4/2 + c**3
*d**4*e**2/2) + x**5*(3*a**2*c*d**e**5/5 + 9*a*c**2*d**3*e**3/5 + 3*c**3*d*
*5*e/5) + x**4*(a**3*e**6/4 + 9*a**2*c*d**2*e**4/4 + 9*a*c**2*d**4*e**2/4
+ c**3*d**6/4) + x**3*(a**3*d*e**5 + 3*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 + a*c**2*d**5*e) +
x**2*(3*a**3*d**2*e**4/2 + 3*a**2*c*d**4*e**2/2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} c^3 d^3 e^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (cd^2 + ae^2) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^6 + a^3 d^3 e^3 x + \frac{3}{5} (cd^2 + ae^2)^2 c dex^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (2 c dex^3 + 3 (cd^2 + ae^2) x^2) a^2 d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{4} (cd^2 + ae^2)^3 x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{10} (6 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^5 + 15 (cd^2 + ae^2) c dex^4 + 10 (cd^2 + ae^2)^2 x^3) ade$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^7 + 1/2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^6 + a^3*d^3*e^3*x
+ 3/5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*c*d*e*x^5 + 1/2*(2*c*d*e*x^3 + 3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
^2)*a^2*d^2*e^2 + 1/4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*x^4 + 1/10*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 15
*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d*e*x^4 + 10*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*x^3)*a*d*e
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{7}c^3d^3e^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}c^3d^4e^2x^6 + \frac{1}{2}ac^2d^2e^4x^6 + \frac{3}{5}c^3d^5ex^5 + \frac{9}{5}ac^2d^3e^3x^5 + \frac{3}{5}a^2cde^5x^5 + \frac{1}{4}c^3d^6x^4 + \frac{9}{4}ac^2d^4e^2x^4 + \frac{9}{4}a^2cd^2e^4x^4 + \frac{1}{4}a^3e^6x^4 + ac^2d^5ex^3 + 3a^2cd^3e^3x^3 + a^3de^5x^3 + \frac{3}{2}a^2cd^4e^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}a^3d^2e^4x^2 + a^3d^3e^3x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^7 + 1/2*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^6 + 1/2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^6 + 3/5*c^3*d^5*e*x^5 + 9/5*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^5 + 3/5*a^2*c*d*e^5*x^5 + 1/4*c^3*d^6*x^4 + 9/4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 9/4*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 1/4*a^3*e^6*x^4 + a*c^2*d^5*e*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 + a^3*d*e^5*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 3/2*a^3*d^2*e^4*x^2 + a^3*d^3*e^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = x^4 \left(\frac{a^3 e^6}{4} + \frac{9 a^2 c d^2 e^4}{4} + \frac{9 a c^2 d^4 e^2}{4} + \frac{c^3 d^6}{4} \right) + a^3 d^3 e^3 x + \frac{c^3 d^3 e^3 x^7}{7} + a d e x^3 (a^2 e^4 + 3 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) + \frac{3 c d e x^5 (a^2 e^4 + 3 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{5} + \frac{3 a^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 (c d^2 + a e^2)}{2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^2 x^6 (c d^2 + a e^2)}{2}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `x^4*((a^3*e^6)/4 + (c^3*d^6)/4 + (9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2)/4 + (9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/4) + a^3*d^3*e^3*x + (c^3*d^3*e^3*x^7)/7 + a*d*e*x^3*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (3*c*d*e*x^5*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2))/5 + (3*a^2*d^2*e^2*x^2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2*x^6*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(20c^3d^3e^3x^6 + 70ac^2d^2e^4x^5 + 70c^3d^4e^2x^5 + 84a^2cde^5x^4 + 252ac^2d^3e^3x^4 + 84c^3d^5e^4x^4 + 35a^3e^6x^3 + 315a^2c^2d^2e^2x^3 + 252ac^2d^3e^3x^4 + 70ac^2d^2e^4x^5 + 35c^3d^6e^3x^3 + 84c^3d^5e^4x^4 + 70c^3d^4e^2x^5 + 20c^3d^3e^3x^6)/140}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(x*(140*a**3*d**3*e**3 + 210*a**3*d**2*e**4*x + 140*a**3*d*e**5*x**2 + 35*a**3*e**6*x**3 + 210*a**2*c*d**4*e**2*x + 420*a**2*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 315*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 84*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**4 + 140*a*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 + 315*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 + 252*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4 + 70*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**5 + 35*c**3*d**6*x**3 + 84*c**3*d**5*e*x**4 + 70*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**5 + 20*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**6))/140`

3.96 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)^4}{4c^3d^3} + \frac{2e(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^5}{5c^3d^3} + \frac{e^2(ae + cdx)^6}{6c^3d^3}$$

output

```
1/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/c^3/d^3+2/5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^5/c^3/d^3+1/6*e^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^6/c^3/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{60}x(20a^3e^3(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) + 15a^2cde^2x(6d^2 + 8dex + 3e^2x^2) + 6ac^2d^2ex^2(10d^2 + 15dex + 6e^2x^2) + c^3d^3x^3(15d^2 + 24dex + 10e^2x^2))$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x),x]
```


output

```
(x*(20*a^3*e^3*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + 15*a^2*c*d*e^2*x*(6*d^2 + 8*d
*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2*(10*d^2 + 15*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2) + c^
3*d^3*x^3*(15*d^2 + 24*d*e*x + 10*e^2*x^2)))/60
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2(ae + cdx)^5}{c^2d^2} + \frac{2e(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^4}{c^2d^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(ae + cdx)^3}{c^2d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^2(ae + cdx)^6}{6c^3d^3} + \frac{2e(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^5}{5c^3d^3} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(ae + cdx)^4}{4c^3d^3}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^4)/(4*c^3*d^3) + (2*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*
e + c*d*x)^5)/(5*c^3*d^3) + (e^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^6)/(6*c^3*d^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
norman	$\frac{e^2 d^3 c^3 x^6}{6} + (\frac{3}{5} e^3 a c^2 d^2 + \frac{2}{5} d^4 e c^3) x^5 + (\frac{3}{4} d e^4 a^2 c + \frac{3}{2} d^3 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{4} d^5 c^3) x^4 + (\frac{1}{3} a^3 e^5 + 2 d^2 e^3 a c^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 a^3 e^5 + 2 d^2 e^3 a c^2$
risch	$\frac{1}{6} e^2 d^3 c^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 e^3 a c^2 d^2 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 d^4 e c^3 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 d e^4 a^2 c + \frac{3}{2} x^4 d^3 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{4} d^5 c^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 a^3 e^5 + 2 d^2 e^3 a c^2$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{6} e^2 d^3 c^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 e^3 a c^2 d^2 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 d^4 e c^3 + \frac{3}{4} x^4 d e^4 a^2 c + \frac{3}{2} x^4 d^3 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{4} d^5 c^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 a^3 e^5 + 2 d^2 e^3 a c^2$
gospers	$\frac{x(10e^2 d^3 c^3 x^5 + 36x^4 e^3 a c^2 d^2 + 24x^4 d^4 e c^3 + 45x^3 d e^4 a^2 c + 90x^3 d^3 e^2 a c^2 + 15x^3 d^5 c^3 + 20x^2 a^3 e^5 + 120x^2 d^2 e^3 a^2 c + 60x^2 d^4 a e c^2)}{60}$
orering	$\frac{x(10e^2 d^3 c^3 x^5 + 36x^4 e^3 a c^2 d^2 + 24x^4 d^4 e c^3 + 45x^3 d e^4 a^2 c + 90x^3 d^3 e^2 a c^2 + 15x^3 d^5 c^3 + 20x^2 a^3 e^5 + 120x^2 d^2 e^3 a^2 c + 60x^2 d^4 a e c^2)}{60(x+d)^3(cd+ae)^3}$
default	$\frac{e^2 d^3 c^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{(e^3 a c^2 d^2 + 2e^2 d^2 e(ae^2 + cd^2))x^5}{5} + \frac{(2ae^2 dc(ae^2 + cd^2) + cd(2acd^2 e^2 + (ae^2 + cd^2)^2))x^4}{4} + \frac{ae(2acd^2 e^2 + (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)}{4}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*e^2*d^3*c^3*x^6+(3/5*e^3*a*c^2*d^2+2/5*d^4*e*c^3)*x^5+(3/4*d*e^4*a^2*c
+3/2*d^3*e^2*a*c^2+1/4*d^5*c^3)*x^4+(1/3*a^3*e^5+2*d^2*e^3*a^2*c+d^4*a*e*c^
^2)*x^3+(d*e^4*a^3+3/2*d^3*e^2*a^2*c)*x^2+d^2*e^3*a^3*x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{6} c^3 d^3 e^2 x^6 + a^3 d^2 e^3 x + \frac{1}{5} (2 c^3 d^4 e + 3 a c^2 d^2 e^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (c^3 d^5 + 6 a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 3 a^2 c d e^4) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (3 a c^2 d^4 e + 6 a^2 c d^2 e^3 + a^3 e^5) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 c d^3 e^2 + 2 a^3 d e^4) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^6 + a^3*d^2*e^3*x + 1/5*(2*c^3*d^4*e + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*
x^5 + 1/4*(c^3*d^5 + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*a*c^2*d
^4*e + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*a^3*d*e^4
)*x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = a^3 d^2 e^3 x + \frac{c^3 d^3 e^2 x^6}{6} + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3 a c^2 d^2 e^3}{5} + \frac{2 c^3 d^4 e}{5} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3 a^2 c d e^4}{4} + \frac{3 a c^2 d^3 e^2}{2} + \frac{c^3 d^5}{4} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(\frac{a^3 e^5}{3} + 2 a^2 c d^2 e^3 + a c^2 d^4 e \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(a^3 d e^4 + \frac{3 a^2 c d^3 e^2}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
a**3*d**2*e**3*x + c**3*d**3*e**2*x**6/6 + x**5*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**3/5 + 2*
c**3*d**4*e/5) + x**4*(3*a**2*c*d*e**4/4 + 3*a*c**2*d**3*e**2/2 + c**3*d**
5/4) + x**3*(a**3*e**5/3 + 2*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + a*c**2*d**4*e) + x**2*(a**
3*d*e**4 + 3*a**2*c*d**3*e**2/2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{6} c^3 d^3 e^2 x^6 + a^3 d^2 e^3 x + \frac{1}{5} (2 c^3 d^4 e + 3 a c^2 d^2 e^3) x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (c^3 d^5 + 6 a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 3 a^2 c d e^4) x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (3 a c^2 d^4 e + 6 a^2 c d^2 e^3 + a^3 e^5) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 c d^3 e^2 + 2 a^3 d e^4) x^2$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
1/6*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^6 + a^3*d^2*e^3*x + 1/5*(2*c^3*d^4*e + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*
x^5 + 1/4*(c^3*d^5 + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*a*c^2*d
^4*e + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*a^3*d*e^4
)*x^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{6} c^3 d^3 e^2 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} c^3 d^4 e x^5 + \frac{3}{5} a c^2 d^2 e^3 x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} c^3 d^5 x^4 + \frac{3}{2} a c^2 d^3 e^2 x^4 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c d e^4 x^4$$

$$+ a c^2 d^4 e x^3 + 2 a^2 c d^2 e^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 e^5 x^3$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} a^2 c d^3 e^2 x^2 + a^3 d e^4 x^2 + a^3 d^2 e^3 x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{6}c^3d^3e^2x^6 + \frac{2}{5}c^3d^4e^2x^5 + \frac{3}{5}a^2c^2d^2e^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}c^3d^5x^4 + \frac{3}{2}a^2c^2d^3e^2x^4 + \frac{3}{4}a^2c^2d^4e^2x^4 + a^2c^2d^4e^2x^3 + 2a^2c^2d^2e^3x^3 + \frac{1}{3}a^3e^5x^3 + \frac{3}{2}a^2c^2d^3e^2x^2 + a^3d^2e^4x^2 + a^3d^2e^3x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{a^3 e^5}{3} + 2a^2 c d^2 e^3 + a c^2 d^4 e \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{3a^2 c d e^4}{4} + \frac{3a c^2 d^3 e^2}{2} + \frac{c^3 d^5}{4} \right) + a^3 d^2 e^3 x + \frac{c^3 d^3 e^2 x^6}{6} + \frac{a^2 d e^2 x^2 (3c d^2 + 2a e^2)}{2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 e x^5 (2c d^2 + 3a e^2)}{5}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x),x)`

output $x^3 \left(\frac{a^3 e^5}{3} + 2a^2 c d^2 e^3 + a c^2 d^4 e \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{c^3 d^5}{4} + \frac{3a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2}{2} + \frac{3a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2}{4} \right) + a^3 d^2 e^3 x + \frac{c^3 d^3 e^2 x^6}{6} + \frac{a^2 d e^2 x^2 (2a e^2 + 3c d^2)}{2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 e x^5 (3a e^2 + 2c d^2)}{5}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(10c^3d^3e^2x^5 + 36ac^2d^2e^3x^4 + 24c^3d^4ex^4 + 45a^2cde^4x^3 + 90ac^2d^3e^2x^3 + 15c^3d^5x^3 + 20a^3e^5x^2 + 120a^2e^4x^2 + 60a^3e^5x^2 + 120a^2e^4x^2)}{60}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
(x*(60*a**3*d**2*e**3 + 60*a**3*d*e**4*x + 20*a**3*e**5*x**2 + 90*a**2*c*d**3*e**2*x + 120*a**2*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 45*a**2*c*d*e**4*x**3 + 60*a*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 + 90*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3 + 36*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**4 + 15*c**3*d**5*x**3 + 24*c**3*d**4*e*x**4 + 10*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**5))/60
```

3.97
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	766
Mathematica [A] (verified)	766
Rubi [A] (verified)	767
Maple [A] (verified)	768
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	768
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	769
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	769
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	770
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	770
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	771

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^4}{4c^2d^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)^5}{5c^2d^2}$$

output `1/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/c^2/d^2+1/5*e*(c*d*x+a*e)^5/c^2/d^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{1}{20}x(10a^3e^3(2d + ex) + 10a^2cde^2x(3d + 2ex) + 5ac^2d^2ex^2(4d + 3ex) + c^3d^3x^3(5d + 4ex))$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(x*(10*a^3*e^3*(2*d + e*x) + 10*a^2*c*d*e^2*x*(3*d + 2*e*x) + 5*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2*(4*d + 3*e*x) + c^3*d^3*x^3*(5*d + 4*e*x)))/20`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^3}{cd} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)^4}{cd} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^4}{4c^2d^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)^5}{5c^2d^2}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^4)/(4*c^2*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x)^5)/(5*c^2*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
risch	$\frac{1}{5}e d^3 c^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4}x^4 d^2 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{4}d^4 c^3 x^4 + a^2 c d e^3 x^3 + a c^2 d^3 e x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 e^4 a^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 d^2 e^2 a^2 c + a^3 d$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}e d^3 c^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4}x^4 d^2 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{4}d^4 c^3 x^4 + a^2 c d e^3 x^3 + a c^2 d^3 e x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 e^4 a^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 d^2 e^2 a^2 c + a^3 d$
gospers	$\frac{x(4e d^3 c^3 x^4 + 15d^2 e^2 a c^2 x^3 + 5d^4 c^3 x^3 + 20a^2 c d e^3 x^2 + 20a c^2 d^3 e x^2 + 10e^4 a^3 x + 30d^2 e^2 a^2 c x + 20a^3 d e^3)}{20}$
default	$\frac{e d^3 c^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{(2d^2 e^2 a c^2 + c^2 d^2 (a e^2 + c d^2)) x^4}{4} + \frac{(a^2 c d e^3 + 2a c d e (a e^2 + c d^2) + a c^2 d^3 e) x^3}{3} + \frac{(e^2 a^2 (a e^2 + c d^2) + 2d^2 e^2 a^2 c)}{2}$
orering	$\frac{x(4e d^3 c^3 x^4 + 15d^2 e^2 a c^2 x^3 + 5d^4 c^3 x^3 + 20a^2 c d e^3 x^2 + 20a c^2 d^3 e x^2 + 10e^4 a^3 x + 30d^2 e^2 a^2 c x + 20a^3 d e^3)(a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c)}{20(e x + d)^3 (c d x + a e)^3}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{3}{2}d e^4 a^3 + \frac{3}{2}d^3 e^2 a^2 c) x^2 + (\frac{3}{4}e^3 a c^2 d^2 + \frac{9}{20}d^4 e c^3) x^5 + (\frac{1}{2}a^3 e^5 + \frac{5}{2}d^2 e^3 a^2 c + d^4 a e c^2) x^3 + (d e^4 a^2 c + \frac{7}{4}d^3 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{4}d^5 c^3) x^4 + d^2 e^3 a^2 c}{e x + d}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*e*d^3*c^3*x^5+3/4*x^4*d^2*e^2*a*c^2+1/4*d^4*c^3*x^4+a^2*c*d*e^3*x^3+a*c^2*d^3*e*x^3+1/2*x^2*e^4*a^3+3/2*x^2*d^2*e^2*a^2*c+a^3*d*e^3*x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2)^3}{(d + e x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{5} c^3 d^3 e x^5 + a^3 d e^3 x + \frac{1}{4} (c^3 d^4 + 3 a c^2 d^2 e^2) x^4 + (a c^2 d^3 e + a^2 c d e^3) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 c d^2 e^2 + a^3 e^4) x^2$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*c^3*d^3*e*x^5 + a^3*d*e^3*x + 1/4*(c^3*d^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^4 + (a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = a^3 de^3 x + \frac{c^3 d^3 ex^5}{5} + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3ac^2 d^2 e^2}{4} + \frac{c^3 d^4}{4} \right) + x^3 (a^2 cde^3 + ac^2 d^3 e) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^3 e^4}{2} + \frac{3a^2 cd^2 e^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `a**3*d*e**3*x + c**3*d**3*e*x**5/5 + x**4*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**2/4 + c**3*d**4/4) + x**3*(a**2*c*d*e**3 + a*c**2*d**3*e) + x**2*(a**3*e**4/2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**2/2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{1}{5} c^3 d^3 ex^5 + a^3 de^3 x + \frac{1}{4} (c^3 d^4 + 3ac^2 d^2 e^2) x^4 + (ac^2 d^3 e + a^2 cde^3) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (3a^2 cd^2 e^2 + a^3 e^4) x^2$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*c^3*d^3*e*x^5 + a^3*d*e^3*x + 1/4*(c^3*d^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^4 + (a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*x^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. $2(50) = 100$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(4c^3d^3 - \frac{15c^3d^4}{ex+d} + \frac{20c^3d^5}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{10c^3d^6}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{15ac^2d^2e^2}{ex+d} - \frac{40ac^2d^3e^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{30ac^2d^4e^2}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{20a^2cde^4}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{30a^2cd^2e^4}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{10a^3e^6}{(ex+d)^3}\right)(e}{20e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/20*(4*c^3*d^3 - 15*c^3*d^4/(e*x + d) + 20*c^3*d^5/(e*x + d)^2 - 10*c^3*d^6/(e*x + d)^3 + 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^2/(e*x + d) - 40*a*c^2*d^3*e^2/(e*x + d)^2 + 30*a*c^2*d^4*e^2/(e*x + d)^3 + 20*a^2*c*d*e^4/(e*x + d)^2 - 30*a^2*c*d^2*e^4/(e*x + d)^3 + 10*a^3*e^6/(e*x + d)^3)*(e*x + d)^5/e^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{a^3 e^4}{2} + \frac{3ca^2 d^2 e^2}{2} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{c^3 d^4}{4} + \frac{3ac^2 d^2 e^2}{4} \right) + \frac{c^3 d^3 e x^5}{5}$$

$$+ a^3 d e^3 x + a c d e x^3 (c d^2 + a e^2)$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `x^2*((a^3*e^4)/2 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2)/2) + x^4*((c^3*d^4)/4 + (3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/4) + (c^3*d^3*e*x^5)/5 + a^3*d*e^3*x + a*c*d*e*x^3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(4c^3d^3ex^4 + 15ac^2d^2e^2x^3 + 5c^3d^4x^3 + 20a^2cde^3x^2 + 20ac^2d^3ex^2 + 10a^3e^4x + 30a^2cd^2e^2x + 20a^3de^3)}{20}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(x*(20*a**3*d*e**3 + 10*a**3*e**4*x + 30*a**2*c*d**2*e**2*x + 20*a**2*c*d*
e**3*x**2 + 20*a*c**2*d**3*e*x**2 + 15*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 5*c**3*d**4
*x**3 + 4*c**3*d**3*e*x**4))/20
```

$$3.98 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	772
Mathematica [A] (verified)	772
Rubi [A] (verified)	773
Maple [A] (verified)	774
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	774
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	775
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	775
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	776
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	776
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	776

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)^4}{4cd}$$

output `1/4*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/c/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)^4}{4cd}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)^4/(4*c*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int (ae + cd x)^3 dx$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{(ae + cd x)^4}{4cd}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)^4/(4*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{(cdx+ae)^4}{4cd}$
parallelsch	$\frac{1}{4}c^3d^3x^4 + ac^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{3}{2}a^2cde^2x^2 + e^3a^3x$
gospers	$\frac{x(d^3c^3x^3+4ac^2d^2ex^2+6a^2cde^2x+4e^3a^3)}{4}$
risch	$\frac{c^3d^3x^4}{4} + ac^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{3a^2cde^2x^2}{2} + e^3a^3x + \frac{a^4e^4}{4cd}$
orering	$\frac{x(d^3c^3x^3+4ac^2d^2ex^2+6a^2cde^2x+4e^3a^3)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdex^2)^3}{4(cdx+ae)^3(ex+d)^3}$
norman	$\frac{(e^3ac^2d^2+\frac{1}{2}d^4e^3)x^5+(\frac{3}{2}de^4a^2c+2d^3e^2ac^2+\frac{1}{4}d^5c^3)x^4+(a^3e^5+3d^2e^3a^2c+d^4ae^2c^2)x^3-\frac{d^2(4de^4a^3+3d^3e^2a^2c)}{2e^2}-\frac{d(3de^4a^3)}{2e^2}}{(ex+d)^2}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/c/d`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs. 2(18) = 36.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4}c^3d^3x^4 + ac^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{3}{2}a^2cde^2x^2 + a^3e^3x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*c^3*d^3*x^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c*d*e^2*x^2 + a^3*e^3*x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 49 vs. $2(14) = 28$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = a^3e^3x + \frac{3a^2cde^2x^2}{2} + ac^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{c^3d^3x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `a**3*e**3*x + 3*a**2*c*d*e**2*x**2/2 + a*c**2*d**2*e*x**3 + c**3*d**3*x**4/4`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4}c^3d^3x^4 + ac^2d^2ex^3 + \frac{3}{2}a^2cde^2x^2 + a^3e^3x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*c^3*d^3*x^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c*d*e^2*x^2 + a^3*e^3*x`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} c^3 d^3 x^4 + ac^2 d^2 ex^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 cde^2 x^2 + a^3 e^3 x$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*c^3*d^3*x^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c*d*e^2*x^2 + a^3*e^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = a^3 e^3 x + \frac{3 a^2 c d e^2 x^2}{2} + a c^2 d^2 e x^3 + \frac{c^3 d^3 x^4}{4}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `a^3*e^3*x + (c^3*d^3*x^4)/4 + (3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x^2)/2 + a*c^2*d^2*e*x^3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{x(c^3 d^3 x^3 + 4a c^2 d^2 e x^2 + 6a^2 c d e^2 x + 4a^3 e^3)}{4}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output $(x(4a^{**3}e^{**3} + 6a^{**2}c*d*e^{**2}x + 4a*c^{**2}d^{**2}e*x^{**2} + c^{**3}d^{**3}x^{**3}))/4$

3.99 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	778
Mathematica [A] (verified)	778
Rubi [A] (verified)	779
Maple [A] (verified)	780
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	781
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	781
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	782
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	782
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	783
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	783

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 x}{e^3} + \frac{1}{2} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (ae + cdex)^2 + \frac{(ae + cdex)^3}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^4}$$

output

```
c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/e^3+1/2*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2+1/3*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/e-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{cdex(18a^2e^4 + 9acde^2(-2d + ex) + c^2d^2(6d^2 - 3dex + 2e^2x^2)) - 6(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(d+ex)}{6e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$(c*d*e*x*(18*a^2*e^4 + 9*a*c*d*e^2*(-2*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) - 6*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(6*e^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{cd(ae + cdx)^2}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (ae + cdx)^2 - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{cdx(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{(ae + cdx)^3}{3e}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^4, x]$$

output

$$(c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*x)/e^3 + ((a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)/2 + (a*e + c*d*x)^3/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$\frac{cd(\frac{1}{3}x^3c^2d^2e^2 + \frac{3}{2}x^2acd e^3 - \frac{1}{2}x^2c^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4x - 3acd^2e^2x + c^2d^4x)}{e^3} + \frac{(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3) \ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
risch	$\frac{c^3d^3x^3}{3e} + \frac{3ac^2d^2x^2}{2} - \frac{c^3d^4x^2}{2e^2} + 3cde a^2x - \frac{3c^2d^3ax}{e} + \frac{c^3d^5x}{e^3} + e^2 \ln(ex+d) a^3 - 3 \ln(ex+d) d^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 9x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 3c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 6 \ln(ex+d)a^3e^6 - 18 \ln(ex+d)a^2cd^2e^4 + 18 \ln(ex+d)ac^2d^4e^2 - 6 \ln(ex+d)c^3d^6 + 18xa^2d^6}{6e^4}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{3}{2}e^3ac^2d^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^4ec^3)x^5 + (3de^4a^2c + \frac{3}{2}d^3e^2ac^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^5c^3)x^4 - \frac{d^3(54d^2e^4a^2c - 27d^4e^2ac^2 + 11d^6c^3)}{6e^4} - \frac{3d(6d^2e^4a^2c - 2d^4e^2ac^2 + d^6c^3)}{e^2}}{(ex+d)^3}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c*d/e^3*(1/3*x^3*c^2*d^2*e^2+3/2*x^2*a*c*d*e^3-1/2*x^2*c^2*d^3*e+3*a^2*e^4
*x-3*a*c*d^2*e^2*x+c^2*d^4*x)+(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3
*d^6)/e^4*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 3(c^3d^4e^2 - 3ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 6(c^3d^5e - 3ac^2d^3e^3 + 3a^2cde^5)x - 6(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cde^5) - a^3e^6 \log(dx + d)}{6e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(c^3*d^5*e - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x - 6*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(e*x + d))/e^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{c^3d^3x^3}{3e} + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3ac^2d^2}{2} - \frac{c^3d^4}{2e^2} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(3a^2cde - \frac{3ac^2d^3}{e} + \frac{c^3d^5}{e^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `c**3*d**3*x**3/(3*e) + x**2*(3*a*c**2*d**2/2 - c**3*d**4/(2*e**2)) + x*(3*a**2*c*d*e - 3*a*c**2*d**3/e + c**3*d**5/e**3) + (a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3*log(d + e*x)/e**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3d^3e^2x^3 - 3(c^3d^4e - 3ac^2d^2e^3)x^2 + 6(c^3d^5 - 3ac^2d^3e^2 + 3a^2cde^4)x - \frac{6e^3}{e^4}(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\log(ex + d)}{e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + 6*(c^3*d^5 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)/e^3 - (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(e*x + d)/e^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3d^3e^2x^3 - 3c^3d^4ex^2 + 9ac^2d^2e^3x^2 + 6c^3d^5x - 18ac^2d^3e^2x + 18a^2cde^4x - \frac{6e^3}{e^4}(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\log(|ex + d|)}{e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 3*c^3*d^4*e*x^2 + 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 6*c^3*d^5*x - 18*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 18*a^2*c*d*e^4*x)/e^3 - (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{3ac^2d^2}{2} - \frac{c^3d^4}{2e^2} \right) - x \left(\frac{d \left(3ac^2d^2 - \frac{c^3d^4}{e^2} \right)}{e} - 3a^2cde \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex) (a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6)}{e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3x^3}{3e}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `x^2*((3*a*c^2*d^2)/2 - (c^3*d^4)/(2*e^2)) - x*((d*(3*a*c^2*d^2 - (c^3*d^4)/e^2))/e - 3*a^2*c*d*e) + (log(d + e*x)*(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/e^4 + (c^3*d^3*x^3)/(3*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(ex + d) a^3 e^6 - 18 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 18 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 6 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^6 + 18 a^2 c d e^5 x - 6 c^3 d^3 x^3}{6 e^4}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `(6*log(d + e*x)*a**3*e**6 - 18*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 18*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 + 18*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 18*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 9*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 6*c**3*d**5*e*x - 3*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 2*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(6*e**4)`

3.100 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

Optimal result	784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	784
Rubi [A] (verified)	785
Maple [A] (verified)	786
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	787
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	787
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	788
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	788
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	789
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	789

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx = -\frac{c^2d^2(2cd^2 - 3ae^2)x}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^3x^2}{2e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{e^4(d+ex)} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^4}$$

output `-c^2*d^2*(-3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x/e^3+1/2*c^3*d^3*x^2/e^2+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^4/(e*x+d)+3*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{6a^2cd^2e^4 - 2a^3e^6 + 6ac^2d^2e^2(-d^2 + dex + e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(2d^3 - 4d^2ex - 3de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 6cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(d+ex)}{2e^4(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output

$$(6a^2cd^2e^4 - 2a^3e^6 + 6ac^2d^2e^2(-d^2 + d*ex + e^2*x^2) + c^3d^3(2d^3 - 4d^2*ex - 3d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + 6cd*(cd^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + ex)*\text{Log}[d + ex])/(2e^4*(d + ex))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{c^2d^2(2cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c^3d^3x}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{c^2d^2x(2cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3x^2}{2e^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^5, x]$$

output

$$-((c^2*d^2*(2*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*x)/e^3) + (c^3*d^3*x^2)/(2*e^2) + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + (3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2 d^2 (\frac{1}{2} c d x^2 e + 3 a e^2 x - 2 c d^2 x)}{e^3} + \frac{3 d c (a^2 e^4 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) \ln(e x + d)}{e^4} - \frac{e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}{e^4 (e x + d)}$
risch	$\frac{c^3 d^3 x^2}{2 e^2} + \frac{3 c^2 d^2 a x}{e} - \frac{2 c^3 d^4 x}{e^3} + 3 d c \ln(e x + d) a^2 - \frac{6 d^3 c^2 \ln(e x + d) a}{e^2} + \frac{3 d^5 c^3 \ln(e x + d)}{e^4} - \frac{e^2 a^3}{e x + d} + \frac{3 d^2 a^2 c}{e x + d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 6 \ln(e x + d) x a^2 c d e^5 - 12 \ln(e x + d) x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 6 \ln(e x + d) x c^3 d^5 e + 6 x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 - 3 c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 6 \ln(e x + d) a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 2 e^4 (e x + d)}{2 e^4 (e x + d)}$
norman	$\frac{-d^3 (e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 15 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 6 d^6 c^3)}{e^4} - \frac{(e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 33 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 11 d^6 c^3) x^3}{e} - \frac{3 d (2 e^6 a^3 - 6 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 46 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 17 d^6 c^3)}{2 e^2 (e x + d)^4}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c^2*d^2/e^3*(1/2*c*d*x^2*e+3*a*e^2*x-2*c*d^2*x)+3*d/e^4*c*(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*ln(e*x+d)-(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/e^4/(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 2 c^3 d^6 - 6 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 6 a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 2 a^3 e^6 - 3 (c^3 d^4 e^2 - 2 a c^2 d^2 e^4) x^2 - 2 (2 c^3 d^5 e - 3 a c^2 d^3 e^3) x}{2 (e^5 x + d e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 2*c^3*d^6 - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^3*e^6 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 2*(2*c^3*d^5*e - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x + 6*(c^3*d^6 - 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(e^5*x + d*e^4)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{c^3 d^3 x^2}{2e^2} + \frac{3cd(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^4}$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{3ac^2 d^2}{e} - \frac{2c^3 d^4}{e^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-a^3 e^6 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + c^3 d^6}{de^4 + e^5 x}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**5,x)`

output `c**3*d**3*x**2/(2*e**2) + 3*c*d*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2*log(d + e*x)/e**4 + x*(3*a*c**2*d**2/e - 2*c**3*d**4/e**3) + (-a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + c**3*d**6)/(d*e**4 + e**5*x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6}{e^5x + de^4} + \frac{c^3d^3ex^2 - 2(2c^3d^4 - 3ac^2d^2e^2)x}{2e^3} + \frac{3(c^3d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4) \log(ex + d)}{e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)/(e^5*x + d*e^4) + 1/2*(c^3*d^3*e*x^2 - 2*(2*c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x)/e^3 + 3*(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*log(e*x + d)/e^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{\left(c^3d^3 - \frac{6(c^3d^4e - ac^2d^2e^3)}{(ex+d)e}\right)(ex + d)^2}{2e^4} - \frac{3(c^3d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4) \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^4} + \frac{\frac{c^3d^6e^2}{ex+d} - \frac{3ac^2d^4e^4}{ex+d} + \frac{3a^2cd^2e^6}{ex+d} - \frac{a^3e^8}{ex+d}}{e^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*(c^3*d^3 - 6*(c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)/((e*x + d)*e))*(e*x + d)^2/e^4 - 3*(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^4 + (c^3*d^6*e^2/(e*x + d) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4/(e*x + d) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6/(e*x + d) - a^3*e^8/(e*x + d))/e^6
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{\ln(d + ex) (3a^2 c d e^4 - 6a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 3c^3 d^5)}{e^4} - \frac{a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6}{e (x e^4 + d e^3)} - x \left(\frac{2c^3 d^4}{e^3} - \frac{3a c^2 d^2}{e} \right) + \frac{c^3 d^3 x^2}{2e^2}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^5,x)`output `(log(d + e*x)*(3*c^3*d^5 - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4))/e^4 - (a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(e*(d*e^3 + e^4*x)) - x*((2*c^3*d^4)/e^3 - (3*a*c^2*d^2)/e) + (c^3*d^3*x^2)/(2*e^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{6 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d^3 e^4 + 6 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d^2 e^5 x - 12 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^5 e^2 - 12 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^4 e^3 x + 6 \log(ex + d) a^3 e^6 - 6 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^6 + 3 a^2 c d^4 e^2 - 3 a^2 c d^2 e^4}{(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c^3 d^3 x^2}{2e^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x)`output `(6*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 + 6*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x - 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**7 + 6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6*e*x + 2*a**3*e**7*x - 6*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 12*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 6*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 6*c**3*d**6*e*x - 3*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3)/(2*d*e**4*(d + e*x))`

3.101
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	790
Mathematica [A] (verified)	790
Rubi [A] (verified)	791
Maple [A] (verified)	792
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	793
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	793
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	794
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	794
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	795
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	795

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{c^3 d^3 x}{e^3} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{2e^4(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^4(d+ex)} - \frac{3c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) \log(d+ex)}{e^4}$$

output

```
c^3*d^3*x/e^3+1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^2-3*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^4/(e*x+d)-3*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{-a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d e^4 (d + 2ex) + 3ac^2 d^3 e^2 (3d + 4ex) + c^3 d^3 (-5d^3 - 4d^2 ex + 4de^2 x^2 + 2e^3 x^3) - 6c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) \log(d+ex)}{2e^4 (d+ex)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-a^3e^6) - 3a^2cd^4(d + 2ex) + 3a^2c^2d^3e^2(3d + 4ex) + \\ & c^3d^3(-5d^3 - 4d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + 2e^3x^3) - 6c^2d^2(cd^2 - \\ & - ae^2)(d + ex)^2 \text{Log}[d + ex] / (2e^4(d + ex)^2) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\ & \int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c^3d^3}{e^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^4} - \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c^3d^3x}{e^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^6, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (c^3d^3x)/e^3 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*c*d*(c*d^2 - \\ & a*e^2)^2)/(e^4*(d + e*x)) - (3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^4 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
default	$\frac{c^3 d^3 x}{e^3} + \frac{3c^2 d^2 (a e^2 - c d^2) \ln(ex+d)}{e^4} - \frac{3dc(a^2 e^4 - 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{e^4 (ex+d)} - \frac{e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}{2e^4 (ex+d)^2}$
risch	$\frac{c^3 d^3 x}{e^3} + \frac{(-3d e^4 a^2 c + 6d^3 e^2 a c^2 - 3d^5 c^3) x - \frac{e^6 a^3 + 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c - 9d^4 e^2 a c^2 + 5d^6 c^3}{2e}}{e^3 (ex+d)^2} + \frac{3c^2 d^2 \ln(ex+d) a}{e^2} - \frac{3c^3 d^4 \ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{6 \ln(ex+d) x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 - 6 \ln(ex+d) x^2 c^3 d^4 e^2 + 2c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 12 \ln(ex+d) x a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 12 \ln(ex+d) x c^3 d^5 e + 6 \ln(ex+d) a c^2 d^4 e^2 -}{2e^4 (ex+d)^2}$
norman	$\frac{e^2 d^3 c^3 x^6 - \frac{d^3 (a^3 e^7 + 3a^2 e^5 c d^2 - 9a e^3 c^2 d^4 + 15d^6 c^3 e)}{2e^5} - \frac{(a^3 e^7 + 21a^2 e^5 c d^2 - 45a e^3 c^2 d^4 + 103d^6 c^3 e) x^3}{2e^2} - \frac{d(3e^5 c a^2 - 6e^3 a c^2 d^2 + 18d^4 e)}{e}}{(ex+d)^5}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c^3*d^3*x/e^3+3/e^4*c^2*d^2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)-3*d/e^4*c*(a^2*e^4-2*a
*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)-1/2*(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c
^3*d^6)/e^4/(e*x+d)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 4c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 5c^3d^6 + 9ac^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6 - 2(2c^3d^5e - 6ac^2d^3e^3 + 3a^2cde^5)x - 6*(c^3d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^3*d^5*e - a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*\log(e*x + d)}{2(e^6x^2 + 2de^5x + d^2e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 5*c^3*d^6 + 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 - 2*(2*c^3*d^5*e - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x - 6*(c^3*d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^3*d^5*e - a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3d^3x}{e^3} + \frac{3c^2d^2(ae^2 - cd^2)\log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{-a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 9ac^2d^4e^2 - 5c^3d^6 + x(-6a^2cde^5 + 12ac^2d^3e^3 - 6c^3d^5e)}{2d^2e^4 + 4de^5x + 2e^6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output `c**3*d**3*x/e**3 + 3*c**2*d**2*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**4 + (-a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 9*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 5*c**3*d**6 + x*(-6*a**2*c*d*e**5 + 12*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 6*c**3*d**5*e))/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 x}{e^3} - \frac{5c^3 d^6 - 9ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6 + 6(c^3 d^5 e - 2ac^2 d^3 e^3 + a^2 cde^5)x}{2(e^6 x^2 + 2de^5 x + d^2 e^4)}$$

$$- \frac{3(c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c^3*d^3*x/e^3 - 1/2*(5*c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4) - 3*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 x}{e^3} - \frac{3(c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^4}$$

$$- \frac{5c^3 d^6 - 9ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6 + 6(c^3 d^5 e - 2ac^2 d^3 e^3 + a^2 cde^5)x}{2(ex + d)^2 e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c^3*d^3*x/e^3 - 3*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^4 - 1/2*(5*c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/((e*x + d)^2*e^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 x}{e^3} - \frac{\ln(d + ex) (3c^3 d^4 - 3ac^2 d^2 e^2)}{e^4}$$

$$- \frac{a^3 e^6 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 9a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 5c^3 d^6}{2e} + x \frac{(3a^2 c d e^4 - 6a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 3c^3 d^5)}{d^2 e^3 + 2d e^4 x + e^5 x^2}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^6,x)`output `(c^3*d^3*x)/e^3 - (log(d + e*x)*(3*c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/e^4 - ((a^3*e^6 + 5*c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(2*e) + x*(3*c^3*d^5 - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(d^2*e^3 + e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 12 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^3 e^3 x + 6 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^2 - 6 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^6 - 12 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^5 x}{2e^4}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x)`output `(6*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 6*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 - 12*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x - 6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 6*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 3*c**3*d**6 + 6*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 2*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(2*e**4*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

3.102 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx$

Optimal result	796
Mathematica [A] (verified)	796
Rubi [A] (verified)	797
Maple [A] (verified)	798
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	799
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	799
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	800
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	800
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	801
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	801

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{3e^4(d+ex)^3} - \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2e^4(d+ex)^2} + \frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^4(d+ex)} + \frac{c^3d^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^4}$$

output $1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^3-3/2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^4/(e*x+d)^2+3*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)+c^3*d^3*\ln(e*x+d)/e^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(2a^2e^4 + acde^2(5d + 9ex) + c^2d^2(11d^2 + 27dex + 18e^2x^2))}{(d+ex)^3} + 6c^3d^3 \log(d+ex) \over 6e^4$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output

$$\frac{((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(2*a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(5*d + 9*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(11*d^2 + 27*d*e*x + 18*e^2*x^2)))/(d + e*x)^3 + 6*c^3*d^3*Log[d + e*x])/(6*e^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)^4} + \frac{c^3d^3}{e^3(d + ex)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c^3d^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^7, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^3) - (3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^2) + (3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + (c^3*d^3*Log[d + e*x])/e^4}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
risch	$-\frac{3c^2d^2(ae^2 - cd^2)x^2}{e^2} - \frac{3cd(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 3c^2d^4)x}{2e^3} - \frac{2e^6a^3 + 3d^2e^4a^2c + 6d^4e^2ac^2 - 11d^6e^3}{6e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3 \ln(ex+d)}{e^4}$
default	$-\frac{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3}{3e^4(ex+d)^3} + \frac{c^3d^3 \ln(ex+d)}{e^4} - \frac{3c^2d^2(ae^2 - cd^2)}{e^4(ex+d)} - \frac{3dc(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2e^4(ex+d)^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6 \ln(ex+d)x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 18 \ln(ex+d)x^2c^3d^4e^2 + 18 \ln(ex+d)xc^3d^5e - 18x^2ac^2d^2e^4 + 18c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 6 \ln(ex+d)c^3d^6 - 9xa^2cde^5 - 6e^4(ex+d)^3}{6e^4(ex+d)^3}$
norman	$-\frac{d^3(2a^3e^8 + 3a^2cd^2e^6 + 6ac^2d^4e^4 - 11c^3d^6e^2)}{6e^6} - \frac{(a^3e^8 + 15a^2cd^2e^6 + 57ac^2d^4e^4 - 73c^3d^6e^2)x^3}{3e^3} - \frac{3d(a^2de^4 - e^2d^3c^3)x^5}{e} - \frac{3d(a^2ce^6)}{(ex+d)^6}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-3*c^2*d^2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^2*x^2-3/2*c*d*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2-3*c^2*d^4
)/e^3*x-1/6*(2*a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-11*c^3*d^6)/e^4)/(e
*x+d)^3+c^3*d^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{11c^3d^6 - 6ac^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 2a^3e^6 + 18(c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 9(3c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 - a^2cde^5)x + 6(e^7x^3 + 3de^6x^2 + 3d^2e^5x + d^3e^4)}{6(e^7x^3 + 3de^6x^2 + 3d^2e^5x + d^3e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(11*c^3*d^6 - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^3*e^6 + 18*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 9*(3*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^3*d^5*e*x + c^3*d^6)*log(e*x + d))/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{c^3d^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{-2a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 6ac^2d^4e^2 + 11c^3d^6 + x^2(-18ac^2d^2e^4 + 18c^3d^4e^2) + x(-9a^2cde^5 - 18ac^2d^3e^3 + 27c^3d^5e)}{6d^3e^4 + 18d^2e^5x + 18de^6x^2 + 6e^7x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**7,x)
```

output

```
c**3*d**3*log(d + e*x)/e**4 + (-2*a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 6*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 11*c**3*d**6 + x**2*(-18*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 + 18*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-9*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 18*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 + 27*c**3*d**5*e))/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{c^3 d^3 \log(ex + d)}{e^4} + \frac{11c^3 d^6 - 6ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 - 2a^3 e^6 + 18(c^3 d^4 e^2 - ac^2 d^2 e^4)x^2 + 9(3c^3 d^5 e - 2ac^2 d^3 e^3 - a^2 cde^5)x}{6(e^7 x^3 + 3de^6 x^2 + 3d^2 e^5 x + d^3 e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
c^3*d^3*log(e*x + d)/e^4 + 1/6*(11*c^3*d^6 - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^3*e^6 + 18*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 9*(3*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{c^3 d^3 \log(|ex + d|)}{e^4} + \frac{18(c^3 d^4 e - ac^2 d^2 e^3)x^2 + 9(3c^3 d^5 - 2ac^2 d^3 e^2 - a^2 cde^4)x + \frac{11c^3 d^6 - 6ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 - 2a^3 e^6}{e}}{6(ex + d)^3 e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
c^3*d^3*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^4 + 1/6*(18*(c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + 9*(3*c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a^2*c*d*e^4)*x + (11*c^3*d^6 - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^3*e^6)/e)/((e*x + d)^3*e^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 \ln(d + ex)}{e^4} - \frac{2a^3 e^6 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 6a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 11c^3 d^6}{6e^4} + \frac{3x(a^2 c d e^4 + 2a c^2 d^3 e^2 - 3c^3 d^5)}{2e^3} + \frac{3c^2 d^2 x^2 (a e^2 - c d^2)}{e^2}$$

$$- \frac{d^3 + 3d^2 e x + 3d e^2 x^2 + e^3 x^3}{d^3 + 3d^2 e x + 3d e^2 x^2 + e^3 x^3}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^7,x)`output `(c^3*d^3*log(d + e*x))/e^4 - ((2*a^3*e^6 - 11*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(6*e^4) + (3*x*(2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*c^3*d^5 + a^2*c*d*e^4))/(2*e^3) + (3*c^2*d^2*x^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/e^2)/(d^3 + e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^6 + 18 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^5 e x + 18 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 6 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 2a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 9a^2 c d e^5 x + 6a c^2 d e^5 x^3 + 5c^3 d^6 + 9c^3 d^5 e x - 6c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3}{6e^4 (e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 e x + d^3)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x)`output `(6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 + 18*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x + 18*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 2*a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 9*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 6*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 5*c**3*d**6 + 9*c**3*d**5*e*x - 6*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(6*e**4*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3))`

$$3.103 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)^4}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^4}$$

output `1/4*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^4`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx = \frac{a^3e^6 + a^2cde^4(d+4ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(d^2+4dex+6e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(d^3+4d^2ex+6de^2x^2+4e^3x^3)}{4e^4(d+ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^8,x]`

output

$$-1/4*(a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*d*e^4*(d + 4*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x + 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3))/(e^4*(d + e*x)^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{(ae + cd x)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{(ae + cd x)^4}{4(d + ex)^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^8,x]$$

output

$$(a*e + c*d*x)^4/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} [(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1120 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + p)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$ $\&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$ $\&\& (\text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 d^3 x^3}{e} - \frac{3c^2 d^2 (a e^2 + c d^2) x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{dc(a^2 e^4 + ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x}{e^3} - \frac{e^6 a^3 + d^2 e^4 a^2 c + d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{4e^4}}{(ex+d)^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{4c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 6x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 6c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 4x a^2 c d e^5 + 4x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 4c^3 d^5 e x + e^6 a^3 + d^2 e^4 a^2 c + d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{4e^4 (ex+d)^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 6x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 - 6c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 4x a^2 c d e^5 - 4x a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 4c^3 d^5 e x - e^6 a^3 - d^2 e^4 a^2 c - d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}{4e^4 (ex+d)^4}$
default	$-\frac{dc(a^2 e^4 - 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{e^4 (ex+d)^3} - \frac{e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}{4e^4 (ex+d)^4} - \frac{d^3 c^3}{e^4 (ex+d)} - \frac{3c^2 d^2 (a e^2 - c d^2)}{2e^4 (ex+d)^2}$
orering	$-\frac{(4c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 6x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 6c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 4x a^2 c d e^5 + 4x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 4c^3 d^5 e x + e^6 a^3 + d^2 e^4 a^2 c + d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3) (ade + (a e^2 + c d^2) x)}{4e^4 (cdx + ae)^3 (ex+d)^7}$
norman	$-\frac{d^3 (a^3 e^9 + a^2 c d^2 e^7 + d^4 a c^2 e^5 + c^3 d^6 e^3)}{4e^7} - \frac{(a^3 e^9 + 13a^2 c d^2 e^7 + 31d^4 a c^2 e^5 + 35c^3 d^6 e^3) x^3}{4e^4} - \frac{e^2 d^3 c^3 x^6}{e^3} - \frac{d(2a^2 c e^7 + 11a e^5 c^2 d^2 + 17d^4 c^3)}{2e^3} (ex+d)$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(-c^3 d^3 / e^3 x^3 - 3/2 * c^2 d^2 * (a e^2 + c d^2) / e^2 x^2 - d * c * (a^2 e^4 + a * c d^2 * e^2 + c^2 d^4) / e^3 x - 1/4 * (a^3 e^6 + a^2 * c d^2 * e^4 + a * c^2 d^4 * e^2 + c^3 d^6) / e^4) / (e * x + d)^4$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.51

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4c^3d^3e^3x^3 + c^3d^6 + ac^2d^4e^2 + a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6 + 6(c^3d^4e^2 + ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 4(c^3d^5e + ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)}{4(e^8x^4 + 4de^7x^3 + 6d^2e^6x^2 + 4d^3e^5x + d^4e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(4*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*(c^3*d^5*e + a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^8*x^4 + 4*d*e^7*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^6*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*x + d^4*e^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.86

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6 - 4c^3d^3e^3x^3 + x^2(-6ac^2d^2e^4 - 6c^3d^4e^2) + x(-4a^2cde^5 - 4ac^2d^3e^3 - 4d^4e^4 + 16d^3e^5x + 24d^2e^6x^2 + 16de^7x^3 + 4e^8x^4)}{4d^4e^4 + 16d^3e^5x + 24d^2e^6x^2 + 16de^7x^3 + 4e^8x^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**8,x)`

output `(-a**3*e**6 - a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6 - 4*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-6*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 6*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-4*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 4*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 4*c**3*d**5*e))/(4*d**4*e**4 + 16*d**3*e**5*x + 24*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 16*d*e**7*x**3 + 4*e**8*x**4)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.51

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4c^3d^3e^3x^3 + c^3d^6 + ac^2d^4e^2 + a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6 + 6(c^3d^4e^2 + ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 4(c^3d^5e + ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)}{4(e^8x^4 + 4de^7x^3 + 6d^2e^6x^2 + 4d^3e^5x + d^4e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(4*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*(c^3*d^5*e + a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^8*x^4 + 4*d*e^7*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^6*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*x + d^4*e^4)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.60

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 6c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 6ac^2d^2e^4x^2 + 4c^3d^5ex + 4ac^2d^3e^3x + 4a^2cde^5x + c^3d^6 + ac^2d^4e^2 + a^2cd^2e^6}{4(ex + d)^4e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(4*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^5*e*x + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 4*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^6)/((e*x + d)^4*e^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(a^2 c e x - a c^2 e x^3) + \frac{a^3 e^2}{4} + d^2 \left(\frac{a^2 c}{4} - \frac{c^3 x^4}{4} \right) - \frac{a c^2 e^2 x^4}{4}}{d^4 + 4 d^3 e x + 6 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4 d e^3 x^3 + e^4 x^4}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^8,x)`output `-(d*(a^2*c*e*x - a*c^2*e*x^3) + (a^3*e^2)/4 + d^2*((a^2*c)/4 - (c^3*x^4)/4) - (a*c^2*e^2*x^4)/4)/(d^4 + e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^2 e^2 x^4 - 6 a c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 - 4 a^2 c d e^3 x - 4 a c^2 d^3 e x - a^3 e^4 - a^2 c d^2 e^2 - a c^2 d^4}{4 e^2 (e^4 x^4 + 4 d e^3 x^3 + 6 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4 d^3 e x + d^4)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x)`output `(- a**3*e**4 - a**2*c*d**2*e**2 - 4*a**2*c*d*e**3*x - a*c**2*d**4 - 4*a*c**2*d**3*e*x - 6*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + c**3*d**2*e**2*x**4)/(4*e**2*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3*x**3 + e**4*x**4))`

3.104 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx$

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Maple [A] (verified)	810
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	811
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	811
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	812
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	812
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	813
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	813

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ae + cdx)^4}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^5} + \frac{cd(ae + cdx)^4}{20(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^4}$$

output `1/5*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^5+1/20*c*d*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx =$$

$$\frac{4a^3e^6 + 3a^2cde^4(d + 5ex) + 2ac^2d^2e^2(d^2 + 5dex + 10e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(d^3 + 5d^2ex + 10de^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3)}{20e^4(d+ex)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^9,x]`

output

$$\frac{-1/20*(4*a^3*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*(d + 5*e*x) + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 10*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(d^3 + 5*d^2*e*x + 10*d*e^2*x^2 + 10*e^3*x^3))}{(e^4*(d + e*x)^5)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3(d + ex)^4} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)^6} + \frac{c^3d^3}{e^3(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^3} - \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{4e^4(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{5e^4(d + ex)^5} - \frac{c^3d^3}{2e^4(d + ex)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^9, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3}{(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^5)} - \frac{(3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)}{(4*e^4*(d + e*x)^4)} + \frac{(c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))}{(e^4*(d + e*x)^3)} - \frac{(c^3*d^3)}{(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^2)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 d^3 x^3}{2e} - \frac{d^2 c^2 (2a e^2 + c d^2) x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{dc(3a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x}{4e^3} - \frac{4e^6 a^3 + 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 2d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{20e^4}}{(ex+d)^5}$
gospers	$-\frac{10c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 20x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 10c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 15x a^2 c d e^5 + 10x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 5c^3 d^5 e x + 4e^6 a^3 + 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 2d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{20e^4 (ex+d)^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{10d^3 c^3 x^3 e^4 - 20a c^2 d^2 e^5 x^2 - 10c^3 d^4 e^3 x^2 - 15a^2 c d e^6 x - 10a c^2 d^3 e^4 x - 5c^3 d^5 e^2 x - 4a^3 e^7 - 3a^2 e^5 c d^2 - 2a e^3 c^2 d^4 - d^6 c^3 e}{20e^5 (ex+d)^5}$
default	$-\frac{c^2 d^2 (a e^2 - c d^2)}{e^4 (ex+d)^3} - \frac{3dc(a^2 e^4 - 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{4e^4 (ex+d)^4} - \frac{e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}{5e^4 (ex+d)^5} - \frac{d^3 c^3}{2e^4 (ex+d)^2}$
orering	$-\frac{(10c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 20x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 10c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 15x a^2 c d e^5 + 10x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 5c^3 d^5 e x + 4e^6 a^3 + 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 2d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3) (ade)}{20e^4 (cdx+ae)^3 (ex+d)^8}$
norman	$-\frac{d^3 (4a^3 e^{10} + 3a^2 c d^2 e^8 + 2d^4 a c^2 e^6 + c^3 d^6 e^4)}{20e^8} - \frac{(a^3 e^{10} + 12a^2 c d^2 e^8 + 23d^4 a c^2 e^6 + 14c^3 d^6 e^4) x^3}{5e^5} - \frac{d(3a^2 c e^8 + 14a e^6 c^2 d^2 + 13d^4 c^3 e^4) x^4}{4e^4} (e$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/2*c^3*d^3/e*x^3-1/2*d^2/e^2*c^2*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2-1/4*d*c/e^3*(3*a^2
*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x-1/20/e^4*(4*a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+2*a*c^2*
d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6))/(e*x+d)^5
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{10c^3d^3e^3x^3 + c^3d^6 + 2ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 4a^3e^6 + 10(c^3d^4e^2 + 2ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 5(c^3d^5e + 2ac^2d^3e^3) - 20(e^9x^5 + 5de^8x^4 + 10d^2e^7x^3 + 10d^3e^6x^2 + 5d^4e^5x + d^5e^4)}{20(e^9x^5 + 5de^8x^4 + 10d^2e^7x^3 + 10d^3e^6x^2 + 5d^4e^5x + d^5e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(10*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 + 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 4*a^3*e^6 + 10*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 5*(c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^9*x^5 + 5*d*e^8*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^7*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^6*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^5*x + d^5*e^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 4.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{-4a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 2ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6 - 10c^3d^3e^3x^3 + x^2(-20ac^2d^2e^4 - 10c^3d^4e^2) + x(-15a^2cde^5 - 10ac^2d^3e^3) - 20d^5e^4 + 100d^4e^5x + 200d^3e^6x^2 + 200d^2e^7x^3 + 100de^8x^4 + 20e^9x^5}{20d^5e^4 + 100d^4e^5x + 200d^3e^6x^2 + 200d^2e^7x^3 + 100de^8x^4 + 20e^9x^5}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**9,x)`

output `(-4*a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 2*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6 - 10*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-20*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 10*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-15*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 10*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 5*c**3*d**5*e))/(20*d**5*e**4 + 100*d**4*e**5*x + 200*d**3*e**6*x**2 + 200*d**2*e**7*x**3 + 100*d*e**8*x**4 + 20*e**9*x**5)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{10c^3d^3e^3x^3 + c^3d^6 + 2ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 4a^3e^6 + 10(c^3d^4e^2 + 2ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 5(c^3d^5e + 2ac^2d^3e^3)}{20(e^9x^5 + 5de^8x^4 + 10d^2e^7x^3 + 10d^3e^6x^2 + 5d^4e^5x + d^5e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/20*(10*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 + 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 4*a^3*e^6 + 10*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 5*(c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^9*x^5 + 5*d*e^8*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^7*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^6*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^5*x + d^5*e^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{10c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 10c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 20ac^2d^2e^4x^2 + 5c^3d^5ex + 10ac^2d^3e^3x + 15a^2cde^5x + c^3d^6 + 2ac^2d^4e^2}{20(ex + d)^5e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/20*(10*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 20*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 5*c^3*d^5*e*x + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 15*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + c^3*d^6 + 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 4*a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^5*e^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{3a^2c}{20} + ac^2x^2 - \frac{c^3x^4}{4} \right) - d \left(\frac{c^3ex^5}{20} - \frac{3a^2cex}{4} \right) + \frac{a^3e^2}{5} + \frac{ac^2d^4}{10e^2} + \frac{ac^2d^3x}{2e}}{d^5 + 5d^4ex + 10d^3e^2x^2 + 10d^2e^3x^3 + 5de^4x^4 + e^5x^5}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^9,x)`output `-(d^2*((3*a^2*c)/20 - (c^3*x^4)/4 + a*c^2*x^2) - d*((c^3*e*x^5)/20 - (3*a^2*c*e*x)/4) + (a^3*e^2)/5 + (a*c^2*d^4)/(10*e^2) + (a*c^2*d^3*x)/(2*e))/(d^5 + e^5*x^5 + 5*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^4*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 20ac^2d^2e^4x^2 - 10c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 15a^2cde^5x - 10ac^2d^3e^3x - 5c^3d^5ex - 4a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 3a^2cd^2e^4}{20e^4(e^5x^5 + 5de^4x^4 + 10d^2e^3x^3 + 10d^3e^2x^2 + 5d^4ex + d^5)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x)`output `(-4*a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 15*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 2*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 10*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 20*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - c**3*d**6 - 5*c**3*d**5*e*x - 10*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 10*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(20*e**4*(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x + 10*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*d*e**4*x**4 + e**5*x**5))`

3.105
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	819
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{6e^4(d + ex)^6} - \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5e^4(d + ex)^5} + \frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4e^4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{c^3d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^3}$$

output
$$\frac{1}{6}*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^6-3/5*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^4/(e*x+d)^5+3/4*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*c^3*d^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{10a^3e^6 + 6a^2cde^4(d + 6ex) + 3ac^2d^2e^2(d^2 + 6dex + 15e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(d^3 + 6d^2ex + 15de^2x^2 + 20e^3x^3)}{60e^4(d + ex)^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^10,x]`

output

$$\frac{-1/60*(10*a^3*e^6 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^4*(d + 6*e*x) + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 + 20*e^3*x^3))/(e^4*(d + e*x)^6)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3(d + ex)^5} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)^7} + \frac{c^3d^3}{e^3(d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{4e^4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5e^4(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{6e^4(d + ex)^6} - \frac{c^3d^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^10,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3}{6*e^4*(d + e*x)^6} - \frac{(3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)}{(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^5)} + \frac{(3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))}{(4*e^4*(d + e*x)^4)} - \frac{(c^3*d^3)}{(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^3)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 d^3 x^3}{3e} - \frac{d^2 c^2 (3a e^2 + c d^2) x^2}{4e^2} - \frac{dc(6a^2 e^4 + 3ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x}{10e^3} - \frac{10e^6 a^3 + 6d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{60e^4}}{(ex+d)^6}$
gospers	$\frac{-20c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 45x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 15c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 36x a^2 c d e^5 + 18x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 6c^3 d^5 e x + 10e^6 a^3 + 6d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{60e^4 (ex+d)^6}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-20d^3 c^3 x^3 e^5 - 45a c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2 - 15c^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 - 36a^2 c d e^7 x - 18a c^2 d^3 e^5 x - 6c^3 d^5 e^3 x - 10a^3 e^8 - 6a^2 c d^2 e^6 - 3a c^2 d^4 e^4 - c^3 d^6 e^2}{60e^6 (ex+d)^6}$
default	$-\frac{c^3 d^3}{3e^4 (ex+d)^3} - \frac{3c^2 d^2 (a e^2 - c d^2)}{4e^4 (ex+d)^4} - \frac{3dc(a^2 e^4 - 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{5e^4 (ex+d)^5} - \frac{e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}{6e^4 (ex+d)^6}$
orering	$\frac{(20c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 45x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 15c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 36x a^2 c d e^5 + 18x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 6c^3 d^5 e x + 10e^6 a^3 + 6d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3) (ad)}{60e^4 (cdx+ae)^3 (ex+d)^9}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d^3 (10a^3 e^{11} + 6a^2 c d^2 e^9 + 3d^4 a c^2 e^7 + c^3 d^6 e^5)}{60e^9} - \frac{(5a^3 e^{11} + 57a^2 c d^2 e^9 + 96d^4 a c^2 e^7 + 42c^3 d^6 e^5) x^3}{30e^6} - \frac{d(12a^2 c e^9 + 51a c^2 d^2 e^7 + 37d^4 c^3 e^5)}{20e^5}}{(ex+d)^6}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE
)
```

```
output (-1/3*c^3*d^3/e*x^3-1/4*d^2*c^2/e^2*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2-1/10*d*c/e^3*(6*a^
2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x-1/60/e^4*(10*a^3*e^6+6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^
2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6))/(e*x+d)^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{20c^3d^3e^3x^3 + c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 6a^2cd^2e^4 + 10a^3e^6 + 15(c^3d^4e^2 + 3ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 6(c^3d^5e + 3ac^2d^3e^3)x + 6c^3d^6}{60(e^{10}x^6 + 6de^9x^5 + 15d^2e^8x^4 + 20d^3e^7x^3 + 15d^4e^6x^2 + 6d^5e^5x + d^6e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/60*(20*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 10*a^3*e^6 + 15*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(c^3*d^5*e + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^10*x^6 + 6*d*e^9*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^8*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^7*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^6*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^5*x + d^6*e^4)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{-10a^3e^6 - 6a^2cd^2e^4 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6 - 20c^3d^3e^3x^3 + x^2(-45ac^2d^2e^4 - 15c^3d^4e^2) + x(-36a^2cde^5 - 18ac^2d^3e^3) + 6c^3d^6}{60d^6e^4 + 360d^5e^5x + 900d^4e^6x^2 + 1200d^3e^7x^3 + 900d^2e^8x^4 + 360de^9x^5 + 60e^{10}x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**10,x)
```

output

```
(-10*a**3*e**6 - 6*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6 - 20*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-45*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 15*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-36*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 18*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 6*c**3*d**5*e))/(60*d**6*e**4 + 360*d**5*e**5*x + 900*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**8*x**4 + 360*d*e**9*x**5 + 60*e**10*x**6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{20c^3d^3e^3x^3 + c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 6a^2cd^2e^4 + 10a^3e^6 + 15(c^3d^4e^2 + 3ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 6(c^3d^5e + 3ac^2d^3e^3 + 6a^2cd^2e^5)x + 6a^3e^6}{60(e^{10}x^6 + 6de^9x^5 + 15d^2e^8x^4 + 20d^3e^7x^3 + 15d^4e^6x^2 + 6d^5e^5x + d^6e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/60*(20*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 10*a^3*e^6 + 15*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(c^3*d^5*e + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^10*x^6 + 6*d*e^9*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^8*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^7*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^6*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^5*x + d^6*e^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{20c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 15c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 45ac^2d^2e^4x^2 + 6c^3d^5ex + 18ac^2d^3e^3x + 36a^2cde^5x + c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 6a^3e^6}{60(ex + d)^6e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/60*(20*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 45*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 6*c^3*d^5*e*x + 18*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 36*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^6*e^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{10a^3e^6 + 6a^2cd^2e^4 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6}{60e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3x^3}{3e} + \frac{cdx(6a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{10e^3} + \frac{c^2d^2x^2(cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{4e^2}}{d^6 + 6d^5ex + 15d^4e^2x^2 + 20d^3e^3x^3 + 15d^2e^4x^4 + 6de^5x^5 + e^6x^6}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^10,x)
```

output

```
-((10*a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(60*e^4) + (c^3*d^3*x^3)/(3*e) + (c*d*x*(6*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(10*e^3) + (c^2*d^2*x^2*(3*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(4*e^2))/(d^6 + e^6*x^6 + 6*d*e^5*x^5 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 6*d^5*e*x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-20c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 45a^2c^2d^2e^4x^2 - 15c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 36a^2cde^5x - 18ac^2d^3e^3x - 6c^3d^5ex - 10a^3e^6 - 6a^2cd^2e^4 - 60e^4(e^6x^6 + 6de^5x^5 + 15d^2e^4x^4 + 20d^3e^3x^3 + 15d^4e^2x^2 + 6d^5ex + d^6)}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x)
```

output

```
( - 10*a**3*e**6 - 6*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 36*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 18*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 45*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - c**3*d**6 - 6*c**3*d**5*e*x - 15*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 20*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(60*e**4*(d**6 + 6*d**5*e*x + 15*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 20*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 15*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 6*d*e**5*x**5 + e**6*x**6))
```

3.106
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx$$

Optimal result	820
Mathematica [A] (verified)	820
Rubi [A] (verified)	821
Maple [A] (verified)	822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	823
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	823
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	824
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	824
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	825
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	825

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{7e^4(d + ex)^7} - \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2e^4(d + ex)^6} + \frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^4(d + ex)^5} - \frac{c^3d^3}{4e^4(d + ex)^4}$$

output
$$\frac{1}{7}*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^7-1/2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^4/(e*x+d)^6+3/5*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^5-1/4*c^3*d^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{20a^3e^6 + 10a^2cde^4(d + 7ex) + 4ac^2d^2e^2(d^2 + 7dex + 21e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(d^3 + 7d^2ex + 21de^2x^2 + 35e^3x^3)}{140e^4(d + ex)^7}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^11,x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/140*(20*a^3*e^6 + 10*a^2*c*d*e^4*(d + 7*e*x) + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(d^2 + 7*d*e*x + 21*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(d^3 + 7*d^2*e*x + 21*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3))/(e^4*(d + e*x)^7)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3(d + ex)^6} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)^7} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)^8} + \frac{c^3d^3}{e^3(d + ex)^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^4(d + ex)^5} - \frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2e^4(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{7e^4(d + ex)^7} - \frac{c^3d^3}{4e^4(d + ex)^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^11,x]$$

output

$$(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3/(7*e^4*(d + e*x)^7) - (c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^6) + (3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^5) - (c^3*d^3)/(4*e^4*(d + e*x)^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 d^3 x^3}{4e} - \frac{3d^2 c^2 (4a e^2 + c d^2) x^2}{20e^2} - \frac{dc(10a^2 e^4 + 4ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x}{20e^3} - \frac{20e^6 a^3 + 10d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 4d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{140e^4}}{(ex+d)^7}$
gospers	$\frac{-35c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 84x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 21c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 70x a^2 c d e^5 + 28x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 7c^3 d^5 e x + 20e^6 a^3 + 10d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 4d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{140e^4 (ex+d)^7}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-35d^3 c^3 x^3 e^6 - 84a c^2 d^2 e^7 x^2 - 21c^3 d^4 e^5 x^2 - 70a^2 c d e^8 x - 28a c^2 d^3 e^6 x - 7c^3 d^5 e^4 x - 20a^3 e^9 - 10a^2 c d^2 e^7 - 4d^4 a c^2 e^5 - c^3 d^6 e^3}{140e^7 (ex+d)^7}$
default	$-\frac{c^3 d^3}{4e^4 (ex+d)^4} - \frac{e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}{7e^4 (ex+d)^7} - \frac{3c^2 d^2 (a e^2 - c d^2)}{5e^4 (ex+d)^5} - \frac{dc(a^2 e^4 - 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{2e^4 (ex+d)^6}$
orering	$\frac{(35c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 84x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 21c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 70x a^2 c d e^5 + 28x a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 7c^3 d^5 e x + 20e^6 a^3 + 10d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 4d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3) (a)}{140e^4 (cdx+ae)^3 (ex+d)^{10}}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d^3 (20a^3 e^{12} + 10a^2 c d^2 e^{10} + 4d^4 a c^2 e^8 + c^3 d^6 e^6)}{140e^{10}} - \frac{(a^3 e^{12} + 11a^2 c d^2 e^{10} + 17d^4 a c^2 e^8 + 6c^3 d^6 e^6) x^3}{7e^7} - \frac{d(2a^2 c e^{10} + 8a c^2 d^2 e^8 + 5d^4 c^3 e^6)}{4e^6}}{(ex+d)^7}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE
)
```

```
output (-1/4*c^3*d^3/e*x^3-3/20*d^2*c^2/e^2*(4*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2-1/20*d*c/e^3*(10*
a^2*e^4+4*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x-1/140/e^4*(20*a^3*e^6+10*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+4*
a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6))/(e*x+d)^7
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{35c^3d^3e^3x^3 + c^3d^6 + 4ac^2d^4e^2 + 10a^2cd^2e^4 + 20a^3e^6 + 21(c^3d^4e^2 + 4ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 7(c^3d^5e + 4ac^2d^3e^3 + 10a^2cd^2e^5)x}{140(e^{11}x^7 + 7de^{10}x^6 + 21d^2e^9x^5 + 35d^3e^8x^4 + 35d^4e^7x^3 + 21d^5e^6x^2 + 7d^6e^5x + d^7e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/140*(35*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 + 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 20*a^3*e^6 + 21*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(c^3*d^5*e + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 10*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^11*x^7 + 7*d*e^10*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^9*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^8*x^4 + 35*d^4*e^7*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^6*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^5*x + d^7*e^4)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 50.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{-20a^3e^6 - 10a^2cd^2e^4 - 4ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6 - 35c^3d^3e^3x^3 + x^2(-84ac^2d^2e^4 - 21c^3d^4e^2) + x(-70a^2cde^5 - 28a^2cd^3e^3 - 7c^3d^5e) + (-70a^2cde^5 - 28a^2cd^3e^3 - 7c^3d^5e)}{140d^7e^4 + 980d^6e^5x + 2940d^5e^6x^2 + 4900d^4e^7x^3 + 4900d^3e^8x^4 + 2940d^2e^9x^5 + 980de^{10}x^6 + 140e^{11}x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**11,x)
```

output

```
(-20*a**3*e**6 - 10*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 4*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6 - 35*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-84*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 21*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-70*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 28*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 7*c**3*d**5*e))/(140*d**7*e**4 + 980*d**6*e**5*x + 2940*d**5*e**6*x**2 + 4900*d**4*e**7*x**3 + 4900*d**3*e**8*x**4 + 2940*d**2*e**9*x**5 + 980*d*e**10*x**6 + 140*e**11*x**7)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{35c^3d^3e^3x^3 + c^3d^6 + 4ac^2d^4e^2 + 10a^2cd^2e^4 + 20a^3e^6 + 21(c^3d^4e^2 + 4ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 7(c^3d^5e + 4ac^2d^3e^3 + 10a^2cd^2e^5)x}{140(e^{11}x^7 + 7de^{10}x^6 + 21d^2e^9x^5 + 35d^3e^8x^4 + 35d^4e^7x^3 + 21d^5e^6x^2 + 7d^6e^5x + d^7e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/140*(35*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 + 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 20*a^3*e^6 + 21*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(c^3*d^5*e + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 10*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^11*x^7 + 7*d*e^10*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^9*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^8*x^4 + 35*d^4*e^7*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^6*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^5*x + d^7*e^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{35c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 21c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 84ac^2d^2e^4x^2 + 7c^3d^5ex + 28ac^2d^3e^3x + 70a^2cde^5x + c^3d^6 + 4ac^2d^4e^2 + 20a^3e^6}{140(ex + d)^7e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/140*(35*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 21*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 84*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 7*c^3*d^5*e*x + 28*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 70*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + c^3*d^6 + 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 20*a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^7*e^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{20a^3e^6 + 10a^2cd^2e^4 + 4ac^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6}{140e^4} + \frac{c^3d^3x^3}{4e} + \frac{cdx(10a^2e^4 + 4ac^2d^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{20e^3} + \frac{3c^2d^2x^2(cd^2 + 4ae^2)}{20e^2}}{d^7 + 7d^6ex + 21d^5e^2x^2 + 35d^4e^3x^3 + 35d^3e^4x^4 + 21d^2e^5x^5 + 7de^6x^6 + e^7x^7}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^11,x)`

output

```

-((20*a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(140*e^4) +
(c^3*d^3*x^3)/(4*e) + (c*d*x*(10*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(20*
e^3) + (3*c^2*d^2*x^2*(4*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(20*e^2))/(d^7 + e^7*x^7 + 7*d*e^6
*x^6 + 21*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 35*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 35*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 21*d^2*e^5*x^5 +
7*d^6*e*x)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-35c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 84ac^2d^2e^4x^2 - 21c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 70a^2cde^5x - 28ac^2d^3e^3x - 7c^3d^5ex - 20a^3e^6 - 10a^2cd^2e^4}{140e^4(e^7x^7 + 7de^6x^6 + 21d^2e^5x^5 + 35d^3e^4x^4 + 35d^4e^3x^3 + 21d^5e^2x^2 + 7d^6ex + d^7)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^11,x)`

output

```

(- 20*a**3*e**6 - 10*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 70*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 4*a*c**2*d**
4*e**2 - 28*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 84*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - c**3*d**6 - 7*
c**3*d**5*e*x - 21*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 35*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(140*e**4
*(d**7 + 7*d**6*e*x + 21*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 35*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 35*d**3*e**4
*x**4 + 21*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 7*d*e**6*x**6 + e**7*x**7))

```

3.107 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	826
Mathematica [A] (verified)	826
Rubi [A] (verified)	827
Maple [A] (verified)	828
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	829
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	829
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	830
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	830
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	831
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	831

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{e(cd^2-ae^2)^3x}{c^4d^4} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2}{2c^3d^3} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^3}{3c^2d^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^4}{4cd} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^4 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^5d^5}$$

output

```
e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*x/c^4/d^4+1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^2/c^3/d^3+1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^3/c^2/d^2+1/4*(e*x+d)^4/c/d+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^5/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{cdex(-12a^3e^6+6a^2cde^4(8d+ex)-4ac^2d^2e^2(18d^2+6dex+e^2x^2))+c^3d^3(48d^3+36d^2ex+16de^2x^2+12c^5d^5)}{12c^5d^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(c*d*e*x*(-12*a^3*e^6 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^4*(8*d + e*x) - 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(18*d^2 + 6*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(48*d^3 + 36*d^2*e*x + 16*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3)) + 12*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(12*c^5*d^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^4 d^4 (ae + cdx)} + \frac{e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3 d^3} + \frac{e(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^2 d^2} + \frac{e(d + ex)^3}{cd} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5 d^5} + \frac{ex(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2c^3 d^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{3c^2 d^2} + \frac{(d + ex)^4}{4cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*x)/(c^4*d^4) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(2*c^3*d^3) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(3*c^2*d^2) + (d + e*x)^4/(4*c*d) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^5*d^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
norman	$\frac{e^4 x^4}{4dc} + \frac{e^2(a^2 e^4 - 4acd^2 e^2 + 6c^2 d^4)x^2}{2c^3 d^3} - \frac{e^3(a e^2 - 4c d^2)x^3}{3c^2 d^2} - \frac{e(e^6 a^3 - 4d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 6d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 4d^6 c^3)x}{d^4 c^4} + \frac{(a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^4)}{d^4 c^4}$
default	$e \left(-\frac{x^4 e^3 d^3 e^3}{4} + \frac{((a e^2 - 2c d^2) e^2 c^2 d^2 - 2c^3 d^4 e^2)x^3}{3} + \frac{(2(a e^2 - 2c d^2) d^3 e c^2 - dec(a^2 e^4 - 2ac d^2 e^2 + 2c^2 d^4))x^2}{2} + (a e^2 - 2c d^2)(a^2) \right) / d^4 c^4$
risch	$\frac{e^4 x^4}{4dc} - \frac{e^5 x^3 a}{3d^2 c^2} + \frac{4e^3 x^3}{3c} - \frac{2e^4 x^2 a}{d c^2} + \frac{3e^2 d x^2}{c} + \frac{e^6 x^2 a^2}{2d^3 c^3} - \frac{e^7 a^3 x}{d^4 c^4} + \frac{4e^5 a^2 x}{d^2 c^3} - \frac{6e^3 a x}{c^2} + \frac{4e d^2 x}{c} + \frac{\ln(cdx+ae)a}{d^5 c^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 - 4a c^3 d^3 e^5 x^3 + 16c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2 - 24a c^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 + 36c^4 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 12 \ln(cdx+ae)a^4 e^8 - 48 \ln(cdx+ae)a^3 c d^4}{12 d^5 c^5}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/d/c*e^4*x^4+1/2/c^3/d^3*e^2*(a^2*e^4-4*a*c*d^2*e^2+6*c^2*d^4)*x^2-1/3/
c^2/d^2*e^3*(a*e^2-4*c*d^2)*x^3-e*(a^3*e^6-4*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2
-4*c^3*d^6)/d^4/c^4*x+(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d
^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/d^5/c^5*ln(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^4d^4e^4x^4 + 4(4c^4d^5e^3 - ac^3d^3e^5)x^3 + 6(6c^4d^6e^2 - 4ac^3d^4e^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^6)x^2 + 12(4c^4d^7e - 6ac^3d^5e^3 + \dots)}{12c^5d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*(4*c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(6*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 12*(4*c^4*d^7*e - 6*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 4*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x + 12*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/c^5*d^5
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = x^3 \left(-\frac{ae^5}{3c^2d^2} + \frac{4e^3}{3c} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^2e^6}{2c^3d^3} - \frac{2ae^4}{c^2d} + \frac{3de^2}{c} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(-\frac{a^3e^7}{c^4d^4} + \frac{4a^2e^5}{c^3d^2} - \frac{6ae^3}{c^2} + \frac{4d^2e}{c} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{e^4x^4}{4cd} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**5/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)
```

output

```
x**3*(-a*e**5/(3*c**2*d**2) + 4*e**3/(3*c)) + x**2*(a**2*e**6/(2*c**3*d**3) - 2*a*e**4/(c**2*d) + 3*d*e**2/c) + x*(-a**3*e**7/(c**4*d**4) + 4*a**2*e**5/(c**3*d**2) - 6*a*e**3/c**2 + 4*d**2*e/c) + e**4*x**4/(4*c*d) + (a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**5*d**5)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^3d^3e^4x^4 + 4(4c^3d^4e^3 - ac^2d^2e^5)x^3 + 6(6c^3d^5e^2 - 4ac^2d^3e^4 + a^2cde^6)x^2 + 12(4c^3d^6e - 6ac^2d^4e^3 + 4a^2cd^2e^5)x + 12c^4d^4}{c^5d^5} + \frac{(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^5d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*(4*c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(6*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 12*(4*c^3*d^6*e - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*x)/(c^4*d^4) + (c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^5*d^5)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^3d^3e^4x^4 + 16c^3d^4e^3x^3 - 4ac^2d^2e^5x^3 + 36c^3d^5e^2x^2 - 24ac^2d^3e^4x^2 + 6a^2cde^6x^2 + 48c^3d^6ex - 72ac^2d^4e^3}{c^5d^5} + \frac{12c^4d^4}{c^5d^5} \log(|cdx + ae|)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 16*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 36*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 24*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^6*x^2 + 48*c^3*d^6*e*x - 72*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*x + 48*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*x - 12*a^3*e^7*x)/(c^4*d^4) + (c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^5*d^5)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= x^3 \left(\frac{4e^3}{3c} - \frac{ae^5}{3c^2d^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{4d^2e}{c} - \frac{ae \left(\frac{6de^2}{c} - \frac{ae \left(\frac{4e^3}{c} - \frac{ae^5}{c^2d^2} \right)}{cd} \right)}{cd} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(\frac{3de^2}{c} - \frac{ae \left(\frac{4e^3}{c} - \frac{ae^5}{c^2d^2} \right)}{2cd} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(ae + cdx) (a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)}{c^5d^5} + \frac{e^4x^4}{4cd}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^5/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `x^3*((4*e^3)/(3*c) - (a*e^5)/(3*c^2*d^2)) + x*((4*d^2*e)/c - (a*e*((6*d*e^2)/c - (a*e*((4*e^3)/c - (a*e^5)/(c^2*d^2)))/(c*d)))/(c*d)) + x^2*((3*d*e^2)/c - (a*e*((4*e^3)/c - (a*e^5)/(c^2*d^2)))/(2*c*d)) + (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/(c^5*d^5) + (e^4*x^4)/(4*c*d)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(cdx + ae) a^4 e^8 - 48 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 72 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 48 \log(cdx + ae) a c^3 d^6 e^2}{c^5 d^5} + \frac{e^4 x^4}{4 c d}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output

```
(12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**8 - 48*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 72
*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 48*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e
**2 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**8 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**7*x + 48*a**2*c**2*d**
3*e**5*x + 6*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 72*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 24*a*c**3*
d**4*e**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 48*c**4*d**7*e*x + 36*c**4*d**6
*e**2*x**2 + 16*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 3*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4)/(12*c**5*d**5
)
```

3.108 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	833
Mathematica [A] (verified)	833
Rubi [A] (verified)	834
Maple [A] (verified)	835
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	835
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	836
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	836
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	837
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	837
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	838

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{e(cd^2-ae^2)^2 x}{c^3 d^3} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2}{2c^2 d^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^3}{3cd} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^4 d^4}$$

output

```
e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x/c^3/d^3+1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^2/c^2/d^2+1/3*(e*x+d)^3/c/d+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^4/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{cdex(6a^2e^4-3acde^2(6d+ex)+c^2d^2(18d^2+9dex+2e^2x^2))+6(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{6c^4d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]
```

output

$$(c*d*e*x*(6*a^2*e^4 - 3*a*c*d*e^2*(6*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(18*d^2 + 9*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) + 6*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(6*c^4*d^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^3d^3(ae + cdx)} + \frac{e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{e(d+ex)^2}{cd} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^4d^4} + \frac{ex(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^3}{3cd}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*x)/(c^3*d^3) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(2*c^2*d^2) + (d + e*x)^3/(3*c*d) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^4*d^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{e(\frac{1}{3}x^3c^2d^2e^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2acd^3e^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2c^2d^3e + a^2e^4x - 3acd^2e^2x + 3c^2d^4x)}{d^3c^3} + \frac{(-e^6a^3 + 3d^2e^4a^2c - 3d^4e^2ac^2 + d^6c^3)\ln(cdx+ae)}{d^4c^4}$
norman	$\frac{e(a^2e^4 - 3acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)x}{d^3c^3} + \frac{e^3x^3}{3cd} - \frac{e^2(ae^2 - 3cd^2)x^2}{2c^2d^2} - \frac{(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)\ln(cdx+ae)}{d^4c^4}$
risch	$\frac{e^3x^3}{3cd} - \frac{e^4x^2a}{2d^2c^2} + \frac{3e^2x^2}{2c} + \frac{e^5a^2x}{d^3c^3} - \frac{3e^3ax}{dc^2} + \frac{3edx}{c} - \frac{\ln(cdx+ae)e^6a^3}{d^4c^4} + \frac{3\ln(cdx+ae)e^4a^2}{d^2c^3} - \frac{3\ln(cdx+ae)e^2a}{c^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{2c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 3x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 9c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 6\ln(cdx+ae)a^3e^6 - 18\ln(cdx+ae)a^2cd^2e^4 + 18\ln(cdx+ae)ac^2d^4e^2 - 6\ln(cdx+ae)}{6d^4c^4}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e/d^3/c^3*(1/3*x^3*c^2*d^2*e^2-1/2*x^2*a*c*d*e^3+3/2*x^2*c^2*d^3*e+a^2*e^4
*x-3*a*c*d^2*e^2*x+3*c^2*d^4*x)+(-a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+
c^3*d^6)/d^4/c^4*ln(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 3(3c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 6(3c^3d^5e - 3ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x + 6(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^5e)}{6c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{6}*(2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*(3*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(3*c^3*d^5*e - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 6*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*\log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^4*d^4)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = x^2 \left(-\frac{ae^4}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{3e^2}{2c} \right) + x \left(\frac{a^2e^5}{c^3d^3} - \frac{3ae^3}{c^2d} + \frac{3de}{c} \right) + \frac{e^3x^3}{3cd} - \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output $x**2*(-a*e**4/(2*c**2*d**2) + 3*e**2/(2*c)) + x*(a**2*e**5/(c**3*d**3) - 3*a*e**3/(c**2*d) + 3*d*e/c) + e**3*x**3/(3*c*d) - (a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3*\log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**4*d**4)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 3(3c^2d^3e^2 - acde^4)x^2 + 6(3c^2d^4e - 3acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x + (c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\log(cdx + ae)}{c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*(2*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*(3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(3*c^2*d^4*
e - 3*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)/(c^3*d^3) + (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3
*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^4*d^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 9c^2d^3e^2x^2 - 3acde^4x^2 + 18c^2d^4ex - 18acd^2e^3x + 6a^2e^5x}{6c^3d^3} + \frac{(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^4d^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 9*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 3*a*c*d*e^4*x^2 + 18*c^2*d^4*
e*x - 18*a*c*d^2*e^3*x + 6*a^2*e^5*x)/(c^3*d^3) + (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e
^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^4*d^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{3de}{c} - \frac{ae \left(\frac{3e^2}{c} - \frac{ae^4}{c^2d^2} \right)}{cd} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{3e^2}{2c} - \frac{ae^4}{2c^2d^2} \right) + \frac{e^3x^3}{3cd} - \frac{\ln(ae + cdx) (a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6)}{c^4d^4}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
x*((3*d*e)/c - (a*e*((3*e^2)/c - (a*e^4)/(c^2*d^2)))/(c*d)) + x^2*((3*e^2)/(2*c) - (a*e^4)/(2*c^2*d^2)) + (e^3*x^3)/(3*c*d) - (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(c^4*d^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 e^6 + 18 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 18 \log(cdx + ae) a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 6 \log(cdx + ae) c^3 d^6 + 6}{6c^4 d^4}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**6 + 18*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 18*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6 + 6*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 18*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 3*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 18*c**3*d**5*e*x + 9*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 2*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(6*c**4*d**4)
```

3.109 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	839
Rubi [A] (verified)	840
Maple [A] (verified)	841
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	841
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	843
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	843

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{e(2cd^2-ae^2)x}{c^2d^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{2cd} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^3d^3}$$

output

```
e*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x/c^2/d^2+1/2*e^2*x^2/c/d+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^3/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{cdex(-2ae^2+cd(4d+ex))+2(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{2c^3d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(c*d*e*x*(-2*a*e^2 + c*d*(4*d + e*x)) + 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(2*c^3*d^3)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^2d^2(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{cd} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^3d^3} + \frac{ex(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{2cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)/(c^2*d^2) + (d + e*x)^2/(2*c*d) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 *Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^3*d^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{e(-\frac{1}{2}cdx^2e+ae^2x-2cd^2x)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(cdx+ae)}{c^3d^3}$	74
norman	$\frac{e^2x^2}{2cd} - \frac{e(ae^2-2cd^2)x}{c^2d^2} + \frac{(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(cdx+ae)}{c^3d^3}$	79
risch	$\frac{e^2x^2}{2cd} - \frac{e^3ax}{c^2d^2} + \frac{2ex}{c} + \frac{\ln(cdx+ae)a^2e^4}{c^3d^3} - \frac{2\ln(cdx+ae)ae^2}{c^2d} + \frac{d\ln(cdx+ae)}{c}$	93
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^2c^2d^2e^2+2\ln(cdx+ae)a^2e^4-4\ln(cdx+ae)acd^2e^2+2\ln(cdx+ae)c^2d^4-2xacde^3+4xc^2d^3e}{2d^3c^3}$	95

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-e/c^2/d^2*(-1/2*c*d*x^2*e+a*e^2*x-2*c*d^2*x)+(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/c^3/d^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2d^2e^2x^2+2(2c^2d^3e-acde^3)x+2(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\log(cdx+ae)}{2c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+2*(2*c^2*d^3*e-a*c*d*e^3)*x+2*(c^2*d^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+a^2*e^4)*log(c*d*x+a*e))/(c^3*d^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = x \left(-\frac{ae^3}{c^2d^2} + \frac{2e}{c} \right) + \frac{e^2x^2}{2cd} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`output `x*(-a*e**3/(c**2*d**2) + 2*e/c) + e**2*x**2/(2*c*d) + (a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**3*d**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{cde^2x^2 + 2(2cd^2e - ae^3)x}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*(2*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)/(c^2*d^2) + (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^3*d^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{cde^2x^2 + 4cd^2ex - 2ae^3x}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}*(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*c*d^2*e*x - 2*a*e^3*x)/(c^2*d^2) + (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*\log(\text{abs}(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^3*d^3)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = x \left(\frac{2e}{c} - \frac{ae^3}{c^2d^2} \right) + \frac{\ln(ae + cdx) (a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^2x^2}{2cd}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output $x*((2*e)/c - (a*e^3)/(c^2*d^2)) + (\log(a*e + c*d*x)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(c^3*d^3) + (e^2*x^2)/(2*c*d)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 e^4 - 4 \log(cdx + ae) a c d^2 e^2 + 2 \log(cdx + ae) c^2 d^4 - 2 a c d e^3 x + 4 c^2 d^3 e x + c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2}{2 c^3 d^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output $(2*\log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**4 - 4*\log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 2*\log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4 - 2*a*c*d*e**3*x + 4*c**2*d**3*e*x + c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2)/(2*c**3*d**3)$

$$3.110 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	844
Mathematica [A] (verified)	844
Rubi [A] (verified)	845
Maple [A] (verified)	846
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	846
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	847
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	847
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	847
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	848
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	848

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{ex}{cd} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)\log(ae+cdx)}{c^2d^2}$$

output `e*x/c/d+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^2/d^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{cdex+(cd^2-ae^2)\log(ae+cdx)}{c^2d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(c*d*e*x + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^2*d^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd(ae + cdx)} + \frac{e}{cd} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(ae + cdx)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{ex}{cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(e*x)/(c*d) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^2*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ex}{cd} + \frac{(-ae^2 + cd^2) \ln(cdx + ae)}{c^2 d^2}$	39
norman	$\frac{ex}{cd} - \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(cdx + ae)}{c^2 d^2}$	40
risch	$\frac{ex}{cd} - \frac{\ln(cdx + ae) a e^2}{c^2 d^2} + \frac{\ln(cdx + ae)}{c}$	45
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(cdx + ae) a e^2 - \ln(cdx + ae) c d^2 - cdxe}{c^2 d^2}$	45

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e*x/c/d+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^2/d^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{cdex + (cd^2 - ae^2) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^2 d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*d*e*x + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^2*d^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{ex}{cd} - \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2) \log(ae + cdx)}{c^2 d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`output `e*x/(c*d) - (a*e**2 - c*d**2)*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**2*d**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{ex}{cd} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^2 d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `e*x/(c*d) + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^2*d^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{ex}{cd} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^2 d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `e*x/(c*d) + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^2*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{ex}{cd} - \frac{\ln(ae + cdx)(ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^2d^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(e*x)/(c*d) - (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{-\log(cdx + ae)ae^2 + \log(cdx + ae)cd^2 + cdex}{c^2d^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(- log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**2 + log(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2 + c*d*e*x)/(c**2*d**2)`

$$3.111 \quad \int \frac{d+ex}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	849
Mathematica [A] (verified)	849
Rubi [A] (verified)	850
Maple [A] (verified)	851
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	851
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	851
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	852
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	852
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	852
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	853

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx = \frac{\log(ae+cdx)}{cd}$$

output `ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx = \frac{\log(ae+cdx)}{cd}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `Log[a*e + c*d*x]/(c*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1120, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{1}{ae + cd x} dx$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{\log(ae + cd x)}{cd}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
Log[a*e + c*d*x]/(c*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16

```
Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1120

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(cdx+ae)}{cd}$	17
norman	$\frac{\ln(cdx+ae)}{cd}$	17
risch	$\frac{\ln(cdx+ae)}{cd}$	17
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(cdx+ae)}{cd}$	17

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c/d`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log(cdx + ae)}{cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log(ae + cdx)}{cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c*d)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log(cdx + ae)}{cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log(|cdx + ae|)}{cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\ln(ae + cdx)}{cd}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c*d)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log(cdx + ae)}{cd}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c*d)`

$$3.112 \quad \int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	854
Mathematica [A] (verified)	854
Rubi [A] (verified)	855
Maple [A] (verified)	856
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	856
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	856
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	857
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	858
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	858
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	858

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log(ae + cdx)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{\log(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

output $\ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-\ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log(ae + cdx) - \log(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{-1}, x]$

output $(\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x] - \text{Log}[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1081, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

↓ 1081

$$cde \int \left(\frac{1}{e(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)} - \frac{1}{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$cde \left(\frac{\log(ae + cdx)}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\log(d + ex)}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-1),x]`

output `c*d*e*(Log[a*e + c*d*x]/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - Log[d + e*x]/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1081 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/((b/2 - q/2 + c*x)*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(ex+d)-\ln(cdx+ae)}{ae^2-cd^2}$	34
default	$-\frac{\ln(cdx+ae)}{ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)}{ae^2-cd^2}$	48
norman	$-\frac{\ln(cdx+ae)}{ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)}{ae^2-cd^2}$	48
risch	$\frac{\ln(-ex-d)}{ae^2-cd^2} - \frac{\ln(cdx+ae)}{ae^2-cd^2}$	51

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(ln(e*x+d)-ln(c*d*x+a*e))/(a*e^2-c*d^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2} dx = \frac{\log(cdx + ae) - \log(ex + d)}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(log(c*d*x + a*e) - log(e*x + d))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

$$\int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log\left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^2e^4}{ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{2acd^2e^2}{ae^2-cd^2} + ae^2 - \frac{e^2d^4}{ae^2-cd^2} + cd^2}{2cde}\right)}{ae^2 - cd^2} - \frac{\log\left(x + \frac{\frac{a^2e^4}{ae^2-cd^2} - \frac{2acd^2e^2}{ae^2-cd^2} + ae^2 + \frac{e^2d^4}{ae^2-cd^2} + cd^2}{2cde}\right)}{ae^2 - cd^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output

```
log(x + (-a**2*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2) + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)
+ a*e**2 - c**2*d**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2) + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/(a*e**2 - c*d**
*2) - log(x + (a**2*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2) - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d
**2) + a*e**2 + c**2*d**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2) + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/(a*e**2 -
c*d**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\log(cdx + ae)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{\log(ex + d)}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - log(e*x + d)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{cd \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^2d^3 - acde^2} - \frac{e \log(|ex + d|)}{cd^2e - ae^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `c*d*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2) - e*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2icd^2+2icexd}{ae^2-cd^2} + 1i\right) 2i}{ae^2 - cd^2}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(atan((c*d^2*2i + c*d*e*x*2i)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2) + 1i)*2i)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{-\log(cdx + ae) + \log(ex + d)}{ae^2 - cd^2}$$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(- log(a*e + c*d*x) + log(d + e*x))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)`

3.113 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$

Optimal result	859
Mathematica [A] (verified)	859
Rubi [A] (verified)	860
Maple [A] (verified)	861
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	861
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	862
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	863
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	863
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	864
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	864

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{cd \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{cd \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

output `1/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)+c*d*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2-c*d*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{cd^2 - ae^2 + cd(d+ex) \log(ae+cdx) - cd(d+ex) \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]`

output

$$\frac{(c*d^2 - a*e^2 + c*d*(d + e*x)*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x] - c*d*(d + e*x)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])}{((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{c^2 d^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{cde}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{e}{(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{cd \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{cd \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{1}{((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x))} + \frac{(c*d*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])}{(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2} - \frac{(c*d*\text{Log}[d + e*x])}{(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$\frac{cd \ln(cdx+ae)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{1}{(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)} - \frac{cd \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2}$	75
risch	$-\frac{1}{(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)} - \frac{cd \ln(ex+d)}{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4} + \frac{cd \ln(-cdx-ae)}{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}$	103
norman	$\frac{ex}{d(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)} + \frac{cd \ln(cdx+ae)}{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4} - \frac{cd \ln(ex+d)}{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}$	105
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(ex+d)xcd e^2 - \ln(cdx+ae)xcd e^2 + \ln(ex+d)cd^2e - \ln(cdx+ae)cd^2e + ae^3 - cd^2e}{(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)e}$	111

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)-c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2
)^2*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{cd^2 - ae^2 + (cdex + cd^2) \log(cdx + ae) - (cdex + cd^2) \log(ex + d)}{c^2d^5 - 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e - 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*d^2 - a*e^2 + (c*d*e*x + c*d^2)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - (c*d*e*x + c*d^2)*log(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{cd \log\left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^3cde^6}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{3a^2c^2d^3e^4}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{3ac^3d^5e^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + acde^2 + \frac{c^4d^7}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + c^2d^3}{2c^2d^2e}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{cd \log\left(x + \frac{\frac{a^3cde^6}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{3a^2c^2d^3e^4}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{3ac^3d^5e^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + acde^2 - \frac{c^4d^7}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + c^2d^3}{2c^2d^2e}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{1}{ade^2 - cd^3 + x(ae^3 - cd^2e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `-c*d*log(x + (-a**3*c*d*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 - 3*a*c**3*d**5*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + a*c*d*e**2 + c**4*d**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + c**2*d**3)/(2*c**2*d**2*e))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + c*d*log(x + (a**3*c*d*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + 3*a*c**3*d**5*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + a*c*d*e**2 - c**4*d**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + c**2*d**3)/(2*c**2*d**2*e)))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 - 1/(a*d*e**2 - c*d**3 + x*(a*e**3 - c*d**2*e))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{cd \log(cdx+ae)}{c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4} - \frac{cd \log(ex+d)}{c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4} + \frac{1}{cd^3-ade^2+(cd^2e-ae^3)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c*d*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) - c*d*log(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + 1/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2d^2 \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^3d^5-2ac^2d^3e^2+a^2cde^4} - \frac{cde \log(|ex+d|)}{c^2d^4e-2acd^2e^3+a^2e^5} + \frac{1}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ex+d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c^2*d^2*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4) - c*d*e*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5) + 1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(e*x + d))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2cd \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^2e^4-c^2d^4}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{2cdex}{ae^2-cd^2}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{1}{(ae^2-cd^2)(d+ex)}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)),x)`output `(2*c*d*atanh((a^2*e^4 - c^2*d^4)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2 + (2*c*d*e*x)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2 - 1/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(cdx+ae)cd^3 + \log(cdx+ae)cd^2ex - \log(ex+d)cd^3 - \log(ex+d)cd^2ex + ae^3x - cd^2ex}{d(a^2e^5x - 2acd^2e^3x + c^2d^4ex + a^2de^4 - 2acd^3e^2 + c^2d^5)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(log(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**3 + log(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2*e*x - log(d + e*x)*c*d**3 - log(d + e*x)*c*d**2*e*x + a*e**3*x - c*d**2*e*x)/(d*(a**2*d*e**4 + a**2*e**5*x - 2*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + c**2*d**5 + c**2*d**4*e*x))`

3.114 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$

Optimal result	865
Mathematica [A] (verified)	865
Rubi [A] (verified)	866
Maple [A] (verified)	867
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	868
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	868
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	869
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	870
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	870
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	871

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{cd}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2d^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3} - \frac{c^2d^2 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3}$$

output

```
1/2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2+c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-c^2*d^2*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-ae^2+cd(3d+2ex)) + 2c^2d^2(d+ex)^2 \log(ae+cdx) - 2c^2d^2(d+ex)^2 \log(d+ex)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-(a*e^2) + c*d*(3*d + 2*e*x)) + 2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x] - 2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2*\text{Log}[d + e*x])}{(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{c^3 d^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{c^2 d^2 e}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} - \frac{cde}{(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{e}{(d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c^2 d^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} - \frac{c^2 d^2 \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} + \frac{cd}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{1}{2(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{1}{(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (c*d)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)) + (c^2*d^2*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3 - (c^2*d^2*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$-\frac{c^2 d^2 \ln(cd x + a e)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^3} - \frac{1}{2(a e^2 - c d^2)(e x + d)^2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 \ln(e x + d)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^3} + \frac{c d}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x + d)}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{d e c x}{a^2 e^4 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4} - \frac{a e^2 - 3 c d^2}{2(a^2 e^4 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}}{(e x + d)^2} - \frac{c^2 d^2 \ln(cd x + a e)}{e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3} + \frac{c^2 d^2 \ln(-e x - d)}{e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{-a e^3 + 2 c d^2 e}{2 e (a^2 e^4 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)} - \frac{e^2 c x^2}{2(a^2 e^4 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}}{(e x + d)^2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 \ln(e x + d)}{e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3} - \frac{c^2 d^2 \ln(cd x + a e)}{e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(e x + d) x^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 - 2 \ln(cd x + a e) x^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 + 4 \ln(e x + d) x c^2 d^3 e^3 - 4 \ln(cd x + a e) x c^2 d^3 e^3 + 2 \ln(e x + d) c^2 d^4 e^2 - 2 \ln(cd x + a e) c^2 d^4 e^2}{2(e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)(e x + d)^2 e^2}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-c^2*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2+c^2*d^2
/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)+c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 266 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 2(c^2d^3e - acde^3)x + 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2c^2d^3ex + c^2d^4) \log(cdx + ae) - 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2c^2d^3ex + c^2d^4) \log(cdx + ae) - 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2c^2d^3ex + c^2d^4) \log(cdx + ae)}{2(c^3d^8 - 3ac^2d^6e^2 + 3a^2cd^4e^4 - a^3d^2e^6 + (c^3d^6e^2 - 3ac^2d^4e^4 + 3a^2cd^2e^6 - a^3e^8)x^2 + 2(c^3d^7e - 3ac^2d^5e^3 + 3a^2cd^3e^5 - a^3d^2e^7)x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 2*(c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x + 2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*e*x + c^2*d^4)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - 2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*e*x + c^2*d^4)*log(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^8 - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 - a^3*d^2*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - a^3*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(c^3*d^7*e - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - a^3*d^2*e^7)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 471 vs. $2(94) = 188$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2d^2 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^4c^2d^2e^8}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{4a^3c^3d^4e^6}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} - \frac{6a^2c^4d^6e^4}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{4ac^5d^8e^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + ac^2d^2e^2 - \frac{c^6d^{10}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + c^3d^4}{2c^3d^3e} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2d^2 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^4c^2d^2e^8}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} - \frac{4a^3c^3d^4e^6}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{6a^2c^4d^6e^4}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} - \frac{4ac^5d^8e^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + ac^2d^2e^2 + \frac{c^6d^{10}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + c^3d^4}{2c^3d^3e} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{-ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 2cdex}{2a^2d^2e^4 - 4acd^4e^2 + 2c^2d^6 + x^2 \cdot (2a^2e^6 - 4acd^2e^4 + 2c^2d^4e^2) + x(4a^2de^5 - 8acd^3e^3 + 4c^2d^5e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `c**2*d**2*log(x + (-a**4*c**2*d**2*e**8/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 4*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 - 6*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 4*a*c**5*d**8*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 + a*c**2*d**2*e**2 - c**6*d**10/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 + c**3*d**4)/(2*c**3*d**3*e))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 - c**2*d**2*log(x + (a**4*c**2*d**2*e**8/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 - 4*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 6*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 - 4*a*c**5*d**8*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 + a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + c**6*d**10/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 + c**3*d**4)/(2*c**3*d**3*e))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3 + (-a*e**2 + 3*c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*a**2*d**2*e**4 - 4*a*c*d**4*e**2 + 2*c**2*d**6 + x**2*(2*a**2*e**6 - 4*a*c*d**2*e**4 + 2*c**2*d**4*e**2) + x*(4*a**2*d**5e - 8*a*c*d**3*e**3 + 4*c**2*d**5e))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 d^2 \log(cdx+ae)}{c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6} - \frac{c^2 d^2 \log(ex+d)}{2cdex + 3cd^2 - ae^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(c^2 d^6 - 2acd^4 e^2 + a^2 d^2 e^4 + (c^2 d^4 e^2 - 2acd^2 e^4 + a^2 e^6)x^2 + 2(c^2 d^5 e - 2acd^3 e^3 + a^2 d e^5)x)}{2(c^2 d^6 - 2acd^4 e^2 + a^2 d^2 e^4 + (c^2 d^4 e^2 - 2acd^2 e^4 + a^2 e^6)x^2 + 2(c^2 d^5 e - 2acd^3 e^3 + a^2 d e^5)x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c^2*d^2*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6) - c^2*d^2*log(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6) + 1/2*(2*c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c^2*d^6 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^2 + a^2*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^5*e - 2*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 d^2 e \log\left(\left|cd - \frac{cd^2}{ex+d} + \frac{ae^2}{ex+d}\right|\right)}{c^3 d^6 e - 3ac^2 d^4 e^3 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^5 - a^3 e^7} + \frac{\frac{2cde^2}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2 e^2}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{ae^4}{(ex+d)^2}}{2(c^2 d^4 e^2 - 2acd^2 e^4 + a^2 e^6)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
c^2*d^2*e*log(abs(c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) + a*e^2/(e*x + d)))/(c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7) + 1/2*(2*c*d*e^2/(e*x + d) + c*d^2*e^2/(e*x + d)^2 - a*e^4/(e*x + d)^2)/(c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{ae^2-3cd^2}{2(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)} - \frac{cdex}{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}}{d^2 + 2dex + e^2x^2} - \frac{2c^2d^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - ac^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + \frac{2cdex(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
- ((a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2)/(2*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) - (c*d*e*x)/(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(d^2 + e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x) - (2*c^2*d^2*atanh((a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3 + (2*c*d*e*x*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log(cdx + ae) c^2 d^4 - 4 \log(cdx + ae) c^2 d^3 ex - 2 \log(cdx + ae) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 2 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^4 + 4 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^3 ex + 2 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2}{2a^3 e^8 x^2 - 6a^2 c d^2 e^6 x^2 + 6a c^2 d^4 e^4 x^2 - 2c^3 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 4a^3 d e^7 x - 12a^2 c d^3 e^5 x + 12a^3 d^5 e^3 x^2}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4 - 4*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e*x - 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4 + 4*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3*e*x + 2*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - a**2*e**4 + 3*a*c*d**2*e**2 - a*c*e**4*x**2 - 2*c**2*d**4 + c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2)/(2*(a**3*d**2*e**6 + 2*a**3*d*e**7*x + a**3*e**8*x**2 - 3*a**2*c*d**4*e**4 - 6*a**2*c*d**3*e**5*x - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 6*a*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 - c**3*d**8 - 2*c**3*d**7*e*x - c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2))
```


3.115 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^3} + \frac{cd}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2d^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)} + \frac{c^3d^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4} - \frac{c^3d^3 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4}$$

output

```
1/3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3+1/2*c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2+c^2*d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)+c^3*d^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4-c^3*d^3*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(2a^2e^4-acde^2(7d+3ex)+c^2d^2(11d^2+15dex+6e^2x^2))+6c^3d^3(d+ex)^3 \log(ae+cdx)-6(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^3}{6(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]`

output $((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(2*a^2*e^4 - a*c*d*e^2*(7*d + 3*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(11*d^2 + 15*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2)) + 6*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^3*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x] - 6*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^3*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(6*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{c^4 d^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{c^3 d^3 e}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} - \frac{c^2 d^2 e}{(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3} - \frac{cde}{(d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c^3 d^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} - \frac{c^3 d^3 \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} + \frac{c^2 d^2}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} + \frac{cd}{2(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{1}{3(d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]`

output $1/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3) + (c*d)/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2) + (c^2*d^2)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)) + (c^3*d^3*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4 - (c^3*d^3*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{c^3 d^3 \ln(cdx+ae)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{1}{3(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^3} - \frac{c^2 d^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3(ex+d)} + \frac{cd}{2(ae^2-cd^2)^2(ex+d)^2} - \frac{c^3 d^3 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}$
risch	$-\frac{e^2 c^2 d^2 x^2}{e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3} + \frac{(ae^2 - 5cd^2)ecd x}{2e^6 a^3 - 6d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 6d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 2d^6 c^3} - \frac{2a^2 e^4 - 7ac d^2 e^2 + 11c^2 d^4}{6(e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} - \frac{a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2}{(ex+d)^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2a^3 d^2 e^7 - 6c^3 d^8 e + x^3 a^2 c d e^8 - 6x^3 a c^2 d^3 e^6 + 3x^2 a^2 c d^2 e^7 - 12x^2 a c^2 d^4 e^5 + 6 \ln(ex+d) x^3 c^3 d^5 e^4 - 6 \ln(cdx+ae) x^3 c^3 d^5 e^4 + 1}{6}$
norman	$\frac{-a^2 e^5 + 3ac d^2 e^3 - 3c^2 d^4 e}{3e(e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} + \frac{e^2(-de^3 ac + 5d^3 e c^2) x^3}{6d^2(e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} + \frac{(-de^3 ac + 3d^3 e c^2) e x^2}{2d(e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} + \frac{1}{a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3-c^2*d^2/
(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)+1/2*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2-c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c
*d^2)^4*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 454 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{11c^3d^6 - 18ac^2d^4e^2 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - 2a^3e^6 + 6(c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 3(5c^3d^5e - 6ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cd^2e^5)x + 6(c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 3c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 3c^3d^5e^2x + c^3d^6e^2) \log(cdx + ae) - 6(c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 3c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 3c^3d^5e^2x + c^3d^6e^2)}{6(c^4d^{11} - 4ac^3d^9e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^7e^4 - 4a^3cd^5e^6 + a^4d^3e^8 + (c^4d^8e^3 - 4ac^3d^6e^5 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^7 - 4a^3cd^2e^9 +$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(11*c^3*d^6 - 18*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 3*(5*c^3*d^5*e - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*x + 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^3*d^5*e^2*x + c^3*d^6e^2)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^3*d^5*e^2*x + c^3*d^6e^2)*log(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^11 - 4*a*c^3*d^9*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^5*e^6 + a^4*d^3*e^8 + (c^4*d^8*e^3 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^9 + a^4*e^11)*x^3 + 3*(c^4*d^9*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^7*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^3*e^8 + a^4*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + 3*(c^4*d^10*e - 4*a*c^3*d^8*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^7 + a^4*d^2*e^9)*x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 672 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^3 d^3 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^5 c^3 d^3 e^{10}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + \frac{5a^4 c^4 d^5 e^8}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{10a^3 c^5 d^7 e^6}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + \frac{10a^2 c^6 d^9 e^4}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{5ac^7 d^{11} e^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + ac^3 d^3 e^2 + \frac{c^8 d^{13}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + c^4 d^5}{2c^4 d^4 e} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{c^3 d^3 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^5 c^3 d^3 e^{10}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{5a^4 c^4 d^5 e^8}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + \frac{10a^3 c^5 d^7 e^6}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{10a^2 c^6 d^9 e^4}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + \frac{5ac^7 d^{11} e^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + ac^3 d^3 e^2 - \frac{c^8 d^{13}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + c^4 d^5}{2c^4 d^4 e} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{-2a^2 e^4 + 7acd^2 e^2 - 11c^2 d^4 - 6c^2 d^6}{6a^3 d^3 e^6 - 18a^2 cd^5 e^4 + 18ac^2 d^7 e^2 - 6c^3 d^9 + x^3 \cdot (6a^3 e^9 - 18a^2 cd^2 e^7 + 18ac^2 d^4 e^5 - 6c^3 d^6 e^3) + x^2 \cdot (18$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)
```

output

```
-c**3*d**3*log(x + (-a**5*c**3*d**3*e**10/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 5*a**4*c**
*4*d**5*e**8/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 10*a**3*c**5*d**7*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**
2)**4 + 10*a**2*c**6*d**9*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 5*a*c**7*d**11*e**2/
(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + a*c**3*d**3*e**2 + c**8*d**13/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4
+ c**4*d**5)/(2*c**4*d**4*e))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + c**3*d**3*log(x + (a
*5*c**3*d**3*e**10/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 5*a**4*c**4*d**5*e**8/(a*e**2 -
c*d**2)**4 + 10*a**3*c**5*d**7*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 10*a**2*c**6*d
*9*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 5*a*c**7*d**11*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 +
a*c**3*d**3*e**2 - c**8*d**13/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + c**4*d**5)/(2*c**4*d
*4*e))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + (-2*a**2*e**4 + 7*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 11*c**2*d*
*4 - 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(3*a*c*d*e**3 - 15*c**2*d**3*e))/(6*a**3*d
*3*e**6 - 18*a**2*c*d**5*e**4 + 18*a*c**2*d**7*e**2 - 6*c**3*d**9 + x**3*(
6*a**3*e**9 - 18*a**2*c*d**2*e**7 + 18*a*c**2*d**4*e**5 - 6*c**3*d**6*e**3
) + x**2*(18*a**3*d*e**8 - 54*a**2*c*d**3*e**6 + 54*a*c**2*d**5*e**4 - 18*
c**3*d**7*e**2) + x*(18*a**3*d**2*e**7 - 54*a**2*c*d**4*e**5 + 54*a*c**2*d
**6*e**3 - 18*c**3*d**8*e))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 393 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 \log(cdx + ae)}{c^4 d^8 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8}$$

$$- \frac{c^3 d^3 \log(ex + d)}{c^4 d^8 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{6c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 11c^2 d^4 - 7acd^2 e^2 + 2a^2 e^4 + 3}{6(c^3 d^9 - 3ac^2 d^7 e^2 + 3a^2 c d^5 e^4 - a^3 d^3 e^6 + (c^3 d^6 e^3 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^5 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^7 - a^3 e^9)x^3 + 3(c^3 d^7 e^2 - 3a^2 c d^5 e^4 + 3a^2 c d^3 e^6 - a^3 d e^8)x^2 + 3(c^3 d^8 e - 3a^2 c d^6 e^3 + 3a^2 c d^4 e^5 - a^3 d^2 e^7)x + 3(c^3 d^9 - 3ac^2 d^7 e^2 + 3a^2 c d^5 e^4 - a^3 d^3 e^6 + (c^3 d^6 e^3 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^5 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^7 - a^3 e^9))} x^3 + 3(c^3 d^7 e^2 - 3a^2 c d^5 e^4 + 3a^2 c d^3 e^6 - a^3 d e^8)x^2 + 3(c^3 d^8 e - 3a^2 c d^6 e^3 + 3a^2 c d^4 e^5 - a^3 d^2 e^7)x + 3(c^3 d^9 - 3ac^2 d^7 e^2 + 3a^2 c d^5 e^4 - a^3 d^3 e^6 + (c^3 d^6 e^3 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^5 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^7 - a^3 e^9))$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c^3*d^3*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) - c^3*d^3*log(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) + 1/6*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 11*c^2*d^4 - 7*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*a^2*e^4 + 3*(5*c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(c^3*d^9 - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^4 - a^3*d^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 - a^3*e^9)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^6 - a^3*d*e^8)*x^2 + 3*(c^3*d^8*e - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^5 - a^3*d^2*e^7)*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^4 d^4 \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^5 d^9 - 4ac^4 d^7 e^2 + 6a^2 c^3 d^5 e^4 - 4a^3 c^2 d^3 e^6 + a^4 c d e^8}$$

$$- \frac{c^3 d^3 e \log(|ex + d|)}{c^4 d^8 e - 4ac^3 d^6 e^3 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^5 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^7 + a^4 e^9}$$

$$+ \frac{11c^3 d^6 - 18ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 9a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 2a^3 e^6 + 6(c^3 d^4 e^2 - ac^2 d^2 e^4)x^2 + 3(5c^3 d^5 e - 6ac^2 d^3 e^3 + a^2 c d e^5)x + 3(c^3 d^6 e^3 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^5 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^7 - a^3 e^9)}{6(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ex + d)^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{c^4 d^4 \log(\text{abs}(c d x + a e)) / (c^5 d^9 - 4 a^3 c^4 d^7 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^3 d^5 e^4 - 4 a^4 c^2 d^3 e^6 + a^4 c^4 d e^8) - c^3 d^3 e \log(\text{abs}(e x + d)) / (c^4 d^8 e - 4 a^3 c^3 d^6 e^3 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^5 - 4 a^4 c^3 d^2 e^7 + a^4 e^9) + 1/6 * (11 c^3 d^6 - 18 a^3 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 9 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 - 2 a^3 e^6 + 6 (c^3 d^4 e^2 - a c^2 d^2 e^4) x^2 + 3 (5 c^3 d^5 e - 6 a^3 c^2 d^3 e^3 + a^2 c^2 d^5 e^5) x) / ((c d^2 - a e^2)^4 (e x + d)^3}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3 d^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^4 e^8 - 2a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 2a c^3 d^6 e^2 - c^4 d^8}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^4} + \frac{2c d e x (a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^4}\right)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^4}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{2a^2 e^4 - 7a c d^2 e^2 + 11c^2 d^4}{6(a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6)}}{d^3 + 3d^2 e x + 3d e^2 x^2 + e^3 x^3} - \frac{c d x (a e^3 - 5c d^2 e)}{2(a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6)} + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2}{a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2c^3 d^3 \operatorname{atanh}((a^4 e^8 - c^4 d^8 + 2a^3 c^3 d^6 e^2 - 2a^4 c^3 d^2 e^6) / (a e^2 - c d^2)^4 + (2c^3 d^3 e x^2 + 3c^2 d^2 e^2 x + 3c d e^3) / (a e^2 - c d^2)^4)) / (a e^2 - c d^2)^4 - ((2a^2 e^4 + 11c^2 d^4 - 7a^3 c^2 d^2 e^2) / (6(a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6)) - (c d x (a e^3 - 5c d^2 e)) / (2(a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6)) + (c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2) / (a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6)) / (d^3 + e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 e x)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(cdx + ae) c^3 d^6 + 18 \log(cdx + ae) c^3 d^5 e x + 18 \log(cdx + ae) c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 6 \log(cdx + ae) c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 6a^4 e^{11} x^3 - 24a^3 c d^2 e^9 x^3 + 36a^2 c^2 d^4 e^7 x^3 - 24a c^3 d^6 e^5 x^3 + 6c^4 d^8 e^3 x^3 + 18a^4 d e^{10} x^2 - 72a^3 c d^2 e^8 x^2 + 36a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6 x^2 - 24a c^3 d^6 e^4 x^2 + 6c^4 d^8 e^2 x^2 - 18a^4 d e^{10} x + 72a^3 c d^2 e^8 x - 36a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6 x - 24a c^3 d^6 e^4 x + 6c^4 d^8 e^2 x - 18a^4 d e^{10}}{6a^4 e^{11} x^3 - 24a^3 c d^2 e^9 x^3 + 36a^2 c^2 d^4 e^7 x^3 - 24a c^3 d^6 e^5 x^3 + 6c^4 d^8 e^3 x^3 + 18a^4 d e^{10} x^2 - 72a^3 c d^2 e^8 x^2 + 36a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6 x^2 - 24a c^3 d^6 e^4 x^2 + 6c^4 d^8 e^2 x^2 - 18a^4 d e^{10} x + 72a^3 c d^2 e^8 x - 36a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6 x - 24a c^3 d^6 e^4 x + 6c^4 d^8 e^2 x - 18a^4 d e^{10}}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6 + 18*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x + 18*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 - 18*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x - 18*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 6*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 2*a**3*e**6 + 9*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 16*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 12*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 2*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 9*c**3*d**6 + 9*c**3*d**5*e*x - 2*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(6*(a**4*d**3*e**8 + 3*a**4*d**2*e**9*x + 3*a**4*d*e**10*x**2 + a**4*e**11*x**3 - 4*a**3*c*d**5*e**6 - 12*a**3*c*d**4*e**7*x - 12*a**3*c*d**3*e**8*x**2 - 4*a**3*c*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**7*e**4 + 18*a**2*c**2*d**6*e**5*x + 18*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**6*x**2 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**7*x**3 - 4*a*c**3*d**9*e**2 - 12*a*c**3*d**8*e**3*x - 12*a*c**3*d**7*e**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**3*d**6*e**5*x**3 + c**4*d**11 + 3*c**4*d**10*e*x + 3*c**4*d**9*e**2*x**2 + c**4*d**8*e**3*x**3))
```


3.116
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	880
Mathematica [A] (verified)	881
Rubi [A] (verified)	881
Maple [A] (verified)	882
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	887
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	888

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{15e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^4x}{c^6d^6} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^6}{c^7d^7(ae+cdx)} + \frac{10e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)^2}{c^7d^7} + \frac{5e^4(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^3}{c^7d^7} + \frac{3e^5(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^4}{2c^7d^7} + \frac{e^6(ae+cdx)^5}{5c^7d^7} + \frac{6e(cd^2-ae^2)^5 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^7d^7}$$

output

```
15*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*x/c^6/d^6-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6/c^7/d^7/(c*d*x+a*e)+10*
e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c^7/d^7+5*e^4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(c*d*x+a
*e)^3/c^7/d^7+3/2*e^5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/c^7/d^7+1/5*e^6*(c*d*x+
a*e)^5/c^7/d^7+6*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^7/d^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10a^6e^{12} + 10a^5cde^{10}(6d+5ex) - 30a^4c^2d^2e^8(5d^2+8dex-e^2x^2) + 10a^3c^3d^3e^6(20d^3+45d^2ex-15dex^2) - 10a^2c^4d^4e^4(30d^4+80d^3ex-60d^2e^2x^2-10de^3x^3-e^4x^4) + ac^5d^5e^2(60d^5+150d^4ex-300d^3e^2x^2-100d^2e^3x^3-25de^4x^4-3e^5x^5) + c^6d^6(-10d^6+150d^4e^2x^2+100d^3e^3x^3+50d^2e^4x^4+15de^5x^5+2e^6x^6) - 60e*(-(cd^2)+ae^2)^5*(ae+cd*x)*\text{Log}[ae+cd*x]}{(10c^7d^7*(ae+cd*x))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^8/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-10*a^6*e^12 + 10*a^5*c*d*e^10*(6*d + 5*e*x) - 30*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8*(5*d^2 + 8*d*e*x - e^2*x^2) + 10*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6*(20*d^3 + 45*d^2*e*x - 15*d*e^2*x^2 - e^3*x^3) - 5*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4*(30*d^4 + 80*d^3*e*x - 60*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 10*d*e^3*x^3 - e^4*x^4) + a*c^5*d^5*e^2*(60*d^5 + 150*d^4*e*x - 300*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 100*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 25*d*e^4*x^4 - 3*e^5*x^5) + c^6*d^6*(-10*d^6 + 150*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 100*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 50*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 15*d*e^5*x^5 + 2*e^6*x^6) - 60*e*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^5*(a*e + c*d*x)*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(10*c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e^6(ae+cdx)^4}{c^6d^6} + \frac{20(cd^2e-ae^3)^3(ae+cdx)}{c^6d^6} + \frac{6e(cd^2-ae^2)^5}{c^6d^6(ae+cdx)} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^6}{c^6d^6(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{15e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^4}{c^6d^6} + \frac{6e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{c^6d^6} + \frac{15e^4(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^6d^6} + \frac{6e^5(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^6d^6} + \frac{e^6}{c^6d^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^6(ae + cd x)^5}{5c^7 d^7} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6}{c^7 d^7 (ae + cd x)} + \frac{6e(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \log(ae + cd x)}{c^7 d^7} + \frac{3e^5 (cd^2 - ae^2) (ae + cd x)^4}{2c^7 d^7} + \frac{5e^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cd x)^3}{c^7 d^7} + \frac{10e^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cd x)^2}{c^7 d^7} + \frac{15e^2 x (cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^6 d^6}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^8/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(15*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*x)/(c^6*d^6) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6/(c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (10*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)/(c^7*d^7) + (5*e^4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)/(c^7*d^7) + (3*e^5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^4)/(2*c^7*d^7) + (e^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^5)/(5*c^7*d^7) + (6*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^7*d^7)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 \left(\frac{1}{5} c^4 d^4 e^4 x^5 - \frac{1}{2} a c^3 d^3 e^5 x^4 + \frac{3}{2} c^4 d^5 e^3 x^4 + a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^3 - 4 a c^3 d^4 e^4 x^3 + 5 c^4 d^6 e^2 x^3 - 2 a^3 c d e^7 x^2 + 9 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 x^2 - 15 a c^3 d^5 e^3 x^2 + e^6 x^5 \right)}{d^6 c^6}$
norman	$\frac{e^3 \left(3 a^4 e^8 - 16 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 35 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 40 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 25 c^4 d^8 \right) x^3}{d^5 c^5} - \frac{6 a^6 e^{12} - 27 a^5 d^2 e^{10} c + 45 a^4 d^4 e^8 c^2 - 30 a^3 d^6 e^6 c^3 + 9 a d^{10} e^2 c^5 + d^{12} c^6 + e^{12} c^6}{c^7 d^6}$
risch	$-\frac{4 e^6 a x^3}{d^2 c^3} - \frac{2 e^9 a^3 x^2}{d^5 c^5} + \frac{9 e^7 a^2 x^2}{d^3 c^4} - \frac{15 e^5 a x^2}{d c^3} + \frac{5 e^{10} a^4 x}{d^6 c^6} - \frac{24 e^8 a^3 x}{d^4 c^5} + \frac{45 e^6 a^2 x}{d^2 c^4} - \frac{40 e^4 a x}{c^3} + \frac{e^8 a^2 x^3}{d^4 c^4} + \frac{e^6 x^5}{5 d^2 c^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{3 x^5 a c^5 d^5 e^7 - 5 x^4 a^2 c^4 d^4 e^8 + 25 x^4 a c^5 d^6 e^6 + 10 x^3 a^3 c^3 d^3 e^9 - 50 x^3 a^2 c^4 d^5 e^7 + 100 x^3 a c^5 d^7 e^5 + 60 a^6 e^{12} + 10 d^{12} c^6 + 60 \ln(c d x)}{d^6 c^6}$

input `int((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & e^2/d^6/c^6*(1/5*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^5-1/2*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^4+3/2*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^4 \\ & +a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^3-4*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*x^3+5*c^4*d^6*e^2*x^3-2*a^3*c*d*e^7*x \\ & ^2+9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*x^2-15*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*x^2+10*c^4*d^7*e*x^2+5*a^4*e^8*x \\ & -24*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*x+45*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*x-40*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*x+15*c^4*d^8*x)- \\ & 6/d^7*e/c^7*(a^5*e^10-5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8+10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6-10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^ \\ & 4+5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2-c^5*d^10)*\ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/c^7/d^7*(a^6*e^12-6*a^5*c*d^2* \\ & e^10+15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8-20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6+15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4-6*a*c^5*d^10 \\ & *e^2+c^6*d^12)/(c*d*x+a*e) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 545 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^6d^6e^6x^6 - 10c^6d^{12} + 60ac^5d^{10}e^2 - 150a^2c^4d^8e^4 + 200a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 150a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 60a^5cd^2e^{10} - 10a^6e^{12}}{(c^8d^8x + ac^7d^7e)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/10*(2*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^6 - 10*c^6*d^12 + 60*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 150*a^2*c^4*d^ \\ & 8*e^4 + 200*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 150*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 60*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 10 \\ & *a^6*e^12 + 3*(5*c^6*d^7*e^5 - a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^5 + 5*(10*c^6*d^8*e^4 - 5* \\ & a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^4 + 10*(10*c^6*d^9*e^3 - 10*a*c^5*d^7*e \\ & ^5 + 5*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 30*(5*c^6*d^10*e^2 - 10*a* \\ & c^5*d^8*e^4 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 5*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x \\ & ^2 + 10*(15*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 40*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 45*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 24*a \\ & ^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + 5*a^5*c*d^11)*x + 60*(a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 5*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^ \\ & 4 + 10*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 10*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 5*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - a^6*e^12 \\ & + (c^6*d^11*e - 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 \\ & + 5*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - a^5*c*d^11)*x)*\log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^8*d^8*x + a*c^ \\ & 7*d^7*e) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx \\
&= x^4 \left(-\frac{ae^7}{2c^3d^3} + \frac{3e^5}{2c^2d} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{a^2e^8}{c^4d^4} - \frac{4ae^6}{c^3d^2} + \frac{5e^4}{c^2} \right) \\
&+ x^2 \left(-\frac{2a^3e^9}{c^5d^5} + \frac{9a^2e^7}{c^4d^3} - \frac{15ae^5}{c^3d} + \frac{10de^3}{c^2} \right) \\
&+ x \left(\frac{5a^4e^{10}}{c^6d^6} - \frac{24a^3e^8}{c^5d^4} + \frac{45a^2e^6}{c^4d^2} - \frac{40ae^4}{c^3} + \frac{15d^2e^2}{c^2} \right) \\
&+ \frac{-a^6e^{12} + 6a^5cd^2e^{10} - 15a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 15a^2c^4d^8e^4 + 6ac^5d^{10}e^2 - c^6d^{12}}{ac^7d^7e + c^8d^8x} \\
&+ \frac{e^6x^5}{5c^2d^2} - \frac{6e(ae^2 - cd^2)^5 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^7d^7}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**8/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `x**4*(-a*e**7/(2*c**3*d**3) + 3*e**5/(2*c**2*d)) + x**3*(a**2*e**8/(c**4*d**4) - 4*a*e**6/(c**3*d**2) + 5*e**4/c**2) + x**2*(-2*a**3*e**9/(c**5*d**5) + 9*a**2*e**7/(c**4*d**3) - 15*a*e**5/(c**3*d) + 10*d*e**3/c**2) + x*(5*a**4*e**10/(c**6*d**6) - 24*a**3*e**8/(c**5*d**4) + 45*a**2*e**6/(c**4*d**2) - 40*a*e**4/c**3 + 15*d**2*e**2/c**2) + (-a**6*e**12 + 6*a**5*c*d**2*e**10 - 15*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**8 + 20*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 - 15*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**4 + 6*a*c**5*d**10*e**2 - c**6*d**12)/(a*c**7*d**7*e + c**8*d**8*x) + e**6*x**5/(5*c**2*d**2) - 6*e*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**7*d**7)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^6 d^{12} - 6ac^5 d^{10} e^2 + 15a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 - 20a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 15a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 - 6a^5 cd^2 e^{10} + a^6 e^{12}}{c^8 d^8 x + ac^7 d^7 e}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^4 d^4 e^6 x^5 + 5(3c^4 d^5 e^5 - ac^3 d^3 e^7)x^4 + 10(5c^4 d^6 e^4 - 4ac^3 d^4 e^6 + a^2 c^2 d^2 e^8)x^3 + 10(10c^4 d^7 e^3 - 15ac^3 d^5 e^5 + 9a^2 c^2 d^3 e^7 - 2a^3 cd e^9)x^2 + 10(15c^4 d^8 e^2 - 40ac^3 d^6 e^4 + 45a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 24a^3 cd^2 e^8 + 5a^4 e^{10})x}{c^7 d^7}$$

$$+ \frac{6(c^5 d^{10} e - 5ac^4 d^8 e^3 + 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^5 - 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^7 + 5a^4 cd^2 e^9 - a^5 e^{11}) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^7 d^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)/(c^8*d^8*x + a*c^7*d^7*e) + 1/10*(2*c^4*d^4*e^6*x^5 + 5*(3*c^4*d^5*e^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^4 + 10*(5*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^6 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^3 + 10*(10*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 15*a*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 2*a^3*c*d*e^9)*x^2 + 10*(15*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 40*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 45*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 24*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + 5*a^4*e^10)*x)/(c^6*d^6) + 6*(c^5*d^10*e - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - a^5*e^11)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^7*d^7)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6(c^5 d^{10} e - 5ac^4 d^8 e^3 + 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^5 - 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^7 + 5a^4 cd^2 e^9 - a^5 e^{11}) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^7 d^7}$$

$$- \frac{c^6 d^{12} - 6ac^5 d^{10} e^2 + 15a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 - 20a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 15a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 - 6a^5 cd^2 e^{10} + a^6 e^{12}}{(cdx + ae)c^7 d^7}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^8 d^8 e^6 x^5 + 15c^8 d^9 e^5 x^4 - 5ac^7 d^7 e^7 x^4 + 50c^8 d^{10} e^4 x^3 - 40ac^7 d^8 e^6 x^3 + 10a^2 c^6 d^6 e^8 x^3 + 100c^8 d^{11} e^3 x^2}{c^7 d^7}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
6*(c^5*d^10*e - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - a^5*e^11)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^7*d^7) - (c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)/((c*d*x + a*e)*c^7*d^7) + 1/10*(2*c^8*d^8*e^6*x^5 + 15*c^8*d^9*e^5*x^4 - 5*a*c^7*d^7*e^7*x^4 + 50*c^8*d^10*e^4*x^3 - 40*a*c^7*d^8*e^6*x^3 + 10*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^8*x^3 + 100*c^8*d^11*e^3*x^2 - 150*a*c^7*d^9*e^5*x^2 + 90*a^2*c^6*d^7*e^7*x^2 - 20*a^3*c^5*d^5*e^9*x^2 + 150*c^8*d^12*e^2*x - 400*a*c^7*d^10*e^4*x + 450*a^2*c^6*d^8*e^6*x - 240*a^3*c^5*d^6*e^8*x + 50*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^10*x)/(c^10*d^10)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = x^4 \left(\frac{3e^5}{2c^2d} - \frac{ae^7}{2c^3d^3} \right) \\
& + x^2 \left(\frac{10de^3}{c^2} + \frac{ae \left(\frac{a^2e^8}{c^4d^4} - \frac{15e^4}{c^2} + \frac{2ae \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^7}{c^3d^3} \right)}{cd} \right)}{cd} - \frac{a^2e^2 \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^7}{c^3d^3} \right)}{2c^2d^2} \right) \\
& - x^3 \left(\frac{a^2e^8}{3c^4d^4} - \frac{5e^4}{c^2} + \frac{2ae \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^7}{c^3d^3} \right)}{3cd} \right) \\
& + x \left(\frac{15d^2e^2}{c^2} + \frac{a^2e^2 \left(\frac{a^2e^8}{c^4d^4} - \frac{15e^4}{c^2} + \frac{2ae \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^7}{c^3d^3} \right)}{cd} \right)}{c^2d^2} \right) \\
& - \frac{2ae \left(\frac{20de^3}{c^2} + \frac{2ae \left(\frac{a^2e^8}{c^4d^4} - \frac{15e^4}{c^2} + \frac{2ae \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^7}{c^3d^3} \right)}{cd} \right)}{cd} - \frac{a^2e^2 \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^7}{c^3d^3} \right)}{c^2d^2} \right)}{cd} \\
& - \frac{a^6e^{12} - 6a^5cd^2e^{10} + 15a^4c^2d^4e^8 - 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 6ac^5d^{10}e^2 + c^6d^{12}}{cd(xc^7d^7 + aec^6d^6)} \\
& + \frac{e^6x^5}{5c^2d^2} \\
& - \frac{\ln(ae+cdx)(6a^5e^{11} - 30a^4cd^2e^9 + 60a^3c^2d^4e^7 - 60a^2c^3d^6e^5 + 30a^4d^8e^3 - 6c^5d^{10}e)}{c^7d^7}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^8/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```


output

```
x^4*((3*e^5)/(2*c^2*d) - (a*e^7)/(2*c^3*d^3)) + x^2*((10*d*e^3)/c^2 + (a*e
*((a^2*e^8)/(c^4*d^4) - (15*e^4)/c^2 + (2*a*e*((6*e^5)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^7)
/(c^3*d^3)))/(c*d)))/(c*d) - (a^2*e^2*((6*e^5)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^7)/(c^3*d^
3)))/(2*c^2*d^2) - x^3*((a^2*e^8)/(3*c^4*d^4) - (5*e^4)/c^2 + (2*a*e*((6*
e^5)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^7)/(c^3*d^3)))/(3*c*d)) + x*((15*d^2*e^2)/c^2 + (a^2
*e^2*((a^2*e^8)/(c^4*d^4) - (15*e^4)/c^2 + (2*a*e*((6*e^5)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*
e^7)/(c^3*d^3)))/(c*d)))/(c^2*d^2) - (2*a*e*((20*d*e^3)/c^2 + (2*a*e*((a^2
*e^8)/(c^4*d^4) - (15*e^4)/c^2 + (2*a*e*((6*e^5)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^7)/(c^3*
d^3)))/(c*d)))/(c*d) - (a^2*e^2*((6*e^5)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^7)/(c^3*d^3)))/(
c^2*d^2)))/(c*d) - (a^6*e^12 + c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*
e^10 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8)/(c*d*
(c^7*d^7*x + a*c^6*d^6*e)) + (e^6*x^5)/(5*c^2*d^2) - (log(a*e + c*d*x))*(6*
a^5*e^11 - 6*c^5*d^10*e + 30*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 30*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - 60*a^2*c^3
*d^6*e^5 + 60*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7))/(c^7*d^7)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 \log(cdx+ae) a^6 cd e^{12} x + 300 \log(cdx+ae) a^5 c^2 d^3 e^{10} x - 600 \log(cdx+ae) a^4 c^3 d^5 e^8 x + 600 \log(cdx+ae) a^3 c^4 d^7 e^6 x - 600 \log(cdx+ae) a^2 c^5 d^9 e^4 x + 600 \log(cdx+ae) a c^6 d^{11} e^2 x - 600 \log(cdx+ae) c^7 d^{13} e^0}{(c^7 d^7 x + a c^6 d^6 e)^2}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**7*e**13 + 300*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d**2*e**1
1 - 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d**12*x - 600*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*
d**4*e**9 + 300*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**10*x + 600*log(a*e + c*
d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**7 - 600*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**8*x - 30
0*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**8*e**5 + 600*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d*
*7*e**6*x + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**10*e**3 - 300*log(a*e + c*d*x
)*a**2*c**5*d**9*e**4*x + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**11*e**2*x + 60*a**
6*c*d**12*x - 300*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**10*x + 30*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**11*x**2
+ 600*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**8*x - 150*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**9*x**2 - 10*a**4*c**3*
d**3*e**10*x**3 - 600*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**6*x + 300*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**7*x**2
+ 50*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**8*x**3 + 5*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**9*x**4 + 300*a**2*c**
5*d**9*e**4*x - 300*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**5*x**2 - 100*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**6*x**
3 - 25*a**2*c**5*d**6*e**7*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**8*x**5 - 60*a*c**6*d
**11*e**2*x + 150*a*c**6*d**10*e**3*x**2 + 100*a*c**6*d**9*e**4*x**3 + 50*
a*c**6*d**8*e**5*x**4 + 15*a*c**6*d**7*e**6*x**5 + 2*a*c**6*d**6*e**7*x**6
+ 10*c**7*d**13*x)/(10*a*c**7*d**7*e*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

3.117
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{10e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3x}{c^5d^5} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^5}{c^6d^6(ae+cdx)} + \frac{5e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^2}{c^6d^6} + \frac{5e^4(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^3}{3c^6d^6} + \frac{e^5(ae+cdx)^4}{4c^6d^6} + \frac{5e(cd^2-ae^2)^4 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^6d^6}$$

output

```
10*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*x/c^5/d^5-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/c^6/d^6/(c*d*x+a*e)+5*e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c^6/d^6+5/3*e^4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/c^6/d^6+1/4*e^5*(c*d*x+a*e)^4/c^6/d^6+5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^6/d^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12a^5e^{10} - 12a^4cde^8(5d+4ex) + 30a^3c^2d^2e^6(4d^2+6dex-e^2x^2) - 10a^2c^3d^3e^4(12d^3+24d^2ex-12de^2x^2)}{(12c^6d^6(ae+cdx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^7/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(12*a^5*e^10 - 12*a^4*c*d*e^8*(5*d + 4*e*x) + 30*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(4*d^2 +
6*d*e*x - e^2*x^2) - 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(12*d^3 + 24*d^2*e*x - 12*d*e^2*x^
2 - e^3*x^3) + 5*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(12*d^4 + 24*d^3*e*x - 36*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d
*e^3*x^3 - e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(-12*d^5 + 120*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 60*d^2*e^3*x^3
+ 20*d*e^4*x^4 + 3*e^5*x^5) + 60*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)*Log[a*e
+ c*d*x])/(12*c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e^5(ae+cdx)^3}{c^5d^5} + \frac{5e(cd^2-ae^2)^4}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^5}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{10e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{c^5d^5} + \frac{5(cd^2e^4-ae^6)(ae+cdx)^2}{c^5d^5} + \frac{10e^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^5d^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^5(ae + cdx)^4}{4c^6d^6} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{c^6d^6(ae + cdx)} + \frac{5e(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^6d^6} + \frac{5e^4(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^3}{3c^6d^6} + \frac{5e^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(ae + cdx)^2}{c^6d^6} + \frac{10e^2x(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^5d^5}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^7/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(10*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*x)/(c^5*d^5) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5/(c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (5*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)/(c^6*d^6) + (5*e^4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)/(3*c^6*d^6) + (e^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^4)/(4*c^6*d^6) + (5*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^6*d^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2(-\frac{1}{4}x^4c^3d^3e^3 + \frac{2}{3}x^3ac^2d^2e^4 - \frac{5}{3}x^3c^3d^4e^2 - \frac{3}{2}x^2a^2cde^5 + 5x^2ac^2d^3e^3 - 5x^2c^3d^5e + 4e^6a^3x - 15d^2e^4a^2cx + 20d^4e^2ac^2x - 10d^6e^2a^3c^2x - 10d^8e^2a^4c^3x + 10d^{10}e^2a^5c^4x - 10d^{12}e^2a^6c^5x + 10d^{14}e^2a^7c^6x - 10d^{16}e^2a^8c^7x + 10d^{18}e^2a^9c^8x - 10d^{20}e^2a^{10}c^9x)}{d^5c^5}$
risch	$\frac{e^5x^4}{4d^2c^2} - \frac{2e^6x^3a}{3d^3c^3} + \frac{5e^4x^3}{3dc^2} + \frac{3e^7x^2a^2}{2d^4c^4} - \frac{5e^5x^2a}{d^2c^3} + \frac{5e^3x^2}{c^2} - \frac{4e^8a^3x}{d^5c^5} + \frac{15e^6a^2x}{d^3c^4} - \frac{20e^4ax}{d^3c^4} + \frac{10e^2dx}{c^2} + \frac{a^5}{c^6d^6}(cdx+ae)$
norman	$\frac{10a^5e^{10} - 35a^4cd^2e^8 + 40a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10ac^4d^8e^2 - 2c^5d^{10}}{2c^6d^5} + \frac{e^6x^6}{4cd} + \frac{(10a^5e^{12} - 35a^4cd^2e^{10} + 45a^3c^2d^4e^8 - 30a^2c^3d^6e^6 + 20a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 10a^2c^5d^{10}e^2 + 10a^2c^6d^{12}e^2 - 10a^2c^7d^{14}e^2 + 10a^2c^8d^{16}e^2 - 10a^2c^9d^{18}e^2 + 10a^2c^{10}d^{20}e^2)}{2d^6c^6e} (ex+d)(cdx+ae)$
parallelrtsch	$\frac{60a^5e^{10} - 12c^5d^{10} - 240 \ln(cdax+ae)x a^3c^2d^3e^7 + 360 \ln(cdax+ae)x a^2c^3d^5e^5 - 240 \ln(cdax+ae)xa c^4d^7e^3 + 120x^2c^5d^8e^2 + 3x^5e^5}{cdx+ae}$

input `int((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -e^2/d^5/c^5*(-1/4*x^4*c^3*d^3*e^3+2/3*x^3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4-5/3*x^3*c^3*d^4*e \\ & ^2-3/2*x^2*a^2*c*d*e^5+5*x^2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3-5*x^2*c^3*d^5*e+4*e^6*a^3*x-15* \\ & d^2*e^4*a^2*c*x+20*d^4*e^2*a*c^2*x-10*d^6*c^3*x)+5/d^6*e/c^6*(a^4*e^8-4*a^ \\ & 3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)*\ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/c^6 \\ & /d^6*(-a^5*e^10+5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8-10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6+10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4-5*a* \\ & c^4*d^8*e^2+c^5*d^10)/(c*d*x+a*e) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 417 vs. 2(180) = 360.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^5d^5e^5x^5 - 12c^5d^{10} + 60ac^4d^8e^2 - 120a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 120a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 60a^4cd^2e^8 + 12a^5e^{10} + 5(4c^5d^6e^4 - \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/12*(3*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^5 - 12*c^5*d^{10} + 60*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 120*a^2*c^3*d^6 \\ & *e^4 + 120*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 60*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 12*a^5*e^{10} + 5*(4*c^5*d^6 \\ & *e^4 - a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + 10*(6*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 4*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + a^2*c^3* \\ & d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 30*(4*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 6*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 4*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - a \\ & ^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 12*(10*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 20*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 15*a^3*c \\ & ^2*d^3*e^7 - 4*a^4*c*d*e^9)*x + 60*(a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 4*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 6* \\ & a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 4*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + a^5*e^{10} + (c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^ \\ & 3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d^9)*x)*\log(c*d*x + a \\ & e))/(c^7*d^7*x + a*c^6*d^6*e) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= x^3 \left(-\frac{2ae^6}{3c^3d^3} + \frac{5e^4}{3c^2d} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2e^7}{2c^4d^4} - \frac{5ae^5}{c^3d^2} + \frac{5e^3}{c^2} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(-\frac{4a^3e^8}{c^5d^5} + \frac{15a^2e^6}{c^4d^3} - \frac{20ae^4}{c^3d} + \frac{10de^2}{c^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{a^5e^{10} - 5a^4cd^2e^8 + 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 5ac^4d^8e^2 - c^5d^{10}}{ac^6d^6e + c^7d^7x}$$

$$+ \frac{e^5x^4}{4c^2d^2} + \frac{5e(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^6d^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**7/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`output `x**3*(-2*a*e**6/(3*c**3*d**3) + 5*e**4/(3*c**2*d)) + x**2*(3*a**2*e**7/(2*c**4*d**4) - 5*a*e**5/(c**3*d**2) + 5*e**3/c**2) + x*(-4*a**3*e**8/(c**5*d**5) + 15*a**2*e**6/(c**4*d**3) - 20*a*e**4/(c**3*d) + 10*d*e**2/c**2) + (a**5*e**10 - 5*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 10*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 10*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 + 5*a*c**4*d**8*e**2 - c**5*d**10)/(a*c**6*d**6*e + c**7*d**7*x) + e**5*x**4/(4*c**2*d**2) + 5*e*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**6*d**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}}{c^7d^7x + ac^6d^6e}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^3d^3e^5x^4 + 4(5c^3d^4e^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^6)x^3 + 6(10c^3d^5e^3 - 10ac^2d^3e^5 + 3a^2cde^7)x^2 + 12(10c^3d^6e^2 - 20a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 10ac^3d^2e^6 - 5a^4cd^2e^8 + a^5e^{10})x + 5(c^4d^8e - 4ac^3d^6e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^5 - 4a^3cd^2e^7 + a^4e^9) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^6d^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10})/(c^7d^7x + ac^6d^6e) + 1/12*(3c^3d^3e^5x^4 + 4*(5c^3d^4e^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^6)x^3 + 6*(10c^3d^5e^3 - 10ac^2d^3e^5 + 3a^2cd^2e^7)x^2 + 12*(10c^3d^6e^2 - 20ac^2d^4e^4 + 15a^2cd^2e^6 - 4a^3e^8)x)/(c^5d^5) + 5*(c^4d^8e - 4ac^3d^6e^3 + 6a^2cd^4e^5 - 4a^3cd^2e^7 + a^4e^9)*\log(cd*x + a*e)/(c^6d^6)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{5(c^4d^8e - 4ac^3d^6e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^5 - 4a^3cd^2e^7 + a^4e^9) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^6d^6} - \frac{c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3cd^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}}{(cdx + ae)c^6d^6} + \frac{3c^6d^6e^5x^4 + 20c^6d^7e^4x^3 - 8ac^5d^5e^6x^3 + 60c^6d^8e^3x^2 - 60ac^5d^6e^5x^2 + 18a^2c^4d^4e^7x^2 + 120c^6d^9e^2x - 48a^3c^3d^3e^8x}{12c^8d^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$5*(c^4d^8e - 4ac^3d^6e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^5 - 4a^3cd^2e^7 + a^4e^9)*\log(\text{abs}(cd*x + a*e))/(c^6d^6) - (c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3cd^2e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10})/((cd*x + a*e)*c^6d^6) + 1/12*(3c^6d^6e^5x^4 + 20c^6d^7e^4x^3 - 8ac^5d^5e^6x^3 + 60c^6d^8e^3x^2 - 60ac^5d^6e^5x^2 + 18a^2c^4d^4e^7x^2 + 120c^6d^9e^2x - 240ac^5d^7e^4x + 180a^2c^4d^5e^6x - 48a^3c^3d^3e^8x)/(c^8d^8)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{10de^2}{c^2} + \frac{2ae \left(\frac{a^2e^7}{c^4d^4} - \frac{10e^3}{c^2} + \frac{2ae \left(\frac{5e^4}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^6}{c^3d^3} \right)}{cd} \right)}{cd} - \frac{a^2e^2 \left(\frac{5e^4}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^6}{c^3d^3} \right)}{c^2d^2} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \left(\frac{5e^4}{3c^2d} - \frac{2ae^6}{3c^3d^3} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{a^2e^7}{2c^4d^4} - \frac{5e^3}{c^2} + \frac{ae \left(\frac{5e^4}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^6}{c^3d^3} \right)}{cd} \right) + \frac{e^5x^4}{4c^2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(ae+cdx) (5a^4e^9 - 20a^3cd^2e^7 + 30a^2c^2d^4e^5 - 20a^3d^6e^3 + 5c^4d^8e)}{c^6d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{a^5e^{10} - 5a^4cd^2e^8 + 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 5ac^4d^8e^2 - c^5d^{10}}{cd(xc^6d^6 + aec^5d^5)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^7/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `x*((10*d*e^2)/c^2 + (2*a*e*((a^2*e^7)/(c^4*d^4) - (10*e^3)/c^2 + (2*a*e*((5*e^4)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^6)/(c^3*d^3)))/(c*d)))/(c*d) - (a^2*e^2*((5*e^4)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^6)/(c^3*d^3)))/(c^2*d^2) + x^3*((5*e^4)/(3*c^2*d) - (2*a*e^6)/(3*c^3*d^3)) - x^2*((a^2*e^7)/(2*c^4*d^4) - (5*e^3)/c^2 + (a*e*((5*e^4)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^6)/(c^3*d^3)))/(c*d)) + (e^5*x^4)/(4*c^2*d^2) + (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(5*a^4*e^9 + 5*c^4*d^8*e - 20*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + 30*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5))/(c^6*d^6) + (a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)/(c*d*(c^6*d^6*x + a*c^5*d^5*e))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^7}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{10a^3c^3d^3e^8x^3 + 240a^2c^4d^7e^4x - 180a^2c^4d^6e^5x^2 - 40a^2c^4d^5e^6x^3 - 5a^2c^4d^4e^7x^4 - 60ac^5d^9e^2x + 120ac^5d^8e^3x^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*e**11 - 240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d**2*e**9 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d*e**10*x + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**7 - 240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**8*x - 240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**5 + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**6*x + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**3 - 240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**4*x + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**9*e**2*x - 60*a**5*c*d*e**10*x + 240*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**8*x - 30*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**9*x**2 - 360*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**6*x + 120*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**7*x**2 + 10*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**8*x**3 + 240*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**4*x - 180*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**5*x**2 - 40*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**6*x**3 - 5*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**7*x**4 - 60*a*c**5*d**9*e**2*x + 120*a*c**5*d**8*e**3*x**2 + 60*a*c**5*d**7*e**4*x**3 + 20*a*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**4 + 3*a*c**5*d**5*e**6*x**5 + 12*c**6*d**11*x)/(12*a*c**6*d**6*e*(a*e + c*d*x))`

3.118
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	898
Mathematica [A] (verified)	898
Rubi [A] (verified)	899
Maple [A] (verified)	900
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	901
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	901
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	902
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	903
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	903
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	904

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^2(6c^2d^4 - 8acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)x}{c^4d^4} + \frac{e^3(2cd^2 - ae^2)x^2}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^4x^3}{3c^2d^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^5d^5(ae + cdx)} + \frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5d^5}$$

output

```
e^2*(3*a^2*e^4-8*a*c*d^2*e^2+6*c^2*d^4)*x/c^4/d^4+e^3*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^2/c^3/d^3+1/3*e^4*x^3/c^2/d^2-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/c^5/d^5/(c*d*x+a*e)+4*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^5/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-3a^4e^8 + 3a^3cde^6(4d + 3ex) - 6a^2c^2d^2e^4(3d^2 + 4dex - e^2x^2) + 2ac^3d^3e^2(6d^3 + 9d^2ex - 9de^2x^2 - e^3x^3)}{3c^5d^5(ae + cdx)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^6/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-3a^4e^8 + 3a^3c*d*e^6*(4d + 3e*x) - 6a^2c^2*d^2*e^4*(3d^2 + 4d \\ & *e*x - e^2*x^2) + 2a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(6d^3 + 9d^2*e*x - 9d*e^2*x^2 - e^3*x \\ & ^3) + c^4*d^4*(-3d^4 + 18d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) - 12e*(-(\\ & c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(3*c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x) \\ &) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^6}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3a^2e^6 - 8acd^2e^4 + 6c^2d^4e^2}{c^4d^4} + \frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{2e^3x(2cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^4x^2}{c^2d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{e^2x(3a^2e^4 - 8acd^2e^2 + 6c^2d^4)}{c^4d^4} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^5d^5(ae + cdx)} + \frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5d^5} + \\ & \frac{e^3x^2(2cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^4x^3}{3c^2d^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^6/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (e^2*(6*c^2*d^4 - 8*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*x)/(c^4*d^4) + (e^3*(2*c*d^2 \\ & - a*e^2)*x^2)/(c^3*d^3) + (e^4*x^3)/(3*c^2*d^2) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4/(c^5*d \\ & ^5*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (4*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^5*d^5) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2(\frac{1}{3}x^3c^2d^2e^2 - x^2acd e^3 + 2x^2c^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4x - 8acd^2e^2x + 6c^2d^4x)}{d^4c^4} - \frac{4e(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3) \ln(cdx+ae)}{d^5c^5}$
risch	$\frac{e^4x^3}{3c^2d^2} - \frac{e^5x^2a}{d^3c^3} + \frac{2e^3x^2}{d^2c^2} + \frac{3e^6a^2x}{d^4c^4} - \frac{8e^4ax}{d^2c^3} + \frac{6e^2x}{c^2} - \frac{4e^7 \ln(cdx+ae)a^3}{d^5c^5} + \frac{12e^5 \ln(cdx+ae)a^2}{d^3c^4} - \frac{12e^3 \ln(cdx+ae)}{d^3c^3}$
norman	$\frac{-4a^4e^8 - 10a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 2ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8}{c^5d^4} + \frac{e^5x^5}{3cd} - \frac{(4a^4e^{10} - 10a^3cd^2e^8 + 8a^2c^2d^4e^6 - 4ac^3d^6e^4 + 7c^4d^8e^2)x}{d^5c^5e} + \frac{2e^3(3a^2e^4 - 12cd^2e^2 + c^3d^4)}{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{c^4d^4e^4x^4 + 2ac^3d^3e^5x^3 - 6c^4d^5e^3x^3 + 12 \ln(cdx+ae)xa^3cde^7 - 36 \ln(cdx+ae)xa^2c^2d^3e^5 + 36 \ln(cdx+ae)xa^3c^3d^5e^3 - 12 \ln(cdx+ae)xa^4c^4d^7e}{(cdx+ae)^5}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e^2/d^4/c^4*(1/3*x^3*c^2*d^2*e^2-x^2*a*c*d*e^3+2*x^2*c^2*d^3*e+3*a^2*e^4*x
-8*a*c*d^2*e^2*x+6*c^2*d^4*x)-4/d^5*e/c^5*(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2
*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4
-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/d^5/c^5/(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 - 3 c^4 d^8 + 12 a c^3 d^6 e^2 - 18 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 12 a^3 c d^2 e^6 - 3 a^4 e^8 + 2 (3 c^4 d^5 e^3 - a c^3 d^3 e^5) x^3 + 6 (3 c^4 d^5 e^3 - a c^3 d^3 e^5) x^2 + 6 (3 c^4 d^5 e^3 - a c^3 d^3 e^5) x + 6 (3 c^4 d^5 e^3 - a c^3 d^3 e^5)}{c^6 d^6 x + a c^5 d^5 e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 3*c^4*d^8 + 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8 + 2*(3*c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(3*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 3*(6*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x + 12*(a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^7*e - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^6*d^6*x + a*c^5*d^5*e)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(-\frac{ae^5}{c^3 d^3} + \frac{2e^3}{c^2 d} \right) + x \left(\frac{3a^2 e^6}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{8ae^4}{c^3 d^2} + \frac{6e^2}{c^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-a^4 e^8 + 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 - 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4a c^3 d^6 e^2 - c^4 d^8}{a c^5 d^5 e + c^6 d^6 x}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4 x^3}{3c^2 d^2} - \frac{4e(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5 d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**6/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output

```
x**2*(-a***5/(c**3*d**3) + 2***3/(c**2*d)) + x*(3***2***6/(c**4*d**4)
- 8*a***4/(c**3*d**2) + 6***2/c**2) + (-a**4***8 + 4***3*c*d**2***6 -
6***2*c**2*d**4***4 + 4*a*c**3*d**6***2 - c**4*d**8)/(a*c**5*d**5*e +
c**6*d**6*x) + e**4*x**3/(3*c**2*d**2) - 4*e*(a***2 - c*d**2)**3*log(a*e
+ c*d*x)/(c**5*d**5)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8}{c^6d^6x + ac^5d^5e} + \frac{c^2d^2e^4x^3 + 3(2c^2d^3e^3 - acde^5)x^2 + 3(6c^2d^4e^2 - 8acd^2e^4 + 3a^2e^6)x}{3c^4d^4} + \frac{4(c^3d^6e - 3ac^2d^4e^3 + 3a^2cd^2e^5 - a^3e^7)\log(cdx + ae)}{c^5d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxi
ma")
```

output

```
-(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^
8)/(c^6*d^6*x + a*c^5*d^5*e) + 1/3*(c^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 3*(2*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a
*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + 3*(6*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 8*a*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^2*e^6)*x)/(c^4*d^4)
+ 4*(c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*log(c*d*x +
a*e)/(c^5*d^5)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(c^3 d^6 e - 3 a c^2 d^4 e^3 + 3 a^2 c d^2 e^5 - a^3 e^7) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^5 d^5}$$

$$- \frac{c^4 d^8 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8}{(cdx + ae) c^5 d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{c^4 d^4 e^4 x^3 + 6 c^4 d^5 e^3 x^2 - 3 a c^3 d^3 e^5 x^2 + 18 c^4 d^6 e^2 x - 24 a c^3 d^4 e^4 x + 9 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x}{3 c^6 d^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*(c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^5*d^5) - (c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)/((c*d*x + a*e)*c^5*d^5) + 1/3*(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^2 + 18*c^4*d^6*e^2*x - 24*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*x + 9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x)/(c^6*d^6)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{2e^3}{c^2 d} - \frac{ae^5}{c^3 d^3} \right) - x \left(\frac{a^2 e^6}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{6e^2}{c^2} + \frac{2ae \left(\frac{4e^3}{c^2 d} - \frac{2ae^5}{c^3 d^3} \right)}{cd} \right)$$

$$- \frac{\ln(ae + cdx) (4a^3 e^7 - 12a^2 c d^2 e^5 + 12a c^2 d^4 e^3 - 4c^3 d^6 e)}{c^5 d^5}$$

$$- \frac{a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8}{cd (x c^5 d^5 + a e c^4 d^4)} + \frac{e^4 x^3}{3 c^2 d^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^6/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
x^2*((2*e^3)/(c^2*d) - (a*e^5)/(c^3*d^3)) - x*((a^2*e^6)/(c^4*d^4) - (6*e^
2)/c^2 + (2*a*e*((4*e^3)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^5)/(c^3*d^3)))/(c*d)) - (log(a*e
+ c*d*x))*(4*a^3*e^7 - 4*c^3*d^6*e + 12*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*a^2*c*d^2*e^5))
/(c^5*d^5) - (a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^
2*c^2*d^4*e^4)/(c*d*(c^5*d^5*x + a*c^4*d^4*e)) + (e^4*x^3)/(3*c^2*d^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(cdx+ae) a^5 e^9 + 36 \log(cdx+ae) a^4 c d^2 e^7 - 12 \log(cdx+ae) a^4 c d e^8 x - 36 \log(cdx+ae) a^3 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2}{(c^5 d^5 x + a c^4 d^4 e)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*e**9 + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**7 -
12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**8*x - 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*
e**5 + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**6*x + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**
2*c**3*d**6*e**3 - 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**4*x + 12*log(a*e
+ c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**2*x + 12*a**4*c*d*e**8*x - 36*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**6*
x + 6*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 36*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**4*x - 18*a**2*c**3*d
**4*e**5*x**2 - 2*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3 - 12*a*c**4*d**7*e**2*x + 18*a*
c**4*d**6*e**3*x**2 + 6*a*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**3 + a*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**4 + 3*
c**5*d**9*x)/(3*a*c**5*d**5*e*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

3.119
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	905
Mathematica [A] (verified)	905
Rubi [A] (verified)	906
Maple [A] (verified)	907
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	908
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	908
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	909
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	909
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	910
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	910

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^2(3cd^2-2ae^2)x}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c^2d^2} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{c^4d^4(ae+cdx)} + \frac{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^4d^4}$$

output

```
e^2*(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x/c^3/d^3+1/2*e^3*x^2/c^2/d^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/c^4/d^4/(c*d*x+a*e)+3*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^4/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e^2(-3cd^2+2ae^2)x}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{-c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2-3a^2cd^2e^4+a^3e^6}{c^4d^4(ae+cdx)} + \frac{3(c^2d^4e-2acd^2e^3+a^2e^5) \log(ae+cdx)}{c^4d^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output
$$-\frac{(e^2(-3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x)/(c^3d^3)}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{-(c^3d^6) + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2c^2d^2e^4 + a^3e^6}{c^4d^4(ae + cd^2x)} + \frac{(3(c^2d^4e - 2aacd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)*\text{Log}[ae + cd^2x])}{c^4d^4}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3(ae + cd^2x)} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^3d^3(ae + cd^2x)^2} + \frac{3cd^2e^2 - 2ae^4}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^3x}{c^2d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4d^4(ae + cd^2x)} + \frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(ae + cd^2x)}{c^4d^4} + \frac{e^2x(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c^2d^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{e^2(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)x}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c^2d^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4d^4(ae + cd^2x)} + \frac{(3e*(cd^2 - ae^2)^2*\text{Log}[ae + cd^2x])}{c^4d^4}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2(-\frac{1}{2}cdx^2e+2ae^2x-3cd^2x)}{d^3c^3} + \frac{3e(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(cdx+ae)}{d^4c^4} - \frac{-e^6a^3+3d^2e^4a^2c-3d^4e^2ac^2+d^6c^3}{d^4c^4(cdx+ae)}$
risch	$\frac{e^3x^2}{2c^2d^2} - \frac{2e^4ax}{d^3c^3} + \frac{3e^2x}{dc^2} + \frac{e^6a^3}{d^4c^4(cdx+ae)} - \frac{3e^4a^2}{d^2c^3(cdx+ae)} + \frac{3e^2a}{c^2(cdx+ae)} - \frac{d^2}{c(cdx+ae)} + \frac{3e^5\ln(cdx+ae)a^2}{d^4c^4} - \frac{6}{d^4c^4}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{6e^6a^3-9d^2e^4a^2c-2d^6c^3}{2d^3c^4} + \frac{e^4x^4}{2dc} + \frac{(6a^3e^8-9a^2cd^2e^6+3ac^2d^4e^4-8c^3d^6e^2)x}{2d^4c^4e}}{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} - \frac{e^3(3ae^2-7cd^2)x^3}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{3e(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(cdx+ae)}{d^4c^4}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{c^3d^3e^3x^3+6\ln(cdx+ae)xa^2cd^3e^5-12\ln(cdx+ae)xa^2c^2d^3e^3+6\ln(cdx+ae)xc^3d^5e-3x^2ac^2d^2e^4+6c^3d^4e^2x^2+6\ln(cdx+ae)a^2cd^3e^5}{2d^4c^4(cdx+ae)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -e^2/d^3/c^3*(-1/2*c*d*x^2*e+2*a*e^2*x-3*c*d^2*x)+3/d^4*e/c^4*(a^2*e^4-2*a
*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/d^4/c^4*(-a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-3*a*
c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)/(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 2 c^3 d^6 + 6 a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 6 a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 2 a^3 e^6 + 3 (2 c^3 d^4 e^2 - a c^2 d^2 e^4) x^2 + 2 (3 a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 2 a^2 c d e^5) x}{2 (c^5 d^5 x + a c^4 d^4 e)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 2*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 2*a^3*e^6 + 3*(2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 6*(a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^5*d^5*x + a*c^4*d^4*e)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx = x \left(-\frac{2ae^4}{c^3d^3} + \frac{3e^2}{c^2d} \right) + \frac{a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6}{ac^4d^4e + c^5d^5x} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{3e(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `x*(-2*a*e**4/(c**3*d**3) + 3*e**2/(c**2*d)) + (a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6)/(a*c**4*d**4*e + c**5*d**5*x) + e**3*x**2/(2*c**2*d**2) + 3*e*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**4*d**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6}{c^5 d^5 x + ac^4 d^4 e} + \frac{cde^3 x^2 + 2(3cd^2 e^2 - 2ae^4)x}{2c^3 d^3} + \frac{3(c^2 d^4 e - 2acd^2 e^3 + a^2 e^5) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^4 d^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)/(c^5*d^5*x + a*c^4*d^4*e) + 1/2*(c*d*e^3*x^2 + 2*(3*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*e^4)*x)/(c^3*d^3) + 3*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^4*d^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{3(c^2 d^4 e - 2acd^2 e^3 + a^2 e^5) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^3 x^2 + 6c^2 d^3 e^2 x - 4acde^4 x}{2c^4 d^4} - \frac{c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6}{(cdx + ae)c^4 d^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^4*d^4) + 1/2*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 6*c^2*d^3*e^2*x - 4*a*c*d*e^4*x)/(c^4*d^4) - (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)/((c*d*x + a*e)*c^4*d^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{3e^2}{c^2d} - \frac{2ae^4}{c^3d^3} \right) + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{\ln(ae+cdx)(3a^2e^5-6acd^2e^3+3c^2d^4e)}{c^4d^4} + \frac{a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6}{cd(xc^4d^4+aec^3d^3)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^5/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `x*((3*e^2)/(c^2*d) - (2*a*e^4)/(c^3*d^3)) + (e^3*x^2)/(2*c^2*d^2) + (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(3*a^2*e^5 + 3*c^2*d^4*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(c^4*d^4) + (a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(c*d*(c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{6 \log(cdx+ae)a^4e^7 - 12 \log(cdx+ae)a^3cd^2e^5 + 6 \log(cdx+ae)a^3cde^6x + 6 \log(cdx+ae)a^2c^2d^4e^3 - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**7 - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**5 + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**e**6*x + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4*x + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x - 6*a**3*c*d**e**6*x + 12*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 6*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 6*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 + a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 2*c**4*d**7*x)/(2*a*c**4*d**4*e*(a*e + c*d*x))`

3.120
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	911
Mathematica [A] (verified)	911
Rubi [A] (verified)	912
Maple [A] (verified)	913
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	913
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	914
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^2x}{c^2d^2} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3(ae+cdx)} + \frac{2e(cd^2-ae^2)\log(ae+cdx)}{c^3d^3}$$

output `e^2*x/c^2/d^2-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/c^3/d^3/(c*d*x+a*e)+2*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^3/d^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{cde^2x - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{ae+cdx} + 2(cd^2e - ae^3)\log(ae+cdx)}{c^3d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(c*d*e^2*x - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2/(a*e + c*d*x) + 2*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^3*d^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2(cd^2e - ae^3)}{c^2d^2(ae + cdx)} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^2d^2(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{e^2}{c^2d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3(ae + cdx)} + \frac{2e(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(ae + cdx)}{c^3d^3} + \frac{e^2x}{c^2d^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2, x]$

output $(e^2*x)/(c^2*d^2) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2/(c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (2*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^3*d^3)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 x}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{2e(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(cdx + ae)}{d^3 c^3} - \frac{a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{c^3 d^3 (cdx + ae)}$
risch	$\frac{e^2 x}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{2e^3 \ln(cdx + ae)a}{d^3 c^3} + \frac{2e \ln(cdx + ae)}{d c^2} - \frac{a^2 e^4}{c^3 d^3 (cdx + ae)} + \frac{2a e^2}{c^2 d (cdx + ae)} - \frac{d}{c (cdx + ae)}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{2 \ln(cdx + ae) x a c d e^3 - 2 \ln(cdx + ae) x c^2 d^3 e - x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 2 \ln(cdx + ae) a^2 e^4 - 2 \ln(cdx + ae) a c d^2 e^2 + 2 a^2 e^4 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{d^3 c^3 (cdx + ae)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{e^3 x^3}{cd} - \frac{2a^2 e^4 - ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{d^2 c^3} - \frac{(2a^2 e^6 - ac d^2 e^4 + 2c^2 d^4 e^2) x}{d^3 c^3 e}}{(ex + d)(cdx + ae)} - \frac{2e(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(cdx + ae)}{d^3 c^3}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e^2*x/c^2/d^2-2/d^3*e/c^3*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e
^2+c^2*d^4)/c^3/d^3/(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + acde^3 x - c^2 d^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 - a^2 e^4 + 2(acd^2 e^2 - a^2 e^4 + (c^2 d^3 e - acde^3)x) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^4 d^4 x + ac^3 d^3 e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d*e^3*x - c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + 2*(a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)*\log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e)}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{ac^3d^3e + c^4d^4x} + \frac{e^2x}{c^2d^2} - \frac{2e(ae^2 - cd^2)\log(ae + cdx)}{c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output
$$\frac{(-a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(a*c**3*d**3*e + c**4*d**4*x) + e**2*x/(c**2*d**2) - 2*e*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*\log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**3*d**3)}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4}{c^4d^4x + ac^3d^3e} + \frac{e^2x}{c^2d^2} + \frac{2(cd^2e - ae^3)\log(cdx + ae)}{c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{-(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e) + e^2*x/(c^2*d^2) + 2*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*\log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^3*d^3)}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^2 x}{c^2 d^2} + \frac{2(cd^2 e - ae^3) \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^3 d^3} - \frac{c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4}{(cdx+ae)c^3 d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^2*x/(c^2*d^2) + 2*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^3*d^3) - (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/((c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^2 x}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{\ln(ae+cdx)(2ae^3-2cd^2e)}{c^3 d^3} - \frac{a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{cd(xc^3 d^3 + aec^2 d^2)}$$

input `int((d+e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(e^2*x)/(c^2*d^2) - (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(2*a*e^3 - 2*c*d^2*e))/(c^3*d^3) - (a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(c*d*(c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 e^5 + 2 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^2 e^3 - 2 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d e^4 x + 2 \log(cdx + ae) a c^2 d^3 e^2 x}{a c^3 d^3 e (cdx + ae)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(- 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**5 + 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4*x + 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 2*a**2*c*d*e**4*x - 2*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 + c**3*d**5*x)/(a*c**3*d**3*e*(a*e + c*d*x))`

$$3.121 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	917
Rubi [A] (verified)	918
Maple [A] (verified)	919
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	919
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	920
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	920
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	920
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	921
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	921

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{c^2d^2(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e \log(ae+cdx)}{c^2d^2}$$

output

```
-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)+e*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^2/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-cd^2+ae^2}{c^2d^2(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e \log(ae+cdx)}{c^2d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)/(c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (e*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^2*d^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{e}{cd(ae + cdx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e \log(ae + cdx)}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{c^2 d^2 (ae + cdx)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (e*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^2*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{-ae^2+cd^2}{c^2d^2(cd+ae)} + \frac{e \ln(cd+ae)}{c^2d^2}$	49
risch	$\frac{ae^2}{c^2d^2(cd+ae)} - \frac{1}{c(cd+ae)} + \frac{e \ln(cd+ae)}{c^2d^2}$	55
parallelrisc	$\frac{\ln(cd+ae)xcde+\ln(cd+ae)ae^2+ae^2-cd^2}{c^2d^2(cd+ae)}$	58
norman	$\frac{\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{dc^2} + \frac{(e^4a-d^2e^2c)x}{c^2d^2e}}{(ex+d)(cd+ae)} + \frac{e \ln(cd+ae)}{c^2d^2}$	83

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)+e*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^2/d^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{cd^2-ae^2-(cdex+ae^2)\log(cd+ae)}{c^3d^3x+ac^2d^2e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(c*d^2 - a*e^2 - (c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{ae^2-cd^2}{ac^2d^2e+c^3d^3x} + \frac{e \log(ae+cdx)}{c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`output `(a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(a*c**2*d**2*e + c**3*d**3*x) + e*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**2*d**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{c^3d^3x+ac^2d^2e} + \frac{e \log(cdx+ae)}{c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e) + e*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^2*d^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{e \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^2d^2} - \frac{cd^2-ae^2}{(cdx+ae)c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
e*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^2*d^2) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/((c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{c^2 d^2 (ae + cdx)} + \frac{e \ln(ae + cdx)}{c^2 d^2}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(a*e^2 - c*d^2)/(c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (e*log(a*e + c*d*x))/(c^2*d^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(cdx + ae) a^2 e^3 + \log(cdx + ae) acd e^2 x - acd e^2 x + c^2 d^3 x}{a c^2 d^2 e (cdx + ae)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**3 + log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**2*x - a*c*d*e**2*x + c**2*d**3*x)/(a*c**2*d**2*e*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

$$3.122 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	922
Mathematica [A] (verified)	922
Rubi [A] (verified)	923
Maple [A] (verified)	924
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	924
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	925
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	925
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	925
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	926
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	926

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

output `-1/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-(1/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1120$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$-\frac{1}{cd(ae + cdx)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-(1/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{1}{cd(cdx+ae)}$	19
default	$-\frac{1}{cd(cdx+ae)}$	19
risch	$-\frac{1}{cd(cdx+ae)}$	19
parallelrisc	$-\frac{1}{cd(cdx+ae)}$	19
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{c} - \frac{ex}{cd}}{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}$	35
orering	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^2}{cd(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^2}$	51

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{c^2 d^2 x + acde}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/(c^2*d^2*x + a*c*d*e)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{acde + c^2d^2x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`output `-1/(a*c*d*e + c**2*d**2*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{c^2d^2x + acde}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/(c^2*d^2*x + a*c*d*e)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{(cdx + ae)cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/((c*d*x + a*e)*c*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{cd(ae + cdx)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `-1/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{x}{ae(cdx + ae)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `x/(a*e*(a*e + c*d*x))`

3.123 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	927
Mathematica [A] (verified)	927
Rubi [A] (verified)	928
Maple [A] (verified)	929
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	929
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	930
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	931
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	931
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	932
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	932

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2} + \frac{e \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}$$

output `-1/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)-e*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+e*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{1}{(-cd^2+ae^2)(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e \log(ae+cdx)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^2} + \frac{e \log(d+ex)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{1}{((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)} - \frac{(e*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])}{(-c*d^2) + a*e^2} + \frac{(e*\text{Log}[d + e*x])}{(-c*d^2) + a*e^2}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{cde}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(ae + cdx)} + \frac{cd}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)} - \frac{e \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{e \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$-\frac{1}{((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x))} - \frac{(e*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])}{(c*d^2 - a*e^2)} + \frac{(e*\text{Log}[d + e*x])}{(c*d^2 - a*e^2)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{1}{(ae^2 - cd^2)(cdx + ae)} - \frac{e \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{e \ln(ex + d)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}$	75
risch	$\frac{1}{(ae^2 - cd^2)(cdx + ae)} - \frac{e \ln(cdx + ae)}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} + \frac{e \ln(-ex - d)}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}$	104
parallelrisc	$\frac{\ln(ex + d)xc^2d^2e - \ln(cdx + ae)xc^2d^2e + \ln(ex + d)acd e^2 - \ln(cdx + ae)acd e^2 + ad e^2c - c^2d^3}{(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)(cdx + ae)cd}$	125
norman	$\frac{\frac{d}{ae^2 - cd^2} + \frac{ex}{ae^2 - cd^2}}{(ex + d)(cdx + ae)} + \frac{e \ln(ex + d)}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} - \frac{e \ln(cdx + ae)}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}$	128

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)-e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)+e/(a*e^2-c*d^2
)^2*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{cd^2 - ae^2 + (cdex + ae^2) \log(cdx + ae) - (cdex + ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{ac^2d^4e - 2a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 + (c^3d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(c*d^2 - a*e^2 + (c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - (c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*log(e*x + d))/(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^3 e^7}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{3a^2 cd^2 e^5}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} - \frac{3ae^2 d^4 e^3}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + ae^3 + \frac{c^3 d^6 e}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + cd^2 e}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} \right)}{ae^2 - cd^2} + \frac{1}{a^2 e^3 - acd^2 e + x(acde^2 - c^2 d^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `e*log(x + (-a**3*e**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + a*e**3 + c**3*d**6*e/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + c*d**2*e)/(2*c*d*e**2))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 - e*log(x + (a**3*e**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + a*e**3 - c**3*d**6*e/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + c*d**2*e)/(2*c*d*e**2))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2 + 1/(a**2*e**3 - a*c*d**2*e + x*(a*c*d*e**2 - c**2*d**3))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e \log(cdx + ae)}{c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4} + \frac{e \log(ex + d)}{c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4} - \frac{1}{acd^2e - a^2e^3 + (c^2d^3 - acde^2)x}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-e*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + e*log(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) - 1/(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{cde \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^3d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4} + \frac{e^2 \log(|ex + d|)}{c^2d^4e - 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5} - \frac{1}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(cdx + ae)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-c*d*e*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4) + e^2*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5) - 1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x + a*e))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)(ae^2 - cd^2)} - \frac{2e \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^2e^4 - c^2d^4}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{2cde x}{ae^2 - cd^2}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `1/((a*e + c*d*x)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) - (2*e*atanh((a^2*e^4 - c^2*d^4)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2 + (2*c*d*e*x)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\log(cdx + ae) a^2 e^3 - \log(cdx + ae) acd e^2 x + \log(ex + d) a^2 e^3 + \log(ex + d) acd e^2 x - acd e^2 x + c^2 d^3 x}{ae (a^2 cd e^4 x - 2a c^2 d^3 e^2 x + c^3 d^5 x + a^3 e^5 - 2a^2 c d^2 e^3 + a c^2 d^4 e)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(- log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**3 - log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**2*x + log(d + e*x)*a**2*e**3 + log(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**2*x - a*c*d*e**2*x + c**2*d**3*x)/(a*e*(a**3*e**5 - 2*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + a**2*c*d*e**4*x + a*c**2*d**4*e - 2*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + c**3*d**5*x))`

3.124 $\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	933
Mathematica [A] (verified)	933
Rubi [A] (verified)	934
Maple [A] (verified)	935
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	935
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	936
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	937
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	938
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	938
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	939

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{cd}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \frac{ae+cdx}{e}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3} - \frac{2cde \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3} + \frac{2cde \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3}$$

output

```
-c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-2*c*d*e*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+2*c*d*e*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd(d+2ex))}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} + 2cde \log(ae+cdx) - 2cde \log(d+ex)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 2*e*x))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) + 2*c*d*e*Log[a*e + c*d*x] - 2*c*d*e*Log[d + e*x])/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1084

$$c^2d^2e^2 \int \left(\frac{2}{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d + ex)} + \frac{1}{c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2}{e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(ae + cdx)} + \frac{1}{e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$c^2d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2d^2e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{1}{cde^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(ae + cdx)} - \frac{2 \log(ae + cdx)}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} + \frac{2 \log(d + ex)}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-2),x]`

output `c^2*d^2*e^2*(-(1/(c*d*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x))) - 1/(c^2*d^2*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)) - (2*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3) + (2*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1084 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
default	$-\frac{cd}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(cdx + ae)} + \frac{2cde \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{e}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(ex + d)} - \frac{2cde \ln(ex + d)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$
norman	$\frac{-ace^2 - c^2d^2}{c(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)} - \frac{2decx}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} - \frac{2dec \ln(ex + d)}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3} + \frac{2dec \ln(cdx + ae)}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3}$
risch	$-\frac{2decx}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} - \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} + \frac{2dec \ln(-cdx - ae)}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3} - \frac{2dec \ln(ex + d)}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(ex + d)x^2c^3d^3e^3 - 2 \ln(cdx + ae)x^2c^3d^3e^3 + 2 \ln(ex + d)xa^2d^2e^4 + 2 \ln(ex + d)xc^3d^4e^2 - 2 \ln(cdx + ae)xa^2d^2e^4 - 2 \ln(cdx + ae)xc^3d^4e^2}{(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)(cdx^2e + ade)}$

```
input int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)+2*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*e*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-2*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*e*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. 2(106) = 212.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{c^2d^4 - a^2e^4 + 2(c^2d^3e - acde^3)x + 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acde^3)x) \log(cdx + ae) - 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acde^3)x) \log(e*x + d)}{ac^3d^7e - 3a^2c^2d^5e^3 + 3a^3cd^3e^5 - a^4de^7 + (c^4d^7e - 3ac^3d^5e^3 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^5 - a^3cde^7)x^2 + (c^2d^4e - a^2e^4 + 2(c^2d^3e - acde^3)x + 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acde^3)x) \log(cdx + ae) - 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acde^3)x) \log(e*x + d))}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-(c^2d^4 - a^2e^4 + 2*(c^2d^3e - a*c*d*e^3)*x + 2*(c^2d^2e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - 2*(c^2d^2e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*\log(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^7*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - a^4*d*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x^2 + (c^4*d^8 - 2*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - a^4*e^8)*x)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 486 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2cde \log\left(x + \frac{-\frac{2a^4cde^9}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{8a^3c^2d^3e^7}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} - \frac{12a^2c^3d^5e^5}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{8ac^4d^7e^3}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + 2acde^3 - \frac{2c^5d^9e}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + 2c^2d^3e}{4c^2d^2e^2}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2cde \log\left(x + \frac{\frac{2a^4cde^9}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} - \frac{8a^3c^2d^3e^7}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{12a^2c^3d^5e^5}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} - \frac{8ac^4d^7e^3}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + 2acde^3 + \frac{2c^5d^9e}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + 2c^2d^3e}{4c^2d^2e^2}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2 - 2cdex}{a^3de^5 - 2a^2cd^3e^3 + ac^2d^5e + x^2(a^2cde^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + c^3d^5e) + x(a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - ac^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output

```

-2*c*d*e*log(x + (-2*a**4*c*d*e**9/(a**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 8*a**3*c**2*d**3
*e**7/(a**2 - c*d**2)**3 - 12*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5/(a**2 - c*d**2)**3 +
8*a*c**4*d**7*e**3/(a**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 2*a*c*d*e**3 - 2*c**5*d**9*e/(a
**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 2*c**2*d**3*e)/(4*c**2*d**2*e**2))/(a**2 - c*d**2)*
**3 + 2*c*d*e*log(x + (2*a**4*c*d*e**9/(a**2 - c*d**2)**3 - 8*a**3*c**2*d
**3*e**7/(a**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 12*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5/(a**2 - c*d**2)**
3 - 8*a*c**4*d**7*e**3/(a**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 2*a*c*d*e**3 + 2*c**5*d**9*e
/(a**2 - c*d**2)**3 + 2*c**2*d**3*e)/(4*c**2*d**2*e**2))/(a**2 - c*d**
2)**3 + (-a**2 - c*d**2 - 2*c*d*e*x)/(a**3*d*e**5 - 2*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 +
a*c**2*d**5*e + x**2*(a**2*c*d*e**5 - 2*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 + c**3*d**5*e) +
x*(a**3*e**6 - a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + c**3*d**6))

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx \\
&= -\frac{2cde \log(cdx + ae)}{c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6} + \frac{2cde \log(ex + d)}{c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6} \\
&\quad - \frac{ac^2d^5e - 2a^2cd^3e^3 + a^3de^5 + (c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x^2 + (c^3d^6 - ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)x}{2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-2*c*d*e*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a
^3*e^6) + 2*c*d*e*log(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^
4 - a^3*e^6) - (2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(a*c^2*d^5*e - 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^3
+ a^3*d*e^5 + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + (c^3*d^6 -
a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2c^2d^2e \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^4d^7 - 3ac^3d^5e^2 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^4 - a^3cde^6} + \frac{2cde^2 \log(|ex + d|)}{c^3d^6e - 3ac^2d^4e^3 + 3a^2cd^2e^5 - a^3e^7}$$

$$- \frac{2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)(cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*c^2*d^2*e*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^4*d^7 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - a^3*c*d*e^6) + 2*c*d*e^2*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7) - (2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4cde \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - ac^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + \frac{2cdex(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} + \frac{2cdex}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(4*c*d*e*atanh((a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3 + (2*c*d*e*x*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3 - ((a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (2*c*d*e*x)/(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 2 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d e^5 x + 2 \log(cdx + ae) a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 4 \log(cdx + ae) a c^2 d^3 e^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^2}$$

input

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x
+ 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 4*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**
3*x + 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d
**5*e**x + 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d
**2*e**4 - 2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 2*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**
2 - 4*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 2*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x*
*2 - 2*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e**x - 2*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - a
**3*e**6 + a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 2*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 +
c**3*d**6 - 2*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2)/(a**5*d*e**9 + a**5*e**10*x - 2*a**4*c
*d**3*e**7 - a**4*c*d**2*e**8*x + a**4*c*d*e**9*x**2 - 2*a**3*c**2*d**4*e
*6*x - 2*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7*x**2 + 2*a**2*c**3*d**7*e**3 + 2*a**2*c**3*d
*6*e**4*x - a*c**4*d**9*e + a*c**4*d**8*e**2*x + 2*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x**2 -
c**5*d**10*x - c**5*d**9*e*x**2)
```

3.125 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	940
Mathematica [A] (verified)	940
Rubi [A] (verified)	941
Maple [A] (verified)	942
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	943
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	944
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	945
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	946
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	946
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	947

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^2d^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{2cde}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)} - \frac{3c^2d^2e \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4} + \frac{3c^2d^2e \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4}$$

output

```
-c^2*d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2-2*c*d*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)-3*c^2*d^2*e*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4+3*c^2*d^2*e*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2c^2d^2(-cd^2+ae^2)}{ae+cdx} - \frac{e(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{4cde(-cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} - 6c^2d^2e \log(ae+cdx) + 6c^2d^2e \log(d+ex)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^4}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{((2*c^2*d^2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2))/(a*e + c*d*x) - (e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (4*c*d*e*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2))/(d + e*x) - 6*c^2*d^2*e*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x] + 6*c^2*d^2*e*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^3d^3e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(ae + cdx)} + \frac{c^3d^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{3c^2d^2e^2}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} + \frac{2cde^2}{(d + ex)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{c^2d^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(ae + cdx)} - \frac{3c^2d^2e \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} + \frac{3c^2d^2e \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} - \frac{2cde^2}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} - \frac{e}{2(d + ex)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x]`

output
$$-\frac{(c^2*d^2)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)) - e/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2) - (2*c*d*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)) - (3*c^2*d^2*e*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4 + (3*c^2*d^2*e*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2 d^2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^3 (c d x + a e)} - \frac{3 c^2 d^2 e \ln(c d x + a e)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^4} - \frac{e}{2(a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x + d)^2} + \frac{3 c^2 d^2 e \ln(e x + d)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^4} + \frac{2 e c d}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^3 (e x + d)}$
risch	$\frac{3 e^2 c^2 d^2 x^2}{e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3} + \frac{3(a e^2 + 3 c d^2) e c d x}{2(e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} - \frac{a^2 e^4 - 5 a c d^2 e^2 - 2 c^2 d^4}{2(e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} + \frac{1}{a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2}$
norman	$\frac{3 e^2 c^2 d^2 x^2}{e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3} + \frac{-a^2 c e^5 + 5 e^3 a c^2 d^2 + 2 d^4 e c^3}{2 e c (e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} + \frac{(3 a c^2 d e^5 + 9 e^3 d^3 c^3) x}{2(e^6 a^3 - 3 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3) c e^2} + \frac{1}{a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{6 a^2 c^2 e^6 d^3 - a^3 c e^8 d + 3 x a^2 c^2 d^2 e^7 + 6 x a c^3 d^4 e^5 + 6 \ln(e x + d) x^3 c^4 d^4 e^5 - 6 \ln(c d x + a e) x^3 c^4 d^4 e^5 + 12 \ln(e x + d) x^2 c^4 d^5 e^4 - 12 \ln(c d x + a e) x^2 c^4 d^5 e^4}{(c d x + a e)(e x + d)^2} + \frac{1}{a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c^2*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x+a*e)-3*c^2*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*e*ln(c*d*x+a
*e)-1/2*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2+3*c^2*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*e*ln(e*x+d)+
2*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c*d/(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 544 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{2c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 - 6a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6 + 6(c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 3(3c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 - a^2cde^5)x + 2(ac^4d^{10}e - 4a^2c^3d^8e^3 + 6a^3c^2d^6e^5 - 4a^4cd^4e^7 + a^5d^2e^9 + (c^5d^9e^2 - 4ac^4d^7e^4 + 6a^2c^3d^5e^6 - 4a^4cd^3e^8 + 2a^5d^2e^{10}))x^3}{2(ac^4d^{10}e - 4a^2c^3d^8e^3 + 6a^3c^2d^6e^5 - 4a^4cd^4e^7 + a^5d^2e^9 + (c^5d^9e^2 - 4ac^4d^7e^4 + 6a^2c^3d^5e^6 - 4a^4cd^3e^8 + 2a^5d^2e^{10}))x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 3*(3*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(a*c^4*d^10*e - 4*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^3 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^5 - 4*a^4*c*d^4*e^7 + a^5*d^2*e^9 + (c^5*d^9*e^2 - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^6 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^8 + a^4*c*d*e^10)*x^3 + (2*c^5*d^10*e - 7*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 + a^5*e^11)*x^2 + (c^5*d^11 - 2*a*c^4*d^9*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^4 + 8*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^6 - 7*a^4*c*d^3*e^8 + 2*a^5*d^2*e^10)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 734 vs. 2(133) = 266.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 734, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^2d^2e \log\left(x + \frac{-\frac{3a^5c^2d^2e^{11}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{15a^4c^3d^4e^9}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{30a^3c^4d^6e^7}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{30a^2c^5d^8e^5}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{15ac^6d^{10}e^3}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + 3ac^2d^2e^3 + \frac{3c^7d^{12}e}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + 3c^3d^4e}{6c^3d^3e^2}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}$$

$$- \frac{3c^2d^2e \log\left(x + \frac{\frac{3a^5c^2d^2e^{11}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{15a^4c^3d^4e^9}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{30a^3c^4d^6e^7}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{30a^2c^5d^8e^5}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{15ac^6d^{10}e^3}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + 3ac^2d^2e^3 - \frac{3c^7d^{12}e}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + 3c^3d^4e}{6c^3d^3e^2}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{-a^2e^4 + 5acd^2e^2 + 2c^2d^4}{2a^4d^2e^7 - 6a^3cd^4e^5 + 6a^2c^2d^6e^3 - 2ac^3d^8e + x^3 \cdot (2a^3cde^8 - 6a^2c^2d^3e^6 + 6ac^3d^5e^4 - 2c^4d^7e^2) + x^2 \cdot ($$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
3*c**2*d**2*e*log(x + (-3*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**11/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 15*a
**4*c**3*d**4*e**9/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 30*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**7/(a*e**2 -
c*d**2)**4 + 30*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 15*a*c**6*d**1
0*e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 3*c**7*d**12*e/(a*e**2
- c*d**2)**4 + 3*c**3*d**4*e)/(6*c**3*d**3*e**2))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 3
*c**2*d**2*e*log(x + (3*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**11/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 15*a**
4*c**3*d**4*e**9/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 30*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**7/(a*e**2 - c
*d**2)**4 - 30*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 15*a*c**6*d**10*
e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e**3 - 3*c**7*d**12*e/(a*e**2 -
c*d**2)**4 + 3*c**3*d**4*e)/(6*c**3*d**3*e**2))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + (-a
**2*e**4 + 5*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 2*c**2*d**4 + 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(3*a*
c*d*e**3 + 9*c**2*d**3*e))/(2*a**4*d**2*e**7 - 6*a**3*c*d**4*e**5 + 6*a**2
*c**2*d**6*e**3 - 2*a*c**3*d**8*e + x**3*(2*a**3*c*d*e**8 - 6*a**2*c**2*d*
**3*e**6 + 6*a*c**3*d**5*e**4 - 2*c**4*d**7*e**2) + x**2*(2*a**4*e**9 - 2*a
**3*c*d**2*e**7 - 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**5 + 10*a*c**3*d**6*e**3 - 4*c**4*d**
8*e) + x*(4*a**4*d*e**8 - 10*a**3*c*d**3*e**6 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**4 + 2*
a*c**3*d**7*e**2 - 2*c**4*d**9))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 423 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3c^2d^2e \log(cdx+ae)}{c^4d^8-4ac^3d^6e^2+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^2e^6+a^4e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^2d^2e \log(ex+d)}{c^4d^8-4ac^3d^6e^2+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^2e^6+a^4e^8}$$

$$- \frac{6c^2d^2e^2x^2+2c^2d^4+5acd^2e^2}{2(ac^3d^8e-3a^2c^2d^6e^3+3a^3cd^4e^5-a^4d^2e^7+(c^4d^7e^2-3ac^3d^5e^4+3a^2c^2d^3e^6-a^3cde^8)x^3+(2c^4d^8e-5a^3cd^6e^3+3a^2c^2d^4e^5+a^3cd^2e^7-a^4e^9)x^2+(c^4d^9-ac^3d^7e^2-3a^2c^2d^5e^4+5a^3cd^3e^6-2a^4d^2e^8)x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3*c^2*d^2*e*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) + 3*c^2*d^2*e*log(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) - 1/2*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + 3*(3*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d^2*e^8)*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 289 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3c^3d^3e \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^5d^9-4ac^4d^7e^2+6a^2c^3d^5e^4-4a^3c^2d^3e^6+a^4cde^8}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^2d^2e^2 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^4d^8e-4ac^3d^6e^3+6a^2c^2d^4e^5-4a^3cd^2e^7+a^4e^9}$$

$$- \frac{2c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2-6a^2cd^2e^4+a^3e^6+6(c^3d^4e^2-ac^2d^2e^4)x^2+3(3c^3d^5e-2ac^2d^3e^3-a^2cde^5)x}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^4(cd^2+ae)(ex+d)^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-3*c^3*d^3*e*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^5*d^9 - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 + a^4*c*d*e^8) + 3*c^2*d^2*e^2*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^8*e - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9) - 1/2*(2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 3*(3*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2e^4+5acd^2e^2+2c^2d^4}{2(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)} + \frac{3cdx(3cd^2e+ae^3)}{2(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)} + \frac{3c^2d^2e^2x^2}{a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{x^2(2cd^2e+ae^3)+x(cd^3+2ade^2)+ad^2e+cd^2e^2x^3}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{6c^2d^2e \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^4e^8-2a^3cd^2e^6+2ac^3d^6e^2-c^4d^8}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{2cdex(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x)
```

output

```
((2*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(2*(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4
*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (3*c*d*x*(a*e^3 + 3*c*d^2*e))/(2*(a^3*e^6 - c^3
*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2)/(a^3*e^6
- c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(x^2*(a*e^3 + 2*c*d^2*e) +
x*(c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2) + a*d^2*e + c*d*e^2*x^3) - (6*c^2*d^2*e*atanh((a^4*
e^8 - c^4*d^8 + 2*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^6)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4 + (2*
c*d*e*x*(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(a*e^2 -
c*d^2)^4))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 897, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2
*d**3*e**5*x - 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 12*log(a*e +
c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - 30*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 24*log(
a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x
**3 - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**7*e*x - 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**6*e*
**2*x**2 - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 6*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*
**2*d**4*e**4 + 12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x + 6*log(d + e*x)*a**2
*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 30*log(d + e*x)*
a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x + 24*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 6*log(d + e*x
)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 12*log(d + e*x)*c**4*d**7*e*x + 24*log(d + e*x)*
c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 12*log(d + e*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 - a**4*e**8 + 4*
a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 3*a**3*c*d*e**7*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 2*a**3*d*
**6*e**2 + 9*a**3*d**5*e**3*x - 6*a**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 4*c**4*d**8 - 1
2*c**4*d**7*e*x + 6*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3)/(2*(a**6*d**2*e**11 + 2*a**6*d*e*
**12*x + a**6*e**13*x**2 - 2*a**5*c*d**4*e**9 - 3*a**5*c*d**3*e**10*x + a**
5*c*d*e**12*x**3 - 2*a**4*c**2*d**6*e**7 - 6*a**4*c**2*d**5*e**8*x - 6*a**
4*c**2*d**4*e**9*x**2 - 2*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 8*a**3*c**3*d**8*e**
5 + 14*a**3*c**3*d**7*e**6*x + 4*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**7*x**2 - 2*a**3*c**3*d*
**5*e**8*x**3 - 7*a**2*c**4*d**10*e**3 - 6*a**2*c**4*d**9*e**4*x + 9*a**2*c
**4*d**8*e**5*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**6*x**3 + 2*a**c**5*d**12*e - 3*...
```

3.126 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	948
Mathematica [A] (verified)	948
Rubi [A] (verified)	949
Maple [A] (verified)	950
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	951
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	952
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	953
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	954
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	955
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	955

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^3d^3}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{cde}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{3c^2d^2e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)} - \frac{4c^3d^3e \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5} + \frac{4c^3d^3e \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5}$$

output

```
-c^3*d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/3*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3-c*d
*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2-3*c^2*d^2*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)-4*c^3*d
^3*e*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5+4*c^3*d^3*e*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^3d^3(cd^2-ae^2)}{ae+cdx} - \frac{e(-cd^2+ae^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{3cde(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{9c^2d^2e(cd^2-ae^2)}{d+ex} + 12c^3d^3e \log(ae+cdx) - 12c^3d^3e \log(d+ex)$$

$$3(-cd^2+ae^2)^5$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{((3c^3d^3(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(a*e + c*d*x) - (e*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3)/(d + e*x)^3 + (3*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (9*c^2*d^2*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(d + e*x) + 12*c^3*d^3*e*Log[a*e + c*d*x] - 12*c^3*d^3*e*Log[d + e*x])/(3*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^5)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{4c^4d^4e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ae + cdx)} + \frac{c^4d^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{4c^3d^3e^2}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^5} + \frac{3c^2d^2e^2}{(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{c^3d^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{4c^3d^3e \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5} + \frac{4c^3d^3e \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5} - \frac{3c^2d^2e}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} - \frac{cde}{(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3} - \frac{e}{3(d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}}{e}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x]`

output
$$-\frac{(c^3d^3)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)) - e/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3 - (c*d*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*c^2*d^2*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)) - (4*c^3*d^3*e*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5 + (4*c^3*d^3*e*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$-\frac{c^3 d^3}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^4 (c d x + a e)} + \frac{4 c^3 d^3 e \ln(c d x + a e)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^5} - \frac{e}{3(a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x + d)^3} - \frac{4 c^3 d^3 e \ln(e x + d)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^5} - \frac{3 e c^2 d^2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^4 (e x + d)} +$
risch	$-\frac{4 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3}{a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8} - \frac{2(a e^2 + 5 c d^2) e^2 c^2 d^2 x^2}{a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8} + \frac{2(a^2 e^4 - 8 a c d^2 e^2 - 11 c^2 d^4)}{3(a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)} + \frac{(e x + d)^2 (c d x^2 e + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + a d e)}{(e x + d)^2 (c d x^2 e + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + a d e)}$
norman	$\frac{(-2 a c^3 d^2 e^6 - 10 c^4 d^4 e^4) x^2}{e^2 c (a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)} - \frac{4 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3}{a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8} + \frac{-a^3 c e^8 + 5 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 - 13 a c^3 d^4 e^4}{3 e^2 c (a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)} + \frac{(c d x + a e)(e x + d)^3}{(c d x + a e)(e x + d)^3}$
parallelrisch	$-2 x a^3 c^2 d^2 e^{10} + 18 x a^2 c^3 d^4 e^8 + 6 x a c^4 d^6 e^6 + 12 \ln(e x + d) x^4 c^5 d^5 e^7 - 12 \ln(c d x + a e) x^4 c^5 d^5 e^7 + 36 \ln(e x + d) x^3 c^5 d^6 e^6 - 36 \ln$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

```
output -c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/(c*d*x+a*e)+4*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*e*ln(c*d*x+
a*e)-1/3*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3-4*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*e*ln(e*x+d)
-3*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*c^2*d^2/(e*x+d)+e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c*d/(e*x+d)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 807 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3c^4d^8 + 10ac^3d^6e^2 - 18a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 6a^3cd^2e^6 - a^4e^8 + 12(c^4d^5e^3 - ac^3d^3e^5)x^3 + 6(5c^4d^6e^2 - ac^3d^4e^4 - a^2c^2d^2e^6)x^2 + 2(11c^4d^7e - 3ac^3d^5e^3 - 9a^2c^2d^3e^5 + a^3cd^1e^7)x + 12(c^4d^4e^4x^4 + ac^3d^6e^2 + (3c^4d^5e^3 + ac^3d^3e^5)x^3 + 3(c^4d^6e^2 + ac^3d^4e^4)x^2 + (c^4d^7e + 3ac^3d^5e^3)x) \log(cd^3e^2 + ac^2d^4e) - 12(c^4d^4e^4x^4 + ac^3d^6e^2 + (3c^4d^5e^3 + ac^3d^3e^5)x^3 + 3(c^4d^6e^2 + ac^3d^4e^4)x^2 + (c^4d^7e + 3ac^3d^5e^3)x) \log(ex + d)}{3(ac^5d^{13}e - 5a^2c^4d^{11}e^3 + 10a^3c^3d^9e^5 - 10a^4c^2d^7e^7 + 5a^5cd^5e^9 - a^6d^3e^{11} + (c^6d^{11}e^3 - 5ac^5d^9e^5 + 10a^2c^4d^7e^7 - 10a^3c^3d^5e^9 + 5a^4c^2d^3e^{11} - a^5cd^1e^{13})x^4 + (3c^6d^{12}e^2 - 14a^2c^5d^{10}e^4 + 25a^3c^4d^8e^6 - 20a^4c^3d^6e^8 + 5a^5c^2d^4e^{10} + 2a^6cd^2e^{12} - a^6e^{14})x^3 + 3(c^6d^{13}e^2 - 4a^2c^5d^{11}e^3 + 5a^3c^4d^9e^5 - 5a^4c^3d^7e^7 + 4a^5c^2d^5e^9 + 4a^6cd^3e^{11} - a^6d^1e^{13})x^2 + (c^6d^{14} - 2a^2c^5d^{12}e^2 - 5a^3c^4d^{10}e^4 + 20a^4c^3d^8e^6 - 25a^5c^2d^6e^8 + 14a^6cd^4e^{10} - 3a^6d^2e^{12})x)$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/3*(3*c^4*d^8 + 10*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 6*a^3*c*d^2*e^6
- a^4*e^8 + 12*(c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(5*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 4*a*
c^3*d^4*e^4 - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(11*c^4*d^7*e - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 9
*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^3*c*d^1*e^7)*x + 12*(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + a*c^3*d^6*e^2 +
(3*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + a*c^3*d^4*e^4)*x^2
+ (c^4*d^7*e + 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - 12*(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4
+ a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + (3*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + a
*c^3*d^4*e^4)*x^2 + (c^4*d^7*e + 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3)*x)*log(e*x + d)/(a*c^5*
d^13*e - 5*a^2*c^4*d^11*e^3 + 10*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^5 - 10*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^7 + 5*
a^5*c*d^5*e^9 - a^6*d^3*e^11 + (c^6*d^11*e^3 - 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^5 + 10*a^2*c^
4*d^7*e^7 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^9 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^11 - a^5*c*d^1e^13)*x^4 +
(3*c^6*d^12*e^2 - 14*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 25*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*
e^8 + 5*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 2*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - a^6*e^14)*x^3 + 3*(c^6*d^13*
e - 4*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^3 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^5 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^7 + 4*a^5*c*d^3
*e^9 - a^6*d^1e^13)*x^2 + (c^6*d^14 - 2*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^
4 + 20*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^6 - 25*a^5*c^2*d^6*e^8 + 14*a^6*c*d^4*e^10 - 3*a^6*d^
2*e^12)*x)
```


Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 996 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 996, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output

```
-4*c**3*d**3*e*log(x + (-4*a**6*c**3*d**3*e**13/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 24*
a**5*c**4*d**5*e**11/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 60*a**4*c**5*d**7*e**9/(a*e**2
- c*d**2)**5 + 80*a**3*c**6*d**9*e**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 60*a**2*c**7
*d**11*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 24*a*c**8*d**13*e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*
*5 + 4*a*c**3*d**3*e**3 - 4*c**9*d**15*e/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 4*c**4*d**
5*e)/(8*c**4*d**4*e**2))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 4*c**3*d**3*e*log(x + (4*a
**6*c**3*d**3*e**13/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 24*a**5*c**4*d**5*e**11/(a*e**2
- c*d**2)**5 + 60*a**4*c**5*d**7*e**9/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 80*a**3*c**6
*d**9*e**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 60*a**2*c**7*d**11*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2
)**5 - 24*a*c**8*d**13*e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 4*a*c**3*d**3*e**3 + 4*
c**9*d**15*e/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 4*c**4*d**5*e)/(8*c**4*d**4*e**2))/(a*
e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + (-a**3*e**6 + 5*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 13*a*c**2*d**4*e**2
- 3*c**3*d**6 - 12*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-6*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 30*c
**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(2*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 16*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 22*c**3*d**5*e
))/ (3*a**5*d**3*e**9 - 12*a**4*c*d**5*e**7 + 18*a**3*c**2*d**7*e**5 - 12*a
**2*c**3*d**9*e**3 + 3*a**4*d**11*e + x**4*(3*a**4*c*d*e**11 - 12*a**3*c
**2*d**3*e**9 + 18*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**7 - 12*a*c**4*d**7*e**5 + 3*c**5*d**9
*e**3) + x**3*(3*a**5*e**12 - 3*a**4*c*d**2*e**10 - 18*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**8
+ 42*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**6 - 33*a*c**4*d**8*e**4 + 9*c**5*d**10*e**2) + x**
2*(9*a**5*d*e**11 - 27*a**4*c*d**3*e**9 + 18*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**7 + 18*a...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 641 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4c^3d^3e \log(cdx + ae)}{c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}}$$

$$+ \frac{4c^3d^3e \log(ex + d)}{c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}}$$

$$- \frac{3(ac^4d^{11}e - 4a^2c^3d^9e^3 + 6a^3c^2d^7e^5 - 4a^4cd^5e^7 + a^5d^3e^9 + (c^5d^9e^3 - 4ac^4d^7e^5 + 6a^2c^3d^5e^7 - 4a^3c^2d^3e^9 + a^4cd^2e^{11})x^4 + (3c^5d^{10}e^2 - 11a^3c^4d^8e^4 + 14a^2c^3d^6e^6 - 6a^3c^2d^4e^8 - a^4cd^2e^{10} + a^5e^{12})x^3 + 3(c^5d^{11}e - 3a^3c^4d^9e^3 + 2a^2c^3d^7e^5 + 2a^3c^2d^5e^7 - 3a^4cd^3e^9 + a^5d^3e^{11})x^2 + (c^5d^{12} - ac^4d^{10}e^2 - 6a^2c^3d^8e^4 + 14a^3c^2d^6e^6 - 11a^4cd^4e^8 + 3a^5d^2e^{10})x)}{c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4*c^3*d^3*e*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10) + 4*c^3*d^3*e*log(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10) - 1/3*(12*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^3*d^6 + 13*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 6*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(11*c^3*d^5*e + 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(a*c^4*d^11*e - 4*a^2*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^7*e^5 - 4*a^4*c*d^5*e^7 + a^5*d^3*e^9 + (c^5*d^9*e^3 - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^9 + a^4*c*d^2*e^11)*x^4 + (3*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 11*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 14*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^8 - a^4*c*d^2*e^10 + a^5*e^12)*x^3 + 3*(c^5*d^11*e - 3*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^4*c*d^3*e^9 + a^5*d^3*e^11)*x^2 + (c^5*d^12 - a*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^4 + 14*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 11*a^4*c*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^5*d^2*e^10)*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 480 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4c^3d^3e^2 \log\left(\left|cd - \frac{cd^2}{ex+d} + \frac{ae^2}{ex+d}\right|\right)}{c^5d^{10}e - 5ac^4d^8e^3 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^5 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^7 + 5a^4cd^2e^9 - a^5e^{11}}$$

$$- \frac{c^4d^4e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \left(cd - \frac{cd^2}{ex+d} + \frac{ae^2}{ex+d}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{9c^4d^6e^7}{ex+d} + \frac{3c^4d^7e^7}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{c^4d^8e^7}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{18ac^3d^4e^9}{ex+d} - \frac{9ac^3d^5e^9}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{4ac^3d^6e^9}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{9a^2c^2d^2e^{11}}{ex+d} + \frac{9a^2c^2d^3e^{11}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{6a^2c^2d^4e^{11}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3a^3cd^5e^{11}}{(ex+d)^4} - \frac{3a^3cd^6e^{11}}{(ex+d)^5} + \frac{a^4e^{13}}{(ex+d)^6}$$

$$- \frac{3(c^6d^{12}e^6 - 6ac^5d^{10}e^8 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^{10} - 20a^3c^3d^6e^{12} + 15a^4c^2d^4e^{14} - 6a^5cd^2e^{16} + a^6e^{18})}{3(c^6d^{12}e^6 - 6ac^5d^{10}e^8 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^{10} - 20a^3c^3d^6e^{12} + 15a^4c^2d^4e^{14} - 6a^5cd^2e^{16} + a^6e^{18})}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4*c^3*d^3*e^2*log(abs(c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) + a*e^2/(e*x + d)))/(c^5*d^10*e - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - a^5*e^11) - c^4*d^4*e/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) + a*e^2/(e*x + d))) - 1/3*(9*c^4*d^6*e^7/(e*x + d) + 3*c^4*d^7*e^7/(e*x + d)^2 + c^4*d^8*e^7/(e*x + d)^3 - 18*a*c^3*d^4*e^9/(e*x + d) - 9*a*c^3*d^5*e^9/(e*x + d)^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^9/(e*x + d)^3 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^11/(e*x + d) + 9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^11/(e*x + d)^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^11/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*a^3*c*d^5*e^11/(e*x + d)^4 - 3*a^3*c*d^6*e^11/(e*x + d)^5 + a^4*e^13/(e*x + d)^6)/(c^6*d^12*e^6 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^8 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^10 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^12 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^14 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^16 + a^6*e^18)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 595, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8c^3 d^3 e \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^5 e^{10} - 3a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 2a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 + 2a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 - 3a c^4 d^8 e^2 + c^5 d^{10}}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^5}\right) + \frac{2c d e x (a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^5}}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^5}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{a^3 e^6 - 5a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 13a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 3c^3 d^6}{3(a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)}}{x(c d^4 + 3a d^2 e^2)} + \frac{\frac{4c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3}{a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8}}{x^3(3c d^2 e^2 + a e^4)} + \frac{\frac{2c d x (-a^2 e^5 + 5a c d^2 e^3 - 5a^2 c^2 d^4 e + 5a^3 c^3 d^6)}{3(a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)}}{x^2(3c d^3 e + 3a d^2 e^2)}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x)`output `(8*c^3*d^3*e*atanh((a^5*e^10 + c^5*d^10 - 3*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5) + (2*c*d*e*x*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5 - ((a^3*e^6 + 3*c^3*d^6 + 13*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(3*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)) + (4*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3)/(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4) + (2*c*d*x*(11*c^2*d^4*e - a^2*e^5 + 8*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(3*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)) + (2*c^2*d^2*x^2*(a*e^4 + 5*c*d^2*e^2))/(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/(x*(c*d^4 + 3*a*d^2*e^2) + x^3*(a*e^4 + 3*c*d^2*e^2) + x^2*(3*a*d*e^3 + 3*c*d^3*e) + a*d^3*e + c*d*e^3*x^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1331, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d
**5*e**5*x + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 12*log(a*e + c
*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**8*e**2 + 12
0*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x + 144*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e
**4*x**2 + 72*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)
*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**9*e*x + 108*log(a*e +
c*d*x)*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 108*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 + 3
6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 - 12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**6*e*
**4 - 36*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x - 36*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**
4*e**6*x**2 - 12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 - 36*log(d + e*x)*a
*c**4*d**8*e**2 - 120*log(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x - 144*log(d + e*x)*a
*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 - 72*log(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 - 12*log(d +
e*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 36*log(d + e*x)*c**5*d**9*e*x - 108*log(d + e
*x)*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 - 108*log(d + e*x)*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 - 36*log(d
+ e*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 - a**5*e**10 + 3*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 2*a**4*c*d
**9*x - 12*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7*x - 6*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 - 32*a**2*c
**3*d**6*e**4 - 24*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x - 6*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 21
*a*c**4*d**8*e**2 - 20*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x - 42*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 12*
a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 + 9*c**5*d**10 + 54*c**5*d**9*e*x + 54*c**5*d**8*e**
2*x**2 - 12*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4)/(3*(a**7*d**3*e**13 + 3*a**7*d**2*e**1...
```

3.127
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{20e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3x}{c^6d^6} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^6}{2c^7d^7(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{6e(cd^2-ae^2)^5}{c^7d^7(ae+cdx)} + \frac{15e^4(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^2}{2c^7d^7} + \frac{2e^5(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^3}{c^7d^7} + \frac{e^6(ae+cdx)^4}{4c^7d^7} + \frac{15e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^4 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^7d^7}$$

output

```
20*e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*x/c^6/d^6-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6/c^7/d^7/(c*d*x+a*e)
^2-6*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/c^7/d^7/(c*d*x+a*e)+15/2*e^4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(c*d
*x+a*e)^2/c^7/d^7+2*e^5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/c^7/d^7+1/4*e^6*(c*d*
x+a*e)^4/c^7/d^7+15*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^7/d^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^9}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{22a^6e^{12} - 4a^5cde^{10}(27d + 4ex) + 2a^4c^2d^2e^8(105d^2 + 12dex - 34e^2x^2) - 4a^3c^3d^3e^6(50d^3 - 15d^2ex - 63d^2e^2x^2 + 5e^3x^3) + 5a^2c^4d^4e^4(18d^4 - 32d^3ex - 66d^2e^2x^2 + 16d^2e^3x^3 + e^4x^4) - 2ac^5d^5e^2(6d^5 - 60d^4ex - 80d^3e^2x^2 + 60d^2e^3x^3 + 10d^2e^4x^4 + e^5x^5) + c^6d^6(-2d^6 - 24d^5ex + 80d^3e^3x^3 + 30d^2e^4x^4 + 8d^2e^5x^5 + e^6x^6) + 60e^2(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^4(ae + cdex)^2 \text{Log}[ae + cdex]}{(4c^7d^7(ae + cdex)^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^9/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(22*a^6*e^12 - 4*a^5*c*d*e^10*(27*d + 4*e*x) + 2*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8*(105*d^2 + 12*d*e*x - 34*e^2*x^2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6*(50*d^3 - 15*d^2*e*x - 63*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3) + 5*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4*(18*d^4 - 32*d^3*e*x - 66*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) - 2*a*c^5*d^5*e^2*(6*d^5 - 60*d^4*e*x - 80*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 60*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 10*d^2*e^4*x^4 + e^5*x^5) + c^6*d^6*(-2*d^6 - 24*d^5*e*x + 80*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 30*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 8*d^2*e^5*x^5 + e^6*x^6) + 60*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(4*c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^9}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e^6(ae + cdex)^3}{c^6d^6} + \frac{20(cd^2e - ae^3)^3}{c^6d^6} + \frac{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^6d^6(ae + cdex)} + \frac{6e(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{c^6d^6(ae + cdex)^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6}{c^6d^6(ae + cdex)^3} + \frac{6(cd^2e^5 - a^6)}{c^6d^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^6(ae + cd x)^4}{4c^7 d^7} - \frac{6e(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{c^7 d^7 (ae + cd x)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6}{2c^7 d^7 (ae + cd x)^2} + \frac{15e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \log(ae + cd x)}{c^7 d^7} + \frac{2e^5 (cd^2 - ae^2) (ae + cd x)^3}{c^7 d^7} + \frac{15e^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cd x)^2}{2c^7 d^7} + \frac{20e^3 x (cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^6 d^6}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^9/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(20*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*x)/(c^6*d^6) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6/(2*c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (6*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5)/(c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (15*e^4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)/(2*c^7*d^7) + (2*e^5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)/(c^7*d^7) + (e^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^4)/(4*c^7*d^7) + (15*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^7*d^7)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^3(-\frac{1}{4}x^4c^3d^3e^3+x^3ac^2d^2e^4-2x^3c^3d^4e^2-3x^2a^2cde^5+9x^2ac^2d^3e^3-\frac{15}{2}x^2c^3d^5e+10e^6a^3x-36d^2e^4a^2cx+45d^4e^2ac^2x-20e^5d^2c^2x^2+15e^4d^4c^2x^3-10e^3d^6c^2x^4+5e^2d^8c^2x^5-5e^2d^8c^2x^6+5e^2d^8c^2x^7-5e^2d^8c^2x^8+5e^2d^8c^2x^9-5e^2d^8c^2x^{10})}{d^6c^6}$
risch	$\frac{e^6x^4}{4d^3c^3} - \frac{e^7x^3a}{d^4c^4} + \frac{2e^5x^3}{d^2c^3} + \frac{3e^8x^2a^2}{d^5c^5} - \frac{9e^6x^2a}{d^3c^4} + \frac{15e^4x^2}{2dc^3} - \frac{10e^9a^3x}{d^6c^6} + \frac{36e^7a^2x}{d^4c^5} - \frac{45e^5ax}{d^2c^4} + \frac{20e^3x}{c^3} + \frac{(6a^5e^{11}x^2 - 12a^4e^{10}x + 6a^3e^9x^2 - 6a^2e^8x^3 + 6ae^7x^4 - 6e^6x^5 + 6e^5x^6 - 6e^4x^7 + 6e^3x^8 - 6e^2x^9 + 6ex^{10} - 6x^{11})}{c^6}$
norman	$\frac{90a^6e^{12} - 320a^5d^2e^{10}c + 375a^4d^4e^8c^2 - 100a^3d^6e^6c^3 - 100a^2d^8e^4c^4 - 12ad^{10}e^2c^5 - 2d^{12}c^6 + \frac{e^8x^8}{4cd} + (90a^6e^{16} - 80cd^2a^5e^{14} - 425a^4c^2d^4e^{12} + 120a^3cd^6e^{10} - 120a^2d^8e^8c^2 - 12ad^{10}e^6c^3 - 2d^{12}e^4c^4 - 2d^{14}e^2c^5 - 2d^{16}c^6)}{4c^7d^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{120a^5cd e^{11}x - 480a^4c^2d^3e^9x + 720a^3c^3d^5e^7x - 480a^2c^4d^7e^5x - 2x^5ac^5d^5e^7 + 5x^4a^2c^4d^4e^8 - 20x^4ac^5d^6e^6 - 20x^3a^3c^3d^3e^9 + 80x^3a^2c^4d^4e^8 - 80x^2a^3c^5d^5e^7 - 80x^2a^4c^6d^6e^6 - 80x^2a^5c^7d^7e^5 - 80x^2a^6c^8d^8e^4 - 80x^2a^7c^9d^9e^3 - 80x^2a^8c^{10}d^{10}e^2 - 80x^2a^9c^{11}d^{11}e - 80x^2a^{10}c^{12}d^{12} - 80x^2a^{11}c^{13}d^{13} - 80x^2a^{12}c^{14}d^{14} - 80x^2a^{13}c^{15}d^{15} - 80x^2a^{14}c^{16}d^{16} - 80x^2a^{15}c^{17}d^{17} - 80x^2a^{16}c^{18}d^{18} - 80x^2a^{17}c^{19}d^{19} - 80x^2a^{18}c^{20}d^{20} - 80x^2a^{19}c^{21}d^{21} - 80x^2a^{20}c^{22}d^{22} - 80x^2a^{21}c^{23}d^{23} - 80x^2a^{22}c^{24}d^{24} - 80x^2a^{23}c^{25}d^{25} - 80x^2a^{24}c^{26}d^{26} - 80x^2a^{25}c^{27}d^{27} - 80x^2a^{26}c^{28}d^{28} - 80x^2a^{27}c^{29}d^{29} - 80x^2a^{28}c^{30}d^{30} - 80x^2a^{29}c^{31}d^{31} - 80x^2a^{30}c^{32}d^{32} - 80x^2a^{31}c^{33}d^{33} - 80x^2a^{32}c^{34}d^{34} - 80x^2a^{33}c^{35}d^{35} - 80x^2a^{34}c^{36}d^{36} - 80x^2a^{35}c^{37}d^{37} - 80x^2a^{36}c^{38}d^{38} - 80x^2a^{37}c^{39}d^{39} - 80x^2a^{38}c^{40}d^{40} - 80x^2a^{39}c^{41}d^{41} - 80x^2a^{40}c^{42}d^{42} - 80x^2a^{41}c^{43}d^{43} - 80x^2a^{42}c^{44}d^{44} - 80x^2a^{43}c^{45}d^{45} - 80x^2a^{44}c^{46}d^{46} - 80x^2a^{45}c^{47}d^{47} - 80x^2a^{46}c^{48}d^{48} - 80x^2a^{47}c^{49}d^{49} - 80x^2a^{48}c^{50}d^{50} - 80x^2a^{49}c^{51}d^{51} - 80x^2a^{50}c^{52}d^{52} - 80x^2a^{51}c^{53}d^{53} - 80x^2a^{52}c^{54}d^{54} - 80x^2a^{53}c^{55}d^{55} - 80x^2a^{54}c^{56}d^{56} - 80x^2a^{55}c^{57}d^{57} - 80x^2a^{56}c^{58}d^{58} - 80x^2a^{57}c^{59}d^{59} - 80x^2a^{58}c^{60}d^{60} - 80x^2a^{59}c^{61}d^{61} - 80x^2a^{60}c^{62}d^{62} - 80x^2a^{61}c^{63}d^{63} - 80x^2a^{62}c^{64}d^{64} - 80x^2a^{63}c^{65}d^{65} - 80x^2a^{64}c^{66}d^{66} - 80x^2a^{65}c^{67}d^{67} - 80x^2a^{66}c^{68}d^{68} - 80x^2a^{67}c^{69}d^{69} - 80x^2a^{68}c^{70}d^{70} - 80x^2a^{69}c^{71}d^{71} - 80x^2a^{70}c^{72}d^{72} - 80x^2a^{71}c^{73}d^{73} - 80x^2a^{72}c^{74}d^{74} - 80x^2a^{73}c^{75}d^{75} - 80x^2a^{74}c^{76}d^{76} - 80x^2a^{75}c^{77}d^{77} - 80x^2a^{76}c^{78}d^{78} - 80x^2a^{77}c^{79}d^{79} - 80x^2a^{78}c^{80}d^{80} - 80x^2a^{79}c^{81}d^{81} - 80x^2a^{80}c^{82}d^{82} - 80x^2a^{81}c^{83}d^{83} - 80x^2a^{82}c^{84}d^{84} - 80x^2a^{83}c^{85}d^{85} - 80x^2a^{84}c^{86}d^{86} - 80x^2a^{85}c^{87}d^{87} - 80x^2a^{86}c^{88}d^{88} - 80x^2a^{87}c^{89}d^{89} - 80x^2a^{88}c^{90}d^{90} - 80x^2a^{89}c^{91}d^{91} - 80x^2a^{90}c^{92}d^{92} - 80x^2a^{91}c^{93}d^{93} - 80x^2a^{92}c^{94}d^{94} - 80x^2a^{93}c^{95}d^{95} - 80x^2a^{94}c^{96}d^{96} - 80x^2a^{95}c^{97}d^{97} - 80x^2a^{96}c^{98}d^{98} - 80x^2a^{97}c^{99}d^{99} - 80x^2a^{98}c^{100}d^{100})}{4c^7d^5}$

input `int((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-e^3/d^6/c^6*(-1/4*x^4*c^3*d^3*e^3+x^3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4-2*x^3*c^3*d^4*e^2-3*x^2*a^2*c*d*e^5+9*x^2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3-15/2*x^2*c^3*d^5*e+10*e^6*a^3*x-36*d^2*e^4*a^2*c*x+45*d^4*e^2*a*c^2*x-20*d^6*c^3*x)+15*e^2/c^7/d^7*(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)*\ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2/d^7/c^7*(a^6*e^12-6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10+15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8-20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6+15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4-6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2+c^6*d^12)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+6/d^7*e/c^7*(a^5*e^10-5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8+10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6-10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4+5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2-c^5*d^10)/(c*d*x+a*e)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 606 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 606, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^6 d^6 e^6 x^6 - 2 c^6 d^{12} - 12 a c^5 d^{10} e^2 + 90 a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 - 200 a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 210 a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 - 108 a^5 c d^2 e^{10} + 22 a^6 e^{12}}{(c d x + a e)^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/4*(c^6*d^6*e^6*x^6 - 2*c^6*d^12 - 12*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4
- 200*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 210*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 108*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + 22*a^6
*e^12 + 2*(4*c^6*d^7*e^5 - a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^5 + 5*(6*c^6*d^8*e^4 - 4*a*c^5
*d^6*e^6 + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^4 + 20*(4*c^6*d^9*e^3 - 6*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 4*
a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 2*(80*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 - 165*a^2*c^4
*d^6*e^6 + 126*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 - 34*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^2 - 4*(6*c^6*d^11*
e - 30*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 40*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 15*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 6*a^4*c^2
*d^3*e^9 + 4*a^5*c*d*e^11)*x + 60*(a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 6
*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12 + (c^6*d^10*e^2 - 4*a*c^5*d
^8*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + 2
*(a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 4*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 6*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 4*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^
9 + a^5*c*d*e^11)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^9*d^9*x^2 + 2*a*c^8*d^8*e*x + a^
2*c^7*d^7*e^2)

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = x^3 \left(-\frac{ae^7}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{2e^5}{c^3 d^2} \right) + x^2 \\
& \cdot \left(\frac{3a^2 e^8}{c^5 d^5} - \frac{9ae^6}{c^4 d^3} + \frac{15e^4}{2c^3 d} \right) + x \left(-\frac{10a^3 e^9}{c^6 d^6} + \frac{36a^2 e^7}{c^5 d^4} - \frac{45ae^5}{c^4 d^2} + \frac{20e^3}{c^3} \right) \\
& + \frac{11a^6 e^{12} - 54a^5 c d^2 e^{10} + 105a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 - 100a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 45a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 - 6ac^5 d^{10} e^2 - c^6 d^{12} + x(12a^5 c d e^{11} - 2a^2 c^7 d^7 e^2 + 4ac^8 d^8 e x + 2c^9 d^9 x^2}{2a^2 c^7 d^7 e^2 + 4ac^8 d^8 e x + 2c^9 d^9 x^2} \\
& + \frac{e^6 x^4}{4c^3 d^3} + \frac{15e^2 (ae^2 - cd^2)^4 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^7 d^7}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)**9/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)

```

output

```

x**3*(-a*e**7/(c**4*d**4) + 2*e**5/(c**3*d**2)) + x**2*(3*a**2*e**8/(c**5*
d**5) - 9*a*e**6/(c**4*d**3) + 15*e**4/(2*c**3*d)) + x*(-10*a**3*e**9/(c**
6*d**6) + 36*a**2*e**7/(c**5*d**4) - 45*a*e**5/(c**4*d**2) + 20*e**3/c**3)
+ (11*a**6*e**12 - 54*a**5*c*d**2*e**10 + 105*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**8 - 100*a
**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 45*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**4 - 6*a*c**5*d**10*e**2 - c**6*d
**12 + x*(12*a**5*c*d*e**11 - 60*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**9 + 120*a**3*c**3*d**5*
e**7 - 120*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5 + 60*a*c**5*d**9*e**3 - 12*c**6*d**11*e))/(
2*a**2*c**7*d**7*e**2 + 4*a*c**8*d**8*e*x + 2*c**9*d**9*x**2) + e**6*x**4/
(4*c**3*d**3) + 15*e**2*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**7*d**7)

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^6 d^{12} + 6ac^5 d^{10} e^2 - 45a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 + 100a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 - 105a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 + 54a^5 cd^2 e^{10} - 11a^6 e^{12} + 12(c^6 d^{11} e - 5a^5 c^5 d^9 e^3 + 10a^4 c^4 d^7 e^5 - 10a^3 c^3 d^5 e^7 + 5a^2 c^2 d^3 e^9 - 5a^4 c^2 d^3 e^9 - a^5 c^2 d^3 e^{11})x}{2(c^9 d^9 x^2 + 2ac^8 d^8 ex + a^2 c^7 d^7 e^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{c^3 d^3 e^6 x^4 + 4(2c^3 d^4 e^5 - ac^2 d^2 e^7)x^3 + 6(5c^3 d^5 e^4 - 6ac^2 d^3 e^6 + 2a^2 cde^8)x^2 + 4(20c^3 d^6 e^3 - 45ac^2 d^4 e^5 + 36a^2 c^2 d^2 e^7 - 10a^3 e^9)x}{4c^6 d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{15(c^4 d^8 e^2 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^4 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 4a^3 cd^2 e^8 + a^4 e^{10}) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^7 d^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(c^6*d^12 + 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 45*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 100*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 105*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 54*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 11*a^6*e^12 + 12*(c^6*d^11*e - 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - a^5*c^2*d^3*e^11)*x)/(c^9*d^9*x^2 + 2*a*c^8*d^8*e*x + a^2*c^7*d^7*e^2) + 1/4*(c^3*d^3*e^6*x^4 + 4*(2*c^3*d^4*e^5 - a*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^3 + 6*(5*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^8)*x^2 + 4*(20*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 36*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 - 10*a^3*e^9)*x)/(c^6*d^6) + 15*(c^4*d^8*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^7*d^7)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{15(c^4 d^8 e^2 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^4 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 4a^3 cd^2 e^8 + a^4 e^{10}) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^7 d^7}$$

$$\frac{c^6 d^{12} + 6ac^5 d^{10} e^2 - 45a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 + 100a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 - 105a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 + 54a^5 cd^2 e^{10} - 11a^6 e^{12} + 12(c^6 d^{11} e - 2(cdx + ae)^2 c^7 d^7)}{2(cdx + ae)^2 c^7 d^7}$$

$$+ \frac{c^9 d^9 e^6 x^4 + 8c^9 d^{10} e^5 x^3 - 4ac^8 d^8 e^7 x^3 + 30c^9 d^{11} e^4 x^2 - 36ac^8 d^9 e^6 x^2 + 12a^2 c^7 d^7 e^8 x^2 + 80c^9 d^{12} e^3 x - 100c^9 d^{12} e^3}{4c^{12} d^{12}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$15*(c^4*d^8*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^{10})*\log(\text{abs}(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^7*d^7) - 1/2*(c^6*d^{12} + 6*a*c^5*d^{10}*e^2 - 45*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 100*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 105*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 54*a^5*c*d^2*e^{10} - 11*a^6*e^{12} + 12*(c^6*d^{11}*e - 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - a^5*c*d*e^{11})*x)/((c*d*x + a*e)^2*c^7*d^7) + 1/4*(c^9*d^9*e^6*x^4 + 8*c^9*d^{10}*e^5*x^3 - 4*a*c^8*d^8*e^7*x^3 + 30*c^9*d^{11}*e^4*x^2 - 36*a*c^8*d^9*e^6*x^2 + 12*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^8*x^2 + 80*c^9*d^{12}*e^3*x - 180*a*c^8*d^{10}*e^5*x + 144*a^2*c^7*d^8*e^7*x - 40*a^3*c^6*d^6*e^9*x)/(c^{12}*d^{12})$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= x^3 \left(\frac{2e^5}{c^3d^2} - \frac{ae^7}{c^4d^4} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{3a^2e^8}{2c^5d^5} - \frac{15e^4}{2c^3d} + \frac{3ae \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^3d^2} - \frac{3ae^7}{c^4d^4} \right)}{2cd} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{x(6a^5e^{11} - 30a^4cd^2e^9 + 60a^3c^2d^4e^7 - 60a^2c^3d^6e^5 + 30ac^4d^8e^3 - 6c^5d^{10}e) - \frac{-11a^6e^{12} + 54a^5cd^2e^8}{a^2c^6d^6e^2 + 2ac^7d^7ex + c^8d^8x^2}}{a^2c^6d^6e^2 + 2ac^7d^7ex + c^8d^8x^2}$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{20e^3}{c^3} - \frac{a^3e^9}{c^6d^6} - \frac{3a^2e^2 \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^3d^2} - \frac{3ae^7}{c^4d^4} \right)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{3ae \left(\frac{3a^2e^8}{c^5d^5} - \frac{15e^4}{c^3d} + \frac{3ae \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^3d^2} - \frac{3ae^7}{c^4d^4} \right)}{cd} \right)}{cd} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{e^6x^4}{4c^3d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(ae+cdx)(15a^4e^{10} - 60a^3cd^2e^8 + 90a^2c^2d^4e^6 - 60ac^3d^6e^4 + 15c^4d^8e^2)}{c^7d^7}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^9/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```

x^3*((2*e^5)/(c^3*d^2) - (a*e^7)/(c^4*d^4)) - x^2*((3*a^2*e^8)/(2*c^5*d^5)
- (15*e^4)/(2*c^3*d) + (3*a*e*((6*e^5)/(c^3*d^2) - (3*a*e^7)/(c^4*d^4)))/
(2*c*d)) + (x*(6*a^5*e^11 - 6*c^5*d^10*e + 30*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 30*a^4*c*d^2
*e^9 - 60*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 60*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7) - (c^6*d^12 - 11*a^6*e^12
+ 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 54*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 45*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 100*a^3*c^3*
d^6*e^6 - 105*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8)/(2*c*d))/(c^8*d^8*x^2 + a^2*c^6*d^6*e^2 + 2
*a*c^7*d^7*e*x) + x*((20*e^3)/c^3 - (a^3*e^9)/(c^6*d^6) - (3*a^2*e^2*((6*e
^5)/(c^3*d^2) - (3*a*e^7)/(c^4*d^4)))/(c^2*d^2) + (3*a*e*((3*a^2*e^8)/(c^5
*d^5) - (15*e^4)/(c^3*d) + (3*a*e*((6*e^5)/(c^3*d^2) - (3*a*e^7)/(c^4*d^4)
)))/(c*d)))/(c*d)) + (e^6*x^4)/(4*c^3*d^3) + (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(15*a^4*e^10
+ 15*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 60*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 60*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e
^6))/(c^7*d^7)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 716, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^9}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-480 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c^4 d^7 e^5 x + 360 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c^4 d^6 e^6 x^2 + 120 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^5 d^9 e^3 x - 240 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 x^2 + 120 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^3 d^7 e^5 x^3 - 60 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d^6 e^6 x^4 + 30 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d^5 e^7 x^5 - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d^4 e^8 x^6 + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d^3 e^9 x^7 - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d^2 e^{10} x^8 + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d e^{11} x^9 - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 e^{12} x^{10} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^9 e^3 x^{11} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^8 e^4 x^{12} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^7 e^5 x^{13} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^6 e^6 x^{14} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^5 e^7 x^{15} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^4 e^8 x^{16} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^3 e^9 x^{17} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d^2 e^{10} x^{18} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c d e^{11} x^{19} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c e^{12} x^{20} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d^9 e^3 x^{21} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d^8 e^4 x^{22} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d^7 e^5 x^{23} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d^6 e^6 x^{24} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d^5 e^7 x^{25} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d^4 e^8 x^{26} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d^3 e^9 x^{27} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d^2 e^{10} x^{28} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 d e^{11} x^{29} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 e^{12} x^{30} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d^9 e^3 x^{31} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d^8 e^4 x^{32} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d^7 e^5 x^{33} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d^6 e^6 x^{34} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d^5 e^7 x^{35} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d^4 e^8 x^{36} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d^3 e^9 x^{37} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d^2 e^{10} x^{38} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) a d e^{11} x^{39} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) a e^{12} x^{40} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^9 e^3 x^{41} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^8 e^4 x^{42} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^7 e^5 x^{43} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^6 e^6 x^{44} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^5 e^7 x^{45} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^4 e^8 x^{46} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^3 e^9 x^{47} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^2 e^{10} x^{48} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d e^{11} x^{49} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) e^{12} x^{50} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^9 e^3 x^{51} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^8 e^4 x^{52} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^7 e^5 x^{53} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^6 e^6 x^{54} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^5 e^7 x^{55} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^4 e^8 x^{56} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^3 e^9 x^{57} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) d^2 e^{10} x^{58} + 15 \log(cdx + ae) d e^{11} x^{59} - 15 \log(cdx + ae) e^{12} x^{60}}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**7*e**12 - 240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d**2*e**10 +
 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d**11*x + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d*
*4*e**8 - 480*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**9*x + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)
*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**10*x**2 - 240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 72
0*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**7*x - 240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*
d**4*e**8*x**2 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**8*e**4 - 480*log(a*e + c
*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**5*x + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**6*x**
2 + 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**9*e**3*x - 240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2
*c**5*d**8*e**4*x**2 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**10*e**2*x**2 + 30*a**
7*e**12 - 120*a**6*c*d**2*e**10 + 180*a**5*c**2*d**4*e**8 - 60*a**5*c**2*d
**2*e**10*x**2 - 120*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 240*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**8*x**2 -
20*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**3 + 30*a**3*c**4*d**8*e**4 - 360*a**3*c**4*d**6*
e**6*x**2 + 80*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**3 + 5*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**4 + 240
*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**4*x**2 - 120*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**5*x**3 - 20*a**2*c**5*d
**6*e**6*x**4 - 2*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**7*x**5 - 2*a*c**6*d**12 - 60*a*c**6*d**
10*e**2*x**2 + 80*a*c**6*d**9*e**3*x**3 + 30*a*c**6*d**8*e**4*x**4 + 8*a*c
**6*d**7*e**5*x**5 + a*c**6*d**6*e**6*x**6 + 12*c**7*d**12*x**2)/(4*a*c**7
*d**7*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))
```

3.128 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	966
Mathematica [A] (verified)	967
Rubi [A] (verified)	967
Maple [A] (verified)	968
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	969
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	970
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	970
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	971
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	972
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	972

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^3(10c^2d^4 - 15acd^2e^2 + 6a^2e^4)x}{c^5d^5} + \frac{e^4(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)x^2}{2c^4d^4} + \frac{e^5x^3}{3c^3d^3} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{2c^6d^6(ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{5e(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^6d^6(ae + cdx)} + \frac{10e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^6d^6}$$

output

```
e^3*(6*a^2*e^4-15*a*c*d^2*e^2+10*c^2*d^4)*x/c^5/d^5+1/2*e^4*(-3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x^2/c^4/d^4+1/3*e^5*x^3/c^3/d^3-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/c^6/d^6/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/c^6/d^6/(c*d*x+a*e)+10*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^6/d^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-27a^5e^{10} + 3a^4cde^8(35d+2ex) + 3a^3c^2d^2e^6(-50d^2+10dex+21e^2x^2) + 5a^2c^3d^3e^4(18d^3-24d^2ex-33d^2e^2x^2+10d^2e^3x^3+21e^2e^3x^3) - 5a^2c^3d^3e^4(18d^3-24d^2ex-33d^2e^2x^2+12d^2e^3x^3+e^4x^4) + c^5d^5(-3d^5-30d^4ex+60d^2e^3x^3+15d^2e^4x^4+2e^5x^5) - 60e^2(-(cd^2+ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)^2 \text{Log}[ae+cdx])}{(6c^6d^6(ae+cdx)^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^8/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-27*a^5*e^10 + 3*a^4*c*d*e^8*(35*d + 2*e*x) + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(-50*d^2 + 10*d*e*x + 21*e^2*x^2) + 5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(18*d^3 - 24*d^2*e*x - 33*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3) - 5*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(3*d^4 - 24*d^3*e*x - 24*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 12*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(-3*d^5 - 30*d^4*e*x + 60*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 2*e^5*x^5) - 60*e^2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2 *Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(6*c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{6a^2e^7 - 15acd^2e^5 + 10c^2d^4e^3}{c^5d^5} + \frac{10e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^5d^5(ae + cdx)} + \frac{5e(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^5d^5(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{c^5d^5(ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{e^4x(5cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{c^4d^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^3 x (6a^2 e^4 - 15acd^2 e^2 + 10c^2 d^4)}{c^5 d^5} - \frac{5e (cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^6 d^6 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{2c^6 d^6 (ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{10e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^6 d^6} + \frac{e^4 x^2 (5cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{2c^4 d^4} + \frac{e^5 x^3}{3c^3 d^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^8/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(e^3*(10*c^2*d^4 - 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*e^4)*x)/(c^5*d^5) + (e^4*(5*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*x^2)/(2*c^4*d^4) + (e^5*x^3)/(3*c^3*d^3) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5/(2*c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (5*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4)/(c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (10*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^6*d^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
default	$\frac{e^3 (\frac{1}{3}x^3 c^2 d^2 e^2 - \frac{3}{2}x^2 acd e^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^2 c^2 d^3 e + 6a^2 e^4 x - 15ac d^2 e^2 x + 10c^2 d^4 x)}{d^5 c^5} - \frac{10e^2 (e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3) \ln(cdx - \dots)}{c^6 d^6}$
risch	$\frac{e^5 x^3}{3c^3 d^3} - \frac{3e^6 x^2 a}{2d^4 c^4} + \frac{5e^4 x^2}{2d^2 c^3} + \frac{6e^7 a^2 x}{d^5 c^5} - \frac{15e^5 a x}{d^3 c^4} + \frac{10e^3 x}{d c^3} + \frac{(-5a^4 e^9 + 20a^3 d^2 e^7 c - 30a^2 e^5 d^4 c^2 + 20a e^3 d^6 c^3 - 5d^8 e c^4)}{d^5 c^6}$
norman	$\frac{-90a^5 e^{10} - 230a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 145a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 + 45a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 15a c^4 d^8 e^2 + 3c^5 d^{10}}{6d^4 c^6} + \frac{e^7 x^7}{3cd} - \frac{(90a^5 e^{14} + 10a^4 c d^2 e^{12} - 415a^3 c^2 d^4 e^{10} + 305a^2 c^3 d^6 e^8 - 105a c^4 d^8 e^6 + 5c^5 d^{10}) \ln(cdx + ae)}{6d^6 c^6 e^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{90a^5 e^{10} + 3c^5 d^{10} + 120a^4 cd e^9 x - 360a^3 c^2 d^3 e^7 x + 360a^2 c^3 d^5 e^5 x + 30c^5 d^9 ex - 360 \ln(cdx + ae) x a^3 c^2 d^3 e^7 + 360 \ln(cdx + ae) x a^2 c^3 d^4 e^8 - 360 \ln(cdx + ae) x a c^4 d^5 e^9 + 360 \ln(cdx + ae) x a^2 c^2 d^6 e^{10} - 360 \ln(cdx + ae) x a^3 c^3 d^7 e^{11} + 360 \ln(cdx + ae) x a^4 c^4 d^8 e^{12} - 360 \ln(cdx + ae) x a^5 c^5 d^9 e^{13}}{6d^6 c^6 e^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{e^3/d^5/c^5*(1/3*x^3*c^2*d^2*e^2-3/2*x^2*a*c*d*e^3+5/2*x^2*c^2*d^3*e+6*a^2*e^4*x-15*a*c*d^2*e^2*x+10*c^2*d^4*x)-10*e^2/c^6/d^6*(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)*\ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2/d^6/c^6*(-a^5*e^10+5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8-10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6+10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4-5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2+c^5*d^10)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-5/d^6*e/c^6*(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/(c*d*x+a*e)}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 469 vs. $2(179) = 358$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^5d^5e^5x^5 - 3c^5d^{10} - 15ac^4d^8e^2 + 90a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 150a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 105a^4cd^2e^8 - 27a^5e^{10} + 5(3c^5d^6e^4 - \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/6*(2*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^5 - 3*c^5*d^{10} - 15*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 150*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 105*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 27*a^5*e^{10} + 5*(3*c^5*d^6*e^4 - a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + 20*(3*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 3*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(40*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 55*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 21*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 - 6*(5*c^5*d^9*e - 20*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 20*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - a^4*c*d*e^9)*x + 60*(a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^{10} + (c^5*d^8*e^2 - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)*\log(c*d*x + a*e)}{(c^8*d^8*x^2 + 2*a*c^7*d^7*e*x + a^2*c^6*d^6*e^2)}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(-\frac{3ae^6}{2c^4d^4} + \frac{5e^4}{2c^3d^2} \right) + x \left(\frac{6a^2e^7}{c^5d^5} - \frac{15ae^5}{c^4d^3} + \frac{10e^3}{c^3d} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-9a^5e^{10} + 35a^4cd^2e^8 - 50a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 30a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 5ac^4d^8e^2 - c^5d^{10} + x(-10a^4cde^9 + 40a^3c^2d^3e^7 - 60a^2c^3d^5e^5 + 40ac^4d^7e^3 - 10c^5d^9e)}{2a^2c^6d^6e^2 + 4ac^7d^7ex + 2c^8d^8x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^5x^3}{3c^3d^3} - \frac{10e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^6d^6}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**8/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
x**2*(-3*a*e**6/(2*c**4*d**4) + 5*e**4/(2*c**3*d**2)) + x*(6*a**2*e**7/(c**5*d**5) - 15*a*e**5/(c**4*d**3) + 10*e**3/(c**3*d)) + (-9*a**5*e**10 + 35*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 - 50*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 30*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 5*a*c**4*d**8*e**2 - c**5*d**10 + x*(-10*a**4*c*d*e**9 + 40*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7 - 60*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5 + 40*a*c**4*d**7*e**3 - 10*c**5*d**9*e))/(2*a**2*c**6*d**6*e**2 + 4*a*c**7*d**7*e*x + 2*c**8*d**8*x**2) + e**5*x**3/(3*c**3*d**3) - 10*e**2*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**6*d**6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{c^5d^{10} + 5ac^4d^8e^2 - 30a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 50a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 35a^4cd^2e^8 + 9a^5e^{10} + 10(c^5d^9e - 4ac^4d^7e^3 + 6a^2c^3d^5e^5 - 4ac^4d^7e^3 + 6a^2c^3d^5e^5)}{2(c^8d^8x^2 + 2ac^7d^7ex + a^2c^6d^6e^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^2d^2e^5x^3 + 3(5c^2d^3e^4 - 3acde^6)x^2 + 6(10c^2d^4e^3 - 15acd^2e^5 + 6a^2e^7)x}{6c^5d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{10(c^3d^6e^2 - 3ac^2d^4e^4 + 3a^2cd^2e^6 - a^3e^8) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^6d^6}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-1/2*(c^5*d^{10} + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 30*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 50*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 35*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 9*a^5*e^{10} + 10*(c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)/(c^8*d^8*x^2 + 2*a*c^7*d^7*e*x + a^2*c^6*d^6*e^2) + 1/6*(2*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 3*(5*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 3*a*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 6*(10*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 15*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 6*a^2*e^7)*x)/(c^5*d^5) + 10*(c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - a^3*e^8)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^6*d^6)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{10(c^3d^6e^2 - 3ac^2d^4e^4 + 3a^2cd^2e^6 - a^3e^8) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^6d^6} - \frac{c^5d^{10} + 5ac^4d^8e^2 - 30a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 50a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 35a^4cd^2e^8 + 9a^5e^{10} + 10(c^5d^9e - 4ac^4d^7e^3 + 6a^2c^3d^5e^5 - 4a^3c^2d^3e^7 + a^4cd^1e^9)}{2(cdx + ae)^2c^6d^6} + \frac{2c^6d^6e^5x^3 + 15c^6d^7e^4x^2 - 9ac^5d^5e^6x^2 + 60c^6d^8e^3x - 90ac^5d^6e^5x + 36a^2c^4d^4e^7x}{6c^9d^9}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$10*(c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - a^3*e^8)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^6*d^6) - 1/2*(c^5*d^{10} + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 30*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 50*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 35*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 9*a^5*e^{10} + 10*(c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)/((c*d*x + a*e)^2*c^6*d^6) + 1/6*(2*c^6*d^6*e^5*x^3 + 15*c^6*d^7*e^4*x^2 - 9*a*c^5*d^5*e^6*x^2 + 60*c^6*d^8*e^3*x - 90*a*c^5*d^6*e^5*x + 36*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^7*x)/(c^9*d^9)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{5e^4}{2c^3d^2} - \frac{3ae^6}{2c^4d^4} \right) - x \left(\frac{3a^2e^7}{c^5d^5} - \frac{10e^3}{c^3d} + \frac{3ae \left(\frac{5e^4}{c^3d^2} - \frac{3ae^6}{c^4d^4} \right)}{cd} \right)$$

$$- \frac{x(5a^4e^9 - 20a^3cd^2e^7 + 30a^2c^2d^4e^5 - 20ac^3d^6e^3 + 5c^4d^8e) + \frac{9a^5e^{10} - 35a^4cd^2e^8 + 50a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 30a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10c^4d^8e^2}{2cd}}{a^2c^5d^5e^2 + 2ac^6d^6ex + c^7d^7x^2}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(ae+cdx)(10a^3e^8 - 30a^2cd^2e^6 + 30a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 10c^3d^6e^2)}{c^6d^6} + \frac{e^5x^3}{3c^3d^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^8/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`output `x^2*((5*e^4)/(2*c^3*d^2) - (3*a*e^6)/(2*c^4*d^4)) - x*((3*a^2*e^7)/(c^5*d^5) - (10*e^3)/(c^3*d) + (3*a*e*(5*e^4)/(c^3*d^2) - (3*a*e^6)/(c^4*d^4)))/(c*d) - (x*(5*a^4*e^9 + 5*c^4*d^8*e - 20*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + 30*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5) + (9*a^5*e^10 + c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 35*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 30*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 50*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)/(2*c*d))/(c^7*d^7*x^2 + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2 + 2*a*c^6*d^6*e*x) - (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(10*a^3*e^8 - 10*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 30*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 30*a^2*c*d^2*e^6))/(c^6*d^6) + (e^5*x^3)/(3*c^3*d^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 547, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-120 \log(cdx+ae) a^5 cd e^9 x + 90 a^5 c d^2 e^8 - 90 a^4 c^2 d^4 e^6 + 30 a^3 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 360 \log(cdx+ae) a^4 c^2 d^3 e^7 x - 60 a^4 c^3 d^5 e^5 x^2 + 30 a^3 c^4 d^7 e^3 x^3 - 10 a^2 c^5 d^9 e^2 x^4 + 5 a c^6 d^{11} e x^5 - c^7 d^{13} x^6}{(a^2 c^5 d^5 e^2 + 2 a c^6 d^6 e x + c^7 d^7 x^2)^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*e**10 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d**2*e**8
- 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d**9*x - 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d
**4*e**6 + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**7*x - 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)
)*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 360
*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**5*x + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d
**4*e**6*x**2 + 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**3*x - 180*log(a*e +
c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**8*e**2*x*
*2 - 30*a**6*e**10 + 90*a**5*c*d**2*e**8 - 90*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 60*a**
4*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 30*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 180*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**6*x
**2 + 20*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 180*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 - 60*a**2
*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 - 5*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 3*a*c**5*d**10 - 60*a*
c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 60*a*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 + 15*a*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4
+ 2*a*c**5*d**5*e**5*x**5 + 15*c**6*d**10*x**2)/(6*a*c**6*d**6*(a**2*e**2
+ 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))
```

3.129 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	974
Mathematica [A] (verified)	974
Rubi [A] (verified)	975
Maple [A] (verified)	976
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	977
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	977
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	978
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	978
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	979
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	980

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^3(4cd^2-3ae^2)x}{c^4d^4} + \frac{e^4x^2}{2c^3d^3} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^4}{2c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{4e(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)} + \frac{6e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^5d^5}$$

output

```
e^3*(-3*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x/c^4/d^4+1/2*e^4*x^2/c^3/d^3-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/c^5/d^5/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-4*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/c^5/d^5/(c*d*x+a*e)+6*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^5/d^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{7a^4e^8 + 2a^3cde^6(-10d+ex) + a^2c^2d^2e^4(18d^2-16dex-11e^2x^2) - 4ac^3d^3e^2(d^3-6d^2ex-4de^2x^2+e^3x^3) + 2c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^2}{2c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^7/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(7*a^4*e^8 + 2*a^3*c*d*e^6*(-10*d + e*x) + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(18*d^2 - 16*d*e*x - 11*e^2*x^2) - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(d^3 - 6*d^2*e*x - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-d^4 - 8*d^3*e*x + 8*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) + 12*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(2*c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^7}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{6(cd^2e - ae^3)^2}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)} + \frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{4cd^2e^3 - 3ae^5}{c^4d^4} + \frac{e^4x}{c^3d^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^5d^5(ae + cdx)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{2c^5d^5(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{6e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5d^5} + \frac{e^3x(4cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{c^4d^4} + \frac{e^4x^2}{2c^3d^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^7/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(e^3*(4*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*x)/(c^4*d^4) + (e^4*x^2)/(2*c^3*d^3) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4/(2*c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (4*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)/(c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (6*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^5*d^5)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^3(-\frac{1}{2}cdx^2e+3ae^2x-4cd^2x)}{d^4c^4} + \frac{6e^2(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(cdx+ae)}{c^5d^5} - \frac{a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8}{2d^5c^5(cdx+ae)^2}$
risch	$\frac{e^4x^2}{2c^3d^3} - \frac{3e^5ax}{d^4c^4} + \frac{4e^3x}{d^2c^3} + \frac{(4a^3e^7-12a^2e^5cd^2+12ae^3c^2d^4-4d^6c^3e)x+7a^4e^8-20a^3cd^2e^6+18a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2-c^4d^8}{d^4c^4(cdx+ae)^2}$
parallelrisch	$c^4d^4e^4x^4+12\ln(cdx+ae)x^2a^2c^2d^2e^6-24\ln(cdx+ae)x^2ac^3d^4e^4+12\ln(cdx+ae)x^2c^4d^6e^2-4ac^3d^3e^5x^3+8c^4d^5e^3x^3+24\ln(cdx+ae)$
norman	$\frac{(18a^4e^{10}-16a^3cd^2e^8-15a^2d^4e^6c^2-9ad^6e^4c^3-5c^4d^8e^2)x}{d^4c^5e} + \frac{(12a^3e^{10}-16a^2cd^2e^8+d^4ac^2e^6-17c^3d^6e^4)x^3}{d^4c^4e} + \frac{18a^4e^8-28a^3cd^2e^6+c^4d^8}{(cdx+d)^2(cdx+d)}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-e^3/d^4/c^4*(-1/2*c*d*x^2*e+3*a*e^2*x-4*c*d^2*x)+6*e^2/c^5/d^5*(a^2*e^4-2
*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2*(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2
*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/d^5/c^5/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+4/d^5*e/c^5*(a^3*e
^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs. $2(138) = 276$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 - c^4 d^8 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 18a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 20a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 7a^4 e^8 + 4(2c^4 d^5 e^3 - ac^3 d^3 e^5)x^3 + (16ac^3 d^4 e^6 + 7a^4 e^8 + 4(2c^4 d^5 e^3 - ac^3 d^3 e^5)x^3 + (16ac^3 d^4 e^6 - 11a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6)x^2 - 2(4c^4 d^7 e - 12a^3 c^3 d^5 e^3 + 8a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 - a^3 c d e^7)x + 12(a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 2a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8 + (c^4 d^6 e^2 - 2a^2 c^3 d^4 e^4 + a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6)x^2 + 2(a^2 c^3 d^5 e^3 - 2a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 + a^3 c d e^7)x) \log(c d x + a e))}{c^7 d^7 x^2 + 2a^2 c^6 d^6 e x + a^2 c^5 d^5 e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 7*a^4*e^8 + 4*(2*c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + (16*a*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 11*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 - 2*(4*c^4*d^7*e - 12*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x + 12*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^6*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^7*d^7*x^2 + 2*a^2*c^6*d^6*e*x + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = x \left(-\frac{3ae^5}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{4e^3}{c^3 d^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{7a^4 e^8 - 20a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 18a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 - c^4 d^8 + x(8a^3 c d e^7 - 24a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 + 24ac^3 d^5 e^3 - 8c^4 d^7 e)}{2a^2 c^5 d^5 e^2 + 4ac^6 d^6 e x + 2c^7 d^7 x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4 x^2}{2c^3 d^3} + \frac{6e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5 d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**7/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
x*(-3*a**5/(c**4*d**4) + 4*e**3/(c**3*d**2)) + (7*a**4*e**8 - 20*a**3*c*
d**2*e**6 + 18*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 4*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - c**4*d**8 + x*(8
*a**3*c*d*e**7 - 24*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5 + 24*a*c**3*d**5*e**3 - 8*c**4*d**
7*e))/(2*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**2 + 4*a*c**6*d**6*e*x + 2*c**7*d**7*x**2) + e**
4*x**2/(2*c**3*d**3) + 6*e**2*(a**2 - c*d**2)**2*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**5*
d**5)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^4 d^8 + 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 - 18a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 20a^3 c d^2 e^6 - 7a^4 e^8 + 8(c^4 d^7 e - 3ac^3 d^5 e^3 + 3a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 - a^3 c d e^7)x}{2(c^7 d^7 x^2 + 2ac^6 d^6 e x + a^2 c^5 d^5 e^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{c d e^4 x^2 + 2(4c d^2 e^3 - 3a e^5)x}{2c^4 d^4} + \frac{6(c^2 d^4 e^2 - 2ac d^2 e^4 + a^2 e^6) \log(c d x + a e)}{c^5 d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxi
ma")
```

output

```
-1/2*(c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 -
7*a^4*e^8 + 8*(c^4*d^7*e - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e
^7)*x)/(c^7*d^7*x^2 + 2*a*c^6*d^6*e*x + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2) + 1/2*(c*d*e^4*x^
2 + 2*(4*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a*e^5)*x)/(c^4*d^4) + 6*(c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^
4 + a^2*e^6)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^5*d^5)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6(c^2 d^4 e^2 - 2ac d^2 e^4 + a^2 e^6) \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^5 d^5} + \frac{c^3 d^3 e^4 x^2 + 8c^3 d^4 e^3 x - 6ac^2 d^2 e^5 x}{2c^6 d^6}$$

$$- \frac{c^4 d^8 + 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 - 18a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 20a^3 c d^2 e^6 - 7a^4 e^8 + 8(c^4 d^7 e - 3ac^3 d^5 e^3 + 3a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 - a^3 c d e^7)x}{2(cdx + ae)^2 c^5 d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$6*(c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*\log(\text{abs}(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^5*d^5) + 1/2*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 8*c^3*d^4*e^3*x - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*x)/(c^6*d^6) - 1/2*(c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 7*a^4*e^8 + 8*(c^4*d^7*e - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)/((c*d*x + a*e)^2*c^5*d^5)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(4a^3e^7 - 12a^2cd^2e^5 + 12ac^2d^4e^3 - 4c^3d^6e) - \frac{-7a^4e^8 + 20a^3cd^2e^6 - 18a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8}{2cd}}{a^2c^4d^4e^2 + 2ac^5d^5ex + c^6d^6x^2} + x \left(\frac{4e^3}{c^3d^2} - \frac{3ae^5}{c^4d^4} \right) + \frac{\ln(ae+cdx)(6a^2e^6 - 12acd^2e^4 + 6c^2d^4e^2)}{c^5d^5} + \frac{e^4x^2}{2c^3d^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^7/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$(x*(4*a^3*e^7 - 4*c^3*d^6*e + 12*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 12*a^2*c*d^2*e^5) - (c^4*d^8 - 7*a^4*e^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)/(2*c*d))/(c^6*d^6*x^2 + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e*x) + x*((4*e^3)/(c^3*d^2) - (3*a*e^5)/(c^4*d^4)) + (\log(a*e + c*d*x)*(6*a^2*e^6 + 6*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^4))/(c^5*d^5) + (e^4*x^2)/(2*c^3*d^3)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^7}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(cdx + ae) a^5 e^8 - 24 \log(cdx + ae) a^4 c d^2 e^6 + 24 \log(cdx + ae) a^4 c d e^7 x + 12 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c^2 d^4 e^4 x^2}{(2 a^5 c^2 d^2 e^8 + 2 a^4 c^3 d^3 e^7 x + a^3 c^4 d^4 e^6 x^2 + 4 a^2 c^5 d^5 e^5 x^3 + 4 a c^6 d^6 e^4 x^4 + 4 c^7 d^7 e^3 x^5)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*e**8 - 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**6 + 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**7*x + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 48*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 6*a**5*e**8 - 12*a**4*c*d**2*e**6 + 6*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 12*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 24*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 4*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 - a*c**4*d**8 - 12*a*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 8*a*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 + a*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 4*c**5*d**8*x**2)/(2*a*c**5*d**5*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))`

3.130
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	981
Mathematica [A] (verified)	981
Rubi [A] (verified)	982
Maple [A] (verified)	983
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	984
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	984
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	985
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	985
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	986
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	986

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^3x}{c^3d^3} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{2c^4d^4(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^4d^4(ae+cdx)} + \frac{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)\log(ae+cdx)}{c^4d^4}$$

output

```
e^3*x/c^3/d^3-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/c^4/d^4/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-3*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/c^4/d^4/(c*d*x+a*e)+3*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^4/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{-5a^3e^6+a^2cde^4(9d-4ex)+ac^2d^2e^2(-3d^2+12dex+4e^2x^2)-c^3(d^6+6d^5ex-2d^3e^3x^3)-6e^2(-cd^2)}{2c^4d^4(ae+cdx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^6/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$(-5a^3e^6 + a^2cd^4(9d - 4ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(-3d^2 + 12d^2ex + 4e^2x^2) - c^3(d^6 + 6d^5ex - 2d^3e^3x^3) - 6e^2(-(cd^2) + ae^2)(ae + cd^2x)^2 \text{Log}[ae + cd^2x]) / (2c^4d^4(ae + cd^2x)^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^6}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3(ae + cd^2x)^2} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^3d^3(ae + cd^2x)^3} + \frac{3(cd^2e^2 - ae^4)}{c^3d^3(ae + cd^2x)} + \frac{e^3}{c^3d^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^4d^4(ae + cd^2x)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{2c^4d^4(ae + cd^2x)^2} + \frac{3e^2(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(ae + cd^2x)}{c^4d^4} + \frac{e^3x}{c^3d^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^6/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$(e^3*x)/(c^3*d^3) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3/(2*c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (3*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^4*d^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{e^3 x}{c^3 d^3} - \frac{3e^2(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln(cdx + ae)}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{-e^6 a^3 + 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c - 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{2c^4 d^4 (cdx + ae)^2} - \frac{3e(a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{d^4 c^4 (cdx + ae)}$
risch	$\frac{e^3 x}{c^3 d^3} + \frac{(-3a^2 e^5 + 6ac d^2 e^3 - 3c^2 d^4 e)x - \frac{5e^6 a^3 - 9d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{2cd}}{d^3 c^3 (cdx + ae)^2} - \frac{3e^4 \ln(cdx + ae)a}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{3e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{c^3 d^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6 \ln(cdx + ae)x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 - 6 \ln(cdx + ae)x^2 c^3 d^4 e^2 - 2c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 12 \ln(cdx + ae)x a^2 c d e^5 - 12 \ln(cdx + ae)xa c^2 d^3 e^3 + 6 \ln(cdx + ae)}{2d^4 c^4 (cdx + ae)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{e^5 x^5}{cd} - \frac{9e^6 a^3 - 5d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{2c^4 d^2} - \frac{(9a^3 e^{10} + 19a^2 c d^2 e^8 - 5d^4 a c^2 e^6 + 17c^3 d^6 e^4)x^2}{2d^4 c^4 e^2} - \frac{(9a^3 e^8 + a^2 c d^2 e^6 + a c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4c^3 d^6 e^2)}{d^3 c^4 e}}{(ex + d)^2 (cdx + ae)^2}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e^3*x/c^3/d^3-3*e^2/c^4/d^4*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2/c^4/d^4*(-a^3*
e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-3/d^4*e/c^4*(a^
2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(c*d*x+a*e)
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 227 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 4ac^2d^2e^4x^2 - c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6 - 2(3c^3d^5e - 6ac^2d^3e^3 + 2a^2cde^5)x + 2(c^6d^6x^2 + 2ac^5d^5ex + a^2c^4d^4e^2)}{2(c^6d^6x^2 + 2ac^5d^5ex + a^2c^4d^4e^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 - c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6 - 2*(3*c^3*d^5*e - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 6*(a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^6*d^6*x^2 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e*x + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6 + x(-6a^2cde^5 + 12ac^2d^3e^3 - 6c^3d^5e)}{2a^2c^4d^4e^2 + 4ac^5d^5ex + 2c^6d^6x^2} + \frac{e^3x}{c^3d^3} - \frac{3e^2(ae^2 - cd^2) \log(ae + cdx)}{c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**6/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `(-5*a**3*e**6 + 9*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6 + x*(-6*a**2*c*d*e**5 + 12*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 6*c**3*d**5*e))/(2*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**2 + 4*a*c**5*d**5*e*x + 2*c**6*d**6*x**2) + e**3*x/(c**3*d**3) - 3*e**2*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**4*d**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2-9a^2cd^2e^4+5a^3e^6+6(c^3d^5e-2ac^2d^3e^3+a^2cde^5)x}{2(c^6d^6x^2+2ac^5d^5ex+a^2c^4d^4e^2)}$$

$$+\frac{e^3x}{c^3d^3}+\frac{3(cd^2e^2-ae^4)\log(cdx+ae)}{c^4d^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^5
*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(c^6*d^6*x^2 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e*x + a^
2*c^4*d^4*e^2) + e^3*x/(c^3*d^3) + 3*(c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/
(c^4*d^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3x}{c^3d^3} + \frac{3(cd^2e^2-ae^4)\log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^4d^4}$$

$$- \frac{c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2-9a^2cd^2e^4+5a^3e^6+6(c^3d^5e-2ac^2d^3e^3+a^2cde^5)x}{2(cdx+ae)^2c^4d^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
e^3*x/(c^3*d^3) + 3*(c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^4*d^4) -
1/2*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^5*
e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/((c*d*x + a*e)^2*c^4*d^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 x}{c^3 d^3} - \frac{x(3a^2 e^5 - 6ac d^2 e^3 + 3c^2 d^4 e) + \frac{5a^3 e^6 - 9a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + c^3 d^6}{2cd}}{a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 + 2ac^4 d^4 e x + c^5 d^5 x^2}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(ae + cdx) (3ae^4 - 3cd^2 e^2)}{c^4 d^4}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^6/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(e^3*x)/(c^3*d^3) - (x*(3*a^2*e^5 + 3*c^2*d^4*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^3) + (5*a^3*
e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(2*c*d))/(c^5*d^5*x^2 +
a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*x) - (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(3*a*e^4 - 3*c*d^2
*e^2))/(c^4*d^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(cdx + ae) a^4 e^6 + 6 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c d^2 e^4 - 12 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c d e^5 x + 12 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 x^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**6 + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**4 - 1
2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d*e**5*x + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e
**3*x - 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a
**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 3*a**4*e**6 + 3*a**3*c*d**2*e**4 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**2
e**4*x**2 - a*c**3*d**6 - 6*a*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**
3 + 3*c**4*d**6*x**2)/(2*a*c**4*d**4*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2
x**2))
```

3.131
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	987
Mathematica [A] (verified)	987
Rubi [A] (verified)	988
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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	990
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	991
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	991
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	992
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	992

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{2c^3d^3(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{2e(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^3d^3(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^3d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/c^3/d^3/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-2*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^3/d^3/(c*d*x+a*e)+e^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^3/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{-(cd^2-ae^2)(3ae^2+cd(d+4ex))}{(ae+cdx)^2} + 2e^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{2c^3d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-(((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(3*a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 4*e*x)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + 2*e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x]}{(2*c^3*d^3)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{2(cd^2e - ae^3)}{c^2d^2(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{e^2}{c^2d^2(ae + cdx)} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^2d^2(ae + cdx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^3d^3} - \frac{2e(cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^3d^3(ae + cdx)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2c^3d^3(ae + cdx)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2/(c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (2*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^3*d^3)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2e(ae^2 - cd^2)x + 3a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{(cdx + ae)^2} + \frac{e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{c^3 d^3}$	90
default	$\frac{e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{c^3 d^3} - \frac{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{2c^3 d^3 (cdx + ae)^2} + \frac{2e(ae^2 - cd^2)}{d^3 c^3 (cdx + ae)}$	95
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(cdx + ae)x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 4 \ln(cdx + ae)xacd e^3 + 2 \ln(cdx + ae)a^2 e^4 + 4xacd e^3 - 4x c^2 d^3 e + 3a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 - c^2 d^4}{2d^3 c^3 (cdx + ae)^2}$	123
norman	$\frac{\frac{(3a^2 e^6 - 3c^2 d^4 e^2)x + 3a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 - c^2 d^4}{d^2 c^3 e} + \frac{(3e^8 a^2 + 6a d^2 c e^6 - 9d^4 e^4 c^2)x^2 + 2(e^6 a - c d^2 e^4)x^3}{2d^3 c^3 e^2}}{(ex + d)^2 (cdx + ae)^2} + \frac{e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{c^3 d^3}$	179

```
input int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (2/d^2*e/c^2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*x+1/2*(3*a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)/d^3/c^3
)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+e^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^3/d^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx = \frac{c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4 + 4(c^2d^3e - acde^3)x - 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2acde^3x + a^2e^4) \log(cdx + ae)}{2(c^5d^5x^2 + 2ac^4d^4ex + a^2c^3d^3e^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x - 2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^5*d^5*x^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*x + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx = \frac{3a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 + x(4acde^3 - 4c^2d^3e)}{2a^2c^3d^3e^2 + 4ac^4d^4ex + 2c^5d^5x^2} + \frac{e^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `(3*a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4 + x*(4*a*c*d*e**3 - 4*c**2*d**3*e))/(2*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2 + 4*a*c**4*d**4*e*x + 2*c**5*d**5*x**2) + e**2*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**3*d**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4+4(c^2d^3e-acde^3)x}{2(c^5d^5x^2+2ac^4d^4ex+a^2c^3d^3e^2)} + \frac{e^2 \log(cdx+ae)}{c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(c^5*d^5*x^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*x + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2) + e^2*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^3*d^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^2 \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^3d^3} - \frac{4(cd^2e-ae^3)x + \frac{c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4}{cd}}{2(cdx+ae)^2c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^2*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^3*d^3) - 1/2*(4*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x + (c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)/(c*d))/(c*d*x + a*e)^2*c^2*d^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^2 \ln(ae+cdx)}{c^3 d^3} - \frac{\frac{-3a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{2c^3 d^3} - \frac{2ex(ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^2 d^2}}{a^2 e^2 + 2acdex + c^2 d^2 x^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^5/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`output `(e^2*log(a*e + c*d*x))/(c^3*d^3) - ((c^2*d^4 - 3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(2*c^3*d^3) - (2*e*x*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2))/(a^2*e^2 + c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2 \log(cdx+ae) a^3 e^4 + 4 \log(cdx+ae) a^2 c d e^3 x + 2 \log(cdx+ae) a c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + a^3 e^4 - a c^2 d^4 - 2 a c^2 d^2 e^2}{2 a c^3 d^3 (c^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d e x + a^2 e^2)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`output `(2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**4 + 4*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**3*x + 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + a**3*e**4 - a*c**2*d**4 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*c**3*d**4*x**2)/(2*a*c**3*d**3*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))`

$$3.132 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	993
Mathematica [A] (verified)	993
Rubi [A] (verified)	994
Maple [A] (verified)	995
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	995
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	996
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	996
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	996
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	997
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	997

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)^2}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}$$

output $-1/2*(e*x+d)^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{ae^2+cd(d+2ex)}{2c^2d^2(ae+cdx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $-1/2*(a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 2*e*x))/(c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1120$$

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ae + cdx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$-\frac{(d + ex)^2}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d + e*x)^2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp`
`[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{`
`a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_`
`Symbol] :> Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d`
`, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p,`
`0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2}{2c^2d^2(cd+ae)^2}$	36
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2cdxe-ae^2-cd^2}{2c^2d^2(cd+ae)^2}$	38
risch	$-\frac{ex-\frac{ae^2+cd^2}{2c^2d^2}}{(cd+ae)^2}$	42
default	$-\frac{-ae^2+cd^2}{2c^2d^2(cd+ae)^2} - \frac{e}{c^2d^2(cd+ae)}$	51
orering	$-\frac{(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)(cd+ae)(ex+d)^3}{2c^2d^2(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^3}$	68
norman	$-\frac{\frac{e^3x^3}{cd} + \frac{(-e^4a-2d^2e^2c)x}{c^2de} + \frac{-ae^2-cd^2}{2c^2} + \frac{(-e^6a-5cd^2e^4)x^2}{2c^2d^2e^2}}{(ex+d)^2(cd+ae)^2}$	109

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2cdex+cd^2+ae^2}{2(c^4d^4x^2+2ac^3d^3ex+a^2c^2d^2e^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+c*d^2+a*e^2)/(c^4*d^4*x^2+2*a*c^3*d^3*e*x+a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2 - 2cdex}{2a^2c^2d^2e^2 + 4ac^3d^3ex + 2c^4d^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `(-a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 4*a*c**3*d**3*e*x + 2*c**4*d**4*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}{2(c^4d^4x^2 + 2ac^3d^3ex + a^2c^2d^2e^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(c^4*d^4*x^2 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e*x + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}{2(cdx + ae)^2c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/2*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((c*d*x + a*e)^2*c^2*d^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{1}{2c} - \frac{x^2}{2a}}{a^2 e^2 + 2acdex + c^2 d^2 x^2}$$

input $\text{int}((d + e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3, x)$

output $-(1/(2*c) - x^2/(2*a))/(a^2*e^2 + c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{cx^2 - a}{2ac(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)}$$

input $\text{int}((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3, x)$

output $(-a + c*x**2)/(2*a*c*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))$

$$3.133 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	998
Mathematica [A] (verified)	998
Rubi [A] (verified)	999
Maple [A] (verified)	1000
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1000
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1001
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1001
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1001
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1002
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1002

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}$$

output

```
-1/2/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*1/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1120$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$-\frac{1}{2cd(ae + cdx)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*1/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{1}{2cd(cdx+ae)^2}$	19
default	$-\frac{1}{2cd(cdx+ae)^2}$	19
risch	$-\frac{1}{2cd(cdx+ae)^2}$	19
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{2cd(cdx+ae)^2}$	19
norman	$\frac{-\frac{ex}{c} - \frac{d}{2c} - \frac{e^2x^2}{2cd}}{(ex+d)^2(cdx+ae)^2}$	47
orering	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^3}{2cd(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^3}$	51

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(c^3d^3x^2+2ac^2d^2ex+a^2cde^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2/(c^3*d^3*x^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*x + a^2*c*d*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2a^2cde^2+4ac^2d^2ex+2c^3d^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `-1/(2*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 4*a*c**2*d**2*e*x + 2*c**3*d**3*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(c^3d^3x^2+2ac^2d^2ex+a^2cde^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2/(c^3*d^3*x^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*x + a^2*c*d*e^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(cdx+ae)^2cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2/((c*d*x + a*e)^2*c*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2a^2cde^2 + 4ac^2d^2ex + 2c^3d^3x^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`output `-1/(2*c^3*d^3*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^2 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2cd(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`output `(- 1)/(2*c*d*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))`

3.134
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1003
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1003
Rubi [A] (verified)	1004
Maple [A] (verified)	1005
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1006
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1006
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1007
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1008
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1008
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1009

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3} - \frac{e^2 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3}$$

output -1/2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)+e^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-e^2*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(-3ae^2+cd(d-2ex))}{(ae+cdx)^2} - 2e^2 \log(ae+cdx) + 2e^2 \log(d+ex)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-3*a*e^2 + c*d*(d - 2*e*x)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^2 - 2*e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x] + 2*e^2*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{cde^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{cde}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{cd}{(cd^2 - ae^2) (ae + cdx)^3} - \frac{e^3}{(d + ex) (cd^2 - ae^2)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{1}{2(cd^2 - ae^2) (ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{e^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} - \frac{e^2 \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + e/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3 - (e^2*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{2(ae^2 - cd^2)(cdx + ae)^2} + \frac{e}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(cdx + ae)} - \frac{e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + \frac{e^2 \ln(ex + d)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{decx}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} + \frac{3ae^2 - cd^2}{2a^2e^4 - 4acd^2e^2 + 2c^2d^4}}{(cdx + ae)^2} - \frac{e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3} + \frac{e^2 \ln(-ex - d)}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(ex + d)x^2ac^3d^3e^3 - 2 \ln(cdx + ae)x^2ac^3d^3e^3 + 4 \ln(ex + d)xa^2c^2d^2e^4 - 4 \ln(cdx + ae)xa^2c^2d^2e^4 - x^2ac^3d^3e^3 + x^2c^4d^5e + 2}{2(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)(cdx + ae)^2acde}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{cd e^3 x^3}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} + \frac{3ad e^3 x}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} + \frac{3d^2e^2ac^2 - d^4c^3}{2c^2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)} + \frac{(3ae^6c^2d^2 + 3d^4c^3e^4)x^2}{2d^2c^2e^2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}}{(ex + d)^2(cdx + ae)^2} + \frac{e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-e^2/(a*e^2-c
*d^2)^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)+e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4 - 2(c^2d^3e - acde^3)x - 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2acde^3x + a^2e^4) \log(cdx + ae) + 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2acde^3x + a^2e^4) \log(cdx + ae) + 2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2acde^3x + a^2e^4) \log(cdx + ae)}{2(a^2c^3d^6e^2 - 3a^3c^2d^4e^4 + 3a^4cd^2e^6 - a^5e^8 + (c^5d^8 - 3ac^4d^6e^2 + 3a^2c^3d^4e^4 - a^3c^2d^2e^6)x^2 + 2(ac^4d^7e^2 - 3a^3c^3d^5e^4 + 3a^4c^2d^3e^6 - a^5cd^2e^8)x + a^6d^2e^{10})}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 - 2*(c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x - 2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*log(c*d*x + a*e) + 2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*log(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 - a^5*e^8 + (c^5*d^8 - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^4 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^4*d^7*e - 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^4*c*d*e^7)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 457 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.27

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^4 e^{10}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + \frac{4a^3 cd^2 e^8}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + \frac{4ac^3 d^6 e^4}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + ae^4 - \frac{c^4 d^8 e^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + cd^2 e^2}{2cde^3} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^4 e^{10}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{4a^3 cd^2 e^8}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{4ac^3 d^6 e^4}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + ae^4 + \frac{c^4 d^8 e^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + cd^2 e^2}{2cde^3} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3ae^2 - cd^2 + 2cdex}{2a^4e^6 - 4a^3cd^2e^4 + 2a^2c^2d^4e^2 + x^2 \cdot (2a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 4ac^3d^4e^2 + 2c^4d^6) + x(4a^3cde^5 - 8a^2c^2d^3e^3 + 4ac^3d^5e^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output
$$\frac{e^{2*}\log(x + (-a^{**4}*e^{**10}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} + 4*a^{**3}*c*d^{**2}*e^{**8}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} - 6*a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**4}*e^{**6}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} + 4*a*c^{**3}*d^{**6}*e^{**4}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} + a^{**4} - c^{**4}*d^{**8}*e^{**2}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} + c*d^{**2}*e^{**2})/(2*c*d*e^{**3}))/((a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} - e^{**2}*\log(x + (a^{**4}*e^{**10}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} - 4*a^{**3}*c*d^{**2}*e^{**8}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} + 6*a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**4}*e^{**6}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} - 4*a*c^{**3}*d^{**6}*e^{**4}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} + a^{**4} + c^{**4}*d^{**8}*e^{**2}/(a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} + c*d^{**2}*e^{**2})/(2*c*d*e^{**3}))/((a^{**2} - c*d^{**2}))^{**3} + (3*a*e^{**2} - c*d^{**2} + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*a^{**4}*e^{**6} - 4*a^{**3}*c*d^{**2}*e^{**4} + 2*a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**4}*e^{**2} + x^{**2}*(2*a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**2}*e^{**4} - 4*a*c^{**3}*d^{**4}*e^{**2} + 2*c^{**4}*d^{**6})) + x*(4*a^{**3}*c*d*e^{**5} - 8*a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**3}*e^{**3} + 4*a*c^{**3}*d^{**5}*e))$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 \log(cdx + ae)}{c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6} - \frac{e^2 \log(ex + d)}{c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6} + \frac{2cdex - cd^2 + 3ae^2}{2(a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 2a^3cd^2e^4 + a^4e^6 + (c^4d^6 - 2ac^3d^4e^2 + a^2c^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 2(ac^3d^5e - 2a^2c^2d^3e^3 + a^3cde^5)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{e^{2*}\log(c*d*x + a*e)}{(c^{**3}*d^{**6} - 3*a*c^{**2}*d^{**4}*e^{**2} + 3*a^{**2}*c*d^{**2}*e^{**4} - a^{**3}*e^{**6})} - \frac{e^{2*}\log(e*x + d)}{(c^{**3}*d^{**6} - 3*a*c^{**2}*d^{**4}*e^{**2} + 3*a^{**2}*c*d^{**2}*e^{**4} - a^{**3}*e^{**6})} + \frac{1/2*(2*c*d*e*x - c*d^{**2} + 3*a*e^{**2})}{(a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**4}*e^{**2} - 2*a^{**3}*c*d^{**2}*e^{**4} + a^{**4}*e^{**6} + (c^{**4}*d^{**6} - 2*a*c^{**3}*d^{**4}*e^{**2} + a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**2}*e^{**4})*x^2 + 2*(a*c^{**3}*d^{**5}*e - 2*a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d^{**3}*e^{**3} + a^{**3}*c*d*e^{**5})*x}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{cde^2 \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^4 d^7 - 3ac^3 d^5 e^2 + 3a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 - a^3 c d e^6} - \frac{e^3 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^3 d^6 e - 3ac^2 d^4 e^3 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^5 - a^3 e^7} - \frac{c^2 d^4 - 4acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4 - 2(c^2 d^3 e - acde^3)x}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (cdx+ae)^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c*d*e^2*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^4*d^7 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - a^3*c*d*e^6) - e^3*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7) - 1/2*(c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 - 2*(c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(c*d*x + a*e)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{3ae^2-cd^2}{2(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)} + \frac{cde x}{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}}{a^2e^2+2acdex+c^2d^2x^2} - \frac{2e^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^3e^6-a^2cd^2e^4-ac^2d^4e^2+c^3d^6}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{2cde x(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{(3ae^2 - cd^2)(2(a^2e^4 + c^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^2)) + (cde^2x)/(a^2e^4 + c^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^2)}{(a^2e^2 + c^2d^2x^2 + 2ac^2d^2e^2x)} - \right. \\ & \left. \frac{(2e^2 \operatorname{atanh}((a^3e^6 + c^3d^6 - ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2c^2d^2e^4)/(a^2e^2 - cd^2))^3 + (2cde^2x)(a^2e^4 + c^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^2))/(a^2e^2 - cd^2)^3}{(a^2e^2 - cd^2)^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx \\ & = \frac{-2 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 e^4 - 4 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 cd e^3 x - 2 \log(cdx + ae) a c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 2 \log(ex + d) a^3 e^4 + 4 \log(ex + d) a^2 cd e^3 x - 2 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2}{2a(a^3 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2 - 3a^2 c^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 + 3a c^4 d^6 e^2 x^2 - c^5 d^8 x^2 + 2a^4 cd e^7 x - 6a^3 c^2 d^3 e^5)} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**4 - 4*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**3*x - 2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*log(d + e*x)*a**3*e**4 + 4*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**3*x + 2*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*a**3*e**4 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + a*c**2*d**4 - a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + c**3*d**4*x**2)/(2*a*(a**5*e**8 - 3*a**4*c*d**2*e**6 + 2*a**4*c*d*e**7*x + 3*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 6*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x + a**3*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - a**2*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 6*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 3*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 2*a*c**4*d**7*e*x + 3*a*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - c**5*d**8*x**2))
```

3.135 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1010
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1011
Rubi [A] (verified)	1011
Maple [A] (verified)	1012
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1013
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1014
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1015
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1015
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1016
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1017

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{cd}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{2cde}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)} + \frac{3cde^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4} - \frac{3cde^2 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4}$$

output

```
-1/2*c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+2*c*d*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x+a*
e)+e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)+3*c*d*e^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4-3
*c*d*e^2*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{4cde(cd^2 - ae^2)}{ae + cdx} + \frac{2cd^2e^2 - 2ae^4}{d + ex} + 6cde^2 \log(ae + cdx) - 6cde^2 \log(d + ex)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-((c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (4*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(a*e + c*d*x) + (2*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*e^4)/(d + e*x) + 6*c*d*e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x] - 6*c*d*e^2*Log[d + e*x])/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{3c^2d^2e^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{2c^2d^2e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{c^2d^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)^3} - \frac{3cde^3}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} - \frac{e^2}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} + \frac{2cde}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{cd}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{3cde^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} - \frac{3cde^2 \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$-1/2*(c*d)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (2*c*d*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)) + e^2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)) + (3*c*d*e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4 - (3*c*d*e^2*Log[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{cd}{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(cdx + ae)^2} + \frac{3cde^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{2cde}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(cdx + ae)} - \frac{e^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(ex + d)} - \frac{3cde^2 \ln(ex + d)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$
risch	$-\frac{3e^2c^2d^2x^2}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3} - \frac{3(3ae^2 + cd^2)cde x}{2(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)} - \frac{2a^2e^4 + 5ac^3d^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{2(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)} - \frac{1}{a^4e^8 - 4a^3c}$
norman	$-\frac{3d^2c^2e^3x^3}{e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3} + \frac{(-a^2c^2de^6 - 7ac^3d^3e^4 - c^4d^5e^2)x}{edc^2(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)} + \frac{-2a^2c^2de^4 - 5ac^3d^3e^2 + e^4d^5}{2c^2(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)} + \frac{2d^2c^2e^2}{(ex + d)^2(cdx + ae)^2}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{12 \ln(ex + d)x^2a^4d^4e^5 - 12 \ln(cdx + ae)x^2a^4d^4e^5 + 6 \ln(ex + d)xa^2c^3d^3e^6 + 12 \ln(ex + d)xa^4d^5e^4 - 6 \ln(cdx + ae)xa^2c^3d^3}{(ex + d)^2(cdx + ae)^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+3*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*e^2*ln(c*d*x+
a*e)-2*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*e/(c*d*x+a*e)-e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)-3*c*d
/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*e^2*ln(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 555 vs. $2(140) = 280$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^3d^6 - 6ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 2a^3e^6 - 6(c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 - 3(c^3d^5e + 2ac^2d^3e^3 - 3a^2cde^5)x - 3a^3e^6}{2(a^2c^4d^9e^2 - 4a^3c^3d^7e^4 + 6a^4c^2d^5e^6 - 4a^5cd^3e^8 + a^6de^{10} + (c^6d^{10}e - 4ac^5d^8e^3 + 6a^2c^4d^6e^5 - 4a^3c^3d^4e^7 + a^4c^2d^2e^9)x^3 + (c^6d^{11} - 2a^5c^5d^9e^2 - 2a^2c^4d^7e^4 + 8a^3c^3d^5e^6 - 7a^4c^2d^3e^8 + 2a^5c^2d^2e^{10})x^2 + (2a^5c^5d^{10}e - 7a^2c^4d^8e^3 + 8a^3c^3d^6e^5 - 2a^4c^2d^4e^7 - 2a^5c^2d^2e^9 + a^6e^{11})x}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas
")
```

output

```
-1/2*(c^3*d^6 - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 2*a^3*e^6 - 6*(c^3*d^4
*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 3*(c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5
)*x - 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + (c^3*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)
*x^2 + (2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e) + 6*(c^3*d^3*e^
3*x^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + (c^3*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (2*a*c^2*d^3
*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^4*d^9*e^2 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^4
+ 6*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^6 - 4*a^5*c*d^3*e^8 + a^6*d*e^10 + (c^6*d^10*e - 4*a*c^5
*d^8*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^7 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^9)*x^3 +
(c^6*d^11 - 2*a*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^4 + 8*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^6 - 7*a^
4*c^2*d^3*e^8 + 2*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + (2*a*c^5*d^10*e - 7*a^2*c^4*d^8
e^3 + 8*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 2*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 2*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^9 + a^6*e^11)*x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 736 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.18

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3cde^2 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{3a^5cde^{12}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{15a^4c^2d^3e^{10}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{30a^3c^3d^5e^8}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{30a^2c^4d^7e^6}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{15ac^5d^9e^4}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + 3acde^4 + \frac{3c^6d^{11}e^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + 3c^2d^3e^2}{6c^2d^2e^3} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3cde^2 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{3a^5cde^{12}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{15a^4c^2d^3e^{10}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{30a^3c^3d^5e^8}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{30a^2c^4d^7e^6}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{15ac^5d^9e^4}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + 3acde^4 - \frac{3c^6d^{11}e^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + 3c^2d^3e^2}{6c^2d^2e^3} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{-2a^2e^4 - 5acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{2a^5de^8 - 6a^4cd^3e^6 + 6a^3c^2d^5e^4 - 2a^2c^3d^7e^2 + x^3 \cdot (2a^3c^2d^2e^7 - 6a^2c^3d^4e^5 + 6ac^4d^6e^3 - 2c^5d^8e) + x^2 \cdot (-2a^2e^4 - 5acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
-3*c*d*e**2*log(x + (-3*a**5*c*d*e**12/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 15*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**10/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 30*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**8/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 30*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 15*a*c**5*d**9*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 3*a*c*d*e**4 + 3*c**6*d**11*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2)/(6*c**2*d**2*e**3))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 3*c*d*e**2*log(x + (3*a**5*c*d*e**12/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 15*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**10/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 30*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**8/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 30*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 15*a*c**5*d**9*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 3*a*c*d*e**4 - 3*c**6*d**11*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2)/(6*c**2*d**2*e**3))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + (-2*a**2*e**4 - 5*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4 - 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(-9*a*c*d*e**3 - 3*c**2*d**3*e))/(2*a**5*d*e**8 - 6*a**4*c*d**3*e**6 + 6*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**4 - 2*a**2*c**3*d**7*e**2 + x**3*(2*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**7 - 6*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**5 + 6*a*c**4*d**6*e**3 - 2*c**5*d**8*e) + x**2*(4*a**4*c*d*e**8 - 10*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**6 + 6*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**4 + 2*a*c**4*d**7*e**2 - 2*c**5*d**9) + x*(2*a**5*e**9 - 2*a**4*c*d**2*e**7 - 6*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**5 + 10*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**3 - 4*a*c**4*d**8*e))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 429 vs. $2(140) = 280$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3cde^2 \log(cdx+ae)}{c^4d^8-4ac^3d^6e^2+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^2e^6+a^4e^8}$$

$$- \frac{3cde^2 \log(ex+d)}{c^4d^8-4ac^3d^6e^2+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^2e^6+a^4e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{6c^2d^2e^2x^2-c^2d^4+5acd^2e}{2(a^2c^3d^7e^2-3a^3c^2d^5e^4+3a^4cd^3e^6-a^5de^8+(c^5d^8e-3ac^4d^6e^3+3a^2c^3d^4e^5-a^3c^2d^2e^7)x^3+(c^5d^9$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*c*d*e^2*log(c*d*x+a*e)/(c^4*d^8-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+a^4*e^8)-3*c*d*e^2*log(e*x+d)/(c^4*d^8-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+a^4*e^8)+1/2*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-c^2*d^4+5*a*c*d^2*e^2+2*a^2*e^4+3*(c^2*d^3*e+3*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(a^2*c^3*d^7*e^2-3*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^4+3*a^4*c*d^3*e^6-a^5*d*e^8+(c^5*d^8*e-3*a*c^4*d^6*e^3+3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^5-a^3*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^3+(c^5*d^9-a*c^4*d^7*e^2-3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4+5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6-2*a^4*c*d*e^8)*x^2+(2*a*c^4*d^8*e-5*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3+3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5+a^4*c*d^2*e^7-a^5*e^9)*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs. $2(140) = 280$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^2d^2e^2 \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^5d^9-4ac^4d^7e^2+6a^2c^3d^5e^4-4a^3c^2d^3e^6+a^4cde^8}$$

$$- \frac{3cde^3 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^4d^8e-4ac^3d^6e^3+6a^2c^2d^4e^5-4a^3cd^2e^7+a^4e^9}$$

$$- \frac{c^3d^6-6ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4+2a^3e^6-6(c^3d^4e^2-ac^2d^2e^4)x^2-3(c^3d^5e+2ac^2d^3e^3-3a^2cde^5)x}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^4(cdx+ae)^2(ex+d)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{3c^2d^2e^2 \log(\text{abs}(cdx + ae)) / (c^5d^9 - 4a^3c^4d^7e^2 + 6a^2c^3d^5e^4 - 4a^3c^2d^3e^6 + a^4cd^2e^8) - 3cd^2e^3 \log(\text{abs}(e*x + d)) / (c^4d^8e - 4a^3c^3d^6e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^5 - 4a^3cd^2e^7 + a^4e^9) - 1/2(c^3d^6 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 2a^3e^6 - 6(c^3d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4))x^2 - 3(c^3d^5e + 2a^2cd^3e^3 - 3a^2cd^2e^5)x}{(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^4 (cdx + ae)^2 (e*x + d)}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6cde^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^4e^8 - 2a^3cd^2e^6 + 2a^2c^3d^4e^2 - c^4d^8}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + \frac{2cde^2x(a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{\frac{2a^2e^4 + 5acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{2(a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6)} + \frac{3ex(c^2d^3 + 3acde^2)}{2(a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6)} + \frac{3c^2d^2e^2x^2}{a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6}}{x(a^2e^3 + 2cadd^2e) + x^2(c^2d^3 + 2acde^2) + a^2de^2 + c^2d^2ex^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\frac{(6cd^2e^2 \operatorname{atanh}((a^4e^8 - c^4d^8 + 2a^2c^3d^6e^2 - 2a^3c^2d^2e^6)/(a^2e^2 - cd^2)^4 + (2cd^2e^2x(a^3e^6 - c^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2cd^2e^4))/(a^2e^2 - cd^2)^4)) / (a^2e^2 - cd^2)^4 - ((2a^2e^4 - c^2d^4 + 5a^2cd^2e^2) / (2(a^3e^6 - c^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2cd^2e^4)) + (3e^2x(c^2d^3 + 3acde^2)) / (2(a^3e^6 - c^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2cd^2e^4)) + (3c^2d^2e^2x^2) / (a^3e^6 - c^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2cd^2e^4)) / (x(a^2e^3 + 2acde^2) + x^2(c^2d^3 + 2acde^2) + a^2de^2 + c^2d^2e^2x^3)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 911, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.42

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d*e**7*
x + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 30*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2
*d**3*e**5*x + 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 12*log(a*e +
c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x + 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 1
2*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**6*e*
**2*x**2 + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 12*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*
d**2*e**6 - 12*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d*e**7*x - 6*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**
4*e**4 - 30*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x - 24*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2
*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 24*log(d + e*x)*a*c
**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 6*log(d + e*x
)*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 6*log(d + e*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 4*a**4*e**8 -
2*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 12*a**3*c*d*e**7*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 9*a**2*
c**2*d**3*e**5*x + 4*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 6*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 - c**4*d**
8 + 3*c**4*d**7*e*x - 6*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3)/(2*(2*a**7*d*e**12 + 2*a**7*
e**13*x - 7*a**6*c*d**3*e**10 - 3*a**6*c*d**2*e**11*x + 4*a**6*c*d*e**12*x*
*2 + 8*a**5*c**2*d**5*e**8 - 6*a**5*c**2*d**4*e**9*x - 12*a**5*c**2*d**3*
e**10*x**2 + 2*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**11*x**3 - 2*a**4*c**3*d**7*e**6 + 14*a**4*
c**3*d**6*e**7*x + 9*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**8*x**2 - 7*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**9*x**3
- 2*a**3*c**4*d**9*e**4 - 6*a**3*c**4*d**8*e**5*x + 4*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**6
*x**2 + 8*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**7*x**3 + a**2*c**5*d**11*e**2 - 3*a**2*c**5...
```

3.136 $\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1018
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1019
Rubi [A] (verified)	1019
Maple [A] (verified)	1020
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1021
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1022
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1023
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1024
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1024
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1025

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{c^2d^2}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{3c^2d^2e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e^2}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^2} + \frac{3cde^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)} + \frac{6c^2d^2e^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5} - \frac{6c^2d^2e^2 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5}$$

output

```
-1/2*c^2*d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+3*c^2*d^2*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(
c*d*x+a*e)+1/2*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2+3*c*d*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(
e*x+d)+6*c^2*d^2*e^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5-6*c^2*d^2*e^2*ln(e*x+d
)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{c^2d^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{6c^2d^2e(-cd^2+ae^2)}{ae+cdx} - \frac{(cd^2e-ae^3)^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{6cde^2(-cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} - 12c^2d^2e^2 \log(ae + cdx) + 12c^2d^2e^2 \log(d - ex)}{2(-cd^2 + ae^2)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-3),x]
```

output

```
((c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(a*e + c*d*x)^2 + (6*c^2*d^2*e*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2))/(a*e + c*d*x) - (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2/(d + e*x)^2 + (6*c*d*e^2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2))/(d + e*x) - 12*c^2*d^2*e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x] + 12*c^2*d^2*e^2*Log[d + e*x])/(2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1084

$$c^3d^3e^3 \int \left(-\frac{6}{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^5(d + ex)} - \frac{3}{c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(d + ex)^2} - \frac{1}{c^3d^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d + ex)^3} + \frac{1}{e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$c^3d^3e^3 \left(\frac{1}{2c^3d^3e(d + ex)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3} + \frac{3}{c^2d^2e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} + \frac{3}{cde^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(ae + cdx)} + \frac{6 \log(ae + cdx)}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-3),x]`

output $c^3 d^3 e^3 (-1/2 * 1 / (c * d * e^3 * (c * d^2 - a * e^2)^3 * (a * e + c * d * x)^2) + 3 / (c * d * e^2 * (c * d^2 - a * e^2)^4 * (a * e + c * d * x)) + 1 / (2 * c^3 * d^3 * e * (c * d^2 - a * e^2)^3 * (d + e * x)^2) + 3 / (c^2 * d^2 * e * (c * d^2 - a * e^2)^4 * (d + e * x)) + (6 * \text{Log}[a * e + c * d * x]) / (c * d * e * (c * d^2 - a * e^2)^5) - (6 * \text{Log}[d + e * x]) / (c * d * e * (c * d^2 - a * e^2)^5))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1084 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2 d^2}{2(a e^2 - c d^2)^3 (c d x + a e)^2} - \frac{6 c^2 d^2 e^2 \ln(c d x + a e)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^5} + \frac{3 c^2 d^2 e}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^4 (c d x + a e)} - \frac{e^2}{2(a e^2 - c d^2)^3 (e x + d)^2} + \frac{6 c^2 d^2 e^2 \ln(e x + d)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^5}$
risch	$\frac{6 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3}{a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8} + \frac{9 d^2 e^2 c^2 (a e^2 + c d^2) x^2}{a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8} + \frac{2(a^2 e^4 + 7 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) e c}{(c d x^2 e + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + a d e)^2}$
norman	$\frac{(9 a c^4 d^4 e^6 + 9 c^5 d^6 e^4) x^2}{d^2 c^2 e^2 (a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)} + \frac{-a^3 c^2 e^6 + 7 a^2 c^3 d^2 e^4 + 7 a c^4 d^4 e^2 - c^5 d^6}{2 c^2 (a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)} + \frac{6 c^2 d^2 e^2 \ln(e x + d)}{(e x + d)^2 (c d x + a e)^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-a^4 c^2 d^2 e^{10} + 8 a^3 c^3 d^4 e^8 - 8 a c^5 d^8 e^4 - 12 x^3 c^6 d^7 e^5 - 18 x^2 c^6 d^8 e^4 - 4 x c^6 d^9 e^3 + 12 x^3 a c^5 d^5 e^7 + 18 x^2 a^2 c^4 d^4 e^8 + 4 x a^3 c^3 d^3 e^9 + 24 a^4 c^2 d^2 e^{10}}{(e x + d)^2 (c d x + a e)^2}$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2*c^2*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-6*c^2*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*e^2*ln
(c*d*x+a*e)+3*c^2*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*e/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2*e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^
3/(e*x+d)^2+6*c^2*d^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*e^2*ln(e*x+d)+3*e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*
c*d/(e*x+d)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 828 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 828, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^4d^8 - 8ac^3d^6e^2 + 8a^3cd^2e^6 - a^4e^8 - 12(c^4d^5e^3 - ac^3d^3e^5)x^3 - 18(c^4d^6e^2 - a^2c^2d^2e^6)x^2 - 4c^4d^7e + 6a^2c^3d^5e^3 - 6a^2c^2d^3e^5 - a^3c^2d^2e^6}{2(a^2c^5d^{12}e^2 - 5a^3c^4d^{10}e^4 + 10a^4c^3d^8e^6 - 10a^5c^2d^6e^8 + 5a^6cd^4e^{10} - a^7d^2e^{12} + (c^7d^{12}e^2 - 5ac^6d^{10}e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(c^4*d^8 - 8*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - a^4*e^8 - 12*(c^4*d^5*
e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 - 18*(c^4*d^6*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 - 4*(c^4
*d^7*e + 6*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d^2*e^6)*x - 12*(c^4*d
^4*e^4*x^4 + a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + (c^4*d
^6*e^2 + 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + a^2*c
^2*d^3*e^5)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e) + 12*(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 +
2*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + (c^4*d^6*e^2 + 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2
*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(
a^2*c^5*d^12*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^4 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^6 - 10*a^5*c^2*d
^6*e^8 + 5*a^6*c*d^4*e^10 - a^7*d^2*e^12 + (c^7*d^12*e^2 - 5*a*c^6*d^10*e^4
+ 10*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^6 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^8 + 5*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^10 - a^5*c^2*
d^2*e^12)*x^4 + 2*(c^7*d^13*e - 4*a*c^6*d^11*e^3 + 5*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5 - 5*a
^4*c^3*d^5*e^9 + 4*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^11 - a^6*c*d^13)*x^3 + (c^7*d^14 - a*c
^6*d^12*e^2 - 9*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 25*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 25*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8
+ 9*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - a^7*e^14)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^6*d^13*e -
4*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^3 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^5 - 5*a^5*c^2*d^5*e^9 + 4*a^6*c*d^3*e
^11 - a^7*d^13)*x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1001 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1001, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
6*c**2*d**2*e**2*log(x + (-6*a**6*c**2*d**2*e**14/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 3
6*a**5*c**3*d**4*e**12/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 90*a**4*c**4*d**6*e**10/(a*
**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 120*a**3*c**5*d**8*e**8/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 90*a**2*
c**6*d**10*e**6/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 36*a*c**7*d**12*e**4/(a**2 - c*d*
**2)**5 + 6*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 6*c**8*d**14*e**2/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 6*c
**3*d**4*e**2)/(12*c**3*d**3*e**3))/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 6*c**2*d**2*e**
2*log(x + (6*a**6*c**2*d**2*e**14/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 36*a**5*c**3*d**4
e**12/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 90*a**4*c**4*d**6*e**10/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5
- 120*a**3*c**5*d**8*e**8/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 90*a**2*c**6*d**10*e**6/
(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 36*a*c**7*d**12*e**4/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 6*a*c**
2*d**2*e**4 + 6*c**8*d**14*e**2/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 6*c**3*d**4*e**2)/(
12*c**3*d**3*e**3))/(a**2 - c*d**2)**5 + (-a**3*e**6 + 7*a**2*c*d**2*e**
4 + 7*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6 + 12*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(18*a*c
**2*d**2*e**4 + 18*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(4*a**2*c*d**5 + 28*a*c**2*d**3*e
**3 + 4*c**3*d**5*e))/(2*a**6*d**2*e**10 - 8*a**5*c*d**4*e**8 + 12*a**4*c*
**2*d**6*e**6 - 8*a**3*c**3*d**8*e**4 + 2*a**2*c**4*d**10*e**2 + x**4*(2*a
**4*c**2*d**2*e**10 - 8*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8 + 12*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**6 - 8*a*
c**5*d**8*e**4 + 2*c**6*d**10*e**2) + x**3*(4*a**5*c*d**11 - 12*a**4*c**
2*d**3*e**9 + 8*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**7 + 8*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5 - 12*a*c**5*d*
**9*e**3 + 4*c**6*d**11*e) + x**2*(2*a**6*e**12 - 18*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**8...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 642 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 642, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6c^2d^2e^2 \log(cdx + ae)}{c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}}$$

$$- \frac{6c^2d^2e^2 \log(ex + d)}{c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a^2c^4d^{10}e^2 - 4a^3c^3d^8e^4 + 6a^4c^2d^6e^6 - 4a^5cd^4e^8 + a^6d^2e^{10} + (c^6d^{10}e^2 - 4ac^5d^8e^4 + 6a^2c^4d^6e^6 - 4a^3c^3d^4e^8 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}))}{2(a^2c^4d^{10}e^2 - 4a^3c^3d^8e^4 + 6a^4c^2d^6e^6 - 4a^5cd^4e^8 + a^6d^2e^{10} + (c^6d^{10}e^2 - 4ac^5d^8e^4 + 6a^2c^4d^6e^6 - 4a^3c^3d^4e^8 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}))}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
6*c^2*d^2*e^2*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10) - 6*c^2*d^2*e^2*log(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10) + 1/2*(12*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - c^3*d^6 + 7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + 18*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*(c^3*d^5*e + 7*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 + a^6*d^2*e^10 + (c^6*d^10*e^2 - 4*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^4 + 2*(c^6*d^11*e - 3*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + a^5*c*d*e^11)*x^3 + (c^6*d^12 - 9*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 16*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 9*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + a^6*e^12)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^5*d^11*e - 3*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^5*c*d^3*e^9 + a^6*d*e^11)*x)
```


Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6c^3d^3e^2 \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^6d^{11} - 5ac^5d^9e^2 + 10a^2c^4d^7e^4 - 10a^3c^3d^5e^6 + 5a^4c^2d^3e^8 - a^5cde^{10}}$$

$$- \frac{6c^2d^2e^3 \log(|ex + d|)}{c^5d^{10}e - 5ac^4d^8e^3 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^5 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^7 + 5a^4cd^2e^9 - a^5e^{11}}$$

$$+ \frac{12c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 18c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 18ac^2d^2e^4x^2 + 4c^3d^5ex + 28ac^2d^3e^3x + 4a^2cde^5x - c^3d^6 + 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 7a^2c^2d^2e^4 - a^3e^6}{2(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)(cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `6*c^3*d^3*e^2*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^6*d^11 - 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^8 - a^5*c*d*e^10) - 6*c^2*d^2*e^3*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^5*d^10*e - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - a^5*e^11) + 1/2*(12*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 18*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 18*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^5*e*x + 28*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 4*a^2*c*d*e^5*x - c^3*d^6 + 7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)/((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{9cx^2(c^2d^4e^2 + acd^2e^4)}{a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8} - \frac{a^3e^6 - 7a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6}{2(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)} + \frac{6c^3d^3e^3}{a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8}$$

$$- \frac{12c^2d^2e^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^5e^{10} - 3a^4cd^2e^8 + 2a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 2a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 3ac^4d^8e^2 + c^5d^{10}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^5} + \frac{2cdex(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^5}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^5}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{9*c*x^2*(c^2*d^4*e^2 + a*c*d^2*e^4)}{(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)} - \frac{(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 - 7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 7*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)}{(2*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))} + \frac{6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3}{(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)} + \frac{(2*c*d*e*x*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 7*a*c*d^2*e^2))}{(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)} \right) / (x^2*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2) \\ & + x^3*(2*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3) + x*(2*a^2*d*e^3 + 2*a*c*d^3*e) + a^2*d^2*e^2 + c^2*d^2*e^2*x^4) - \frac{(12*c^2*d^2*e^2*\operatorname{atanh}((a^5*e^{10} + c^5*d^{10} - 3*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6))}{(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5 + (2*c*d*e*x*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)) / (a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5)}{(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1309, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**
2*d**3*e**7*x - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 - 12*log(a*e
+ c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 48*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x -
60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2 - 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c
**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 - 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x - 60*log(a*e +
c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 - 48*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3
- 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**
8*e**2*x**2 - 24*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x
)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 + 12*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 24*log(d + e
*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7*x + 12*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 12*
log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 + 48*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x +
60*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 24*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3
*e**7*x**3 + 24*log(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x + 60*log(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d
**6*e**4*x**2 + 48*log(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 12*log(d + e*x)*a*
c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 + 12*log(d + e*x)*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 24*log(d + e*x
)*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 + 12*log(d + e*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 - a**5*e**10 +
7*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 4*a**4*c*d*e**9*x + 2*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 16*a**3*
c**2*d**3*e**7*x + 12*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 - 2*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 7
*a*c**4*d**8*e**2 - 16*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x - 6*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 + c**5
*d**10 - 4*c**5*d**9*e*x - 12*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 6*c**5*d**6*e**4*x...
```

3.137
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1027
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1028
Rubi [A] (verified)	1028
Maple [A] (verified)	1030
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1030
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1031
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1032
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1033
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1034
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1035

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 223

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{c^3d^3}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{4c^3d^3e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(ae+cdx)} \\ &+ \frac{e^2}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^3} + \frac{3cde^2}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^2} \\ &+ \frac{6c^2d^2e^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(d+ex)} + \frac{10c^3d^3e^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^6} - \frac{10c^3d^3e^2 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^6} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/2*c^3*d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+4*c^3*d^3*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(
c*d*x+a*e)+1/3*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^3+3/2*c*d*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
/(e*x+d)^2+6*c^2*d^2*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(e*x+d)+10*c^3*d^3*e^2*ln(c*d*x+
a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6-10*c^3*d^3*e^2*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{3c^3d^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{24c^3d^3e(cd^2-ae^2)}{ae+cdx} - \frac{2e^2(-cd^2+ae^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{9cd(cd^2e-ae^3)^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{36c^2d^2e^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{d+ex} + 60c^3d^3e^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{6(cd^2-ae^2)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

```
((-3*c^3*d^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(a*e + c*d*x)^2 + (24*c^3*d^3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(a*e + c*d*x) - (2*e^2*(-c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3/(d + e*x)^3 + (9*c*d*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (36*c^2*d^2*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(d + e*x) + 60*c^3*d^3*e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x] - 60*c^3*d^3*e^2*Log[d + e*x])/(6*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{10c^4d^4e^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^6(ae+cdx)} - \frac{4c^4d^4e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{c^4d^4}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ae+cdx)^3} - \frac{10c^3d^3e^3}{(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)^6} - \dots \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4c^3d^3e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{c^3d^3}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{10c^3d^3e^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6} - \frac{10c^3d^3e^2 \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6} + \frac{6c^2d^2e^2}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^5} + \frac{3cde^2}{2(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4} + \frac{e^2}{3(d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3),x]`

output `-1/2*(c^3*d^3)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (4*c^3*d^3*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(a*e + c*d*x)) + e^2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^3) + (3*c*d*e^2)/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^2) + (6*c^2*d^2*e^2)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(d + e*x)) + (10*c^3*d^3*e^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6 - (10*c^3*d^3*e^2*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{c^3 d^3}{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 (cdx + ae)^2} + \frac{10c^3 d^3 e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} - \frac{4c^3 d^3 e}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^5 (cdx + ae)} - \frac{e^2}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (ex + d)^3} - \frac{10c^3 d^3 e^2 \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6}$
risch	$-\frac{10c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4}{a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5a c^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10}} - \frac{5e^3 d^3 e^3 (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)x^3}{a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5a c^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10}}$
norman	$-\frac{10c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4}{a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5a c^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10}} + \frac{(-15a c^5 d^5 e^7 - 25c^6 d^7 e^5)x^3}{d^2 c^2 e^2 (a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5a c^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10})}$
paralelrisch	$-\frac{-60x^4 c^7 d^8 e^7 - 150x^3 c^7 d^9 e^6 - 110x^2 c^7 d^{10} e^5 - 15x c^7 d^{11} e^4 + 3e^3 d^{12} c^7 + 60 \ln(ex + d)x^3 a^2 c^5 d^5 e^{10} + 360 \ln(ex + d)x^3 a c^6 d^7 e^8}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+10*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^6*e^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-4*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*e/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/3*e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^3-10*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^6*e^2*ln(e*x+d)-6*e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*c^2*d^2/(e*x+d)+3/2*e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*c*d/(e*x+d)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1222 vs. 2(217) = 434.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1222, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-1/6*(3*c^5*d^10 - 30*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 20*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 60*a^3*c^2*d^4*
e^6 - 15*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 2*a^5*e^10 - 60*(c^5*d^6*e^4 - a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4
- 30*(5*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 2*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 - 10*(11*c
^5*d^8*e^2 + 12*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 21*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^
2 - 5*(3*c^5*d^9*e + 32*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 24*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 12*a^3*c^2*d^
3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)*x - 60*(c^5*d^5*e^5*x^5 + a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + (3*c^5*d^
6*e^4 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + (3*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 6*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + a^2*c^3*
d^3*e^7)*x^3 + (c^5*d^8*e^2 + 6*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6)*x^2 + (
2*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e) + 60*(c^5*d^5*e^5
*x^5 + a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + (3*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + (3*c^5*d^
7*e^3 + 6*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + (c^5*d^8*e^2 + 6*a*c^4*d^
6*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6)*x^2 + (2*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5)*x)*
log(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^6*d^15*e^2 - 6*a^3*c^5*d^13*e^4 + 15*a^4*c^4*d^11*e^6
- 20*a^5*c^3*d^9*e^8 + 15*a^6*c^2*d^7*e^10 - 6*a^7*c*d^5*e^12 + a^8*d^3*e
^14 + (c^8*d^14*e^3 - 6*a*c^7*d^12*e^5 + 15*a^2*c^6*d^10*e^7 - 20*a^3*c^5*
d^8*e^9 + 15*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^11 - 6*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^13 + a^6*c^2*d^2*e^15)*x^5
+ (3*c^8*d^15*e^2 - 16*a*c^7*d^13*e^4 + 33*a^2*c^6*d^11*e^6 - 30*a^3*c^5*
d^9*e^8 + 5*a^4*c^4*d^7*e^10 + 12*a^5*c^3*d^5*e^12 - 9*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^14 +
2*a^7*c*d*e^16)*x^4 + (3*c^8*d^16*e - 12*a*c^7*d^14*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^6*d^12*
e^5 + 24*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^7 - 60*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^9 + 52*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^11 - ...

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1357 vs. $2(206) = 412$.

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1357, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)
```


output

```

-10*c**3*d**3*e**2*log(x + (-10*a**7*c**3*d**3*e**16/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6
+ 70*a**6*c**4*d**5*e**14/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 210*a**5*c**5*d**7*e**12/
(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 350*a**4*c**6*d**9*e**10/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 350
*a**3*c**7*d**11*e**8/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 210*a**2*c**8*d**13*e**6/(a*
e**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 70*a*c**9*d**15*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*a*c**3*d
**3*e**4 + 10*c**10*d**17*e**2/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*c**4*d**5*e**2)/(
20*c**4*d**4*e**3))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*c**3*d**3*e**2*log(x + (10*a
**7*c**3*d**3*e**16/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 70*a**6*c**4*d**5*e**14/(a*e**2
- c*d**2)**6 + 210*a**5*c**5*d**7*e**12/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 350*a**4*c
**6*d**9*e**10/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 350*a**3*c**7*d**11*e**8/(a*e**2 - c
*d**2)**6 - 210*a**2*c**8*d**13*e**6/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 70*a*c**9*d**1
5*e**4/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*a*c**3*d**3*e**4 - 10*c**10*d**17*e**2/(a
e**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*c**4*d**5*e**2)/(20*c**4*d**4*e**3))/(a*e**2 - c*d
**2)**6 + (-2*a**4*e**8 + 13*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 47*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 2
7*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 3*c**4*d**8 - 60*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 + x**3*(-90*a*c
**3*d**3*e**5 - 150*c**4*d**5*e**3) + x**2*(-20*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6 - 230*a
*c**3*d**4*e**4 - 110*c**4*d**6*e**2) + x*(5*a**3*c*d*e**7 - 55*a**2*c**2*
d**3*e**5 - 175*a*c**3*d**5*e**3 - 15*c**4*d**7*e)))/(6*a**7*d**3*e**12 - 3
0*a**6*c*d**5*e**10 + 60*a**5*c**2*d**7*e**8 - 60*a**4*c**3*d**9*e**6 + 30
*a**3*c**4*d**11*e**4 - 6*a**2*c**5*d**13*e**2 + x**5*(6*a**5*c**2*d**2...

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 947 vs. $2(217) = 434$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 947, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxi
ma")

```

output

```

10*c^3*d^3*e^2*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*
d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6
*e^12) - 10*c^3*d^3*e^2*log(e*x + d)/(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2
*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10
+ a^6*e^12) + 1/6*(60*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 3*c^4*d^8 + 27*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 47*
a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 13*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 2*a^4*e^8 + 30*(5*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 3*a*c
^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 10*(11*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 23*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^
6)*x^2 + 5*(3*c^4*d^7*e + 35*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 11*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*
e^7)*x)/(a^2*c^5*d^13*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^4 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^6 - 10*a
^5*c^2*d^7*e^8 + 5*a^6*c*d^5*e^10 - a^7*d^3*e^12 + (c^7*d^12*e^3 - 5*a*c^6
*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^7 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^9 + 5*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^11 -
a^5*c^2*d^2*e^13)*x^5 + (3*c^7*d^13*e^2 - 13*a*c^6*d^11*e^4 + 20*a^2*c^5*
d^9*e^6 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^8 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 7*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^12 - 2
*a^6*c*d*e^14)*x^4 + (3*c^7*d^14*e - 9*a*c^6*d^12*e^3 + a^2*c^5*d^10*e^5 +
25*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 17*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^11 - a^6*c*d^2
*e^13 - a^7*e^15)*x^3 + (c^7*d^15 + a*c^6*d^13*e^2 - 17*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^4 +
35*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 25*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^8 - a^5*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 9*a^6*c*d^3*
e^12 - 3*a^7*d*e^14)*x^2 + (2*a*c^6*d^14*e - 7*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^3 + 5*a^3*c^
4*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 20*a^5*c^2*d^6*e^9 + 13*a^6*c*d^4*e^11 -
3*a^7*d^2*e^13)*x)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 503 vs. $2(217) = 434$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx \\
&= \frac{10c^4d^4e^2 \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^7d^{13} - 6ac^6d^{11}e^2 + 15a^2c^5d^9e^4 - 20a^3c^4d^7e^6 + 15a^4c^3d^5e^8 - 6a^5c^2d^3e^{10} + a^6cde^{12}} \\
&\quad - \frac{10c^3d^3e^3 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^6d^{12}e - 6ac^5d^{10}e^3 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^5 - 20a^3c^3d^6e^7 + 15a^4c^2d^4e^9 - 6a^5cd^2e^{11} + a^6e^{13}} \\
&\quad - \frac{3c^5d^{10} - 30ac^4d^8e^2 - 20a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 60a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 15a^4cd^2e^8 + 2a^5e^{10} - 60(c^5d^6e^4 - ac^4d^4e^6)x^4 - 3}{}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac
")

```

output

```
10*c^4*d^4*e^2*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^7*d^13 - 6*a*c^6*d^11*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^8 - 6*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^10 + a^6*c*d*e^12) - 10*c^3*d^3*e^3*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^6*d^12*e - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^3 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^5 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^11 + a^6*e^13) - 1/6*(3*c^5*d^10 - 30*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 20*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 60*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 15*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 2*a^5*e^10 - 60*(c^5*d^6*e^4 - a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 - 30*(5*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 2*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 - 10*(11*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 12*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 21*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 - 5*(3*c^5*d^9*e + 32*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 24*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 12*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6*(c*d*x + a*e)^2*(e*x + d)^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 878, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{20c^3 d^3 e^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^6 e^{12} - 4a^5 c d^2 e^{10} + 5a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 - 5a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 + 4ac^5 d^{10} e^2 - c^6 d^{12}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} + \frac{2cde x(a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 cd^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5ac^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10})}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} + \frac{5c^2 dx^3(5c^2 d^4 e^3 + 3acd^2 e^5)}{a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 cd^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5ac^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10}} - \frac{2a^4 e^8 - 13a^3 cd^2 e^6 + 47a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 27ac^3 d^6 e^2 - 3c^4 d^8}{6(a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 cd^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5ac^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10})} + \frac{5c^2 dx^3(5c^2 d^4 e^3 + 3acd^2 e^5)}{a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 cd^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5ac^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10}}$$

$$x(3a^2 d^2 e^3 + 2cad^4 e) + x^2(3a^2 de$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3),x)
```

output

```
(20*c^3*d^3*e^2*atanh((a^6*e^12 - c^6*d^12 + 4*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 5*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2))^6 + (2*c*d*e*x*(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6 - ((2*a^4*e^8 - 3*c^4*d^8 + 27*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 13*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 47*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)/(6*(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)) + (5*c^2*d*x^3*(5*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^5))/(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6) + (5*c^2*d^2*x^2*(2*a^2*e^6 + 11*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 23*a*c*d^2*e^4))/(3*(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)) + (10*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4)/(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6) + (5*c*d*e*x*(3*c^3*d^6 - a^3*e^6 + 35*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 11*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(6*(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)))/(x*(3*a^2*d^2*e^3 + 2*a*c*d^4*e) + x^2*(c^2*d^5 + 3*a^2*d*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^2) + x^3*(a^2*e^5 + 3*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3) + x^4*(3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^4) + a^2*d^3*e^2 + c^2*d^2*e^3*x^5)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1970, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3
*d**5*e**7*x + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8*x**2 + 120*log(a*e
+ c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**3 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**8*e
**4 + 780*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5*x + 1260*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a
**2*c**4*d**6*e**6*x**2 + 900*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**3 +
240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**4 + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**
5*d**9*e**3*x + 1200*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**8*e**4*x**2 + 1440*log(a*e
+ c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**7*e**5*x**3 + 720*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**6*e**6*x*
*4 + 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**7*x**5 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**
6*d**10*e**2*x**2 + 540*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**9*e**3*x**3 + 540*log(a*e
+ c*d*x)*c**6*d**8*e**4*x**4 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**7*e**5*x**5 -
120*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 - 360*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e*
*7*x - 360*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8*x**2 - 120*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c
**3*d**3*e**9*x**3 - 180*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**4 - 780*log(d + e
*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5*x - 1260*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**6*x**2 - 90
0*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**3 - 240*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*
e**8*x**4 - 360*log(d + e*x)*a*c**5*d**9*e**3*x - 1200*log(d + e*x)*a*c**5
*d**8*e**4*x**2 - 1440*log(d + e*x)*a*c**5*d**7*e**5*x**3 - 720*log(d + e
*x)*a*c**5*d**6*e**6*x**4 - 120*log(d + e*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**7*x**5 - 180*lo
g(d + e*x)*c**6*d**10*e**2*x**2 - 540*log(d + e*x)*c**6*d**9*e**3*x**3 ...
```

$$3.138 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{10}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1037
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1038
Rubi [A] (verified)	1038
Maple [A] (verified)	1039
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1040
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1041
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1042
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1043
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1043
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1044

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{10}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{e^4(15c^2d^4 - 24acd^2e^2 + 10a^2e^4)x}{c^6d^6} + \frac{e^5(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)x^2}{c^5d^5} + \frac{e^6x^3}{3c^4d^4} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6}{3c^7d^7(ae + cdx)^3} - \frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{c^7d^7(ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^7d^7(ae + cdx)} + \frac{20e^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^7d^7}$$

output

```
e^4*(10*a^2*e^4-24*a*c*d^2*e^2+15*c^2*d^4)*x/c^6/d^6+e^5*(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^2/c^5/d^5+1/3*e^6*x^3/c^4/d^4-1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6/c^7/d^7/(c*d*x+a*e)^3-3*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/c^7/d^7/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-15*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/c^7/d^7/(c*d*x+a*e)+20*e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^7/d^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{10}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-37a^6e^{12} + 3a^5cde^{10}(47d - 17ex) + 3a^4c^2d^2e^8(-65d^2 + 81dex + 13e^2x^2) + a^3c^3d^3e^6(110d^3 - 405d^2ex - 27d^2 + 81d^2ex + 13e^2x^2) + a^2c^4d^4e^4(5d^4 - 90d^3ex + 45d^2e^2x^2 + 63d^2e^3x^3 - 5e^4x^4) - 3a^2c^4d^4e^4(5d^4 - 90d^3ex + 45d^2e^2x^2 + 63d^2e^3x^3 - 5e^4x^4) - 3a^2c^5d^5e^2(d^5 + 15d^4ex - 60d^3e^2x^2 - 45d^2e^3x^3 + 15d^2e^4x^4 + e^5x^5) + c^6d^6(-d^6 - 9d^5ex - 45d^4e^2x^2 + 45d^2e^4x^4 + 9d^2e^5x^5 + e^6x^6) - 60e^3(-c^2d^2 + ae^2)^3(ae + cdx)^3 \operatorname{Log}[ae + cdx]}{(3c^7d^7(ae + cdx)^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^10/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
(-37*a^6*e^12 + 3*a^5*c*d*e^10*(47*d - 17*e*x) + 3*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8*(-65*d^2 + 81*d^2*e*x + 13*e^2*x^2) + a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6*(110*d^3 - 405*d^2*e*x - 27*d^2 + 81*d^2*e*x + 13*e^2*x^2) - 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4*(5*d^4 - 90*d^3*e*x + 45*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 63*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4) - 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4*(5*d^4 - 90*d^3*e*x + 45*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 63*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4) - 3*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2*(d^5 + 15*d^4*e*x - 60*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 45*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 15*d^2*e^4*x^4 + e^5*x^5) + c^6*d^6*(-d^6 - 9*d^5*e*x - 45*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 45*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 9*d^2*e^5*x^5 + e^6*x^6) - 60*e^3*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(3*c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{10}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{10a^2e^8 - 24acd^2e^6 + 15c^2d^4e^4}{c^6d^6} + \frac{20(cd^2e - ae^3)^3}{c^6d^6(ae + cdx)} + \frac{15e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^6d^6(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{6e(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{c^6d^6(ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6}{c^6d^6(ae + cdx)^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^4 x(10a^2 e^4 - 24acd^2 e^2 + 15c^2 d^4)}{c^6 d^6} - \frac{15e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^7 d^7 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{3e (cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{c^7 d^7 (ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6}{3c^7 d^7 (ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{20e^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^7 d^7} + \frac{e^5 x^2 (3cd^2 - 2ae^2)}{c^5 d^5} + \frac{e^6 x^3}{3c^4 d^4}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^10/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
(e^4*(15*c^2*d^4 - 24*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 10*a^2*e^4)*x)/(c^6*d^6) + (e^5*(3*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*x^2)/(c^5*d^5) + (e^6*x^3)/(3*c^4*d^4) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6/(3*c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) - (3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5)/(c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (15*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4)/(c^7*d^7*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (20*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^7*d^7)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
default	$\frac{e^4 (\frac{1}{3}x^3 c^2 d^2 e^2 - 2x^2 acd e^3 + 3x^2 c^2 d^3 e + 10a^2 e^4 x - 24acd^2 e^2 x + 15c^2 d^4 x)}{d^6 c^6} - \frac{a^6 e^{12} - 6a^5 d^2 e^{10} c + 15a^4 d^4 e^8 c^2 - 20a^3 d^6 e^6 c^3 + 15a^2 d^8 e^4 c^4 - 6a d^{10} e^2 c^5 + d^{12} c^6}{3d^7 c^7 (cdx+ae)^3}$
risch	$\frac{e^6 x^3}{3c^4 d^4} - \frac{2e^7 x^2 a}{d^5 c^5} + \frac{3e^5 x^2}{d^3 c^4} + \frac{10e^8 a^2 x}{d^6 c^6} - \frac{24e^6 a x}{d^4 c^5} + \frac{15e^4 x}{d^2 c^4} + \frac{(-15a^4 e^{10} dc + 60a^3 e^8 d^3 c^2 - 90a^2 e^6 d^5 c^3 + 60a c^4 d^7 e^4 - 15a^5 d^2 e^{10} c + 15a^4 d^4 e^8 c^2 - 20a^3 d^6 e^6 c^3 + 15a^2 d^8 e^4 c^4 - 6a d^{10} e^2 c^5 + d^{12} c^6)}{3d^7 c^7}$
norman	$\frac{e^7 (5a^2 e^4 - 18ac d^2 e^2 + 25c^2 d^4) x^7}{d^3 c^3} - \frac{110a^6 e^{12} - 285a^5 d^2 e^{10} c + 186a^4 d^4 e^8 c^2 + 53a^3 d^6 e^6 c^3 + 15a^2 d^8 e^4 c^4 + 3a d^{10} e^2 c^5 + d^{12} c^6}{3d^4 c^7} + \frac{e^9 x^9}{3cd} - \frac{(110a^6 e^{12} - 285a^5 d^2 e^{10} c + 186a^4 d^4 e^8 c^2 + 53a^3 d^6 e^6 c^3 + 15a^2 d^8 e^4 c^4 + 3a d^{10} e^2 c^5 + d^{12} c^6)}{3d^4 c^7}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{270a^5 cd e^{11} x - 810a^4 c^2 d^3 e^9 x + 810a^3 c^3 d^5 e^7 x - 270a^2 c^4 d^7 e^5 x + 3x^5 a c^5 d^5 e^7 - 15x^4 a^2 c^4 d^4 e^8 + 45x^4 a c^5 d^6 e^6 + 110a^6 e^{12} + d^{12} c^6}{3d^4 c^7}$

input `int((e*x+d)^10/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{e^4/d^6/c^6(1/3*x^3*c^2*d^2*e^2-2*x^2*a*c*d*e^3+3*x^2*c^2*d^3*e+10*a^2*e^4*x-24*a*c*d^2*e^2*x+15*c^2*d^4*x)-1/3/d^7/c^7(a^6*e^12-6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10+15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8-20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6+15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4-6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2+c^6*d^12)/(c*d*x+a*e)^3-20*e^3/d^7/c^7(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)*\ln(c*d*x+a*e)+3/d^7*e/c^7(a^5*e^10-5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8+10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6-10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4+5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2-c^5*d^10)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-15*e^2/c^7/d^7(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/(c*d*x+a*e)}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 644 vs. $2(213) = 426$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 644, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{10}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^6 d^6 e^6 x^6 - c^6 d^{12} - 3 a c^5 d^{10} e^2 - 15 a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 + 110 a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 - 195 a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 + 141 a^5 c d^2 e^{10} - 37 a^6 e^{12} + 30 a^7 e^{14}}{(c d x + a e)^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^10/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/3*(c^6*d^6*e^6*x^6 - c^6*d^12 - 3*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 +
110*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 195*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 141*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 37*a^6*e^
12 + 3*(3*c^6*d^7*e^5 - a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^5 + 15*(3*c^6*d^8*e^4 - 3*a*c^5*d
^6*e^6 + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^4 + (135*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 - 189*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 +
73*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^3 - 3*(15*c^6*d^10*e^2 - 60*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 45*a^2*
c^4*d^6*e^6 + 9*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 - 13*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^2 - 3*(3*c^6*d^11
*e + 15*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 90*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 135*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 81*a^4*
c^2*d^3*e^9 + 17*a^5*c*d*e^11)*x + 60*(a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8
+ 3*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - a^6*e^12 + (c^6*d^9*e^3 - 3*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 3*a^2*c^
4*d^5*e^7 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^5*d^8*e^4 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 +
3*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 - a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 3*a^3*c^3
*d^5*e^7 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - a^5*c*d*e^11)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^10*d^
10*x^3 + 3*a*c^9*d^9*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^8*d^8*e^2*x + a^3*c^7*d^7*e^3)

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 425 vs. 2(211) = 422.

Time = 71.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{10}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx = x^2 \left(-\frac{2ae^7}{c^5d^5} + \frac{3e^5}{c^4d^3} \right) + x \left(\frac{10a^2e^8}{c^6d^6} - \frac{24ae^6}{c^5d^4} + \frac{15e^4}{c^4d^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-37a^6e^{12} + 141a^5cd^2e^{10} - 195a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 110a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 15a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 3ac^5d^{10}e^2 - c^6d^{12} + x^2(-45a^4c^3d^3e^9 + 17a^5c^2d^5e^7 - 81a^4c^2d^3e^9 + 17a^5c^2d^3e^9 - a^5c^2d^3e^9)*x + 60*(a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 3a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 3a^5c^2d^2e^10 - a^6e^12 + (c^6d^9e^3 - 3ac^5d^7e^5 + 3a^2c^4d^5e^7 - a^3c^3d^3e^9)*x^3 + 3*(a^2c^4d^7e^5 - 3a^3c^3d^5e^7 + 3a^4c^2d^3e^9 - a^5c^2d^3e^9)*x)*\log(cdx + ae)}{c^{10}d^{10}x^3 + 3ac^9d^9ex^2 + 3a^2c^8d^8e^2x + a^3c^7d^7e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^6x^3}{3c^4d^4} - \frac{20e^3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^7d^7}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)**10/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)

```

output

```
x**2*(-2*a*e**7/(c**5*d**5) + 3*e**5/(c**4*d**3)) + x*(10*a**2*e**8/(c**6*
d**6) - 24*a*e**6/(c**5*d**4) + 15*e**4/(c**4*d**2)) + (-37*a**6*e**12 + 1
41*a**5*c*d**2*e**10 - 195*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**8 + 110*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 -
15*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**4 - 3*a*c**5*d**10*e**2 - c**6*d**12 + x**2*(-45*a**
4*c**2*d**2*e**10 + 180*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8 - 270*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**6 + 18
0*a*c**5*d**8*e**4 - 45*c**6*d**10*e**2) + x*(-81*a**5*c*d*e**11 + 315*a**
4*c**2*d**3*e**9 - 450*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**7 + 270*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5 - 45*
a*c**5*d**9*e**3 - 9*c**6*d**11*e))/(3*a**3*c**7*d**7*e**3 + 9*a**2*c**8*d
**8*e**2*x + 9*a*c**9*d**9*e*x**2 + 3*c**10*d**10*x**3) + e**6*x**3/(3*c**
4*d**4) - 20*e**3*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**7*d**7)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{10}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^6 d^{12} + 3ac^5 d^{10} e^2 + 15a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 - 110a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 195a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 - 141a^5 c d^2 e^{10} + 37a^6 e^{12} + 45(c^6 d^{10} e^2 + 3c^5 d^8 e^4 + 3c^4 d^6 e^6 + 3c^3 d^4 e^8 + 3c^2 d^2 e^{10} + 3c d e^{12})}{3(c^{10} d^{10} e^2 + 3c^9 d^8 e^4 + 3c^8 d^6 e^6 + 3c^7 d^4 e^8 + 3c^6 d^2 e^{10} + 3c^5 d e^{12})} +$$

$$\frac{c^2 d^2 e^6 x^3 + 3(3c^2 d^3 e^5 - 2acde^7)x^2 + 3(15c^2 d^4 e^4 - 24acd^2 e^6 + 10a^2 e^8)x + 20(c^3 d^6 e^3 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^5 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^7 - a^3 e^9) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^7 d^7}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^10/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="max
ima")
```

output

```
-1/3*(c^6*d^12 + 3*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 110*a^3*c^3*d^6*
e^6 + 195*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 141*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + 37*a^6*e^12 + 45*(c^6*d^10
*e^2 - 4*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + a^4*c^2*d
^2*e^10)*x^2 + 9*(c^6*d^11*e + 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 30*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 50*a
^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 35*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + 9*a^5*c*d*e^11)*x)/(c^10*d^10*x^3 +
3*a*c^9*d^9*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^8*d^8*e^2*x + a^3*c^7*d^7*e^3) + 1/3*(c^2*d^2*
e^6*x^3 + 3*(3*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 2*a*c*d*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(15*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 24*a*c
*d^2*e^6 + 10*a^2*e^8)*x)/(c^6*d^6) + 20*(c^3*d^6*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 +
3*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 - a^3*e^9)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^7*d^7)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{10}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{20(c^3d^6e^3 - 3ac^2d^4e^5 + 3a^2cd^2e^7 - a^3e^9) \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^7d^7}$$

$$- \frac{c^6d^{12} + 3ac^5d^{10}e^2 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 110a^3c^3d^6e^6 + 195a^4c^2d^4e^8 - 141a^5cd^2e^{10} + 37a^6e^{12} + 45(c^6d^{10}e^2 - 4a^4c^5d^8e^4 + 6a^2c^4d^6e^6 - 4a^3c^3d^4e^8 + a^4c^2d^2e^{10})x^2 + 9(c^6d^{11}e + 5a^5c^5d^9e^3 - 30a^2c^4d^7e^5 + 50a^3c^3d^5e^7 - 35a^4c^2d^3e^9 + 9a^5cd^1e^{11})x}{3c^{12}d^{12}} + \frac{c^8d^8e^6x^3 + 9c^8d^9e^5x^2 - 6ac^7d^7e^7x^2 + 45c^8d^{10}e^4x - 72ac^7d^8e^6x + 30a^2c^6d^6e^8x}{3c^{12}d^{12}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^10/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `20*(c^3*d^6*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 - a^3*e^9)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^7*d^7) - 1/3*(c^6*d^12 + 3*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 110*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 195*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 141*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + 37*a^6*e^12 + 45*(c^6*d^10*e^2 - 4*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + 9*(c^6*d^11*e + 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 30*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 50*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 35*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + 9*a^5*c*d^1e^11)*x)/((c*d*x + a*e)^3*c^7*d^7) + 1/3*(c^8*d^8*e^6*x^3 + 9*c^8*d^9*e^5*x^2 - 6*a*c^7*d^7*e^7*x^2 + 45*c^8*d^10*e^4*x - 72*a*c^7*d^8*e^6*x + 30*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^8*x)/(c^12*d^12)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{10}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left(\frac{3e^5}{c^4d^3} - \frac{2ae^7}{c^5d^5} \right) - x \left(\frac{6a^2e^8}{c^6d^6} - \frac{15e^4}{c^4d^2} + \frac{4ae \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^4d^3} - \frac{4ae^7}{c^5d^5} \right)}{cd} \right)$$

$$- \frac{x(27a^5e^{11} - 105a^4cd^2e^9 + 150a^3c^2d^4e^7 - 90a^2c^3d^6e^5 + 15ac^4d^8e^3 + 3c^5d^{10}e) + x^2(15a^4cde^9 - 15a^3c^2d^3e^7 + 15a^2c^3d^5e^5 - 15ac^4d^7e^3 + 3c^5d^9e)}{a^3c^6d^6e^3}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(ae+cdx)(20a^3e^9 - 60a^2cd^2e^7 + 60ac^2d^4e^5 - 20c^3d^6e^3)}{c^7d^7} + \frac{e^6x^3}{3c^4d^4}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^10/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^2 \left(\frac{3e^5}{c^4 d^3} - \frac{2ae^7}{c^5 d^5} \right) - x \left(\frac{6a^2 e^8}{c^6 d^6} - \frac{15e^4}{c^4 d^2} + \frac{4ae \left(\frac{6e^5}{c^4 d^3} - \frac{4ae^7}{c^5 d^5} \right)}{c d} \right) \\ & - \left(\frac{x(27a^5 e^{11} + 3c^5 d^{10} e + 15ac^4 d^8 e^3 - 105a^4 c d^2 e^9 - 90a^2 c^3 d^6 e^5 + 150a^3 c^2 d^4 e^7) + x^2(15c^5 d^9 e^2 - 60a^2 c^4 d^7 e^4 + 90a^2 c^3 d^5 e^6 - 60a^3 c^2 d^3 e^8 + 15a^4 c d e^{10})}{(3c^4 d^8 e^4 - 110a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 195a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8)} \right) \\ & + \frac{(37a^6 e^{12} + c^6 d^{12} + 3ac^5 d^{10} e^2 - 141a^5 c^2 d^2 e^{10} + 15a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 - 110a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 195a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8)}{(3c^4 d^8 e^4 - 110a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 195a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8)} \\ & - \frac{(\log(ae + cdx) * (20a^3 e^9 - 20c^3 d^6 e^3 + 60a^2 c^2 d^4 e^5 - 60a^2 c^2 d^2 e^7))}{(c^7 d^7)} + \frac{e^6 x^3}{(3c^4 d^4)} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 749, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{10}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 \log(cdx + ae) a^4 c^3 d^3 e^9 x^3 + 180 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c^4 d^5 e^7 x^3 - 180 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^5 d^7 e^5 x^3 + 60 \log(cdx + ae) a c^6 d^9 e^3 x^3 - 60 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^7 d^{11} e^1 x^3}{(3c^4 d^4 e^4 - 110a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 195a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^10/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**7*e**12 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d**2*e**1
0 - 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d*e**11*x - 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2
*d**4*e**8 + 540*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**9*x - 180*log(a*e + c*
d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**10*x**2 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**6 -
540*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**7*x + 540*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*
*3*d**4*e**8*x**2 - 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**3 + 180*log
(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**5*x - 540*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**6*
e**6*x**2 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**3 + 180*log(a*e +
c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**4*x**2 - 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**5
*x**3 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**9*e**3*x**3 - 50*a**7*e**12 + 150*a*
*6*c*d**2*e**10 - 90*a**6*c*d*e**11*x - 150*a**5*c**2*d**4*e**8 + 270*a**5
*c**2*d**3*e**9*x + 50*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**6 - 270*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**7*x + 6
0*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**3 + 90*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**5*x - 180*a**3*c**4*d**5
*e**7*x**3 + 15*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**5*d**10*e**2 + 180*a*
*2*c**5*d**7*e**5*x**3 - 45*a**2*c**5*d**6*e**6*x**4 - 3*a**2*c**5*d**5*e*
*7*x**5 - a*c**6*d**12 - 9*a*c**6*d**11*e*x - 60*a*c**6*d**9*e**3*x**3 + 4
5*a*c**6*d**8*e**4*x**4 + 9*a*c**6*d**7*e**5*x**5 + a*c**6*d**6*e**6*x**6
+ 15*c**7*d**11*e*x**3)/(3*a*c**7*d**7*(a**3*e**3 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**2*x + 3*
a*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + c**3*d**3*x**3))
```

3.139
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1046
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1047
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^4} dx = \frac{e^4(5cd^2-4ae^2)x}{c^5d^5} + \frac{e^5x^2}{2c^4d^4} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^5}{3c^6d^6(ae+cdx)^3} - \frac{5e(cd^2-ae^2)^4}{2c^6d^6(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{10e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{c^6d^6(ae+cdx)} + \frac{10e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^6d^6}$$

output

```
e^4*(-4*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x/c^5/d^5+1/2*e^5*x^2/c^4/d^4-1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/c^6/d^6/(c*d*x+a*e)^3-5/2*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/c^6/d^6/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-10*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/c^6/d^6/(c*d*x+a*e)+10*e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^6/d^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{47a^5e^{10} + a^4cde^8(-130d+81ex) + a^3c^2d^2e^6(110d^2-270dex-9e^2x^2) - a^2c^3d^3e^4(20d^3-270d^2ex+90d^2e^2x^2+63e^3x^3) - 5a^2c^4d^4e^2(d^4+12d^3ex-36d^2e^2x^2-18de^3x^3+3e^4x^4) + c^5d^5(-2d^5-15d^4ex-60d^3e^2x^2+30d^2e^4x^4+3e^5x^5) + 60e^3(c^2d^2-ae^2)^2(ae+c^2dx)^3 \operatorname{Log}[ae+c^2dx]}{(6c^6d^6(ae+c^2dx)^3)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^9/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
(47*a^5*e^10 + a^4*c*d*e^8*(-130*d + 81*e*x) + a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(110*d^2 - 270*d*e*x - 9*e^2*x^2) - a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(20*d^3 - 270*d^2*e*x + 90*d*e^2*x^2 + 63*e^3*x^3) - 5*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(d^4 + 12*d^3*e*x - 36*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 18*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(-2*d^5 - 15*d^4*e*x - 60*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 30*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 3*e^5*x^5) + 60*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(6*c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{10e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{5e(cd^2-ae^2)^4}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^3} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^5}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^4} + \frac{5cd^2e^4-4ae^6}{c^5d^5} + \frac{10e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e^5x}{c^4d^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{10e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^6d^6(ae + cdx)} - \frac{5e(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{2c^6d^6(ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}{3c^6d^6(ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{10e^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^6d^6} + \frac{e^4x(5cd^2 - 4ae^2)}{c^5d^5} + \frac{e^5x^2}{2c^4d^4}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^9/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(e^4*(5*c*d^2 - 4*a*e^2)*x)/(c^5*d^5) + (e^5*x^2)/(2*c^4*d^4) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5/(3*c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) - (5*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4)/(2*c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (10*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)/(c^6*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (10*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^6*d^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^4(-\frac{1}{2}cdx^2e+4ae^2x-5cd^2x)}{d^5c^5} - \frac{-a^5e^{10}+5a^4cd^2e^8-10a^3c^2d^4e^6+10a^2c^3d^6e^4-5ac^4d^8e^2+c^5d^{10}}{3d^6c^6(cdx+ae)^3} + \frac{10e^3(a^2e^4-2ac^3d^2)}{c^6d^6}$
risch	$\frac{e^5x^2}{2c^4d^4} - \frac{4e^6ax}{d^5c^5} + \frac{5e^4x}{d^3c^4} + \frac{(10a^3ce^8d-30a^2c^2e^6d^3+30ac^3e^4d^5-10c^4e^2d^7)x^2 + \frac{5e(7a^4e^8-20a^3cd^2e^6+18a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^2e^2+5c^4d^6)}{2}}{d^5c^5(cdx+ae)^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{110a^5e^{10}-2c^5d^{10}+270a^4cd^9e^8-540a^3c^2d^7e^6+270a^2c^3d^5e^4-15c^5d^9ex-360\ln(cdx+ae)x^2+180\ln(cdx+ae)x^2}{d^5c^5}$
norman	$\frac{110a^5e^{10}-175a^4cd^2e^8+11a^3c^2d^4e^6-20a^2c^3d^6e^4-5ac^4d^8e^2-2c^5d^{10}}{6c^6d^3} + \frac{e^8x^8}{2cd} + \frac{(110a^5e^{16}+635a^4cd^2e^{14}-664a^3c^2d^4e^{12}-776a^2c^3d^6e^{10}-552a^2c^2d^4e^8-224a^2cd^2e^6-112a^2cd^2e^4-112a^2cd^2e^2-112a^2cd^2)}{6d^6c^6e^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -e^4/d^5/c^5*(-1/2*c*d*x^2*e+4*a*e^2*x-5*c*d^2*x)-1/3/d^6/c^6*(-a^5*e^{10}+5 \\ & *a^4*c*d^2*e^8-10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6+10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4-5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2+c^5*d \\ & ^{10})/(c*d*x+a*e)^3+10*e^3/d^6/c^6*(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*\ln(c*d*x \\ & +a*e)-5/2/d^6*e/c^6*(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^6 \\ & *e^2+c^4*d^8)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+10*e^2/c^6/d^6*(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^ \\ & 2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(c*d*x+a*e) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 488 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^5d^5e^5x^5 - 2c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 - 20a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 110a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 130a^4cd^2e^8 + 47a^5e^{10} + 15(2c^5d^6e^4 - \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/6*(3*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^5 - 2*c^5*d^{10} - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 20*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 \\ & + 110*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 130*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 47*a^5*e^{10} + 15*(2*c^5*d^6*e \\ & ^4 - a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + 9*(10*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 7*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 - 3 \\ & *(20*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 60*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 30*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e \\ & ^8)*x^2 - 3*(5*c^5*d^9*e + 20*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 90*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 90*a^3*c \\ & ^2*d^3*e^7 - 27*a^4*c*d*e^9)*x + 60*(a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + \\ & a^5*e^{10} + (c^5*d^7*e^3 - 2*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^ \\ & 4*d^6*e^4 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 \\ & - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)*\log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^9*d^9*x^3 + 3*a \\ & *c^8*d^8*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^2*x + a^3*c^6*d^6*e^3) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx = x \left(-\frac{4ae^6}{c^5d^5} + \frac{5e^4}{c^4d^3} \right) + \frac{47a^5e^{10} - 130a^4cd^2e^8 + 110a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 20a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 5ac^4d^8e^2 - 2c^5d^{10} + x^2 \cdot (60a^3c^2d^2e^8 - 180a^2c^3d^4e^6 + 180a^2c^3d^4e^6 + 180ac^4d^8e^2 - 60c^5d^{10})}{6a^3c^6d^6e^3 + 18a^2c^7d^7e^2x + 18ac^8d^8e^2x^2} + \frac{e^5x^2}{2c^4d^4} + \frac{10e^3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^6d^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**9/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)`

output

```
x*(-4*a*e**6/(c**5*d**5) + 5*e**4/(c**4*d**3)) + (47*a**5*e**10 - 130*a**4
*c*d**2*e**8 + 110*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 20*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 5*a*c**4
*d**8*e**2 - 2*c**5*d**10 + x**2*(60*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8 - 180*a**2*c**3*d
**4*e**6 + 180*a*c**4*d**6*e**4 - 60*c**5*d**8*e**2) + x*(105*a**4*c*d*e**
9 - 300*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7 + 270*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5 - 60*a*c**4*d**7*e**
3 - 15*c**5*d**9*e))/(6*a**3*c**6*d**6*e**3 + 18*a**2*c**7*d**7*e**2*x + 1
8*a*c**8*d**8*e*x**2 + 6*c**9*d**9*x**3) + e**5*x**2/(2*c**4*d**4) + 10*e
**3*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**6*d**6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx = \frac{2c^5d^{10} + 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 20a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 110a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 130a^4cd^2e^8 - 47a^5e^{10} + 60(c^5d^8e^2 - 3ac^4d^6e^4 + 3ac^4d^6e^4 + 3ac^4d^6e^4 + 3ac^4d^6e^4)}{6(c^9d^9x^3 + 3ac^8d^8ex^2 + 3a^2c^7d^7e^2x + 18ac^8d^8e^2x^2)} + \frac{cde^5x^2 + 2(5cd^2e^4 - 4ae^6)x}{2c^5d^5} + \frac{10(c^2d^4e^3 - 2acd^2e^5 + a^2e^7) \log(cdx + ae)}{c^6d^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/6*(2*c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 20*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 110*a^3*c^2*d^4*
e^6 + 130*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 47*a^5*e^10 + 60*(c^5*d^8*e^2 - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^4
+ 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 15*(c^5*d^9*e + 4*a*c^4*d^7*e
^3 - 18*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 20*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 7*a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)/(c^9*d^9*
x^3 + 3*a*c^8*d^8*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^2*x + a^3*c^6*d^6*e^3) + 1/2*(c*
d*e^5*x^2 + 2*(5*c*d^2*e^4 - 4*a*e^6)*x)/(c^5*d^5) + 10*(c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a
*c*d^2*e^5 + a^2*e^7)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^6*d^6)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx = \frac{10(c^2d^4e^3 - 2acd^2e^5 + a^2e^7) \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^6d^6} \\ - \frac{2c^5d^{10} + 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 20a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 110a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 130a^4cd^2e^8 - 47a^5e^{10} + 60(c^5d^8e^2 - 3ac^4d^6e^4 + 3a^2c^3d^4e^6 - a^3c^2d^2e^8)}{6(cdx+ae)^3c^6} \\ + \frac{c^4d^4e^5x^2 + 10c^4d^5e^4x - 8ac^3d^3e^6x}{2c^8d^8}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac
")
```

output

```
10*(c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^5 + a^2*e^7)*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^6*d^6)
- 1/6*(2*c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 20*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 110*a^3*c^2*d^
4*e^6 + 130*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 47*a^5*e^10 + 60*(c^5*d^8*e^2 - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^
4 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 15*(c^5*d^9*e + 4*a*c^4*d^7
*e^3 - 18*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 20*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 7*a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)/((c*d*x
+ a*e)^3*c^6*d^6) + 1/2*(c^4*d^4*e^5*x^2 + 10*c^4*d^5*e^4*x - 8*a*c^3*d^3
*e^6*x)/(c^8*d^8)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx = x \left(\frac{5e^4}{c^4 d^3} - \frac{4ae^6}{c^5 d^5} \right) - \frac{x^2(-10a^3 c d e^8 + 30a^2 c^2 d^3 e^6 - 30a c^3 d^5 e^4 + 10c^4 d^7 e^2) + x \left(-\frac{35a^4 e^9}{2} + 50a^3 c d^2 e^7 - 45a^2 c^2 d^4 e^5 + 35a c^3 d^6 e^3 + 3a^2 c^4 d^8 e \right)}{a^3 c^5 d^5 e^3 + 3a^2 c^6 d^6 e^2 x + 3a c^7 d^7 e x^2 + c^8 d^8 x^3} + \frac{\ln(ae+cdx)(10a^2 e^7 - 20ac d^2 e^5 + 10c^2 d^4 e^3)}{c^6 d^6} + \frac{e^5 x^2}{2c^4 d^4}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^9/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`output `x*((5*e^4)/(c^4*d^3) - (4*a*e^6)/(c^5*d^5)) - (x^2*(10*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 30*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 30*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 10*a^3*c*d*e^8) + x*((5*c^4*d^8*e)/2 - (35*a^4*e^9)/2 + 10*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 50*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - 45*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5) + (2*c^5*d^10 - 47*a^5*e^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 130*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 20*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 110*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)/(6*c*d))/(c^8*d^8*x^3 + a^3*c^5*d^5*e^3 + 3*a*c^7*d^7*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^2*x) + (log(a*e + c*d*x)*(10*a^2*e^7 + 10*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 20*a*c*d^2*e^5))/(c^6*d^6) + (e^5*x^2)/(2*c^4*d^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^9}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx = \frac{180 \log(cdx+ae) a^5 c d e^9 x + 60 \log(cdx+ae) a^3 c^3 d^3 e^7 x^3 - 120 \log(cdx+ae) a^2 c^4 d^5 e^5 x^3 + 60 \log(cdx+ae) a c^5 d^7 e^3 x^3 + 30 a^2 c^6 d^9 e x^3 + 30 a c^7 d^{11} e^3 x^3 + c^8 d^{13} e^5 x^3}{(a^3 c^5 d^5 e^3 + 3 a^2 c^6 d^6 e^2 x + 3 a c^7 d^7 e x^2 + c^8 d^8 x^3)^4}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^9/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output

```
(60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*e**10 - 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d**2*e**8 +
180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d*e**9*x + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**4*
e**6 - 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**7*x + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a
**4*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**5*x - 360
*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3
*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 - 120*log(
a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**7*e*
*3*x**3 + 50*a**6*e**10 - 100*a**5*c*d**2*e**8 + 90*a**5*c*d*e**9*x + 50*a
**4*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 180*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**7*x + 90*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**5*x
- 60*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 - 5*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**2 + 120*a**2*c**4*d**5
*e**5*x**3 - 15*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 2*a*c**5*d**10 - 15*a*c**5*d**9
*e*x - 60*a*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 + 30*a*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 + 3*a*c**5*d**5
*e**5*x**5 + 20*c**6*d**9*e*x**3)/(6*a*c**6*d**6*(a**3*e**3 + 3*a**2*c*d*e
**2*x + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + c**3*d**3*x**3))
```

3.140
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1054
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1054
Rubi [A] (verified)	1055
Maple [A] (verified)	1056
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1057
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1057
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1058
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1058
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1059
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1060

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{e^4x}{c^4d^4} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^4}{3c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^3} - \frac{2e(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{6e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^5d^5(ae+cdx)} + \frac{4e^3(cd^2-ae^2)\log(ae+cdx)}{c^5d^5}$$

output `e^4*x/c^4/d^4-1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/c^5/d^5/(c*d*x+a*e)^3-2*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/c^5/d^5/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-6*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/c^5/d^5/(c*d*x+a*e)+4*e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^5/d^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{-13a^4e^8 + a^3cde^6(22d - 27ex) - 3a^2c^2d^2e^4(2d^2 - 18dex + 3e^2x^2) + ac^3d^3e^2(-2d^3 - 18d^2ex + 36de^2x^2)}{3c^5d^5(ae + cdx)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^8/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output

$$(-13*a^4*e^8 + a^3*c*d*e^6*(22*d - 27*e*x) - 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(2*d^2 - 18*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(-2*d^3 - 18*d^2*e*x + 36*d*e^2*x^2 + 9*e^3*x^3) - c^4*(d^8 + 6*d^7*e*x + 18*d^6*e^2*x^2 - 3*d^4*e^4*x^4) - 12*e^3*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(3*c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^8}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{6(cd^2e - ae^3)^2}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)^4} + \frac{4(cd^2e^3 - ae^5)}{c^4d^4(ae + cdx)} + \frac{e^4}{c^4d^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{6e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^5d^5(ae + cdx)} - \frac{2e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^5d^5(ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}{3c^5d^5(ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{4e^3(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5d^5} + \frac{e^4x}{c^4d^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^8/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]$$

output

$$(e^4*x)/(c^4*d^4) - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4/(3*c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) - (2*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)/(c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (6*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (4*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^5*d^5)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
risch	$\frac{e^4 x}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{(-6a^2 e^6 cd + 12a e^4 c^2 d^3 - 6d^5 c^3 e^2)x^2 - 2e(5e^6 a^3 - 9d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3)x - \frac{13a^4 e^8 - 22a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 2a^2 c^4 d^6}{3cd}}{d^4 c^4 (cdx + ae)^3}$
default	$\frac{e^4 x}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8}{3d^5 c^5 (cdx + ae)^3} - \frac{4e^3 (a e^2 - c d^2) \ln(cdx + ae)}{d^5 c^5} + \frac{2e(e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 2a^2 c^4 d^6)}{d^5 c^5 (cdx + ae)^2}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{22a^4 e^8 - 22a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 2a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8}{3d^5 c^5} - 12 \ln(cdx + ae) a^3 c d^2 e^6 - 54a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 x + 18a c^3 d^5 e^3 x - 12 \ln(cdx + ae) x^3$
norman	$\frac{e^7 x^7}{cd} - \frac{22a^4 e^8 - 13a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 2a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8}{3c^5 d^2} - \frac{(22a^4 e^{14} + 149a^3 c d^2 e^{12} + 33a^2 c^2 d^4 e^{10} + 29a c^3 d^6 e^8 + 82c^4 d^8 e^6)x^3}{3d^5 c^5 e^3} - \frac{(22a^4 e^8 - 22a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 2a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)}{3d^5 c^5}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e^4*x/c^4/d^4+((-6*a^2*c*d*e^6+12*a*c^2*d^3*e^4-6*c^3*d^5*e^2)*x^2-2*e*(5*
a^3*e^6-9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)*x-1/3*(13*a^4*e^8-22*a^3*
c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+2*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/c/d)/d^4/c^4/(c*d*x+a
*e)^3-4*e^5/d^5/c^5*ln(c*d*x+a*e)*a+4*e^3/d^3/c^4*ln(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^4d^4e^4x^4 + 9ac^3d^3e^5x^3 - c^4d^8 - 2ac^3d^6e^2 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 22a^3cd^2e^6 - 13a^4e^8 - 9(2c^4d^6e^2 - 4ac^3d^4e^4 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^6)x^2 - 3(2c^4d^7e + 6a^3c^3d^5e^3 - 18a^2c^2d^3e^5 + 9a^3cd^4e^7)x + 12(a^3cd^2e^6 - a^4e^8 + (c^4d^5e^3 - ac^3d^3e^5)x^3 + 3(a^2c^2d^2e^6 - a^3cd^4e^7)x^2 + 3(a^2c^2d^3e^5 - a^3cd^4e^7)x) \log(cdex + ae)}{(c^8d^8x^3 + 3a^3c^7d^7e^2x^2 + 3a^2c^6d^6e^2x + a^3c^5d^5e^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 9*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^3 - c^4*d^8 - 2*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 22*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 13*a^4*e^8 - 9*(2*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 - 3*(2*c^4*d^7*e + 6*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 18*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 9*a^3*c*d^4*e^7)*x + 12*(a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 - a^3*c*d^4*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d^4*e^7)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^8*d^8*x^3 + 3*a^3*c^7*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^2*x + a^3*c^5*d^5*e^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-13a^4e^8 + 22a^3cd^2e^6 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 2ac^3d^6e^2 - c^4d^8 + x^2(-18a^2c^2d^2e^6 + 36ac^3d^4e^4 - 18c^4d^6e^2) + x(-3a^3c^5d^5e^3 + 9a^2c^6d^6e^2x + 9ac^7d^7ex^2 + 3c^8d^8x^3)}{3a^3c^5d^5e^3 + 9a^2c^6d^6e^2x + 9ac^7d^7ex^2 + 3c^8d^8x^3} + \frac{e^4x}{c^4d^4} - \frac{4e^3(ae^2 - cd^2) \log(ae + cdx)}{c^5d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**8/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)`

output

```
(-13*a**4*e**8 + 22*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 2*a*c**3*d*
*6*e**2 - c**4*d**8 + x**2*(-18*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 36*a*c**3*d**4*e**4
- 18*c**4*d**6*e**2) + x*(-30*a**3*c*d*e**7 + 54*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5 - 18*
a*c**3*d**5*e**3 - 6*c**4*d**7*e)) / (3*a**3*c**5*d**5*e**3 + 9*a**2*c**6*d*
*6*e**2*x + 9*a*c**7*d**7*e*x**2 + 3*c**8*d**8*x**3) + e**4*x / (c**4*d**4)
- 4*e**3*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*log(a*e + c*d*x) / (c**5*d**5)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^4d^8 + 2ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 22a^3cd^2e^6 + 13a^4e^8 + 18(c^4d^6e^2 - 2ac^3d^4e^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^6)x^2 + 6(c^4d^7e + 3a^3cd^5e^3 - 9a^2c^2d^3e^5 + 5a^3c^2d^2e^7)x + 3(c^8d^8x^3 + 3ac^7d^7ex^2 + 3a^2c^6d^6e^2x + a^3c^5d^5e^3)}{3(c^8d^8x^3 + 3ac^7d^7ex^2 + 3a^2c^6d^6e^2x + a^3c^5d^5e^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4x}{c^4d^4} + \frac{4(cd^2e^3 - ae^5)\log(cdx + ae)}{c^5d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxi
ma")
```

output

```
-1/3*(c^4*d^8 + 2*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 22*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 1
3*a^4*e^8 + 18*(c^4*d^6*e^2 - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 6*(
c^4*d^7*e + 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 5*a^3*c*d^2*e^7)*x) / (c^8*d
^8*x^3 + 3*a*c^7*d^7*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^2*x + a^3*c^5*d^5*e^3) + e^4*x
/ (c^4*d^4) + 4*(c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*log(c*d*x + a*e) / (c^5*d^5)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^8}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{e^4x}{c^4d^4} + \frac{4(cd^2e^3 - ae^5)\log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^5d^5}$$

$$- \frac{c^4d^8 + 2ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 22a^3cd^2e^6 + 13a^4e^8 + 18(c^4d^6e^2 - 2ac^3d^4e^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^6)x^2 + 6(c^4d^7e + 3a^3cd^5e^3 - 9a^2c^2d^3e^5 + 5a^3c^2d^2e^7)x + 3(cdx + ae)^3c^5d^5}{3(cdx + ae)^3c^5d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{e^4 x}{c^4 d^4} + 4(c^2 d^2 e^3 - a e^5) \log(\text{abs}(c d x + a e)) / (c^5 d^5) - \frac{1}{3} \frac{(c^4 d^8 + 2 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 22 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 13 a^4 e^8 + 18(c^4 d^6 e^2 - 2 a c^3 d^4 e^4 + a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6) x^2 + 6(c^4 d^7 e + 3 a c^3 d^5 e^3 - 9 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 + 5 a^3 c d e^7) x)}{(c d x + a e)^3 c^5 d^5}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^8}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{e^4 x}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{x(10a^3e^7 - 18a^2cd^2e^5 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^3 + 2c^3d^6e) + x^2(6a^2cde^6 - 12a^2c^2d^3e^4 + 6c^3d^5e^2) + \frac{13a^4e^8}{a^3c^4d^4e^3 + 3a^2c^5d^5e^2x + 3ac^6d^6e^2x^2 + c^7d^7x^3}}{c^5d^5} - \frac{\ln(ae + cdx)(4ae^5 - 4cd^2e^3)}{c^5d^5}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^8/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output
$$\frac{e^4 x}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{(x(10a^3e^7 + 2c^3d^6e + 6a^2c^2d^4e^3 - 18a^2c^2d^2e^5) + x^2(6c^3d^5e^2 - 12a^2c^2d^3e^4 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^6) + (13a^4e^8 + c^4d^8 + 2a^2c^3d^6e^2 - 22a^3c^2d^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4)/(3cd))}{(c^7d^7x^3 + a^3c^4d^4e^3 + 3a^2c^6d^6e^2x + 3a^2c^5d^5e^2x) - (\log(ae + cdx)(4ae^5 - 4c^2d^2e^3))}{c^5d^5}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^8}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(cdx + ae) a^5 e^8 + 12 \log(cdx + ae) a^4 c d^2 e^6 - 36 \log(cdx + ae) a^4 c d e^7 x + 36 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c^2 d^3 e^5 x^2 - 36 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^3 + 36 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^3 d^4 e^4 x^4 - 12 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^3 d^3 e^5 x^5 + 12 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^4 d^5 e^3 x^6 - 10 a^5 e^8 + 10 a^4 c d^2 e^6 - 2 a^2 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 18 a^3 c^2 d^3 e^5 x - 2 a^2 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 12 a^2 c^3 d^3 e^5 x^3 - a^2 c^4 d^8 - 6 a^2 c^4 d^7 e x - 12 a^2 c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 6 c^5 d^7 e x^3}{(3 a^5 c^5 d^5 (a^3 e^3 + 3 a^2 c d e^2 x + 3 a c^2 d^2 e x^2 + c^3 d^3 x^3))}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^8/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output `(- 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*e**8 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**6 - 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**7*x + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x^2 - 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 - 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**6 - 10*a**5*e**8 + 10*a**4*c*d**2*e**6 - 18*a**4*c*d*e**7*x + 18*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x - 2*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 12*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 - a*c**4*d**8 - 6*a*c**4*d**7*e*x - 12*a*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 3*a*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 6*c**5*d**7*e*x**3)/(3*a**5*c**5*d**5*(a**3*e**3 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**2*x + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + c**3*d**3*x**3))`

3.141
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1061
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1061
Rubi [A] (verified)	1062
Maple [A] (verified)	1063
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{3c^4d^4(ae+cdx)^3} - \frac{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{2c^4d^4(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^4d^4(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{c^4d^4}$$

output

$$-1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/c^4/d^4/(c*d*x+a*e)^3-3/2*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/c^4/d^4/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-3*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^4/d^4/(c*d*x+a*e)+e^3*\ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^4/d^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{-\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(11a^2e^4+acde^2(5d+27ex)+c^2d^2(2d^2+9dex+18e^2x^2))}{(ae+cdx)^3} + 6e^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{6c^4d^4}$$

input

`Integrate[(d + e*x)^7/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output

$$\frac{-((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(11*a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(5*d + 27*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(2*d^2 + 9*d*e*x + 18*e^2*x^2)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^3 + 6*e^3*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(6*c^4*d^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^7}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{e^3}{c^3 d^3 (ae + cdx)} + \frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3 d^3 (ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^3 d^3 (ae + cdx)^4} + \frac{3(cd^2 e^2 - ae^4)}{c^3 d^3 (ae + cdx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{3e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^4 d^4 (ae + cdx)} - \frac{3e (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{2c^4 d^4 (ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{3c^4 d^4 (ae + cdx)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^7/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3/(c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) - (3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(2*c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (3*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (e^3*\text{Log}[a*e + c*d*x])/(c^4*d^4)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
risch	$\frac{3e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)x^2}{c^2d^2} + \frac{3e(3a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)x}{2d^3c^3} + \frac{11e^6a^3 - 6d^2e^4a^2c - 3d^4e^2ac^2 - 2d^6c^3}{6d^4c^4} + \frac{e^3 \ln(cdx+ae)}{c^4d^4}$
default	$-\frac{e^6a^3 + 3d^2e^4a^2c - 3d^4e^2ac^2 + d^6c^3}{3d^4c^4(cdx+ae)^3} + \frac{e^3 \ln(cdx+ae)}{c^4d^4} - \frac{3e(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2d^4c^4(cdx+ae)^2} + \frac{3e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^4d^4(cdx+ae)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6 \ln(cdx+ae)x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 18 \ln(cdx+ae)x^2ac^2d^2e^4 + 18 \ln(cdx+ae)xa^2cd^2e^5 + 18x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 18c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 6 \ln(cdx+ae)a^3e^6 - 6d^4c^4(cdx+ae)^3}{6d^4c^4(cdx+ae)^3}$
norman	$\frac{11e^6a^3 - 6d^2e^4a^2c - 3d^4e^2ac^2 - 2d^6c^3}{6c^4d} + \frac{(11a^3e^{12} + 75a^2cd^2e^{10} - 3d^4ac^2e^8 - 83d^6e^6c^3)x^3}{6d^4c^4e^3} + \frac{(11a^3e^{10} + 21a^2cd^2e^8 - 15d^4ac^2e^6 - 17c^3d^4)}{2d^3c^4e^2} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^3(cdx+ae)^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (3*e^2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)/c^2/d^2*x^2+3/2*e*(3*a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)/d
^3/c^3*x+1/6*(11*a^3*e^6-6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-2*c^3*d^6)/d^4/c^
4)/(c*d*x+a*e)^3+e^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c^4/d^4
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{2c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2+6a^2cd^2e^4-11a^3e^6+18(c^3d^4e^2-ac^2d^2e^4)x^2+9(c^3d^5e+2ac^2d^3e^3-3a^2cde^5)x-6(c^3d^3e^3x^3+3a^2c^2d^2e^4x^2+3a^2cde^5x+a^3e^6)\log(cdex+ae)}{6(c^7d^7x^3+3ac^6d^6ex^2+3a^2c^5d^5e^2x+a^3c^4d^4e^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 11*a^3*e^6 + 18*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 9*(c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x - 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + a^3*e^6)*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^7*d^7*x^3 + 3*a*c^6*d^6*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2*x + a^3*c^4*d^4*e^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{11a^3e^6-6a^2cd^2e^4-3ac^2d^4e^2-2c^3d^6+x^2\cdot(18ac^2d^2e^4-18c^3d^4e^2)+x(27a^2cde^5-18ac^2d^3e^3-9c^3d^5e)}{6a^3c^4d^4e^3+18a^2c^5d^5e^2x+18ac^6d^6ex^2+6c^7d^7x^3} + \frac{e^3\log(ae+cdx)}{c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**7/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)`

output `(11*a**3*e**6 - 6*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 2*c**3*d**6 + x**2*(18*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 18*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(27*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 18*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 9*c**3*d**5*e))/(6*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**3 + 18*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**2*x + 18*a*c**6*d**6*e*x**2 + 6*c**7*d**7*x**3) + e**3*log(a*e + c*d*x)/(c**4*d**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2+6a^2cd^2e^4-11a^3e^6+18(c^3d^4e^2-ac^2d^2e^4)x^2+9(c^3d^5e+2ac^2d^3e^3-3a^2cde^5)x}{6(c^7d^7x^3+3ac^6d^6ex^2+3a^2c^5d^5e^2x+a^3c^4d^4e^3)}$$

$$+\frac{e^3 \log(cdx+ae)}{c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 11*a^3*e^6 + 18*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 9*(c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(c^7*d^7*x^3 + 3*a*c^6*d^6*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2*x + a^3*c^4*d^4*e^3) + e^3*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^4*d^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{e^3 \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^4d^4}$$

$$-\frac{18(c^2d^3e^2-acde^4)x^2+9(c^2d^4e+2acd^2e^3-3a^2e^5)x+\frac{2c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2+6a^2cd^2e^4-11a^3e^6}{cd}}{6(cdx+ae)^3c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^3*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^4*d^4) - 1/6*(18*(c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 9*(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x + (2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 11*a^3*e^6)/(c*d))/((c*d*x + a*e)^3*c^3*d^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 \ln(ae+cdx)}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{-11a^3 e^6 + 6a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 2c^3 d^6}{6c^4 d^4} + \frac{3x(-3a^2 e^5 + 2ac d^2 e^3 + c^2 d^4 e)}{2c^3 d^3} - \frac{3e^2 x^2 (ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^2 d^2}$$

$$- \frac{a^3 e^3 + 3a^2 c d e^2 x + 3a c^2 d^2 e x^2 + c^3 d^3 x^3}{a^3 e^3 + 3a^2 c d e^2 x + 3a c^2 d^2 e x^2 + c^3 d^3 x^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^7/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`output `(e^3*log(a*e + c*d*x))/(c^4*d^4) - ((2*c^3*d^6 - 11*a^3*e^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(6*c^4*d^4) + (3*x*(c^2*d^4*e - 3*a^2*e^5 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(2*c^3*d^3) - (3*e^2*x^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2))/(a^3*e^3 + c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(cdx + ae) a^4 e^6 + 18 \log(cdx + ae) a^3 c d e^5 x + 18 \log(cdx + ae) a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 x^2 + 6 \log(cdx + ae) a c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3}{6a c^4 d^4 (c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3a c^2 d^2 e x^2 + 3a^2 c d e^2 x + a^3 e^3)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`output `(6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**6 + 18*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d*e**5*x + 18*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 6*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 5*a**4*e**6 + 9*a**3*c*d*e**5*x - 3*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 2*a*c**3*d**6 - 9*a*c**3*d**5*e*x - 6*a*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 6*c**4*d**5*e*x**3)/(6*a*c**4*d**4*(a**3*e**3 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**2*x + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + c**3*d**3*x**3))`

$$3.142 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1067
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1067
Rubi [A] (verified)	1068
Maple [B] (verified)	1069
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1069
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1070
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1070
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1071
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1071
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1072

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)^3}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^3}$$

output `-1/3*(e*x+d)^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a^2e^4 + acde^2(d+3ex) + c^2d^2(d^2+3dex+3e^2x^2)}{3c^3d^3(ae+cdx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^6/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(d + 3*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2))/(c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^6}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 1120

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ae + cdx)^4} dx$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(d + ex)^3}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^6/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(d + e*x)^3/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{3x^2c^2d^2e^2+3xacde^3+3xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{3d^3c^3(cd+ae)^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3x^2c^2d^2e^2-3xacde^3-3xc^2d^3e-a^2e^4-acd^2e^2-c^2d^4}{3d^3c^3(cd+ae)^3}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{e^2x^2}{cd} - \frac{e(ae^2+cd^2)x}{c^2d^2} - \frac{a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{3d^3c^3}}{(cd+ae)^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{3c^3d^3(cd+ae)^3} + \frac{e(ae^2-cd^2)}{d^3c^3(cd+ae)^2} - \frac{e^2}{c^3d^3(cd+ae)}$
orering	$-\frac{(3x^2c^2d^2e^2+3xacde^3+3xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(cd+ae)(ex+d)^4}{3d^3c^3(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^4}$
norman	$-\frac{e^5x^5}{dc} + \frac{(-a^2e^6-2acd^2e^4-2c^2d^4e^2)x}{c^3de} + \frac{(-ae^8-4ce^6d^2)x^4}{e^2c^2d^2} + \frac{(-e^8a^2-4acd^2e^6-5c^2e^4d^4)x^2}{c^3d^2e^2} + \frac{-a^2e^4-acd^2e^2-c^2d^4}{3c^3} + \frac{(-a^2e^{10}}{(ex+d)^3(cd+ae)^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+3*a*c*d*e^3*x+3*c^2*d^3*e*x+a^2*e^4+a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/d^3/c^3/(c*d*x+a*e)^3$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3c^2d^2e^2x^2+c^2d^4+acd^2e^2+a^2e^4+3(c^2d^3e+acde^3)x}{3(c^6d^6x^3+3ac^5d^5ex^2+3a^2c^4d^4e^2x+a^3c^3d^3e^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 3*(c^2*d^3*e +
a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(c^6*d^6*x^3 + 3*a*c^5*d^5*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*x + a^
3*c^3*d^3*e^3)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2e^4 - acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 - 3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + x(-3acde^3 - 3c^2d^3e)}{3a^3c^3d^3e^3 + 9a^2c^4d^4e^2x + 9ac^5d^5ex^2 + 3c^6d^6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**6/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)
```

output

```
(-a**2*e**4 - a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4 - 3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(-3*a*
c*d*e**3 - 3*c**2*d**3*e))/(3*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**3 + 9*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**2*
x + 9*a*c**5*d**5*e*x**2 + 3*c**6*d**6*x**3)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 3(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{3(c^6d^6x^3 + 3ac^5d^5ex^2 + 3a^2c^4d^4e^2x + a^3c^3d^3e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxi
ma")
```

output

$$-1/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 3*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(c^6*d^6*x^3 + 3*a*c^5*d^5*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*x + a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3)$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^3ex + 3acde^3x + c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4}{3(cdx + ae)^3c^3d^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^3*e*x + 3*a*c*d*e^3*x + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/((c*d*x + a*e)^3*c^3*d^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{d}{3c} + e\left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{x^3}{3a}\right) + \frac{ae^2}{3c^2d}}{a^3e^3 + 3a^2cde^2x + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + c^3d^3x^3}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^6/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)
```

output

$$-(d/(3*c) + e*(x/c - x^3/(3*a)) + (a*e^2)/(3*c^2*d))/(a^3*e^3 + c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^6}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{c^2 d e x^3 - 3 a c d e x - a^2 e^2 - a c d^2}{3 a c^2 d (c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3 a c^2 d^2 e x^2 + 3 a^2 c d e^2 x + a^3 e^3)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output `(- a**2*e**2 - a*c*d**2 - 3*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d*e*x**3)/(3*a*c**2*d*(a**3*e**3 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**2*x + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + c**3*d**3*x**3))`

$$3.143 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1073
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1073
Rubi [A] (verified)	1074
Maple [A] (verified)	1075
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1075
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1077
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1077

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{3c^2d^2(ae+cdx)^3} - \frac{e}{2c^2d^2(ae+cdx)^2}$$

output

$$-1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^3-1/2*e/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{ae^2+cd(2d+3ex)}{6c^2d^2(ae+cdx)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(d+e*x)^5/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(a*e^2+c*d*(2*d+3*e*x))/(c^2*d^2*(a*e+c*d*x)^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd(ae + cd x)^4} + \frac{e}{cd(ae + cd x)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{3c^2d^2(ae + cd x)^3} - \frac{e}{2c^2d^2(ae + cd x)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) - e/(2*c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{3cdxe+ae^2+2cd^2}{6c^2d^2(cd+ae)^3}$	37
risch	$-\frac{\frac{ex}{2cd}-\frac{ae^2+2cd^2}{6c^2d^2}}{(cd+ae)^3}$	43
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3d^2e^2cx-ad^2c-2c^2d^3}{6d^3c^3(cd+ae)^3}$	46
default	$-\frac{-ae^2+cd^2}{3c^2d^2(cd+ae)^3}-\frac{e}{2c^2d^2(cd+ae)^2}$	51
orering	$-\frac{(3cdxe+ae^2+2cd^2)(cd+ae)(ex+d)^4}{6c^2d^2(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^4}$	69
norman	$\frac{-ade^2c-2c^2d^3}{6c^3}+\frac{(-acd^4-3c^2d^3e^2)x}{2c^3de}-\frac{e^4x^4}{2dc}+\frac{(-acd^6-5e^4d^3c^2)x^2}{2c^3d^2e^2}+\frac{(-acd^8-11e^6d^3c^2)x^3}{6e^3d^3c^3}$ $(ex+d)^3(cd+ae)^3$	156

input `int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6/c^2/d^2*(3*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+2*c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3cdex+2cd^2+ae^2}{6(c^5d^5x^3+3ac^4d^4ex^2+3a^3c^3d^3e^2x+a^3c^2d^2e^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(3*c*d*e*x+2*c*d^2+a*e^2)/(c^5*d^5*x^3+3*a*c^4*d^4*e*x^2+3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x+a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{-ae^2-2cd^2-3cdex}{6a^3c^2d^2e^3+18a^2c^3d^3e^2x+18ac^4d^4ex^2+6c^5d^5x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)`

output `(-a*e**2 - 2*c*d**2 - 3*c*d*e*x)/(6*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**3 + 18*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x + 18*a*c**4*d**4*e*x**2 + 6*c**5*d**5*x**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{3cdex+2cd^2+ae^2}{6(c^5d^5x^3+3ac^4d^4ex^2+3a^2c^3d^3e^2x+a^3c^2d^2e^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(3*c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(c^5*d^5*x^3 + 3*a*c^4*d^4*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x + a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{3cdex+2cd^2+ae^2}{6(cdx+ae)^3c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/6*(3*c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((c*d*x + a*e)^3*c^2*d^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{2cd^2 + ae^2}{6c^2d^2} + \frac{ex}{2cd}}{a^3e^3 + 3a^2cde^2x + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + c^3d^3x^3}$$

input $\text{int}((d + e*x)^5/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4, x)$

output $-((a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2)/(6*c^2*d^2) + (e*x)/(2*c*d))/(a^3*e^3 + c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{-3cdex - ae^2 - 2cd^2}{6c^2d^2(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)}$$

input $\text{int}((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4, x)$

output $(-a*e**2 - 2*c*d**2 - 3*c*d*e*x)/(6*c**2*d**2*(a**3*e**3 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**2*x + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + c**3*d**3*x**3))$

$$3.144 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1078
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1078
Rubi [A] (verified)	1079
Maple [A] (verified)	1080
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1080
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1081
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1081
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1081
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1082
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1082

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3cd(ae+cdx)^3}$$

output

```
-1/3/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3cd(ae+cdx)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*1/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1120, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1120$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 17$$

$$-\frac{1}{3cd(ae + cdx)^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*1/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1120 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (EqQ[m + p, 0] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{1}{3cd(cd x+ae)^3}$	19
default	$-\frac{1}{3cd(cd x+ae)^3}$	19
risch	$-\frac{1}{3cd(cd x+ae)^3}$	19
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{3cd(cd x+ae)^3}$	19
orering	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^4}{3cd(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^4}$	51
norman	$\frac{-\frac{edx}{c} - \frac{e^2x^2}{c} - \frac{d^2}{3e} - \frac{e^3x^3}{3cd}}{(ex+d)^3(cd x+ae)^3}$	61

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)^3`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 52 vs. 2(18) = 36.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3(c^4d^4x^3+3ac^3d^3ex^2+3a^2c^2d^2e^2x+a^3cde^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3/(c^4*d^4*x^3+3*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^2+3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x+a^3*c*d*e^3)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 58 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3a^3cde^3+9a^2c^2d^2e^2x+9ac^3d^3ex^2+3c^4d^4x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)`

output `-1/(3*a**3*c*d*e**3 + 9*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x + 9*a*c**3*d**3*e*x**2 + 3*c**4*d**4*x**3)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 52 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3(c^4d^4x^3+3ac^3d^3ex^2+3a^2c^2d^2e^2x+a^3cde^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3/(c^4*d^4*x^3 + 3*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + a^3*c*d*e^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3(cdx+ae)^3cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/3/((c*d*x + a*e)^3*c*d)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3a^3 c d e^3 + 9a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x + 9a c^3 d^3 e x^2 + 3c^4 d^4 x^3}$$

input $\text{int}((d + e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)$

output $-1/(3*c^4*d^4*x^3 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^3 + 9*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^2 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3cd(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)}$$

input $\text{int}((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)$

output $(-1)/(3*c*d*(a**3*e**3 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**2*x + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + c**3*d**3*x**3))$

3.145
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1083
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1084
Rubi [A] (verified)	1084
Maple [A] (verified)	1085
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1086
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1087
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1088
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1089
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1089
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1090

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^3} + \frac{e}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{e^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4} + \frac{e^3 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4}$$

output

```
-1/3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^3+1/2*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x+a*e)-e^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4+e^3*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^4} dx = \frac{\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(11a^2e^4+acde^2(-7d+15ex)+c^2d^2(2d^2-3dex+6e^2x^2))}{(ae+cdx)^3} + 6e^3 \log(ae+cdx) - 6e^3 \log(d+ex)}{6(cd^2-ae^2)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output
$$-1/6*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(11*a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(-7*d + 15*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(2*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^3 + 6*e^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x] - 6*e^3*Log[d + e*x]/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{cde^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{cde}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^3} + \frac{cd}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^4} + \frac{e^4}{(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)^4} - \frac{e^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{1}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^3} - \frac{e^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4} + \frac{e^3 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output
$$-1/3*1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) + e/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - e^2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)) - (e^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4 + (e^3*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)(cdx + ae)^3} + \frac{e}{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(cdx + ae)^2} + \frac{e^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(cdx + ae)} - \frac{e^3 \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} + \frac{e^3 \ln(ex + d)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$
risch	$\frac{e^2 c^2 d^2 x^2}{e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3} + \frac{cd(5ae^2 - cd^2)ex}{2e^6 a^3 - 6d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 6d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 2d^6 c^3} + \frac{11a^2 e^4 - 7ac d^2 e^2 + 2c^2 d^4}{6e^6 a^3 - 18d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 18d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 6d^6 c^3} + \frac{a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2}{(cdx + ae)^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12x^2 a^2 c^4 d^5 e^4 - 3x^2 a c^5 d^7 e^2 + 6 \ln(ex + d) a^5 c d e^8 - 6 \ln(cdx + ae) a^5 c d e^8 - 5x^3 a^2 c^4 d^4 e^5 + 6x^3 a c^5 d^6 e^3 - 9x^2 a^3 c^3 d^3 e^6 - x^3 c^6 d^8 e^8}{(cdx + ae)^3}$
norman	$\frac{d^2 c^2 e^5 x^5}{e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3} + \frac{11a^2 c^3 d^3 e^4 - 7ac^4 d^5 e^2 + 2c^5 d^7}{6c^3 (e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} + \frac{(5a^3 d^3 e^8 + 5e^6 d^5 c^4) x^4}{2d^2 c^2 e^2 (e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} + \frac{(11a^2 c^3 d^3 e^4 - 7ac^4 d^5 e^2 + 2c^5 d^7) x^4}{2edc^3 (e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)} + \frac{(ex + d)^3 (cdx + ae)^3}{(ex + d)^3 (cdx + ae)^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$1/3/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)/(c*d*x + a*e)^3 + 1/2*e/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x + a*e)^2 + e^2/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x + a*e) - e^3/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4 * \ln(c*d*x + a*e) + e^3/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4 * \ln(e*x + d)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 484 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{2c^3d^6 - 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 18a^2cd^2e^4 - 11a^3e^6 + 6(c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 - 3(c^3d^5e - 6ac^2d^3e^3)}{6(a^3c^4d^8e^3 - 4a^4c^3d^6e^5 + 6a^5c^2d^4e^7 - 4a^6cd^2e^9 + a^7e^{11} + (c^7d^{11} - 4ac^6d^9e^2 + 6a^2c^5d^7e^4 - 4a^3c^4d^5e^6 - 4a^4c^3d^3e^8 + a^5c^2d^2e^9)x^2 + 3(a^2c^5d^9e^2 - 4a^3c^4d^7e^4 + 6a^4c^3d^5e^6 - 4a^5c^2d^3e^8 + a^6cd^2e^{10})x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 11*a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 3*(c^3*d^5*e - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + a^3*e^6)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - 6*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + a^3*e^6)*log(e*x + d))/(a^3*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 4*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 6*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 4*a^6*c*d^2*e^9 + a^7*e^11 + (c^7*d^11 - 4*a*c^6*d^9*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^6 + a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8)*x^3 + 3*(a^2*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 4*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^4 + 6*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^6 - 4*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^8 + a^6*c*d*e^10)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 668 vs. $2(119) = 238$.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 668, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 \log \left(x + \frac{-\frac{a^5 e^{13}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{5a^4 cd^2 e^{11}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^9}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^7}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{5ac^4 d^8 e^5}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + ae^5 + \frac{c^5 d^{10} e^3}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + cd^2 e^3}{2cde^4} \right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}$$

$$- \frac{e^3 \log \left(x + \frac{\frac{a^5 e^{13}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{5a^4 cd^2 e^{11}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^9}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^7}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{5ac^4 d^8 e^5}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + ae^5 - \frac{c^5 d^{10} e^3}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + cd^2 e^3}{2cde^4} \right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{11a^2 e^4 - 7acd^2 e^2 + 2c^2 d^4}{6a^6 e^9 - 18a^5 cd^2 e^7 + 18a^4 c^2 d^4 e^5 - 6a^3 c^3 d^6 e^3 + x^3 \cdot (6a^3 c^3 d^3 e^6 - 18a^2 c^4 d^5 e^4 + 18ac^5 d^7 e^2 - 6c^6 d^9) + x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)`

output

```
e**3*log(x + (-a**5*e**13/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 5*a**4*c*d**2*e**11/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 10*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**9/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 10*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 5*a*c**4*d**8*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + a*e**5 + c**5*d**10*e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + c*d**2*e**3)/(2*c*d*e**4))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - e**3*log(x + (a**5*e**13/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 5*a**4*c*d**2*e**11/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 10*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**9/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 - 10*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + 5*a*c**4*d**8*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + a*e**5 - c**5*d**10*e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + c*d**2*e**3)/(2*c*d*e**4))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4 + (11*a**2*e**4 - 7*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 2*c**2*d**4 + 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + x*(15*a*c*d*e**3 - 3*c**2*d**3*e))/(6*a**6*e**9 - 18*a**5*c*d**2*e**7 + 18*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**5 - 6*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**3 + x**3*(6*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**6 - 18*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**4 + 18*a*c**5*d**7*e**2 - 6*c**6*d**9) + x**2*(18*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**7 - 54*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**5 + 54*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**3 - 18*a*c**5*d**8*e) + x*(18*a**5*c*d*e**8 - 54*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**6 + 54*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**4 - 18*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**2))
```


Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^3 \log(cdx+ae)}{c^4 d^8 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{e^3 \log(ex+d)}{c^4 d^8 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8}$$

$$- \frac{6c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 2c^2 d^4 - 7acd^2 e^2 + 11a^3 c^3 d^6 e^3 - 3a^4 c^2 d^4 e^5 + 3a^5 c d^2 e^7 - a^6 e^9 + (c^6 d^9 - 3ac^5 d^7 e^2 + 3a^2 c^4 d^5 e^4 - a^3 c^3 d^3 e^6)x^3 + 3(ac^5 d^8 e - 3a^2 c^4 d^6 e^3 + 3a^3 c^3 d^4 e^5 - a^4 c^2 d^2 e^7)x^2 + 3(a^2 c^4 d^7 e^2 - 3a^3 c^3 d^5 e^4 + 3a^4 c^2 d^3 e^6 - a^5 c d e^8)x}{6(a^3 c^3 d^6 e^3 - 3a^4 c^2 d^4 e^5 + 3a^5 c d^2 e^7 - a^6 e^9 + (c^6 d^9 - 3ac^5 d^7 e^2 + 3a^2 c^4 d^5 e^4 - a^3 c^3 d^3 e^6)x^3 + 3(ac^5 d^8 e - 3a^2 c^4 d^6 e^3 + 3a^3 c^3 d^4 e^5 - a^4 c^2 d^2 e^7)x^2 + 3(a^2 c^4 d^7 e^2 - 3a^3 c^3 d^5 e^4 + 3a^4 c^2 d^3 e^6 - a^5 c d e^8)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-e^3*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) + e^3*log(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) - 1/6*(6*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c^2*d^4 - 7*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 11*a^2*e^4 - 3*(c^2*d^3*e - 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 3*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 - a^6*e^9 + (c^6*d^9 - 3*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^5*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^5 - a^4*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^5*c*d*e^8)*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 273 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{cde^3 \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^5d^9 - 4ac^4d^7e^2 + 6a^2c^3d^5e^4 - 4a^3c^2d^3e^6 + a^4cde^8} + \frac{e^4 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^4d^8e - 4ac^3d^6e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^5 - 4a^3cd^2e^7 + a^4e^9} - \frac{2c^3d^6 - 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 18a^2cd^2e^4 - 11a^3e^6 + 6(c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 - 3(c^3d^5e - 6ac^2d^3e^3 + 5a^2cde^5)x}{6(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(cdx+ae)^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-c*d*e^3*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^5*d^9 - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 + a^4*c*d*e^8) + e^4*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^8*e - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9) - 1/6*(2*c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 11*a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 3*(c^3*d^5*e - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(c*d*x + a*e)^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{11a^2e^4-7acd^2e^2+2c^2d^4}{6(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)} - \frac{ex(c^2d^3-5acde^2)}{2(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)} + \frac{c^2d^2e^2x^2}{a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6}}{2e^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^4e^8-2a^3cd^2e^6+2ac^3d^6e^2-c^4d^8}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{2cdex(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}\right)} \frac{1}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{(11a^2e^4 + 2c^2d^4 - 7aacd^2e^2)/(6(a^3e^6 - c^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2c^2d^2e^4)) - (ex(c^2d^3 - 5aacd^2e^2))/(2(a^3e^6 - c^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2c^2d^2e^4)) + (c^2d^2e^2x^2)/(a^3e^6 - c^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^2c^2d^2e^4)}{(a^3e^3 + c^3d^3x^3 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^2x + 3a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2)} - \frac{(2e^3 \operatorname{atanh}((a^4e^8 - c^4d^8 + 2aac^3d^6e^2 - 2a^3c^2d^2e^6)/(a^2e^2 - c^2d^2))^4 + (2c^2d^2e^2x^2)/(a^2e^2 - c^2d^2))^4}{(a^2e^2 - c^2d^2)^4} \right) / (a^2e^2 - c^2d^2)^4 \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(cdx+ae) a^4 e^6 - 18 \log(cdx+ae) a^3 c d e^5 x - 18 \log(cdx+ae) a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 x^2 - 6 \log(cdx+ae) a c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3}{6a(a^4 c^3 d^3 e^8 x^3 - 4a^3 c^4 d^5 e^6 x^3 + 6a^2 c^5 d^7 e^4 x^3 - 4a c^6 d^9 e^2 x^3 + c^7 d^{11} x^3 + 3a^5 c^2 d^2 e^9)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((ex+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-6 \log(ae + cd*x) a^{**4} e^{**6} - 18 \log(ae + cd*x) a^{**3} c d e^{**5} x - 18 \log(ae + cd*x) a^{**2} c^{**2} d^{**2} e^{**4} x^{**2} - 6 \log(ae + cd*x) a^{**3} c^{**3} d^{**3} e^{**3} x^{**3} + 6 \log(d + ex) a^{**4} e^{**6} + 18 \log(d + ex) a^{**3} c d e^{**5} x + 18 \log(d + ex) a^{**2} c^{**2} d^{**2} e^{**4} x^{**2} + 6 \log(d + ex) a^{**3} c^{**3} d^{**3} e^{**3} x^{**3} + 9 a^{**4} e^{**6} - 16 a^{**3} c d e^{**5} x + 9 a^{**2} c^{**2} d^{**2} e^{**4} x^{**2} - 12 a^{**2} c^{**2} d^{**3} e^{**3} x - 2 a^{**3} c^{**3} d^{**6} + 3 a^{**3} c^{**3} d^{**5} e^{**6} x - 2 a^{**3} c^{**3} d^{**3} e^{**3} x^{**3} + 2 c^{**4} d^{**5} e^{**6} x^{**3}) / (6 a (a^{**7} e^{**11} - 4 a^{**6} c d^{**2} e^{**9} + 3 a^{**6} c d e^{**10} x + 6 a^{**5} c^{**2} d^{**4} e^{**7} - 12 a^{**5} c^{**2} d^{**3} e^{**8} x + 3 a^{**5} c^{**2} d^{**2} e^{**9} x^{**2} - 4 a^{**4} c^{**3} d^{**6} e^{**5} + 18 a^{**4} c^{**3} d^{**5} e^{**6} x - 12 a^{**4} c^{**3} d^{**4} e^{**7} x^{**2} + a^{**4} c^{**3} d^{**3} e^{**8} x^{**3} + a^{**3} c^{**4} d^{**8} e^{**3} - 12 a^{**3} c^{**4} d^{**7} e^{**4} x + 18 a^{**3} c^{**4} d^{**6} e^{**5} x^{**2} - 4 a^{**3} c^{**4} d^{**5} e^{**6} x^{**3} + 3 a^{**2} c^{**5} d^{**9} e^{**2} x - 12 a^{**2} c^{**5} d^{**8} e^{**3} x^{**2} + 6 a^{**2} c^{**5} d^{**7} e^{**4} x^{**3} + 3 a^{**2} c^{**6} d^{**10} e^{**2} x^{**2} - 4 a^{**2} c^{**6} d^{**9} e^{**3} x^{**3} + c^{**7} d^{**11} x^{**3})) \end{aligned}$$

3.146
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1091
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1092
Rubi [A] (verified)	1092
Maple [A] (verified)	1093
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1094
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1095
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1096
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1097
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1097
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1098

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{cd}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^3} + \frac{cde}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{3cde^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e^3}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)} - \frac{4cde^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5} + \frac{4cde^3 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5}$$

output

```
-1/3*c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^3+c*d*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-3*c*d*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(c*d*x+a*e)-e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)-4*c*d*e^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5+4*c*d*e^3*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{cd(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{(ae+cdx)^3} - \frac{3cde(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{9cde^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{ae+cdx} + \frac{3cd^2e^3-3ae^5}{d+ex} + 12cde^3 \log(ae+cdx) - 12cde^3 \log(d+ex)}{3(-cd^2+ae^2)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `((c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)/(a*e + c*d*x)^3 - (3*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(a*e + c*d*x)^2 + (9*c*d*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(a*e + c*d*x) + (3*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a*e^5)/(d + e*x) + 12*c*d*e^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x] - 12*c*d*e^3*Log[d + e*x])/ (3*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{3c^2d^2e^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{2c^2d^2e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)^3} + \frac{c^2d^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^4} - \frac{4c^2d^2e^3}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(ae+cdx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{3cde^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cdx)} + \frac{cde}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{cd}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)^3} - \frac{e^3}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^4} - \frac{4cde^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5} + \frac{4cde^3 \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(c*d)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) + (c*d*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (3*c*d*e^2)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)) - e^3/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)) - (4*c*d*e^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5) + (4*c*d*e^3*Log[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{cd}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(cdx + ae)^3} + \frac{4cde^3 \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^5} - \frac{3cde^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4(cdx + ae)} - \frac{cde}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(cdx + ae)^2} - \frac{e^3}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{4c^3d^3e^3x^3}{a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8} - \frac{2c^2d^2(5ae^2 + cd^2)e^2x^2}{a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8} - \frac{2(11a^2e^4 + 8acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{3(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)}$
risch	$\frac{(cdx + ae)^2 (cdx^2e + ae^2x + cdx + ade)}{(cdx + ae)^2 (cdx^2e + ae^2x + cdx + ade)}$
paralelrisch	$-\frac{12 \ln(cdx + ae)x^4c^7d^7e^5 + 12 \ln(ex + d)x^3c^7d^8e^4 - 12 \ln(cdx + ae)x^3c^7d^8e^4 + 12 \ln(ex + d)a^3c^4d^5e^7 - 12 \ln(cdx + ae)a^3c^4d^5e^7}{(cdx + ae)^2 (cdx^2e + ae^2x + cdx + ade)}$
norman	$-\frac{4d^3c^3e^5x^5}{a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8} + \frac{(-10ac^4d^4e^8 - 10d^6e^6c^5)x^4}{d^2c^2e^2(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)} + \frac{(-a^3c^3d^2e^{10} - 19a^2c^4d^2e^8)}{e^2d^2c^3(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^3+4*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*e^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)-3*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*e^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*e/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)-4*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*e^3*ln(e*x+d)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 837 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 837, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(c^4*d^8 - 6*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 10*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8 + 12*(c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 - 2*(c^4*d^7*e - 9*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 11*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x + 12*(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + (c^4*d^5*e^3 + 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - 12*(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + (c^4*d^5*e^3 + 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*log(e*x + d)/(a^3*c^5*d^11*e^3 - 5*a^4*c^4*d^9*e^5 + 10*a^5*c^3*d^7*e^7 - 10*a^6*c^2*d^5*e^9 + 5*a^7*c*d^3*e^11 - a^8*d*e^13 + (c^8*d^13*e - 5*a*c^7*d^11*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^6*d^9*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^5*d^7*e^7 + 5*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^9 - a^5*c^3*d^3*e^11)*x^4 + (c^8*d^14 - 2*a*c^7*d^12*e^2 - 5*a^2*c^6*d^10*e^4 + 20*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^6 - 25*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^8 + 14*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^10 - 3*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^12)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^7*d^13*e - 4*a^2*c^6*d^11*e^3 + 5*a^3*c^5*d^9*e^5 - 5*a^4*c^4*d^7*e^7 + 4*a^5*c^3*d^5*e^9 + 4*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^11 - a^7*c*d*e^13)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^2 - 14*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 25*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 20*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 5*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 2*a^7*c*d^2*e^12 - a^8*e^14)*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1006 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1006, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)`

output

```
-4*c*d*e**3*log(x + (-4*a**6*c*d*e**15/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 24*a**5*c**2
*d**3*e**13/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 60*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**11/(a*e**2 - c*d**
2)**5 + 80*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**9/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 60*a**2*c**5*d**9*e
**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 24*a*c**6*d**11*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 4*a*
c*d*e**5 - 4*c**7*d**13*e**3/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3)/(8*c
**2*d**2*e**4))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 4*c*d*e**3*log(x + (4*a**6*c*d*e**1
5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 24*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**13/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 60
*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**11/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 80*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**9/(a*e**
2 - c*d**2)**5 + 60*a**2*c**5*d**9*e**7/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 - 24*a*c**6*d
**11*e**5/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5 + 4*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**7*d**13*e**3/(a*e**2
- c*d**2)**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3)/(8*c**2*d**2*e**4))/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**5
+ (-3*a**3*e**6 - 13*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 5*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6 - 1
2*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-30*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 6*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x
*(-22*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 16*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 + 2*c**3*d**5*e))/(3*a**7*d*e**1
1 - 12*a**6*c*d**3*e**9 + 18*a**5*c**2*d**5*e**7 - 12*a**4*c**3*d**7*e**5
+ 3*a**3*c**4*d**9*e**3 + x**4*(3*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**9 - 12*a**3*c**4*d**5*
e**7 + 18*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**5 - 12*a*c**6*d**9*e**3 + 3*c**7*d**11*e) + x
**3*(9*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**10 - 33*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**8 + 42*a**3*c**4*d**6*e
**6 - 18*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**4 - 3*a*c**6*d**10*e**2 + 3*c**7*d**12) + x**2*(
9*a**6*c*d*e**11 - 27*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**9 + 18*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**7 + 18...
```


Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 656 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 656, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4cde^3 \log(cdx+ae)}{c^5d^{10}-5ac^4d^8e^2+10a^2c^3d^6e^4-10a^3c^2d^4e^6+5a^4cd^2e^8-a^5e^{10}}$$

$$+ \frac{4cde^3 \log(ex+d)}{c^5d^{10}-5ac^4d^8e^2+10a^2c^3d^6e^4-10a^3c^2d^4e^6+5a^4cd^2e^8-a^5e^{10}}$$

$$- \frac{3(a^3c^4d^9e^3-4a^4c^3d^7e^5+6a^5c^2d^5e^7-4a^6cd^3e^9+a^7de^{11}+(c^7d^{11}e-4ac^6d^9e^3+6a^2c^5d^7e^5-4a^3c^4d^5e^7-4a^4c^3d^3e^9+a^5c^2d^1e^{11}))}{(c^5d^{10}-5ac^4d^8e^2+10a^2c^3d^6e^4-10a^3c^2d^4e^6+5a^4cd^2e^8-a^5e^{10})^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4*c*d*e^3*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10) + 4*c*d*e^3*log(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10) - 1/3*(12*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + c^3*d^6 - 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 13*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*e^6 + 6*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 2*(c^3*d^5*e - 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 11*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(a^3*c^4*d^9*e^3 - 4*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 6*a^5*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 4*a^6*c*d^3*e^9 + a^7*d*e^11 + (c^7*d^11*e - 4*a*c^6*d^9*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^7 + a^4*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^4 + (c^7*d^12 - a*c^6*d^10*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 14*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 11*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^6*d^11*e - 3*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^9 + a^6*c*d*e^11)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 11*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 14*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 6*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8 - a^6*c*d^2*e^10 + a^7*e^12)*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs. 2(171) = 342.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4c^2d^2e^3 \log(|cdx+ae|)}{c^6d^{11}-5ac^5d^9e^2+10a^2c^4d^7e^4-10a^3c^3d^5e^6+5a^4c^2d^3e^8-a^5cde^{10}}$$

$$+ \frac{4cde^4 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^5d^{10}e-5ac^4d^8e^3+10a^2c^3d^6e^5-10a^3c^2d^4e^7+5a^4cd^2e^9-a^5e^{11}}$$

$$- \frac{c^4d^8-6ac^3d^6e^2+18a^2c^2d^4e^4-10a^3cd^2e^6-3a^4e^8+12(c^4d^5e^3-ac^3d^3e^5)x^3+6(c^4d^6e^2+4ac^3d^4e^4-3(cd^2-ae^2)^5)(cdx+ae)^3(ex+d)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^5(cd^2+ae^2)^3(ex+d)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4*c^2*d^2*e^3*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^6*d^11 - 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^8 - a^5*c*d*e^10) + 4*c*d*e^4*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^5*d^10*e - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - a^5*e^11) - 1/3*(c^4*d^8 - 6*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 10*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8 + 12*(c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 - 2*(c^4*d^7*e - 9*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 11*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(c*d*x + a*e)^3*(e*x + d))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{8cde^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^5e^{10}-3a^4cd^2e^8+2a^3c^2d^4e^6+2a^2c^3d^6e^4-3a^4d^8e^2+c^5d^{10}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^5}\right) + \frac{2cde^3(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^6e^2+c^4d^8)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^5}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^5}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{3a^3e^6+13a^2cd^2e^4-5a^2c^2d^4e^2+c^3d^6}{3(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^6e^2+c^4d^8)}}{x(a^3e^4+3ca^2d^2e^2)} + \frac{2ex(11a^2cde^4+8ac^2d^3e^2-c^3d^5)}{3(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^6e^2+c^4d^8)} + \frac{2e^2x^2(c^3d^4+3a^2cd^2e^2)}{a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^6e^2+c^4d^8}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (8*c*d*e^3*atanh((a^5*e^{10} + c^5*d^{10} - 3*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 \\ & + 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5 + (2*c*d*e*x*(a \\ & ^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)) \\ & /((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5 - ((3*a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 - 5*a*c^2*d \\ & ^4*e^2 + 13*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(3*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3 \\ & *c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)) + (2*e*x*(8*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - c^3*d^5 + 11* \\ & a^2*c*d*e^4))/(3*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + \\ & 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)) + (2*e^2*x^2*(c^3*d^4 + 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(a^4*e^8 + c \\ & ^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4) + (4*c^3*d \\ & ^3*e^3*x^3)/(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2 \\ & *c^2*d^4*e^4))/(x*(a^3*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2) + x^3*(c^3*d^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2 \\ & *e^2) + x^2*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3) + a^3*d*e^3 + c^3*d^3*e*x^4) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1362, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output

```
(36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 36*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**9*
x + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*
**2*d**3*e**7*x + 108*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 36*log(a*
e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x + 144*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**
6*x**2 + 108*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 36*log(a*e + c*d*
x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 72*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 36*
log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**
3*x**3 + 12*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 - 36*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c*
d**2*e**8 - 36*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c*d*e**9*x - 12*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d*
**4*e**6 - 120*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7*x - 108*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c
**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 - 36*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x - 144*log(d + e
*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2 - 108*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 -
36*log(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 - 72*log(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*
x**3 - 36*log(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 12*log(d + e*x)*c**5*d**7*e
**3*x**3 - 12*log(d + e*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 - 9*a**5*e**10 - 21*a**4*c*
d**2*e**8 - 54*a**4*c*d*e**9*x + 32*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 20*a**3*c**2*d**
3*e**7*x - 54*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 24*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x + 42*a**
2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2 - 3*a*c**4*d**8*e**2 + 12*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x + 6*a*c
**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 12*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 + c**5*d**10 - 2*c**5*d**9*e
*x + 6*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 - 12*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4)/(3*(3*a**9*d*e**15...
```

3.147 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1100
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1101
Rubi [A] (verified)	1101
Maple [A] (verified)	1103
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1103
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1104
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1105
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1106
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1107
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1108

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{c^2d^2}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)^3} + \frac{3c^2d^2e}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{6c^2d^2e^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e^3}{2(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^2} - \frac{4cde^3}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(d+ex)} - \frac{10c^2d^2e^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^6} + \frac{10c^2d^2e^3 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^6}$$

output

```
-1/3*c^2*d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c*d*x+a*e)^3+3/2*c^2*d^2*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-6*c^2*d^2*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2*e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^2-4*c*d*e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(e*x+d)-10*c^2*d^2*e^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6+10*c^2*d^2*e^3*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2c^2d^2(-cd^2+ae^2)^3}{(ae+cdx)^3} + \frac{9c^2d^2e(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{36c^2d^2e^2(-cd^2+ae^2)}{ae+cdx} - \frac{3e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{24cde^3(-cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} - 60c^2d^2e^3 \log(ae + ex)}{6(cd^2 - ae^2)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
((2*c^2*d^2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3)/(a*e + c*d*x)^3 + (9*c^2*d^2*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(a*e + c*d*x)^2 + (36*c^2*d^2*e^2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2))/(a*e + c*d*x) - (3*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (24*c*d*e^3*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2))/(d + e*x) - 60*c^2*d^2*e^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x] + 60*c^2*d^2*e^3*Log[d + e*x])/(6*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{6c^3d^3e^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{3c^3d^3e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cdx)^3} + \frac{c^3d^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)^4} - \frac{10c^3d^3e^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 (ae + cdx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{6c^2d^2e^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ae + cdx)} + \frac{3c^2d^2e}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cdx)^2} - \frac{c^2d^2}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)^3} - \\
& \frac{10c^2d^2e^3 \log(ae + cdx)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6} + \frac{10c^2d^2e^3 \log(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^6} - \frac{4cde^3}{(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^5} - \\
& \frac{e^3}{2(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(c^2*d^2)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) + (3*c^2*d^2*e)/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (6*c^2*d^2*e^2)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(a*e + c*d*x)) - e^3/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^2) - (4*c*d*e^3)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(d + e*x)) - (10*c^2*d^2*e^3*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6 + (10*c^2*d^2*e^3*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_ Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2 d^2}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (cdx + ae)^3} - \frac{10c^2 d^2 e^3 \ln(cdx + ae)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} + \frac{6c^2 d^2 e^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^5 (cdx + ae)} + \frac{3c^2 d^2 e}{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 (cdx + ae)^2} - \frac{e^3}{2(ae^2 - cd^2)}$
risch	$\frac{10c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4}{a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5a c^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10}} + \frac{5d^3 e^3 c^3 (5ae^2 + 3cd^2) x^3}{a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5a c^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10}} + \frac{1}{3} \ln\left(\frac{cdx + ae}{ex + d}\right)$
norman	$\frac{10c^4 d^4 e^5 x^5}{a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5a c^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10}} + \frac{(25a c^5 d^5 e^8 + 25c^6 d^7 e^6) x^4}{d^2 c^2 e^2 (a^5 e^{10} - 5a^4 c d^2 e^8 + 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 - 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 + 5a c^4 d^8 e^2 - c^5 d^{10})}$
parallelrisch	$120 \ln(ex + d) x^4 c^8 d^9 e^6 - 120 \ln(cdx + ae) x^4 c^8 d^9 e^6 + 60 \ln(ex + d) x^3 c^8 d^{10} e^5 - 60 \ln(cdx + ae) x^3 c^8 d^{10} e^5 + 60 \ln(ex + d) a^3 c^5 d^7 e^8 - 60 \ln(cdx + ae) a^3 c^5 d^7 e^8$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} c^2 d^2 / (a e^2 - c d^2)^3 / (c d x + a e)^3 - 10 c^2 d^2 / (a e^2 - c d^2)^6 e^3 \ln(c d x + a e) + 6 c^2 d^2 / (a e^2 - c d^2)^5 e^2 / (c d x + a e) + 3/2 c^2 d^2 / (a e^2 - c d^2)^4 e / (c d x + a e)^2 - 1/2 e^3 / (a e^2 - c d^2)^4 / (e x + d)^2 + 10 c^2 d^2 / (a e^2 - c d^2)^6 e^3 \ln(e x + d) + 4 e^3 / (a e^2 - c d^2)^5 c d / (e x + d)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1242 vs. 2(220) = 440.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1242, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.50

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/6*(2*c^5*d^10 - 15*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 60*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^2*d^4*
e^6 - 30*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 3*a^5*e^10 + 60*(c^5*d^6*e^4 - a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4
+ 30*(3*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 2*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 10*(2*c^
5*d^8*e^2 + 21*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 12*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 11*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^
2 - 5*(c^5*d^9*e - 12*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 24*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 32*a^3*c^2*d^3*
e^7 + 3*a^4*c*d*e^9)*x + 60*(c^5*d^5*e^5*x^5 + a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + (2*c^5*d^
6*e^4 + 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + (c^5*d^7*e^3 + 6*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 3*a^2*c^3*
d^3*e^7)*x^3 + (3*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2
+ (3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - 60*(c^5*d
^5*e^5*x^5 + a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + (2*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + (c^
5*d^7*e^3 + 6*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + (3*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 +
6*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*
d^3*e^7)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(a^3*c^6*d^14*e^3 - 6*a^4*c^5*d^12*e^5 + 15*a^5*
c^4*d^10*e^7 - 20*a^6*c^3*d^8*e^9 + 15*a^7*c^2*d^6*e^11 - 6*a^8*c*d^4*e^13
+ a^9*d^2*e^15 + (c^9*d^15*e^2 - 6*a*c^8*d^13*e^4 + 15*a^2*c^7*d^11*e^6 -
20*a^3*c^6*d^9*e^8 + 15*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^10 - 6*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^12 + a^6*c^3*d
^3*e^14)*x^5 + (2*c^9*d^16*e - 9*a*c^8*d^14*e^3 + 12*a^2*c^7*d^12*e^5 + 5*
a^3*c^6*d^10*e^7 - 30*a^4*c^5*d^8*e^9 + 33*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^11 - 16*a^6*c^3*d
^4*e^13 + 3*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^15)*x^4 + (c^9*d^17 - 18*a^2*c^7*d^13*e^4 + 52*a
^3*c^6*d^11*e^6 - 60*a^4*c^5*d^9*e^8 + 24*a^5*c^4*d^7*e^10 + 10*a^6*c^3...

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1363 vs. $2(209) = 418$.

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1363, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.03

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)
```

output

```

10*c**2*d**2*e**3*log(x + (-10*a**7*c**2*d**2*e**17/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 +
70*a**6*c**3*d**4*e**15/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 210*a**5*c**4*d**6*e**13/(
a**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 350*a**4*c**5*d**8*e**11/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 350*
a**3*c**6*d**10*e**9/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 210*a**2*c**7*d**12*e**7/(a**
2 - c*d**2)**6 - 70*a*c**8*d**14*e**5/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*a*c**2*d*
*2*e**5 + 10*c**9*d**16*e**3/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*c**3*d**4*e**3)/(20
*c**3*d**3*e**4))/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 10*c**2*d**2*e**3*log(x + (10*a**
7*c**2*d**2*e**17/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 70*a**6*c**3*d**4*e**15/(a**2 -
c*d**2)**6 + 210*a**5*c**4*d**6*e**13/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 - 350*a**4*c**
5*d**8*e**11/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 350*a**3*c**6*d**10*e**9/(a**2 - c*d
**2)**6 - 210*a**2*c**7*d**12*e**7/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 70*a*c**8*d**14*
e**5/(a**2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*a*c**2*d**2*e**5 - 10*c**9*d**16*e**3/(a**
2 - c*d**2)**6 + 10*c**3*d**4*e**3)/(20*c**3*d**3*e**4))/(a**2 - c*d**2
)**6 + (-3*a**4*e**8 + 27*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 47*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 13*a
*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 2*c**4*d**8 + 60*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 + x**3*(150*a*c**3*
d**3*e**5 + 90*c**4*d**5*e**3) + x**2*(110*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 230*a*c**
3*d**4*e**4 + 20*c**4*d**6*e**2) + x*(15*a**3*c*d*e**7 + 175*a**2*c**2*d**
3*e**5 + 55*a*c**3*d**5*e**3 - 5*c**4*d**7*e))/(6*a**8*d**2*e**13 - 30*a**
7*c*d**4*e**11 + 60*a**6*c**2*d**6*e**9 - 60*a**5*c**3*d**8*e**7 + 30*a**4
*c**4*d**10*e**5 - 6*a**3*c**5*d**12*e**3 + x**5*(6*a**5*c**3*d**3*e**1...

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 956 vs. $2(220) = 440$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 956, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima
")

```

output

```

-10*c^2*d^2*e^3*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4
*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^
6*e^12) + 10*c^2*d^2*e^3*log(e*x + d)/(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^
2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10
+ a^6*e^12) - 1/6*(60*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 2*c^4*d^8 - 13*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 47
*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 27*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8 + 30*(3*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 5*a*
c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 10*(2*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 23*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 11*a^2*c^2*d^2*e
^6)*x^2 - 5*(c^4*d^7*e - 11*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 35*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 3*a^3*c*d
*e^7)*x)/(a^3*c^5*d^12*e^3 - 5*a^4*c^4*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^5*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 10*
a^6*c^2*d^6*e^9 + 5*a^7*c*d^4*e^11 - a^8*d^2*e^13 + (c^8*d^13*e^2 - 5*a*c^
7*d^11*e^4 + 10*a^2*c^6*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^3*c^5*d^7*e^8 + 5*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^10
- a^5*c^3*d^3*e^12)*x^5 + (2*c^8*d^14*e - 7*a*c^7*d^12*e^3 + 5*a^2*c^6*d^1
0*e^5 + 10*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^7 - 20*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^9 + 13*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^11 - 3*
a^6*c^2*d^2*e^13)*x^4 + (c^8*d^15 + a*c^7*d^13*e^2 - 17*a^2*c^6*d^11*e^4 +
35*a^3*c^5*d^9*e^6 - 25*a^4*c^4*d^7*e^8 - a^5*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 9*a^6*c^2*d^
3*e^12 - 3*a^7*c*d*e^14)*x^3 + (3*a*c^7*d^14*e - 9*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^3 + a^3*
c^5*d^10*e^5 + 25*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 35*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 17*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^
11 - a^7*c*d^2*e^13 - a^8*e^15)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c^6*d^13*e^2 - 13*a^3*c^5*d^1
1*e^4 + 20*a^4*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^5*c^3*d^7*e^8 - 5*a^6*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 7*a
^7*c*d^3*e^12 - 2*a^8*d*e^14)*x)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 503 vs. $2(220) = 440$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{10c^3d^3e^3 \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^7d^{13} - 6ac^6d^{11}e^2 + 15a^2c^5d^9e^4 - 20a^3c^4d^7e^6 + 15a^4c^3d^5e^8 - 6a^5c^2d^3e^{10} + a^6cde^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{10c^2d^2e^4 \log(|ex + d|)}{c^6d^{12}e - 6ac^5d^{10}e^3 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^5 - 20a^3c^3d^6e^7 + 15a^4c^2d^4e^9 - 6a^5cd^2e^{11} + a^6e^{13}}$$

$$- \frac{2c^5d^{10} - 15ac^4d^8e^2 + 60a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 20a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 30a^4cd^2e^8 + 3a^5e^{10} + 60(c^5d^6e^4 - ac^4d^4e^6)x^4 + 3}{}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-10*c^3*d^3*e^3*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^7*d^13 - 6*a*c^6*d^11*e^2 + 15*a^
2*c^5*d^9*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^8 - 6*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^
10 + a^6*c*d*e^12) + 10*c^2*d^2*e^4*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^6*d^12*e - 6*a*c^
5*d^10*e^3 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^5 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^9
- 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^11 + a^6*e^13) - 1/6*(2*c^5*d^10 - 15*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 60*a
^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 30*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + 3*a^5*e^10 + 60*(
c^5*d^6*e^4 - a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + 30*(3*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 2*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 5
*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 10*(2*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 21*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 12*a^2*c^3*
d^4*e^6 - 11*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 - 5*(c^5*d^9*e - 12*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 24*a
^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 32*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 3*a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6
*(c*d*x + a*e)^3*(e*x + d)^2)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 891, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3a^4e^8 + 27a^3cd^2e^6 + 47a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 13a^3d^6e^2 + 2c^4d^8}{6(a^5e^{10} - 5a^4cd^2e^8 + 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 5a^4d^8e^2 - c^5d^{10})} + \frac{5e^2x^2(11a^2c^2d^2e^4 + 23ac^3d^4e^2 + 2c^4d^6)}{3(a^5e^{10} - 5a^4cd^2e^8 + 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 5a^4d^8e^2 - c^5d^{10})}$$

$$- \frac{20c^2d^2e^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a^6e^{12} - 4a^5cd^2e^{10} + 5a^4c^2d^4e^8 - 5a^2c^4d^8e^4 + 4a^5d^{10}e^2 - c^6d^{12}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} + \frac{2cde x(a^5e^{10} - 5a^4cd^2e^8 + 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 5a^4d^8e^2 - c^5d^{10})}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^6}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)
```

output

```

((2*c^4*d^8 - 3*a^4*e^8 - 13*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 27*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 47*a^2*c^2
*d^4*e^4)/(6*(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10
*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)) + (5*e^2*x^2*(2*c^4*d^6 + 23*a*c^3
*d^4*e^2 + 11*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4))/(3*(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2
- 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)) + (5*d*e*x*(
3*a^3*c*e^6 - c^4*d^6 + 11*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 35*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4))/(6*(a^5*e^
10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 1
0*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6)) + (5*c*e*x^3*(3*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 5*a*c^2*d^3*e^4))/(a^5*e
^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 +
10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6) + (10*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4)/(a^5*e^10 - c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*
d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6))/(x^2
*(a^3*e^5 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e) + x^3*(c^3*d^5 + 6*a*c^2*d^3*
e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4) + x*(2*a^3*d*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^2) + x^4*(2*c^3*d^4*
e + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3) + a^3*d^2*e^3 + c^3*d^3*e^2*x^5) - (20*c^2*d^2*e^3*at
anh((a^6*e^12 - c^6*d^12 + 4*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 5*a^2*c^4
*d^8*e^4 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6 + (2*c*d*e*x*(a^5*e^10 - c
^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*
c^2*d^4*e^6))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1990, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.81

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**8 - 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c
**2*d**3*e**9*x - 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**10*x**2 - 120*log
(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 - 780*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e
**7*x - 1200*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8*x**2 - 540*log(a*e + c*d*
x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**3 - 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5*x -
1260*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**6*x**2 - 1440*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a
**2*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**3 - 540*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**4 - 3
60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**8*e**4*x**2 - 900*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d
**7*e**5*x**3 - 720*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**6*e**6*x**4 - 180*log(a*e +
c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**7*x**5 - 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**9*e**3*x**3 -
240*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**8*e**4*x**4 - 120*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**7*
e**5*x**5 + 180*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**8 + 360*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c
**2*d**3*e**9*x + 180*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**10*x**2 + 120*log(d +
e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 780*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**7*x + 1200*
log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8*x**2 + 540*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e
**9*x**3 + 360*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5*x + 1260*log(d + e*x)*a**2*
c**4*d**6*e**6*x**2 + 1440*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**3 + 540*log
(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**4 + 360*log(d + e*x)*a*c**5*d**8*e**4*x**
2 + 900*log(d + e*x)*a*c**5*d**7*e**5*x**3 + 720*log(d + e*x)*a*c**5*d**6*
e**6*x**4 + 180*log(d + e*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**7*x**5 + 120*log(d + e*x)*c...
```

3.148 $\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1110
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1111
Rubi [A] (verified)	1111
Maple [A] (verified)	1112
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1113
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1114
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1115
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1116
Mupad [F(-1)]	1117
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1117

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{c^3d^3}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ae+cdx)^3} + \frac{2c^3d^3e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{10c^3d^3e^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^6(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e^3}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^3} - \frac{2cde^3}{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(d+ex)^2} - \frac{10c^2d^2e^3}{(cd^2-ae^2)^6(d+ex)} - \frac{20c^3d^3e^3 \log(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^7} + \frac{20c^3d^3e^3 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^7}$$

output

```
-1/3*c^3*d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(c*d*x+a*e)^3+2*c^3*d^3*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-10*c^3*d^3*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/3*e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^3-2*c*d*e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(e*x+d)^2-10*c^2*d^2*e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6/(e*x+d)-20*c^3*d^3*e^3*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^7+20*c^3*d^3*e^3*ln(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{(ae + cdx)^3} - \frac{6c^3 d^3 e (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{30c^3 d^3 e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{ae + cdx} + \frac{(cd^2 e - ae^3)^3}{(d + ex)^3} + \frac{6cde^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} + \frac{30c^2 d^2 e^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)}{d + ex} + 60c^3 d^3 e^3$$

$$3(-cd^2 + ae^2)^7$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-4),x]`

output

$$\left(\frac{c^3 d^3 (c d^2 - a e^2)^3}{(a e + c d x)^3} - \frac{6 c^3 d^3 e (c d^2 - a e^2)^2}{(a e + c d x)^2} + \frac{30 c^3 d^3 e^2 (c d^2 - a e^2)}{a e + c d x} + \frac{(c d^2 e - a e^3)^3}{(d + e x)^3} + \frac{6 c d e^3 (c d^2 - a e^2)^2}{(d + e x)^2} + \frac{30 c^2 d^2 e^3 (c d^2 - a e^2)}{d + e x} + 60 c^3 d^3 e^3 \right) / (3 (-c d^2 + a e^2)^7)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1084, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1084$$

$$c^4 d^4 e^4 \int \left(\frac{20}{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^7 (d + ex)} + \frac{10}{c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^6 (d + ex)^2} + \frac{4}{c^3 d^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (d + ex)^3} + \frac{1}{c^4 d^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$c^4 d^4 e^4 \left(-\frac{1}{3c^4 d^4 e (d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4} - \frac{2}{c^3 d^3 e (d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^5} - \frac{10}{c^2 d^2 e (d + ex) (cd^2 - ae^2)^6} - \frac{1}{c d e^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)^7} \right)$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-4),x]`

output
$$c^4*d^4*e^4*(-1/3*1/(c*d*e^4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^3) + 2/(c*d*e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - 10/(c*d*e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6*(a*e + c*d*x)) - 1/(3*c^4*d^4*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^3) - 2/(c^3*d^3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(d + e*x)^2) - 10/(c^2*d^2*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6*(d + e*x)) - (20*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^7) + (20*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^7))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1084 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[1/c^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(b/2 - q/2 + c*x)^p*(b/2 + q/2 + c*x)^p, x], x], x] /; !FractionalPowerFactorQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$-\frac{c^3 d^3}{3(a e^2 - c d^2)^4 (c d x + a e)^3} + \frac{20 c^3 d^3 e^3 \ln(c d x + a e)}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^7} - \frac{10 c^3 d^3 e^2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^6 (c d x + a e)} - \frac{2 c^3 d^3 e}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^5 (c d x + a e)^2} - \frac{e^3}{3(a e^2 - c d^2)^4}$
risch	Expression too large to display
norman	Expression too large to display
paralelrisch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/3*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/(c*d*x+a*e)^3+20*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^7*e^3*
ln(c*d*x+a*e)-10*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^6*e^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-2*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-
c*d^2)^5*e/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-1/3*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^3-20*c^3*d^3/(a*e
^2-c*d^2)^7*e^3*ln(e*x+d)-10*e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^6*c^2*d^2/(e*x+d)+2*e^3/(a
e^2-c*d^2)^5*c*d/(e*x+d)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1618 vs. $2(252) = 504$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1618, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3*(c^6*d^12 - 9*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 45*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 45*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^
8 + 9*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - a^6*e^12 + 60*(c^6*d^7*e^5 - a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^5 + 1
50*(c^6*d^8*e^4 - a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^4 + 10*(11*c^6*d^9*e^3 + 27*a*c^5*d^7
*e^5 - 27*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - 11*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 15*(c^6*d^10*e^2 + 1
8*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 - 18*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 - a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^2 - 3*(c^6*d^11
*e - 15*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 60*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 60*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 15*a^4*c
^2*d^3*e^9 - a^5*c*d*e^11)*x + 60*(c^6*d^6*e^6*x^6 + a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 3*(
c^6*d^7*e^5 + a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^5 + 3*(c^6*d^8*e^4 + 3*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + a^2*
c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^4 + (c^6*d^9*e^3 + 9*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 9*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 + a^
3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 + a^3*c^3*d^4*e^
8)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7)*x)*log(c*d*x + a*e) - 60*(c
^6*d^6*e^6*x^6 + a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 3*(c^6*d^7*e^5 + a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^5 + 3
*(c^6*d^8*e^4 + 3*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^4 + (c^6*d^9*e^3 + 9*
a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 9*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 + a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^5*d^8*e^
4 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 + a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + a^3*c^
3*d^5*e^7)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(a^3*c^7*d^17*e^3 - 7*a^4*c^6*d^15*e^5 + 21*a^
5*c^5*d^13*e^7 - 35*a^6*c^4*d^11*e^9 + 35*a^7*c^3*d^9*e^11 - 21*a^8*c^2*d^
7*e^13 + 7*a^9*c*d^5*e^15 - a^10*d^3*e^17 + (c^10*d^17*e^3 - 7*a*c^9*d^15*
e^5 + 21*a^2*c^8*d^13*e^7 - 35*a^3*c^7*d^11*e^9 + 35*a^4*c^6*d^9*e^11 - 21
*a^5*c^5*d^7*e^13 + 7*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^15 - a^7*c^3*d^3*e^17)*x^6 + 3*(c^1...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1748 vs. $2(238) = 476$.

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1748, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)`

output

```
-20*c**3*d**3*e**3*log(x + (-20*a**8*c**3*d**3*e**19/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7
+ 160*a**7*c**4*d**5*e**17/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 - 560*a**6*c**5*d**7*e**15
/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 1120*a**5*c**6*d**9*e**13/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 - 1
400*a**4*c**7*d**11*e**11/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 1120*a**3*c**8*d**13*e**9
/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 - 560*a**2*c**9*d**15*e**7/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 16
0*a*c**10*d**17*e**5/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 20*a*c**3*d**3*e**5 - 20*c**11
*d**19*e**3/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 20*c**4*d**5*e**3)/(40*c**4*d**4*e**4))
/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 20*c**3*d**3*e**3*log(x + (20*a**8*c**3*d**3*e**19
/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 - 160*a**7*c**4*d**5*e**17/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 56
0*a**6*c**5*d**7*e**15/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 - 1120*a**5*c**6*d**9*e**13/(a
**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 1400*a**4*c**7*d**11*e**11/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 - 112
0*a**3*c**8*d**13*e**9/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 560*a**2*c**9*d**15*e**7/(a
**2 - c*d**2)**7 - 160*a*c**10*d**17*e**5/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 20*a*c**
3*d**3*e**5 + 20*c**11*d**19*e**3/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + 20*c**4*d**5*e**3
)/(40*c**4*d**4*e**4))/(a**2 - c*d**2)**7 + (-a**5*e**10 + 8*a**4*c*d**2
*e**8 - 37*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 37*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 + 8*a*c**4*d**8*e
**2 - c**5*d**10 - 60*c**5*d**5*e**5*x**5 + x**4*(-150*a*c**4*d**4*e**6 - 1
50*c**5*d**6*e**4) + x**3*(-110*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7 - 380*a*c**4*d**5*e**5
- 110*c**5*d**7*e**3) + x**2*(-15*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8 - 285*a**2*c**3*d**
4*e**6 - 285*a*c**4*d**6*e**4 - 15*c**5*d**8*e**2) + x*(3*a**4*c*d*e**9...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1278 vs. $2(252) = 504$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1278, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-20*c^3*d^3*e^3*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^7*d^14 - 7*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^2*c^5
*d^10*e^4 - 35*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10
+ 7*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - a^7*e^14) + 20*c^3*d^3*e^3*log(e*x + d)/(c^7*d^14 - 7
*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 35*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 35*a^4*c^3*d^
6*e^8 - 21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - a^7*e^14) - 1/3*(60*c^5*d
^5*e^5*x^5 + c^5*d^10 - 8*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 37*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 37*a^3*c^2*
d^4*e^6 - 8*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + a^5*e^10 + 150*(c^5*d^6*e^4 + a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x
^4 + 10*(11*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 38*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 11*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 15*
(c^5*d^8*e^2 + 19*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 19*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^
2 - 3*(c^5*d^9*e - 14*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 74*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 14*a^3*c^2*d^3*
e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)*x)/(a^3*c^6*d^15*e^3 - 6*a^4*c^5*d^13*e^5 + 15*a^5*c^4*
d^11*e^7 - 20*a^6*c^3*d^9*e^9 + 15*a^7*c^2*d^7*e^11 - 6*a^8*c*d^5*e^13 + a
^9*d^3*e^15 + (c^9*d^15*e^3 - 6*a*c^8*d^13*e^5 + 15*a^2*c^7*d^11*e^7 - 20*
a^3*c^6*d^9*e^9 + 15*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^11 - 6*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^13 + a^6*c^3*d^3*
e^15)*x^6 + 3*(c^9*d^16*e^2 - 5*a*c^8*d^14*e^4 + 9*a^2*c^7*d^12*e^6 - 5*a^3
*c^6*d^10*e^8 - 5*a^4*c^5*d^8*e^10 + 9*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^12 - 5*a^6*c^3*d^4*
e^14 + a^7*c^2*d^2*e^16)*x^5 + 3*(c^9*d^17*e - 3*a*c^8*d^15*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^7*
d^13*e^5 + 19*a^3*c^6*d^11*e^7 - 30*a^4*c^5*d^9*e^9 + 19*a^5*c^4*d^7*e^11
- 2*a^6*c^3*d^5*e^13 - 3*a^7*c^2*d^3*e^15 + a^8*c*d*e^17)*x^4 + (c^9*d^18
+ 3*a*c^8*d^16*e^2 - 30*a^2*c^7*d^14*e^4 + 62*a^3*c^6*d^12*e^6 - 36*a^4...
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 635 vs. $2(252) = 504$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 635, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{20c^4d^4e^3 \log(|cdx + ae|)}{c^8d^{15} - 7ac^7d^{13}e^2 + 21a^2c^6d^{11}e^4 - 35a^3c^5d^9e^6 + 35a^4c^4d^7e^8 - 21a^5c^3d^5e^{10} + 7a^6c^2d^3e^{12} - a^7cde^{14}}$$

$$+ \frac{20c^3d^3e^4 \log(|ex + d|)}{c^7d^{14}e - 7ac^6d^{12}e^3 + 21a^2c^5d^{10}e^5 - 35a^3c^4d^8e^7 + 35a^4c^3d^6e^9 - 21a^5c^2d^4e^{11} + 7a^6cd^2e^{13} - a^7e^{15}}$$

$$\frac{60c^5d^5e^5x^5 + 150c^5d^6e^4x^4 + 150ac^4d^4e^6x^4 + 110c^5d^7e^3x^3 + 380ac^4d^5e^5x^3 + 110a^2c^3d^3e^7x^3 + 15c^5d^8e^2x^2 + 285a^3c^2d^2e^8x^2 - 3c^5d^9e^2x + 42a^4c^4d^7e^3x + 222a^2c^3d^5e^5x + 42a^3c^2d^3e^7x - 3a^4c^4d^5e^9x + c^5d^{10} - 8a^4c^4d^8e^2 + 37a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 37a^3c^2d^4e^6 - 8a^4c^4d^2e^8 + a^5e^{10}}{3(c^6d^{12} - \dots)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-20*c^4*d^4*e^3*log(abs(c*d*x + a*e))/(c^8*d^15 - 7*a*c^7*d^13*e^2 + 21*a^2*c^6*d^11*e^4 - 35*a^3*c^5*d^9*e^6 + 35*a^4*c^4*d^7*e^8 - 21*a^5*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 7*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^12 - a^7*c*d*e^14) + 20*c^3*d^3*e^4*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^7*d^14*e - 7*a*c^6*d^12*e^3 + 21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^5 - 35*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^7 + 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^9 - 21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^11 + 7*a^6*c*d^2*e^13 - a^7*e^15) - 1/3*(60*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^5 + 150*c^5*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 150*a*c^4*d^4*e^6*x^4 + 110*c^5*d^7*e^3*x^3 + 380*a*c^4*d^5*e^5*x^3 + 110*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7*x^3 + 15*c^5*d^8*e^2*x^2 + 285*a*c^4*d^6*e^4*x^2 + 285*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6*x^2 + 15*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8*x^2 - 3*c^5*d^9*e^2*x + 42*a*c^4*d^7*e^3*x + 222*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5*x + 42*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7*x - 3*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^9*x + c^5*d^10 - 8*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 37*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 37*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 8*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^8 + a^5*e^10)/((c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)^3)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output `piecewise(0 < (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2, - (20*c^3*d^3*e^3*log(((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 - ((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 - a*c*d^2*e^2)^(1/2) + c*d*e*x)/((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + ((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 - a*c*d^2*e^2)^(1/2) + c*d*e*x)))/((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)^(7/2) - (20*((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)*((c*d*e)/(30*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3) - (c^2*d^2*e^2)/(6*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2) + (c^3*d^3*e^3)/(((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2))))/(c*d*e), (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 < 0, - (20*((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)*((c*d*e)/(30*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3) - (c^2*d^2*e^2)/(6*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2) + (c^3*d^3*e^3)/(((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2))))/(c*d*e) - (20*c^3*d^3*e^3*atan(((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)/(- (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 + a*c*d^2*e^2)^(1/2)))/((- (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 + a*c*d^2*e^2)^(1/2))*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)^3, ~ln((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2, 'real') | (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 == 4*a*c*d^2*e^2, int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4, x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2480, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output

```
(60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**8 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*
d**5*e**9*x + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**10*x**2 + 60*log(a*e
+ c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**11*x**3 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**8*e*
*6 + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**7*x + 720*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**
3*c**4*d**6*e**8*x**2 + 600*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**9*x**3 + 18
0*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**10*x**4 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c
**5*d**9*e**5*x + 720*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**6*x**2 + 1080*log
(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**7*x**3 + 720*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d*
*6*e**8*x**4 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**9*x**5 + 180*log(a*e
+ c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**10*e**4*x**2 + 600*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**9*e**5*x
**3 + 720*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**8*e**6*x**4 + 360*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*
c**6*d**7*e**7*x**5 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**6*e**8*x**6 + 60*log(a
*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**11*e**3*x**3 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**10*e**4*x*
*4 + 180*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**9*e**5*x**5 + 60*log(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d
**8*e**6*x**6 - 60*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**8 - 180*log(d + e*x)*a**
4*c**3*d**5*e**9*x - 180*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**10*x**2 - 60*log(d
+ e*x)*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**11*x**3 - 60*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**4*d**8*e**6 -
360*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**7*x - 720*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**4*d**6*e
**8*x**2 - 600*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**9*x**3 - 180*log(d + e*x)*a*
*3*c**4*d**4*e**10*x**4 - 180*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**5*d**9*e**5*x - 720*...
```

3.149 $\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$

Optimal result	1119
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1119
Rubi [A] (verified)	1120
Maple [A] (verified)	1121
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1121
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1122
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1122
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1123
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1123
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1124

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2}{7} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (d+ex)^{7/2} + \frac{2cd(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^2}$$

output `2/7*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/9*c*d*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (9ae^2 + cd(-2d + 7ex))}{63e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(9*a*e^2 + c*d*(-2*d + 7*e*x)))/(63*e^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 - cd^2)}{e} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{7}(d + ex)^{7/2} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{2cd(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^2}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/7 + (2*c*d*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}(7cdxe+9ae^2-2cd^2)}{63e^2}$	32
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}(7cdxe+9ae^2-2cd^2)}{63e^2}$	32
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{e^2}}{7}$	39
default	$\frac{\frac{2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{e^2}}{7}$	39
orering	$\frac{2(7cdxe+9ae^2-2cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{63e^2(cd+ae)}$	67
trager	$\frac{2(7cd^4x^4+9ae^5x^3+19cd^2e^3x^3+27ade^4x^2+15cd^3e^2x^2+27ae^3d^2x+cd^4ex+9ae^2d^3-2cd^5)\sqrt{ex+d}}{63e^2}$	99
risch	$\frac{2(7cd^4x^4+9ae^5x^3+19cd^2e^3x^3+27ade^4x^2+15cd^3e^2x^2+27ae^3d^2x+cd^4ex+9ae^2d^3-2cd^5)\sqrt{ex+d}}{63e^2}$	99

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/63*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(7*c*d*e*x+9*a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2(7cde^4x^4 - 2cd^5 + 9ad^3e^2 + (19cd^2e^3 + 9ae^5)x^3 + 3(5cd^3e^2 + 9ade^4)x^2 + (cd^4e + 27ad^3e^2)x + 2cd^5)}{63e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{2}{63}(7cd^4e^4x^4 - 2cd^5 + 9ad^3e^2 + (19cd^2e^3 + 9ae^5)x^3 + 3(5cd^3e^2 + 9ad^4e)x^2 + (cd^4e + 27ad^2e^3)x)\sqrt{ex + d}/e^2$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e} + \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 - cd^2)}{7e} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{cd^{7/2}x^2}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(c*d*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(7*e))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c*d**(7/2)*x**2/2, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2 \left(7(ex+d)^{9/2}cd - 9(cd^2 - ae^2)(ex+d)^{7/2} \right)}{63e^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/63*(7*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*c*d - 9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(7/2))/e^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 313 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.28

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{ex + d} ad^3 e + \frac{105 ((ex+d)^{3/2} - 3\sqrt{ex+dd}) cd^4}{e} + 315 \left((ex + d)^{3/2} - 3\sqrt{ex + dd} \right) ad^2 e + \frac{63}{e} \left(3(e^2 x + d)^{5/2} - 10(e^2 x + d)^{3/2} d + 15\sqrt{ex + d} d^2 \right) cd^3 + 63 \left(3(e^2 x + d)^{5/2} - 10(e^2 x + d)^{3/2} d + 15\sqrt{ex + d} d^2 \right) a d e + 27 \left(5(e^2 x + d)^{7/2} - 21(e^2 x + d)^{5/2} d + 35(e^2 x + d)^{3/2} d^2 - 35\sqrt{ex + d} d^3 \right) cd^2 + 9 \left(5(e^2 x + d)^{7/2} - 21(e^2 x + d)^{5/2} d + 35(e^2 x + d)^{3/2} d^2 - 35\sqrt{ex + d} d^3 \right) a e + (35(e^2 x + d)^{9/2} - 180(e^2 x + d)^{7/2} d + 378(e^2 x + d)^{5/2} d^2 - 420(e^2 x + d)^{3/2} d^3 + 315\sqrt{ex + d} d^4) cd / e}{e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d^3*e + 105*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*c*d^4/e + 315*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a*d^2*e + 63*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c*d^3/e + 63*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*d*e + 27*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c*d^2/e + 9*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a*e + (35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c*d/e)/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (9ae^2 - 9cd^2 + 7cd(d + ex))}{63e^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(9*a*e^2 - 9*c*d^2 + 7*c*d*(d + e*x)))/(63*e^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (7cd e^4 x^4 + 9a e^5 x^3 + 19c d^2 e^3 x^3 + 27ad e^4 x^2 + 15c d^3 e^2 x^2 + 27a d^2 e^3 x + c d^4 e x + c d e x^2)}{63e^2}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(9*a*d**3*e**2 + 27*a*d**2*e**3*x + 27*a*d*e**4*x**2 + 9*
a*e**5*x**3 - 2*c*d**5 + c*d**4*e*x + 15*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 19*c*d**2*e**3
*x**3 + 7*c*d*e**4*x**4))/(63*e**2)
```

3.150 $\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$

Optimal result	1125
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1125
Rubi [A] (verified)	1126
Maple [A] (verified)	1127
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1127
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1128
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1128
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1129
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1129
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1130

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2}{5} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (d+ex)^{5/2} + \frac{2cd(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^2}$$

output

$$2/5*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/7*c*d*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(7ae^2 + cd(-2d + 5ex))}{35e^2}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(7*a*e^2 + c*d*(-2*d + 5*e*x)))/(35*e^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2-cd^2)}{e} + \frac{cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{5}(d+ex)^{5/2} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{2cd(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]`

output `(2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/5 + (2*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(5cdxe+7ae^2-2cd^2)}{35e^2}$	32
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(5cdxe+7ae^2-2cd^2)}{35e^2}$	32
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{e^2}}{e^2}$	39
default	$\frac{\frac{2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{e^2}}{e^2}$	39
orering	$\frac{2(5cdxe+7ae^2-2cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{35e^2(cdx+ae)}$	67
trager	$\frac{2(5de^3cx^3+7e^4ax^2+8d^2e^2cx^2+14ade^3x+cd^3ex+7ad^2e^2-2cd^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{35e^2}$	75
risch	$\frac{2(5de^3cx^3+7e^4ax^2+8d^2e^2cx^2+14ade^3x+cd^3ex+7ad^2e^2-2cd^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{35e^2}$	75

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/35*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(5*c*d*e*x+7*a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(5cde^3x^3-2cd^4+7ad^2e^2+(8cd^2e^2+7ae^4)x^2+(cd^3e+14ade^3)x)\sqrt{ex+d}}{35e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/35*(5*c*d*e^3*x^3 - 2*c*d^4 + 7*a*d^2*e^2 + (8*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a*e^4)*x^2
+ (c*d^3*e + 14*a*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ae^2-cd^2)}{5e}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{cd^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(c*d*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(a*e**2 - c*d*
*2)/(5*e))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c*d**(5/2)*x**2/2, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2) dx = \frac{2\left(5(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}cd - 7(cd^2 - ae^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}{35e^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="ma
xima")
```

output

```
2/35*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c*d - 7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))/e^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 198 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(105 \sqrt{ex+d} ad^2 e + \frac{35 \left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex+dd} \right) cd^3}{e} + 70 \left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex+dd} \right) ade + \frac{14 \left(3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d) \right)}{e} \right)}{e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(105*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d^2*e + 35*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*c*d^3/e + 70*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a*d*e + 14*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c*d^2/e + 7*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*e + 3*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c*d/e)/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(7ae^2 - 7cd^2 + 5cd(d+ex))}{35e^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(7*a*e^2 - 7*c*d^2 + 5*c*d*(d + e*x)))/(35*e^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(5cde^3x^3 + 7ae^4x^2 + 8cd^2e^2x^2 + 14ade^3x + cd^3ex + 7ad^2e^2 - 2cd^4)}{35e^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(7*a*d**2*e**2 + 14*a*d*e**3*x + 7*a*e**4*x**2 - 2*c*d**4 + c*d**3*e*x + 8*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 5*c*d*e**3*x**3))/(35*e**2)`

$$3.151 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	1131
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1131
Rubi [A] (verified)	1132
Maple [A] (verified)	1133
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1133
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1134
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1134
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1135
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1135
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1136

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) (d+ex)^{3/2} + \frac{2cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^2}$$

output `2/3*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/5*c*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (5ae^2 + cd(-2d+3ex))}{15e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(5*a*e^2 + c*d*(-2*d + 3*e*x)))/(15*e^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 - cd^2)}{e} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{3}(d + ex)^{3/2} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{2cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^2}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/3 + (2*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(3cdxe+5ae^2-2cd^2)}{15e^2}$	32
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(3cdxe+5ae^2-2cd^2)}{15e^2}$	32
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^2}$	39
default	$\frac{\frac{2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^2}$	39
trager	$\frac{2(3cd^2x^2+5ae^3x+cd^2ex+5ade^2-2cd^3)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15e^2}$	51
risch	$\frac{2(3cd^2x^2+5ae^3x+cd^2ex+5ade^2-2cd^3)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15e^2}$	51
orering	$\frac{2(3cdxe+5ae^2-2cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{15e^2(cd+ae)}$	67

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(3*c*d*e*x+5*a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3cde^2x^2 - 2cd^3 + 5ade^2 + (cd^2e + 5ae^3)x)\sqrt{ex + d}}{15e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/15*(3*c*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*c*d^3 + 5*a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + 5*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2ade\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2cd\left(d^2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}\right)}{e} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)\left(-d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}\right)}{e}}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{cd^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((((2*a*d*e*sqrt(d + e*x) + 2*c*d*(d**2*sqrt(d + e*x) - 2*d*(d + e*x)**(3/2)/3 + (d + e*x)**(5/2)/5)/e + 2*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(-d*sqrt(d + e*x) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)/3)/e)/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c*d**(3/2)*x**2/2, True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(15\sqrt{ex+dd}e + \frac{(3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd}^2)cd}{e} + \frac{5(cd^2+ae^2)((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{ex+dd})}{e}\right)}{15e}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/15*(15*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d*e + (3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d +
15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c*d/e + 5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt
(e*x + d)*d)/e)/e
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 105 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15 \sqrt{ex + d} ade + \frac{5 \left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex+dd} \right) cd^2}{e} + 5 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + dd} \right) ae + \frac{3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex + d} d^2}{e} \right)}{15e}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/15*(15*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d*e + 5*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*c*d
^2/e + 5*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a*e + (3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) -
10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c*d/e)/e
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (5ae^2 - 5cd^2 + 3cd(d + ex))}{15e^2}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(5*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2 + 3*c*d*(d + e*x)))/(15*e^2)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(3cd e^2 x^2 + 5a e^3 x + c d^2 ex + 5ad e^2 - 2c d^3)}{15e^2}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(5*a*d*e**2 + 5*a*e**3*x - 2*c*d**3 + c*d**2*e*x + 3*c*d*
e**2*x**2))/(15*e**2)
```

$$3.152 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1137
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1137
Rubi [A] (verified)	1138
Maple [A] (verified)	1139
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1139
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1140
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1140
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1140
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1141
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1141

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = 2 \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) \sqrt{d + ex} + \frac{2cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2}$$

output $2*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+2/3*c*d*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}/e^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(3ae^2 + cd(-2d + ex))}{3e^2}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}, x]$

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(3*a*e^2 + c*d*(-2*d + e*x)))/(3*e^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{cd\sqrt{d + ex}}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2\sqrt{d + ex} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{2cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x] + (2*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(cdxe+3ae^2-2cd^2)}{3e^2}$	31
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(cdxe+3ae^2-2cd^2)}{3e^2}$	31
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(cdxe+3ae^2-2cd^2)}{3e^2}$	31
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(cdxe+3ae^2-2cd^2)}{3e^2}$	31
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 2cd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2}$	43
default	$\frac{\frac{2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 2cd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2}$	43
orering	$\frac{2(cdxe+3ae^2-2cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{3e^2\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)}$	66

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2/3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*e*x+3*a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cdex - 2cd^2 + 3ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{3e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/3*(c*d*e*x - 2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 - cd^2)}{e} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{c\sqrt{d}x^2}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c*d*(d + e*x)**(3/2)/(3*e) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)/e)/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c*sqrt(d)*x**2/2, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} cd - 3 (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{ex + d} \right)}{3e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d - 3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3\sqrt{ex + d}ae + \frac{((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{ex+dd})cd}{e} \right)}{3e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e + ((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*c*d/e)/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(3ae^2 - 3cd^2 + cd(d + ex))}{3e^2}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(3*a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2 + c*d*(d + e*x)))/(3*e^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(cdex + 3ae^2 - 2cd^2)}{3e^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(3*a*e**2 - 2*c*d**2 + c*d*e*x))/(3*e**2)`

$$3.153 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1142
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1142
Rubi [A] (verified)	1143
Maple [A] (verified)	1144
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1144
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1145
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1145
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1145
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1146
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2}$$

output $(-2*a+2*c*d^2/e^2)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+2*c*d*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/e^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2ae^2 + 2cd(2d + ex)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output $(-2*a*e^2 + 2*c*d*(2*d + e*x))/(e^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{cd}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2cd\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2))/Sqrt[d + e*x] + (2*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-cdxe+ae^2-2cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}e^2}$	31
trager	$-\frac{2(-cdxe+ae^2-2cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}e^2}$	31
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(-cdxe+ae^2-2cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}e^2}$	31
derivativedivides	$\frac{2cd\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}}{e^2}$	38
default	$\frac{2cd\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}}{e^2}$	38
risch	$\frac{2cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2} - \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)}{e^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	40
orering	$-\frac{2(-cdxe+ae^2-2cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(cdx+ae)}$	66

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*d*e*x+a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(cdex + 2cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{e^3x + de^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^3*x + d*e^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4cd^2}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2cdx}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{cx^2}{2\sqrt{d}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`output `Piecewise((-2*a/sqrt(d + e*x) + 4*c*d**2/(e**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2*c*d*x/(e*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c*x**2/(2*sqrt(d)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{e} + \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{\sqrt{ex+de}} \right)}{e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/e + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e))/e`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{e^2} + \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{ex+de}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2*\sqrt{e*x + d}*c*d/e^2 + 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(\sqrt{e*x + d}*e^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4cd^2 + 2cxde - 2ae^2}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input $\text{int}((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)$

output $(4*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2cdex - 2ae^2 + 4cd^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^2}$$

input $\text{int}((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x)$

output $(2*(- a*e**2 + 2*c*d**2 + c*d*e*x))/(\sqrt{d + e*x}*e**2)$

$$3.154 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1147
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1147
Rubi [A] (verified)	1148
Maple [A] (verified)	1149
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1149
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1150
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1150
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1151
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1151
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1151

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2cd}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output $1/3*(-2*a+2*c*d^2/e^2)/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}-2*c*d/e^2/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(ae^2 + cd(2d + 3ex))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}, x]$

output $(-2*(a*e^2 + c*d*(2*d + 3*e*x)))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{cd}{e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2cd}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2))/(3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*c*d)/(e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{2(3cdxe+ae^2+2cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^2}$	31
trager	$-\frac{2(3cdxe+ae^2+2cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^2}$	31
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(3cdxe+ae^2+2cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^2}$	31
derivativdivides	$-\frac{\frac{2cd}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^2}$	39
default	$-\frac{\frac{2cd}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^2}$	39
orering	$-\frac{2(3cdxe+ae^2+2cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{3e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(cdx+ae)}$	66

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS E)`

output `-2/3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(3*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+2*c*d^2)/e^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3cdex + 2cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{3(e^4x^2 + 2de^3x + d^2e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(3*c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2ae^2}{3de^2\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^3x\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4cd^2}{3de^2\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^3x\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6cdex}{3de^2\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^3x\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{cx^2}{2d^{3/2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*a*e**2/(3*d*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4*c*d**2/(3*d*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 6*c*d*e*x/(3*d*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c*x**2/(2*d**(3/2)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3(ex + d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)}{3(ex + d)^{3/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*(3*(e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3(ex + d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)}{3(ex + d)^{3/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*(3*(e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2ae^2 - 2cd^2 + 6cd(d + ex)}{3e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `-(2*a*e^2 - 2*c*d^2 + 6*c*d*(d + e*x))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-2cdex - \frac{2}{3}ae^2 - \frac{4}{3}cd^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^2(ex + d)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*(- a*e**2 - 2*c*d**2 - 3*c*d*e*x))/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*(d + e*x))`

$$3.155 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1152
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1152
Rubi [A] (verified)	1153
Maple [A] (verified)	1154
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1154
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1155
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1155
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1156
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1156
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1156

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{5(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2cd}{3e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

output $1/5*(-2*a+2*c*d^2/e^2)/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-2/3*c*d/e^2/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3ae^2 + cd(2d + 5ex))}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^{(9/2)}, x]$

output $(-2*(3*a*e^2 + c*d*(2*d + 5*e*x)))/(15*e^2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{cd}{e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{5(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2cd}{3e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2))/(5*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*c*d)/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{2(5cdxe+3ae^2+2cd^2)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^2}$	32
trager	$-\frac{2(5cdxe+3ae^2+2cd^2)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^2}$	32
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{2}{3}cdxe-\frac{2}{5}ae^2-\frac{4}{15}cd^2}{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^2}$	32
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2cd}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^2}$	39
default	$\frac{-\frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2cd}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^2}$	39
orering	$-\frac{2(5cdxe+3ae^2+2cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{15e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}(cdx+ae)}$	67

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15/(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(5*c*d*e*x+3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)/e^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(5cdex + 2cd^2 + 3ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{15(e^5x^3 + 3de^4x^2 + 3d^2e^3x + d^3e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(5*c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{6ae^2}{15d^2e^2\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^3x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^4x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4cd^2}{15d^2e^2\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^3x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^4x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{cx^2}{2d^{5/2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**(9/2), x)`

output `Piecewise((-6*a*e**2/(15*d**2*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**4*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4*c*d**2/(15*d**2*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**4*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 10*c*d*e*x/(15*d**2*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**4*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c*x**2/(2*d**(5/2)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(5(ex + d)cd - 3cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{15(ex + d)^{5/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/15*(5*(e*x + d)*c*d - 3*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(5(ex + d)cd - 3cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{15(ex + d)^{5/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*(5*(e*x + d)*c*d - 3*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{6ae^2 - 6cd^2 + 10cd(d + ex)}{15e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `-(6*a*e^2 - 6*c*d^2 + 10*c*d*(d + e*x))/(15*e^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2}{3}c dex - \frac{2}{5}a e^2 - \frac{4}{15}c d^2}{\sqrt{ex + d} e^2 (e^2 x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 3*a*e**2 - 2*c*d**2 - 5*c*d*e*x))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

$$3.156 \quad \int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1157
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1157
Rubi [A] (verified)	1158
Maple [A] (verified)	1159
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1159
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1160
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1160
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1161
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1161
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1161

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{2cd}{5e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

output $1/7*(-2*a+2*c*d^2/e^2)/(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}-2/5*c*d/e^2/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(5ae^2 + cd(2d + 7ex))}{35e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^{(11/2)}, x]$

output $(-2*(5*a*e^2 + c*d*(2*d + 7*e*x)))/(35*e^2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{e(d + ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{cd}{e(d + ex)^{7/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{7(d + ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{2cd}{5e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2))/(7*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) - (2*c*d)/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(7cdxe+5ae^2+2cd^2)}{35(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^2}$	32
trager	$-\frac{2(7cdxe+5ae^2+2cd^2)}{35(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^2}$	32
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{2}{5}cdxe-\frac{2}{7}ae^2-\frac{4}{35}cd^2}{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^2}$	32
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2cd}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)}{7(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$ e^2	39
default	$-\frac{2cd}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)}{7(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$ e^2	39
orering	$-\frac{2(7cdxe+5ae^2+2cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{35e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}(cdx+ae)}$	67

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/35/(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(7*c*d*e*x+5*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)/e^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(7cdex + 2cd^2 + 5ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{35(e^6x^4 + 4de^5x^3 + 6d^2e^4x^2 + 4d^3e^3x + d^4e^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/35*(7*c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^6*x^4 + 4*d*e^5*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^3*x + d^4*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.77

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{10ae^2}{35d^3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}+105d^2e^3x\sqrt{d+ex}+105de^4x^2\sqrt{d+ex}+35e^5x^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{cx^2}{2d^{7/2}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)/(e*x+d)**(11/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-10*a*e**2/(35*d**3*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**5*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4*c*d**2/(35*d**3*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**5*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 14*c*d*e*x/(35*d**3*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d**2*e**3*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 35*e**5*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c*x**2/(2*d**(7/2)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(7(ex + d)cd - 5cd^2 + 5ae^2)}{35(ex + d)^{7/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/35*(7*(e*x + d)*c*d - 5*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(7/2)*e^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(7(ex + d)cd - 5cd^2 + 5ae^2)}{35(ex + d)^{7/2}e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/35*(7*(e*x + d)*c*d - 5*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(7/2)*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{4cd^2 + 14cxde + 10ae^2}{35e^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `-(10*a*e^2 + 4*c*d^2 + 14*c*d*e*x)/(35*e^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2}{5}cde x - \frac{2}{7}ae^2 - \frac{4}{35}cd^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^2(e^3x^3 + 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + d^3)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x)`

output `(2*(-5*a*e**2 - 2*c*d**2 - 7*c*d*e*x))/(35*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3))`

3.157 $\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	1162
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1162
Rubi [A] (verified)	1163
Maple [A] (verified)	1164
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1165
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1165
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1166
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1167
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1168

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^3} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^3}$$

output

```
2/7*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^3-4/9*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^3+2/11*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (99a^2e^4 - 22acde^2(2d - 7ex) + c^2d^2(8d^2 - 28dex + 63e^2x^2))}{693e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$(2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}*(99*a^2*e^4 - 22*a*c*d*e^2*(2*d - 7*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 - 28*d*e*x + 63*e^2*x^2)))/(693*e^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae^2-cd^2)^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{4cd(d+ex)^{9/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{9e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{7e^3} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*e^3) - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*e^3) + (2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*e^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(e x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(a^2 e^4 + \frac{14 x a c d e^3}{9} - \frac{4 \left(-\frac{63 c x^2}{44} + a \right) c d^2 e^2}{9} - \frac{28 x c^2 d^3 e}{99} + \frac{8 c^2 d^4}{99} \right)}{7 e^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2 c^2 d^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{4 c d (a e^2 - c d^2) (e x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{e^3}$
default	$\frac{2 c^2 d^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{4 c d (a e^2 - c d^2) (e x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
gosper	$\frac{2(e x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} (63 x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 154 x a c d e^3 - 28 x c^2 d^3 e + 99 a^2 e^4 - 44 a c d^2 e^2 + 8 c^2 d^4)}{693 e^3}$
orering	$\frac{2(63 x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 154 x a c d e^3 - 28 x c^2 d^3 e + 99 a^2 e^4 - 44 a c d^2 e^2 + 8 c^2 d^4) (e x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^2}{693 e^3 (c d x + a e)^2}$
trager	$\frac{2(63 c^2 d^2 e^5 x^5 + 154 a c d e^6 x^4 + 161 e^4 d^3 c^2 x^4 + 99 a^2 e^7 x^3 + 418 a c d^2 e^5 x^3 + 113 c^2 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 297 a^2 d e^6 x^2 + 330 a c d^3 e^4 x^2 + 3 c^2 d^5 e^2 x^2)}{693 e^3}$
risch	$\frac{2(63 c^2 d^2 e^5 x^5 + 154 a c d e^6 x^4 + 161 e^4 d^3 c^2 x^4 + 99 a^2 e^7 x^3 + 418 a c d^2 e^5 x^3 + 113 c^2 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 297 a^2 d e^6 x^2 + 330 a c d^3 e^4 x^2 + 3 c^2 d^5 e^2 x^2)}{693 e^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output 2/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a^2*e^4+14/9*x*a*c*d*e^3-4/9*(-63/44*c*x^2+a)*c*d^2*e^2
-28/99*x*c^2*d^3*e+8/99*c^2*d^4)/e^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(63c^2d^2e^5x^5 + 8c^2d^7 - 44acd^5e^2 + 99a^2d^3e^4 + 7(23c^2d^3e^4 + 22acde^6)x^4 + (113c^2d^4e^3 + 418acd^2e^5 + 693e^7)x^3 + 3(c^2d^5e^2 + 110a^2cd^3e^4 + 99a^2d^2e^6)x^2 - (4c^2d^6e - 22acd^4e^3 - 297a^2d^2e^5)x)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
2/693*(63*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 8*c^2*d^7 - 44*a*c*d^5*e^2 + 99*a^2*d^3*e^4 +
7*(23*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 22*a*c*d*e^6)*x^4 + (113*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 418*a*c*d^2*e^5
+ 99*a^2*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^5*e^2 + 110*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 99*a^2*d*e^6)*x^2
- (4*c^2*d^6*e - 22*a*c*d^4*e^3 - 297*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^3
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (2acde^2 - 2c^2d^3)}{9e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} (a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{7e^2}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{c^2d^{\frac{9}{2}}x^3}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(c**2*d**2*(d + e*x)**(11/2)/(11*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(2*
a*c*d*e**2 - 2*c**2*d**3)/(9*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d
**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(7*e**2))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c**2*d**(9/2)*x**3/3, True)
)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(63 (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} c^2 d^2 - 154 (c^2 d^3 - acde^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 99 (c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{693 e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/693*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*c^2*d^2 - 154*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) + 99*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(7/2))/e^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 566 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.82

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/3465*(3465*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d^3*e^2 + 2310*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*
x + d)*d)*a*c*d^4 + 3465*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^2*d^2*e^2
+ 1386*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*
a*c*d^3 + 231*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)
*d^2)*c^2*d^5/e^2 + 693*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqr
t(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*d*e^2 + 594*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d
+ 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a*c*d^2 + 297*(5*(e*x + d)
^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)
*d^3)*c^2*d^4/e^2 + 99*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x
+ d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^2*e^2 + 22*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) -
180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3
+ 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c*d + 33*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(
7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^4)*c^2*d^3/e^2 + 5*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 9
90*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d
^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*c^2*d^2/e^2)/e

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(99a^2e^4 + 99c^2d^4 + 63c^2d^2(d+ex)^2 - 154c^2d^3(d+ex) - 198acd^2e^2 + 154acde^2)}{693e^3}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```

(2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(99*a^2*e^4 + 99*c^2*d^4 + 63*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 154
*c^2*d^3*(d + e*x) - 198*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 154*a*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x)))/(693*e^3)

```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(63c^2d^2e^5x^5+154acd^2e^6x^4+161c^2d^3e^4x^4+99a^2e^7x^3+418acd^2e^5x^3+113c^2d^4e^3x^3+297a^2d^2e^2x^2+99a^2d^2e^7x^3-44acd^5e^2+22acd^4e^3x+330acd^3e^4x^2+418acd^2e^5x^3+154acd^2e^6x^4+8c^2d^7-4c^2d^6ex+3c^2d^5e^2x^2+113c^2d^4e^3x^3+161c^2d^3e^4x^4+63c^2d^2e^5x^5)}{(693e^3)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(99*a**2*d**3*e**4 + 297*a**2*d**2*e**5*x + 297*a**2*d*e*
*6*x**2 + 99*a**2*e**7*x**3 - 44*a*c*d**5*e**2 + 22*a*c*d**4*e**3*x + 330*
a*c*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 418*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**3 + 154*a*c*d*e**6*x**4 + 8*c**2
*d**7 - 4*c**2*d**6*e*x + 3*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 113*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**3
+ 161*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 63*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**5))/(693*e**3)
```

3.158
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	1169
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1169
Rubi [A] (verified)	1170
Maple [A] (verified)	1171
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1172
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1172
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1173
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1173
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1174
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1174

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2) (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} + \frac{2c^2d^2 (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^3}$$

output

```
2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^3-4/7*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^3+2/9*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (63a^2e^4 + 18acde^2(-2d + 5ex) + c^2d^2(8d^2 - 20dex + 35e^2x^2))}{315e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

$$(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(63*a^2*e^4 + 18*a*c*d*e^2*(-2*d + 5*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 - 20*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2)))/(315*e^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2} + \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^{7/2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{4cd(d + ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{7e^3} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5e^3} + \frac{2c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x], x]$$

output

$$(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^3) - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^3) + (2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(e x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(a^2 e^4 + \frac{10 x a c d e^3}{7} - \frac{4 \left(-\frac{35 c x^2}{36} + a \right) c d^2 e^2}{7} - \frac{20 x c^2 d^3 e}{63} + \frac{8 c^2 d^4}{63} \right)}{5 e^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2 c^2 d^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{4 c d (a e^2 - c d^2) (e x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{e^3}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2 c^2 d^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{4 c d (a e^2 - c d^2) (e x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{e^3}$
gosper	$\frac{2(e x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (35 x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 90 x a c d e^3 - 20 x c^2 d^3 e + 63 a^2 e^4 - 36 a c d^2 e^2 + 8 c^2 d^4)}{315 e^3}$
oring	$\frac{2(35 x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 90 x a c d e^3 - 20 x c^2 d^3 e + 63 a^2 e^4 - 36 a c d^2 e^2 + 8 c^2 d^4) \sqrt{e x+d} (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^2}{315 e^3 (c d x + a e)^2}$
trager	$\frac{2(35 d^2 e^4 c^2 x^4 + 90 a c d e^5 x^3 + 50 c^2 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 63 a^2 e^6 x^2 + 144 a c d^2 e^4 x^2 + 3 c^2 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 126 a^2 d e^5 x + 18 a c d^3 e^3 x - 4 c^2 d^5 e x + 315 e^3)}{315 e^3}$
risch	$\frac{2(35 d^2 e^4 c^2 x^4 + 90 a c d e^5 x^3 + 50 c^2 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 63 a^2 e^6 x^2 + 144 a c d^2 e^4 x^2 + 3 c^2 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 126 a^2 d e^5 x + 18 a c d^3 e^3 x - 4 c^2 d^5 e x + 315 e^3)}{315 e^3}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output 2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a^2*e^4+10/7*x*a*c*d*e^3-4/7*(-35/36*c*x^2+a)*c*d^2*e^2
-20/63*x*c^2*d^3*e+8/63*c^2*d^4)/e^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35c^2d^2e^4x^4 + 8c^2d^6 - 36acd^4e^2 + 63a^2d^2e^4 + 10(5c^2d^3e^3 + 9acde^5)x^3 + 3(c^2d^4e^2 + 48acd^2e^4 + 21a^2e^6)x^2 - 2(2c^2d^5e - 9a^2cd^3e^3 - 63a^2d^2e^5)x)\sqrt{ex + d}}{315e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 8*c^2*d^6 - 36*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 63*a^2*d^2*e^4 + 10*(5*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9*a*c*d*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^4*e^2 + 48*a*c*d^2*e^4 + 21*a^2*e^6)*x^2 - 2*(2*c^2*d^5*e - 9*a*c*d^3*e^3 - 63*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (2acde^2 - 2c^2d^3)}{7e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{5e^2}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{c^2d^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c**2*d**2*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**2 - 2*c**2*d**3)/(7*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(5*e**2))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c**2*d**(7/2)*x**3/3, True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{ex + d} a^2 d^2 e^2 + 42 \left(\frac{(3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd}) cd}{e} + \frac{5(cd^2 + ae^2)((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{ex+dd})}{e} \right) ade + \frac{(35}{e} \right)}{e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d^2*e^2 + 42*((3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c*d/e + 5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)/e)*a*d*e + (35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^2*d^2/e^2 + 18*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d/e^2 + 21*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)/e^2)/e`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 368 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{ex + d} a^2 d^2 e^2 + 210 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + dd} \right) acd^3 + 210 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + dd} \right) a^2 de^2 + 8 \right)}{e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/315*(315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d^2*e^2 + 210*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d)*a*c*d^3 + 210*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^2*d*e^2 + 84*
(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*c*d^2
+ 21*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c^2
*d^4/e^2 + 21*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)
*d^2)*a^2*e^2 + 18*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)
)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a*c*d + 18*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*
x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c^2*d^3/e^
2 + (35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2
- 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^2*d^2/e^2)/e
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (63a^2e^4 + 63c^2d^4 + 35c^2d^2(d + ex)^2 - 90c^2d^3(d + ex) - 126acd^2e^2 + 90acd^2e^2(d + ex))}{315e^3}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(63*a^2*e^4 + 63*c^2*d^4 + 35*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 90*
c^2*d^3*(d + e*x) - 126*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 90*a*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x)))/(315*e^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (35c^2d^2e^4x^4 + 90acd^2e^5x^3 + 50c^2d^3e^3x^3 + 63a^2e^6x^2 + 144acd^2e^4x^2 + 3c^2d^4e^2x^2 + 126a^2de^5x)}{315e^3}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(63*a**2*d**2*e**4 + 126*a**2*d*e**5*x + 63*a**2*e**6*x**2 - 36*a*c*d**4*e**2 + 18*a*c*d**3*e**3*x + 144*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 90*a*c*d*e**5*x**3 + 8*c**2*d**6 - 4*c**2*d**5*e*x + 3*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 50*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 35*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4))/(315*e**3)
```


$$3.159 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1176
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1176
Rubi [A] (verified)	1177
Maple [A] (verified)	1178
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1179
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1179
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1180
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1180
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1181
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1181

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3}$$

output $2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}/e^3-4/5*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}/e^3+2/7*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}/e^3$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(35a^2e^4 + 14acde^2(-2d+3ex) + c^2d^2(8d^2 - 12dex + 5ex^2))}{105e^3}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}, x]$

output

$$(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(35*a^2*e^4 + 14*a*c*d*e^2*(-2*d + 3*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2)))/(105*e^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{4cd(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^3} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3e^3} + \frac{2c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^3) - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^3) + (2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(e x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a^2 e^4 + \frac{6 x a c d e^3}{5} - \frac{4 c d^2 \left(-\frac{15 c x^2}{28} + a \right) e^2}{5} - \frac{12 x c^2 d^3 e}{35} + \frac{8 c^2 d^4}{35} \right)}{3 e^3}$	65
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2 c^2 d^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{4 c d (a e^2 - c d^2) (e x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^3}$	68
default	$\frac{2 c^2 d^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{4 c d (a e^2 - c d^2) (e x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 (e x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	68
gosper	$\frac{2(e x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (15 x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 42 x a c d e^3 - 12 x c^2 d^3 e + 35 a^2 e^4 - 28 a c d^2 e^2 + 8 c^2 d^4)}{105 e^3}$	73
trager	$\frac{2(15 c^2 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 42 a c e^4 d x^2 + 3 c^2 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 35 a^2 e^5 x + 14 a c d^2 e^3 x - 4 c^2 d^4 e x + 35 a^2 d e^4 - 28 a c d^3 e^2 + 8 c^2 d^5) \sqrt{e x+d}}{105 e^3}$	11
risch	$\frac{2(15 c^2 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 42 a c e^4 d x^2 + 3 c^2 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 35 a^2 e^5 x + 14 a c d^2 e^3 x - 4 c^2 d^4 e x + 35 a^2 d e^4 - 28 a c d^3 e^2 + 8 c^2 d^5) \sqrt{e x+d}}{105 e^3}$	11
orering	$\frac{2(15 x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 42 x a c d e^3 - 12 x c^2 d^3 e + 35 a^2 e^4 - 28 a c d^2 e^2 + 8 c^2 d^4) (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^2}{105 e^3 (c d x + a e)^2 \sqrt{e x+d}}$	11

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a^2*e^4+6/5*x*a*c*d*e^3-4/5*c*d^2*(-15/28*c*x^2+a)*e^2-
12/35*x*c^2*d^3*e+8/35*c^2*d^4)/e^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(15c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 8c^2d^5 - 28acd^3e^2 + 35a^2de^4 + 3(c^2d^3e^2 + 14acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4))}{105e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 8*c^2*d^5 - 28*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 35*a^2*d*e^4 + 3*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + 14*a*c*d*e^4))*x^2 - (4*c^2*d^4*e - 14*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 35*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (2acde^2 - 2c^2d^3)}{5e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{3e^2}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{c^2d^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c**2*d**2*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**2 - 2*c**2*d**3)/(5*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(3*e**2))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c**2*d**(5/2)*x**3/3, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(15 (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} c^2 d^2 - 42 (c^2 d^3 - acde^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35 (c^2 d^4 - 2 a^2 c d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{105 e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/105*(15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2*d^2 - 42*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) + 35*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/e^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(105 \sqrt{ex + d} a^2 d e^2 + 70 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + d} \right) a c d^2 + 35 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + d} \right) d^3 c^2 \right)}{105 e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(105*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d*e^2 + 70*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a*c*d^2 + 35*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^2*e^2 + 14*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*c*d + 7*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c^2*d^3/e^2 + 3*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 5*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c^2*d^2/e^2)/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (35a^2e^4 + 35c^2d^4 + 15c^2d^2(d + ex)^2 - 42c^2d^3(d + ex) - 70ac^2d^2e^2 + 42ac^2de^2(d + ex))}{105e^3}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(35*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4 + 15*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 42*c^2*d^3*(d + e*x) - 70*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 42*a*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x)))/(105*e^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (15c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 42acd^4e^4x^2 + 3c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 35a^2e^5x + 14acd^2e^4x + 42ac^2d^2e^3x^2 + 15c^2d^2e^3x^3)}{105e^3}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(35*a**2*d*e**4 + 35*a**2*e**5*x - 28*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 14*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + 42*a*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 8*c**2*d**5 - 4*c**2*d**4*e*x + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 15*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3))/(105*e**3)`

3.160
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1182
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1182
Rubi [A] (verified)	1183
Maple [A] (verified)	1184
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1185
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1185
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1186
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1186
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1187
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1187

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{e^3} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3}$$

output `2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3-4/3*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^3+2/5*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(15a^2e^4 + 10acde^2(-2d+ex) + c^2d^2(8d^2 - 4dex + 3e^2x))}{15e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(15*a^2*e^4 + 10*a*c*d*e^2*(-2*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(15*e^3)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{4cd(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^3 - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^3) + (2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} \left(a^2e^4 + \frac{2xacd e^3}{3} - \frac{4c \left(-\frac{3cx^2}{20} + a \right) d^2 e^2}{3} - \frac{4xc^2 d^3 e}{15} + \frac{8c^2 d^4}{15} \right)}{e^3}$	65
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2 d^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4(a e^2 - c d^2) cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^3} + 2(a e^2 - c d^2)^2 \sqrt{ex+d}$	67
default	$\frac{2c^2 d^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4(a e^2 - c d^2) cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^3} + 2(a e^2 - c d^2)^2 \sqrt{ex+d}$	67
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (3x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 10xacd e^3 - 4x c^2 d^3 e + 15a^2 e^4 - 20acd^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^4)}{15e^3}$	73
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (3x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 10xacd e^3 - 4x c^2 d^3 e + 15a^2 e^4 - 20acd^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^4)}{15e^3}$	73
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (3x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 10xacd e^3 - 4x c^2 d^3 e + 15a^2 e^4 - 20acd^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^4)}{15e^3}$	73
orering	$\frac{2(3x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 10xacd e^3 - 4x c^2 d^3 e + 15a^2 e^4 - 20acd^2 e^2 + 8c^2 d^4) (ade + (a e^2 + c d^2)x + cd x^2 e)^2}{15e^3 (cdx + ae)^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	110

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output 2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4+2/3*x*a*c*d*e^3-4/3*c*(-3/20*c*x^2+a)*d^2*e^2-4/1
5*x*c^2*d^3*e+8/15*c^2*d^4)/e^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 8c^2d^4 - 20acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4 - 2(2c^2d^3e - 5acde^3))}{15e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^4 - 20*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4 - 2*(2*c^2*d^3*e - 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (2acde^2 - 2c^2d^3)}{3e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^2}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{c^2d^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c**2*d**2*(d + e*x)**(5/2)/(5*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**2 - 2*c**2*d**3)/(3*e**2) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/e**2)/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c**2*d**(3/2)*x**3/3, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2d^2 - 10(c^2d^3 - acde^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15(c^2d^4 - 2acde^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)}{15e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d^2 - 10*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) + 15*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(15\sqrt{ex + d}a^2e^2 + 10 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{ex + d}d \right)acd + \frac{3(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{e} \right)}{15e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(15*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*e^2 + 10*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a*c*d + (3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c^2*d^2/e^2)/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex} (15a^2e^4 + 15c^2d^4 + 3c^2d^2(d + ex)^2 - 10c^2d^3(d + ex) - 30a^2cd^2e^2 + 10a^2cde^2(d + ex))}{15e^3}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(15*a^2*e^4 + 15*c^2*d^4 + 3*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 10*c^2*d^3*(d + e*x) - 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 10*a*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x)))/(15*e^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 10acd e^3x - 4c^2d^3ex + 15a^2e^4 - 20acd^2e^2)}{15e^3}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(15*a**2*e**4 - 20*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 10*a*c*d*e**3*x + 8*c**2*d**4 - 4*c**2*d**3*e*x + 3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(15*e**3)`

$$3.161 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1188
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1188
Rubi [A] (verified)	1189
Maple [A] (verified)	1190
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1191
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1191
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1192
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1192
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1193
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1193

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^3} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3+2/3*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(-3a^2e^4 + 6acde^2(2d+ex) + c^2d^2(-8d^2 - 4dex + e^2x^2))}{3e^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

$$(2*(-3*a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d*e^2*(2*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)))/(3*e^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{4cd\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(e^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^3 + (2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2xacd e^3 - 4(\frac{cx^2}{12} + a)cd^2e^2 + \frac{4xc^2d^3e}{3} + \frac{8c^2d^4}{3})}{\sqrt{ex+d}e^3}$	65
risch	$\frac{2cd(cdx + 6ae^2 - 5cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3e^3} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^3\sqrt{ex+d}}$	71
gosper	$-\frac{2(-x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 6xacd e^3 + 4xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 - 12acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}e^3}$	73
trager	$-\frac{2(-x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 6xacd e^3 + 4xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 - 12acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}e^3}$	73
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4acd e^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 4c^2d^3\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}}{e^3}$	86
default	$\frac{\frac{2c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4acd e^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 4c^2d^3\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}}{e^3}$	86
orering	$-\frac{2(-x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 6xacd e^3 + 4xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 - 12acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^2}{3e^3(cdxa + e)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	110

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output -2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4-2*x*a*c*d*e^3-4*(1/12*c*x^2+a)*c*d^2*e^2+4/3*x*c
^2*d^3*e+8/3*c^2*d^4)/e^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 8c^2d^4 + 12acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4 - 2(2c^2d^3e - 3acde^3)x)}{3(e^4x + de^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4 - 2*(2*c^2*d^3*e - 3*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^4*x + d*e^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{8acd^2}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4acdx}{\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{16c^2d^4}{3e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{8c^2d^3x}{3e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2c^2d^2x^2}{3e\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{c^2\sqrt{d}x^3}{3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*a**2*e/sqrt(d + e*x) + 8*a*c*d**2/(e*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 4*a*c*d*x/sqrt(d + e*x) - 16*c**2*d**4/(3*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 8*c**2*d**3*x/(3*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2*c**2*d**2*x**2/(3*e*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c**2*sqrt(d)*x**3/3, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 d^2 - 6(c^2 d^3 - acde^2) \sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2} - \frac{3(c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4)}{\sqrt{ex+de^2}} \right)}{3e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2 - 6*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^2 - 3*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2))/e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4)}{\sqrt{ex + de^3}} + \frac{2 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 d^2 e^6 - 6\sqrt{ex + d} c^2 d^3 e^6 + 6\sqrt{ex + d} acde^8 \right)}{3e^9}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3) + 2/3*(((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e^6 - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^8)/e^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{6a^2e^4 + 6c^2d^4 - 2c^2d^2(d + ex)^2 + 12c^2d^3(d + ex) - 12acd^2e^2 - 12acde^2(d + ex)}{3e^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`output `-(6*a^2*e^4 + 6*c^2*d^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 + 12*c^2*d^3*(d + e*x) - 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 12*a*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 4acd e^3x - \frac{8}{3}c^2d^3ex - 2a^2e^4 + 8acd^2e^2 - \frac{16}{3}c^2d^4}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^3}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(-3*a**2*e**4 + 12*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 6*a*c*d*e**3*x - 8*c**2*d**4 - 4*c**2*d**3*e*x + c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3)`

3.162 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1194
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1194
Rubi [A] (verified)	1195
Maple [A] (verified)	1196
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1196
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1197
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1197
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1198
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1198
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1199

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2c^2d^2\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3}$$

output `-2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-2a^2e^4 - 4acde^2(2d + 3ex) + 2c^2d^2(8d^2 + 12dex + 3e^2x^2)}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*e^4 - 4*a*c*d*e^2*(2*d + 3*e*x) + 2*c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{c^2 d^2}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^2 d^2 \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3} - \frac{2(6cdxe+ae^2+5cd^2)(ae^2-cd^2)}{3e^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	62
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(a^2e^4+6xacde^3+4(-\frac{3cx^2}{4}+a)cd^2e^2-12xc^2d^3e-8c^2d^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3}$	65
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3x^2c^2d^2e^2+6xacde^3-12xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2-8c^2d^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3}$	72
trager	$-\frac{2(-3x^2c^2d^2e^2+6xacde^3-12xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2-8c^2d^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3}$	72
derivativdivides	$\frac{2c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{4cd(ae^2-cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}-\frac{2(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^3}$	78
default	$\frac{2c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{4cd(ae^2-cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}-\frac{2(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^3}$	78
orering	$-\frac{2(-3x^2c^2d^2e^2+6xacde^3-12xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2-8c^2d^4)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^2}{3e^3(cdx+ae)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	109

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3-2/3*(6*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 8c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + 6(2c^2d^3e - acde^3)x)\sqrt{e}}{3(e^5x^2 + 2de^4x + d^2e^3)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{2}{3} \frac{(3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 8c^2d^4 - 4ac^2d^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + 6(2c^2d^3e - ac^2de^3)x) \sqrt{ex + d}}{(e^5x^2 + 2d^2e^4x + d^2e^3)}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a^2e^4}{3de^3\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^4x\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{8acd^2e^2}{3de^3\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^4x\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{12acde^3x}{3de^3\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^4x\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{c^2x^3}{3\sqrt{d}} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-2*a**2*e**4/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 8*a*c*d**2*e**2/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 12*a*c*d*e**3*x/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 16*c**2*d**4/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 24*c**2*d**3*e*x/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c**2*x**3/(3*sqrt(d)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{ex+dc^2d^2}}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 - 6(c^2d^3 - acde^2)(ex+d)}{(ex+d)^{3/2}e^2} \right)}{3e}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{2}{3} \frac{(3\sqrt{ex + d}c^2d^2/e^2 - (c^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^2 + a^2e^4 - 6(c^2d^3 - ac^2de^2)(ex + d))/((ex + d)^{3/2}e^2))/e}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}c^2d^2}{e^3} + \frac{2(6(ex + d)c^2d^3 - c^2d^4 - 6(ex + d)acde^2 + 2acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4)}{3(ex + d)^{3/2}e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^2/e^3 + 2/3*(6*(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3 - c^2*d^4 - 6*(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2a^2e^4 + 2c^2d^4 - 6c^2d^2(d + ex)^2 - 12c^2d^3(d + ex) - 4acd^2e^2 + 12acde^2(d + ex)}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `-(2*a^2*e^4 + 2*c^2*d^4 - 6*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 12*c^2*d^3*(d + e*x) - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*a*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 4acd e^3x + 8c^2d^3ex - \frac{2}{3}a^2e^4 - \frac{8}{3}acd^2e^2 + \frac{16}{3}c^2d^4}{\sqrt{ex + d} e^3 (ex + d)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x)`

output `(2*(- a**2*e**4 - 4*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 6*a*c*d*e**3*x + 8*c**2*d**4 + 12*c**2*d**3*e*x + 3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*(d + e*x))`

3.163 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1200
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1200
Rubi [A] (verified)	1201
Maple [A] (verified)	1202
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1203
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1203
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1204
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1204
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1205
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1205

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5e^3(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output -2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+4/3*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*c^2*d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(2d + 5ex) + c^2d^2(8d^2 + 20dex + 15e^2x^2))}{15e^3(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]

output

$$\frac{(-2*(3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(2*d + 5*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2)))/(15*e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))}{}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{5e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(11/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(5*e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*c^2*d^2)/(e^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])}{}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(a^2e^4 + \frac{10xacd e^3}{3} + \frac{4\left(\frac{15cx^2}{4} + a\right)cd^2e^2}{3} + \frac{20xc^2d^3e}{3} + \frac{8c^2d^4}{3}\right)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3}$	65
gospers	$-\frac{2(15x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 10xacd e^3 + 20xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3}$	73
trager	$-\frac{2(15x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 10xacd e^3 + 20xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3}$	73
derivativdivides	$-\frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	79
default	$-\frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	79
orering	$-\frac{2(15x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 10xacd e^3 + 20xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^2}{15e^3(cdx + ae)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	110

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output -2/5/(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a^2*e^4+10/3*x*a*c*d*e^3+4/3*(15/4*c*x^2+a)*c*d^2*e^2+
20/3*x*c^2*d^3*e+8/3*c^2*d^4)/e^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(15c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 8c^2d^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4 + 10(2c^2d^3e + acde^3)x)\sqrt{ex + d}}{15(e^6x^3 + 3de^5x^2 + 3d^2e^4x + d^3e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/15*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 10*(2*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{6a^2e^4}{15d^2e^3\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^4x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^5x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{8acd^2e^2}{15d^2e^3\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^4x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^5x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{c^2x^3}{3d^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**(11/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-6*a**2*e**4/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 8*a*c*d**2*e**2/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 20*a*c*d*e**3*x/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 16*c**2*d**4/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 40*c**2*d**3*e*x/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 30*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c**2*x**3/(3*d**(3/2)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(15(ex + d)^2 c^2 d^2 + 3c^2 d^4 - 6acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4 - 10(c^2 d^3 - acde^2)(ex + d))}{15(ex + d)^{5/2} e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2/15*(15*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 - 10*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(15(ex + d)^2 c^2 d^2 - 10(ex + d)c^2 d^3 + 3c^2 d^4 + 10(ex + d)acde^2 - 6acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4)}{15(ex + d)^{5/2} e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*(15*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2 - 10*(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 10*(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2a^2e^4}{5} + \frac{2c^2d^4}{5} - \left(\frac{4c^2d^3}{3} - \frac{4acde^2}{3}\right)(d + ex) + 2c^2d^2(d + ex)^2 - \frac{4acd^2e^2}{5}}{e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `-((2*a^2*e^4)/5 + (2*c^2*d^4)/5 - ((4*c^2*d^3)/3 - (4*a*c*d*e^2)/3)*(d + e*x) + 2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*a*c*d^2*e^2)/5)/(e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-2c^2d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{4}{3}acde^3x - \frac{8}{3}c^2d^3ex - \frac{2}{5}a^2e^4 - \frac{8}{15}acd^2e^2 - \frac{16}{15}c^2d^4}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^3(e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 3*a**2*e**4 - 4*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 10*a*c*d*e**3*x - 8*c**2*d**4 - 20*c**2*d**3*e*x - 15*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

3.164 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1206
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1206
Rubi [A] (verified)	1207
Maple [A] (verified)	1208
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1209
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1209
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1210
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1211
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1211
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1212

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{7e^3(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^3(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/7*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+4/5*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2/3*c^2*d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15a^2e^4 + 6acde^2(2d + 7ex) + c^2d^2(8d^2 + 28dex + 35e^2x^2))}{105e^3(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(15*a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d*e^2*(2*d + 7*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 + 28*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2)))/(105*e^3*(d + e*x)^(7/2))}{}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^2(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{c^2d^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{4cd(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{7e^3(d + ex)^{7/2}} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(13/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(7*e^3*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*c^2*d^2)/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))}{}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(a^2e^4 + \frac{14xacd}{5}e^3 + \frac{4cd^2\left(\frac{35cx^2}{12} + a\right)e^2}{5} + \frac{28xc^2d^3e}{15} + \frac{8c^2d^4}{15}\right)}{7(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3}$	65
gospers	$-\frac{2(35x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 42xacde^3 + 28xc^2d^3e + 15a^2e^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)}{105(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3}$	73
trager	$-\frac{2(35x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 42xacde^3 + 28xc^2d^3e + 15a^2e^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)}{105(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3}$	73
derivativdivides	$-\frac{4cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{7(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	79
default	$-\frac{4cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{7(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	79
orering	$-\frac{2(35x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 42xacde^3 + 28xc^2d^3e + 15a^2e^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + 8c^2d^4)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^2}{105e^3(cdxa + ae)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}$	110

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output -2/7/(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a^2*e^4+14/5*x*a*c*d*e^3+4/5*c*d^2*(35/12*c*x^2+a)*e^2
+28/15*x*c^2*d^3*e+8/15*c^2*d^4)/e^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(35c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 8c^2d^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4 + 14(2c^2d^3e + 3acde^3)x)\sqrt{ex + d}}{105(e^7x^4 + 4de^6x^3 + 6d^2e^5x^2 + 4d^3e^4x + d^4e^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/105*(35*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4 + 14*(2*c^2*d^3*e + 3*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^7*x^4 + 4*d*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 510 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.14

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{30a^2e^4}{105d^3e^3\sqrt{d+ex}+315d^2e^4x\sqrt{d+ex}+315de^5x^2\sqrt{d+ex}+105e^6x^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{105d^3e^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{3d^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ \frac{c^2x^3}{3d^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2/(e*x+d)**(13/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-30*a**2*e**4/(105*d**3*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**6*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 24*a*c*d**2*e**2/(105*d**3*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**6*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 84*a*c*d*e**3*x/(105*d**3*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**6*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 16*c**2*d**4/(105*d**3*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**6*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 56*c**2*d**3*e*x/(105*d**3*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**6*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 70*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2/(105*d**3*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d**2*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 315*d*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 105*e**6*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c**2*x**3/(3*d**(5/2)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(35(ex + d)^2 c^2 d^2 + 15c^2 d^4 - 30acd^2 e^2 + 15a^2 e^4 - 42(c^2 d^3 - acde^2)(ex + d))}{105(ex + d)^{7/2} e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2/105*(35*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 - 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4 - 42*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(7/2)*e^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(35(ex + d)^2c^2d^2 - 42(ex + d)c^2d^3 + 15c^2d^4 + 42(ex + d)acde^2 - 30acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4)}{105(ex + d)^{7/2}e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/105*(35*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2 - 42*(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3 + 15*c^2*d^4 + 42*(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^2 - 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^(7/2)*e^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{2a^2e^4}{7} + \frac{2c^2d^4}{7} - \left(\frac{4c^2d^3}{5} - \frac{4acde^2}{5}\right)(d + ex) + \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^2}{3} - \frac{4acd^2e^2}{7}}{e^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `-((2*a^2*e^4)/7 + (2*c^2*d^4)/7 - ((4*c^2*d^3)/5 - (4*a*c*d*e^2)/5)*(d + e*x) + (2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2)/3 - (4*a*c*d^2*e^2)/7)/(e^3*(d + e*x)^(7/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2}{3}c^2d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{4}{5}acd e^3x - \frac{8}{15}c^2d^3ex - \frac{2}{7}a^2e^4 - \frac{8}{35}ac d^2e^2 - \frac{16}{105}c^2d^4}{\sqrt{ex + d} e^3 (e^3x^3 + 3d e^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + d^3)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x)`

output `(2*(-15*a**2*e**4 - 12*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 42*a*c*d*e**3*x - 8*c**2*d**4 - 2*8*c**2*d**3*e*x - 35*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(105*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3))`

3.165 $\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1213
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1213
Rubi [A] (verified)	1214
Maple [A] (verified)	1215
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1216
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1216
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1217
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1217
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1218
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1219

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} + \frac{6cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4}$$

$$- \frac{6c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^4}$$

output

```
-2/9*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^4+6/11*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^4-6/13*c^2*d^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^4+2/15*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(15/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d + ex)^{9/2} (715a^3e^6 - 195a^2cde^4(2d - 9ex) + 15ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 - 36dex + 99e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(-16d^3 + 72d^2e^2))}{6435e^4}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(2*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)}*(715*a^3*e^6 - 195*a^2*c*d*e^4*(2*d - 9*e*x) + 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(8*d^2 - 36*d*e*x + 99*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-16*d^3 + 72*d^2*e*x - 198*d*e^2*x^2 + 429*e^3*x^3)))/(6435*e^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(d + ex)^{11/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(d + ex)^{9/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{6c^2d^2(d + ex)^{13/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)}{13e^4} + \frac{6cd(d + ex)^{11/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{11e^4} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{9/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{9e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^4}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*e^4) + (6*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*e^4) - (6*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(13/2)})/(13*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^{(15/2)})/(15*e^4)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)c^2d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)^2cd(e^2x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$
default	$\frac{2c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)c^2d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)^2cd(e^2x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$
pseudoelliptic	$2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} \left(e^6a^3 + \frac{27xa^2cd^2e^5}{11} - \frac{6ca^2d^2 \left(-\frac{99cx^2}{26} + a \right) e^4}{11} - \frac{108xc^2d^3 \left(-\frac{143cx^2}{180} + a \right) e^3}{143} + \frac{24c^2d^4 \left(-\frac{33cx^2}{20} + a \right) e^2}{143} + \frac{72c^3d^5ex}{715} \right)$
gosper	$\frac{2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} (429c^3d^3e^3x^3+1485x^2ac^2d^2e^4-198c^3d^4e^2x^2+1755xa^2cde^5-540xa^2c^2d^3e^3+72c^3d^5ex+715e^6a^3-390d^2e^4a^2c+12c^2d^4e^2a^3)}{6435e^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(429c^3d^3e^3x^3+1485x^2ac^2d^2e^4-198c^3d^4e^2x^2+1755xa^2cde^5-540xa^2c^2d^3e^3+72c^3d^5ex+715e^6a^3-390d^2e^4a^2c+12c^2d^4e^2a^3)}{6435e^4(cd^2x+ae)^3}$
trager	$\frac{2(429c^3d^3e^7x^7+1485ac^2d^2e^8x^6+1518c^3d^4e^6x^6+1755a^2cde^9x^5+5400ac^2d^3e^7x^5+1854c^3d^5e^5x^5+715a^3e^{10}x^4+663c^2d^4e^2a^3)}{6435e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(429c^3d^3e^7x^7+1485ac^2d^2e^8x^6+1518c^3d^4e^6x^6+1755a^2cde^9x^5+5400ac^2d^3e^7x^5+1854c^3d^5e^5x^5+715a^3e^{10}x^4+663c^2d^4e^2a^3)}{6435e^4}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output 2/e^4*(1/15*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(15/2)+3/13*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(13/
2)+3/11*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*d*(e*x+d)^(11/2)+1/9*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(9/
2))
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(429c^3d^3e^7x^7 - 16c^3d^{10} + 120ac^2d^8e^2 - 390a^2cd^6e^4 + 715a^3d^4e^6 + 33(46c^3d^4e^6 + 45ac^2d^2e^8)x^6 + 9$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2/6435*(429*c^3*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 16*c^3*d^{10} + 120*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 - 390*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 + 715*a^3*d^4*e^6 + 33*(46*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^6 + 9*(206*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 600*a*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 195*a^2*c*d*e^9)*x^5 + 5*(160*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 1374*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 1326*a^2*c*d^2*e^8 + 143*a^3*e^{10})*x^4 + 5*(c^3*d^7*e^3 + 636*a*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 1794*a^2*c*d^3*e^7 + 572*a^3*d*e^9)*x^3 - 3*(2*c^3*d^8*e^2 - 15*a*c^2*d^6*e^4 - 1560*a^2*c*d^4*e^6 - 1430*a^3*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + (8*c^3*d^9*e - 60*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 195*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 + 2860*a^3*d^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^4$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{c^3 d^3 (d+ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{13}{2}} \cdot (3ac^2 d^2 e^2 - 3c^3 d^4)}{13e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}} \cdot (3a^2 c d e^4 - 6ac^2 d^3 e^2 + 3c^3 d^5)}{11e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6)}{9e^3} \right)}{e} \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{c^3 d^{\frac{13}{2}} x^4}{4} \right\}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(c**3*d**3*(d + e*x)**(15/2)/(15*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(13/2)*(3
*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 - 3*c**3*d**4)/(13*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(11/2)*(3*a**2*c*d
*e**4 - 6*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 3*c**3*d**5)/(11*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(a
*3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6)/(9*e**3))/e
, Ne(e, 0)), (c**3*d**(13/2)*x**4/4, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(429 (ex + d)^{\frac{15}{2}} c^3 d^3 - 1485 (c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{13}{2}} + 1755 (c^3 d^5 - 2ac^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c d e^4) (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 715 (c^3 d^6 - 3a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6) (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} \right)}{6435 e^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
2/6435*(429*(e*x + d)^(15/2)*c^3*d^3 - 1485*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(e*x
+ d)^(13/2) + 1755*(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(1
1/2) - 715*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*(e*x +
d)^(9/2))/e^4
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1214 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1214, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.20

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(45045*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d^4*e^3 + 45045*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt
(e*x + d)*d)*a^2*c*d^5*e + 60060*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^3
*d^3*e^3 + 9009*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d^2)*a*c^2*d^6/e + 36036*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15
*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c*d^4*e + 18018*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(
3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^3*d^2*e^3 + 1287*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21
*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c^3*d^
7/e^3 + 15444*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/
2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a*c^2*d^5/e + 23166*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21
*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^2*c*
d^3*e + 5148*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2
)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^3*d*e^3 + 572*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e
*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*
sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^3*d^6/e^3 + 2574*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(
7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^4)*a*c^2*d^4/e + 1716*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d
+ 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^
4)*a^2*c*d^2*e + 143*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e
*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a^3*e^
3 + 390*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx \\
 &= \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} - \frac{(6c^3d^4 - 6ac^2d^2e^2)(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^4} \\
 &+ \frac{2c^3d^3(d+ex)^{15/2}}{15e^4} + \frac{6cd(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```

(2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^4) - ((6*c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*
e^2)*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(15/2))/(15*e^4) +
(6*c*d*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^4)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(429c^3d^3e^7x^7+1485ac^2d^2e^8x^6+1518c^3d^4e^6x^6+1755a^2cde^9x^5+5400ac^2d^3e^7x^5+1854c^3d^5e^7x^4)}{6435e^4}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(715*a**3*d**4*e**6 + 2860*a**3*d**3*e**7*x + 4290*a**3*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 2860*a**3*d*e**9*x**3 + 715*a**3*e**10*x**4 - 390*a**2*c*d**6*e**4 + 195*a**2*c*d**5*e**5*x + 4680*a**2*c*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 8970*a**2*c*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 6630*a**2*c*d**2*e**8*x**4 + 1755*a**2*c*d*e**9*x**5 + 120*a*c**2*d**8*e**2 - 60*a*c**2*d**7*e**3*x + 45*a*c**2*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 3180*a*c**2*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 6870*a*c**2*d**4*e**6*x**4 + 5400*a*c**2*d**3*e**7*x**5 + 1485*a*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**6 - 16*c**3*d**10 + 8*c**3*d**9*e*x - 6*c**3*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 5*c**3*d**7*e**3*x**3 + 800*c**3*d**6*e**4*x**4 + 1854*c**3*d**5*e**5*x**5 + 1518*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**6 + 429*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**7))/(6435*e**4)
```

3.166 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	1220
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1221
Rubi [A] (verified)	1221
Maple [A] (verified)	1222
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1223
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1224
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1224
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1225
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1226
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{9/2}}{3e^4} - \frac{6c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2) (d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^4}$$

output

`-2/7*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^4+2/3*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^4-6/11*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^4+2/13*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (429a^3e^6 - 143a^2cde^4(2d - 7ex) + 13ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 - 28dex + 63e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(-16d^3 + 56d^2ex - 126d^2e^2x^2 + 231e^3x^3))}{3003e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(429*a^3*e^6 - 143*a^2*c*d*e^4*(2*d - 7*e*x) + 13*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(8*d^2 - 28*d*e*x + 63*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-16*d^3 + 56*d^2*e*x - 126*d*e^2*x^2 + 231*e^3*x^3)))/(3003*e^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(d + ex)^{9/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(d + ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^{11/2}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{6c^2d^2(d + ex)^{11/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{11e^4} + \frac{2cd(d + ex)^{9/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{\frac{3e^4}{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{13/2}}} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{7e^4} +$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x], x]$

output $(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*e^4) + (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)})/(3*e^4) - (6*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^{(13/2)})/(13*e^4)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121 $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]$
 $\text{Symbol} \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]$
 $;/; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[c, 0]))$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \ /; \ \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)c^2d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^2cd(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3e^4} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
default	$\frac{2c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)c^2d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^2cd(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3e^4} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(e^6a^3 + \frac{7xa^2cde^5}{3} - \frac{2\left(-\frac{63cx^2}{22}+a\right)ca^2d^2e^4}{3} - \frac{28xc^2d^3\left(-\frac{33cx^2}{52}+a\right)e^3}{33} + \frac{8c^2d^4\left(-\frac{63cx^2}{52}+a\right)e^2}{33} + \frac{56c^3d^5ex}{429} - \frac{16c^4}{4} \right)}{7e^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}(231c^3d^3e^3x^3+819x^2a^2c^2d^2e^4-126c^3d^4e^2x^2+1001xa^2cd^5e^5-364xa^2c^2d^3e^3+56c^3d^5ex+429e^6a^3-286d^2e^4)}{3003e^4}$
oring	$\frac{2(231c^3d^3e^3x^3+819x^2a^2c^2d^2e^4-126c^3d^4e^2x^2+1001xa^2cd^5e^5-364xa^2c^2d^3e^3+56c^3d^5ex+429e^6a^3-286d^2e^4a^2c+104c^4)}{3003e^4(cd^2x+ae)^3}$
trager	$\frac{2(231c^3d^3e^6x^6+819a^2c^2d^2e^7x^5+567c^3d^4e^5x^5+1001a^2cd^5e^8x^4+2093a^2c^2d^3e^6x^4+371c^3d^5e^4x^4+429a^3e^9x^3+2717a^2c^4e^4)}{7e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(231c^3d^3e^6x^6+819a^2c^2d^2e^7x^5+567c^3d^4e^5x^5+1001a^2cd^5e^8x^4+2093a^2c^2d^3e^6x^4+371c^3d^5e^4x^4+429a^3e^9x^3+2717a^2c^4e^4)}{7e^4}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/e^4*(1/13*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(13/2)+3/11*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(11/2)+1/3*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*d*(e*x+d)^(9/2)+1/7*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(7/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 283 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(231c^3d^3e^6x^6 - 16c^3d^9 + 104ac^2d^7e^2 - 286a^2cd^5e^4 + 429a^3d^3e^6 + 63(9c^3d^4e^5 + 13ac^2d^2e^7)x^5 + 7(53c^3d^5e^4 + 299a^2c^2d^3e^6 + 143a^2c^2d^3e^8)x^4 + (5c^3d^6e^3 + 1469a^2c^2d^4e^5 + 2717a^2c^2d^2e^7 + 429a^3e^9)x^3 - 3(2c^3d^7e^2 - 13a^2c^2d^5e^4 - 715a^2c^2d^3e^6 - 429a^3d^3e^8)x^2 + (8c^3d^8e - 52a^2c^2d^6e^3 + 143a^2c^2d^4e^5 + 1287a^3d^2e^7)x)\sqrt{e^4(x + d)}}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3003*(231*c^3*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 16*c^3*d^9 + 104*a*c^2*d^7*e^2 - 286*a^2*c*d^5*e^4 + 429*a^3*d^3*e^6 + 63*(9*c^3*d^4*e^5 + 13*a*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^5 + 7*(53*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 299*a*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 143*a^2*c*d*e^8)*x^4 + (5*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 1469*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 2717*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 + 429*a^3*e^9)*x^3 - 3*(2*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 13*a*c^2*d^5*e^4 - 715*a^2*c*d^3*e^6 - 429*a^3*d^3*e^8)*x^2 + (8*c^3*d^8*e - 52*a*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 143*a^2*c*d^4*e^5 + 1287*a^3*d^2*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{c^3 d^3 (d+ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}} \cdot (3ac^2 d^2 e^2 - 3c^3 d^4)}{11e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (3a^2 c d e^4 - 6ac^2 d^3 e^2 + 3c^3 d^5)}{9e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6)}{7e^3} \right)}{e} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{c^3 d^{\frac{11}{2}} x^4}{4} \right.$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c**3*d**3*(d + e*x)**(13/2)/(13*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(11/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 - 3*c**3*d**4)/(11*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(3*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 6*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 3*c**3*d**5)/(9*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6)/(7*e**3))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c**3*d**(11/2)*x**4/4, True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 611 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

2/15015*(15015*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d^3*e^3 + 3003*((3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(
e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c*d/e + 5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*((e*x +
d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)/e)*a^2*d^2*e^2 + 5*(231*(e*x + d)^(13/2) -
1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*
d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^6)*c^3*d^3/e^3 + 143*((35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d +
378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4
)*c^2*d^2/e^2 + 18*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d
)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d/e^2 + 21*(c*d^2 +
a*e^2)^2*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2
)/e^2*a*d*e + 65*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x +
d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*
sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^2/e^3 + 143*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) -
180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3
+ 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*c*d/e^3 + 429*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/
2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)
*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/e^3)/e

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 874 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 874, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.34

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="
giac")

```

output

```

2/15015*(15015*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d^3*e^3 + 15015*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt
(e*x + d)*d)*a^2*c*d^4*e + 15015*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^3
*d^2*e^3 + 3003*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d^2)*a*c^2*d^5/e + 9009*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*
sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c*d^3*e + 3003*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3
/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^3*d*e^3 + 429*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x
+ d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c^3*d^6/e^3
+ 3861*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2
- 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a*c^2*d^4/e + 3861*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x +
d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e +
429*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 -
35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^3*e^3 + 143*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7
/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d^4)*c^3*d^5/e^3 + 429*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378
*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*
a*c^2*d^3/e + 143*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x +
d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a^2*c*d*e
+ 65*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d
^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d^5)*c^3*d^4/e^3 + 65*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + ...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} - \frac{(6c^3d^4 - 6ac^2d^2e^2)(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^4} + \frac{2cd(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(d + ex)^{9/2}}{3e^4}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*e^4) - ((6*c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^{(13/2)})/(13*e^4) + (2*c*d*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)})/(3*e^4)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(231c^3d^3e^6x^6 + 819ac^2d^2e^7x^5 + 567c^3d^4e^5x^5 + 1001a^2cde^8x^4 + 2093ac^2d^3e^6x^4 + 371c^3d^5e^4x^4)}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(429*a**3*d**3*e**6 + 1287*a**3*d**2*e**7*x + 1287*a**3*d
*e**8*x**2 + 429*a**3*e**9*x**3 - 286*a**2*c*d**5*e**4 + 143*a**2*c*d**4*e
**5*x + 2145*a**2*c*d**3*e**6*x**2 + 2717*a**2*c*d**2*e**7*x**3 + 1001*a**
2*c*d*e**8*x**4 + 104*a*c**2*d**7*e**2 - 52*a*c**2*d**6*e**3*x + 39*a*c**2
*d**5*e**4*x**2 + 1469*a*c**2*d**4*e**5*x**3 + 2093*a*c**2*d**3*e**6*x**4
+ 819*a*c**2*d**2*e**7*x**5 - 16*c**3*d**9 + 8*c**3*d**8*e*x - 6*c**3*d**7
*e**2*x**2 + 5*c**3*d**6*e**3*x**3 + 371*c**3*d**5*e**4*x**4 + 567*c**3*d
*4*e**5*x**5 + 231*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**6))/(3003*e**4)
```

3.167 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1228
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1228
Rubi [A] (verified)	1229
Maple [A] (verified)	1230
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1231
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1231
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1232
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1232
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1233
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1234

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \frac{6cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} - \frac{2c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex)^{9/2}}{3e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4}$$

output

```
-2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4+6/7*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^4-2/3*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^4+2/11*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (231a^3e^6 - 99a^2cde^4(2d - 5ex) + 11ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 - 20de + 11e^2))}{1155e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(231*a^3*e^6 - 99*a^2*c*d*e^4*(2*d - 5*e*x) + 11*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(8*d^2 - 20*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-16*d^3 + 40*d^2*e*x - 70*d*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3)))/(1155*e^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(d + ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^{9/2}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2c^2d^2(d + ex)^{9/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3e^4} + \frac{6cd(d + ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{7e^4} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{5e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) + (6*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4) - (2*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(3*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^4)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)c^2d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)^2cd(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^4} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
default	$\frac{2c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)c^2d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)^2cd(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^4} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(e^6a^3 + \frac{15xa^2cd^2e^5}{7} - \frac{6\left(-\frac{35cx^2}{18}+a\right)ca^2d^2e^4}{7} - \frac{20\left(-\frac{21cx^2}{44}+a\right)xc^2d^3e^3}{21} + \frac{8c^2\left(-\frac{35cx^2}{44}+a\right)d^4e^2}{21} + \frac{40c^3d^5ex}{231} - \frac{198d^2e^4a^2c}{1155e^4} \right)}{5e^4}$
gosper	$\frac{2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (105c^3d^3e^3x^3+385x^2a^2c^2d^2e^4-70c^3d^4e^2x^2+495xa^2cd^2e^5-220xa^2c^2d^3e^3+40c^3d^5ex+231e^6a^3-198d^2e^4a^2c+88d^2e^4a^2c)}{1155e^4}$
oring	$\frac{2(105c^3d^3e^3x^3+385x^2a^2c^2d^2e^4-70c^3d^4e^2x^2+495xa^2cd^2e^5-220xa^2c^2d^3e^3+40c^3d^5ex+231e^6a^3-198d^2e^4a^2c+88d^2e^4a^2c)}{1155e^4(cd^2x+ae)^3\sqrt{e^2x+d}}$
trager	$\frac{2(105d^3c^3e^5x^5+385a^6c^2d^2x^4+140d^4c^3e^4x^4+495a^2e^7cdx^3+550a^5e^5c^2d^3x^3+5d^5c^3e^3x^3+231a^3e^8x^2+792a^2cd^2e^6x)}{1155e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(105d^3c^3e^5x^5+385a^6c^2d^2x^4+140d^4c^3e^4x^4+495a^2e^7cdx^3+550a^5e^5c^2d^3x^3+5d^5c^3e^3x^3+231a^3e^8x^2+792a^2cd^2e^6x)}{1155e^4}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/e^4*(1/11*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(11/2)+1/3*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(9/2)
+3/7*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*d*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+1/5*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(5/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(105c^3d^3e^5x^5 - 16c^3d^8 + 88ac^2d^6e^2 - 198a^2cd^4e^4 + 231a^3d^2e^6}{(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/1155*(105*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^5 - 16*c^3*d^8 + 88*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 - 198*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 + 231*a^3*d^2*e^6 + 35*(4*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 11*a*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^4 + 5*(c^3*d^5*e^3 + 110*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 99*a^2*c*d*e^7)*x^3 - 3*(2*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 11*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 264*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - 77*a^3*e^8)*x^2 + (8*c^3*d^7*e - 44*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 99*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 + 462*a^3*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{c^3 d^3 (d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (3ac^2 d^2 e^2 - 3c^3 d^4)}{9e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (3a^2 c d e^4 - 6ac^2 d^3 e^2 + 3c^3 d^5)}{7e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (3a^3 d^3 e^2 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 3c^3 d^6)}{5e^3} \right) \\ \frac{c^3 d^{\frac{9}{2}} x^4}{4} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c**3*d**3*(d + e*x)**(11/2)/(11*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 - 3*c**3*d**4)/(9*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(3*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 6*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 3*c**3*d**5)/(7*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6)/(5*e**3))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c**3*d**9/4*x**4/4, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(105 (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} c^3 d^3 - 385 (c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 495 (c^3 d^5 - 2ac^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c d e^4) (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 231 (c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6) (ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/1155*(105*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*c^3*d^3 - 385*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) + 495*(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 231*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))/e^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 582 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/3465*(3465*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d^2*e^3 + 3465*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*
x + d)*d)*a^2*c*d^3*e + 2310*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^3*d*e
^3 + 693*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)
*a*c^2*d^4/e + 1386*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*
x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c*d^2*e + 231*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d +
15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^3*e^3 + 99*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)
*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c^3*d^5/e^3 + 594*(5*(
e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e
*x + d)*d^3)*a*c^2*d^3/e + 297*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d +
35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^2*c*d*e + 22*(35*(e*x +
d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)
^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^3*d^4/e^3 + 33*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) -
180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3
+ 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c^2*d^2/e + 5*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x
+ d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(
e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*c^3*d^3/e^3)/e

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4}$$

$$- \frac{(6c^3d^4 - 6ac^2d^2e^2)(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^4} + \frac{6cd(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) - ((6*c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*
e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^4) + (6
*c*d*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(105c^3d^3e^5x^5 + 385ac^2d^2e^6x^4 + 140c^3d^4e^4x^4 + 495a^2cd$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(231*a**3*d**2*e**6 + 462*a**3*d*e**7*x + 231*a**3*e**8*x**2 - 198*a**2*c*d**4*e**4 + 99*a**2*c*d**3*e**5*x + 792*a**2*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 495*a**2*c*d*e**7*x**3 + 88*a*c**2*d**6*e**2 - 44*a*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 33*a*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 550*a*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 385*a*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 - 16*c**3*d**8 + 8*c**3*d**7*e*x - 6*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 5*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 140*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 105*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5))/(155*e**4)`

3.168 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1235
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1235
Rubi [A] (verified)	1236
Maple [A] (verified)	1237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1238
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1238
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1239
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1239
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1240
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1240

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} + \frac{6cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{6c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^4+6/5*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4-6/7*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^4+2/9*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (105a^3e^6 - 63a^2cde^4(2d - 3ex) + 9ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 - 12d + 3ex) - 315e^4)}{315e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(105*a^3*e^6 - 63*a^2*c*d*e^4*(2*d - 3*e*x) + 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-16*d^3 + 24*d^2*e*x - 30*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3)))/(315*e^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{6c^2d^2(d + ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{7e^4} + \frac{6cd(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{\frac{5e^4}{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{9/2}}} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{3e^4} +$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4) + (6*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) - (6*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^4)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)c^2d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)^2cd(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{2c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)c^2d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{6(ae^2-cd^2)^2cd(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^4}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(e^6a^3 + \frac{9xa^2cde^5}{5} - \frac{6(-\frac{15cx^2}{14}+a)ca d^2e^4}{5} - \frac{36(-\frac{35cx^2}{108}+a)xc^2d^3e^3}{35} + \frac{24c^2(-\frac{5cx^2}{12}+a)d^4e^2}{35} + \frac{8c^3d^5ex}{35} - \frac{16d^6}{10} \right)}{3e^4}$
gosper	$\frac{2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (35c^3d^3e^3x^3+135x^2ac^2d^2e^4-30c^3d^4e^2x^2+189xa^2cde^5-108xa^2c^2d^3e^3+24c^3d^5ex+105e^6a^3-126d^2e^4a^2c)}{315e^4}$
oring	$\frac{2(35c^3d^3e^3x^3+135x^2ac^2d^2e^4-30c^3d^4e^2x^2+189xa^2cde^5-108xa^2c^2d^3e^3+24c^3d^5ex+105e^6a^3-126d^2e^4a^2c+72d^4e^2c)}{315e^4(cd^2x+ae)^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{2(35c^3d^3e^4x^4+135a^2c^2d^2e^5x^3+5c^3d^4e^3x^3+189a^2cde^6x^2+27a^2c^2d^3e^4x^2-6c^3d^5e^2x^2+105a^3e^7x+63a^2c^2d^2e^5x-36a^3c^2d^2e^4x^2)}{315e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(35c^3d^3e^4x^4+135a^2c^2d^2e^5x^3+5c^3d^4e^3x^3+189a^2cde^6x^2+27a^2c^2d^3e^4x^2-6c^3d^5e^2x^2+105a^3e^7x+63a^2c^2d^2e^5x-36a^3c^2d^2e^4x^2)}{315e^4}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output 2/e^4*(1/9*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(9/2)+3/7*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+
/5*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+1/3*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(35c^3d^3e^4x^4 - 16c^3d^7 + 72ac^2d^5e^2 - 126a^2cd^3e^4 + 105a^3de^6 +$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 16*c^3*d^7 + 72*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 126*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 + 5*(c^3*d^4*e^3 + 27*a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 - 3*(2*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 9*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 63*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + (8*c^3*d^6*e - 36*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 63*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 105*a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{c^3 d^3 (d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (3ac^2 d^2 e^2 - 3c^3 d^4)}{7e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (3a^2 c d e^4 - 6ac^2 d^3 e^2 + 3c^3 d^5)}{5e^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (3a^3 d e^6 - 6a^2 c d^3 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^5 e^2 - 3c^3 d^7)}{3e^3} \right)}{e} + \frac{c^3 d^{\frac{7}{2}} x^4}{4} \right.$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c**3*d**3*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 - 3*c**3*d**4)/(7*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(3*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 6*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 3*c**3*d**5)/(5*e**3) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*d**6)/(3*e**3))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (c**3*d**(7/2)*x**4/4, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(35 (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} c^3 d^3 - 135 (c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 189 (c^3 d^5 - \dots \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*c^3*d^3 - 135*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) + 189*(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 105*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/e^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{ex + d} a^3 d e^3 + 315 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + d} d \right) a^2 c d^2 e + 10 \dots \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d*e^3 + 315*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^2*c*d^2*e + 105*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^3*e^3 + 63*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*c^2*d^3/e + 63*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c*d*e + 9*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c^3*d^4/e^3 + 27*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a*c^2*d^2/e + (35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^3*d^3/e^3)/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \frac{(6c^3d^4 - 6ac^2d^2e^2)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} + \frac{6cd(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4) - ((6*c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^4) + (6*c*d*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(35c^3d^3e^4x^4 + 135ac^2d^2e^5x^3 + 5c^3d^4e^3x^3 + 189a^2cde^6x^2 + 63a^2c^2d^2e^5x + 189a^2cde^6x^2 + 72ac^2d^2e^5e^2 - 36ac^2d^4e^3x + 27ac^2d^3e^4x^2 + 135ac^2d^2e^5x^3 - 16c^3d^7 + 8c^3d^6e^2x - 6c^3d^5e^2x^2 + 5c^3d^4e^3x^3 + 35c^3d^3e^4x^4)}{(315e^4)}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(105*a**3*d**e**6 + 105*a**3*e**7*x - 126*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 + 63*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 189*a**2*c*d*e**6*x**2 + 72*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 36*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 27*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 135*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 - 16*c**3*d**7 + 8*c**3*d**6*e*x - 6*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 35*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4))/(315*e**4)
```

3.169
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1241
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1241
Rubi [A] (verified)	1242
Maple [A] (verified)	1243
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1244
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1246
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1246

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{e^4} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} - \frac{6c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4+2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^4-6/5*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4+2/7*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(35a^3e^6 + 35a^2cde^4(-2d+ex) + 7ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 - 4dex + 35e^2d^2))}{35e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{d+ex}(35a^3e^6 + 35a^2cd^2e^4(-2d+ex) + 7ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 - 4d^2ex + 3e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(-16d^3 + 8d^2ex - 6d^2e^2x^2 + 5e^3x^3)))/(35e^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^{5/2}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{6c^2d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5e^4} + \frac{2cd(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\sqrt{d+ex})/e^4 + (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d+e*x)^(3/2))/e^4 - (6*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d+e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d+e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{6(ae^2 - cd^2)c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{2c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{6(ae^2 - cd^2)c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} \left(-\frac{16(-\frac{5}{16}e^3x^3 + \frac{3}{8}de^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}d^2ex+d^3)}{35}d^3c^3 + \frac{8e^2(\frac{3}{8}e^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}dex+d^2)}{5}ad^2c^2 - 2e^4(-\frac{ex}{2}+d)ad^2c + e^6a^3 \right)}{e^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 21x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 6c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 35x^2cd^2e^5 - 28x^2c^2d^3e^3 + 8c^3d^5ex + 35e^6a^3 - 70d^2e^4a^2c + 56d^4e^2a^2)}{35e^4}$
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 21x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 6c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 35x^2cd^2e^5 - 28x^2c^2d^3e^3 + 8c^3d^5ex + 35e^6a^3 - 70d^2e^4a^2c + 56d^4e^2a^2)}{35e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 21x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 6c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 35x^2cd^2e^5 - 28x^2c^2d^3e^3 + 8c^3d^5ex + 35e^6a^3 - 70d^2e^4a^2c + 56d^4e^2a^2)}{35e^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 21x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 6c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 35x^2cd^2e^5 - 28x^2c^2d^3e^3 + 8c^3d^5ex + 35e^6a^3 - 70d^2e^4a^2c + 56d^4e^2a^2 - 16d^5e^2a^2)}{35e^4(cdx+ae)^3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output 2/e^4*(1/7*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+3/5*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+(
a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2))
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(5 (ex + d)^{7/2} c^3 d^3 - 21 (c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) (ex + d)^{5/2} + 35 (c^3 d^5 - 2 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c^2 d e^4) (ex + d)^{3/2} - 35 (c^3 d^6 - 3 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 3 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6) \sqrt{ex + d} \right)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/35*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^3*d^3 - 21*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) + 35*(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) - 35*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(35 \sqrt{ex + d} a^3 e^3 + 35 \left((ex + d)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{ex + d} \right) a^2 c d e + \frac{7 \left(3 (ex + d)^{5/2} - 10 (ex + d)^{3/2} d + 15 \sqrt{ex + d} \right) a^2 c^2 d^2 e}{e} + \left(5 (ex + d)^{7/2} - 21 (ex + d)^{5/2} d + 35 (ex + d)^{3/2} d^2 - 35 \sqrt{ex + d} d^3 \right) c^3 d^3 / e^3 \right)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/35*(35*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*e^3 + 35*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^2*c*d*e + 7*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c^2*d^2/e + (5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c^3*d^3/e^3)/e^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4} - \frac{(6c^3d^4 - 6ac^2d^2e^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{2cd(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^4}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e^4 - ((6*c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^4) + (2*c*d*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 21ac^2d^2e^4x^2 - 6c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 35a^2cde^5x - 23a^3d^5e^3)}{35e^4}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(35*a**3*e**6 - 70*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 35*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 56*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 28*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 21*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 16*c**3*d**6 + 8*c**3*d**5*e*x - 6*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 5*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3))/(35*e**4)`

3.170 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1247
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1247
Rubi [A] (verified)	1248
Maple [A] (verified)	1249
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1250
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1251
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1251
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1252

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{e^4 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{6cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4} - \frac{2c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) (d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} + \frac{2c^3 d^3 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4}$$

output

```
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+6*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4-2*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^4+2/5*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(-5a^3e^6 + 15a^2cde^4(2d + ex) - 5ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 + 4dex - e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(5d + 2ex)^{5/2})}{5e^4 \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]
```


output

$$(2*(-5*a^3*e^6 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^4*(2*d + e*x) - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x - e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(16*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3)))/(5*e^4*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^4} + \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^4} + \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x]$$

output

$$(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)/(e^4*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + (6*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^4 - (2*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^4 + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(d^3 e^3 x^3 - 2d^4 e^2 x^2 + 8d^5 e x + 16d^6) c^3 - 16e^2(-\frac{1}{8}e^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d e x + d^2) a d^2 c^2 + 12e^4(\frac{e x}{2} + d) a^2 d c - 2e^6 a^3}{5 \sqrt{e x + d} e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2cd(x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 5xacd e^3 - 3x c^2 d^3 e + 15a^2 e^4 - 25ac d^2 e^2 + 11c^2 d^4) \sqrt{e x + d}}{5e^4} - \frac{2(e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)}{e^4 \sqrt{e x + d}}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(-c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 5x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 2c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 15x a^2 c d e^5 + 20x a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 8c^3 d^5 e x + 5e^6 a^3 - 30d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 40d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 16d^6 c^3)}{5 \sqrt{e x + d} e^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 5x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 2c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 15x a^2 c d e^5 + 20x a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 8c^3 d^5 e x + 5e^6 a^3 - 30d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 40d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 16d^6 c^3)}{5 \sqrt{e x + d} e^4}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2c^3 d^3 \frac{(e x + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2a c^2 d^2 e^2 (e x + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2c^3 d^4 (e x + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2 c d e^4 \sqrt{e x + d} - 12a c^2 d^3 e^2 \sqrt{e x + d} + 6c^3 d^5 \sqrt{e x + d} - \frac{2(e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)}{e^4}}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{2c^3 d^3 \frac{(e x + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2a c^2 d^2 e^2 (e x + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2c^3 d^4 (e x + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2 c d e^4 \sqrt{e x + d} - 12a c^2 d^3 e^2 \sqrt{e x + d} + 6c^3 d^5 \sqrt{e x + d} - \frac{2(e^6 a^3 - 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 - d^6 c^3)}{e^4}}{e^4}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 5x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 2c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 15x a^2 c d e^5 + 20x a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 8c^3 d^5 e x + 5e^6 a^3 - 30d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 40d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 16d^6 c^3)}{5e^4 (c d x + a e)^3 (e x + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/5*((d^3*e^3*x^3-2*d^4*e^2*x^2+8*d^5*e*x+16*d^6)*c^3-40*e^2*(-1/8*e^2*x^2+1/2*d*e*x+d^2)*a*d^2*c^2+30*e^4*(1/2*e*x+d)*a^2*d*c-5*e^6*a^3)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 16c^3d^6 - 40ac^2d^4e^2 + 30a^2cd^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6 - (2c^3d^4e^2 + 15a^2c^2d^3e^3)x^2 + (8c^3d^5e - 20a^2c^2d^3e^3 + 15a^2c^2d^3e^5)x)\sqrt{ex + d}}{5(e^5x + d^5)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 16*c^3*d^6 - 40*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 30*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6 - (2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (8*c^3*d^5*e - 20*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^5*x + d^5)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a^3e^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{12a^2cd^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6a^2cde}{\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{16ac^2d^4}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{8ac^2d^3x}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2ac^2d^2x^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{32c^3}{5e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{c^3d^{\frac{3}{2}}x^4}{4} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**(9/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*a**3*e**2/sqrt(d + e*x) + 12*a**2*c*d**2/sqrt(d + e*x) + 6*a**2*c*d*e*x/sqrt(d + e*x) - 16*a*c**2*d**4/(e**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 8*a*c**2*d**3*x/(e*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**2/sqrt(d + e*x) + 32*c**3*d**6/(5*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 16*c**3*d**5*x/(5*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4*c**3*d**4*x**2/(5*e**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2*c**3*d**3*x**3/(5*e*sqrt(d + e*x))), Ne(e, 0)), (c**3*d**(3/2)*x**4/4, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(ex+d)^{5/2} c^3 d^3 - 5 (c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) (ex+d)^{3/2} + 15 (c^3 d^5 - 2ac^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 cde^4) \sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3} \right)}{5e} +$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(((e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^3*d^3 - 5*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) + 15*(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^3 + 5*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3)) /e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6)}{\sqrt{ex + d} e^4} + \frac{2 \left((ex + d)^{5/2} c^3 d^3 e^{16} - 5 (ex + d)^{3/2} c^3 d^4 e^{16} + 15 \sqrt{ex + d} c^3 d^5 e^{16} + 5 (ex + d)^{3/2} ac^2 d^2 e^{18} - 30 \sqrt{ex + d} ac^2 d^3 \right)}{5e^{20}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^4) + 2/5*(((e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^3*d^3*e^16 - 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^3*d^4*e^16 + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^5*e^16 + 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^18 - 30*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^3*e^18 + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d*e^20)/e^20`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2c^3 d^3 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} - \frac{(6c^3 d^4 - 6ac^2 d^2 e^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4} - \frac{2a^3 e^6 - 6a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 6ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 2c^3 d^6}{e^4 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{6cd(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `(2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^4) - ((6*c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4) - (2*a^3*e^6 - 2*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(e^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)) + (6*c*d*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e^4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 2ac^2 d^2 e^4 x^2 - \frac{4}{5}c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 6a^2 c d e^5 x - 8ac^2 d^3 e^3 x + \frac{1}{5}c^3 d^6}{\sqrt{ex + d} e^4}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 5*a**3*e**6 + 30*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 15*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 40*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 20*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 5*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 16*c**3*d**6 + 8*c**3*d**5*e*x - 2*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3))/(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4)`

3.171
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1253
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1253
Rubi [A] (verified)	1254
Maple [A] (verified)	1255
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1256
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1256
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1257
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1257
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1258
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4}$$

output `2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-6*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-6*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4+2/3*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^3e^6 + 3a^2cde^4(2d + 3ex) - 3ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 + 12dex + 3e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(16d^3 + 24d^2ex + 6de^2x^2 - e^3x^3))}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a^3*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*(2*d + 3*e*x) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(16*d^3 + 24*d^2*e*x + 6*d*e^2*x^2 - e^3*x^3))}{(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{c^3d^3\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{6c^2d^2\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^4} - \frac{6cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^3d^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(11/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (6*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(e^4*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (6*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^4 + (2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^4)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2(-cdxe+ae^2-2cd^2)(a^2e^4+10xacde^3+8(\frac{cx^2}{8}+a)cd^2e^2-8xc^2d^3e-8c^2d^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2c^2d^2(cdxe+9ae^2-8cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3e^4} - \frac{2(9cdxe+ae^2+8cd^2)(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{3e^4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(-c^3d^3e^3x^3-9x^2ac^2d^2e^4+6c^3d^4e^2x^2+9xa^2cde^5-36xa^2c^2d^3e^3+24c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3+6d^2e^4a^2c-24d^4e^2ac^2+16d^6c^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-c^3d^3e^3x^3-9x^2ac^2d^2e^4+6c^3d^4e^2x^2+9xa^2cde^5-36xa^2c^2d^3e^3+24c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3+6d^2e^4a^2c-24d^4e^2ac^2+16d^6c^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2e^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 6ac^2d^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 6c^3d^4\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{6cd(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2e^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 6ac^2d^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 6c^3d^4\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{6cd(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-c^3d^3e^3x^3-9x^2ac^2d^2e^4+6c^3d^4e^2x^2+9xa^2cde^5-36xa^2c^2d^3e^3+24c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3+6d^2e^4a^2c-24d^4e^2ac^2+16d^6c^3)}{3e^4(cdxa+e)^3(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(-c*d*e*x+a*e^2-2*c*d^2)*(a^2*e^4+10*x*a*c*d*e^3+8*(1/8
*c*x^2+a)*c*d^2*e^2-8*x*c^2*d^3*e-8*c^2*d^4)/e^4
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 16c^3d^6 + 24ac^2d^4e^2 - 6a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6 - 3(2c^3d^4e^2 - 3(c^3d^4e^2 - 3(e^6x^2 + 2de$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 16*c^3*d^6 + 24*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 - 3*(2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 3*(8*c^3*d^5*e - 12*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 450 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2a^3e^6}{3de^4\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^5x\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{12a^2cd^2e^4}{3de^4\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^5x\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{18a^2cde^5x}{3de^4\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^5x\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{c^3\sqrt{dx^4}}{4} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**(11/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*a**3*e**6/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 12*a**2*c*d**2*e**4/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 18*a**2*c*d*e**5*x/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 48*a*c**2*d**4*e**2/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 72*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 18*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 32*c**3*d**6/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 48*c**3*d**5*e*x/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 12*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 2*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3/(3*d*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c**3*sqrt(d)*x**4/4, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 d^3 - 9(c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) \sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3} + \frac{c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6 - 9(c^3 d^4 - ac^2 d^2 e^2) \sqrt{ex+d}}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} e} \right)}{3e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3 - 9*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^3 + (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 - 9*(c^3*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^3))/e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(9(ex+d)c^3d^5 - c^3d^6 - 18(ex+d)ac^2d^3e^2 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 9(ex+d)a^2cde^4 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4} + \frac{2\left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^3e^8 - 9\sqrt{ex+d}dc^3d^4e^8 + 9\sqrt{ex+d}ac^2d^2e^{10}}{e^3}\right)}{3e^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*(9*(e*x + d)*c^3*d^5 - c^3*d^6 - 18*(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^4) + 2/3*(((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3*e^8 - 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^4*e^8 + 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^2*e^10)/e^12`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2a^3e^6 - 2c^3d^6 - 2c^3d^3(d + ex)^3 + 18c^3d^4(d + ex)^2 + 18c^3d^5(d + ex) + 6ac^2d^4e^2 - 6a^2cd^2e^4 - 3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x)`

output

```
-(2*a^3*e^6 - 2*c^3*d^6 - 2*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^3 + 18*c^3*d^4*(d + e*x)^2 +
18*c^3*d^5*(d + e*x) + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 36*a*c^2*d^3*e
^2*(d + e*x) - 18*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(d + e*x)^2 + 18*a^2*c*d*e^4*(d + e*x))/(3
*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 6ac^2d^2e^4x^2 - 4c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 6a^2cde^5x + 24ac^2d^3e^3x - \sqrt{ex + d}e^4(ex + d)}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^4(ex + d)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - a**3*e**6 - 6*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 9*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 24*a*c**2*d**4
*e**2 + 36*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 9*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 16*c**3*d**6 - 2
4*c**3*d**5*e*x - 6*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3))/(3*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*e**4*(d + e*x))
```

3.172 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1259
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1259
Rubi [A] (verified)	1260
Maple [A] (verified)	1261
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1262
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1262
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1263
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1264
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1264
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1265

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{5e^4(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{6c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2c^3d^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^4}$$

output `2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+6*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^3e^6 + a^2cde^4(2d + 5ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 + 20dex + 15e^2x^2) - c^3d^3(16d^3 + 40d^2ex + 30de^2x^2 + 5e^3x^3))}{5e^4(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*d*e^4*(2*d + 5*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) - c^3*d^3*(16*d^3 + 40*d^2*e*x + 30*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3))}{(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}{e^3(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{c^3d^3}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{5e^4(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2c^3d^3\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(13/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3)}{(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))} - \frac{(2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)}{(e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))} + \frac{(6*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))}{(e^4*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])} + \frac{(2*c^3*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])}{e^4}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(5d^3e^3x^3+30d^4e^2x^2+40d^5ex+16d^6)c^3 - 16e^2(\frac{15}{8}e^2x^2+\frac{5}{2}dex+d^2)a d^2c^2 - 4e^4(\frac{5ex}{2}+d)a^2dc - 2e^6a^3}{5(e^4x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^4}$
risch	$\frac{2c^3d^3\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4} - \frac{2(15x^2c^2d^2e^2+5xacde^3+25xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4+3acd^2e^2+11c^2d^4)(ae^2-cd^2)}{5e^4\sqrt{ex+d}(e^2x^2+2dex+d^2)}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(-5c^3d^3e^3x^3+15x^2ac^2d^2e^4-30c^3d^4e^2x^2+5xa^2cde^5+20xa^2c^2d^3e^3-40c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3+2d^2e^4a^2c+8d^4e^2ac^2-16d^6)}{5(e^4x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-5c^3d^3e^3x^3+15x^2ac^2d^2e^4-30c^3d^4e^2x^2+5xa^2cde^5+20xa^2c^2d^3e^3-40c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3+2d^2e^4a^2c+8d^4e^2ac^2-16d^6)}{5(e^4x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3d^3\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)}{5(e^4x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{6c^2d^2(ae^2-cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}-\frac{2cd(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{2c^3d^3\sqrt{ex+d}-\frac{2(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)}{5(e^4x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{6c^2d^2(ae^2-cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}-\frac{2cd(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^4}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-5c^3d^3e^3x^3+15x^2ac^2d^2e^4-30c^3d^4e^2x^2+5xa^2cde^5+20xa^2c^2d^3e^3-40c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3+2d^2e^4a^2c+8d^4e^2ac^2-16d^6)}{5e^4(cd^2x+ae)^3(e^4x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output 2/5*((5*d^3*e^3*x^3+30*d^4*e^2*x^2+40*d^5*e*x+16*d^6)*c^3-8*e^2*(15/8*e^2*
x^2+5/2*d*e*x+d^2)*a*d^2*c^2-2*e^4*(5/2*e*x+d)*a^2*d*c-e^6*a^3)/(e*x+d)^(5
/2)/e^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 16c^3d^6 - 8ac^2d^4e^2 - 2a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6 + 15(2c^3d^4e^3x^2 + 3c^2d^5e^4x + d^6e^5))\sqrt{ex + d}}{5(e^7x^3 + 3de^6x^2 + 3d^2e^5x + d^3e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 16*c^3*d^6 - 8*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + 15*(2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 5*(8*c^3*d^5*e - 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a^3e^6}{5d^2e^4\sqrt{d+ex}+10de^5x\sqrt{d+ex}+5e^6x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4a^2cd^2e^4}{5d^2e^4\sqrt{d+ex}+10de^5x\sqrt{d+ex}+5e^6x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{c^3x^4}{4\sqrt{d}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3/(e*x+d)**(13/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-2*a**3*e**6/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 10*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d +
e*x) + 5*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 4*a**2*c*d**2*e**4/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d
+ e*x) + 10*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 5*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 10*a**2
*c*d*e**5*x/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 10*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 5*e**
6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 16*a*c**2*d**4*e**2/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 1
0*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 5*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 40*a*c**2*d**3*e**
3*x/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 10*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 5*e**6*x**2*s
qrt(d + e*x)) - 30*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 10*d
*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 5*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 32*c**3*d**6/(5*d**2*
e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 10*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 5*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)
) + 80*c**3*d**5*e*x/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 10*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x
) + 5*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 60*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(
d + e*x) + 10*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 5*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 10*c**
3*d**3*e**3*x**3/(5*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d + e*x) + 10*d*e**5*x*sqrt(d + e*x) +
5*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), (c**3*x**4/(4*sqrt(d)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5\sqrt{ex+dc^3d^3}}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6 + 15(c^3d^4 - ac^2d^2e^2)(ex+d)^2 - 5}{(ex+d)^{5/2}e^3} \right)}{5e}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm=
"maxima")
```

output

```
2/5*(5*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^3/e^3 + (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^
2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + 15*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^2 - 5*(c^3*d^5 -
2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^3))/e
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}c^3d^3}{e^4} + \frac{2(15(ex + d)^2c^3d^4 - 5(ex + d)c^3d^5 + c^3d^6 - 15(ex + d)^2ac^2d^2e^2 + 10(ex + d)ac^2d^3e^2 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 - 5($$

$$\frac{2(15(ex + d)^2c^3d^4 - 5(ex + d)c^3d^5 + c^3d^6 - 15(ex + d)^2ac^2d^2e^2 + 10(ex + d)ac^2d^3e^2 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 - 5($$

$$5(ex + d)^{5/2}e^4$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^3/e^4 + 2/5*(15*(e*x + d)^2*c^3*d^4 - 5*(e*x + d)*c^3*d^5 + c^3*d^6 - 15*(e*x + d)^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 10*(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 5*(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^3e^6 + 2a^2cd^2e^4 + 5a^2cde^5x + 8ac^2d^4e^2 + 20ac^2d^3e^3x + 15ac^2d^2e^4x^2 - 16c^3d^6 - 40c^3d^5ex + 5e^4(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `-(2*(a^3*e^6 - 16*c^3*d^6 + 8*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 30*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 5*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 40*c^3*d^5*e*x + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + 20*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2))/(5*e^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 6ac^2d^2e^4x^2 + 12c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 2a^2cde^5x - 8ac^2d^3e^3x + \dots}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^4(e^2x^2 + 2d)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x)`

output `(2*(- a**3*e**6 - 2*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 5*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 8*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 20*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 15*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 16*c**3*d**6 + 40*c**3*d**5*e*x + 30*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 5*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3))/(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

3.173 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1266
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1267
Rubi [A] (verified)	1267
Maple [A] (verified)	1270
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1271
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1271
Maxima [F(-2)]	1272
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1272
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1273
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1274

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3 d^3} + \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2) (d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^2 d^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} - \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^{7/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{9/2} d^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4+2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3+2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2+2/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/c/d-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(-105a^3e^6 + 35a^2cde^4(10d+ex) - 7ac^2d^2e^2(58d^2 + 16dex) + 2(-cd^2 + ae^2)^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right))}{105c^4d^4} + \frac{2(-cd^2 + ae^2)^{7/2}}{c^{9/2}d^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-105*a^3*e^6 + 35*a^2*c*d*e^4*(10*d + e*x) - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(58*d^2 + 16*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(176*d^3 + 122*d^2*e*x + 66*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*e^3*x^3)))/(105*c^4*d^4) + (2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(c^(9/2)*d^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1121, 60, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1121 \\ & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ae + cdx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} \\
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} \\
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 221

$$\left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{\left(\frac{d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}}{cd} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} \right)$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]
```

```
output (2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]))/d))/d)/d
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 60 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right) - 2\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} \left(-\frac{176d^3\left(\frac{15}{176}e^3x^3 + \frac{3}{8}de^2x^2 + \frac{61}{88}d^2ex + d^3\right)c^3 + 58}{105}\right)}{d^4c^4\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$
derivativedivides	$2\left(-\frac{c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd}{3} + (ae^2 - cd^2)(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)\right)$
default	$\frac{2\left(-\frac{c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd}{3} + (ae^2 - cd^2)(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)\right)}{c^4d^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(-15c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 21x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 66c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 35xa^2cde^5 + 112xa^2d^3e^3 - 122c^3d^5ex + 105e^6a^3 - 350d^2e^4a^2c + 406c^4d^4)}{105d^4c^4}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2))-(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2)*(-176/105*d^3*(15/176*e^3*x^3+3/8*d*e^2*x^2+61/88*d^2*e*x+d^3)*c^3+58/15*(3/58*e^2*x^2+8/29*d*e*x+d^2)*e^2*a*d^2*c^2-10/3*e^4*(1/10*e*x+d)*a^2*d*c+e^6*a^3))/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/c^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \left[\frac{105(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) - 2\left(105(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) - (15c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 176c^3d^6 - 406ac^2d^4e^2 + 350a^2cd^2e^4 - 105a^3e^6 + 3(22c^3d^4e^2 - 7ac^2d^2e^4))x^2 + (122c^3d^5e - 112ac^2d^3e^3 + 35a^2cd^3e^5)x)\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^4d^4}, \right.$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/105*(105*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(15*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 176*c^3*d^6 - 406*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 350*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6 + 3*(22*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4))*x^2 + (122*c^3*d^5*e - 112*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 35*a^2*c*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^4), -2/105*(105*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (15*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 176*c^3*d^6 - 406*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 350*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6 + 3*(22*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4))*x^2 + (122*c^3*d^5*e - 112*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 35*a^2*c*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^4)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 161.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \left\{ \frac{2\left(\frac{e(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(-ae^3+cd^2e)}{5c^2d^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a^2e^5-2acd^2e^3+c^2d^4e)}{3c^3d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-a^3e^7+3a^2cd^2e^5+3a^2cd^2e^3-3a^2cd^2e)}{c}\right)}{e}, \frac{d^{5/2} \log(x)}{c} \right\}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(e*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*c*d) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(-a*e**3 + c*d**2*e)/(5*c**2*d**2) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a**2*e**5 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**3 + c**2*d**4*e)/(3*c**3*d**3) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(-a**3*e**7 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + c**3*d**6*e)/(c**4*d**4) + e*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**4*atan(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d)))/(c**5*d**5*sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d))))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (d**(5/2)*log(x)/c, True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` for more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right) + 2\left(15(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}c^6d^6 + 21(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^6d^7 + 35(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^6d^8 + 105\sqrt{ex+dc}d^6d^9 - 21(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}ac^5d^5e^2 - \dots\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3 + acde^2}c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c^4*d^4) + 2/105*(15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^6*d^6 + 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^6*d^7 + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^6*d^8 + 105*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^6*d^9 - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c^5*d^5*e^2 - 70*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^5*d^6*e^2 - 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 105*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)/(c^7*d^7)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} + \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3d^3} - \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4d^4} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae^2 - cd^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8}\right)}{c^{9/2}d^{9/2}} (ae^2 - cd^2)^{7/2} - \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^2d^2}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(9/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*c*d) + (2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^3*d^3) - (2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^4*d^4) + (2*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2))/(c^(9/2)*d^(9/2)) - (2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c^2*d^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) a^3 e^6 - 6\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output

```
(2*(105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))))*a**3*e**6 - 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**6 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d*e**6 + 350*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4 + 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x - 406*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**2 - 112*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x - 21*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 176*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**7 + 122*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**6*e*x + 66*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**4*e**3*x**3)/(105*c**5*d**5)
```

3.174 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1275
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1275
Rubi [A] (verified)	1276
Maple [A] (verified)	1278
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1279
Sympy [F(-1)]	1280
Maxima [F(-2)]	1280
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1280
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1281
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1281

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3 d^3} + \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2 d^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} - \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{7/2} d^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3+2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/d-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(15a^2e^4-5acde^2(7d+ex)+c^2d^2(23d^2+11dex+3e^2x^2))}{15c^3d^3} - \frac{2(-cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*a^2*e^4 - 5*a*c*d*e^2*(7*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(23*d^2 + 11*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(15*c^3*d^3) - (2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(c^(7/2)*d^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1121, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1121 \\
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{ae + cdex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ae+cdex} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdex} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}}{d}\right) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}}{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdex)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{\frac{d}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{5cd}{5cd}} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])))/d)/d
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2 \left((ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right) - \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} \left(\frac{(d^2e^2x^2 + \frac{11}{3}d^3ex + \frac{23}{3}d^4)c^2}{5} - \frac{7e^2(d + \frac{ex}{7})adc}{3} \right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} d^3 c^3}$
risch	$\frac{2(3x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 5xacde^3 + 11xc^2d^3e + 15a^2e^4 - 35acd^2e^2 + 23c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15d^3c^3} - \frac{2(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{d^3c^3\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2acd e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2c^2d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2e^4\sqrt{ex+d} - 4acd^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 2c^2d^4\sqrt{ex+d}}{d^3c^3} + \frac{2(-e^6a^3 + 3d^2e^4c)}{d^3c^3}$
default	$\frac{2e^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2acd e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2c^2d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2e^4\sqrt{ex+d} - 4acd^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 2c^2d^4\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{2(-e^6a^3 + 3d^2e^4c)}{d^3c^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

output

$$-2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*\arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^{(1/2)})-(e*x+d)^{(1/2)*(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^{(1/2)}}*(1/5*(d^2*e^2*x^2+11/3*d^3*e*x+23/3*d^4)*c^2-7/3*e^2*(d+1/7*e*x)*a*d*c+a^2*e^4))/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^{(1/2)}/d^3/c^3$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2} dx = \frac{15(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2-2\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cdx+ae}\right) + 2\left(15(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) - (3c^2d^2e^2x^2+23c^2d^4-35acd)\sqrt{ex+d}\right)}{15c^3d^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/15*(15*(c^2*d^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+a^2*e^4)*sqrt((c*d^2-a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x+2*c*d^2-a*e^2-2*sqrt(e*x+d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2-a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x+a*e))+2*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+23*c^2*d^4-35*a*c*d^2*e^2+15*a^2*e^4+(11*c^2*d^3*e-5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3),-2/15*(15*(c^2*d^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-(c*d^2-a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x+d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2-a*e^2)/(c*d))/(c*d^2-a*e^2))-(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+23*c^2*d^4-35*a*c*d^2*e^2+15*a^2*e^4+(11*c^2*d^3*e-5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3)]
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}c^3d^3} + \frac{2\left(3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^4d^4 + 5(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4d^5 + 15\sqrt{ex+d}c^4d^6 - 5(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ac^3d^3e^2 - 30\sqrt{ex+d}ac^3d^4e^2 + 15\right)}{15c^5d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$2*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*\arctan(\sqrt{e*x + d}*c*d/\sqrt{-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2})/(\sqrt{-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2}*c^3*d^3) + 2/15*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^4*d^4 + 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^4*d^5 + 15*\sqrt{e*x + d}*c^4*d^6 - 5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 30*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 15*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)/(c^5*d^5)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} + \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3 d^3} - \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2 d^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae^2 - cd^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d+ex}}{a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^2 - c^3 d^6}\right)}{c^{7/2} d^{7/2}} (ae^2 - cd^2)^{5/2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output
$$(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c*d) + (2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^3*d^3) - (2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^2*d^2) - (2*\operatorname{atan}((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/2))/(c^(7/2)*d^(7/2))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) a^2 e^4 + 4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}{c^3 d^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*e**4 + 30*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4 + 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x + 23*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5 + 11*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2))/(15*c**4*d**4)
```

3.175 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1283
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1283
Rubi [A] (verified)	1284
Maple [A] (verified)	1286
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1286
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1287
Maxima [F(-2)]	1288
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1288
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1289
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1289

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2d^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} - \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/d-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(-3ae^2+cd(4d+ex))}{3c^2d^2} + \frac{2(-cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(-3*a*e^2 + c*d*(4*d + e*x)))/(3*c^2*d^2) + (2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(c^(5/2)*d^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1121, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1121 \\
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{ae + cdx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{d^2 - ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2 \left(-(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 \arctan \left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right) + \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} \sqrt{ex+d} \left(-\frac{4 \left(\frac{ex}{4} + d \right) dc}{3} + ae^2 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} c^2 d^2}$	112
risch	$-\frac{2(-cdxe+3ae^2-4cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3c^2d^2} + \frac{2(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4) \arctan \left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{c^2d^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$	114
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} - cd^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{2(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4) \arctan \left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{c^2d^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$	125
default	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} - cd^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{2(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4) \arctan \left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{c^2d^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$	125

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*(-(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*\arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))+(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-4/3*(1/4*e*x+d)*d*c+a*e^2))/c^2/d^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2} dx = \left[\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd}} \log \left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2 - ae^2+2\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd}}}{cdx+ae} \right) - 2 \left(3(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd}} \arctan \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right) - (cdex + 4cd^2 - 3ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{3c^2d^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3*(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e) - 2*(c*d*e*x + 4*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^2), -2/3*(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (c*d*e*x + 4*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^2)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 29.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-ae^3+cd^2e)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{e(ae^2-cd^2)^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{cd}}}\right)}{c^3d^3\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{cd}}} \right) & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{d}\log(x)}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(e*(d + e*x)**(3/2)/(3*c*d) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(-a*e**3 + c*d**2*e)/(c**2*d**2) + e*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2*atan(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d)))/(c**3*d**3*sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d))))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*log(x)/c, True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}c^2d^2} + \frac{2\left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^2 + 3\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^3 - 3\sqrt{ex+d}acde^2\right)}{3c^3d^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c^2*d^2) + 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^2)/(c^3*d^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae^2 - cd^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}\right) (ae^2 - cd^2)^{3/2}}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}} - \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2d^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2), x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + (2*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(3/2))/(c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)) - (2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^2*d^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) ae^2 - 2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}{3c^2d^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2), x)`

output `(2*(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*e**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c*d**2 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**2 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3 + sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e*x))/(3*c**3*d**3)`

3.176 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1290
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1290
Rubi [A] (verified)	1291
Maple [A] (verified)	1292
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1293
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1294
Maxima [F(-2)]	1294
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1295
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1295
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1296

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}}$$

output

$$2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/c/d-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}/d^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(d+e*x)^{(3/2)}/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x]$$

output

$$(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d+e*x])/(c*d)-(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2)+a*e^2]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d+e*x])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2)+a*e^2]])/(c^{(3/2)}*d^{(3/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1121, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{de} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output `(2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}}{cd}$	76
risch	$\frac{2_O1\sqrt{ex+d}}{d} - \frac{2(ae^2 - cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}d}{\sqrt{(-O1ae^2 - d^2)d}}\right)}{c^2d\sqrt{(-O1ae^2 - d^2)d}}$	77
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd} + \frac{2(-ae^2 + cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{cd\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$	82
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd} + \frac{2(-ae^2 + cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{cd\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$	82

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

```
output 2/c/d*((e*x+d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2-c*d^2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*
d^2))^(1/2))/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd}} \log\left(\frac{cdex + 2cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd}}}{cdx + ae}\right) + 2\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right) - \sqrt{ex+d}\right)}{cd} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d), -2*(sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{e^{(ae^2-cd^2)} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{cd}}}\right)}{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{cd}}} \right) & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{c\sqrt{d}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(e*sqrt(d + e*x)/(c*d) - e*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d)))/(c**2*d**2*sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d))))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (log(x)/(c*sqrt(d)), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3 + acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3 + acde^2}cd} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="gi
ac")
```

output

```
2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sq
rt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c*d) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) \sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c*d) - (2*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*e
^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2))/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2))
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) + 2\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{c^2d^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(2*(- sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))) + sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(c**2*d**2)`

3.177 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1297
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1297
Rubi [A] (verified)	1298
Maple [A] (verified)	1299
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1300
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1300
Maxima [F(-2)]	1301
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1301
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1302
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1302

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}$$

output

$-2*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})/c^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]`

output

$(2*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1121, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}$	48
default	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}$	48
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}$	48

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2-2\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdx+ae}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2}}, \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdex+cd^2}\right)}{c^2d^3-acde^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d*x + a*e))/sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2), 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2))/(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{cd}}}\right)}{cd\sqrt{\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{cd}}} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{cd^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*atan(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d))), Ne(e, 0)), (log(x)/(c*d**(3/2)), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{acde^2 - c^2d^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{acde^2 - c^2d^3}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(2*atan((c*d*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*c*d*e^2 - c^2*d^3)^(1/2)))/(a*c*d*e^2 - c^2*d^3)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right)}{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))))/(c*d*(a*e**2 - c*d**2))`

3.178 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1303
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1303
Rubi [A] (verified)	1304
Maple [A] (verified)	1305
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1306
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1307
Maxima [F(-2)]	1307
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1308
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1308
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1309

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]`

output

$$2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(3/2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1121, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1121 \\ & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{2cd \int \frac{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae}{d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{e(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)), x]$$

output

$$2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0]
) || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2cd \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}}{ae^2-cd^2}$	76
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2}{(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2cd \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}$	88
default	$-\frac{2}{(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2cd \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}$	88

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-c*d/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(ex+d)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{cd^2-ae^2}} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2+2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{\frac{cd}{cd^2-ae^2}}}{cdx+ae}\right) - 2\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd^3-ade^2+(cd^2e-ae^3)x}, \frac{2\left((ex+d)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{cd^3-ae^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-((e*x + d)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*
(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) -
2*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x), 2*((e*x + d)*sqr
t(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))) +
sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{e \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ae^2 - cd^2)} - \frac{e \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} (ae^2 - cd^2)} \right) & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{cd^{\frac{5}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-e/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)) - e*atan(sqrt(d + e*x)/
sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d)))/(sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d))*(a*e**2 - c*
d**2)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (log(x)/(c*d**(5/2)), True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
2*c*d*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3
+ a*c*d*e^2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) + 2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2}{(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
- 2/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)) - (2*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*d
^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) - 2ae^2 + 2cd^2}{\sqrt{ex+d} (a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `(2*(- sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))- a*e**2 + c*d**2))/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4))`

3.179 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1310
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1310
Rubi [A] (verified)	1311
Maple [A] (verified)	1313
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1313
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1314
Maxima [F(-2)]	1314
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1315
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1315
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1316

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2cd}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2/3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2*c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2(-ae^2+cd(4d+3ex))}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]`

output $(2*(-(a*e^2) + c*d*(4*d + 3*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(5/2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1121, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1121 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae + cdx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d + ex)d}{e} + ae}{e(cd^2 - ae^2)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) + \frac{2}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$cd \left(\frac{\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]`

output `2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} - \frac{2}{3(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2cd}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	117
default	$\frac{2c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} - \frac{2}{3(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2cd}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	117
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} - \frac{2}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(3ae^2-3cd^2)} + \frac{2cd}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	118

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2c^2d^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} - \frac{2}{3(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2cd}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)} dx = \frac{3(cde^2x^2+2cd^2ex+cd^3)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{cd^2-ae^2}} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2}{3(c^2d^6-2acd^4e^2+a^2d^2e^4+(c^2d^4e^2-2a^2d^2e^2))}\right)}{3(c^2d^6-2acd^4e^2+a^2d^2e^4+(c^2d^4e^2-2a^2d^2e^2))}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/3*(3*(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log(
(c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d
^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*(3*c*d*e*x + 4*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x +
d))/(c^2*d^6 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^2 + a^2*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^4
+ a^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^5*e - 2*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x), 2/3*(3*(c*d
*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x
+ d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))) + (3*c*d*e*x + 4*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x
+ d))/(c^2*d^6 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^2 + a^2*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e
^4 + a^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^5*e - 2*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{cde}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{cde \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2-cd^2)} \right) \\ \frac{\log(x)}{cd^{7/2}} \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(c*d*e/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2) + c*d*e*atan(sqrt
(d + e*x)/sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d)))/(sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d))*(a
*e**2 - c*d**2)**2) - e/(3*(d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))/e, Ne(e, 0
)), (log(x)/(c*d**(7/2)), True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)} dx = \frac{2c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}} + \frac{2(3(ex+d)cd+cd^2-ae^2)}{3(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)(ex+d)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2*c^2*d^2*\arctan(\sqrt{e*x+d}*c*d/\sqrt{-c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2})/((c^2*d^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+a^2*e^4)*\sqrt{-c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2})+2/3*(3*(e*x+d)*c*d+c*d^2-a*e^2)/((c^2*d^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+a^2*e^4)*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)})$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)} dx = \frac{2c^{3/2}d^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{5/2}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2}{3(ae^2-cd^2)} - \frac{2cd(d+ex)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)),x)`

output `(2*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/2)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/2) - (2/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) - (2*c*d*(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)cd^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}(a^3e^7x - 3a^2e^6x^2 + 3a^2e^5x^3 - 3a^2e^4x^4 + 3a^2e^3x^5 - 3a^2e^2x^6 + 3a^2e^2x^7 - c^3d^7 - c^3d^6ex)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `(2*(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c*d**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x - a**2*e**4 + 5*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**3*x - 4*c**2*d**4 - 3*c**2*d**3*e*x)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**3*d*e**6 + a**3*e**7*x - 3*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 3*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - c**3*d**7 - c**3*d**6*e*x))`

3.180 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1317
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1317
Rubi [A] (verified)	1318
Maple [A] (verified)	1320
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1321
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1322
Maxima [F(-2)]	1322
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1323
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1323
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1324

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2}{5(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2cd}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^2d^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2/5/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/3*c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2*c^2*d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx = \frac{6a^2e^4 - 2acde^2(11d + 5ex) + 2c^2d^2(23d^2 + 35dex + 15e^2)}{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]`

output $(6*a^2*e^4 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*(11*d + 5*e*x) + 2*c^2*d^2*(23*d^2 + 35*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]]/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(7/2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1121, 61, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae + cdx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) + \frac{2}{5(d + ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{-cd^2 + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae}{e(cd^2 - ae^2)} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{2} \\
 \frac{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{2} \\
 \frac{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
2/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (c*d*(2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```


rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
 Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
 egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3\sqrt{ex + d}} + \frac{2cd}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$
default	$-\frac{2}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3\sqrt{ex + d}} + \frac{2cd}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(5c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}\left((5d^2e^2x^2 + \frac{35}{3}d^3ex + \frac{23}{3}d^4)c^2 - \frac{11e^2\left(\frac{5ex}{11} + d\right)adc}{3}\right)\right)}{5(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERB
 OSE)`

output

$$-2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c^2*d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*d/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*c^3*d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 357 vs. $2(129) = 258$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 756, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)} dx = \left[-\frac{15(c^2d^2e^3x^3+3c^2d^3e^2x^2+3c^2d^4ex+c^2d^5)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{cd^2-ae^2}}}{15(c^3d^9-3ac^2d^7e^2+3a^2cd^5e^4-a^3d^3e^6+(c^3d^6e^3-3a^2c^2d^4e^5+3a^2cd^2e^7-a^3d^2e^8)x^3+3(c^3d^7e^2-3a^2c^2d^5e^4+3a^2cd^3e^6-a^3d^2e^8)x^2+3(c^3d^8e-3a^2c^2d^6e^3+3a^2cd^4e^5-a^3d^2e^7)x)}, \frac{2}{15} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/15*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3+3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2+3*c^2*d^4*e*x+c^2*d^5)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2-a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x+2*c*d^2-a*e^2+2*(c*d^2-a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x+d)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2-a*e^2)))/(c*d*x+a*e))-2*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+23*c^2*d^4-11*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*a^2*e^4+5*(7*c^2*d^3*e-a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d))/(c^3*d^9-3*a*c^2*d^7*e^2+3*a^2*c*d^5*e^4-a^3*d^3*e^6+(c^3*d^6*e^3-3*a*c^2*d^4*e^5+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^7-a^3*d^2*e^8)*x^3+3*(c^3*d^7*e^2-3*a*c^2*d^5*e^4+3*a^2*c*d^3*e^6-a^3*d^2*e^8)*x^2+3*(c^3*d^8*e-3*a*c^2*d^6*e^3+3*a^2*c*d^4*e^5-a^3*d^2*e^7)*x), 2/15*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3+3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2+3*c^2*d^4*e*x+c^2*d^5)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2-a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x+d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2-a*e^2)))+(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+23*c^2*d^4-11*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*a^2*e^4+5*(7*c^2*d^3*e-a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d))/(c^3*d^9-3*a*c^2*d^7*e^2+3*a^2*c*d^5*e^4-a^3*d^3*e^6+(c^3*d^6*e^3-3*a*c^2*d^4*e^5+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^7-a^3*d^2*e^8)*x^3+3*(c^3*d^7*e^2-3*a*c^2*d^5*e^4+3*a^2*c*d^3*e^6-a^3*d^2*e^8)*x^2+3*(c^3*d^8*e-3*a*c^2*d^6*e^3+3*a^2*c*d^4*e^5-a^3*d^2*e^7)*x)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2 \left(-\frac{c^2 d^2 e}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{c^2 d^2 e \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{cd}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ae^2 - cd^2}{cd}} (ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + \frac{cde}{3(d+ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 - cd^2)^2} \right) + \frac{\log(x)}{cd^{9/2}}}{e}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2), x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(-c**2*d**2*e/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3) - c**2*d**2*e*atan(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d)))/(sqrt((a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(c*d))*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**3) + c*d*e/(3*(d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)**2) - e/(5*(d + e*x)**(5/2)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (log(x)/(c*d**(9/2)), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{-c^2d^3 + acde^2}} + \frac{2(15(ex+d)^2c^2d^2 + 5(ex+d)c^2d^3 + 3c^2d^4 - 5(ex+d)acde^2 - 6acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)}{15(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)(ex+d)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
2*c^3*d^3*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/((c^3*d^6 -
3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))
+ 2/15*(15*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2 + 5*(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3 + 3*c^2*d^4 - 5*(e*x
+ d)*a*c*d*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)/((c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 +
3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5(ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3} - \frac{2cd(d+ex)}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2c^{5/2}d^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{7/2}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
- (2/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) + (2*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3 - (2*
c*d*(d + e*x))/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2) - (2*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)
*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^
2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) c^2}{\sqrt{ex+d} (c^2)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d
+ e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4 - 30*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(s
qrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 3*a**3*e**6 + 14*a**2*c*
d**2*e**4 + 5*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 34*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 40*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*
x - 15*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 23*c**3*d**6 + 35*c**3*d**5*e*x + 15*c**3*d
**4*e**2*x**2))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**4*d**2*e**8 + 2*a**4*d*e**9*x + a**4
*e**10*x**2 - 4*a**3*c*d**4*e**6 - 8*a**3*c*d**3*e**7*x - 4*a**3*c*d**2*e*
**8*x**2 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**6*e**4 + 12*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**5*x + 6*a**2*c**2*
**4*e**6*x**2 - 4*a*c**3*d**8*e**2 - 8*a*c**3*d**7*e**3*x - 4*a*c**3*d**6*
e**4*x**2 + c**4*d**10 + 2*c**4*d**9*e*x + c**4*d**8*e**2*x**2))
```

3.181 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1325
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1326
Rubi [A] (verified)	1326
Maple [A] (verified)	1329
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1330
Sympy [F(-1)]	1331
Maxima [F(-2)]	1331
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1331
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1332
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1333

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2}{7(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2cd}{5(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2c^2d^2}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^3d^3}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2/7/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/5*c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/3*c^2*d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2*c^3*d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx = \frac{-30a^3e^6+6a^2cde^4(22d+7ex)-2ac^2d^2e^2(122d^2+112d+105e^2x^2)+2c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{105(cd^2-ae^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(7/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]`

output $(-30*a^3*e^6 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^4*(22*d + 7*e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(122*d^2 + 112*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) + 2*c^{7/2}*d^{7/2}*(176*d^3 + 406*d^2*e*x + 350*d*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3))/(105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^{7/2}) + (2*c^{7/2}*d^{7/2}*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^{9/2}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1121, 61, 61, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{9/2}(ae+cdx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \\
 & \frac{cd^2-ae^2}{2} \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \\
 & \frac{cd^2-ae^2}{2} \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{cd^2-ae^2}{2} \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)^(7/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
2/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (c*d*(2/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (c*d*(2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2}{7(ae^2 - cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2c^3d^3}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2cd}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2c^4d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$
default	$-\frac{2}{7(ae^2 - cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2c^2d^2}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2c^3d^3}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2cd}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2c^4d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(-7c^4d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)\right)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \left((-7d^3e^3x^3 - \frac{70}{3}d^4e^2x^2 - \frac{406}{15}d^5ex - \frac{176}{15}d^6\right)c^3 + \frac{122e^2ad^2\left(\frac{35}{122}e^2x^2 - \frac{1}{15}\right)}{15}}{7(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}(ae^2 - cd^2)^4}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/7/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)-2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c^2*d^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*c^3*d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*c*d/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2*c^4*d^4/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 544 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1130, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/105*(105*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*(105*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 176*c^3*d^6 - 122*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 66*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 15*a^3*e^6 + 35*(10*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(58*c^3*d^5*e - 16*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^12 - 4*a*c^3*d^10*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^6*e^6 + a^4*d^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^10 + a^4*e^12)*x^4 + 4*(c^4*d^9*e^3 - 4*a*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 4*a^3*c*d^3*e^9 + a^4*d*e^11)*x^3 + 6*(c^4*d^10*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^8 + a^4*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + 4*(c^4*d^11*e - 4*a*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^5*e^7 + a^4*d^3*e^9)*x), 2/105*(105*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))) + (105*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 176*c^3*d^6 - 122*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 66*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 15*a^3*e^6 + 35*(10*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(58*c^3*d^5*e - 16*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^12 - 4*a*c^3*d^10*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^6*e^6 + a^4*d^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^10 + a^4*e^12)*x^4 + 4*(c^4*d^9*e^3 - 4*a*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^7 ...`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2c^4d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}} + \frac{2(105(ex+d)^3c^3d^3 + 35(ex+d)^2c^3d^4 + 21(ex+d)c^3d^5 + 15c^3d^6 - 35(ex+d)^2ac^2d^2e^2 - 42(ex+d)c^2d^3e^2 + 21c^2d^4e^2 - 15c^2d^5e^2 + 5c^2d^6e^2 - 5c^2d^7e^2 + 5c^2d^8e^2)}{105(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2c^4d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right) + \frac{2}{105}(105(ex+d)^3c^3d^3 + 35(ex+d)^2c^3d^4 + 21(ex+d)c^3d^5 + 15c^3d^6 - 35(ex+d)^2ac^2d^2e^2 - 42(ex+d)ac^2d^3e^2 - 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 21(ex+d)a^2cde^4 + 45a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 15a^3e^6)}{(c^4d^8 - 4aac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}}{(c^4d^8 - 4aac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)(ex+d)^{7/2}}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2c^{7/2}d^{7/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + a^4e^8)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^{9/2}}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\frac{2}{7(ae^2 - cd^2)} + \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^2}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{2c^3d^3(d+ex)^3}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} - \frac{2cd(d+ex)}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(7/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2c^{7/2}d^{7/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/2}d^{1/2}(d+ex)^{1/2}(a^4e^8 + c^4d^8 - 4aac^3d^6e^2 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^{9/2}}\right))}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{2/(7(ae^2 - cd^2)) + (2c^2d^2(d+ex)^2)/(3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3) - (2c^3d^3(d+ex)^3)/(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 - (2c*d*(d+ex))/(5(ae^2 - cd^2)^2)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 788, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) c^3 d^6}{\sqrt{ex+d} (a^5 e^{13} x^3 -$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output

```
(2*(105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d +
e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**6 + 315*sqrt(d
)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sq
rt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**5*e*x + 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 15*a**4*e**8 + 81*a**3*c*d**
2*e**6 + 21*a**3*c*d*e**7*x - 188*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 133*a**2*c**2*d**3
*e**5*x - 35*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 298*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 518*a*c**3*
d**5*e**3*x + 385*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 105*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 176*
c**4*d**8 - 406*c**4*d**7*e*x - 350*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 105*c**4*d**5*e*
*3*x**3)/(105*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**5*d**3*e**10 + 3*a**5*d**2*e**11*x + 3*a*
*5*d*e**12*x**2 + a**5*e**13*x**3 - 5*a**4*c*d**5*e**8 - 15*a**4*c*d**4*e*
*9*x - 15*a**4*c*d**3*e**10*x**2 - 5*a**4*c*d**2*e**11*x**3 + 10*a**3*c**2
*d**7*e**6 + 30*a**3*c**2*d**6*e**7*x + 30*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**8*x**2 + 10*a
**3*c**2*d**4*e**9*x**3 - 10*a**2*c**3*d**9*e**4 - 30*a**2*c**3*d**8*e**5*
x - 30*a**2*c**3*d**7*e**6*x**2 - 10*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**7*x**3 + 5*a*c**4*d
**11*e**2 + 15*a*c**4*d**10*e**3*x + 15*a*c**4*d**9*e**4*x**2 + 5*a*c**4*d
**8*e**5*x**3 - c**5*d**13 - 3*c**5*d**12*e*x - 3*c**5*d**11*e**2*x**2 ...
```

3.182
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1334
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1335
Rubi [A] (verified)	1335
Maple [A] (verified)	1340
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1342
Sympy [F(-1)]	1343
Maxima [F(-2)]	1343
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1343
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1345
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1346

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{9e(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^5d^5} + \frac{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{c^4d^4} + \frac{9e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^3d^3} + \frac{9e(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7c^2d^2} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} - \frac{9e(cd^2-ae^2)^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{11/2}d^{11/2}}$$

output

```
9*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^5/d^5+3*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^4/d^4+9/5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3+9/7*e*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d^2-(e*x+d)^(9/2)/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)-9*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(11/2)/d^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(315a^4e^8-210a^3cde^6(5d-ex)+42a^2c^2d^2e^4(29d^2-17dex-e^2x^2)+6ac^3d^3e^2(-88d^3+142d^2e^2+23d^2e^2x+3e^3x^3))+c^4d^4(35d^4-388d^3ex-156d^2e^2x^2-58d^2e^3x^3-10e^4x^4)}{35c^5d^5(ae+cdx)} + \frac{9e(-cd^2+ae^2)^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{c^{11/2}d^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(13/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/35*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(315*a^4*e^8 - 210*a^3*c*d*e^6*(5*d - e*x) + 42*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(29*d^2 - 17*d*e*x - e^2*x^2) + 6*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(-88*d^3 + 142*d^2*e*x + 23*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(35*d^4 - 388*d^3*e*x - 156*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 58*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 10*e^4*x^4)))/(c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (9*e*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(c^(11/2)*d^(11/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 60, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ae+cdx)^2} dx$$

↓ 51

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{9e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{9e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{9e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{9e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{2cd}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{\left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{2cd}}{cd(ae+cdx)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 73

$$\left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{\left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \quad 2cd$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{9e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7cd}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(13/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

```
output -((d + e*x)^(9/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (9*e*((2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*c*d)
+ ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((
2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) -
(2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 -
a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]))/d)/d)/d)/(2*c*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 51 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$9e(ae^2 - cd^2)^4(cdx + ae) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right) - 9\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} \left(\frac{(-\frac{2}{7}e^4x^4 - \frac{58}{35}de^3x^3 - \frac{156}{35}d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{388}{35}d^3e^2x - \frac{176}{105}d^4e^2 - \frac{176}{105}d^4e^2c - \frac{176}{105}d^4e^2c^2 - \frac{176}{105}d^4e^2c^3 - \frac{176}{105}d^4e^2c^4 - \frac{176}{105}d^4e^2c^5)}{d^5c^5(cdx + ae)}\right)$
risch	$\frac{2e(-5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 14x^2ac^2d^2e^4 - 29c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 35x a^2cd e^5 + 98xa c^2d^3e^3 - 78c^3d^5ex + 140e^6a^3 - 455d^2e^4a^2c + 504d^4e^2a^2c^2 - 176d^4e^2a^2c^3 - 176d^4e^2a^2c^4 - 176d^4e^2a^2c^5)}{35d^5c^5}$
derivativedivides	$2e \left(-\frac{c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}ac^2d^2e^2}{5} - \frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3d^4}{5} - \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2cde^4 + 2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ac^2d^3e^2 - (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^5 + 4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^5 + 4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^5}{c^5d^5} \right)$
default	$2e \left(-\frac{c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}ac^2d^2e^2}{5} - \frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3d^4}{5} - \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2cde^4 + 2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ac^2d^3e^2 - (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^5 + 4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^5 + 4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^5}{c^5d^5} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `9*(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*(c*d*x+a*e)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))-(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*(1/9*(-2/7*e^4*x^4-58/35*d*e^3*x^3-156/35*d^2*e^2*x^2-388/35*d^3*e*x+d^4)*d^4*c^4-176/105*e^2*(-3/88*e^3*x^3-23/88*d*e^2*x^2-71/44*d^2*e*x+d^3)*a*d^3*c^3+58/15*e^4*a^2*d^2*(-1/29*e^2*x^2-17/29*d*e*x+d^2)*c^2-10/3*e^6*a^3*(-1/5*e*x+d)*d*c+a^4*e^8))/((c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)/d^5/c^5/(c*d*x+a*e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 788, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx = \left[-\frac{315(ac^3d^6e^2 - 3a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 3a^3cd^2e^6 - a^4e^8 + (c^4d^7e - 3ac^3d^5e^3 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^5 - a^3cde^7)x)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/70*(315*(a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^7*e - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(10*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 35*c^4*d^8 + 528*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 1218*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 1050*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 315*a^4*e^8 + 2*(29*c^4*d^5*e^3 - 9*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(26*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 23*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 7*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(194*c^4*d^7*e - 426*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 357*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 105*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^6*d^6*x + a*c^5*d^5*e), -1/35*(315*(a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^7*e - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (10*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 35*c^4*d^8 + 528*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 1218*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 1050*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 315*a^4*e^8 + 2*(29*c^4*d^5*e^3 - 9*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(26*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 23*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 7*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(194*c^4*d^7*e - 426*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 357*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 105*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^6*d^6*x + a*c^5*d^5*e)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{13/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{13/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 422 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{9(c^4d^8e-4ac^3d^6e^3+6a^2c^2d^4e^5-4a^3cd^2e^7+a^4e^9)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2c^5d^5}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2c^5d^5}} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+dc^4d^8e}-4\sqrt{ex+dac^3d^6e^3}+6\sqrt{ex+da^2c^2d^4e^5}-4\sqrt{ex+da^3cd^2e^7}+\sqrt{ex+da^4e^9}}{((ex+d)cd-cd^2+ae^2)c^5d^5} + \frac{2\left(5(ex+d)^{7/2}c^{12}d^{12}e+14(ex+d)^{5/2}c^{12}d^{13}e+35(ex+d)^{3/2}c^{12}d^{14}e+140\sqrt{ex+dc^4d^8e}-14(ex+d)^{5/2}c^{12}d^{15}e\right)}{(ex+d)^{13/2}c^{12}d^{14}e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `9*(c^4*d^8*e - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c^5*d^5) - (sqrt(e*x + d)*c^4*d^8*e - 4*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 4*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + sqrt(e*x + d)*a^4*e^9)/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^5*d^5) + 2/35*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^12*d^12*e + 14*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^12*d^13*e + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^12*d^14*e + 140*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^12*d^15*e - 14*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c^11*d^11*e^3 - 70*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^11*d^12*e^3 - 420*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^11*d^13*e^3 + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a^2*c^10*d^10*e^5 + 420*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c^10*d^11*e^5 - 140*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*c^9*d^9*e^7)/(c^14*d^14)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{2e(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7c^2d^2} - \left(\frac{(2c^2d^3-2acde^2) \left(\frac{2e(ae^2-cd^2)^2}{c^4d^4} - \frac{2e(2c^2d^3-2acde^2)^2}{c^6d^6} \right)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{2e(ae^2-cd^2)^2(2c^2d^3-2acde^2)}{c^6d^6} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a^4e^9-4a^3cd^2e^7+6a^2c^2d^4e^5-4ac^3d^6e^3+c^4d^8e)}{c^6d^6(d+ex)-c^6d^7+ac^5d^5e^2} - \left(\frac{2e(ae^2-cd^2)^2}{3c^4d^4} - \frac{2e(2c^2d^3-2acde^2)^2}{3c^6d^6} \right) (d+ex)^{3/2} + \frac{2e(2c^2d^3-2acde^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^4d^4} + \frac{9e \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e(ae^2-cd^2)^{7/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^4e^9-4a^3cd^2e^7+6a^2c^2d^4e^5-4ac^3d^6e^3+c^4d^8e} \right) (ae^2-cd^2)^{7/2}}{c^{11/2}d^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(13/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*e*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*c^2*d^2) - (((2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*((2*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2)/(c^4*d^4) - (2*e*(2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)^2)/(c^6*d^6)))/(c^2*d^2) + (2*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2))/(c^6*d^6))*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^4*e^9 + c^4*d^8*e - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5))/(c^6*d^6*(d + e*x) - c^6*d^7 + a*c^5*d^5*e^2) - ((2*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2)/(3*c^4*d^4) - (2*e*(2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)^2)/(3*c^6*d^6))*(d + e*x)^(3/2) + (2*e*(2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c^4*d^4) + (9*e*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a^4*e^9 + c^4*d^8*e - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2))/(c^(11/2)*d^(11/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 804, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{13/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**4*e**8 - 945*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**3*c*d*e**7*x + 945*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 945*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x - 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**c**3*d**6*e**2 + 945*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**4*d**7*e*x - 315*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**4*c*d*e**8 + 1050*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**6 - 210*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**7*x - 1218*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**4 + 714*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**5*x + 42*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**2 + 528*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**2 - 852*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**3*x - 138*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**2 - 18*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**3 - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**5*d**9 + 388*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**5*d**8*e...`

3.183
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1347
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1348
Rubi [A] (verified)	1348
Maple [A] (verified)	1351
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Sympy [F(-1)]	1354
Maxima [F(-2)]	1354
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1354
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1355
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1356

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{7e(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4d^4} + \frac{7e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3d^3} + \frac{7e(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^2d^2} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} - \frac{7e(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{9/2}d^{9/2}}$$

output

```
7*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4+7/3*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3+7/5*e*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2-(e*x+d)^(7/2)/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)-7*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(105a^3e^6-35a^2cde^4(7d-2ex)+7ac^2d^2e^2(23d^2-24dex)+7e(-cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right))}{15c^4d^4(ae+cd)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(11/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(105*a^3*e^6 - 35*a^2*c*d*e^4*(7*d - 2*e*x) + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(23*d^2 - 24*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-15*d^3 + 116*d^2*e*x + 32*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*e^3*x^3))/(15*c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)) - (7*e*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(c^(9/2)*d^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\ & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ae+cdx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\ & \frac{7e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 60 \\ 7e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ae+cdx} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}}{d} \right) \\ \hline 2cd \end{array} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 60 \\ 7e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}}{d} \right) \\ \hline 2cd \end{array} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 60 \\ 7e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}}{d} \right) \\ \hline 2cd \end{array} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 73 \\ 7e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}}{d} \right) \\ \hline 2cd \end{array} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 221 \\
 7e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{2cd}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 \frac{cd(ae+cdx)}{cd(ae+cdx)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(11/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (7*e*((2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*sqrt[d + e*x])/c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])))/d)/(2*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{7 \left(e(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (cdx + ae) \arctan \left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right) - \left(-\frac{2}{5}e^3x^3 - \frac{32}{15}de^2x^2 - \frac{116}{15}d^2ex + d^3 \right) d^3c^3 + 23e^2 \left(-\frac{2}{23}e^2x^2 - \frac{24}{23}de^2x + d^2 \right) d^3c^2}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} d^4 c^4 (cdx + ae)} - \frac{(2e^6a^3 - 6d^2e^4a^2c + 6d^4e^2ac^2 - 2d^6c^3)}{15d^4c^4}$
risch	$\frac{2e(3x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 10xacde^3 + 16xc^2d^3e + 45a^2e^4 - 100acd^2e^2 + 58c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15d^4c^4}$
derivativedivides	$2e \left(\frac{\frac{c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2acd e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2c^2d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 3a^2e^4\sqrt{ex+d} - 6acd^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 3c^2d^4\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^4d^4} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2}e^6a^3 + \frac{3}{2}d^2e^4a^2c - 3d^4e^2ac^2 + 2d^6c^3)}{15d^4c^4} \right)$
default	$2e \left(\frac{\frac{c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2acd e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2c^2d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 3a^2e^4\sqrt{ex+d} - 6acd^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 3c^2d^4\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^4d^4} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{2}e^6a^3 + \frac{3}{2}d^2e^4a^2c - 3d^4e^2ac^2 + 2d^6c^3)}{15d^4c^4} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-7/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(c*d*x+a*e)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))-(-1/7*(-2/5*e^3*x^3-32/15*d*e^2*x^2-116/15*d^2*e*x+d^3)*d^3*c^3+23/15*e^2*(-2/23*e^2*x^2-24/23*d*e*x+d^2)*a*d^2*c^2-7/3*e^4*(-2/7*e*x+d)*a^2*d*c+e^6*a^3)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))/d^4/c^4/(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 586, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^5)^2} dx = \frac{105(ac^2d^4e^2 - 2a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6 + (c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x)}{105(ac^2d^4e^2 - 2a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6 + (c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x) \sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(105*(a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*(6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 15*c^3*d^6 + 161*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 245*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 105*a^3*e^6 + 2*(16*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(58*c^3*d^5*e - 84*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 35*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^5*d^5*x + a*c^4*d^4*e), -1/15*(105*(a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 15*c^3*d^6 + 161*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 245*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 105*a^3*e^6 + 2*(16*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(58*c^3*d^5*e - 84*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 35*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^5*d^5*x + a*c^4*d^4*e)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{11/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{11/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 312 vs. $2(152) = 304$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^2} dx = \frac{7(c^3 d^6 e - 3ac^2 d^4 e^3 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^5 - a^3 e^7) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc d}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d^3 + ac d e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2 d^3 + ac d e^2} c^4 d^4} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+dc^3 d^6 e} - 3\sqrt{ex+dc^2 d^4 e^3} + 3\sqrt{ex+dc d^2 e^5} - \sqrt{ex+da^3 e^7}}{((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)c^4 d^4} + \frac{2\left(3(ex+d)^{5/2} c^8 d^8 e + 10(ex+d)^{3/2} c^8 d^9 e + 45\sqrt{ex+dc^8 d^{10} e} - 10(ex+d)^{3/2} ac^7 d^7 e^3 - 90\sqrt{ex+dc^7 d^8 e}\right)}{15c^{10} d^{10}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `7*(c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c^4*d^4) - (sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^6*e - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*e^7)/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^4*d^4) + 2/15*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^8*d^8*e + 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^8*d^9*e + 45*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^8*d^10*e - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^7*d^7*e^3 - 90*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^7*d^8*e^3 + 45*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^5)/(c^10*d^10)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a^3 e^7 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^5 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^3 - c^3 d^6 e)}{c^5 d^5 (d+ex) - c^5 d^6 + a c^4 d^4 e^2} - \left(\frac{2e(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{c^4 d^4} - \frac{2e(2c^2 d^3 - 2ac d e^2)^2}{c^6 d^6} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^2 d^2} + \frac{2e(2c^2 d^3 - 2ac d e^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^4 d^4} - \frac{7e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{de}(ae^2 - cd^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^3 e^7 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^5 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^3 - c^3 d^6 e}\right)(ae^2 - cd^2)^{5/2}}{c^{9/2} d^{9/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(11/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^3*e^7 - c^3*d^6*e + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)
)/(c^5*d^5*(d + e*x) - c^5*d^6 + a*c^4*d^4*e^2) - ((2*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2)
/(c^4*d^4) - (2*e*(2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)^2)/(c^6*d^6))*(d + e*x)^(1/2)
+ (2*e*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c^2*d^2) + (2*e*(2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*(d +
e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^4*d^4) - (7*e*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/
2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a^3*e^7 - c^3*d^6*e + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e
^5))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/2))/(c^(9/2)*d^(9/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{11/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) a^3e^6 + 210\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}v}{}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sq
rt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**3*e**6 + 210*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
c*d**2)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*ata
n((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c*d*e
*5*x - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/
(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 210*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 -
c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))
*c**3*d**5*e*x + 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d*e**6 - 245*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*
c**2*d**3*e**4 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x + 161*sqrt(d + e*x
)*a*c**3*d**5*e**2 - 168*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x - 14*sqrt(d + e
x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**7 + 116*sqrt(d + e*x)*
c**4*d**6*e*x + 32*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**
4*d**4*e**3*x**3)/(15*c**5*d**5*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

3.184
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1357
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1357
Rubi [A] (verified)	1358
Maple [A] (verified)	1360
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Sympy [F(-1)]	1362
Maxima [F(-2)]	1363
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1363
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1364
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1364

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{5e(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3d^3} + \frac{5e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2d^2} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} - \frac{5e(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

output

```
5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3+5/3*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2-(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)-5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15a^2e^4+10acde^2(-2d+ex)+c^2d^2(3d^2-14dex-2e^2x^2))}{3c^3d^3(ae+cdx)} + \frac{5e(-cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*a^2*e^4 + 10*a*c*d*e^2*(-2*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(3*d^2 - 14*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2)))/(c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)) + (5*e*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(c^(7/2)*d^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ae + cd x)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{5e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{2cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae + cd x)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{(d^2 - ae^2)}{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae + cd x)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{1}{d} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (5*e*((2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])))/d)/(2*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2e(-cdxe+6ae^2-7cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3d^3c^3} + \frac{(2a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2+2c^2d^4)e}{c^3d^3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{5\left(-e(ae^2-cd^2)^2(cdxa+ae) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right) + \sqrt{ex+d} \left(\frac{-\frac{2}{3}e^2x^2 - \frac{14}{3}dex+d^2}{5}d^2c^2 - \frac{4e^2(-\frac{ex}{2}+d)adc}{3} + a\right)\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}d^3c^3(cdxa+ae)}$
derivativedivides	$2e \left(-\frac{\frac{cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 2cd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^3d^3} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2e^4 + acd^2e^2 - \frac{1}{2}c^2d^4\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{5(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$
default	$2e \left(-\frac{\frac{cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 2cd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^3d^3} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2e^4 + acd^2e^2 - \frac{1}{2}c^2d^4\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{5(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*e*(-c*d*e*x+6*a*e^2-7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^3/c^3+1/c^3/d^3*(2*a^2*e^4-4*a*c*d^2*e^2+2*c^2*d^4)*e*(-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)+5/2/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^2} dx = \left[\frac{15(acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + (c^2d^3e - acde^3)x) \sqrt{\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^2}\right) - 15(acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + (c^2d^3e - acde^3)x) \sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) - (2c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 3c^2d^4 + 20acd^2e^2 - 15a^2e^4 + 2(7c^2d^3e - 5acd^3e^3)x) \sqrt{ex+d}}{3(c^4d^4x + ac^3d^3e)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(15*(a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 3*c^2*d^4 + 20*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4 + 2*(7*c^2*d^3*e - 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e), -1/3*(15*(a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 3*c^2*d^4 + 20*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4 + 2*(7*c^2*d^3*e - 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{5(c^2d^4e - 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}c^3d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^4e - 2\sqrt{ex+d}acd^2e^3 + \sqrt{ex+d}a^2e^5}{((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)c^3d^3} + \frac{2\left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4d^4e + 6\sqrt{ex+d}c^4d^5e - 6\sqrt{ex+d}ac^3d^3e^3\right)}{3c^6d^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c^3*d^3) - (sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^4*e - 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*e^5)/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^3*d^3) + 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^4*d^4*e + 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^4*d^5*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^3*d^3*e^3)/(c^6*d^6)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^2} dx = \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a^2e^5-2acd^2e^3+c^2d^4e)}{c^4d^4(d+ex)-c^4d^5+ac^3d^3e^2} + \frac{2e(2c^2d^3-2acd^2e)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4d^4} + \frac{5e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e(ae^2-cd^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^2e^5-2acd^2e^3+c^2d^4e}\right)(ae^2-cd^2)^{3/2}}{c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(9/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(2*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^2*d^2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^5 + c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(c^4*d^4*(d + e*x) - c^4*d^5 + a*c^3*d^3*e^2) + (2*e*(2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^4*d^4) + (5*e*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a^2*e^5 + c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(3/2))/(c^(7/2)*d^(7/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^2} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) a^2e^4 - 15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d
)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*e**4 - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e*
*2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**
2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d
+ e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c*d*e**3*x - 15*sq
rt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4
+ 20*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x
- 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5 + 14*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e*x + 2*sqrt(d +
e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2)/(3*c**4*d**4*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

3.185
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1366
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1366
Rubi [A] (verified)	1367
Maple [A] (verified)	1369
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1370
Sympy [F(-1)]	1370
Maxima [F(-2)]	1371
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1371
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1372
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1372

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{3e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2d^2} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} - \frac{3e\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2-(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)-3*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(3ae^2-cd(d-2ex))}{c^2d^2(ae+cdx)} - \frac{3e\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(3*a*e^2 - c*d*(d - 2*e*x)))/(c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)) - (3*e*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(c^{5/2}*d^{5/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(ae + cdx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx}{2cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae + cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{3e \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae + cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{3e \left(\frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{de} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae + cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3e \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (3*e*((2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]))/(2*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))*Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} \left(-\frac{d(-2ex+d)c}{3} + ae^2 \right) - 3e(ae^2 - cd^2)(cdx+ae) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} c^2 d^2 (cdx+ae)}$	129
derivativedivides	$2e \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{2} + \frac{cd^2}{2} \right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2} + \frac{3(ae^2 - cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)$	130
default	$2e \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{2} + \frac{cd^2}{2} \right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2} + \frac{3(ae^2 - cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)$	130
risch	Expression too large to display	3814

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
(3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*(-1/3*d*(-2*e*x+d)*c+a*e^2)-3*e
*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1
/2)))/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \left[\frac{3(cdex+ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2-2\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cdx+ae}\right) + 2}{2(c^3d^3x+ac^2d^2e)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(cdex+ae^2)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) - (2cdex-cd^2+3ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^3d^3x+ac^2d^2e} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(3*(c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*(2*c*d*e*x - c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e), -(3*(c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (2*c*d*e*x - c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + de}}{c^2d^2} + \frac{3(cd^2e - ae^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}c^2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d^2e - \sqrt{ex+da}e^3}{((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/(c^2*d^2) + 3*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c^2*d^2) - (sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e^3)/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ae^3-cd^2e)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3 d^3 (d+ex) - c^3 d^4 + a c^2 d^2 e^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{3e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae^3-cd^2e}\right)\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `((a*e^3 - c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^3*d^3*(d + e*x) - c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2) + (2*e*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^2*d^2) - (3*e*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*e^3 - c*d^2*e))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2))/(c^(5/2)*d^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)ae^2 - 3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*e**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e*x)/(c**3*d**3*(a*e + c*d*x))`

3.186
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1373
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1373
Rubi [A] (verified)	1374
Maple [A] (verified)	1375
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1376
Sympy [F]	1377
Maxima [F(-2)]	1377
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1378
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1378
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1379

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd(ae+cdx)} - \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}$$

output
$$-(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)-e*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}/d^{(3/2)}/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{acde+c^2d^2x} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}$$

input
$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(d+e*x)^{(5/2)}/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]$$

output
$$-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[d+e*x]/(a*c*d*e+c^2*d^2*x))+ (e*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d+e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2)+a*e^2])]/(c^{(3/2)}*d^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2)+a*e^2]))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ae+cdx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{2cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d \sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd(ae+cdx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
-(Sqrt[d + e*x]/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) - (e*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 (a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
 Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
 Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
 egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdx+ae} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}}{cd}$	75
derivativedivides	$2e \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2cd(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2cd\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$	95
default	$2e \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2cd(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2cd\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$	95

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c/d*(-(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)+e/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2}(cdex+ae^2) \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2-2\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdx+ae}\right)}{2(ac^3d^4e-a^2c^2d^2e^3+(c^4d^5-ac^3d^3e^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*(c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^4*e - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + (c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x), (sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*(c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)) - (c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^4*e - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + (c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(ae + cdx)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(a*e + c*d*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}cd} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+de}}{((ex+d)cd-cd^2+ae^2)cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c*d) - sqrt(e*x + d)*e/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \frac{e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}}{xc^2d^2e+acde^2}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(e*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2)))/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2)) - (e*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*c*d*e^2 + c^2*d^2*e*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) ae^2 + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}{c^2d^2(acde^2x - c^2d^3x)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*e**2 + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x - sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3)/(c**2*d**2*(a**2*e**3 - a*c*d**2*e + a*c*d*e**2*x - c**2*d**3*x))`

$$3.187 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1380
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1380
Rubi [A] (verified)	1381
Maple [A] (verified)	1383
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1383
Sympy [F]	1384
Maxima [F(-2)]	1384
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1385
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1385
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1386

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)+e*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(-cd^2+ae^2)(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(-cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
Sqrt[d + e*x]/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x) + (e*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt
[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(-(c*d^2) + a
*e^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1121, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae + cdex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdex)\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\text{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$-\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)(ae + cdx)} + \frac{e \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - a^2e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - a^2e^2}}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdx+ae} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}}{ae^2-cd^2}$	82
derivativedivides	$2e \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2(ae^2-cd^2)(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$	111
default	$2e \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2(ae^2-cd^2)(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$	111

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)+e/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx = \left[-\frac{\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2}(cdex+ae^2) \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2-2\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdx+ae}\right)}{2(ac^3d^5e-2a^2c^2d^3e^3+a^3cde^5+(c^4d^6-2ac^3d^4e^2+a^2c^2d^2e^4)x)} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}(cdex+ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdex+cd^2}\right) + (c^2d^3-acde^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{ac^3d^5e-2a^2c^2d^3e^3+a^3cde^5+(c^4d^6-2ac^3d^4e^2+a^2c^2d^2e^4)x} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[-1/2*(sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*(c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2
- a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*(c
^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^3*
c*d*e^5 + (c^4*d^6 - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x), -(sqrt(-c^2*d^
3 + a*c*d*e^2)*(c*d*e*x + a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*
x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)) + (c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^
5*e - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^3*c*d*e^5 + (c^4*d^6 - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c
^2*d^2*e^4)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex} (ae + cdx)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{((ex+d)cd-cd^2+ae^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-e*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - sqrt(e*x + d)*e/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx = \frac{e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd}(ae^2-cd^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ae^2-cd^2)(ae^2-cd^2+cd(d+ex))}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(e*atan((c*d*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/((c*d)^(1/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2))))/((c*d)^(1/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(3/2)) + (e*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2 + c*d*(d + e*x)))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) ae^2 + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{cd(a^2cde^4x-2ac^2d^3e^2x+c^3d^5x)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*e**2 + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3)/(c*d*(a**3*e**5 - 2*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + a**2*c*d*e**4*x + a*c**2*d**4*e - 2*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + c**3*d**5*x))`

3.188
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1387
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1388
Rubi [A] (verified)	1388
Maple [A] (verified)	1390
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Sympy [F]	1392
Maxima [F(-2)]	1393
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1393
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1394
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1394

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{3e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{1}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-3*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+3*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2ae^2 + cd(d+3ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2 + ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
-((2*a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 3*e*x))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (3*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*e*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2 + a*e^2)]])/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1121, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\ & -\frac{3e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3e\left(\frac{cd\int\frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}dx}{cd^2-ae^2}+\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}\right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& -\frac{3e\left(\frac{2cd\int\frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e}+\frac{c(d+ex)d}{e}+ae}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(cd^2-ae^2)}+\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}\right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& -\frac{3e\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}-\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)}-\frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])) - (3*e*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$e \left(\frac{-\frac{2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{e(cd x+ae)} - \frac{3cd \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} \right)$	100
derivativedivides	$2e \left(-\frac{cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2cd(ex+d)+2ae^2-2cd^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{1}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2 \sqrt{ex+d}} \right)$	125
default	$2e \left(-\frac{cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2cd(ex+d)+2ae^2-2cd^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{1}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2 \sqrt{ex+d}} \right)$	125

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(-2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e/(c*d*x+a*e)-3*c*d/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(cde^2x^2 + ade^2 + (cd^2e + ae^3)x) \sqrt{\frac{cd}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \log\left(\frac{cdex + 2cd^2 - ae^2 + 2(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{\frac{cd}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}{cdx + ae}\right) - 2(3cdex + c^2d^2 + 2ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{2(ac^2d^5e - 2a^2cd^3e^3 + a^3de^5 + (c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x^2 + (c^3d^6 - ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6))} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{3(cde^2x^2 + ade^2 + (cd^2e + ae^3)x) \sqrt{-\frac{cd}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right) + (3cdex + c^2d^2 + 2ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{ac^2d^5e - 2a^2cd^3e^3 + a^3de^5 + (c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x^2 + (c^3d^6 - ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(3*(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e) - 2*(3*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a*c^2*d^5*e - 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + a^3*d*e^5 + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + (c^3*d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x), -(3*(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))) + (3*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^2*d^5*e - 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + a^3*d*e^5 + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + (c^3*d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ae+cdx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{3cde \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{-c^2d^3 + acde^2}} \\ & \quad - \frac{3(ex+d)cde - 2cd^2e + 2ae^3}{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd - \sqrt{ex+d}cd^2 + \sqrt{ex+d}ae^2\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3*c*d*e*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/((c^2*d^4 -
2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)) - (3*(e*x + d)*c*d*e
- 2*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)/((c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*((e*x + d)^(3/
2)*c*d - sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d^2 + sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e^2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{2e}{ae^2 - cd^2} + \frac{3cde(d+ex)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}}{(ae^2 - cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex} + cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^{5/2}}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
- ((2*e)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2) + (3*c*d*e*(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2)/((a*e^2
- c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) + c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (3*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e*ata
n((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(a
*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/2)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) ae^2 - 3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}(a^3cd^6x - 3a^2c^2d^3e^4x + 3ac^3d^5e^2x - c^4d^7x + a^4e^7 - 3a^3cd^4e^2)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e
*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*e**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x - 2*a**2*e**4 + a*c*d**2*e**2 - 3*a
*c*d*e**3*x + c**2*d**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**4*e**7 - 3*a
**3*c*d**2*e**5 + a**3*c*d*e**6*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 3*a**2*c**2*d*
*3*e**4*x - a*c**3*d**6*e + 3*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x - c**4*d**7*x))
```

3.189 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1396
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1397
Rubi [A] (verified)	1397
Maple [A] (verified)	1400
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1401
Sympy [F]	1401
Maxima [F(-2)]	1402
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1402
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1403

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{5e}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{5cde}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{5c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

$-5/3*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-5*c*d*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^2e^4 - 2acde^2(7d + 5ex) - c^2d^2(3d^2 + 20dex + 15e^2x^2)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{5c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2 + ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x]
```

output

```
(2*a^2*e^4 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*(7*d + 5*e*x) - c^2*d^2*(3*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (5*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]]/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(7/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1121, 52, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{52}$$

$$-\frac{5e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2) (ae + cdx)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))) - (5*e*(2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 1121 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^{(m + p)}(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[c, 0]))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e \left(-\frac{1}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2cd}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{c^2 d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2cd(ex+d) + 2ae^2 - 2cd^2} + \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} \right)$
default	$2e \left(-\frac{1}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2cd}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{c^2 d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2cd(ex+d) + 2ae^2 - 2cd^2} + \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$e \left(-\frac{2}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4cd}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{\sqrt{ex+d} c^2 d^2}{e(cd x + ae)(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} + \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right) c^2}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} (ae^2 - cd^2)^5} \right)$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output 2*e*(-1/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c*d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
)+1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c^2*d^2*(1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)+5
/2/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(
1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 406 vs. $2(136) = 272$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 854, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + a*c*d^3*e^2 + (2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e) + 2*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4 + 10*(2*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d*e^8)*x), -1/3*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + a*c*d^3*e^2 + (2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))) + (15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4 + 10*(2*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d*e^8)*x]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ae+cdx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)**(5/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{5c^2d^2e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{-c^2d^3 + acde^2}} \\ & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d^2e}{(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)} \\ & \quad - \frac{2(6(ex+d)cde + cd^2e - ae^3)}{3(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-5*c^2*d^2*e*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/((c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)) - sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^2*e/((c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)) - 2/3*(6*(e*x + d)*c*d*e + c*d^2*e - a*e^3)/((c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{10cde(d+ex)}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{2e}{3(ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{5c^2d^2e(d+ex)^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^3}}{(ae^2-cd^2)(d+ex)^{3/2} + cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{5c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{7/2}}\right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x)
```

output

```
((10*c*d*e*(d + e*x))/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2) - (2*e)/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) + (5*c^2*d^2*e*(d + e*x)^2)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3)/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2) + c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (5*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) acd^2e^2 + 15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ex+d} (a^4cd e^9x^2 - 4a^3cd^2e^7x + 3a^2cd^3e^5x^2 - 2acd^4e^3x + d^5e)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c*d*e**3*x + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a**3*e**6 + 16*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 10*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 11*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 15*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 3*c**3*d**6 - 20*c**3*d**5*e*x - 15*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**5*d*e**9 + a**5*e**10*x - 4*a**4*c*d**3*e**7 - 3*a**4*c*d**2*e**8*x + a**4*c*d*e**9*x**2 + 6*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**5 + 2*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6*x - 4*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7*x**2 - 4*a**2*c**3*d**7*e**3 + 2*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4*x + 6*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x**2 + a*c**4*d**9*e - 3*a*c**4*d**8*e**2*x - 4*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x**2 + c**5*d**10*x + c**5*d**9*e*x**2))`

3.190 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1406
Rubi [A] (verified)	1406
Maple [A] (verified)	1409
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1411
Sympy [F]	1412
Maxima [F(-2)]	1412
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1412
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1413
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1414

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx = -\frac{7e}{5(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{7cde}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{7c^2d^2e}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{7c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-7/5*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-1/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-7/3*c*d*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-7*c^2*d^2*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+7*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-6a^3e^6 + 2a^2cde^4(16d + 7ex) - 2ac^2d^2e^2(58d^2 + 84dex) + 7c^5/2d^{5/2}e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(-cd^2 + ae^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-6*a^3*e^6 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^4*(16*d + 7*e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(58*d^2 + 84*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) - c^3*d^3*(15*d^3 + 161*d^2*e*x + 245*d*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (7*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(9/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1121, 52, 61, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae+cdx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 52$$

$$-\frac{7e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} (cd^2 - ae^2) (ae+cdx)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{7e \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{7e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{7e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{7e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$7e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{1} \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x]`

output `- (1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))) - (7*e*(2/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (c*d*(2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
 Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
 egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e \left(\frac{c^3 d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2cd(ex+d)+2ae^2-2cd^2} + \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{1}{5(ae^2-cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3c^2 d^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4 \sqrt{ex+d}} \right)$
default	$2e \left(\frac{c^3 d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2cd(ex+d)+2ae^2-2cd^2} + \frac{7 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4} - \frac{1}{5(ae^2-cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3c^2 d^2}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4 \sqrt{ex+d}} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \frac{35c^3 d^3 e^{(ex+d)\frac{5}{2}} (cdx+ae) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{2} + \left(\frac{5(7e^3 x^3 + \frac{49}{3} d e^2 x^2 + \frac{161}{15} d^2 ex + d^3) d^3 c^3}{2} + \frac{58e^2 a d^2 (\frac{35}{58} e^2 x^2 + \dots)}{3} \right)$ $- \frac{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)} (ae^2-cd^2)^4 (cdx+ae)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)} (ae^2-cd^2)^4 (cdx+ae)}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

output

```
2*e*(-1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*c^3*d^3*(1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^
2)+7/2/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^
2))^(1/2))-1/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*c^2*d^2/(e
*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c*d/(e*x+d)^(3/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 631 vs. $2(166) = 332$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1304, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/30*(105*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + (3*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^5*e^2 + a*c^2*d^3*e^4)*x^2 + (c^3*d^6*e + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(105*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*c^3*d^6 + 116*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 32*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 6*a^3*e^6 + 35*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(23*c^3*d^5*e + 24*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^4*d^11*e - 4*a^2*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^7*e^5 - 4*a^4*c*d^5*e^7 + a^5*d^3*e^9 + (c^5*d^9*e^3 - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^9 + a^4*c*d*e^11)*x^4 + (3*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 11*a*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 14*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^8 - a^4*c*d^2*e^10 + a^5*e^12)*x^3 + 3*(c^5*d^11*e - 3*a*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^4*c*d^3*e^9 + a^5*d*e^11)*x^2 + (c^5*d^12 - a*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^4 + 14*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 11*a^4*c*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^5*d^2*e^10)*x), -1/15*(105*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + (3*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^5*e^2 + a*c^2*d^3*e^4)*x^2 + (c^3*d^6*e + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))) + (105*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*c^3*d^6 + 116*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 32*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 6*a^3*e^6 + 35*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(23*c^3*d^5*e + 24*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^4*d^11*e - 4*a^2*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 6*a^3...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2} (ae + cdex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)**(7/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 340 vs. $2(166) = 332$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{7c^3d^3e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d^3e}{(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(45(ex+d)^2c^2d^2e + 10(ex+d)c^2d^3e + 3c^2d^4e - 10(ex+d)acde^3 - 6acd^2e^3 + 3a^2e^5)}{15(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)(ex+d)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-7*c^3*d^3*e*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)) - sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^3*e/((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)) - 2/15*(45*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2*e + 10*(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3*e + 3*c^2*d^4*e - 10*(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^3 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^2*e^5)/((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{2e}{5(ae^2-cd^2)} - \frac{14cde(d+ex)}{15(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{14c^2d^2e(d+ex)^2}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{7c^3d^3e(d+ex)^3}{(ae^2-cd^2)^4}}{(ae^2 - cd^2) (d+ex)^{5/2} + cd(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\frac{7c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{9/2}}\right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2),x)`

output

```
- ((2*e)/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) - (14*c*d*e*(d + e*x))/(15*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2)
+ (14*c^2*d^2*e*(d + e*x)^2)/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3) + (7*c^3*d^3*e*(d + e
x)^3)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4)/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2) + c*d*(d + e*x)^(
7/2)) - (7*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^4*e
^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/(a*
e^2 - c*d^2)^(9/2)))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(9/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 933, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d +
e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 210
*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c
*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 105*sqrt
(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(
sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 105*sqrt(d
)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sq
rt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**5*e*x - 210*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 6*a**4*e**8 + 38*a**3*c*d**2
*e**6 + 14*a**3*c*d*e**7*x - 148*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 182*a**2*c**2*d**3*
e**5*x - 70*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 101*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 7*a*c**3*d**
5*e**3*x - 175*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 105*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 15*c**4
*d**8 + 161*c**4*d**7*e*x + 245*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 105*c**4*d**5*e**3*x
**3)/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**6*d**2*e**11 + 2*a**6*d*e**12*x + a**6*e**13*x*
*2 - 5*a**5*c*d**4*e**9 - 9*a**5*c*d**3*e**10*x - 3*a**5*c*d**2*e**11*x**2
+ a**5*c*d*e**12*x**3 + 10*a**4*c**2*d**6*e**7 + 15*a**4*c**2*d**5*e**8*x
- 5*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**10*x**3 - 10*a**3*c**3*d**8*e**5 - 10*a**3*c**3*...
```

3.191 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1415
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1416
Rubi [A] (verified)	1416
Maple [A] (verified)	1421
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1423
Sympy [F(-1)]	1423
Maxima [F(-2)]	1424
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1424
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1425
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1426

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{63e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{4c^5d^5} + \frac{21e^2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4c^4d^4} + \frac{63e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{20c^3d^3} - \frac{9e(d+ex)^{7/2}}{4c^2d^2(ae+cdx)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{63e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{11/2}d^{11/2}}$$

output

```
63/4*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^5/d^5+21/4*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^4/d^4+63/20*e^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3-9/4*e*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-63/4*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(11/2)/d^(11/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-315a^4e^8+105a^3cde^6(7d-5ex)-21a^2c^2d^2e^4(23d^2-59dex+8e^2x^2)+3ac^3d^3e^2(15d^3-277d^2e^2x+136d^2e^2x^2+8e^3x^3)+c^4d^4(10d^4+85d^3ex-288d^2e^2x^2-56d^2e^3x^3-8e^4x^4))}{20c^5d^5(ae+cdx)^2}$$

$$-\frac{63e^2(-cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{11/2}d^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(15/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/20*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-315*a^4*e^8 + 105*a^3*c*d*e^6*(7*d - 5*e*x) - 21*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(23*d^2 - 59*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(15*d^3 - 277*d^2*e*x + 136*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(10*d^4 + 85*d^3*e*x - 288*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 56*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 8*e^4*x^4)))/(c^5*d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (63*e^2*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(4*c^(11/2)*d^(11/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 51, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ae+cdx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{9e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ae+cdx)^2} dx}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{9e \left(\frac{7e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{9e \left(\frac{7e \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{9e \left(\frac{7e \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{7e \left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4cd}{(d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 73

$$\left(\frac{7e \left(\frac{d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}}{d} \left(\frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd}} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{4cd}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\left(\frac{7e \left(\frac{d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}}{d} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5cd}}{2cd} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(15/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

```
output -1/2*(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (9*e*(-((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (7*e*((2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])))/d)/d)/(2*c*d))/(4*c*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 51 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 16.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
risch	$\frac{2e^2(x^2c^2d^2e^2-5xacde^3+7xc^2d^3e+30a^2e^4-65acd^2e^2+36c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{5d^5c^5} - \frac{(2e^6a^3-6d^2e^4a^2c+6d^4e^2ac^2-2d^6c^3)e^2}{5d^5c^5}$
pseudoelliptic	$63 \left(e^2(ae^2-cd^2)^3(cdxe+ae)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right) - \sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)} \right) \left(-\frac{2(-\frac{4}{5}e^4x^4-\frac{28}{5}de^3x^3-\frac{144}{5}d^2x^2-\frac{144}{5}d^3x-\frac{144}{5}d^4)}{63} \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\frac{c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - acde^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c^2d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2e^4\sqrt{ex+d} - 12acd^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 6c^2d^4\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^5d^5} - \frac{(-\frac{17}{8}de^6c)}{4\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\frac{c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - acde^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c^2d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2e^4\sqrt{ex+d} - 12acd^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 6c^2d^4\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^5d^5} - \frac{(-\frac{17}{8}de^6c)}{4\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(15/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/5*e^2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-5*a*c*d*e^3*x+7*c^2*d^3*e*x+30*a^2*e^4-65*a*c*d^2*e^4+36*c^2*d^4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^5/c^5-1/d^5/c^5*(2*a^3*e^6-6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-2*c^3*d^6)*e^2*((-17/8*c*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2))+(-15/8*a*e^2+15/8*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)^2+63/8/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 422 vs. $2(186) = 372$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 858, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(15/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/40*(315*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^6*e^2 - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*(8*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 10*c^4*d^8 - 45*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 483*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 735*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 315*a^4*e^8 + 8*(7*c^4*d^5*e^3 - 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 24*(12*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 17*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 7*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 - (85*c^4*d^7*e - 831*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 1239*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 525*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^7*d^7*x^2 + 2*a*c^6*d^6*e*x + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2), -1/20*(315*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^6*e^2 - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (8*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 10*c^4*d^8 - 45*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 483*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 735*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 315*a^4*e^8 + 8*(7*c^4*d^5*e^3 - 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 24*(12*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 17*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 7*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 - (85*c^4*d^7*e - 831*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 1239*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 525*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^7*d^7*x^2 + 2*a*c^6*d^6*e*x + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(15/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(15/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 418 vs. 2(186) = 372.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{63(c^3 d^6 e^2 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^4 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^6 - a^3 e^8) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{\sqrt{-c^2 d^3 + acde^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-c^2 d^3 + acde^2} c^5 d^5} - \frac{17(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^4 d^7 e^2 - 15\sqrt{ex+dc} c^4 d^8 e^2 - 51(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} ac^3 d^5 e^4 + 60\sqrt{ex+dc} c^3 d^6 e^4 + 51(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 c^2 d^7 e^2}{4((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + a^2 c^2 d^2)} + \frac{2\left((ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} c^{12} d^{12} e^2 + 5(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^{12} d^{13} e^2 + 30\sqrt{ex+dc} c^{12} d^{14} e^2 - 5(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} ac^{11} d^{11} e^4 - 60\sqrt{ex+dc} c^{11} d^{12} e^4\right)}{5c^{15} d^{15}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(15/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 63/4*(c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - a^3*e^8)*\arctan(\sqrt{e*x + d}*c*d/\sqrt{-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2})/(\sqrt{-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2}*c^5*d^5) \\ & - 1/4*(17*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 15*\sqrt{e*x + d}*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 51*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 60*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 51 \\ & *(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 90*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 17*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*a^3*c*d*e^8 + 60*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 - 15*\sqrt{e*x + d} \\ & *a^4*e^{10})/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*c^5*d^5) + 2/5*((e*x + d)^{(5/2)}*c^{12}*d^{12}*e^2 + 5*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*c^{12}*d^{13}*e^2 + 30*\sqrt{e*x + d} \\ & *c^{12}*d^{14}*e^2 - 5*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*a*c^{11}*d^{11}*e^4 - 60*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a*c^{11}*d^{12}*e^4 + 30*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a^2*c^{10}*d^{10}*e^6)/(c^{15}*d^{15}) \end{aligned}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{15/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\frac{15a^4 e^{10}}{4} - 15a^3 c d^2 e^8 + \frac{45a^2 c^2 d^4 e^6}{2} - 15a c^3 d^6 e^4 + \frac{15c^4 d^8}{4} \right)}{c^7 d^9 - (2c^7 d^8 - 2a c^6 d^6 e^2)(d + ex)} \\ & + \left(\frac{2e^2(3c^3 d^4 - 3a c^2 d^2 e^2)^2}{c^9 d^9} - \frac{6e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}{c^5 d^5} \right) \sqrt{d + ex} + \frac{2e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5c^3 d^3} \\ & - \frac{63e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^3 e^8 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^6 + 3a c^2 d^4 e^4 - c^3 d^6 e^2}\right) (ae^2 - cd^2)^{5/2}}{4c^{11/2} d^{11/2}} \\ & + \frac{2e^2(3c^3 d^4 - 3a c^2 d^2 e^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3c^6 d^6} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d + e*x)^{(15/2)}/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*((15*a^4*e^{10})/4 + (15*c^4*d^8*e^2)/4 - 15*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 \\ & - 15*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + (45*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6)/2) - (d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*((17*c^4*d^7*e^2)/4 - (51*a*c^3*d^5*e^4)/4 + (51*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6)/4 - (17*a^3*c*d*e^8)/4) \\ &)/(c^7*d^9 - (2*c^7*d^8 - 2*a*c^6*d^6*e^2)*(d + e*x) + c^7*d^7*(d + e*x)^2 - 2*a*c^6*d^7*e^2 + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^4) + ((2*e^2*(3*c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)^2)/(c^9*d^9) - (6*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2)/(c^5*d^5))* \\ & (d + e*x)^{(1/2)} + (2*e^2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*c^3*d^3) - (63*e^2*\operatorname{atan}((c^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^{(5/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/(a^3*e^8 - c^3*d^6*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6)) \\ & *(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^{(5/2)})/(4*c^{(11/2)}*d^{(11/2)}) + (2*e^2*(3*c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c^6*d^6) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 895, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.03

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{15/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(15/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(- 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**4*e**8 + 630*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 630*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**3*c*d*e**7*x - 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 1260*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x - 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 630*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x + 630*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 315*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**4*c*d*e**8 - 735*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**6 + 525*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**7*x + 483*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**4 - 1239*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**5*x + 168*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**2 - 45*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**2 + 831*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e...`

3.192
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1427
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1428
Rubi [A] (verified)	1428
Maple [A] (verified)	1432
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1433
Sympy [F(-1)]	1434
Maxima [F(-2)]	1434
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1434
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1435
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1436

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{35e^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4c^4d^4} + \frac{35e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{12c^3d^3} - \frac{7e(d+ex)^{5/2}}{4c^2d^2(ae+cdx)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{35e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{9/2}d^{9/2}}$$

output

```
35/4*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4+35/12*e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3-7/4*e*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-35/4*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(105a^3e^6-35a^2cde^4(4d-5ex)+7ac^2d^2e^2(3d^2-34dex+8e^2x^2))+c^3d^3(6d^3+39d^2ex-80de^2)}{12c^4d^4(ae+cdx)^2}$$

$$+\frac{35(cd^2e-ae^3)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{9/2}d^{9/2}\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(13/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(105*a^3*e^6 - 35*a^2*c*d*e^4*(4*d - 5*e*x) + 7*a*c^2
*d^2*e^2*(3*d^2 - 34*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(6*d^3 + 39*d^2*e*x - 80
*d*e^2*x^2 - 8*e^3*x^3)))/(c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (35*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3
)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(4*c^(
9/2)*d^(9/2)*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 51, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ae+cdx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{7e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ae+cdx)^2} dx}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{7e \left(\frac{5e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{ae+cdx} dx}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{7e \left(\frac{5e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{7e \left(\frac{5e \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{2cd} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{4cd}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{5e \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd}}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4cd}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{4cd}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \left(\frac{5e \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd}}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4cd}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{4cd}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(13/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (7*e*(-((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (5*e*((2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]))) / d)/(2*c*d))/(4*c*d)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2e^2(-cdxe+9ae^2-10cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3d^4c^4} + \frac{(2a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2+2c^2d^4)e^2 \left(\frac{-\frac{13cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} + \left(-\frac{11ae^2}{8} + \frac{11cd^2}{8}\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \dots \right)}{d^4c^4}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{35e^2(ae^2-cd^2)^2(cd+ae)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{4} - \frac{35\sqrt{ex+d} \left(\frac{2d^3\left(-\frac{4}{3}e^3x^3 - \frac{40}{3}de^2x^2 + \frac{13}{2}d^2ex+d^3\right)c^3}{35} + \frac{e^2ad^2\left(\frac{8}{3}e^2x^3 + \dots\right)}{4} \right)}{d^4c^4(cd+ae)^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}$
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{-\frac{cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 3ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 3cd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^4d^4} + \frac{\left(-\frac{13}{8}de^4a^2c + \frac{13}{4}d^3e^2ac^2 - \frac{13}{8}d^5c^3\right)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(-\frac{11}{8}e^6a^3 + \frac{33}{8}d^2e^2a^2c\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{-\frac{cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 3ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 3cd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^4d^4} + \frac{\left(-\frac{13}{8}de^4a^2c + \frac{13}{4}d^3e^2ac^2 - \frac{13}{8}d^5c^3\right)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(-\frac{11}{8}e^6a^3 + \frac{33}{8}d^2e^2a^2c\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*e^2*(-c*d*e*x+9*a*e^2-10*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^4/c^4+1/d^4/c^4*(2*a^2*e^4-4*a*c*d^2*e^2+2*c^2*d^4)*e^2*((-13/8*c*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+(-11/8*a*e^2+11/8*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)^2+35/8/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 312 vs. $2(154) = 308$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 638, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \left[\frac{105(a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6 + (c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 2(ac^2d^3e^3 - a^2cde^5)x)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} \sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/24*(105*(a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 6*c^3*d^6 - 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 140*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6 + 8*(10*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - (39*c^3*d^5*e - 238*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 175*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^6*d^6*x^2 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e*x + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2), -1/12*(105*(a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - (8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 6*c^3*d^6 - 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 140*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6 + 8*(10*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - (39*c^3*d^5*e - 238*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 175*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^6*d^6*x^2 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e*x + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{35(c^2d^4e^2 - 2acd^2e^4 + a^2e^6) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}c^4d^4} - \frac{13(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^5e^2 - 11\sqrt{ex+dc}c^3d^6e^2 - 26(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ac^2d^3e^4 + 33\sqrt{ex+dc}ac^2d^4e^4 + 13(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2cd^5e^4}{4((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)^2c^4d^4} + \frac{2\left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^6d^6e^2 + 9\sqrt{ex+dc}c^6d^7e^2 - 9\sqrt{ex+dc}c^5d^5e^4\right)}{3c^9d^9}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{35}{4}(c^2d^4e^2 - 2ac^2d^2e^4 + a^2e^6)\arctan(\sqrt{ex+d})\frac{cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3 + ac^2de^2}} + \frac{1}{4}\frac{(13(e^2x+d)^{3/2}c^3d^5e^2 - 11\sqrt{ex+d}c^3d^6e^2 - 26(e^2x+d)^{3/2}ac^2d^3e^4 + 33\sqrt{ex+d}ac^2d^4e^4 + 13(e^2x+d)^{3/2}a^2c^2de^6 - 33\sqrt{ex+d}a^2c^2d^2e^6 + 11\sqrt{ex+d}a^3e^8)}{(e^2x+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2} + \frac{2}{3}\frac{((e^2x+d)^{3/2}c^6d^6e^2 + 9\sqrt{ex+d}c^6d^7e^2 - 9\sqrt{ex+d}ac^5d^5e^4)}{(c^9d^9)}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{2e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3d^3} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{13a^2cde^6}{4} - \frac{13ac^2d^3e^4}{2} + \frac{13c^3d^5e^2}{4} \right) + \sqrt{d+ex} \left(\frac{11a^3e^8}{4} - \frac{33a^2cd^2e^6}{4} + \frac{33ac^2d^4e^4}{4} - \frac{11c^3d^6e^2}{4} \right)}{c^6d^8 - (2c^6d^7 - 2ac^5d^5e^2)(d+ex) + c^6d^6(d+ex)^2 - 2ac^5d^6e^2 + a^2c^4d^4e^4} + \frac{2e^2(3c^3d^4 - 3ac^2d^2e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^6d^6} + \frac{35e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^2e^6 - 2acd^2e^4 + c^2d^4e^2}\right)(ae^2 - cd^2)^{3/2}}{4c^{9/2}d^{9/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(13/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\frac{(2e^2(d+ex)^{3/2})/(3c^3d^3) - ((d+ex)^{3/2}((13c^3d^5e^2)/4 - (13ac^2d^3e^4)/2 + (13a^2c^2de^6)/4) + (d+ex)^{1/2}((11a^3e^8)/4 - (11c^3d^6e^2)/4 + (33ac^2d^4e^4)/4 - (33a^2c^2d^2e^6)/4)}{(c^6d^8 - (2c^6d^7 - 2ac^5d^5e^2)(d+ex) + c^6d^6(d+ex)^2 - 2ac^5d^6e^2 + a^2c^4d^4e^4) + (2e^2(3c^3d^4 - 3ac^2d^2e^2)(d+ex)^{1/2})/(c^6d^6) + (35e^2\operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2}d^{1/2})e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{1/2}))/(a^2e^6 + c^2d^4e^2 - 2ac^2d^2e^4)}(ae^2 - cd^2)^{3/2}}{(4c^{9/2}d^{9/2})}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx = \frac{105\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) a^3e^6 - 105\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(13/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**3*e**6 - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 210*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x - 210*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**6 + 140*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4 - 175*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x - 21*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**2 + 238*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**7 - 39*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**6*e*x + 80*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**4*e**3*x**3)/(12*c**5*d**5*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))`

3.193
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1437
Rubi [A] (verified)	1438
Maple [A] (verified)	1440
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1442
Sympy [F(-1)]	1442
Maxima [F(-2)]	1443
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1443
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1444
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1444

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{15e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{4c^3d^3} - \frac{5e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4c^2d^2(ae+cdx)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{15e^2\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

output

```
15/4*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3-5/4*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2
*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-15/4*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(
1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-15a^2e^4+5acde^2(d-5ex)+c^2d^2(2d^2+9dex-8e^2x^2))}{4c^3d^3(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{15e^2\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(11/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-15*a^2*e^4 + 5*a*c*d*e^2*(d - 5*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(2*d^2 + 9*d*e*x - 8*e^2*x^2)))/(c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (15*e^2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(4*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{11/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ae + cdx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{5e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ae+cdx)^2} dx}{4cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{2cd(ae + cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae+cdx} dx}{2cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{2cd(ae + cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{5e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{(d^2 - ae^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} \right)}{2cd} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{2cd(ae + cdx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & 5e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd}}{2cd} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & 5e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}}{2cd} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd(ae+cdx)}}{4cd} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(11/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (5*e*(-((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (3*e*((2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d) - (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])))/(2*c*d))/(4*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
 Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
 egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 18.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{15e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)(cdx + ae)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right) + 15\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}\left(-\frac{2(-4e^2x^2 + \frac{9}{2}dex + d^2)d^2c^2}{15} - \frac{ade^2(-5e^2x + d^2)}{3}\right)}{d^3c^3(cdx + ae)^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}$
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^3d^3} - \frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}ade^2c + \frac{9}{8}c^2d^3\right)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(-\frac{7}{8}a^2e^4 + \frac{7}{4}ac d^2e^2 - \frac{7}{8}c^2d^4\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{15(ae^2 - cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^3d^3} - \frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}ade^2c + \frac{9}{8}c^2d^3\right)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(-\frac{7}{8}a^2e^4 + \frac{7}{4}ac d^2e^2 - \frac{7}{8}c^2d^4\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{15(ae^2 - cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2e^2}{d^3} \frac{O1\sqrt{ex+d}}{d^3} - \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)e^2}{d^3} \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(c^2d^3Z^6 + (3acd^2e^2 - 3c^2d^4)Z^4 + (3a^2de^4 - 6acd^3e^2 + 3c^2d^5)Z^2 + a^3d^6)} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `15/4*(-e^2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*(-2/15*(-4*e^2*x^2+9/2*d*e*x+d^2)*d^2*c^2-1/3*a*d*e^2*(-5*e*x+d)*c+a^2*e^4)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)/d^3/c^3/(c*d*x+a*e)^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{15(c^2d^2e^2x^2+2acde^3x+a^2e^4)\sqrt{\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2-2\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{cdx+ae^2}\right) + 15(c^2d^2e^2x^2+2acde^3x+a^2e^4)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{cd}}}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) - (8c^2d^2e^2x^2-2c^2d^4-5acd^3e^2)}{4(c^5d^5x^2+2ac^4d^4ex+a^2c^3d^3e^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^4 - 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4 - (9*c^2*d^3*e - 25*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^5*d^5*x^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*x + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2), -1/4*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d))*arctan(-sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c*d)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - (8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^4 - 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4 - (9*c^2*d^3*e - 25*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^5*d^5*x^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*x + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{11/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{11/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + de^2}}{c^3d^3} + \frac{15(cd^2e^2 - ae^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}c^3d^3} - \frac{9(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^3e^2 - 7\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^4e^2 - 9(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}acde^4 + 14\sqrt{ex+d}acd^2e^4 - 7\sqrt{ex+d}a^2e^6}{4((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)^2c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2/(c^3*d^3) + 15/4*(c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c^3*d^3) - 1/4*(9*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 7*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 9*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c*d*e^4 + 14*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d^2*e^4 - 7*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*e^6)/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*c^3*d^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3d^3} - \frac{\left(\frac{9c^2d^3e^2}{4} - \frac{9acde^4}{4}\right)(d+ex)^{3/2} - \sqrt{d+ex}\left(\frac{7a^2e^6}{4} - \frac{7acd^2e^4}{2} + \frac{7c^2d^4e^2}{4}\right)}{c^5d^7 - (2c^5d^6 - 2ac^4d^4e^2)(d+ex) + c^5d^5(d+ex)^2 - 2ac^4d^5e^2 + a^2c^3d^3e^4} - \frac{15e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^2\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae^4-cd^2e^2}\right)\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{4c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(11/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`output `(2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^3*d^3) - (((9*c^2*d^3*e^2)/4 - (9*a*c*d*e^4)/4)*(d + e*x)^(3/2) - (d + e*x)^(1/2)*((7*a^2*e^6)/4 + (7*c^2*d^4*e^2)/4 - (7*a*c*d^2*e^4)/2))/(c^5*d^7 - (2*c^5*d^6 - 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*(d + e*x) + c^5*d^5*(d + e*x)^2 - 2*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4) - (15*e^2*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*e^4 - c*d^2*e^2))*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2))/(4*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)a^2e^4 - 30\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(11/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*e**4 - 30*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c*d*e**3*x - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 25*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5 - 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2)/(4*c**4*d**4*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))
```

3.194
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1446
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1446
Rubi [A] (verified)	1447
Maple [A] (verified)	1449
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1449
Sympy [F(-1)]	1450
Maxima [F(-2)]	1450
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1451
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1452

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3e\sqrt{d+ex}}{4c^2d^2(ae+cdx)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{3e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}$$

output

```
-3/4*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-1/2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)
^2-3/4*e^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(
5/2)/d^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(3ae^2+cd(2d+5ex))}{4c^2d^2(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{3e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(3*a*e^2 + c*d*(2*d + 5*e*x)))/(c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (3*e^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(4*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(ae + cdex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ae+cdex)^2} dx}{4cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{2cd(ae + cdex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{3e \left(\frac{e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdex)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{2cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd(ae+cdex)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{2cd(ae + cdex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{3e \left(\frac{\int \frac{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae}{cd} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd(ae+cdex)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{2cd(ae + cdex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3e \left(-\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (3*e*(-(Sqrt[d + e*x]/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))) - (e*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]))/(4*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d} (5cdxe+3ae^2+2cd^2)}{e^2(cdxa+ae)^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)}{4c^2d^2}$	101
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{-\frac{5(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cd} - \frac{3(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{8c^2d^2}}{(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{8c^2d^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$	126
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{-\frac{5(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cd} - \frac{3(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{8c^2d^2}}{(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{8c^2d^2\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$	126

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
1/4*e^2/c^2/d^2*(-(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(5*c*d*e*x+3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)/e^2/(c*d*x+a*e
)^2+3/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2
))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(106) = 212.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(c^2d^2e^2x^2+2acde^3x+a^2e^4)\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2-2cd^2}{cd}\right)}{8(a^2c^4d^5e^2-a^3c^3d^3e^4+\dots)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(2*c^3*d^5 + a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 5*(c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4 + (c^6*d^7 - a*c^5*d^5*e^2)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^5*d^6*e - a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3)*x), 1/4*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)) - (2*c^3*d^5 + a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 5*(c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4 + (c^6*d^7 - a*c^5*d^5*e^2)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^5*d^6*e - a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3)*x)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx = \frac{3e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}c^2d^2} - \frac{5(ex+d)^{3/2}cde^2 - 3\sqrt{ex+d}cd^2e^2 + 3\sqrt{ex+d}ae^4}{4((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)^2c^2d^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/4*e^2*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*c^2*d^2) - 1/4*(5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d*e^2 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e^4)/(((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*c^2*d^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx = \frac{3e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{4c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}} - \frac{\frac{5e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4cd} + \frac{3e^2(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4c^2d^2}}{a^2e^4 + c^2d^4 - (2c^2d^3 - 2acde^2)(d+ex) + c^2d^2(d+ex)^2 - 2acd^2e^2}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(9/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3*e^2*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2)))/(4*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2)) - ((5*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(4*c*d) + (3*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(4*c^2*d^2))/(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - (2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+cd}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) a^2 e^4 + 6\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*e**4 + 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c*d*e**3*x + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 + sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5 + 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e*x)/(4*c**3*d**3*(a**3*e**4 - a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + 2*a**2*c*d*e**3*x - 2*a*c**2*d**3*e*x + a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - c**3*d**4*x**2))`

3.195
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1453
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1453
Rubi [A] (verified)	1454
Maple [A] (verified)	1456
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1457
Sympy [F(-1)]	1457
Maxima [F(-2)]	1458
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1458
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1459
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1459

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}}{4cd(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}d^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output
$$-1/2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/c/d/(c*d*x+a*e)^2-1/4*e*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/c/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)+1/4*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}/d^{(3/2)}/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2-cd(2d+ex))}{4cd(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}d^{3/2}(-cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e^2 - c*d*(2*d + e*x)))/(4*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (e^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(4*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1121, 51, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1121} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(ae + cdx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{4cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{2cd(ae + cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx) \sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{2cd(ae + cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d + ex)d + ae}{e}}{cd^2 - ae^2} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{4cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{2cd(ae + cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} (cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2cd(ae+cdx)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*sqrt[d + e*x]/(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (e*(-(sqrt[d + e*x]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (e*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2))))/(4*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8ae^2-8cd^2} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{8cd}}{(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{8(ae^2-cd^2)cd\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$	136
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8ae^2-8cd^2} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{8cd}}{(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{8(ae^2-cd^2)cd\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}} \right)$	136
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right) e^2 (cdx+ae)^2 - \sqrt{ex+d} ((-dex-2d^2)c+ae^2) \sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}{4\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)} cd(ae^2-cd^2)(cdx+ae)^2}$	138

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
2*e^2*((1/8/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/8*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d)/(c*d*(e*x+d)
)+a*e^2-c*d^2)^2+1/8/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/c/d/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*
d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 273 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \left[-\frac{(c^2d^2e^2x^2+2acde^3x+a^2e^4)\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2} \log\left(\frac{cde^2x+2cd^2-ae^2-\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2}}{cd^2}\right)}{8(a^2c^4d^6e^2-2a^3c^3d^4e^4+a^4c^2d^2e^6+(c^6d^8-2ac^5d^6e^2+a^2c^4d^4e^4)x^2+2(ac^5d^7e-2a^2c^4d^5e^3+a^3c^3d^3e^5)x)} \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(c^2d^2e^2x^2+2acde^3x+a^2e^4)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cde^2x+cd^2}\right)}{4(a^2c^4d^6e^2-2a^3c^3d^4e^4+a^4c^2d^2e^6+(c^6d^8-2ac^5d^6e^2+a^2c^4d^4e^4)x^2+2(ac^5d^7e-2a^2c^4d^5e^3+a^3c^3d^3e^5)x)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*((c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*e^3*x+a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c^2*d^3-a*c*d*e^2)*log((c*d*e*x+2*c*d^2-a*e^2-2*sqrt(c^2*d^3-a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x+d))/(c*d*x+a*e))+2*(2*c^3*d^5-3*a*c^2*d^3*e^2+a^2*c*d*e^4+(c^3*d^4*e-a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(a^2*c^4*d^6*e^2-2*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^4+a^4*c^2*d^2*e^6+(c^6*d^8-2*a*c^5*d^6*e^2+a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4)*x^2+2*(a*c^5*d^7*e-2*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^3+a^3*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x),-1/4*((c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*e^3*x+a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c*d*e*x+c*d^2))+2*(c^3*d^5-3*a*c^2*d^3*e^2+a^2*c*d*e^4+(c^3*d^4*e-a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(a^2*c^4*d^6*e^2-2*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^4+a^4*c^2*d^2*e^6+(c^6*d^8-2*a*c^5*d^6*e^2+a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4)*x^2+2*(a*c^5*d^7*e-2*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^3+a^3*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{4(c^2d^3-acde^2)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}} - \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}cde^2 + \sqrt{ex+d}cd^2e^2 - \sqrt{ex+d}ae^4}{4(c^2d^3-acde^2)((ex+d)cd-cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*e^2*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/((c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)) - 1/4*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d*e^2 + sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d^2*e^2 - sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e^4)/((c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4(ae^2-cd^2)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{4cd}}{a^2e^4+c^2d^4-(2c^2d^3-2acde^2)(d+ex)+c^2d^2(d+ex)^2-2c^2d^2e^2} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}d^{3/2}(ae^2-cd^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `((e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(4*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) - (e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(4*c*d))/(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - (2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (e^2*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2)))/(4*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{a^2e^4+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*e**4 + 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c*d*e**3*x + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5 - sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e*x)/(4*c**2*d**2*(a**4*e**6 - 2*a**3*c*d**2*e**4 + 2*a**3*c*d*e**5*x + a**2*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 4*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 2*a*c**3*d**5*e*x - 2*a*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + c**4*d**6*x**2))`

3.196
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1460
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1460
Rubi [A] (verified)	1461
Maple [A] (verified)	1463
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1463
Sympy [F(-1)]	1464
Maxima [F(-2)]	1464
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1465
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1465
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{d+ex}}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)} - \frac{3e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2+3/4*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)-3/4*e^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(5ae^2+cd(-2d+3ex))}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{3e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(-cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(5*a*e^2 + c*d*(-2*d + 3*e*x)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (3*e^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(5/2)))/4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1121, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1121 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae + cdex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{3e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{3e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx) \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{3e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae}}{cd^2 - ae^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3e \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*sqrt[d + e*x]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2) - (3*e*(-(sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (e*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right) e^2 (cdx+ae)^2 + \frac{5\sqrt{ex+d} \left(-2\left(-\frac{3ex}{2}+d\right)dc + ae^2\right) \sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}{4}}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2 (cdx+ae)^2 \sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}$
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{4(ae^2-cd^2)(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{\frac{3\sqrt{ex+d}}{8(ae^2-cd^2)(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{8(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}}{ae^2-cd^2} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{4(ae^2-cd^2)(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{\frac{3\sqrt{ex+d}}{8(ae^2-cd^2)(cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}\right)}{8(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{cd(ae^2-cd^2)}}}{ae^2-cd^2} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERB OSE)`

output `5/4/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*(3/5*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))*e^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^2+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-2/5*(-3/2*e*x+d)*d*c+a*e^2)*(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs. 2(122) = 244.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \left[\frac{3(c^2d^2e^2x^2+2acde^3x+a^2e^4)\sqrt{c^2d^3-acde^2} \log\left(\frac{cdex+2cd^2-ae^2-2}{cd}\right)}{8(a^2c^4d^7e^2-3a^3c^3d^5e^4+3a^4c^2d^3e^6-a^5cde^8+(c^6d^9-3ac^5a^2))} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(2*c^3*d^5 - 7*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^5*c*d*e^8 + (c^6*d^9 - 3*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^5*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^5 - a^4*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x), 1/4*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^3*x + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)) - (2*c^3*d^5 - 7*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^5*c*d*e^8 + (c^6*d^9 - 3*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^5*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^5 - a^4*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` for more de

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{4(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}} + \frac{3(ex+d)^{3/2}cde^2-5\sqrt{ex+dc}d^2e^2+5\sqrt{ex+dc}dae^4}{4(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)((ex+d)cd-cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{3}{4}e^2 \arctan(\sqrt{ex+d}cd/\sqrt{-c^2d^3+a^2e^4})/((c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+a^2e^4}) + 1/4*(3*(ex+d)^{(3/2)}cde^2-5*\sqrt{ex+d}d^2e^2+5*\sqrt{ex+d}dae^4)/((c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)*((ex+d)cd-cd^2+ae^2)^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{5e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{4(ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{3cde^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4(ae^2-cd^2)^2}}{a^2e^4+c^2d^4-(2c^2d^3-2acde^2)(d+ex)+c^2d^2(d+ex)^2-2} + \frac{3e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{cd}(ae^2-cd^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `((5*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) + (3*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(4*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2))/(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - (2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (3*e^2*atan((c*d*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/((c*d)^(1/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(1/2))))/(4*(c*d)^(1/2)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+cd}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) a^2 e^4 + 6\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}{4cd(a^3 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^3 + \dots)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*e**4 + 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c*d*e**3*x + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 7*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e*x)/(4*c*d*(a**5*e**8 - 3*a**4*c*d**2*e**6 + 2*a**4*c*d*e**7*x + 3*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 6*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x + a**3*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - a**2*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 6*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 3*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 2*a*c**4*d**7*e*x + 3*a*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - c**5*d**8*x**2))`

3.197
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1468
Rubi [A] (verified)	1468
Maple [A] (verified)	1471
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1472
Sympy [F(-1)]	1472
Maxima [F(-2)]	1473
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1474
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1475

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{15e^2}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{1}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
15/4*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(
e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/4*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-15/4*c^(1/2)
*d^(1/2)*e^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{8a^2e^4 + acde^2(9d+25ex) + c^2d^2(-2d^2+5dex+15e^2x^2)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3 (ae+cdx)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{de^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((8*a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(9*d + 25*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-2*d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (15*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*e^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(7/2))/4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1121, 52, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{52}$$

$$-\frac{5e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 52 \\
 \frac{5e \left(-\frac{3e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 \downarrow 61 \\
 \frac{5e \left(-\frac{3e \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{5e \left(-\frac{3e \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{-\frac{cd^2}{e} + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{5e \left(-\frac{3e \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$-1/2*1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (5*e*(-1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])) - (3*e*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(3/2)}))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 61

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1121

$$\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^{(m + p)}*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[c, 0]))$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{cd \left(\frac{7cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{9ae^2}{8} - \frac{9cd^2}{8}\right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{15 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 \sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{cd \left(\frac{7cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{9ae^2}{8} - \frac{9cd^2}{8}\right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{15 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{15 \left(cd e^2 \sqrt{ex+d} (cdx+ae)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right) + \frac{8 \left(\left(\frac{15}{8}d^2 e^2 x^2 + \frac{5}{8}d^3 ex - \frac{1}{4}d^4\right) c^2 + \frac{9e^2 a \left(\frac{25ex}{9} + d\right) dc}{8} + a^2 e^4 \right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{15} \right)}{4\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} (ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (cdx+ae)^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*e^2*(-1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c*d*((7/8*c*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+(9/8*a*e^2-9/8*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)^2+15/8/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 414 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 870, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e) - 2*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*a^2*e^4 + 5*(c^2*d^3*e + 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^4*c*d^3*e^6 - a^5*d*e^8 + (c^5*d^8*e - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^5 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^3 + (c^5*d^9 - a*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*c*d*e^8)*x^2 + (2*a*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^4*c*d^2*e^7 - a^5*e^9)*x), 1/4*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))) + (15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*a^2*e^4 + 5*(c^2*d^3*e + 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^4*c*d^3*e^6 - a^5*d*e^8 + (c^5*d^8*e - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^5 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^3 + (c^5*d^9 - a*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*c*d*e^8)*x^2 + (2*a*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^4*c*d^2*e^7 - a^5*e^9)*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx = \frac{15cde^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{4(c^3d^6-3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4-a^3e^6)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}} + \frac{2e^2}{(c^3d^6-3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4-a^3e^6)\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{7(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^2e^2-9\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^3e^2+9\sqrt{ex+d}acde^4}{4(c^3d^6-3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4-a^3e^6)((ex+d)cd-cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
15/4*c*d*e^2*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/((c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)) + 2*e^2/((c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(e*x + d)) + 1/4*(7*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^4)/((c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{2e^2}{ae^2 - cd^2} + \frac{25cde^2(d+ex)}{4(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{15c^2d^2e^2(d+ex)^2}{4(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) - (2c^2d^3 - 2acde^2)(d+ex)^{3/2} + c^2d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^{7/2}}\right)}{4(ae^2 - cd^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
- ((2*e^2)/(a*e^2 - c*d^2) + (25*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x))/(4*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2) + (15*c^2*d^2*e^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(4*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3))/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) - (2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2) + c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (15*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*e^2*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2)))/(4*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(7/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^3} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)a^2e^4-30\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}{4\sqrt{ex+d}(a^4c^2d^2e^4)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `(-15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2-c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d+e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2-c*d**2)))*a**2*e**4-30*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2-c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d+e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2-c*d**2)))*a*c*d*e**3*x-15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2-c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d+e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2-c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2-8*a**3*e**6-a**2*c*d**2*e**4-25*a**2*c*d*e**5*x+11*a*c**2*d**4*e**2+20*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x-15*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2-2*c**3*d**6+5*c**3*d**5*e*x+15*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2)/(4*sqrt(d+e*x)*(a**6*e**10-4*a**5*c*d**2*e**8+2*a**5*c*d*e**9*x+6*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**6-8*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**7*x+a**4*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2-4*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**4+12*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**5*x-4*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2+a**2*c**4*d**8*e**2-8*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**3*x+6*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2+2*a*c**5*d**9*e*x-4*a*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2+c**6*d**10*x**2))`

3.198
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1476
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1477
Rubi [A] (verified)	1477
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Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1482
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1484
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1484
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1485

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx = \frac{35e^2}{12(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{7e}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{35cde^2}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{35c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
35/12*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/
(e*x+d)^(3/2)+7/4*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+35/4*c*d*e^
2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-35/4*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*
d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8a^3e^6 + 8a^2cde^4(10d + 7ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(39d^2 + 238dex + 175e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(-6d^3 + 21d^2ex + 140de^2x^2 - 105e^3x^3)}{12(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ae + cd x)^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{35c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{4(-cd^2 + ae^2)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-8*a^3*e^6 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^4*(10*d + 7*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(39*d^2 + 238*d*e*x + 175*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-6*d^3 + 21*d^2*e*x + 140*d*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3))/(12*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (35*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(4*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1121, 52, 52, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 52$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{7e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{7e \left(-\frac{5e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{7e \left(-\frac{5e \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{7e \left(-\frac{5e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 7e \left(\frac{5e \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{2cd \sqrt{\frac{1}{-cd^2 + c(d+ex)d} + ae} d \sqrt{d+ex}}{e(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)}{1} \\
 & \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & 7e \left(\frac{5e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)}{1} \\
 & \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (7*e*(-(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))) - (5*e*(2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 1121 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^{(m + p)}(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[c, 0]))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3cd}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{c^2 d^2 \left(\frac{11cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{13ae^2}{8} - \frac{13cd^2}{8} \right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{35 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3cd}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{c^2 d^2 \left(\frac{11cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{13ae^2}{8} - \frac{13cd^2}{8} \right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{(cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2)^2} + \frac{35 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(-\frac{105c^2 d^2 e^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (cdx+ae)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{8} + \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{35}{2} e^3 x^3 - \frac{70}{3} d e^2 x^2 - \frac{7}{2} d^2 e x + d^3 \right) d^3 c^3 - 39e^2 \left(\frac{175}{39} e^2 x^2 + \frac{35}{39} e x + \frac{175}{39} d \right)}{4} \right) \right) / \left(3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} (ae^2 - cd^2)^4 (cdx+ae) \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output 2*e^2*(-1/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*c*d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+c^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*d^2*((11/8*c*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+(13/8*a*e^2-13/8*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)^2+35/8/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 642 vs. $2(176) = 352$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1326, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/24*(105*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 2*(c^3*d^4*e^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + (c^3*d^5*e^2 + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2*(105*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 6*c^3*d^6 + 39*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 80*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*a^3*e^6 + 35*(4*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(3*c^3*d^5*e + 34*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 + a^6*d^2*e^10 + (c^6*d^10*e^2 - 4*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^4 + 2*(c^6*d^11*e - 3*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + a^5*c*d*e^11)*x^3 + (c^6*d^12 - 9*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 16*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 9*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + a^6*e^12)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^5*d^11*e - 3*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^5*c*d^3*e^9 + a^6*d*e^11)*x), 1/12*(105*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 2*(c^3*d^4*e^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + (c^3*d^5*e^2 + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))] + (105*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 6*c^3*d^6 + 39*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 80*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*a^3*e^6 + 35*(4*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(3*c^3*d^5*e + 34*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2...`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ae+cdx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)**(5/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{35c^2d^2e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{4(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}} + \frac{2(9(ex+d)cde^2 + cd^2e^2 - ae^4)}{3(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{11(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^3e^2 - 13\sqrt{ex+dc}d^4e^2 + 13\sqrt{ex+dc}c^2d^2e^4}{4(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `35/4*c^2*d^2*e^2*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)) + 2/3*(9*(e*x + d)*c*d*e^2 + c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)/((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)) + 1/4*(11*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 13*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 13*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)/((c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{14cde^2(d+ex)}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \frac{2e^2}{3(ae^2-cd^2)} + \frac{175c^2d^2e^2(d+ex)^2}{12(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{35c^3d^3e^2(d+ex)^3}{4(ae^2-cd^2)^4}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) - (2c^2d^3 - 2acde^2)(d+ex)^{5/2} + c^2d^2(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{35c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{9/2}}\right)}{4(ae^2-cd^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `((14*c*d*e^2*(d + e*x))/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2) - (2*e^2)/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) + (175*c^2*d^2*e^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(12*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3) + (35*c^3*d^3*e^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(4*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4))/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) - (2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2) + c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (35*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^2*atan((c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(9/2)))/(4*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^(9/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 944, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*
x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 105*sq
rt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)
/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c*d**5*x + 210*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)
)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 210*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 8*a**4*e**8 + 88*a**3*c*d**2*
e**6 + 56*a**3*c*d*e**7*x - 41*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 182*a**2*c**2*d**3*e*
**5*x + 175*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 45*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - 217*a*c**3*d**
5*e**3*x - 35*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 105*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 6*c**4*d
**8 - 21*c**4*d**7*e*x - 140*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 105*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3
)/(12*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**7*d*e**12 + a**7*e**13*x - 5*a**6*c*d**3*e**10 - 3
*a**6*c*d**2*e**11*x + 2*a**6*c*d*e**12*x**2 + 10*a**5*c**2*d**5*e**8 - 9*
a**5*c**2*d**3*e**10*x**2 + a**5*c**2*d**2*e**11*x**3 - 10*a**4*c**3*d**7*
e**6 + 10*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**7*x + 15*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**8*x**2 - 5*a**4*...
```

3.199 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1487
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1488
Rubi [A] (verified)	1488
Maple [A] (verified)	1492
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1494
Sympy [F]	1495
Maxima [F(-2)]	1495
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1495
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1496
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1497

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{63e^2}{20(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{9e}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{21cde^2}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{63c^2d^2e^2}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^5\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{63c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^{11/2}}$$

output

```
63/20*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-1/2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/
(e*x+d)^(5/2)+9/4*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+21/4*c*d*e^
2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+63/4*c^2*d^2*e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(e*x+d)
^(1/2)-63/4*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(11/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{8a^4e^8 - 8a^3cde^6(7d + 3ex) + 24a^2c^2d^2e^4(12d^2 + 17dex + 7e^2x^2) + ac^3d^3e^2(85d^3 + 831d^2ex + 1239de^2x^2 + 525e^3x^3) + c^4d^4(-10d^4 + 45d^3ex + 483d^2e^2x^2 + 735de^3x^3 + 315e^4x^4)}{20(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ae + cdex)^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{63c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}\right)}{4(-cd^2 + ae^2)^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3),x]`

output `(8*a^4*e^8 - 8*a^3*c*d*e^6*(7*d + 3*e*x) + 24*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(12*d^2 + 17*d*e*x + 7*e^2*x^2) + a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(85*d^3 + 831*d^2*e*x + 1239*d*e^2*x^2 + 525*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-10*d^4 + 45*d^3*e*x + 483*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 735*d*e^3*x^3 + 315*e^4*x^4))/(20*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (63*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + a*e^2]])/(4*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^(11/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1121, 52, 52, 61, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1121}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae+cdx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{52}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{9e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^2(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{9e \left(-\frac{7e \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{9e \left(-\frac{7e \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{9e \left(-\frac{7e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 7e \\ 9e \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) \\ \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \end{array} \right) + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}$$

$$\frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}$$

↓ 73

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 7e \\ 9e \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{-cd^2 + \frac{c(d+ex)d}{e} + ae} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) \\ \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \end{array} \right) + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}$$

$$\frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{7e \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{9e \frac{cd^2-ae^2}{2(cd^2-ae^2)}} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}$$

```
input Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3),x]
```

```
output -1/2*1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (9*e*(-(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))) - (7*e*(2/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (c*d*(2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*(2/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])) - (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d])*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 52 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 (a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
 m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
 x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0]
] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
 , m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1121 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
 Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
 egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6c^2 d^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^5 \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{cd}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{c^3 d^3 \left(\frac{15cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + (17ae^2)}{(cd(ex+d) + ae^2)} \right)}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$
default	$2e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6c^2 d^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^5 \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{cd}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{c^3 d^3 \left(\frac{15cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + (17ae^2)}{(cd(ex+d) + ae^2)} \right)}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\frac{315c^3 d^3 e^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (cdx+ae)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}}\right)}{8} + \left(-\frac{5(-\frac{63}{2}e^4 x^4 - \frac{147}{2}de^3 x^3 - \frac{483}{10}d^2 e^2 x^2 - \frac{9}{2}d^3 ex + d^4)}{4} \right) d^4 c^4 \right) \sqrt{cd(ae^2 - cd^2)} (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `2*e^2*(-1/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-6/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*c^2*d^2/(e*x+d)
^(1/2)+1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*c*d/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*c^3*d^3*((15
/8*c*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+(17/8*a*e^2-17/8*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(c*d*(e*x+d)+a
*e^2-c*d^2)^2+63/8/(c*d*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2)*arctan(c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d
*(a*e^2-c*d^2))^(1/2))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 969 vs. $2(208) = 416$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1980, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/40*(315*(c^4*d^4*e^5*x^5 + a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + (3*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^4 + (3*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 6*a*c^3*d^4*e^5 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^3 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 + 6*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6)*x^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log((c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(c*d/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2*(315*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 10*c^4*d^8 + 85*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 288*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 56*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 8*a^4*e^8 + 105*(7*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 5*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 21*(23*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 59*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 3*(15*c^4*d^7*e + 277*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 136*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 8*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^5*d^13*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^4 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^5*c^2*d^7*e^8 + 5*a^6*c*d^5*e^10 - a^7*d^3*e^12 + (c^7*d^12*e^3 - 5*a*c^6*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^7 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^9 + 5*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^11 - a^5*c^2*d^2*e^13)*x^5 + (3*c^7*d^13*e^2 - 13*a*c^6*d^11*e^4 + 20*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^8 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 7*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^12 - 2*a^6*c*d*e^14)*x^4 + (3*c^7*d^14*e - 9*a*c^6*d^12*e^3 + a^2*c^5*d^10*e^5 + 25*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 17*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^11 - a^6*c*d^2*e^13 - a^7*e^15)*x^3 + (c^7*d^15 + a*c^6*d^13*e^2 - 17*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^4 + 35*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 25*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^8 - a^5*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 9*a^6*c*d^3*e^12 - 3*a^7*d*e^14)*x^2 + (2*a*c^6*d^14*e - 7*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^3 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 20*a^5*c^2*d^6*e^9...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}(ae+cdx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)**(7/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 433 vs. $2(208) = 416$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{63 c^3 d^3 e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}d}{\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}\right)}{4(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10})\sqrt{-c^2d^3+acde^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{15(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4d^4e^2 - 17\sqrt{ex+dc}c^4d^5e^2 + 17\sqrt{ex+dc}c^3d^3e^4}{4(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10})((ex+d)cd - cd^2 + ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(30(ex+d)^2c^2d^2e^2 + 5(ex+d)c^2d^3e^2 + c^2d^4e^2 - 5(ex+d)acde^4 - 2acd^2e^4 + a^2e^6)}{5(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10})(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `63/4*c^3*d^3*e^2*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d/sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/((c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)) + 1/4*(15*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 17*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 17*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^3*d^3*e^4)/((c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*((e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + 2/5*(30*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 5*(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3*e^2 + c^2*d^4*e^2 - 5*(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/((c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{2e^2}{5(ae^2-cd^2)} - \frac{6cde^2(d+ex)}{5(ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \frac{42c^2d^2e^2(d+ex)^2}{5(ae^2-cd^2)^3} + \frac{105c^3d^3e^2(d+ex)^3}{4(ae^2-cd^2)^4} + \frac{63c^4d^4e^2(d+ex)^4}{4(ae^2-cd^2)^5}}{(d+ex)^{5/2} (a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) - (2c^2d^3 - 2acd^2e^2) (d+ex)^{7/2} + c^2d^2 (d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

$$\frac{63c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}(a^5e^{10}-5a^4cd^2e^8+10a^3c^2d^4e^6-10a^2c^3d^6e^4+5a^4cd^8e^2-c^5d^{10})}{(ae^2-cd^2)^{11/2}}\right)}{4(ae^2-cd^2)^{11/2}}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3),x)`

output
$$- \frac{(2e^2)/(5(ae^2 - cd^2)) - (6cd^2e^2(d + ex))/(5(ae^2 - cd^2)^2) + (42c^2d^2e^2(d + ex)^2)/(5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3) + (105c^3d^3e^2(d + ex)^3)/(4(ae^2 - cd^2)^4) + (63c^4d^4e^2(d + ex)^4)/(4(ae^2 - cd^2)^5)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(a^2e^4 + c^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^2) - (2c^2d^3 - 2ac^2d^2e^2)(d + ex)^{7/2} + c^2d^2(d + ex)^{9/2}} - \frac{(63c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^2 \operatorname{atan}(c^{1/2}d^{1/2}(d + ex)^{1/2}(a^5e^{10} - c^5d^{10} + 5ac^4d^8e^2 - 5a^4c^2d^2e^8 - 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 10a^3c^2d^4e^6)))/(ae^2 - cd^2)^{11/2}}{4(ae^2 - cd^2)^{11/2}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1491, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d +
e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 -
630*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)
)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x - 31
5*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*
c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 6
30*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)
)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 1260*s
qrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d
)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 630*sqr
t(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/
(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 315*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(s
qrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 630*sqrt(d)*s
qrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(
d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 315*sqrt(d)*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(d)*s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 - 8*a**5*e**10 + 64*a**
4*c*d**2*e**8 + 24*a**4*c*d*e**9*x - 344*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 432*a**3*c*
*2*d**3*e**7*x - 168*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 203*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4...
```

3.200 $\int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1499
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1500
Rubi [A] (verified)	1500
Maple [B] (verified)	1504
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1505
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1506
Maxima [F(-2)]	1507
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1508
Mupad [F(-1)]	1508
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1509

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 358

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\
 &= \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{128c^4d^4e} \\
 &+ \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{48c^3d^3} \\
 &+ \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{64c^4d^4(d+ex)} \\
 &+ \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{40c^2d^2} \\
 &+ \frac{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd} \\
 &- \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d(d+ex)}}\right)}{128c^{9/2}d^{9/2}e^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{7}{128}(-ae^2+cd^2)^4(ad+e+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdex^2)^{1/2}/c^4/d^4/e+7 \\ & /48(-ae^2+cd^2)^2(ad+e+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}/c^3/d^3+7/64* \\ & (-ae^2+cd^2)^3(ad+e+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}/c^4/d^4/(e+x+d)+7 \\ & /40(-ae^2+cd^2)(e+x+d)(ad+e+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}/c^2/d^2 \\ & +1/5(e+x+d)^2(ad+e+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}/c/d-7/128(-ae^2+c \\ & *d^2)^5*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{1/2}(ad+e+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdex^2)^{1/2}/c^{1/2}/d \\ & (1/2)/(e+x+d))/c^{9/2}/d^{9/2}/e^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-105a^4e^8+70a^3cde^6(7d+ex)-14a^2c^2d^2e^4(64d^2+23dex+4e^2x^2)+ \right)}{1920c^{9/2}d^{9/2}e^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-105*a^4*e^8 + 70
*a^3*c*d*e^6*(7*d + e*x) - 14*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(64*d^2 + 23*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x
^2) + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(395*d^3 + 289*d^2*e*x + 128*d*e^2*x^2 + 24*e^3*x^3)
+ c^4*d^4*(105*d^4 + 1210*d^3*e*x + 2104*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 1488*d*e^3*x^3 + 3
84*e^4*x^4)) - (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e
x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(192
0*c^(9/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1134, 1134, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

↓ 1134

$$\frac{7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{10d} + \frac{(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd}$$

↓ 1134

$$\frac{7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d+ex) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{8d} + \frac{(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4cd} \right)}{10d} + \frac{(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd}$$

↓ 1160

$$7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{8d} + \frac{(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4cd} \right)$$

$$\frac{10d}{(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{10d}{5cd}$$

↓ 1087

$$7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cde x) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{8cde} \right)}{2d} + (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2} \right) \frac{10d}{8d}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{5cd}$$

1092

$$7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cde x) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4cde} \right)}{2d} + (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2} \right) \frac{10d}{8d}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{5cd}$$

219

$$\frac{7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)}{10d} \left(\frac{5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)}{2d} \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}}\right)}{2d} \right)}{8d} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{5cd}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*d) + (7*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*c*d) + (5*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*d)))/(8*d)))/(10*d)
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p \cdot ((b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c) / (2 \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3 \cdot p])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4 \cdot c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$

rule 1134 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))^m \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + p) \cdot ((2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1542 vs. $2(322) = 644$.

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1543, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1543

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & d^3 \left(\frac{1}{4} (2cdex + ae^2 + cd^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} / c \right. \\ & \left. / d/e + \frac{1}{8} (4a^2cd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) / d/e/c \ln \left(\frac{(1/2)ae^2 + 1/2cd^2 + cdx}{(de)c} \right)^{1/2} \right. \\ & \left. + (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} \right) / (de)c^{1/2} \\ & + e^3 \left(\frac{1}{5} x^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} / d/e/c - \frac{7}{10} (ae^2 + cd^2) / d/e/c \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{4} x (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} / d/e/c - \frac{5}{8} (ae^2 + cd^2) / d/e/c \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{3} (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} / d/e/c - \frac{1}{2} (ae^2 + cd^2) / d/e/c \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{4} (2cdex + ae^2 + cd^2) (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} / c \right. \\ & \left. / d/e + \frac{1}{8} (4a^2cd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) / d/e/c \ln \left(\frac{(1/2)ae^2 + 1/2cd^2 + cdx}{(de)c} \right)^{1/2} \right. \\ & \left. + (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} \right) / (de)c^{1/2} \\ & - \frac{1}{4} a/c \left(\frac{1}{4} (2cdex + ae^2 + cd^2) (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} / c \right. \\ & \left. / d/e + \frac{1}{8} (4a^2cd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) / d/e/c \ln \left(\frac{(1/2)ae^2 + 1/2cd^2 + cdx}{(de)c} \right)^{1/2} \right. \\ & \left. + (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} \right) / (de)c^{1/2} \\ & - \frac{2}{5} a/c \left(\frac{1}{3} (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} / d/e/c - \frac{1}{2} (ae^2 + cd^2) / d/e/c \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{4} (2cdex + ae^2 + cd^2) (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} / c \right. \\ & \left. / d/e + \frac{1}{8} (4a^2cd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) / d/e/c \ln \left(\frac{(1/2)ae^2 + 1/2cd^2 + cdx}{(de)c} \right)^{1/2} \right. \\ & \left. + (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} \right) / (de)c^{1/2} \\ & + 3de^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} x (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} / d/e/c - \frac{5}{8} (ae^2 + cd^2) / d/e/c \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{3} (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} / d/e/c - \frac{1}{2} (ae^2 + cd^2) / d/e/c \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{4} (2cdex + ae^2 + cd^2) (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} / c \right. \\ & \left. / d/e + \frac{1}{8} (4a^2cd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) / d/e/c \ln \left(\frac{(1/2)ae^2 + 1/2cd^2 + cdx}{(de)c} \right)^{1/2} \right. \\ & \left. + (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2} \right) / (de)c^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/7680*(105*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(384*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 + 105*c^5*d^9*e + 790*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 896*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 490*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 105*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 48*(31*c^5*d^6*e^4 + a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + 8*(263*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 32*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 7*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(605*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 289*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 161*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 35*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*e^2), 1/3840*(105*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(384*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 + 105*c^5*d^9*e + 790*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 896*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 490*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 105*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 48*(31*c^5*d^6*e^4 + a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + 8*(263*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 32*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 7*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(605*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 289*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 161*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 35*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*e^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1646 vs. $2(338) = 676$.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1646, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**3*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a*d*e + c*d**e*x**2 + x*(a**e**2 + c*d**2))*(e**3*x**4/5 + x
**3*(a**e**5 + 4*c*d**2*e**3 - e**3*(9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e)
+ x**2*(16*a*d*e**4/5 + 6*c*d**3*e**2 - (7*a**e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(a**e**5
+ 4*c*d**2*e**3 - e**3*(9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e))/(3*c*d*e) +
x*(6*a*d**2*e**3 - 3*a*(a**e**5 + 4*c*d**2*e**3 - e**3*(9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d
**2/2)/5)/(4*c) + 4*c*d**4*e - (5*a**e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(16*a*d*e**4/5 +
6*c*d**3*e**2 - (7*a**e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(a**e**5 + 4*c*d**2*e**3 - e**3*(
9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e))/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e) + (4*a*d**3*e*
*2 - 2*a*(16*a*d*e**4/5 + 6*c*d**3*e**2 - (7*a**e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(a**e**
5 + 4*c*d**2*e**3 - e**3*(9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e))/(3*c) + c
*d**5 - (3*a**e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)*(6*a*d**2*e**3 - 3*a*(a**e**5 + 4*c*d**2*
e**3 - e**3*(9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c) + 4*c*d**4*e - (5*a**e**2/2
+ 5*c*d**2/2)*(16*a*d*e**4/5 + 6*c*d**3*e**2 - (7*a**e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(
a**e**5 + 4*c*d**2*e**3 - e**3*(9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e))/(3*c
*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e) + (a*d**4*e - a*(6*a*d**2*e**3 - 3*a*(a**e**5 +
4*c*d**2*e**3 - e**3*(9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c) + 4*c*d**4*e - (5*
a**e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(16*a*d*e**4/5 + 6*c*d**3*e**2 - (7*a**e**2/2 + 7*c*
d**2/2)*(a**e**5 + 4*c*d**2*e**3 - e**3*(9*a**e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d
*e))/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c) - (a**e**2 + c*d**2)*(4*a*d**3*e**2 - 2*a*(16*a*d*e**
4/5 + 6*c*d**3*e**2 - (7*a**e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(a**e**5 + 4*c*d**2*e**3...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{1920} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6 \left(8e^3x + \frac{31c^4d^5e^6 + ac^3d^3e^8}{c^4d^4e^4} \right) x + \frac{263c^4d^6e^5 + 32ac^3d^4e^7}{c^4d^4e^4} \right) \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. + \frac{7(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{256\sqrt{cde}c^4d^4e} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1920*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(6*(8*e^3*x + (31*c^4*d^5*e^6 + a*c^3*d^3*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (263*c^4*d^6*e^5 + 32*a*c^3*d^4*e^7 - 7*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^9)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (605*c^4*d^7*e^4 + 289*a*c^3*d^5*e^6 - 161*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^8 + 35*a^3*c*d*e^10)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (105*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 790*a*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 896*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 490*a^3*c*d^2*e^9 - 105*a^4*e^11)/(c^4*d^4*e^4) + 7/256*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^4*d^4*e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 790, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**9 + 490*sqrt(d + e*x)*
sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x - 896*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**
5*e**5 - 322*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x - 56*sq
rt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**2 + 790*sqrt(d + e*x)
*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3 + 578*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*
a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x + 256*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*
x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**3 + 105*sqrt
(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**9*e + 1210*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c
*d*x)*c**5*d**8*e**2*x + 2104*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**
3*x**2 + 1488*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**3 + 384*sq
rt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**5*e**5*x**4 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt
(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**5*e**10 - 525*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*s
qrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a
**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 1050*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d
*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*c**2*d**4
*e**6 - 1050*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt
(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 + 52
5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt...
```

3.201 $\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1510
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1511
Rubi [A] (verified)	1511
Maple [B] (verified)	1514
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1515
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1516
Maxima [F(-2)]	1517
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1518
Mupad [F(-1)]	1518
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1519

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 298

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{64c^3d^3e} \\ &+ \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24c^2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{32c^3d^3(d+ex)} \\ &+ \frac{(d+ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4cd} \\ &- \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{64c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
5/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e+5/
24*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2+5/32*(-a
*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)+1/4*
(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d-5/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*
arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e
*x+d))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(15a^3e^6 - 5a^2cde^4(11d + 2ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(73d^2 + 36dex + 8e^2x^2) + c^3d^3) \right)}{192c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(15*a^3*e^6 - 5*a^2*c*d*e^4*(11*d + 2*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(73*d^2 + 36*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(15*d^3 + 118*d^2*e*x + 136*d*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3)) - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(192*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1134, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\frac{5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d + ex) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{\frac{8d}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4cd}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}}$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{\frac{8d}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4cd}{4cd}} +$$

↓ 1087

$$5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8cde} \right)}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)$$

$$\frac{8d}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4cd}{4cd}$$

↓ 1092

$$5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} dx}{4cde} - \frac{d \int \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4cde} \right)}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)$$

$$\frac{8d}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4cd}{4cd}$$

↓ 219

$$5 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{\left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right)}{2d} \right)}{(d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}} \frac{8d}{4cd}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

```
output ((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*c*d) + (5*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*d))/(8*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1134

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] +
Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[
c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c)
Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 815 vs. $2(266) = 532$.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

method	result
default	$d^2 \left(\frac{(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}}{4cde} + \frac{(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) \ln \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^2 + cdxe}{\sqrt{dec}} + \sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e} \right)}{8dec\sqrt{dec}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```

d^2*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c
/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d
*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)
)+e^2*(1/4*x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/d/e/c-5/8*(a*e^2+c*d^
2)/d/e/c*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/d/e/c-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^
^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(
1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d
^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)
^(1/2))-1/4*a/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x
^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+
1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/
(d*e*c)^(1/2))+2*d*e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/d/e/c-1
/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x
+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*
a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(
1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{15(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 - \dots\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="
fricas")

```

output

```
[1/768*(15*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^7*e + 73*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 55*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 8*(17*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(59*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 18*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/((c^4*d^4*e^2), 1/384*(15*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^7*e + 73*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 55*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 8*(17*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(59*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 18*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 989 vs. $2(282) = 564$.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 989, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))*(e**2*x**3/4 + x
**2*(a*e**4 + 3*c*d**2*e**2 - e**2*(7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)/4)/(3*c*d*e)
+ x*(9*a*d*e**3/4 + 3*c*d**3*e - (5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(a*e**4 + 3*c*d
**2*e**2 - e**2*(7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)/4)/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e) + (3*a*d
**2*e**2 - 2*a*(a*e**4 + 3*c*d**2*e**2 - e**2*(7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)/4)
/(3*c) + c*d**4 - (3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)*(9*a*d*e**3/4 + 3*c*d**3*e - (
5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(a*e**4 + 3*c*d**2*e**2 - e**2*(7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*
d**2/2)/4)/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e) + (a*d**3*e - a*(9*a*d*e**3/4 +
3*c*d**3*e - (5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(a*e**4 + 3*c*d**2*e**2 - e**2*(7*a
*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)/4)/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c) - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(3*a*d**2*e
**2 - 2*a*(a*e**4 + 3*c*d**2*e**2 - e**2*(7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)/4)/(3*c)
+ c*d**4 - (3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)*(9*a*d*e**3/4 + 3*c*d**3*e - (5*a*e
**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(a*e**4 + 3*c*d**2*e**2 - e**2*(7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2
)/4)/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c
*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqr
t(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 -
c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x -
(-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(c**2*d**6*(a
*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/(3*(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*
d**4)) + 2*c*d**3*e*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(5/2)/(5*(a**2*e**4 ...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6e^2x + \frac{17c^3d^4e^4 + ac^2d^2e^6}{c^3d^3e^3} \right) x + \frac{59c^3d^5e^3 + 18ac^2d^3e^5 - 5a}{c^3d^3e^3} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. + \frac{5(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + c} \right) \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. \right. \right) \right) \right) / (128 \sqrt{cdec^3d^3e})$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(6*e^2*x + (17*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^3))*x + (59*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 18*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 5*a^2*c*d*e^7)/(c^3*d^3*e^3))*x + (15*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 73*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 55*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + 15*a^3*e^8)/(c^3*d^3*e^3)) + 5/128*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^3*d^3*e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3cde^7 - 55\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2d^3e^5 - 10\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2d^2e^6x + 73\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3cde^7 - 55\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2d^3e^5 - 10\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2d^2e^6x + 73\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3cde^7}{192c^4d^8}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d*e**7 - 55*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(
a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5 - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2
*c**2*d**2*e**6*x + 73*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3 +
36*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sq
rt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
*c**4*d**7*e + 118*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**6*e**2*x + 136*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sq
rt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**3 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(
e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2
))*a**4*e**8 + 60*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) +
sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 -
90*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 60*sqrt(e)*s
qrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*
log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**
2 - c*d**2))*c**4*d**8)/(192*c**4*d**4*e**2)
```


3.202 $\int (d+ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1520
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1521
Rubi [A] (verified)	1521
Maple [A] (verified)	1523
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1524
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1525
Maxima [F(-2)]	1526
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1526
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1527
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1527

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int (d+ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{8c^2d^2e} + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4c^2d^2(d+ex)}$$

$$- \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{8c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e+1/3
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d+1/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)-1/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*arctanh
(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/
c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} (-3a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(4d + ex) + c^2d^2(3d^2 + 14dex + 8e^2x^2)) - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{24c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(4*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(3*d^2 + 14*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]))/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(24*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{8cde} \right)}{\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot 3cd} +$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} d \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}}{4cde} \right)}{\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot 3cd} +$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot 3cd} +$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c) * (((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) / (4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 * ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x) / (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]) / (8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2))) / (2*d)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / (2*c*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e) / (2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
default	$d \left(\frac{(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)\sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e}}{4cde} + \frac{(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^2 + cdxe}{\sqrt{dec}} + \sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e}\right)}{8dec\sqrt{dec}} \right)$

input $\text{int}((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
d*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d
/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x
*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))+
e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/d/e/c-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e
/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/
d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*
x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))
)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{cdex^2} + \dots\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output

```
[-1/96*(3*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(c*d
*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d
*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e
) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^3*d^5*e + 8*
a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 2*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(
c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^2), 1/48*(3*(c^3*d^6 -
3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(
c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c
*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(8*
c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^3*d^5*e + 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 2*(7*c^3
*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/
(c^3*d^3*e^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 571 vs. $2(218) = 436$.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 571, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \left(\frac{ex^2}{3} + \frac{x \left(ae^3 + 2cd^2 e - \frac{e \left(\frac{5ae^2 + 5cd^2}{3} \right)}{3} \right)}{2cde} + \frac{\frac{4ade^2}{3} + cd^3 - \frac{\left(\frac{3ae^2 + 3cd^2}{2} \right) \left(ae^3 + 2cd^2 e - \frac{e \left(\frac{5ae^2 + 5cd^2}{3} \right)}{3} \right)}{cde}}{cde} \right) \sqrt{ade + cdex^2 + x (cd^2 + ae^2)}$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{cd^3 (ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e(ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5(ae^2 + cd^2)} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2}$$

$$\sqrt{ade} \left(dx + \frac{ex^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((e*x**2/3 + x*(a*e**3 + 2*c*d**2*e - e*(5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/3)/(2*c*d*e) + (4*a*d*e**2/3 + c*d**3 - (3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)*(a*e**3 + 2*c*d**2*e - e*(5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/3)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d**2*e - a*(a*e**3 + 2*c*d**2*e - e*(5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/3)/(2*c) - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(4*a*d*e**2/3 + c*d**3 - (3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)*(a*e**3 + 2*c*d**2*e - e*(5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/3)/(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(c*d**3*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**3/2)/(3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + e*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**5/2/(5*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/(a*e**2 + c*d**2), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (sqrt(a*d*e)*(d*x + e*x**2/2), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4ex + \frac{7c^2d^3e^2 + acde^4}{c^2d^2e^2} \right) x + \frac{3c^2d^4e + 8acd^2e^3 - 3a^2e^5}{c^2d^2e^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde}x^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + \dots \right) \right. \right)}{16\sqrt{cdec^2d^2e}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/24*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*e*x + (7*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)/(c^2*d^2*e^2))*x + (3*c^2*d^4*e + 8*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)/(c^2*d^2*e^2)) + 1/16*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*e)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= d \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{4cde} \right) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}$$

$$- \frac{d \ln \left(2 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \sqrt{cde + ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex} \right) \left(\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{4} - acd^2e^2 \right)}{2(cde)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e \ln \left(2 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \sqrt{cde + ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex} \right) \left((cd^2 + ae^2)^3 - 4acd^2e^2(cd^2 + ae^2) \right)}{16(cde)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(8cde(cdex^2 + ade) - 3(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 + 2cdex(cd^2 + ae^2) \right)}{24c^2d^2e}$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `d*(x/2 + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(4*c*d*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2) - (d*log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 - a*c*d^2*e^2))/(2*(c*d*e)^(3/2)) + (e*log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^3 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)))/(16*(c*d*e)^(5/2)) + ((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(8*c*d*e*(a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2) - 3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 + 2*c*d*e*x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)))/(24*c^2*d^2*e)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} a^2 cd e^5 + 8\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 2\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} a c^2 d^2 e^4 x + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} a c^2 d e^5 x^2}{24c^2d^2e}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*
d**2*e**4*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e + 14*sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x
)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*e**6 -
9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))
/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((
sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c
*d**2))*c**3*d**6)/(24*c**3*d**3*e**2)
```

3.203 $\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1529
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1529
Rubi [A] (verified)	1530
Maple [A] (verified)	1531
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1532
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1532
Maxima [F(-2)]	1533
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1533
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1534
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1534

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/e-
1/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/e^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae^2 + cd(d + 2ex)) - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 2*e*x)) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(4*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8cde} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cdex + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cdex + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{4cde} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output
$$\frac{((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) / (4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 * \text{ArcTanh}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x) / (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]) / (8*c^{3/2}*d^{3/2}*e^{3/2})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219
$$\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087
$$\text{Int}(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1))] \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1092
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
default	$\frac{(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}{4cde} + \frac{(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae^2+\frac{1}{2}cd^2+cdxe}{\sqrt{dec}}+\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2}\right)}{8dec\sqrt{dec}}$

input
$$\text{int}((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output
$$\frac{1}{4}*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^{(1/2)}/c/d/e + \frac{1}{8}*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*\ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^{(1/2)}+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^{(1/2)})/(d*e*c)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{cde} \log \left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/16*((c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^2), 1/8*((c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^2)]`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 306 vs. 2(134) = 268.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{4cde} \right) \sqrt{ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \left(\frac{ade}{2} - \frac{(\frac{ae^2}{4} + \frac{cd^2}{4})(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2cde} \right) \left(\frac{\log(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex + 2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x})}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}} \right) \\ \frac{2(ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\ x\sqrt{ade} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((x/2 + (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/(3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2x + \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{cde} \right) + \frac{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{8\sqrt{cdecde}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*x + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(c*d*e)) + 1/8*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d*e))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{4cde} \right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}$$

$$- \frac{\ln \left(2 \sqrt{(ae + cd x)(d + ex)} \sqrt{cde} + ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x \right) \left(\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{4} - acd^2 e^2 \right)}{2(cde)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(x/2 + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(4*c*d*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2) - (log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 - a*c*d^2*e^2))/(2*(c*d*e)^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} acd e^3 + \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} c^2 d^3 e + 2\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} c^2 d^2 e^2 x - \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \log}{}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**3 + sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d
*x)*c**2*d**3*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x - sqr
t(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*e**4 + 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*lo
g((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2
- c*d**2))*a*c*d**2*e**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**4
/(4*c**2*d**2*e**2)
```


3.204 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	1536
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1536
Rubi [A] (verified)	1537
Maple [A] (verified)	1538
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1539
Sympy [F]	1539
Maxima [F(-2)]	1540
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1540
Mupad [F(-1)]	1541
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1541

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}}$$

```
output (a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \left(\sqrt{e} + \frac{(-cd^2+ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{e^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[e] + ((-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/e^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1131, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x),x]`

output

$$\frac{\sqrt{a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2}}{e} - \frac{((c d^2 - a e^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{c d^2 + a e^2 + 2 c d e x}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2}}\right])}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} e^{3/2}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b x)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\frac{1}{\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])}{\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]}\right], x\right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a + (b x) + (c x)^2)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$$

rule 1131

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d + (e x)^m)((a + (b x) + (c x)^2)^p), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(d + e x)^{m+1}((a + b x + c x^2)^p/(e(m + 2p + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[p((2cd - b e)/(e^{2(m + 2p + 1)})) \operatorname{Int}[(d + e x)^{m+1}(a + b x + c x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[c d^2 - b d e + a e^2, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& (\operatorname{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + 2p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2p]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{dec\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{ae^2}{2} - \frac{cd^2}{2} + dec\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + \sqrt{dec\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}}{\sqrt{dec}}\right)}{2\sqrt{dec}}}{e}$	131

input

$$\operatorname{int}((a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2} / (e x + d), x, \operatorname{method} = _RETURNVERBOS E)$$

output

$$\frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{(d* e * c * (x+d/e)^2 + (a* e^2 - c*d^2) * (x+d/e))^{1/2} + 1/2 * (a* e^2 - c*d^2) * \ln\left(\frac{1/2 * a* e^2 - 1/2 * c*d^2 + d* e * c * (x+d/e)}{(d* e * c)^{1/2} + (d* e * c * (x+d/e)^2 + (a* e^2 - c*d^2) * (x+d/e))^{1/2}}\right)}{(d* e * c)^{1/2}} \right)$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)xcde} - (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)xcde}\right)}{4cde^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*c*d*e - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x))/(c*d*e^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*c*d*e + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)))/(c*d*e^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd x)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{2\sqrt{cde}} + \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade}}{e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*e) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)/e`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} cde + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{cdx + ae} + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) ae^2 - \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{cdx + ae} + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right)}{cde^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*e**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*d**2)/(c*d*e**2)`

3.205 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1542
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1542
Rubi [A] (verified)	1543
Maple [B] (verified)	1545
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1545
Sympy [F]	1546
Maxima [F(-2)]	1546
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1547
Mupad [F(-1)]	1547
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1548

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{e^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)+2*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*arc
tanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+
d))/e^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d+ex)}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{e}}{d+ex} + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-(Sqrt[e]/(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/e^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1125, 25, 27, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1125} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{cde}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cde}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & \frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cde}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2}}{e(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/e^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1125 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x)), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1)]/(d + e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+\left(a e^2-c d^2\right)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\left(a e^2-c d^2\right)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}+\frac{2 \operatorname{dec}\left(\sqrt{\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+\left(a e^2-c d^2\right)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}+\frac{\left(a e^2-c d^2\right) \ln \left(\frac{\frac{a e^2}{2}-\frac{c d^2}{2}+\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+\sqrt{\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{dec}}}\right)+\sqrt{\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{2 \sqrt{\operatorname{dec}}}}{e^2}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e^2*(-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+2*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*((d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(ex + d)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 4(2cde^2x + cd^2e + ae^3)\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\right)}{2(e^2x + de)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(ex + d)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cde^2x + cd^2e + ae^3)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}}}{2(c^2d^2ex^2 + acd^2e + (c^2d^3 + acde^2)x)}\right) + 2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{e^2x + de} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((e*x + d)*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^2*x + d*e), -((e*x + d)*sqrt(-c*d/e))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^2*x + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx =$$

$$-2 \left(\frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde - \frac{cd^2e}{ex+d} + \frac{ae^3}{ex+d}}}{\sqrt{-cde}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{\sqrt{-cde}|e|} + \frac{\sqrt{cde - \frac{cd^2e}{ex+d} + \frac{ae^3}{ex+d}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^2|e|} - \frac{(cde \arctan(\dots))}{\dots} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
-2*(c*d*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))/sqrt(-c*d
*e))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(sqrt(-c*d*e)*e*abs(e)) + sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*
e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) - (c*d
*e*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e)/sqrt(-c*d*e)) + sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(-c*d*e))*sgn(1/(e*x
+ d))*sgn(e)/(sqrt(-c*d*e)*e^2*abs(e)))*abs(e)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}e + 2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)d + 2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{e^2(ex + d)}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*(-sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*e*x - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*d - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*e*x)/(e**2*(d + e*x))
```

$$3.206 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1549
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1549
Rubi [A] (verified)	1550
Maple [A] (verified)	1551
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1551
Sympy [F]	1552
Maxima [F(-2)]	1552
Giac [F(-2)]	1552
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1553
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^3}$$

output $2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^3}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^3, x]$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(3/2)})/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(d + ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd x + a e)\sqrt{cd x^2 e + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + a d e}}{3(e x + d)^2(a e^2 - c d^2)}$	58
trager	$-\frac{2(cd x + a e)\sqrt{cd x^2 e + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + a d e}}{3(e x + d)^2(a e^2 - c d^2)}$	58
orering	$-\frac{2(cd x + a e)\sqrt{a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2)x + c d x^2 e}}{3(e x + d)^2(a e^2 - c d^2)}$	59
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e^3(a e^2 - c d^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^3}$	65

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3/(e*x+d)^2*(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2}}{(d + e x)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{c d e x^2 + a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x} (c d x + a e)}{3 (c d^4 - a d^2 e^2 + (c d^2 e^2 - a e^4) x^2 + 2 (c d^3 e - a d e^3) x)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d^4 - a*d^2*e^2 + (c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd)}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,2]%%}},[4]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-4,[0,1,1]%%},0]:[1,0,%%{-1
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{2(ae + cdx) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)(d + ex)^2}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
-(2*(a*e + c*d*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ae^3}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cde^2x}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}cd^3}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}cd^2ex}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}cde^2x^2}{3}}{e^2(ae^4x^2 - cd^2e^2x^2 + 2ad^3ex - 2cd^3ex + ad^2e^2 - cd^4)}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**3 - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e**2*x - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c*d**3 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c*d**2*e*x - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c*d*e**2*x**2))/(3*e**2*(a*d**2*e**2 + 2*a*d*e**3*x + a*e**4*x**2 - c*d**4 - 2*c*d**3*e*x - c*d**2*e**2*x**2))
```

3.207 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1554
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1554
Rubi [A] (verified)	1555
Maple [A] (verified)	1556
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1557
Sympy [F]	1557
Maxima [F(-2)]	1558
Giac [F(-2)]	1558
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1559
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1560

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^4} + \frac{4cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

output

```
2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^4+4/15*
c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-3a^2e^3+acde(5d-ex)+c^2d^2x(5d+2ex))}{15(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]/(d+e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(2*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-3*a^2*e^3 + a*c*d*e*(5*d - e*x) + c^2*d^2*x*(5*d + 2*e*x)))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^3} dx}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d + ex)^4(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15(d + ex)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d + ex)^4(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-2cdxe+3ae^2-5cd^2)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{15(ex+d)^3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}$	90
orering	$-\frac{2(-2cdxe+3ae^2-5cd^2)(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}{15(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^3}$	91
trager	$-\frac{2(-2d^2ec^2x^2+acd^2e^2x-5c^2d^3x+3a^2e^3-5d^2eac)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{15(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^3}$	109
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3}$	131

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output -2/15*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-2*c*d*e*x+3*a*e^2-5*c*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+
a*d*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2c^2d^2ex^2 + 5acd^2e - 3a^2e^3 + (5c^2d^3 - acde^2)x)\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{15(c^2d^7 - 2acd^5e^2 + a^2d^3e^4 + (c^2d^4e^3 - 2acd^2e^5 + a^2e^7)x^3 + 3(c^2d^5e^2 - 2acd^3e^4 + a^2de^6)x^2 + 3(c^2d^6e - 2acd^4e^3 + a^2d^2e^5)x)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 5*a*c*d^2*e - 3*a^2*e^3 + (5*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^2*d^7 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^2 + a^2*d^3*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^5 + a^2*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^4 + a^2*d*e^6)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*d^6*e - 2*a*c*d^4*e^3 + a^2*d^2*e^5)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,3]%%},[6]%%}+%%{%%{%%{-6,[0,1,2]%%},0}: [1,0,%%{-1`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\
&= \frac{\left(\frac{4c^2d^3}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} - \frac{4acde^2}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{\left(\frac{2ae^2}{5ae^3 - 5cd^2e} - \frac{2cd^2}{5ae^3 - 5cd^2e}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{\left(\frac{4c^3d^4 + 4ac^2d^2e^2}{15e(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{8c^3d^4}{15e(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d + ex} \\
&\quad + \frac{\left(\frac{2c^2d^3 + 2acde^2}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} - \frac{4c^2d^3}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{\left(\frac{8c^3d^4}{15e(ae^2 - cd^2)^3} - \frac{8ac^2d^2e}{15e(ae^2 - cd^2)^3}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d + ex} \\
&\quad + \frac{8c^2d^2 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{15e(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (d + ex)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
((4*c^2*d^3)/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (4*a*c*d*e^2)/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^2 - (((2*a*e^2)/(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e) - (2*c*d^2)/(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (((4*c^3*d^4 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(15*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3) - (8*c^3*d^4)/(15*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) + (((2*c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^2*d^3)/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((8*c^3*d^4)/(15*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3) - (8*a*c^2*d^2*e)/(15*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) + (8*c^2*d^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(15*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x))
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2e^5}{5} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd^2e^3}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd^4e^4x}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^2d^3e^2x}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^2d^5e^2x^2}{15}}{e^2(a^2e^7x^3 - 2acd^2e^5x^3 + c^2d^4e^3x^3 + 3a^2de^6x^2 - 6acd^3e^4x^2 + 3c^2d^5e^2x^2 + 3a^2d^7)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output

```
(2*(- 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 + 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x + 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**5 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**4*e*x - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3))/(15*e**2*(a**2*d**3*e**4 + 3*a**2*d**2*e**5*x + 3*a**2*d*e**6*x**2 + a**2*e**7*x**3 - 2*a*c*d**5*e**2 - 6*a*c*d**4*e**3*x - 6*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**3 + c**2*d**7 + 3*c**2*d**6*e*x + 3*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**2 + c**2*d**4*e**3*x**3))
```

3.208 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

Optimal result	1561
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1562
Rubi [A] (verified)	1562
Maple [A] (verified)	1564
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1564
Sympy [F]	1565
Maxima [F(-2)]	1565
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1566
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1566
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1567

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^5} + \frac{8cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{35(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^4} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{105(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^3}$$

```
output 2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^5+8/35*
c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^4+16/
105*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+
d)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}(15a^3e^5 + 3a^2cde^3(-14d + ex) + ac^2d^2e(35d^2 - 14dex - 4e^2x^2) + c^3d^3x(35d^2 + 28dex + 8e^2x^2))}{105(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d + ex)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(15*a^3*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*(-14*d + e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e*(35*d^2 - 14*d*e*x - 4*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*x*(35*d^2 + 28*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)))/(105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^4} dx}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d + ex)^5(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d+ex)^4(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
& \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d+ex)^5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1123} \\
& \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d+ex)^5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
& \frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15(d+ex)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d+ex)^4(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3)))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-12xacde^3+28xc^2d^3e+15a^2e^4-42acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{105(ex+d)^4(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)}$
orering	$-\frac{2(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-12xacde^3+28xc^2d^3e+15a^2e^4-42acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}{105(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(8e^2d^3c^3x^3-4e^3ac^2d^2x^2+28d^4ec^3x^2+3de^4a^2cx-14d^3e^2ac^2x+35d^5c^3x+15a^3e^5-42d^2e^3a^2c+35ac^2d^4e)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{105(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^4}$
default	$\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^5} - \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3}\right)}{7(ae^2-cd^2)}$ e^5

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/105*(c*d*x+a*e)*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-12*a*c*d*e^3*x+28*c^2*d^3*e*x+15*a^2*e^4-42*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. 2(159) = 318.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(8c^3d^3e^2x^3 + 35ac^2d^4e - 42a^2cd^2e^3 + 15a^3e^5 + 4(7c^3d^4 - 3c^3d^7e^3 - 3c^3d^10e^6))}{105(c^3d^{10} - 3ac^2d^8e^2 + 3a^2cd^6e^4 - a^3d^4e^6 + (c^3d^6e^4 - 3ac^2d^4e^6 + 3a^2cd^2e^8 - a^3e^{10})x^4 + 4(c^3d^7e^3 - 3c^3d^{10}e^6)}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(8*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 35*a*c^2*d^4*e - 42*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 15*a^3*e^5
+ 4*(7*c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + (35*c^3*d^5 - 14*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3
*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^3*d^10 - 3
*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 - a^3*d^4*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^
4*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^8 - a^3*e^10)*x^4 + 4*(c^3*d^7*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^5
+ 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^7 - a^3*d*e^9)*x^3 + 6*(c^3*d^8*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 3
*a^2*c*d^4*e^6 - a^3*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 4*(c^3*d^9*e - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 3*a^2
*c*d^5*e^5 - a^3*d^3*e^7)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd x)}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**5,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x)**5, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 698 vs. $2(159) = 318$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 698, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/105*(8*sqrt(c*d*e)*c^3*d^3*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c^3*d^6*e^2*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6*abs(e) - a^3*e^8*abs(e)) + (3*(35*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^3*d^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(5/2)*c*d*e - 5*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(7/2))*c*d^2*e*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c^3*d^6*e^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^10 - a^3*e^12) - 3*(35*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^3*d^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(5/2)*c*d*e - 5*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(7/2))*a*e^3*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c^3*d^6*e^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^10 - a^3*e^12) - 7*(15*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c*d*e + 3*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(5/2))*c*d*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)^2/(c*d^2*abs(e) - a*e^2*abs(e)))*abs(e)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 877, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output

```

(((4*c^2*d^3)/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (4*a*c*d*e^2)/(7
*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*
e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((2*a*e^2)/(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e) - (2*c*d^2)/
(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d +
e*x)^4 + (((4*c^3*d^4 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 -
3*c*d^2*e)) - (8*c^3*d^4)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(
x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((8*c^4*d^5 +
8*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4) - (16*c^4*d^5)/(105*e*(a*e^2 -
c*d^2)^4))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) + (((
2*c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^
2*d^3)/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d
*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (((8*c^3*d^4)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(
3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (8*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 -
3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 +
(((16*c^4*d^5)/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4) - (16*a*c^3*d^3*e)/(105*(a*e^2 -
c*d^2)^4))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) + (12
*c^2*d^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2
)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^2) - (8*c^3*d^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d
*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x))

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 603, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3e^7}{7} + \frac{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2cd^2e^5}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2cde^6x}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ac^2d^4e^3}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ac^2d^4e^3}{3}}{e^2(a^3e^{10}x^4 - 3a^2cd^2e^8x^4 + 3ac^2d^4e^6x^4 - c^3d^6e^4x^4 + 4a^3de^9x^3 - 12a^2cd^3e^7x^3 + \dots)}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x)
```


output

```
(2*( - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 + 42*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 14*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x - 28*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**7 + 32*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**6*e*x + 48*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 32*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4))/(105*e**2*(a**3*d**4*e**6 + 4*a**3*d**3*e**7*x + 6*a**3*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*a**3*d*e**9*x**3 + a**3*e**10*x**4 - 3*a**2*c*d**6*e**4 - 12*a**2*c*d**5*e**5*x - 18*a**2*c*d**4*e**6*x**2 - 12*a**2*c*d**3*e**7*x**3 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**8*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**8*e**2 + 12*a*c**2*d**7*e**3*x + 18*a*c**2*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 12*a*c**2*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**6*x**4 - c**3*d**10 - 4*c**3*d**9*e*x - 6*c**3*d**8*e**2*x**2 - 4*c**3*d**7*e**3*x**3 - c**3*d**6*e**4*x**4))
```

3.209 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

Optimal result	1569
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1570
Rubi [A] (verified)	1570
Maple [A] (verified)	1572
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1573
Sympy [F]	1574
Maxima [F(-2)]	1574
Giac [F(-2)]	1574
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1575
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1576

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^6} + \frac{4cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{21(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^5} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{105(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^4} + \frac{32c^3d^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{315(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^3}$$

output

```
2/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^6+4/21*
c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^5+16/
105*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+
d)^4+32/315*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)
^4/(e*x+d)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}(-35a^4e^7 + 5a^3cde^5(27d - ex) + 3a^2c^2d^2e^3(-63d^2 + 9dex + 2e^2x^2) + ac^3d^3e(105d^3 - 63d^2e*x - 36d*e^2*x^2 - 8e^3*x^3))}{315(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(d + ex)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-35*a^4*e^7 + 5*a^3*c*d*e^5*(27*d - e*x) + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*(-63*d^2 + 9*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2) + a*c^3*d^3*e*(105*d^3 - 63*d^2*e*x - 36*d*e^2*x^2 - 8*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*x*(105*d^3 + 126*d^2*e*x + 72*d*e^2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3)))/(315*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^5} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9(d + ex)^6 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d+ex)^5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9(d+ex)^6(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{2cd \left(\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d+ex)^4(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d+ex)^5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9(d+ex)^6(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1123 \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9(d+ex)^6(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{2cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d+ex)^5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15(d+ex)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d+ex)^4(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6) + (2*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3)))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cd x + a e)(-16 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 24 x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 - 72 c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 30 x a^2 c d e^5 + 108 x a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 126 c^3 d^5 e x + 35 e^6 a^3 - 135 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 189 d^4 e^2 c^2 - 105 d^6 e^2 c^3)}{315 (e x + d)^5 (a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)}$
orering	$\frac{2(-16 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 24 x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 - 72 c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 30 x a^2 c d e^5 + 108 x a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 126 c^3 d^5 e x + 35 e^6 a^3 - 135 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 189 d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 105 d^6 e^2 c^3)}{315 (a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8) (e x + d)^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(-16 c^4 d^4 e^3 x^4 + 8 a c^3 d^3 e^4 x^3 - 72 c^4 d^5 e^2 x^3 - 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5 x^2 + 36 a c^3 d^4 e^3 x^2 - 126 c^4 d^6 e x^2 + 5 d e^6 c a^3 x - 27 d^3 e^4 a^2 c^2 x + 63 d^5 e^2 a c^3 x - 105 d^7 e^2 c^4)}{315 (a^4 e^8 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(\operatorname{dec} \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^6} - \frac{2 \left(\operatorname{dec} \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{dec} \left(\frac{2 \left(\operatorname{dec} \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^4} \right)}{7 (a e^2 - c d^2)}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+24*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-72*c^3*d^4*e^
2*x^2-30*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+108*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-126*c^3*d^5*e*e*x+35*a^3*e^6-135*
a^2*c*d^2*e^4+189*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-105*c^3*d^6)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a
d*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^5/(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^
6*e^2+c^4*d^8)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 572 vs. 2(215) = 430.

Time = 4.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(16c^4d^4e^3x^4 + 105ac^3d^6e - 189a^2c^2d^4e^3 + 135a^3cd^2e^5 - 35a^4e^7 + 8(9c^4d^5e^2 - ac^3d^3e^4)x^3 + 6(21c^4d^6e - 6ac^3d^4e^3 + a^2c^2d^2e^5)x^2 + (105c^4d^7 - 63ac^3d^5e^2 + 27a^2c^2d^3e^4 - 5a^3cd^2e^6)x)\sqrt{cde^2x + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{315(c^4d^{13} - 4ac^3d^{11}e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^9e^4 - 4a^3cd^7e^6 + a^4d^5e^8 + (c^4d^8e^5 - 4ac^3d^6e^7 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^9 - 4a^3cd^2e^{11} + a^4d^3e^{13})x^5 + 5(c^4d^9e^4 - 4ac^3d^7e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^5e^8 - 4a^3cd^3e^{10} + a^4d^2e^{12})x^4 + 10(c^4d^{10}e^3 - 4ac^3d^8e^5 + 6a^2c^2d^6e^7 - 4a^3cd^4e^9 + a^4d^2e^{11})x^3 + 10(c^4d^{11}e^2 - 4ac^3d^9e^4 + 6a^2c^2d^7e^6 - 4a^3cd^5e^8 + a^4d^3e^{10})x^2 + 5(c^4d^{12}e - 4ac^3d^{10}e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^8e^5 - 4a^3cd^6e^7 + a^4d^4e^9)x}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(16*c^4*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 105*a*c^3*d^6*e - 189*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 135*a^
3*c*d^2*e^5 - 35*a^4*e^7 + 8*(9*c^4*d^5*e^2 - a*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 + 6*(21*c
^4*d^6*e - 6*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + (105*c^4*d^7 - 63*a*c^
3*d^5*e^2 + 27*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 5*a^3*c*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e
+ (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^4*d^13 - 4*a*c^3*d^11*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^9*e^4 - 4*
a^3*c*d^7*e^6 + a^4*d^5*e^8 + (c^4*d^8*e^5 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 6*a^2*c^2*d
^4*e^9 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^11 + a^4*e^13)*x^5 + 5*(c^4*d^9*e^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^7*
e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^8 - 4*a^3*c*d^3*e^10 + a^4*d^2*e^12)*x^4 + 10*(c^4*d^10
*e^3 - 4*a*c^3*d^8*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^7 - 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^9 + a^4*d^2*e^1
1)*x^3 + 10*(c^4*d^11*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^9*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*
d^5*e^8 + a^4*d^3*e^10)*x^2 + 5*(c^4*d^12*e - 4*a*c^3*d^10*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2
*d^8*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^6*e^7 + a^4*d^4*e^9)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x)**6, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,5]%%},[10]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-10,[0,1,4]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1192, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
((4*c^2*d^3)/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (4*a*c*d*e^2)/(9
*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*
e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^4 - ((2*a*e^2)/(9*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e) - (2*c*d^2)/
(9*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d +
e*x)^5 + (((4*c^3*d^4 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 -
5*c*d^2*e)) - (8*c^3*d^4)/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*
(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^3 + (((8*c^4*d^5 +
8*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (16*c^4*
d^5)/(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a
*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (((16*c^5*d^6 + 16*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)/(
945*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5) - (32*c^5*d^6)/(945*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5))*(x*(a*
e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x) + (((2*c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d
*e^2)/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^2*d^3)/(9*(a*e^2 -
c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/
2))/(d + e*x)^4 + (((8*c^3*d^4)/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*
e)) - (8*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*
(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^3 + (((16*c^4*d^5)/(31
5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (16*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(315*(a*e^
2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^
2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((32*c^5*d^6)/(945*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5) - (32*...
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 926, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output `(2*(- 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**9 + 135*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**7 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**e**8*x - 189*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**5 + 27*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**6*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**3 - 63*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**4*x - 36*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**2 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3 + 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**7*e**2*x + 126*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**2 + 72*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**3 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**4 - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**9 - 80*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**8*e*x - 160*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**7*e**2*x**2 - 160*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**3 - 80*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**4 - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**5))/(315*e**2*(a**4*d**5*e**8 + 5*a**4*d**4*e**9*x + 10*a**4*d**3*e**10*x**2 + 10*a**4*d**2*e**11*x**3 + 5*a**4*d**e**12*x**4 + a**4*e**13*x**5 - 4*a**3*c*d**7*e**6 - 20*a**3*c*d**6*e**7*x - 40*a**3*c*d**5*e**8*x**2 - 40*a**3*c*d**4*e**9*x**3 - 20*a**3*c*d**3*e**10*x**4 - 4*a**3*c*d**2*e**11*x**5 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**9*e**4 + 30*a**2*c**2*d**8*e**5*x + 60*a**2*c**2*d**7*e**6*x**2 + 60*a**2*c**2*d**6*e**7*x**3...`

3.210 $\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1577
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1578
Rubi [A] (verified)	1579
Maple [B] (verified)	1582
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1583
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1584
Maxima [F(-2)]	1585
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1586
Mupad [F(-1)]	1586
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1587

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 421

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{512c^4d^4e^2} \\
 & + \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{768c^4d^4e(d+ex)} \\
 & + \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{60c^2d^2} \\
 & + \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{192c^4d^4(d+ex)^2} \\
 & + \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{96c^3d^3(d+ex)} \\
 & + \frac{(d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6cd} \\
 & + \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{512c^{9/2}d^{9/2}e^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-7/512*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e^
2+7/768*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^4/d^4/e
/(e*x+d)+7/60*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d
^2+7/192*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^4/d^4/
(e*x+d)^2+7/96*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^
3/d^3/(e*x+d)+1/6*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d+7/51
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-105a^5e^{10} + 35a^4cde^8(17d + 2ex) - 14a^3c^2d^2e^6(99d^2 + 28dex + 4e^2x^2) + 6a^2c^3d^3e^4(281d^3 + 150d^2ex + 52d^2e^2x^2 + 8e^3x^3) + ac^4d^4e^2(595d^4 + 5752d^3ex + 9528d^2e^2x^2 + 6560d^2e^3x^3 + 1664e^4x^4) + c^5d^5(-105d^5 + 70d^4ex + 3016d^3e^2x^2 + 6192d^2e^3x^3 + 4736d^2e^4x^4 + 1280e^5x^5))}{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} + (105(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6 \text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cd*x}}])}{(ae + cd*x)^{3/2}(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{7680*c^{9/2}*d^{9/2}*e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-105*a^5*e^10
+ 35*a^4*c*d*e^8*(17*d + 2*e*x) - 14*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(99*d^2 + 28*d*e*x +
4*e^2*x^2) + 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(281*d^3 + 150*d^2*e*x + 52*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*e
^3*x^3) + a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(595*d^4 + 5752*d^3*e*x + 9528*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6560*
d*e^3*x^3 + 1664*e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(-105*d^5 + 70*d^4*e*x + 3016*d^3*e^2*
x^2 + 6192*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 4736*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 1280*e^5*x^5)))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(
d + e*x)) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])
/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(76
80*c^(9/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1134, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1134 \\
 & \frac{7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d+ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{\frac{12d}{(d+ex) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6cd}{6cd}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{\frac{12d}{(d+ex) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6cd}{6cd}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+adedx}}{16cde} \right)}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd} \right)}{\frac{12d}{(d+ex) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6cd}{6cd}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{16cde} \right)}{2d} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{6cd} \qquad 12d \\
 \downarrow 1092
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{16cde} \right)}{2d} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{6cd} \qquad 12d \\
 \downarrow 219
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right) \\
 & \frac{7\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)}{2d} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6cd} \qquad 12d
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*c*d) + (7*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(2*d))/(12*d)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p \cdot ((b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c) / (2 \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3 \cdot p])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4 \cdot c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$

rule 1134 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_))^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + p) \cdot ((2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_)) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1187 vs. $2(381) = 762$.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1188

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d^2*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))+e^2*(1/6*x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/d/e/c-7/12*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/d/e/c-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))-1/6*a/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))+2*d*e*(1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/d/e/c-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1042, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/30720*(105*(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*sqrt(c*d*e)
*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) +
8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(1280*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 - 105*c^6*d^11*e + 595*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 1686*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 1386*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 595*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - 105*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 128*(37*c^6*d^7*e^5 + 13*a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*
x^4 + 16*(387*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 410*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 + 8*(377*c^6*d^9*e^3 + 1191*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 39*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - 7*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^6*d^10*e^2 + 2876*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 450*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 196*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + 35*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*e^3), -1/15360*(105*(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(1280*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 - 105*c^6*d^11*e + 595*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 1686*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 1386*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 595*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - 105*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 128*(37*c^6*d^7*e^5 + 13*a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^4 + 16*(387*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 410*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 + 8*(377*c^6*d^9*e^3 + 1191*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 39*a^2*c^4*d^5...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2909 vs. $2(400) = 800$.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2909, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.91

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))*(c*d*e**3*x**5/6
+ x**4*(2*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3 - c*d*e**3*(11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d*
**2/2)/6)/(5*c*d*e) + x**3*(a**2*e**6 + 43*a*c*d**2*e**4/6 + 6*c**2*d**4*e*
**2 - (9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3 - c*d*e**3
*(11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)/6)/(5*c*d*e))/(4*c*d*e) + x**2*(4*a**2*d*e**5
+ 12*a*c*d**3*e**3 - 4*a*(2*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3 - c*d*e**3*(11*
a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)/6)/(5*c) + 4*c**2*d**5*e - (7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/
2)*(a**2*e**6 + 43*a*c*d**2*e**4/6 + 6*c**2*d**4*e**2 - (9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*
d**2/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3 - c*d*e**3*(11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d*
**2/2)/6)/(5*c*d*e))/(4*c*d*e))/(3*c*d*e) + x*(6*a**2*d**2*e**4 + 8*a*c*d**
4*e**2 - 3*a*(a**2*e**6 + 43*a*c*d**2*e**4/6 + 6*c**2*d**4*e**2 - (9*a*e**
2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3 - c*d*e**3*(11*a*e**2/2
+ 11*c*d**2/2)/6)/(5*c*d*e))/(4*c) + c**2*d**6 - (5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2
)*(4*a**2*d*e**5 + 12*a*c*d**3*e**3 - 4*a*(2*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3
- c*d*e**3*(11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)/6)/(5*c) + 4*c**2*d**5*e - (7*a*e*
**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(a**2*e**6 + 43*a*c*d**2*e**4/6 + 6*c**2*d**4*e**2 - (9
*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3 - c*d*e**3*(11*a*
e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)/6)/(5*c*d*e))/(4*c*d*e))/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e) + (4*a
**2*d**3*e**3 + 2*a*c*d**5*e - 2*a*(4*a**2*d*e**5 + 12*a*c*d**3*e**3 - 4*a
*(2*a*c*d*e**5 + 4*c**2*d**3*e**3 - c*d*e**3*(11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{7680} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(10cde^3x + \frac{37c^6d^7e^7 + 13ac^5d^5e^9}{c^5d^5e^5} \right) x + 7(c^6d^{12} - 6ac^5d^{10}e^2 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 + 15a^4c^2d^4e^8 - 6a^5cd^2e^{10} + a^6e^{12}) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right| \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) / (1024 \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7680*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*c*d*e^3*x + (37*c^6*d^7*e^7 + 13*a*c^5*d^5*e^9)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x + (387*c^6*d^8*e^6 + 410*a*c^5*d^6*e^8 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^10)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x + (377*c^6*d^9*e^5 + 1191*a*c^5*d^7*e^7 + 39*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^9 - 7*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^11)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x + (35*c^6*d^10*e^4 + 2876*a*c^5*d^8*e^6 + 450*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^8 - 196*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^10 + 35*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^12)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x - (105*c^6*d^11*e^3 - 595*a*c^5*d^9*e^5 - 1686*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^7 + 1386*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^9 - 595*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^11 + 105*a^5*c*d*e^13)/(c^5*d^5*e^5)) - 7/1024*(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^4*d^4*e^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (d+ex)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1033, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d*e**11 + 595*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**9 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**10*x - 1386*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**7 - 392*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8*x - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**2 + 1686*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5 + 900*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**6*x + 312*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**3 + 595*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**9*e**3 + 5752*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**8*e**4*x + 9528*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**7*e**5*x**2 + 6560*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**6*e**6*x**3 + 1664*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**7*x**4 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**11*e + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**10*e**2*x + 3016*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**9*e**3*x**2 + 6192*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**8*e**4*x**3 + 4736*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**7*e**5*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**6*e**6*x**5 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**6*e**12 - 630*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**...`

3.211 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1588
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1589
Rubi [A] (verified)	1589
Maple [A] (verified)	1592
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1593
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1594
Maxima [F(-2)]	1595
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1596
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1597
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1598

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 363

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \\
 & - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2}}{128c^3 d^3 e^2} \\
 & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{64c^3 d^3 e (d + ex)} \\
 & + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd} \\
 & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{16c^3 d^3 (d + ex)^2} \\
 & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8c^2 d^2 (d + ex)} \\
 & + \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d(d+ex)}}\right)}{128c^{7/2} d^{7/2} e^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -3/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e^2 \\
 & +1/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d) \\
 & +1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d+1/16*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2 \\
 & *(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^2+1/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2) \\
 & *(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)+3/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5 \\
 & *arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(5/2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(15a^4e^8 - 10a^3cde^6(7d+ex) + 2a^2c^2d^2e^4(64d^2+23dex+4e^2x^2) + 2ac^3d^3e^2(35d+ex) + c^4d^4e^2)}{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \right) + cdx^2}{6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(15*a^4*e^8 - 10*a^3*c*d*e^6*(7*d + e*x) + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(64*d^2 + 23*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(35*d^3 + 233*d^2*e*x + 256*d*e^2*x^2 + 88*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-15*d^4 + 10*d^3*e*x + 248*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 336*d*e^3*x^3 + 128*e^4*x^4)))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2))*d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(640*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(5/2))
 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{16cde} \right)}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd}$$

↓ 1087

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \dots}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd} \quad 2d$$

↓ 1092

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \dots}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd} \quad 2d$$

↓ 219

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 a}{16cde} \right)}{2d} \right) = \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c) * (((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(2*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))* ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1087

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```


rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 559, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
default	$d \left(\frac{(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} + \frac{3(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) \left(\frac{(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)\sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e}}{4cde} \right)}{\dots} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
d*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d
/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))+e*(1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x
+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/d/e/c-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^
2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2
+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))
/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output

```

[-1/2560*(15*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2
*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 +
c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a
*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^
3)*x) - 4*(128*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 - 15*c^5*d^9*e + 70*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 128*a^2
*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 70*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 15*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 16*(21*c^5*d^6*e^4 +
11*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + 8*(31*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + a^2*c^3*d^3
*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(5*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 233*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 23*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 5*
a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*
e^3), -1/1280*(15*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^
3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c
*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*
d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(128
*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 - 15*c^5*d^9*e + 70*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 128*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 -
70*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 15*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 16*(21*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 11*a*c^4*d^4*e
^6)*x^3 + 8*(31*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*
(5*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 233*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 23*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^
8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e^3)]

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1681 vs. $2(335) = 670$.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1681, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))*(c*d*e**2*x**4/5
+ x**3*(2*a*c*d*e**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - c*d*e**2*(9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2
/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e) + x**2*(a**2*e**5 + 26*a*c*d**2*e**3/5 + 3*c**2*d**4*e -
(7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - c*d*e**2*(9*a
*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e))/(3*c*d*e) + x*(3*a**2*d*e**4 + 6*a*c*d
**3*e**2 - 3*a*(2*a*c*d*e**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - c*d*e**2*(9*a*e**2/2 + 9
*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c) + c**2*d**5 - (5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(a**2*e**5 + 2
6*a*c*d**2*e**3/5 + 3*c**2*d**4*e - (7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**
4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - c*d*e**2*(9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e))/(3
*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e) + (3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a*c*d**4*e - 2*a*(a**2*e**5 + 2
6*a*c*d**2*e**3/5 + 3*c**2*d**4*e - (7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**
4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - c*d*e**2*(9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e))/(3
*c) - (3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)*(3*a**2*d*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 3*a*(2*
a*c*d*e**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - c*d*e**2*(9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c
) + c**2*d**5 - (5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(a**2*e**5 + 26*a*c*d**2*e**3/5
+ 3*c**2*d**4*e - (7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*(2*a*c*d*e**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e*
*2 - c*d*e**2*(9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*c*d*e))/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e)
)/(c*d*e)) + (a**2*d**3*e**2 - a*(3*a**2*d*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 3*a*(2
*a*c*d*e**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - c*d*e**2*(9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)/5)/(4*
c) + c**2*d**5 - (5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)*(a**2*e**5 + 26*a*c*d**2*e**...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="ma
xima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{640} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8cde^2x + \frac{21c^5d^6e^5 + 11ac^4d^4e^7}{c^4d^4e^4} \right) x + \frac{31c^5}{c^4d^4e^4} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} (\sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}) \right| \right)}{256 \sqrt{cdec^3d^3e^2}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/640*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*c*d*e^2*x +
(21*c^5*d^6*e^5 + 11*a*c^4*d^4*e^7)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (31*c^5*d^7*e^4 + 6
4*a*c^4*d^5*e^6 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (5*c^5*d^8*e^3 + 233
*a*c^4*d^6*e^5 + 23*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^7 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^9)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x
- (15*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 70*a*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 128*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 70*a^3*c^2*d^
3*e^8 - 15*a^4*c*d*e^10)/(c^4*d^4*e^4)) - 3/256*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^
2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*
log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c
*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^3*d^3*e^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 646, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{5cd} + \frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + cxd e + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{4ce} - \frac{\left(\frac{3(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{4} - 3acd^2e^2\right) \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{4cde}\right) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} - \frac{\ln\left(2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\sqrt{cd}\right)}{4ce}}{(cd^2 + ae^2) \left(\frac{x(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{4} - \frac{3ade \left(\ln\left(2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\sqrt{cde+ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}\right) \left(\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{8(cde)^{3/2}} - \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{2}\right)\right)}{4}}\right)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(5*c*d) + (((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*c*e) - (((3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/4 - 3*a*c*d^2*e^2)*((x/2 + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(4*c*d*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2) - (log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 - a*c*d^2*e^2))/(2*(c*d*e)^(3/2))))/(4*c*e) - ((a*e^2 + c*d^2)*((x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/4 - (3*a*d*e*(log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/(8*(c*d*e)^(3/2)) - (a*d*e)/(2*(c*d*e)^(1/2)))) - ((a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(4*c*d*e))/4 + ((a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) + (3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/(8*(c*d*e)^(3/2)) - (a*d*e)/(2*(c*d*e)^(1/2)))) - ((a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(4*c*d*e)))/(16*c*d*e))/(2*c*d)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 790, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**9 - 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7 - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x + 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5 + 46*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**2 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3 + 466*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x + 512*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**2 + 176*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**3 - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**9*e + 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**8*e**2*x + 248*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**2 + 336*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**3 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**5*e**5*x**4 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**5*e**10 + 75*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 - 150*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 150*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 75*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))...`

3.212 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1599
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1600
Rubi [A] (verified)	1600
Maple [A] (verified)	1602
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1603
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1603
Maxima [F(-2)]	1604
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1605
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1605
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1606

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{64c^2d^2e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{64c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-3/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e^2+1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*
x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(5
/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-3a^3e^6 + a^2cde^4(11d+2ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(11d^2+44dex+24e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(-3d^3+2cd^2+2cde^2+cd^2+ae^2))}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \right) + c^3d^3(-3d^3+2cd^2+2cde^2+cd^2+ae^2)}{64c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-3*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*d*e^4*(11*d + 2*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(11*d^2 + 44*d*e*x + 24*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-3*d^3 + 2*d^2*e*x + 24*d*e^2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3)))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(64*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{8cde}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}} dx}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \\
 & 3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8cde} \right) \\
 & \frac{16cde}{16cde} \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \\
 & 3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{cd^2 + 2cdex + ae^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cdex + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cdex + ae^2)^2}{4cde}}}{4cde} \right) \\
 & \frac{16cde}{16cde} \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \\
 & 3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{16cde}{16cde}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*
p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} + \frac{3(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)}{\left(\frac{(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}{4cde}\right)} +$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+
3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^
2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 666, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd\right)}{3(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(2cdex+cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-cde}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2+acd^2e^2+(c^2d^3e+acde^3)x)}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/256*(3*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(16*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 - 3*c^4*d^7*e + 11*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 11*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 24*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + 22*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^3), -1/128*(3*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(16*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 - 3*c^4*d^7*e + 11*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 11*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 24*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + 22*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 442 vs. 2(209) = 418.

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1853, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.54

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `a*d*e*Piecewise(((x/2 + (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/(3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e), True)) + a*e**2*Piecewise(((a*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a*d*e/3 - (a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e) + (a*d*e/3 - (a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(-a*d*e*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(5/2)/5)/(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2, Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a*d*e)/2, True)) + c*d**2*Piecewise(((a*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a...`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2cdex + \frac{3(c^4d^5e^3 + ac^3d^3e^5)}{c^3d^3e^3} \right) x + \frac{c^4d^6e^2 + 22ac^3d^4e^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^6}{c^3d^3e^3} \right) x + \frac{3(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde}x^2 + cd^2 \right) \right| \right)}{128 \sqrt{cde} c^2 d^2 e^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*c*d*e*x + 3*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)/(c^3*d^3*e^3))*x + (c^4*d^6*e^2 + 22*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^3))*x - (3*c^4*d^7*e - 11*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 11*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^7)/(c^3*d^3*e^3) - 3/128*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*e^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + cxde + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right) (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{4cde} + \frac{\left(\frac{3(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{4} - 3acd^2e^2\right) \left(\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{cd^2+ae^2}{4cde}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} - \frac{\ln\left(2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\sqrt{cd}\right)}{4cde}\right)}{4cde}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

$$\frac{\left(\frac{(a^2e^2)/2 + (cd^2)/2 + cde^2}{4cde} - \left(\frac{(3(a^2e^2 + cd^2)^2)/4 - 3acde^2}{(x/2 + (a^2e^2 + cd^2)/(4cde))} \cdot (x(a^2e^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{3/2}\right) - \left(\log(2((ae + cd^2x)(d + ex))^{1/2} \cdot (cde)^{1/2} + a^2e^2 + cd^2 + 2cde^2) \cdot \frac{(a^2e^2 + cd^2)^2/4 - acde^2}{2(cde)^{3/2}}\right)\right)}{4cde}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3cd^7e^7 + 11\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2d^3e^5 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2d^3e^5 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2d^3e^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x}a^3c^2d^7e^7 + 11\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x}a^2c^2d^3e^5 + 2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x}a^2c^2d^3e^5 + \\ & 2c^2d^3e^5x + 11\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x}a^3c^2d^4e^4x + 24\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x}a^3c^2d^3e^5x^2 - 3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x} \\ &)c^4d^7e^2 + 2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x}c^4d^6e^2x + 24\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x}c^4d^5e^3x^2 + 16\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x} \\ &)c^4d^4e^4x^3 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{a^2e^2 - cd^2}) \\ &)a^4e^8 - 12\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{a^2e^2 - cd^2}) \\ &)a^3c^2d^2e^6 + 18\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{a^2e^2 - cd^2}) \\ &)a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 12\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{a^2e^2 - cd^2}) \\ &)a^3c^2d^6e^2 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cd^2x} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{a^2e^2 - cd^2}) \\ &)c^4d^8)/(64c^3d^3e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.213 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	1607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1608
Rubi [A] (verified)	1608
Maple [A] (verified)	1610
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1611
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1612
Maxima [F(-2)]	1612
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1613
Mupad [F(-1)]	1613
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1614

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8cde^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{d}{e}-\frac{ae}{cd}\right)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12(d+ex)} + \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3cd(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/e^2+(d/e
-a*e/c/d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(12*e*x+12*d)+1/3*(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^2+1/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*arcta
nh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d)
)/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/e^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(3a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(4d + 7ex) + c^2d^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(d + ex)}{\sqrt{ae + cdx}}\right] \right)}{24c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(4*d + 7*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-3*d^2 + 2*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(24*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1131, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1131

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{2e}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}} dx}{8cde} \right)}{2e}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1092 \\ & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \\ & (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{4cde} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \\ & (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*
p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1131 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x
] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b
*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && Ne
Q[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$\frac{(dec(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(ae^2-cd^2) \left(\frac{(2dec(x+\frac{d}{e})+ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{dec(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{4dec} - (ae^2-cd^2)^2 \ln\left(\frac{ae^2-cd^2}{2} - \dots \right) \right)}{e^2}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

output

```
1/e*(1/3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*
1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x
d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e
)))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1
/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \left[-\frac{3(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + \dots\right)}{48c^2d^2e^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(2cdex+cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-cde}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2+acd^2e^2+(c^2d^3e+acde^3)x)}\right)}{48c^2d^2e^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output

```
[-1/96*(3*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(c*d
*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d
*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e
) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 - 3*c^3*d^5*e + 8*
a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 2*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(
c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^3), -1/48*(3*(c^3*d^6 -
3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt
(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-
c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(8
*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 - 3*c^3*d^5*e + 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 2*(c^3*
d^4*e^2 + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)
)/(c^2*d^2*e^3)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 751, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
a*e*Piecewise(((x/2 + (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**3/2)/(3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e), True)) + c*d*Piecewise((-a*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a*d*e/3 - (a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e) + (a*d*e/3 - (a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(-a*d*e*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**3/2/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**5/2/5)/(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2, Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a*d*e)/2, True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4cdx + \frac{c^3d^4e + 7ac^2d^2e^3}{c^2d^2e^2} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{16\sqrt{cdecde^2}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="gi
ac")
```

output

```
1/24*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*c*d*x + (c^3*d^4*e
+ 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)/(c^2*d^2*e^2))*x - (3*c^3*d^5 - 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2
*c*d*e^4)/(c^2*d^2*e^2)) - 1/16*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e
^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt
(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d*e^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2cde^5 + 8\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ac^2d^3e^3 + 14\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2de^4 + 3\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ac^3d^5e + 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^3d^4e^2x + 8\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^3d^3e^3x^2 - 3\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^3d^3e^3x^2 - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}) + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2})a^3e^6 + 9\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}) + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2})a^2cd^2e^4 - 9\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}) + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2})ac^2d^4e^2 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log((\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}) + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2})c^3d^6)/(24c^2d^2e^3)$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 + 14*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*e**6 + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**6)/(24*c**2*d**2*e**3)`

3.214 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1615
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1616
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{3}{4} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} + \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d+ex)} + \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3/4*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)+3/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}(ae + cdx)(d + ex)(5ae^2 + cd(-3d + 2ex)) + \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ae + c}}{4e^{5/2} \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}}{4e^{5/2} \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)*(5*a*e^2 + c*d*(-3*d + 2*e*x)) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d])/(4*e^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1131, 1131, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d + ex} dx}{4e}$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2e} \right)}{4e}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1092 \\
 \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)} - \\
 3(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e}}{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2ced + ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2ced + ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}}{e} \right) \\
 \hline
 4e \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)} - \\
 3(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e}}{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{de}^{3/2}}} \right) \\
 \hline
 4e
 \end{array}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

```
output (a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(2*e*(d + e*x)) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/e - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*e^(3/2)))/(4*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1131

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x
] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b
*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && Ne
Q[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 310 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2} - \frac{6 dec \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(a e^2 - c d^2) \left(\frac{2 dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) + a e^2 - c d^2}{4 dec} \sqrt{\frac{dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)}{4 dec}} \right)}{4 dec}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
1/e^2*(2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(
5/2)-6*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3
/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d
/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2
-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+
d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{3(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2x\right) + 3(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{-cde}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acde^3)x)}\right) - 2(2c^2d^2e^2x - 3c^2d^4)}{8cde^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(3*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x - 3*c^2*d^3*e + 5*a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^3), -1/8*(3*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x - 3*c^2*d^3*e + 5*a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 471 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3(c^2d^4 \operatorname{sgn}(\frac{1}{ex+d}) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 2acd^2e^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\frac{1}{ex+d}) \operatorname{sgn}(e) + a^2e^4 \operatorname{sgn}(\frac{1}{ex+d}) \operatorname{sgn}(e)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde - \frac{cd^2e}{ex+d} + \frac{ae^3}{ex+d}}}{\sqrt{-cde}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cde}e^2|e|} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(3*(c^2*d^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*
sgn(e) + a^2*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x
+ d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))/sqrt(-c*d*e))/(sqrt(-c*d*e)*e^2*abs(e)) + (3*sqrt
(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^3*d^5*e*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*s
gn(e) - 6*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*
sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 3*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x +
d))*a^2*c*d*e^5*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 5*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a
*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c^2*d^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 10*(c*d*e - c*d^2*
e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a*c*d^2*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) -
5*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a^2*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x
+ d))*sgn(e))/((c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) - a*e^3/(e*x + d))^2*e^2*abs(e))*abs(e)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}acd e^3 - 3\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}c^2d^3e + 2\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**3 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x +
3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*e**4 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt
(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a
*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sq
rt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*
*2*d**4)/(4*c*d*e**3)
```

3.215
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1623
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1624
Rubi [A] (verified)	1624
Maple [B] (verified)	1627
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1628
Sympy [F]	1628
Maxima [F(-2)]	1629
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1629
Mupad [F(-1)]	1630
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1630

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{3cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e^2} - \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{e(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2-2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^2-3*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/e^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{((ae + cd)x)(d + ex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(-2ae^2 + cd(3d+ex))}{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{(ae+cdx)^{3/2}}\right)}{(ae+cdx)^{3/2}} \right)}{e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[e]*(-2*a*e^2 + c*d*(3*d + e*x)))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1125, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1125$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{cde^2(cd^2 - cexd - 2ae^2)}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{cd \int \frac{cd^2 - cexd - 2ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex}$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{cd\left(\frac{3}{2}(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{cd\left(3(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{cd\left(\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cexd}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex}$$

input

`Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output

`(-2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x) - (c*d*(-Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2] + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]))/e^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1125 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e^{(2*m + 3)*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^{(m + 2)*(d + e*x))}, x] - \text{Simp}[e^{(2*m + 2)} \text{ Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[((-2*c*d + b*e)^{-m - 1} - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^{-m - 1})/(d + e*x), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, -3/2]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 391 vs. 2(142) = 284.

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{6\operatorname{dec}\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \dots$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e^3*(-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)+4*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)-6*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \left[-\frac{3(cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + \dots\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(3*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2))/(e^3*x + d*e^2), 1/2*(3*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2))/(e^3*x + d*e^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + adecd}}{e^2} + \frac{3(c^2d^3 - acde^2) \log\left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde}\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)\right|\right)}{2\sqrt{cdee^2}} + \frac{2\left(\sqrt{cdec^2d^4} - 2\sqrt{cdeacd^2e^2} + \sqrt{cdea^2e^4}\right)}{\sqrt{cde}\left(\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)e + \sqrt{cde}\right)e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*c*d/e^2 + 3/2*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*e^2) + 2*(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^4 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*a*c*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(c*d*e)*a^2*e^4)/(sqrt(c*d*e)*((sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*e + sqrt(c*d*e)*d)*e^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}ae^3 + 12\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e + 4\sqrt{e}}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `(- 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**3 + 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2*e + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e**2*x + 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*d*e**2 + 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*e**3*x - 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*d**3 - 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*d**2*e*x - 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*a*d*e**2 - 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*a*e**3*x + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c*d**3 + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c*d**2*e*x)/(4*e**3*(d + e*x))`

3.216 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1631
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1631
Rubi [A] (verified)	1632
Maple [B] (verified)	1635
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1636
Sympy [F]	1637
Maxima [F(-2)]	1637
Giac [F(-2)]	1637
Mupad [F(-1)]	1638
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1638

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} + \frac{2c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)-2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^3+2*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{e}(ae^2+cd(3d+4ex))}{(d+ex)^2}\right) + \frac{3c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{3e^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```


output

```
(2*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((sqrt[e]*(a*e^2 + c*d*(3*d + 4*e*x)))/
(d + e*x)^2) + (3*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/
(sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*sqrt[d + e*x]))/(3*e^(5/
2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1130, 1125, 25, 27, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^2} dx}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1125$$

$$\frac{cd \left(-\frac{\int \frac{cde}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{cd \left(-\frac{\int \frac{cde}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e*(d + e*x)^3) + (c*d*((-2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/e^(3/2))/e
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1125 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`
- rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 472 vs. 2(137) = 274.

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3\left(ae^2-cd^2\right)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} + \frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\left(ae^2-cd^2\right)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\left(ae^2-cd^2\right)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```

1/e^4*(-2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^4*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)
)^5/2)+2/3*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)
^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^5/2)+4*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+
d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^5/2)-6*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)
*(1/3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/4
*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)
))^1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/
(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)
))))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{3(cde^2x^2 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e\right) + 3(cde^2x^2 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}}}{2(c^2d^2ex^2 + acd^2e + (c^2d^3 + acd^2e)x)}\right) + 2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade}}{3(e^4x^2 + 2de^3x + d^2e^2)}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="
fricas")

```

output

```

[1/6*(3*(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*
x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3
)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e +
a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(4*c*d*e*x
+ 3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2), -1/3*(3*(c*d*e^2*x^2
+ 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c
*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 +
a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*x)*(4*c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2
)]

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,10]%%},0):[1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%},[4,4
]%%}+%%
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^4, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ae^3}{3} - 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cd^2e - \frac{8\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{3}}{(d + ex)^4}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**3 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*c*d**2*e - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e**2*x + 3*sqrt(e
)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*d**3 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqr
t(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d*
*2))*c*d**2*e*x + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
+ sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*d*e**2*x**2)/(
3*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))
```

$$3.217 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1639
Rubi [A] (verified)	1640
Maple [A] (verified)	1641
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1641
Sympy [F]	1642
Maxima [F(-2)]	1642
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1642
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1643
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1644

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^5}$$

output $2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^5$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^5}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^5, x]$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5(d + ex)^5 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(cd x^2 e+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5(ex+d)^4(a e^2-c d^2)}$	58
orering	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(ade+(a e^2+c d^2)x+cd x^2 e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5(ex+d)^4(a e^2-c d^2)}$	59
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(a e^2-c d^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^5(a e^2-c d^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^5}$	65
trager	$-\frac{2(d^2 c^2 x^2+2acdex+e^2 a^2)\sqrt{cd x^2 e+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}{5(ex+d)^3(a e^2-c d^2)}$	75

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$-2/5/(e*x+d)^4*(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{5(cd^5 - ad^3e^2 + (cd^2e^3 - ae^5)x^3 + 3(cd^3e^2 - ade^4)x^2 + 3(cd^4e$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}/(c*d^5 - a*d^3*e^2 + (c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e^2 - a*d*e^4)*x^2 + 3*(c*d^4*e - a*d^2*e^3)*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**5,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 806 vs. $2(50) = 100$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 806, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2/15*(3*sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c*d^2*e^3*abs(e) - a
*e^5*abs(e)) - ((15*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^2*
d^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c*d*e + 3
*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(5/2))*c^2*d^4*e^2*sgn(1/(e
*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)^2 - 2*(15*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x +
d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/
(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c*d*e + 3*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(
5/2))*a*c*d^2*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)^2 + (15*sqrt
(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*e - c*
d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c*d*e + 3*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x +
d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(5/2))*a^2*e^6*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c*d^2*e^2 -
a*e^4)^2 - 10*(3*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c*d*e
- (c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2))*c^2*d^3*e*sgn(1/(e*
x + d))*sgn(e)/(c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4) + 10*(3*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d)
+ a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c*d*e - (c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(
3/2))*a*c*d*e^3*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4) + 15*sqrt(c*d*
e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^2*d^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))/
(c*d^2*e^3*abs(e) - a*e^5*abs(e))*abs(e)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 901, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x)
```

output

```

(((d*((4*c^3*d^4)/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (2*c^2*d^2*(
5*a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))))/e + (2*a*c^2
*d^3*e^2 - 2*c^3*d^5 + 4*a^2*c*d*e^4)/(5*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*
d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (((d
*((40*c^4*d^5 - 56*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(15*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3) + (8*c^4*d^5)/(
15*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3)))/e + (8*a*c^2*d^2*(6*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2))/(15*(a*e^2
- c*d^2)^3))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) - (
((2*a^2*e^3)/(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e) + (d*((2*c^2*d^3)/(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)
- (4*a*c*d*e^2)/(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))/e)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c
*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((10*c^3*d^4 - 22*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(15*e^2*(
a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2) + (4*c^3*d^4)/(5*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d
^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) - (((d*((12*c^3*d^4 - 20*a*c^2*d
^2*e^2)/(5*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) + (4*c^3*d^4)/(5*(a*e^2
- c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))))/e + (4*a*c*d*e*(4*a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2))/(5*(
a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*
x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((d*((8*c^4*d^5)/(15*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3) - (4*
c^3*d^3*(11*a*e^2 - 7*c*d^2))/(15*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3)))/e + (4*a*c^3*d^4*
e^2 - 16*c^4*d^6 + 20*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)/(15*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3))*(x*(a*
e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2e^5}{5} - \frac{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd e^4 x}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^2 d^2 e^3}{5} + \frac{e^3(ae^5 x^3 - cd^2 e^3 x^3 + 3ad e^4 x^2 - 3cd^2 e^3 x)}{5}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x)
```

output

```

(2*( - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x
**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**5 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d
**4*e*x - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*
sqrt(c)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3))/(5*e**3*(a*d**3*e**2 + 3*a*d**2*e**3*x + 3*a
*d*e**4*x**2 + a*e**5*x**3 - c*d**5 - 3*c*d**4*e*x - 3*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 -
c*d**2*e**3*x**3))

```

3.218
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	1645
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1645
Rubi [A] (verified)	1646
Maple [A] (verified)	1647
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1648
Sympy [F]	1648
Maxima [F(-2)]	1649
Giac [F(-2)]	1649
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1650
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1650

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^6} + \frac{4cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^5}$$

output `2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^6+4/35*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2}(-5ae^2 + cd(7d + 2ex))}{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output

$$(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-5*a*e^2 + c*d*(7*d + 2*e*x)))/(35*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^6)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^6 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35(d + ex)^5 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^6 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^6, x]$$

output

$$(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^5)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-2cdxe+5ae^2-7cd^2)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35(ex+d)^5(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}$	90
orering	$-\frac{2(-2cdxe+5ae^2-7cd^2)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^5}$	91
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^6} + \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^5}$	131
trager	$-\frac{2(-2c^3d^3ex^3+a^2cd^2e^2x^2-7c^3d^4x^2+8a^2cd^3ex-14a^2cd^3ex+5e^4a^3-7d^2e^2a^2c)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{35(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^4}$	143

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output -2/35*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-2*c*d*e*x+5*a*e^2-7*c*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+
a*d*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^5/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{2(2c^3d^3ex^3 + 7a^2cd^2e^2 - 5a^3e^4 + (7c^3d^4 - a^2cd^2e^2)x^2 + 2(7a^2cd^3e - 4a^2cd^2e^3)x)\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{35(c^2d^8 - 2acd^6e^2 + a^2d^4e^4 + (c^2d^4e^4 - 2acd^2e^6 + a^2e^8)x^4 + 4(7c^3d^4 - a^2cd^2e^2)x^3 + 6(c^2d^6e^2 - 2a^2cd^4e^4 + a^2d^2e^6)x^2 + 4(c^2d^7e^4 - 2a^2cd^5e^3 + a^2d^3e^5)x)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(2*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 7*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^3*e^4 + (7*c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2 + 2*(7*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^2*d^8 - 2*a*c*d^6*e^2 + a^2*d^4*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^6 + a^2*e^8)*x^4 + 4*(c^2*d^5*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^5 + a^2*d*e^7)*x^3 + 6*(c^2*d^6*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^4 + a^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 4*(c^2*d^7*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^3 + a^2*d^3*e^5)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**6, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%}{1, [0,0,4]%%}, [8]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-8, [0,1,3]%%},0]: [1,0,%%{-1`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1477, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.31

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x)`

output

```
(((d*((4*c^3*d^4)/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (2*c^2*d^2*(5*a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))))/e + (2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*c^3*d^5 + 4*a^2*c*d*e^4)/(7*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((14*c^3*d^4 - 34*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(35*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) + (4*c^3*d^4)/(7*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (((d*((56*c^4*d^5 - 72*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) + (8*c^4*d^5)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))))/e + (8*a*c^2*d^2*e*(8*a*e^2 - 7*c*d^2))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((d*((16*c^5*d^6)/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4) - (8*c^4*d^4*(19*a*e^2 - 15*c*d^2))/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4)))/e + (8*c^3*d^3*(9*a^2*e^4 - 8*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2))/(105*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) - (((2*a^2*e^3)/(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e) + (d*((2*c^2*d^3)/(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e) - (4*a*c*d*e^2)/(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))/e)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 - (((28*c^4*d^5 - 36*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(35*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3) + (8*c^4*d^5)/(35*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) - (((d*((16*c^5*d^6)/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4) - (16*c^4*d^4*(11*a*e^2 - 9*c*d^2))/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.21

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3e^7}{7} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2cd^2e^5}{5} - \frac{16\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2cd}{35} + \frac{e^3(a^2e^8x^4 - 2acd^2e^6x^4 + \dots)}{35}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 + 7*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(
a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d
*e**6*x + 14*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 7*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*
e**4*x**3 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**7 - 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c
)*c**3*d**6*e*x - 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(
e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d*
*3*e**4*x**4))/(35*e**3*(a**2*d**4*e**4 + 4*a**2*d**3*e**5*x + 6*a**2*d**2
*e**6*x**2 + 4*a**2*d*e**7*x**3 + a**2*e**8*x**4 - 2*a*c*d**6*e**2 - 8*a*c
*d**5*e**3*x - 12*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 8*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 2*a*c*d**2*
e**6*x**4 + c**2*d**8 + 4*c**2*d**7*e*x + 6*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 4*c**2*d*
*5*e**3*x**3 + c**2*d**4*e**4*x**4))
```

3.219 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx$

Optimal result	1652
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1652
Rubi [A] (verified)	1653
Maple [A] (verified)	1654
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1655
Sympy [F]	1656
Maxima [F(-2)]	1656
Giac [F(-2)]	1656
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1657
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1658

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^7} + \frac{8cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{63(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^6} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{315(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^5}$$

output

```
2/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^7+8/63*
c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^6+16/
315*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+
d)^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2}(35a^2e^4-10acde^2(9d+2ex)+c^2d^2(63cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^7)}{315(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d+e*x)^7,x]
```

output

$$(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(35*a^2*e^4 - 10*a*c*d*e^2*(9*d + 2*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(63*d^2 + 36*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)))/(315*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^7)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d + ex)^7(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^6(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d + ex)^7(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d + ex)^7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35(d + ex)^5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^6(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^7, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^5)))/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-20xacde^3+36xc^2d^3e+35a^2e^4-90acd^2e^2+63c^2d^4)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315(ex+d)^6(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)}$
orering	$-\frac{2(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-20xacde^3+36xc^2d^3e+35a^2e^4-90acd^2e^2+63c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^6}$
default	$\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^7} - \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^6} + \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^5}\right)}{9(ae^2-cd^2)}$
trager	$-\frac{2(8c^4d^4e^2x^4-4ac^3d^3e^3x^3+36c^4d^5ex^3+3a^2c^2d^2e^4x^2-18ac^3d^4e^2x^2+63c^4d^6x^2+50de^5ca^3x-144a^2c^2d^3e^3x+126ac^3d^5ex+35a^4e^4)}{315(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^5}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/315*(c*d*x+a*e)*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-20*a*c*d*e^3*x+36*c^2*d^3*e*x+35*a^2*e^4-90*a*c*d^2*e^2+63*c^2*d^4)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^6/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 472 vs. $2(159) = 318$.

Time = 6.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{2(8c^4d^4e^2x^4 + 63c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 3(21c^4d^6 - 6a^2c^3d^4e^2 + a^2c^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 2(63a^2c^3d^5e - 72a^2c^2d^3e^3 + 25a^3c*d*e^5)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}}{315(c^3d^{11} - 3ac^2d^9e^2 + 3a^2cd^7e^4 - a^3d^5e^6 + (c^3d^6e^5 - 3ac^2d^4e^7 + 3a^2c*d^3e^8 - a^3d^2e^9)*x^5 + 5*(c^3d^7e^4 - 3a^2c^2d^5e^6 + 3a^2c*d^3e^8 - a^3d^2e^9)*x^3 + 10*(c^3d^8e^3 - 3a^2c^2d^6e^5 + 3a^2c*d^4e^7 - a^3d^2e^9)*x^2 + 10*(c^3d^9e^2 - 3a^2c^2d^7e^4 + 3a^2c*d^5e^6 - a^3d^3e^8)*x + 5*(c^3d^{10}e - 3a^2c^2d^8e^3 + 3a^2c*d^6e^5 - a^3d^4e^7)*x}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(8*c^4*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 63*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 90*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + 35*a^4*e^6 + 4*(9*c^4*d^5*e - a*c^3*d^3*e^3)*x^3 + 3*(21*c^4*d^6 - 6*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(63*a^2*c^3*d^5*e - 72*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 25*a^3*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^3*d^11 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^9*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^7*e^4 - a^3*d^5*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^5 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^8 - a^3*d^2*e^9)*x^5 + 5*(c^3*d^7*e^4 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^8 - a^3*d^2*e^9)*x^3 + 10*(c^3*d^8*e^3 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^7 - a^3*d^2*e^9)*x^2 + 10*(c^3*d^9*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^6 - a^3*d^3*e^8)*x + 5*(c^3*d^10*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^8*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^6*e^5 - a^3*d^4*e^7)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**7,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**7, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,5]%%},[10]%%}+%%{%%{[-10,[0,1,4]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2067, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.09

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^7,x)
```

output

```
((((d*((4*c^3*d^4)/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (2*c^2*d^2*(
5*a*e^2 - c*d^2)))/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))))/e + (2*a*c^2
*d^3*e^2 - 2*c^3*d^5 + 4*a^2*c*d*e^4)/(9*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*
d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 - (((1
48*c^4*d^5 - 188*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(315*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^
2*e)) + (8*c^4*d^5)/(63*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a
e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (((d*((16*c^5*d^6)/
(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (32*c^4*d^4*(7*a*e^2 - 6*c
*d^2)))/(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))))/e + (16*a*c^3*d^3*e
*(13*a*e^2 - 12*c*d^2))/(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*
(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (((18*c^3*d^4 -
46*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(63*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) + (4*c^3*d^
4)/(9*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e
+ c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((16*c^5*d^6)/(315*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)
^4) - (8*c^4*d^4*(47*a*e^2 - 41*c*d^2))/(945*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4))*(x*(a
e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) - (((d*((72*c^4*d^5 -
88*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) + (8*c^4*d^
5)/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))))/e + (8*a*c^2*d^2*e*(10*a
e^2 - 9*c*d^2))/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 +
c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (((d*((32*c^6*d^7)/(9...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 777, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^4e^9}{9} + \frac{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3cd^2e^7}{7} - \frac{20\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3cd}{63} + e^3(a^3e^{11}x^5 - 3a^2cd^2e^9x^4 + \dots)$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x)
```

output

```
(2*(-35*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a**4*e**9+90*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**7-50*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**8*x-63*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**5+144*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**6*x-3*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**7*x**2-126*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**4*x+18*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**2+4*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3-63*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**2-36*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**3-8*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**4+8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**9+40*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**8*e*x+80*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**7*e**2*x**2+80*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**3+40*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**4+8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**5)/(315*e**3*(a**3*d**5*e**6+5*a**3*d**4*e**7*x+10*a**3*d**3*e**8*x**2+10*a**3*d**2*e**9*x**3+5*a**3*d**10*x**4+a**3*e**11*x**5-3*a**2*c*d**7*e**4-15*a**2*c*d**6*e**5*x-30*a**2*c*d**5*e**6*x**2-30*a**2*c*d**4*e**7*x**3-15*a**2*c*d**3*e**8*x**4-3*a**2*c*d**2*e**9*x**5+3*a*c**2*d**9*e**2+15*a*c**2*d**8*e**3*x+30*a*c**2*d**7*e**4*x**2+30*a*c**2*d**6*e**5*x**3+15*a*c**2*d**5*e**6*x**4+3*a*c**2*d**4*e**7*x**5-c**3*d**11-5*c**3*d**10*e*x-10*c**3*d**9*e**2*x**2-10*c**3*d**8*e**3*...
```

3.220 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$

Optimal result	1659
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1660
Rubi [A] (verified)	1660
Maple [A] (verified)	1662
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1663
Sympy [F]	1664
Maxima [F(-2)]	1664
Giac [F(-2)]	1664
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1665
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1666

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^8} + \frac{4cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{33(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^7} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{231(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^6} + \frac{32c^3d^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{1155(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(d+ex)^5}$$

output

```
2/11*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^8+4/33
*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^7+16
/231*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x
+d)^6+32/1155*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^
2)^4/(e*x+d)^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2}(-105a^3e^6 + 35a^2cde^4(11d + 2ex) - 5a^2cd^2e^2(99d^2 + 44d*ex + 8e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(231d^3 + 198d^2*ex + 88d*e^2x^2 + 16e^3x^3))}{1155(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^4(d + ex)^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^8,x]
```

output

```
(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-105*a^3*e^6 + 35*a^2*c*d*e^4*(11*d + 2*e*x) - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(99*d^2 + 44*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(231*d^3 + 198*d^2*e*x + 88*d*e^2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3)))/(1155*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{6cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11(d + ex)^8(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d + ex)^7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11(d + ex)^8(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1129 \\
 & 6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d+ex)^6(cd^2 - ae^2)}}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d+ex)^7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2)}{11(d+ex)^8(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11(d+ex)^8(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 1123 \\
 & 6cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d+ex)^7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35(d+ex)^5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d+ex)^6(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 11(cd^2 - ae^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^8,x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8) + (6*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^5)))/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3+40x^2ac^2d^2e^4-88c^3d^4e^2x^2-70xa^2cde^5+220xa^2c^2d^3e^3-198c^3d^5ex+105e^6a^3-385d^2e^4a^2c+495d^4e^2a^2c^2-231d^6e^4a^2c^2-1155d^8e^6a^2c^2)}{1155(ex+d)^7(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3+40x^2ac^2d^2e^4-88c^3d^4e^2x^2-70xa^2cde^5+220xa^2c^2d^3e^3-198c^3d^5ex+105e^6a^3-385d^2e^4a^2c+495d^4e^2a^2c^2-231d^6e^4a^2c^2-1155d^8e^6a^2c^2)}{1155(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)(ex+d)^7}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{11(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^8}$
trager	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{11(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^8} - \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^6}\right)}{9(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^7}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
-2/1155*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+40*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-88*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2-70*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+220*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-198*c^3*d^5*e*x+105*a^3*e^6-385*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+495*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-231*c^3*d^6)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^7/(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 699 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 15.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 699, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{1155(c^4d^{14} - 4ac^3d^{12}e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^{10}e^4 - 4a^3cd^8e^6 + a^4d^6e^8 + (c^4d^8e^6 - 4a^3cd^6e^8 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^{10} - 4a^3cd^2e^{12} + a^4e^{14})x^6 + 6(c^4d^9e^5 - 4a^3cd^7e^7 + 6a^2c^2d^5e^9 - 4a^3cd^3e^{11} + a^4d^2e^{13})x^5 + 15(c^4d^{10}e^4 - 4a^3cd^8e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^6e^8 - 4a^3cd^4e^{10} + a^4d^2e^{12})x^4 + 20(c^4d^{11}e^3 - 4a^3cd^9e^5 + 6a^2c^2d^7e^7 - 4a^3cd^5e^9 + a^4d^3e^{11})x^3 + 15(c^4d^{12}e^2 - 4a^3cd^{10}e^4 + 6a^2c^2d^8e^6 - 4a^3cd^6e^8 + a^4d^4e^{10})x^2 + 6(c^4d^{13}e - 4a^3cd^{11}e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^9e^5 - 4a^3cd^7e^7 + a^4d^5e^9)x}{1155(c^4d^{14} - 4ac^3d^{12}e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^{10}e^4 - 4a^3cd^8e^6 + a^4d^6e^8 + (c^4d^8e^6 - 4a^3cd^6e^8 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^{10} - 4a^3cd^2e^{12} + a^4e^{14})x^6 + 6(c^4d^9e^5 - 4a^3cd^7e^7 + 6a^2c^2d^5e^9 - 4a^3cd^3e^{11} + a^4d^2e^{13})x^5 + 15(c^4d^{10}e^4 - 4a^3cd^8e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^6e^8 - 4a^3cd^4e^{10} + a^4d^2e^{12})x^4 + 20(c^4d^{11}e^3 - 4a^3cd^9e^5 + 6a^2c^2d^7e^7 - 4a^3cd^5e^9 + a^4d^3e^{11})x^3 + 15(c^4d^{12}e^2 - 4a^3cd^{10}e^4 + 6a^2c^2d^8e^6 - 4a^3cd^6e^8 + a^4d^4e^{10})x^2 + 6(c^4d^{13}e - 4a^3cd^{11}e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^9e^5 - 4a^3cd^7e^7 + a^4d^5e^9)x}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/1155*(16*c^5*d^5*e^3*x^5 + 231*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 495*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 85*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 - 105*a^5*e^8 + 8*(11*c^5*d^6*e^2 - a*c^4*d^4*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(99*c^5*d^7*e - 22*a*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + (231*c^5*d^8 - 99*a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 33*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(231*a*c^4*d^7*e - 396*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 275*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 70*a^4*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^4*d^14 - 4*a*c^3*d^12*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^10*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^8*e^6 + a^4*d^6*e^8 + (c^4*d^8*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^6*e^8 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + a^4*e^14)*x^6 + 6*(c^4*d^9*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^7*e^7 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^9 - 4*a^3*c*d^3*e^11 + a^4*d^2*e^13)*x^5 + 15*(c^4*d^10*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^8*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^8 - 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^10 + a^4*d^2*e^12)*x^4 + 20*(c^4*d^11*e^3 - 4*a^3*c*d^9*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^7 - 4*a^3*c*d^5*e^9 + a^4*d^3*e^11)*x^3 + 15*(c^4*d^12*e^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^10*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^8*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^6*e^8 + a^4*d^4*e^10)*x^2 + 6*(c^4*d^13*e - 4*a^3*c*d^11*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^9*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^7*e^7 + a^4*d^5*e^9)*x)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**8,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**8, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,6]%%}, [12]%%}+%%{%%{[-12, [0,1,5]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2657, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^8,x)
```

output

```
((((d*((4*c^3*d^4)/(11*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(9*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e)) - (2*c^2*d^2*
(5*a*e^2 - c*d^2)))/(11*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(9*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e))))/e + (2*a*c
^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*c^3*d^5 + 4*a^2*c*d*e^4)/(11*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(9*a*e^3 - 9
*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^5 - (
((228*c^4*d^5 - 284*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(693*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c
*d^2*e)) + (8*c^4*d^5)/(99*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*
(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((d*((16*c^5*d^
6)/(693*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (16*c^4*d^4*(17*a*e^2 -
15*c*d^2))/(693*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))))/e + (16*a*c^3*
d^3*e*(16*a*e^2 - 15*c*d^2))/(693*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))
)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((d*((32*c
^6*d^7)/(3465*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (64*c^5*d^5*(10*a
*e^2 - 9*c*d^2))/(3465*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))))/e + (32*
a*c^4*d^4*e*(19*a*e^2 - 18*c*d^2))/(3465*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*
d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (((2
2*c^3*d^4 - 58*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(99*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))
+ (4*c^3*d^4)/(11*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c
*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 - (((32*c^6*d^7)/(3465*e^2*(
a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5) - (16*c^5*d^5*(71*a*e^2 - 65*c*d^2))/(10395*e^2*(a*e^2 -
c*d^2)^5))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) - ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1149, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*e**11 + 385*sqrt(d + e*x)*
sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**9 - 140*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a
**4*c*d*e**10*x - 495*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**7
+ 550*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**8*x - 5*sqrt(d + e
*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**9*x**2 + 231*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**5 - 792*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*
c**3*d**5*e**6*x + 33*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**7*
x**2 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**8*x**3 + 462*sq
rt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**4*x - 99*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a
*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**5*x**2 - 44*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c
**4*d**5*e**6*x**3 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**7*x*
**4 + 231*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**8*e**3*x**2 + 198*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**4*x**3 + 88*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**4 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**5
*e**6*x**5 - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**11 - 96*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(c)*c**5*d**10*e*x - 240*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**9*e**2*x**2 - 3
20*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**8*e**3*x**3 - 240*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(
c)*c**5*d**7*e**4*x**4 - 96*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**5 -
16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**5*e**6*x**6))/(1155*e**3*(a**4*d**6*e**
8 + 6*a**4*d**5*e**9*x + 15*a**4*d**4*e**10*x**2 + 20*a**4*d**3*e**11*x...
```

3.221 $\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1667
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1668
Rubi [A] (verified)	1669
Maple [B] (verified)	1674
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1675
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1675
Maxima [F(-2)]	1676
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1677
Mupad [F(-1)]	1677
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1678

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 544

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{45(cd^2 - ae^2)^7 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2}}{16384c^5d^5e^3} \\
 & - \frac{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8192c^5d^5e^2(d+ex)} \\
 & + \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2048c^5d^5e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & + \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{112c^2d^2} \\
 & + \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{1024c^5d^5(d+ex)^3} \\
 & + \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{128c^4d^4(d+ex)^2} \\
 & + \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{64c^3d^3(d+ex)} \\
 & + \frac{(d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{8cd} \\
 & - \frac{45(cd^2 - ae^2)^8 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d(d+ex)}}\right)}{16384c^{11/2}d^{11/2}e^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 45/16384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^5/d^5/ \\ & e^3-15/8192*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/c^5/d \\ & ^5/e^2/(e*x+d)+3/2048*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(\\ & 5/2)}/c^5/d^5/e/(e*x+d)^2+9/112*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e \\ & *x^2)^{(7/2)}/c^2/d^2+9/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x \\ & ^2)^{(7/2)}/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^3+3/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+ \\ & c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^2+3/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d \\ & ^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)+1/8*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+ \\ & c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c/d-45/16384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^8*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a \\ & ^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d))/c^{(11/2)}/d^{(11/2)}/e^{ \\ & (7/2)} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(315a^7e^{14} - 105a^6cde^{12}(23d+2ex) + 21a^5c^2d^2e^{10}(383d^2+76dex+8e^2x^2) - 3a^4c^3d^3e^8(5053d^3 + 1754d^2e*x + 424d*e^2*x^2 + 48e^3*x^3) + a^3c^4d^4e^6(17609d^4 + 9800d^3e*x + 4176d^2e^2*x^2 + 1088d*e^3*x^3 + 128e^4*x^4) + 3a^2c^5d^5e^4(2681d^5 + 31014d^4e*x + 66928d^3e^2*x^2 + 68320d^2e^3*x^3 + 34432d*e^4*x^4 + 6912e^5*x^5) + 3a*c^6d^6e^2(-805d^6 + 532d^5e*x + 32344d^4e^2*x^2 + 87744d^3e^3*x^3 + 99968d^2e^4*x^4 + 53760d*e^5*x^5 + 11264e^6*x^6) + c^7d^7(315d^7 - 210d^6e*x + 168d^5e^2*x^2 + 32624d^4e^3*x^3 + 98432d^3e^4*x^4 + 119040d^2e^5*x^5 + 66560d*e^6*x^6 + 14336e^7*x^7))}{(114688*c^{(11/2)}*d^{(11/2)}*e^{(7/2)}} \right)}{+ cdx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(5/2)}*((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*(315*a^7*e^{14} - \\ & 105*a^6*c*d*e^{12}*(23*d + 2*e*x) + 21*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^{10}*(383*d^2 + 76*d*e*x \\ & + 8*e^2*x^2) - 3*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8*(5053*d^3 + 1754*d^2*e*x + 424*d*e^2*x^2 \\ & + 48*e^3*x^3) + a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6*(17609*d^4 + 9800*d^3*e*x + 4176*d^2*e^2* \\ & x^2 + 1088*d*e^3*x^3 + 128*e^4*x^4) + 3*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^4*(2681*d^5 + 31014* \\ & d^4*e*x + 66928*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 68320*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 34432*d*e^4*x^4 + 6912*e \\ & ^5*x^5) + 3*a*c^6*d^6*e^2*(-805*d^6 + 532*d^5*e*x + 32344*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 87 \\ & 744*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 99968*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 53760*d*e^5*x^5 + 11264*e^6*x^6) + c \\ & ^7*d^7*(315*d^7 - 210*d^6*e*x + 168*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 32624*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 9843 \\ & 2*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 119040*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 66560*d*e^6*x^6 + 14336*e^7*x^7))))/((\\ & a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^2) - (315*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^8*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt} \\ & [d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])])/((a*e + c*d*x)^{(5/2)}*(d + \\ & e*x)^{(5/2)}))/((114688*c^{(11/2)}*d^{(11/2)}*e^{(7/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1134, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1134} \\
 & \frac{9\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d+ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2} dx}{\frac{16d}{(d+ex) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{8cd}{8cd}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{9\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2} dx}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \right)}{\frac{16d}{(d+ex) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{8cd}{8cd}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \\
 & \frac{9\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{24cde} \right)}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \right)}{\frac{16d}{(d+ex) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{8cd}{8cd}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$9\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} \right)}{24cde} \right)}{2d} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{8cd}$$

16d

↓ 1087

$$9\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} \right)}{24cde} \right)}{2d} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{8cd}$$

16

↓ 1092

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{8cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde}$$

$$9 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{8cd}$$

↓ 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{8cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} \right) \\
 & 9 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{8cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + ex)(ad^2e + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}) / (8cd) + (9(d^2 - (ae^2)/c) * ((ad^2e + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}) / (7cd) + ((d^2 - (ae^2)/c) * (((cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cde^2x)(ad^2e + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}) / (12cde) - (5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 * (((cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cde^2x)(ad^2e + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{3/2}) / (8cde) - (3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 * (((cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cde^2x) * \sqrt{ad^2e + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2}) / (4cde) - ((cd^2 - ae^2)^2 * \text{ArcTanh}[(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cde^2x) / (2\sqrt{c} * \sqrt{d} * \sqrt{e} * \sqrt{ad^2e + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2})]) / (8c^{3/2} * d^{3/2} * e^{3/2}))) / (16cde))) / (24cde))) / (2d))) / (16d) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x^2))^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x^2))^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2cx) * ((a + bx + cx^2)^p / (2c(2p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p * ((b^2 - 4ac) / (2c(2p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3p])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x^2))}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx) / \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$$

rule 1134

$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))^{m_} * ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x^2))^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e * (d + ex)^{m-1} * ((a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1}) / (c * (m + 2p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + p) * ((2cd - b^2e) / (c * (m + 2p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + ex)^{m-1} * (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c * d^2 - b * d * e + a * e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * p]$$

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1559 vs. $2(496) = 992$.

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1560, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1560

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
d^2*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/
c/d/e+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d
^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d
*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^
2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)
)/(d*e*c)^(1/2))) + e^2*(1/8*x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/d/e/
c-9/16*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/d/
e/c-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*
d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/c/d/e+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(
1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+
3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^
2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)))) - 1/8*a/c*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2
+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/c/d/e+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x
+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2
*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4
*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1520, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
[1/458752*(315*(c^8*d^16 - 8*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 28*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 56*a^3
*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 70*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 56*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 28*a^6*c^2*d^4*
e^12 - 8*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^
2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^
2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*
x) + 4*(14336*c^8*d^8*e^8*x^7 + 315*c^8*d^15*e - 2415*a*c^7*d^13*e^3 + 804
3*a^2*c^6*d^11*e^5 + 17609*a^3*c^5*d^9*e^7 - 15159*a^4*c^4*d^7*e^9 + 8043*
a^5*c^3*d^5*e^11 - 2415*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^13 + 315*a^7*c*d*e^15 + 1024*(65*c^8
*d^9*e^7 + 33*a*c^7*d^7*e^9)*x^6 + 768*(155*c^8*d^10*e^6 + 210*a*c^7*d^8*e
^8 + 27*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^10)*x^5 + 128*(769*c^8*d^11*e^5 + 2343*a*c^7*d^9*e^7
+ 807*a^2*c^6*d^7*e^9 + a^3*c^5*d^5*e^11)*x^4 + 16*(2039*c^8*d^12*e^4 + 1
6452*a*c^7*d^10*e^6 + 12810*a^2*c^6*d^8*e^8 + 68*a^3*c^5*d^6*e^10 - 9*a^4*
c^4*d^4*e^12)*x^3 + 24*(7*c^8*d^13*e^3 + 4043*a*c^7*d^11*e^5 + 8366*a^2*c^
6*d^9*e^7 + 174*a^3*c^5*d^7*e^9 - 53*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^11 + 7*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^13
)*x^2 - 2*(105*c^8*d^14*e^2 - 798*a*c^7*d^12*e^4 - 46521*a^2*c^6*d^10*e^6
- 4900*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^8 + 2631*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^10 - 798*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^12 + 10
5*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^14)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^6*d
^6*e^4), 1/229376*(315*(c^8*d^16 - 8*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 28*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4
- 56*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 70*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 56*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 28*a^6*
c^2*d^4*e^12 - 8*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqr...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8918 vs. 2(518) = 1036.

Time = 6.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8918, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.39

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2))*(c**2*d**2*e**4*x**7/8 + x**6*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**4 - c**2*d**2*e**4*(15*a**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)/8)/(7*c*d*e) + x**5*(3*a**2*c*d**7 + 113*a*c**2*d**3*e**5/8 + 10*c**3*d**5*e**3 - (13*a**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**4 - c**2*d**2*e**4*(15*a**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)/8)/(7*c*d*e))/(6*c*d*e) + x**4*(a**3*e**8 + 15*a**2*c*d**2*e**6 + 30*a*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 6*a*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**4 - c**2*d**2*e**4*(15*a**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)/8)/(7*c) + 10*c**3*d**6*e**2 - (11*a**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)*(3*a**2*c*d**7 + 113*a*c**2*d**3*e**5/8 + 10*c**3*d**5*e**3 - (13*a**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**4 - c**2*d**2*e**4*(15*a**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)/8)/(7*c*d*e))/(6*c*d*e))/(5*c*d*e) + x**3*(5*a**3*d**7 + 30*a**2*c*d**3*e**5 + 30*a*c**2*d**5*e**3 - 5*a*(3*a**2*c*d**7 + 113*a*c**2*d**3*e**5/8 + 10*c**3*d**5*e**3 - (13*a**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**4 - c**2*d**2*e**4*(15*a**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)/8)/(7*c*d*e))/(6*c) + 5*c**3*d**7*e - (9*a**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)*(a**3*e**8 + 15*a**2*c*d**2*e**6 + 30*a*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 6*a*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**4 - c**2*d**2*e**4*(15*a**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)/8)/(7*c) + 10*c**3*d**6*e**2 - (11*a**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)*(3*a**2*c*d**7 + 113*a*c**2*d**3*e**5/8 + 10*c**3*d**5*e**3 - (13*a**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**6 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**4 - c**2*d**2*e**4...`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 786, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/114688*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(2*(4*(14*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + (65*c^9*d^10*e^10 + 33*a*c^8*d^8*e^12)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + 3*(155*c^9*d^11*e^9 + 210*a*c^8*d^9*e^11 + 27*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^13)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (769*c^9*d^12*e^8 + 2343*a*c^8*d^10*e^10 + 807*a^2*c^7*d^8*e^12 + a^3*c^6*d^6*e^14)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (2039*c^9*d^13*e^7 + 16452*a*c^8*d^11*e^9 + 12810*a^2*c^7*d^9*e^11 + 68*a^3*c^6*d^7*e^13 - 9*a^4*c^5*d^5*e^15)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + 3*(7*c^9*d^14*e^6 + 4043*a*c^8*d^12*e^8 + 8366*a^2*c^7*d^10*e^10 + 174*a^3*c^6*d^8*e^12 - 53*a^4*c^5*d^6*e^14 + 7*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^16)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x - (105*c^9*d^15*e^5 - 798*a*c^8*d^13*e^7 - 46521*a^2*c^7*d^11*e^9 - 4900*a^3*c^6*d^9*e^11 + 2631*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^13 - 798*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^15 + 105*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^17)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (315*c^9*d^16*e^4 - 2415*a*c^8*d^14*e^6 + 8043*a^2*c^7*d^12*e^8 + 17609*a^3*c^6*d^10*e^10 - 15159*a^4*c^5*d^8*e^12 + 8043*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^14 - 2415*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^16 + 315*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^18)/(c^7*d^7*e^7)) + 45/32768*(c^8*d^16 - 8*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 28*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 56*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 70*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 56*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 28*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 8*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^5*d^5*e^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (d + ex)^2 (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1615, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(315*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**7*c*d*e**15 - 2415*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c**2*d**3*e**13 - 210*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c**2*d**2*e**14*x + 8043*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**3*d**5*e**11 + 1596*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**3*d**4*e**12*x + 168*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**3*d**3*e**13*x**2 - 15159*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**4*d**7*e**9 - 5262*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**4*d**6*e**10*x - 1272*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**4*d**5*e**11*x**2 - 144*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**4*d**4*e**12*x**3 + 17609*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**9*e**7 + 9800*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**8*e**8*x + 4176*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**7*e**9*x**2 + 1088*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**6*e**10*x**3 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**5*e**11*x**4 + 8043*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**11*e**5 + 93042*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**10*e**6*x + 200784*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**9*e**7*x**2 + 204960*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**8*e**8*x**3 + 103296*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**7*e**9*x**4 + 20736*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**6*e**10*x**5 - 2415*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**7*d**13*e**3 + 1596*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**7*d**12*e**4*x + 97032*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**7*d**...`

3.222 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1679
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1680
Rubi [A] (verified)	1681
Maple [A] (verified)	1684
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1686
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1687
Maxima [F(-2)]	1688
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1689
Mupad [F(-1)]	1690
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1690

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 486

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & = \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2}}{1024c^4d^4e^3} \\
 & - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{1536c^4d^4e^2(d+ex)} \\
 & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{384c^4d^4e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \\
 & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{64c^4d^4(d+ex)^3} \\
 & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{24c^3d^3(d+ex)^2} \\
 & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{12c^2d^2(d+ex)} \\
 & - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^7 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{1024c^9/2d^9/2e7/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 5/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^4/d^4/e^3-5/1536*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/c^4/d^4/e^2/(e*x+d)+1/384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^2+1/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c/d+1/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^3+1/24*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^2+1/12*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)-5/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^7*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d))/c^{(9/2)}/d^{(9/2)}/e^{(7/2)} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-105a^6e^{12} + 70a^5cde^{10}(10d+ex) - 7a^4c^2d^2e^8(283d^2 + 66dex + 8e^2x^2) + 4a^3c^3d^2e^4x^2)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

`Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(5/2)}*((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*(-105*a^6*e^{12} + 70*a^5*c*d*e^{10}*(10*d + e*x) - 7*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8*(283*d^2 + 66*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6*(768*d^3 + 323*d^2*e*x + 92*d*e^2*x^2 + 12*e^3*x^3) + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4*(1981*d^4 + 17140*d^3*e*x + 27648*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 18800*d*e^3*x^3 + 4736*e^4*x^4) + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e^2*(-350*d^5 + 231*d^4*e*x + 9032*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 18248*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 13824*d*e^4*x^4 + 3712*e^5*x^5) + c^6*d^6*(105*d^6 - 70*d^5*e*x + 56*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 6096*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 13696*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 11008*d*e^5*x^5 + 3072*e^6*x^6))))/((a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^2) - (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^7*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])])/((a*e + c*d*x)^{(5/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}))/((21504*c^{(9/2)}*d^{(9/2)}*e^{(7/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2} dx}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{24cde} \right)}{2d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{24cde} \right)}{24cde} \right)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{8cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \quad 2d$$

↓ 1092

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{8cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \quad 2d$$

↓ 219

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{8cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd} \quad 2d$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(7*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c) * (((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(12*c*d*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(24*c*d*e))/(2*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1}) / (2*c*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e) / (2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
default	$d \left(\frac{(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2x^2)e^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12cde} + \frac{5(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)}{\left(\frac{(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2x^2)}{8cde} \right)} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/c/
d/e+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2
)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2
+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x
^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+
1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/
(d*e*c)^(1/2)))+e*(1/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/d/e/c-1/2*
(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/c/d/e+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c
*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4
*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/
e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+
c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output

```

[-1/86016*(105*(c^7*d^14 - 7*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 35*a^3
*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7*a^6*c*d^2*e^12
- a^7*e^14)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 +
a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^
2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(3072*c^7*d^7*e^
7*x^6 + 105*c^7*d^13*e - 700*a*c^6*d^11*e^3 + 1981*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5 + 3072*
a^3*c^4*d^7*e^7 - 1981*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^9 + 700*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^11 - 105*a^6*c*
d*e^13 + 256*(43*c^7*d^8*e^6 + 29*a*c^6*d^6*e^8)*x^5 + 128*(107*c^7*d^9*e^
5 + 216*a*c^6*d^7*e^7 + 37*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^9)*x^4 + 16*(381*c^7*d^10*e^4 + 2
281*a*c^6*d^8*e^6 + 1175*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^8 + 3*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^10)*x^3 + 8*(7*
c^7*d^11*e^3 + 2258*a*c^6*d^9*e^5 + 3456*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^7 + 46*a^3*c^4*d^5*
e^9 - 7*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^11)*x^2 - 2*(35*c^7*d^12*e^2 - 231*a*c^6*d^10*e^4 -
8570*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^6 - 646*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^8 + 231*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^10 - 35*a^5
*c^2*d^2*e^12)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^5*d^5*e^
4), 1/43008*(105*(c^7*d^14 - 7*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 35*a
^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7*a^6*c*d^2*e^
12 - a^7*e^14)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a
*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d
^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(3072*c^7*d^7*e^7*x^6 + 105*c^7*d
^13*e - 700*a*c^6*d^11*e^3 + 1981*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5 + 3072*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^...

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5268 vs. $2(452) = 904$.

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5268, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.84

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```


output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))*(c**2*d**2*e**3*
x**6/7 + x**5*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**5 + 4*c**3*d**4*e**3 - c**2*d**2*e**3*(13*
a*e**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)/7)/(6*c*d*e) + x**4*(3*a**2*c*d*e**6 + 78*a*c**2*d
**3*e**4/7 + 6*c**3*d**5*e**2 - (11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2
*e**5 + 4*c**3*d**4*e**3 - c**2*d**2*e**3*(13*a*e**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)/7)/(
6*c*d*e))/(5*c*d*e) + x**3*(a**3*e**7 + 12*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 + 18*a*c**2*d*
**4*e**3 - 5*a*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**5 + 4*c**3*d**4*e**3 - c**2*d**2*e**3*(13*
a*e**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)/7)/(6*c) + 4*c**3*d**6*e - (9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/
2)*(3*a**2*c*d*e**6 + 78*a*c**2*d**3*e**4/7 + 6*c**3*d**5*e**2 - (11*a*e**
2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**5 + 4*c**3*d**4*e**3 - c**2*d**2*e**3
*(13*a*e**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)/7)/(6*c*d*e))/(5*c*d*e))/(4*c*d*e) + x**2*(4*
a**3*d*e**6 + 18*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 + 12*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 4*a*(3*a**2*c*d*
e**6 + 78*a*c**2*d**3*e**4/7 + 6*c**3*d**5*e**2 - (11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2
/2)*(3*a*c**2*d**2*e**5 + 4*c**3*d**4*e**3 - c**2*d**2*e**3*(13*a*e**2/2 +
13*c*d**2/2)/7)/(6*c*d*e))/(5*c) + c**3*d**7 - (7*a*e**2/2 + 7*c*d**2/2)*
(a**3*e**7 + 12*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 + 18*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 5*a*(3*a*c**2*d**
2*e**5 + 4*c**3*d**4*e**3 - c**2*d**2*e**3*(13*a*e**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)/7)/
(6*c) + 4*c**3*d**6*e - (9*a*e**2/2 + 9*c*d**2/2)*(3*a**2*c*d*e**6 + 78*a*
c**2*d**3*e**4/7 + 6*c**3*d**5*e**2 - (11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)*(3*a*c**
2*d**2*e**5 + 4*c**3*d**4*e**3 - c**2*d**2*e**3*(13*a*e**2/2 + 13*c*d**...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="ma
xima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (d + ex) (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + ade)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1308, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d*e**13 + 700*sqrt(d + e*x)
*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**11 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*
x)*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**12*x - 1981*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3
*d**5*e**9 - 462*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**10*x -
56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**11*x**2 + 3072*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**7 + 1292*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**8*x + 368*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**
3*c**4*d**5*e**9*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**4*
e**10*x**3 + 1981*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**9*e**5 + 17
140*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**6*x + 27648*sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**7*x**2 + 18800*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqr
t(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**6*e**8*x**3 + 4736*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*
d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**9*x**4 - 700*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6
*d**11*e**3 + 462*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**10*e**4*x + 18
064*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**9*e**5*x**2 + 36496*sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**8*e**6*x**3 + 27648*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a
*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**7*e**7*x**4 + 7424*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a
*c**6*d**6*e**8*x**5 + 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**13*e -
70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**12*e**2*x + 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sq
rt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**11*e**3*x**2 + 6096*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c...
```

3.223 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1692
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1693
Rubi [A] (verified)	1693
Maple [A] (verified)	1696
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1696
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1697
Maxima [F(-2)]	1698
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1699
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1700
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1700

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 290

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{512c^3d^3e^3} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{192c^2d^2e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{512c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
5/512*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e^3-5/192*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/e^2+1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*
d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d/e-5/512*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6*
arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(15a^5e^{10} - 5a^4cde^8(17d+2ex) + 2a^3c^2d^2e^6(99d^2+28dex+4e^2x^2) + 6a^2c^3d^3e^4}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(15*a^5*e^10 - 5*a^4*c*d*e^8*(17*d + 2*e*x) + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(99*d^2 + 28*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2) + 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(33*d^3 + 198*d^2*e*x + 212*d*e^2*x^2 + 72*e^3*x^3) + a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(-85*d^4 + 56*d^3*e*x + 1272*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 1696*d*e^3*x^3 + 640*e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(15*d^5 - 10*d^4*e*x + 8*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 432*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 640*d*e^4*x^4 + 256*e^5*x^5)))/((a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^2) - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/((a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)))/(1536*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1087, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 1087

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \\
 & \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{24cde} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \\
 & \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{16cde} \right)}{24cde} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \\
 & 5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \\
 & 5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right)}{24cde}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output ((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)
)/(12*c*d*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((
(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(
4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[
c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*c^(3/
2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(24*c*d*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*
p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```


rule 1092

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$\frac{(2cde + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12cde} + \frac{5(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)}{\left(\frac{(2cde + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} \right)}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/c/d/e
+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*
e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2
*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*
e*c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1034, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6144*(15*(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(256*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 + 15*c^6*d^11*e - 85*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 198*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 198*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 85*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 640*(c^6*d^7*e^5 + a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^4 + 16*(27*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 106*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 27*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 + 8*(c^6*d^9*e^3 + 159*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 159*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 + a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^6*d^10*e^2 - 28*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 - 594*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 28*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e^4), 1/3072*(15*(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(256*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 + 15*c^6*d^11*e - 85*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 198*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 198*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 85*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 640*(c^6*d^7*e^5 + a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^4 + 16*(27*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 106*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 27*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 + 8*(c^6*d^9*e^3 + 159*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 159*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 + a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^6*d^10*e^...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. $2(282) = 564$.

Time = 7.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6698, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.10

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```

a**2*d**2*e**2*Piecewise(((x/2 + (a**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e
+ c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a
**2 + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*
sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), N
e(a*d*e - (a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2
*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**2 -
c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d
**2))**3/2)/(3*(a**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e
), True)) + 2*a**2*d*e**3*Piecewise((-a*(a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a
**2 + c*d**2)*(a*d*e/3 - (a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/
(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(
c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d
*e - (a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*
e))*log(x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**2 - c*d**
2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), True)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e) +
(a*d*e/3 - (a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d
*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(-a
*d*e*(a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d**2))**3/2)/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)
)**5/2/5)/(a**2 + c*d**2)**2, Ne(a**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a*d*
e)/2, True)) + a**2*e**4*Piecewise((-a*(a*d*e/4 - (a**2/8 + c*d**2/8...

```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 524, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{1536} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(2c^2d^2e^2x + \frac{5(c^7d^8e^6 + ac^6d^6e^8)}{c^5d^5e^5} \right) x + \frac{5(c^6d^{12} - 6ac^5d^{10}e^2 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 + 15a^4c^2d^4e^8 - 6a^5cd^2e^{10} + a^6e^{12})}{1024\sqrt{cdec^3d^3e^3}} \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right| \right) \right) \right) \right) x + \dots$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/1536*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(2*c^2*d^2*
e^2*x + 5*(c^7*d^8*e^6 + a*c^6*d^6*e^8)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x + (27*c^7*d^9*e^5
+ 106*a*c^6*d^7*e^7 + 27*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^9)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x + (c^7*d^10*e^
4 + 159*a*c^6*d^8*e^6 + 159*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^8 + a^3*c^4*d^4*e^10)/(c^5*d^5*e
^5))*x - (5*c^7*d^11*e^3 - 28*a*c^6*d^9*e^5 - 594*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^7 - 28*a^3
*c^4*d^5*e^9 + 5*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^11)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x + (15*c^7*d^12*e^2 - 8
5*a*c^6*d^10*e^4 + 198*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^6 + 198*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^8 - 85*a^4*c^3*
d^4*e^10 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^12)/(c^5*d^5*e^5) + 5/1024*(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^
5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8
- 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqr
t(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c
^3*d^3*e^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + cxd e + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right) (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{6cde}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{4} - 5ac d^2 e^2\right) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + cxd e + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right) (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{4cde} - \frac{\left(\frac{3(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{4} - 3ac d^2 e^2\right) \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{cd^2+ae^2}{4cd}\right)}{6cde}\right)}{6cde}$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

```
output (((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*c*d*e) - (((5*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/4 - 5*a*c*d^2*e^2)*(((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)))/(4*c*d*e) - (((3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/4 - 3*a*c*d^2*e^2)*((x/2 + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(4*c*d*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2) - (log(2*((a*e^2 + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 - a*c*d^2*e^2))/(2*(c*d*e)^(3/2))))/(4*c*d*e))/(6*c*d*e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1033, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d*e**11 - 85*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**9 - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**
4*c**2*d**2*e**10*x + 198*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*
**7 + 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8*x + 8*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**2 + 198*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5 + 1188*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a
**2*c**4*d**6*e**6*x + 1272*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5
*e**7*x**2 + 432*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**3
- 85*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**9*e**3 + 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*s
qrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**8*e**4*x + 1272*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
*a*c**5*d**7*e**5*x**2 + 1696*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**6*
e**6*x**3 + 640*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**7*x**4 + 15
*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**11*e - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e
+ c*d*x)*c**6*d**10*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**9*
**3*x**2 + 432*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**8*e**4*x**3 + 640*s
qrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**7*e**5*x**4 + 256*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqr
t(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**6*e**6*x**5 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(
e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2
))*a**6*e**12 + 90*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
+ sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**5*c*d**2*e**...
```

3.224 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	1702
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1703
Rubi [A] (verified)	1703
Maple [A] (verified)	1706
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1706
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1707
Maxima [F(-2)]	1708
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1709
Mupad [F(-1)]	1709
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1710

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 373

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{128c^2d^2e^3} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{64c^2d^2e^2(d+ex)} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{80c^2d^2e(d+ex)^2} + \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{40c^2d^2(d+ex)^3} + \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{5cd(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{128c^5/2d^5/2e^7/2}$$

output

```
3/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e^3
-1/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/e^2
/(e*x+d)+1/80*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2
/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^2+3/40*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/
2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^3+1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/(e*x+
d)^2-3/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x
^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{((ae + cd)x)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-15a^4e^8 + 10a^3cde^6(7d+ex) + 2a^2c^2d^2e^4(6d+ex) + 2ac^3d^3e^2(-35d^3 + 23d^2ex + 256d^2e^2x^2 + 168e^3x^3) + c^4d^4(15d^4 - 10d^3ex + 8d^2e^2x^2 + 176d^2e^3x^3 + 128e^4x^4))}{(ae + cd)x(d + ex)} - (15(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^5 \text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cd}}])}{(ae + cd)^{3/2}} \right)}{640c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-15*a^4*e^8 + 10*a^3*c*d*e^6*(7*d + e*x) + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(64*d^2 + 233*d*e*x + 124*e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(-35*d^3 + 23*d^2*e*x + 256*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 168*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(15*d^4 - 10*d^3*e*x + 8*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 176*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 128*e^4*x^4)))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(640*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1131, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1131}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1087}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{16cde}$$

2e
↓ 1087

$$(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right)$$

2e

↓ 1092

$$(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right)$$

2e

↓ 219

$$(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right)$$

2e

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(5*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(2*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{5}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{(ae^2-cd^2)\left(\frac{2dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+ae^2-cd^2\right)\left(\frac{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{8dec}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8dec} - \frac{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(\frac{2d}{e}\right)}{8dec}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{5} (d e c (x + \frac{d}{e})^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x + \frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(\frac{1}{8} (2 d e c (x + \frac{d}{e}) + a e^2 - c d^2) / d / e / c (d e c (x + \frac{d}{e})^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x + \frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3}{16} (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 / d / e / c (1/4 (2 d e c (x + \frac{d}{e}) + a e^2 - c d^2) / d / e / c (d e c (x + \frac{d}{e})^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x + \frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{8} (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 / d / e / c \ln\left(\frac{1/2 a e^2 - 1/2 c d^2 + d e c (x + \frac{d}{e})}{(d e c)^{\frac{1}{2}} + (d e c (x + \frac{d}{e})^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x + \frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{1}{2}}}\right) / (d e c)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2560*(15*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(128*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 + 15*c^5*d^9*e - 70*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 128*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 70*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 15*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 16*(11*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 21*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + 8*(c^5*d^7*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 31*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 23*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 233*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^4), 1/1280*(15*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(128*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 + 15*c^5*d^9*e - 70*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 128*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 70*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 15*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 16*(11*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 21*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + 8*(c^5*d^7*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 31*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 23*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 233*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^4)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 35.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3516, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.43

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d), x)
```

output

```

a**2*d**e**2*Piecewise(((x/2 + (a**e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e +
c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**e**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a**e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a**e
**2 + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt
(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a
*d*e - (a**e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*
d*e))*log(x - (-a**e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**e**2 - c*d
**2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a**e**2 + c*d**2)
)**(3/2)/(3*(a**e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a**e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e),
True)) + a**2*e**3*Piecewise((( -a*(a**e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a**e**2 +
c*d**2)*(a*d*e/3 - (a**e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*
e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*
sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a
**e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log
(x - (-a**e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c
*d*e)**2), True)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a**e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e) + (a*d*e/
3 - (a**e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e))*sq
rt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(-a*d*e*(a
*d*e + x*(a**e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a**e**2 + c*d**2))**(5/2
)/5)/(a**e**2 + c*d**2)**2, Ne(a**e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a*d*e)/2, T
rue)) + 2*a*c*d**2*e*Piecewise((( -a*(a**e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a**e...

```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="ma
xima")

```

output

```

Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{640} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8c^2d^2ex + \frac{11c^6d^7e^7}{256\sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}} \right) \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right. \right. \right.}{256\sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/640*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*c^2*d^2*e*x + (11*c^6*d^7*e^4 + 21*a*c^5*d^5*e^6)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (c^6*d^8*e^3 + 64*a*c^5*d^6*e^5 + 31*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^7)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x - (5*c^6*d^9*e^2 - 23*a*c^5*d^7*e^4 - 233*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^6 - 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (15*c^6*d^10*e - 70*a*c^5*d^8*e^3 + 128*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^5 + 70*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^7 - 15*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^9)/(c^4*d^4*e^4) + 3/256*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*e^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 790, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**9 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7 + 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x + 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5 + 466*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x + 248*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**2 - 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3 + 46*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x + 512*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**2 + 336*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**3 + 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**9*e - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**8*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**2 + 176*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**3 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**5*e**5*x**4 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**5*e**10 - 75*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 150*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 150*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 + 75*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e...`

3.225
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1711
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1712
Rubi [A] (verified)	1712
Maple [A] (verified)	1715
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1716
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1717
Maxima [F(-2)]	1718
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1719
Mupad [F(-1)]	1720
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1720

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 308

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{64cde^3} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{96cde^2(d + ex)} + \frac{(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{24(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{4cd(d + ex)^3} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{64c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
5/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/e^3-5/96
*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/e^2/(e*x+d)+
1/24*(d/e-a*e/c/d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^3-5/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(
e*x+d))/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/e^(7/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(15a^3e^6 + a^2cde^4(73d + 118ex)) \right.}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(15*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*d*e^4*(73*d + 118*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(-55*d^2 + 36*d*e*x + 136*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(15*d^3 - 10*d^2*e*x + 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3)) - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(192*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1127, 1134, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1127$$

$$\int (ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (ae + cdx) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}} - \frac{4e}{8e}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1160 \\
 \frac{(ae + cdx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \\
 5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{2e} \right) \\
 \hline
 8e \\
 \downarrow 1087 \\
 \frac{(ae + cdx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \\
 5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}}{8cde} \right)}{2e} \right) \\
 \hline
 8e \\
 \downarrow 1092 \\
 \frac{(ae + cdx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \\
 5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cea)}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}}}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right) \\
 \hline
 8e \\
 \downarrow 219
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(ae + cd x) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{x}}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}}\right)}{2e} \right)}{8e} \right)}{8e}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

```
output ((a*e + c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(4*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]))/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*e))/(8*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1127 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(m + p)/(a/d + c*(x/e))^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && RationalQ
[p] && (LtQ[0, -m, p] || LtQ[p, -m, 0]) && NeQ[m, 2] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 1134 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[
c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2
*p]
```

```
rule 1160 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2} + \frac{10 dec \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a e^2 - c d^2) \frac{(2 dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) + a e^2 - c d^2) \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)}{8 dec}}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e^2*(2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(7/2)-10/3*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/5*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/8*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \left[\frac{15(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8)\sqrt{cde} \log \left(\frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{cde}} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/768*(15*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^7*e - 55*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 73*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 8*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + 17*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 18*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 59*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^4), 1/384*(15*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^7*e - 55*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 73*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 8*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + 17*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 18*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 59*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^4)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 137.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1416, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
a**2*e**2*Piecewise(((x/2 + (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*
d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a*e**2
+ c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(
c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d
*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*
e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**
2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))
**(3/2)/(3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e), Tr
ue)) + 2*a*c*d*e*Piecewise(((a*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a*e**2 + c*
d**2)*(a*d*e/3 - (a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e)
)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sq
rt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e
**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x
- (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d
*e)**2), True)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e) + (a*d*e/3
- (a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e))*sqrt
(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(-a*d*e*(a*d
*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(5/2)/
5)/(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2, Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a*d*e)/2, Tru
e)) + c**2*d**2*Piecewise(((a*(a*d*e/4 - (a*e**2/8 + c*d**2/8)*(5*a*e...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1319 vs. $2(276) = 552$.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1319, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.28

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(15*(c^4*d^8*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + a^4*e^8*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))/sqrt(-c*d*e))/(sqrt(-c*d*e)*c*d*e^3*abs(e)) + (15*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^7*d^11*e^3*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 60*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c^6*d^9*e^5*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 90*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^7*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 60*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^9*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 15*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^11*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 55*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c^6*d^10*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 220*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a*c^5*d^8*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 330*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 220*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 55*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 73*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(5/2)*c^5*d^9*e*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 292*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(5/2)*a*c^4*d^7*e^3*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 438*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x...`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}a^3cde^7 + 73\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}a^2c^2d^3e^5 - \dots}{(d + ex)^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d*e**7 + 73*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5 + 118*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x - 55*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3 + 36*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x + 136*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**7*e - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**6*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**3 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))*a**4*e**8 + 60*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 90*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 60*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**4*d**8)/(192*c**2*d**2*e**4)`

3.226
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1721
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1722
Rubi [A] (verified)	1722
Maple [B] (verified)	1725
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1727
Sympy [F]	1728
Maxima [F(-2)]	1728
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1728
Mupad [F(-1)]	1729
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1729

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{8e^3} + \frac{5\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12(d+ex)} + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d+ex)^2} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
5/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3+5*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(12*e*x+12*d)+1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^2-5/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}(ae + cdx)(d + ex)(33a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(-20d + 13ex) + c^2d^2(15d - 10ex + 8e^2x^2)) - (15(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^3 \operatorname{Sqrt}[ae + cdx] \operatorname{Sqrt}[d + ex] \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\operatorname{Sqrt}[c] \operatorname{Sqrt}[d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[d + ex]}{\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] \operatorname{Sqrt}[ae + cdx]}])}{24e^{7/2} \sqrt{ae}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)*(33*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(-20*d + 13*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 - 10*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]))/(24*e^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1130, 1131, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1130}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1131}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{5cd \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{2e} \right)}{e}$$

↓ 1087

$$5cd \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8cde} \right)}{2e} \right)$$

e

↓ 1092

$$5cd \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4cde} \right)}{2e} \right)$$

e

↓ 219

$$5cd \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right)}{2e} \right)$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(e*(d + e*x)^2) - (5*c*d*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*e))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1130

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x]
- Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
- 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] &
& IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1131

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x
] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b
*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && Ne
Q[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 488 vs. $2(206) = 412$.

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
	$\frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^3}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```

1/e^3*(2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(
7/2)-8*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(
a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(7/2)-10/3*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/5*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2
+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/8*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^
2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-3/16*(a*e^2-c
*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a
*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d
^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1
/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 534, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \left[-\frac{15(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="
fricas")

```

output

```

[-1/96*(15*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(c*
d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*
d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*
e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 15*c^3*d^5*e -
40*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 33*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 2*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 13*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x
)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^4), 1/48*(15*(c^3*d^
6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*s
qrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqr
t(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2
*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 15*c^3*d^5*e - 40*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 33*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 2
*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 13*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^4)]

```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(\frac{4c^2d^2x}{e} - \frac{5c^4d^5e - 13ac^3d^4e}{c^2d^2e^3} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{5(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{16\sqrt{cdee^3}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{24}\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e} * (2*(4*c^2*d^2*x/e - (5*c^4*d^5*e - 13*a*c^3*d^3*e^3)/(c^2*d^2*e^3))*x + (15*c^4*d^6 - 40*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 33*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2*e^3)) + 5/16*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*\log(\text{abs}(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*\sqrt{c*d*e})*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}))/(\sqrt{c*d*e}*e^3)$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{33\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} a^2 c d e^5 - 40\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} a c^2 d^3 e^3 + \dots}{(d + ex)^3}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(33*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d***5 - 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(
a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 + 26*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*
d**2*e**4*x + 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e - 10*sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*
x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e
+ c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*e**6
- 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqr
t(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 45*sqrt(e)*s
qrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e
*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*
log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**
2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**6)/(24*c*d***4)
```

3.227 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1732
Rubi [A] (verified)	1732
Maple [B] (verified)	1735
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1737
Sympy [F]	1738
Maxima [F(-2)]	1738
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1739
Mupad [F(-1)]	1740
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1740

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{15cd\left(a-\frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4e} + \frac{5cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{e(d+ex)^3} + \frac{15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d(d+ex)}}\right)}{4e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
15/4*c*d*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e+5/2*c*d*(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)-2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^3+15/4*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arcta
nh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d)
)/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(-8a^2e^4 + acde^2(25d + 9ex) + c^2d^2(-15d^2 - 5dex + \dots))}{(ae + cdx)^2(d + ex)^3} \right)}{4e^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[e]*(-8*a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(25*d + 9*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-15*d^2 - 5*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)))/((a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3) + (15*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)))/(4*e^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1125, 25, 2192, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 1125

$$\int \frac{c^3d^3x^2e^5 - c^2d^2(cd^2 - 3ae^2)xe^4 + cd(c^2d^4 - 3ace^2d^2 + 3a^2e^4)e^3}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$\frac{e^6}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d + ex)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{c^3 d^3 x^2 e^5 - c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - 3ae^2) x e^4 + cd(c^2 d^4 - 3ace^2 d^2 + 3a^2 e^4) e^3}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 2192

$$\frac{\int \frac{c^2 d^2 e^4 (2(2cd^2 - 3ae^2)(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - cde(7cd^2 - 9ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cde} + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^2 e^4 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} cde^3 \int \frac{2(2cd^2 - 3ae^2)(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - cde(7cd^2 - 9ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^2 e^4 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} cde^3 \left(\frac{15}{2} (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - (7cd^2 - 9ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^2 e^4 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} cde^3 \left(15 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - (7cd^2 - 9ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right)}{\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}cde^3 \left(\frac{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - (7cd^2 - 9ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}}{e^6 \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{e^3(d + ex)}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((c^2*d^2*e^4*x*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/2 + (c*d*e^3*(-((7*c*d^2 - 9*a*e^2)*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e])))/4)/e^6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1125

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m +
2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*Expan
dToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x
), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2192

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b
*e*(q + p)*x^(q - 1) - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 569 vs. $2(196) = 392$.

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

method	result
	$8dec \frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2}$
	$6dec \frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^3}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{e^4} \left(\frac{-2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^4} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2} + \frac{6 d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^3} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2} - \frac{8 d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^2} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2} - \frac{10}{3} \frac{d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{5/2} + \frac{1}{2} (a e^2 - c d^2) \frac{1}{8} \frac{(2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2)}{d e c} \frac{1}{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{16} (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 \frac{1}{d e c} \frac{1}{4} \frac{(2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2)}{d e c} \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{8} (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 \frac{1}{d e c} \ln \left(\frac{(1/2 a e^2 - 1/2 c d^2 + d e c (x+d/e))}{(d e c)^{1/2} + (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2}} \right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{15(c^2d^5 - 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e - 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x) \sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}}}{15(c^2d^5 - 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e - 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x) \sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)}{2(c^2d^2ex^2 + acd^2e + (c^2d^3 + acde^2))} \right)}{8(e)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(15*(c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*c^2*d^4 + 25*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4 - (5*c^2*d^3*e - 9*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^4*x + d*e^3), - 1/8*(15*(c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) - 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*c^2*d^4 + 25*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4 - (5*c^2*d^3*e - 9*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^4*x + d*e^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**4, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(\frac{2c^2d^2x}{e^2} - \frac{7c^3d^4e^5 - 9ac^2d^2e^7}{cde^8} \right) - \frac{15(c^3d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{8\sqrt{cdee^3}} - \frac{2 \left(\sqrt{cdec^3d^6} - 3\sqrt{cdeac^2d^4e^2} + 3\sqrt{cdea^2cd^2e^4} - \sqrt{cdea^3e^6} \right)}{\sqrt{cde} \left(\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) e + \sqrt{cde} \right) e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
1/4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*c^2*d^2*x/e^2 - (7*c^3*
d^4*e^5 - 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^7)/(c*d*e^8)) - 15/8*(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 +
a^2*c*d*e^4)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(
c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*e^3) - 2*(sqrt(c*d*
e)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(c*d*e)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - s
qrt(c*d*e)*a^3*e^6)/(sqrt(c*d*e)*((sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*
x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*e + sqrt(c*d*e)*d)*e^3)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 597, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}a^2e^5 + 25\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}acd^2e^3 + 9}{(d + ex)^4}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 + 25*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 + 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x
- 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*
e**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sq
rt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*d*e**4 + 15*sqrt(
e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*e**5*x - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*l
og((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2
- c*d**2))*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a
*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d*
**2*e**3*x + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sq
rt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**5 + 15*sqrt(e)
*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**4*e*x - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*a
**2*d*e**4 - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*a**2*e**5*x + 20*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*s
qrt(c)*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 20*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x - 10*sq
rt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**5 - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**4*e*x
/(4*e**4*(d + e*x))
```

3.228 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

Optimal result	1742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1743
Rubi [A] (verified)	1743
Maple [B] (verified)	1746
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1748
Sympy [F]	1749
Maxima [F(-2)]	1749
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1750
Mupad [F(-1)]	1751
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1751

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{5c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e^3} - \frac{10cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d+ex)^4} - \frac{5c^{3/2}d^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
5*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3-10/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^2-2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^4-5*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(-2a^2e^4 - 2acde^2(5d+7ex) + c^2d^2(15d^2+20dex+3e^2))}{(ae+cdx)^2(d+ex)^4} \right)}{3e^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[e]*(-2*a^2*e^4 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*(5*d + 7*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^4 - (15*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)))/(3*e^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1130, 1125, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1130}$$

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d + ex)^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1125}$$

$$5cd \left(-\frac{\int \frac{cde^2(cd^2 - cexd - 2ae^2)}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\ \frac{3e(d + ex)^4}{3e(d + ex)^4}$$

↓ 27

$$5cd \left(-\frac{cd \int \frac{cd^2 - cexd - 2ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\ \frac{3e(d + ex)^4}{3e(d + ex)^4}$$

↓ 1160

$$5cd \left(-\frac{cd \left(\frac{3}{2}(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right)}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\ \frac{3e(d + ex)^4}{3e(d + ex)^4}$$

↓ 1092

$$5cd \left(-\frac{cd \left(3(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right)}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\ \frac{3e(d + ex)^4}{3e(d + ex)^4}$$

↓ 219

$$5cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right) - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} \right) - \frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \frac{3e}{3e(d + ex)^4}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

```
output (-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(3*e*(d + e*x)^4) + (5*c*d*((-2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x) - (c*d*(-Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2] + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])))/e^2)/(3*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1125

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m +
2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*Expan
dToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x
), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]
```

rule 1130

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x]
- Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
- 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] &
& IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 650 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 651, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

method	result
	$6dec \frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(ae^2 - cd^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^3}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{e^5} \left(-\frac{2}{3} \frac{(a^2 e^2 - c d^2)}{(x+d/e)^5} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e)^{7/2}) + \frac{4}{3} \frac{d e c}{(a^2 e^2 - c d^2)} \left(-\frac{2}{(a^2 e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e)^{7/2})}{(x+d/e)^4} + \frac{6 d e c}{(a^2 e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{(2 (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2}}{(x+d/e)^2} - \frac{8 d e c}{(a^2 e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{(2/3 (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e)^2 (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e)^{7/2}) - 10/3 d e c (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (1/5 (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{5/2} + 1/2 (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (1/8 (2 d e c (x+d/e) + a^2 e^2 - c d^2) / d / e / c (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{3/2} - 3/16 (a^2 e^2 - c d^2)^2 / d / e / c (1/4 (2 d e c (x+d/e) + a^2 e^2 - c d^2) / d / e / c (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2} - 1/8 (a^2 e^2 - c d^2)^2 / d / e / c \ln((1/2 a^2 e^2 - 1/2 c d^2 + d e c (x+d/e)) / (d e c)^{1/2} + (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a^2 e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2}) / (d e c)^{1/2})} \right) \right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \left[-\frac{15(c^2 d^5 - acd^3 e^2 + (c^2 d^3 e^2 - acde^4)x^2 + 2(c^2 d^4 e - acd^2 e^3)x}{(d + ex)^5} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/12*(15*(c^2*d^5 - a*c*d^3*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4 + 2*(10*c^2*d^3*e - 7*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3), 1/6*(15*(c^2*d^5 - a*c*d^3*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + 2*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4 + 2*(10*c^2*d^3*e - 7*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**5,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**5, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 462 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 462, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{15 \left(c^3 d^4 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - ac^2 d^2 e^2 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) \right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde} - c^2 d^2 e / (ex+d) + ae^3 / (ex+d)}{\sqrt{-cdee^3|e|}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cdee^3|e|}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
1/3*(15*(c^3*d^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - a*c^2*d^2*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*
sgn(e))*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))/sqrt(-c*d
*e))/(sqrt(-c*d*e)*e^3*abs(e)) + 3*(sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3
/(e*x + d))*c^3*d^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x +
d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))/((c*d^2*e/(e
x + d) - a*e^3/(e*x + d))*e^3*abs(e)) + 2*(6*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d
) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^2*d^3*e^13*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 6*sqrt(c*d*e -
c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c*d*e^15*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) +
(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c*d^2*e^12*sgn(1/(e*x
+ d))*sgn(e) - (c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a*e^14
*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))/(e^17*abs(e))*abs(e)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^5, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 622, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}a^2e^5 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}acd^2e^3 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e^3 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e^3 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e^3 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e^3 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e^3 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e^3 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e^3 - 20\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd^2e^3}{(d + ex)^5}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 - 20*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 28*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x
+ 30*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e + 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(
a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**
2*e**3*x**2 + 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) +
sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 60*s
qrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*s
qrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sq
rt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d*e**4*x**2 - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt
(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**
2))*c**2*d**5 - 60*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
+ sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**4*e*x - 30
*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt
(d)*sqrt(c)*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + 5
*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*a*c*d*e**4*x**2 - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*
d**5 - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**4*e*x - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c
)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2)/(6*e**4*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))
```

3.229 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

Optimal result	1753
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1754
Rubi [A] (verified)	1754
Maple [B] (verified)	1758
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1760
Sympy [F]	1761
Maxima [F(-2)]	1761
Giac [F(-2)]	1762
Mupad [F(-1)]	1762
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1763

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx = -\frac{2c^2d^2\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} - \frac{2cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5} + \frac{2c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)-2/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^3-2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^5+2*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdex)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{e}(3a^2e^4 + acde^2(5d+11ex) + c^2d^2(15d^2+35dex))}{(ae+cdx)^2(d+ex)^5} \right)}{15e^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-(Sqrt[e]*(3*a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(5*d + 11*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 + 35*d*e*x + 23*e^2*x^2)))/((a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^5)) + (15*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/((a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)))/(15*e^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1125, 25, 27, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e} \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5} \\
 \downarrow 1125 \\
 \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{cde}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e} \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{cde}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e} \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e} \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5} \\
 \downarrow 1092
 \end{array}$$

$$cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right) - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5}$$

↓ 219

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e*(d + e*x)^5) + (c*d*((-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e*(d + e*x)^3) + (c*d*((-2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(e*(d + e*x)) + (sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/e^(3/2))/e)/e`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1125 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`
- rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 731 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 732, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

method	result

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{e^6} \left(\frac{-2/5}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^6} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2} + \frac{2/5 d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{-2/3}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^5} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2} + \frac{4/3 d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{-2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^4} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2} + \frac{6 d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^3} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2} - \frac{8 d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{2/3}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^2} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2} - \frac{10/3 d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1/5}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{5/2} + \frac{1/2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1/8}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} (2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2) \frac{1}{d e c} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{3/2} - \frac{3/16}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^2} \frac{1/4}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} (2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2) \frac{1}{d e c} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2} - \frac{1/8}{(a e^2 - c d^2)^2} \frac{1}{d e c} \ln \left(\frac{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2}}{(d e c)^{1/2}} + \frac{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2}}{(d e c)^{1/2}} \right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 578, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{15(c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 3c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^4ex + c^2d^5)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + \dots\right) + 15(c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 3c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^4ex + c^2d^5)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}}}{2(c^2d^2ex^2 + acd^2e + (c^2d^3 + acde^2)x)}\right) + \dots}{15(e^6x^3 + 3de^5x^2 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/30*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*
sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*
(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(23*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*
c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + (35*c^2*d^3*e + 11*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqr
t(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e
^4*x + d^3*e^3), -1/15*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^
4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d
^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + 2*(23*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 + 5*
a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + (35*c^2*d^3*e + 11*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2
+ a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e
^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,15]%%},0]:[1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%,[6,6
]%%}+%%
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^6, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2e^5}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd^2e^3}{3} - \frac{22\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd e^4}{15}}{(d + ex)^6}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output `(2*(- 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 11*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x - 23*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**5 + 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**4*e*x + 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**5 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**4*e*x + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3))/(15*e**4*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3))`

$$3.230 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx$$

Optimal result	1764
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1764
Rubi [A] (verified)	1765
Maple [A] (verified)	1766
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1766
Sympy [F]	1767
Maxima [F(-2)]	1767
Giac [F(-2)]	1767
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1768
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1769

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^7}$$

output $2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^7}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{7/2}}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^7}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)/(d + e*x)^7, x]$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(7/2)})/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7(d + ex)^7 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(cd x^2 e+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7(ex+d)^6(a e^2-c d^2)}$	58
orering	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(ade+(a e^2+c d^2)x+cd x^2 e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7(ex+d)^6(a e^2-c d^2)}$	59
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(a e^2-c d^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^7(a e^2-c d^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^7}$	65
trager	$-\frac{2(d^3 c^3 x^3+3a c^2 d^2 e x^2+3a^2 c d e^2 x+e^3 a^3)\sqrt{cd x^2 e+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}{7(ex+d)^4(a e^2-c d^2)}$	92

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-\frac{2}{7} \frac{(e x+d)^6 (c d x+a e)}{(a e^2-c d^2) (c d e x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+a d e)^{5/2}}$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{2(c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3ac^2 d^2 ex^2 + 3a^2 cde^2 x + a^3 e^3)\sqrt{cdex^2 -}}{7(cd^6 - ad^4 e^2 + (cd^2 e^4 - ae^6)x^4 + 4(cd^3 e^3 - ade^5)x^3 + 6(cd^4 e^2 - a^2 d^2 e^4)x^2 + 4(c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3ac^2 d^2 ex^2 + 3a^2 cde^2 x + a^3 e^3)\sqrt{cdex^2 -}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{2}{7} \frac{(c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3a^2 c^2 d^2 e x^2 + 3a^2 c d e^2 x + a^3 e^3) \sqrt{c d e x^2 + a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x}}{(c d^6 - a d^4 e^2 + (c d^2 e^4 - a e^6) x^4 + 4(c d^3 e^3 - a d e^5) x^3 + 6(c d^4 e^2 - a d^2 e^4) x^2 + 4(c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3a^2 c^2 d^2 e x^2 + 3a^2 c d e^2 x + a^3 e^3) \sqrt{c d e x^2 + a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x}}$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**7,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**7, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,4]%%},[8]%%}+%%{%%{%%{-8,[0,1,3]%%},0}: [1
,0,%%{-1
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2156, normalized size of antiderivative = 39.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^7,x)
```

output

```
((((d*((d*((16*c^6*d^7)/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4) - (16*c^5*d^5*(4*a*e^2 -
3*c*d^2))/(35*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4)))/e + (16*c^4*d^4*(56*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*
d^4 - 88*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(105*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4))/e - (16*a*c^3*d^3*(45
*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4 - 79*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4))*(x*(a
e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) - (((2*a^3*e^4)/(7*a*e^
3 - 7*c*d^2*e) - (d*((d*((2*c^3*d^4)/(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e) - (6*a*c^2*d^2*
e^2)/(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))/e + (6*a^2*c*d*e^3)/(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))/e
)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 + (((d*((d*((
4*c^4*d^5)/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^3*d^3*(7*a*e^2
- 4*c*d^2)))/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))/e + (16*c^4*d^6 -
64*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 60*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)/(7*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*
c*d^2*e)))/e - (4*a*c*d*(3*a*e^2 - 2*c*d^2)^2)/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^
3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^
3 + (((d*((4*c^4*d^5)/(7*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (2*c^3
*d^3*(7*a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2)))/(7*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))/e
+ (16*c^4*d^6 - 62*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 66*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)/(35*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*
d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
)/(d + e*x)^2 + (((216*c^6*d^9 - 280*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 - 208*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 +
288*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)/(105*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4) - (d*((d*((16*c^6*d^7)/(
105*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4) - (8*c^5*d^5*(7*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2))/(35*e*(a*e^2...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3e^7}{7} - \frac{6\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2cde^6x}{7} - \frac{6\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ac^2d^2}{7}}{e^4(ae^6x^4 - cd^2e^4x^4 + 4ad)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x)`

output

```
(2*( - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2
*e**5*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 - sqrt(e)
*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**7 - 4*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**6*e*x - 6*s
qrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**
3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4))/(7*e**4*(
a*d**4*e**2 + 4*a*d**3*e**3*x + 6*a*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**5*x**3 + a*e
**6*x**4 - c*d**6 - 4*c*d**5*e*x - 6*c*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 4*c*d**3*e**3*x**3
- c*d**2*e**4*x**4))
```

3.231
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1770
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1770
Rubi [A] (verified)	1771
Maple [A] (verified)	1772
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1773
Sympy [F]	1773
Maxima [F(-2)]	1774
Giac [F(-2)]	1774
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1775
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1775

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^8} + \frac{4cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^7}$$

output
$$\frac{2/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)} / (-a*e^2+c*d^2) / (e*x+d)^8 + 4/63*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)} / (-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2 / (e*x+d)^7$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{7/2} (-7ae^2 + cd(9d + 2ex))}{63(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^8}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)} / (d + e*x)^8, x]$$

output

$$(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(7/2)*(-7*a*e^2 + c*d*(9*d + 2*e*x)))/(63*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^8)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d + ex)^8 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63(d + ex)^7 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d + ex)^8 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^8, x]$$

output

$$(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^7)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(-2cdxe+7ae^2-9cd^2)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63(ex+d)^7(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-2cdxe+7ae^2-9cd^2)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^7}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^8} + \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^7}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-2c^4d^4e^4+a^3d^3e^2x^3-9c^4d^5x^3+15a^2c^2d^2e^3x^2-27a^3c^3d^4e^4x+19a^3cd^4e^4x-27a^2c^2d^3e^2x+7a^4e^5-9a^3cd^2e^3)\sqrt{cdx^2+ae}}{63(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^5}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

```
output -2/63*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-2*c*d*e*x+7*a*e^2-9*c*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+
a*d*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^7/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 344 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 7.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{2(2c^4d^4ex^4 + 9a^3cd^2e^3 - 7a^4e^5 + (9c^4d^5 - a^3cd^3e^2)x^3 + 3(9a^3c^3d^4e - 5a^2c^2d^2e^3)x^2 + (27a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 19a^3c^3d^4e)x)\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{63(c^2d^9 - 2acd^7e^2 + a^2d^5e^4 + (c^2d^4e^5 - 2acd^2e^7 + a^2e^9)x^5 + 5(c^2d^5e^4 - 2a^3cd^3e^6 + a^2d^2e^8)x^4 + 10(c^2d^6e^3 - 2a^3cd^4e^5 + a^2d^2e^7)x^3 + 10(c^2d^7e^2 - 2a^3cd^5e^4 + a^2d^3e^6)x^2 + 5(c^2d^8e - 2a^3cd^6e^3 + a^2d^4e^5)x)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/63*(2*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 9*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 7*a^4*e^5 + (9*c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(9*a*c^3*d^4*e - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + (27*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 19*a^3*c*d^4*e)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^2*d^9 - 2*a*c*d^7*e^2 + a^2*d^5*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*x^5 + 5*(c^2*d^5*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^6 + a^2*d^2*e^8)*x^4 + 10*(c^2*d^6*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^5 + a^2*d^2*e^7)*x^3 + 10*(c^2*d^7*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^4 + a^2*d^3*e^6)*x^2 + 5*(c^2*d^8*e - 2*a*c*d^6*e^3 + a^2*d^4*e^5)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cd^2x))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**8,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**8, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,5]%%}, [10]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-10, [0,1,4]%%},0]: [1,0,%%{`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3125, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.15

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^8,x)`

output

```
((((d*((8*c^5*d^6)/(63*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^4*d^4*(17*a*e^2 - 13*c*d^2)))/(63*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))
)/e + (4*c^3*d^3*(148*a^2*e^4 + 73*c^2*d^4 - 211*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(315*e^2*(a
*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e
*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (((2*a^3*e^4)/(9*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e) - (d*((d*((
2*c^3*d^4)/(9*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e) - (6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(9*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e)
)))/e + (6*a^2*c*d*e^3)/(9*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e)))/e)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d
*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^5 + (((2*c^4*d^5 + 26*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(63*
e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^4*d^5)/(9*e^2*(a*e^2 - c
*d^2)*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((d*((d*((32*c^7*d^8)/(945*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5) - (32*c^
6*d^6*(17*a*e^2 - 14*c*d^2))/(945*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5)))/e + (32*c^5*d^5*(
116*a^2*e^4 + 85*c^2*d^4 - 198*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(945*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5))
)/e - (32*a*c^4*d^4*(100*a^2*e^4 + 85*c^2*d^4 - 184*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(945*e*(a
*e^2 - c*d^2)^5)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)
+ (((d*((d*((4*c^4*d^5)/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^
3*d^3*(8*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2))/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))))/e +
(20*c^4*d^6 - 80*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 72*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)/(9*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)
*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))))/e - (4*a*c*d*(11*a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 - 15*a*c*d^
2*e^2))/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 592, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^4e^9}{9} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3c^2e^7}{7} - \frac{38\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3cd}{63} e^4 (a^2e^9x^5 -$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x)`

output

```
(2*(- 7*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**9 + 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**7 - 19*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d*e**8*x + 27*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**6*x - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 27*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3 + 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**4 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**9 - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**8*e*x - 20*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**7*e**2*x**2 - 20*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**3 - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**5))/(63*e**4*(a**2*d**5*e**4 + 5*a**2*d**4*e**5*x + 10*a**2*d**3*e**6*x**2 + 10*a**2*d**2*e**7*x**3 + 5*a**2*d*e**8*x**4 + a**2*e**9*x**5 - 2*a*c*d**7*e**2 - 10*a*c*d**6*e**3*x - 20*a*c*d**5*e**4*x**2 - 20*a*c*d**4*e**5*x**3 - 10*a*c*d**3*e**6*x**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**7*x**5 + c**2*d**9 + 5*c**2*d**8*e*x + 10*c**2*d**7*e**2*x**2 + 10*c**2*d**6*e**3*x**3 + 5*c**2*d**5*e**4*x**4 + c**2*d**4*e**5*x**5))
```

3.232
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^9} dx$$

Optimal result	1777
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1777
Rubi [A] (verified)	1778
Maple [A] (verified)	1779
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1780
Sympy [F]	1781
Maxima [F(-2)]	1781
Giac [F(-2)]	1781
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1782
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1783

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^9} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^9} + \frac{8cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{99(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^8} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{693(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^7}$$

output

```
2/11*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^9+8/99
*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^8+16
/693*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x
+d)^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^9} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d+ex)}(63a^2e^4 - 14acde^2(11d + 2ex))}{693(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^9,x]
```

output

$$(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(63*a^2*e^4 - 14*a*c*d*e^2*(11*d + 2*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(99*d^2 + 44*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)))/(693*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^6)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d + ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d + ex)^8(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d + ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d + ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63(d + ex)^7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d + ex)^8(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^9,x]$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/693*(c*d*x+a*e)*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-28*a*c*d*e^3*x+44*c^2*d^3*e*x+63*a^2*e^4-154*a*c*d^2*e^2+99*c^2*d^4)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^8/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 569 vs. $2(159) = 318$.

Time = 18.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{2(8c^5d^5e^2x^5 + 99c^4d^4e^3x^4 + (99c^5d^7 - 22a^2c^4d^5e^2 + 3a^2c^3d^3e^4)x^3 + (297a^2c^4d^6e - 330a^2c^3d^4e^3 + 113a^3c^2d^2e^5)x^2 + (297a^2c^3d^5e^2 - 418a^3c^2d^3e^4 + 161a^4c*d*e^6)*x) \sqrt{(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)}}{693(c^3d^{12} - 3ac^2d^{10}e^2 + 3a^2cd^8e^4 - a^3d^6e^6 + (c^3d^6e^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^2 - a^3d^2e^4)x^5 + 15*(c^3d^8e^4 - 3a^2c^2d^6e^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^8 - a^3d^2e^{10})x^4 + 20*(c^3d^9e^3 - 3a^2c^2d^7e^5 + 3a^2c^2d^5e^7 - a^3d^3e^9)x^3 + 15*(c^3d^{10}e^2 - 3a^2c^2d^8e^4 + 3a^2c^2d^6e^6 - a^3d^4e^8)x^2 + 6*(c^3d^{11}e - 3a^2c^2d^9e^3 + 3a^2c^2d^7e^5 - a^3d^5e^7)x}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/693*(8*c^5*d^5*e^2*x^5 + 99*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 154*a^4*c*d^2*e^5 + 63*a^5*e^7 + 4*(11*c^5*d^6*e - a*c^4*d^4*e^3)*x^4 + (99*c^5*d^7 - 22*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 + (297*a*c^4*d^6*e - 330*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 113*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + (297*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 418*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 161*a^4*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^3*d^12 - 3*a*c^2*d^10*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^8*e^4 - a^3*d^6*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*d^2*e^4)*x^5 + 6*(c^3*d^7*e^5 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^7 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^9 - a^3*d^2*e^11)*x^4 + 15*(c^3*d^8*e^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^8 - a^3*d^2*e^10)*x^3 + 20*(c^3*d^9*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^7 - a^3*d^3*e^9)*x^2 + 15*(c^3*d^10*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^8*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^6*e^6 - a^3*d^4*e^8)*x + 6*(c^3*d^11*e - 3*a*c^2*d^9*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^7*e^5 - a^3*d^5*e^7)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**9,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**9, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,6]%%},[12]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-12,[0,1,5]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4096, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.95

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^9,x)
```

output

```
((d*((8*c^5*d^6)/(99*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^4*d^4*(19*a*e^2 - 15*c*d^2))/(99*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))/e + (4*c^3*d^3*(33*a^2*e^4 + 16*c^2*d^4 - 47*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(99*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))*((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((2*a^3*e^4)/(11*a*e^3 - 11*c*d^2*e) - (d*((d*(2*c^3*d^4)/(11*a*e^3 - 11*c*d^2*e) - (6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(11*a*e^3 - 11*c*d^2*e)))/e + (6*a^2*c*d*e^3)/(11*a*e^3 - 11*c*d^2*e)))/e)*((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^6 + (((d*((16*c^6*d^7)/(693*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (8*c^5*d^5*(29*a*e^2 - 25*c*d^2))/(693*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))/e + (8*c^4*d^4*(466*a^2*e^4 + 331*c^2*d^4 - 787*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(3465*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((6*c^4*d^5 + 22*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/(77*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^4*d^5)/(11*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (((188*c^5*d^6 - 148*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)/(495*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (8*c^5*d^6)/(99*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((d*((d*((64*c^8*d^9)/(10395*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6) - (64*c^7*d^7*(23*a*e^2 - 20*c*d^2))/(10395*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6)))/e + (64*c^6*d^6*(218*a^2*e^4 + 175*c^2*d^4 - 390*a*c*d^2*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 951, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 63*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*e**11 + 154*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**9 - 161*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**10*x - 99*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**7 + 418*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**8*x - 113*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**9*x**2 - 297*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**6*x + 330*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**7*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**8*x**3 - 297*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**5*x**2 + 22*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**6*x**3 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**7*x**4 - 99*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**4*x**3 - 44*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**4 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**5*e**6*x**5 + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**11 + 48*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**10*e*x + 120*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**9*e**2*x**2 + 160*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**8*e**3*x**3 + 120*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**7*e**4*x**4 + 48*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**5 + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**5*e**6*x**6)/(693*e**4*(a**3*d**6*e**6 + 6*a**3*d**5*e**7*x + 15*a**3*d**4*e**8*x**2 + 20*a**3*d**3*e**9*x**3 + 15*a**3*d**2*e**10*x**4 + 6*a**3*d*e**11*x**5 + a**3*e**12*x**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**8*e**4 - 18*a**2*c*d**7*e**5*x - 45*a**2*c*d**6*e**6*x**2 - 60*a**2*c*d**5*e**7*x**3 - 45*a**2...
```


3.233 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1785
Rubi [A] (verified)	1785
Maple [A] (verified)	1787
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1788
Sympy [F(-1)]	1789
Maxima [F(-2)]	1789
Giac [F(-2)]	1789
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1790
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1791

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{10}} + \frac{12cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{143(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^9} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{429(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^8} + \frac{32c^3d^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{3003(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(d+ex)^7}$$

output

```
2/13*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^10+12/143*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^9+16/429*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^8+32/3003*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdex)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdex)(d + ex)} (-231a^3e^6 + 63a^2cde^4(13d + 3e^2x) - 7a^2c^2d^2e^2(143d^2 + 52d^2ex + 8e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(429d^3 + 286d^2ex + 104d^2ex^2 + 16e^3x^3))}{3003(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^4(d + ex)^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^10,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-231*a^3*e^6 + 63*a^2*c*d*e^4*(13*d + 2*e*x) - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(143*d^2 + 52*d^2*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(429*d^3 + 286*d^2*e*x + 104*d^2*e*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3)))/(3003*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^7)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{6cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13(d + ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d + ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13(d + ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1129 \\
 & 6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^7} dx + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d+ex)^8(cd^2 - ae^2)}}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d+ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2)}{13(d+ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13(d+ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 1123 \\
 & 6cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d+ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63(d+ex)^7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d+ex)^8(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 13(cd^2 - ae^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^10,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(13*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10) + (6*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^7)))/(11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(13*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```


output

```
-2/3003*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+56*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-104*c^3*d^4*
e^2*x^2-126*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+364*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-286*c^3*d^5*e*x+231*a^3*e^6-
819*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+1001*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-429*c^3*d^6)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2
*x+a*d*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^9/(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c
^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 823 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 40.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 823, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm=
"fricas")
```

output

```
2/3003*(16*c^6*d^6*e^3*x^6 + 429*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 1001*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^5 +
819*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 - 231*a^6*e^9 + 8*(13*c^6*d^7*e^2 - a*c^5*d^5*e^4)*x^5 +
2*(143*c^6*d^8*e - 26*a*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^5)*x^4 + (429*c^6*d
^9 - 143*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 39*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^3 + (12
87*a*c^5*d^8*e - 2145*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 1469*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 371*a^4*c^2
*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (1287*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 2717*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 2093*a^4*c^
2*d^3*e^6 - 567*a^5*c*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
)/(c^4*d^15 - 4*a*c^3*d^13*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^11*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^9*e^6 + a^
4*d^7*e^8 + (c^4*d^8*e^7 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^11 - 4*a^3*c*
d^2*e^13 + a^4*e^15)*x^7 + 7*(c^4*d^9*e^6 - 4*a*c^3*d^7*e^8 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^
5*e^10 - 4*a^3*c*d^3*e^12 + a^4*d*e^14)*x^6 + 21*(c^4*d^10*e^5 - 4*a*c^3*d
^8*e^7 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^9 - 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^11 + a^4*d^2*e^13)*x^5 + 35*(c^
4*d^11*e^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^9*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^8 - 4*a^3*c*d^5*e^10 + a^4*
d^3*e^12)*x^4 + 35*(c^4*d^12*e^3 - 4*a*c^3*d^10*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^8*e^7 -
4*a^3*c*d^6*e^9 + a^4*d^4*e^11)*x^3 + 21*(c^4*d^13*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^11*e^4
+ 6*a^2*c^2*d^9*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^7*e^8 + a^4*d^5*e^10)*x^2 + 7*(c^4*d^14*e
- 4*a*c^3*d^12*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^10*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^8*e^7 + a^4*d^6*e^9)*x
)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**10,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,7]%%}, [14]%%}+%%{%%{[-14, [0,1,6]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5069, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^10,x)
```

output

```
((((d*((8*c^5*d^6)/(143*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^4
*d^4*(21*a*e^2 - 17*c*d^2)))/(143*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)
)))/e + (4*c^3*d^3*(110*a^2*e^4 + 53*c^2*d^4 - 157*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(429*e^2*
(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d
*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 - (((2*a^3*e^4)/(13*a*e^3 - 13*c*d^2*e) - (d*((
d*((2*c^3*d^4)/(13*a*e^3 - 13*c*d^2*e) - (6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(13*a*e^3 - 13*
c*d^2*e)))/e + (6*a^2*c*d*e^3)/(13*a*e^3 - 13*c*d^2*e)))/e)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*
d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^7 + (((d*((16*c^6*d^7)/(1287*e*
(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (8*c^5*d^5*(33*a*e^2 - 29*c*d^2
)))/(1287*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))/e + (8*c^4*d^4*(112*
a^2*e^4 + 81*c^2*d^4 - 191*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(1287*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a*
e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x
)^3 + (((d*((32*c^7*d^8)/(9009*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))
- (16*c^6*d^6*(43*a*e^2 - 39*c*d^2))/(9009*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 -
3*c*d^2*e)))/e + (16*c^5*d^5*(1089*a^2*e^4 + 884*c^2*d^4 - 1963*a*c*d^2*e
^2))/(45045*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^
2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((38*c^4*d^5 + 94*a*c^3*d^3*
e^2)/(429*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^4*d^5)/(13*e^2
*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*
e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 + (((348*c^5*d^6 - 292*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)/(1001*e...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1372, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 231*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*e**13 + 819*sqrt(d + e*x)*
sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d**2*e**11 - 567*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*
a**5*c*d*e**12*x - 1001*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**
9 + 2093*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**10*x - 371*sqrt
(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**11*x**2 + 429*sqrt(d + e*x)*
sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**7 - 2717*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*
x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**8*x + 1469*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*
d**4*e**9*x**2 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**10*x*
*3 + 1287*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**6*x - 2145*sqr
t(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**7*x**2 + 39*sqrt(d + e*x)*s
qrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**8*x**3 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d
*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**9*x**4 + 1287*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5
*d**8*e**5*x**2 - 143*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**7*e**6*x**
3 - 52*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**6*e**7*x**4 - 8*sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**8*x**5 + 429*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e
+ c*d*x)*c**6*d**9*e**4*x**3 + 286*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d*
*8*e**5*x**4 + 104*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**7*e**6*x**5 + 1
6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**6*e**7*x**6 - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**13 - 112*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**12*e*x - 336*sqr
t(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**11*e**2*x**2 - 560*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)...
```


3.234 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx$

Optimal result	1793
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1794
Rubi [A] (verified)	1795
Maple [A] (verified)	1801
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1803
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1804
Maxima [F(-2)]	1805
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1806
Mupad [F(-1)]	1806
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1807

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 609

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \\
& \frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^8 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{32768c^5d^5e^4} \\
& + \frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^7 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{49152c^5d^5e^3(d + ex)} \\
& - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12288c^5d^5e^2(d + ex)^2} \\
& + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{2048c^5d^5e(d + ex)^3} \\
& + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9cd} \\
& + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{256c^5d^5(d + ex)^4} \\
& + \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{384c^4d^4(d + ex)^3} \\
& + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{32c^3d^3(d + ex)^2} \\
& + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{16c^2d^2(d + ex)} \\
& + \frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^9 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{32768c^{11/2}d^{11/2}e^{9/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-35/32768*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^8*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^5/d^5
/e^4+35/49152*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^5
/d^5/e^3/(e*x+d)-7/12288*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)
^(5/2)/c^5/d^5/e^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/2048*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^5/d^5/e/(e*x+d)^3+1/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x
^2)^(9/2)/c/d+1/256*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/
2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^4+5/384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x
^2)^(9/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^3+1/32*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^2+1/16*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)+35/32768*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^9*arctanh(e^(1
/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/c^(11
/2)/d^(11/2)/e^(9/2)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{7/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(315a^8e^{16} - 210a^7cde^{14}(13d+ex) + 42a^6c^2d^2e^{12}(249d^2+43dex+4e^2x^2) - 18a^5}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(7/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(315*a^8*e^16 -
210*a^7*c*d*e^14*(13*d + e*x) + 42*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^12*(249*d^2 + 43*d*e*x +
4*e^2*x^2) - 18*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^10*(1289*d^3 + 381*d^2*e*x + 80*d*e^2*x^2 +
8*e^3*x^3) + 2*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^8*(16384*d^4 + 7531*d^3*e*x + 2724*d^2*e^2*x
^2 + 616*d*e^3*x^3 + 64*e^4*x^4) + 2*a^3*c^5*d^5*e^6*(11601*d^5 + 123541*d
^4*e*x + 262144*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 265776*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 133504*d*e^4*x^4 + 2675
2*e^5*x^5) + 6*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^4*(-1743*d^6 + 1143*d^5*e*x + 64628*d^4*e^2*x
^2 + 173552*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 196608*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 105344*d*e^5*x^5 + 22016*e^
6*x^6) + 2*a*c^7*d^7*e^2*(1365*d^7 - 903*d^6*e*x + 720*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 13045
6*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 390784*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 470400*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 262144*d*e^6*x^6
+ 56320*e^7*x^7) + c^8*d^8*(-315*d^8 + 210*d^7*e*x - 168*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 14
4*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 65408*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 208640*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 261120*d^2*e^6*x^
6 + 149504*d*e^7*x^7 + 32768*e^8*x^8)))/((a*e + c*d*x)^3*(d + e*x)^3) + (3
15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^9*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt
[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/((294912*c^(11/2)*
d^(11/2)*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2} dx}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2} dx}{32cde} \right)}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9cd}$$

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2)}{32cde} \right)}{32cde} \right)$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9cd} \quad 2d$$

↓ 1087

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2)}{32cde} \right)}{32cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9cd} \quad 2d$$

↓ 1087

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{12cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)}{12cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12cde}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9cd}$$

↓ 1092

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{12cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{12cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12cde}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9cd}$$

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{12cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)}{12cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12cde} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(9/2)}/(9*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c) \\ & *(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(16*c*d*e) - (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e \\ & + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(12*c*d*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 \\ & *(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a* \\ & d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{ArcTan} \\ & \text{h}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c* \\ & d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^{(3/2)}*d^{(3/2)}*e^{(3/2)})))/(16*c*d*e)))/ \\ & (24*c*d*e)))/(32*c*d*e)))/(2*d) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^{p}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x))*(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^{p}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / (2*c*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e) / (2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 931, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
default	$d \frac{(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{16cde} + \frac{7(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)}{12cde} \frac{(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{12cde}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS E)`

output `d*(1/16*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/c/d/e+7/32*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/c/d/e+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))+e*(1/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(9/2)/d/e/c-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/16*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/c/d/e+7/32*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/c/d/e+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1804, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/1179648*(315*(c^9*d^18 - 9*a*c^8*d^16*e^2 + 36*a^2*c^7*d^14*e^4 - 84*a^3*c^6*d^12*e^6 + 126*a^4*c^5*d^10*e^8 - 126*a^5*c^4*d^8*e^10 + 84*a^6*c^3*d^6*e^12 - 36*a^7*c^2*d^4*e^14 + 9*a^8*c*d^2*e^16 - a^9*e^18)*sqrt(c*d*e)
*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e)*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) +
8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(32768*c^9*d^9*e^9*x^8 - 315*c^9*d^17*e
+ 2730*a*c^8*d^15*e^3 - 10458*a^2*c^7*d^13*e^5 + 23202*a^3*c^6*d^11*e^7 +
32768*a^4*c^5*d^9*e^9 - 23202*a^5*c^4*d^7*e^11 + 10458*a^6*c^3*d^5*e^13 -
2730*a^7*c^2*d^3*e^15 + 315*a^8*c*d*e^17 + 2048*(73*c^9*d^10*e^8 + 55*a*c^8*d^8*e^10)*x^7 + 1024*(255*c^9*d^11*e^7 + 512*a*c^8*d^9*e^9 + 129*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^11)*x^6 + 256*(815*c^9*d^12*e^6 + 3675*a*c^8*d^10*e^8 + 2469*a^2*c^7*d^8*e^10 + 209*a^3*c^6*d^6*e^12)*x^5 + 128*(511*c^9*d^13*e^5 + 6106*a*c^8*d^11*e^7 + 9216*a^2*c^7*d^9*e^9 + 2086*a^3*c^6*d^7*e^11 + a^4*c^5*d^5*e^13)*x^4 + 16*(9*c^9*d^14*e^4 + 16307*a*c^8*d^12*e^6 + 65082*a^2*c^7*d^10*e^8 + 33222*a^3*c^6*d^8*e^10 + 77*a^4*c^5*d^6*e^12 - 9*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^14)*x^3 - 8*(21*c^9*d^15*e^3 - 180*a*c^8*d^13*e^5 - 48471*a^2*c^7*d^11*e^7 - 65536*a^3*c^6*d^9*e^9 - 681*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^11 + 180*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^13 - 21*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^15)*x^2 + 2*(105*c^9*d^16*e^2 - 903*a*c^8*d^14*e^4 + 3429*a^2*c^7*d^12*e^6 + 123541*a^3*c^6*d^10*e^8 + 7531*a^4*c^5*d^8*e^10 - 3429*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^12 + 903*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^14 - 105*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^16)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e...

```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15410 vs. $2(571) = 1142$.

Time = 19.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15410, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.30

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))*(c**3*d**3*e**4*
x**8/9 + x**7*(4*a*c**3*d**3*e**6 + 5*c**4*d**5*e**4 - c**3*d**3*e**4*(17*
a*e**2/2 + 17*c*d**2/2)/9)/(8*c*d*e) + x**6*(6*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**7 + 172*a
*c**3*d**4*e**5/9 + 10*c**4*d**6*e**3 - (15*a*e**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)*(4*a*c
**3*d**3*e**6 + 5*c**4*d**5*e**4 - c**3*d**3*e**4*(17*a*e**2/2 + 17*c*d**2
/2)/9)/(8*c*d*e))/(7*c*d*e) + x**5*(4*a**3*c*d*e**8 + 30*a**2*c**2*d**3*e
**6 + 40*a*c**3*d**5*e**4 - 7*a*(4*a*c**3*d**3*e**6 + 5*c**4*d**5*e**4 - c
**3*d**3*e**4*(17*a*e**2/2 + 17*c*d**2/2)/9)/(8*c) + 10*c**4*d**7*e**2 - (1
3*a*e**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)*(6*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**7 + 172*a*c**3*d**4*e**5/9
+ 10*c**4*d**6*e**3 - (15*a*e**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)*(4*a*c**3*d**3*e**6 + 5*
c**4*d**5*e**4 - c**3*d**3*e**4*(17*a*e**2/2 + 17*c*d**2/2)/9)/(8*c*d*e))/
(7*c*d*e))/(6*c*d*e) + x**4*(a**4*e**9 + 20*a**3*c*d**2*e**7 + 60*a**2*c**
2*d**4*e**5 + 40*a*c**3*d**6*e**3 - 6*a*(6*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**7 + 172*a*c**
3*d**4*e**5/9 + 10*c**4*d**6*e**3 - (15*a*e**2/2 + 15*c*d**2/2)*(4*a*c**3*
d**3*e**6 + 5*c**4*d**5*e**4 - c**3*d**3*e**4*(17*a*e**2/2 + 17*c*d**2/2)/
9)/(8*c*d*e))/(7*c) + 5*c**4*d**8*e - (11*a*e**2/2 + 11*c*d**2/2)*(4*a**3*
c*d*e**8 + 30*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**6 + 40*a*c**3*d**5*e**4 - 7*a*(4*a*c**3*d*
**3*e**6 + 5*c**4*d**5*e**4 - c**3*d**3*e**4*(17*a*e**2/2 + 17*c*d**2/2)/9)
/(8*c) + 10*c**4*d**7*e**2 - (13*a*e**2/2 + 13*c*d**2/2)*(6*a**2*c**2*d**2
*e**7 + 172*a*c**3*d**4*e**5/9 + 10*c**4*d**6*e**3 - (15*a*e**2/2 + 15*...
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="ma
xima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 936, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/294912*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(2*(4*(2*(16*c^3*d^3*e^4*x + (73*c^11*d^12*e^11 + 55*a*c^10*d^10*e^13)/(c^8*d^8*e^8)))*x + (255*c^11*d^13*e^10 + 512*a*c^10*d^11*e^12 + 129*a^2*c^9*d^9*e^14)/(c^8*d^8*e^8))*x + (815*c^11*d^14*e^9 + 3675*a*c^10*d^12*e^11 + 2469*a^2*c^9*d^10*e^13 + 209*a^3*c^8*d^8*e^15)/(c^8*d^8*e^8))*x + (511*c^11*d^15*e^8 + 6106*a*c^10*d^13*e^10 + 9216*a^2*c^9*d^11*e^12 + 2086*a^3*c^8*d^9*e^14 + a^4*c^7*d^7*e^16)/(c^8*d^8*e^8))*x + (9*c^11*d^16*e^7 + 16307*a*c^10*d^14*e^9 + 65082*a^2*c^9*d^12*e^11 + 33222*a^3*c^8*d^10*e^13 + 77*a^4*c^7*d^8*e^15 - 9*a^5*c^6*d^6*e^17)/(c^8*d^8*e^8))*x - (21*c^11*d^17*e^6 - 180*a*c^10*d^15*e^8 - 48471*a^2*c^9*d^13*e^10 - 65536*a^3*c^8*d^11*e^12 - 681*a^4*c^7*d^9*e^14 + 180*a^5*c^6*d^7*e^16 - 21*a^6*c^5*d^5*e^18)/(c^8*d^8*e^8))*x + (105*c^11*d^18*e^5 - 903*a*c^10*d^16*e^7 + 3429*a^2*c^9*d^14*e^9 + 123541*a^3*c^8*d^12*e^11 + 7531*a^4*c^7*d^10*e^13 - 3429*a^5*c^6*d^8*e^15 + 903*a^6*c^5*d^6*e^17 - 105*a^7*c^4*d^4*e^19)/(c^8*d^8*e^8))*x - (315*c^11*d^19*e^4 - 2730*a*c^10*d^17*e^6 + 10458*a^2*c^9*d^15*e^8 - 23202*a^3*c^8*d^13*e^10 - 32768*a^4*c^7*d^11*e^12 + 23202*a^5*c^6*d^9*e^14 - 10458*a^6*c^5*d^7*e^16 + 2730*a^7*c^4*d^5*e^18 - 315*a^8*c^3*d^3*e^20)/(c^8*d^8*e^8)) - 35/65536*(c^9*d^18 - 9*a*c^8*d^16*e^2 + 36*a^2*c^7*d^14*e^4 - 84*a^3*c^6*d^12*e^6 + 126*a^4*c^5*d^10*e^8 - 126*a^5*c^4*d^8*e^10 + 84*a^6*c^3*d^6*e^12 - 36*a^7*c^2*d^4*e^14 + 9*a^8*c*d^2*e^16 - a^9*e^18)*log(abs(-c*d^2...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \int (d + ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + ade)^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1954, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `(315*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**8*c*d*e**17 - 2730*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**7*c**2*d**3*e**15 - 210*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**7*c**2*d**2*e**16*x + 10458*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c**3*d**5*e**13 + 1806*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c**3*d**4*e**14*x + 168*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c**3*d**3*e**15*x**2 - 23202*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**4*d**7*e**11 - 6858*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**4*d**6*e**12*x - 1440*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**4*d**5*e**13*x**2 - 144*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**4*d**4*e**14*x**3 + 32768*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**5*d**9*e**9 + 15062*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**5*d**8*e**10*x + 5448*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**5*d**7*e**11*x**2 + 1232*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**5*d**6*e**12*x**3 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**5*d**5*e**13*x**4 + 23202*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**6*d**11*e**7 + 247082*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**6*d**10*e**8*x + 524288*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**6*d**9*e**9*x**2 + 531552*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**6*d**8*e**10*x**3 + 267008*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**6*d**7*e**11*x**4 + 53504*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**6*d**6*e**12*x**5 - 10458*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**7*d**13*e**5 + 6858*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**7*d**12*e**6*x + 387768*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + ...`

3.235 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx$

Optimal result	1808
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1809
Rubi [A] (verified)	1809
Maple [A] (verified)	1813
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1813
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1814
Maxima [F(-2)]	1815
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1816
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1817
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1818

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 363

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 (cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{16384c^4d^4e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6144c^3d^3e^3}$$

$$- \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{384c^2d^2e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde}$$

$$+ \frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^8 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{16384c^{9/2}d^{9/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-35/16384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+
c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e^4+35/6144*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d
^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/e^3-7/384*(-a*e^2+c*d
^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d
^2/e^2+1/16*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2
)/c/d/e+35/16384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^8*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{7/2} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-105a^7e^{14} + 35a^6cde^{12}(23d + 2ex) - 7a^5c^2d^2e^{10}(383d^2 + 76dex + 8e^2x^2) + a^4c^3d^3e^8(5053d^3 + 1754d^2ex + 424d^2e^2x^2 + 48e^3x^3) + a^3c^4d^4e^6(5053d^4 + 40424d^3ex + 64144d^2e^2x^2 + 43328d^3e^3x^3 + 10880e^4x^4) + a^2c^5d^5e^4(-2681d^5 + 1754d^4ex + 64144d^3e^2x^2 + 128288d^2e^3x^3 + 96640d^4e^4x^4 + 25856e^5x^5) + ac^6d^6e^2(805d^6 - 532d^5ex + 424d^4e^2x^2 + 43328d^3e^3x^3 + 96640d^2e^4x^4 + 77312d^5e^5x^5 + 21504e^6x^6) + c^7d^7(-105d^7 + 70d^6ex - 56d^5e^2x^2 + 48d^4e^3x^3 + 10880d^3e^4x^4 + 25856d^2e^5x^5 + 21504d^6e^6x^6 + 6144e^7x^7) \right)}{(ae + cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2), x]`

output
$$\frac{(((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{7/2}*((\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*(-105*a^7*e^{14} + 35*a^6*c*d*e^{12}*(23*d + 2*e*x) - 7*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^{10}*(383*d^2 + 76*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8*(5053*d^3 + 1754*d^2*e*x + 424*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3) + a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6*(5053*d^4 + 40424*d^3*e*x + 64144*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 43328*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 10880*e^4*x^4) + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^4*(-2681*d^5 + 1754*d^4*e*x + 64144*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 128288*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 96640*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 25856*e^5*x^5) + a*c^6*d^6*e^2*(805*d^6 - 532*d^5*e*x + 424*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 43328*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 96640*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 77312*d^5*e^5*x^5 + 21504*e^6*x^6) + c^7*d^7*(-105*d^7 + 70*d^6*e*x - 56*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 10880*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 25856*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 21504*d^6*e^6*x^6 + 6144*e^7*x^7)))))/((a*e + c*d*x)^3*(d + e*x)^3) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^8*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])]/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])))/((a*e + c*d*x)^{7/2}*(d + e*x)^{7/2})))/(49152*c^{(9/2)}*d^{(9/2)}*e^{(9/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1087, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2} dx}{32cde} \\
 & \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{24cde} \right)}{32cde} \\
 & \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/2} dx}{24cde} \right)}{24cde} \right)}{32cde} \\
 & \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/2} dx}{24cde} \right)}{24cde} \right)}{32cde} \\
 & \downarrow 1092
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} \\
 \\
 7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} \right)}{32cde} \right)
 \end{array} \right\}
 \end{array}$$

↓ 219

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{16cde} \\
 \\
 7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} \right)}{32cde} \right)
 \end{array} \right\}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(16*c*d*e) - (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(12*c*d*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(24*c*d*e))/(32*c*d*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
default	$\frac{(2cde + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{16cde} + \frac{7(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)}{\frac{(2cde + ae^2 + cd^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12cde}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/16*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/c/d/e
+7/32*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/c/d/e+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2
*e)^(3/2)/c/d/e+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x
+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/c/d/e+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2
*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/d/e/c*ln(((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)
+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 752 vs. 2(331) = 662.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1518, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/196608*(105*(c^8*d^16 - 8*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 28*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 56*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 70*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 56*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 28*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 8*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(6144*c^8*d^8*e^8*x^7 - 105*c^8*d^15*e + 805*a*c^7*d^13*e^3 - 2681*a^2*c^6*d^11*e^5 + 5053*a^3*c^5*d^9*e^7 + 5053*a^4*c^4*d^7*e^9 - 2681*a^5*c^3*d^5*e^11 + 805*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^13 - 105*a^7*c*d*e^15 + 21504*(c^8*d^9*e^7 + a*c^7*d^7*e^9)*x^6 + 256*(101*c^8*d^10*e^6 + 302*a*c^7*d^8*e^8 + 101*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^10)*x^5 + 640*(17*c^8*d^11*e^5 + 151*a*c^7*d^9*e^7 + 151*a^2*c^6*d^7*e^9 + 17*a^3*c^5*d^5*e^11)*x^4 + 16*(3*c^8*d^12*e^4 + 2708*a*c^7*d^10*e^6 + 8018*a^2*c^6*d^8*e^8 + 2708*a^3*c^5*d^6*e^10 + 3*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^12)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^8*d^13*e^3 - 53*a*c^7*d^11*e^5 - 8018*a^2*c^6*d^9*e^7 - 8018*a^3*c^5*d^7*e^9 - 53*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^11 + 7*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^13)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^8*d^14*e^2 - 266*a*c^7*d^12*e^4 + 877*a^2*c^6*d^10*e^6 + 20212*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^8 + 877*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^10 - 266*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^12 + 35*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^14)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*e^5), -1/98304*(105*(c^8*d^16 - 8*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 28*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 56*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 70*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 56*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 28*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 8*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 988 vs. $2(355) = 710$.

Time = 49.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20264, normalized size of antiderivative = 55.82

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```

a**3*d**3*e**3*Piecewise(((x/2 + (a**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e
+ c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a
**2 + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*
sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), N
e(a*d*e - (a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2
*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**2 -
c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d
**2))**(3/2)/(3*(a**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e
), True)) + 3*a**3*d**2*e**4*Piecewise((-a*(a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) -
(a**2 + c*d**2)*(a*d*e/3 - (a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/
2)/(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sq
rt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(
a*d*e - (a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c
*d*e))*log(x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**2 - c
d**2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), True)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e)
+ (a*d*e/3 - (a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(
c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*
(-a*d*e*(a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d
**2))**(5/2)/5)/(a**2 + c*d**2)**2, Ne(a**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a
*d*e)/2, True)) + 3*a**3*d*e**5*Piecewise((( -a*(a*d*e/4 - (a**2/8 + c...

```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e

```


Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 786 vs. $2(331) = 662$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 786, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/49152*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(2*(12*(2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x + 7*(c^10*d^11*e^9 + a*c^9*d^9*e^11)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (101*c^10*d^12*e^8 + 302*a*c^9*d^10*e^10 + 101*a^2*c^8*d^8*e^12)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + 5*(17*c^10*d^13*e^7 + 151*a*c^9*d^11*e^9 + 151*a^2*c^8*d^9*e^11 + 17*a^3*c^7*d^7*e^13)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (3*c^10*d^14*e^6 + 2708*a*c^9*d^12*e^8 + 8018*a^2*c^8*d^10*e^10 + 2708*a^3*c^7*d^8*e^12 + 3*a^4*c^6*d^6*e^14)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x - (7*c^10*d^15*e^5 - 53*a*c^9*d^13*e^7 - 8018*a^2*c^8*d^11*e^9 - 8018*a^3*c^7*d^9*e^11 - 53*a^4*c^6*d^7*e^13 + 7*a^5*c^5*d^5*e^15)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (35*c^10*d^16*e^4 - 266*a*c^9*d^14*e^6 + 877*a^2*c^8*d^12*e^8 + 20212*a^3*c^7*d^10*e^10 + 877*a^4*c^6*d^8*e^12 - 266*a^5*c^5*d^6*e^14 + 35*a^6*c^4*d^4*e^16)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x - (105*c^10*d^17*e^3 - 805*a*c^9*d^15*e^5 + 2681*a^2*c^8*d^13*e^7 - 5053*a^3*c^7*d^11*e^9 - 5053*a^4*c^6*d^9*e^11 + 2681*a^5*c^5*d^7*e^13 - 805*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^15 + 105*a^7*c^3*d^3*e^17)/(c^7*d^7*e^7)) - 35/32768*(c^8*d^16 - 8*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 28*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 56*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 70*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 56*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 28*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 8*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 + a^8*e^16)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^4*d^4*e^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + cxde + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right) (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{8cde}$$

$$\left(\frac{7(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{4} - 7ac d^2 e^2 \right) \frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + cxde + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right) (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{6cde} - \frac{\left(\frac{5(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{4} - 5ac d^2 e^2\right) \left(\frac{cd^2}{2} + cxde + \frac{ae^2}{2}\right)}{6cde}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `((((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (((7*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/4 - 7*a*c*d^2*e^2)*(((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(6*c*d*e) - (((5*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/4 - 5*a*c*d^2*e^2)*(((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)))/(4*c*d*e) - (((3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/4 - 3*a*c*d^2*e^2)*((x/2 + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(4*c*d*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2) - (log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 - a*c*d^2*e^2))/(2*(c*d*e)^(3/2))))/(4*c*d*e)))/(6*c*d*e)))/(8*c*d*e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1615, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `(- 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**7*c*d*e**15 + 805*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c**2*d**3*e**13 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c**2*d**2*e**14*x - 2681*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**3*d**5*e**11 - 532*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**3*d**4*e**12*x - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**3*d**3*e**13*x**2 + 5053*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**4*d**7*e**9 + 1754*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**4*d**6*e**10*x + 424*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**4*d**5*e**11*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**4*d**4*e**12*x**3 + 5053*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**9*e**7 + 40424*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**8*e**8*x + 64144*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**7*e**9*x**2 + 43328*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**6*e**10*x**3 + 10880*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**5*d**5*e**11*x**4 - 2681*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**11*e**5 + 1754*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**10*e**6*x + 64144*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**9*e**7*x**2 + 128288*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**8*e**8*x**3 + 96640*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**7*e**9*x**4 + 25856*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**6*d**6*e**10*x**5 + 805*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**7*d**13*e**3 - 532*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**7*d**12*e**4*x + 424*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**7*d**11*e**5...`

$$3.236 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

Optimal result	1819
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1820
Rubi [A] (verified)	1821
Maple [A] (verified)	1824
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1825
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1826
Maxima [F(-2)]	1827
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1828
Mupad [F(-1)]	1828
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1829

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 496

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx = \\ & - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{1024c^3d^3e^4} \\ & + \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{1536c^3d^3e^3(d + ex)} \\ & - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{384c^3d^3e^2(d + ex)^2} \\ & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{448c^3d^3e(d + ex)^3} \\ & + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{56c^3d^3(d + ex)^4} \\ & + \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{84c^2d^2(d + ex)^3} \\ & + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^2} \\ & + \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^7 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + ex}}\right)}{1024c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{9/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -5/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/d^3/e \\
& ^4+5/1536*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/c^3/d^3 \\
& /e^3/(e*x+d)-1/384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)} \\
&)/c^3/d^3/e^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/448*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d* \\
& e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^3+1/56*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2) \\
&)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(9/2)}/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^4+5/84*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c \\
& *d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(9/2)}/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^3+1/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d* \\
& e*x^2)^{(9/2)}/c/d/(e*x+d)^2+5/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^7*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+ \\
& (a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d))/c^{(7/2)}/d^{(7/2)}/ \\
& e^{(9/2)}
\end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(105a^6e^{12} - 70a^5cde^{10}(10d+ex) + 7a^4c^2d^2e^8}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

`Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(5/2)}*((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*(105*a^6*e^{12} - \\
& 70*a^5*c*d*e^{10}(10*d + e*x) + 7*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8*(283*d^2 + 66*d*e*x + 8* \\
& e^2*x^2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6*(768*d^3 + 4285*d^2*e*x + 4516*d*e^2*x^2 + 15 \\
& 24*e^3*x^3) + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4*(-1981*d^4 + 1292*d^3*e*x + 27648*d^2*e^2*x^2 \\
& + 36496*d*e^3*x^3 + 13696*e^4*x^4) + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e^2*(350*d^5 - 231*d^4* \\
& e*x + 184*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 9400*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 13824*d*e^4*x^4 + 5504*e^5*x^5) \\
& + c^6*d^6*(-105*d^6 + 70*d^5*e*x - 56*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 4736 \\
& *d^2*e^4*x^4 + 7424*d*e^5*x^5 + 3072*e^6*x^6)))/((a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x) \\
& ^2) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^7*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt} \\
& [e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^{(5/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})))/(21504*c^ \\
& (7/2)*d^{(7/2)}*e^{(9/2)})
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1131, 1087, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1131

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2} dx}{2e}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{24cde} \right)}{2e}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{12cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{24cde} \right)}{24cde} \right)}{2e}$$

↓ 1087

$$\left(cd^2 - ae^2 \right) \left[\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{12cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{8cde} \right]$$

2e

↓ 1092

$$\left(cd^2 - ae^2 \right) \left[\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{12cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{8cde} \right]$$

2e

↓ 219

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde}$$

2e

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x),x]
```

```
output (a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(7*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(12*c*d*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2))))/(16*c*d*e))/(24*c*d*e))/(2*e)
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1131 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{m_})*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((2*c*d - b*e) / (e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{7}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{(ae^2-cd^2) \left(\frac{2dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+ae^2-cd^2}{12dec}\right) \left(\frac{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{7}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5(ae^2-cd^2)^2 \left(\frac{2d}{e}\right)}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(1/7*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(7/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/12*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)-5/24*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/86016*(105*(c^7*d^14 - 7*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 35*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - a^7*e^14)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(3072*c^7*d^7*e^7*x^6 - 105*c^7*d^13*e + 700*a*c^6*d^11*e^3 - 1981*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5 + 3072*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^7 + 1981*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^9 - 700*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^11 + 105*a^6*c*d*e^13 + 256*(29*c^7*d^8*e^6 + 43*a*c^6*d^6*e^8)*x^5 + 128*(37*c^7*d^9*e^5 + 216*a*c^6*d^7*e^7 + 107*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^9)*x^4 + 16*(3*c^7*d^10*e^4 + 1175*a*c^6*d^8*e^6 + 2281*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^8 + 381*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^10)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^7*d^11*e^3 - 46*a*c^6*d^9*e^5 - 3456*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^7 - 2258*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^9 - 7*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^11)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^7*d^12*e^2 - 231*a*c^6*d^10*e^4 + 646*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^6 + 8570*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^8 + 231*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^10 - 35*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^12)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^4*d^4*e^5), -1/43008*(105*(c^7*d^14 - 7*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 35*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - a^7*e^14)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(3072*c^7*d^7*e^7*x^6 - 105*c^7*d^13*e + 700*a*c^6*d^11*e^3 - 1981*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5 + 3072*a^3*c^4*d^7*e...`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11608, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```

a**3*d**2*e**3*Piecewise(((x/2 + (a**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e
+ c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a
**2 + c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*
sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), N
e(a*d*e - (a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2
*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**2 -
c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d
**2))**3/2)/(3*(a**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e
), True)) + 2*a**3*d*e**4*Piecewise(((a*(a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a
**2 + c*d**2)*(a*d*e/3 - (a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/
(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(
c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d
*e - (a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*
e))*log(x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**2 - c*d**
2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), True)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e) +
(a*d*e/3 - (a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d
*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(-a
*d*e*(a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d**2))**3/2)/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)
)**5/2/5)/(a**2 + c*d**2)**2, Ne(a**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a*d*
e)/2, True)) + a**3*e**5*Piecewise(((a*(a*d*e/4 - (a**2/8 + c*d**2/8...

```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="ma
xima")

```

output

```

Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 651, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{21504} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(2 \left(12c^3d^3e^2x \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. 5(c^7d^{14} - 7ac^6d^{12}e^2 + 21a^2c^5d^{10}e^4 - 35a^3c^4d^8e^6 + 35a^4c^3d^6e^8 - 21a^5c^2d^4e^{10} + 7a^6cd^2e^{12} - a^7e^{14}) \log \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. 2048\sqrt{cd^3d^3e^4} \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$1/21504*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}*(2*(4*(2*(8*(2*(12*c^3*d^3*e^2*x + (29*c^9*d^10*e^7 + 43*a*c^8*d^8*e^9)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x + (37*c^9*d^11*e^6 + 216*a*c^8*d^9*e^8 + 107*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^10)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x + (3*c^9*d^12*e^5 + 1175*a*c^8*d^10*e^7 + 2281*a^2*c^7*d^8*e^9 + 381*a^3*c^6*d^6*e^11)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x - (7*c^9*d^13*e^4 - 46*a*c^8*d^11*e^6 - 3456*a^2*c^7*d^9*e^8 - 2258*a^3*c^6*d^7*e^10 - 7*a^4*c^5*d^5*e^12)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x + (35*c^9*d^14*e^3 - 231*a*c^8*d^12*e^5 + 646*a^2*c^7*d^10*e^7 + 8570*a^3*c^6*d^8*e^9 + 231*a^4*c^5*d^6*e^11 - 35*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^13)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x - (105*c^9*d^15*e^2 - 700*a*c^8*d^13*e^4 + 1981*a^2*c^7*d^11*e^6 - 3072*a^3*c^6*d^9*e^8 - 1981*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^10 + 700*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^12 - 105*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^14)/(c^6*d^6*e^6)) - 5/2048*(c^7*d^14 - 7*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 35*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - a^7*e^14)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^3*d^3*e^4)$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1308, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d*e**13 - 700*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**11 - 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**12*x + 1981*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**9 + 462*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**10*x + 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**11*x**2 + 3072*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**7 + 17140*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**8*x + 18064*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**9*x**2 + 6096*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**10*x**3 - 1981*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**9*e**5 + 1292*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**6*x + 27648*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**7*x**2 + 36496*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**6*e**8*x**3 + 13696*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**9*x**4 + 700*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**11*e**3 - 462*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**10*e**4*x + 368*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**9*e**5*x**2 + 18800*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**8*e**6*x**3 + 27648*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**7*e**7*x**4 + 11008*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**6*e**8*x**5 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**13*e + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**12*e**2*x - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**11*e**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d...`

3.237 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1830
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1831
Rubi [A] (verified)	1832
Maple [A] (verified)	1836
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1837
Sympy [F(-1)]	1838
Maxima [F(-2)]	1839
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1839
Mupad [F(-1)]	1840
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1841

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 436

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{512c^2d^2e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{768c^2d^2e^3(d+ex)}$$

$$- \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{960c^2d^2e^2(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{160c^2d^2e(d+ex)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{20c^2d^2(d+ex)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{6cd(d+ex)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{512c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -7/512*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/e^4 \\
& +7/768*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/c^2/d^2/e^3 \\
& +3/(e*x+d)-7/960*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/ \\
& c^2/d^2/e^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/160*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/ \\
& c^2/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^3+1/20*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(9/2)}/ \\
& c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^4+1/6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(9/2)}/c/d/(e*x+d)^3 \\
& +7/512*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^6*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/ \\
& c^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d))/c^{(5/2)}/d^{(5/2)}/e^{(9/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-105a^5e^{10} + 35a^4cde^8(17d+2ex) + 2a^3c^2d^2)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/(d + e*x)^2, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(3/2)}*((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*(-105*a^5*e^{10} \\
& + 35*a^4*c*d*e^8*(17*d + 2*e*x) + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(843*d^2 + 2876*d*e*x \\
& + 1508*e^2*x^2) + 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(-231*d^3 + 150*d^2*e*x + 1588*d*e^2*x^2 \\
& + 1032*e^3*x^3) + a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(595*d^4 - 392*d^3*e*x + 312*d^2*e^2*x^2 \\
& + 6560*d*e^3*x^3 + 4736*e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(-105*d^5 + 70*d^4*e*x - 56*d^3*e^2*x^2 \\
& + 48*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 1664*d*e^4*x^4 + 1280*e^5*x^5)))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) \\
& + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^6*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])]) \\
&)/((a*e + c*d*x)^{(3/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})) \\
&)/(7680*c^{(5/2)}*d^{(5/2)}*e^{(9/2)})
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1127, 1134, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 1127

$$\int (ae + cdx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1134

$$\frac{(ae + cdx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (ae + cdx) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{12e}$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{(ae + cdx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{2e} \right)}{12e}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{(ae + cdx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{16cde} \right)}{2e} \right)}{12e}$$

↓ 1087

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \\
 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} -
 \end{array}$$

12e

↓ 1092

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \\
 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} -
 \end{array}$$

12e

↓ 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \\
 & \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{5e} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^{3/2}}{8cde} \right) \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)}{12e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*e) - (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))))/(16*c*d*e))/(2*e))/(12*e)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p \cdot ((b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c) / (2 \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3 \cdot p])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4 \cdot c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$
- rule 1127 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_))^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{m+p} / (a/d + c \cdot (x/e))^m, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[p] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[0, -m, p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, -m, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 1134 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_))^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + p) \cdot ((2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_)) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{5 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2} - \frac{14 dec \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(a e^2 - c d^2) \left(2 dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) + a e^2 - c d^2 \right) \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)}{12 dec}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```

1/e^2*(2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))
^(9/2)-14/5*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/7*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)
))^(7/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/12*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*
c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)-5/24*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/8*(
2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))
^(3/2)-3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c
*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln
((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^
2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1042, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="
fricas")

```

output

```
[1/30720*(105*(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*sqrt(c*d*e)
*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) +
8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(1280*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 - 105*c^6*d^11*e + 595*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 1386*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 1686*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 595*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - 105*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 128*(13*c^6*d^7*e^5 + 37*a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*
x^4 + 16*(3*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 410*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 387*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^6*d^9*e^3 - 39*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 - 1191*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - 377*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^6*d^10*e^2 - 196*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 450*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 + 2876*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + 35*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^5), -1/15360*(105*(c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*
e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + a^6*e^12)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^
2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(1280*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 -
105*c^6*d^11*e + 595*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 1386*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 1686*a^3*c^3*d^
5*e^7 + 595*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - 105*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 128*(13*c^6*d^7*e^5 + 37
*a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^4 + 16*(3*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 410*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 387*a^2*c^4*d^
4*e^8)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^6*d^9*e^3 - 39*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 - 1191*a^2*c^4*d^5*e...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2611 vs. 2(396) = 792.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2611, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.99

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/7680*(105*(c^6*d^12*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2*sgn(1/(e
*x + d))*sgn(e) + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 20*a^3*c^3*
d^6*e^6*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(
e) - 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + a^6*e^12*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*
sgn(e))*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))/sqrt(-c*d
*e))/(sqrt(-c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*e^4*abs(e)) + (105*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x +
d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^11*d^17*e^5*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 630*sqrt(c*d
*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c^10*d^15*e^7*sgn(1/(e*x + d))
*sgn(e) + 1575*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^2*c^9*d
^13*e^9*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 2100*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a
e^3/(e*x + d))*a^3*c^8*d^11*e^11*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 1575*sqrt(c*d*e
- c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^4*c^7*d^9*e^13*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*
sgn(e) - 630*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^5*c^6*d^7
*e^15*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 105*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3
/(e*x + d))*a^6*c^5*d^5*e^17*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 595*(c*d*e - c*d^2*
e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c^10*d^16*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)
+ 3570*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a*c^9*d^14*e^6
*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 8925*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x +
d))^(3/2)*a^2*c^8*d^12*e^8*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 11900*(c*d*e - c*d^2*
e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a^3*c^7*d^10*e^10*sgn(1/(e*x + d))...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1033, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(- 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d*e**11 + 595*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**9 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**10*x + 1686*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**7 + 5752*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8*x + 3016*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**2 - 1386*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5 + 900*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**6*x + 9528*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**2 + 6192*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**3 + 595*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**9*e**3 - 392*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**8*e**4*x + 312*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**7*e**5*x**2 + 6560*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**6*e**6*x**3 + 4736*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**7*x**4 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**11*e + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**10*e**2*x - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**9*e**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**8*e**4*x**3 + 1664*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**7*e**5*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**6*e**6*x**5 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**6*e**12 - 630*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))`

3.238 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1842
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1843
Rubi [A] (verified)	1843
Maple [A] (verified)	1848
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1850
Sympy [F(-1)]	1851
Maxima [F(-2)]	1852
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Mupad [F(-1)]	1853
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1853

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 371

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{128cde^4}$$

$$+ \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{192cde^3(d + ex)}$$

$$- \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{240cde^2(d + ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{40(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{5cd(d + ex)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d + ex)}\right)}{128c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -7/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c/d/e^4+7/ \\
& 192*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/c/d/e^3/(e*x+ \\
& d)-7/240*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/c/d/e^2/ \\
& (e*x+d)^2+1/40*(d/e-a*e/c/d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/(e*x+ \\
& d)^3+1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(9/2)}/c/d/(e*x+d)^4+7/128*(-a*e \\
& ^2+c*d^2)^5*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)} \\
&)/d^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d))/c^{(3/2)}/d^{(3/2)}/e^{(9/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(105a^4e^8 + 10a^3cde^6(79d + 121e) + 2a^2c^2d^2e^4(-448d^2 + 289d*ex + 1052e^2*x^2) + 2a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(245*d^3 - 161*d^2*ex + 128*d*e^2*x^2 + 744*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-105*d^4 + 70*d^3*ex - 56*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 48*d*e^3*x^3 + 384*e^4*x^4)) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{e}*(d + ex))/(\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})]) \right)}{(1920*c^{(3/2)}*d^{(3/2)}*e^{(9/2)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*(105*a^4*e^8 + 10* \\
& a^3*c*d*e^6*(79*d + 121*e*x) + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(-448*d^2 + 289*d*ex + 1 \\
& 052*e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(245*d^3 - 161*d^2*ex + 128*d*e^2*x^2 + 74 \\
& 4*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-105*d^4 + 70*d^3*ex - 56*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 48*d*e^3*x^ \\
& 3 + 384*e^4*x^4)) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d \\
& + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])) \\
& /(1920*c^{(3/2)}*d^{(3/2)}*e^{(9/2)})
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1127, 1134, 1134, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1127} \\
 & \int (ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1134} \\
 & \frac{(ae + cdx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{10e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1134} \\
 & \frac{(ae + cdx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2) \int (ae+cdx) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+adedx}}{8e} \right)}{10e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{(ae + cdx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \int \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+adedx}}{2e} \right)}{8e} \right)}{10e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(ae + cd x)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \\
 \left(\frac{(ae + cd x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}}{4cd} \right)}{8e} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)
 \end{array}$$

10e

↓ 1092

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(ae + cd x)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \\
 \left(\frac{(ae + cd x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}}{4cd} \right)}{8e} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)
 \end{array}$$

10e

↓ 219

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(ae + cd^2)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \\
 \left(\frac{(ae + cd^2)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{4cd} \right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 \frac{(ae + cd^2)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \\
 \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae + cd^2)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{4cd} \right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{10e}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e) - (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(((a*e + c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*e)))/(10*e)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p \cdot ((b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c) / (2 \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3 \cdot p])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4 \cdot c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$

rule 1127 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))^m \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{m+p} / (a/d + c \cdot (x/e))^m, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[p] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[0, -m, p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, -m, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1134 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))^m \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + p) \cdot ((2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 586, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
	$14dec \frac{\left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} +$ $4dec \frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{5 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2} -$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/e^3*(2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)) \\ & ^{(9/2)}-4*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2 \\ & +(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{(9/2)}-14/5*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/7*(d*e*c*(x+d/e) \\ & ^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{(7/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/12*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a \\ & *e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{(5/2)}-5/24*(a*e^ \\ & ^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2 \\ & +(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{(3/2)}-3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+ \\ & d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/8* \\ & (a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*\ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^{(1/2)} \\ & +(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)})/(d*e*c)^{(1/2)))))) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/7680*(105*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^
2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2
+ c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e
^3)*x) - 4*(384*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 - 105*c^5*d^9*e + 490*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 896*
a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 790*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 105*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 48*(c^5*d^6*e^4
+ 31*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 32*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 263*a^2*c^
3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 161*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 289*a^2*c^3*d^4*e
^6 + 605*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/
(c^2*d^2*e^5), -1/3840*(105*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e
^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(
1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2
)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)
) - 2*(384*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 - 105*c^5*d^9*e + 490*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 896*a^2*c
^3*d^5*e^5 + 790*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 105*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 48*(c^5*d^6*e^4 + 31*
a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 32*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 263*a^2*c^3*d^3
*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 161*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 289*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 +
605*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*
d^2*e^5)]

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{1}{1920} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6 \left(8c^3d^3x + \frac{c^7d^8e^3 + c^7d^8e^3}{c} \right) \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{7(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5e^{10}) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} \right) \right| \right)}{256 \sqrt{cdecde^4}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1920*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(6*(8*c^3*d^3*x + (c^7*d^8*e^3 + 31*a*c^6*d^6*e^5)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x - (7*c^7*d^9*e^2 - 32*a*c^6*d^7*e^4 - 263*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^6)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (35*c^7*d^10*e - 161*a*c^6*d^8*e^3 + 289*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^5 + 605*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^7)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x - (105*c^7*d^11 - 490*a*c^6*d^9*e^2 + 896*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^4 - 790*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^6 - 105*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^4) - 7/256*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d*e^4)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 790, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**9 + 790*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7 + 1210*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x - 896*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5 + 578*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x + 2104*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**2 + 490*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3 - 322*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x + 256*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**2 + 1488*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**3 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**9*e + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**8*e**2*x - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**3 + 384*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**5*e**5*x**4 - 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**5*e**10 + 525*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 - 1050*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 1050*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 525*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)...
```

3.239 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1855
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1856
Rubi [A] (verified)	1856
Maple [B] (verified)	1860
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1862
Sympy [F(-1)]	1863
Maxima [F(-2)]	1863
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1864
Mupad [F(-1)]	1864
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1865

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 288

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{64e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{96e^3(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{7\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{24(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{4e(d+ex)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{64\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-35/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4+35/96*
(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)+7/24*
(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/e/(e*x+d)^3+35/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*arcta
nh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d
))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(9/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}(ae + cdx)(d + ex)(279a^3e^6 + a^2cde^4(-511d + 326ex) + ac^2e^2d^2e^2(385d^2 - 252d*ex + 200e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(-105d^3 + 70d^2*ex - 56d*ex^2 + 48e^3x^3)) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])]/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d])/(192*e^{(9/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])}{}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)*(279*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*d*e^4*(-511*d + 326*
e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(385*d^2 - 252*d*e*x + 200*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-105*d
^3 + 70*d^2*e*x - 56*d*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3)) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*Sqr
t[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt
[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d])/(192*e^(9/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x
)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1130, 1127, 1134, 1160, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{e(d + ex)^3} - \frac{7cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 1127$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{e(d + ex)^3} - \frac{7cd \int (ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{e}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1134 \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{e(d + ex)^3} - \\
 \frac{7cd \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2) \int (ae+cdx) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+adedx}}{8e} \right)}{e} \\
 \downarrow 1160 \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{e(d + ex)^3} - \\
 \frac{7cd \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \int \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+adedx}}{2e} \right)}{8e} \right)}{e} \\
 \downarrow 1087 \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{e(d + ex)^3} - \\
 \frac{7cd \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2) \left(\frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+adedx}}{4cde} \right)}{8e} \right)}{8e} \right)}{e} \\
 \downarrow 1092
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{e(d + ex)^3} - \\
 & \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{4cde} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{4cde} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{7cd}{4e} \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8e}
 \end{aligned}$$

e

219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{e(d + ex)^3} - \\
 & \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{4cde} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{4cde} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{7cd}{4e} \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8e}
 \end{aligned}$$

e

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/(d + e*x)^4, x]$

output $(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(e*(d + e*x)^3) - (7*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(4*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(8*c^{(3/2)*d^{(3/2)*e^{(3/2)}}}))/((2*e)))/(8*e))/e$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1127 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(m+p)}/(a/d + c*(x/e))^m, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[p] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[0, -m, p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, -m, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 1130

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x]
- Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
- 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] &
& IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1134

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[
c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2
*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 666 vs. $2(256) = 512$.

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 667, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result
	$4dec \frac{2 \left(dec \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right) \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{5 (a e^2 - c d^2) \left(x + \frac{d}{e} \right)^2}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{e^4} \left(\frac{2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^4} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2} - 10 d e c \frac{1}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^3} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2} - 4 d e c \frac{1}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{2}{5} \frac{1}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{(x+d/e)^2} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2} - 14/5 d e c \frac{1}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2}} + 1/2 (a e^2 - c d^2) \frac{1}{12} \frac{2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2}{d/e/c} \frac{1}{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{5/2}} - 5/24 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 \frac{1}{d/e/c} \frac{1}{8} \frac{2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2}{d/e/c} \frac{1}{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{3/2}} - 3/16 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 \frac{1}{d/e/c} \frac{1}{4} \frac{2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2}{d/e/c} \frac{1}{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2}} - 1/8 (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 \frac{1}{d/e/c} \ln \left(\frac{1/2 a e^2 - 1/2 c d^2 + d e c (x+d/e)}{(d e c)^{1/2} + (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2}} \right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 674, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{105 (c^4 d^8 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8) \sqrt{cde} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (2 cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)}{2 (c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + acd^2 e^2 + (c^2 d^3 e + acde^3)x)} \right) + 105 (c^4 d^8 - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8) \sqrt{-cde} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (2 cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)}{2 (c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + acd^2 e^2 + (c^2 d^3 e + acde^3)x)} \right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/768*(105*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 - 105*c^4*d^7*e + 385*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 511*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 279*a^3*c*d*e^7 - 8*(7*c^4*d^5*e^3 - 25*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 126*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 163*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^5), -1/384*(105*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 - 105*c^4*d^7*e + 385*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 511*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 279*a^3*c*d*e^7 - 8*(7*c^4*d^5*e^3 - 25*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 126*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 163*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^5)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(\frac{6c^3d^3x}{e} - \frac{7c^6d^7e^2 - 2}{c^3d^3} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \frac{35(c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd} \right) \right| \right)}{128\sqrt{cdee^4}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
1/192*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(6*c^3*d^3*x/e - (
7*c^6*d^7*e^2 - 25*a*c^5*d^5*e^4)/(c^3*d^3*e^4))*x + (35*c^6*d^8*e - 126*a
*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 163*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^5)/(c^3*d^3*e^4))*x - (105*c^6*d^9 - 385*
a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 511*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 279*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^4))
- 35/128*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6
+ a^4*e^8)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*
d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*e^4)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^4, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{279\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}a^3cde^7 - 511\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae}a^2c^2d^3e}{(d + ex)^4}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `(279*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d*e**7 - 511*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5 + 326*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x + 385*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3 - 252*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x + 200*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**2 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**7*e + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**6*e**2*x - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**4*e**8 - 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 630*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**4*d**8)/(192*c*d*e**5)`

3.240 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

Optimal result	1866
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1867
Rubi [A] (verified)	1867
Maple [B] (verified)	1870
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1872
Sympy [F(-1)]	1873
Maxima [F(-2)]	1873
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1874
Mupad [F(-1)]	1875
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1875

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \frac{35cd(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8e^4} + \frac{35cd(a-\frac{cd^2}{e^2})(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12e(d+ex)} + \frac{7cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{e(d+ex)^4} - \frac{35\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{8e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
35/8*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4+35/12*c*d*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)+7/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^2-2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/e/(e*x+d)^4-35/8*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(-48a^3e^6 + 3a^2cde^4(77d + 29ex) - 2ac^2d^2e^2(140d^2 + 49d + 29e)x - 19e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(105d^3 + 35d^2e*x - 14d*e^2*x^2 + 8*e^3*x^3))}{(d + ex) - (105\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d}*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c})*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{d + e*x}]/(\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x}))} \right)}{(24*e^{(9/2)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*((Sqrt[e]*(-48*a^3*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*(77*d + 29*e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(140*d^2 + 49*d*e*x - 19*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(105*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x - 14*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*e^3*x^3)))/(d + e*x) - (105*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]))/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(24*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1125, 2192, 27, 2192, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

↓ 1125

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

$$\int \frac{-c^4d^4x^3e^7 + c^3d^3(cd^2 - 4ae^2)x^2e^6 - c^2d^2(c^2d^4 - 4ace^2d^2 + 6a^2e^4)xe^5 + cd(cd^2 - 2ae^2)(c^2d^4 - 2ace^2d^2 + 2a^2e^4)e^4}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

e⁸

↓ 2192

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} - \int \frac{c^4 d^4 (11cd^2 - 19ae^2)x^2 e^7 - 2c^3 d^3 (3c^2 d^4 - 14ace^2 d^2 + 18a^2 e^4)x e^6 + 6c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - 2ae^2)(c^2 d^4 - 2ace^2 d^2 + 2a^2 e^4)e^5}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{3cde} - \frac{1}{3}c^3 d^3 e^6 x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{e^8}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} - \int \frac{c^4 d^4 (11cd^2 - 19ae^2)x^2 e^7 - 2c^3 d^3 (3c^2 d^4 - 14ace^2 d^2 + 18a^2 e^4)x e^6 + 6c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - 2ae^2)(c^2 d^4 - 2ace^2 d^2 + 2a^2 e^4)e^5}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{6cde} - \frac{1}{3}c^3 d^3 e^6 x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{e^8}$$

↓ 2192

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} - \int \frac{c^3 d^3 e^6 (2(12c^3 d^6 - 59ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 91a^2 ce^4 d^2 - 48a^3 e^6) - cde(57c^2 d^4 - 136ace^2 d^2 + 87a^2 e^4)x)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{2cde} + \frac{1}{2}c^3 d^3 e^6 x(11cd^2 - 19ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{6cde} \frac{\hspace{10em}}{e^8}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{1}{4}c^2 d^2 e^5 \int \frac{2(12c^3 d^6 - 59ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 91a^2 ce^4 d^2 - 48a^3 e^6) - cde(57c^2 d^4 - 136ace^2 d^2 + 87a^2 e^4)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{1}{2}c^3 d^3 e^6 x(11cd^2 - 19ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{6cde} \frac{\hspace{10em}}{e^8}$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{1}{4}c^2 d^2 e^5 \left(\frac{105}{2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - (87a^2 e^4 - 136acd^2 e^2 + 57c^2 d^4) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}c^3 d^3 e^6 x(11cd^2 - 19ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{6cde} \frac{\hspace{10em}}{e^8}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} -$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}c^2d^2e^5 \left(105(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{cde - cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - (87a^2e^4 - 136acd^2e^2 + 57c^2d^4) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right)}{6cde} -$$

e⁸

↓ 219

$$\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} -$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}c^2d^2e^5 \left(\frac{105(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - (87a^2e^4 - 136acd^2e^2 + 57c^2d^4) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}c^3d^3e^5}{6cde} + \frac{1}{2}c^3d^3e^5$$

e⁸

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e^4*(d + e*x)) - (-1/3*(c^3*d^3*e^6*x^2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + ((c^3*d^3*e^6*(11*c*d^2 - 19*a*e^2)*x*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/2 + (c^2*d^2*e^5*(-((57*c^2*d^4 - 136*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 87*a^2*e^4)*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]))/4)/(6*c*d*e))/e^8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1125 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 2192 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + p)*x^(q - 1) - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 747 vs. $2(251) = 502$.

Time = 3.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 748, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
1/e^5*(-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^5*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(
9/2)+8*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^4*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a
e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(9/2)-10*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/
e)^3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(9/2)-4*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(
2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(9/2)-
14/5*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/7*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(7/2
)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/12*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/
e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)-5/24*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*d*e*c
*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-
3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c
*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/2*
a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2
)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \left[\frac{105(c^3d^7 - 3ac^2d^5e^2 + 3a^2cd^3e^4 - a^3de^6 + (c^3d^6e - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3de^4 + (c^3d^5e^2 - 3ac^2d^3e^4 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3de^4) \ln\left(\frac{c^3d^6e - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3de^4}{(d+ex)^2 + \frac{cd^2+ae^2}{d+ex}}\right))}{105(c^3d^7 - 3ac^2d^5e^2 + 3a^2cd^3e^4 - a^3de^6 + (c^3d^6e - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3de^4) \ln\left(\frac{c^3d^6e - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3de^4}{(d+ex)^2 + \frac{cd^2+ae^2}{d+ex}}\right))} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/96*(105*(c^3*d^7 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - a^3*d*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 105*c^3*d^6 - 280*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 231*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 48*a^3*e^6 - 2*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 19*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (35*c^3*d^5*e - 98*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 87*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^5*x + d*e^4), 1/48*(105*(c^3*d^7 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - a^3*d*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + 2*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 105*c^3*d^6 - 280*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 231*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 48*a^3*e^6 - 2*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 19*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (35*c^3*d^5*e - 98*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 87*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^5*x + d*e^4)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**5,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1066 vs. $2(251) = 502$.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1066, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
1/24*(105*(c^4*d^7*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x +
d))*sgn(e) + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - a^3*c*d*e^6*sgn(1
/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d
))/sqrt(-c*d*e))/(sqrt(-c*d*e)*e^4*abs(e)) + 48*(sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x
+ d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^3*d^6*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 3*sqrt(c*d*e -
c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)
+ 3*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*sgn(1
/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^3
*e^6*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))/(e^5*abs(e)) + (57*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x
+ d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^6*d^9*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 171*sqrt(c*
d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c^5*d^7*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*
sgn(e) + 171*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^2*c^4*d^5
*e^6*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 57*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(
e*x + d))*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^8*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 136*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(
e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*c^5*d^8*e*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 408*
(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a*c^4*d^6*e^3*sgn(1/(e
*x + d))*sgn(e) - 408*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*
a^2*c^3*d^4*e^5*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 136*(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) +
a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2)*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^7*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 87*(c*d*
e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(5/2)*c^4*d^7*sgn(1/(e*x + d))...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^5, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output

```
( - 384*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 + 1848*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 + 696*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x - 2240*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 784*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x + 304*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 840*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e + 280*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x - 112*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 64*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*d*e**6 + 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*e**7*x - 2520*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 2520*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 2520*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 2520*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*...
```

3.241
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	1877
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1878
Rubi [A] (verified)	1878
Maple [B] (verified)	1882
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1884
Sympy [F]	1885
Maxima [F(-2)]	1885
Giac [F(-2)]	1886
Mupad [F(-1)]	1886
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1887

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{35c^2d^2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4e^2} + \frac{35c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e^3(d+ex)} - \frac{14cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{3e(d+ex)^5} + \frac{35c^{3/2}d^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
35/4*c^2*d^2*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2+35/6*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)-14/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^3-2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/e/(e*x+d)^5+35/4*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arc tanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{e}(8a^3e^6 + 8a^2cde^4(7d + 10ex) - ac^2d^2e^2(175d^2 + 238ade + 10e^2x))}{(d + ex)^2} + \frac{105c^{3/2}d^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}\right]}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}} \right)}{(12e^{9/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((Sqrt[e]*(8*a^3*e^6 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^4*(7*d + 10*e*x) - a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(175*d^2 + 238*d*e*x + 39*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(105*d^3 + 140*d^2*e*x + 21*d*e^2*x^2 - 6*e^3*x^3)))/(d + e*x)^2) + (105*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(12*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1130, 1125, 25, 2192, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

↓ 1130

$$\frac{7cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{3e(d + ex)^5}$$

↓ 1125

$$7cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{c^3 d^3 x^2 e^5 - c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - 3ae^2) x e^4 + cd (c^2 d^4 - 3ace^2 d^2 + 3a^2 e^4) e^3}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^6} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}} \cdot \frac{3e}{3e(d+ex)^5}$$

25

$$7cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{c^3 d^3 x^2 e^5 - c^2 d^2 (cd^2 - 3ae^2) x e^4 + cd (c^2 d^4 - 3ace^2 d^2 + 3a^2 e^4) e^3}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^6} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}} \cdot \frac{3e}{3e(d+ex)^5}$$

2192

$$7cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{c^2 d^2 e^4 (2(2cd^2 - 3ae^2)(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - cde(7cd^2 - 9ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cde e^6} + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^2 e^4 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}} \cdot \frac{3e}{3e(d+ex)^5}$$

27

$$7cd \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4} cde^3 \int \frac{2(2cd^2 - 3ae^2)(cd^2 - 2ae^2) - cde(7cd^2 - 9ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^2 e^4 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^6} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}} \cdot \frac{3e}{3e(d+ex)^5}$$

1160

$$7cd \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}cde^3 \left(\frac{15}{2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - (7cd^2 - 9ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}c^2d^2e^4x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^6} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{3e(d + ex)^5}$$

3e

↓ 1092

$$7cd \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}cde^3 \left(15(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - (7cd^2 - 9ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}c^2d^2e^4x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^6} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{3e(d + ex)^5}$$

3e

↓ 219

$$7cd \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}cde^3 \left(\frac{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right) - (7cd^2 - 9ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}c^2d^2e^4x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^6} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{3e(d + ex)^5}$$

3e

input

`Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(3*e*(d + e*x)^5) + (7*c*d*((-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((c^2*d^2*e^4*x*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/2 + (c*d*e^3*(-((7*c*d^2 - 9*a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e])))/4)/e^6)/(3*e}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, \text{x}]$$

rule 1125

$$\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e^{(2*m + 3)}*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^{(m + 2)}*(d + e*x))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[e^{(2*m + 2)} \quad \text{Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[((-2*c*d + b*e)^{-m - 1} - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^{-m - 1})/(d + e*x), \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, -3/2]$$

rule 1130

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x]
- Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
- 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] &
& IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2192

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q =
Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b
*e*(q + p)*x^(q - 1) - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 828 vs. $2(245) = 490$.

Time = 4.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 829, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

method	result

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/e^6*(-2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^6*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e) \\ &)^(9/2)+2*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^5*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2 \\ & +(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(9/2)+8*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/ \\ & e)^4*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(9/2)-10*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)* \\ & (2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(9/2) \\ & -4*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^ \\ & 2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(9/2)-14/5*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/7*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a* \\ & e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(7/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/12*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c \\ & *d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)-5/24*(a*e^2-c*d^ \\ & 2)^2/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^ \\ & 2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a \\ & *e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2 \\ & -c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*\ln((1/2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e* \\ & c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))))))) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 786, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(105*(c^3*d^7 - 2*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c^3*d^6*e - 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 105*c^3*d^6 + 175*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 56*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*a^3*e^6 - 3*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 13*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 2*(70*c^3*d^5*e - 119*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 40*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4), -1/24*(105*(c^3*d^7 - 2*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c^3*d^6*e - 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) - 2*(6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 105*c^3*d^6 + 175*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 56*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*a^3*e^6 - 3*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 13*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 2*(70*c^3*d^5*e - 119*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 40*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(7/2)/(d + e*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^6,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^6, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 991, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output `(- 64*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 - 448*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 640*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x + 1400*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 1904*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x + 312*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 840*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e - 1120*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x - 168*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 + 1680*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d*e**6*x**2 - 1680*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 3360*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - 1680*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2...`

3.242 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$

Optimal result	1888
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1889
Rubi [A] (verified)	1889
Maple [B] (verified)	1894
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1896
Sympy [F]	1897
Maxima [F(-2)]	1897
Giac [F(-2)]	1898
Mupad [F(-1)]	1898
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1899

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 260

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{7c^3d^3\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{e^4} - \frac{14c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{14cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{15e^2(d + ex)^4} - \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{5e(d + ex)^6} - \frac{7c^{5/2}d^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}\right)}{e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
7*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4-14/3*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-14/15*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^4-2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/e/(e*x+d)^6-7*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e(-6a^3e^6 - 2a^2cde^4(7d+16ex) - 2ac^2d^2e^2(35d^2+84dex + 16e^2x^2)) - 2a^2c^2d^2e^2(35d^2+84dex + 16e^2x^2)}}{(d + ex)^3 - (105c^2d^5/2)(c^2d^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}]} \right)}{(15e^{9/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^7,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*((Sqrt[e]*(-6*a^3*e^6 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^4*(7*d + 16*e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(35*d^2 + 84*d*e*x + 58*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(105*d^3 + 245*d^2*e*x + 161*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*e^3*x^3)))/(d + e*x)^3 - (105*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(15*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1125, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{7cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^5} dx}{5e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{5e(d + ex)^6}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$7cd \left(\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d+ex)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{5e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{5e(d+ex)^6}$$

↓ 1125

$$7cd \left(\frac{5cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{cde^2(cd^2 - cexd - 2ae^2)}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d+ex} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d+ex)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{5e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{5e(d+ex)^6}$$

↓ 27

$$7cd \left(\frac{5cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{cd^2 - cexd - 2ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d+ex} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d+ex)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{5e}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{5e(d+ex)^6}$$

↓ 1160

$$7cd \left(\frac{5cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{3}{2}(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right)}{e^2} - \frac{2 \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{5e} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{5e(d + ex)^6}$$

↓ 1092

$$7cd \left(\frac{5cd \left(\frac{cd \left(3(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right)}{e^2} - \frac{2 \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{5e} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{5e(d + ex)^6}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{5cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right) - \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)}{e^2} - \frac{2 \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} \right)}{7cd} - \frac{3e}{5e} = \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{5e(d + ex)^6}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output `(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(5*e*(d + e*x)^6) + (7*c*d*((-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(3*e*(d + e*x)^4) + (5*c*d*((-2*(a - (c*d^2)/e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x) - (c*d*(-Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2] + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])))/e^2))/(3*e)))/(5*e)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1125 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e^{(2*m + 3)*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^{(m + 2)*(d + e*x)}))}, x] - \text{Simp}[e^{(2*m + 2)} \text{ Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[((-2*c*d + b*e)^{-m - 1} - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^{-m - 1})/(d + e*x), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, -3/2]$
- rule 1130 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))}, x] - \text{Simp}[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 909 vs. $2(232) = 464$.

Time = 5.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 910, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

method	result

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{e^7} \left(-\frac{2}{5} \frac{(a e^2 - c d^2)}{(x+d/e)^7} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \left(-\frac{2}{3} \frac{(a e^2 - c d^2)}{(x+d/e)^6} (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2} + 2 \frac{d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \left(-\frac{2}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{(x+d/e)^5 (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2}}{(x+d/e)^4} + 8 \frac{d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{(x+d/e)^2 (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2}}{(x+d/e)^3} - 10 \frac{d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{(x+d/e)^2 (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2}}{(x+d/e)^2} - 4 \frac{d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{(x+d/e)^2 (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2}}{(x+d/e)^2} - 14 \frac{d e c}{(a e^2 - c d^2)} \frac{(x+d/e)^2 (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{9/2}}{(x+d/e)^2} + \frac{1}{7} \frac{(d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{7/2}}{(x+d/e)^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(a e^2 - c d^2) (1/12 * (2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2) / d / e / c * (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{5/2} - 5/24 * (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 / d / e / c * (1/8 * (2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2) / d / e / c * (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{3/2} - 3/16 * (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 / d / e / c * (1/4 * (2 d e c (x+d/e) + a e^2 - c d^2) / d / e / c * (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2} - 1/8 * (a e^2 - c d^2)^2 / d / e / c * \ln((1/2 * a e^2 - 1/2 * c d^2 + d e c (x+d/e)) / (d e c)^{1/2} + (d e c (x+d/e)^2 + (a e^2 - c d^2) (x+d/e))^{1/2}) / (d e c)^{1/2})} \right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 798, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/60*(105*(c^3*d^7 - a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + (c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 +
3*(c^3*d^5*e^2 - a*c^2*d^3*e^4)*x^2 + 3*(c^3*d^6*e - a*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sq
rt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2
*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*
sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(15*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 105*c
^3*d^6 - 70*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 14*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*a^3*e^6 + (161*c^3*d^4*e^
2 - 116*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (245*c^3*d^5*e - 168*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 32*a^2*c
*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6
*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4), 1/30*(105*(c^3*d^7 - a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + (c^3*d
^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^5*e^2 - a*c^2*d^3*e^4)*x^2 + 3*(c^3
*d^6*e - a*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e
+ (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x
^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + 2*(15*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 105*c
^3*d^6 - 70*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 14*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*a^3*e^6 + (161*c^3*d^4*e^
2 - 116*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (245*c^3*d^5*e - 168*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 32*a^2*c
*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6
*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**7, x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(7/2)/(d + e*x)**7, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^7,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^7, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 931, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^7,x)`

output `(- 24*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x - 280*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 672*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 464*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 420*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e + 980*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 644*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 60*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 1260*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 1260*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 - 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**7 - 1260*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**6*e*x - 1260*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c...`

3.243 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx$

Optimal result	1900
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1901
Rubi [A] (verified)	1901
Maple [B] (verified)	1906
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1907
Sympy [F(-1)]	1908
Maxima [F(-2)]	1908
Giac [F(-2)]	1909
Mupad [F(-1)]	1909
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1910

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^8} dx = -\frac{2c^3d^3\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{e^4(d+ex)} - \frac{2c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{2cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e(d+ex)^7} + \frac{2c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)-2/3*c^2*d^2
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-2/5*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^5-2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
e*x^2)^(7/2)/e/(e*x+d)^7+2*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d))/e^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{e}(15a^3e^6 + 3a^2cde^4(7d + 22ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(35d^2 + 112d + 22ex) + a^3c^2d^2e^2(35d^2 + 112d + 22ex) + c^3d^3(105d^3 + 350d^2ex + 406d^2e^2x^2 + 176e^3x^3))}{(d + ex)^4} + (105c^{7/2}d^{7/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cd^2}}]) / (\sqrt{ae + cd^2}\sqrt{d + ex}) \right)}{(105e^{9/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^8,x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((Sqrt[e]*(15*a^3*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*(7*d + 22*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(35*d^2 + 112*d*e*x + 122*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(105*d^3 + 350*d^2*e*x + 406*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 176*e^3*x^3)))/(d + e*x)^4) + (105*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(105*e^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1130, 1125, 25, 27, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

↓ 1130

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^6} dx}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e(d + ex)^7}$$

↓ 1130

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{e}{7e(d+ex)^7} \cdot 2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 1130

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{e}{7e(d+ex)^7} \cdot 2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 1125

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int -\frac{cde}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5}$$

$$\frac{e}{7e(d+ex)^7} \cdot 2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 25

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{cde}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{e(d+ex)}}{e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right) - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{7e(d+ex)^7}$$

↓ 27

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{e(d+ex)}}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right) - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^5}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{7e(d+ex)^7}$$

↓ 1092

$$\left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2} dx - \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}}{4cde - \frac{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{e}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e(d + ex)^7}$$

\downarrow 219

$$\left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^3} \right) - \frac{2(xae^2+cd^2+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e(d+ex)^7}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7e(d+ex)^7}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^8,x]
```

```
output (-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*e*(d + e*x)^7) + (c*d*(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e*(d + e*x)^5) + (c*d*((-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e*(d + e*x)^3) + (c*d*((-2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(e*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/e^(3/2))/e)/e)/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1125 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e^(2*m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 990 vs. $2(227) = 454$.

Time = 7.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 991, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	991

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/e^8*(-2/7/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^8*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)
)^9/2+2/7*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^7*(d*e*c*(x+d/
e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^9/2+4/5*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/3/(a*e^2-c*d
^2)/(x+d/e)^6*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^9/2+2*d*e*c/(a*e^2
-c*d^2)*(-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^5*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)
)^9/2+8*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^4*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+
(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^9/2-10*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+
d/e)^3*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^9/2-4*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)
*(2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^9/2
)-14/5*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/7*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^7
/2+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/12*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+
d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^5/2-5/24*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/8*(2*d*
e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^3/2
)-3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*(1/4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/e/c*(d*
e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^1/2-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/d/e/c*ln((1/
2*a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2+d*e*c*(x+d/e))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d
^2)*(x+d/e))^1/2)/(d*e*c)^(1/2))))))))))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 744, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \left[\frac{105(c^3d^3e^4x^4 + 4c^3d^4e^3x^3 + 6c^3d^5e^2x^2 + 4c^3d^6ex + c^3d^7)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}}}{105(c^3d^3e^4x^4 + 4c^3d^4e^3x^3 + 6c^3d^5e^2x^2 + 4c^3d^6ex + c^3d^7)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cdex + cd^2 + ade)}{2(c^2d^2ex^2 + acd^2e + (c^2d^3 + acde^2))}\right)} \right]$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="
fricas")

```

output

```
[1/210*(105*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(176*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 105*c^3*d^6 + 35*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 15*a^3*e^6 + 2*(203*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 61*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(175*c^3*d^5*e + 56*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 33*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^8*x^4 + 4*d*e^7*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^6*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*x + d^4*e^4), -1/105*(105*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + 2*(176*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 105*c^3*d^6 + 35*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 15*a^3*e^6 + 2*(203*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 61*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(175*c^3*d^5*e + 56*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 33*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(e^8*x^4 + 4*d*e^7*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^6*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*x + d^4*e^4)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**8,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,20]%%},0]:[1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%},[8,8
]%%}+%%%
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^8,x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^8, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 701, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^8,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 - 21*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 66*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 112*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 122*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e - 350*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x - 406*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 - 176*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**7 + 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**6*e*x + 630*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 420*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 56*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**7 + 224*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**6*e*x + 336*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 224*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 56*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4)/(105*e**5*(d**4 + 4*d**...
```

3.244
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

Optimal result	1911
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1911
Rubi [A] (verified)	1912
Maple [A] (verified)	1913
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1913
Sympy [F(-1)]	1914
Maxima [F(-2)]	1914
Giac [F(-2)]	1915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1915
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^9}$$

output

```
2/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{2(ae + cd^2)^4 \sqrt{(ae + cd^2)(d + ex)}}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^9,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^4*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x])]/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9(d + ex)^9 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^9,x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(cd x^2 e+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9(ex+d)^8(a e^2-c d^2)}$	58
orering	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(ade+(a e^2+c d^2)x+cd x^2 e)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9(a e^2-c d^2)(ex+d)^8}$	59
default	$-\frac{2\left(dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(a e^2-c d^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9e^9(a e^2-c d^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^9}$	65
trager	$-\frac{2(c^4 x^4 d^4+4a c^3 d^3 e x^3+6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2+4a^3 c d e^3 x+a^4 e^4)\sqrt{cd x^2 e+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}{9(ex+d)^5(a e^2-c d^2)}$	109

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/9/(e*x+d)^8*(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(7/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 210 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 8.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{2(c^4 d^4 x^4 + 4ac^3 d^3 ex^3 + 6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4a^3 cde)}{9(cd^7 - ad^5 e^2 + (cd^2 e^5 - ae^7)x^5 + 5(cd^3 e^4 - ade^6)x^4 + 10(cd^4 e^3 - ade^5)x^3 + 10(cd^3 e^2 - ade^4)x^2 + 10(cd^2 e - ade^3)x + 10ade^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/9*(c^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*c*d*e^3*x + a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c*d^7 - a*d^5*e^2 + (c*d^2*e^5 - a*e^7)*x^5 + 5*(c*d^3*e^4 - a*d*e^6)*x^4 + 10*(c*d^4*e^3 - a*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + 10*(c*d^5*e^2 - a*d^3*e^4)*x^2 + 5*(c*d^6*e - a*d^4*e^3)*x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**9,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{-1, [0,0,5]%%}, [10]%%}+%%{%%{-10, [0,1,4]%%}, 0}: [1,0,%%{`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4399, normalized size of antiderivative = 81.46

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^9,x)`

output

```

(((d*((d*((d*((4*c^5*d^6)/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (2*c^4*d^4*(9*a*e^2 - c*d^2)))/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))))/e +
(2*c^3*d^3*(16*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 5*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(9*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))))/e -
(2*c^2*d^2*(14*a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(9*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))))/e -
(2*c^5*d^9 - 6*a*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 4*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 8*a^4*c*d*e^8)/(9*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 -
(((d*((d*((d*((4*c^5*d^6)/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c^4*d^4*(9*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2)))/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))))/e +
(4*c^3*d^3*(26*a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 - 25*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(9*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))))/e +
(20*c^5*d^8 - 100*a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 200*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 136*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6)/(9*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e))))/e +
(4*a*c*d*(16*a^3*e^6 - 5*c^3*d^6 + 20*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 30*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(9*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 -
(((d*((d*((d*((32*c^8*d^9)/(945*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5) - (64*c^7*d^7*(9*a*e^2 - 7*c*d^2))/(945*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5)))))/e +
(32*c^6*d^6*(133*a^2*e^4 + 85*c^2*d^4 - 212*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(945*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5))))/e -
(64*c^5*d^5*(263*a^3*e^6 - 155*c^3*d^6 + 550*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 656*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(945*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5))))/e +
(32*a*c^4*d^4*(410*a^...
    
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.06

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^4e^9}{9} - \frac{8\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3cde^8x}{9} - \frac{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2c^2d}{3} e^5 (ae^7x^5 - cd^2e^5)$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^9,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**9 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d*e**8*x - 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d
**2*e**7*x**2 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3 -
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**4 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt
(c)*c**4*d**9 - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**8*e*x - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**7*e**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**6*e**3
*x**3 - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**4 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(c)*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**5))/(9*e**5*(a*d**5*e**2 + 5*a*d**4*e**3*x + 10*a*
d**3*e**4*x**2 + 10*a*d**2*e**5*x**3 + 5*a*d*e**6*x**4 + a*e**7*x**5 - c*d
**7 - 5*c*d**6*e*x - 10*c*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 10*c*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 5*c*d**3*
e**4*x**4 - c*d**2*e**5*x**5))
```

3.245 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1918
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1918
Rubi [A] (verified)	1919
Maple [A] (verified)	1920
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1921
Sympy [F(-1)]	1921
Maxima [F(-2)]	1922
Giac [F(-2)]	1922
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1923
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1923

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{10}} + \frac{4cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{99(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^9}$$

output $2/11*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^10+4/9$
 $9*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^9$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^4 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d+ex)}(11cd^2 - 9ae^2 + 2cdex)}{99(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^10,x]`

output

$$(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^4*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(11*c*d^2 - 9*a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(99*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^6)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{11(d + ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{99(d + ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{11(d + ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^10, x]$$

output

$$(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(99*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^9)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(-2cdxe+9ae^2-11cd^2)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{99(ex+d)^9(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-2cdxe+9ae^2-11cd^2)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{99(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^9}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{11(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^{10}}+\frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{99(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^9}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-2c^5d^5ex^5+a^4d^4e^2x^4-11c^5d^6x^4+24a^2c^3d^3e^3x^3-44a^4c^4d^5ex^3+46a^3c^2d^2e^4x^2-66a^2c^3d^4e^2x^2+34a^4cd^5e^5x-44a^3c^2d^3e^3x}{99(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^6}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output -2/99*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-2*c*d*e*x+9*a*e^2-11*c*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x
+a*d*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^9/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 415 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 23.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{2(2c^5d^5ex^5 + 11a^4cd^2e^4 - 9a^5e^6 + (11c^5d^6 - a^4cd^4e^2)x^4 + 4(11a^3c^4d^5e - 6a^2c^3d^3e^3)x^3 + 2(33a^2c^3d^4e^2 - 23a^3c^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 2(22a^3c^2d^3e^3 - 17a^4c^2d^2e^5)x)\sqrt{c^2d^2 + a^2e^2 + c^2d^2 + a^2e^2}x}{99(c^2d^{10} - 2acd^8e^2 + a^2d^6e^4 + (c^2d^4e^6 - 2acd^2e^8 + a^2e^{10})x^6 + 6(c^2d^5e^5 - 2a^2c^2d^3e^7 + a^2d^2e^9)x^5 + 15(c^2d^6e^4 - 2a^2c^2d^4e^6 + a^2d^2e^8)x^4 + 20(c^2d^7e^3 - 2a^2c^2d^5e^5 + a^2d^3e^7)x^3 + 15(c^2d^8e^2 - 2a^2c^2d^6e^4 + a^2d^4e^6)x^2 + 6(c^2d^9e - 2a^2c^2d^7e^3 + a^2d^5e^5)x}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/99*(2*c^5*d^5*e*x^5 + 11*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - 9*a^5*e^6 + (11*c^5*d^6 - a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*x^4 + 4*(11*a*c^4*d^5*e - 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*x^3 + 2*(33*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 23*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(22*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 17*a^4*c*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^2*d^10 - 2*a*c*d^8*e^2 + a^2*d^6*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^6 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^8 + a^2*e^10)*x^6 + 6*(c^2*d^5*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^7 + a^2*d^2*e^9)*x^5 + 15*(c^2*d^6*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^6 + a^2*d^2*e^8)*x^4 + 20*(c^2*d^7*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^5 + a^2*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 15*(c^2*d^8*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^6*e^4 + a^2*d^4*e^6)*x^2 + 6*(c^2*d^9*e - 2*a*c*d^7*e^3 + a^2*d^5*e^5)*x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**10,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,6]%%}, [12]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-12, [0,1,5]%%},0]: [1,0,%%{`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5860, normalized size of antiderivative = 52.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^10,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{8c^6d^7}{99e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} \right) - (4c^5d^5(21ae^2 - 17cd^2))}{99e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} \right) - \frac{4c^5d^5(21ae^2 - 17cd^2)}{99e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} \\ & \left. \left(\frac{4c^4d^4(66a^2e^4 - 67c^2d^4 + 15aacd^2e^2)}{693e^3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} \right) * (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} \right) / (d + e*x)^2 - \left(\frac{286c^5d^6 - 706a^4c^4d^4e^2}{1155e^3(ae^2 - cd^2)(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} \right) \\ & + \frac{4c^5d^6}{11e^3(ae^2 - cd^2)(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} * (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} / (d + e*x)^2 - \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{64c^9d^{10}}{10395e(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} \right) - (256c^8d^8(6ae^2 - 5cd^2))}{10395e(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} \right) \right)}{e} \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{64c^7d^7(241a^2e^4 + 175c^2d^4 - 410aacd^2e^2)}{10395e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} \right) / e - \frac{128c^6d^6(662a^3e^6 - 455c^3d^6 + 1540aac^2d^4e^2 - 1745a^2cd^2e^4)}{10395e^3(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} / e \\ & + \frac{64aac^5d^5(1106a^3e^6 - 910c^3d^6 + 2905aac^2d^4e^2 - 3100a^2cd^2e^4)}{10395e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^6} * (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} / (d + e*x) \\ & - \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{4c^5d^6}{11(ae^2 - cd^2)(9ae^3 - 9cd^2e)} \right) - (8c^4d^4(5ae^2 - 3cd^2))}{11(ae^2 - cd^2)(9ae^3 - 9cd^2e)} \right) \right)}{e} \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{24c^3d^3(5a^2e^4 + c^2d^4 - 5aacd^2e^2)}{11e(ae^2 - cd^2)(9ae^3 - 9cd^2e)} \right) / e + \frac{24c^5d^8 - 120aac^4d^6e^2 + 240a^2c^3d^4e^4 - 160a^3c^2d^2e^6}{11e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)(9ae^3 - 9cd^2e)}} / e \\ & + \frac{4aacd(19a^3e^6 - 6c^3d^6 + 24aac^2\dots}{11e^2(ae^2 - cd^2)(9ae^3 - 9cd^2e)}} / e \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 717, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.46

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^5e^{11}}{11} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^4cd^2e^9}{9} - \frac{68\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^4cd^2e^9}{99}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^10,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*e**11 + 11*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**9 - 34*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d*e**10*x + 44*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**8*x - 46*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**9*x**2 + 66*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**7*x**2 - 24*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**8*x**3 + 44*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*d**5*e**6*x**3 - sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**7*x**4 + 11*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**4 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**5*e**6*x**5 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**11 - 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**10*e*x - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**9*e**2*x**2 - 40*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**8*e**3*x**3 - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**7*e**4*x**4 - 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**5 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**5*d**5*e**6*x**6))/
(99*e**5*(a**2*d**6*e**4 + 6*a**2*d**5*e**5*x + 15*a**2*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 20*a**2*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 15*a**2*d**2*e**8*x**4 + 6*a**2*d*e**9*x**5 + a**2*e**10*x**6 - 2*a*c*d**8*e**2 - 12*a*c*d**7*e**3*x - 30*a*c*d**6*e**4*x**2 - 40*a*c*d**5*e**5*x**3 - 30*a*c*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 12*a*c*d**3*e**7*x**5 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**8*x**6 + c**2*d**10 + 6*c**2*d**9*e*x + 15*c**2*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 20*c**2*d**7*e**3*x**3 + 15*c**2*d**6*e**4*x**4 + 6*c**2*d**5*e**5*x**5 + c**2*d**4*e**6*x**6))
```

3.246 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	1925
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1925
Rubi [A] (verified)	1926
Maple [A] (verified)	1927
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1928
Sympy [F(-1)]	1929
Maxima [F(-2)]	1929
Giac [F(-2)]	1929
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1930
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1931

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{11}} + \frac{8cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{143(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{10}} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{1287(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^9}$$

output

```
2/13*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^11+8/143*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^10+16/1287*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^4 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d+ex)}(99a^2e^4 - 18acde^2(13d + 2ex))}{1287(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^11,x]
```

output

$$(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^4*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(99*a^2*e^4 - 18*a*c*d*e^2*(13*d + 2*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(143*d^2 + 52*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)))/(1287*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^7)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{13(d + ex)^{11}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^9} dx}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{11(d + ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{13(d + ex)^{11}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{13(d + ex)^{11}(cd^2 - ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{99(d + ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{11(d + ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^11,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(13*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^11) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(99*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^9)))/(13*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-36xacde^3+52xc^2d^3e+99a^2e^4-234acd^2e^2+143c^2d^4)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{1287(ex+d)^{10}(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)}$
orering	$-\frac{2(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-36xacde^3+52xc^2d^3e+99a^2e^4-234acd^2e^2+143c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{1287(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^{10}}$
default	$\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{13(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^{11}} - \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{11(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^{10}} + \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{99(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^9}\right)}{13(ae^2-cd^2)}$
trager	$-\frac{2(8c^6d^6e^2x^6-4ac^5d^5e^3x^5+52c^6d^7ex^5+3a^2c^4d^4e^4x^4-26ac^5d^6e^2x^4+143c^6d^8x^4+212a^3c^3d^3e^5x^3-624a^2c^4d^5e^3x^3+572ac^5d^7e^2x^3-1287a^3c^3d^3e^5x^3-624a^2c^4d^5e^3x^3+572ac^5d^7e^2x^3-1287a^3c^3d^3e^5x^3)}{1287(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^{10}}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/1287*(c*d*x+a*e)*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-36*a*c*d*e^3*x+52*c^2*d^3*e*x+99*a^2*e^4-234*a*c*d^2*e^2+143*c^2*d^4)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^10/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 670 vs. $2(159) = 318$.

Time = 49.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 670, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.92

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \frac{2(8c^6d^6e^2x^6 + 143c^5d^5e^3x^5 + (143c^6d^8 - 26a^2c^5d^6e^2 + 3a^2c^4d^4e^4)x^4 + 4*(143a^2c^5d^7e - 156a^2c^4d^5e^3 + 53a^3c^3d^3e^5)x^3 + 2*(429a^2c^4d^6e^2 - 598a^3c^3d^4e^4 + 229a^4c^2d^2e^6)x^2 + 4*(143a^3c^3d^5e^3 - 221a^4c^2d^3e^5 + 90a^5c*d^7e)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}}{1287(c^3d^{13} - 3ac^2d^{11}e^2 + 3a^2cd^9e^4 - a^3d^7e^6 + (c^3d^6e^7 - 3ac^2d^5e^8 + 3a^2c*d^3e^{10} - a^3d^2e^{12})x^6 + 21*(c^3d^8e^5 - 3a^2c^2d^6e^7 + 3a^2c*d^4e^9 - a^3d^2e^{11})x^5 + 35*(c^3d^9e^4 - 3a^2c^2d^7e^6 + 3a^2c*d^5e^8 - a^3d^3e^{10})x^4 + 35*(c^3d^{10}e^3 - 3a^2c^2d^8e^5 + 3a^2c*d^6e^7 - a^3d^4e^9)x^3 + 21*(c^3d^{11}e^2 - 3a^2c^2d^9e^4 + 3a^2c*d^7e^6 - a^3d^5e^8)x^2 + 7*(c^3d^{12}e - 3a^2c^2d^{10}e^3 + 3a^2c*d^8e^5 - a^3d^6e^7)x}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/1287*(8*c^6*d^6*e^2*x^6 + 143*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 234*a^5*c*d^2*e^6 + 99*a^6*e^8 + 4*(13*c^6*d^7*e - a*c^5*d^5*e^3)*x^5 + (143*c^6*d^8 - 26*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4)*x^4 + 4*(143*a^2*c^5*d^7*e - 156*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 53*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 2*(429*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 598*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 229*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 4*(143*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 221*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 90*a^5*c*d^7*e)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}/(c^3*d^{13} - 3*a^2*c^2*d^{11}*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^9*e^4 - a^3*d^7*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^{11} - a^3*e^{13})*x^7 + 7*(c^3*d^7*e^6 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^{10} - a^3*d^2*e^{12})*x^6 + 21*(c^3*d^8*e^5 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^7 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^9 - a^3*d^2*e^{11})*x^5 + 35*(c^3*d^9*e^4 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^8 - a^3*d^3*e^{10})*x^4 + 35*(c^3*d^{10}*e^3 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^8*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^6*e^7 - a^3*d^4*e^9)*x^3 + 21*(c^3*d^{11}*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^9*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^7*e^6 - a^3*d^5*e^8)*x^2 + 7*(c^3*d^{12}*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^{10}*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^8*e^5 - a^3*d^6*e^7)*x)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**11,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,7]%%}, [14]%%}+%%{%%{[-14, [0,1,6]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7337, normalized size of antiderivative = 42.91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^11,x)
```

output

```
((((d*((8*c^6*d^7)/(143*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c
^5*d^5*(23*a*e^2 - 19*c*d^2)))/(143*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d
^2*e))))/e + (4*c^4*d^4*(127*a^2*e^4 - 314*c^2*d^4 + 229*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(300
3*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e
+ c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (((d*((16*c^7*d^8)/(1287*e^2*(a*e^2 - c
*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (8*c^6*d^6*(35*a*e^2 - 31*c*d^2)))/(1287*e
^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))))/e - (8*c^5*d^5*(641*a^2*e^4
+ 872*c^2*d^4 - 1527*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(9009*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^3 -
3*c*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 -
(((26*c^5*d^6 - 70*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)/(143*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*
d^2*e)) + (4*c^5*d^6)/(13*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(
a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((6788*c^6*d^7 -
7628*a*c^5*d^5*e^2)/(15015*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) +
(8*c^6*d^7)/(143*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2
+ c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (((d*((d*((d*((128*c^10
*d^11)/(135135*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^7) - (128*c^9*d^9*(31*a*e^2 - 27*c*d^2)))/
(135135*e*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^7)))/e + (128*c^8*d^8*(409*a^2*e^4 + 322*c^2*d^4
- 725*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(135135*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^7)))/e - (128*c^7*d^7*(30
11*a^3*e^6 - 2282*c^3*d^6 + 7490*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 8215*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(135
135*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^7)))/e + (128*a*c^6*d^6*(2632*a^3*e^6 - 2282*c^...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1125, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^11,x)`

output `(2*(- 99*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*e**13 + 234*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d**2*e**11 - 360*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c*d*e**12*x - 143*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**9 + 884*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**10*x - 458*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**11*x**2 - 572*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**8*x + 1196*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**9*x**2 - 212*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**10*x**3 - 858*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**7*x**2 + 624*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**8*x**3 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**9*x**4 - 572*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**7*e**6*x**3 + 26*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**6*e**7*x**4 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**5*d**5*e**8*x**5 - 143*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**8*e**5*x**4 - 52*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**7*e**6*x**5 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**6*d**6*e**7*x**6 + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**13 + 56*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**12*e*x + 168*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**11*e**2*x**2 + 280*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**10*e**3*x**3 + 280*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**9*e**4*x**4 + 168*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**8*e**5*x**5 + 56*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**7*e**6*x**6 + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**6*d**6*e**7*x**7))/(1287*e**5*(a**3*d**7*e...`

3.247 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	1932
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1933
Rubi [A] (verified)	1933
Maple [A] (verified)	1935
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1936
Sympy [F(-1)]	1937
Maxima [F(-2)]	1937
Giac [F(-2)]	1937
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1938
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1939

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^{12}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{15(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{12}} + \frac{4cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{65(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{11}} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{715(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{10}} + \frac{32c^3d^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{6435(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(d+ex)^9}$$

output

```
2/15*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^12+4/6
5*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^11+
16/715*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e
*x+d)^10+32/6435*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/(-a*e^2+c
*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{12}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdex)^4 \sqrt{(ae + cdex)(d + ex)} (-429a^3e^6 + 99a^2cde^4(15d + 2e^2x) - 9a^2c^2d^2e^2(195d^2 + 60d^2ex + 8e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(715d^3 + 390d^2ex + 120d^2ex^2 + 16e^3x^3))}{6435(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^4(d + ex)^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^12,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^4*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-429*a^3*e^6 + 99*a^2*c*d*e^4*(15*d + 2*e*x) - 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(195*d^2 + 60*d^2*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(715*d^3 + 390*d^2*e*x + 120*d^2*e*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3)))/(6435*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^8)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{12}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{11}} dx}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{15(d + ex)^{12}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\ & \frac{2cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{13(d + ex)^{11}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\ & \quad \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{15(d + ex)^{12}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1129 \\
 & 2cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}}{(d+ex)^9} dx + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{11(d+ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)}}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{13(d+ex)^{11}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{15(d+ex)^{12}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 1123 \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{15(d+ex)^{12}(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & 2cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{13(d+ex)^{11}(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{99(d+ex)^9(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{11(d+ex)^{10}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{13(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 5(cd^2 - ae^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^12,x]
```

```
output (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^12) + (2*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(13*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^11) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2))/(99*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^9)))/(13*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 18.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3+72x^2ac^2d^2e^4-120c^3d^4e^2x^2-198xa^2cde^5+540xa^2c^2d^3e^3-390c^3d^5ex+429e^6a^3-1485d^2e^4a^2c+1755d^4e^2ac^2)}{6435(ex+d)^{11}(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3+72x^2ac^2d^2e^4-120c^3d^4e^2x^2-198xa^2cde^5+540xa^2c^2d^3e^3-390c^3d^5ex+429e^6a^3-1485d^2e^4a^2c+1755d^4e^2ac^2)}{6435(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)(ex+d)^{11}}$
default	$\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{15(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^{12}} - \frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{13(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^{11}} - \frac{4\operatorname{dec}\left(\frac{2\left(\operatorname{dec}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{11(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^{10}}\right)}{13(ae^2-cd^2)}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-16c^7d^7e^3x^7+8ac^6d^6e^4x^6-120c^7d^8e^2x^6-6a^2c^5d^5e^5x^5+60ac^6d^7e^3x^5-390c^7d^9ex^5+5a^3c^4d^4e^6x^4-45a^2c^5d^6e^4x^4+195ac^6d^7e^3x^4)}{e^{12}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^12,x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```


output

```
-2/6435*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+72*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-120*c^3*d^4*
e^2*x^2-198*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+540*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-390*c^3*d^5*e*x+429*a^3*e^6-
1485*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+1755*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-715*c^3*d^6)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^
2*x+a*d*e)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^11/(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a
*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 951 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 97.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 951, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{12}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^12,x, algorithm=
"fricas")
```

output

```
2/6435*(16*c^7*d^7*e^3*x^7 + 715*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 1755*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^6 +
1485*a^6*c*d^2*e^8 - 429*a^7*e^10 + 8*(15*c^7*d^8*e^2 - a*c^6*d^6*e^4)*x^6
+ 6*(65*c^7*d^9*e - 10*a*c^6*d^7*e^3 + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^5)*x^5 + 5*(143*c^7*
d^10 - 39*a*c^6*d^8*e^2 + 9*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^4 - a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + 20*(1
43*a*c^6*d^9*e - 234*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 159*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 40*a^4*c^3*d^
3*e^7)*x^3 + 6*(715*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 1495*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 1145*a^4*c^3*
d^4*e^6 - 309*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(1430*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 3315*a^4*c^
3*d^5*e^5 + 2700*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 759*a^6*c*d*e^9)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*
d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^4*d^16 - 4*a*c^3*d^14*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^12*e^4
- 4*a^3*c*d^10*e^6 + a^4*d^8*e^8 + (c^4*d^8*e^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 6*a^
2*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^14 + a^4*e^16)*x^8 + 8*(c^4*d^9*e^7 - 4*a*c
^3*d^7*e^9 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^11 - 4*a^3*c*d^3*e^13 + a^4*d*e^15)*x^7 + 28*
(c^4*d^10*e^6 - 4*a*c^3*d^8*e^8 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^10 - 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^12 +
a^4*d^2*e^14)*x^6 + 56*(c^4*d^11*e^5 - 4*a*c^3*d^9*e^7 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^9
- 4*a^3*c*d^5*e^11 + a^4*d^3*e^13)*x^5 + 70*(c^4*d^12*e^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^10*
e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^8*e^8 - 4*a^3*c*d^6*e^10 + a^4*d^4*e^12)*x^4 + 56*(c^4*d
^13*e^3 - 4*a*c^3*d^11*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^9*e^7 - 4*a^3*c*d^7*e^9 + a^4*d^5
*e^11)*x^3 + 28*(c^4*d^14*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^12*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^10*e^6 - 4*
a^3*c*d^8*e^8 + a^4*d^6*e^10)*x^2 + 8*(c^4*d^15*e - 4*a*c^3*d^13*e^3 + 6*a
^2*c^2*d^11*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^9*e^7 + a^4*d^7*e^9)*x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{12}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**12,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{12}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{12}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,8]%%},[16]%%}+%%{%%{[-16,[0,1,7]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8811, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.14

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{12}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(d + e*x)^12,x)
```

output

```
((((d*((8*c^6*d^7)/(195*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) - (4*c
^5*d^5*(25*a*e^2 - 21*c*d^2)))/(195*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d
^2*e))))/e + (4*c^4*d^4*(376*a^2*e^4 - 1901*c^2*d^4 + 1723*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(1
9305*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a
d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 + (((d*((16*c^7*d^8)/(2145*e^2*(a*e^2
- c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) - (8*c^6*d^6*(39*a*e^2 - 35*c*d^2)))/(214
5*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))))/e - (8*c^5*d^5*(1011*a^2*
e^4 + 1270*c^2*d^4 - 2295*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(15015*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a*
e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x
)^3 + (((d*((32*c^8*d^9)/(19305*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e
)) - (16*c^7*d^7*(51*a*e^2 - 47*c*d^2)))/(19305*e^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*
e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e))))/e - (16*c^6*d^6*(3259*a^2*e^4 + 3504*c^2*d^4 - 6773*a*
c*d^2*e^2))/(96525*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2
+ c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (((950*c^5*d^6 - 2666*
a*c^4*d^4*e^2)/(6435*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)) + (4*c^5*d
^6)/(15*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a
*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 - (((18244*c^6*d^7 - 20092*a*c^5*d^5*
e^2)/(45045*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)) + (8*c^6*d^7)/(19
5*e^3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e
+ c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (((d*((d*((d*((d*((256*c^11*d^12)/(20270...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1595, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{12}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^12,x)`

output

```
(2*( - 429*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**7*e**15 + 1485*sqrt(d + e*x)
*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**6*c*d**2*e**13 - 1518*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
)*a**6*c*d*e**14*x - 1755*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**4*e
**11 + 5400*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**12*x - 1854*
sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**13*x**2 + 715*sqrt(d + e
*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**9 - 6630*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**10*x + 6870*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*
c**3*d**4*e**11*x**2 - 800*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c**3*d**3*
e**12*x**3 + 2860*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**8*x -
8970*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**9*x**2 + 3180*sqrt(
d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**10*x**3 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqr
t(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**11*x**4 + 4290*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c
*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**7*x**2 - 4680*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2
*c**5*d**7*e**8*x**3 + 45*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**6*e
**9*x**4 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**10*x**5 + 2
860*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**9*e**6*x**3 - 195*sqrt(d + e
*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**8*e**7*x**4 - 60*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*a*c**6*d**7*e**8*x**5 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**6*d
**6*e**9*x**6 + 715*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**10*e**5*x**4 +
390*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**7*d**9*e**6*x**5 + 120*sqrt(d + ...
```

3.248 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1940
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1941
Rubi [A] (verified)	1941
Maple [B] (verified)	1944
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1945
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1946
Maxima [F(-2)]	1947
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1948
Mupad [F(-1)]	1948
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1949

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 240

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8c^3d^3} \\ &+ \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12c^2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3cd} \\ &+ \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\sqrt{e}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 5/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3+5/12*
(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2+1/3
*(e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d+5/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^
3*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^
2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae+cdx)(d+ex)(15a^2e^4-10acde^2(4d+ex)+c^2d^2(33d^2+26dex+8e^2x^2))+\frac{15(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ae+}}{24c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)*(15*a^2*e^4 - 10*a*c*d*e^2*(4*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(33*d^2 + 26*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/Sqrt[e])/(24*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1134, 1134, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\frac{5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6d} + \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4d} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em} + \hspace{10em}}{\hspace{10em} \frac{6d}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \hspace{10em}} \\
 & \hspace{10em} \downarrow \hspace{10em} \text{1160} \\
 & 5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd} \right)}{4d} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em} + \hspace{10em}}{\hspace{10em} \frac{6d}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \hspace{10em}} \\
 & \hspace{10em} \downarrow \hspace{10em} \text{1092} \\
 & 5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd} \right)}{4d} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em} + \hspace{10em}}{\hspace{10em} \frac{6d}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \hspace{10em}} \\
 & \hspace{10em} \downarrow \hspace{10em} \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \frac{\left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd}}{4d} \right) + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2c}}{\frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{3cd}}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^3/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

```
output ((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d) + (5*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d) + (3*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]))/(4*d))/(6*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```


rule 1134

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] +
Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 887 vs. 2(212) = 424.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 888, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

method	result
default	$\frac{d^3 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^2 + cdxe}{\sqrt{dec}} + \sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}\right)}{\sqrt{dec}} + e^3 \left(\frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}}{3dec} - \frac{5(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3dec} \frac{x \sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}}{3dec} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

d^3*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+
c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+e^3*(1/3*x^2/d/e/c*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+
c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-5/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/2*x/d/e/c*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-3/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/d/e/c*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)
)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))-1/
2*a/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))-2/3*a/c*(1/d/e/c*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x
+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)
)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))) +3*
d*e^2*(1/2*x/d/e/c*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-3/4*(a*e^2+c*d^
2)/d/e/c*(1/d/e/c*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))-1/2*a/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x
*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))+
3*d^2*e*(1/d/e/c*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 534, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{15(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{cdex^2} + \dots\right)}{15(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(2cdex+cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-cde}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2+acd^2e^2+(c^2d^3e+acde^3)x)}\right)} - 2 \right]$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="
fricas")

```

output

```
[-1/96*(15*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 33*c^3*d^5*e - 40*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 2*(13*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e), -1/48*(15*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 33*c^3*d^5*e - 40*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 2*(13*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 782 vs. $2(230) = 460$.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 782, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((( -a*(3*d*e**2 - e**2*(5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/(3*c*d))/(2*c) +
d**3 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(-2*a*e**3/(3*c) + 3*d**2*e - (3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*
d**2/2)*(3*d*e**2 - e**2*(5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/(3*c*d))/(2*c*d*e))/(2*
c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*
d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 +
c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-
a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*
*2), True)) + sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))*(e**2*x**2/(3
*c*d) + x*(3*d*e**2 - e**2*(5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/(3*c*d))/(2*c*d*e) +
(-2*a*e**3/(3*c) + 3*d**2*e - (3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)*(3*d*e**2 - e**2*(
5*a*e**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/(3*c*d))/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(
c**3*d**9*sqrt(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))/(a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**
4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + c**3*d**6) + c**2*d**6*e*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d
**2))**((3/2)/(a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + c**3*d
**6) + 3*c*d**3*e**2*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**((5/2)/(5*(a**3*e**6 +
3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + c**3*d**6)) + e**3*(a*d*e + x*(a
e**2 + c*d**2))**((7/2)/(7*(a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4
e**2 + c**3*d**6)))/(a*e**2 + c*d**2), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (Piecis
e((d**3*x, Eq(e, 0)), ((d + e*x)**4/(4*e), True))/sqrt(a*d*e), True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade} \left(2 \left(\frac{4e^2 x}{cd} + \frac{13c^2 d^3 e^3 - 5acde^5}{c^3 d^3 e^2} \right) x + \frac{33c^2 d^4 e^2 - 40acd^2 e^4 + 15a^2 e^6}{c^3 d^3 e^2} \right) - \frac{5(c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 cd^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cde x} - \sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{16\sqrt{cdec^3 d^3}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*e^2*x/(c*d) + (13*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 5*a*c*d*e^5)/(c^3*d^3*e^2))*x + (33*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 40*a*c*d^2*e^4 + 15*a^2*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2)) - 5/16*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/sqrt(c*d*e)*c^3*d^3)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} a^2 c d e^5 - 40\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 10\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} a c^2 d^2 e^4 x + 33\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} a^2 c d e^5}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x + 33*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e + 26*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*e**6 + 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3*d**6)/(24*c**4*d**4*e)`

3.249
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1950
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1951
Rubi [A] (verified)	1951
Maple [B] (verified)	1953
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1954
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1955
Maxima [F(-2)]	1956
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1957
Mupad [F(-1)]	1957
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1958

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4c^2d^2} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2cd} + \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{4c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
3/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2+1/2*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d+3/4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae+cdx)(d+ex)(-3ae^2+cd(5d+2ex)) + \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}}{4c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)*(-3*a*e^2 + c*d*(5*d + 2*e*x)) +
(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[
d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/Sqrt[e])/(4*c^(5/2)*d^(5/
2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1134, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1134$$

$$\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)}{4d} \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c})}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd} \right)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & \frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c})}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd} \right)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd} \right)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} +
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^2/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d) + (3*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]))/(4*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1134 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[(m + p)*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[
c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2
*p]
```

```
rule 1160 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 441 vs. 2(156) = 312.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
default	$\frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^2 + cdxe}{\sqrt{dec}} + \sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}\right)}{\sqrt{dec}} + e^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}}{2dec} - \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$d^2 \ln\left(\frac{(1/2 a e^2 + 1/2 c d^2 + c d x e)}{(d e c)^{1/2} + (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2}}\right) / (d e c)^{1/2} + e^2 (1/2 x / d / e / c * (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2} - 3/4 * (a e^2 + c d^2) / d / e / c * (1/d / e / c * (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2} - 1/2 * (a e^2 + c d^2) / d / e / c * \ln\left(\frac{(1/2 a e^2 + 1/2 c d^2 + c d x e)}{(d e c)^{1/2} + (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2}}\right) / (d e c)^{1/2} - 1/2 a / c * \ln\left(\frac{(1/2 a e^2 + 1/2 c d^2 + c d x e)}{(d e c)^{1/2} + (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2}}\right) / (d e c)^{1/2}) + 2 d e * (1/d / e / c * (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2} - 1/2 * (a e^2 + c d^2) / d / e / c * \ln\left(\frac{(1/2 a e^2 + 1/2 c d^2 + c d x e)}{(d e c)^{1/2} + (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2}}\right) / (d e c)^{1/2} + (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e)^{1/2}) / (d e c)^{1/2})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[3(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\right) + 3(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cde + cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{-cde}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acde^3)x)}\right) - 2(2c^2d^2e^2x + 5c^2d^2e^2) \right]}{8c^3d^3e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(3*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2
*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d
^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a
*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + 5*c^2*d^3*e - 3*a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x
^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e), -1/8*(3*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2
*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c
d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + 5*c^2*d^3*e -
3*a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 502 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \left(\frac{ex}{2cd} + \frac{2de - \frac{e\left(\frac{3ae^2}{2} + \frac{3cd^2}{2}\right)}{2cd}}{cde} \right) \sqrt{ade+c dex^2+x(ae^2+cd^2)} + \left(-\frac{ae^2}{2c} + d^2 - \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)\left(2de - \frac{e\left(\frac{3ae^2}{2} + \frac{3cd^2}{2}\right)}{2cd}\right)}{2cde} \right) \\ \frac{2\left(\frac{c^2d^6\sqrt{ade+x(ae^2+cd^2)}}{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4} + \frac{2cd^3e\left(ade+x(ae^2+cd^2)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)} + \frac{e^2\left(ade+x(ae^2+cd^2)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}\right)}{ae^2+cd^2} \\ \begin{cases} d^2x & \text{for } e=0 \\ \frac{(d+ex)^3}{3e} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ \sqrt{ade} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((e*x/(2*c*d) + (2*d*e - e*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d))/(c
*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + (-a*e**2/(2*c) + d
**2 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(2*d*e - e*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d))/(2*c
*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d
*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 +
c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a
*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**
2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(c**2*d**6*sqrt(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))
/(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4) + 2*c*d**3*e*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2
+ c*d**2))**(3/2)/(3*(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)) + e**2*(a
*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(5/2)/(5*(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*
d**4)))/(a*e**2 + c*d**2), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (Piecewise((d**2*x, Eq
(e, 0)), ((d + e*x)**3/(3*e), True))/sqrt(a*d*e), True))
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade} \left(\frac{2ex}{cd} + \frac{5cd^2 e - 3ae^3}{c^2 d^2 e} \right)$$

$$- \frac{3(c^2 d^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cde x} - \sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{8\sqrt{cde} c^2 d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*e*x/(c*d) + (5*c*d^2*e - 3*a*e^3)/(c^2*d^2*e)) - 3/8*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} acd e^3 + 5\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} c^2 d^3 e + 2\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} c^2 d^2 e^2 x + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} c^2 d^2 e^2 x + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cdx + ae} c^2 d^2 e^2 x}{4c^3 d^3 e}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**3 + 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*
x + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqr
t(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*e**4 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*s
qrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqr
t(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)
*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))
*c**2*d**4)/(4*c**3*d**3*e)
```

3.250
$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1959
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1959
Rubi [A] (verified)	1960
Maple [A] (verified)	1961
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1962
Maxima [F(-2)]	1963
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1964
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1964
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1965

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{cd} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)(d+ex)+(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x) + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.086$, Rules used = {1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output

$$\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2}/(c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2})])/(2*\sqrt{c}*d^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{e})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)*(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*c*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
default	$\frac{d \ln \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} a e^2 + \frac{1}{2} c d^2 + c d x e}{\sqrt{d e c}} + \sqrt{a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e} \right)}{\sqrt{d e c}} + e \left(\frac{\sqrt{a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d x^2 e}}{d e c} - \frac{(a e^2 + c d^2) \ln \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} a e^2 + \frac{1}{2} c d^2 + c d x e}{\sqrt{d e c}} \right)}{2 d e c} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
d*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+e*(1/d/e/c*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}cde - (cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\right)}{4c^2d^2e} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*c*d*e - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*c*d*e - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)))/(c^2*d^2*e)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(d - \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{2cd} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x + 2\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{ade + cde x^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{\sqrt{cde}}\right)}{\sqrt{cde}} \quad \text{for } ade - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4cde} \neq 0 \\ \frac{\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right)}{\sqrt{cde}\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right)^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{ade + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{ade}} \\ \frac{2d\sqrt{ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{2e\left(-ade\sqrt{ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{(ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}\right)}{ae^2 + cd^2}}{ae^2 + cd^2} \\ \frac{dx + \frac{ex^2}{2}}{\sqrt{ade}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((d - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(2*c*d))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)) + sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))/(c*d), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), ((2*d*sqrt(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + 2*e*(-a*d*e*sqrt(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/3)/(a*e**2 + c*d**2))/(a*e**2 + c*d**2), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), ((d*x + e*x**2/2)/sqrt(a*d*e), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` for more de

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{2\sqrt{cdecd}} + \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{cd}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)/(c*d)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{cd} - \frac{ae^3 \ln \left(2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\sqrt{cde+ae^2+cd^2+2cdex} \right)}{2(cde)^{3/2}} + \frac{cd^2e \ln \left(2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\sqrt{cde+ae^2+cd^2+2cdex} \right)}{2(cde)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(c*d) - (a*e^3*log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(2*(c*d*e)^(3/2)) + (c*d^2*e*log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(2*(c*d*e)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cdx + ae} cde - \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{cdx + ae} + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) ae^2 + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{cdx + ae} + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right)}{c^2 d^2 e}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*e**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*d**2)/(c**2*d**2*e)`

3.251
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1966
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1966
Rubi [A] (verified)	1967
Maple [A] (verified)	1968
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1968
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1969
Maxima [F(-2)]	1970
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1970
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1971
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1971

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])
/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)
*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1092

$$2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e
+ (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}ae^2 + \frac{1}{2}cd^2 + cdxe}{\sqrt{dec}} + \sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdxe^2}\right)}{\sqrt{dec}}$	62

```
input int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ln(((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)\right)}{2cde} - \frac{\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{-cde}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acde^3)x)}\right)}{cde} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(c*d*e), -sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x))/(c*d*e)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\log\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex + 2\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{\sqrt{cde}}\right)}{\sqrt{cde}} & \text{for } cde \neq 0 \wedge ade - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4cde} \neq 0 \\ \frac{\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right)}{\sqrt{cde}\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right)^2} & \text{for } cde \neq 0 \\ \frac{2\sqrt{ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{ae^2 + cd^2} & \text{for } ae^2 + cd^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{\sqrt{ade}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(c*d*e, 0) & Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*sqrt(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))/(a*e**2 + c*d**2), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x/sqrt(a*d*e), True))`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2x + \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{cde} \right) \\ &+ \frac{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{8\sqrt{cdecde}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*x + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(c*d*e)) + 1/8*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d*e)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln\left(2\sqrt{(ae + cd)x}(d + ex)\sqrt{cde + ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}\right)}{\sqrt{cde}}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `log(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(c*d*e)^(1/2) + a*e^2 + c*d^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{cde}$$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)))/(c*d*e)`

3.252
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1972
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1972
Rubi [A] (verified)	1973
Maple [A] (verified)	1974
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1974
Sympy [F]	1975
Maxima [F(-2)]	1975
Giac [F(-2)]	1975
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1976
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1976

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

output

```
2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d+e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*(a*e+c*d*x))/((c*d^2-a*e^2)*Sqrt[(a*e+c*d*x)*(d+e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{2\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)}$	50
gosper	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)}{(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	51
orering	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)}{(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}$	52
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	65

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{cd^3-ade^2+(cd^2e-ae^3)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,1]%%}, [2]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-2, [0,1,0]%%},0]: [1
,0,%%{-1
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{(ae^2-cd^2)(d+ex)}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
-(2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e
*x))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}e - 2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}d - 2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}ex}{e(ae^3x - cd^2ex + ade^2 - cd^3)}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*d + sqr
t(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*e*x))/(e*(a*d*e**2 + a*e**3*x - c*d**3 - c*d**2*e*x))
```

3.253
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1977
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1977
Rubi [A] (verified)	1978
Maple [A] (verified)	1979
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1980
Sympy [F]	1980
Maxima [F(-2)]	1980
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1981
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1981
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{4cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)}$$

output `2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2+4/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-ae^2+cd(3d+2ex))}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-(a*e^2) + c*d*(3*d + 2*e*x)))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{4cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3(d + ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((d + e*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]$$

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (4*c*d*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{2(-2cdxe+ae^2-3cd^2)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^2}$	81
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-2cdxe+ae^2-3cd^2)}{3(ex+d)(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	89
orering	$-\frac{2(-2cdxe+ae^2-3cd^2)(cdx+ae)}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}$	90
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{3(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{4dec\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	131

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(-2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^2*
(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (2cdex + 3cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(c^2d^6 - 2acd^4e^2 + a^2d^2e^4 + (c^2d^4e^2 - 2acd^2e^4 + a^2e^6)x^2 + 2(c^2d^5e - 2acd^3e^3 + a^2de^5)x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c^2*d^6 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^2 + a^2*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^5*e - 2*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4\sqrt{cde}cd\operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)\operatorname{sgn}(e)}{3(c^2d^4e - 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{cde - \frac{cd^2e}{ex+d} + \frac{ae^3}{ex+d}}cde - \left(cde - \frac{cd^2e}{ex+d} + \frac{ae^3}{ex+d}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{3(cd^2e^2 - ae^4)\left(cd^2\operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)\operatorname{sgn}(e) - ae^2\operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)\operatorname{sgn}(e)\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm
="giac")
```

output

```
-4/3*sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 +
a^2*e^5) + 2/3*(3*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c*d*e
- (c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))^(3/2))/((c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4
)*(c*d^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - a*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3cd^2 + 2cxd e - ae^2) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{3(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (d+ex)^2}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

$$(2*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ae^3}{3} + 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cd^2e + \frac{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cde^2x}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}cd^3}{3} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}cd^2ex}{3}}{e(a^2e^6x^2 - 2acd^2e^4x^2 + c^2d^4e^2x^2 + 2a^2de^5x - 4acd^3e^3x + 2c^2d^5ex + a^2d^2e^4 - 2acd^4e^2 + c^2d^6)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)$$

output

$$(2*(-\sqrt{d+e*x}*\sqrt{a*e+c*d*x}*a*e**3 + 3*\sqrt{d+e*x}*\sqrt{a*e+c*d*x}*c*d**2*e + 2*\sqrt{d+e*x}*\sqrt{a*e+c*d*x}*c*d*e**2*x - 2*\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{c}*c*d**3 - 4*\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{c}*c*d**2*e*x - 2*\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{c}*c*d*e**2*x**2))/(3*e*(a**2*d**2*e**4 + 2*a**2*d*e**5*x + a**2*e**6*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**4*e**2 - 4*a*c*d**3*e**3*x - 2*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + c**2*d**6 + 2*c**2*d**5*e*x + c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2))$$

3.254
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1983
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1984
Rubi [A] (verified)	1984
Maple [A] (verified)	1986
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1986
Sympy [F]	1987
Maxima [F(-2)]	1987
Giac [F(-2)]	1988
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1988
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1989

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^3} + \frac{8cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{16c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)}$$

output

```
2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3+8/15*
c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2+16/
15*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d
)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(3a^2e^4 - 2acde^2(5d+2ex) + c^2d^2(15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2))}{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(3*a^2*e^4 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*(5*d + 2*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5(d+ex)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3(d+ex)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5(d+ex)^3(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1123} \\
& \frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3(d+ex)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5(d+ex)^3(cd^2-ae^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3) + (4*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (4*c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x))))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{2(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3+20xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4-10acd^2e^2+15c^2d^4)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{15(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^3}$	138
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3+20xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4-10acd^2e^2+15c^2d^4)}{15(ex+d)^2(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	146
orering	$-\frac{2(8x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3+20xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4-10acd^2e^2+15c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)}{15(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^2\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}$	147
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{5(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} - \frac{4dec\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{3(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{4dec\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}\right)}{e^3}$	212

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `-2/15*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-4*a*c*d*e^3*x+20*c^2*d^3*e*x+3*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2
*e^2+15*c^2*d^4)/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(e*x+d)
^3*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(8c^2d^2e^2x^2+15c^2d^4-10acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4+4(5c^2d^3e-acd^2e^2+15c^2d^4))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} + 3(c^3d^7e^2-3acd^4e^5+3a^2cd^2e^7-a^3e^9)x^3 + 3(c^3d^7e^2-3acd^4e^5+3a^2cd^2e^7-a^3e^9)}{15(c^3d^9-3ac^2d^7e^2+3a^2cd^5e^4-a^3d^3e^6+(c^3d^6e^3-3ac^2d^4e^5+3a^2cd^2e^7-a^3e^9)x^3+3(c^3d^7e^2-3acd^4e^5+3a^2cd^2e^7-a^3e^9))}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm
="fricas")`

output

```
2/15*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 4*(5*c
^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c^3*
d^9 - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^4 - a^3*d^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^3 - 3*a
*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 - a^3*e^9)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d
^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^6 - a^3*d*e^8)*x^2 + 3*(c^3*d^8*e - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^3
+ 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^5 - a^3*d^2*e^7)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm
="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,3]%%}, [6]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-6, [0,1,2]%%},0]: [1,0,%%{-1`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} (3a^2 e^4 - 10acd^2 e^2 - 4acde^3 x + 15c^2 d^4 + 20c^2 d^3 ex + 8c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2) - 15(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (d+ex)^3}{15(ae^2 - cd^2)^3 (d+ex)^3}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*a^2*e^4 + 15*c^2*d^4 + 8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 20*c^2*d^3*e*x - 4*a*c*d*e^3*x))/(15*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2e^5}{5} + \frac{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd^2e^3}{3} + \frac{8\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd^4e^4x}{15} - 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^2d^4e - \frac{8\sqrt{ex+d}}{15}}{e(a^3e^9x^3 - 3a^2cd^2e^7x^3 + 3ac^2d^4e^5x^3 - c^3d^6e^3x^3 + 3a^3de^8x^2 - 9a^2cd^3e^6x^2 + 9ac^2d^5e^4x^2 - \dots)}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(-3*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a**2*e**5+10*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3+4*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x-15*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e-20*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x-8*sqrt(d+e*x)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2+8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**5+24*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**4*e*x+24*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2+8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3)/(15*e*(a**3*d**3*e**6+3*a**3*d**2*e**7*x+3*a**3*d*e**8*x**2+a**3*e**9*x**3-3*a**2*c*d**5*e**4-9*a**2*c*d**4*e**5*x-9*a**2*c*d**3*e**6*x**2-3*a**2*c*d**2*e**7*x**3+3*a*c**2*d**7*e**2+9*a*c**2*d**6*e**3*x+9*a*c**2*d**5*e**4*x**2+3*a*c**2*d**4*e**5*x**3-c**3*d**9-3*c**3*d**8*e*x-3*c**3*d**7*e**2*x**2-c**3*d**6*e**3*x**3))
```

3.255 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1990
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1991
Rubi [A] (verified)	1991
Maple [A] (verified)	1993
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1994
Sympy [F]	1995
Maxima [F(-2)]	1995
Giac [F(-2)]	1995
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1996
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1996

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{7(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^4} + \frac{12cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{35(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{16c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{35(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^2} + \frac{32c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{35(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)}$$

output

```
2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^4+12/35
*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3+16
/35*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+
d)^2+32/35*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^
4/(e*x+d)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-5a^3e^6 + 3a^2cde^4(7d+2ex) - ac^2d^2e^2(35d^2 + 28dex + 8e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(35d^3 + 70d^2e^2x + 56d^2e^2x^2 + 16e^3x^3))}{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(d+ex)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-5*a^3*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*(7*d + 2*e*x) - a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(35*d^2 + 28*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(35*d^3 + 70*d^2*e*x + 56*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3)))/(35*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{7(d+ex)^4(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5(d+ex)^3(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) \\
& \frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7(d+ex)^4(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
& 6cd \left(\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3(d+ex)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5(d+ex)^3(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) \\
& \frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7(d+ex)^4(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1123 \\
& 6cd \left(\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3(d+ex)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5(d+ex)^3(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) \\
& \frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7(d+ex)^4(cd^2-ae^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) + (6*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3) + (4*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (4*c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x))))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
trager	$-\frac{2(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3+8x^2ac^2d^2e^4-56c^3d^4e^2x^2-6xa^2cde^5+28xa^2c^2d^3e^3-70c^3d^5ex+5e^6a^3-21d^2e^4a^2c+35d^4e^2ac^2-35d^6c^3)\sqrt{cd}}{35(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)(ex+d)^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3+8x^2ac^2d^2e^4-56c^3d^4e^2x^2-6xa^2cde^5+28xa^2c^2d^3e^3-70c^3d^5ex+5e^6a^3-21d^2e^4a^2c+35d^4e^2ac^2-35d^6c^3)}{35(ex+d)^3(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3+8x^2ac^2d^2e^4-56c^3d^4e^2x^2-6xa^2cde^5+28xa^2c^2d^3e^3-70c^3d^5ex+5e^6a^3-21d^2e^4a^2c+35d^4e^2ac^2-35d^6c^3)(cdx+ae)}{35(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)(ex+d)^3\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{dec(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{7(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})^4} - \frac{6dec \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{dec(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} - \frac{4dec \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{dec(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} + \frac{4dec\sqrt{dec(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5(ae^2-cd^2)} \right)}{7(ae^2-cd^2)} \right)}{e^4}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35*(-16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+8*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-56*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2-6*a^2*c*
d*e^5*x+28*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-70*c^3*d^5*e*x+5*a^3*e^6-21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+35*a*
c^2*d^4*e^2-35*c^3*d^6)/(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-4*a*c^3
*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/(e*x+d)^4*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 452 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(16c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 35c^3d^6 - 35ac^2d^4e^2 - 21a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6 + 8(7c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 2(35c^3d^5e - 14a^2c^2d^3e^3 + 3a^2c^2d^5e)x) \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + a^2d^2e^2x}}{35(c^4d^{12} - 4ac^3d^{10}e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^8e^4 - 4a^3cd^6e^6 + a^4d^4e^8 + (c^4d^8e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^{10}))}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

output

```
2/35*(16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 35*c^3*d^6 - 35*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^
4 - 5*a^3*e^6 + 8*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^3*d^5*e -
14*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e
^2)*x)/(c^4*d^12 - 4*a*c^3*d^10*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^6*e^6
+ a^4*d^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 4*a^3
*c*d^2*e^10 + a^4*e^12)*x^4 + 4*(c^4*d^9*e^3 - 4*a*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2
*d^5*e^7 - 4*a^3*c*d^3*e^9 + a^4*d*e^11)*x^3 + 6*(c^4*d^10*e^2 - 4*a*c^3*d
^8*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^4*e^8 + a^4*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + 4*(c^4*
d^11*e - 4*a*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^5*e^7 + a^4*d^3*e
^9)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)} (d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,4]%%}, [8]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-8, [0,1,3]%%},0]: [1
,0,%%{-1
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{32c^3d^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{35(ae^2 - cd^2)^4 (d+ex)} - \frac{2e \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(7ae^3 - 7cd^2e)(d+ex)^4}$$

$$- \frac{48c^2d^2e \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{35(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{12cde \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{7(ae^2 - cd^2)(5ae^3 - 5cd^2e)(d+ex)^3}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
(32*c^3*d^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*
d^2)^4*(d + e*x)) - (2*e*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/((
7*a*e^3 - 7*c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^4) - (48*c^2*d^2*e*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d
*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)*(d + e
*x)^2) + (12*c*d*e*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*(a*e^2
- c*d^2)*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 705, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^3e^7}{7} + \frac{6\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2cd^2e^5}{5} + \frac{12\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}a^2cde^6x}{35} - 2\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ac^2d^4e^3 - \frac{8}{7}ae^4d^3}{e(a^4e^{12}x^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^{10}x^4 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^8x^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^6x^4 + c^4d^8e^4x^4 + 4a^4de^{11}x^3 - 16a^3cd^3e^9x^2)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 + 21*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*
d*e**6*x - 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 28*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**
6*e + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 56*sqrt(d + e
x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e + c*d
*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**7 - 64*sqrt(e
)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**6*e*x - 96*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**5*e**
2*x**2 - 64*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(c)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4)/(35*e*(a**4*d**4*e**8 + 4*a**4*d**3*e**9*
x + 6*a**4*d**2*e**10*x**2 + 4*a**4*d*e**11*x**3 + a**4*e**12*x**4 - 4*a**
3*c*d**6*e**6 - 16*a**3*c*d**5*e**7*x - 24*a**3*c*d**4*e**8*x**2 - 16*a**3
*c*d**3*e**9*x**3 - 4*a**3*c*d**2*e**10*x**4 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**8*e**4 + 24*
a**2*c**2*d**7*e**5*x + 36*a**2*c**2*d**6*e**6*x**2 + 24*a**2*c**2*d**5*e
**7*x**3 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**8*x**4 - 4*a*c**3*d**10*e**2 - 16*a*c**3*d**
9*e**3*x - 24*a*c**3*d**8*e**4*x**2 - 16*a*c**3*d**7*e**5*x**3 - 4*a*c**3*
d**6*e**6*x**4 + c**4*d**12 + 4*c**4*d**11*e*x + 6*c**4*d**10*e**2*x**2 +
4*c**4*d**9*e**3*x**3 + c**4*d**8*e**4*x**4))
```

3.256
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1998
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1999
Rubi [A] (verified)	1999
Maple [B] (verified)	2002
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2003
Sympy [F]	2004
Maxima [F(-2)]	2005
Giac [F(-2)]	2005
Mupad [F(-1)]	2006
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2006

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^4}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{35e(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8c^4d^4} + \frac{35e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12c^3d^3} + \frac{7e(d+ex)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^2d^2} + \frac{35\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{9/2}d^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(e*x+d)^4/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+35/8*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4+35/12*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3+7/3*e*(e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2+35/8*e^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^2(105a^3e^6-35a^2cde^4(8d-ex)+7ac^2d^3)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^2*(105*a^3*e^6 - 35*a^2*c*d*e^4*(8*d - e*x) + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(33*d^2 - 14*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-4*8*d^3 + 87*d^2*e*x + 38*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*e^3*x^3)) + 105*Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]/(24*c^(9/2)*d^(9/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1124, 2192, 27, 2192, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1124$$

$$\int \frac{c^3 d^3 x^3 e^6 + c^2 d^2 (4cd^2 - ae^2) x^2 e^5 + cd(6c^2 d^4 - 4ace^2 d^2 + a^2 e^4) x e^4 + (2cd^2 - ae^2)(2c^2 d^4 - 2ace^2 d^2 + a^2 e^4) e^3}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$\frac{c^4 d^4 e^2}{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}$$

$$\frac{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2192$$

$$\int \frac{c^3 d^3 (19cd^2 - 11ae^2) x^2 e^6 + 2c^2 d^2 (18c^2 d^4 - 14ace^2 d^2 + 3a^2 e^4) x e^5 + 6cd(2cd^2 - ae^2) (2c^2 d^4 - 2ace^2 d^2 + a^2 e^4) e^4}{2\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}$$

$$\frac{c^4 d^4 e^2}{3cde} \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{c^3 d^3 (19cd^2 - 11ae^2) x^2 e^6 + 2c^2 d^2 (18c^2 d^4 - 14ace^2 d^2 + 3a^2 e^4) x e^5 + 6cd(2cd^2 - ae^2) (2c^2 d^4 - 2ace^2 d^2 + a^2 e^4) e^4}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} c^2 d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}$$

$$\frac{c^4 d^4 e^2}{6cde} \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 2192

$$\int \frac{c^2 d^2 e^5 (2(48c^3 d^6 - 91ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 59a^2 ce^4 d^2 - 12a^3 e^6) + cde(87c^2 d^4 - 136ace^2 d^2 + 57a^2 e^4) x)}{2\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^2 e^5 x (19cd^2 - 11ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}$$

$$\frac{c^4 d^4 e^2}{6cde} \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{4} cde^4 \int \frac{2(48c^3 d^6 - 91ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 59a^2 ce^4 d^2 - 12a^3 e^6) + cde(87c^2 d^4 - 136ace^2 d^2 + 57a^2 e^4) x}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^2 e^5 x (19cd^2 - 11ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{c^4 d^4 e^2}{6cde}$$

$$\frac{c^4 d^4 e^2}{6cde} \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{1}{4} cde^4 \left(\frac{105}{2} (cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + (57a^2 e^4 - 136acd^2 e^2 + 87c^2 d^4) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d^2 e^5 x (19cd^2 - 11ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{c^4 d^4 e^2}{6cde}$$

$$\frac{c^4 d^4 e^2}{6cde} \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}cde^4 \left(105(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} + (57a^2e^4 - 136acd^2e^2 + 87c^2d^4) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right)}{6cde} \frac{c^4d^4e^2}{c^4d^4e^2}$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4d^4\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}cde^4 \left((57a^2e^4 - 136acd^2e^2 + 87c^2d^4) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} + \frac{105(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cexd}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)}{6cde} + \frac{1}{2}c^2d^2e^5}{c^4d^4e^2}$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}{c^4d^4\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x))/(c^4*d^4*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + ((c^2*d^2*e^5*x^2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/3 + ((c^2*d^2*e^5*(19*c*d^2 - 11*a*e^2)*x*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/2 + (c*d*e^4*((87*c^2*d^4 - 136*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 57*a^2*e^4)*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2] + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]))/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]))/4)/(6*c*d*e)/(c^4*d^4*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1124 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-2)}*((d + e*x)/(c^{(m-1)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] + \text{Simp}[e^2/c^{(m-1)} \ \text{Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-1)} - c^{(m-1)}*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)})/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*c*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 2192 $\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Expon}[Pq, x], e = \text{Coeff}[Pq, x, \text{Expon}[Pq, x]]\}, \text{Simp}[e*x^{(q-1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p * \text{ExpandToSum}[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q-1)*x^{(q-2)} - b*e*(q+p)*x^{(q-1)} - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3116 vs. $2(257) = 514$.

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3117, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.86

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3117

input

```
int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
2*d^5*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)+e^5*(1/3*x^4/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
x^2*e)^(1/2)-7/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(1/2*x^3/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-5/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(x^2/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-3/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*
e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+1/d/e/c*ln((
1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*
e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))-2*a/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)
^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))-3/2*a/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*
d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/
2))+1/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))-4/3*a/c*(x^2/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-3/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 759, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{105(ac^3d^6e-3a^2c^2d^4e^3+3a^3cd^2e^5-a^4e^7+(c^4d^7-3ac^3d^5e^2+3a^2c^2d^3e^4-a^3cde^6)x)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}} \arctan\left(\frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}}}\right)}{105(ac^3d^6e-3a^2c^2d^4e^3+3a^3cd^2e^5-a^4e^7+(c^4d^7-3ac^3d^5e^2+3a^2c^2d^3e^4-a^3cde^6)x)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}} \arctan\left(\frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}}}\right)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(105*(a*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 - a^4*e^7 + (c^4*d^7 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - a^3*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x - 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 48*c^3*d^6 + 231*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 280*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 105*a^3*e^6 + 2*(19*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (87*c^3*d^5*e - 98*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 35*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*x + a*c^4*d^4*e), -1/48*(105*(a*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 - a^4*e^7 + (c^4*d^7 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - a^3*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-e/(c*d)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)) - 2*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 48*c^3*d^6 + 231*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 280*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 105*a^3*e^6 + 2*(19*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (87*c^3*d^5*e - 98*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 35*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*x + a*c^4*d^4*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**5/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{%%{16,[5,5,4]%%},0}: [1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%}, [2,2]%%}+%%%`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^5/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^5/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-840\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx + ae} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) a^3 e^6 + 25}{1}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
( - 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*e**6 +
 2520*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*
d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**2*e
**4 - 2520*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e
+ c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d
**4*e**2 + 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**3
*d**6 + 525*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**6 - 1575*sqr
t(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 1575*sqrt(e)*sqr
t(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 525*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6 + 840*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d*e**6 - 2240*s
qrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4 + 280*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x
+ 1848*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**2 - 784*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**
3*x - 112*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 384*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**
7 + 696*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**6*e*x + 304*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**5*e**2*x**
2 + 64*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**4*e**3*x**3)/(192*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**5
)
```


3.257 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2008
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2009
Rubi [A] (verified)	2009
Maple [B] (verified)	2012
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2013
Sympy [F]	2014
Maxima [F(-2)]	2014
Giac [F(-2)]	2015
Mupad [F(-1)]	2015
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2016

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^3}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{15e(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4c^3d^3} + \frac{5e(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2c^2d^2} + \frac{15\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{4c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(e*x+d)^3/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+15/4*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3+5/2*e*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2+15/4*e^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arc tanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)(15a^2e^4+5acde^2(-5d+ex)+c^2d^2(8d^2-9dex^2))}{4c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(d + e*x)*(15*a^2*e^4 + 5*a*c*d*e^2*(-5*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 - 9*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2))) + 15*Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(4*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1124, 2192, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1124$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{c^2 d^2 x^2 e^4 + cd(3cd^2 - ae^2)xe^3 + (3c^2 d^4 - 3ace^2 d^2 + a^2 e^4)e^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{c^3 d^3 e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2192$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{cde^3(2(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)(2cd^2 - ae^2) + cde(9cd^2 - 7ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cde} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}cde^3 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{c^3 d^3 e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}e^2 \int \frac{2(3cd^2-2ae^2)(2cd^2-ae^2)+cde(9cd^2-7ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{1}{2}cde^3x\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{c^3d^3e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{15}{2}(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + (9cd^2-7ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cde^3x\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{c^3d^3e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(15(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} + (9cd^2-7ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cde^3x\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{c^3d^3e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{15(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} + (9cd^2-7ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cde^3x\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{c^3d^3e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{c^3d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x))/(c^3*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + \\ & c*d*e*x^2]) + ((c*d*e^3*x*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/2 \\ & + (e^2*((9*c*d^2 - 7*a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2] + \\ & (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[\\ & d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[\\ & d]*\text{Sqrt}[e])))/4)/(c^3*d^3*e) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \\ \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{Gt} \\ \text{Q}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1124

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}/((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(3/2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-2)}*(d + e*x)/(c^{(m-1)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x] + \text{Simp}[e^2/c^{(m-1)} \quad \text{Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-1)} - c^{(m-1)}*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)})/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*c*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 2192

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q =
Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b
*e*(q + p)*x^(q - 1) - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1769 vs. $2(200) = 400$.

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1770, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.83

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1770

input

```
int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```

2*d^4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)+e^4*(1/2*x^3/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
x^2*e)^(1/2)-5/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(x^2/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d
*x^2*e)^(1/2)-3/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d
*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d
*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+1/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a
*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1
/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))-2*a/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2
)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))-3/2*a/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/
(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+1
/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))+4*d*e^3*(x^2/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-3/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d
^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+1/d/e/...
    
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15(ac^2d^4e - 2a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 + (c^3d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4)x)}{8(c^4d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4)x} + \frac{15(ac^2d^4e - 2a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 + (c^3d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4)x)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)}x(2cdex+ade)}{2(cde^2x^2+ade^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}\right)}{8(c^4d^5 - 2ac^2d^3e^2 + a^2cde^4)x}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="
fricas")
    
```

output

```
[1/16*(15*(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))) + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*c^2*d^4 + 25*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4 + (9*c^2*d^3*e - 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/((c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e), -1/8*(15*(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)) - 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*c^2*d^4 + 25*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4 + (9*c^2*d^3*e - 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x)**4/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**3/2, x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{[%%{8,[4,4,4]%%},0]:[1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%},[2,2]
%%}+%%{
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right) a^2 e^4 - 30\sqrt{e}}{4\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*e**4 - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**4 - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**4 + 20*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 10*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4 - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 25*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5 + 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2)/(4*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**4)`

3.258 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2017
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2018
Rubi [A] (verified)	2018
Maple [B] (verified)	2021
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2022
Sympy [F]	2022
Maxima [F(-2)]	2023
Giac [F(-2)]	2023
Mupad [F(-1)]	2024
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2024

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^2}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} + \frac{3e\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{c^2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(e*x+d)^2/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+3*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2+3*e^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)(-3ae^2+cd(2d-ex))+3\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ae-d}}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(d + e*x)*(-3*a*e^2 + c*d*(2*d - e*x))) + 3*Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1124, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1124$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{e(2cd^2+cexd-ae^2)}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{e \int \frac{2cd^2+cexd-ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{3}{2}(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}\right)}{\frac{c^2d^2}{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}} - \frac{c^2d^2}{c^2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{e\left(3(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} + \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}\right)}{\frac{c^2d^2}{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}} - \frac{c^2d^2}{c^2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} + \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}\right)}{\frac{c^2d^2}{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}} - \frac{c^2d^2}{c^2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x))/(c^2*d^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (e*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2] + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]))/(c^2*d^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1124 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)} / ((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-2)}*((d + e*x)/(c^{(m-1)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] + \text{Simp}[e^2/c^{(m-1)} \text{ Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-1)} - c^{(m-1)}*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)})/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*c*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 959 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 960, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.89

method	result
default	$\frac{2d^3(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)}{(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}} + e^3 \left(\frac{x^2}{dec\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}} - \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)}{dec\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*d^3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)+e^3*(x^2/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-3/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+1/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))-2*a/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+3*d*e^2*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+1/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))+3*d^2*e*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(acd^2e - a^2e^3 + (c^2d^3 - acde^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{e}{cd}} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d\right)}{2(c^3d^3x + ac^2d^2e)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(acd^2e - a^2e^3 + (c^2d^3 - acde^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde^2x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(2cde^2x+cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}}}{2(cde^2x^2+ade^2+(cd^2e+ae^3)x)}\right)}{2(c^3d^3x + ac^2d^2e)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(3*(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x - 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))) - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x - 2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e), -1/2*(3*(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x) - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x - 2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{[%%{2, [3,3,4]%%},0]: [1,0,%%{-1, [1,1,1]%%}]%%}, [2,2]%%}+%%{`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)ae^2+12\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `(- 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*e**2 + 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*d**2 + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**2 - 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2 + 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**2 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e*x)/(4*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3)`

3.259
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2025
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2025
Rubi [A] (verified)	2026
Maple [B] (verified)	2027
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2028
Sympy [F]	2029
Maxima [F(-2)]	2029
Giac [F(-2)]	2029
Mupad [F(-1)]	2030
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2030

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(-2*e*x-2*d)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+2*e^(1/2)*arctanh
(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/
c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)+2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(d + e*x) + 2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*
ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(c^(
3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1124, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1124

$$\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2(d + ex)}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{2e \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{cd} - \frac{2(d + ex)}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{e} \arctanh\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}} - \frac{2(d + ex)}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(d + e*x))/(c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (Sqrt[e]
]*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*
e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1124 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*((d + e*x)/(c^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a +
b*x + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[e^2/c^(m - 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*Exp
andToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1) - c^(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(c*d - b*e -
c*e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e
^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 484 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

method	result
default	$\frac{2d^2(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)}{(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}} + e^2 \left(-\frac{x}{dec\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}} - \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)}{dec\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
2*d^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)+e^2*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+1/d/e/c*ln((1/2*a*e^2+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*x*e)/(d*e*c)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))/(d*e*c)^(1/2))+2*d*e*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{(cdx+ae)\sqrt{\frac{e}{cd}} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2+c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+a^2e^4+8(c^2d^2x+acde)\sqrt{\frac{e}{cd}}\right)}{c^2d^2x+acde} + 2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(2cdex+cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}}}{2(cde^2x^2+ade^2+(cd^2e+ae^3)x)}\right) \right]}{c^2d^2x+acde}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((c*d*x+a*e)*sqrt(e/(c*d))*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+c^2*d^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+a^2*e^4+8*(c^2*d^3*e+a*c*d*e^3)*x+4*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x+c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d)))-4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)/(c^2*d^2*x+a*c*d*e), -((c*d*x+a*e)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x+c*d^2+a*e^2)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))/(c*d*e^2*x^2+a*d*e^2+(c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*x))+2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)/(c^2*d^2*x+a*c*d*e)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[1,1,4]%%},0]:[1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%},[2,2]
%%}+%%{
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx + ae} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ae^2 - cd^2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{cdx + ae} c^2 d^2}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*
x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)) - sqrt(e)*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) - sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2
*d**2)
```

$$3.260 \quad \int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2031
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2031
Rubi [A] (verified)	2032
Maple [A] (verified)	2033
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2033
Sympy [F]	2034
Maxima [F(-2)]	2034
Giac [F(-2)]	2034
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2035
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2035

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

output `(-2*e*x-2*d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x])]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1124, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1124$$

$$e^2 \int 0 dx - \frac{2(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 24$$

$$-\frac{2(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 1124 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*((d + e*x)/(c^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[e^2/c^(m - 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1) - c^(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{(ae^2-cd^2)(cdx+ae)}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^2(cdx+ae)}{(ae^2-cd^2)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^2(cdx+ae)}{(ae^2-cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{2d(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)}{(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}} + e\left(-\frac{1}{dec\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}} - \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)(2c}{dec(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)}\right)$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2/(ae^2-cd^2)/(cdx+ae)*(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{(1/2)}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{acd^2e-a^2e^3+(c^2d^3-acde^2)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-2*\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2+cd^2x}/(acd^2e-a^2e^3+(c^2d^3-acde^2)x)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[1,1,0]%%},[2,0]%%}+%%{%%{[-2,[0,0,1]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(ae + cdx)(ae^2 - cd^2)}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(a*e^2 -
c*d^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx + ae} + 2\sqrt{ex + d}cd}{\sqrt{cdx + ae}cd(ae^2 - cd^2)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d + e*x)*c*d)/(sqrt(
a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*(a*e**2 - c*d**2))
```

3.261
$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2036
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2036
Rubi [A] (verified)	2037
Maple [A] (verified)	2037
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2038
Sympy [F]	2039
Maxima [F(-2)]	2039
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2039
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2040
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2040

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

$(-4*c*d*e*x - 2*a*e^2 - 2*c*d^2)/(-a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(ae^2 + cd(d + 2ex))}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}$$

input

`Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-3/2),x]`

output

$(-2*(a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 2*e*x)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x])]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.034$, Rules used = {1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1088

$$-\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{2(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)}{(ae^2-cd^2)^2\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	60
default	$\frac{4cdxe+2ae^2+2cd^2}{(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}$	75
gosper	$-\frac{2(ex+d)(cdx+ae)(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)}{(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	86
orering	$-\frac{2(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}{(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	87

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2)}{ac^2d^5e - 2a^2cd^3e^3 + a^3de^5 + (c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x^2 + (c^3d^6 - ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2) / (a*c^2*d^5*e - 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + a^3*d*e^5 + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + (c^3*d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` for more de`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \left(\frac{2cde}{c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4} + \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4} \right)}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{-2*(2*c*d*e*x/(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))/\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)}{}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{cd^2}{2} + cxd + \frac{ae^2}{2}}{\left(\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{4} - acd^2e^2\right) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{-((a*e^2)/2 + (c*d^2)/2 + c*d*e*x)/((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/4 - a*c*d^2*e^2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)}{}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx + ae}d - 4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx + ae}ex - 2\sqrt{ex} - 2\sqrt{cdx + ae}}{\sqrt{cdx + ae} (a^2e^5x - 2acd^2e^3x + c^2d^4ex + a^2)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(-2*\text{sqrt}(e)*\text{sqrt}(d)*\text{sqrt}(c)*\text{sqrt}(a*e + c*d*x)*d - 2*\text{sqrt}(e)*\text{sqrt}(d)*\text{sqrt}(c)*\text{sqrt}(a*e + c*d*x)*e*x - \text{sqrt}(d + e*x)*a*e**2 - \text{sqrt}(d + e*x)*c*d**2 - 2*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x)*c*d*e*x))/(\text{sqrt}(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**2*d*e**4 + a**2*e**5*x - 2*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + c**2*d**5 + c**2*d**4*e*x))}{}$$

3.262
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2041
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2041
Rubi [A] (verified)	2042
Maple [A] (verified)	2043
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2044
Sympy [F]	2044
Maxima [F(-2)]	2045
Giac [F]	2045
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2045
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2046

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{16cde\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)}$$

output

```
-2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-8/3*e*(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2-16/3*c*d*
e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^2e^4 - 4acde^2(3d+2ex) - 2c^2d^2(3d^2+12dex+8e^2x^2)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*a^2*e^4 - 4*a*c*d*e^2*(3*d + 2*e*x) - 2*c^2*d^2*(3*d^2 + 12*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1129, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1088

$$\frac{2}{3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-8x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3-12xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)}{3(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	138
orering	$-\frac{2(-8x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3-12xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)}{3(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	139
default	$-\frac{2}{3(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} + \frac{8dec\left(2dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+ae^2-cd^2\right)}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^3\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}$	146
trager	$-\frac{2(-8x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3-12xc^2d^3e+a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^2(ae^2-cd^2)(cdx+ae)}$	146

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-4*a*c*d*e^3*x-12*c^2*d^3*e*x+a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-3*c^2*d^4)/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(8c^2d^2e^2x^2+3c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2-a^2e^4+4(3c^2d^2e+acd^2e^3)x)\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{3(ac^3d^8e-3a^2c^2d^6e^3+3a^3cd^4e^5-a^4d^2e^7+(c^4d^7e^2-3ac^3d^5e^4+3a^2c^2d^3e^6-a^3cde^8)x^3+(2c^4d^8e-5a^3c^3d^6e^3+3a^2c^2d^4e^5+a^3cd^2e^7-a^4e^9)x^2+(c^4d^9-a^3c^3d^7e^2-3a^2c^2d^5e^4+5a^3cd^3e^6-2a^4d^8e^8)x)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + 4*(3*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d^8*e^8)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}(-a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2)}{3(ae+cdx)(ae^2-}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output

$$(2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4 + 8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*c^2*d^3*e*x + 4*a*c*d*e^3*x))/(3*(a*e + c*d*x)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{16\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cd^3}{3} - \frac{32\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cd^2ex}{3} - \frac{16\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cd^2ex}{3}}{\sqrt{cdx + ae} (a^3e^8x^2 - 3a^2cd^2e^6x^2 + 3ac^2d^4)}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

$$(2*(-8*\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})*c*d**3 - 16*\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})*c*d**2*e*x - 8*\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})*c*d*e**2*x**2 - \sqrt{d + e*x}*a**2*e**4 + 6*\sqrt{d + e*x}*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 4*\sqrt{d + e*x}*a*c*d*e**3*x + 3*\sqrt{d + e*x}*c**2*d**4 + 12*\sqrt{d + e*x}*c**2*d**3*e*x + 8*\sqrt{d + e*x}*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(3*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x}*(a**3*d**2*e**6 + 2*a**3*d*e**7*x + a**3*e**8*x**2 - 3*a**2*c*d**4*e**4 - 6*a**2*c*d**3*e**5*x - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 6*a*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 - c**3*d**8 - 2*c**3*d**7*e*x - c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2))$$

3.263 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2047
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2048
Rubi [A] (verified)	2048
Maple [A] (verified)	2050
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2050
Sympy [F]	2051
Maxima [F(-2)]	2051
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2052
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2053
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2053

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2} -$$

$$\frac{12e\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{16cde\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{32c^2d^2e\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(d+ex)}$$

output

```
-2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-12/5*e
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3-16/5*c
*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2-32
/5*c^2*d^2*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x
+d)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^3e^6 - a^2cde^4(5d + 2ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(5d^3 + 30d^2ex + 40de^2x^2 + 16e^3x^3))}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a^3*e^6 - a^2*c*d*e^4*(5*d + 2*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(5*d^3 + 30*d^2*e*x + 40*d*e^2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3)))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^2*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1129

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{5 \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2}} + \\
& \frac{5(d+ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5 \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1088} \\
& \frac{6cd \left(\frac{2}{3(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{5 \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2}} + \\
& \frac{5(d+ex)^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5 \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `2/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (6*c*d*(2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(16c^3d^3e^3x^3+8x^2ac^2d^2e^4+40c^3d^4e^2x^2-2xa^2cde^5+20xac^2d^3e^3+30c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3-5d^2e^4a^2c+15d^4e^2ac^2+5d^6c^3)}{5(ex+d)(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)(cdx^2e+a^2ex+c^2dx+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(16c^3d^3e^3x^3+8x^2ac^2d^2e^4+40c^3d^4e^2x^2-2xa^2cde^5+20xac^2d^3e^3+30c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3-5d^2e^4a^2c+15d^4e^2ac^2+5d^6c^3)(cdx+ae)}{5(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)(ex+d)(ade+(a^2+c^2d^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(16c^3d^3e^3x^3+8x^2ac^2d^2e^4+40c^3d^4e^2x^2-2xa^2cde^5+20xac^2d^3e^3+30c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3-5d^2e^4a^2c+15d^4e^2ac^2+5d^6c^3)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ade}}{5(cdx+ae)(a^2-cd^2)(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ex+d)^3}$
default	$-\frac{2}{5(a^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(a^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}-\frac{6dec\left(-\frac{2}{3(a^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}\sqrt{dec\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(a^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}+\frac{8dec}{3(a^2-cd^2)}\right)}{5(a^2-cd^2)e^2}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output -2/5*(c*d*x+a*e)*(16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+8*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2+40*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^
2-2*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+20*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x+30*c^3*d^5*e*x+a^3*e^6-5*a^2*c*d^2*e^
4+15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)/(e*x+d)/(a^4*e^8-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d
^4*e^4-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 494 vs. 2(212) = 424.

Time = 3.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(16c^3a^2d^3e^3x^3+8a^2c^2d^2e^4x^2+40c^3d^4e^2x^2-2xa^2cde^5+20xac^2d^3e^3+30c^3d^5ex+e^6a^3-5d^2e^4a^2c+15d^4e^2ac^2+5d^6c^3)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ade}}{5(ac^4d^{11}e-4a^2c^3d^9e^3+6a^3c^2d^7e^5-4a^4cd^5e^7+a^5d^3e^9+(c^5d^9e^3-4ac^4d^7e^5+6a^2c^3d^5e^7-4a^3c^2d^3e^5))^{3/2}}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2/5*(16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 5*c^3*d^6 + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 \\ & + a^3*e^6 + 8*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(15*c^3*d^5*e + 10*a \\ & *c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x) \\ & /((a*c^4*d^11*e - 4*a^2*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^7*e^5 - 4*a^4*c*d^5*e^7 + \\ & a^5*d^3*e^9 + (c^5*d^9*e^3 - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 4*a^3*c \\ & ^2*d^3*e^9 + a^4*c*d*e^11)*x^4 + (3*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 11*a*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 14* \\ & a^2*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^8 - a^4*c*d^2*e^10 + a^5*e^12)*x^3 + 3*(\\ & c^5*d^11*e - 3*a*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 3*a \\ & ^4*c*d^3*e^9 + a^5*d*e^11)*x^2 + (c^5*d^12 - a*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^3*d^ \\ & 8*e^4 + 14*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 11*a^4*c*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^5*d^2*e^10)*x) \end{aligned}$$
Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3930 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3930, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*(16*c^3*d^3*e*abs(e)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^4*d^8 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + sqrt(c*d*e)*a^4*e^8) - (5*c^3*d^3/((c^4*d^8*e^2*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^4*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^8*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + a^4*e^10*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))) + (15*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^18*d^34*e^22*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 240*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c^17*d^32*e^24*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 + 1800*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^2*c^16*d^30*e^26*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 8400*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^3*c^15*d^28*e^28*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 + 27300*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^4*c^14*d^26*e^30*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 65520*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^5*c^13*d^24*e^32*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 + 120120*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^6*c^12*d^22*e^34*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 171600*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^7*c^11*d^20*e^36*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 + 193050*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^8*c^10*d^18*e^38*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 171600*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^9*c^9*d^16*e^40*sgn(1/(e*x + ...`

output

```
(2*(16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**5 + 48*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e*x + 48*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*e**6 + 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 15*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 20*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 - 30*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x - 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3)/(5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**4*d**3*e**8 + 3*a**4*d**2*e**9*x + 3*a**4*d*e**10*x**2 + a**4*e**11*x**3 - 4*a**3*c*d**5*e**6 - 12*a**3*c*d**4*e**7*x - 12*a**3*c*d**3*e**8*x**2 - 4*a**3*c*d**2*e**9*x**3 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**7*e**4 + 18*a**2*c**2*d**6*e**5*x + 18*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**6*x**2 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**7*x**3 - 4*a*c**3*d**9*e**2 - 12*a*c**3*d**8*e**3*x - 12*a*c**3*d**7*e**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**3*d**6*e**5*x**3 + c**4*d**11 + 3*c**4*d**10*e*x + 3*c**4*d**9*e**2*x**2 + c**4*d**8*e**3*x**3))
```

3.264 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2055
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2056
Rubi [A] (verified)	2056
Maple [A] (verified)	2058
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2059
Sympy [F]	2060
Maxima [F(-2)]	2060
Giac [F]	2060
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2061
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2062

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2} - \frac{16e\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{96cde\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^3}$$

$$- \frac{128c^2d^2e\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(d+ex)^2} - \frac{256c^3d^3e\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35(cd^2 - ae^2)^5(d+ex)}$$

output

```
-2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-16/7*e
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^4-96/35*
c*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^3-1
28/35*c^2*d^2*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(
e*x+d)^2-256/35*c^3*d^3*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+
c*d^2)^5/(e*x+d)
```


$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{8cd \left(\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{8cd \left(\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2} \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1088 \\
 & \frac{8cd \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{2}{3(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} - \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)^2(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^3(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
2/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (8*c*d*(2/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (6*c*d*(2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))) / (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) / (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-128c^4d^4e^4x^4-64ac^3d^3e^5x^3-448c^4d^5e^3x^3+16a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-224ac^3d^4e^4x^2-560c^4d^6e^2x^2-8a^3cde^7x+56a^2c^2d^3e^5x-280a^3c^3d^4e^4x-280a^4c^4d^5e^3x+16a^5c^5d^6e^2x-16a^6c^6d^7e^1x-16a^7c^7d^8e^0x)}{35(ex+d)^2(a^5e^{10}-5a^4cd^2e^8+10a^3c^2d^4e^6-10a^2c^3d^6e^4+5ac^4d^8e^2-c^5d^{10})} - \frac{8dec}{5(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} \sqrt{\frac{dec}{ae^2-cd^2}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{6dec}{3(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$
default	$\frac{7(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3 \sqrt{\frac{dec}{ae^2-cd^2}\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(ae^2-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e^3}$
trager	$\frac{2(-128c^4d^4e^4x^4-64ac^3d^3e^5x^3-448c^4d^5e^3x^3+16a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-224ac^3d^4e^4x^2-560c^4d^6e^2x^2-8a^3cde^7x+56a^2c^2d^3e^5x-280a^3c^3d^4e^4x-280a^4c^4d^5e^3x+16a^5c^5d^6e^2x-16a^6c^6d^7e^1x-16a^7c^7d^8e^0x)}{35(cdx+ae)(ae^2-cd^2)(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4)}$
orering	$\frac{2(-128c^4d^4e^4x^4-64ac^3d^3e^5x^3-448c^4d^5e^3x^3+16a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-224ac^3d^4e^4x^2-560c^4d^6e^2x^2-8a^3cde^7x+56a^2c^2d^3e^5x-280a^3c^3d^4e^4x-280a^4c^4d^5e^3x+16a^5c^5d^6e^2x-16a^6c^6d^7e^1x-16a^7c^7d^8e^0x)}{35(a^5e^{10}-5a^4cd^2e^8+10a^3c^2d^4e^6-10a^2c^3d^6e^4+5ac^4d^8e^2-c^5d^{10})(ex+d)}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVE RBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-128*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4-64*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^3-448*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^3+16*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^2-224*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*x^2-560*c^4*d^6*e^2*x^2-8*a^3*c*d*e^7*x+56*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*x-280*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*x-280*c^4*d^7*e*x+5*a^4*e^8-28*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-140*a*c^3*d^6*e^2-35*c^4*d^8)/(e*x+d)^2/(a^5*e^10-5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8+10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6-10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4+5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2-c^5*d^10)/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 733 vs. $2(269) = 538$.

Time = 9.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 733, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{35(ac^5d^{14}e - 5a^2c^4d^{12}e^3 + 10a^3c^3d^{10}e^5 - 10a^4c^2d^8e^7 + 5a^5cd^6e^9 - a^6d^4e^{11} + (c^6d^{11}e^4 - 5ac^5d^9e^6 + 10a^4c^4d^7e^8 - 10a^3c^3d^5e^{10} + 5a^2c^2d^3e^{12} - a^5c*d*e^{14})x^5 + (4c^6d^{12}e^3 - 19a^5c^5d^{10}e^5 + 35a^4c^4d^8e^7 - 30a^3c^3d^6e^9 + 10a^4c^2d^4e^{11} + a^5c*d^2e^{13} - a^6e^{15})x^4 + 2(3c^6d^{13}e^2 - 13a^5c^5d^{11}e^4 + 20a^2c^4d^9e^6 - 10a^3c^3d^7e^8 - 5a^4c^2d^5e^{10} + 7a^5c*d^3e^{12} - 2a^6d*e^{14})x^3 + 2(2c^6d^{14}e - 7a^5c^5d^{12}e^3 + 5a^2c^4d^{10}e^5 + 10a^3c^3d^8e^7 - 20a^4c^2d^6e^9 + 13a^5c*d^4e^{11} - 3a^6d^2e^{13})x^2 + (c^6d^{15} - a^5c^5d^{13}e^2 - 10a^2c^4d^{11}e^4 + 30a^3c^3d^9e^6 - 35a^4c^2d^7e^8 + 19a^5c*d^5e^{10} - 4a^6d^3e^{12})x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/35*(128*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 35*c^4*d^8 + 140*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 28*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8 + 64*(7*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 16*(35*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 14*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(35*c^4*d^7*e + 35*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 7*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a*c^5*d^14*e - 5*a^2*c^4*d^12*e^3 + 10*a^3*c^3*d^10*e^5 - 10*a^4*c^2*d^8*e^7 + 5*a^5*c*d^6*e^9 - a^6*d^4*e^11 + (c^6*d^11*e^4 - 5*a*c^5*d^9*e^6 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^8 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^12 - a^5*c*d*e^14)*x^5 + (4*c^6*d^12*e^3 - 19*a^5*c^5*d^10*e^5 + 35*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 30*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 10*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^11 + a^5*c*d^2*e^13 - a^6*e^15)*x^4 + 2*(3*c^6*d^13*e^2 - 13*a^5*c^5*d^11*e^4 + 20*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^8 - 5*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 7*a^5*c*d^3*e^12 - 2*a^6*d*e^14)*x^3 + 2*(2*c^6*d^14*e - 7*a^5*c^5*d^12*e^3 + 5*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 20*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^9 + 13*a^5*c*d^4*e^11 - 3*a^6*d^2*e^13)*x^2 + (c^6*d^15 - a^5*c^5*d^13*e^2 - 10*a^2*c^4*d^11*e^4 + 30*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^6 - 35*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^8 + 19*a^5*c*d^5*e^10 - 4*a^6*d^3*e^12)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^3), x
)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2121, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
((((d*((24*c^4*d^5*e^3)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a^2*e^5 + 3*c^2*d^4*e - 6*
a*c*d^2*e^3)) + (4*c^3*d^3*e^3*(17*a*e^2 - 29*c*d^2))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^
4*(3*a^2*e^5 + 3*c^2*d^4*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^3))))/e - (e^2*(70*c^4*d^6 - 256*
a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 162*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a^2*e^5 + 3
*c^2*d^4*e - 6*a*c*d^2*e^3)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2
))/ (d + e*x)^2 - (((e^2*(14*c^2*d^3 - 26*a*c*d*e^2))/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*
(5*a^2*e^5 + 5*c^2*d^4*e - 10*a*c*d^2*e^3)) + (12*c^2*d^3*e^2)/(7*(a*e^2 -
c*d^2)^2*(5*a^2*e^5 + 5*c^2*d^4*e - 10*a*c*d^2*e^3)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)
+ a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/ (d + e*x)^3 - (((d*((16*c^5*d^6*e^2)/(35*(a*e^
2 - c*d^2)^7) + (16*c^4*d^4*e^2*(7*a*e^2 - 13*c*d^2))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)
^7)))/e + (4*c^3*d^3*e*(23*c^2*d^4 - 17*a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(105*(a
e^2 - c*d^2)^7))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/ (d + e*x)
+ (((24*c^3*d^4*e^2)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (12*c^
2*d^2*e^2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(
x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/ (d + e*x)^2 - (2*e^2*(x*(a
e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/ ((d + e*x)^4*(7*a^2*e^5 + 7*c^2*d^
4*e - 14*a*c*d^2*e^3)) - (((a*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)*((16*c^7*d^7*e^4*(a*e^2 +
c*d^2))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5))
+ (32*c^7*d^7*e^4*(4*a*e^2 - 13*c*d^2))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e
- 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)))))/(c*d*e) + (16*c^6*d^6*e^3*(27*a^2*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 852, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 128*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**7 - 512*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e*x - 768*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 512*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 128*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**4*e**8 + 28*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d*e**7*x - 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x - 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 140*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 280*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x + 224*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 64*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 35*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**8 + 280*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**7*e*x + 560*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 448*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4))/(35*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**5*d**4*e**10 + 4*a**5*d**3*e**11*x + 6*a**5*d**2*e**12*x**2 + 4*a**5*d*e**13*x**3 + a**5*e**14*x**4 - 5*a**4*c*d**6*e**8 - 20*a**4*c*d**5*e**9*x - 30*a**4*c*d**4*e**10*x**2 - 20*a**4*c*d**3*e**11*x**3 - 5*a**4*c*d**2*e**12*x**4 + 10*a**3*c**2*d**8*e**6 + 40*a**3*c**2*d**7*e**7*x + 60*a**3*c**2*d**6*e**8*x**2 + 40*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**9*x**3 + 10*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**10*x**4 - 10*a**2*c**3*d**10*e**4 - 40*a**2*c**3*d**9*e**5*x - 60*a**2*c**3*d**8*e**6*x**2 - 40*a**2*c**3*d**7*e**7*x**3 - 10*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**8*x**4 + 5*a*c**4*d**12*e**2 + 20*a*c**4*d**11*e...
```

3.265 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2063
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2064
Rubi [A] (verified)	2064
Maple [B] (verified)	2068
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2068
Sympy [F]	2069
Maxima [F(-2)]	2070
Giac [F(-2)]	2070
Mupad [F(-1)]	2071
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2071

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 279

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^5}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{14e(d+ex)^3}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{35e^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4c^4d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{35e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{6c^3d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{35e^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{4c^{9/2}d^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^5/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-14/3*e*(e*x+d)^3/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+35/4*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4+35/6*e^2*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3+35/4*e^(3/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^6}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(105a^3e^6 - 35a^2cde^4(5d - 4ex) + 7ac^2d^2e^2(8d^2 - 4ex) + 3c^3d^3(8d^3 + 80d^2ex - 39d^2e^2x^2 - 6e^3x^3))}{(ae + cdx)^2} + \frac{(105e^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}])}{(\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex})} \right)}{(12c^{9/2})d^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^6/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(105*a^3*e^6 - 35*a^2*c*d*e^4*(5*d - 4*e*x) + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(8*d^2 - 34*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(8*d^3 + 80*d^2*e*x - 39*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 6*e^3*x^3)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (105*e^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(12*c^(9/2)*d^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1133, 1124, 2192, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^6}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1133

$$\frac{7e \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3cd} - \frac{2(d + ex)^5}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1124

$$7e \left(\frac{\int \frac{c^2 d^2 x^2 e^4 + cd(3cd^2 - ae^2)xe^3 + (3c^2 d^4 - 3ace^2 d^2 + a^2 e^4)e^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{c^3 d^3 e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^5} \frac{3cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 2192

$$7e \left(\frac{\int \frac{cde^3(2(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)(2cd^2 - ae^2) + cde(9cd^2 - 7ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cde} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}cde^3 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{c^3 d^3 e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^5 \frac{3cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$7e \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}e^2 \int \frac{2(3cd^2 - 2ae^2)(2cd^2 - ae^2) + cde(9cd^2 - 7ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{1}{2}cde^3 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{c^3 d^3 e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^5 \frac{3cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1160

$$7e \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{15}{2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + (9cd^2 - 7ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cde^3 x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{c^3 d^3 e} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^5 \frac{3cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1092

$$7e \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(15(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} + (9cd^2 - 7ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cde^3x\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{c^3d^3e} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^5}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \quad 3cd$$

↓ 219

$$7e \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cexd}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right) + (9cd^2 - 7ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}cde^3x\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{c^3d^3e} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^5}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \quad 3cd$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^6/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^5)/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (7*e*((-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x))/(c^3*d^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + ((c*d*e^3*x*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/2 + (e^2*((9*c*d^2 - 7*a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2] + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]))/4)/(c^3*d^3*e))/(3*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1124 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)} / ((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-2)}*(d + e*x)/(c^{(m-1)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x] + \text{Simp}[e^2/c^{(m-1)} \text{ Int}[(1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2])* \text{ExpandToSum}[(2*c*d - b*e)^{(m-1)} - c^{(m-1)}*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)})/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 1133 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(c*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2*((m+p)/(c*(p+1))) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*c*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 2192

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b
*e*(q + p)*x^(q - 1) - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7419 vs. $2(247) = 494$.

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7420, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.59

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	7420

input

```
int((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

result too large to display

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^6}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(105*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7 + (c^4*d^6*e - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^3*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))) + 4*(6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 8*c^3*d^6 - 56*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 175*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6 + 3*(13*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 2*(40*c^3*d^5*e - 119*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 70*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^6*d^6*x^2 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e*x + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2), -1/24*(105*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7 + (c^4*d^6*e - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^3*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-e/(c*d)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)) - 2*(6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 8*c^3*d^6 - 56*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 175*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6 + 3*(13*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 2*(40*c^3*d^5*e - 119*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 70*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^6*d^6*x^2 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e*x + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**6/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x)**6/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{%%{8,[6,6,8]%%},0]:[1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%},[4,4]%%}+%%{`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^6/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^6/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 773, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^6/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
(840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d
*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**3*e**6 - 16
80*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x
) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4
+ 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c
*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*c*d*e**
5*x + 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e
+ c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c**2*d*
*4*e**2 - 1680*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c
*2*d**3*e**3*x + 840*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e
)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2)
)*c**3*d**5*e*x + 175*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**6
- 350*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 175*sqr
t(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 175*sqrt(e)*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 350*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 175*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x - 840*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d*e**6 + 1400*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4 - 1120*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x - 4
48*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**2 + 1904*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**3...
```

3.266
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2073
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2074
Rubi [A] (verified)	2074
Maple [B] (verified)	2077
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2078
Sympy [F]	2079
Maxima [F(-2)]	2079
Giac [F(-2)]	2080
Mupad [F(-1)]	2080
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2081

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^4}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{10e(d+ex)^2}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{5e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{c^3d^3} + \frac{5e^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^4/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-10/3*e*(e*x+d)^2/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3+5*e^(3/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(-15a^2e^4 + 10acde^2(d - 2ex) + c^2d^2(2d^2 + 14cdx + 3e^2x^2))}{(ae + cdx)^4(d + ex)^2} \right)}{3c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(-15*a^2*e^4 + 10*a*c*d*e^2*(d - 2*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(2*d^2 + 14*d*e*x - 3*e^2*x^2)))/((a*e + c*d*x)^4*(d + e*x)^2)) + (15*e^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/((a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)))/(3*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1133, 1124, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1133$$

$$\frac{5e \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^4}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1124$$

$$5e \left(\frac{\int \frac{e(2cd^2+cexd-ae^2)}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{c^2d^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^4} \frac{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$5e \left(\frac{e \int \frac{2cd^2+cexd-ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{c^2d^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^4} \frac{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1160

$$5e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{3}{2}(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} \right)}{c^2d^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^4} \frac{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1092

$$5e \left(\frac{e \left(3(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d - \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} + \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} \right)}{c^2d^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^4}$$

↓ 219

$$5e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right) + \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 3cd}{3cd (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^4)/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*e*((-2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x))/(c^2*d^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (e*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])))/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])))/(c^2*d^2))/(3*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1124

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*((d + e*x)/(c^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x]
+ Simp[e^2/c^(m - 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1) - c^(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1133

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
- Simp[e^2*(m + p)/(c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4446 vs. $2(190) = 380$.

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4447, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.78

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4447

input

```
int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

d^5*(2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^
2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+e^5*(x^
4/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-5/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/c*(-
1/3*x^3/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/
e/c*(-x^2/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
d/e/c*(-1/2*x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)/d/e/c*(-1/3/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c
*d^2)/d/e/c*(2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))
)+1/2*a/c*(2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*
d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)))
+2*a/c*(-1/3/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2
)/d/e/c*(2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))))+1
/d/e/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
/d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(a^2cd^2e^3 - a^3e^5 + (c^3d^4e - ac^2d^2e^3)x^2 + 2(ac^2d^3e^2 - a^2cde^4)x + a^2cd^2e^3)}{6(c^5d^5x} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{15(a^2cd^2e^3 - a^3e^5 + (c^3d^4e - ac^2d^2e^3)x^2 + 2(ac^2d^3e^2 - a^2cde^4)x) \sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{2(cde^2 x^2 + ade^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)}\right)}{6(c^5d^5x} \right.$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
fricas")

```

output

```
[-1/12*(15*(a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - a^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + 2*
(a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2
*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x - 4*(2*c^2*d^
2*e*x + c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*s
qrt(e/(c*d))) - 4*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^4 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2
*e^4 - 2*(7*c^2*d^3*e - 10*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*x^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*x + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2), -1/6*(15*(a
^2*c*d^2*e^3 - a^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e^
2 - a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*
d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-e/(c*d)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 +
a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)) - 2*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^4 - 10*a*
c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4 - 2*(7*c^2*d^3*e - 10*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2
+ a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*x^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*x + a^2*c^3*d^3
*e^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**5/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x)**5/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```


output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{[%%{2,[5,5,8]%%},0]:[1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%},[4,4]
%%}+%%{
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^5/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x)^5/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-30\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)}{a^2e^4+30\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}} a^2e^4 + 30\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a**2*e**4 + 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*c*d*e**3*x + 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c**2*d**3*e*x - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**4 + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**3*x + 5*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e*x + 30*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 20*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5 - 28*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2)/(6*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**4*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

3.267
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2082
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2082
Rubi [A] (verified)	2083
Maple [B] (verified)	2085
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2086
Sympy [F]	2087
Maxima [F(-2)]	2087
Giac [F(-2)]	2088
Mupad [F(-1)]	2088
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2088

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^3}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d+ex)}{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{2e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^3/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-2*e*(e*x+d)/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+2*e^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(3ae^2+cd(d+4ex))}{(ae+cdx)^2} + \frac{3e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{3c^{5/2}d^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*(3*a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 4*e*x)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^2) + (3*e^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[d + e*x])/(sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*sqrt[d + e*x]))/(3*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1133, 1124, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1133} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^3}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1124} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^3}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & e \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{cd}{2(d+ex)^3} \\
 & \frac{cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & e \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{c^{3/2} d^{3/2}} - \frac{2(d+ex)}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{cd}{2(d+ex)^3} \\
 & \frac{cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(d + e*x)^3)/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (e*((-2*(d + e*x))/(c*d*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)))/(c*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1092

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1124

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*((d + e*x)/(c^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a +
b*x + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[e^2/c^(m - 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*Exp
andToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1) - c^(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(c*d - b*e -
c*e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e
^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1133

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] - Simp[e^2*((m + p)/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e
^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2598 vs. $2(138) = 276$.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2599, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.45

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2599

input

```
int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output

```
d^4*(2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^
2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))+e^4*(-1
/3*x^3/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e
/c*(-x^2/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d
/e/c*(-1/2*x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^
2)/d/e/c*(-1/3/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*
d^2)/d/e/c*(2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)))
+1/2*a/c*(2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d
*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2
)^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))) +2
*a/c*(-1/3/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
/d/e/c*(2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^
2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2))) +1/
d/e/c*(-x/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
d/e/c*(-1/d/e/c/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/
c*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(c^2d^2ex^2+2acde^2x+a^2e^3)\sqrt{\frac{e}{cd}} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2+c^2d^4+6acde^2x+a^2e^3\right)}{3(c^4d^4x^2+2ac^3d^3ex+a^2c^2d^2e^2)} + \frac{3(c^2d^2ex^2+2acde^2x+a^2e^3)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(2cde x+cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd}}}{2(cde^2x^2+ade^2+(cd^2e+ae^3)x)}\right)}{3(c^4d^4x^2+2ac^3d^3ex+a^2c^2d^2e^2)} + 2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*x + a^2*e^3)*sqrt(e/(c*d))*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d))) - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(4*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))/(c^4*d^4*x^2 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e*x + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2), -1/3*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*x + a^2*e^3)*sqrt(-e/(c*d))*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-e/(c*d)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(4*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))/(c^4*d^4*x^2 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e*x + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x)**4/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))** (5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de
```


Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1,[2,2,8]%%},0):[1,0,%%{-1,[1,1,1]%%}]%%},[4,4]%%}+%%{`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d+e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d+e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ae^2-cd^2}}\right)ae^2+2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*
d*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*a*e**2 + 3*sq
rt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*log((sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) + s
qrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/sqrt(a*e**2 - c*d**2))*c*d*e*x - 3*sqrt(d +
e*x)*a*c*d*e**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e*x
)/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*(a*e + c*d*x))
```

$$3.268 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2090
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2090
Rubi [A] (verified)	2091
Maple [A] (verified)	2092
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2092
Sympy [F]	2093
Maxima [F(-2)]	2093
Giac [F(-2)]	2093
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2094
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2094

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^3}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

output
$$-2/3*(e*x+d)^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(ae+cdx)^3}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(d+e*x)^3/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)},x]$$

output
$$(-2*((a*e+c*d*x)*(d+e*x))^{(3/2)})/(3*(c*d^2-a*e^2)*(a*e+c*d*x)^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1123

$$-\frac{2(d + ex)^3}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(d + e*x)^3)/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^4(cdx+ae)}{3(ae^2-cd^2)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	58
trager	$\frac{2(ex+d)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3(cdx+ae)^2(ae^2-cd^2)}$	58
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^4(cdx+ae)}{3(ae^2-cd^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	59
default	Expression too large to display	1536

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2/3*(e*x+d)^4*(c*d*x+a*e)}{(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^{(5/2)}}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(ex+d)}{3(a^2cd^2e^2-a^3e^4+(c^3d^4-ac^2d^2e^2)x^2+2(ac^2d^3e-a^2cde^3)x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-2/3*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x}*(e*x+d)}{-a^3*e^4+(c^3*d^4-a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2+2*(a*c^2*d^3*e-a^2*c*d*e^3)*x}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1, [2,2,0]%%}, [4,0]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-4, [1,1,1]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{3(ae+cdx)^2(ae^2-cd^2)}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*(a*e + c*d*
x)^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ae^2}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cde x}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^3}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{3}}{\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^2d^2(acde^2x - c^2d^3x + a^2e^3 - acd^2e)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3 + sqrt(d + e*x)*c
**2*d**2*e*x))/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*(a**2*e**3 - a*c*d**2*e + a*
c*d*e**2*x - c**2*d**3*x))
```

3.269
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2095
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2095
Rubi [A] (verified)	2096
Maple [A] (verified)	2097
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2098
Sympy [F]	2098
Maxima [F(-2)]	2098
Giac [F(-2)]	2099
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2099
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2100

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^2}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{4e(d+ex)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+4/3*
e*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^2(-3ae^2+cd(d-2ex))}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```


output

```
(-2*(d + e*x)^2*(-3*a*e^2 + c*d*(d - 2*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1126, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1126

$$-\frac{e \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3cd} - \frac{2(d + ex)}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1088

$$\frac{2e(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2(d + ex)}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(d + e*x))/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1126 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2*((p + 2)/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
trager	$\frac{2(2cdxe+3ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)^2}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^3(cdx+ae)(2cdxe+3ae^2-cd^2)}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(2cdxe+3ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^3(cdx+ae)}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{4}{3}cdxe + \frac{2}{3}ae^2 + \frac{2}{3}cd^2}{(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16dec(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)}{3(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}} \right) + e$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+3*a*e^2-c*d^2)/(a^2*e^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)}x(2cdex - \dots)}{3(a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 2a^3cd^2e^4 + a^4e^6 + (c^4d^6 - 2ac^3d^4e^2 + a^2c^2d^2e^4)x^2 - \dots)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x - c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6 + (c^4*d^6 - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^3*c*d*e^5)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[2,2,0]%%},[4,0]%%}+%%{%%{%%{-4,[1,1,1]%%},0}:
[1,0,%%{
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-cd^2+2cxde+3ae^2)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{3(ae+cdx)^2(ae^2-cd^2)^2}$$

input

```
int((d+e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(3*a*e^2-c*d^2+2*c*d*e*x)*(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2))/(3*(a*e+c*d*x)^2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ae^2}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}cdex}{3} + 2\sqrt{ex+d}acd e^2}{\sqrt{cdx+ae}cd(a^2cd e^4x - 2ac^2d^3e^2x + c^3d^5x + a^3e^5 - 2$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e*x))/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*(a**3*e**5 - 2*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + a**2*c*d*e**4*x + a*c**2*d**4*e - 2*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + c**3*d**5*x))
```

3.270 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2101
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2102
Rubi [A] (verified)	2102
Maple [A] (verified)	2103
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2104
Sympy [F]	2104
Maxima [F(-2)]	2105
Giac [F]	2105
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2105
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2106

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8cd(d+ex)^2}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{16cde(d+ex)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
2*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-8/3*c*d*(
e*x+d)^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+16/3*c*d
*e*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d + ex)(3a^2e^4 + 6acde^2(d + 2ex) + c^2d^2(-d^2 + 4dex + 8e^2x^2))}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)*(3*a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d*e^2*(d + 2*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1159, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d + ex}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1159} \\ & -\frac{4e \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2(d + ex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1088} \\ & \frac{8e(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2(d + ex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

```
(-2*(d + e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (8*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 1159

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(ex+d)^2(cdx+ae)(8x^2c^2d^2e^2+12xacde^3+4xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)}{3(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(8x^2c^2d^2e^2+12xacde^3+4xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)^2(ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)}$
orering	$-\frac{2(8x^2c^2d^2e^2+12xacde^3+4xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)(ex+d)^2(cdx+ae)}{3(e^6a^3-3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2-d^6c^3)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$d\left(\frac{\frac{4}{3}cdxe+\frac{2}{3}ae^2+\frac{2}{3}cd^2}{(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16dec(2cdxe+ae^2+cd^2)}{3(4acd^2e^2-(ae^2+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}\right) + e$

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

$$\frac{-2/3*(e*x+d)^2*(c*d*x+a*e)*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+12*a*c*d*e^3*x+4*c^2*d^3*e*x+3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(5/2)}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs. $2(152) = 304$.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(8c^2d^7e^2 - 3a^3c^2d^5e^4 + 3a^4cd^3e^6 - a^5de^8 + (c^5d^8e - 3ac^4d^6e^2)x)}{3(a^2c^3d^7e^2 - 3a^3c^2d^5e^4 + 3a^4cd^3e^6 - a^5de^8 + (c^5d^8e - 3ac^4d^6e^2)x)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{2/3*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e + 3*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a^2*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^4*c*d^3*e^6 - a^5*d*e^8 + (c^5*d^8*e - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^5 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^3 + (c^5*d^9 - a*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*c*d*e^8)*x^2 + (2*a*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^4*c*d^2*e^7 - a^5*e^9)*x)}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2), x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cde}x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 12acd^3e^3x - c^2d^4 + 4c^2d^3ex + 8c^2d^2e^2x^2)}{3(ae + cd^2)^2(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `-(2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*a^2*e^4 - c^2*d^4 + 8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 4*c^2*d^3*e*x + 12*a*c*d*e^3*x))/(3*(a + c*d*x)^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{16\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ade^2}{3} + \frac{16\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}ae^3x}{3} + \frac{16\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{3\sqrt{cdx+ae}(a^3cde^7x^2 - 3a^2c^2d^3e^5x^2 + 3)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*d*e**2 + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*x + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2*e*x + 8*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*e**4 - 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**3*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3*e*x - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**4*d*e**7 + a**4*e**8*x - 3*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 2*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*x + a**3*c*d*e**7*x**2 + 3*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 - 3*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 - a*c**3*d**7*e + 2*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x + 3*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**2 - c**4*d**8*x - c**4*d**7*e*x**2))`

3.271 $\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2107
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2107
Rubi [A] (verified)	2108
Maple [A] (verified)	2109
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2110
Sympy [F]	2110
Maxima [F(-2)]	2111
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2111
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2112
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2112

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cde x)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16cde(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cde x)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-4*c*d*e*x-2*a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+16/3*c*d*e*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2a^3e^6 + 6a^2cde^4(3d + 2ex) + 6ac^2d^2e^2(3d^2 + 12dex + 8e^2x^2) + 3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4((ae + cdx)(d + ex))}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4((ae + cdx)(d + ex))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2a^3e^6 + 6a^2cd^2e^4(3d + 2ex) + 6ac^2d^2e^2(3d^2 + 12dex + 8e^2x^2) + 2c^3d^3(-d^3 + 6d^2ex + 24de^2x^2 + 16e^3x^3))}{3(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^4((ae + cd^2x)(d + ex))^{3/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1089

$$-\frac{8cde \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1088

$$\frac{16cde(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{-5/2}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(16*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])}{3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{3/2}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b +
2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 1089

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[2*c*((2*p +
3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{4}{3}cdxe + \frac{2}{3}ae^2 + \frac{2}{3}cd^2}{(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16dec(2cdxe + ae^2 + cd^2)}{3(4acd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 24x^2a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 24c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 6xa^2cde^5 - 36xac^2d^3e^3 - 6c^3d^5ex + e^6a^3 - 9d^2e^4a^2c - 9d^4e^2ac^2 + d^6c^3)}{3(e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)(cd^2e + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ae^2 - cd^2)}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(ex+d)(cdx+ae)(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 24x^2a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 24c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 6xa^2cde^5 - 36xac^2d^3e^3 - 6c^3d^5ex + e^6a^3 - 9d^2e^4a^2c - 9d^4e^2ac^2 + d^6c^3)}{3(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)(cd^2e + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-16c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 24x^2a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 24c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 6xa^2cde^5 - 36xac^2d^3e^3 - 6c^3d^5ex + e^6a^3 - 9d^2e^4a^2c - 9d^4e^2ac^2 + d^6c^3)(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}{3(a^4e^8 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 + c^4d^8)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+
c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^2*(2*
c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 491 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 4.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3(a^2c^4d^{10}e^2 - 4a^3c^3d^8e^4 + 6a^4c^2d^6e^6 - 4a^5cd^4e^8 + a^6d^2e^{10} + (c$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(16*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - c^3*d^6 + 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + 24*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(c^3*d^5*e + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 + a^6*d^2*e^10 + (c^6*d^10*e^2 - 4*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^4 + 2*(c^6*d^11*e - 3*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + a^5*c*d*e^11)*x^3 + (c^6*d^12 - 9*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 16*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 9*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + a^6*d^12)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^5*d^11*e - 3*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^5*c*d^3*e^9 + a^6*d*e^11)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(-5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-c*d^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{c^4 d^8 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8} \left(\frac{2c^3 d^3 e^3 x}{c^4 d^8 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8} + \frac{3(c^3 d^4 e^2 + c^2 d^5 e^3 + c d^6 e^4 + d^7 e^5)}{c^4 d^8 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(2*(4*(2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) + 3*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8))*x + 3*(c^3*d^5*e + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8))*x - (c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)/(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8))/(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2cd^2 + 4cxde + 2ae^2) \left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 - (cd^2 + ae^2)^2 + 12acde \right)}{3 \left((cd^2 + ae^2)^2 - 4acd^2e^2 \right)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}$$

input

```
int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
((2*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2 + 4*c*d*e*x)*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*c*d*e*x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)))/(3*((a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 647, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{32\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd^3e^2}{3} - \frac{64\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}acd^2e^3x}{3} - \frac{32\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{3}}{\sqrt{cdx+ae} (a^4cde^{10}x^3 - 4a^3c^2d^3e^8)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 32*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x**2 - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e*x - 32*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*e**6 + 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 9*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 36*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 24*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x + 24*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3))/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**5*d**2*e**9 + 2*a**5*d*e**10*x + a**5*e**11*x**2 - 4*a**4*c*d**4*e**7 - 7*a**4*c*d**3*e**8*x - 2*a**4*c*d**2*e**9*x**2 + a**4*c*d*e**10*x**3 + 6*a**3*c**2*d**6*e**5 + 8*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**6*x - 2*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**7*x**2 - 4*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**8*x**3 - 4*a**2*c**3*d**8*e**3 - 2*a**2*c**3*d**7*e**4*x + 8*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**5*x**2 + 6*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**6*x**3 + a*c**4*d**10*e - 2*a*c**4*d**9*e**2*x - 7*a*c**4*d**8*e**3*x**2 - 4*a*c**4*d**7*e**4*x**3 + c**5*d**11*x + 2*c**5*d**10*e*x**2 + c**5*d**9*e**2*x**3))
```

3.272 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2114
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2115
Rubi [A] (verified)	2115
Maple [A] (verified)	2117
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2117
Sympy [F]	2118
Maxima [F(-2)]	2118
Giac [F]	2119
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2119
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2120

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 289

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{16e}$$

$$+\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^3} + \frac{128cde^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+\frac{256c^2d^2e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15(cd^2-ae^2)^5(d+ex)}$$

output

```
-2/3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+16/3*e
/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+32/5*e
^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^3+128/
15*c*d*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d
)^2+256/15*c^2*d^2*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d
^2)^5/(e*x+d)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^4e^8 - 4a^3cde^6(5d+2ex) + 6a^2c^2d^2e^4(15d^2+20dex^2 + 8e^2x^2) + 12a^2c^3d^3e^2(5d^3+30d^2ex+40d^2e^2x^2 + 16e^3x^3) + c^4d^4(-5d^4+40d^3ex+240d^2e^2x^2+320d^2e^3x^3+128e^4x^4))}{(15(c^2d^2-ae^2)^5(d+ex)((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*(3*a^4*e^8 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^6*(5*d + 2*e*x) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + 12*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(5*d^3 + 30*d^2*e*x + 40*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-5*d^4 + 40*d^3*e*x + 240*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 320*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 128*e^4*x^4)))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(d + e*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1129, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{8cd \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1089$$

$$\frac{8cd \left(-\frac{8cde \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2+2cde x)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{8cd \left(\frac{16cde(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5 \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)}{2}} + \frac{1}{5(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `2/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (8*c*d*((-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (16*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1089 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[2*c*((2*p + 3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
default	$\frac{8dec \left(-\frac{2(2dec(x+\frac{d}{e})+ae^2-cd^2)}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2 \left(dec(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e}) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{16dec}{3(ae^2-cd^2)^4} \right)}{5(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e}) \left(dec(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(ae^2-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e}) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdxe+ae)(128c^4d^4e^4x^4+192ac^3d^3e^5x^3+320c^4d^5e^3x^3+48a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2+480ac^3d^4e^4x^2+240c^4d^6e^2x^2-8a^3cde^7x+120a^2c^2d^3e^5x+360a^3c^3d^4e^4x-15(a^5e^{10}-5a^4cd^2e^8+10a^3c^2d^4e^6-10a^2c^3d^6e^4+5ac^4d^8e^2-c^5d^{10})(cdx+ae))}{e}$
orering	$\frac{2(128c^4d^4e^4x^4+192ac^3d^3e^5x^3+320c^4d^5e^3x^3+48a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2+480ac^3d^4e^4x^2+240c^4d^6e^2x^2-8a^3cde^7x+120a^2c^2d^3e^5x+360a^3c^3d^4e^4x-15(a^5e^{10}-5a^4cd^2e^8+10a^3c^2d^4e^6-10a^2c^3d^6e^4+5ac^4d^8e^2-c^5d^{10})(cdx+ae))}{e}$
trager	$\frac{2(128c^4d^4e^4x^4+192ac^3d^3e^5x^3+320c^4d^5e^3x^3+48a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2+480ac^3d^4e^4x^2+240c^4d^6e^2x^2-8a^3cde^7x+120a^2c^2d^3e^5x+360a^3c^3d^4e^4x-15(a^4e^8-4a^3cd^2e^6+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-4ac^3d^6e^2+c^4d^8)(cdx+ae))}{e}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e*(-2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-8/5*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/3*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 769 vs. 2(269) = 538.

Time = 14.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 769, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{15(a^2c^5d^{13}e^2-5a^3c^4d^{11}e^4+10a^4c^3d^9e^6-10a^5c^2d^7e^8)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/15*(128*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 5*c^4*d^8 + 60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*
e^4 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 3*a^4*e^8 + 64*(5*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*
x^3 + 48*(5*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 10*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(5*c
^4*d^7*e + 45*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 15*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*
d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a^2*c^5*d^13*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^
4 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^5*c^2*d^7*e^8 + 5*a^6*c*d^5*e^10 - a^7*d^3*e
^12 + (c^7*d^12*e^3 - 5*a*c^6*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^7 - 10*a^3*c^4*d
^6*e^9 + 5*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^11 - a^5*c^2*d^2*e^13)*x^5 + (3*c^7*d^13*e^2 - 13
*a*c^6*d^11*e^4 + 20*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^8 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^5*
e^10 + 7*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^12 - 2*a^6*c*d*e^14)*x^4 + (3*c^7*d^14*e - 9*a*c^6*
d^12*e^3 + a^2*c^5*d^10*e^5 + 25*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 17
*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^11 - a^6*c*d^2*e^13 - a^7*e^15)*x^3 + (c^7*d^15 + a*c^6*d^1
3*e^2 - 17*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^4 + 35*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 25*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^8 - a^
5*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 9*a^6*c*d^3*e^12 - 3*a^7*d*e^14)*x^2 + (2*a*c^6*d^14*e -
7*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^3 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 20*a^5*c^2*
d^6*e^9 + 13*a^6*c*d^4*e^11 - 3*a^7*d^2*e^13)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}(3a^4e^8-20a^3cd^2e^6-8a^3cde^7x+90a^2c^2d^4e^4+120a^2c^2d^3e^5x+120a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2+120a^2c^2d^2e^7x^3+120a^2c^2d^3e^8x^4+120a^2c^2d^4e^9x^5+120a^2c^2d^5e^{10}x^6+120a^2c^2d^6e^{11}x^7+120a^2c^2d^7e^{12}x^8+120a^2c^2d^8e^{13}x^9+120a^2c^2d^9e^{14}x^{10}+120a^2c^2d^{10}e^{15}x^{11}+120a^2c^2d^{11}e^{16}x^{12}+120a^2c^2d^{12}e^{17}x^{13}+120a^2c^2d^{13}e^{18}x^{14}+120a^2c^2d^{14}e^{19}x^{15}+120a^2c^2d^{15}e^{20}x^{16})}{(15*(a*e+c*d*x)^2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^5*(d+e*x)^3)}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
-(2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*a^4*e^8 - 5*c^4*d^8 +
60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 240*c^4*d^6*e^
2*x^2 + 320*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 128*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 40*c^4*d^7*e*x - 8*a^3
*c*d*e^7*x + 48*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^2 + 360*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*x + 120*a^2*c^2*d^
3*e^5*x + 480*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*x^2 + 192*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^3))/(15*(a*e + c*d*x
)^2*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5*(d + e*x)^3)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 977, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(128*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 384*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 384*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 128*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 + 128*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e*x + 384*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 384*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 128*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**4*e**8 + 20*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d*e**7*x - 90*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 120*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x - 48*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 60*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - 360*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x - 480*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 192*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 5*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**8 - 40*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**7*e*x - 240*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 320*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 128*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4))/(15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**6*d**3*e**11 + 3*a**6*d**2*e**12*x + 3*a**6*d*e**13*x**2 + a**6*e**14*x**3 - 5*a**5*c*d**5*e**9 - 14*a**5*c*d**4*e**10*x - 12*a**5*c*d**3*e**11*x**2 - 2*a**5*c*d**2*e**12*x**3 + a**5*c*d*e**13*x**4 + 10*a**4*c**2*d**7*e**7 + 25*a**4*c**2*d**6*e**8*x + 15*a**4*c**2*d**5*e**9*x**2 - 5*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**10*x**3 - 5*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**11*x**4 - 10*a...
```

3.273
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2121
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2122
Rubi [A] (verified)	2122
Maple [A] (verified)	2125
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2125
Sympy [F]	2126
Maxima [F(-2)]	2127
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2127
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2129

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 352

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{20e}$$

$$+\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{21(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^4} + \frac{64cde^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{7(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^3}$$

$$+\frac{256c^2d^2e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{21(cd^2-ae^2)^5(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+\frac{512c^3d^3e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{21(cd^2-ae^2)^6(d+ex)}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)/(ex+d)^2/(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(3/2)}+20/3 \\ & *e/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^2/(ex+d)^3/(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)}+160/ \\ & 21*e^2*(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^3/(ex+d)^4+ \\ & 64/7*cd^2e^2*(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^4/(ex \\ & +d)^3+256/21*c^2*d^2*e^2*(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a^2e^2+c \\ & *d^2)^5/(ex+d)^2+512/21*c^3*d^3*e^2*(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/ \\ & 2)}/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^6/(ex+d) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-3a^5e^{10}+3a^4cde^8(7d+2ex)-2a^3c^2d^2e^6(35d^2+28d+28e^2x^2)+6a^2c^3d^3e^4(35d^3+70d^2e^2x+56d^2e^2x^2+16e^3x^3)+3ac^4d^4e^2(35d^4+280d^3e^2x+560d^2e^2x^2+448d^2e^3x^3+128e^4x^4)+c^5d^5(-7d^5+70d^4e^2x+560d^3e^2x^2+1120d^2e^3x^3+896d^2e^4x^4+256e^5x^5))}{(21*(cd^2-ae^2)^6*(d+ex)^2*((ae+cd^2x)*(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input

Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(-3*a^5*e^{10} + 3*a^4*c*d*e^8*(7*d + 2*e*x) - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(35*d^2 \\ & + 28*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(35*d^3 + 70*d^2*e*x + 56*d^2*e^ \\ & 2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3) + 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(35*d^4 + 280*d^3*e*x + 560*d^2*e^2* \\ & x^2 + 448*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 128*e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(-7*d^5 + 70*d^4*e*x + 560*d^ \\ & 3*e^2*x^2 + 1120*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 896*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 256*e^5*x^5))/((21*(c*d^2 - \\ & a*e^2)^6*(d + e*x)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{3/2})) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{10cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{7(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^2(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2} \\
 & \downarrow 1129 \\
 & \frac{10cd \left(\frac{8cd \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{7(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^2(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2} \\
 & \downarrow 1089 \\
 & 10cd \left(\frac{8cde \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2+2cde x)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)}{2} \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^2(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2} \\
 & \downarrow 1088 \\
 & 10cd \left(\frac{8cd \left(\frac{16cde(ae^2+cd^2+2cde x)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2+2cde x)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)}{2} \\
 & \frac{7(d+ex)^2(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{2}{7(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)(d + ex)^2(ad^2e + (c^2d^2 + a^2e^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{10cd^2(2/(5(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)(d + ex)(ad^2e + (c^2d^2 + a^2e^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{3/2})) + (8cd^2((-2(c^2d^2 + a^2e^2 + 2cd^2ex))/(3(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^2(ad^2e + (c^2d^2 + a^2e^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{3/2})) + (16cd^2ex(c^2d^2 + a^2e^2 + 2cd^2ex))/(3(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^4\sqrt{ad^2e + (c^2d^2 + a^2e^2)x + cd^2ex^2})))/(5(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)))/(7(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2\}^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[-2\{(b + 2cx)/(b^2 - 4ac)\}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4ac, 0]$$

rule 1089

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2\}^{p_}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(b + 2cx)\{(a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1}/((p+1)(b^2 - 4ac))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[2c\{(2p+3)/((p+1)(b^2 - 4ac))\} \text{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3p])$$

rule 1129

$$\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)\}^{m_}\{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2\}^{p_}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(-e)(d + ex)^m\{(a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1}/((m+p+1)(2cd - b^2e))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[c(\text{Simplify}[m + 2p + 2]/((m+p+1)(2cd - b^2e))) \text{Int}[(d + ex)^{m+1}(a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2d^2 - b^2d^2e + a^2e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2p + 2], 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
default	$\frac{10dec}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)(x + \frac{d}{e}) \left(dec(x + \frac{d}{e})^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)(x + \frac{d}{e}) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8dec}{7(ae^2 - cd^2)(x + \frac{d}{e})^2 \left(dec(x + \frac{d}{e})^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)(x + \frac{d}{e}) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdex + ae)(-256x^5e^5d^5c^5 - 384x^4ac^4d^4e^6 - 896x^4c^5d^6e^4 - 96x^3a^2c^3d^3e^7 - 1344x^3ac^4d^5e^5 - 1120x^3c^5d^7e^3 + 16x^2a^3c^2d^2e^8 - 336x^2a^2c^3d^4e^6 - 21(ex+d)(a^6e^{12} - 6a^5d^2e^{10}c + 15a^4d^4e^8 - 6a^3d^6e^6c^2 - 6a^2d^8e^4c^3 + 6ad^{10}e^2c^4 - 6d^{12}e^0c^5))}{2(-256x^5e^5d^5c^5 - 384x^4ac^4d^4e^6 - 896x^4c^5d^6e^4 - 96x^3a^2c^3d^3e^7 - 1344x^3ac^4d^5e^5 - 1120x^3c^5d^7e^3 + 16x^2a^3c^2d^2e^8 - 336x^2a^2c^3d^4e^6 - 21(a^6e^{12} - 6a^5d^2e^{10}c + 15a^4d^4e^8 - 6a^3d^6e^6c^2 - 6a^2d^8e^4c^3 + 6ad^{10}e^2c^4 - 6d^{12}e^0c^5))}$
orering	$\frac{2(-256x^5e^5d^5c^5 - 384x^4ac^4d^4e^6 - 896x^4c^5d^6e^4 - 96x^3a^2c^3d^3e^7 - 1344x^3ac^4d^5e^5 - 1120x^3c^5d^7e^3 + 16x^2a^3c^2d^2e^8 - 336x^2a^2c^3d^4e^6 - 21(a^6e^{12} - 6a^5d^2e^{10}c + 15a^4d^4e^8 - 6a^3d^6e^6c^2 - 6a^2d^8e^4c^3 + 6ad^{10}e^2c^4 - 6d^{12}e^0c^5))}{21(a^6e^{12} - 6a^5d^2e^{10}c + 15a^4d^4e^8 - 6a^3d^6e^6c^2 - 6a^2d^8e^4c^3 + 6ad^{10}e^2c^4 - 6d^{12}e^0c^5)}$
trager	$\frac{2(-256x^5e^5d^5c^5 - 384x^4ac^4d^4e^6 - 896x^4c^5d^6e^4 - 96x^3a^2c^3d^3e^7 - 1344x^3ac^4d^5e^5 - 1120x^3c^5d^7e^3 + 16x^2a^3c^2d^2e^8 - 336x^2a^2c^3d^4e^6 - 21(a^6e^{12} - 6a^5d^2e^{10}c + 15a^4d^4e^8 - 6a^3d^6e^6c^2 - 6a^2d^8e^4c^3 + 6ad^{10}e^2c^4 - 6d^{12}e^0c^5))}{21(a^5e^{10} - 6a^4d^2e^8c + 15a^3d^4e^6c^2 - 6a^2d^6e^4c^3 + 6ad^8e^2c^4 - 6d^{10}e^0c^5)}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e^2*(-2/7/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)
)^(3/2)-10/7*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/5/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)
)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-8/5*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/3*(2*d*e*c*(x
+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)
)^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/(d*e*c*(x+
d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1058 vs. 2(328) = 656.

Time = 33.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1058, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{21} \cdot (256c^5d^5e^5x^5 - 7c^5d^{10} + 105a^2c^4d^8e^2 + 210a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 70a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 21a^4c^2d^2e^8 - 3a^5e^{10} + 128(7c^5d^6e^4 + 3a^2c^4d^4e^6))x^4 + 32(35c^5d^7e^3 + 42a^2c^4d^5e^5 + 3a^2c^3d^3e^7)x^3 + 16(35c^5d^8e^2 + 105a^2c^4d^6e^4 + 21a^2c^3d^4e^6 - a^3c^2d^2e^8)x^2 + 2(35c^5d^9e + 420a^2c^4d^7e^3 + 210a^2c^3d^5e^5 - 28a^3c^2d^3e^7 + 3a^4c^2d^2e^8)x \cdot \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} / (a^2c^6d^{16}e^2 - 6a^3c^5d^{14}e^4 + 15a^4c^4d^{12}e^6 - 20a^5c^3d^{10}e^8 + 15a^6c^2d^8e^{10} - 6a^7c^2d^6e^{12} + a^8d^4e^{14} + (c^8d^{14}e^4 - 6a^2c^7d^{12}e^6 + 15a^2c^6d^{10}e^8 - 20a^3c^5d^8e^{10} + 15a^4c^4d^6e^{12} - 6a^5c^3d^4e^{14} + a^6c^2d^2e^{16}))x^6 + 2(2c^8d^{15}e^3 - 11a^2c^7d^{13}e^5 + 24a^2c^6d^{11}e^7 - 25a^3c^5d^9e^9 + 10a^4c^4d^7e^{11} + 3a^5c^3d^5e^{13} - 4a^6c^2d^3e^{15} + a^7c^2d^2e^{17})x^5 + (6c^8d^{16}e^2 - 28a^2c^7d^{14}e^4 + 43a^2c^6d^{12}e^6 - 6a^3c^5d^{10}e^8 - 55a^4c^4d^8e^{10} + 64a^5c^3d^6e^{12} - 27a^6c^2d^4e^{14} + 2a^7c^2d^2e^{16} + a^8e^{18})x^4 + 4(c^8d^{17}e - 3a^2c^7d^{15}e^3 - 2a^2c^6d^{13}e^5 + 19a^3c^5d^{11}e^7 - 30a^4c^4d^9e^9 + 19a^5c^3d^7e^{11} - 2a^6c^2d^5e^{13} - 3a^7c^2d^3e^{15} + a^8d^2e^{17})x^3 + (c^8d^{18} + 2a^2c^7d^{16}e^2 - 27a^2c^6d^{14}e^4 + 64a^3c^5d^{12}e^6 - 55a^4c^4d^{10}e^8 - 6a^5c^3d^8e^{10} + 43a^6c^2d^6e^{12} - 28a^7c^2d^4e^{14} + 6a^8d^2e^{16})x^2 + 2(a^2c^...$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10592 vs. 2(328) = 656.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10592, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2/21*(256*c^4*d^4*e^2*abs(e)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^6*d^1
2 - 6*sqrt(c*d*e)*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*sq
rt(c*d*e)*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*sqrt(c*d*e)*
a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + sqrt(c*d*e)*a^6*e^12) - e^6*((210*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e
*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*c^39*d^75*e^51*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn(e)^6 - 75
60*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a*c^38*d^73*e^53*sgn(
1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn(e)^6 + 132300*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e
*x + d))*a^2*c^37*d^71*e^55*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn(e)^6 - 1499400*sqrt(c*d
*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^3*c^36*d^69*e^57*sgn(1/(e*x +
d))^6*sgn(e)^6 + 12370050*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d)
)*a^4*c^35*d^67*e^59*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn(e)^6 - 79168320*sqrt(c*d*e - c
*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^5*c^34*d^65*e^61*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*
sgn(e)^6 + 409036320*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^6
*c^33*d^63*e^63*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn(e)^6 - 1753012800*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^
2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^7*c^32*d^61*e^65*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn
(e)^6 + 6354671400*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^8*c
^31*d^59*e^67*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn(e)^6 - 19770088800*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2
*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^9*c^30*d^57*e^69*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn(
e)^6 + 53379239760*sqrt(c*d*e - c*d^2*e/(e*x + d) + a*e^3/(e*x + d))*a^10*
c^29*d^55*e^71*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^6*sgn(e)^6 - 126169112160*sqrt(c*d*e - ...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3654, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```

(((d*((12*c^3*d^4*e^4)/(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a^3*e^7 - 5*c^3*d^6*e + 15*
a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)) - (2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(19*a*e^2 - 7*c*d^2)))/
(7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a^3*e^7 - 5*c^3*d^6*e + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 15*a^2*
c*d^2*e^5))))/e + (e^3*(14*c^3*d^5 - 42*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 40*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(
7*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(5*a^3*e^7 - 5*c^3*d^6*e + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 15*a^2*
c*d^2*e^5)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 - (
((d*((24*c^4*d^5*e^4)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)) - (8*c^
3*d^3*e^4*(11*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2)))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e
))))/e + (2*c^2*d^2*e^3*(19*a^2*e^4 - 13*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(35*(a*
e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(3*a*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*
x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (((24*c^4*d^5*e^2)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^7) - (4*c
^3*d^3*e^2*(47*a*e^2 - 29*c*d^2))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^7))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d
^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x) - (2*e^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*
d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/((d + e*x)^4*(7*a^3*e^7 - 7*c^3*d^6*e + 21*a*c^2*d
^4*e^3 - 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)) - ((x*((a*((a*e^2 + c*d^2))*((8*c^7*d^7*e^5*(a
*e^2 + c*d^2)))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*
d*e^5)) - (16*c^7*d^7*e^5*(17*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^
3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5))))/(c*d*e) + (4*c^6*d^6*e^4*(13*a
^2*e^4 - 31*c^2*d^4 + 42*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e -
2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)) - (16*a*c^7*d^8*e^6)/(35*(a*e^2 - c*d^2...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1384, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 256*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**7*e**2 - 10
24*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**3*x - 1536*sq
rt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**4*x**2 - 1024*sqrt(e
)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**3 - 256*sqrt(e)*sq
rt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**4 - 256*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d
)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**8*e*x - 1024*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**7*e**2*x**2 - 1536*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**3 - 1024*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**4 - 256*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**5 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**5*e**10 + 21*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**4*
c*d**2*e**8 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**4*c*d*e**9*x - 70*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2
*d**4*e**6 - 56*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7*x - 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**
3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 210*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 + 420*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x + 336*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2
+ 96*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 105*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d*
*8*e**2 + 840*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x + 1680*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4
*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 1344*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 384*sqrt(d +
e*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 - 7*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**5*d**10 + 70*sqrt(d + e*x)
*c**5*d**9*e*x + 560*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 1120*sqrt(d + e*x
)*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 + 896*sqrt(d + e*x)*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 + 256*sqr...
```

3.274
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2131
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2132
Rubi [A] (verified)	2132
Maple [A] (verified)	2135
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2137
Sympy [F]	2138
Maxima [F(-2)]	2138
Giac [F]	2138
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2139
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2140

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 413

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8e}$$

$$+\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{80e^2}$$

$$+\frac{80e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{9(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^5} + \frac{640cde^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{63(cd^2-ae^2)^4(d+ex)^4}$$

$$+\frac{256c^2d^2e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{21(cd^2-ae^2)^5(d+ex)^3}$$

$$+\frac{1024c^3d^3e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{63(cd^2-ae^2)^6(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+\frac{2048c^4d^4e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{63(cd^2-ae^2)^7(d+ex)}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)/(ex+d)^3/(a^2de+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(3/2)}+8e/ \\ & (-a^2e^2+cd^2)^2/(ex+d)^4/(a^2de+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)}+80/9e^2 \\ & (a^2de+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^3/(ex+d)^5+640/6 \\ & 3cd^2e^2(a^2de+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^4/(ex+d) \\ & ^4+256/21c^2d^2e^2(a^2de+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a^2e^2+cd^2) \\ & ^5/(ex+d)^3+1024/63c^3d^3e^2(a^2de+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2ex^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & /(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^6/(ex+d)^2+2048/63c^4d^4e^2(a^2de+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2 \\ & ex^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^7/(ex+d) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(7a^6e^{12} - 6a^5cde^{10}(9d+2ex) + 3a^4c^2d^2e^8(63d^2+36a^2d^2+3e^2d^2) - 4a^3c^3d^3e^6(105d^3+126d^2ex+72d^2e^2x^2+16e^3x^3) + 3a^2c^4d^4e^4(315d^4+840d^3ex+1008d^2e^2x^2+576d^2e^3x^3+128e^4x^4) + 6ac^5d^5e^2(63d^5+630d^4ex+1680d^3e^2x^2+2016d^2e^3x^3+1152d^2e^4x^4+256e^5x^5) + c^6d^6(-21d^6+252d^5ex+2520d^4e^2x^2+6720d^3e^3x^3+8064d^2e^4x^4+4608d^2e^5x^5+1024e^6x^6))}{63(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^7(d+ex)^3((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input

Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(7a^6e^{12} - 6a^5c^2d^2e^{10}(9d+2ex) + 3a^4c^2d^2e^8(63d^2 \\ & + 36d^2ex + 8e^2x^2) - 4a^3c^3d^3e^6(105d^3 + 126d^2ex + 72d^2 \\ & e^2x^2 + 16e^3x^3) + 3a^2c^4d^4e^4(315d^4 + 840d^3ex + 1008d^2 \\ & e^2x^2 + 576d^2e^3x^3 + 128e^4x^4) + 6ac^5d^5e^2(63d^5 + 630d^4 \\ & ex + 1680d^3e^2x^2 + 2016d^2e^3x^3 + 1152d^2e^4x^4 + 256e^5x^5) \\ & + c^6d^6(-21d^6 + 252d^5ex + 2520d^4e^2x^2 + 6720d^3e^3x^3 \\ & + 8064d^2e^4x^4 + 4608d^2e^5x^5 + 1024e^6x^6))/63(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^7 \\ & *(d + e*x)^3*((ae + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1129, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 1129 \\
& \frac{4cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (cde x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)}{2}} + \\
& \frac{9(d+ex)^3 (cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{\downarrow 1129} \\
& \frac{4cd \left(\frac{10cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cde x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{7(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{7(d+ex)^2 (cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)}{2}} + \\
& \frac{9(d+ex)^3 (cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{\downarrow 1129} \\
& \frac{4cd \left(\frac{10cd \left(\frac{8cd \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{5(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{7(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{7(d+ex)^2 (cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)}{2}} + \\
& \frac{9(d+ex)^3 (cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{\downarrow 1089}
\end{aligned}$$

$$4cd \left(\frac{10cd \left(\frac{8cde \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2}{9(d+ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1088

$$4cd \left(\frac{10cd \left(\frac{8cd \left(\frac{16cde(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2}{5(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2}{9(d+ex)^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
2/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (4*c*d*(2/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (10*c*d*(2/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (8*c*d*((-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (16*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1088

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b +
2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 1089

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[2*c*((2*p +
3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{9(ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^3 \left(dec\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7(ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 \left(dec\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx + ae)(1024x^6e^6c^6d^6 + 1536x^5ac^5d^5e^7 + 4608x^5c^6d^7e^5 + 384x^4a^2c^4d^4e^8 + 6912x^4ac^5d^6e^6 + 8064x^4c^6d^8e^4 - 64x^3a^3c^3d^3e^9 + \dots)}{9(ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^3 \left(dec\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{2(1024x^6e^6c^6d^6 + 1536x^5ac^5d^5e^7 + 4608x^5c^6d^7e^5 + 384x^4a^2c^4d^4e^8 + 6912x^4ac^5d^6e^6 + 8064x^4c^6d^8e^4 - 64x^3a^3c^3d^3e^9 + 1728x^3a^2 \dots)}{9(ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^3 \left(dec\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$\frac{2(1024x^6e^6c^6d^6 + 1536x^5ac^5d^5e^7 + 4608x^5c^6d^7e^5 + 384x^4a^2c^4d^4e^8 + 6912x^4ac^5d^6e^6 + 8064x^4c^6d^8e^4 - 64x^3a^3c^3d^3e^9 + 1728x^3a^2 \dots)}{9(ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^3 \left(dec\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e^3*(-2/9/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^3/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)
)^(3/2)-4/3*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/7/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)^2/(d*e*c*(x+d/
e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-10/7*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-2/5/(a*e^2-c*
d^2)/(x+d/e)/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-8/5*d*e*c/(a*e^
2-c*d^2)*(-2/3*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)
)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+16/3*d*e*c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4*(2*d*e*c*(x+d/
e)+a*e^2-c*d^2)/(d*e*c*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1392 vs. $2(387) = 774$.

Time = 63.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1392, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/63*(1024*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^6 - 21*c^6*d^12 + 378*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 945*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 420*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 189*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 54*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 + 7*a^6*e^12 + 1536*(3*c^6*d^7*e^5 + a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^5 + 384*(21*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 18*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^4 + 64*(105*c^6*d^9*e^3 + 189*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 27*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 24*(105*c^6*d^10*e^2 + 420*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 126*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 - 12*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + 12*(21*c^6*d^11*e + 315*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 210*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 42*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 9*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - a^5*c*d*e^11)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a^2*c^7*d^19*e^2 - 7*a^3*c^6*d^17*e^4 + 21*a^4*c^5*d^15*e^6 - 35*a^5*c^4*d^13*e^8 + 35*a^6*c^3*d^11*e^10 - 21*a^7*c^2*d^9*e^12 + 7*a^8*c*d^7*e^14 - a^9*d^5*e^16 + (c^9*d^16*e^5 - 7*a*c^8*d^14*e^7 + 21*a^2*c^7*d^12*e^9 - 35*a^3*c^6*d^10*e^11 + 35*a^4*c^5*d^8*e^13 - 21*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^15 + 7*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^17 - a^7*c^2*d^2*e^19)*x^7 + (5*c^9*d^17*e^4 - 33*a*c^8*d^15*e^6 + 91*a^2*c^7*d^13*e^8 - 133*a^3*c^6*d^11*e^10 + 105*a^4*c^5*d^9*e^12 - 35*a^5*c^4*d^7*e^14 - 7*a^6*c^3*d^5*e^16 + 9*a^7*c^2*d^3*e^18 - 2*a^8*c*d*e^20)*x^6 + (10*c^9*d^18*e^3 - 60*a*c^8*d^16*e^5 + 141*a^2*c^7*d^14*e^7 - 147*a^3*c^6*d^12*e^9 + 21*a^4*c^5*d^10*e^11 + 105*a^5*c^4*d^8*e^13 - 105*a^6*c^3*d^6*e^15 + 39*a^7*c^2*d^4*e^17 - 3*a^8*c*d^2*e^19 - a^9*e^21)*x^5 + 5*(2*c^9*d^19*e^2 - 10*a*c^8*d^17*e^4 + 15*a^2*c^7*d^15*e^6 + 7*a^3*c^6*d^13*e^8 - 49*a^4*c^5*d^11*e^10 + 63*a...`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{5}{2}} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)^3), x
)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10949, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
((((d*((d*((64*c^7*d^8*e^4)/(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^10) - (8*c^6*d^6*e^4*(49*a
*e^2 - 25*c*d^2))/(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^10)))/e + (8*c^5*d^5*e^3*(23*a^2*e^
4 - 51*c^2*d^4 + 52*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^10)))/e + (2*c^4*d^
4*e^2*(439*a^3*e^6 - 367*c^3*d^6 + 1305*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 1409*a^2*c*d^2*e^4
))/(315*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^10))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
)/(d + e*x) - (((d*((32*c^4*d^5*e^4)/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c
*d^2*e)) - (4*c^3*d^3*e^4*(29*a*e^2 - 13*c*d^2))/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(5*a
*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e))))/e + (2*c^2*d^2*e^3*(25*a^2*e^4 - 17*c^2*d^4 + 8*a*c*d
^2*e^2))/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(5*a*e^3 - 5*c*d^2*e)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)
+ a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (((d*((16*c^3*d^4*e^4)/(9*(a*e^2
- c*d^2)^3*(7*a^3*e^7 - 7*c^3*d^6*e + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^5
)) - (2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(25*a*e^2 - 9*c*d^2))/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(7*a^3*e^7
- 7*c^3*d^6*e + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^5))))/e + (e^3*(18*c^3*d
^5 - 54*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 52*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(9*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(7*a^3*e^7 -
7*c^3*d^6*e + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)
+ a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4 + (((d*((d*((d*((32*c^6*d^7*e^6)/(6
3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(5*a^3*e^7 - 5*c^3*d^6*e + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 15*a^2*c
*d^2*e^5)) - (4*c^5*d^5*e^6*(45*a*e^2 - 13*c*d^2))/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(
5*a^3*e^7 - 5*c^3*d^6*e + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)))))/e + (2*c
^4*d^4*e^5*(a^2*e^4 - 173*c^2*d^4 + 268*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(63*(a*e^2 - c*d^...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1820, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(1024*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**9*e**2 + 5120
*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**8*e**3*x + 10240*sqrt
(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**4*x**2 + 10240*sqrt(e)
)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**5*x**3 + 5120*sqrt(e)*s
qrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**6*x**4 + 1024*sqrt(e)*sqrt
(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**7*x**5 + 1024*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**10*e*x + 5120*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**9*e**2*x**2 + 10240*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**8*e**3*x**3 + 10240*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e
+ c*d*x)*c**5*d**7*e**4*x**4 + 5120*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d
*x)*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**5 + 1024*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c
**5*d**5*e**6*x**6 - 7*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**6*e**12 + 54*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**5*c*
d**2*e**10 + 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**5*c*d*e**11*x - 189*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**4*c*
*2*d**4*e**8 - 108*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**9*x - 24*sqrt(d + e*x)*
a**4*c**2*d**2*e**10*x**2 + 420*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**6 + 504*sq
rt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**7*x + 288*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**8*
x**2 + 64*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**9*x**3 - 945*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*
c**4*d**8*e**4 - 2520*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**5*x - 3024*sqrt(d +
e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**6*x**2 - 1728*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**7*x**
3 - 384*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**8*x**4 - 378*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c...
```

$$3.275 \quad \int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2141
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2141
Rubi [A] (verified)	2142
Maple [A] (verified)	2143
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2143
Sympy [F]	2144
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2144
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2144
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2145
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2145

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(1+x)}{\sqrt{2+3x+x^2}}$$

output `2*(1+x)/(x^2+3*x+2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2+3x+x^2}}{2+x}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)/(2 + 3*x + x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x + x^2])/(2 + x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1124, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x+1}{(x^2+3x+2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1124$$

$$\int 0dx + \frac{2(x+1)}{\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}}$$

$$\downarrow 24$$

$$\frac{2(x+1)}{\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)/(2 + 3*x + x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(1 + x))/Sqrt[2 + 3*x + x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 1124 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*e*(2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 2)*((d + e*x)/(c^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[e^2/c^(m - 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2*c*d - b*e)^(m - 1) - c^(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(c*d - b*e - c*e*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2+2x}{\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}}$	16
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}}{2+x}$	18
gospers	$\frac{2(2+x)(x+1)^2}{(x^2+3x+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	21
orering	$\frac{2(2+x)(x+1)^2}{(x^2+3x+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	21
default	$\frac{2x+3}{\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}}$	30

input `int((x+1)/(x^2+3*x+2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2*(x+1)/(x^2+3*x+2)^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} + 2)}{x + 2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(x^2+3*x+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2*(x + sqrt(x^2 + 3*x + 2) + 2)/(x + 2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x+1}{((x+1)(x+2))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(x**2+3*x+2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((x + 1)/((x + 1)*(x + 2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}}$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(x^2+3*x+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*x/sqrt(x^2 + 3*x + 2) + 2/sqrt(x^2 + 3*x + 2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{x - \sqrt{x^2+3x+2} + 2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(x^2+3*x+2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/(x - sqrt(x^2 + 3*x + 2) + 2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}}{x+2}$$

input `int((x + 1)/(3*x + x^2 + 2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(3*x + x^2 + 2)^(1/2))/(x + 2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(2+3x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^2+3x+2} + 2x + 4}{x+2}$$

input `int((1+x)/(x^2+3*x+2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(sqrt(x**2 + 3*x + 2) + x + 2))/(x + 2)`

3.276
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{-cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2146
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2146
Rubi [A] (verified)	2147
Maple [A] (verified)	2148
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2148
Sympy [F]	2149
Maxima [F(-2)]	2149
Giac [F]	2149
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2150
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2150

Optimal result

Integrand size = 36, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{-cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{-\frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}}{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}$$

output

```
2*e*(-d*(-b*e+c*d)/e^2+b*x+c*x^2)^(1/2)/(-b*e+2*c*d)/(e*x+d)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{-cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{(d+ex)(-cd+be+cx)}{e^2}}}{(-2cd+be)(d+ex)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[(-(c*d^2) + b*d*e)/e^2 + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output $(-2e\sqrt{((d + ex)*(-cd) + b*e + c*ex))/e^2})/((-2*cd + b*e)*(d + e*x))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.028$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{\frac{bde - cd^2}{e^2} + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{-\frac{d(cd - be)}{e^2} + bx + cx^2}}{(d + ex)(2cd - be)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[(-(c*d^2) + b*d*e)/e^2 + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(2e\sqrt{-((d*(c*d - b*e))/e^2) + b*x + c*x^2})/((2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
orering	$-\frac{2(cx+be-cd)}{e(be-2cd)\sqrt{\frac{bde-cd^2}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}}$	54
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}}}{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	55
trager	$-\frac{2e\sqrt{-\frac{-x^2ce^2-xbe^2-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}{(be-2cd)(ex+d)}$	55
gospers	$-\frac{2(cx+be-cd)}{e(be-2cd)\sqrt{\frac{x^2ce^2+xb e^2+bde-cd^2}{e^2}}}$	59

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/((b*d*e-c*d^2)/e^2+b*x+c*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*(c*e*x+b*e-c*d)/e/(b*e-2*c*d)/((b*d*e-c*d^2)/e^2+b*x+c*x^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{-cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{ce^2x^2+be^2x-cd^2+bde}{e^2}}}{2cd^2-bde+(2cde-be^2)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/((b*d*e-c*d^2)/e^2+b*x+c*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*e*sqrt((c*e^2*x^2 + b*e^2*x - c*d^2 + b*d*e)/e^2)/(2*c*d^2 - b*d*e + (2*c*d*e - b*e^2)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{-cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)\left(b-\frac{cd}{e}+cx\right)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/((b*d*e-c*d**2)/e**2+b*x+c*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt((d/e + x)*(b - c*d/e + c*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{-cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/((b*d*e-c*d^2)/e^2+b*x+c*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(b*e-2*c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{-cd^2+bde}{e^2}+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx-\frac{cd^2-bde}{e^2}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/((b*d*e-c*d^2)/e^2+b*x+c*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex) \sqrt{\frac{-cd^2 + bde}{e^2} + bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2e \sqrt{bx - \frac{cd^2 - bde}{e^2} + cx^2}}{(be - 2cd)(d + ex)}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(b*x - (c*d^2 - b*d*e)/e^2 + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(2*e*(b*x - (c*d^2 - b*d*e)/e^2 + c*x^2)^(1/2))/((b*e - 2*c*d)*(d + e*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex) \sqrt{\frac{-cd^2 + bde}{e^2} + bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{cex + be - cd} - 2\sqrt{c}d - 2\sqrt{c}ex}{be^2x - 2cdex + bde - 2cd^2}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/((b*d*e-c*d^2)/e^2+b*x+c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 2*(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(b*e - c*d + c*e*x) + sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(c)*e*x))/(b*d*e + b*e**2*x - 2*c*d**2 - 2*c*d*e*x)`

3.277 $\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2151
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2151
Rubi [A] (verified)	2152
Maple [A] (verified)	2153
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2153
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2154
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2154
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2154
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2155
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2155

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{3-4x+x^2} - 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}}\right)$$

output $(x^2-4*x+3)^{(1/2)}-2*\operatorname{arctanh}((1-x)/(x^2-4*x+3)^{(1/2)})$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{3-4x+x^2} + 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}}{-3+x}\right)$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(-1+x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[3-4*x+x^2],x]$

output $\operatorname{Sqrt}[3-4*x+x^2]+2*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[3-4*x+x^2]/(-3+x)]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{x^2-4x+3}} dx$$

↓ 1160

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-4x+3}} dx + \sqrt{x^2-4x+3}$$

↓ 1092

$$2 \int \frac{1}{4 - \frac{4(2-x)^2}{x^2-4x+3}} d\left(-\frac{2(2-x)}{\sqrt{x^2-4x+3}}\right) + \sqrt{x^2-4x+3}$$

↓ 219

$$\sqrt{x^2-4x+3} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-x}{\sqrt{x^2-4x+3}}\right)$$

input `Int[(-1 + x)/Sqrt[3 - 4*x + x^2], x]`

output `Sqrt[3 - 4*x + x^2] - ArcTanh[(2 - x)/Sqrt[3 - 4*x + x^2]]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} + \ln(x - 2 + \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3})$	26
risch	$\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} + \ln(x - 2 + \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3})$	26
trager	$\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} - \ln(\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} + 2 - x)$	30

input `int((x-1)/(x^2-4*x+3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(x^2-4*x+3)^(1/2)+ln(x-2+(x^2-4*x+3)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{-1 + x}{\sqrt{3 - 4x + x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} - \log(-x + \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} + 2)$$

input `integrate((x-1)/(x^2-4*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(x^2 - 4*x + 3) - log(-x + sqrt(x^2 - 4*x + 3) + 2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2-4x+3} + \log\left(2x + 2\sqrt{x^2-4x+3} - 4\right)$$

input `integrate((x-1)/(x**2-4*x+3)**(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(x**2 - 4*x + 3) + log(2*x + 2*sqrt(x**2 - 4*x + 3) - 4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2-4x+3} + \log\left(2x + 2\sqrt{x^2-4x+3} - 4\right)$$

input `integrate((x-1)/(x^2-4*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `sqrt(x^2 - 4*x + 3) + log(2*x + 2*sqrt(x^2 - 4*x + 3) - 4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2-4x+3} - \log\left(\left|-x + \sqrt{x^2-4x+3} + 2\right|\right)$$

input `integrate((x-1)/(x^2-4*x+3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(x^2 - 4*x + 3) - log(abs(-x + sqrt(x^2 - 4*x + 3) + 2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx = \ln\left(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} - 2\right) + \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3}$$

input `int((x - 1)/(x^2 - 4*x + 3)^(1/2),x)`output `log(x + (x^2 - 4*x + 3)^(1/2) - 2) + (x^2 - 4*x + 3)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{-1+x}{\sqrt{3-4x+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} + \log\left(\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3} + x - 2\right)$$

input `int((x-1)/(x^2-4*x+3)^(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(x**2 - 4*x + 3) + log(sqrt(x**2 - 4*x + 3) + x - 2)`

3.278 $\int (d+ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2156
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2157
Rubi [A] (verified)	2157
Maple [A] (verified)	2160
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2160
Sympy [F(-1)]	2161
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2161
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2162
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2163
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2163

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 305

$$\int (d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3c^5d^5(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{8e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^5d^5(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{12e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^5d^5(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{8e^3(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9c^5d^5(d + ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{2e^4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{11/2}}{11c^5d^5(d + ex)^{11/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+8/5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+12/7*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+8/9*e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(9/2)+2/11*e^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(11/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} (128a^4e^8 - 64a^3cde^6(11d + 3ex) + 48a^2c^2d^2e^4(33d^2 + 22d*ex + 5e^2x^2) - 8a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(231*d^3 + 297*d^2*ex + 165*d*ex^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(1155*d^4 + 2772*d^3*ex + 2970*d^2*ex^2 + 1540*d*ex^3 + 315*e^4*x^4))}{3465*c^5*d^5*(d + ex)^{(3/2)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(128*a^4*e^8 - 64*a^3*c*d*e^6*(11*d + 3*e*x) + 48*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(33*d^2 + 22*d*e*x + 5*e^2*x^2) - 8*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(231*d^3 + 297*d^2*e*x + 165*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(1155*d^4 + 2772*d^3*e*x + 2970*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 1540*d*e^3*x^3 + 315*e^4*x^4)))/(3465*c^5*d^5*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{11d} +$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{3d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd}$$

↓ 1128

$$8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{7d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd}$$

↓ 1128

$$8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd}$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd} + \frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd} + \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{3d} \right)}{11d}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```

```
output (2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(11*c*d)
+ (8*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c
*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*c*d) + (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c*d) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*
(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c*d^2
*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c
*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(7*d)))/(3*d)))/(11*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1128 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
default	$\frac{2(cd x + a e)(315 c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 - 280 a c^3 d^3 e^5 x^3 + 1540 c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 240 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2 - 1320 a c^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 + 2970 c^4 d^6 e^2 x^2 - 192 a^3 c d e^7 x + 1056 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 x - 3465 d^5 c^5 \sqrt{e x + d})}{3465 d^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cd x + a e)(315 c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 - 280 a c^3 d^3 e^5 x^3 + 1540 c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 240 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2 - 1320 a c^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 + 2970 c^4 d^6 e^2 x^2 - 192 a^3 c d e^7 x + 1056 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 x - 3465 d^5 \sqrt{e x + d})}{3465 d^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(315 c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 - 280 a c^3 d^3 e^5 x^3 + 1540 c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 240 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2 - 1320 a c^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 + 2970 c^4 d^6 e^2 x^2 - 192 a^3 c d e^7 x + 1056 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 x - 3465 d^5 \sqrt{e x + d})}{3465 d^5}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465} * (c * d * x + a * e) * (315 * c^4 * d^4 * e^4 * x^4 - 280 * a * c^3 * d^3 * e^5 * x^3 + 1540 * c^4 * d^5 * e^3 * x^3 + 240 * a^2 * c^2 * d^2 * e^6 * x^2 - 1320 * a * c^3 * d^4 * e^4 * x^2 + 2970 * c^4 * d^6 * e^2 * x^2 - 192 * a^3 * c * d * e^7 * x + 1056 * a^2 * c^2 * d^3 * e^5 * x - 2376 * a * c^3 * d^5 * e^3 * x + 2772 * c^4 * d^7 * e * x + 128 * a^4 * e^8 - 704 * a^3 * c * d^2 * e^6 + 1584 * a^2 * c^2 * d^4 * e^4 - 1848 * a * c^3 * d^6 * e^2 + 1155 * c^4 * d^8) * ((e * x + d) * (c * d * x + a * e))^(1/2) / d^5 / c^5 / (e * x + d)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (d + e x)^{7/2} \sqrt{a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2} dx = \frac{2(315 c^5 d^5 e^4 x^5 + 1155 a c^4 d^8 e - 1848 a^2 c^3 d^6 e^3 + 1584 a^3 c^2 d^4 e^5)}{3465 d^5 c^5 (e x + d)^{1/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/3465*(315*c^5*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 1155*a*c^4*d^8*e - 1848*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 15
84*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 704*a^4*c*d^2*e^7 + 128*a^5*e^9 + 35*(44*c^5*d^6*e^3
+ a*c^4*d^4*e^5)*x^4 + 10*(297*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 22*a*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 4*a^2*c^3*
d^3*e^6)*x^3 + 6*(462*c^5*d^8*e + 99*a*c^4*d^6*e^3 - 44*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^5 +
8*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (1155*c^5*d^9 + 924*a*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 792*a^2*c^3*d
^5*e^4 + 352*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 64*a^4*c*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x + c^5*d^6)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(315c^5d^5e^4x^5 + 1155ac^4d^8e - 1848a^2c^3d^6e^3 + 1584a^3c^2d^4e^5}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/3465*(315*c^5*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 1155*a*c^4*d^8*e - 1848*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 15
84*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 704*a^4*c*d^2*e^7 + 128*a^5*e^9 + 35*(44*c^5*d^6*e^3
+ a*c^4*d^4*e^5)*x^4 + 10*(297*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 22*a*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 4*a^2*c^3*
d^3*e^6)*x^3 + 6*(462*c^5*d^8*e + 99*a*c^4*d^6*e^3 - 44*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^5 +
8*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (1155*c^5*d^9 + 924*a*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 792*a^2*c^3*d
^5*e^4 + 352*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 64*a^4*c*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x +
d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x + c^5*d^6)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 646 vs. $2(275) = 550$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 646, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int (d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3465*(3465*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*d^4*e - 1155*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e - (
c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))*d^4 - 4620*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e - (c*d*x + a*e)^(3
/2))*a*d^2*e^2/c + 924*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3
/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*d^2*e/c + 1386*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*
e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a*e^3/c^2 - 594*
(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x
+ a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*e^2/c^2 - 396*(35*sqrt(c*d*x +
a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e
- 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a*e^4/(c^3*d^2) + 44*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*
e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 -
180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2))*e^3/(c^3*d^2) + 11*(
315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d
*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(
9/2))*a*e^5/(c^4*d^4) - 5*(693*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^5*e^5 - 1155*(c*d*x +
a*e)^(3/2)*a^4*e^4 + 1386*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^3*e^3 - 990*(c*d*x + a*e)^(
7/2)*a^2*e^2 + 385*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2)*a*e - 63*(c*d*x + a*e)^(11/2))*e^4/
(c^4*d^4))/(c*d)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2e^3 x^5 \sqrt{d+ex}}{11} + \frac{4x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (8a^2 d^2 + 4ad^2 + 4a^2 d + 4e^2 d^2 + 4e^2 d + 4e^2) x}{11} \right)}{11}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(7/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*e^3*x^5*(d + e*x)^(1/2)
)/11 + (4*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(8*a^3*e^6 + 462*c^3*d^6 + 99*a*c^2*d^4*e^2
- 44*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(1155*c^3*d^3) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(256*a^5*e^9 - 1408
*a^4*c*d^2*e^7 - 3696*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3168*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 2310*a*c^4*
d^8*e)))/(3465*c^5*d^5*e) + (2*e^2*x^4*(a*e^2 + 44*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/
(99*c*d) + (x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(2310*c^5*d^9 + 1848*a*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 1584*a^
2*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 704*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 128*a^4*c*d*e^8))/(3465*c^5*d^5*e) +
(4*e*x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(297*c^2*d^4 - 4*a^2*e^4 + 22*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(693
*c^2*d^2)))/(x + d/e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (315c^5 d^5 e^4 x^5 + 35a c^4 d^4 e^5 x^4 + 1540c^5 d^6 e^3 x^4 - 40c^5 d^7 e^2 x^3 + 1540c^5 d^8 e x^2 - 40c^5 d^9) + 20c^5 d^9}{11}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(128*a**5*e**9 - 704*a**4*c*d**2*e**7 - 64*a**4*c*d*e
**8*x + 1584*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**5 + 352*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**6*x + 48*a**3*c**
2*d**2*e**7*x**2 - 1848*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**3 - 792*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**4*x -
264*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**2 - 40*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3 + 1155*a*c**4*d
**8*e + 924*a*c**4*d**7*e**2*x + 594*a*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**2 + 220*a*c**4*d*
*5*e**4*x**3 + 35*a*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**4 + 1155*c**5*d**9*x + 2772*c**5*d**
8*e*x**2 + 2970*c**5*d**7*e**2*x**3 + 1540*c**5*d**6*e**3*x**4 + 315*c**5*
d**5*e**4*x**5))/(3465*c**5*d**5)
```

3.279 $\int (d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2165
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2166
Rubi [A] (verified)	2166
Maple [A] (verified)	2168
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2169
Sympy [F(-1)]	2169
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2170
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2170
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2171
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2172

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3c^4d^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{6e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^4d^4(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{6e^2(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^4d^4(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2e^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9c^4d^4(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+6/5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+6/7*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/9*e^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} (-16a^3e^6 + 24a^2cde^4(3d + ex) - 6ac^2d^2e^2(21d^2 + 18d*ex + 5e^2x^2) + c^3d^3(105d^3 + 189d^2*ex + 135d*ex^2 + 35e^3x^3))}{315c^4d^4(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{3/2}*(-16*a^3*e^6 + 24*a^2*c*d*e^4*(3*d + e*x) - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(21*d^2 + 18*d*e*x + 5*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(105*d^3 + 189*d^2*e*x + 135*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3)))/(315*c^4*d^4*(d + e*x)^{3/2})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{3d} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{7d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd} \right)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3d}{9cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd} \right)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3d}{9cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1122 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd} + \\
 & \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15cd^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{7d} \right)}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*c*d) + (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c*d) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(7*d)))/(3*d)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
default	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-35c^3d^3e^3x^3+30x^2ac^2d^2e^4-135c^3d^4e^2x^2-24xa^2cde^5+108xa^2c^2d^3e^3-189c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-72d^2e^4a^2c+126d^4e^2c^2)}{315d^4c^4\sqrt{ex+d}}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-35c^3d^3e^3x^3+30x^2ac^2d^2e^4-135c^3d^4e^2x^2-24xa^2cde^5+108xa^2c^2d^3e^3-189c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-72d^2e^4a^2c+126d^4e^2c^2)}{315d^4c^4\sqrt{ex+d}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-35c^3d^3e^3x^3+30x^2ac^2d^2e^4-135c^3d^4e^2x^2-24xa^2cde^5+108xa^2c^2d^3e^3-189c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-72d^2e^4a^2c+126d^4e^2c^2-105d^6c^2)}{315d^4c^4\sqrt{ex+d}}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-35*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+30*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-135*c^3*d^4*e
^2*x^2-24*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+108*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-189*c^3*d^5*e*x+16*a^3*e^6-72*
a^2*c*d^2*e^4+126*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-105*c^3*d^6)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/d
^4/c^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(35c^4d^4e^3x^4 + 105ac^3d^6e - 126a^2c^2d^4e^3 + 72a^3cd^2e^5 - 16a^4e^7 + 5(27c^4d^5e^2 + ac^3d^3e^4)x^3 + 3(63c^4d^6e + 9ac^3d^4e^3 - 2a^2c^2d^2e^5)x^2 + (105c^4d^7 + 63ac^3d^5e^2 - 36a^2c^2d^3e^4 + 8a^3cd^2e^6)x) \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(c^4d^4e^2x^2 + c^4d^5e^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 105*a*c^3*d^6*e - 126*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 72*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 - 16*a^4*e^7 + 5*(27*c^4*d^5*e^2 + a*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(63*c^4*d^6*e + 9*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + (105*c^4*d^7 + 63*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 36*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(35c^4d^4e^3x^4 + 105ac^3d^6e - 126a^2c^2d^4e^3 + 72a^3cd^2e^5 - 16a^4d^2e^7 + 5(27c^4d^5e^2 + ac^3d^3e^4)x^3 + 3(63c^4d^6e + 9ac^3d^4e^3 - 2a^2c^2d^2e^5)x^2 + (105c^4d^7 + 63ac^3d^5e^2 - 36a^2c^2d^3e^4 + 8a^3cde^6)x) \sqrt{cdx + ae} (ex + d)}{c^4d^4ex + c^4d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 105*a*c^3*d^6*e - 126*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 72*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 - 16*a^4*e^7 + 5*(27*c^4*d^5*e^2 + a*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(63*c^4*d^6*e + 9*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + (105*c^4*d^7 + 63*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 36*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 8*a^3*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 444 vs. 2(216) = 432.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{cdx + ae} ad^3e - 105 \left(3 \sqrt{cdx + ae} ae - (cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \right)}{c^4d^4ex + c^4d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/315*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*d^3*e - 105*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e - (c*d
*x + a*e)^(3/2))*d^3 - 315*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e - (c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))
*a*d*e^2/c + 63*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e
+ 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*d*e/c + 63*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c
*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a*e^3/(c^2*d) - 27*(35*sqrt
(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(
5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*e^2/(c^2*d) - 9*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a
^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(
c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a*e^4/(c^3*d^3) + (315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420
*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*
x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2))*e^3/(c^3*d^3))/(c*d)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2e^2 x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{9} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} (32a^4 e^7}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```

((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*e^2*x^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)
)/9 - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(32*a^4*e^7 - 144*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + 252*a^2*c^2*d^4*e
^3 - 210*a*c^3*d^6*e))/(315*c^4*d^4*e) + (2*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(63*c^2*d^
4 - 2*a^2*e^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(105*c^2*d^2) + (x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(210*c^
4*d^7 + 126*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 72*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 16*a^3*c*d*e^6))/(315*c^4
*d^4*e) + (2*e*x^3*(a*e^2 + 27*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(63*c*d)))/(x + d/e
)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (35c^4d^4e^3x^4 + 5ac^3d^3e^4x^3 + 135c^4d^5e^2x^3 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^3x^2 - 126a^2c^2d^4e^3x - 36a^2c^2d^3e^4x - 6a^2c^2d^3e^4x^2 + 105ac^3d^6e + 63ac^3d^5e^2x + 27ac^3d^4e^3x^2 + 5ac^3d^3e^4x^3 + 105c^4d^7x + 189c^4d^6e^2x^2 + 135c^4d^5e^2x^3 + 35c^4d^4e^3x^4)}{(315c^4d^4)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(- 16*a**4*e**7 + 72*a**3*c*d**2*e**5 + 8*a**3*c*d*e**6*x - 126*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 36*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 6*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 105*a*c**3*d**6*e + 63*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 27*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 5*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 105*c**4*d**7*x + 189*c**4*d**6*e*x**2 + 135*c**4*d**5*e**2*x**3 + 35*c**4*d**4*e**3*x**4))/(315*c**4*d**4)
```

3.280 $\int (d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2173
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2174
Rubi [A] (verified)	2174
Maple [A] (verified)	2176
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2176
Sympy [F]	2177
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2177
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2177
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2178
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2179

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3c^3d^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^3d^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2e^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^3d^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4/5*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/7*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} (8a^2e^4 - 4acde^2(7d + 3ex) + c^2d^2(35d + 7ex))}{105c^3d^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{3/2}*(8*a^2*e^4 - 4*a*c*d*e^2*(7*d + 3*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(35*d + 7*e*x)))/(105*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^{3/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{7d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7d} + \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd} + \\
& \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15cd^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{7d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c*d) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(7*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(cd x+ae)(15x^2c^2d^2e^2-12xacde^3+42xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-28acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}}{105d^3c^3\sqrt{ex+d}}$	100
gospers	$\frac{2(cd x+ae)(15x^2c^2d^2e^2-12xacde^3+42xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-28acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{105d^3c^3\sqrt{ex+d}}$	110
orering	$\frac{2(15x^2c^2d^2e^2-12xacde^3+42xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-28acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}{105d^3c^3\sqrt{ex+d}}$	111

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{105}*(c*d*x+a*e)*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-12*a*c*d*e^3*x+42*c^2*d^3*e*x+8*a^2*e^4-28*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/d^3/c^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(15c^3d^3e^2x^3 + 35ac^2d^4e - 28a^2cd^2e^3 + 8a^3e^5 + 3(14c^3d^4e -$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{105}*(15*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 35*a*c^2*d^4*e - 28*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 8*a^3*e^5 + 3*(14*c^3*d^4*e + a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + (35*c^3*d^5 + 14*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 4*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x + c^3*d^4)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)} (d + ex)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2(15c^3d^3e^2x^3 + 35ac^2d^4e - 28a^2cd^2e^3 + 8a^3e^5 + 3(14c^3d^4e - 4a^2c^2d^2e^4)x)\sqrt{c*d*x + a*e}*(e*x + d)}{105(c^3*d^3*e*x + c^3*d^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/105*(15*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 35*a*c^2*d^4*e - 28*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 8*a^3*e^5 + 3*(14*c^3*d^4*e + a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + (35*c^3*d^5 + 14*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 4*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x + c^3*d^4)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2 \left(105 \sqrt{cdx + ae} ad^2 e - 35 \left(3 \sqrt{cdx + ae} ae - (cdx + ae)^{3/2} \right) d \right)}{105(c^3*d^3*e*x + c^3*d^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{105} \cdot (105 \sqrt{c d x + a e}) a d^2 e - 35 (3 \sqrt{c d x + a e}) a e - (c d x + a e)^{3/2} d^2 - 70 (3 \sqrt{c d x + a e}) a e - (c d x + a e)^{3/2} a e^2 / c + 14 (15 \sqrt{c d x + a e}) a^2 e^2 - 10 (c d x + a e)^{3/2} a e + 3 (c d x + a e)^{5/2} e / c + 7 (15 \sqrt{c d x + a e}) a^2 e^2 - 10 (c d x + a e)^{3/2} a e + 3 (c d x + a e)^{5/2} a e^3 / (c^2 d^2) - 3 (35 \sqrt{c d x + a e}) a^3 e^3 - 35 (c d x + a e)^{3/2} a^2 e^2 + 21 (c d x + a e)^{5/2} a e - 5 (c d x + a e)^{7/2} e^2 / (c^2 d^2) / (c d)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c d e x^2 + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + a d e} \left(\frac{2 e x^3 \sqrt{d + e x}}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{d + e x} (16 a^3 e^5 - 10 a^2 c d^2 e^3 + 70 a c^2 d^4 e)}{105 c^3 d^3 e} \right)}{1}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*e*x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)))/7 + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^3*e^5 - 56*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 70*a*c^2*d^4*e))/(105*c^3*d^3*e) + (2*x^2*(a*e^2 + 14*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(35*c*d) + (x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(70*c^3*d^5 + 28*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 8*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(105*c^3*d^3*e)))/(x + d/e)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (15c^3d^3e^2x^3 + 3ac^2d^2e^3x^2 + 42c^3d^4ex^2 - 4a^2cde^4x + 3a^3d^5e^5)}{105c^3d^5e^5}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(8*a**3*e**5 - 28*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 4*a**2*c*d*e**4*x + 35*a*c**2*d**4*e + 14*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 35*c**3*d**5*x + 42*c**3*d**4*e*x**2 + 15*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**3))/(105*c**3*d**3)`

3.281 $\int \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2180
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2180
Rubi [A] (verified)	2181
Maple [A] (verified)	2182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2183
Sympy [F]	2183
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2183
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2184
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2184
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2185

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3c^2d^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^2d^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

output $2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/5*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} (-2ae^2 + cd(5d + 3ex))}{15c^2d^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output

```
(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(-2*a*e^2 + c*d*(5*d + 3*e*x)))/(15*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15cd^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-3cdxe+2ae^2-5cd^2)\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}}{15c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	59
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-3cdxe+2ae^2-5cd^2)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{15c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	69
orering	$-\frac{2(-3cdxe+2ae^2-5cd^2)(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}{15c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	70

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-3*c*d*e*x+2*a*e^2-5*c*d^2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3c^2d^2ex^2+5acd^2e-2a^2e^3+(5c^2d^3+acde^2)x)\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{15(c^2d^2ex+c^2d^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 5*a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3 + (5*c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = \int \sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)} \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3c^2d^2ex^2+5acd^2e-2a^2e^3+(5c^2d^3+acde^2)x)\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d)}{15(c^2d^2ex+c^2d^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{2}{15} * (3 * c^2 * d^2 * e * x^2 + 5 * a * c * d^2 * e - 2 * a^2 * e^3 + (5 * c^2 * d^3 + a * c * d * e^2) * x) * \sqrt{c * d * x + a * e} * (e * x + d) / (c^2 * d^2 * e * x + c^2 * d^3)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15 \sqrt{cdx+ae} ade - 5 \left(3 \sqrt{cdx+ae} - (cdx+ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) d - \frac{5 \left(3 \sqrt{cdx+ae} - (cdx+ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) ae^2}{cd} + \frac{(15 \sqrt{cdx+ae} a^2 e^2}{15 cd} \right)}{15 cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{15} * (15 * \sqrt{c * d * x + a * e} * a * d * e - 5 * (3 * \sqrt{c * d * x + a * e} * a * e - (c * d * x + a * e)^{(3/2)}) * d - 5 * (3 * \sqrt{c * d * x + a * e} * a * e - (c * d * x + a * e)^{(3/2)}) * a * e^2 / (c * d) + (15 * \sqrt{c * d * x + a * e} * a^2 * e^2 - 10 * (c * d * x + a * e)^{(3/2)} * a * e + 3 * (c * d * x + a * e)^{(5/2)}) * e / (c * d)) / (c * d)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{5} - \frac{(4a^2e^3-10acd^2e) \sqrt{d+ex}}{15c^2d^2e} + \frac{x(10c^2d^3+2acde^2) \sqrt{d+ex}}{15c^2d^2e} \right)}{x + \frac{d}{e}}$$

input `int((d+e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/5
- ((4*a^2*e^3 - 10*a*c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(15*c^2*d^2*e) + (x*(10*c^2
*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(15*c^2*d^2*e)))/(x + d/e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (3c^2d^2ex^2 + acde^2x + 5c^2d^3x - 2a^2e^3 + 5acd^2e)}{15c^2d^2}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(- 2*a**2*e**3 + 5*a*c*d**2*e + a*c*d*e**2*x + 5*c**
2*d**3*x + 3*c**2*d**2*e*x**2))/(15*c**2*d**2)
```

$$3.282 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	2186
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2186
Rubi [A] (verified)	2187
Maple [A] (verified)	2187
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2188
Sympy [F]	2189
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2189
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2189
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2190
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2190

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

output $2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/c/d/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2}}{3cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x], x]$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(3/2)})/(3*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^{3/2}}{3cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}}{3cd\sqrt{ex+d}}$	40
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3cd\sqrt{ex+d}}$	50
orering	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}{3cd\sqrt{ex+d}}$	51

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(c*d*x+a*e)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(cdx + ae)\sqrt{ex + d}}{3(cdex + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*x + a*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)
)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd x)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3cd}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)/(c*d)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3cd}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)/(c*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \left(\frac{2x}{3} + \frac{2ae}{3cd}\right) \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((((2*x)/3 + (2*a*e)/(3*c*d))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae}(cdx + ae)}{3cd}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(3*c*d)`

3.283
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2191
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2191
Rubi [A] (verified)	2192
Maple [A] (verified)	2193
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2194
Sympy [F]	2194
Maxima [F]	2195
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2195
Mupad [F(-1)]	2196
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2196

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}-\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]/(d+e*x)^(3/2),x]
```


output

$$(2\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x}*\sqrt{d + e*x}*(\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x} - \sqrt{c*d^2 - a*e^2})*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})/\sqrt{c*d^2 - a*e^2}]))/(e^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1131, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2}/(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}, x]$$

output

$$(2\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2})/(e*\sqrt{d + e*x}) - (2\sqrt{c*d^2 - a*e^2}*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2})/(\sqrt{c*d^2 - a*e^2}*\sqrt{d + e*x})])/e^{(3/2)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) a e^2 - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c d^2 - \sqrt{cdx+ae} \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cdx+ae} e \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$	153

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN VERBOSE)`

output `-2*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a*e^2-arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c*d^2-(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/e/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ex + d)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e}} \log\left(-\frac{cde^2x^2 + 2ae^3x - cd^3 + 2ade^2 - 2\sqrt{cde^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}\right)}{e^2x}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[((e*x + d)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x + d*e), 2*((e*x + d)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x + d*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd^2)}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} - \frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{e} \right) |e|}{e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3) - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/e)*abs(e)/e^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) + 2\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{e^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x)`

output `(2*(-sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)))) + sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/e**2`

3.284 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2197
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2197
Rubi [A] (verified)	2198
Maple [A] (verified)	2199
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2200
Sympy [F]	2200
Maxima [F]	2201
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2201
Mupad [F(-1)]	2202
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2202

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}$$

output

```
-(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+c*d*arctan(e^(1/2)
)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
)/e^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\left(-\sqrt{e} + \frac{cd(d+ex) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x))*(-\text{Sqrt}[e] + (c*d*(d + e*x)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]))}{(e^{(3/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1130, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1130

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$cd \int \frac{1}{\frac{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex} + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}, x]$$

output

$$-(\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})) + (c*d*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])/(e^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2])$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] & IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e}\right)cdex-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e}\right)cd^2-\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e\right)\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cdx+ae}e\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e}$	153

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN VERBOSE)`

output `(-arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c*d*e*x-arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c*d^2-(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/e/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 482, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{(cde^2x^2 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3)\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \log\left(-\frac{cde^2x^2 + 2ae^3x - cd^3 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3}{2(cd^4e^2 - ad^2e^4 + (cd^2e^4 - ae^6)x^2 + 2(cd^3e^3 - ade^5)x}\right)}{2(cd^4e^2 - ad^2e^4 + (cd^2e^4 - ae^6)x^2 + 2(cd^3e^3 - ade^5)x} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(cde^2x^2 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3)\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}\sqrt{ex + d}}{cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x}\right) + \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{cd^4e^2 - ad^2e^4 + (cd^2e^4 - ae^6)x^2 + 2(cd^3e^3 - ade^5)x} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*((c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^4*e^2 - a*d^2*e^4 + (c*d^2*e^4 - a*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c*d^3*e^3 - a*d*e^5)*x), -((c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^4*e^2 - a*d^2*e^4 + (c*d^2*e^4 - a*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c*d^3*e^3 - a*d*e^5)*x]]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd^2)}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cd \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}e} - \frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{(ex+d)cde^2} \right) |e|}{e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `c*d*(arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) / (sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*e) - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/((e*x + d)*c*d*e^2))*abs(e)/e`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) cd^2 - \sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} a}{e^2 (ae^3x - cd^2ex + \dots)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `(- sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d**2 - sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x - sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**3 + sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2*e)/(e**2*(a*d*e**2 + a*e**3*x - c*d**3 - c*d**2*e*x))`

3.285 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2203
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2203
Rubi [A] (verified)	2204
Maple [A] (verified)	2206
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2207
Sympy [F(-1)]	2208
Maxima [F]	2208
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2208
Mupad [F(-1)]	2209
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2209

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4e^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+1/4*c*d*(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+1/4*c^2*
d^2*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(2ae^2+cd(-d+e))\right)}{4e^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(2*a*e^2 + c*d*(-d + e*x)) + c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]))/(4*e^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1130, 1135, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1135$$

$$\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & cd \left(\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + (cd^2 - ae^2)e}{d+ex} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4e}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4e}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4e}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

```
output -1/2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2))))/(4*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1130 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1135

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p+1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d._) + (e._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^2 d^3 ex + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^2 d^4 - \dots \right)}{4(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{cdx+ae} (ae^2-cd^2)e \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+2*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^3*e*x+arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^4-c*d*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*e^2+((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/e/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 363 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 748, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{(c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 3c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^4ex + c^2d^5)\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \log\left(-\frac{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x}\right) + (c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 3c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^4ex + c^2d^5)\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}\sqrt{ex + d}}{cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x}\right)}{8(c^2d^7e^2 - 2acd^5e^4 + a^2d^3e^6 + (c^2d^4e^5 - 2acd^2e^7 + a^2e^9)x^3 + 3(c^2d^5e^4 - 2acd^3e^6 + a^2d^2e^8)x^2 + 3(c^2d^6e^3 - 2acd^4e^5 + a^2d^2e^7)x)} \right]}{4(c^2d^7e^2 - 2acd^5e^4 + a^2d^3e^6 + (c^2d^4e^5 - 2acd^2e^7 + a^2e^9)x^3 + 3(c^2d^5e^4 - 2acd^3e^6 + a^2d^2e^8)x^2 + 3(c^2d^6e^3 - 2acd^4e^5 + a^2d^2e^7)x)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*((c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(c^2*d^4*e - 3*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 2*a^2*e^5 - (c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^7*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^4 + a^2*d^3*e^6 + (c^2*d^4*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^5*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^6 + a^2*d*e^8)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*d^6*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^5 + a^2*d^2*e^7)*x), -1/4*((c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (c^2*d^4*e - 3*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 2*a^2*e^5 - (c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^7*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^4 + a^2*d^3*e^6 + (c^2*d^4*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^5*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^6 + a^2*d*e^8)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*d^6*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^5 + a^2*d^2*e^7)*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(ex + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{c^3 d^3 e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}c^4 d^5 e^2 - \sqrt{(ex+d)cd}}{(cd^2 - ae^3)} \right)}{4 cde^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*(c^3*d^3*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e
- a*e^3))/(sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e
- c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^5*e^2 - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*
a*c^3*d^3*e^4 - ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3*e)/((c*d
^2 - a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2*e^2))*abs(e)/(c*d*e^3)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^2 d^4 + 2\sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^2 d^3 + \dots}{(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2+c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2+c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4+2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2+c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2+c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x+sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2+c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2+c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2-2*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a**2*e**5+3*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3-sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x-sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e+sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x)/(4*e**2*(a**2*d**2*e**4+2*a**2*d*e**5*x+a**2*e**6*x**2-2*a*c*d**4*e**2-4*a*c*d**3*e**3*x-2*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**2+c**2*d**6+2*c**2*d**5*e*x+c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2))
```

3.286 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2211
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2212
Rubi [A] (verified)	2212
Maple [A] (verified)	2215
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2216
Sympy [F(-1)]	2217
Maxima [F]	2217
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2217
Mupad [F(-1)]	2218
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2218

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8e(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8e^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+1/12*c*d*(a*d
*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+1/8*c^2
*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3
/2)+1/8*c^3*d^3*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(-8a^2e^4 + 2acde^2 + 24e^{3/2}(cd^2 - a \right.$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-8*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(7*d - e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-3*d^2 + 8*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)) + 3*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(24*e^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1130, 1135, 1135, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1135$$

$$cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) -$$

$$\frac{6e}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

1135

$$cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) -$$

$$\frac{6e}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

1136

$$cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2} dx}{d+ex} + \frac{d \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{(cd^2-ae^2)e \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) -$$

$$\frac{6e}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

218

$$cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) - \frac{6e}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \frac{1}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x]`

output `-1/3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (3*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2))))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(6*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p+1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 9 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 9 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/24*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(3*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+9*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2+9*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^5*e*x+3*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^6-3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+2*a*c*d*e^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-8*c^2*d^3*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+8*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a^2*e^4-14*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^4/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 546 vs. $2(232) = 464$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1114, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(3*c^3*d^6*e - 17*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 22*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 8*a^3*e^7 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(4*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^10*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^8*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^6*e^6 - a^3*d^4*e^8 + (c^3*d^6*e^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^10 - a^3*e^12)*x^4 + 4*(c^3*d^7*e^5 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^7 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^9 - a^3*d*e^11)*x^3 + 6*(c^3*d^8*e^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^8 - a^3*d^2*e^10)*x^2 + 4*(c^3*d^9*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^7 - a^3*d^3*e^9)*x), -1/24*(3*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (3*c^3*d^6*e - 17*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 22*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 8*a^3*e^7 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(4*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^10*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^8*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^6*e^6 - a^3*d^4*e^8 + (c^3*d^6*e^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^10 - a^3*e^12)*x^4 + 4*(c^3*d^7*e^5 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^7 + ...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(9/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(e*x + d)^(9/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} c^3 d^3 e \left(\frac{3 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} \right)}{(c^2 d^4 e^3 - 2acd^2e^5 + a^2e^7)\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} - \frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)c}}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*c^3*d^3*e*(3*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^5 + a^2*e^7)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) - (3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^6 - 8*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e + 8*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))/((c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^5 + a^2*e^7)*(e*x + d)^3*c^3*d^3*e^3))*abs(e)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 626, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^3d^6 - 9\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)
*sqrt( - a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**6 - 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a**2 + c*d**2)
*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**5*
e*x - 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(
e)*sqrt( - a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a**
*2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a**2 + c*d**2))
)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 + 22*sqrt(a*e + c*d*
x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x - 17*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 10*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x + 3*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e - 8*
sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x - 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x*
*2)/(24*e**2*(a**3*d**3*e**6 + 3*a**3*d**2*e**7*x + 3*a**3*d*e**8*x**2 + a
**3*e**9*x**3 - 3*a**2*c*d**5*e**4 - 9*a**2*c*d**4*e**5*x - 9*a**2*c*d**3*
e**6*x**2 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**7*x**3 + 3*a*c**2*d**7*e**2 + 9*a*c**2*d**6*
e**3*x + 9*a*c**2*d**5*e**4*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**5*x**3 - c**3*d**9 - 3*
c**3*d**8*e*x - 3*c**3*d**7*e**2*x**2 - c**3*d**6*e**3*x**3))
```

3.287 $\int (d+ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2220
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2221
Rubi [A] (verified)	2221
Maple [A] (verified)	2224
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2224
Sympy [F(-1)]	2225
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2226
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2227
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2228

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 305

$$\int (d+ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^5d^5(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{8e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^5d^5(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{4e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{3c^5d^5(d+ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{8e^3(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{11/2}}{11c^5d^5(d+ex)^{11/2}} + \frac{2e^4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{13/2}}{13c^5d^5(d+ex)^{13/2}}$$

output

```
2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+8/7*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+4/3*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(9/2)+8/11*e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(11/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(11/2)+2/13*e^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(13/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} (128a^4e^8 - 64a^3cde^6(13d + 5ex) + 16a^2c^2d^2e^4(143d^2 + 130dex + c^2dex^2))^{3/2}}{15015c^5d^5(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(128*a^4*e^8 - 64*a^3*c*d*e^6*(13*d + 5*e*x) + 16*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(143*d^2 + 130*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) - 8*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(429*d^3 + 715*d^2*e*x + 455*d*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(300*d^4 + 8580*d^3*e*x + 10010*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 5460*d*e^3*x^3 + 1155*e^4*x^4))/(15015*c^5*d^5*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (d + ex)^{3/2} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{\frac{13d}{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{13cd}{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{d+ex}(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2} dx}{11d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{11cd} \right) +$$

$$\frac{13d}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1128

$$8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{11d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{11cd} \right) +$$

$$\frac{13d}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1128

$$8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{11d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{13d}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{13cd} + \frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{11cd} + \frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{11d} \right)}{13d}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(13*c*d)
+ (8*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d
*e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(11*c*d) + (6*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)
)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(9*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(
d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(35*c*d^2*
(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*
d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(9*d)))/(11*d)))/(13*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1128 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^2(1155c^4d^4e^4x^4-840ac^3d^3e^5x^3+5460c^4d^5e^3x^3+560a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-3640ac^3d^4e^4x^2+10010c^4d^6e^2x^2+2080a^2c^2d^3e^5x-5720ac^3d^5e^3x+8580c^4d^7e^1x+128a^4e^8-832a^5cd^2e^8+128a^6cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15015\sqrt{ex}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(1155c^4d^4e^4x^4-840ac^3d^3e^5x^3+5460c^4d^5e^3x^3+560a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-3640ac^3d^4e^4x^2+10010c^4d^6e^2x^2-320a^3cde^7x+2080a^2c^2d^3e^5x-5720ac^3d^5e^3x+8580c^4d^7e^1x+128a^4e^8-832a^5cd^2e^8+128a^6cdex^2)}{15015}$
orering	$\frac{2(1155c^4d^4e^4x^4-840ac^3d^3e^5x^3+5460c^4d^5e^3x^3+560a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-3640ac^3d^4e^4x^2+10010c^4d^6e^2x^2-320a^3cde^7x+2080a^2c^2d^3e^5x-5720ac^3d^5e^3x+8580c^4d^7e^1x+128a^4e^8-832a^5cd^2e^8+128a^6cdex^2)}{15015}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{2}{15015} \frac{(e*x+d)^{1/2} * ((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2} * (c*d*x+a*e)^2 * (1155*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4-840*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^3+5460*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^3+560*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^2-3640*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*x^2+10010*c^4*d^6*e^2*x^2-320*a^3*c*d*e^7*x+2080*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*x-5720*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*x+8580*c^4*d^7*e^1*x+128*a^4*e^8-832*a^5*c*d^2*e^8+128*a^6*c*d*e*x^2)}{d^5/c^5}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(1155c^6d^6e^4x^6 + 3003a^2c^4d^8e^2 - 3432a^3c^3d^6e^4 + 2288a^4c^2d^4e^6 - 832a^5cd^2e^8 + 128a^6cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d^5/c^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/15015*(1155*c^6*d^6*e^4*x^6 + 3003*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 3432*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^4
+ 2288*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 832*a^5*c*d^2*e^8 + 128*a^6*e^10 + 210*(26*c^6*
d^7*e^3 + 7*a*c^5*d^5*e^5)*x^5 + 35*(286*c^6*d^8*e^2 + 208*a*c^5*d^6*e^4 +
a^2*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + 20*(429*c^6*d^9*e + 715*a*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 13*a^2*c^4
*d^5*e^5 - 2*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(1001*c^6*d^10 + 4576*a*c^5*d^8*e^2
+ 286*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 104*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 16*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 2*
(3003*a*c^5*d^9*e + 858*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 572*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 208*a^4*c^
2*d^3*e^7 - 32*a^5*c*d*e^9)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)
*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x + c^5*d^6)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(1155c^6d^6e^4x^6 + 3003a^2c^4d^8e^2 - 3432a^3c^3d^6e^4 + 2288a^4c^2d^4e^6 - 832a^5cd^2e^8 + 128a^6d^4e^{10} + 210(26c^6d^7e^3 + 7acd^5e^5)x^5 + 35(286c^6d^8e^2 + 208acd^6e^4 + a^2c^4d^4e^6)x^4 + 20(429c^6d^9e + 715acd^7e^3 + 13a^2c^4d^5e^5 - 2a^3c^3d^3e^7)x^3 + 3(1001c^6d^{10} + 4576acd^8e^2 + 286a^2c^4d^6e^4 - 104a^3c^3d^4e^6 + 16a^4c^2d^2e^8)x^2 + 2(3003ac^5d^9e + 858a^2c^4d^7e^3 - 572a^3c^3d^5e^5 + 208a^4c^2d^3e^7 - 32a^5cd^3e^9)x)}{(c^5d^5ex + c^5d^6)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorit
hm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/15015*(1155*c^6*d^6*e^4*x^6 + 3003*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 3432*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 2288*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 832*a^5*c*d^2*e^8 + 128*a^6*e^10 + 210*(26*c^6*d^7*e^3 + 7*a*c^5*d^5*e^5)*x^5 + 35*(286*c^6*d^8*e^2 + 208*a*c^5*d^6*e^4 + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^4 + 20*(429*c^6*d^9*e + 715*a*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 13*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 2*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(1001*c^6*d^10 + 4576*a*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 286*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 104*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 16*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(3003*a*c^5*d^9*e + 858*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 572*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 208*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 32*a^5*c*d*e^9)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x + c^5*d^6)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1115 vs. $2(275) = 550$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1115, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(45045*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*d^4*e^2 - 30030*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*
a*e - (c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a*d^4*e - 60060*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e - (c*d
*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a^2*d^2*e^3/c + 3003*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(
c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*d^4 + 24024*(15*sqrt(c*d*x
+ a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a*d^
2*e^2/c + 18018*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e
+ 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a^2*e^4/c^2 - 5148*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3
- 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x
+ a*e)^(7/2))*d^2*e/c - 15444*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x +
a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*
a*e^3/c^2 - 5148*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2
*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a^2*e^5/(c^3*d^
2) + 858*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3
+ 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*
x + a*e)^(9/2))*e^2/c^2 + 1144*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x
+ a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e
)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2))*a*e^4/(c^3*d^2) + 143*(315*sqrt(c*d*
x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/
2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2))*a^2*e^6
/(c^4*d^4) - 260*(693*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^5*e^5 - 1155*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{4e^2 x^5 (26cd^2 + 7ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex}}{143} + \frac{2cde^3 x^6 \sqrt{d+ex}}{13} + \frac{8x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{13} \right)}{13}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((4*e^2*x^5*(7*a*e^2 + 26*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/143 + (2*c*d*e^3*x^6*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/13 + (8*x^3*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(429*c^3*d^6 - 2*a^3*e^6 + 715*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 13*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(3003*c^2*d^2) + ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(256*a^6*e^{10} - 1664*a^5*c*d^2*e^8 + 6006*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 6864*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 4576*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^6)))/(15015*c^5*d^5*e) + (2*e*x^4*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(a^2*e^4 + 286*c^2*d^4 + 208*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(429*c*d) + (x^2*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(6006*c^6*d^{10} + 27456*a*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 1716*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 624*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 96*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8))/(15015*c^5*d^5*e) + (4*a*x*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(3003*c^4*d^8 - 32*a^4*e^8 + 858*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 208*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 572*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/(15015*c^4*d^4)))/(x + d/e) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (1155c^6d^6e^4x^6 + 1470ac^5d^5e^5x^5 + 5460c^6d^7e^3x^5 + 35a^2c^4d^4e^6x^4 + 7280ac^5d^5e^6x^3 + 1155c^6d^6e^4x^2 + 1470ac^5d^5e^5x + 5460c^6d^7e^3x + 35a^2c^4d^4e^6x + 7280ac^5d^5e^6)}{(15015c^5d^5e)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)^{(5/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*\text{sqrt}(a*e + c*d*x)*(128*a**6*e**10 - 832*a**5*c*d**2*e**8 - 64*a**5*c*d*e**9*x + 2288*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 416*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**7*x + 48*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 - 3432*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 1144*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**5*x - 312*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**2 - 40*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 3003*a**2*c**4*d**8*e**2 + 1716*a**2*c**4*d**7*e**3*x + 858*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 260*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 35*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**6*x**4 + 6006*a*c**5*d**9*e*x + 13728*a*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 + 14300*a*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 + 7280*a*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 + 1470*a*c**5*d**5*e**5*x**5 + 3003*c**6*d**10*x**2 + 8580*c**6*d**9*e*x**3 + 10010*c**6*d**8*e**2*x**4 + 5460*c**6*d**7*e**3*x**5 + 1155*c**6*d**6*e**4*x**6))/(15015*c**5*d**5) \end{aligned}$$

3.288 $\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^4d^4(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{6e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^4d^4(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2e^2(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{3c^4d^4(d+ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{2e^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{11/2}}{11c^4d^4(d+ex)^{11/2}}$$

output

```
2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+6/7*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/3*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(9/2)+2/11*e^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(11/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} (-16a^3e^6 + 8a^2cde^4(11d + 5ex) - 2ac^2d^2e^2(99d^2 + 110dex + 35e^2x^2)) + c^3d^3(231d^3 + 495d^2ex + 385d^2e^2x^2 + 105e^3x^3)}{1155c^4d^4(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-16*a^3*e^6 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^4*(11*d + 5*e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(99*d^2 + 110*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(231*d^3 + 495*d^2*e*x + 385*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3))/(1155*c^4*d^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{d + ex} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{\frac{11d}{2\sqrt{d + ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} + 11cd} +$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{11d}{11cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{9d} \right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{11d}{11cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1122 \\
 & \frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{11cd} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{35cd^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{9d} \right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{11d}{11d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*c*d) + (6*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*c*d*sqrt(d + e*x)) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*c*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2))))/(9*d)))/(11*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^2(-105c^3d^3e^3x^3+70x^2ac^2d^2e^4-385c^3d^4e^2x^2-40xa^2cde^5+220xac^2d^3e^3-495c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-1155\sqrt{ex+d}d^4c^4}{1155\sqrt{ex+d}d^4c^4}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-105c^3d^3e^3x^3+70x^2ac^2d^2e^4-385c^3d^4e^2x^2-40xa^2cde^5+220xac^2d^3e^3-495c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-88d^2e^4a^2c+198d^4e^2}{1155d^4c^4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-105c^3d^3e^3x^3+70x^2ac^2d^2e^4-385c^3d^4e^2x^2-40xa^2cde^5+220xac^2d^3e^3-495c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-88d^2e^4a^2c+198d^4e^2ac^2-231e^2-231c^3d^6)/d^4/c^4}{1155d^4c^4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/1155/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2*(-105*c^3*
d^3*e^3*x^3+70*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-385*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2-40*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+220*
a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-495*c^3*d^5*e*x+16*a^3*e^6-88*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+198*a*c^2*d^4*
e^2-231*c^3*d^6)/d^4/c^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(105c^5d^5e^3x^5 + 231a^2c^3d^6e^2 - 198a^3c^2d^4e^4 + 88a^4cd^2e^6 - 16a^5e^8 + 35(11c^5d^6e^2 + 46a^2c^3d^3e^5)x^4 + 5(99c^5d^7e + 110a^2c^4d^5e^3 + a^2c^3d^3e^5)x^3 + 3(77c^5d^8 + 264a^2c^4d^6e^2 + 11a^2c^3d^4e^4 - 2a^3c^2d^2e^6)x^2 + (46a^2c^4d^7e + 99a^2c^3d^5e^3 - 44a^3c^2d^3e^5 + 8a^4c^2d^2e^7)x}{c^4d^4e^5} \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex + d}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/1155*(105*c^5*d^5*e^3*x^5 + 231*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 198*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 88*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 - 16*a^5*e^8 + 35*(11*c^5*d^6*e^2 + 4*a*c^4*d^4*e^4)*x^4 + 5*(99*c^5*d^7*e + 110*a*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(77*c^5*d^8 + 264*a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 11*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + (46*a^2*c^4*d^7*e + 99*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 44*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 8*a^4*c*d^2*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \int ((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2} (d + ex)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(105c^5d^5e^3x^5 + 231a^2c^3d^6e^2 - 198a^3c^2d^4e^4 + 88a^4cd^2e^6 - 16a^5e^8 + 35(11c^5d^6e^2 + 46a^2c^3d^5e^3 - 44a^3c^2d^3e^5 + 8a^4c^4d^4e^4 - 2a^3c^2d^2e^6 + 46a^2c^4d^7e + 99a^2c^3d^5e^3 - 44a^3c^2d^3e^5 + 8a^4c^4d^4e^4 - 2a^3c^2d^2e^6)*x^4 + 5*(99c^5d^7e + 110a*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(77c^5d^8 + 264a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 11a^2*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 2a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + (462a*c^4*d^7e + 99a^2*c^3*d^5e^3 - 44a^3*c^2*d^3e^5 + 8a^4*c^4d^4e^4 - 2a^3c^2d^2e^6)*x + 35(11c^5d^6e^2 + 46a^2c^3d^5e^3 - 44a^3c^2d^3e^5 + 8a^4c^4d^4e^4 - 2a^3c^2d^2e^6)}{(c^4d^4e^4x + c^4d^5)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/1155*(105*c^5*d^5*e^3*x^5 + 231*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 198*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 88*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 - 16*a^5*e^8 + 35*(11*c^5*d^6*e^2 + 4*a*c^4*d^4*e^4)*x^4 + 5*(99*c^5*d^7*e + 110*a*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(77*c^5*d^8 + 264*a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 11*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + (462*a*c^4*d^7*e + 99*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 44*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 8*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x + 35*(11*c^5*d^6*e^2 + 46*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 44*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 8*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6))*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 784 vs. 2(216) = 432.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/3465*(3465*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*d^3*e^2 - 2310*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e
- (c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a*d^3*e - 3465*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e - (c*d*x +
a*e)^(3/2))*a^2*d*e^3/c + 231*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x +
a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*d^3 + 1386*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*
a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a*d*e^2/c +
693*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x
+ a*e)^(5/2))*a^2*e^4/(c^2*d) - 297*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*
d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7
/2))*d*e/c - 594*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^
2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a*e^3/(c^2*d)
- 99*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(
c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a^2*e^5/(c^3*d^3) + 33*(31
5*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x
+ a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/
2))*e^2/(c^2*d) + 22*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3
/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*
e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2))*a*e^4/(c^3*d^3) - 5*(693*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^5
*e^5 - 1155*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^4*e^4 + 1386*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^3*e^3
- 990*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a^2*e^2 + 385*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2)*a*e - 63*(c*d
*x + a*e)^(11/2))*e^3/(c^3*d^3))/(c*d)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2ex^4(11cd^2 + 4ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{33} + \frac{2cde^2x^5\sqrt{d+ex}}{11} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(32a^5e}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*e*x^4*(4*a*e^2 + 11*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/33 + (2*c*d*e^2*x^5*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/11 - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(32*a^5*e^8 - 176*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 - 462*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 396*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4))/(1155*c^4*d^4*e) + (2*x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4 + 99*c^2*d^4 + 110*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(231*c*d) + (x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(462*c^5*d^8 + 1584*a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 66*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 12*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6))/(1155*c^4*d^4*e) + (2*a*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(8*a^3*e^6 + 462*c^3*d^6 + 99*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 44*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(1155*c^3*d^3)))/(x + d/e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (105c^5d^5e^3x^5 + 140ac^4d^4e^4x^4 + 385c^5d^6e^2x^4 + 5a^2c^3d^3e^5x^3 + 550ac^4d^5e^3x^3 + 105c^5d^5e^3x^5)}{1155c^4d^4e}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*( - 16*a**5*e**8 + 88*a**4*c*d**2*e**6 + 8*a**4*c*d*e**7*x - 198*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 44*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x - 6*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 231*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 99*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**3*x + 33*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 5*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 462*a*c**4*d**7*e*x + 792*a*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 550*a*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 140*a*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 231*c**5*d**8*x**2 + 495*c**5*d**7*e*x**3 + 385*c**5*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 105*c**5*d**5*e**3*x**5))/(1155*c**4*d**4)
```

3.289 $\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2237
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2238
Rubi [A] (verified)	2238
Maple [A] (verified)	2240
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2240
Sympy [F]	2241
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2241
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2241
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2242
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2243

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^3d^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^3d^3(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2e^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9c^3d^3(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+4/7*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/9*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2}(8a^2e^4-4acde^2(9d+5ex)+c^2d^2(63d^2+90dex+35e^2x^2))}{315c^3d^3(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{5/2}*(8*a^2*e^4 - 4*a*c*d*e^2*(9*d + 5*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(63*d^2 + 90*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2)))/(315*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^{5/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1122 \\ \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\ \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2)^{5/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2)^{5/2}}{35cd^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{9d} \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*c*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(9*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^2(35x^2c^2d^2e^2-20xacde^3+90xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-36acd^2e^2+63c^2d^4)}{315\sqrt{ex+d}d^3c^3}$	102
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(35x^2c^2d^2e^2-20xacde^3+90xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-36acd^2e^2+63c^2d^4)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315d^3c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	110
orering	$\frac{2(35x^2c^2d^2e^2-20xacde^3+90xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-36acd^2e^2+63c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315d^3c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	111

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2/315/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^2*(35*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-20*a*c*d*e^3*x+90*c^2*d^3*e*x+8*a^2*e^4-36*a*c*d^2*e^2+63*c^2*d^4)/d^3/c^3}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(35c^4d^4e^2x^4+63a^2c^2d^4e^2-36a^3cd^2e^4+8a^4e^6+10(9c^4d^5e+5ac^3d^3e^3)x^3+3(21c^4d^6+48a^2c^3d^4e^2+a^2c^2d^2e^4)*x^2+2*(63a^3c^3d^5e+9a^2c^2d^3e^3-2a^3c*d*e^5)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x+d}}{c^3*d^3*e*x+c^3*d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,algorit
hm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*e^2*x^4+63*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2-36*a^3*c*d^2*e^4+8*a^4*e^6+10*(9*c^4*d^5*e+5*a*c^3*d^3*e^3)*x^3+3*(21*c^4*d^6+48*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2+a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2+2*(63*a^3*c^3*d^5*e+9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3-2*a^3*c*d*e^5)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x+d}}{c^3*d^3*e*x+c^3*d^4}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \int ((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(35c^4d^4e^2x^4 + 63a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 36a^3cd^2e^4 + 8a^4e^6 + 10(9c^4d^5e + 5ac^3d^3e^3)x^3 + 3(21c^4d^4e^2 + a^2c^2d^2e^4)x^2 + 2(63a^3c^3d^5e + 9a^2c^2d^3e^3 - 2a^3c^3d^3e^5)x)\sqrt{c^3d^3e^2x + c^3d^4}}{315(c^3d^3e^2x + c^3d^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 63*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 36*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + 8*a^4*e^6 + 10*(9*c^4*d^5*e + 5*a*c^3*d^3*e^3)*x^3 + 3*(21*c^4*d^6 + 48*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(63*a*c^3*d^5*e + 9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 2*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x + c^3*d^4)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 500 vs. 2(157) = 314.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{cdx + aea^2d^2e^2} - 210 \left(3 \sqrt{cdx + aea} - (cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) ad^2e - \frac{210 \left(3 \sqrt{cdx + aea} - (cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) ad^2e - \frac{210 \left(3 \sqrt{cdx + aea} - (cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) ad^2e}{c}}{c} \right)}{c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{315} \cdot (315 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a^2 d^2 e^2 - 210 \cdot (3 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a e - (c dx + a e)^{(3/2)} a d^2 e - 210 \cdot (3 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a e - (c dx + a e)^{(3/2)} a^2 e^3 / c + 21 \cdot (15 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a^2 e^2 - 10 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(3/2)} a e + 3 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(5/2)} d^2 + 84 \cdot (15 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a^2 e^2 - 10 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(3/2)} a e + 3 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(5/2)} a e^2 / c + 21 \cdot (15 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a^2 e^2 - 10 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(3/2)} a e + 3 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(5/2)} a e^2 / c + 21 \cdot (15 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a^2 e^4 / (c^2 d^2) - 18 \cdot (35 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a^3 e^3 - 35 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(3/2)} a^2 e^2 + 21 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(5/2)} a e - 5 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(7/2)} e / c - 18 \cdot (35 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a^3 e^3 - 35 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(3/2)} a^2 e^2 + 21 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(5/2)} a e - 5 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(7/2)} a e^3 / (c^2 d^2) + (315 \sqrt{c dx + a e}) a^4 e^4 - 420 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(3/2)} a^3 e^3 + 378 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(5/2)} a^2 e^2 - 180 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(7/2)} a e + 35 \cdot (c dx + a e)^{(9/2)} e^2 / (c^2 d^2) / (c d)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c d e x^2 + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + a d e} \left(x^3 \left(\frac{4 c d^2}{7} + \frac{20 a e^2}{63} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} (16 a^4 e^6 - 72 a^3 c d^2 e^4)}{315 c^3 d^3 e} \right)}{315 c^3 d^3 e}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output
$$\left((x \cdot (a e^2 + c d^2) + a d e + c d e x^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot (x^3 \cdot ((20 a e^2) / 63 + (4 c d^2) / 7) \cdot (d + e x)^{(1/2)} + ((d + e x)^{(1/2)} \cdot (16 a^4 e^6 - 72 a^3 c d^2 e^4 + 126 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2)) / (315 c^3 d^3 e) + (2 c d e x^4 \cdot (d + e x)^{(1/2)}) / 9 + (x^2 \cdot (d + e x)^{(1/2)} \cdot (126 c^4 d^6 + 288 a c^3 d^4 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4)) / (315 c^3 d^3 e) + (4 a x \cdot (d + e x)^{(1/2)} \cdot (63 c^2 d^4 - 2 a^2 e^4 + 9 a c d^2 e^2)) / (315 c^2 d^2) \right) / (x + d/e)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(35c^4d^4e^2x^4+50ac^3d^3e^3x^3+90c^4d^5ex^3+3a^2c^2d^2e^4x^2+144ac^3d^4e^2x^2+63a^2c^2d^3e^3x+3a^3d^5e^2x+3a^4d^6e^2x^2+35c^4d^4e^2x^4)}{315c^3d^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(8*a**4*e**6 - 36*a**3*c*d**2*e**4 - 4*a**3*c*d*e**5*x + 63*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 18*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 126*a*c**3*d**5*e*x + 144*a*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 50*a*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 63*c**4*d**6*x**2 + 90*c**4*d**5*e*x**3 + 35*c**4*d**4*e**2*x**4))/(315*c**3*d**3)`

3.290 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	2244
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2244
Rubi [A] (verified)	2245
Maple [A] (verified)	2246
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2247
Sympy [F]	2247
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2247
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2248
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2248
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2249

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^2d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2e(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^2d^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

output `2/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/7*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cd)x)(d+ex)^{5/2}(-2ae^2 + cd(7d + 5ex))}{35c^2d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output

```
(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-2*a*e^2 + c*d*(7*d + 5*e*x)))/(35*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35cd^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*c*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^2(-5cdxe+2ae^2-7cd^2)}{35\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^2}$	61
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-5cdxe+2ae^2-7cd^2)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	69
orering	$-\frac{2(-5cdxe+2ae^2-7cd^2)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	70

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2*(-5*c*d*e*x+
2*a*e^2-7*c*d^2)/c^2/d^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(5c^3d^3ex^3 + 7a^2cd^2e^2 - 2a^3e^4 + (7c^3d^4 + 8ac^2d^2e^2)x^2 + (14ac^2d^2ex + 35(c^2d^2ex +$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(5*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 7*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^4 + (7*c^3*d^4 + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2 + (14*a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(5c^3d^3ex^3 + 7a^2cd^2e^2 - 2a^3e^4 + (7c^3d^4 + 8ac^2d^2e^2)x^2 + (14ac^2d^2ex + 35c^2d^2$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{2}{35}(5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 7a^2cd^2e^2 - 2a^3e^4 + (7c^3d^4 + 8a^2c^2d^2e^2)x^2 + (14a^2c^2d^3e + a^2cd^2e^3)x)\sqrt{cdx + ae}/(c^2d^2)$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 278 vs. $2(98) = 196$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2 \left(105 \sqrt{cdx + aea^2} de^2 - 70 \left(3 \sqrt{cdx + aea^2} - (cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \right) ad}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{2}{105} \left(105 \sqrt{cdx + ae} a^2 d e^2 - 70 (3 \sqrt{cdx + ae} a e - (cdx + ae)^{3/2}) a^2 e^3 / (c d) + 7 (15 \sqrt{cdx + ae} a^2 e^2 - 10 (cdx + ae)^{3/2}) a e + 3 (cdx + ae)^{5/2} d + 14 (15 \sqrt{cdx + ae} a^2 e^2 - 10 (cdx + ae)^{3/2} a e + 3 (cdx + ae)^{5/2}) a e^2 / (c d) - 3 (35 \sqrt{cdx + ae} a^3 e^3 - 35 (cdx + ae)^{3/2} a^2 e^2 + 21 (cdx + ae)^{5/2} a e - 5 (cdx + ae)^{7/2}) e / (c d) \right) / (c d)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{x^2 (14c^3d^4 + 16ac^2d^2e^2)}{35c^2d^2} - \frac{4a^3e^4}{35} \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

$$\frac{((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((x^2*(14*c^3*d^4 + 16*a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(35*c^2*d^2) - (4*a^3*e^4 - 14*a^2*c*d^2*e^2)/(35*c^2*d^2) + (2*c*d*e*x^3)/7 + (2*a*e*x*(a*e^2 + 14*c*d^2))/(35*c*d)))/(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (5c^3d^3ex^3 + 8ac^2d^2e^2x^2 + 7c^3d^4x^2 + a^2cde^3x + 14ade^2x + 5a^2d^2e^2)}{35c^2d^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)},x)$$

output

$$\frac{(2*\text{sqrt}(a*e + c*d*x)*(-2*a**3*e**4 + 7*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + a**2*c*d*e**3*x + 14*a*c**2*d**3*e*x + 8*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 7*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 5*c**3*d**3*e*x**3))/(35*c**2*d**2)}$$

$$3.291 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2250
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2250
Rubi [A] (verified)	2251
Maple [A] (verified)	2251
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2252
Sympy [F]	2252
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2253
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2253
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2254
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2254

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

output $2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/c/d/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{5cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}, x]$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(5/2)})/(5*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^2}{5\sqrt{ex+d}cd}$	42
gosper	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	50
orering	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output `2/5*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c/d`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex + d}}{5(cdex + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + ae}}{5cd}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2} a|e|}{cde^2} - \frac{(5((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2} ae^3 - 3((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{5/2})}{cde^5} \right)}{15e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*abs(e)/(c*d*e^2) - (5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))*abs(e)/(c*d*e^5))/e`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{4aex}{5} + \frac{2cdx^2}{5} + \frac{2a^2e^2}{5cd}\right) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`output `((((4*a*e*x)/5 + (2*c*d*x^2)/5 + (2*a^2*e^2)/(5*c*d))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae}(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)}{5cd}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + c**2*d**2*x**2))/(5*c*d)`

3.292 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2255
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2255
Rubi [A] (verified)	2256
Maple [A] (verified)	2258
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2258
Sympy [F]	2259
Maxima [F]	2259
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2260
Mupad [F(-1)]	2260
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2261

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(4ae^2 + cd(-3d + ex)) + 3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)\right)}{3e^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(4*a*e^2 + c*d*(-3*d + e*x)) + 3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]))/(3*e^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1131, 1131, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1131 \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1131 \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1136 \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} - 2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2}{d + ex} + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}} \right)}{e}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[d + e*x])]))/e^(3/2))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) a^2 e^4 - 6 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) ac d^2 e^2 + 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^2 d \right)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}e^2\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a^2*e^4-6*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^4-c*d*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-4*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*e^2+3*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/e^2/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e}} \log\left(-\frac{cde^2x^2 + 2ae^3x}{\dots}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm
hm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/3*(3*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*
log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d
*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*e*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e))/(e^2*x^2
+ 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x
x - 3*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^3*x + d*e^2), -2/3*(3*(c*d^3 - a*
d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^
2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*e*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)/(c*
d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x - 3*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^3*x + d*e^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorit
hm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x
)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3(c^2d^4|e| - 2acd^2e^2|e| + a^2e^4|e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} - 3\sqrt{(ex+d)cd} \right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(3*(c^2*d^4*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*abs(e) + a^2*e^4*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3) - (3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2*e^5*abs(e) - 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^7*abs(e) - ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*e^4*abs(e))/e^6)/e^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) ae^2 + 2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + c}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*e**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d**2 + 4*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**3 - 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2*e + sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e**2*x))/(3*e**3)`

3.293 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2262
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2263
Rubi [A] (verified)	2263
Maple [A] (verified)	2265
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2266
Sympy [F(-1)]	2266
Maxima [F]	2267
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2267
Mupad [F(-1)]	2268
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2268

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{3cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{e(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{3cd\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-3*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*a
rctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cdx} (-ae^2 + cd(3d + 2ex)) - 3cd \sqrt{d + ex} \right) - 3cd \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right]}{e^{5/2} \sqrt{ae + cdx} (d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-(a*e^2) + c*d*(3*d + 2*e*x)) - 3*c*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(d + e*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]))/(e^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1130, 1131, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1130}$$

$$\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1131}$$

$$\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1136 \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - 2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}e^2+(cd^2-ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}} \right)}{e^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} e(d+ex)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(5/2))) + (3*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/e^(3/2)))/(2*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] & IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1131

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
- Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right)acd e^3 x+3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right)c^2 d^3 e x-3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right)ac d^2 e^2+3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right)ac d^2 e^2+3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right)ac d^2 e^2}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cdx}}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e^3*x+3*arc
tanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^3*e*x-3*arctanh(e*
(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+
a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^4+2*c*d*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((
a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*e^2+3*((
a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c*d^2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)
/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/e^2/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{3(cde^2x^2 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e}} \log\left(-\frac{cde^2x^2 + 2ae^3x - cd^3 + 2ade}{e}\right)}{e^2x^2 + 2d^2e^2x + d^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(3*(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2), (3*(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$cd \left(\frac{3(cd^2|e| - ae^2|e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}e} - \frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}|e|}{e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}cd^2|e| - \sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}cd^2|e|}{(ex+d)cde^2} \right)$$

e^2

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-c*d*(3*(c*d^2*abs(e) - a*e^2*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/(sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*e) - 2*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*abs(e)/e^2 - (sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2*abs(e) - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^2*abs(e))/((e*x + d)*c*d*e^2)/e^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) cd^2 - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + c}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2), x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d**2 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x - sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**3 + 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2*e + 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*e**2*x)/(e**3*(d + e*x))`

3.294 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2269
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2269
Rubi [A] (verified)	2270
Maple [A] (verified)	2272
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2272
Sympy [F(-1)]	2273
Maxima [F]	2273
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2274
Mupad [F(-1)]	2274
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2275

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{3cd\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{3c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}\sqrt{d + ex}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}$$

output

```
-3/4*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+3/4*c^2*d^2*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(-\sqrt{e}(2ae^2 + cd(3d + 5ex)) + \frac{3c^2d^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-(Sqrt[e]*(2*a*e^2 + c*d*(3*d + 5*e*x))) + (3*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]))/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]))/(4*e^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx}{4e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{4e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1136$$

$$\frac{3cd \left(cd \int \frac{1}{\frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2}{d + ex} + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} dx \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{4e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 218 \\
 3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 \frac{2e(d + ex)^{7/2}}{2e(d + ex)^{7/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (
3*c*d*(-(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))
+ (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[
c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]))/(4*e)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 1130

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^2 d^3 ex + 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \right)}{4(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{cdx+ae} e^2 \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2}*(3*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+6*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*c^2*d^3*e*x+3*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*c^2*d^4+5*c*d*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}+2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*a*e^2+3*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^{5/2}/(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/e^2/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 648, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 3c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^4ex + c^2d^5)\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \log}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(3*c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*a^2*e^5 + 5*(c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^5*e^3 - a*d^3*e^5 + (c*d^2*e^6 - a*e^8)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e^5 - a*d*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(c*d^4*e^4 - a*d^2*e^6)*x), -1/4*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (3*c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*a^2*e^5 + 5*(c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^5*e^3 - a*d^3*e^5 + (c*d^2*e^6 - a*e^8)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e^5 - a*d*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(c*d^4*e^4 - a*d^2*e^6)*x)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(9/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/(e*x + d)^(9/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{3c^3d^3e|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} - \frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}c^4d^5e^2|e| - 3\sqrt{\dots}}{4cde^4}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(3*c^3*d^3*e*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3) - (3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^5*e^2*abs(e) - 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^3*d^3*e^4*abs(e) + 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3*e*abs(e))/((e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(c*d*e^4)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^2 d^4 - 6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + c}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 - sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x + 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e + 5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x)/(4*e**3*(a*d**2*e**2 + 2*a*d*e**3*x + a*e**4*x**2 - c*d**4 - 2*c*d**3*e*x - c*d**2*e**2*x**2))`

3.295
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2276
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2277
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{cd\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{8e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$-\frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8e^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
output -1/4*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+1/8*c^2
*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3
/2)-1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(9/2)+1/8*c^3*d^
3*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(8a^2e^4 - 2acde^2) \right)}{24e^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(8*a^2*e^4 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*(d - 7*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-3*d^2 - 8*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)) + 3*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(24*e^(5/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1135, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2e}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2} \left((x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2} \right)}$$

1135

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2e}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2} \left((x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2} \right)}$$

1136

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2 + (cd^2-ae^2)e} dx \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2e}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2} \left((x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2} \right)}$$

218

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)}}{\sqrt{e} (cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output `-1/3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(9/2)) + (c*d*(-1/2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[d + e*x])])/(sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))))/(4*e)))/(2*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p+1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 446 vs. $2(218) = 436$.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 9 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 9 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^3 d^5 e x \right)}{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+9*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2+9*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^5*e*x+3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^6-3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-14*a*c*d*e^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+8*c^2*d^3*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-8*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a^2*e^4+2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^4/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 472 vs. $2(218) = 436$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 966, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.86

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(3*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(3*c^3*d^6*e - a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 8*a^3*e^7 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(4*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 11*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 7*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^8*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^6*e^5 + a^2*d^4*e^7 + (c^2*d^4*e^7 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^9 + a^2*e^11)*x^4 + 4*(c^2*d^5*e^6 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^8 + a^2*d*e^10)*x^3 + 6*(c^2*d^6*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^7 + a^2*d^2*e^9)*x^2 + 4*(c^2*d^7*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^6 + a^2*d^3*e^8)*x), -1/24*(3*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (3*c^3*d^6*e - a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + 8*a^3*e^7 - 3*(c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(4*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 11*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 7*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^8*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^6*e^5 + a^2*d^4*e^7 + (c^2*d^4*e^7 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^9 + a^2*e^11)*x^4 + 4*(c^2*d^5*e^6 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^8 + a^2*d*e^10)*x^3 + 6*(c^2*d^6*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^7 + a^2*d^2*e^9)*x^2 + 4*(c^2*d^7*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^6 + a^2*d^3*e^8)*x)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/(e*x + d)^(11/2),x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} c^3 d^3 \left(\frac{3 |e| \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} \right)}{(cd^2e^3 - ae^5)\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} - \frac{3 \sqrt{(ex+d)cde -}}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*c^3*d^3*(3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt
(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) - (3*sqrt((
e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) - 6*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*
d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) + 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2
*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^6*abs(e) + 8*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c
*d^2*e*abs(e) - 8*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3*abs(e) -
3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*abs(e))/((c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*
(e*x + d)^3*c^3*d^3*e^3))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^3 d^6 + 9\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2), x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**6 + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**5*e*x + 9*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 + 10*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 14*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**6*x + sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 22*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e - 8*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2)/(24*e**3*(a**2*d**3*e**4 + 3*a**2*d**2*e**5*x + 3*a**2*d**6*x**2 + a**2*e**7*x**3 - 2*a*c*d**5*e**2 - 6*a*c*d**4*e**3*x - 6*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**3 + c**2*d**7 + 3*c**2*d**6*e*x + 3*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**2 + c**2*d**4*e**3*x**3))
```

3.296 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2285
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2286
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 315

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{cd\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{8e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{32e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{3c^3d^3\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{64e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e(d+ex)^{11/2}} + \frac{3c^4d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{64e^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+1/32*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+3/64*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(11/2)+3/64*c^4*d^4*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{c^4 d^4 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{e}(16a^3 e^6 - 24a^2 cde^4(d - ex) + 2ac^2 d^2 e^2(d^2 - ex^2))}{c^4 d^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{64e^{5/2}(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(13/2),x]
```

output

```
(c^4*d^4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(-(Sqrt[e]*(16*a^3*e^6 - 24*a^2*c*d*e^4*(d - e*x) + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(d^2 - 22*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(3*d^3 + 11*d^2*e*x - 11*d*e^2*x^2 - 3*e^3*x^3)))/(c^4*d^4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^4)) + (3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)))/(64*e^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1135, 1135, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx}{8e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e(d + ex)^{11/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8e}{4e(d+ex)^{11/2}} \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$3cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8e}{4e(d+ex)^{11/2}} \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$3cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8e}{4e(d+ex)^{11/2}} \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 3cd \left(\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 cd \frac{\phantom{3cd \left(\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 3cd \frac{\phantom{3cd \left(\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}}{6e}
 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4e(d + ex)^{11/2}} \quad 8e$$

\downarrow 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{cd}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{8e(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e(d + ex)^{11/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(11/2)) + (3*c*d*(-1/3*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^(7/2))) + (c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))) + (3*c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))) + (c*d*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[d + e*x])])/(sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2))))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(6*e))/(8*e)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1130 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^m)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1135 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^m)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1136 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 651 vs. $2(277) = 554$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 652, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e} \right) c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 12 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e} \right) c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 18 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/64*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(3*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4+12*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^3+18*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^6*e^2*x^2+12*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^7*e*x-3*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}+3*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^8+2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}-11*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}+24*a^2*c*d*e^5*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}-44*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}+11*c^3*d^5*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}+16*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*a^3*e^6-24*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+3*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^6)/(e*x+d)^(9/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}/e^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 682 vs. $2(277) = 554$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1386, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/128*(3*(c^4*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^4*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 10*c^4*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 10*
c^4*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^8*e*x + c^4*d^9)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*
d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*
d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x +
d^2)) + 2*(3*c^4*d^8*e - a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 26*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 40*a^3*c*d^
2*e^7 - 16*a^4*e^9 - 3*(c^4*d^5*e^4 - a*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^3 - (11*c^4*d^6*e^3
- 13*a*c^3*d^4*e^5 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (11*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 55*a*c^3*
d^5*e^4 + 68*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 24*a^3*c*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^11*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^9*e^5 + 3*a^2
*c*d^7*e^7 - a^3*d^5*e^9 + (c^3*d^6*e^8 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e
^12 - a^3*d^14)*x^5 + 5*(c^3*d^7*e^7 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^9 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^11
- a^3*d^13)*x^4 + 10*(c^3*d^8*e^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^10 -
a^3*d^2*e^12)*x^3 + 10*(c^3*d^9*e^5 - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^7 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^9 -
a^3*d^3*e^11)*x^2 + 5*(c^3*d^10*e^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^8*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^6*e^8 -
a^3*d^4*e^10)*x), -1/64*(3*(c^4*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^4*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 10*c^4*
d^6*e^3*x^3 + 10*c^4*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^8*e*x + c^4*d^9)*sqrt(c*d^2*e -
a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e -
a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (3*c^4*d^
8*e - a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 26*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 40*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - 16*a^4*e^9 -
3*(c^4*d^5*e^4 - a*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^3 - (11*c^4*d^6*e^3 - 13*a*c^3*d^4*e...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(13/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{13}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/(e*x + d)^(13/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{3c^5d^5e|e|\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}}\right)}{(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}} - \frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}c^8d^{11}e^4|e|-9\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}}{(c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/64*(3*c^5*d^5*e*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) - (3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^8*d^11*e^4*abs(e) - 9*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^7*d^9*e^6*abs(e) + 9*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^6*d^7*e^8*abs(e) - 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^5*d^5*e^10*abs(e) + 11*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^7*d^9*e^3*abs(e) - 22*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^6*d^7*e^5*abs(e) + 11*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^7*abs(e) - 11*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*c^5*d^5*e^4*abs(e) - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*c^5*d^5*e*abs(e))/((c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^4*c^4*d^4*e^4)/(c*d*e^4)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(13/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 864, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^4 d^8 - 12\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)
*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**8 - 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**2)
)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**7
*e*x - 18*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqr
t(e)*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 12*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a
***2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**
2)))*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a
*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a***2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 - 1
6*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**9 + 40*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**7 - 24
*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**8*x - 26*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e
**5 + 68*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**6*x - 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**
2*c**2*d**2*e**7*x**2 - sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**3 - 55*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**4*x + 13*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**2 +
3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**8*
e + 11*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**7*e**2*x - 11*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**6
*e**3*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**3)/(64*e**3*(a**3*d**4*
e**6 + 4*a**3*d**3*e**7*x + 6*a**3*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*a**3*d*e**9*x**3 + a
**3*e**10*x**4 - 3*a**2*c*d**6*e**4 - 12*a**2*c*d**5*e**5*x - 18*a**2*c*d*
**4*e**6*x**2 - 12*a**2*c*d**3*e**7*x**3 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**8*x**4 + 3*a*c*
**2*d**8*e**2 + 12*a*c**2*d**7*e**3*x + 18*a*c**2*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 12*a...
```


3.297 $\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2296
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2297
Rubi [A] (verified)	2297
Maple [A] (verified)	2300
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2300
Sympy [F(-1)]	2301
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2301
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2302
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2303
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2304

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 305

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^5d^5(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{8e(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9c^5d^5(d+ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{12e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{11/2}}{11c^5d^5(d+ex)^{11/2}} + \frac{8e^3(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{13/2}}{13c^5d^5(d+ex)^{13/2}} + \frac{2e^4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{15/2}}{15c^5d^5(d+ex)^{15/2}}$$

output

```
2/7*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+8/9*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(9/2)+12/11*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(11/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(11/2)+8/13*e^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(13/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(13/2)+2/15*e^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(15/2)/c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} (128a^4e^8 - 64a^3cde^6(15d + 7ex) + 48a^2c^2d^2e^4(65d^2 +$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(128*a^4*e^8 - 64*a^3*c*d*e^6*(15*d + 7*e*x) + 48*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(65*d^2 + 70*d*e*x + 21*e^2*x^2) - 8*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(715*d^3 + 1365*d^2*e*x + 945*d*e^2*x^2 + 231*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(6435*d^4 + 20020*d^3*e*x + 24570*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 13860*d*e^3*x^3 + 3003*e^4*x^4))/(45045*c^5*d^5*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt{d + ex} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2} dx}{\frac{15d}{2\sqrt{d + ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{15cd}{2\sqrt{d + ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{13d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{15d}{15cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{11d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{13d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{15d}{15cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{13d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{15d}{15cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1122
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{15cd} + \frac{8\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{13d} \right)}{15d}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(15*c*d) +
(8*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(
13*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*
(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c*d^2
*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c
*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))))/(11*d)))/(13*d)))/(15*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1128 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^3(3003c^4d^4e^4x^4-1848ac^3d^3e^5x^3+13860c^4d^5e^3x^3+1008a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-7560ac^3d^4e^4x^2+24570c^4d^6e^2x^2-448a^3cde^7x+3360a^2c^2d^2e^6x-10920a^3c^3d^5e^3x+20020c^4d^7e^5x+128a^4e^8-960a^3c^3d^2e^6+3120a^2c^2d^4e^4-5720ac^3d^6e^2+6435c^4d^8)/d^5/c^5}{45045\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3003c^4d^4e^4x^4-1848ac^3d^3e^5x^3+13860c^4d^5e^3x^3+1008a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-7560ac^3d^4e^4x^2+24570c^4d^6e^2x^2-448a^3cde^7x+3360a^2c^2d^2e^6x-10920a^3c^3d^5e^3x+20020c^4d^7e^5x+128a^4e^8-960a^3c^3d^2e^6+3120a^2c^2d^4e^4-5720ac^3d^6e^2+6435c^4d^8)/d^5/c^5}{45045\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$
orering	$\frac{2(3003c^4d^4e^4x^4-1848ac^3d^3e^5x^3+13860c^4d^5e^3x^3+1008a^2c^2d^2e^6x^2-7560ac^3d^4e^4x^2+24570c^4d^6e^2x^2-448a^3cde^7x+3360a^2c^2d^2e^6x-10920a^3c^3d^5e^3x+20020c^4d^7e^5x+128a^4e^8-960a^3c^3d^2e^6+3120a^2c^2d^4e^4-5720ac^3d^6e^2+6435c^4d^8)/d^5/c^5}{45045\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/45045/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3*(3003*c^4*
d^4*e^4*x^4-1848*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^3+13860*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^3+1008*a^2*c^2*d^2*
e^6*x^2-7560*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*x^2+24570*c^4*d^6*e^2*x^2-448*a^3*c*d*e^7*x+336
0*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*x-10920*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*x+20020*c^4*d^7*e^5*x+128*a^4*e^8-96
0*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+3120*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-5720*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+6435*c^4*d^8)/d^5/
c^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(3003c^7d^7e^4x^7 + 6435a^3c^4d^8e^3 - 5720a^4c^3d^6e^5 + 3120a^5c^2d^4e^7 - 960a^6cd^2e^9 + 128a^7d^8e^5)}{45045\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*c^7*d^7*e^4*x^7 + 6435*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 5720*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 3120*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 960*a^6*c*d^2*e^9 + 128*a^7*e^11 + 231*(60*c^7*d^8*e^3 + 31*a*c^6*d^6*e^5)*x^6 + 63*(390*c^7*d^9*e^2 + 540*a*c^6*d^7*e^4 + 71*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^6)*x^5 + 35*(572*c^7*d^10*e + 1794*a*c^6*d^8*e^3 + 636*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^5 + a^3*c^4*d^4*e^7)*x^4 + 5*(1287*c^7*d^11 + 10868*a*c^6*d^9*e^2 + 8814*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^4 + 60*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^6 - 8*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8)*x^3 + 3*(6435*a*c^6*d^10*e + 14300*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^3 + 390*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^5 - 120*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^7 + 16*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^9)*x^2 + (19305*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^2 + 2860*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 1560*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 480*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^8 - 64*a^6*c*d*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x + c^5*d^6)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(3003c^7d^7e^4x^7 + 6435a^3c^4d^8e^3 - 5720a^4c^3d^6e^5 + 3120a^5c^2d^4e^7 - 960a^6cd^2e^9 + 128a^7e^{11} + 231(60c^7d^8e^3 + 31ac^6d^6e^5)x^6 + 63(390c^7d^9e^2 + 540ac^6d^7e^4 + 71a^2c^5d^5e^6)x^5 + 35(572c^7d^{10}e + 1794ac^6d^8e^3 + 636a^2c^5d^6e^5 + a^3c^4d^4e^7)x^4 + 5(1287c^7d^{11} + 10868ac^6d^9e^2 + 8814a^2c^5d^7e^4 + 60a^3c^4d^5e^6 - 8a^4c^3d^3e^8)x^3 + 3(6435ac^6d^{10}e + 14300a^2c^5d^8e^3 + 390a^3c^4d^6e^5 - 120a^4c^3d^4e^7 + 16a^5c^2d^2e^9)x^2 + (19305a^2c^5d^9e^2 + 2860a^3c^4d^7e^4 - 1560a^4c^3d^5e^6 + 480a^5c^2d^3e^8 - 64a^6cd^2e^9 + 128a^7e^{11})x)}{\sqrt{c^5d^5ex + c^5d^6}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*c^7*d^7*e^4*x^7 + 6435*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 5720*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^
5 + 3120*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 960*a^6*c*d^2*e^9 + 128*a^7*e^11 + 231*(60*c^7*
d^8*e^3 + 31*a*c^6*d^6*e^5)*x^6 + 63*(390*c^7*d^9*e^2 + 540*a*c^6*d^7*e^4
+ 71*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^6)*x^5 + 35*(572*c^7*d^10*e + 1794*a*c^6*d^8*e^3 + 636*
a^2*c^5*d^6*e^5 + a^3*c^4*d^4*e^7)*x^4 + 5*(1287*c^7*d^11 + 10868*a*c^6*d^
9*e^2 + 8814*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^4 + 60*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^6 - 8*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8)*x^3
+ 3*(6435*a*c^6*d^10*e + 14300*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^3 + 390*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^5 - 12
0*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^7 + 16*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^9)*x^2 + (19305*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^2 + 286
0*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 1560*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 480*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^8 - 64*a^6*c*
d*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x + c^5*d^6)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1674 vs. $2(275) = 550$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1674, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.49

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorit
hm="giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(45045*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*d^4*e^3 - 45045*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*
a*e - (c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a^2*d^4*e^2 - 60060*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e -
(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a^3*d^2*e^4/c + 9009*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 -
10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a*d^4*e + 36036*(15*sq
rt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/
2))*a^2*d^2*e^3/c + 18018*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)
^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a^3*e^5/c^2 - 1287*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*
e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e -
5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*d^4 - 15444*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*
d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7
/2))*a*d^2*e^2/c - 23166*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(
3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a^2*e^
4/c^2 - 5148*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^
2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a^3*e^6/(c^3*d^2)
+ 572*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 3
78*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x +
a*e)^(9/2))*d^2*e/c + 2574*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x +
a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(
7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2))*a*e^3/c^2 + 1716*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)
*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 501, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2ex^5 \sqrt{d+ex} (71a^2e^4 + 540acd^2e^2 + 390c^2d^4)}{715} + \frac{2x^4 \sqrt{d+ex} (a^3e^6 + \dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```


output

```
((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*e*x^5*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(71*a^2*e^4 + 390*c^2*d^4 + 540*a*c*d^2*e^2))/715 + (2*x^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^3*e^6 + 572*c^3*d^6 + 1794*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 636*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(1287*c*d) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(256*a^7*e^11 - 1920*a^6*c*d^2*e^9 + 12870*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 11440*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 6240*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^7))/(45045*c^5*d^5*e) + (2*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^7*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/15 + (2*a*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^4*e^8 + 6435*c^4*d^8 + 14300*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 120*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 390*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/(15015*c^3*d^3) + (x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(12870*c^7*d^11 + 108680*a*c^6*d^9*e^2 + 88140*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^4 + 600*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^6 - 80*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8))/(45045*c^5*d^5*e) + (2*c*d*e^2*x^6*(31*a*e^2 + 60*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/195 + (2*a^2*e*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(19305*c^4*d^8 - 64*a^4*e^8 + 2860*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 480*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 1560*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/(45045*c^4*d^4)))/(x + d/e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (3003c^7d^7e^4x^7 + 7161ac^6d^6e^5x^6 + 13860c^7d^8e^3x^6 + 4473a^2c^5d^5e^6x^5 + 34020$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(128*a**7*e**11 - 960*a**6*c*d**2*e**9 - 64*a**6*c*d*e**10*x + 3120*a**5*c**2*d**4*e**7 + 480*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**8*x + 48*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**9*x**2 - 5720*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**5 - 1560*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**6*x - 360*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**7*x**2 - 40*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**8*x**3 + 6435*a**3*c**4*d**8*e**3 + 2860*a**3*c**4*d**7*e**4*x + 1170*a**3*c**4*d**6*e**5*x**2 + 300*a**3*c**4*d**5*e**6*x**3 + 35*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**7*x**4 + 19305*a**2*c**5*d**9*e**2*x + 42900*a**2*c**5*d**8*e**3*x**2 + 44070*a**2*c**5*d**7*e**4*x**3 + 22260*a**2*c**5*d**6*e**5*x**4 + 4473*a**2*c**5*d**5*e**6*x**5 + 19305*a*c**6*d**10*e*x**2 + 54340*a*c**6*d**9*e**2*x**3 + 62790*a*c**6*d**8*e**3*x**4 + 34020*a*c**6*d**7*e**4*x**5 + 7161*a*c**6*d**6*e**5*x**6 + 6435*c**7*d**11*x**3 + 20020*c**7*d**10*e*x**4 + 24570*c**7*d**9*e**2*x**5 + 13860*c**7*d**8*e**3*x**6 + 3003*c**7*d**7*e**4*x**7))/(45045*c**5*d**5)
```

3.298 $\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2305
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2306
Rubi [A] (verified)	2306
Maple [A] (verified)	2308
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2309
Sympy [F(-1)]	2309
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2310
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2310
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2311
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2312

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^4d^4(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{3c^4d^4(d + ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{6e^2(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{11/2}}{11c^4d^4(d + ex)^{11/2}} + \frac{2e^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{13/2}}{13c^4d^4(d + ex)^{13/2}}$$

output

```
2/7*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/3*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(9/2)+6/11*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(11/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(11/2)+2/13*e^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(13/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(13/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(ae+cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-16a^3e^6+8a^2cde^4(13d+7ex)-2ac^2d^2e^2(143d^2+18cdex^2+3003c^4d^4\sqrt{d+ex}))}{3003c^4d^4\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-16*a^3*e^6 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^4*(13*d + 7*e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(143*d^2 + 182*d*e*x + 63*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(429*d^3 + 1001*d^2*e*x + 819*d*e^2*x^2 + 231*e^3*x^3)))/(3003*c^4*d^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{13d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{11d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{13d} + \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \\
 & \frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{13d} + \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
 & \frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{7/2}}{63cd^2(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{11d} \right)}{13d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(13*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c*d^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))))/(11*d)))/(13*d)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^3(-231c^3d^3e^3x^3+126x^2ac^2d^2e^4-819c^3d^4e^2x^2-56xa^2cde^5+364xa^2d^3e^3-1001c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-104d^2e^4a^2c+286d^4e^2ac^2-429c^3d^6)}{3003\sqrt{ex+d}d^4c^4}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-231c^3d^3e^3x^3+126x^2ac^2d^2e^4-819c^3d^4e^2x^2-56xa^2cde^5+364xa^2d^3e^3-1001c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-104d^2e^4a^2c+286d^4e^2ac^2-429c^3d^6)}{3003d^4c^4(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-231c^3d^3e^3x^3+126x^2ac^2d^2e^4-819c^3d^4e^2x^2-56xa^2cde^5+364xa^2d^3e^3-1001c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-104d^2e^4a^2c+286d^4e^2ac^2-429c^3d^6)}{3003d^4c^4(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN VERBOSE)`

output `-2/3003/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3*(-231*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+126*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-819*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2-56*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+364*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-1001*c^3*d^5*e*x+16*a^3*e^6-104*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+286*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-429*c^3*d^6)/d^4/c^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(231c^6d^6e^3x^6+429a^3c^3d^6e^3-286a^4c^2d^4e^5+104a^5cd^2e^7-16a^6e^9+63(13c^6d^7e^2+9a^5c^5d^5e^4)x^5+7(143c^6d^8e+299a^5c^5d^6e^3+53a^2c^4d^4e^5)x^4+(429c^6d^9+2717a^5c^5d^7e^2+1469a^2c^4d^5e^4+5a^3c^3d^3e^6)x^3+3(429a^5c^5d^8e+715a^2c^4d^6e^3+13a^3c^3d^4e^5-2a^4c^2d^2e^7)x^2+(1287a^2c^4d^7e^2+143a^3c^3d^5e^4-52a^4c^2d^3e^6+8a^5c^5d^8e)x)\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{(c^4d^4ex+c^4d^5)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3003*(231*c^6*d^6*e^3*x^6 + 429*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 286*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 104*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 - 16*a^6*e^9 + 63*(13*c^6*d^7*e^2 + 9*a*c^5*d^5*e^4)*x^5 + 7*(143*c^6*d^8*e + 299*a*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 53*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^5)*x^4 + (429*c^6*d^9 + 2717*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 1469*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^3 + 3*(429*a*c^5*d^8*e + 715*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 13*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 2*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (1287*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 143*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 52*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 8*a^5*c^5*d^8*e)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2(231c^6d^6e^3x^6+429a^3c^3d^6e^3-286a^4c^2d^4e^5+104a^5cd^2e^7-16a^6e^9+63(13c^6d^7e^2+9$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3003*(231*c^6*d^6*e^3*x^6 + 429*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 286*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 104*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 - 16*a^6*e^9 + 63*(13*c^6*d^7*e^2 + 9*a*c^5*d^5*e^4)*x^5 + 7*(143*c^6*d^8*e + 299*a*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 53*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^5)*x^4 + (429*c^6*d^9 + 2717*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 1469*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^3 + 3*(429*a*c^5*d^8*e + 715*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 13*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 2*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (1287*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 143*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 52*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 8*a^5*c*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1195 vs. 2(216) = 432.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1195, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/15015*(15015*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*d^3*e^3 - 15015*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*
a*e - (c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a^2*d^3*e^2 - 15015*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e -
(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a^3*d*e^4/c + 3003*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10
*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a^d^3*e + 9009*(15*sqrt(
c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))
*a^2*d*e^3/c + 3003*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)
*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a^3*e^5/(c^2*d) - 429*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*
a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*
(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*d^3 - 3861*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x
+ a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))
*a*d*e^2/c - 3861*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a
^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a^2*e^4/(c^2*
d) - 429*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 +
21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a^3*e^6/(c^3*d^3) + 14
3*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(
c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e
)^(9/2))*d*e/c + 429*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3
/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*
e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2))*a*e^3/(c^2*d) + 143*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4
*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(x^4 \sqrt{d+ex} \left(\frac{106a^2e^4}{429} + \frac{46acd^2e^2}{33} + \frac{2c^2d^4}{3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(32d^2 + 2cdx + ae^2)}{3} \right)}{3}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```


output

```
((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(x^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((106*
a^2*e^4)/429 + (2*c^2*d^4)/3 + (46*a*c*d^2*e^2)/33) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(32
*a^6*e^9 - 208*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 - 858*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 572*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^5))
/(3003*c^4*d^4*e) + (2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/13 + (x^3*(d + e*x
)^(1/2)*(858*c^6*d^9 + 5434*a*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 2938*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 10*a^3*
c^3*d^3*e^6))/(3003*c^4*d^4*e) + (6*c*d*e*x^5*(9*a*e^2 + 13*c*d^2)*(d + e
x)^(1/2))/143 + (2*a*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(429*c^3*d^6 - 2*a^3*e^6 + 715*a*
c^2*d^4*e^2 + 13*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(1001*c^2*d^2) + (2*a^2*e*x*(d + e*x)^(1/
2)*(8*a^3*e^6 + 1287*c^3*d^6 + 143*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 52*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(300
3*c^3*d^3)))/(x + d/e)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae} (231c^6d^6e^3x^6 + 567ac^5d^5e^4x^5 + 819c^6d^7e^2x^5 + 371a^2c^4d^4e^5x^4 + 2093ac^5d^6e^5x^3 + 1001c^6d^8e^4x^2 + 819c^6d^7e^2x^2 + 231c^6d^6e^3x^2 + 143a^3c^3d^5e^4x + 39a^3c^3d^4e^5x^2 + 5a^3c^3d^3e^6x^3 + 1287a^2c^4d^7e^2x + 2145a^2c^4d^6e^3x^2 + 1469a^2c^4d^5e^4x^3 + 371a^2c^4d^4e^5x^4 + 1287ac^5d^8e^4x^2 + 2717ac^5d^7e^2x^3 + 2093ac^5d^6e^3x^4 + 567ac^5d^5e^4x^5 + 429c^6d^9e^3x^3 + 1001c^6d^8e^4x^4 + 819c^6d^7e^2x^5 + 231c^6d^6e^3x^6)}{(3003c^4d^4e)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(- 16*a**6*e**9 + 104*a**5*c*d**2*e**7 + 8*a**5*c*d*
e**8*x - 286*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**5 - 52*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**6*x - 6*a**4*c**2*
d**2*e**7*x**2 + 429*a**3*c**3*d**6*e**3 + 143*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**4*x + 39*
a**3*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**2 + 5*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3 + 1287*a**2*c**4*d**
7*e**2*x + 2145*a**2*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**2 + 1469*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**3 +
371*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**4 + 1287*a*c**5*d**8*e**4*x**2 + 2717*a*c**5*d**7
e**2*x**3 + 2093*a*c**5*d**6*e**3*x**4 + 567*a*c**5*d**5*e**4*x**5 + 429*
c**6*d**9*x**3 + 1001*c**6*d**8*e**4*x**4 + 819*c**6*d**7*e**2*x**5 + 231*c**
6*d**6*e**3*x**6))/(3003*c**4*d**4)
```

3.299 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	2313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2313
Rubi [A] (verified)	2314
Maple [A] (verified)	2315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2316
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2317
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2318
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2319

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^3d^3(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{4e(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9c^3d^3(d+ex)^{9/2}} + \frac{2e^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{11/2}}{11c^3d^3(d+ex)^{11/2}}$$

output

$2/7*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+4/9*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(9/2)+2/11*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(11/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(11/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}(8a^2e^4 - 4acde^2(11d + 7ex) + 693c^3d^3\sqrt{d + ex})}{693c^3d^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

`Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output

$$(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(8*a^2*e^4 - 4*a*c*d*e^2*(11*d + 7*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(99*d^2 + 154*d*e*x + 63*e^2*x^2)))/(693*c^3*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{11d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} +$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63cd^2(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{11d}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(63*c*d^2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(9*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})))/(11*d)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^3(63x^2c^2d^2e^2-28xacde^3+154xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-44acd^2e^2+99c^2d^4)}{693\sqrt{ex+d}d^3c^3}$	102
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(63x^2c^2d^2e^2-28xacde^3+154xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-44acd^2e^2+99c^2d^4)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693d^3c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	110
orering	$\frac{2(63x^2c^2d^2e^2-28xacde^3+154xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-44acd^2e^2+99c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693d^3c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	111

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/693*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3*(63*c^2*d^2*
e^2*x^2-28*a*c*d*e^3*x+154*c^2*d^3*e*x+8*a^2*e^4-44*a*c*d^2*e^2+99*c^2*d^4
)/d^3/c^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(63c^5d^5e^2x^5 + 99a^3c^2d^4e^3 - 44a^4cd^2e^5 + 8a^5e^7 + 7(22c^5d^6e -$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/693*(63*c^5*d^5*e^2*x^5 + 99*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 44*a^4*c*d^2*e^5 + 8*a^5*
e^7 + 7*(22*c^5*d^6*e + 23*a*c^4*d^4*e^3)*x^4 + (99*c^5*d^7 + 418*a*c^4*d^
5*e^2 + 113*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(99*a*c^4*d^6*e + 110*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3
+ a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + (297*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 22*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 4*a^
4*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c
^3*d^3*e*x + c^3*d^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/sqrt(d + e*x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(63c^5d^5e^2x^5 + 99a^3c^2d^4e^3 - 44a^4cd^2e^5 + 8a^5e^7 + 7(22c^5d^6e -$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/693*(63*c^5*d^5*e^2*x^5 + 99*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 44*a^4*c*d^2*e^5 + 8*a^5*e^7 + 7*(22*c^5*d^6*e + 23*a*c^4*d^4*e^3)*x^4 + (99*c^5*d^7 + 418*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 113*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(99*a*c^4*d^6*e + 110*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + (297*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 22*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 4*a^4*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^3*d^3)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 780 vs. 2(157) = 314.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 780, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/3465*(3465*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*d^2*e^3 - 3465*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e
- (c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a^2*d^2*e^2 - 2310*(3*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*e - (c*d*
*x + a*e)^(3/2))*a^3*e^4/c + 693*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x
+ a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a*d^2*e + 1386*(15*sqrt(c*d*x +
a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a^2*e^
3/c + 231*(15*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^2*e^2 - 10*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a*e + 3*(
c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2))*a^3*e^5/(c^2*d^2) - 99*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 -
35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x +
a*e)^(7/2))*d^2 - 594*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/
2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a*e^2/c -
297*(35*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^3*e^3 - 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^2*e^2 + 21*(
c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a*e - 5*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2))*a^2*e^4/(c^2*d^2) + 22*(31
5*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*e^3 + 378*(c*d*x
+ a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/
2))*e/c + 33*(315*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^4*e^4 - 420*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^3*
e^3 + 378*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^2*e^2 - 180*(c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a*e + 35*(
c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2))*a*e^3/(c^2*d^2) - 5*(693*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a^5*e^5 - 1
155*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*a^4*e^4 + 1386*(c*d*x + a*e)^(5/2)*a^3*e^3 - 990*(
c*d*x + a*e)^(7/2)*a^2*e^2 + 385*(c*d*x + a*e)^(9/2)*a*e - 63*(c*d*x + a*e
)^(11/2))*e^2/(c^2*d^2))/(c*d)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{16a^5e^7 - 88a^4cd^2e^5 + 198a^3c^2d^4e^3}{693c^3d^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```

((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*((16*a^5*e^7 - 88*a^4*c*d^2
*e^5 + 198*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3)/(693*c^3*d^3) + (x^3*(198*c^5*d^7 + 836*a*c^4*
d^5*e^2 + 226*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4))/(693*c^3*d^3) + (2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^5)/11 + (
2*c*d*e*x^4*(23*a*e^2 + 22*c*d^2))/99 + (2*a*e*x^2*(a^2*e^4 + 99*c^2*d^4 +
110*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(231*c*d) + (2*a^2*e^2*x*(297*c^2*d^4 - 4*a^2*e^4 + 22*
a*c*d^2*e^2))/(693*c^2*d^2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(63c^5d^5e^2x^5 + 161ac^4d^4e^3x^4 + 154c^5d^6ex^4 + 113a^2c^4d^5e^2x^3 + 99a^3c^3d^4e^3x^3 + 22a^3c^3d^3e^4x^2 + 3a^3c^2d^2e^5x^2 + 297a^2c^3d^5e^2x + 330a^2c^3d^4e^3x^2 + 113a^2c^3d^3e^4x^3 + 297ac^4d^6e^2x^2 + 418ac^4d^5e^2x^3 + 161ac^4d^4e^3x^4 + 99c^5d^7x^3 + 154c^5d^6e^2x^4 + 63c^5d^5e^2x^5)}{(693c^3d^3)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(8*a**5*e**7 - 44*a**4*c*d**2*e**5 - 4*a**4*c*d*e**6*x + 99*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**3 + 22*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**4*x + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 297*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**2*x + 330*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 113*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 297*a*c**4*d**6*e*x**2 + 418*a*c**4*d**5*e**2*x**3 + 161*a*c**4*d**4*e**3*x**4 + 99*c**5*d**7*x**3 + 154*c**5*d**6*e*x**4 + 63*c**5*d**5*e**2*x**5))/(693*c**3*d**3)`

3.300 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2320
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2320
Rubi [A] (verified)	2321
Maple [A] (verified)	2322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2323
Sympy [F]	2323
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2323
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2324
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2325
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2325

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7c^2d^2(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2e(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/2}}{9c^2d^2(d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

output `2/7*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/9*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cd^2)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cd^2)(d+ex)}(-2ae^2 + cd(9d + 7ex))}{63c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-2*a*e^2 + c*d*(9*d + 7*
e*x)))/(63*c^2*d^2*sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{9d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cd(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63cd^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c*
d^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(
9*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^3(-7cdxe+2ae^2-9cd^2)}{63\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^2}$	61
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-7cdxe+2ae^2-9cd^2)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	69
orering	$-\frac{2(-7cdxe+2ae^2-9cd^2)(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	70

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/63*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3*(-7*c*d*e*x+
2*a*e^2-9*c*d^2)/c^2/d^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(7c^4d^4ex^4 + 9a^3cd^2e^3 - 2a^4e^5 + (9c^4d^5 + 19ac^3d^3e^2)x^3 + 3(9$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/63*(7*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 9*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*a^4*e^5 + (9*c^4*d^5 + 19*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(9*a*c^3*d^4*e + 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + (27*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(7c^4d^4ex^4 + 9a^3cd^2e^3 - 2a^4e^5 + (9c^4d^5 + 19ac^3d^3e^2)x^3 + 3(9$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/63*(7*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 9*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*a^4*e^5 + (9*c^4*d^5 + 19*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(9*a*c^3*d^4*e + 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + (27*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)/(c^2*d^2)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 520 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 520, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{105((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2} a^2 |e|}{ce} - \frac{42 \left(5((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2} ae^3 - 3((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{5/2} \right)}{ce^4} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/315*(105*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*abs(e)/(c*e) - 42*(5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))*a*abs(e)/(c*e^4) - 21*(5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))*a^2*abs(e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2) + 3*(35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))*abs(e)/(c*e^7) + 6*(35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))*a*abs(e)/(c^2*d^2*e^5) - (105*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^3*e^9 - 189*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a^2*e^6 + 135*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*a*e^3 - 35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(9/2))*abs(e)/(c^2*d^2*e^8))/e
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{x^3 (18c^4 d^5 + 38ac^3 d^3 e^2)}{63c^2 d^2} - \frac{4a^4 e^5}{63} \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((x^3*(18*c^4*d^5 + 38*a*c^3*d^3*e^2))/(63*c^2*d^2) - (4*a^4*e^5 - 18*a^3*c*d^2*e^3)/(63*c^2*d^2) + (2*c^2*d^2*e*x^4)/9 + (2*a*e*x^2*(5*a*e^2 + 9*c*d^2))/21 + (2*a^2*e^2*x*(a*e^2 + 27*c*d^2))/(63*c*d)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (7c^4 d^4 e x^4 + 19a c^3 d^3 e^2 x^3 + 9c^4 d^5 x^3 + 15a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 x^2)}{63c^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(- 2*a**4*e**5 + 9*a**3*c*d**2*e**3 + a**3*c*d*e**4*x + 27*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 15*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 27*a*c**3*d**4*e*x**2 + 19*a*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**3 + 9*c**4*d**5*x**3 + 7*c**4*d**4*e*x**4))/(63*c**2*d**2)`

3.301
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2326
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2326
Rubi [A] (verified)	2327
Maple [A] (verified)	2327
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2328
Sympy [F]	2329
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2329
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2329
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2330
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2330

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

output `2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{7/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(7/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdx+ae)^3}{7\sqrt{ex+d}cd}$	42
gosper	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	50
orering	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	51

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output `2/7*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/c/d`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 91 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2}}{7(cdex + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")`

output `2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d
*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(d + ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + ae}}{7cd}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. 2(42) = 84.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{35((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 |e|}{cde} - \frac{14 \left(5((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{\frac{3}{2}} ae^3 - 3((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3) \right)}{cde^4} \right)}{7cd}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{2}{105} \cdot (35 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{(3/2)} \cdot a^2 \cdot \text{abs}(e) / (c \cdot d \cdot e) - 14 \cdot (5 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{(3/2)} \cdot a \cdot e^3 - 3 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{(5/2)}) \cdot a \cdot \text{abs}(e) / (c \cdot d \cdot e^4) + (35 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{(3/2)} \cdot a^2 \cdot e^6 - 42 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{(5/2)} \cdot a \cdot e^3 + 15 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{(7/2)} \cdot \text{abs}(e) / (c \cdot d \cdot e^7)) / e$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{6a^2 e^2 x}{7} + \frac{2c^2 d^2 x^3}{7} + \frac{2a^3 e^3}{7cd} + 6 \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((x \cdot (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) + a \cdot d \cdot e + c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x^2)^{(5/2)} / (d + e \cdot x)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\frac{((x \cdot (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) + a \cdot d \cdot e + c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot ((6 \cdot a^2 \cdot e^2 \cdot x) / 7 + (2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot x^3) / 7 + (2 \cdot a^3 \cdot e^3) / (7 \cdot c \cdot d) + (6 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x^2) / 7)) / (d + e \cdot x)^{(1/2)}}{1}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae} (c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3a c^2 d^2 e x^2 + 3a^2 c d e^2 x + a^3 e^3)}{7cd}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a \cdot d \cdot e + (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) \cdot x + c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x^2)^{(5/2)} / (e \cdot x + d)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\frac{(2 \cdot \text{sqrt}(a \cdot e + c \cdot d \cdot x) \cdot (a^3 \cdot e^3 + 3 \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot x + 3 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot x^2 + c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot x^3)) / (7 \cdot c \cdot d)}{1}$$

3.302
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2332
Rubi [A] (verified)	2332
Maple [B] (verified)	2334
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2335
Sympy [F(-1)]	2336
Maxima [F]	2336
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2337
Mupad [F(-1)]	2337
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2338

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(23a^2e^4 + acde^2(-35d + 11e) + a^2cd^2) + a^2cd^2(-35d + 11e) + c^2d^2(15d^2 - 5d^2ex + 3e^2x^2) \right) - 15e^{7/2}\sqrt{d + ex}}{15e^{7/2}\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(23*a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(-35*d + 11*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 - 5*d^2*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)) - 15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(15*e^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1131, 1131, 1131, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx}{e} \right) \\
 \hline
 e \\
 \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e} \right) \\
 \hline
 e \\
 \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} - 2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)} dx \right)}{e} \right) \\
 \hline
 e \\
 \downarrow \text{218} \\
 \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{e^{3/2}} \right)}{e} \right) \\
 \hline
 e
 \end{array}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}, x]$

output $(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(5*e*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*e*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/e^{(3/2)}))/e)/e$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1131 $\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)^m)*((a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1136 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d + (e*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 426 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) a^3 e^6 - 45 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 45 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-
c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a^3*e^6-45*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(
1/2))*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+45*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2
))*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-15*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c
^3*d^6-3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-11*a*c*
d*e^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+5*c^2*d^3*e*x*(c*d*x+a*
e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-23*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/
2)*a^2*e^4+35*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*c*d^2*e^2-15*((a
*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(
1/2)/e^3/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{15(c^2d^5 - 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e - 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x)\sqrt{-9}}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/15*(15*(c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 - 35*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 23*a^2*e^4 - (5*c^2*d^3*e - 11*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^4*x + d*e^3), 2/15*(15*(c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 - 35*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 23*a^2*e^4 - (5*c^2*d^3*e - 11*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^4*x + d*e^3)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(\frac{15(c^3d^6|e| - 3ac^2d^4e^2|e| + 3a^2cd^2e^4|e| - a^3e^6|e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} - \frac{15\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}c^2d^4e^{14}|e| - 30\sqrt{(ex+d)}}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*(15*(c^3*d^6*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) - a^3*e^6*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3) - (15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*e^14*abs(e) - 30*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c*d^2*e^16*abs(e) + 15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^18*abs(e) - 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e^13*abs(e) + 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^15*abs(e) + 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*e^12*abs(e))/e^15/e^4`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + c}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a**2*e**4 + 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4 + 23*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 - 35*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 + 11*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x + 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e - 5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2))/(15*e**4)`

3.303 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2339
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2340
Rubi [A] (verified)	2340
Maple [B] (verified)	2343
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2343
Sympy [F(-1)]	2344
Maxima [F]	2344
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2345
Mupad [F(-1)]	2345
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2346

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 233

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{5cd\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{5cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{e(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{5cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
5*c*d*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
)+5/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+5*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/
2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cdx} (-3a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(10d + 7e) + 3e^2cd^2) + 15c^2d^2(-15d^2 - 10dex + 2e^2x^2) + 15c^2d(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}(d + ex) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - ae^2}}\right] \right)}{3e^{7/2} \sqrt{ae + cdx} (d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(10*d + 7*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-15*d^2 - 10*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) + 15*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(3*e^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1130, 1131, 1131, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1130

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{e(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1131

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{e} \right)}{\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{e} \right)}{e} \right)}{\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - 2(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex} + (cd^2-ae^2)e} d \sqrt{\dots}} \right)}{e} \right)}{\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}} \right)}{e^{3/2}} \right)}{e} \right)}{\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} e(d+ex)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(d + e*x)^{(9/2)}, x]$

output $-\frac{(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}}{e*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}} + \frac{5*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*e*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/e^{(3/2)}}{2*e}$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1130 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \& \ \& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1131 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LeQ}[-2, m, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1136 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 510 vs. $2(207) = 414$.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 511, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) a^2cd e^5 x - 30 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) a c^2 d^3 e^3 x + 15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{1}{3} \frac{((ex+d)(cdx+ae))^{1/2} (15 \operatorname{arctanh}(e(cdx+ae)^{1/2}/((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2}) a^2cd e^5 x - 30 \operatorname{arctanh}(e(cdx+ae)^{1/2}/((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2}) a c^2 d^3 e^3 x + 15 \operatorname{arctanh}(e(cdx+ae)^{1/2}/((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2}) c^3 d^5 e^5 x + 15 \operatorname{arctanh}(e(cdx+ae)^{1/2}/((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2}) a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 - 30 \operatorname{arctanh}(e(cdx+ae)^{1/2}/((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2}) a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 15 \operatorname{arctanh}(e(cdx+ae)^{1/2}/((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2}) c^3 d^6 - 2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} - 14 a c d e^3 x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 10 c^2 d^3 e^3 x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 3 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} (cdx+ae)^{1/2} a^2 e^4 - 20 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} (cdx+ae)^{1/2} a c d^2 e^2 + 15 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} (cdx+ae)^{1/2} c^2 d^4)}{(d+ex)^{9/2} (cdx+ae)^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(c^2d^5 - acd^3e^2 + (c^2d^3e^2 - acde^4)x^2 + 2(c^2d^4e - acd^2e^3)x}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/6*(15*(c^2*d^5 - a*c*d^3*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*c^2*d^4 + 20*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4 - 2*(5*c^2*d^3*e - 7*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3), -1/3*(15*(c^2*d^5 - a*c*d^3*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) - (2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*c^2*d^4 + 20*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4 - 2*(5*c^2*d^3*e - 7*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(9/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/(e*x + d)^(9/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = cd \left(\frac{15(c^2d^4|e| - 2acd^2e^2|e| + a^2e^4|e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}e} \right) - \frac{3(\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3})}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*c*d*(15*(c^2*d^4*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*abs(e) + a^2*e^4*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/(sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*e) - 3*(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*abs(e) - 2*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2*abs(e) + sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4*abs(e))/((e*x + d)*c*d*e^2) - 2*(6*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2*e^7*abs(e) - 6*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^9*abs(e) - ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*e^6*abs(e))/e^9)/e^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) acd^2e^2 - 15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) acd^2e^2 - 15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) acd^2e^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2),x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x - 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 + 20*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 + 14*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x - 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e - 10*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2)/(3*e**4*(d + e*x))`

3.304 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2347
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2348
Rubi [A] (verified)	2348
Maple [B] (verified)	2351
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2351
Sympy [F(-1)]	2352
Maxima [F]	2352
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2353
Mupad [F(-1)]	2353
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2354

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{15c^2d^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{5cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2e(d+ex)^{9/2}} - \frac{15c^2d^2 \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
15/4*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-5/4
*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-1/2*(a*d*e+
(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(9/2)-15/4*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^
2)^(1/2)*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cdx} (-2a^2e^4 - acde^2(5d + 9ex)) - 15c^2d^2 \sqrt{c^2d^2 - a^2e^2} (d + ex)^2 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - a^2e^2}} \right] \right)}{4e^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-2*a^2*e^4 - a*c*d*e^2*(5*d + 9*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 + 25*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) - 15*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(d + e*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]))/(4*e^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1131, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx}{4e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2e(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{\frac{4e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2e(d+ex)^{9/2}}}$$

↓ 1131

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2e(d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - 2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2}{d+ex} + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}} \right)}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2e(d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{e^{3/2}} \right)}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2e(d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(9/2)) + (5*c*d*(-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(5/2))) + (3*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))]/e^(3/2)))/(2*e)))/(4*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 516 vs. $2(204) = 408$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) ac^2d^2e^4x^2 - 15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 30 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(15*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-15*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2+30*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-30*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^5*e*x+15*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-15*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^6-8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+9*a*c*d*e^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-25*c^2*d^3*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a^2*e^4+5*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*c*d^2*e^2-15*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/e^3/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 3c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^4ex + c^2d^5)\sqrt{-\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e}} \log \left(- \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*e*sqrt(-(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 - 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4 + (25*c^2*d^3*e - 9*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3), 1/4*(15*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*e*sqrt((c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^4 - 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4 + (25*c^2*d^3*e - 9*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(11/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{11/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/(e*x + d)^(11/2),x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{8 \sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^3d^3|e|} - \frac{15 (c^4d^5e|e| - ac^3d^3e^3|e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^3d^3|e|}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}}{1}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*(8*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^3*abs(e) - 15*(c^4*d^5*e*abs(e) - a*c^3*d^3*e^3*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3) + (7*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^7*e^2*abs(e) - 14*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^5*e^4*abs(e) + 7*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^6*abs(e) + 9*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^4*d^5*e*abs(e) - 9*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^3*d^3*e^3*abs(e))/((e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(c*d*e^5)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2),x)`

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(11/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^2 d^4 - 30\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 -$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4 - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 - 5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 - 9*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x + 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e + 25*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 8*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2)/(4*e**4*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))
```

3.305 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2355
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2356
Rubi [A] (verified)	2356
Maple [B] (verified)	2358
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2359
Sympy [F(-1)]	2360
Maxima [F]	2360
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2361
Mupad [F(-1)]	2361
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{13/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{5c^2d^2\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{8e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{5cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12e^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$- \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{11/2}} + \frac{5c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8e^{7/2}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}$$

output

```
-5/8*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-5/12*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)-1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(11/2)+5/8*c^3*d^3*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cd x)(d + ex)} \left(-\sqrt{e}(8a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(5d + 13ex) + c^2d^2) \right)}{24e^{7/2}(d + ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(13/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-(Sqrt[e]*(8*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(5*d + 13*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 + 40*d*e*x + 33*e^2*x^2))) + (15*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])))/(24*e^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1130, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

↓ 1130

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx}{6e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d + ex)^{11/2}}$$

↓ 1130

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{4e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{\frac{6e}{3e(d+ex)^{11/2}} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1130} \\
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{4e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{\frac{6e}{3e(d+ex)^{11/2}} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(cd \int \frac{1}{\frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2}{d+ex} + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{4e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{\frac{6e}{3e(d+ex)^{11/2}} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{e^{3/2} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{4e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{\frac{6e}{3e(d+ex)^{11/2}} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(13/2),x]`

output `-1/3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(11/2)) + (5*c*d*(-1/2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (3*c*d*(-(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))]/(e^(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])))/(4*e)))/(6*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1130 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] & IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 432 vs. $2(204) = 408$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 45 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 45 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/24*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(15*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+45*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2+45*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^5*e*x+15*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^3*d^6+33*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2) \\ & +26*a*c*d*e^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+40*c^2*d^3*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+8*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a^2*e^4+10*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*c*d^2*e^2+15*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^4/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/e^3/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 836, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(15*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(15*c^3*d^6*e - 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 8*a^3*e^7 + 33*(c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(20*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 13*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^6*e^4 - a*d^4*e^6 + (c*d^2*e^8 - a*e^10)*x^4 + 4*(c*d^3*e^7 - a*d*e^9)*x^3 + 6*(c*d^4*e^6 - a*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 4*(c*d^5*e^5 - a*d^3*e^7)*x), -1/24*(15*(c^3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 4*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e*x + c^3*d^7)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (15*c^3*d^6*e - 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 8*a^3*e^7 + 33*(c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(20*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 13*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^6*e^4 - a*d^4*e^6 + (c*d^2*e^8 - a*e^10)*x^4 + 4*(c*d^3*e^7 - a*d*e^9)*x^3 + 6*(c*d^4*e^6 - a*d^2*e^8)*x^2 + 4*(c*d^5*e^5 - a*d^3*e^7)*x)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(13/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{13/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/(e*x + d)^(13/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{c^3 d^3 \left(\frac{15 |e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} - 15 \sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} c^2 d^4 e^2 |e| \right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*c^3*d^3*(15*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/(sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*e^3) - (15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) - 30*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) + 15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^6*abs(e) + 40*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e*abs(e) - 40*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3*abs(e) + 33*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*abs(e))/((e*x + d)^3*c^3*d^3*e^6)/e`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(13/2), x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(13/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^3 d^6 - 45\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 -$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(13/2),x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**6 - 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**5*e*x - 45*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*e**7 - 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5 - 26*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x - 5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3 - 14*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x - 33*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**6*e**3*x**2)/(24*e**4*(a*d**3*e**2 + 3*a*d**2*e**3*x + 3*a*d*e**4*x**2 + a*e**5*x**3 - c*d**5 - 3*c*d**4*e*x - 3*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 - c*d**2*e**3*x**3))`

3.306 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{15/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2363
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2364
Rubi [A] (verified)	2364
Maple [B] (verified)	2368
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2369
Sympy [F(-1)]	2370
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2372

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 301

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{15/2}} dx = -\frac{5c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{32e^3(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{5c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64e^3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{5cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e^2(d+ex)^{9/2}} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4e(d+ex)^{13/2}} + \frac{5c^4d^4\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{64e^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-5/32*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+5/64*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-5/24*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^(9/2)-1/4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(13/2)+5/64*c^4*d^4*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{c^4 d^4 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(48a^3e^6 - 8a^2cde^4(d - 17ex) - 2ac^2d^2e^2(5d^2 - 17dx + 17e^2d))}{c^4 d^4 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{192e^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(15/2), x]`

output `(c^4*d^4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[e]*(48*a^3*e^6 - 8*a^2*c*d*e^4*(d - 17*e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(5*d^2 + 18*d*e*x - 59*e^2*x^2) - c^3*d^3*(15*d^3 + 55*d^2*e*x + 73*d*e^2*x^2 - 15*e^3*x^3)))/(c^4*d^4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^4) + (15*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)))/(192*e^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1130, 1135, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{11/2}} dx}{8e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4e(d + ex)^{13/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$5cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{4e(d+ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1130

$$5cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{4e(d+ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$5cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

$$\frac{8e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{4e(d+ex)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 cd \left(\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2} + (cd^2 - ae^2)e}{d+ex} d \sqrt{\frac{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 cd \\
 5cd
 \end{array} \right\} \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{4e(d+ex)^{13/2}} \quad 8e$$

↓ 218

$$5cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{\sqrt{e} (cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{4e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2e(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3e(d+ex)^{9/2}}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4e(d+ex)^{13/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(15/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(13/2)) + (5*c*d*(-1/3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*(d + e*x)^(9/2)) + (c*d*(-1/2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[d + e*x])])/(sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))))/(4*e)))/(2*e)))/(8*e)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1130 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)(x_)^m\}*((a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d+e*x)^{m+1}*((a+b*x+c*x^2)^p/(e*(m+p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c*(p/(e^2*(m+p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d+e*x)^{m+2}*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m+2*p+1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+p+1, 0] \ \& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1135 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)(x_)^m\}*((a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e)*(d+e*x)^m*((a+b*x+c*x^2)^{p+1}/((m+p+1)*(2*c*d-b*e))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*((m+2*p+2)/((m+p+1)*(2*c*d-b*e))) \ \text{Int}[(d+e*x)^{m+1}*(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1136 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_)+(e_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d-b*e+e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a+b*x+c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d+e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 651 vs. $2(263) = 526$.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 652, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e} \right) c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 60 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e} \right) c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 90 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(15/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/192*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(15*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4+60*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^3+90*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^6*e^2*x^2+60*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^7*e*x-15*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}+15*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^8-118*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}+73*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}-136*a^2*c*d*e^5*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}+36*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}+55*c^3*d^5*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}-48*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*a^3*e^6+8*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+10*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+15*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^6)/(e*x+d)^(9/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^3/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 591 vs. $2(263) = 526$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1204, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(15/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/384*(15*(c^4*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^4*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 10*c^4*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 10*c^4*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^8*e*x + c^4*d^9)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(15*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 56*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + 48*a^4*e^9 - 15*(c^4*d^5*e^4 - a*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^3 + (73*c^4*d^6*e^3 - 191*a*c^3*d^4*e^5 + 118*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (55*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 19*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 172*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 136*a^3*c*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^9*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^7*e^6 + a^2*d^5*e^8 + (c^2*d^4*e^9 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^11 + a^2*e^13)*x^5 + 5*(c^2*d^5*e^8 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^10 + a^2*d*e^12)*x^4 + 10*(c^2*d^6*e^7 - 2*a*c*d^4*e^9 + a^2*d^2*e^11)*x^3 + 10*(c^2*d^7*e^6 - 2*a*c*d^5*e^8 + a^2*d^3*e^10)*x^2 + 5*(c^2*d^8*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^6*e^7 + a^2*d^4*e^9)*x), -1/192*(15*(c^4*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^4*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 10*c^4*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 10*c^4*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^8*e*x + c^4*d^9)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) + (15*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 56*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + 48*a^4*e^9 - 15*(c^4*d^5*e^4 - a*c^3*d^3*e^6)*x^3 + (73*c^4*d^6*e^3 - 191*a*c^3*d^4*e^5 + 118*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (55*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 19*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 172*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 136*a^3*c*d*e^8)*x)*...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(15/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{15/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/(e*x + d)^(15/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{15 c^5 d^5 e |e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{15 \sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} c^8 d^{11} e^4 |e|}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(15*c^5*d^5*e*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/(sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^8*d^11*e^4*abs(e) - 45*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^7*d^9*e^6*abs(e) + 45*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^6*d^7*e^8*abs(e) - 15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^5*d^5*e^10*abs(e) + 55*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^7*d^9*e^3*abs(e) - 110*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^6*d^7*e^5*abs(e) + 55*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^7*abs(e) + 73*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c^6*d^7*e^2*abs(e) - 73*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*c^5*d^5*e^4*abs(e) - 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*c^5*d^5*e*abs(e))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^4*c^4*d^4*e^4)/(c*d*e^5)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(15/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(15/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 782, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^4 d^8 + 60\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2}}{(d + ex)^{15/2}}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(15/2),x)`

output

```

(15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*s
qrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**8 + 60*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)*
atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**7*e
*x + 90*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(
e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 60*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**
**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)
))*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a**2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 - 48
*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*e**9 + 56*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**7 - 136
*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c*d**8*x + 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e
**5 + 172*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**6*x - 118*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a
**2*c**2*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**3 + 19*sqrt(a
*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**4*x + 191*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**4*e**5*x
**2 - 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**3 - 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**
4*d**8*e - 55*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**7*e**2*x - 73*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*
**4*d**6*e**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**4*d**5*e**4*x**3)/(192*e**4*(a
**2*d**4*e**4 + 4*a**2*d**3*e**5*x + 6*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 4*a**2*d**7
*x**3 + a**2*e**8*x**4 - 2*a*c*d**6*e**2 - 8*a*c*d**5*e**3*x - 12*a*c*d**4
*e**4*x**2 - 8*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**3 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**6*x**4 + c**2*d**8 + 4*c
**2*d**7*e*x + 6*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 4*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**3 + c**2*d**...

```

3.307
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{17/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2374
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2375
Rubi [A] (verified)	2375
Maple [B] (verified)	2381
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2382
Sympy [F(-1)]	2383
Maxima [F]	2383
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2383
Mupad [F(-1)]	2384
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2385

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 366

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{17/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{16e^3 (d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{64e^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^4 d^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{128e^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8e^2 (d+ex)^{11/2}}$$

$$- \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d+ex)^{15/2}} + \frac{3c^5 d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{128e^{7/2} (cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/16*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+1/
64*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x
+d)^(5/2)+3/128*c^4*d^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(-a*e^
2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/8*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e
^2/(e*x+d)^(11/2)-1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^(1
5/2)+3/128*c^5*d^5*arctan(e^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/
(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(7/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx = \frac{c^5 d^5 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{e}(128a^4 e^8 + 16a^3 cde^6(-11d + 21ex) + 8a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 (d^2 - 64d*ex + 31e^2 x^2) + 2a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(5*d^3 + 23*d^2*ex - 233*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(15*d^4 + 70*d^3*ex + 128*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 70*d*e^3*x^3 - 15*e^4*x^4))}{(c^5*d^5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^5) + (15*ArcTan[(\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})/\sqrt{c*d^2 - a*e^2}])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{5/2}*(a*e + c*d*x)^{5/2}} \right)}{(640*e^{7/2}*(d + e*x)^{5/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(17/2),x]
```

output

```
(c^5*d^5*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-(Sqrt[e]*(128*a^4*e^8 + 16*a^3*c*d*e^6*(-11*d + 21*e*x) + 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(d^2 - 64*d*e*x + 31*e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(5*d^3 + 23*d^2*e*x - 233*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(15*d^4 + 70*d^3*e*x + 128*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 70*d*e^3*x^3 - 15*e^4*x^4)))/(c^5*d^5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^5) + (15*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2))))/(640*e^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1130, 1130, 1130, 1135, 1135, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{13/2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{15/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1130$$

$$cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx}{8e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e(d+ex)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{5e(d+ex)^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1130

$$cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{8e} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e(d+ex)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{5e(d+ex)^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e(d+ex)^{11/2}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{5e(d+ex)^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$\left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 \frac{3cd}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 \frac{3cd}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 \frac{cd}{8e}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{cd}{2e}
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{15/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$\left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 cde \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade) e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 + \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)}{6e} \\
 + \frac{8e}{8e}
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{15/2}}$$

2e

↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}}{\frac{3cd}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}} \right) \\
 & \frac{cd}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{3cd}{6e} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3e(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \frac{cd}{8e} \\
 & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e(d + ex)^{15/2}} \quad 2e
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(17/2),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/5*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(e*(d + e*x)^{(15/2)}) + \\
& (c*d*(-1/4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(e*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)}) + \\
& (3*c*d*(-1/3*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(e*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}) + \\
& (c*d*(\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}) + \\
& (3*c*d*(\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) + \\
& (c*d*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(3/2)})))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(6*e))/(8*e))/(2*e)
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1130

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{m+1} * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (e*(m + p + 1))), x] \\
& - \text{Simp}[c*(p/(e^2*(m + p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+2} * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \\
& \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 1135

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / ((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] \\
& + \text{Simp}[c*((m + 2*p + 2) / ((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1} * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \\
& \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 1136

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
\end{aligned}$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 899 vs. $2(322) = 644$.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 900, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^5 d^5 e^5 x^5 + 75 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^5 d^6 e^4 x^4 + 150 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^5 d^7 e^3 x^3 + 150 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^5 d^8 e^2 x^2 - 15 c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 75 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^5 d^9 e x + 10 a^3 d^3 e^5 x^3 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} - 70 c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^5 d^{10} + 248 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} - 466 a^3 c^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 128 c^4 d^6 e^2 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 336 a^3 c d e^7 x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} - 512 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 46 a^3 c^3 d^5 e^3 x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 70 c^4 d^7 e x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} + 128 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^4 e^8 - 176 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 8 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 10 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^3 c^3 d^6 e^2 + 15 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} c^4 d^8 / (ex+d)^{11/2} / ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} / e^3 / (ae^2-cd^2)^2 / (cdx+ae)^{1/2} \right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(17/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/640*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^5+75*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^5*d^6*e^4*x^4+150*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^5*d^7*e^3*x^3+150*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^5*d^8*e^2*x^2-15*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+75*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^5*d^9*e*x+10*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-70*c^4*d^5*e^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+15*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^5*d^10+248*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-466*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^4*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+128*c^4*d^6*e^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+336*a^3*c*d*e^7*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)-512*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+46*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+70*c^4*d^7*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)+128*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a^4*e^8-176*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+10*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^2+15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*c^4*d^8/(e*x+d)^(11/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)/e^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 832 vs. $2(322) = 644$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1686, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.61

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(17/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/1280*(15*(c^5*d^5*e^6*x^6 + 6*c^5*d^6*e^5*x^5 + 15*c^5*d^7*e^4*x^4 + 20*c^5*d^8*e^3*x^3 + 15*c^5*d^9*e^2*x^2 + 6*c^5*d^10*e*x + c^5*d^11)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(15*c^5*d^10*e - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 184*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 304*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - 128*a^5*e^11 - 15*(c^5*d^6*e^5 - a*c^4*d^4*e^7)*x^4 - 10*(7*c^5*d^7*e^4 - 8*a*c^4*d^5*e^6 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^8)*x^3 + 2*(64*c^5*d^8*e^3 - 297*a*c^4*d^6*e^5 + 357*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^7 - 124*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^9)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 12*a*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 279*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 424*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^8 - 168*a^4*c*d*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^12*e^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^10*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^8*e^8 - a^3*d^6*e^10 + (c^3*d^6*e^10 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^12 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^14 - a^3*e^16)*x^6 + 6*(c^3*d^7*e^9 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^11 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^13 - a^3*d*e^15)*x^5 + 15*(c^3*d^8*e^8 - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^10 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^12 - a^3*d^2*e^14)*x^4 + 20*(c^3*d^9*e^7 - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^9 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^11 - a^3*d^3*e^13)*x^3 + 15*(c^3*d^10*e^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^8*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^6*e^10 - a^3*d^4*e^12)*x^2 + 6*(c^3*d^11*e^5 - 3*a*c^2*d^9*e^7 + 3*a^2*c*d^7*e^9 - a^3*d^5*e^11)*x), -1/640*(15*(c^5*d^5*e^6*x^6 + 6*c^5*d^6*e^5*x^5 + 15*c^5*d^7*e^4*x^4 + 20*c^5*d^8*e^3*x^3 + 15*c^5*d^9*e^2*x^2 + 6*c^5*d^10*e*x + c^5*d^11)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-s...`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(17/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{17/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(17/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/(e*x + d)^(17/2),x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 683 vs. 2(322) = 644.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 683, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(17/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/640*c^5*d^5*e*(15*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/
sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^2*d^4*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(c*d^2
*e - a*e^3)) - (15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8*e^4*abs
(e) - 60*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^6*abs(e) + 90
*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^8*abs(e) - 60*sqrt(
(e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^10*abs(e) + 15*sqrt((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^12*abs(e) + 70*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^6*e^3*abs(e) - 210*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^4*e^5*abs(e) + 210*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(
3/2)*a^2*c*d^2*e^7*abs(e) - 70*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a
^3*e^9*abs(e) + 128*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c^2*d^4*e^2*
abs(e) - 256*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e)
+ 128*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a^2*e^6*abs(e) - 70*((e*x
+ d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*c*d^2*e*abs(e) + 70*((e*x + d)*c*d*e -
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*a*e^3*abs(e) - 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)^(9/2)*abs(e))/((c^2*d^4*e^5 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*(e*x + d)^5*c^5
*d^5*e^5)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(17/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(17/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1128, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{17/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(17/2),x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**5*d**10 - 75*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**5*d**9*e*x - 150*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**5*d**8*e**2*x**2 - 150*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**5*d**7*e**3*x**3 - 75*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**5*d**6*e**4*x**4 - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**5*d**5*e**5*x**5 - 128*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**5*e**11 + 304*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**9 - 336*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**4*c*d**10*x - 184*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**7 + 848*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**8*x - 248*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**9*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**5 - 558*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**6*x + 714*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**7*x**2 - 10*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**8*x**3 - 5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**8*e**3 - 24*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**7*e**4*x - 594*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**6*e**5*x**2 + 80*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**5*e**6*x**3 + 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c**4*d**4*e**7*x**4 + 15*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**10*e + 70*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5*d**9*e**2*x + 128*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**5...`

3.308 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2386
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2387
Rubi [A] (verified)	2387
Maple [A] (verified)	2389
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2389
Sympy [F(-1)]	2390
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2390
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2391
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2391
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2392

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e(cd^2-ae^2)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{c^4 d^4 (d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{6e^2(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{5c^4 d^4 (d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2e^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{7c^4 d^4 (d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+6/5*e^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/7*e^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}(-16a^3e^6 + 8a^2cde^4(7d + ex) - 2ac^2d^2e^2(35d^2 + 14d*ex + 3e^2*x^2)) + c^3d^3(35d^3 + 35d^2*ex + 21d*ex^2 + 5e^3*x^3)}{35c^4d^4\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-16*a^3*e^6 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^4*(7*d + e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(35*d^2 + 14*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(35*d^3 + 35*d^2*e*x + 21*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3)))/(35*c^4*d^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{7cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd} \right)}{7d} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{7cd}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1128 \\
 & 6\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5cd} \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{7cd} \\
 & \downarrow 1122 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{7cd} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5cd} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{7cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(7*c*d) + (6*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d)))/(5*d)))/(7*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(-5c^3d^3e^3x^3+6x^2ac^2d^2e^4-21c^3d^4e^2x^2-8xa^2cde^5+28xa^2c^2d^3e^3-35c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-56d^2e^4a^2c+70d^4e^2ac^2-35d^6c^3)}{35\sqrt{ex+d}d^4c^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-5c^3d^3e^3x^3+6x^2ac^2d^2e^4-21c^3d^4e^2x^2-8xa^2cde^5+28xa^2c^2d^3e^3-35c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-56d^2e^4a^2c+70d^4e^2ac^2-35d^6c^3)}{35d^4c^4\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-5c^3d^3e^3x^3+6x^2ac^2d^2e^4-21c^3d^4e^2x^2-8xa^2cde^5+28xa^2c^2d^3e^3-35c^3d^5ex+16e^6a^3-56d^2e^4a^2c+70d^4e^2ac^2-35d^6c^3)(cdx+ae)}{35d^4c^4\sqrt{ade+(a^2+c^2d^2)x+cdx^2e}}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(-5*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+6*a*c^
2*d^2*e^4*x^2-21*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2-8*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+28*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-35*c^3
*d^5*e*x+16*a^3*e^6-56*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+70*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-35*c^3*d^6)/d^4/c^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(5c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 35c^3d^6 - 70ac^2d^4e^2 + 56a^2cd^2e^4 - 16a^3e^6 + 3(7c^3d^5e^2x^2 + 21c^3d^4e^2x + 16a^3e^6 - 56d^2e^4a^2c + 70d^4e^2ac^2 - 35d^6c^3))}{35d^4c^4\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith
hm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/35*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 35*c^3*d^6 - 70*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 56*a^2*c*d^2*e^4
- 16*a^3*e^6 + 3*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (35*c^3*d^5*e -
28*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e
^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(5c^4d^4e^3x^4 + 35ac^3d^6e - 70a^2c^2d^4e^3 + 56a^3cd^2e^5 - 16a^4e^7 + (21c^4d^5e^2 - ac^3d^3e^4)x^3 + (35c^4d^6e - 7a^2c^3d^4e^3 + 2a^2c^2d^2e^5)x^2 + (35c^4d^7 - 35a^2c^3d^5e^2 + 28a^2c^2d^3e^4 - 8a^3c*d*e^6)x)}{(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^4*d^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/35*(5*c^4*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 35*a*c^3*d^6*e - 70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 56*a^3*c*d
^2*e^5 - 16*a^4*e^7 + (21*c^4*d^5*e^2 - a*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 + (35*c^4*d^6*e
- 7*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + (35*c^4*d^7 - 35*a^2*c^3*d^5*e
^2 + 28*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 8*a^3*c*d*e^6)*x)/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^4*d^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2e \left(\frac{35(c^3d^6-3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4-a^3e^6)\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{c^4d^4e} + \frac{35((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)}{c^4d^4e} \right)}{c^4d^4e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/35*e*(35*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^4*d^4*e) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 70*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c*d^2*e^4 + 35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 + 21*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c*d^2*e - 21*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^4*d^4*e^4)/abs(e)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} (32a^3e^6-112a^2cd^2e^4+140ac^2d^4e^2-70c^3d^6)}{35c^4d^4e} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex} (8a^2e^4-28acd^2e^2)}{35c^3d^3} \right)}{x + \frac{d}{e}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `-((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*(((d + e*x)^(1/2))*(32*a^3*e^6 - 70*c^3*d^6 + 140*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 112*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(35*c^4*d^4*e) - (2*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4 - 28*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(35*c^3*d^3) - (2*e^2*x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(7*c*d) + (6*e*x^2*(2*a*e^2 - 7*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(35*c^2*d^2))/(x + d/e)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(5c^3d^3e^3x^3-6ac^2d^2e^4x^2+21c^3d^4e^2x^2+8a^2cde^5x-35c^3d^4e^3x^3)}{35c^4d^4}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(- 16*a**3*e**6 + 56*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 8*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 70*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 28*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 6*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 35*c**3*d**6 + 35*c**3*d**5*e*x + 21*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 5*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3))/(35*c**4*d**4)`

3.309
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2393
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2393
Rubi [A] (verified)	2394
Maple [A] (verified)	2395
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2396
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2398

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4e(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3c^3 d^3 (d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5c^3 d^3 (d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4/3*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/5*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(8a^2e^4-4acde^2(5d+ex)+c^2d^2(15d^2+10cdx+5d^2))}{15c^3d^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(8*a^2*e^4 - 4*a*c*d*e^2*(5*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 + 10*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(15*c^3*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd} + \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd} \right)}{5d}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d)))/(5*d)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

rule 1128

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(3x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3+10xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-20acd^2e^2+15c^2d^4)}{15\sqrt{ex+d}d^3c^3}$	92
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3+10xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-20acd^2e^2+15c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15d^3c^3\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	110
orering	$\frac{2(3x^2c^2d^2e^2-4xacde^3+10xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-20acd^2e^2+15c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15d^3c^3\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}$	111

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

$$2/15/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-4*a*c*d*e^3*x+10*c^2*d^3*e*x+8*a^2*e^4-20*a*c*d^2*e^2+15*c^2*d^4)/d^3/c^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^2d^2e^2x^2+15c^2d^4-20acd^2e^2+8a^2e^4+2(5c^2d^3e-2acde^3))}{15(c^3d^3ex+c^3d^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+15*c^2*d^4-20*a*c*d^2*e^2+8*a^2*e^4+2*(5*c^2*d^3*e-2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x+c^3*d^4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d+e*x)**(5/2)/sqrt((d+e*x)*(a*e+c*d*x)),x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^3d^3e^2x^3+15ac^2d^4e-20a^2cd^2e^3+8a^3e^5+(10c^3d^4e-ac^2d^2))}{15\sqrt{cdx+aec^3d^3}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{2}{15} \frac{(3c^3d^3e^2x^3 + 15a^2c^2d^4e - 20a^2c^2d^2e^3 + 8a^3e^5 + (10c^3d^4e - ac^2d^2e^3)x^2 + (15c^3d^5 - 10a^2c^2d^3e^2 + 4a^2c^2d^4e)x)}{\sqrt{c^3d^3e^2x + a^2e^3}} \frac{dx}{c^3d^3e^2}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2e \left(\frac{15(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{c^3d^3e} + \frac{10((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}}{15|e|} \right)}{15|e|}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{2}{15} \frac{e \left((15(c^2d^4 - 2a^2c^2d^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{(ex+d)c^3d^3e - c^2d^2e + a^2e^3}) + (10((ex+d)c^3d^3e - c^2d^2e + a^2e^3)^{3/2})c^2d^2e - 10((ex+d)c^3d^3e - c^2d^2e + a^2e^3)^{3/2}a^2e^3 + 3((ex+d)c^3d^3e - c^2d^2e + a^2e^3)^{5/2} \right)}{(c^3d^3e^3)/\text{abs}(e)}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2ex^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{5cd} - \frac{4x(2ae^2 - 5cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{15c^2d^2} \right)}{x + \frac{d}{e}}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

$$\frac{((x*(a^2e^2 + c^2d^2) + a^2d^2e + c^2d^2e^2x^2)^{1/2} * ((2e^2x^2*(d + e*x)^{1/2})) / (5*c*d) - (4*x*(2*a^2e^2 - 5*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^{1/2}) / (15*c^2*d^2) + ((d + e*x)^{1/2} * (16*a^2e^4 + 30*c^2*d^4 - 40*a^2c*d^2e^2)) / (15*c^3*d^3*e)) / (x + d/e)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(3c^2d^2e^2x^2-4acd e^3x+10c^2d^3ex+8a^2e^4-20acd^2e^2)}{15c^3d^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(8*a**2*e**4 - 20*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 4*a*c*d*e**3*x + 15*c**2*d**4 + 10*c**2*d**3*e*x + 3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(15*c**3*d**3)`

3.310
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2399
Rubi [A] (verified)	2400
Maple [A] (verified)	2401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2402
Sympy [F]	2402
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2402
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2403
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3c^2 d^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-2ae^2+cd(3d+ex))}{3c^2 d^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```


output

```
(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-2*a*e^2 + c*d*(3*d + e*x)))/(3*c^2*d^2*
Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d^2
*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*
x^2])/(3*c*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1128 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(-cdxe+2ae^2-3cd^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^2}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdxe+ae)(-cdxe+2ae^2-3cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	69
orering	$-\frac{2(-cdxe+2ae^2-3cd^2)(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}$	70

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(-c*d*e*x+2*a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/
c^2/d^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(cdex+3cd^2-2ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3(c^2d^2ex+c^2d^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x+3*c*d^2-2*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x+c^2*d^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d+e*x)**(3/2)/sqrt((d+e*x)*(a*e+c*d*x)),x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2ex^2+3acd^2e-2a^2e^3+(3c^2d^3-acde^2)x)}{3\sqrt{cdx+aec^2d^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{2/3*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)/(\sqrt{c*d*x + a*e}*c^2*d^2)}$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2e \left(\frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2 d^2 e} + \frac{((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)^{3/2}}{c^2 d^2 e^2} \right)}{3|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2/3*e*(3*\sqrt{(e*x+d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3}*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(c^2*d^2*e) + ((e*x+d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{3/2}/(c^2*d^2*e^2))/\text{abs}(e)}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}}{3cd} - \frac{(4ae^2-6cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2d^2e} \right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x + \frac{d}{e}}$$

input `int((d+e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $\frac{((2*x*(d+e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c*d) - ((4*a*e^2 - 6*c*d^2)*(d+e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^2*d^2*e))*x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)}{x+d/e}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx + ae}(cdex - 2ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{3c^2d^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(- 2*a*e**2 + 3*c*d**2 + c*d*e*x))/(3*c**2*d**2)`

3.311
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2405
Rubi [A] (verified)	2406
Maple [A] (verified)	2406
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2407
Sympy [F]	2407
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2408
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2408
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2409
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2409

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output `2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}}{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}$	32
gosper	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd\sqrt{cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	50
orering	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd\sqrt{ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e}}$	51

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output `2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/c/d`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdex+cd^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d
^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{cd|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c*d*abs(e))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{cde\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e*(x + d/e))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{cd}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d)`

3.312
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2410
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2410
Rubi [A] (verified)	2411
Maple [A] (verified)	2412
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2413
Sympy [F]	2413
Maxima [F]	2414
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2414
Mupad [F(-1)]	2414
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2415

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}$$

output `-2*arctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt
[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x
)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

↓ 1136

$$2e \int \frac{1}{\frac{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex} + (cd^2-ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^
2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$	81

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3} \log\left(-\frac{cde^2x^2+2ae^3x-cd^3+2ade^2-2\sqrt{cde^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right)}{cd^2e-ae^3}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{2 \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cde^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd^3-ade^2+(cd^2e-ae^3)x}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `[-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2))/(c*d^2*e - a*e^3), -2*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x))/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `2*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/(sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*abs(e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e(ae^2-cd^2)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(-2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2+c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e+c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2+c*d**2))))/(e*(a*e**2-c*d**2))`

3.313 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2416
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2416
Rubi [A] (verified)	2417
Maple [A] (verified)	2418
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2419
Sympy [F]	2419
Maxima [F]	2420
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2420
Mupad [F(-1)]	2421
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2421

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-c*d*a
rctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/
2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}(ae+cdx)+cd\sqrt{ae+cdx}(d+ex) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),
x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(a*e + c*d*x) + c*d*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]/(Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1135, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1136

$$\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}\right)e^2+(cd^2-ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1135 $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)^m) \cdot ((a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e) \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1}) / ((m + p + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)), x] + \text{Simp}[c \cdot ((m + 2 \cdot p + 2) / ((m + p + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e))) \cdot \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p]$

rule 1136 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[d + (e \cdot x)] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \cdot e \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e + e^2 \cdot x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) cdx + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) cd^2 - \sqrt{cdx+ae} \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e} \right)}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{cdx+ae} (ae^2-cd^2) \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$	162

input $\text{int}(1/(e \cdot x + d)^{(3/2)} / (a \cdot d \cdot e + (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) \cdot x + c \cdot d \cdot x^2 \cdot e)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method} = _RETUR\text{NVERBOSE})$

output $((e \cdot x + d) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{(1/2)} \cdot (\operatorname{arctanh}(e \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e)^{(1/2)} / ((a \cdot e^2 - c \cdot d^2) \cdot e)^{(1/2)}) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x + \operatorname{arctanh}(e \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e)^{(1/2)} / ((a \cdot e^2 - c \cdot d^2) \cdot e)^{(1/2)}) \cdot c \cdot d^2 - (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e)^{(1/2)} \cdot ((a \cdot e^2 - c \cdot d^2) \cdot e)^{(1/2)}) / (e \cdot x + d)^{(3/2)} / (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e)^{(1/2)} / (a \cdot e^2 - c \cdot d^2) / ((a \cdot e^2 - c \cdot d^2) \cdot e)^{(1/2)}$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{(cde^2x^2 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3)\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \log\left(-\frac{cde^2x^2 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3}{2(c^2d^6e - 2acd^4e^3 - \dots)}\right) + (cde^2x^2 + 2cd^2ex + cd^3)\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2}}{cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x}\right) - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2}}{c^2d^6e - 2acd^4e^3 + a^2d^2e^5 + (c^2d^4e^3 - 2acd^2e^5 + a^2e^7)x^2 + 2(c^2d^5e^2 - 2acd^3e^4 + \dots)} \right]}{c^2d^6e - 2acd^4e^3 + a^2d^2e^5 + (c^2d^4e^3 - 2acd^2e^5 + a^2e^7)x^2 + 2(c^2d^5e^2 - 2acd^3e^4 + \dots)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^6*e - 2*a*c*d^4*e^3 + a^2*d^2*e^5 + (c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^5 + a^2*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^4 + a^2*d*e^6)*x), -((c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*x + c*d^3)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x) - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^6*e - 2*a*c*d^4*e^3 + a^2*d^2*e^5 + (c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^5 + a^2*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^4 + a^2*d*e^6)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output `Integral(1/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (ex + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{cde^2 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{(cd^2e - ae^3)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{(cd^2e - ae^3)(ex+d)cde} \right)}{|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `c*d*e^2*(arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)))/(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^(3/2) + sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/((c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*(e*x + d)*c*d*e)/abs(e)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) cd^2 + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2}}{e(a^2e^5x - 2acd^2e^3x - \dots)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x - sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*e**3 + sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d**2*e)/(e*(a**2*d*e**4 + a**2*e**5*x - 2*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + c**2*d**5 + c**2*d**4*e*x))`

3.314
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2422
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2422
Rubi [A] (verified)	2423
Maple [A] (verified)	2425
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2425
Sympy [F]	2426
Maxima [F]	2427
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2427
Mupad [F(-1)]	2428
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2428

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{3cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+3/4*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-3/4*c^2*d^2*arctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}(-2a^2e^3+acde(5d+ex)+c^2d^2x(5d+3e))}{4\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),
x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(-2*a^2*e^3 + a*c*d*e*(5*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*x
*(5*d + 3*e*x)) + 3*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*
Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]/(4*Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*
(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1135, 1135, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1135 \\
 & \frac{3cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1135 \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1136
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde \int \frac{1}{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2} + (cd^2 - ae^2)e}{d+ex} d \frac{\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (3*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2))))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1135 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x
_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a +
b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2
- b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^2 d^3 ex + 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \right)}{4(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{cdx+ae} (ae^2-cd^2)^2 \sqrt{\dots}}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETU
RNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)
/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+6*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)
/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^3*e*x+3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^
2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^4-3*c*d*e*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(
1/2)+2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*e^2-5*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)
^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/((a*e^2-
c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 424 vs. 2(181) = 362.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 869, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algor
ithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(5*c^2*d^4*e - 7*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 2*a^2*e^5 + 3*(c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^9*e - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 - a^3*d^3*e^7 + (c^3*d^6*e^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^8 - a^3*e^10)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^7*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^7 - a^3*d*e^9)*x^2 + 3*(c^3*d^8*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^6 - a^3*d^2*e^8)*x), -1/4*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e*x + c^2*d^5)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)) - (5*c^2*d^4*e - 7*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 2*a^2*e^5 + 3*(c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^9*e - 3*a*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*e^5 - a^3*d^3*e^7 + (c^3*d^6*e^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^8 - a^3*e^10)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^7*e^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^7 - a^3*d*e^9)*x^2 + 3*(c^3*d^8*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^6 - a^3*d^2*e^8)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)} (d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)**(5/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (ex+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{3c^3d^3e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} + \frac{5\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}c^4d^5}{4cd^5}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `1/4*(3*c^3*d^3*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) + (5*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^5*e^2 - 5*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3*e)/((c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(c*d*abs(e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae} e}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) c^2 d^4 - 6\sqrt{e} \sqrt{e}}{1}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4 - 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a**2*e**5 + 7*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3 + 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*a*c*d*e**4*x - 5*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**4*e - 3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x)/(4*e*(a**3*d**2*e**6 + 2*a**3*d*e**7*x + a**3*e**8*x**2 - 3*a**2*c*d**4*e**4 - 6*a**2*c*d**3*e**5*x - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 6*a*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 - c**3*d**8 - 2*c**3*d**7*e*x - c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2))`

3.315
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2429
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2429
Rubi [A] (verified)	2430
Maple [A] (verified)	2431
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2432
Sympy [F(-1)]	2432
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2433
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2433
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2434
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2434

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{4e(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{c^3d^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3c^3d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+4*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(8a^2e^4+4acde^2(-3d+ex)+c^2d^2(3d^2-6dex-e^2x^2))}{3c^3d^3\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(8*a^2*e^4 + 4*a*c*d*e^2*(-3*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(3*d^2 - 6*d*e*x - e^2*x^2)))/(3*c^3*d^3*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{3cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{3d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{3cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1122 \\
 & \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{d+ex}\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)}{cd^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{3d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{3cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(3*c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((-4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(3*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(-x^2c^2d^2e^2+4xacde^3-6xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-12acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)c^3d^3}$	102
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-x^2c^2d^2e^2+4xacde^3-6xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-12acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d^3c^3(cd^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	110
orering	$-\frac{2(-x^2c^2d^2e^2+4xacde^3-6xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-12acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d^3c^3(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cd^2x^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	111

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-2/3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(-c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+4*a*c*d*e^3*x-6*c^2*d^3*e*x+8*a^2*e^4-12*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)/(c*d*x+a*e)/c^3/d^3$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2-3c^2d^4+12acd^2e^2-8a^2e^4+2(3c^2d^3e-2acde^3)x)}{3(c^4d^4ex^2+ac^3d^4e+(c^4d^5+ac^3d^3e^2)x)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$2/3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-3*c^2*d^4+12*a*c*d^2*e^2-8*a^2*e^4+2*(3*c^2*d^3*e-2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x^2+a*c^3*d^4*e+(c^4*d^5+a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x)$$
Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 3c^2d^4 + 12acd^2e^2 - 8a^2e^4 + 2(3c^2d^3e - 2acde^3))}{3\sqrt{cdx+aec^3d^3}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 3*c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4 + 2*(3*c^2*d^3*e - 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)}{\sqrt{cdx+aec^3d^3}} + \frac{2(6\sqrt{cdx+aec^7d^8e} - 6\sqrt{cdx+aec^6d^6e^3} + (cdx+ae)^{3/2}c^6d^6e^2)}{3c^9d^9}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3) + 2/3*(6*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^7*d^8*e - 6*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*a*c^6*d^6*e^3 + (c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*c^6*d^6*e^2)/(c^9*d^9)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2ex^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(16a^2e^4-24acd^2e^2+6c^2d^4)}{3c^4d^4e}\right) + \frac{x(12c^2d^3e-8acde^3)}{3c^4d^4e}}{\frac{a}{c} + x^2 + \frac{x(3c^4d^5+3ac^3d^3e)}{3c^4d^4e}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `((2*e*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^2*d^2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*e^4 + 6*c^2*d^4 - 24*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(3*c^4*d^4*e) + (x*(12*c^2*d^3*e - 8*a*c*d*e^3)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^4*d^4*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a/c + x^2 + (x*(3*c^4*d^5 + 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^2))/(3*c^4*d^4*e))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}c^2d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{8}{3}acd e^3x + 4c^2d^3ex - \frac{16}{3}a^2e^4 + 8acd^2e^2 - 2c^2d^4}{\sqrt{cdx + ae}c^3d^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `(2*(- 8*a**2*e**4 + 12*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 4*a*c*d*e**3*x - 3*c**2*d**4 + 6*c**2*d**3*e*x + c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3)`

3.316
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2435
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2435
Rubi [A] (verified)	2436
Maple [A] (verified)	2437
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2438
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2438
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2439
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2439
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2439

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output `-2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+2*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(-2ae^2+cd(d-ex))}{c^2d^2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(-2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(-2*a*e^2 + c*d*(d - e*x)))/(c^2*d^2*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*
(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{d+ex}\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)}{cd^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d^2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
+ c*d*e*x^2]) + (2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(c*d*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x +
c*d*e*x^2])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(cdxe+2ae^2-cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)c^2d^2}$	60
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(cdxe+2ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^2d^2(cd^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	68
orering	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(cdxe+2ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^2d^2(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cd^2x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	69

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output `2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*e*x+2*a*e^2-c*d^2)/(c*d*x
+a*e)/c^2/d^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(cdex-cd^2+2ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^3d^3ex^2+ac^2d^3e+(c^3d^4+ac^2d^2e^2)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x-c*d^2+2*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x^2+a*c^2*d^3*e+(c^3*d^4+a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d+e*x)**(5/2)/((d+e*x)*(a*e+c*d*x))**(3/2),x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cdex-cd^2+2ae^2)}{\sqrt{cdx+ae^2d^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(c*d*e*x-c*d^2+2*a*e^2)/(sqrt(c*d*x+a*e)*c^2*d^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{c^2 d^2} - \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{cdx+ae} c^2 d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*e/(c^2*d^2) - 2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2 d^2} + \frac{(4ae^2-2cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3 d^3 e}\right) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\frac{a}{c} + x^2 + \frac{x(c^3 d^4 + a c^2 d^2 e^2)}{c^3 d^3 e}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `((2*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^2*d^2) + ((4*a*e^2 - 2*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)))/(c^3*d^3*e)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(a/c + x^2 + (x*(c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(c^3*d^3*e))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2cdex + 4ae^2 - 2cd^2}{\sqrt{cdx+ae} c^2 d^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output $(2*(2*a*e**2 - c*d**2 + c*d*e*x))/(sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2)$

$$3.317 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2441
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2441
Rubi [A] (verified)	2442
Maple [A] (verified)	2442
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2443
Sympy [F]	2443
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2444
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2444
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2445
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2445

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output `-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}}{\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)cd}$	42
gosper	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cd(cd^2x^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	50
orering	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cd(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output `-2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/c/d`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2d^2ex^2+acd^2e+(c^2d^3+acde^2)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")`

output `-2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^
2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{cdx + aecd}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c*d)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{cdx + aecd}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{c^2 d^2 e \left(\frac{a}{c} + x^2 + \frac{x(c^2 d^3 + acde^2)}{c^2 d^2 e}\right)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `-(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*d^2*e*(a/c + x^2 + (x*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2))/(c^2*d^2*e)))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{cdx + ae cd}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 2)/(sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d)`

3.318
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2446
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2447
Rubi [A] (verified)	2447
Maple [A] (verified)	2449
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2449
Sympy [F]	2450
Maxima [F]	2450
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2451
Mupad [F(-1)]	2451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2452

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$+\frac{2\sqrt{e}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+2*
e^(1/2)*arctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c
*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cd} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cd}}{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right) \right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{(ae + cd)(d + ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2] + Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*
Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00,
 number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules
 used = {1132, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1132}$$

$$-\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1136}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}{d+ex} e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1132 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1136 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \sqrt{cdx+ae} - \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)(ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$	126

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(e*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}-((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{e}{cd^2-ae^2}} \log\left(-\frac{cde^2x^2+2ae^3x-cd^2e^2}{acd^3e-ae^4}\right)}{acd^3e-ae^4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left((cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{\frac{e}{cd^2-ae^2}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{\frac{e}{cd^2-ae^2}}}{cde^2x^2+ade^2+(cd^2e+ae^3)x}\right) + \sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{\frac{e}{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{acd^3e-a^2de^3+(c^2d^3e-acde^3)x^2+(c^2d^4-a^2e^4)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a*c*d^3*e - a^2*d*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x), -2*((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(a*c*d^3*e - a^2*d*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -2e \left(\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}(cd^2|e| - ae^2|e|)} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}(cd^2|e| - ae^2|e|)} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e*(e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)))/(sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*(c*d^2*abs(e) - a*e^2*abs(e))) + e/(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(c*d^2*abs(e) - a*e^2*abs(e)))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right) + 2ae^2 - 2cd^2}{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2))) + a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(sqrt(a
*e + c*d*x)*(a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4))
```

3.319
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2453
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2453
Rubi [A] (verified)	2454
Maple [A] (verified)	2456
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2457
Sympy [F]	2458
Maxima [F]	2458
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2459
Mupad [F(-1)]	2459
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2460

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{3cd\sqrt{e}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-3*c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+3*c*d*e^(1/2)*arctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}(ae^2+cd(2d+3ex))-3cd\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),
x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(a*e^2 + c*d*(2*d + 3*e*x))) - 3*c*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a
*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^
2]])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1135, 1132, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1135 \\
 & \frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (cd^2-ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1132 \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (cd^2-ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1136
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 3cd \left(\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}e^2+(cd^2-ae^2)e} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)}{1} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & 3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)}{1} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*c*d*(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1132

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \sqrt{cdx+ae} cd e^2 x + 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \sqrt{cdx+ae} cd^2 e - 3 \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e} \right)}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (cdx+ae) (ae^2-cd^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETU
RNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c*d*e^2*x+3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c*d^2*e-3*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*c*d*e*x-((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a*e^2-2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 371 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 764, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(c^2d^2e^2x^3 + acd^3e + (2c^2d^3e + acde^3)x^2 + (c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2)x) \sqrt{\frac{e}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{cde^2x^2 + ade^2}\right)}{ac^2d^6e - 2a^2cd^4e^3 + a^3d^2e^5 + (c^3d^5e^2 - 2ac^2d^3e^4 + a^2cde^6)x^3 + (2c^3d^6e - 2ac^2d^3e^4 + a^2cde^6)x^2 + (c^3d^5e^2 - 2ac^2d^3e^4 + a^2cde^6)x + (c^3d^6e - 2ac^2d^3e^4 + a^2cde^6)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorith="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + a*c*d^3*e + (2*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^2*d^6*e - 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 + a^3*d^2*e^5 + (c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^3 + (2*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^3*e^7)*x^2 + (c^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^3*d*e^6)*x),
-(3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + a*c*d^3*e + (2*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^2*d^6*e - 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 + a^3*d^2*e^5 + (c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^3 + (2*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^3*e^7)*x^2 + (c^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^3*d*e^6)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**3/2)*sqrt(d + e*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\left(\frac{3cde \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}}\right)}{(c^2d^4|e| - 2acd^2e^2|e| + a^2e^4|e|)\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} + \frac{2c^2d^3e^2 - 2acd^2e^2|e| + a^2e^4|e|}{(c^2d^4|e| - 2acd^2e^2|e| + a^2e^4|e|)\left(\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e - ae^3}\right)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(3*c*d*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^2*d^4*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*abs(e) + a^2*e^4*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) + (2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^4 + 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*e)/((c^2*d^4*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*abs(e) + a^2*e^4*abs(e)) * (sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2*e - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^3 + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2))))*e`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}e}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right)cd^2}{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(a^3e^7x-3a^2cd^2e^4-3a^2cd^2e^5x+3ac^2d^5e^2+3ac^2d^4e^3x-c^3d^7-c^3d^6e^3x)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c*d*e*x - a**2*e**4 - a*c*d**2*e**2 - 3*a*c*d*e**3*x + 2*c**2*d**4 + 3*c**2*d**3*e*x)/(sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**3*d*e**6 + a**3*e**7*x - 3*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 3*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - c**3*d**7 - c**3*d**6*e*x))`

3.320 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2461
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2462
Rubi [A] (verified)	2462
Maple [A] (verified)	2465
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2466
Sympy [F]	2467
Maxima [F]	2467
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2467
Mupad [F(-1)]	2468
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{5cd}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{15c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{15c^2d^2\sqrt{e}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5
/4*c*d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2)-15/4*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d
*e*x^2)^(1/2)+15/4*c^2*d^2*e^(1/2)*arctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x
+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}(-2a^2e^4 + acde^2(9d + 5ex) + c^2d^2(8d^2 + 25d*ex + 15e^2*x^2)) - 15c^2d^2*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^2*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[cd^2 - ae^2]]}{4*(cd^2 - ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-(sqrt[cd^2 - ae^2]*(-2*a^2*e^4 + a*c*d*e^2*(9*d + 5*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*d^2 + 25*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2))) - 15*c^2*d^2*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(d + e*x)^2*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[cd^2 - ae^2]])/(4*(cd^2 - ae^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1135, 1135, 1132, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1135}$$

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1135}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1132} \\
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136} \\
 & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2} dx}{d+ex} + \frac{d\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}} \right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2-ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `1/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (5*c*d*(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*c*d*((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1132 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1135

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(15\sqrt{cdx+ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^2 d^2 e^3 x^2 + 30\sqrt{cdx+ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^2 d^3 e^2 x + 15\sqrt{cdx+ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^2 d^4 e x + 15\sqrt{cdx+ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}\right) c^2 d^5 e \right)}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2+30*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^3*e^2*x+15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*c^2*d^4*e-15*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-5*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e^3*x-25*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^3*e*x+2*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a^2*e^4-9*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a*c*d^2*e^2-8*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^4/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 559 vs. $2(237) = 474$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1140, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(15*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a*c^2*d^5*e + (3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^5*e + a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x^2 + (c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4 + 5*(5*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^9*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^5*e^5 - a^4*d^3*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^3 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^7 - a^3*c*d*e^9)*x^4 + (3*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 8*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - a^4*e^10)*x^3 + 3*(c^4*d^9*e - 2*a*c^3*d^7*e^3 + 2*a^3*c*d^3*e^7 - a^4*d*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^10 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 8*a^3*c*d^4*e^6 - 3*a^4*d^2*e^8)*x), -1/4*(15*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a*c^2*d^5*e + (3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^5*e + a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x^2 + (c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)) + (15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4 + 5*(5*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^9*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^5*e^5 - a^4*d^3*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^3 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^7 - a^3*c*d*e^9)*x^4 + (3*...`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}} (d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algor
ithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{15 c^2 d^2 e \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} \right)}{(c^3 d^6 |e| - 3 a c^2 d^4 e^2 |e| + 3 a^2 c d^2 e^4 |e| - a^3 e^6 |e|) \sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}} + \frac{8 c^2}{(c^3 d^6 |e| - 3 a c^2 d^4 e^2 |e| + 3 a^2 c d^2 e^4 |e|)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algor
ithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(15*c^2*d^2*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^3*d^6*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) - a^3*e^6*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) + 8*c^2*d^2*e/((c^3*d^6*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) - a^3*e^6*abs(e))*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)) + (9*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 9*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 7*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e)/((c^3*d^6*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) - a^3*e^6*abs(e))*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2*e^2))*e
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

output

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**4 - 30*sqrt(e)*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)
*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x - 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*s
qrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2
+ c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*a**3*e**6 + 11*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 5*a
**2*c*d*e**5*x - a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 20*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 15*a*c**2*d**2
*e**4*x**2 - 8*c**3*d**6 - 25*c**3*d**5*e*x - 15*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2)/(4*s
qrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**4*d**2*e**8 + 2*a**4*d*e**9*x + a**4*e**10*x**2 - 4*a
**3*c*d**4*e**6 - 8*a**3*c*d**3*e**7*x - 4*a**3*c*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 6*a**2*
c**2*d**6*e**4 + 12*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**5*x + 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**6*x**2 - 4
*a*c**3*d**8*e**2 - 8*a*c**3*d**7*e**3*x - 4*a*c**3*d**6*e**4*x**2 + c**4*
d**10 + 2*c**4*d**9*e*x + c**4*d**8*e**2*x**2))
```

3.321
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2470
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2470
Rubi [A] (verified)	2471
Maple [A] (verified)	2472
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2473
Sympy [F(-1)]	2473
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2474
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2474
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2475
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2475

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3d^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{c^3d^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-4*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+2*e^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(-8a^2e^4+4acde^2(d-3ex)+c^2d^2(d^2+6dex-3e^2x^2))}{3c^3d^3((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(-8*a^2*e^4 + 4*a*c*d*e^2*(d - 3*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x - 3*e^2*x^2)))/(3*c^3*d^3*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1128, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1128 \\
 & \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(-\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1122 \\
 & \frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \left(\frac{4(d+ex)^{3/2}\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)}{3cd^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right) \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})/(c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c*d^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) - (2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}))}{d}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p},
x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(3x^2c^2d^2e^2+12xacde^3-6xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)^2c^3d^3}$	102
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3x^2c^2d^2e^2+12xacde^3-6xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3d^3c^3(cd^2x+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	110
orering	$\frac{2(3x^2c^2d^2e^2+12xacde^3-6xc^2d^3e+8a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3d^3c^3(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	111

input `int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{2}{3} \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2} ((d+ex)(cdx+ae))^{1/2} (3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 12acdx + e^3x - 6c^2d^3e^2x + 8a^2e^4 - 4acdx^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{5/2} (cdx+ae)^2/c^3/d^3}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^2d^2e^2x^2 - c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 + 8a^2e^4 - 6(c^2d^3e - 2acde^3)x)}{3(c^5d^5ex^3 + a^2c^3d^4e^2 + (c^5d^6 + 2ac^4d^4e^2)x^2 + (2ac^4d^5e + a^2c^3d^3e^3)x)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{2}{3} \frac{(3c^2d^2e^2x^2 - c^2d^4 - 4acdx^2e^2 + 8a^2e^4 - 6(c^2d^3e - 2acdx^2e^3)x) \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(c^2d^2+ae^2)x} \sqrt{e^2x+d}}{(c^5d^5e^2x^3 + a^2c^3d^4e^2 + (c^5d^6 + 2ac^4d^4e^2)x^2 + (2ac^4d^5e + a^2c^3d^3e^3)x)}$$
Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^2d^2e^2x^2 - c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 + 8a^2e^4 - 6(c^2d^3e - 2acde^3)x)}{3(c^4d^4x + ac^3d^3e)\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*a^2*e^4 - 6*(c^2*d^3*e - 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/((c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3e^2}}{cd|e|} - \frac{c^2d^4e^4-2acd^2e^6+a^2e^8+6((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)}{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3} \right)}{3c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*e^2/(c*d*abs(e)) - (c^2*d^4*e^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^6 + a^2*e^8 + 6*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2*e^3 - 6*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^5)/(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d*abs(e)))/(c^2*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{4x(2ae^2-cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4 d^4} + \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3 d^3} \right)}{x^3 + \frac{a^2 e}{c^2 d} + \frac{ax(2cd^2+ae^2)}{c^2 d^2} + \frac{x^2(3c^5 d^6+6c^4 d^4 e^2)}{3c^5 d^5 e}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(9/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((4*x*(2*a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^4*d^4) + (2*e*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^3*d^3) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^4 - 16*a^2*e^4 + 8*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(3*c^5*d^5*e)))/(x^3 + (a^2*e)/(c^2*d) + (a*x*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2) + (x^2*(3*c^5*d^6 + 6*a*c^4*d^4*e^2))/(3*c^5*d^5*e))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 8acd e^3 x - 4c^2 d^3 e x + \frac{16}{3} a^2 e^4 - \frac{8}{3} ac d^2 e^2 - \frac{2}{3} c^2 d^4}{\sqrt{cdx + ae} c^3 d^3 (cdx + ae)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(2*(8*a**2*e**4 - 4*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 12*a*c*d*e**3*x - c**2*d**4 - 6*c**2*d**3*e*x + 3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**3*d**3*(a*e + c*d*x))`

3.322 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2476
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2476
Rubi [A] (verified)	2477
Maple [A] (verified)	2478
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2479
Sympy [F(-1)]	2479
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2479
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2480
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2480
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2481

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output `-2/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-2*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(2ae^2+cd(d+3ex))}{3c^2d^2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(2*a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 3*e*x)))/(3*c^2*d^2*((a*e + c*d*x)
*(d + e*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1128$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{4(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)}{3cd^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
+ c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
+ c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}(3cdxe+2ae^2+cd^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)^2c^2d^2}$	60
gosper	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3cdxe+2ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^2d^2(cd^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	68
orering	$-\frac{2(3cdxe+2ae^2+cd^2)(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^2d^2(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cd^2x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	69

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(3*c*d*e*x+2*a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c^2/d^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(3cde x+cd^2+2ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3(c^4d^4ex^3+a^2c^2d^3e^2+(c^4d^5+2ac^3d^3e^2)x^2+(2ac^3d^4e+a^2c^2d^2e^3)x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x^3 + a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + (c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^4*e + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3cde x+cd^2+2ae^2)}{3(c^3d^3x+ac^2d^2e)\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-2/3*(3*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)/((c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e))$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2e^3 - ae^5 + 3((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)e^2)e}{3((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}c^2d^2|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-2/3*(c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5 + 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*e^2)*e/(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*abs(e))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3d^3} + \frac{\left(\frac{2cd^2}{3} + \frac{4ae^2}{3}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4d^4e}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3 + \frac{a^2e}{c^2d} + \frac{ax(2cd^2+ae^2)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{x^2(c^4d^5+2ac^3d^3e^2)}{c^4d^4e}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output
$$-(((2*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^3*d^3) + (((4*a*e^2)/3 + (2*c*d^2)/3)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^4*d^4*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(x^3 + (a^2*e)/(c^2*d) + (a*x*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2) + (x^2*(c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2))/(c^4*d^4*e))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2cdex - \frac{4}{3}ae^2 - \frac{2}{3}cd^2}{\sqrt{cdx + ae} c^2 d^2 (cdx + ae)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 2*a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 3*c*d*e*x))/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c**2*d**2*(a*e + c*d*x))`

$$3.323 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2482
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2482
Rubi [A] (verified)	2483
Maple [A] (verified)	2483
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2484
Sympy [F(-1)]	2485
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2485
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2485
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2486
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2486

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

$$-2/3*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(d+e*x)^{(5/2)}/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)},x]$$

output

$$(-2*(d+e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c*d*((a*e+c*d*x)*(d+e*x))^{(3/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$-\frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)}}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)^2cd}$	42
gosper	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3cd(cd^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	50
orering	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3cd(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	51

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output `-2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c/d`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{3(c^3d^3ex^3+a^2cd^2e^2+(c^3d^4+2ac^2d^2e^2)x^2+(2ac^2d^3e+a^2cde^3)x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,algorit
hm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3*e*
x^3+a^2*c*d^2*e^2+(c^3*d^4+2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2+(2*a*c^2*d^3*e+a
^2*c*d*e^3)*x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3(c^2d^2x + acde)\sqrt{cdx + ae}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3/((c^2*d^2*x + a*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^4}{3((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}cd|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*e^4/(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d*abs(e))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}}{3(a^2cd^2e^2+a^2cde^3x+2ac^2d^3ex+2ac^2d^2e^2x^2+c^3d^4x^2+c^3d^3ex^3)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `-(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*(c^3*d^4*x^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e*x + a^2*c*d*e^3*x + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{cdx+ae}cd(cdx+ae)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(- 2)/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*c*d*(a*e + c*d*x))`

3.324 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2487
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2488
Rubi [A] (verified)	2488
Maple [A] (verified)	2491
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2492
Sympy [F]	2493
Maxima [F]	2493
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2493
Mupad [F(-1)]	2494
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2494

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2e^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+
2*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
-2*e^(3/2)*arctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(-a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}(-4ae^2+cd(d-3ex)) - 3e^{3/2}(ae+cdx)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right) \right)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(-4*a*e^2 + c*d*(d - 3*e*x)) - 3*
e^(3/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2
- a*e^2]]))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1133, 1135, 1132, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1133

$$-\frac{2e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$2e \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{3cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1132

$$2e \left(\frac{3cd \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{3cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$2e \left(\frac{3cd \left(-\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} dx}{d+ex} + \frac{d \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{3cd}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$2e \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2\sqrt{d+ex} (3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (2*e*(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*c*d*((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(3*c*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1132 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1133

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x]
- Simp[e^2*((m + p)/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1135

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x]
+ Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1136

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(d._) + (e._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2*e Subst[Int[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) \sqrt{cdx+ae} c d e^2 x + 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) a e^3 \sqrt{cdx+ae} - 3\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)} \right)}{3\sqrt{ex+d} (cdx+ae)^2 (ae^2-cd^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c*d*e^2*x+3*arctanh(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2))*a*e^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)-3*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*c*d*e*x-4*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*a*e^2+((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 383 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 788, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(c^2d^2e^2x^3+a^2de^3+(c^2d^3e+2acde^3)x^2+(2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)x)}{3(a^2c^2d^5e^2-2a^3cd^3e^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + a^2*d*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*e*x - c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*a^3*c*d^3*e^4 + a^4*d*e^6 + (c^4*d^6*e - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + (c^4*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^3*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^4*e^7)*x), 2/3*(3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + a^2*d*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*e*x - c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 2*a^3*c*d^3*e^4 + a^4*d*e^6 + (c^4*d^6*e - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + (c^4*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^3*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^4*e^7)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**5/2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} e^2 \left(\frac{3 e \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}} \right)}{(c^2d^4|e| - 2acd^2e^2|e| + a^2e^4|e|)\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}} - \frac{cd^2}{(c^2d^4|e| - 2acd^2e^2|e| + a^2e^4|e|)\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{2/3e^2(3e\arctan(\sqrt{(ex+d)cd^2e - cd^2e + ae^3})/\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3})/((c^2d^4\text{abs}(e) - 2ac^2d^2e^2\text{abs}(e) + a^2e^4\text{abs}(e))\sqrt{cd^2e - ae^3}) - (cd^2e^2 - ae^4 - 3((ex+d)cd^2e - cd^2e + ae^3)e)/((c^2d^4\text{abs}(e) - 2ac^2d^2e^2\text{abs}(e) + a^2e^4\text{abs}(e))*((ex+d)cd^2e - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}))}{1}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

$$\text{int}((d + ex)^{(3/2)} / (x*(ae^2 + cd^2) + ad*e + cd*ex^2)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

output

$$\text{int}((d + ex)^{(3/2)} / (x*(ae^2 + cd^2) + ad*e + cd*ex^2)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right)ae^2 - 2\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(a^3cde^6x - 3a^2c^2d^3e)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((ex+d)^{(3/2)} / (ad*e+(ae^2+cd^2)*x+cd*ex^2)^{(5/2)}, x)$$

output

$$(2*(-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cd*x}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2})\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{ae+cd*x})e)/(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2})ae^2 - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cd*x}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{ae+cd*x})e)/(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2})cd*ex + 4a^2e^4 - 5ac^2d^2e^2 + 3ac^2d^2e^3x + c^2d^4 - 3c^2d^3e*x)/(3\sqrt{ae+cd*x}(a^4e^7 - 3a^3c^2d^2e^5 + a^3c^2d^2e^6x + 3a^2c^2d^4e^3 - 3a^2c^2d^3e^4x - ac^3d^6e + 3ac^3d^5e^2x - c^4d^7x))$$

3.325 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2495
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2496
Rubi [A] (verified)	2496
Maple [A] (verified)	2499
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2499
Sympy [F]	2500
Maxima [F]	2501
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2501
Mupad [F(-1)]	2502
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2502

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{5cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5cde\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{5cde^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-5/3*c*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+5*c*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-5*c*d*e^(3/2)*arctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} (3a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(7d + 10ex) + c^2d^2(-2d^2 + \dots) \right)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(7*d + 10*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-2*d^2 + 10*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2)) + 15*c*d*e^(3/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(7/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1132, 1135, 1132, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1132

$$-\frac{5e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1135

$$-\frac{5e \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2) \cdot 2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1132

$$5e \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{1}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1136

$$5e \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)e^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)e} dx \frac{d \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{1}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$5e \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{1}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x]$

output $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/((3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) - (5*e*(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*c*d*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(3/2)}))/((2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1132 $\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)^m)((a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^{p}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(e*(p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m+2*p+2)/((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1135 $\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)^m)((a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^{p}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/((m+p+1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*((m+2*p+2)/((m+p+1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1136 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d + (e*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(15\sqrt{cdx+ae} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^2 d^2 e^3 x^2 + 15 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) acd e^4 x \sqrt{cdx+ae} + 15\sqrt{cdx+ae} \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} \left((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e) \right)^{1/2} * (15*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right))^{1/2} / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 15*\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right)^{1/2} / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c*d*e^4*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} + 15*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 15*\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c*d^2*e^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} - 15*\left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 20*\left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c*d*e^3*x - 10*\left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^2*d^3*e*x - 3*\left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a^2*e^4 - 14*\left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*\left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^2*d^4 / (e*x+d)^{3/2} / (c*d*x+a*e)^2 / (a*e^2-c*d^2)^3 / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 607 vs. 2(229) = 458.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1236, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/6*(15*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 2*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^
4)*x^3 + (c^3*d^5*e + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^2*d^4*e^
2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3
*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*
d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x +
d^2)) - 2*(15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^4 + 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 1
0*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)
*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^3*d^8*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 3*a^4*c*d^4*e^6 - a
^5*d^2*e^8 + (c^5*d^8*e^2 - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - a^3*c^2*
d^2*e^8)*x^4 + 2*(c^5*d^9*e - 2*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - a^4*c*
d*e^9)*x^3 + (c^5*d^10 + a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 8*a^3*c^2*d^4
*e^6 - a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^4*d^9*e - 2*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^3
+ 2*a^4*c*d^3*e^7 - a^5*d*e^9)*x), 1/3*(15*(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^3*e^
3 + 2*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^3 + (c^3*d^5*e + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a
^2*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e
^2))*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*s
qrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(c*d*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)*x)) + (15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^4 + 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 +
10*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^3*d^8*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 3*a^4*c*d^4*e^...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{15cde \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}}\right)}{(c^3d^6|e| - 3ac^2d^4e^2|e| + 3a^2cd^2e^4|e| - a^3e^6|e|)\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(15*c*d*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^3*d^6*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) - a^3*e^6*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) - 2*(c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4 - 6*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*e)/((c^3*d^6*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) - a^3*e^6*abs(e))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)) + 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/((c^3*d^6*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*abs(e) - a^3*e^6*abs(e))*(e*x + d)))*e^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{acd^2e^2 + 15$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `(15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c*d**3*x + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x + 15*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 3*a**3*e**6 - 11*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 20*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 16*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 15*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 2*c**3*d**6 + 10*c**3*d**5*e*x + 15*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2)/(3*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*(a**5*d*e**9 + a**5*e**10*x - 4*a**4*c*d**3*e**7 - 3*a**4*c*d**2*e**8*x + a**4*c*d*e**9*x**2 + 6*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**5 + 2*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6*x - 4*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7*x**2 - 4*a**2*c**3*d**7*e**3 + 2*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4*x + 6*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x**2 + a*c**4*d**9*e - 3*a*c**4*d**8*e**2*x - 4*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x**2 + c**5*d**10*x + c**5*d**9*e*x**2))`

3.326 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2503
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2504
Rubi [A] (verified)	2504
Maple [B] (verified)	2508
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2509
Sympy [F]	2510
Maxima [F]	2511
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2511
Mupad [F(-1)]	2512
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2512

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 332

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{35c^2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{12(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{35c^2d^2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{35c^2d^2e^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+7/4*c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-35/12*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+35/4*c^2*d^2*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-35/4*c^2*d^2*e^(3/2)*arctan(1/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(9/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 (d+ex)^{5/2} \left(-\frac{(ae+cdx)(6a^3e^6 - 3a^2cde^4(13d+7ex) - 2ac^2d^2e^2}{c^2d} \right)}{c^2 d^2 (d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output `(c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(-(((a*e + c*d*x)*(6*a^3*e^6 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*(13*d + 7*e*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(40*d^2 + 119*d*e*x + 70*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(8*d^3 - 56*d^2*e*x - 175*d*e^2*x^2 - 105*e^3*x^3)))/(c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^2)) + (105*e^(3/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(9/2)))/(12*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {1135, 1132, 1135, 1132, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1135

$$\frac{7cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex} (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1132

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{7cd \left(-\frac{5e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \\
 & \frac{7cd \left(-\frac{5e \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1132} \\
 & \frac{7cd \left(-\frac{5e \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1136}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{(cde^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{cde^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\frac{3cd}{d+ex} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)e}{cd^2 - ae^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}} \right) + \frac{5e}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{7cd}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{7cd}{5e} \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

```
output 1/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)
^(3/2)) + (7*c*d*(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (5*e*(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt
[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*c*d*(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*
d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[e]*Arc
Tan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*
e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(3*(c*
d^2 - a*e^2)))/(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 1132 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(e*(p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m + 2*p + 2)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m-1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1135 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*((m + 2*p + 2)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1136 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 657 vs. $2(294) = 588$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 658, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(105 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e} \right) c^3 d^3 e^4 x^3 \sqrt{cdx+ae} + 105 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)}e} \right) a c^2 d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{cdx+ae} + \dots \right)}{\dots}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/12*((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2}*(105*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}+105*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}+210*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}+210*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}+105*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*c^3*d^5*e^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}-105*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+105*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2})*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}-140*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-175*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2-21*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*a^2*c*d*e^5*x-238*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-56*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*c^3*d^5*e*x+6*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*a^3*e^6-39*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-80*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+8*((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}*c^3*d^6/(e*x+d)^{5/2}/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^4/((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 878 vs. $2(294) = 588$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1778, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2} \sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{105 c^2 d^2 e \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2}}{\sqrt{cd^2e-ae^3}} \right)}{(c^4 d^8 |e| - 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 |e| + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 |e| - 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 |e|)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `1/12*(105*c^2*d^2*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^4*d^8*abs(e) - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*abs(e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*abs(e) - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*abs(e) + a^4*e^8*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) - 8*(c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 9*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*e)/((c^4*d^8*abs(e) - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*abs(e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*abs(e) - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*abs(e) + a^4*e^8*abs(e))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)) + 3*(13*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 13*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 11*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e)/((c^4*d^8*abs(e) - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*abs(e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*abs(e) - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*abs(e) + a^4*e^8*abs(e))*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2*e^2))*e^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 930, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e
+ c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 210*sqrt
t(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)
/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt
(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)
*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e +
c*d*x)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(
- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**3*d**5*e**x - 210*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(
- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c
d**2)))*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt( - a*e**2
+ c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt( - a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*
c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 6*a**4*e**8 + 45*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 21*a**3*c*d*e**7
*x + 41*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 217*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x + 140*a**2*c**2*d
**2*e**6*x**2 - 88*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - 182*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x + 35*a*c**3*d
**4*e**4*x**2 + 105*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 8*c**4*d**8 - 56*c**4*d**7*e**x
- 175*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 105*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3)/(12*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)
*(a**6*d**2*e**11 + 2*a**6*d*e**12*x + a**6*e**13*x**2 - 5*a**5*c*d**4*e**
9 - 9*a**5*c*d**3*e**10*x - 3*a**5*c*d**2*e**11*x**2 + a**5*c*d*e**12*x**3
+ 10*a**4*c**2*d**6*e**7 + 15*a**4*c**2*d**5*e**8*x - 5*a**4*c**2*d**3*e
**10*x**3 - 10*a**3*c**3*d**8*e**5 - 10*a**3*c**3*d**7*e**6*x + 10*a**3*...
```

3.327
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2514
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2515
Rubi [A] (verified)	2515
Maple [B] (verified)	2521
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2522
Sympy [F]	2523
Maxima [F]	2523
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2523
Mupad [F(-1)]	2524
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2524

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 394

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3cd}{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{21c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{8(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{35c^3d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{8(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{105c^3d^3e\sqrt{d+ex}}{8(cd^2-ae^2)^5\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{105c^3d^3e^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8(cd^2-ae^2)^{11/2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{(ad^2e + (a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3}{4} \frac{cd}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^2} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(ad^2e + (a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{21}{8} \frac{c^2d^2}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^2} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^3} \frac{1}{(ad^2e + (a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{35}{8} \frac{c^3d^3}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^4} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{(ad^2e + (a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{105}{8} \frac{c^3d^3e}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^5} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(ad^2e + (a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{105}{8} \frac{c^3d^3e^{3/2}}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^{1/2}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{e^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(ad^2e + (a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)x + cd^2ex^2)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(ex+d)^{1/2}}\right) \frac{1}{(-a^2e^2 + c^2d^2)^{11/2}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\left(\frac{(ae+cdx)(8a^4e^8 - 2a^3cde^6(25d+9ex) + 3a^2c^2d^2e^8)}{\dots} \right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(c^3d^3(d+ex)^{5/2} * (((a^2e + c^2d^2x) * (8a^4e^8 - 2a^3cde^6(25d + 9ex) + 3a^2c^2d^2e^8) + 2a^2c^3d^3e^2 * (104d^3 + 477d^2ex + 567d^2e^2x^2 + 210e^3x^3) + c^4d^4 * (-16d^4 + 144d^3ex + 693d^2e^2x^2 + 840d^2e^3x^3 + 315e^4x^4)))) / (c^3d^3 * (c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^5 * (d+ex)^3) + (315e^{3/2} * (a^2e + c^2d^2x)^{5/2} * \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{e} * \sqrt{a^2e + c^2d^2x}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - a^2e^2}}]) / (c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^{11/2})}{(24 * (a^2e + c^2d^2x) * (d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1135, 1135, 1132, 1135, 1132, 1136, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \\
 & \frac{3cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{3(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1135} \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{7cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{3(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1132} \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{7cd \left(-\frac{5e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{2(cd^2-ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{1}{3(d+ex)^{3/2} (cd^2-ae^2) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1135}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 7cd \\ 3cd \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} 5e \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right) \\ - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}} \end{array} \right) \\
 \hline
 4(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{1}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}} \quad 2(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

↓ 1132

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 7cd \\ 3cd \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} 5e \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\ + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \end{array} \right) \\
 \hline
 4(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{1}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}} \quad 2(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

↓ 1136

$$\left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)e^2} dx \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\frac{d+ex}{cd^2 - ae^2}} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}} \right)}{5e} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}} \right) + \frac{7cd}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{3cd}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$2(cd^2 -$

$$\frac{1}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3cd}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{7cd}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{3cd}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{1}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```


output

$$\frac{1}{(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (3*c*d*(1/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) + (7*c*d*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/ (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})) - (5*e*(1/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])) + (3*c*d*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(3/2)}))/ (2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/ (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/ (4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/ (2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1132

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)^m)*((a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(e*(p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)*((m+2*p+2)/((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m-1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d, e], x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1135

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)^m)*((a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1}/((m+p+1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*((m+2*p+2)/((m+p+1)*(2*c*d - b*e)))] \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d, e, p], x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1136

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(d + (e*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(2*c*d - b*e + e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d, e], x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 919 vs. $2(350) = 700$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 920, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)} \left(315 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^4 d^4 e^5 x^4 \sqrt{cdx+ae} + 315 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) a c^3 d^3 e^6 x^3 \sqrt{cdx+ae} + 945 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^4 d^5 e^4 x^3 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + 945 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) c^4 d^6 e^3 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} - 315 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} c^4 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 945 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) (ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} c^4 d^7 e^2 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} - 420 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a c^3 d^3 e^5 x^3 - 840 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 315 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(ae^2-cd^2)e}} \right) (ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} c^4 d^6 e^3 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} - 63 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^2 - 1134 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a c^3 d^4 e^4 x^2 - 693 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} c^4 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 18 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^3 c d e^7 x - 180 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 x - 954 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a c^3 d^5 e^3 x - 144 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} c^4 d^7 e x - 8 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^4 e^8 + 50 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^3 c d^2 e^6 - 165 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 208 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 16 ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2} c^4 d^8 \right) / (ex+d)^{7/2} / (cdx+ae)^2 / (ae^2-cd^2)^5 / ((ae^2-cd^2)e)^{1/2}}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{24} \left((e*x+d)*(c*d*x+a*e) \right)^{1/2} * \left(315 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^4*e^5*x^4*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} + 315 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3*d^3*e^6*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} + 945 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^5*e^4*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} + 945 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3*d^4*e^5*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} + 945 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^6*e^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} - 315 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 945 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3*d^5*e^4*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} + 315 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^7*e^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} - 420 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3*d^3*e^5*x^3 - 840 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 315 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{e*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{(a*e^2-c*d^2)*e}} \right) / \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3*d^6*e^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2} - 63 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*x^2 - 1134 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3*d^4*e^4*x^2 - 693 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 18 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a^3*c*d*e^7*x - 180 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*x - 954 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3*d^5*e^3*x - 144 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^7*e*x - 8 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a^4*e^8 + 50 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 165 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 208 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 16 * \left((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e \right)^{1/2} * c^4*d^8 \right) / (e*x+d)^{7/2} / (c*d*x+a*e)^2 / (a*e^2-c*d^2)^5 / ((a*e^2-c*d^2)*e)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1183 vs. $2(350) = 700$.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2388, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(315*(c^5*d^5*e^5*x^6 + a^2*c^3*d^7*e^3 + 2*(2*c^5*d^6*e^4 + a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^5 + (6*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 8*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^4 + 4*(c^5*d^8*e^2 + 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + (c^5*d^9*e + 8*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*log(-(c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*e^3*x - c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-e/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(315*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 16*c^4*d^8 + 208*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 165*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 50*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 8*a^4*e^8 + 420*(2*c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^3 + 63*(11*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 18*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 18*(8*c^4*d^7*e + 53*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^5*d^14*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^4*d^12*e^4 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^10*e^6 - 10*a^5*c^2*d^8*e^8 + 5*a^6*c*d^6*e^10 - a^7*d^4*e^12 + (c^7*d^12*e^4 - 5*a*c^6*d^10*e^6 + 10*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^8 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^10 + 5*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^12 - a^5*c^2*d^2*e^14)*x^6 + 2*(2*c^7*d^13*e^3 - 9*a*c^6*d^11*e^5 + 15*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^7 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^9 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^13 - a^6*c*d*e^15)*x^5 + (6*c^7*d^14*e^2 - 22*a*c^6*d^12*e^4 + 21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 15*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 40*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 24*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^12 - 3*a^6*c*d^2*e^14 - a^7*e^16)*x^4 + 4*(c^7*d^15*e - 2*a*c^6*d^13*e^3 - 4*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^5 + 15*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^7 - 15*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^9...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/2} (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2} (ex+d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 742 vs. 2(350) = 700.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 742, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(315*c^3*d^3*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/sqrt(c*
d^2*e - a*e^3))/((c^5*d^10*abs(e) - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2*abs(e) + 10*a^2*c^3*d^
6*e^4*abs(e) - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6*abs(e) + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8*abs(e) - a^5*e^
10*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)) - (16*c^7*d^11*e^5 - 64*a*c^6*d^9*e^7 +
96*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^9 - 64*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^11 + 16*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^13 - 144*((e*x
+ d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^6*d^9*e^4 + 432*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)*a*c^5*d^7*e^6 - 432*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^4
*d^5*e^8 + 144*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^10 - 693*
((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^2*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 1386*((e*x + d)*c*d*e
- c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^2*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 693*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^
3)^2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7 - 840*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^3*c^4*d^5*e
^2 + 840*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^3*a*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 315*((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^4*c^3*d^3*e)/(c^5*d^10*abs(e) - 5*a*c^4*d^8*
e^2*abs(e) + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4*abs(e) - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6*abs(e) + 5*a^4
*c*d^2*e^8*abs(e) - a^5*e^10*abs(e))*(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)*c*d^2*e - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^3 + ((e*x + d)*c
*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2))^3)*e^2
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1379, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(315*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c
*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 945*sqrt(e
)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(s
qrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x + 945*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*
e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sq
rt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 315*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*
d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(-
a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 315*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*s
qrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2
+ c*d**2)))*c**4*d**7*e*x + 945*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2
+ c*d**2)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c
**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 945*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2
)*atan((sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**5
*e**3*x**3 + 315*sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan((
sqrt(a*e + c*d*x)*e)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(- a*e**2 + c*d**2)))*c**4*d**4*e**4*x*
*4 - 8*a**5*e**10 + 58*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 18*a**4*c*d*e**9*x - 215*a**3*c*
*d**4*e**6 - 198*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**7*x - 63*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**2 - 4
3*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4 - 774*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x - 1071*a**2*c**3*d**4*e
**6*x**2 - 420*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 224*a*c**4*d**8*e**2 + 810*a*c**4
*d**7*e**3*x + 441*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**2 - 420*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**3 - ...
```

3.328 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2526
Rubi [A] (verified)	2527
Maple [A] (verified)	2528
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2528
Sympy [F]	2529
Maxima [F]	2529
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2529
Mupad [F(-1)]	2530
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2530

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$$

output $-2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)})/d^{(1/2)}/e$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output $-((\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*e))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {471, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 471$$

$$2e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)}{d+ex} - 2de^2} d \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[d]*e))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 471 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[1/(2*b*c + d^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex+d} \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{-ex+d} e\sqrt{d}}$	58

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/(-e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/e*2^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(-e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\frac{e^2x^2-2dex+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{d}-3d^2}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}e}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}\sqrt{ex+dd}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d}}}{e^2x^2-d^2}\right)}{e} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[1/2*\sqrt{2}*\log(-(e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e*x + 2*\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{d} - 3*d^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2))/(\sqrt{d}*e), -\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{-1/d}*\arctan(\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{-1/d}))/e]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-ex+d}}{2\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-de}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e*x + d)/sqrt(-d))/(sqrt(-d)*e)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(\sqrt{-ex+d}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}\right)-\log\left(\sqrt{-ex+d}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{2de}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*(log(sqrt(d - e*x) - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)) - log(sqrt(d - e*x) + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2))))/(2*d*e)`

$$3.329 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2531
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2531
Rubi [A] (verified)	2532
Maple [A] (verified)	2533
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2533
Sympy [F]	2534
Maxima [F]	2534
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2534
Mupad [F(-1)]	2535
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2535

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$$

output $2^{(1/2)}*\arctan(1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(e*x-d)^{(1/2)})/d^{(1/2)}/e$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-d+ex}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-d + e*x]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output $-((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[-d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/\text{Sqrt}[d]*e)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {471, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex-d}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 471$$

$$2e \int \frac{1}{2de^2 + \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)e^2}{ex-d}} d \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ex-d}}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[-d + e*x]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[d]*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 471 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[1/(2*b*c + d^2*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ex-d}\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex-d}e\sqrt{-ex-d}\sqrt{d}}$	63

input `int(1/(e*x-d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(e*x-d)^(1/2)/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(-e*x-d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/d^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(-e*x-d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/d^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d+ex}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d}} \log\left(-\frac{e^2x^2+2dex-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}\sqrt{ex-d}d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d}}-3d^2}{e^2x^2-2dex+d^2}\right)}{2e}, \frac{\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}\sqrt{ex-d}\sqrt{d}}{e^2x^2-d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{de}} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x-d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-1/d)*log(-(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x - d)*d*sqrt(-1/d) - 3*d^2)/(e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e*x + d^2))/e, sqrt(2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x - d)*sqrt(d)/(e^2*x^2 - d^2))/(sqrt(d)*e)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d + ex}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}\sqrt{-d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x-d)**(1/2)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*sqrt(-d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d + ex}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}\sqrt{ex - d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x-d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x - d)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d + ex}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-ex-d}}{2\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x-d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-e*x - d)/sqrt(d))/(sqrt(d)*e)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d + ex}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}\sqrt{ex - d}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(e*x - d)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(e*x - d)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d + ex}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}i}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{de}$$

input `int(1/(e*x-d)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*i)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(2))))/(d*e)`

3.330
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2536
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2537
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2537
Maple [F]	2540
Fricas [F]	2540
Sympy [F]	2541
Maxima [F]	2541
Giac [F]	2541
Mupad [F(-1)]	2542
Reduce [F]	2542

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 502

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt[3]{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{3^{3/4}(cd^2-ae^2)^{2/3}(d+ex)^{2/3}\left(\sqrt[3]{cd^2-ae^2}-\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{d+ex}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^{2/3}+\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt[3]{d+ex}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{cd^2-ae^2}-(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{d+ex}\right)}}}{4cde\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{d+ex}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{cd^2-ae^2}-(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{d+ex}\right)}}}$$

output

```
3/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/3)+1/4*3^(3/4)*
(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(2/3)*(e*x+d)^(2/3)*((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/3)-c^(1/3)*d^(1/3))*
(e*x+d)^(1/3)*(((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(2/3)+c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/3))*
(e*x+d)^(1/3)+c^(2/3)*d^(2/3)*(e*x+d)^(2/3))/((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/3)-(1+3^(1
/2))*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(e*x+d)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos(((a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/3)-(1+3^(1/2))*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(e*x+d)^(1/3))/((-a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/3)-(1+3^(1/2))*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(e*x+d)^(1/3))),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2)
)/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(e*x+d)
^(1/3))*((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/3)-c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(e*x+d)^(1/3))/((-a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/3)-(1+3^(1/2))*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(e*x+d)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{cd\sqrt[3]{d+ex}\sqrt[6]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(2/3)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(c*d*(d + e*x)^(1/3)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/6))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.128$, Rules used = {1139, 1138, 60, 73, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1139$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{2/3} \int \frac{(\frac{ex}{d}+1)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{(\frac{ex}{d}+1)^{2/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{2/3} \sqrt{ade + cd^2 x} \int \frac{\sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{cxd^2 + aed}} dx}{\sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{2/3} \sqrt{ade + cd^2 x} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cxd^2 + aed} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{5/6}} dx + \frac{3 \sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt{ade + cd^2 x}}{2cd^2} \right)}{\sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{2/3} \sqrt{ade + cd^2 x} \left(\frac{3d \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cd^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right) - d \left(\frac{cd^2}{e} - ae \right)}} d \sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}}{2e} + \frac{3 \sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt{ade + cd^2 x}}{2cd^2} \right)}{\sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 766

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{2/3} \sqrt{ade + cd^2 x} \left(\frac{3^{3/4} d \sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \left(\sqrt[3]{cd^2 - ae^2} - \sqrt[3]{cd^2/3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{cd^2/3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{cd^2 - ae^2} - (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{cd^2/3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \right)}}}{4e \sqrt[3]{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{cd^2/3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \left(\sqrt[3]{cd^2 - ae^2} - (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{cd^2/3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \right)}}}{\sqrt[6]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(2/3)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a*d*e + c*d^2*x]*(d + e*x)^(2/3)*((3*Sqrt[a*d*e + c*d^2*x]*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/6))/(2*c*d^2) + (3^(3/4)*d*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/6))*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(1/3) - c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/3))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(1/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/3) + c^(2/3)*d^(4/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(2/3))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(1/3) - (1 + Sqrt[3])*c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticF[ArcCos[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(1/3) - (1 - Sqrt[3])*c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/3))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(1/3) - (1 + Sqrt[3])*c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/3))], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/ (4*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(1/3)*Sqrt[-((c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/3))*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(1/3) - c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/3))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(1/3) - (1 + Sqrt[3])*c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/3))^2)]*Sqrt[-(d*((c*d^2)/e - a*e) + (c*d^3*(1 + (e*x)/d))/e)]/((1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/6)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 766

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

rule 1139

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^IntPart[m]*((d + e*x)^FracPart[m]/(1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[m]
) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{\sqrt{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(2/3)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^(2/3)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(2/3)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e*x + d)^(2/3)/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(2/3)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(2/3)/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(2/3)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(2/3)/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(2/3)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(2/3)/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(2/3)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(2/3)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{6(ex+d)^{1/6} \sqrt{cdx+ae} - \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^{1/6} \sqrt{cdx+ae}}{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade} dx \right) a e^2 + \left(\int \frac{(ex+d)^{1/6} \sqrt{cdx+ae}}{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade} dx \right) c d}{4cd}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(2/3)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `(6*(d + e*x)**(1/6)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x) - int(((d + e*x)**(1/6)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x))/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2), x)*a*e**2 + int(((d + e*x)**(1/6)*sqrt(a*e + c*d*x))/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2), x)*c*d**2)/(4*c*d)`

3.331 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2543
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2543
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2544
Maple [F]	2551
Fricas [F]	2551
Sympy [F]	2551
Maxima [F]	2552
Giac [F]	2552
Mupad [F(-1)]	2552
Reduce [F]	2553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = -\frac{3(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{13}{3}, \frac{14}{3}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{11(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

output

```
-3*(e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3)*hypergeom([1, 13/3], [14/3], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-11*a*e^2+11*c*d^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{8}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2c^3d^3 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x]`

output $(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{2/3}*Hypergeometric2F1[-8/3, 2/3, 5/3, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(2*c^3*d^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^{2/3}))$

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1855 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1855, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.243$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1166, 27, 1160, 1095, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{8e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2}{3\sqrt[3]{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{3(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{2/3}}{10cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{4(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5cd} + \frac{3(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{2/3}}{10cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\
 & \frac{4(cd^2-ae^2) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{5e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)}{3\sqrt[3]{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{7cde} + \frac{3(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{2/3}}{7cd} \right)}{5cd} + \frac{3(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{2/3}}{10cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$4(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{7cd} + \frac{3(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{7cd} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cd}{3(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{10cd}{10cd}$$

↓ 1160

$$4(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{4cd} \right)}{7cd} \right) + \frac{3(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{10cd}$$

$$\frac{5cd}{3(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{10cd}{10cd}$$

↓ 1095

$$4(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} \right)}{7cd} \right) + \frac{3(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{10cd}$$

$$\frac{5cd}{3(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{10cd}{10cd}$$

↓ 832

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 5(cd^2 - ae^2) \\ 4(cd^2 - ae^2) \end{array} \right\} \left(\begin{array}{l} 3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \\ \int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} \frac{dx}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e}} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{10cd}$$

↓ 759

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{2/3} (d + ex)^2}{10cd} + \\
 & \left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \left(\int \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} \right) \\
 & 4(cd^2 - ae^2) \frac{3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{2/3} (d + ex)}{7cd} + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{2/3}(d+ex)^2}{10cd} + \\
 & \left(\frac{3(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c})\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)}}{\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{e}(1+\sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)}} \right) \\
 & 4(cd^2 - ae^2) \frac{3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{2/3}(d+ex)}{7cd} +
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (3*(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3)/(10*c*d) + (\\ & 4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((3*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(2 \\ & /3))/(7*c*d) + (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x \\ & ^2)^(2/3))/(4*c*d) + (3*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x) \\ & ^2]*(((2^(1/3)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x \\ & + c*d*e*x^2)])/(c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3))*((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2 \\ & /3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x \\ & ^2)^(1/3))) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*((c*d^2 - a \\ & *e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + \\ & c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(4/3) - 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e \\ & ^{(1/3)}*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3) \\ & + 2*2^(1/3)*c^(2/3)*d^(2/3)*e^(2/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^ \\ & 2)^(2/3))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e \\ & ^{(1/3)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[\\ & ((1 - Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a \\ & *d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \\ & ^{(2/3)} + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d* \\ & e*x^2)^(1/3)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*Sqrt[((c \\ & *d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/ \\ & 3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^... \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]`

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 1095 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(3*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^3], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[3*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(2/3)*(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^3}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) e^3$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) d e^2$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) d^2 e$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) d^3$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(x**3/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*e**3 + 3*int(x**2/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*d*e**2 + 3*int(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*d**2*e + int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*d**3`

3.332 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2554
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2554
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2555
Maple [F]	2559
Fricas [F]	2560
Sympy [F]	2560
Maxima [F]	2560
Giac [F]	2561
Mupad [F(-1)]	2561
Reduce [F]	2561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = -\frac{3(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{10}{3}, \frac{11}{3}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{8(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

output

```
-3*(e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3)*hypergeom([1, 10/3], [11/3], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-8*a*e^2+8*c*d^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{3(d+ex)((ae + cd)x)(d+ex)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{5/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*(d + e*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/3, 2/3, 5/3, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(2*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(5/3))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1786 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1786, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.26, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1160, 1095, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1166

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{5e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)}{3\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{7cde} + \frac{3(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{7cd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{7cd} + \frac{3(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{7cd}$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{4cd} \right)}{7cd} + \frac{3(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{7cd}$$

↓ 1095

$$5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} + \right.$$

$$\frac{3(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3} 7cd}{7cd}$$

↓ 832

$$5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx \sqrt[3]{c} \right)}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e}} + \right.$$

$$\frac{3(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{7cd}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{2/3} (d + ex)}{7cd} +$$

$$5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cdex + ae^2)^2} \left(\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx \sqrt[3]{c} \right)}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e}} + \right.$$

↓ 2416

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{2/3} (d + ex)}{7cd} + \\
 & \frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}}{\sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \left((1 + \sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \right)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x]`

output

```
(3*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3))/(7*c*d) + (5*(
c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3))/(4*c*d)
+ (3*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(((2^(1/3)*Sqrt
[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/(c^
(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/
3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))) - (3^(1
/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/
3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))*
Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(4/3) - 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(c*d^2 - a*e
^2)^(2/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3) + 2*2^(1/3)*c^(2/3
)*d^(2/3)*e^(2/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3))/((1 + Sqr
t[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*
d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*(c*d
^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^
2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^
(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))], -7
- 4*Sqrt[3]])/(2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)
*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(
2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1...
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1095

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[(b
+ 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(3*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4
*c*x^3], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && Inte
gerQ[3*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1166

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m
+ 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[Ration
alQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadrat
icQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3]
)*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```


output `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cde^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(2/3)*(e*x + d)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cde^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx &= \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) de \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) d^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(x**2/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*e**2 + 2*int(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*d*e + int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*d**2`

3.333 $\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2563
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2563
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2564
Maple [F]	2567
Fricas [F]	2568
Sympy [F]	2568
Maxima [F]	2568
Giac [F]	2569
Mupad [F(-1)]	2569
Reduce [F]	2569

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3(d+ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

output

```
-3*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3)*hypergeom([1, 7/3], [8/3], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-5*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 2/3, 5/3, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(2*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(2/3))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1719 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1719, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1160, 1095, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{4cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1095} \\
 & \frac{3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{4cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})(cd^2-ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[3]{cdex^2}}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e}} \right)$$

$2d(ae^2 + \dots)$

$$\frac{3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{2/3}}{4cd}$$

↓ 759

$$3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})(cd^2-ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[3]{cdex^2}}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{2/3}}{4cd}$$

↓ 2416

$$3\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)}}{\sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \left((1+\sqrt{3})(cd^2-ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \right)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{2/3}}{4cd}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3))/(4*c*d) + (3*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*((2^(1/3)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/(c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(4/3) - 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3) + 2*2^(1/3)*c^(2/3)*d^(2/3)*e^(2/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3))]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(2^(2/...
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*(s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1095

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[(b
+ 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(3*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4
*c*x^3], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && Inte
gerQ[3*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{ex + d}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(2/3)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[3]{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) e + \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*e + int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)*d`

3.334
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2570
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2570
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2571
Maple [F]	2574
Fricas [F]	2574
Sympy [F]	2575
Maxima [F]	2575
Giac [F]	2575
Mupad [F(-1)]	2576
Reduce [F]	2576

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{2/3}}$$

output `-3/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 2/3],[5/3],c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-e*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))^(2/3)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt[3]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}}((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2cd(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-1/3),x]`

output `(3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/3)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 5/3, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(2*c*d*(d + e*x))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1661 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1661, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.38, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1095, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1095

$$\frac{3\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}$$

↓ 832

$$3\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e}} \right)$$

↓ 759

$ae^2 + cd^2 + 2$

$$3\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[3]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e}} \right)$$

↓ 2416

$$3\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}}{\sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \left((1+\sqrt{3})(cd^2 - ae^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{e} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \right)} \sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-1/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*((2^(1/3)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 +
4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/(c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)
)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(
a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]
]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e
^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2
)^(4/3) - 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*(a*d*e + (
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3) + 2*2^(1/3)*c^(2/3)*d^(2/3)*e^(2/3)*(a
*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3)))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2
)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d
*e*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) +
2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/3)))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3
)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(2^(2/
3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3)*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2
/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x
^2)^(1/3)))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)
*e^(1/3)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a
*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(2^(2/3)*c^(1
/3)*d^(1/3)*e^(1/3)) - ((1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)...
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 1095

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[(b
+ 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(3*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4
*c*x^3], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && Inte
gerQ[3*p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-1/3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(-1/3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-1/3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-1/3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x)`output `int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)`

3.335
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2577
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2577
Rubi [A] (verified)	2578
Maple [F]	2579
Fricas [F]	2580
Sympy [F]	2580
Maxima [F]	2580
Giac [F]	2581
Mupad [F(-1)]	2581
Reduce [F]	2582

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

output

```
3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1], [2/3], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3cd((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `(3*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 4/3, 5/3, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(2/3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex) \sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[3]{ae + cd} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ae + cd} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{4/3}} dx}{d \sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$\frac{cd \sqrt[3]{ae + cd} \sqrt[3]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ae + cd} \left(\frac{cd^2}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{cexd}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{4/3}} dx}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{3(ae + cd) \sqrt[3]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{e(ae + cd)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output

```
(3*(a*e + c*d*x)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1
[2/3, 4/3, 5/3, -((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))]/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*
(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd x^2 e)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(2/3)/(c*d*e^2*x^3 + a*d^2*e + (2*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2)*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/3)*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex) \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}} (ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex) \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(d + ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}} d + (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}} ex} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3)*d + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3)*e*x),x)`

3.336
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2583
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2583
Rubi [A] (verified)	2584
Maple [F]	2585
Fricas [F]	2586
Sympy [F]	2586
Maxima [F]	2586
Giac [F]	2587
Mupad [F(-1)]	2587
Reduce [F]	2588

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 1, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{4(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

output

```
3/4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(2/3)*hypergeom([-2/3, 1], [-1/3], c*d
*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^2d^2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output $(3*c^2*d^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(2/3)}*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 7/3, 5/3, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^{(2/3)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[3]{ae + cdx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/3}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$\frac{c^2 d^2 \sqrt[3]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[3]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{cd^2}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{cexd}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{7/3}} dx}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{3cd(ae + cdx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[3]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output

```
(3*c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/3)*Hypergeometri
c2F1[2/3, 7/3, 5/3, -((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))]/(2*(c*d^2 - a*e
^2)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/3),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}} (ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(2/3)/(c*d*e^3*x^4 + a*d^3*e + (3*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^4 + 3*a*d^2*e^2)*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/3)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}} (ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{3}}(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/3)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[3]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}} d^2 + 2 (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{3}} dex + (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x -$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3)*d**2 + 2*(a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3)*d*e*x + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d*
*2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/3)*e**2*x**2),x)
```

3.337 $\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2589
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2590
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2590
Maple [F]	2594
Fricas [F]	2594
Sympy [F]	2594
Maxima [F]	2595
Giac [F]	2595
Mupad [F(-1)]	2595
Reduce [F]	2596

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 350

$$\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{28c^3d^3e}$$

$$+ \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{35c^2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{14c^3d^3(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d+ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cd}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^{7/2}(ae + cdex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{28c^4d^4\sqrt{e}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```

3/28*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c^3/d^3/e+9/
35*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/c^2/d^2+3/14*(-a
*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)+2/7*
(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/c/d+3/28*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7
/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/
2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c^4/d^4/
e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
    
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx) \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{9}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{5c^3d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]`

output `(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-9/4, 5/4, 9/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(5*c^3*d^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 581, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.162$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1160, 1087, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1166}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{9}{4} e (cd^2 - ae^2) (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{7cde} +$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{14cd} + \\
 & \frac{2(d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{5cd} \right)}{14cd} + \\
 & \frac{2(d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \\
 & 9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{12cde} \right)}{2d} \right) + \\
 & \frac{2(d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1094} \\
 & 9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cdex}} dx}{3cde} \right)}{2d} \right) + \\
 & \frac{2(d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{cd^2} \right)}{cd^2} \right)}{2(d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/4}} \right) \frac{5/4}{7cd}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4))/(7*c*d) + (9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4))/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/(3*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2))/(6*Sqrt[2]*c^(5/4)*d^(5/4)*e^(5/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(2*d))/(14*c*d)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`
- rule 1094 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]`
- rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 1166 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex + d)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \sqrt[4]{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)} (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)*(d + e*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex + d)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex + d)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \int (d + ex)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `(48*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*d*e**5 - 12*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*e**6*x - 160*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 + 28*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x + 8*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 + 272*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**2*d**5*e + 252*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 240*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 80*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 212*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**3*d**6*x + 232*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**3*d**5*e*x**2 + 80*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**3 + 15*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**5*e**10 - 45*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 + 30*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 30*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*...`

3.338 $\int (d+ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2597
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2598
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2598
Maple [F]	2601
Fricas [F]	2601
Sympy [F]	2601
Maxima [F]	2602
Giac [F]	2602
Mupad [F(-1)]	2602
Reduce [F]	2603

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 292

$$\int (d+ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{6c^2d^2e} + \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{5cd}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{3c^2d^2(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2}(ae + cdex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{6c^3d^3\sqrt{e}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
1/6*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c^2/d^2/e+2/5
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/c/d+1/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)+1/6*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)*(c*
d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arcta
n((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c^3/d^3/e^(1/2)
/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4((ae + cd)x)(d + ex)^{5/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{5cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{5/4}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `(4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 5/4, 9/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(5*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(5/4))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{5cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/4}} dx}{12cde} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2d}{5cd} \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{5cd}$$

↓ 1094

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2+4cde(cdex^2+ade)}}}{3cde(ae^2+cd^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2d}{5cd} \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{5cd}$$

↓ 761

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{cd^2-ae^2} \right)}{3cde(ae^2+cd^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2d}{5cd} \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{5cd}$$

input Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]

output

$$\frac{(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/4)})/(5*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/(3*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(5/2)}*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)]/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(6*Sqrt[2]*c^(5/4)*d^(5/4)*e^(5/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(2*d)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))* \text{EllipticF}[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1094

$$\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(4*(p + 1) - 1)}/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/4)}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[4*p]$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d) (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \sqrt[4]{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)} (d + ex) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)*(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx \\ &= \int (d + ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)
```

output `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 d e^3 + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 e^4 x + 64(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 d e^3 + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 e^4 x + 64(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 d e^3 + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} a^2 e^4 x}{1}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `(- 16*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*d*e**3 + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*e**4*x + 64*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**3*e + 48*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 24*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 44*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**4*x + 24*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**3*e*x**2 - 5*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**4*e**8 + 10*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 10*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 10*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**4*d**8)/(60*c*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))`

3.339 $\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	2604
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2605
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2605
Maple [F]	2607
Fricas [F]	2607
Sympy [F]	2608
Maxima [F]	2608
Giac [F]	2608
Mupad [F(-1)]	2609
Reduce [F]	2609

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \left(-\frac{cde(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d + 2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right), 2 \right)}{3\sqrt{2}c^2d^2e^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

```
output 1/3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c/d/e-
1/6*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(-c*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^
^2)^2)^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^
2)),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(ae + cdx) \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{5cd \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]
```

output

```
(4*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 5/4, 9/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/(5*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 454 vs. 2(206) = 412.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1087, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{3cde}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx} - \frac{1}{12cde}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1094 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} - \\
 & \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{3cde(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} \\
 & \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} - \\
 & \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}}{6\sqrt{2}c^{5/4}d^{5/4}e^{5/4}(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/(3*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(6*Sqrt[2]*c^(5/4)*d^(5/4)*e^(5/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1087

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*
p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

rule 1094

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b
+ 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4
*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && Inte
gerQ[4*p]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2x^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \sqrt[4]{ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(1/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} ade + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} a e^2 x + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} c d^2 x}{\dots}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `(8*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*d*e + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e**2*x + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**2*x + int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*e**6 - int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**3*d**6)/(6*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))`

3.340 $\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	2610
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2611
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2611
Maple [F]	2614
Fricas [F]	2615
Sympy [F]	2615
Maxima [F]	2615
Giac [F]	2616
Mupad [F(-1)]	2616
Reduce [F]	2616

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{e} + \frac{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}(ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{cd\sqrt{e}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e+2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c/d/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(ae + cdx)^2 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{5cd((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/4, 9/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(5*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1138, 60, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{2e} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae + cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{cde} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

768

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4}}}{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

858

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)}{e} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

807

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} + \frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 229

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), 2\right)}{cd\sqrt{e} \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} + \frac{2d^4\sqrt{e}}{c} \right)}{d^4\sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt{ae + cdx}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*((2*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))/e + (2*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF[ArcTan[(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[e]], 2])/(c*d*sqrt[e]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(3/4)))/(d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 229 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(3/4)*Rt[b/a, 2])
)*EllipticF[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a
, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 768 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3
/4)/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4)) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b}, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a +
b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && Int
egerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e*x + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e*x + d), x)`

output

```
(4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e - int(((a*d*e + a
*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*
c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e
*x**2),x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 + int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)*
*(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*
c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**3*d**5)/(a*e**2 + c*
d**2)
```

3.341
$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2618
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2619
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2619
Maple [F]	2622
Fricas [F]	2623
Sympy [F]	2623
Maxima [F]	2623
Giac [F]	2624
Mupad [F(-1)]	2624
Reduce [F]	2624

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{3e(d + ex)}$$

$$- \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-4/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e/(e*x+d)-4/3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4cd(ae + cdx) \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(4*c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, 7/4, 9/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{3e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{4d \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 768

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 858

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)}{e} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 807

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3e \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 229

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(-\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{e}} \right), 2 \right)}{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}}{3e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4))/(3*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4)) - (4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(3*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(3/4)))/(d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 229 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(3/4)*Rt[b/a, 2]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 768 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4))/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + 3*int(((a*d*
e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2
*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c*d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e
**3*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - c**2*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**
3*e**2*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c
*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**
2 - a*c*d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**
3 - c**2*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d*e
**5*x - 4*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2
*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c*d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e
**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - c**2*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**
4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 4*int(((a*d*e + a*e
**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*
x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c*d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2
+ 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - c**2*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**3*e**2*x
**3),x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**
2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c*
d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - c**2
*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*c**3*d**6 + int(((a
*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + ...
```

3.342 $\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2626
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Maple [F]	2631
Fricas [F]	2632
Sympy [F]	2632
Maxima [F]	2632
Giac [F]	2633
Mupad [F(-1)]	2633
Reduce [F]	2633

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{7e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{4cd\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{21e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)}$$

$$- \frac{8cd(ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{21\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-4/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e/(e*x+d)^2+4/21*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)-8/21*c*d*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4c^2d^2(ae + cdx)\sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(4*c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, 11/4, 9/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 61, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} dx}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{7e} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}$$

61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7e} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}$$

73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7e} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}$$

768

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7e} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}$$

858

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e} \frac{(ae + cdx)}{e} + 1\right)} dx}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7e}$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

807

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1\right)^{3/4} d\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7e}$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

229

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7e}$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)} * ((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)}) \\ & / (7*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(7/4)}) + (c*d^2*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)})/(3*(c*d - (a* \\ & e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(3/4)}) - (8*sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(3/4)}*(1 + (c*d^2 \\ & - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^{(3/4)}*EllipticF[ArcTan[(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(3*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)* \\ & (1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x)/(c*d^2))^{(3/4)})))/(7*e)))/(d^3*(a \\ & *e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(1/4)}) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\\ & (a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \\ & \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \& \& \\ & \& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \& \& !(IntegerQ[n] \& \& !IntegerQ[m]) \& \& !(ILeQ[m \\ & + n + 2, 0] \& \& (\text{FractionQ}[m] || \text{GeQ}[2*n + m + 1, 0])) \& \& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c \\ & , d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 61
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\\ & (a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((\\ & m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], \\ & x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \& \& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \& \& !(LtQ[n, -1] \& \& (\text{EqQ}[a, 0 \\ &] || (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \& \& \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \& \& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d \\ & , m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 73
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}[\\ & \{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + \\ & d*(x^p/b)^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \& \& \text{Lt} \\ & \text{Q}[-1, m, 0] \& \& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \& \& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \& \& \text{IntL} \\ & \text{inearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 229
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-3/4}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{3/4})*\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]) \\ &)*EllipticF[(1/2)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \& \& \text{GtQ}[a \\ & , 0] \& \& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \end{aligned}$$

rule 768 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4))/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + 7*int(((a*d*
e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(7*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 21*a**
2*d**2*e**4*x + 21*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 7*a**2*e**6*x**3 - a*c*d**5*e + 4*a*
c*d**4*e**2*x + 18*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 20*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 7*a*c*d*e*
*5*x**4 - c**2*d**6*x - 3*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - c**2*
d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 + 14*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x
+ c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(7*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 21*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 21*a**2
*d*e**5*x**2 + 7*a**2*e**6*x**3 - a*c*d**5*e + 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 18*a*c*
d**3*e**3*x**2 + 20*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 7*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 - c**2*d**6*x -
3*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a**2
*c*d**2*e**5*x + 7*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*
x)/(7*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 21*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 21*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 7*a**2*
e**6*x**3 - a*c*d**5*e + 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 18*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 20*a*
c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 7*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 - c**2*d**6*x - 3*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 -
3*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d*e**6*x**2 - 8*int
(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(7*a**2*d**3*e**3 +
21*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 21*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 7*a**2*e**6*x**3 - a*c*d**5*e
+ 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 18*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 20*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 7*a
*c*d*e**5*x**4 - c**2*d**6*x - 3*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3
- c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 16*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x ...
```

3.343
$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2635
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2636
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2636
Maple [F]	2642
Fricas [F]	2643
Sympy [F]	2643
Maxima [F]	2643
Giac [F]	2644
Mupad [F(-1)]	2644
Reduce [F]	2644

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 304

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx \\ &= -\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{11e(d+ex)^3} + \frac{4cd\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{77e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{8c^2d^2\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{77e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)} \\ & \quad - \frac{16c^2d^2(ae + cdex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdex)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdex}}\right), 2\right)}{77\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-4/11*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e/(e*x+d)^3+4/77*c*d*(a*d*e+
(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2+8/77*c^2*d^2*(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-16/77*c^
2*d^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(
1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/e^(1/2
)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{4c^3d^3(ae + cdx)\sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{15}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(4*c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1
[5/4, 15/4, 9/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)
^4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.243$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 61, 61, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{15/4}} dx}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} dx}{11e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{11e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{7 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{11e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{11e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{7 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{11e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{11e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 73

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right) \frac{11e}{11e}$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 768

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)} \right)}{7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{11e}$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 858

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\begin{array}{l} cd^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} 6cd \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e} (ae+cdx)\right)} \\ 3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4} \\ 7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \end{array} \right) \\ 11e \end{array} \right)$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 807

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\begin{array}{l} cd^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} 6cd \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{e}\left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e} + 1\right)\right)^{3/4} d\sqrt{ae+cdx}} \right. \\ \left. 3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4} \right. \\ \left. 7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \right) \end{array} \right) \\ 11e \end{array} \right)$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

229

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\begin{array}{l} cd^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} 6cd \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right. \\ \left. 7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \right) \end{array} \right) \\ 11e \end{array} \right)$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}*((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)})/(11*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(11/4)}) + (c*d^2*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)})/(7*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(7/4)}) + (6*c*d*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)})/(3*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(3/4)}) - (8*\sqrt{e}*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(3/4)}*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^{(3/4)}*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c*d^2 - a*e^2}]*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x}]/\sqrt{e}]/2, 2))/(3*\sqrt{c*d^2 - a*e^2}*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x)/(c*d^2))^{(3/4)})))/(7*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(11*e)))/(d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(1/4)})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &
& GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m
+ n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c
, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0
] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 229

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(3/4)*Rt[b/a, 2])
)*EllipticF[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a
, 0] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 768 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4))/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + 11*int(((a*d
*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(11*a**2*d**4*e**3 + 44*a
**2*d**3*e**4*x + 66*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 44*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 11*a**2*e
**7*x**4 - a*c*d**6*e + 7*a*c*d**5*e**2*x + 38*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 62*a*c
*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 43*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**4 + 11*a*c*d*e**6*x**5 - c**2*d**7*x
- 4*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 6*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 - 4*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 - c
**2*d**3*e**4*x**5),x)*a**2*c*d**4*e**4 + 33*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**
2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(11*a**2*d**4*e**3 + 44*a**2*d**3*e**4*x + 66*
a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 44*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 11*a**2*e**7*x**4 - a*c*d**6*e
+ 7*a*c*d**5*e**2*x + 38*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 62*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 43*
a*c*d**2*e**5*x**4 + 11*a*c*d*e**6*x**5 - c**2*d**7*x - 4*c**2*d**6*e*x**2
- 6*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 - 4*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 - c**2*d**3*e**4*x**5),x)
*a**2*c*d**3*e**5*x + 33*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**
(1/4)*x)/(11*a**2*d**4*e**3 + 44*a**2*d**3*e**4*x + 66*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2
+ 44*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 11*a**2*e**7*x**4 - a*c*d**6*e + 7*a*c*d**5*e**2*
x + 38*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 62*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 43*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**4
+ 11*a*c*d*e**6*x**5 - c**2*d**7*x - 4*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 6*c**2*d**5*e**2
*x**3 - 4*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 - c**2*d**3*e**4*x**5),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**6*x
**2 + 11*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(11*a**
2*d**4*e**3 + 44*a**2*d**3*e**4*x + 66*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 44*a**2*d*
```

3.344 $\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$

Optimal result	2646
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2647
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2647
Maple [F]	2654
Fricas [F]	2654
Sympy [F]	2654
Maxima [F]	2655
Giac [F]	2655
Mupad [F(-1)]	2655
Reduce [F]	2656

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{180c^3d^3e} + \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/4}}{63c^2d^2} + \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/4}}{90c^3d^3(d+ex)} + \frac{2(d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/4}}{9cd} - \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2+cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)\right) \Big|_2}{120\sqrt{2}c^4d^4e^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
11/180*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c^3/d^3/e+
11/63*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/4)/c^2/d^2+11/90
*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/4)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)+
2/9*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/4)/c/d-11/240*(-a*e^2+c*d
^2)^5*(-c*d*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/
2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e
^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{11}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{7c^3d^3 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x]
```

output

```
(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hyperge
ometric2F1[-11/4, 7/4, 11/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(7*c^3
*d^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1148 vs. 2(346) = 692.

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1148, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1160, 1087, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1166} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{11}{4} e(cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} dx}{\frac{9cde}{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/4}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (d+ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} dx}{\frac{18cd}{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/4}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} dx}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/4}}{7cd} \right)}{\frac{18cd}{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/4}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \\
 & 11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{20cde} \right)}{2d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1094} \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/4} \frac{18cd}{9cd}}{9cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + \dots)}}}{5cde(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)} \right)}{2d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/4}}{9cd} \qquad 18cd$$

↓ 834

$$11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \int \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + \dots)}}}{5cde(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}}{2d} \right)}{2d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/4}}{9cd}$$

↓ 761

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a}}{\dots} \right)}$$

11($cd^2 - ae^2$)

$$\frac{2(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/4}}{9cd}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{2(d+ex)(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{7/4}}{9cd} +$$

$$3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)}$$

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/4}}{5cde}$$

$$11(cd^2 - ae^2) \frac{2(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{7/4}}{7cd} +$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/4))/(9*c*d) + (11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/4))/(7*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4))/(5*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*EllipticF[2*Arc...`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1))] Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1094 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2] / (b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1) / Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1) / (2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e) / (2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1) / (c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1 / (c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2) / Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4] / (a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4) / (a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]) / (q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}} (ex + d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int ((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{4}} (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)*(d + e*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex + d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex + d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (d + ex)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output

```
(176*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a**3*d*e**5 - 132*(
a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a**3*e**6*x - 672*(a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 + 372*(a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x + 120*(a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 + 1616*(a*d*
e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*c**2*d**5*e + 1812*(a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 1680*(a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 560*(a
*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 13
08*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*c**3*d**6*x + 1560*(a
*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*c**3*d**5*e*x**2 + 560*(a
*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**3 + 231*i
nt(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a
**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x
+ c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**5*e**10 - 693*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x
+ c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d
**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**4*c*d
**2*e**8 + 462*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(
a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x
**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 + 462*int((...
```

3.345 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$

Optimal result	2657
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2658
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2658
Maple [F]	2663
Fricas [F]	2663
Sympy [F]	2664
Maxima [F]	2664
Giac [F]	2664
Mupad [F(-1)]	2665
Reduce [F]	2665

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 288

$$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{10c^2d^2e} + \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/4}}{7cd} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{7/4}}{5c^2d^2(d+ex)} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae + cdx)(d+ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)\right) \Big|_2}{20\sqrt{2}c^3d^3e^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
1/10*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c^2/d^2/e+2/
7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/4)/c/d+1/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/4)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)-3/40*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(-c*d
*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a
*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e^2/(a*d*e+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \frac{4((ae + cd)x(d + ex))^{7/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{7cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{7/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x]
```

output

```
(4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(7/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/4, 7/4, 11/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(7*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(7/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1081 vs. 2(288) = 576.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1081, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.75, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} dx}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/4}}{7cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{20cde} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2d}{7cd} \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/4}}{7cd}$$

↓ 1094

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2+4cde(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}} dx}{5cde(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2d}{7cd} \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/4}}{7cd}$$

↓ 834

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)^2} \int \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2+4cde(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}} dx}{\sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2+4cde(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}} dx}{5cde(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2d}{7cd} \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/4}}{7cd}$$

↓ 761

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left[\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)} \right]$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/4}}{7cd}$$

↓ 1510

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left[\frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/4}}{7cd} + \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}}{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x]
```

output

```
(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/4))/(7*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4))/(5*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)]/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/((Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)]/Sqrt[c*...
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 834

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1087

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

rule 1094

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b
+ 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4
*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && Inte
gerQ[4*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d) (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}} (ex + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```


output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int ((d + ex) (ae + cdx))^{3/4} (d + ex) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)*(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (d + ex) (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + ade)^{3/4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \frac{-16(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{3}{4}} a^2 d e^3 + 12(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{3}{4}} a^2 e^4 x + 9}{}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output

```
( - 16*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a**2*d*e**3 + 12*
(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a**2*e**4*x + 96*(a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*c*d**3*e + 80*(a*d*e + a*e**2
*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 40*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 68*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c
*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*c**2*d**4*x + 40*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x
+ c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*c**2*d**3*e*x**2 - 21*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**
2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*
c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**4*
e**8 + 42*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*
d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 +
c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 42*int(((a*d*e + a*e
**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*
d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x
**2),x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 21*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x*
*2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x
+ a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**4*d**8)/(140*c*d
*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))
```

3.346 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$

Optimal result	2667
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2668
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2668
Maple [F]	2671
Fricas [F]	2672
Sympy [F]	2672
Maxima [F]	2672
Giac [F]	2673
Mupad [F(-1)]	2673
Reduce [F]	2673

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)\right) \Big|_2}{10\sqrt{2}c^2d^2e^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
1/5*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c/d/e-
3/20*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(-c*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(-a*e^2+c*
d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2
))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \frac{4(ae + cdx)((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{7cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x]`

output `(4*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 7/4, 11/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(7*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1021 vs. 2(206) = 412.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1021, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1087, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{20cde}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1094 \\ & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \\ & \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{5cde (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 834 \\ & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \\ & \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)}{5cde (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 761 \\ & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \\ & \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left((cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}}}{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}} \right)}{5cde (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 1510$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}}{5cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4))/(5*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-(((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(3/4)*e^(3/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + ...`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1094 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{3/4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \int (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx = \frac{\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4} dx}{8(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4} ade + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4} a e^2 x + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4} a e^2 x + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4} a e^2 x + 4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4} a e^2 x}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output

```
(8*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*d*e + 4*(a*d*e + a*
e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*e**2*x + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*
d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*c*d**2*x + 3*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x
+ c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d
**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*e**
6 - 3*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e*
**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2
*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 3*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*
e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),
x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 3*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(
3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*
d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**3*d**6)/(10*(a*e**2 +
c*d**2))
```

3.347 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx$

Optimal result	2675
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2676
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2676
Maple [F]	2681
Fricas [F]	2681
Sympy [F]	2681
Maxima [F]	2682
Giac [F]	2682
Mupad [F(-1)]	2682
Reduce [F]	2683

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d + 2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{2}cde^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/e-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-c*d*e
*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a*e
^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c/d/e^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+
c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{4(ae + cdex)^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdex)}{-cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{7cd \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdex)(d + ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 7/4, 11/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(7*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1138, 60, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \int \frac{(ae + cdex)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} dx}{d \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdex)^{3/4}}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} dx}{2e} \right)}{d \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{3e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae + cdx)e}{cd^2}} + 1} d^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{cde} \right)}{d \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 839

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{3e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right)}{cde} \right)}{d \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 813

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{3e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)^4}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right)}{cde} \right)}{d \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 858

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{3e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{cd^2(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2})^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1}}{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 807

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{3e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{cd^2(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2})^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1}}{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 212

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{3e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{cd^2(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2})^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1}}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} \right)}{d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae + cdx)^{3/4}} \right)}{d(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4}(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)*((2*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4))/(3*e) - (2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2)))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4))))/(d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{fp = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 212 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-5/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{5/4} \cdot \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2] \cdot x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 807 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_})^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/k - 1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{n/k})^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 813 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{5/4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot ((1 + a/(b \cdot x^4))^{1/4}) / (b \cdot (a + b \cdot x^4)^{1/4})] \ \text{Int}[1/(x^3 \cdot (1 + a/(b \cdot x^4))^{5/4}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 839 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{1/4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^3 / (2 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^4)^{1/4}), x] - \text{Simp}[a/2 \ \text{Int}[x^2 / (a + b \cdot x^4)^{5/4}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 858 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_})^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p / x^{m+2}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1138 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^m \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((1 + e \cdot (x/d))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + (c \cdot x)/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p])})] \ \text{Int}[(1 + e \cdot (x/d))^{m+p} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[3 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p]))$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{4}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{4(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4} ae - 3 \left(\int \frac{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4}}{acd e^3 x^2 + c^2 d^3 e x^2 + a^2 e^4 x + \dots} dx \right)}{d + ex}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*e - 3*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 3*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**3*d**5)/(3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))`

3.348 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2684
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2685
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2685
Maple [F]	2690
Fricas [F]	2690
Sympy [F]	2690
Maxima [F]	2691
Giac [F]	2691
Mupad [F(-1)]	2691
Reduce [F]	2692

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d + 2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)\right) | 2}{e^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/e/(e*x+d)+3*2^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-c*d*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))/e^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{4cd(ae + cdx)((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(4*c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, 7/4, 11/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(c*d*(d + e*x)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \int \frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}} dx}{d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{3cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} dx}{e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{e \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} \right)}{d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

73

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{12d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2}} + 1}} d^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{e \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} \right)}{d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

839

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{12d \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[2]{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{5/4}} d^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \right)}{e} \right)}{d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

813

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{12d \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[2]{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1}} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1}}{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right)}{e} \right)}{d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 858

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{12d \left(cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e} \frac{(ae + cdx)}{e} + 1 \right)} \right)}{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right) dx = \frac{\dots}{e}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 807

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{12d \left(cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx} (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1 \right)^{5/4} d\sqrt{ae + cdx}} \right)}{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right) dx = \frac{\dots}{e}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 212

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{e} \left(\frac{12d \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1 E \left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{e}} \right) \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{e} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right) + \dots$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

```
output ((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)*((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))
/(e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)) + (12*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d
^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*(a*
e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(1/4)*EllipticE[A
rcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(2*Sqrt[e]*S
qrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)
))/e)/(d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 57 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &
& GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m
+ n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c
, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 212 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-5/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{5/4} \cdot \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2] \cdot x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 807 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/k - 1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{n/k})^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 813 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{5/4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot ((1 + a/(b \cdot x^4))^{1/4} / (b \cdot (a + b \cdot x^4)^{1/4})) \ \text{Int}[1/(x^3 \cdot (1 + a/(b \cdot x^4))^{5/4}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 839 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{1/4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^3 / (2 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^4)^{1/4}), x] - \text{Simp}[a/2 \ \text{Int}[x^2 / (a + b \cdot x^4)^{5/4}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 858 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p / x^{m+2}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1138 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^m \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((1 + e \cdot (x/d))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + (c \cdot x)/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \ \text{Int}[(1 + e \cdot (x/d))^{m+p} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[3 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p]))$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2x^2)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cd^2x))^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*e + 3*int(((a*d*
e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*d
**4*x + a**2*e**5*x**2 - 3*a*c*d**4*e - 5*a*c*d**3*e**2*x - a*c*d**2*e**
3*x**2 + a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - 3*c**2*d**5*x - 6*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**
3*e**2*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c
*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*d*e**4*x + a**2*e**5*x**2 -
3*a*c*d**4*e - 5*a*c*d**3*e**2*x - a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + a*c*d*e**4*x**3 -
3*c**2*d**5*x - 6*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d*e
**5*x - 12*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*
d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*d*e**4*x + a**2*e**5*x**2 - 3*a*c*d**4*e - 5*a*c*d**3*e
**2*x - a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - 3*c**2*d**5*x - 6*c**2*d**4
*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 12*int(((a*d*e + a
e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*d*e**4*
x + a**2*e**5*x**2 - 3*a*c*d**4*e - 5*a*c*d**3*e**2*x - a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2
+ a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - 3*c**2*d**5*x - 6*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**3*e**2
*x**3),x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 9*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e
*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*d*e**4*x + a**2*e**5*x**2 - 3*a*
c*d**4*e - 5*a*c*d**3*e**2*x - a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - 3*c
**2*d**5*x - 6*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*c**3*d**6 + 9*i
nt(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**...
```

3.349
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2693
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2694
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2694
Maple [F]	2701
Fricas [F]	2701
Sympy [F]	2702
Maxima [F]	2702
Giac [F]	2702
Mupad [F(-1)]	2703
Reduce [F]	2703

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{12cd\sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{e(ae + cdx)}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{5e^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/e/(e*x+d)^2-12/5*c*d*(c*d*x+a
*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arctan((-a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2
)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{4c^2d^2(ae + cdx)((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{4}, \dots\right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(4*c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1
[7/4, 9/4, 11/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)
^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. $2(178) = 356$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.243$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 61, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1138}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \int \frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}} dx}{d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{57}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{3cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{5/4}} dx}{5e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{5e(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{5/4}} \right)}{d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 61

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{3cd^2 \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{5e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{5e(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{5/4}} \right)}{d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{3cd^2 \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae + cdx)e}{cd^2}} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{5e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{5e(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{5/4}} \right)}{d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 839

$$\left((x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \right) \left(\frac{3cd^2 \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[2]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2}}{5e} \right)$$

$$d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 813

$$\left((x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \right) \left(\frac{3cd^2 \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[2]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}}}{5e}}{5e} \right)$$

$$d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 858

$$\left((x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \right) \left(\frac{3cd^2}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1}{8d} \right)$$

$$d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)$$

↓ 807

$$\left((x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \right) \left(\frac{3cd^2 \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)}}{8d \frac{cd^2(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2})^4 \sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)}} + 1}{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}}}} \right)$$

5e

$$d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdex)^{3/4}$$

↓ 212

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^{3/4}}{d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cd^2)^{3/4}}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

```
output ((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)*((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))
/(5*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/4)) + (3*c*d^2*((4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/((c*d^2 -
a*e^2)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)) - (8*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(
c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2)))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*
(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(1/4)*Elliptic
E[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(2*Sqrt[e
]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1
/4))))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*e))/(d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3
/4))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 212 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(5/4)*Rt[b/a, 2]))*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 813 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(1/4)/(b*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4)) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(5/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 839 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4)^(1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3/(2*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4)), x] - Simp[a/2 Int[x^2/(a + b*x^4)^(5/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)/(e*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)/(d + e*x)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d)^3, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*e + 15*int(((a*d
*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(5*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 15*a
**2*d**2*e**4*x + 15*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 5*a**2*e**6*x**3 - 3*a*c*d**5*e - 4
*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 12*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 5*a*c*d*
e**5*x**4 - 3*c**2*d**6*x - 9*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 - 9*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - 3
*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 + 30*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*
d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(5*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 15*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 1
5*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 5*a**2*e**6*x**3 - 3*a*c*d**5*e - 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x +
6*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 12*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 5*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 - 3*c**2
*d**6*x - 9*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 - 9*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - 3*c**2*d**3*e**3*x
**4),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 15*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x
**2)**(3/4)*x)/(5*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 15*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 15*a**2*d*e**5*x
**2 + 5*a**2*e**6*x**3 - 3*a*c*d**5*e - 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**3*e**3
*x**2 + 12*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 5*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 - 3*c**2*d**6*x - 9*c**2
*d**5*e*x**2 - 9*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - 3*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d*
e**6*x**2 - 24*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(
5*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 15*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 15*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 5*a**2*e**6
*x**3 - 3*a*c*d**5*e - 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 12*a*c*d
**2*e**4*x**3 + 5*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 - 3*c**2*d**6*x - 9*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 - 9
*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - 3*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 48*...
```

3.350 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	2705
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2706
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2706
Maple [F]	2718
Fricas [F]	2718
Sympy [F]	2718
Maxima [F]	2719
Giac [F]	2719
Mupad [F(-1)]	2719
Reduce [F]	2720

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{9e(d + ex)^3} + \frac{4cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{15e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^2}$$

$$-\frac{8c^2d^2\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{e(ae + cdx)}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}\right)\middle| 2\right)}{15e^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/e/(e*x+d)^3+4/15*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-8/15*c^2*d^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{4c^3 d^3 (ae + cdx) ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-(cd^2) + ae^2}\right)}{7 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(4*c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[7/4, 13/4, 11/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.270$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 61, 61, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \int \frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{13/4}} dx}{d^4 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}} dx}{3e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{9e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}} \right)}{d^4 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 61

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}} dx}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{3e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{9e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}} \right)$$

$$d^4 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 61

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{3e}$$

$$d^4 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 73

$$\left(\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{cd^2} \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2 - ae^2}} + 1} d^4 \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} \right)}{3e} \right) \right)$$

$$d^4 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 839

$$\left(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2 \right)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d}{\sqrt[2]{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{1}{2}\left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)} \int \frac{\frac{(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{1}{2}\left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)} \right)$$

$$\frac{cd^2}{5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$$

$$\frac{3e}{\dots}$$

$$d^4 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

$$\left((x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} 2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - 8d \frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{2\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} - cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae} \\ cd^2 \frac{5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}{\dots} \end{array} \right)$$

$$d^4 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae$$

↓ 858

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

$$cd^2 \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1}{8d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{d}}} \right)$$

5 (c

↓ 807

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

$$cd^2 \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1}{8d \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}}} \right) \frac{1}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

↓ 212

$$\left(\frac{2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}}}\right)}{8d} \right) \frac{cd^2}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$$

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

$$d^4 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cd^2)$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/4)}/(d + e*x)^4, x]$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/4)} * ((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(3/4)}) \\ & / (9*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(9/4)}) + (c*d^2*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(3/4)})/(5*(c*d - (a* \\ & e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(5/4)}) + (2*c*d*((4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(3/4)})/((c*d^2 - \\ & a*e^2)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(1/4)}) - (8*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^{(3/4)})/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(\\ & c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2)))^{(1/4)} + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))* \\ & (a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)}*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^{(1/4)} * \text{Elliptic} \\ & \text{E}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])/\text{Sqrt}[e]]/2, 2])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[e] \\ &]*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^{(1 \\ & /4)})))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(3*e))/(d^4*(a*e + c*d*x \\ &)^{(3/4)}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(3/4)}) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\\ & (a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \\ & \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \& \\ & \& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \& \& !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \& \& ! \text{IntegerQ}[m]) \& \& !(\text{IleQ}[m \\ & + n + 2, 0] \& \& (\text{FractionQ}[m] || \text{GeQ}[2*n + m + 1, 0])) \& \& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c \\ & , d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 61
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\\ & (a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)})/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((\\ & m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], \\ & x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \& \& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \& \& !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \& \& (\text{EqQ}[a, 0 \\ &] || (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \& \& \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \& \& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d \\ & , m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 73
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\\ & \{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + \\ & d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \& \& \text{Lt} \\ & \text{Q}[-1, m, 0] \& \& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \& \& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \& \& \text{IntL} \\ & \text{inearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 212 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-5/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{5/4} \cdot \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2] \cdot x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 807 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/k - 1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{n/k})^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 813 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{5/4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot ((1 + a/(b \cdot x^4))^{1/4} / (b \cdot (a + b \cdot x^4)^{1/4})) \ \text{Int}[1/(x^3 \cdot (1 + a/(b \cdot x^4))^{5/4}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 839 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{1/4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^3 / (2 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^4)^{1/4}), x] - \text{Simp}[a/2 \ \text{Int}[x^2 / (a + b \cdot x^4)^{5/4}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 858 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p / x^{m+2}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1138 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^m \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((1 + e \cdot (x/d))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + (c \cdot x)/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \ \text{Int}[(1 + e \cdot (x/d))^{m+p} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[3 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p]))$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*e + 9*int(((a*d*
e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**4*e**3 + 12*a**
2*d**3*e**4*x + 18*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 12*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 3*a**2*e**7
*x**4 - a*c*d**6*e - a*c*d**5*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 14*a*c*d**3*
e**4*x**3 + 11*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**4 + 3*a*c*d*e**6*x**5 - c**2*d**7*x - 4*c*
**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 6*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 - 4*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 - c**2*d**3
*e**4*x**5),x)*a**2*c*d**4*e**4 + 27*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c
*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**4*e**3 + 12*a**2*d**3*e**4*x + 18*a**2*d**
2*e**5*x**2 + 12*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 3*a**2*e**7*x**4 - a*c*d**6*e - a*c*d*
**5*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 14*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 11*a*c*d**2*e**
5*x**4 + 3*a*c*d*e**6*x**5 - c**2*d**7*x - 4*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 6*c**2*d**
5*e**2*x**3 - 4*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 - c**2*d**3*e**4*x**5),x)*a**2*c*d**3*
e**5*x + 27*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(3*a
**2*d**4*e**3 + 12*a**2*d**3*e**4*x + 18*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 12*a**2*d*e
**6*x**3 + 3*a**2*e**7*x**4 - a*c*d**6*e - a*c*d**5*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**4*e*
**3*x**2 + 14*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 11*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**4 + 3*a*c*d*e**6*x**
5 - c**2*d**7*x - 4*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 6*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 - 4*c**2*d**4
*e**3*x**4 - c**2*d**3*e**4*x**5),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 9*int(((a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**4*e**3 + 12*a**2
*d**3*e**4*x + 18*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 12*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 3*a**2*e...
```

3.351
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	2721
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2722
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2722
Maple [F]	2738
Fricas [F]	2738
Sympy [F]	2738
Maxima [F]	2739
Giac [F]	2739
Mupad [F(-1)]	2739
Reduce [F]	2740

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 304

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = -\frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{13e(d+ex)^4} + \frac{4cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{39e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^3} + \frac{8c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{65e(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{16c^3d^3\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)\middle|2\right)}{65e^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2}\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4/13*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/e/(e*x+d)^4+4/39*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3+8/65*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2-16/65*c^3*d^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{4c^4d^4(ae + cdx)((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{4}, 7(c d^2 - a e^2)^5 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4}\right)}{7(c d^2 - a e^2)^5 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `(4*c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[7/4, 17/4, 11/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.297$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 61, 61, 61, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1138} \\ & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \int \frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{17/4}} dx}{d^5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{57} \\ & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{3cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{13/4}} dx}{13e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{13e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{13/4}} \right)}{d^5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 61

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{3cd^2 \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}} dx}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{9 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{13e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{13e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{13/4}} \right)$$

$$d^5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 61

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{3cd^2 \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}} dx}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{9 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)$$

$$d^5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

↓ 61

$$\left(\frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} \right) + \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$\frac{3cd^2}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{13e}$$

$$d^5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{d \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2}} + 1} \right) \\
 & \frac{2cd}{5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \\
 & \frac{3cd^2}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \\
 & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{13e} \\
 & d^5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 839

$$\left(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2 \right)^{3/4}$$

$$\frac{3cd^2}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$\frac{2cd}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$\frac{2cd}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{2 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

↓ 813

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

$$2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$8d \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{cd^2(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2})}{\dots} \right)$$

3cd²

2cd

5(c

↓ 858

$$\left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1}}{8d} - \frac{2cd \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)}}{2cd} \right)$$

$$3cd^2$$

↓ 807

				$\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$	$\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1}}{8d} - \frac{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)}$
		$2cd$			
		$3cd^2$			

↓ 212

$$(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

$3cd^2$	$2cd$	$\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)}$	$8d \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1}}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}}}\right)$
$2cd$	$5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)$		

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)*((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(13*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(13/4)) + (3*c*d^2*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(9*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(9/4)) + (2*c*d*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/4)) + (2*c*d*((4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)) - (8*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x))))^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(3*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(13*e))/(d^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)))Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 212 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-5/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{5/4} \cdot \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2] \cdot x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 807 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/k - 1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{n/k})^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 813 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{5/4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot ((1 + a/(b \cdot x^4))^{1/4} / (b \cdot (a + b \cdot x^4)^{1/4})) \ \text{Int}[1/(x^3 \cdot (1 + a/(b \cdot x^4))^{5/4}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 839 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{1/4}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^3 / (2 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^4)^{1/4}), x] - \text{Simp}[a/2 \ \text{Int}[x^2 / (a + b \cdot x^4)^{5/4}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 858 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p / x^{m+2}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1138 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_))^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^m \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((1 + e \cdot (x/d))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot (a/d + (c \cdot x)/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p}])) \ \text{Int}[(1 + e \cdot (x/d))^{m+p} \cdot (a/d + (c/e) \cdot x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[3 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p]))$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e^5*x^5 + 5*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 5*d^4*e*x + d^5), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)/(e*x+d)**5,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)/(d + e*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(e*x + d)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(d + e*x)^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*a*e + 39*int(((a*d
*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(13*a**2*d**5*e**3 + 65*a
**2*d**4*e**4*x + 130*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 130*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 65*a
**2*d*e**7*x**4 + 13*a**2*e**8*x**5 - 3*a*c*d**7*e - 2*a*c*d**6*e**2*x + 3
5*a*c*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 100*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 115*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**4 + 6
2*a*c*d**2*e**6*x**5 + 13*a*c*d*e**7*x**6 - 3*c**2*d**8*x - 15*c**2*d**7*e
*x**2 - 30*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**3 - 30*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**4 - 15*c**2*d**4*e**
4*x**5 - 3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**6),x)*a**2*c*d**5*e**4 + 156*int(((a*d*e + a
e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(13*a**2*d**5*e**3 + 65*a**2*d**
4*e**4*x + 130*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 130*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 65*a**2*d
e**7*x**4 + 13*a**2*e**8*x**5 - 3*a*c*d**7*e - 2*a*c*d**6*e**2*x + 35*a*c*d
**5*e**3*x**2 + 100*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 115*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**4 + 62*a*c*d
**2*e**6*x**5 + 13*a*c*d*e**7*x**6 - 3*c**2*d**8*x - 15*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 -
30*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**3 - 30*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**4 - 15*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**5
- 3*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**6),x)*a**2*c*d**4*e**5*x + 234*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*
x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*x)/(13*a**2*d**5*e**3 + 65*a**2*d**4*e**
4*x + 130*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 130*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 65*a**2*d*e**7*x
**4 + 13*a**2*e**8*x**5 - 3*a*c*d**7*e - 2*a*c*d**6*e**2*x + 35*a*c*d**5
e**3*x**2 + 100*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 115*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**4 + 62*a*c*d**2
e**6*x**5 + 13*a*c*d*e**7*x**6 - 3*c**2*d**8*x - 15*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 - 3...
```

3.352 $\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$

Optimal result	2741
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2742
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2743
Maple [F]	2747
Fricas [F]	2747
Sympy [F]	2748
Maxima [F]	2748
Giac [F]	2749
Mupad [F(-1)]	2749
Reduce [F]	2749

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 473

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx =$$

$$\frac{65(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{3696c^4d^4e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{1848c^4d^4e(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{99c^2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{308c^4d^4(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{154c^3d^3(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{11cd}$$

$$- \frac{65(cd^2 - ae^2)^{11/2} (ae + cdex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{3696c^5d^5e^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-65/3696*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c^4/d^4/
e^2+13/1848*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/c^4/d
^4/e/(e*x+d)+13/99*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4)/
c^2/d^2+13/308*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4)/c^
4/d^4/(e*x+d)^2+13/154*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
9/4)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)+2/11*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4)
/c/d-65/3696*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(11/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x
+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x
+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c^5/d^5/e^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{13}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{9c^4 d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x]
```

output

```
(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hyper
geometric2F1[-13/4, 9/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(9*c
^4*d^4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 668, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1160, 1087, 1087, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1166} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{13}{4} e(cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4} dx}{11cde} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d+ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{11cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (d+ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4} dx}{22cd} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d+ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{11cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4} dx}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{9cd} \right)}{22cd} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d+ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{11cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \\
 & \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{28cde} \right)}{2d} \right)}{22cd} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d+ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{11cd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$13(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{3cde} \right)}{28cde} \right) - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2d}$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{11cd} \qquad 22cd$$

↓ 1094

$$13(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{3cde} \right)}{28cde} \right) - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2d}$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{11cd}$$

↓ 761

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^4} \sqrt[4]{\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}{3cde}} \\
 & \frac{13(cd^2 - ae^2)}{11cd} \frac{2(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{9/4}}{11cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4))/(11*c*d) + (13 \\ & *(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4))/(9*c*d \\ &) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e \\ & ^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4))/(7*c*d*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^ \\ & 2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/(3*c*d*e) - \\ & ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c] \\ & *Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e \\ & ^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e* \\ & x^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d \\ & ^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[\\ & 2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/ \\ & Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2))/(6*Sqrt[2]*c^(5/4)*d^(5/4)*e^(5/4)*(c*d^2 + a \\ & e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2) \\ & *x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(28*c*d*e))/(2*d))/(22*c*d) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{Mat} \\ \text{chQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(\\ 1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))* \\ \text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) \\ *((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2* \\ p + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \\ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1094

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[4*(\text{Sqrt}[(b \\ + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4 \\ *c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{Inte} \\ \text{gerQ}[4*p]$$

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
  *e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
  && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1166

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
  ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
  1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m
  + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*
  (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[Ration
  alQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadrat
  icQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{5}{4}} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{4}} (ex + d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="
  fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e^3*x^4 + a*d^3*e + (3*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e +
a*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^4 + 3*a*d^2*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e
^2)*x)^(1/4), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int ((d+ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/4} (d+ex)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4), x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)*(d + e*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} (ex + d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)*(e*x + d)^2, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} (ex + d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)*(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (d + ex)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output

```
( - 624*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**5*d*e**9 + 15
6*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**5*e**10*x + 3328*(a
*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**4*c*d**3*e**7 - 676*(a
*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**4*c*d**2*e**8*x - 104*(a
*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**4*c*d*e**9*x**2 - 7200*
(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*c**2*d**5*e**5 + 96
8*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6*x
+ 448*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**
7*x**2 + 80*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*c**2*d
*2*e**8*x**3 + 13184*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**
2*c**3*d**7*e**3 + 20680*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)
*a**2*c**3*d**6*e**4*x + 30672*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)*
*(1/4)*a**2*c**3*d**5*e**5*x**2 + 20528*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d
*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**3 + 5152*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2
*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**4 - 624*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x +
c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**4*d**9*e + 19036*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c
*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**4*d**8*e**2*x + 39872*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**4*d**7*e**3*x**2 + 40240*(a*d*e + a*
e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**4*d**6*e**4*x**3 + 20160*(a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**4*d**5*e**5*x**4 + 403...
```

3.353 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$

Optimal result	2751
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2752
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2752
Maple [F]	2755
Fricas [F]	2756
Sympy [F]	2756
Maxima [F]	2756
Giac [F]	2757
Mupad [F(-1)]	2757
Reduce [F]	2757

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 415

$$\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2}}{168c^3d^3e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{84c^3d^3e(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{9cd} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{14c^3d^3(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{7c^2d^2(d+ex)}$$

$$- \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^{9/2} (ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{168c^4d^4e^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-5/168*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c^3/d^3/e^
2+1/84*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/c^3/d^3/e/
(e*x+d)+2/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4)/c/d+1/14*(-a*e^2+c*d^2
)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^2+1/7*(-a*e^2+
c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)-5/168*(-a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(9/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*Invers
eJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/
2))/c^4/d^4/e^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{5/4} dx = \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{9}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{9c^3 d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x]
```

output

```
(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hyper
geometric2F1[-9/4, 9/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(9*c^
3*d^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1160, 1087, 1087, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4} dx}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{9cd}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{28cde} \right)}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{9cd}$$

↓ 1087

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} \right)}{28cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{9cd} \quad 2d$$

↓ 1094

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} \right)}{28cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{9cd} \quad 2d$$

↓ 761

$$\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^4} \frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{9cd}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x]
```

output

```
(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4))/(9*c*d) + ((d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4))/(7*c*d*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/(3*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)]/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2))/(6*Sqrt[2]*c^(5/4)*d^(5/4)*e^(5/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(28*c*d*e))/(2*d)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1094 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d) (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} (ex + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e^2*x^3 + a*d^2*e + (2*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int ((d + ex) (ae + cdx))^{5/4} (d + ex) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)*(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} (ex + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)*(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} (ex + d) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)*(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (d + ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + ade)^{5/4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output

```
(48*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**4*d*e**7 - 12*(a*
d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**4*e**8*x - 208*(a*d*e +
a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*c**3*e**5 + 40*(a*d*e + a
**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*c**2*e**6*x + 8*(a*d*e + a**
2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*c*d*e**7*x**2 + 656*(a*d*e + a
**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 + 896*(a*d*e +
a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*x + 904*(a*d*
e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 30
4*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x*
*3 - 48*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**3*d**7*e +
856*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x +
1336*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x
**2 + 896*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**3*d**4*e
**4*x**3 + 224*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**3*d**
3*e**5*x**4 + 12*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**4*d
**8*x + 440*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**4*d**7*e*x
**2 + 592*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**4*d**6*e**2
*x**3 + 224*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**4*d**5*e
**3*x**4 + 15*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a
**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x...
```

3.354 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$

Optimal result	2759
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2760
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2760
Maple [F]	2763
Fricas [F]	2763
Sympy [F]	2763
Maxima [F]	2764
Giac [F]	2764
Mupad [F(-1)]	2764
Reduce [F]	2765

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 279

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{84c^2d^2e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde}$$

$$+ \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \left(-\frac{cde(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d + 2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right), 2\right)}{84\sqrt{2}c^3d^3e^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-5/84*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
e*x^2)^(1/4)/c^2/d^2/e^2+1/7*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/c/d/e+5/168*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(-c*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+
c*d*(2*e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+
c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \frac{4(ae + cdx)((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{9cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{5/4}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x]`

output `(4*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 9/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/(9*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(5/4))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 541, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1087, 1087, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx} dx}$$

$$\frac{7cde}{28cde}$$

$$\downarrow 1087$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \\
 5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 & \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{12cde} \right) \\
 \hline
 & \frac{28cde}{1094} \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \\
 5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 & \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx}{3cde(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} \right) \\
 \hline
 & \frac{28cde}{761} \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7cde} - \\
 5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 & \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x]`

output

$$\frac{((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/4)})}{(7*c*d*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/(3*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(5/2)}*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2]}/(6*Sqrt[2]*c^{(5/4)}*d^{(5/4)}*e^{(5/4)}*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))]/(28*c*d*e)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1087

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1094

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(4*(p + 1) - 1)}/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/4)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[4*p]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{\frac{5}{4}} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{4}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{\frac{5}{4}} dx = \int (ade + cdx^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{\frac{5}{4}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4),x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(5/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \int (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output `(- 16*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*d*e**5 + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**3*e**6*x + 128*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 + 140*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x + 72*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**2 - 16*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**2*d**5*e + 140*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 144*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 48*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**3*d**6*x + 72*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**3*d**5*e*x**2 + 48*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**3 - 5*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**5*e**10 + 15*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**4*c*d**2*e**8 - 10*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**6 - 10*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x...`

3.355
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx$$

Optimal result	2766
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2767
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2767
Maple [F]	2771
Fricas [F]	2772
Sympy [F]	2772
Maxima [F]	2772
Giac [F]	2773
Mupad [F(-1)]	2773
Reduce [F]	2773

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 297

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{6cde^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{15(d + ex)} + \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{9/4}}{5cd(d + ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2} (ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{6c^2d^2e^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c/d/e^2+(d/e
-a*e/c/d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(15*e*x+15*d)+2/5*(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(9/4)/c/d/(e*x+d)^2-1/6*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)*
(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arc
tan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c^2/d^2/e^(3/
2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{4(ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-(cd^2 + ae^2)}\right)}{9cd \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4,
9/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(9*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))
/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.243$, Rules used = {1138, 60, 60, 60, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1138

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int (ae + cdx)^{5/4} \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} dx}{d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \int \frac{(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx + \frac{2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (ae+cdx)^{9/4}}{5cd} \right)}{d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} dx}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}}}{6e} \right) + \frac{2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (ae+cdx)^{9/4}}{5cd} \right)}{d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} \right)^{cd^2}}{6e} \right) + \frac{2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (ae+cdx)^{9/4}}{5cd} \right)}{d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} \right)^{2(cd^2)}}{6e} \right) + \frac{2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (ae+cdx)^{9/4}}{5cd} \right)}{d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 768

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} \right)}{e} \right) \right)$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

858

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)}{e} \right)}{e} \right) \right)$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

807

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)}{e} + \frac{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} \right) \right)$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

229

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (ae + cd^2)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} (ae + cd^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd^2)} + 1 \right)} \right) \right)$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cd^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*((2*(a*e + c*d*x)^(9/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))/(5*c*d) + ((1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*((2*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))/(3*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))/e + (2*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF[ArcTan[(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[e]], 2])/(c*d*sqrt[e]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2)^(3/4))))/(6*e)))/10)/(d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 229 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(3/4)*Rt[b/a, 2])
)*EllipticF[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a
, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 768 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3
/4)/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4)) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b}, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a +
b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && Int
egerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(c*d*x + a*e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{64(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} a^2 d e^3 + 44(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + c$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(64*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*d*e**3 + 44*(a*
d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*e**4*x - 16*(a*d*e + a
*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**3*e + 48*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 24*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c
*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**
2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**4*x + 24*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c
*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**3*e*x**2 + 5*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x +
c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**
2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**4*e**8
- 10*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**
3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*
d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 10*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*
e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),
x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - 5*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(
1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*
d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**4*d**8)/(60*e*(a*e**2
+ c*d**2))
```

3.356
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2775
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2776
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2776
Maple [F]	2780
Fricas [F]	2781
Sympy [F]	2781
Maxima [F]	2781
Giac [F]	2782
Mupad [F(-1)]	2782
Reduce [F]	2782

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{5}{3} \left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} + \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{3e(d+ex)} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} (ae + cdex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)} \right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}} \right), 2 \right)}{3cde^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
5/3*(a-c*d^2/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)+2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/e/(e*x+d)-5/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c/d/e^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{4(ae + cdx)^3 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{9cd((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(4*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 9/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2)]/(9*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1138, 60, 60, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int \frac{(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} dx}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}}}{6e} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 60

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}}{2e} \right)}{6e} \right)$$

$$d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 73

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2d^4 \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \dots\right)}}{6e} \right)}{6e} \right)$$

$$d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 768

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2d\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{6e} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d^2\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}$$

↓ 858

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}} dx}{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} \right)} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d^2\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}$$

↓ 807

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{e} \right)} dx}{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} \right) + 1} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d^2\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}$$

↓ 229

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{2d\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{3e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{cd\sqrt{e}\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right) + 1\right)^{3/4}}{6e} \right)}{cd\sqrt{e}\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{6e} \right)$$

$$d^2\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*((2*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))/(3*e) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))/e + (2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(c*d*Sqrt[e]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(3/4)))/(6*e)))/(d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 229 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(3/4)*Rt[b/a, 2])
)*EllipticF[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a
, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 768 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3
/4)/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4)) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b}, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a +
b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && Int
egerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(c*d*x + a*e)/(e*x + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{24(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} a^2 e^3 - 16(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^2}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output

```
(24*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*e**3 - 16*(a*d*
e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*e + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**
2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d*e**2*x + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c
*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**3*x - 5*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d*
**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a
*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3
*c*d*e**6 + 5*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a
**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**
2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4 + 5*int(((a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x
+ a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d*
**3*e*x**2),x)*a*c**3*d**5*e**2 - 5*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d
*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e*
**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**4*d**7)/(6*
e*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))
```


3.357
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2784
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2785
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2785
Maple [F]	2790
Fricas [F]	2790
Sympy [F]	2790
Maxima [F]	2791
Giac [F]	2791
Mupad [F(-1)]	2791
Reduce [F]	2792

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{10cd^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{3e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{10\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}(ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{3e^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
10/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e^2-4/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/e/(e*x+d)^2+10/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{4cd(ae + cd^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae + cd^2)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cd^2)}{-(cd^2 + ae^2)}\right)}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(4*c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[7/4, 9/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 60, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int \frac{(ae + cd^2)^{5/4}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{3e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{3e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{3e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae + cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{cde} \right)}{3e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{3e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 768

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{e} - \frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4}}{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}}}{3e} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

858

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{2(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)}{e} + 1 \right)^{3/4}}{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} d \sqrt[4]{ae}}{3e} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

807

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1 \right)^{3/4} d \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{cde \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} + \frac{2d \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}}}{e} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

229

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), 2\right) + 2d\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}}}{cd\sqrt{e} \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} \right)}{3e} \right)$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/4))/(3*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4)) + (5*c*d^2*((2*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))/e + (2*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF[ArcTan[(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(c*d*sqrt[e]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(3/4)))/(3*e)))/(d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 229 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-3/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{3/4}*\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 768 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^4)^{-3/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^{3/4})/(a + b*x^4)^{3/4}) \text{ Int}[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^{3/4}), x], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 807 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m+1)/k-1)}(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p}, x], x, x^k], x] \text{ /}; k \neq 1 \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 858 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 1138 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((1 + e*(x/d))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \text{ Int}[(1 + e*(x/d))^{(m+p)}(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[d, 0]) \ \&\& !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[3*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[4*p]))$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(c*d*x + a*e)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `(- 8*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*e**3 + 16*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*e + 12*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d*e**2*x - 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**3*x + 15*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c*d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - c**2*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 15*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c*d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - c**2*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*a**3*c*d*e**7*x - 35*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c*d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - c**2*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 35*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c*d**4*e + a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 5*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**4*x**3 - c**2*d**5*x - 2*c**2*d**4*e*x**2 - c**2*d**3*e**2*x**3),x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x + 25*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(3*a**2*d**2*e**3 + 6*a**2*d*e**4*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x**2 - a*c...`

3.358
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2793
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2794
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2794
Maple [F]	2798
Fricas [F]	2798
Sympy [F]	2799
Maxima [F]	2799
Giac [F]	2799
Mupad [F(-1)]	2800
Reduce [F]	2800

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{20cd^4\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{21e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{7e(d + ex)^3}$$

$$- \frac{20cd(ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{21e^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-20/21*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e^2/(e*x+d)-4/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/e/(e*x+d)^3-20/21*c*d*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{4c^2d^2(ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-(cd^2 + ae^2)}\right)}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(4*c^2*d^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[9/4, 11/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 57, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int \frac{(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} dx}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{7e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{7e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 57

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{3e} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{7e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{4d \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7e} - \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{7e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 768

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)} \right)}{7e}$$

↓ 858

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e} (ae+cdx) + 1 \right)^{3/4} d \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3e \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

807

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{2d(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx} (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1 \right)^{3/4} d \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3e \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

229

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{e}} \right), 2 \right) - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

$$d^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/4} * ((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{5/4}) / (7*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{7/4}) + (5*c*d^2 * ((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{1/4}) / (3*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{3/4}) - (4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{3/4} * (1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2) / (e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^{3/4} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2] * \text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]) / \text{Sqrt}[e]] / 2, 2]) / (3 * \text{Sqrt}[e] * \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2] * (1 - (a*e^2) / (c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x)) / (c*d^2))^{3/4}))) / (7*e)) / (d^4 * (a*e + c*d*x)^{1/4} * (1 + (e*x)/d)^{1/4})$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
& GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m
+ n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c
, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 229

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(3/4)*Rt[b/a, 2])
)*EllipticF[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a
, 0] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 768

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3
/4)/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4)) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 858

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a +
b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2x^2e)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(c*d*x + a*e)/(e^3*
x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 8*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*e**3 - 16*(a*
d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*e - 28*(a*d*e + a*
e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d*e**2*x + 4*(a*d*e + a**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**3*x - 35*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x +
c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(7*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 21*a**2*d**2*e**4*x +
21*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 7*a**2*e**6*x**3 - a*c*d**5*e + 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x +
18*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 20*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 7*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 - c**2*
d**6*x - 3*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4)
,x)*a**3*c*d**3*e**6 - 70*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)*
*(1/4)*x)/(7*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 21*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 21*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 +
7*a**2*e**6*x**3 - a*c*d**5*e + 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 18*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2
+ 20*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 7*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 - c**2*d**6*x - 3*c**2*d**5*e*
x**2 - 3*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 - c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**7*x
- 35*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(7*a**2*d**
3*e**3 + 21*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 21*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 7*a**2*e**6*x**3 - a*
c*d**5*e + 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 18*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 20*a*c*d**2*e**4*x*
*3 + 7*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 - c**2*d**6*x - 3*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 - 3*c**2*d**4*e*
*2*x**3 - c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4),x)*a**3*c*d*e**8*x**2 + 75*int(((a*d*e + a*
e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(7*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 21*a**2*d**2
*e**4*x + 21*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + 7*a**2*e**6*x**3 - a*c*d**5*e + 4*a*c*d...
```

3.359 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

Optimal result	2802
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2803
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2803
Maple [F]	2809
Fricas [F]	2810
Sympy [F]	2810
Maxima [F]	2810
Giac [F]	2811
Mupad [F(-1)]	2811
Reduce [F]	2811

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 290

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^5} dx = -\frac{20cd^4\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{77e^2(d+ex)^2} + \frac{20c^2d^2\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{231e^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{11e(d+ex)^4} - \frac{40c^2d^2(ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{231e^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-20/77*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e^2/(e*x+d)^2+20/231*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)-4/11*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/e/(e*x+d)^4-40/231*c^2*d^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{4c^3 d^3 (ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-(cd^2 + ae^2)}\right)}{9 (cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
(4*c^3*d^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[9/4, 15/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.243$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 57, 61, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int \frac{(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{(ex/d + 1)^{15/4}} dx}{d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} dx}{11e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{11e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} \right)}{d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 57

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{7e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{7e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{11e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{11e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} \right)}{d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{7e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{11e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{11e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} \right)}{d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 73

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt{ae+cdx} \right)}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right)}{11e}$$

$$d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}$$

↓ 768

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt{ae+cdx} \right)}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)} \right)}{7e} \right)}{11e}$$

$$d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}$$

↓ 858

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2}{cd^2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8(ae + cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}\left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e} + \frac{(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}\right)}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right) \right)$$

11e

$$d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 807

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)}+1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cd^2-ae^2)}{e}+1\right)^{3/4} dx}{3\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2}+\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}+1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{11e} \right)}{11e} \right)$$

$$d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 229

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{5cd^2 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)}+1\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2}+\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}+1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{11e} \right)}{11e} \right)$$

$$d^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)} * ((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(5/4)}) \\ & / (11*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(11/4)}) + (5*c*d^2*(-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)}) / (7*e*(\\ & 1 + (e*x)/d)^{(7/4)}) + (c*d^2*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)}) / (3*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d) \\ & *(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(3/4)}) - (8*sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)^{(3/4)}*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2) \\ &) / (e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^{(3/4)} * EllipticF[ArcTan[(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[a*e \\ & + c*d*x]) / sqrt[e]] / 2, 2]) / (3*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 - (a \\ & *e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^{(3/4)})) / (7*e)) / (11*e)) / (d^5 * \\ & (a*e + c*d*x)^{(1/4)} * (1 + (e*x)/d)^{(1/4)}) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\\ & (a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \\ & \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \& \& \\ & \& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \& \& !(IntegerQ[n] \& \& !IntegerQ[m]) \& \& !(ILeQ[m \\ & + n + 2, 0] \& \& (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) \& \& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c \\ & , d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 61

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\\ & (a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((\\ & m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], \\ & x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \& \& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \& \& !(LtQ[n, -1] \& \& (EqQ[a, 0 \\ &] || (NeQ[c, 0] \& \& LtQ[m - n, 0] \& \& IntegerQ[n]))) \& \& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d \\ & , m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 73

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}[\\ & \{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + \\ & d*(x^p/b)^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \& \& \text{Lt} \\ & \text{Q}[-1, m, 0] \& \& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \& \& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \& \& \text{IntL} \\ & \text{inearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 229

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(-3/4)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{(3/4)}*\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]) \\ &) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \& \& \text{GtQ}[a \\ & , 0] \& \& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \end{aligned}$$

rule 768 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4))/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(c*d*x + a*e)/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4)/(e*x+d)**5,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)/(d + e*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`

output

```
( - 24*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*e**3 - 16*(a
*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*e - 44*(a*d*e + a
**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*x + 4*(a*d*e + a**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**3*x - 55*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x +
c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(11*a**2*d**4*e**3 + 44*a**2*d**3*e**4*x
+ 66*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 44*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 11*a**2*e**7*x**4 - a*c*
d**6*e + 7*a*c*d**5*e**2*x + 38*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 62*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**3
+ 43*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**4 + 11*a*c*d*e**6*x**5 - c**2*d**7*x - 4*c**2*d**6*
e*x**2 - 6*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 - 4*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 - c**2*d**3*e**4*x*
*5),x)*a**3*c*d**4*e**6 - 165*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x*
**2)**(1/4)*x)/(11*a**2*d**4*e**3 + 44*a**2*d**3*e**4*x + 66*a**2*d**2*e**5
*x**2 + 44*a**2*d*e**6*x**3 + 11*a**2*e**7*x**4 - a*c*d**6*e + 7*a*c*d**5*
e**2*x + 38*a*c*d**4*e**3*x**2 + 62*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 43*a*c*d**2*e**5*
x**4 + 11*a*c*d*e**6*x**5 - c**2*d**7*x - 4*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 6*c**2*d**5
*e**2*x**3 - 4*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**4 - c**2*d**3*e**4*x**5),x)*a**3*c*d**3*e
**7*x - 165*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(11*
a**2*d**4*e**3 + 44*a**2*d**3*e**4*x + 66*a**2*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 44*a**2*d*
e**6*x**3 + 11*a**2*e**7*x**4 - a*c*d**6*e + 7*a*c*d**5*e**2*x + 38*a*c*d*
**4*e**3*x**2 + 62*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 43*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**4 + 11*a*c*d*e*
**6*x**5 - c**2*d**7*x - 4*c**2*d**6*e*x**2 - 6*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**3 - 4*...
```

3.360 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

Optimal result	2813
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2814
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2814
Maple [F]	2823
Fricas [F]	2823
Sympy [F]	2824
Maxima [F]	2824
Giac [F]	2824
Mupad [F(-1)]	2825
Reduce [F]	2825

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 353

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d+ex)^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4cd^4\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{33e^2(d+ex)^3} + \frac{4c^2d^2\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{231e^2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{8c^3d^3\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{231e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)} - \frac{4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}}{15e(d+ex)^5}$$

$$-\frac{16c^3d^3(ae+cdx)^{3/2}\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right),2\right)}{231e^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-4/33*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/e^2/(e*x+d)^3+4/231*c^2*d^4*sqrt[4]{a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2}/(33*e^2*(d+e*x)^3)+4*c^2*d^2*sqrt[4]{a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2}/(231*e^2*(d^2-e*a)*(d+e*x)^2)+8*c^3*d^3*sqrt[4]{a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2}/(231*e^2*(d^2-e*a)^2*(d+e*x))-4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(15*e*(d+e*x)^5)-16*c^3*d^3*(a*e+c*d*x)^(3/2)*(c*d*(d+e*x)/(e*(a*e+c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF(1/2*arctan((sqrt(c*d^2-e*a^2))/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(a*e+c*d*x))),2)/e^(3/2)/((d+e*x)^5)/(231*e^(3/2)*(d^2-e*a)^5/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{4c^4d^4(ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-(cd^2 + ae^2)}\right)}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

output

```
(4*c^4*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[9/4, 19/4, 13/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.270$, Rules used = {1138, 57, 57, 61, 61, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int \frac{(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{(ex/d + 1)^{19/4}} dx}{d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{15/4}} dx}{3e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{15e\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{15/4}} \right)}{d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 57

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{cd^2 \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} dx}{11e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{11e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} \right)}{3e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{15e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{15/4}} \right)}{d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{7 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{11e} - \frac{4d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{11e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} \right)}{3e} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{5/4}}{15e \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{15/4}}$$

↓ 61

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} dx}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right) + \frac{11e}{3e}$$

$$d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2} \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e+1}{cd^2}\right)^{3/4}} d^4 \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} \right) + \frac{11e}{3e}$$

$$d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(\frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} d\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} + \frac{4}{3 \left(\frac{e}{d} \right)} \right)}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} + \frac{11e}{3e} \right)$$

$$d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$	$\frac{6cd}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e}\right)}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)}$
	$\frac{cd^2}{7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$
	$\frac{cd^2}{11e}$
	$\frac{cd^2}{3e}$

$$d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$	$\frac{6cd}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{e}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e} + 1\right)\right)^{3/4}}}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}}$
	$\frac{cd^2}{7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$
	$\frac{cd^2}{11e}$
	$\frac{cd^2}{3e}$

$$d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e(ae+cdx)}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$$

$$\frac{11e}{3e}$$

$$d^6 \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*((-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/4))/(15*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(15/4)) + (c*d^2*(-4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4))/(11*e*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(11/4)) + (c*d^2*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4))/(7*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(7/4)) + (6*c*d*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4))/(3*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4)) - (8*sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF[ArcTan[(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(3*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(3/4)))/(7*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(11*e))/(3*e))/(d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
 Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
 GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] &&
 (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)))]
 Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] &&
 LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 229 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(3/4)*Rt[b/a, 2]))*EllipticF[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 768 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4))/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4)] Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a +
b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2x^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{(ex + d)^6} dx$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^6,x)
```

output

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^6,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(c*d*x + a*e)/(e^5*
x^5 + 5*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 5*d^4*e*x + d^5), x)
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4)/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)/(d + e*x)**6, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}}{(ex + d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)/(e*x + d)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^6,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(d + e*x)^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output

```
( - 40*(a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a**2*e**3 - 16*(a
*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*e - 60*(a*d*e + a
**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*c*d**2*x + 4*(a*d*e + a**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d**3*x - 75*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x +
c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(15*a**2*d**5*e**3 + 75*a**2*d**4*e**4*x
+ 150*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**2 + 150*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 75*a**2*d*e**7*x**4
+ 15*a**2*e**8*x**5 - a*c*d**7*e + 10*a*c*d**6*e**2*x + 65*a*c*d**5*e**3*
x**2 + 140*a*c*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 145*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**4 + 74*a*c*d**2*e**6*
x**5 + 15*a*c*d*e**7*x**6 - c**2*d**8*x - 5*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 - 10*c**2*d**
6*e**2*x**3 - 10*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**4 - 5*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**5 - c**2*d**3*e
**5*x**6),x)*a**3*c*d**5*e**6 - 300*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c
*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*x)/(15*a**2*d**5*e**3 + 75*a**2*d**4*e**4*x + 150*a**2*d
**3*e**5*x**2 + 150*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 75*a**2*d*e**7*x**4 + 15*a**2*e**
8*x**5 - a*c*d**7*e + 10*a*c*d**6*e**2*x + 65*a*c*d**5*e**3*x**2 + 140*a*c
*d**4*e**4*x**3 + 145*a*c*d**3*e**5*x**4 + 74*a*c*d**2*e**6*x**5 + 15*a*c
*d*e**7*x**6 - c**2*d**8*x - 5*c**2*d**7*e*x**2 - 10*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**3 -
10*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**4 - 5*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**5 - c**2*d**3*e**5*x**6),x)*a
**3*c*d**4*e**7*x - 450*int(((a*d*e + a**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(
1/4)*x)/(15*a**2*d**5*e**3 + 75*a**2*d**4*e**4*x + 150*a**2*d**3*e**5*x**2
+ 150*a**2*d**2*e**6*x**3 + 75*a**2*d*e**7*x**4 + 15*a**2*e**8*x**5 - ...
```

3.361
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2827
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2828
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2828
Maple [F]	2834
Fricas [F]	2835
Sympy [F]	2835
Maxima [F]	2835
Giac [F]	2836
Mupad [F(-1)]	2836
Reduce [F]	2836

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 290

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{30c^3d^3} \\ &+ \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{35c^2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{7cd} \\ &+ \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2+cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{20\sqrt{2}c^4d^4e\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
11/30*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c^3/d^3+11/
35*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c^2/d^2+
2/7*(e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c/d+11/40*(-a*e^2+c*
d^2)^4*(-c*d*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1
/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/
e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{11}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{3c^3d^3\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]
```

output

```
(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-11/4, 3/4, 7/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(3*c^3*d^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1128 vs. 2(290) = 580.

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1128, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.243$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1166, 27, 1160, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1166}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{11e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2}{4\sqrt[4]{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{7cde} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{7cd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{\frac{14cd}{2(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{7cd}{7cd}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1166} \\
 & \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{7e^{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)}}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{5cde} + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cd} \right)}{\frac{14cd}{2(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{7cd}{7cd}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{10cd} + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cd} \right)}{\frac{14cd}{2(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{7cd}{7cd}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\left(\frac{d^2 - ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3cd} \right)}{10cd} \right)}{\frac{14cd}{2(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{7cd}{7cd}} + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{7cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1094}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)} \right)}{10cd} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{7cd} \qquad 14cd$$

↓ 834

$$11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)}{\right)}{10cd} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{7cd}$$

↓ 761

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \\ 7(cd^2 - ae^2) \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} (cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \\ \frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)} \end{array} \right) \sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}}$$

$$11(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{7cd}$$

\downarrow 1510

$$\frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} (d + ex)^2}{7cd} +$$

$$2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}$$

$$(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2}}{cd^2} \right)$$

$$7(cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$11(cd^2 - ae^2) \frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} (d + ex)}{5cd} +$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4))/(7*c*d) + (1
1*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3
/4)))/(5*c*d) + (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x
^2)^(3/4)))/(3*c*d) + (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)
^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/
4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2
)]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (
2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*
d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
+ c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d
*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcT
an[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2
)^(1/4)]/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/((Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*Sqrt
[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(
Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*
Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt
[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))/((c
*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^
2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(...`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(
1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, S
imp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a
+ b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1094 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx &= \left(\int \frac{x^3}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) e^3 \\ &+ 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) d e^2 \\ &+ 3 \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) d^2 e \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) d^3 \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(x**3/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)*e**3 + 3*int(x**2/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)*d*e**2 + 3*int(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)*d**2*e + int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)*d**3`

3.362
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2838
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2839
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2839
Maple [F]	2844
Fricas [F]	2845
Sympy [F]	2845
Maxima [F]	2845
Giac [F]	2846
Mupad [F(-1)]	2846
Reduce [F]	2846

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{15c^2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d+ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cd}$$

$$+ \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae + cdx)(d+ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)\right) \Big|_2}{10\sqrt{2}c^3d^3e \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
7/15*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c^2/d^2+2/5*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c/d+7/20*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(-c*d*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(d+ex)((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{3cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{7/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]
```

output

```
(4*(d + e*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/4, 3/4, 7/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(3*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(7/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1059 vs. 2(230) = 460.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1059, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1160, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{7e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5cde} + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/4}}{5cd}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{\frac{10cd}{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{5cd}{5cd}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{3cd} \right)}{\frac{10cd}{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{5cd}{5cd}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1094} \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)} + \right)}{\frac{10cd}{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{5cd}{5cd}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{834} \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} + \right)}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)} + \right)}{\frac{10cd}{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}} + \frac{5cd}{5cd}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{5cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left[2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left((cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cd}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4} (d + ex)}{5cd} +$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/4)})/(5*c*d) + (7*(\\ & c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/4)})/(3*c*d) \\ & + (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - \\ & a*e^2)*(-(((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a* \\ & e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2) \\ &)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e \\ & *x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*\text{Sqrt}[\\ & ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))/((c* \\ & d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2) \\ &)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)} \\ & *d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 \\ & - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 \\ & + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[e]) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(3/2)}*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e \\ & + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 \\ & + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 \\ & + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/ \\ & (c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(\\ & a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2... \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 834

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1094 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx &= \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) de \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) d^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output

```
int(x**2/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)*e**2 + 2*int
(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)*d*e + int(1/(a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)*d**2
```


3.363 $\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2848
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2849
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2849
Maple [F]	2853
Fricas [F]	2853
Sympy [F]	2854
Maxima [F]	2854
Giac [F]	2854
Mupad [F(-1)]	2855
Reduce [F]	2855

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3cd}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)\right) | 2}{\sqrt{2}c^2d^2e \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c/d+1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(-c*d
*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a
*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e/(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4((ae + cd)x)(d + ex)^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cd)x}{-cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{3cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x]
```

output

```
(4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 3/4, 7/4, (e*(a
*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/(3*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
^(3/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 992 vs. 2(171) = 342.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 992, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.80, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1160, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c dex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1094$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3cd}} +$$

↓ 834

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3cd}}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}}{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}}}} \right)}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3cd}}$$

↓ 1510

$$2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}}{3cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/4)})/(3*c*d) + (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(3/2)}*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(3/4)}*d^{(3/4)}*e^{(3/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a... \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 834

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1094

$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[4*(\text{Sqrt}[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(4*(p + 1) - 1)}/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/4)}], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[4*p]$$

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
  *e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
  && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{ex + d}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{(d + ex)(ae + cd x)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4}} dx \right) e + \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4}} dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

output `int(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4), x)*e + int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4), x)*d`

3.364 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2856
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2856
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2857
Maple [F]	2860
Fricas [F]	2860
Sympy [F]	2860
Maxima [F]	2861
Giac [F]	2861
Mupad [F(-1)]	2861
Reduce [F]	2862

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)\right) \Big|_2}{cde \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
2^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-c*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} ((ae + cd x)(d + ex))^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{3cd(d+ex)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-1/4),x]
```

output

```
(4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)
*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 3/4, 7/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/(
3*c*d*(d + e*x))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 936 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 936, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.64, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1094

$$\frac{4\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}$$

↓ 834

$$4\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} d^4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

$$ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex$$

761

$$4\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}}} \right)$$

$$4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}$$

1510

$$4\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}}} \right)$$

$$4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-1/4),x]
```

output

```
(4*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-(((a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*
d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*
Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^
2)))) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 +
4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 +
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c
*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*
d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/(S
qrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((c*d^2 - a*
e^2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
+ c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]
*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2])
*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e
^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d
^(3/4)*e^(3/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
+ c*d*e*x^2)])))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(
1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 834

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, S
imp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a
+ b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1094

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b
+ 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4
*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && Inte
gerQ[4*p]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-1/4), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)
```

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(-1/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-1/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-1/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

3.365 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2863
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2863
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2864
Maple [F]	2869
Fricas [F]	2869
Sympy [F]	2869
Maxima [F]	2870
Giac [F]	2870
Mupad [F(-1)]	2870
Reduce [F]	2871

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4\sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2} \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4cd((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `(4*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 5/4, 7/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1138, 61, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx(\frac{ex}{d}+1)^{5/4}}} dx}{d\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{d\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + ade + cdex^2}$$

73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{8d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2}} + 1} d\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{d\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + ade + cdex^2}$$

839

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{5/4}} d\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{d\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + ade + cdex^2}$$

813

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}}}{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2}}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{d\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + ade + cdex^2}$$

858

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd x)}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e} \right)^{5/4}} dx \right)}{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right) \frac{1}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

807

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd x)}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1 \right)^{5/4}} dx \right)}{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right) \frac{1}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

212

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1 E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)$$

$$d\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)*((4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)) - (8*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2)))*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/((2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 212 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(5/4)*Rt[b/a, 2])
)*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a
 , 0] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
 + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
 x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 813 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((1 + a/(b*x^4)
)^(1/4)/(b*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4))) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(5/4)), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 839 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3/(2*(a + b*x^4
)^(1/4)), x] - Simp[a/2 Int[x^2/(a + b*x^4)^(5/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b},
 x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a +
 b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && Int
 egerQ[m]`
- rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
 mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
 *(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
 p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
 && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
 Q[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd x^2 e)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex + d)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c*d*e^2*x^3 + a*d^2*e + (2*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2)*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{(d + ex)(ae + cd x)(d + ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex) \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} d + (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} ex} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*d + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*e*x),x)`

3.366
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2872
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2873
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2873
Maple [F]	2880
Fricas [F]	2880
Sympy [F]	2881
Maxima [F]	2881
Giac [F]	2881
Mupad [F(-1)]	2882
Reduce [F]	2882

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{8cd\sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae + cdx)}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{5\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
4/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-8/5*c*d*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4c^2 d^2 ((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)),x]
```

output

```
(4*c^2*d^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 9/4, 7/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 394 vs. 2(189) = 378.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.243$, Rules used = {1138, 61, 61, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx(\frac{ex}{d}+1)^{9/4}}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{5/4}} dx}{5(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{5(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{5/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{5(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{5(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{5/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

73

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae + cdx)e}{cd^2}} + 1} d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{5(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{5(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{5/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

839

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{2\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{5/4} dx}}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$$

$$d^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}$$

↓ 813

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{2\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - a}{e(ae + c)}}}{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{a}{c}}}}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right)}{5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$$

$$d^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}$$

↓ 858

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1}{8d} \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e}\right)} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}{\dots}$$

$$d^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + ade + cde$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \\
 & \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{4d(ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd x)}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae + cd x} (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1\right)^5} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{8d}{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right) \\
 & \left. \frac{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \left(\frac{2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd x)}} + 1 E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{ae + cd x}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)\right)}{8d} \right)}{2\sqrt{e} \sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2}} + 1}}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \right) \frac{1}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$$

$$d^2 \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/4)) + (2*c*d*((4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)) - (8*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2)))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2)))^(1/4)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(d^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n])) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 212 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(-5/4)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{(5/4)}*\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 807 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m + 1)/k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^{(p)}, x], x, x^k], x] /;$ $k \neq 1] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 813 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^4)^{(5/4)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^{(1/4)} / (b*(a + b*x^4)^{(1/4})) \ \text{Int}[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^{(5/4)}), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 839 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^4)^{(1/4)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^3/(2*(a + b*x^4)^{(1/4)}), x] - \text{Simp}[a/2 \ \text{Int}[x^2/(a + b*x^4)^{(5/4)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 858 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m + 2)}, x], x, 1/x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c*d*e^3*x^4 + a*d^
3*e + (3*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^4 + 3*a
*d^2*e^2)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex+d)^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex+d)^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)), x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^2 + 2(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} dex + (cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*d**2 + 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*d*e*x + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*e**2*x**2), x)`

3.367 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2883
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2884
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2884
Maple [F]	2894
Fricas [F]	2895
Sympy [F]	2895
Maxima [F]	2895
Giac [F]	2896
Mupad [F(-1)]	2896
Reduce [F]	2897

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^3} + \frac{8cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{16c^2d^2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)\middle|2\right)}{15\sqrt{e}(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2}\sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
4/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3+8/15*
c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2-16/
15*c^2*d^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/4)*EllipticE(s
in(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/e^(
1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4c^3 d^3 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{3/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)),x]
```

output

```
(4*c^3*d^3*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 13/4, 7/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.270$, Rules used = {1138, 61, 61, 61, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{13/4}} dx}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}} dx}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cd)x^{3/4}}{9\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}} dx}{5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cd)x^{3/4}}{5\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cd)x^{3/4}}{9\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \left(\frac{4d(ae + cd)x^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} \right) + \frac{4(ae + cd)x^{3/4}}{5\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cd)x^{3/4}}{9\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 73

$$\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd} x \right) \frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2}} + 1}}{d \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}} \right)}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} + \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}$$

↓ 839

$$\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \right) \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{4d(ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{2 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{8d \left(\frac{(ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{2 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ae + cd x}}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae + cd x)e}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{5/2}} dx \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2cd}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$\frac{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cd} \right) \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{4d(ae + cd)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \left(\frac{(ae + cd)^{3/4}}{2 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2}{e(ae + cd)}}}{2e \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2}{e(ae + cd)}}}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2cd}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cd}}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)}$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2)} + ade$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{4d(ax+cd)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ax + cdx)}} + 1}{8d \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ax + cdx)} + 1\right)} \right) \\
 & \frac{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ax + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \frac{2cd}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 807

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e}\right)} \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{8d}{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \\
 & \quad \frac{2cd \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \frac{2cd}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 212

$$\left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)}} + 1 E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right)}{2cd} \right) \frac{5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}$$

$$d^3 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + ade + c$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(9*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(9/4)) + (2*c*d*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/4)) + (2*c*d*((4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)) - (8*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2]))/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(3*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(d^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 212 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(5/4)*Rt[b/a, 2]))*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 813 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(1/4)/(b*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4))) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(5/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 839 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3/(2*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4)), x] - Simp[a/2 Int[x^2/(a + b*x^4)^(5/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)^3 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(1/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c*d*e^4*x^5 + a*d^4*e + (4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(3*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*d*e^4)*x^3 + 2*(2*c*d^4*e + 3*a*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^5 + 4*a*d^3*e^2)*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(1/4)*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{1}{4}}(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^3 + 3 (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^2 e x + 3 (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} d e^2 x + 3 (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{1}{4}} e^3 x^3} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*d**3 + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*d**2*e*x + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*d*e**2*x**2 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*e**3*x**3),x)
```

3.368 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$

Optimal result	2898
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2899
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2899
Maple [F]	2902
Fricas [F]	2903
Sympy [F]	2903
Maxima [F]	2903
Giac [F]	2904
Mupad [F(-1)]	2904
Reduce [F]	2905

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2c^3d^3} + \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5c^2d^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5cd} - \frac{3\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)^{3/2}\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{2c^4d^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
3/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c^3/d^3+3/5*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c^2/d^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c/d-3/2*e^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c^4/d^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{9}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cd^2)}{-(cd^2) + ae^2}\right)}{c^3 d^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x]
```

output

```
(4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-9/4, 1/4, 5/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(c^3*d^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 578, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1166, 27, 1160, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{9e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2}{4(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{5cde} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5cd} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{10cd} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5cd} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1166 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{5e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)}{4(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{3cde} + \frac{2(d+ex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \right)}{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{10cd}{5cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{d+ex}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{6cd} + \frac{2(d+ex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \right)}{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{10cd}{5cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{2d} + \frac{2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd} \right)}{6cd} \right)}{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{10cd}{5cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1094 \\
 & \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} + \frac{d \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{cd} \right)}{6cd} \right)}{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{10cd}{5cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} dx}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} + \frac{d \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{cd} \right)}{6cd} \right)}{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{10cd}{5cd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 761
 \end{aligned}$$

$$9(cd^2 - ae^2) \left[\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{cd^5/4} \sqrt[4]{e} (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x) \sqrt{4cde}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{cd^5/4} \sqrt[4]{e} (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x) \sqrt{4cde}} \right]$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{5cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/(5*c*d) + (9*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/(3*c*d) + (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/(c*d) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2))/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(5/4)*e^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(6*c*d))/(10*c*d)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1094 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^3}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) e^3$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) d e^2$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) d^2 e$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) d^3$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(x**3/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)*e**3 + 3*int(x**2/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)*d*e**2 + 3*int(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)*d**2*e + int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)*d**3`

3.369 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$

Optimal result	2906
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2907
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2907
Maple [F]	2910
Fricas [F]	2910
Sympy [F]	2911
Maxima [F]	2911
Giac [F]	2911
Mupad [F(-1)]	2912
Reduce [F]	2912

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{5(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^2d^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3cd} - \frac{5\sqrt{e}(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)^{3/2}\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{3c^3d^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
5/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c^2/d^2+2/3*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c/d-5/3*e^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c^3/d^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4(d+ex)^4 \sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e(cd^2+ae^2)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{5/4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x]
```

output

```
(4*(d + e*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/4, 5/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(5/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 509 vs. 2(234) = 468.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1166, 27, 1160, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1166$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{5e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)}{4(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{3cde} + \frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{d+ex}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{6cd} + \frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd}$$

$$\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{2d} + \frac{2\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd} \right)}{2(d + ex)\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} + \frac{6cd}{3cd}$$

1160

1094

$$\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)} + \frac{6cd}{2(d + ex)\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{3cd}$$

761

$$\frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cd^5/4}\sqrt[4]{e}(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)}}}}{2(d + ex)\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{3cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x]`

output

$$\frac{(2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/(3*c*d) + (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/(c*d) + (\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))^2)*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(5/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(6*c*d)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1094

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[4*(\text{Sqrt}[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(4*(p + 1) - 1)}/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/4)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[4*p]$$

rule 1160

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 1166

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] +
Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) -
e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]]
&& NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) e^2$$

$$+ 2 \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) de$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) d^2$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

output `int(x**2/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4), x)*e**2 + 2*int(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4), x)*d*e + int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4), x)*d**2`

3.370 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$

Optimal result	2913
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2913
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2914
Maple [F]	2916
Fricas [F]	2916
Sympy [F]	2916
Maxima [F]	2917
Giac [F]	2917
Mupad [F(-1)]	2917
Reduce [F]	2918

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}(ae+cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/c/d-2*e^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{cd\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x]`

output `(4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/4, 5/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 442 vs. 2(174) = 348.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.086$, Rules used = {1160, 1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx}{2d} + \frac{2\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd}$$

$$\downarrow 1094$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)} + \frac{2\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd}$$

$$\downarrow 761$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{cd^5/4}\sqrt[4]{e}(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)}}{2\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/(c*d) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(5/4)*e^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1094 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]`

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{ex + d}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(c*d*x + a*e), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)
```

output `Integral((d + e*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)**(3/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) e$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4}} dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(x/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)*e + int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)*d`

3.371 $\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$

Optimal result	2919
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2919
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2920
Maple [F]	2921
Fricas [F]	2922
Sympy [F]	2922
Maxima [F]	2922
Giac [F]	2923
Mupad [F(-1)]	2923
Reduce [F]	2923

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(cd^2-ae^2)\left(-\frac{cde(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{cdex^2+2dex+ade}{cd^2+ae^2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right)}{cde(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
2*2^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-c*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)),2^(1/2))/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{cd(d+ex)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-3/4),x]
```


output

```
(4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)
*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 3/4, 5/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(
c*d*(d + e*x))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 391 vs. 2(142) = 284.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1094, 761}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$$

↓ 1094

$$\frac{4\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)} \sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt[4]{e}(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-3/4), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2]]/(c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1094

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[4*p]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-3/4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(-3/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-3/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-3/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(1/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)`

3.372
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$$

Optimal result	2924
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2924
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2925
Maple [F]	2928
Fricas [F]	2928
Sympy [F]	2929
Maxima [F]	2929
Giac [F]	2929
Mupad [F(-1)]	2930
Reduce [F]	2930

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
4/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)-8/3*e^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4cd\sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)),x]`

output $(4*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{1/4}*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 7/4, 5/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^{1/4})$

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$, Rules used = {1138, 61, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1138} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{d(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4}} dx}{3(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{d(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae + cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} d\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{d(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{768}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} d^4\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} + \frac{4^4\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{d(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \downarrow 858$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{4^4\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e} + 1\right)^{3/4} d}}{3\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \downarrow 807$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{4^4\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{e} + 1\right)^{3/4} d\sqrt{ae+cdx}}}{3\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \downarrow 229$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{4^4\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} \left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), 2\right)}{3\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2} \left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1\right)^{3/4}} \right)}{d(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4)*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4))/(3*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4)) - (8*sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF[ArcTan[(sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[e]],2])/(3*sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(3/4))))/(d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 229 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-3/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{3/4}*\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 768 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^4)^{-3/4}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^{3/4}) / (a + b*x^4)^{3/4}) \ \text{Int}[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^{3/4}), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 807 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m + 1)/k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p, x], x, x^k], x] /;$ $k \neq 1] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 858 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m + 2)}, x], x, 1/x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{4}}(ex + d)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(c*d*e^2*x^3 + a*d^
2*e + (2*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^3 + 2*a*d*e^2)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/4}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/4}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/4}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)), x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{3/4} d + (cde x^2 + ae^2 x +$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4), x)`

output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*d + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*e*x), x)`

3.373 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$

Optimal result	2931
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2932
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2932
Maple [F]	2936
Fricas [F]	2936
Sympy [F]	2937
Maxima [F]	2937
Giac [F]	2937
Mupad [F(-1)]	2938
Reduce [F]	2938

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{7(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{8cd\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{7(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)} - \frac{16cd\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)^{3/2}\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{7(cd^2-ae^2)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
4/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2+8/7*c
*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-16/7*c
*d*e^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJaco
biAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/(-
-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4c^2 d^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{e^2 x^2 + 2cdx + d^2}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)),x]
```

output

```
(4*c^2*d^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 11/4, 5/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.216$, Rules used = {1138, 61, 61, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1138} \\ & \frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} dx}{d^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\ & \frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4}} dx}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{7 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{7/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{d^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 61 \\ & \left(\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{6cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} dx} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{7/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right) \\ & \hline & d^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 73 \\ & \left(\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{6cd \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{7/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right) \\ & \hline & d^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 768 \\ & \left(\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{6cd \left(\frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{7(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{7/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right) \\ & \hline & d^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 858$$

$$\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} - \frac{8(ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd x)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae + cd x)}{e} + 1 \right)^{3/4}}}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} \right)$$

$$d^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

↓ 807

$$\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} - \frac{4(ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd x)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae + cd x} (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} + 1 \right)^{3/4} d\sqrt{ae + cd x}}}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} \right) +$$

$$d^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

↓ 229

$$\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}(ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd x)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF} \left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt{ae + cd x}}{\sqrt{e}} \right), 2 \right)}{3\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} \right)}{7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} \right)$$

$$d^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*e + c*d*x)^{3/4}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{3/4}*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^{1/4})/(7*(c*d \\ & - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{7/4}) + (6*c*d*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^{1/4})/(3*(c*d \\ & - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{3/4}) - (8*\text{Sqrt}[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)^{3/4}*(1 + \\ & (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^{3/4}*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a* \\ & e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[e]]/2, 2])/(3*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(c*d - (a*e \\ & ^2)/d)*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^{3/4}))/((7*(c*d \\ & - (a*e^2)/d)))/(d^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{3/4}) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\\ & (a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((\\ & m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], \\ & x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \\ &] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d \\ & , m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 73

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}[\\ & \{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + \\ & d*(x^p/b))^{n + 1}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{Lt} \\ & \text{Q}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntL} \\ & \text{inearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 229

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-3/4}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{3/4}*\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]) \\ &)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a \\ & , 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \end{aligned}$$

rule 768

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^{-3/4}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^{3/4}) \\ & /((a + b*x^4)^{3/4}) \text{ Int}[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^{3/4}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ} \\ & [\{a, b\}, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 807

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m \\ & + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m + 1)/k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p, x], x, \\ & x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \end{aligned}$$

rule 858

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a +
b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(c*d*e^3*x^4 + a*d^
3*e + (3*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^4 + 3*a
*d^2*e^2)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/4} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{3/4} d^2 + 2(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{3/4} d + (cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{3/4}}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*d**2 + 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*d*e*x + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*e**2*x**2),x)`

3.374
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$$

Optimal result	2939
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2940
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2940
Maple [F]	2945
Fricas [F]	2945
Sympy [F]	2946
Maxima [F]	2946
Giac [F]	2947
Mupad [F(-1)]	2947
Reduce [F]	2947

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 309

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{11(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^3} + \frac{40cd\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{77(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2} + \frac{80c^2d^2\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{77(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)} - \frac{160c^2d^2\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)^{3/2}\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}\right)^{3/4}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right), 2\right)}{77(cd^2-ae^2)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

output

```
4/11*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3+40/77*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2+80/77*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)-160/77*c^2*d^2*e^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(3/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(3/4)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)),2^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4c^3 d^3 \sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{15}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)),x]
```

output

```
(4*c^3*d^3*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 15/4, 5/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.243$, Rules used = {1138, 61, 61, 61, 73, 768, 858, 807, 229}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx$$

↓ 1138

$$\frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{15/4}} dx}{d^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

↓ 61

$$\frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{10cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4}} dx}{11 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{11 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{11/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{d^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 61 \\ & \left(\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{10cd \left(\frac{6cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{7/4} dx}}{7(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{7(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{7/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{11(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{11/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right) \\ & \hline & d^3 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 61 \\ & \left(\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{10cd \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} dx}}{3(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{3(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{7(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{7/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{11(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{11/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right) \\ & \hline & d^3 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 73 \\ & \left(\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{10cd \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1)^{3/4} d \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}}{3(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{3(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{3/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{7(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{7/4} (cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right)} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{11(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d})} \right) \\ & \hline & d^3 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 768

$$\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\begin{array}{l} 10cd \left(\begin{array}{l} 6cd \left(\frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} d^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} \right) \\ 7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \end{array} \right) \\ 11 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

$$d^3 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

↓ 858

$$\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\begin{array}{l} 10cd \left(\begin{array}{l} 6cd \left(\frac{8(ae+cdx)^{3/4} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \left(\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e} (ae+cdx) + 1 \right)}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1 \right)^{3/4}} - \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}}{3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} \right) \\ 7 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \end{array} \right) \\ 11 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

$$d^3 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

↓ 807

$$\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)}+1\right)^{3/4} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{e}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e}+1\right)\right)^{3/4} d\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{3\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2}+\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}+1\right)^{3/4}}{7\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{11\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)$$

$$d^3 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

↓ 229

$$\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{3/4} (ae + cd x)^{3/4} \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{3\left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{3/4}\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} - \frac{8\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)^{3/4}\left(\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)}+1\right)^{3/4} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2}+\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}+1\right)^{3/4}}{7\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{11\left(cd-\frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)$$

$$d^3 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)),x]`

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4)*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4))/(11*(c*d
- (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(11/4)) + (10*c*d*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4))/(7*
(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(7/4)) + (6*c*d*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4))/(
3*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/4)) - (8*Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4)*
(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(3/4)*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2
- a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(3*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(c*d -
(a*e^2)/d)*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(3/4)))/(7*
(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(11*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(d^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2
)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0
] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 229

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(3/4)*Rt[b/a, 2])
)*EllipticF[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a
, 0] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 768

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-3/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3
/4)/(a + b*x^4)^(3/4)) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(3/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)^3 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(3/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(1/4)/(c*d*e^4*x^5 + a*d^4*e + (4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(3*c*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*d*e^4)*x^3 + 2*(2*c*d^4*e + 3*a*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + (c*d^5 + 4*a*d^3*e^2)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/4} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/4)*(d + e*x)**3), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex+d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)^3), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/4} (ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4} d^3 + 3(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{1/4} (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*d**3 + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*d**2*e*x + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*d*e**2*x**2 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(3/4)*e**3*x**3),x)`

3.375
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

Optimal result	2948
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2949
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2949
Maple [F]	2960
Fricas [F]	2960
Sympy [F]	2960
Maxima [F]	2961
Giac [F]	2961
Mupad [F(-1)]	2961
Reduce [F]	2962

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = -\frac{4(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)}{c^3d^3\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{17e(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{15c^3d^3} + \frac{2e(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5c^2d^2} + \frac{77(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2+cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)\middle|2\right)}{10\sqrt{2}c^4d^4\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)/c^3/d^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
)+17/15*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c^3/d^3+2
/5*e*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c^2/d^2+77/20*(-a*e^2
+c*d^2)^3*(-c*d*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(si
n(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^4/d
^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{4(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{11}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{c^4 d^4 \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x]`

output `(-4*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-11/4, -1/4, 3/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(c^4*d^4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1198 vs. 2(285) = 570.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1198, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.324$, Rules used = {1164, 27, 27, 1166, 27, 1166, 27, 1160, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

↓ 1164

$$\frac{4 \int -\frac{7e(d+ex)^2(d(cd^2-ae^2)+ex(cd^2-ae^2))}{2\sqrt[4]{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{4(d + ex)^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{14e \int \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{4(d+ex)^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{14e \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4(d+ex)^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\
 & \frac{14e \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{11e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{7cde} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{7cd} \right)}{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{4(d+ex)^4} \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{14e \left(\frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{14cd} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{7cd} \right)}{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{4(d+ex)^4} \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\
 & \frac{14e \left(\frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{7e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{5cde} + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{5cd} \right)}{14cd} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/4}}{7cd} \right)}{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{4(d+ex)^4} \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$14e \left(\frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cd}}{10cd} \right)}{14cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{7cd}$$

$$\frac{4(d+ex)^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \quad cd^2 - ae^2$$

↓ 1160

$$14e \left(\frac{11(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3cd}}{2d} \right)}{10cd} \right)}{14cd} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{7cd}$$

$$\frac{4(d+ex)^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \quad cd^2 - ae^2$$

↓ 1094

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 11(cd^2 - ae^2) \\ 14e \end{array} \right\} \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \right)}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \quad cd^2 - ae^2$$

\downarrow 834

$$\left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \\
 7(cd^2 - ae^2)
 \end{array} \right) \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)x + ade}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 11(cd^2 - ae^2)
 \end{array} \right) \\
 14e
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)^4}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 761

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd)}}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}(d+ex)}{5cd} + \right. \\
 & \left. 11(cd^2 - ae^2) \frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}(d+ex)}{7cd} + \right. \\
 & \left. 14e \frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}(d+ex)^2}{7cd} + \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1510

		$2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)\sqrt{cd^2 + 2cexd}$
$11(cd^2 - ae^2)$	$\frac{2(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}}{5cd} +$	$7(cd^2 - ae^2)$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x]`

output `(-4*(d + e*x)^4)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)) + (14*e*((2*(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)))/(7*c*d) + (11*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)))/(5*c*d) + (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)))/(3*c*d) + (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/((Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a...`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1094 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2]^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[4*(\text{Sqrt}[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{4*(p + 1) - 1}/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/4)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[4*p]$

rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)]*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1164 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*\text{Simp}[e*(2*a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2*c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{QuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$

rule 1166 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*\text{Simp}[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[m], \text{GtQ}[m, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, -2]] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{QuadraticQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]$

rule 1510 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (c_.)(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x] /; \text{EqQ}[e + d*q^2, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^4}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2x^2e)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^4}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)/(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**4/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^4}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^4/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^4}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^4/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^4/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^3}{(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{1/4} ae+(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{1/4} cdx} dx \right) d e^2$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{1/4} ae+(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{1/4} cdx} dx \right) d e^2$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{1/4} ae+(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{1/4} cdx} dx \right) d^2 e$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{1/4} ae+(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{1/4} cdx} dx \right) d^3$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output `int(x**3/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x),x)*e**3 + 3*int(x**2/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x),x)*d*e**2 + 3*int(x/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x),x)*d**2*e + int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x),x)*d**3`

3.376 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$

Optimal result	2963
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2964
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2964
Maple [F]	2971
Fricas [F]	2971
Sympy [F]	2971
Maxima [F]	2972
Giac [F]	2972
Mupad [F(-1)]	2972
Reduce [F]	2973

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)}{c^2d^2\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{2e(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3c^2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2+cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^3d^3\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)+
2/3*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/c^2/d^2+7/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
*(-c*d*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arc
sin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{4(d+ex)^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{7/4} \sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x]
```

output

```
(-4*(d + e*x)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/4, -1/4, 3/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/(c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(7/4)*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1129 vs. 2(224) = 448.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1129, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.270$, Rules used = {1164, 27, 27, 1166, 27, 1160, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

↓ 1164

$$-\frac{4 \int -\frac{5e(d+ex)(d(cd^2-ae^2)+ex(cd^2-ae^2))}{2^4 \sqrt[4]{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2} - \frac{4(d+ex)^3}{(cd^2-ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{10e \int \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{4(d+ex)^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{10e \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4(d+ex)^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1166 \\
 & \frac{10e \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{7e(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)}{4 \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{5cde} + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cd} \right)}{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{4(d+ex)^3} \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{10e \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{10cd} + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cd} \right)}{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{4(d+ex)^3} \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1160 \\
 & \frac{10e \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3cd} \right)}{10cd} + \frac{2(d+ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/4}}{5cd} \right)}{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{4(d+ex)^3} \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1094
 \end{aligned}$$

$$10e \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \right)}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)} + \dots \right)$$

10cd

$cd^2 - ae^2$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 834

$$10e \left(\frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \int \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d \sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)}{d(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 761

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 7(cd^2 - ae^2) \\ 10e \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} 2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)^2} \\ \left(cd^2 - ae^2 \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)^2}} \end{array} \right) \sqrt{\frac{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)}}{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)}}}$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)^3}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1510

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right)\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{7(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 10e & \frac{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/4}(d+ex)}{5cd} + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x]`

output `(-4*(d + e*x)^3)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)) + (10*e*((2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)))/(5*c*d) + (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)))/(3*c*d) + (2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/((Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)...`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1094

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b
+ 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4
*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && Inte
gerQ[4*p]
```

rule 1160

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1164

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*
c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[e*(2*a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(2*p - m + 4)) - 2*
c*d^2*(2*p + 3) + e*(b*e - 2*d*c)*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
+ 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && Int
QuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1166

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p +
1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m
+ 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*
(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[Ration
alQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadrat
icQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)*(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{((d + ex)(ae + cd^2x))^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{1/4} ae + (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{1/4} cdx} dx \right) de$$

$$+ 2 \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{1/4} ae + (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{1/4} cdx} dx \right) de$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{1/4} ae + (cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{1/4} cdx} dx \right) d^2$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)
```

output

```
int(x**2/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x),x)*e**2 + 2*int(x/((a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d*
*2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x),x)*d*e + int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**
2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)*
*(1/4)*c*d*x),x)*d**2
```

3.377
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

Optimal result	2974
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2975
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2975
Maple [F]	2979
Fricas [F]	2979
Sympy [F]	2980
Maxima [F]	2980
Giac [F]	2980
Mupad [F(-1)]	2981
Reduce [F]	2981

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{5/4}} dx = -\frac{4(d+ex)}{cd^4\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2+cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)\right)}{c^2d^2\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}}$$

output

```
(-4*e*x-4*d)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)+3*2^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-c*d*e*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{4(d + ex) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{cd \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x]
```

output

```
(-4*(d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, -1/4, 3/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)])/(c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(3/4)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4))
```

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 986 vs. 2(170) = 340.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 986, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.80, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1126, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

↓ 1126

$$\frac{3e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{4(d + ex)}{cd \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1094

$$12e\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}$$

$$\frac{cd(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{4(d + ex)}$$

$$cd\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 834

$$12e\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

$$\frac{cd(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{4(d + ex)}$$

$$cd\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 761

$$12e\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}}} \right)$$

$$4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)}{cd\sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1510

$$12e\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}}{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)}{cd^4\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-4*(d + e*x))/(c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)} + (12*e \\ & *Sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-((a*d*e + (\\ & c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d* \\ & e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sq \\ & rt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \\ &))) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c \\ & *d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4 \\ & *c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2 \\ & *Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d \\ & ^2 - a*e^2))^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d* \\ & e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}]/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(Sqr \\ & t[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c* \\ & d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^ \\ & 2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + \\ & c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*Sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c \\ & *d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*S \\ & qrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2]*E \\ & llipticF[2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2) \\ &)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}]/Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(4*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(\\ & 3/4)*e^(3/4)*Sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*... \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))* \text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 834

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1094

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[4*(Sqrt[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{4*(p + 1) - 1}/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/4)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[4*p]$$

rule 1126

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[e*(d + e*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[
e^2*((p + 2)/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*
c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**5/4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \left(\int \frac{x}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} ae + (cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} cdx} \right. \\ \left. + \left(\int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} ae + (cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} cdx} dx \right) d \right)$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

output `int(x/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x), x)*e + int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x), x)*d`

3.378
$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

Optimal result	2982
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2982
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2983
Maple [F]	2987
Fricas [F]	2987
Sympy [F]	2988
Maxima [F]	2988
Giac [F]	2988
Mupad [F(-1)]	2989
Reduce [F]	2989

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt[4]{\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd(d+ex)}}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)\middle|2\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4*(e*(c*d*x+a*e)/c/d/(e*x+d))^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arctan((a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{cd\sqrt[4]{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x]`

output `(-4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/4, 3/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2)]/(c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1002 vs. 2(136) = 272.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1002, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.37, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {1159, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1159$$

$$\frac{2e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1094$$

$$8e\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{4(d + ex)}$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 834

$$8e\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}} d^4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right) (cd^2 - ae^2)$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}$$

↓ 761

$$8e\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) + (cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)^2}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \frac{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}}{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)}}$$

↓ 1510

$$8e\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right)}} \right) \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}}$$

$$\frac{4(d + ex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-4*(d + e*x))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}) + (8*e*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{(3/2)}*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/4)}*e^{(1/4)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)})/\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2)]/(4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(3/4)}*d^{(3/4)}*e^{(3/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 834

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1094

$$\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[4*(\text{Sqrt}[(b + 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{4*(p + 1) - 1}/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(1/4)}], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[4*p]$$

rule 1159

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))] Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{ex + d}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2e)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^3 + a^2*d*e^2 + (c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} ae + (cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{5/4}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`

output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x), x)`

3.379 $\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$

Optimal result	2990
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2991
Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2991
Maple [F]	2995
Fricas [F]	2995
Sympy [F]	2996
Maxima [F]	2996
Giac [F]	2996
Mupad [F(-1)]	2997
Reduce [F]	2997

Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4(cd^2+ae^2+2cde x)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{cde(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{ae^2+cd(d+2ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)\right) \Big|_2}{(cd^2-ae^2) \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
(-8*c*d*e*x-4*a*e^2-4*c*d^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)+4*2^(1/2)*(-c*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin((a*e^2+c*d*(2*e*x+d))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))),2^(1/2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-5/4), x]`

output `(-4*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 5/4, 3/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2)]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4))`

Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1016 vs. 2(198) = 396.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1016, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1089, 1094, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1089$$

$$\frac{4cde \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1094$$

$$16cde\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2+4cde(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}} d\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{4(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 834

$$16cde\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(cd^2-ae^2)^2+4cde(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}} d\sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)$

↓ 761

$$16cde\sqrt{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd^2-ae^2} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{4cde(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)+(cd^2-ae^2)^2}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd^2-ae^2} \right)}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{4cde(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)}$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$16cde\sqrt{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}}{4\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{3/4}e^{3/4}\sqrt{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 + 4cde}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(-5/4),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}) + (16*c*d*e*sqrt[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)^2]*(-1/2*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}*sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))) + (sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 + (2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/((sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)])))/(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e] + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^(3/2)*(1 + (2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*sqrt[((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 + 4*c*d*e*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2))]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + (2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[e]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*e^(1/4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/4)}/sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]], 1/2])/(4*sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(3/4)*e^(3/4)*sqrt[(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2... \end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*sqrt[a + b*x^4]))* \text{EllipticF}[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 834

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1089

$$\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)), x] - \text{Simp}[2*c*((2*p + 3))/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[3*p])$$

rule 1094

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[4*(Sqrt[(b
+ 2*c*x)^2]/(b + 2*c*x)) Subst[Int[x^(4*(p + 1) - 1)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c + 4
*c*x^4], x], x, (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && Inte
gerQ[4*p]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2x^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^4 +
a^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x^3 + (c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a
^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4),x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(-5/4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-5/4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(-5/4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} ade + (cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{5/4}}$$

input `int(1/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*d*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e**2*x + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**2*x + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*e*x**2),x)`

3.380
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

Optimal result	2998
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2999
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2999
Maple [F]	3009
Fricas [F]	3010
Sympy [F]	3010
Maxima [F]	3010
Giac [F]	3011
Mupad [F(-1)]	3011
Reduce [F]	3011

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{24e(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^2}{48cd\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)\middle|2\right)} + \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^{5/2}\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)-24/5*e*(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2+48/5*c*d
*e^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin
(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))),2^(1/2))/(-a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4cd\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)),x]`

output `(-4*c*d*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 9/4, 3/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.270$, Rules used = {1138, 61, 61, 61, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{5/4} (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{9/4}} dx}{d \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(-\frac{6e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(-\frac{6e \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}} dx}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cd)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \left(\frac{6e \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae + cd)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} \left(cd^2 - ae^2\right) - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd}x \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cd)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd}} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

73

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} - \frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2 - ae^2}} + 1}}{d \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x}} \right)}{6e \cdot 5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} + \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{5/4} (cd - \dots)}$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd} x \right) \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2) \right) \left(\frac{8d}{2} \frac{(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2} + 1\right)} \right) \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2)} \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} - \frac{8d}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \frac{(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd}{e(ae + cdx)}}}{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} \right)$$

$$6e \sqrt[5]{cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \quad \text{---} \quad cd^2 - ae^2$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1 \int \frac{cd^2}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}} \left(\frac{cd^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1\right)^{1/2} dx \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2cd}{8d} \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2) - \frac{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2}} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right) \\
 & - \frac{6e}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} - \frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 807

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right)^4 \sqrt{ae + cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{e}\right)} \right. \\
 \left. - \frac{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right) \\
 \frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{4d(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 \frac{6e}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \\
 \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}}{cd^2 - ae^2}
 \end{array}$$

↓ 212

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} - \frac{2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)}}{6e \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd x} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cdx)}} + 1 E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{\sqrt{\dots}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} - \frac{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}{cd^2 - ae^2}$$

$$d \sqrt[4]{x (ae^2 + cd^2)} + ad$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)*(-4/((c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/4)) - (6*e*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/4)) + (2*c*d*((4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)) - (8*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2)))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2))*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x))))^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]]/2, 2])/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 212 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(5/4)*Rt[b/a, 2]))*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 813 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(1/4)/(b*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4))) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(5/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 839 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3/(2*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4)), x] - Simp[a/2 Int[x^2/(a + b*x^4)^(5/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd x^2 e)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/4}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c^2*d^2*e^3*x^5 + a^2*d^3*e^2 + (3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c*d*e^4)*x^4 + (3*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x^3 + (c^2*d^5 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*d*e^4)*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^4*e + 3*a^2*d^2*e^3)*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/4}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)*(d + e*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/4}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/4}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)*(e*x + d)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{5/4} a d^2 e + 2 (cde x^2 + a$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output

```
int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*d**2*e + 2*(a*d
*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*d*e**2*x + (a*d*e + a*e**2
*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e**3*x**2 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**
2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**3*x + 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e
*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**2*e*x**2 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**
(1/4)*c*d*e**2*x**3),x)
```

3.381
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

Optimal result	3013
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3014
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3014
Maple [F]	3028
Fricas [F]	3029
Sympy [F]	3029
Maxima [F]	3029
Giac [F]	3030
Mupad [F(-1)]	3030
Reduce [F]	3031

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 303

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^2 \sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4} - \frac{40e(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{9(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{16cde(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/4}}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{32c^2d^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{e(ae+cdx)}}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)\middle|2\right)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^{7/2}\sqrt[4]{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)-40/9*e
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3-16/3*c
*d*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/4)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2+32
/3*c^2*d^2*e^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(c*d*(e*x+d)/e/(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/4)*Ell
ipticE(sin(1/2*arctan((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))),2)^(
1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4c^2 d^2 \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \sqrt[4]{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)),x]`

output `(-4*c^2*d^2*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 13/4, 3/4, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1/4))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.297$, Rules used = {1138, 61, 61, 61, 61, 73, 839, 813, 858, 807, 212}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 \sqrt[4]{ae + cd^2} \int \frac{1}{(ae+cdx)^{5/4} (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{13/4}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(-\frac{10e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{13/4}} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(-\frac{10e \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4}} dx}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{9 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

61

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(-\frac{10e \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}} dx}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{4(ae + cdx)^{3/4}}{9 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{4}{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{9/4} \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)^4 \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{x} (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

61

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} dx}{2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2cd^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \sqrt{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} dx}{cd^2-ae^2}} \right) + \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{5\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{5/4}\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \\
 & \frac{10e}{3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} + \frac{9\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{9\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{cd^2-ae^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + ade + cdx^2$$

$$\left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{(ae+cdx)e}{cd^2 - ae^2}} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} + \frac{4(ae+cdx)^{5/4}}{5 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{5/4}} \right) + \frac{10e}{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)$$

$$d^2 \sqrt[4]{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt{ae + cd x}}{cd^2 - ae^2} dx = \frac{10e}{2cd} \left(\frac{4d(ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d}{2} \frac{(ae + cd x)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd x)}{cd^2} + 1}} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ae + cd x}}{\left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{ae + cd x}{cd^2}\right)} dx \right)$$

↓ 813

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{8d}{2\sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2} + 1}} \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}}{cd^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}} \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}{10e} \\
 & \sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae + cdx} - \frac{3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)}{10e}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 858

$$\left(\frac{2cd}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \left(\frac{4d(ae + cd^2)^{3/4}}{8d} - \frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae + cd^2} \sqrt{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae + cd^2)}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ae + cd^2}} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{2e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae + cd^2)}{cd^2}}}{5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)} \right)$$

10e

3

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{\dots}$$

↓ 807

		$2cd \frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}} + 1 (cd^2 - ae^2)}$	$8d \frac{\left(cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2} \right) \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2 - ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)}} + 1 \int \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx} (cd^2 - ae^2)}{e} \right)}{4e \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1}$
			$5 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)$
			$3 \left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d} \right)$

$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d}}$

↓ 212

			$\frac{4d(ae+cdx)^{3/4}}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1}(cd^2-ae^2)}$	$\frac{cd^2 \left(1 - \frac{ae^2}{cd^2}\right) \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx} \sqrt[4]{\frac{cd^2-ae^2}{e(ae+cdx)}} + 1E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}{\sqrt{e(ae+cdx)}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2} + \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2}} + 1} + \frac{1}{cd^2-ae^2}$
				$5\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)$
				$3\left(cd - \frac{ae^2}{d}\right)$
$\sqrt[4]{\frac{ex}{d} + 1} \sqrt[4]{ae+cdx}$				cd

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)*(-4/((c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(9/4)) - (10*e*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(9*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(9/4)) + (2*c*d*((4*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/4)) + (2*c*d*((4*d*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(1/4)) - (8*d*((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/4))/(2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)) + (c*d^2*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2)))*(a*e + c*d*x)^(1/4)*(1 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e*(a*e + c*d*x)))^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[e]], 2])/((2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(1 - (a*e^2)/(c*d^2) + (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2))^(1/4)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(5*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(3*(c*d - (a*e^2)/d)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)))/(d^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 212 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(5/4)*Rt[b/a, 2])*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcTan[Rt[b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 813 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(5/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((1 + a/(b*x^4))^(1/4)/(b*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4))) Int[1/(x^3*(1 + a/(b*x^4))^(5/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 839 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^3/(2*(a + b*x^4)^(1/4)), x] - Simp[a/2 Int[x^2/(a + b*x^4)^(5/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1138 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^(5/4),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} (ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/4)/(c^2*d^2*e^4*x^6 + a^2*d^4*e^2 + 2*(2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a*c*d*e^5)*x^5 + (6*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 8*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*x^4 + 4*(c^2*d^5*e + 3*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + (c^2*d^6 + 8*a*c*d^4*e^2 + 6*a^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*c*d^5*e + 2*a^2*d^3*e^3)*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{5/4} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/4)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} (ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/4} (ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/4)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^{1/4} a d^3 e + 3(cde x^2 + cde x + cd^2)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/4),x)`

output `int(1/((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*d**3*e + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*d**2*e**2*x + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*d*e**3*x**2 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e**4*x**3 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**4*x + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**3*e*x**2 + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**2*e**2*x**3 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*e**3*x**4),x)`

3.382 $\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3032
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3032
Rubi [A] (verified)	3033
Maple [B] (verified)	3034
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3035
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3036
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3039
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (d+ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4+m)} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d+ex)^{5+m}}{e^4(5+m)}$$

$$- \frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2) (d+ex)^{6+m}}{e^4(6+m)} + \frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^{7+m}}{e^4(7+m)}$$

output

```

-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^4/(4+m)+3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(
5+m)/e^4/(5+m)-3*c^2*d^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(6+m)/e^4/(6+m)+c^3*d^3*(e
*x+d)^(7+m)/e^4/(7+m)
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{4+m} \left(-\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{4+m} + \frac{3cd(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)}{5+m} - \frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^2}{6+m} + \frac{c^3d^3(d+ex)^3}{7+m} \right)}{e^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(4 + m)*(-((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3/(4 + m)) + (3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x))/(5 + m) - (3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(6 + m) + (c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(7 + m))/e^4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^{m+5}}{e^3} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{m+3}}{e^3} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d + ex)^{m+4}}{e^3} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^{m+7}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{3c^2d^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^{m+6}}{e^4(m + 6)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(d + ex)^{m+4}}{e^4(m + 4)} + \frac{3cd(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d + ex)^{m+5}}{e^4(m + 5)} + \frac{c^3d^3(d + ex)^{m+7}}{e^4(m + 7)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-(((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^4*(4 + m))) + (3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^4*(5 + m)) - (3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(6 + m))/(e^4*(6 + m)) + (c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(7 + m))/(e^4*(7 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 435 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

method	result
gospers	$(ex+d)^{4+m} (c^3 d^3 e^3 m^3 x^3 + 3a c^2 d^2 e^4 m^3 x^2 + 15c^3 d^3 e^3 m^2 x^3 + 3a^2 c d e^5 m^3 x + 48a c^2 d^2 e^4 m^2 x^2 - 3c^3 d^4 e^2 m^2 x^2 + 74c^3 d^3 e^3 m x^3 + a^3 e^6 m^3 + \dots)$
orering	$(c^3 d^3 e^3 m^3 x^3 + 3a c^2 d^2 e^4 m^3 x^2 + 15c^3 d^3 e^3 m^2 x^3 + 3a^2 c d e^5 m^3 x + 48a c^2 d^2 e^4 m^2 x^2 - 3c^3 d^4 e^2 m^2 x^2 + 74c^3 d^3 e^3 m x^3 + a^3 e^6 m^3 + \dots)$
norman	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display
parallelrisc	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e^4*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/(m^4+22*m^3+179*m^2+638*m+840)*(c^3*d^3*e^3*m^3*x^3+3*
a*c^2*d^2*e^4*m^3*x^2+15*c^3*d^3*e^3*m^2*x^3+3*a^2*c*d*e^5*m^3*x+48*a*c^2*
d^2*e^4*m^2*x^2-3*c^3*d^4*e^2*m^2*x^2+74*c^3*d^3*e^3*m*x^3+a^3*e^6*m^3+51*
a^2*c*d*e^5*m^2*x-6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*m^2*x+249*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*m*x^2-27*c^3*d^4
*e^2*m*x^2+120*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+18*a^3*e^6*m^2-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^2+282*a^2*
c*d*e^5*m*x-66*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*m*x+420*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2+6*c^3*d^5*e*m*x-60*
c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2+107*a^3*e^6*m-39*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m+504*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+6*a*c^2
*d^4*e^2*m-168*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x+24*c^3*d^5*e*x+210*a^3*e^6-126*a^2*c*d^2*e^
4+42*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-6*c^3*d^6)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1156 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1156, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.89

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(a^3*d^4*e^6*m^3 - 6*c^3*d^10 + 42*a*c^2*d^8*e^2 - 126*a^2*c*d^6*e^4 + 210
*a^3*d^4*e^6 + (c^3*d^3*e^7*m^3 + 15*c^3*d^3*e^7*m^2 + 74*c^3*d^3*e^7*m +
120*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^7 + (420*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 420*a*c^2*d^2*e^8 + (4*c^3*d^4*e
^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^8)*m^3 + 3*(19*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 16*a*c^2*d^2*e^8)*m^2 + (2
69*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 249*a*c^2*d^2*e^8)*m)*x^6 + 3*(168*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 504*a*c
^2*d^3*e^7 + 168*a^2*c*d*e^9 + (2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^2*c*d*e
^9)*m^3 + (26*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 62*a*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 17*a^2*c*d*e^9)*m^2 + 2*(57
*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 155*a*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 47*a^2*c*d*e^9)*m)*x^5 + (210*c^3*d^6*e
^4 + 1890*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 1890*a^2*c*d^2*e^8 + 210*a^3*e^10 + (4*c^3*d^6*e
^4 + 18*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*e^8 + a^3*e^10)*m^3 + 3*(14*c^3*d^6*e
^4 + 88*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 67*a^2*c*d^2*e^8 + 6*a^3*e^10)*m^2 + (158*c^3*d^6*
e^4 + 1236*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 1089*a^2*c*d^2*e^8 + 107*a^3*e^10)*m)*x^4 + (84
0*a*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 2520*a^2*c*d^3*e^7 + 840*a^3*d*e^9 + (c^3*d^7*e^3 + 12*a
*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 18*a^2*c*d^3*e^7 + 4*a^3*d*e^9)*m^3 + 3*(c^3*d^7*e^3 + 52*a
*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 98*a^2*c*d^3*e^7 + 24*a^3*d*e^9)*m^2 + 2*(c^3*d^7*e^3 + 312
*a*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 768*a^2*c*d^3*e^7 + 214*a^3*d*e^9)*m)*x^3 - 3*(a^2*c*d^6*
e^4 - 6*a^3*d^4*e^6)*m^2 + 3*(420*a^2*c*d^4*e^6 + 420*a^3*d^2*e^8 + (a*c^2
*d^6*e^4 + 4*a^2*c*d^4*e^6 + 2*a^3*d^2*e^8)*m^3 - (c^3*d^8*e^2 - 8*a*c^2*d
^6*e^4 - 62*a^2*c*d^4*e^6 - 36*a^3*d^2*e^8)*m^2 - (c^3*d^8*e^2 - 7*a*c^2*d
^6*e^4 - 298*a^2*c*d^4*e^6 - 214*a^3*d^2*e^8)*m)*x^2 + (6*a*c^2*d^8*e^2...
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7164 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7164, normalized size of antiderivative = 55.11

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((c**3*d**6*d**m*x**4/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-2*a**3*e**6/(6*d**3*e**4 +
18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4/(6*d**
3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 9*a**2*c*d*e**5*
x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 6*a*c**2
*d**4*e**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) -
18*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*
e**7*x**3) - 18*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d
*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 6*c**3*d**6*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**
2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 11*c**3*d**6/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*
d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 18*c**3*d**5*e*x*log(d/e + x
)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 27*c**3*
d**5*e*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 1
8*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e
**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 18*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**
5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 6*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3*log(d/e + x)/(
6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d*e**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3), Eq(m, -7)),
(-a**3*e**6/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4/
(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) - 6*a**2*c*d*e**5*x/(2*d**2*e**4
+ 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) + 6*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**4
+ 4*d*e**5*x + 2*e**6*x**2) + 9*a*c**2*d**4*e**2/(2*d**2*e**4 + 4*d*e...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1819 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1819, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.99

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

3*(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d^4/(m^2 + 3*m + 2)
+ 3*(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a^3*d^2*e^2/(m^2 + 3*m +
2) + (e*x + d)^(m + 1)*a^3*d^3*e^2/(m + 1) + 9*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 +
(m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d^3/(m^3 + 6
*m^2 + 11*m + 6) + 3*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^
2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^5/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^2) + 3*
((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x
+ d)^m*a^3*d*e^2/(m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6) + 9*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e
^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e
*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d^2/(m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24) +
((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2
+ m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^6/((m^4 + 10*m^
3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + 9*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3
+ 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*
(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^4/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^2) + ((m^3 +
6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^
2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*a^3*e^2/(m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^
2 + 50*m + 24) + 3*((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6
*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*(m
^2 + m)*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^4*e*m*x + 24*d^5)*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d/(m^5 + ...

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1999 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1999, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.38

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*e^7*m^3*x^7 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^4*e^6*m^3*x^6 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e^8*m^3*x^6 + 15*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*e^7*m^2*x^7 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^5*e^5*m^3*x^5 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^3*e^7*m^3*x^5 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d*e^9*m^3*x^5 + 57*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^4*e^6*m^2*x^6 + 48*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e^8*m^2*x^6 + 74*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*e^7*m*x^7 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^6*e^4*m^3*x^4 + 18*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^4*e^6*m^3*x^4 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d^2*e^8*m^3*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*a^3*e^10*m^3*x^4 + 78*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^5*e^5*m^2*x^5 + 186*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^3*e^7*m^2*x^5 + 51*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d*e^9*m^2*x^5 + 269*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^4*e^6*m*x^6 + 249*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e^8*m*x^6 + 120*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*e^7*x^7 + (e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^7*e^3*m^3*x^3 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^5*e^5*m^3*x^3 + 18*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d^3*e^7*m^3*x^3 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*a^3*d*e^9*m^3*x^3 + 42*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^6*e^4*m^2*x^4 + 264*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^4*e^6*m^2*x^4 + 201*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d^2*e^8*m^2*x^4 + 18*(e*x + d)^m*a^3*e^10*m^2*x^4 + 342*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^5*e^5*m*x^5 + 930*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^3*e^7*m*x^5 + 282*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d*e^9*m*x^5 + 420*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 420*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e^8*x^6 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^6*e^4*m^3*x^2 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d^4*e^6*m^3*x^2 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*a^3*d^2*e^8*m^3*x^2 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^7*e^3*m^2*x^3 + 156*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^5*e^5*m^2*x^3 + 294*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d^3*e^7*m^2*x^3 + 72*(e*x + d)^m*a^3*d*e^9*m^2*x^3 + 1...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1202, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.25

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(d^4*(d + e*x)^m*(210*a^3*e^6 - 6*c^3*d^6 + 107*a^3*e^6*m + 18*a^3*e^6*m^2
+ a^3*e^6*m^3 + 42*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 126*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m
- 39*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^2))/(e^4*(638*m + 179*m^2 + 22*m^3
+ m^4 + 840)) + (x^4*(d + e*x)^m*(210*a^3*e^10 + 107*a^3*e^10*m + 210*c^3
*d^6*e^4 + 18*a^3*e^10*m^2 + a^3*e^10*m^3 + 1890*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 1890*a^2
*c*d^2*e^8 + 158*c^3*d^6*e^4*m + 42*c^3*d^6*e^4*m^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*e^4*m^3 +
1236*a*c^2*d^4*e^6*m + 1089*a^2*c*d^2*e^8*m + 264*a*c^2*d^4*e^6*m^2 + 201*
a^2*c*d^2*e^8*m^2 + 18*a*c^2*d^4*e^6*m^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*e^8*m^3))/(e^4*(63
8*m + 179*m^2 + 22*m^3 + m^4 + 840)) + (3*d^2*x^2*(d + e*x)^m*(420*a^3*e^6
+ 214*a^3*e^6*m - c^3*d^6*m + 36*a^3*e^6*m^2 + 2*a^3*e^6*m^3 - c^3*d^6*m^2
+ 420*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m + 298*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m + 8*a*c^2*
d^4*e^2*m^2 + 62*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^2 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^3
^3))/(e^2*(638*m + 179*m^2 + 22*m^3 + m^4 + 840)) + (d^3*x*(d + e*x)^m*(84
0*a^3*e^6 + 428*a^3*e^6*m + 6*c^3*d^6*m + 72*a^3*e^6*m^2 + 4*a^3*e^6*m^3 -
42*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m + 126*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m^2 + 39*a^2*c
*d^2*e^4*m^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^3))/(e^3*(638*m + 179*m^2 + 22*m^3 + m^4
+ 840)) + (d*x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(840*a^3*e^6 + 428*a^3*e^6*m + 2*c^3*d^6*m +
72*a^3*e^6*m^2 + 4*a^3*e^6*m^3 + 3*c^3*d^6*m^2 + c^3*d^6*m^3 + 840*a*c^2*d^4
e^2 + 2520*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 624*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m + 1536*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m +
156*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m^2 + 294*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*m^2 + 12*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*m^3 + ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1376, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.58

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```

((d + e*x)**m*(a**3*d**4*e**6*m**3 + 18*a**3*d**4*e**6*m**2 + 107*a**3*d**
4*e**6*m + 210*a**3*d**4*e**6 + 4*a**3*d**3*e**7*m**3*x + 72*a**3*d**3*e**
7*m**2*x + 428*a**3*d**3*e**7*m*x + 840*a**3*d**3*e**7*x + 6*a**3*d**2*e**
8*m**3*x**2 + 108*a**3*d**2*e**8*m**2*x**2 + 642*a**3*d**2*e**8*m*x**2 + 1
260*a**3*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*a**3*d*e**9*m**3*x**3 + 72*a**3*d*e**9*m**2*x*
*3 + 428*a**3*d*e**9*m*x**3 + 840*a**3*d*e**9*x**3 + a**3*e**10*m**3*x**4
+ 18*a**3*e**10*m**2*x**4 + 107*a**3*e**10*m*x**4 + 210*a**3*e**10*x**4 -
3*a**2*c*d**6*e**4*m**2 - 39*a**2*c*d**6*e**4*m - 126*a**2*c*d**6*e**4 + 3
*a**2*c*d**5*e**5*m**3*x + 39*a**2*c*d**5*e**5*m**2*x + 126*a**2*c*d**5*e*
*5*m*x + 12*a**2*c*d**4*e**6*m**3*x**2 + 186*a**2*c*d**4*e**6*m**2*x**2 +
894*a**2*c*d**4*e**6*m*x**2 + 1260*a**2*c*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 18*a**2*c*d**3*
e**7*m**3*x**3 + 294*a**2*c*d**3*e**7*m**2*x**3 + 1536*a**2*c*d**3*e**7*m*
x**3 + 2520*a**2*c*d**3*e**7*x**3 + 12*a**2*c*d**2*e**8*m**3*x**4 + 201*a*
*2*c*d**2*e**8*m**2*x**4 + 1089*a**2*c*d**2*e**8*m*x**4 + 1890*a**2*c*d**2
*e**8*x**4 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**9*m**3*x**5 + 51*a**2*c*d*e**9*m**2*x**5 + 282*
a**2*c*d*e**9*m*x**5 + 504*a**2*c*d*e**9*x**5 + 6*a*c**2*d**8*e**2*m + 42*
a*c**2*d**8*e**2 - 6*a*c**2*d**7*e**3*m**2*x - 42*a*c**2*d**7*e**3*m*x + 3
*a*c**2*d**6*e**4*m**3*x**2 + 24*a*c**2*d**6*e**4*m**2*x**2 + 21*a*c**2*d*
*6*e**4*m*x**2 + 12*a*c**2*d**5*e**5*m**3*x**3 + 156*a*c**2*d**5*e**5*m**2
*x**3 + 624*a*c**2*d**5*e**5*m*x**3 + 840*a*c**2*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 18*a*...

```

3.383 $\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	3041
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3 + m)} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^3(4 + m)} + \frac{c^2d^2(d + ex)^{5+m}}{e^3(5 + m)}$$

output

```
(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^3/(3+m)-2*c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^3/(4+m)+c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(5+m)/e^3/(5+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{3+m} \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{3+m} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)}{4+m} + \frac{c^2d^2(d+ex)^2}{5+m} \right)}{e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((d + ex)^{(3 + m)} * ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2 / (3 + m) - (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) / (4 + m) + (c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^2) / (5 + m))) / e^3}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2) (d + ex)^{m+3}}{e^2} + \frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^{m+4}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{m+3}}{e^3(m + 3)} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 - ae^2) (d + ex)^{m+4}}{e^3(m + 4)} + \frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^{m+5}}{e^3(m + 5)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^3*(3 + m)) - (2*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^3*(4 + m)) + (c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^3*(5 + m))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(ex+d)^{3+m}(c^2d^2e^2m^2x^2+2acd e^3m^2x+7c^2d^2e^2m x^2+a^2e^4m^2+16acd e^3mx-2c^2d^3emx+12x^2c^2d^2e^2+9a^2e^4m-2acd^2e^2m)}{e^3(m^3+12m^2+47m+60)}$
orering	$\frac{(c^2d^2e^2m^2x^2+2acd e^3m^2x+7c^2d^2e^2m x^2+a^2e^4m^2+16acd e^3mx-2c^2d^3emx+12x^2c^2d^2e^2+9a^2e^4m-2acd^2e^2m+30acd e^3m)}{e^3(m^3+12m^2+47m+60)(cdx+ae)^2}$
norman	$\frac{(a^2e^4m^2+6acd^2e^2m^2+3c^2d^4m^2+9a^2e^4m+46acd^2e^2m+15c^2d^4m+20a^2e^4+80acd^2e^2+20c^2d^4)x^3e^{m \ln(ex+d)} + d^3(a^2e^4m^2)}{m^3+12m^2+47m+60}$
risch	$(c^2d^2e^5m^2x^5+2acd e^6m^2x^4+3c^2d^3e^4m^2x^4+7c^2d^2e^5m x^5+a^2e^7m^2x^3+6acd^2e^5m^2x^3+16acd e^6m x^4+3c^2d^4e^3m^2x^3+19c^2d^2e^5m^2x^3)$
parallelrisc	$3x^4(ex+d)^m c^2d^4e^4m^2+3x(ex+d)^m a^2d^3e^5m^2-2x(ex+d)^m c^2d^7em+19x^4(ex+d)^m c^2d^4e^4m+x^3(ex+d)^m a^2d e^7m^2+3x^3(e$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e^3*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/(m^3+12*m^2+47*m+60)*(c^2*d^2*e^2*m^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*e^3*
m^2*x+7*c^2*d^2*e^2*m*x^2+a^2*e^4*m^2+16*a*c*d*e^3*m*x-2*c^2*d^3*e*m*x+12*
c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+9*a^2*e^4*m-2*a*c*d^2*e^2*m+30*a*c*d*e^3*x-6*c^2*d^3*e*x+2
0*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+2*c^2*d^4)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 479 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a^2d^3e^4m^2 + 2c^2d^7 - 10acd^5e^2 + 20a^2d^3e^4 + (c^2d^2e^5m^2 + 7c^2d^2e^5m + 12c^2d^2e^5)x^5 + (30c^2d^3e^4 + 30a$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a^2*d^3*e^4*m^2 + 2*c^2*d^7 - 10*a*c*d^5*e^2 + 20*a^2*d^3*e^4 + (c^2*d^2*e^5*m^2 + 7*c^2*d^2*e^5*m + 12*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^5 + (30*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 30*a*c*d*e^6 + (3*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^6)*m^2 + (19*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 16*a*c*d*e^6)*m)*x^4 + (20*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 80*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 20*a^2*e^7 + (3*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^5 + a^2*e^7)*m^2 + (15*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 46*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 9*a^2*e^7)*m)*x^3 + (60*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 60*a^2*d*e^6 + (c^2*d^5*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 3*a^2*d*e^6)*m^2 + (c^2*d^5*e^2 + 42*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 27*a^2*d*e^6)*m)*x^2 - (2*a*c*d^5*e^2 - 9*a^2*d^3*e^4)*m + (60*a^2*d^2*e^5 + (2*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*d^2*e^5)*m^2 - (2*c^2*d^6*e - 10*a*c*d^4*e^3 - 27*a^2*d^2*e^5)*m)*x*(e*x + d)^m/(e^3*m^3 + 12*e^3*m^2 + 47*e^3*m + 60*e^3)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2494 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2494, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.71

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((c**2*d**4*d**m*x**3/3, Eq(e, 0)), (-a**2*e**4/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*
d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e*
*5*x**2) - 4*a*c*d*e**3*x/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 2*c**
2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 3*c**2*d**4
/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 4*c**2*d**3*e*x*log(d/e + x)/(
2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 4*c**2*d**3*e*x/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4
*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) + 2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*d**2*e**3
+ 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2), Eq(m, -5)), (-a**2*e**4/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) +
2*a*c*d**2*e**2*log(d/e + x)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2/(d*e**3 +
e**4*x) + 2*a*c*d*e**3*x*log(d/e + x)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) - 2*c**2*d**4*log
(d/e + x)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) - 4*c**2*d**4/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) - 2*c**2*d**3*
e*x*log(d/e + x)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) - 2*c**2*d**3*e*x/(d*e**3 + e**4*x) + c
**2*d**2*e**2*x**2/(d*e**3 + e**4*x), Eq(m, -4)), (a**2*e*log(d/e + x) - 2
*a*c*d**2*log(d/e + x)/e + 2*a*c*d*x + c**2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/e**3 - c**2*
d**3*x/e**2 + c**2*d**2*x**2/(2*e), Eq(m, -3)), (a**2*d**3*e**4*m**2*(d +
e*x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 12*e**3*m**2 + 47*e**3*m + 60*e**3) + 9*a**2*d**3*e**
4*m*(d + e*x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 12*e**3*m**2 + 47*e**3*m + 60*e**3) + 20*a**
2*d**3*e**4*(d + e*x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 12*e**3*m**2 + 47*e**3*m + 60*e**3)
+ 3*a**2*d**2*e**5*m**2*x*(d + e*x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 12*e**3*m**2 + 47*e**3
*m + 60*e**3) + 27*a**2*d**2*e**5*m*x*(d + e*x)**m/(e**3*m**3 + 12*e**3...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 691 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 691, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.68

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxi
ma")
```

output

```

2*(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^3/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e
) + 2*(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*d*e/(m^2 + 3*m + 2
) + (e*x + d)^(m + 1)*a^2*d^2*e/(m + 1) + ((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2
+ m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^4/((m^3 + 6*m^2 +
11*m + 6)*e^3) + 4*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*
e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^2/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e) + ((m^2 +
3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*
a^2*e/(m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6) + 2*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^
3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4
)*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^3/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^3) + 2*((m^3
+ 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*
d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m
^2 + 50*m + 24)*e) + ((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 +
6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*
(m^2 + m)*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^4*e*m*x + 24*d^5)*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^2/((m^5 +
15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*e^3)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 805 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 805, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.94

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac
")

```

output

```

((e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^2*e^5*m^2*x^5 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^3*e^4*m^2*x^4 + 2*(
e*x + d)^m*a*c*d*e^6*m^2*x^4 + 7*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^2*e^5*m*x^5 + 3*(e*x +
d)^m*c^2*d^4*e^3*m^2*x^3 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^2*e^5*m^2*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m
*a^2*e^7*m^2*x^3 + 19*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^3*e^4*m*x^4 + 16*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d
*e^6*m*x^4 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^5*e^2*m^2*
x^2 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^3*e^4*m^2*x^2 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*d*e^6*m^2*x^2
+ 15*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^4*e^3*m*x^3 + 46*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^2*e^5*m*x^3 + 9*
(e*x + d)^m*a^2*e^7*m*x^3 + 30*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 30*(e*x + d)^
m*a*c*d*e^6*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^4*e^3*m^2*x + 3*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*d^2*
e^5*m^2*x + (e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^5*e^2*m*x^2 + 42*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^3*e^4*m*x
^2 + 27*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*d*e^6*m*x^2 + 20*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 80*
(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 20*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*e^7*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*a^2
*d^3*e^4*m^2 - 2*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^6*e*m*x + 10*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^4*e^3*m*
x + 27*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*d^2*e^5*m*x + 60*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 60*(
e*x + d)^m*a^2*d*e^6*x^2 - 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d^5*e^2*m + 9*(e*x + d)^m*a^2
*d^3*e^4*m + 60*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*d^2*e^5*x + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^7 - 10*(e*
x + d)^m*a*c*d^5*e^2 + 20*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*d^3*e^4)/(e^3*m^3 + 12*e^3*m^2 +
47*e^3*m + 60*e^3)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.40

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx \\
&= (d + ex)^m \left(\frac{x^3 (a^2 e^7 m^2 + 9a^2 e^7 m + 20a^2 e^7 + 6acd^2 e^5 m^2 + 46acd^2 e^5 m + 80acd^2 e^5 + 3c^2 d^4 e^3 m)}{e^3 (m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60)} \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{d^3 (a^2 e^4 m^2 + 9a^2 e^4 m + 20a^2 e^4 - 2acd^2 e^2 m - 10acd^2 e^2 + 2c^2 d^4)}{e^3 (m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60)} \\
&\quad + \frac{d^2 x (3a^2 e^4 m^2 + 27a^2 e^4 m + 60a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 m^2 + 10acd^2 e^2 m - 2c^2 d^4 m)}{e^2 (m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60)} \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{d x^2 (3a^2 e^4 m^2 + 27a^2 e^4 m + 60a^2 e^4 + 6acd^2 e^2 m^2 + 42acd^2 e^2 m + 60acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4 m^2 + c^2 d^4)}{e (m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60)} \right. \\
&\quad \quad \quad \left. + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^2 x^5 (m^2 + 7m + 12)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{cdex^4 (m + 3) (10ae^2 + 10cd^2 + 2ae^2 m + 3cd^2 m)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 47m + 60}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (d + e*x)^m * ((x^3 * (20*a^2*e^7 + 9*a^2*e^7*m + 20*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^2*e^7*m^2 \\ & + 15*c^2*d^4*e^3*m + 3*c^2*d^4*e^3*m^2 + 80*a*c*d^2*e^5 + 46*a*c*d^2*e^5* \\ & m + 6*a*c*d^2*e^5*m^2)) / (e^3 * (47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60)) + (d^3 * (20*a^2*e^4 \\ & + 2*c^2*d^4 + 9*a^2*e^4*m + a^2*e^4*m^2 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 \\ & *m)) / (e^3 * (47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60)) + (d^2 * x * (60*a^2*e^4 + 27*a^2*e^4*m \\ & - 2*c^2*d^4*m + 3*a^2*e^4*m^2 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2*m + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*m^2)) / (e^2 * (47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60)) + (d * x^2 * (60*a^2*e^4 + 27*a^2*e^4*m + c^2*d^4 \\ & + 3*a^2*e^4*m^2 + c^2*d^4*m^2 + 60*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 42*a*c*d^2*e^2*m + 6 \\ & a*c*d^2*e^2*m^2)) / (e * (47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60)) + (c^2*d^2*e^2*x^5 * (7*m + \\ & m^2 + 12)) / (47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60) + (c*d*e*x^4 * (m + 3) * (10*a*e^2 + 10 \\ & *c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2*m + 3*c*d^2*m)) / (47*m + 12*m^2 + m^3 + 60) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 535, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.94

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex + d)^m (c^2 d^2 e^5 m^2 x^5 + 2acd e^6 m^2 x^4 + 3c^2 d^3 e^4 m^2 x^4 + 7c^2 d^2 e^5 m x^5 + a^2 e^7 m^2 x^3 + 6acd^2 e^5 m^2 x^3 + 16c^2 d^2 e^5 m^2 x^3 + 16c^2 d^2 e^5 m^2 x^3 + 16c^2 d^2 e^5 m^2 x^3)}{47m + 12m^2 + m^3 + 60}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```

((d + e*x)**m*(a**2*d**3*e**4*m**2 + 9*a**2*d**3*e**4*m + 20*a**2*d**3*e**
4 + 3*a**2*d**2*e**5*m**2*x + 27*a**2*d**2*e**5*m*x + 60*a**2*d**2*e**5*x
+ 3*a**2*d*e**6*m**2*x**2 + 27*a**2*d*e**6*m*x**2 + 60*a**2*d*e**6*x**2 +
a**2*e**7*m**2*x**3 + 9*a**2*e**7*m*x**3 + 20*a**2*e**7*x**3 - 2*a*c*d**5*
e**2*m - 10*a*c*d**5*e**2 + 2*a*c*d**4*e**3*m**2*x + 10*a*c*d**4*e**3*m*x
+ 6*a*c*d**3*e**4*m**2*x**2 + 42*a*c*d**3*e**4*m*x**2 + 60*a*c*d**3*e**4*x
**2 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**5*m**2*x**3 + 46*a*c*d**2*e**5*m*x**3 + 80*a*c*d**2*e*
*5*x**3 + 2*a*c*d*e**6*m**2*x**4 + 16*a*c*d*e**6*m*x**4 + 30*a*c*d*e**6*x*
*4 + 2*c**2*d**7 - 2*c**2*d**6*e*m*x + c**2*d**5*e**2*m**2*x**2 + c**2*d**
5*e**2*m*x**2 + 3*c**2*d**4*e**3*m**2*x**3 + 15*c**2*d**4*e**3*m*x**3 + 20
*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 3*c**2*d**3*e**4*m**2*x**4 + 19*c**2*d**3*e**4*m*x*
*4 + 30*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**4 + c**2*d**2*e**5*m**2*x**5 + 7*c**2*d**2*e**5*
m*x**5 + 12*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**5))/(e**3*(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 47*m + 60))

```

3.384 $\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$

Optimal result	3050
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3050
Rubi [A] (verified)	3051
Maple [A] (verified)	3052
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3053
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3053
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3054
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3055
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3055
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3056

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{2+m}}{e^2(2+m)} + \frac{cd(d+ex)^{3+m}}{e^2(3+m)}$$

output `-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^2/(2+m)+c*d*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^2/(3+m)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{2+m} (ae^2(3+m) + cd(-d + e(2+m)x))}{e^2(2+m)(3+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]`

output

$$\frac{((d + e*x)^{(2 + m)*(a*e^2*(3 + m) + c*d*(-d + e*(2 + m)*x))})}{(e^2*(2 + m)*(3 + m))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1121, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)(d + ex)^{m+1}}{e} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{cd(d + ex)^{m+3}}{e^2(m + 3)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^2(m + 2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2), x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(2 + m)}}{e^2*(2 + m)}\right) + \frac{c*d*(d + e*x)^{(3 + m)}}{e^2*(3 + m)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1121 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(ex+d)^{2+m}(cdemx+ae^2m+2cdxe+3ae^2-cd^2)}{e^2(m^2+5m+6)}$
orering	$\frac{(cdemx+ae^2m+2cdxe+3ae^2-cd^2)(ex+d)(ex+d)^m(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}{e^2(m^2+5m+6)(cdx+ae)}$
risch	$\frac{(cde^3mx^3+ae^4mx^2+2cd^2e^2mx^2+2cde^3x^3+2ade^3mx+3ae^4x^2+cd^3emx+3cd^2e^2x^2+ad^2e^2m+6ade^3x+3ad^2e^2-cd^4)}{(2+m)(3+m)e^2}$
norman	$\frac{(ae^2m+2cd^2m+3ae^2+3cd^2)x^2e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{m^2+5m+6} + \frac{d^2(ae^2m+3ae^2-cd^2)e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{e^2(m^2+5m+6)} + \frac{decx^3e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{3+m} + \frac{d(2ae^2m+c)}{e}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3(ex+d)^mcd e^3m+2x^3(ex+d)^mcd e^3+x^2(ex+d)^ma e^4m+2x^2(ex+d)^mc d^2e^2m+3x^2(ex+d)^ma e^4+3x^2(ex+d)^mc d^2e^2+2}{e^2(m^2+5m+6)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e^2*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/(m^2+5*m+6)*(c*d*e*m*x+a*e^2*m+2*c*d*e*x+3*a*e^2-c*d^2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ad^2e^2m - cd^4 + 3ad^2e^2 + (cde^3m + 2cde^3)x^3 + (3cd^2e^2 + 3ae^4 + (2cd^2e^2 + ae^4)m)x^2 + (6ade^3 + (cd^3e^2 + 3ade^3)m)x + (cd^4 + ae^4)m)x}{e^2m^2 + 5e^2m + 6e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*d^2*e^2*m - c*d^4 + 3*a*d^2*e^2 + (c*d*e^3*m + 2*c*d*e^3)*x^3 + (3*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a*e^4 + (2*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*m)*x^2 + (6*a*d*e^3 + (c*d^3*e + 2*a*d*e^3)*m)*x)*(e*x + d)^m/(e^2*m^2 + 5*e^2*m + 6*e^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 556 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.69

$$\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{cd^2 d^m x^2}{2} \\ -\frac{ae^2}{de^2+e^3x} + \frac{cd^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{de^2+e^3x} + \frac{cd^2}{de^2+e^3x} + \frac{cdex \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{de^2+e^3x} \\ a \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right) - \frac{cd^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{e^2} + \frac{cdx}{e} \\ \frac{ad^2e^2m(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+5e^2m+6e^2} + \frac{3ad^2e^2(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+5e^2m+6e^2} + \frac{2ade^3mx(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+5e^2m+6e^2} + \frac{6ade^3x(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+5e^2m+6e^2} + \frac{ae^4mx^2(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+5e^2m+6e^2} + \frac{3ae^4x^2(d+ex)^m}{e^2m^2+5e^2m+6e^2} - \frac{cd^4}{e^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((c*d**2*d**m*x**2/2, Eq(e, 0)), (-a*e**2/(d*e**2 + e**3*x) + c*d
**2*log(d/e + x)/(d*e**2 + e**3*x) + c*d**2/(d*e**2 + e**3*x) + c*d*e*x*lo
g(d/e + x)/(d*e**2 + e**3*x), Eq(m, -3)), (a*log(d/e + x) - c*d**2*log(d/e
+ x)/e**2 + c*d*x/e, Eq(m, -2)), (a*d**2*e**2*m*(d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 +
5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) + 3*a*d**2*e**2*(d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6
*e**2) + 2*a*d*e**3*m*x*(d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) + 6*a
*d*e**3*x*(d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) + a*e**4*m*x**2*(d
+ e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) + 3*a*e**4*x**2*(d + e*x)**m/(e
**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) - c*d**4*(d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m +
6*e**2) + c*d**3*e*m*x*(d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) + 2*c
*d**2*e**2*m*x**2*(d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) + 3*c*d**2*
e**2*x**2*(d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) + c*d*e**3*m*x**3*(
d + e*x)**m/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2) + 2*c*d*e**3*x**3*(d + e*x)**m
/(e**2*m**2 + 5*e**2*m + 6*e**2), True))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex + d)^m a}{m^2 + 3m + 2}$$

$$+ \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex + d)^m cd^2}{(m^2 + 3m + 2)e^2} + \frac{(ex + d)^{m+1} ad}{m + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^3x^3 + (m^2 + m)de^2x^2 - 2d^2emx + 2d^3)(ex + d)^m cd}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a/(m^2 + 3*m + 2) + (e^2*(m
+ 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^2) + (e*x +
d)^(m + 1)*a*d/(m + 1) + ((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 -
2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*c*d/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^2)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.21

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex + d)^m cde^3 mx^3 + 2(ex + d)^m cd^2 e^2 mx^2 + (ex + d)^m ae^4 mx^2 + 2(ex + d)^m cde^3 x^3 + (ex + d)^m cd^3 em}{e^2 m^2 + 5e^2 m + 6e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $((ex + d)^m c d e^3 m x^3 + 2(ex + d)^m c d^2 e^2 m x^2 + (ex + d)^m a e^4 m x^2 + 2(ex + d)^m c d e^3 m x^3 + (ex + d)^m c d^3 e m x + 2(ex + d)^m a d e^3 m x + 3(ex + d)^m c d^2 e^2 x^2 + 3(ex + d)^m a e^4 x^2 + (ex + d)^m a d^2 e^2 m + 6(ex + d)^m a d e^3 x - (ex + d)^m c d^4 + 3(ex + d)^m a d^2 e^2) / (e^2 m^2 + 5e^2 m + 6e^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= (d + ex)^m \left(\frac{x^2 (3ae^2 + 3cd^2 + ae^2 m + 2cd^2 m)}{m^2 + 5m + 6} + \frac{d^2 (3ae^2 - cd^2 + ae^2 m)}{e^2 (m^2 + 5m + 6)} + \frac{dx (6ae^2 + 2ae^2 m + cd^2 m)}{e (m^2 + 5m + 6)} + \frac{cdex^3 (m + 2)}{m^2 + 5m + 6} \right)$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output $(d + e*x)^m * ((x^2 * (3*a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2 + a*e^2*m + 2*c*d^2*m)) / (5*m + m^2 + 6) + (d^2 * (3*a*e^2 - c*d^2 + a*e^2*m)) / (e^2 * (5*m + m^2 + 6)) + (d*x * (6*a*e^2 + 2*a*e^2*m + c*d^2*m)) / (e * (5*m + m^2 + 6)) + (c*d*e*x^3 * (m + 2)) / (5*m + m^2 + 6))$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex + d)^m (cd e^3 m x^3 + a e^4 m x^2 + 2c d^2 e^2 m x^2 + 2cd e^3 x^3 + 2ad e^3 m x + 3a e^4 x^2 + c d^3 e m x + 3c d^2 e^2 x^2)}{e^2 (m^2 + 5m + 6)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
((d + e*x)**m*(a*d**2*e**2*m + 3*a*d**2*e**2 + 2*a*d*e**3*m*x + 6*a*d*e**3*x + a*e**4*m*x**2 + 3*a*e**4*x**2 - c*d**4 + c*d**3*e*m*x + 2*c*d**2*e**2*m*x**2 + 3*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + c*d*e**3*m*x**3 + 2*c*d*e**3*x**3))/(e**2*(m**2 + 5*m + 6))
```

3.385 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx$

Optimal result	3057
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3057
Rubi [A] (verified)	3058
Maple [F]	3059
Fricas [F]	3059
Sympy [F]	3060
Maxima [F]	3060
Giac [F]	3060
Mupad [F(-1)]	3061
Reduce [F]	3061

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m, 1+m, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)m}$$

output

$-(e*x+d)^m*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, m], [1+m], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/m$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m, 1+m, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)m}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(d+e*x)^m/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x]$

output

```
-(((d + e*x)^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1, m, 1 + m, (c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{m-1}}{ae + cdx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 78$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m, m + 1, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{m(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
-(((d + e*x)^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1, m, 1 + m, (c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*m))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 78

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas
")
```

output

```
integral((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{cde x^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)**m/(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2),x)`

3.386 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3062
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3062
Rubi [A] (verified)	3063
Maple [F]	3064
Fricas [F]	3064
Sympy [F]	3065
Maxima [F]	3065
Giac [F]	3065
Mupad [F(-1)]	3066
Reduce [F]	3066

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e(d+ex)^{-1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -1+m, m, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(1-m)}$$

output

```
-e*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*hypergeom([2, -1+m], [m], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*
e^2+c*d^2)^2/(1-m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e(d+ex)^{-1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -1+m, m, -\frac{cd(d+ex)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^2(-1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output $(e*(d + e*x)^{-1 + m}*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -1 + m, m, -((c*d*(d + e*x))/(- (c*d^2) + a*e^2))])/((- (c*d^2) + a*e^2)^2*(-1 + m))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{m-2}}{(ae + cd x)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 78$$

$$-\frac{e(d + ex)^{m-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m - 1, m, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(1 - m)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^2, x]$

output $-((e*(d + e*x)^{-1 + m}*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -1 + m, m, (c*d*(d + e*x))/(c *d^2 - a*e^2)])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 - m))$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 78

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="fric
as")
```

output

```
integral((e*x + d)^m/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d
*e^3)*x^3 + (c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d
*e^3)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(d + ex)^2 (ae + cd x)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m/((d + e*x)**2*(a*e + c*d*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{c^2 d^2 e^2 x^4 + 2acd e^3 x^3 + 2c^2 d^3 e x^3 + a^2 e^4 x^2 + 4ac d^2 e^2 x^2 + c^2 d^4 x^2 + 2a^2 d e^3 x + 2ac d^3 e x + a^2 d^2 e^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)**m/(a**2*d**2*e**2 + 2*a**2*d*e**3*x + a**2*e**4*x**2 + 2*a*c*d**3*e*x + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*c*d*e**3*x**3 + c**2*d**4*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**3*e*x**3 + c**2*d**2*e**2*x**4),x)`

$$3.387 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3067
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3067
Rubi [A] (verified)	3068
Maple [F]	3069
Fricas [F]	3069
Sympy [F]	3070
Maxima [F]	3070
Giac [F]	3070
Mupad [F(-1)]	3071
Reduce [F]	3071

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2(d+ex)^{-2+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -2+m, -1+m, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(2-m)}$$

output

```
e^2*(e*x+d)^(-2+m)*hypergeom([3, -2+m], [-1+m], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(2-m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2(d+ex)^{-2+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -2+m, -1+m, -\frac{cd(d+ex)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^3(-2+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(e^2*(d + e*x)^(-2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, -2 + m, -1 + m, -((c*d*(d + e
*x))/(-c*d^2) + a*e^2))]/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3*(-2 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 1121

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{m-3}}{(ae + cd x)^3} dx$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{e^2(d + ex)^{m-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, m - 2, m - 1, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(2 - m)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(e^2*(d + e*x)^(-2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, -2 + m, -1 + m, (c*d*(d + e*x
))/(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)]/((-c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(2 - m))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 78

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="fric
as")
```

output

```
integral((e*x + d)^m/(c^3*d^3*e^3*x^6 + a^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c
^2*d^2*e^4)*x^5 + 3*(c^3*d^5*e + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^4 + (c^3
*d^6 + 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^2*d^5*e +
3*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + a^3*d*e^5)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*c*d^4*e^2 + a^3*d^2*e^4)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(d + ex)^3 (ae + cd x)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m/((d + e*x)**3*(a*e + c*d*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^3} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{c^3 d^3 e^3 x^6 + 3a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^5 + 3c^3 d^4 e^2 x^5 + 3a^2 c d e^5 x^4 + 9a c^2 d^3 e^3 x^4 + 3c^3 d^5 e x^4 + a^3 e^6 x^3 + 9a^2 c d^2 e^4 x^3 + \dots} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)**m/(a**3*d**3*e**3 + 3*a**3*d**2*e**4*x + 3*a**3*d*e**5*x**2 + a**3*e**6*x**3 + 3*a**2*c*d**4*e**2*x + 9*a**2*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 9*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 3*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**5*e*x**2 + 9*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**3 + 9*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**5 + c**3*d**6*x**3 + 3*c**3*d**5*e*x**4 + 3*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**5 + c**3*d**3*e**3*x**6),x)`

3.388
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	3072
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3072
Rubi [A] (verified)	3073
Maple [F]	3074
Fricas [F]	3074
Sympy [F(-2)]	3075
Maxima [F]	3075
Giac [F]	3076
Mupad [F(-1)]	3076
Reduce [F]	3076

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = -\frac{e^3(d+ex)^{-3+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, -3+m, -2+m, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^4(3-m)}$$

output

```
-e^3*(e*x+d)^(-3+m)*hypergeom([4, -3+m], [-2+m], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)) / (-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(3-m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^4} dx = \frac{e^3(d+ex)^{-3+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, -3+m, -2+m, -\frac{cd(d+ex)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^4(-3+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
(e^3*(d + e*x)^(-3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[4, -3 + m, -2 + m, -((c*d*(d + e
*x))/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2))]/((-c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*(-3 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$, Rules used = {1121, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1121$$

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{m-4}}{(ae + cd^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 78$$

$$-\frac{e^3(d + ex)^{m-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, m - 3, m - 2, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(3 - m)(cd^2 - ae^2)^4}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
-((e^3*(d + e*x)^(-3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[4, -3 + m, -2 + m, (c*d*(d + e
*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(3 - m)))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 78

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 1121

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_
Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (Int
egerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && LtQ[c, 0]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd x^2 e)^4} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^4,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="fric
as")
```

output

```
integral((e*x + d)^m/(c^4*d^4*e^4*x^8 + a^4*d^4*e^4 + 4*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^7 + 2*(3*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 8*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^6 + 4*(c^4*d^7*e + 6*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^3*c*d*e^7)*x^5 + (c^4*d^8 + 16*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 36*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 16*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*x^4 + 4*(a*c^3*d^7*e + 6*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 6*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 + a^4*d*e^7)*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 8*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^4*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 4*(a^3*c*d^5*e^3 + a^4*d^3*e^5)*x), x)
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**m/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**4,x)
```

output

Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^4, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^4} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{c^4 d^4 e^4 x^8 + 4a c^3 d^3 e^5 x^7 + 4c^4 d^5 e^3 x^7 + 6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6 x^6 + 16a c^3 d^4 e^4 x^6 + 6c^4 d^6 e^2 x^6 + 4a^3 c d e^7 x^5 + 24a^2 c^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^4,x)`

output

```
int((d + e*x)**m/(a**4*d**4*e**4 + 4*a**4*d**3*e**5*x + 6*a**4*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 4*a**4*d*e**7*x**3 + a**4*e**8*x**4 + 4*a**3*c*d**5*e**3*x + 16*a**3*c*d**4*e**4*x**2 + 24*a**3*c*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 16*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 4*a**3*c*d*e**7*x**5 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 24*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 36*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**4 + 24*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 4*a*c**3*d**7*e*x**3 + 16*a*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**4 + 24*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**5 + 16*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**6 + 4*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**7 + c**4*d**8*x**4 + 4*c**4*d**7*e*x**5 + 6*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**6 + 4*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**7 + c**4*d**4*e**4*x**8),x)
```

3.389 $\int (d+ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3078
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3078
Rubi [A] (verified)	3079
Maple [F]	3080
Fricas [F]	3081
Sympy [F(-1)]	3081
Maxima [F]	3081
Giac [F]	3082
Mupad [F(-1)]	3082
Reduce [F]	3083

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 5 + 2p, 5 + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4 + p)}$$

output

```
-(e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 5+2*p], [5+
p], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{c^4 d^4 (1 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(c^4*d^4*(1 + p)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.086$, Rules used = {1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$d^3 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae + cdx)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cdx)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p+3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx)^{-p} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cdx)^p \left(\frac{cd^2}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{cexd}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{p+3} dx}{c^3 d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (ae + cdx) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-p - 3, p + 1, p + 2, \dots)}{c^4 d^4 (p + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))]/(c^4*d^4*(1 + p)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p)
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^3 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)^3 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)^3 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)^3 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (d + ex)^3 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output `(- (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**4*d*e**7*p**2 - 5*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**4*d*e**7*p - 6*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**4*d*e**7*p + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**4*e**8*p**3*x + 5*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**4*e**8*p**2*x + 6*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**4*e**8*p*x + 7*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d**3*e**5*p**2 + 29*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d**3*e**5*p + 24*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d**3*e**5 - 6*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*p**3*x - 24*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*p**2*x - 18*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d**2*e**6*p*x - 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d*e**7*p**3*x**2 - 7*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d*e**7*p**2*x**2 - 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*c*d*e**7*p*x**2 - 23*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3*p**2 - 61*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3*p - 36*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**3 + 16*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*p**3*x + 32*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4*p**2*x + 12*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c**2*d...`

3.390 $\int (d+ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3084
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3084
Rubi [A] (verified)	3085
Maple [F]	3086
Fricas [F]	3087
Sympy [F(-1)]	3087
Maxima [F]	3087
Giac [F]	3088
Mupad [F(-1)]	3088
Reduce [F]	3089

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2(2 + p), 4 + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(3 + p)}$$

output

```
-(e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 4+2*p], [4+
+p], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(3+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{c^3 d^3 (1 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/(c^3*d^3*(1 + p)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.086$, Rules used = {1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae + cdx)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cdx)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p+2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx)^{-p} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cdx)^p \left(\frac{cd^2}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{cexd}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{p+2} dx}{c^2 d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (ae + cdx) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-p - 2, p + 1, p + 2, \dots)}{c^3 d^3 (p + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))]/(c^3*d^3*(1 + p)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^2 (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)^2 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)^2 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)^2 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (d + ex)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output

```
((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*d*e**5*p + 2*(a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*d*e**5 - (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d
**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*e**6*p**2*x - 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x +
c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**3*e**6*p*x - 6*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**
2)**p*a**2*c*d**3*e**3*p - 6*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p
*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 + 5*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c
*d**2*e**4*p**2*x + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c
*d**2*e**4*p*x + 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c*d
e**5*p**2*x**2 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*c*d*e
*5*p*x**2 + 8*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**5*e
p**2 + 17*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**5*e*p +
8*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**5*e + 13*(a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*p**2*x + 20*(a*d*e
+ a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*p*x + 6*(a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 12*(a*d*e + a*e
**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*p**2*x**2 + 18*(a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*p*x**2 + 6*(a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 4*(a*d*e + a
e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*p**2*x**3 + 6*(a*d*e +
a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*p*x**3 + 2*(a*d*...
```

3.391 $\int (d+ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3090
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3090
Rubi [B] (verified)	3091
Maple [F]	3092
Fricas [F]	3092
Sympy [F]	3093
Maxima [F]	3093
Giac [F]	3093
Mupad [F(-1)]	3094
Reduce [F]	3094

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 3 + 2p, 3 + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2) (2 + p)}$$

```
output -(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 3+2*p],[3+p],c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(2+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-1-p} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{cd(1 + p)}$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

$$\left(\frac{(c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^{-1 - p} * ((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(1 + p)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2)]}{c*d*(1 + p)} \right)$$

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1160, 1096}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1160$$

$$\frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx}{2d} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{2cd(p+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 1096$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{2cd(p+1)} - \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \left(-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{-p-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{2d(p+1)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1 + p)}}{(2*c*d*(1 + p))} - \frac{\left(d^2 - \frac{a*e^2}{c}\right) * \left(-\frac{e*(a*e + c*d*x)}{c*d^2 - a*e^2}\right)^{-1 - p} * (a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1 + p)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)]}{(2*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + p))}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1096 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(q*(p + 1)*((q - b - 2*c*x)/(2*q))^(p + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, p + 1, p + 2, (b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[4*p] && !IntegerQ[3*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d) (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int ((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^p (d + ex) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**p*(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (ex + d)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int (d + ex) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`output `int((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output

```
( - (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*d*e**3 + (a*d*e + a
*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a**2*e**4*p*x + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x +
c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c*d**3*e*p + 3*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x +
c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c*d**3*e + 4*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**
p*a*c*d**2*e**2*p*x + 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c*
d**2*e**2*x + 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c*d*e**3*p
*x**2 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 3*
(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*c**2*d**4*p*x + 2*(a*d*e + a
*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*c**2*d**4*x + 2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c
d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*c**2*d**3*e*p*x**2 + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x
+ c*d*e*x**2)**p*c**2*d**3*e*x**2 - 2*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x +
c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(2*a**2*d*e**3*p + a**2*d*e**3 + 2*a**2*e**4*p*x + a**2*
e**4*x + 2*a*c*d**3*e*p + a*c*d**3*e + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*e*
*2*x + 2*a*c*d*e**3*p*x**2 + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**4*p*x + c**2*d**4
*x + 2*c**2*d**3*e*p*x**2 + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**4*e**8*p**3 - 3*int(((
a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(2*a**2*d*e**3*p + a**2*d*
e**3 + 2*a**2*e**4*p*x + a**2*e**4*x + 2*a*c*d**3*e*p + a*c*d**3*e + 4*a*c
*d**2*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 2*a*c*d*e**3*p*x**2 + a*c*d*e**3*x**2
+ 2*c**2*d**4*p*x + c**2*d**4*x + 2*c**2*d**3*e*p*x**2 + c**2*d**3*e*x**2
),x)*a**4*e**8*p**2 - int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**...
```


3.392 $\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3096
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3096
Rubi [A] (verified)	3097
Maple [F]	3098
Fricas [F]	3098
Sympy [F]	3098
Maxima [F]	3099
Giac [F]	3099
Mupad [F(-1)]	3099
Reduce [F]	3100

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{-1-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(1+p)}$$

output

```

-(e*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))^(1+p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
p+1)*hypergeom([-p, p+1], [2+p], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)
/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(ae + cdx) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{-p} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{cd(1+p)}$$

input

```

Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]) / (c*d*(1 + p)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.037$, Rules used = {1096}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

↓ 1096

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{-p-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(p+1)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\left(-\left(\frac{e*(a*e + c*d*x)}{c*d^2 - a*e^2}\right)\right)^{-1 - p}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1 + p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)]/\left((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + p)\right)\right)$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1096

$$\text{Int}[\left((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2\right)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\left(-\left(a + b*x + c*x^2\right)^{(p + 1)} / (q*(p + 1)*((q - b - 2*c*x)/(2*q))^{(p + 1)})\right)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, p + 1, p + 2, (b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*q)], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&\amp; \text{!IntegerQ}[4*p] \&\amp; \text{!IntegerQ}[3*p]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^p dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int (ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^p dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output

```
(2*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*d*e + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*e**2*x + (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d
*e*x**2)**p*c*d**2*x + 2*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**
p*x)/(2*a**2*d*e**3*p + a**2*d*e**3 + 2*a**2*e**4*p*x + a**2*e**4*x + 2*a*
c*d**3*e*p + a*c*d**3*e + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 2*a*c*
d*e**3*p*x**2 + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**4*p*x + c**2*d**4*x + 2*c**2*d
**3*e*p*x**2 + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*e**6*p**2 + int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x
+ c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(2*a**2*d*e**3*p + a**2*d*e**3 + 2*a**2*e
**4*p*x + a**2*e**4*x + 2*a*c*d**3*e*p + a*c*d**3*e + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2*p*x
+ 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 2*a*c*d*e**3*p*x**2 + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**4*
p*x + c**2*d**4*x + 2*c**2*d**3*e*p*x**2 + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**3*e**6*
p - 2*int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(2*a**2*d*e**3
*p + a**2*d*e**3 + 2*a**2*e**4*p*x + a**2*e**4*x + 2*a*c*d**3*e*p + a*c*d*
**3*e + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 2*a*c*d*e**3*p*x**2 + a*c
*d*e**3*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**4*p*x + c**2*d**4*x + 2*c**2*d**3*e*p*x**2 + c**2
*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*p**2 - int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x
+ c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(2*a**2*d*e**3*p + a**2*d*e**3 + 2*a**2*e**4*p*x + a
**2*e**4*x + 2*a*c*d**3*e*p + a*c*d**3*e + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2*p*x + 2*a*c*d**2
*e**2*x + 2*a*c*d*e**3*p*x**2 + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**4*p*x + c**2*d
**4*x + 2*c**2*d**3*e*p*x**2 + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*p ...
```

3.393 $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

Optimal result	3101
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3101
Rubi [A] (verified)	3102
Maple [F]	3103
Fricas [F]	3104
Sympy [F]	3104
Maxima [F]	3104
Giac [F]	3105
Mupad [F(-1)]	3105
Reduce [F]	3105

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + 2p, 1 + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)p(d + ex)}$$

output `-(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 1+2*p], [p+1], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/p/(e*x+d)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)^{-p} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, p, 1 + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{ep}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x), x]`

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, p, 1 + p, (c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)]/(e*p*((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.086$, Rules used = {1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{-p} (ae + cd x)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cd x)^p (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{p-1} dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{-p} \left(-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{p-1} \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{cdxe}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^p dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, p, p + 1, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{ep}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, p, 1 + p, (c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)]/(e*p*((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2))^p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p/(e*x+d), x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**p/(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cdex^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^p ae - \left(\int \frac{(cdex^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^p x}{acd^3x^2 + c^2d^3ex^2 + a^2e^4x + 2acd^2e^2x + c^2d^4x + a^2de^3 + acd^3e} dx \right) a^2cd^4p + \left(\int \frac{(cdex^2 + ae^2x + cd^2x + ade)^p x}{acd^3x^2 + c^2d^3ex^2 + a^2e^4x + 2acd^2e^2x + c^2d^4x + a^2de^3 + acd^3e} dx \right) p(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```

((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*e - int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*
x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e +
2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*
a**2*c*d*e**4*p + int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a
**2*d*e**3 + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**3*e + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**3*x**
2 + c**2*d**4*x + c**2*d**3*e*x**2),x)*c**3*d**5*p)/(p*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))

```

$$3.394 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3107
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3107
Rubi [A] (verified)	3108
Maple [F]	3109
Fricas [F]	3110
Sympy [F(-1)]	3110
Maxima [F]	3110
Giac [F]	3111
Mupad [F(-1)]	3111
Reduce [F]	3111

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2p, p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(1-p)(d + ex)^2}$$

output $(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 2*p],[p],c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1-p)/(e*x+d)^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{cd(ae + cdx) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e(ae + cdx)}{-cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (1 + p)}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x]$

output

```
(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1
+ p, 2 + p, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 +
p)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.086$, Rules used = {1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae + cdex)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cdex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$\frac{c^2 d^2 (ae + cdex)^{-p} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cdex)^p \left(\frac{cd^2}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{cexd}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{cd(ae + cdex) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, p + 1, p + 2, -\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(p + 1)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p*Hypergeometri
c2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))]/((c*d^2 -
a*e^2)^2*(1 + p)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output

```

((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*e - int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*
x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**3*p - a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a
**2*d*e**4*p*x - 2*a**2*d*e**4*x + a**2*e**5*p*x**2 - a**2*e**5*x**2 + a*c
d**4*e*p + 3*a*c*d**3*e**2*p*x - a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 3*a*c*d**2*e**3*p*x**2
- 2*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + a*c*d*e**4*p*x**3 - a*c*d*e**4*x**3 + c**2*d**5*p
*x + 2*c**2*d**4*e*p*x**2 + c**2*d**3*e**2*p*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*p**
2 + int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**3*
p - a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*d*e**4*p*x - 2*a**2*d*e**4*x + a**2*e**5*p*x**
2 - a**2*e**5*x**2 + a*c*d**4*e*p + 3*a*c*d**3*e**2*p*x - a*c*d**3*e**2*x
+ 3*a*c*d**2*e**3*p*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + a*c*d*e**4*p*x**3 - a*c
d*e**4*x**3 + c**2*d**5*p*x + 2*c**2*d**4*e*p*x**2 + c**2*d**3*e**2*p*x**3
),x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*p - int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)*
*p*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**3*p - a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*d*e**4*p*x - 2*a**2*d*e
**4*x + a**2*e**5*p*x**2 - a**2*e**5*x**2 + a*c*d**4*e*p + 3*a*c*d**3*e**2*
p*x - a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 3*a*c*d**2*e**3*p*x**2 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**3*x**2 + a
c*d*e**4*p*x**3 - a*c*d*e**4*x**3 + c**2*d**5*p*x + 2*c**2*d**4*e*p*x**2 +
c**2*d**3*e**2*p*x**3),x)*a**2*c*d*e**5*p**2*x + int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x +
c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d**2*e**3*p - a**2*d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*
d*e**4*p*x - 2*a**2*d*e**4*x + a**2*e**5*p*x**2 - a**2*e**5*x**2 + a*c*d**
4*e*p + 3*a*c*d**3*e**2*p*x - a*c*d**3*e**2*x + 3*a*c*d**2*e**3*p*x**2 ...

```

$$3.395 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3113
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3113
Rubi [A] (verified)	3114
Maple [F]	3115
Fricas [F]	3116
Sympy [F(-1)]	3116
Maxima [F]	3116
Giac [F]	3117
Mupad [F(-1)]	3117
Reduce [F]	3117

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -1 + 2p, -1 + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(2 - p)(d + ex)^3}$$

output

```
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, -1+2*p], [-1+p], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(2-p)/(e*x+d)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 d^2 (ae + cdx) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (1 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output $(c^2 d^2 (a e + c d x) ((a e + c d x) (d + e x))^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e (a e + c d x)) / (-c d^2 + a e^2)]) / ((c d^2 - a e^2)^3 (1 + p) ((c d (d + e x)) / (c d^2 - a e^2))^p)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.086$, Rules used = {1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 1138

$$\frac{(\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{-p} (ae + cdx)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cdx)^p (\frac{ex}{d} + 1)^{p-3} dx}{d^3}$$

↓ 80

$$\frac{c^3 d^3 (ae + cdx)^{-p} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (ae + cdx)^p \left(\frac{cd^2}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{cexd}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{p-3} dx}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{c^2 d^2 (ae + cdx) \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, p + 1, p + 2, -\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(p + 1) (cd^2 - ae^2)^3}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p / (d + e*x)^3, x]$

output $(c^2 d^2 (a e + c d x) (a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2))^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((e (a e + c d x)) / (c d^2 - a e^2))] / ((c d^2 - a e^2)^3 (1 + p) ((c d (d + e x)) / (c d^2 - a e^2))^p)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]
*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || Integer
Q[4*p]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```

((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*e - int(((a*d*e + a*e**2*
x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d**3*e**3*p - 2*a**2*d**3*e**3 + 3*
a**2*d**2*e**4*p*x - 6*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 3*a**2*d*e**5*p*x**2 - 6*a**2*d*
e**5*x**2 + a**2*e**6*p*x**3 - 2*a**2*e**6*x**3 + a*c*d**5*e*p + 4*a*c*d**
4*e**2*p*x - 2*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**3*e**3*p*x**2 - 6*a*c*d**3*e**3*
x**2 + 4*a*c*d**2*e**4*p*x**3 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + a*c*d*e**5*p*x**4 -
2*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 + c**2*d**6*p*x + 3*c**2*d**5*e*p*x**2 + 3*c**2*d**4*e*
*2*p*x**3 + c**2*d**3*e**3*p*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**4*p**2 + 2*int(((a*d*
e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d**3*e**3*p - 2*a**2*d**
3*e**3 + 3*a**2*d**2*e**4*p*x - 6*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 3*a**2*d*e**5*p*x**2
- 6*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + a**2*e**6*p*x**3 - 2*a**2*e**6*x**3 + a*c*d**5*e*p
+ 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*p*x - 2*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**3*e**3*p*x**2 - 6*a*c
*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**2*e**4*p*x**3 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3 + a*c*d*e*
*5*p*x**4 - 2*a*c*d*e**5*x**4 + c**2*d**6*p*x + 3*c**2*d**5*e*p*x**2 + 3*c
**2*d**4*e**2*p*x**3 + c**2*d**3*e**3*p*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**4*p - 2*in
t(((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d**3*e**3*p - 2*
a**2*d**3*e**3 + 3*a**2*d**2*e**4*p*x - 6*a**2*d**2*e**4*x + 3*a**2*d*e**5
*p*x**2 - 6*a**2*d*e**5*x**2 + a**2*e**6*p*x**3 - 2*a**2*e**6*x**3 + a*c*d
**5*e*p + 4*a*c*d**4*e**2*p*x - 2*a*c*d**4*e**2*x + 6*a*c*d**3*e**3*p*x**2
- 6*a*c*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**2*e**4*p*x**3 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**3...

```

3.396 $\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3119
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3119
Rubi [A] (verified)	3120
Maple [F]	3122
Fricas [F]	3122
Sympy [F(-1)]	3122
Maxima [F]	3123
Giac [F]	3123
Mupad [F(-1)]	3123
Reduce [F]	3124

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2 + m + 2p, 2 + m + p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(1 + m + p)}$$

output

$$-(e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 2+m+2*p], [2+m+p], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+m+p)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-1+m} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-m-p} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-m - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e(ae+c)}{-cd^2+}\right)}{cd(1 + p)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]$$

output

$$\frac{((d + ex)^{-1 + m} * ((c*d*(d + ex))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^{-m - p} * ((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + ex))^{1 + p} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-m - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d^2 + a*e^2)])}{(c*d*(1 + p))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$, Rules used = {1139, 1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1139$$

$$(d + ex)^m \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-m} \int \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^m (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$(d + ex)^m \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-m-p} (ade + cd^2x)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (cxd^2 + aed)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{m+p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$(d + ex)^m (ade + cd^2x)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \left(\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-m-p} \int (cxd^2 + aed)^p \left(\frac{cd^2}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{cex}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + cd^2x) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \left(\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^{-m-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-m - p, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{cd^2 + cex}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{cd^2(p + 1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + ex)^m * (a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((a*d*e + c*d^2*x)*(d + e*x)^m*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^{-(m+p)}*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-m-p, 1+p, 2+p, -((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))]}{(c*d^2*(1+p))}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m+p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))
```

rule 1139

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^IntPart[m]*((d + e*x)^FracPart[m]/(1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[m]) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdx^2e)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ & = \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (d + ex)^m (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output

```
((d + e*x)**m*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*d*e*m + 2*(d
+ e*x)**m*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*d*e*p + (d + e*x)
**m*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*e**2*m*x + (d + e*x)
**m*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*a*e**2*p*x + (d + e*x)**
m*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*c*d**2*p*x + int(((d + e*x)
)**m*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d*e**3*m**2 +
3*a**2*d*e**3*m*p + a**2*d*e**3*m + 2*a**2*d*e**3*p**2 + a**2*d*e**3*p + a
**2*e**4*m**2*x + 3*a**2*e**4*m*p*x + a**2*e**4*m*x + 2*a**2*e**4*p**2*x +
a**2*e**4*p*x + a*c*d**3*e*m*p + 2*a*c*d**3*e*p**2 + a*c*d**3*e*p + a*c*d
**2*e**2*m**2*x + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2*m*p*x + a*c*d**2*e**2*m*x + 4*a*c*d**2*e
**2*p**2*x + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*p*x + a*c*d*e**3*m**2*x**2 + 3*a*c*d*e**3*m*p
*x**2 + a*c*d*e**3*m*x**2 + 2*a*c*d*e**3*p**2*x**2 + a*c*d*e**3*p*x**2 + c
**2*d**4*m*p*x + 2*c**2*d**4*p**2*x + c**2*d**4*p*x + c**2*d**3*e*m*p*x**2
+ 2*c**2*d**3*e*p**2*x**2 + c**2*d**3*e*p*x**2),x)*a**3*e**6*m**3*p + 4*i
nt(((d + e*x)**m*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p*x)/(a**2*d*
e**3*m**2 + 3*a**2*d*e**3*m*p + a**2*d*e**3*m + 2*a**2*d*e**3*p**2 + a**2*
d*e**3*p + a**2*e**4*m**2*x + 3*a**2*e**4*m*p*x + a**2*e**4*m*x + 2*a**2*e
**4*p**2*x + a**2*e**4*p*x + a*c*d**3*e*m*p + 2*a*c*d**3*e*p**2 + a*c*d**3
*e*p + a*c*d**2*e**2*m**2*x + 4*a*c*d**2*e**2*m*p*x + a*c*d**2*e**2*m*x +
4*a*c*d**2*e**2*p**2*x + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2*p*x + a*c*d*e**3*m**2*x**2 + 3...
```

3.397 $\int (d+ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3125
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3126
Rubi [A] (verified)	3126
Maple [B] (verified)	3128
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3129
Sympy [F]	3130
Maxima [F]	3131
Giac [F]	3131
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3132
Reduce [F]	3132

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 288

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d+ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \frac{(d+ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(4+p)} \\ &+ \frac{6c^2d^2(d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)} \\ &+ \frac{6c^3d^3(d+ex)^{-2(1+p)} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^4(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)} \\ &+ \frac{3cd(d+ex)^{-2(2+p)} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(3+p)(4+p)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4+p)+6*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(2+p)/(3+p)/(4+p)+6*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(4+p)/((e*x+d)^(2*p+2))+3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(3+p)/(4+p)/((e*x+d)^(4+2*p))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{-5-2p} ((ae + cd x)(d + ex))^{1+p} (-a^3 e^6 (6 + 11p + 6p^2 + p^3) + 3a^2 c d e^4 (2 + 3p + p^2) (d(4 + p) + e$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-5 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x
]
```

output

```
((d + e*x)^(-5 - 2*p)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1 + p)*(-(a^3*e^6*(6 + 11
*p + 6*p^2 + p^3)) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*(d*(4 + p) + e*x) - 3*a
*c^2*d^2*e^2*(1 + p)*(d^2*(12 + 7*p + p^2) + 2*d*e*(4 + p)*x + 2*e^2*x^2)
+ c^3*d^3*(d^3*(24 + 26*p + 9*p^2 + p^3) + 3*d^2*e*(12 + 7*p + p^2)*x + 6*
d*e^2*(4 + p)*x^2 + 6*e^3*x^3)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p
)*(4 + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p-5} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{3cd \int (d + ex)^{-2(p+2)} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx}{(p + 4)(cd^2 - ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{-2p-5} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p + 4)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{2cd \int (d+ex)^{-2p-3} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{(p+4)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{-2p-5} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+4)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1129} \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{cd \int (d+ex)^{-2(p+1)} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{(p+4)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1123} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{-2p-5} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+4)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{2cd \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{cd(d+ex)^{-2(p+1)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+1)(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \right)}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{(p+4)(cd^2 - ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(-5 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-5 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(4 + p)) + (3*c*d*((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(3 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(2 + p))) + (2*c*d*(((d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(2 + p)) + (c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(1 + p)))))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(3 + p)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(4 + p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1123 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 744 vs. 2(292) = 584.

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(ex+d)^{-4-2p}(cdx+ae)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+c^2d^2x+ade)^p(a^3e^6p^3-3a^2cd^2e^4p^3-3a^2cde^5p^2x+3ac^2d^4e^2p^3+6ac^2d^3e^3p^2x+6ac^2d^2e^4p^2x+6ac^2d^2e^4p^2x^2-c^3d^6p^3-3c^3d^5e^2p^2x-6c^3d^4e^2p^2x^2-6c^3d^3e^3x^3)}{a^4e^8p^4-4a^3cd^2e^6p^4+6a^2c^2d^4e^4p^4-4ac^3d^6e^2p^4+c^4d^8p^4+10a^4e^8p^3-40a^3cd^2e^6p^3-40a^3c^2d^4e^4p^3+40a^3c^2d^4e^4p^3x-40a^3c^2d^4e^4p^3x^2+40a^3c^2d^4e^4p^3x^3}$
orering	$-\frac{(a^3e^6p^3-3a^2cd^2e^4p^3-3a^2cde^5p^2x+3ac^2d^4e^2p^3+6ac^2d^3e^3p^2x+6ac^2d^2e^4p^2x^2-c^3d^6p^3-3c^3d^5e^2p^2x-6c^3d^4e^2p^2x^2-6c^3d^3e^3x^3)}{a^4e^8p^4-4a^3cd^2e^6p^4+6a^2c^2d^4e^4p^4-4ac^3d^6e^2p^4+c^4d^8p^4+10a^4e^8p^3-40a^3cd^2e^6p^3-40a^3c^2d^4e^4p^3+40a^3c^2d^4e^4p^3x-40a^3c^2d^4e^4p^3x^2+40a^3c^2d^4e^4p^3x^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```

-(e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(c*d*x+a*e)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^p/(a^4*e^8
*p^4-4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*p^4+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*p^4-4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*p^4+c^4*d^8
*p^4+10*a^4*e^8*p^3-40*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*p^3+60*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*p^3-40*a*c^3*d
^6*e^2*p^3+10*c^4*d^8*p^3+35*a^4*e^8*p^2-140*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*p^2+210*a^2*c^2
*d^4*e^4*p^2-140*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*p^2+35*c^4*d^8*p^2+50*a^4*e^8*p-200*a^3*c*d
^2*e^6*p+300*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*p-200*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*p+50*c^4*d^8*p+24*a^4*e^8
-96*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+144*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-96*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+24*c^4*d^8)*(a^3*e^
6*p^3-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p^3-3*a^2*c*d*e^5*p^2*x+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p^3+6*a*c^2*
d^3*e^3*p^2*x+6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*p*x^2-c^3*d^6*p^3-3*c^3*d^5*e*p^2*x-6*c^3*d^
4*e^2*p*x^2-6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3+6*a^3*e^6*p^2-21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p^2-9*a^2*c*d
*e^5*p*x+24*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p^2+30*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*p*x+6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2-9*c
^3*d^6*p^2-21*c^3*d^5*e*p*x-24*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2+11*a^3*e^6*p-42*a^2*c*d^2*e
^4*p-6*a^2*c*d*e^5*x+57*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p+24*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x-26*c^3*d^6*p-36
*c^3*d^5*e*x+6*a^3*e^6-24*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+36*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-24*c^3*d^6)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1051 vs. $2(292) = 584$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1051, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm
m="fricas")

```

output

```
(6*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^5 + 24*a*c^3*d^7*e - 36*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 24*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 6*a^4*d*e^7 + 6*(5*c^4*d^5*e^3 + (c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*p)*x^4 + (a*c^3*d^7*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - a^4*d*e^7)*p^3 + 3*(20*c^4*d^6*e^2 + (c^4*d^6*e^2 - 2*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*p^2 + (9*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 10*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*p)*x^3 + 3*(3*a*c^3*d^7*e - 8*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 7*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 2*a^4*d*e^7)*p^2 + (60*c^4*d^7*e + (c^4*d^7*e - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*p^3 + 3*(4*c^4*d^7*e - 9*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a^3*c*d*e^7)*p^2 + (47*c^4*d^7*e - 60*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 15*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 2*a^3*c*d*e^7)*p)*x^2 + (26*a*c^3*d^7*e - 57*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 42*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 11*a^4*d*e^7)*p + (24*c^4*d^8 + 24*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 36*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 24*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 6*a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^8 - 2*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - a^4*e^8)*p^3 + 3*(3*c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 6*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 2*a^4*e^8)*p^2 + (26*c^4*d^8 - 10*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 45*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 40*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 11*a^4*e^8)*p)*x)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 5)/(24*c^4*d^8 - 96*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 144*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 96*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 24*a^4*e^8 + (c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*p^4 + 10*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*p^3 + 35*(c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*p^2 + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int ((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^p (d + ex)^{-2p-5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(-5-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**p*(d + e*x)**(-2*p - 5), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-5} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 5), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-5} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 5), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1036, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.60

$$\int (d + ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 5),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p * ((6*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^5)/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 5)*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) - (x*(6*a^4*e^8 - 24*c^4*d^8 + 11*a^4*e^8*p - 26*c^4*d^8*p + 6*a^4*e^8*p^2 + a^4*e^8*p^3 - 9*c^4*d^8*p^2 - c^4*d^8*p^3 - 24*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 24*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 36*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*p^2 + 10*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*p - 40*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*p + 45*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*p + 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*p^2 - 18*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*p^2 + 2*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*p^3 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*p^3))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 5)*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) - (a*d*e*(6*a^3*e^6 - 24*c^3*d^6 + 11*a^3*e^6*p - 26*c^3*d^6*p + 6*a^3*e^6*p^2 + a^3*e^6*p^3 - 9*c^3*d^6*p^2 - c^3*d^6*p^3 + 36*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 24*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 57*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p - 42*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p + 24*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p^2 - 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p^3))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 5)*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) + (6*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^4*(5*c*d^2 - a*e^2*p + c*d^2*p))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 5)*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) + (3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3*(20*c^2*d^4 + a^2*e^4*p + 9*c^2*d^4*p + a^2*e^4*p^2 + c^2*d^4*p^2 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2*p - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*p^2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^4*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 5)*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) + (c*d*e*x^2*(60*c^3*d^6 - 2*a^3*e^6*p + 47*c^3*d^6*p - 3*a^3*e^6*p^2 - a^3*e^6*p^3 + 12*c^3*d^6*p^2 + c^3*d^6*p^3 - 60*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p - 27*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p^2 + 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p... \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-5-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int \frac{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^5 + 5(ex + d)^{2p} d^4 ex + 10(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 e^2 x^2 + 10(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 e^3 x^3 + 5(ex + d)^{2p} d e^4 x^4 + \dots} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-5-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**5 + 5*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**4*e*x + 10*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 5*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**4*x**4 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**5*x**5),x)`

3.398 $\int (d+ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3134
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3135
Rubi [A] (verified)	3135
Maple [A] (verified)	3137
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3137
Sympy [F]	3138
Maxima [F]	3138
Giac [F]	3139
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3139
Reduce [F]	3140

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (d+ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2cd(d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (2+p)(3+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^2d^2(d+ex)^{-2(1+p)} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (1+p)(2+p)(3+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{(d+ex)^{-2(2+p)} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2) (3+p)}$$

output

```
2*c*d*(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(2+p)/(3+p)+2*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/((e*x+d)^(2*p+2))+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(3+p)/((e*x+d)^(4+2*p))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{-2(2+p)} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{1+p} (a^2e^4(2 + 3p + p^2) - 2acde^2(1 + p)(d(3 + p) + ex) + c^2d^2(d^2(6 + 5p + p^2) + 2d*e*(3 + p)*x + 2*e^2*x^2))}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1 + p)*(a^2*e^4*(2 + 3*p + p^2) - 2*a*c*d*e^2*(1 + p)*(d*(3 + p) + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(d^2*(6 + 5*p + p^2) + 2*d*e*(3 + p)*x + 2*e^2*x^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(2 + p)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1129, 1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p-4} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{2cd \int (d + ex)^{-2p-3} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx}{(p + 3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} +$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{-2(p+2)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p + 3)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2cd \left(\frac{cd \int (d+ex)^{-2(p+1)} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1123} \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^{-2(p+2)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \\
& \frac{2cd \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{-2p-3} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{cd(d+ex)^{-2(p+1)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+1)(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \right)}{(p+3)(cd^2 - ae^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(3 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(2 + p))) + (2*c*d*((d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(2 + p)) + (c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(1 + p))))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(3 + p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1129 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(ex+d)^{-3-2p}(cdx+ae)(cdx^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^p(a^2e^4p^2-2acd^2e^2p^2-2acd^3px+c^2d^4p^2+2c^2d^3epx+2x^2c^2d^2e^2+3a^3e^6p^3-3a^2cd^2e^4p^3+3ac^2d^4e^2p^3-c^3d^6p^3+6a^3e^6p^2-18a^2cd^2e^4p^2+18ac^2d^4e^2p^2-6c^3d^6p^2+11a^3e^6p-33a^2cd^2e^4p)}{a^3e^6p^3-3a^2cd^2e^4p^3+3ac^2d^4e^2p^3-c^3d^6p^3+6a^3e^6p^2-18a^2cd^2e^4p^2+18ac^2d^4e^2p^2-6c^3d^6p^2+11a^3e^6p-33a^2cd^2e^4p}$
orering	$-\frac{(a^2e^4p^2-2acd^2e^2p^2-2acd^3px+c^2d^4p^2+2c^2d^3epx+2x^2c^2d^2e^2+3a^2e^4p-8acd^2e^2p-2xacd^3e^3+5c^2d^4p+6xc^2d^3e+2a^2e^4p)}{a^3e^6p^3-3a^2cd^2e^4p^3+3ac^2d^4e^2p^3-c^3d^6p^3+6a^3e^6p^2-18a^2cd^2e^4p^2+18ac^2d^4e^2p^2-6c^3d^6p^2+11a^3e^6p-33a^2cd^2e^4p}$
parallelrisc	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2)^p,x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(c*d*x+a*e)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^p*(a^2*e^4
*p^2-2*a*c*d^2*e^2*p^2-2*a*c*d*e^3*p*x+c^2*d^4*p^2+2*c^2*d^3*e*p*x+2*c^2*d
^2*e^2*x^2+3*a^2*e^4*p-8*a*c*d^2*e^2*p-2*a*c*d*e^3*x+5*c^2*d^4*p+6*c^2*d^3
*e*x+2*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+6*c^2*d^4)/(a^3*e^6*p^3-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p^3+3
*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p^3-c^3*d^6*p^3+6*a^3*e^6*p^2-18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p^2+18*a*c^2
*d^4*e^2*p^2-6*c^3*d^6*p^2+11*a^3*e^6*p-33*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p+33*a*c^2*d^4*e^
2*p-11*c^3*d^6*p+6*a^3*e^6-18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+18*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-6*c^3*d^6)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 580 vs. 2(210) = 420.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int (d+ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(2c^3d^3e^3x^4 + 6ac^2d^5e - 6a^2cd^3e^3 + 2a^3de^5 + 2(4c^3d^4e^2 + (c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4)p)x^3 + (ac^2d^5e - 2a^2cd^3e^3))}{(d+ex)^{-4-2p}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x,algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
(2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^5*e - 6*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 2*a^3*d*e^5 + 2*(4*
c^3*d^4*e^2 + (c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*p)*x^3 + (a*c^2*d^5*e - 2*a^2*
c*d^3*e^3 + a^3*d*e^5)*p^2 + (12*c^3*d^5*e + (c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3
+ a^2*c*d*e^5)*p^2 + (7*c^3*d^5*e - 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*p)*x^2
+ (5*a*c^2*d^5*e - 8*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^3*d*e^5)*p + (6*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2
*d^4*e^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 2*a^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*
d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*p^2 + (5*c^3*d^6 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 7*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*
a^3*e^6)*p)*x)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p -
4)/(6*c^3*d^6 - 18*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 6*a^3*e^6 + (c^3*d^
6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*p^3 + 6*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^
2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*p^2 + 11*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2
+ 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*p)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d+ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int ((d+ex)(ae + cdx))^p (d+ex)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(-4-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**p*(d + e*x)**(-2*p - 4), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d+ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm
m="maxima")
```

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-4} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 595, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \\ & -(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p \left(\frac{x(a^3e^6p^2 + 3a^3e^6p + 2a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4p^2 - 7a^2cd^2e^4p - 6a^2cd^2e^4)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{2p+4}} \right. \\ & \quad + \frac{2c^3d^3e^3x^4}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{2p+4}(p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)} \\ & \quad + \frac{ade(a^2e^4p^2 + 3a^2e^4p + 2a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2p^2 - 8acd^2e^2p - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4p^2 + 5c^2d^4p + 6c^2d^4)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{2p+4}(p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)} \\ & \quad + \frac{cdex^2(a^2e^4p^2 + a^2e^4p - 2acd^2e^2p^2 - 8acd^2e^2p + c^2d^4p^2 + 7c^2d^4p + 12c^2d^4)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{2p+4}(p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)} \\ & \quad \left. + \frac{2c^2d^2e^2x^3(4cd^2 - ae^2p + cd^2p)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{2p+4}(p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 4), x)`

output

```

-(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p*((x*(2*a^3*e^6 + 6*c^3*d^6 + 3*
a^3*e^6*p + 5*c^3*d^6*p + a^3*e^6*p^2 + c^3*d^6*p^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*
a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p - 7*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p - a*c^2*d^4*e^2*p^2 -
a^2*c*d^2*e^4*p^2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 4)*(11*p + 6*p^2 +
p^3 + 6)) + (2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^4)/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 4)*(1
1*p + 6*p^2 + p^3 + 6)) + (a*d*e*(2*a^2*e^4 + 6*c^2*d^4 + 3*a^2*e^4*p + 5*
c^2*d^4*p + a^2*e^4*p^2 + c^2*d^4*p^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a*c*d^2*e^2*p -
2*a*c*d^2*e^2*p^2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 4)*(11*p + 6*p^2 +
p^3 + 6)) + (c*d*e*x^2*(12*c^2*d^4 + a^2*e^4*p + 7*c^2*d^4*p + a^2*e^4*p^
2 + c^2*d^4*p^2 - 8*a*c*d^2*e^2*p - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*p^2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3
*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 4)*(11*p + 6*p^2 + p^3 + 6)) + (2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3*(4*c*d
^2 - a*e^2*p + c*d^2*p))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 4)*(11*p + 6*
p^2 + p^3 + 6))

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-4-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^4 + 4(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 ex + 6(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4(ex + d)^{2p} d e^3 x^3 + (ex + d)^{2p} e^4 x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(-4-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**4 +
4*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3*e*x + 6*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*(d +
e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**3*x**3 + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**4*x**4),x)
```

3.399 $\int (d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3141
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3141
Rubi [A] (verified)	3142
Maple [A] (verified)	3143
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3144
Sympy [F]	3144
Maxima [F]	3145
Giac [F]	3145
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3146
Reduce [F]	3146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int (d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(2+p)} + \frac{cd(d+ex)^{-2(1+p)} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (1+p)(2+p)}$$

output $(e*x+d)^{-3-2*p}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(2+p)+c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(p+1)/(2+p)/((e*x+d)^{(2*p+2))}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{-3-2p}((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{1+p} (-ae^2(1+p) + cd(d(2+p) + ex))}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 (1+p)(2+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + p)*(-(a*e^2*(1 + p)) + c*d*(d*(2 + p) + e*x)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1129, 1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p-3} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1129$$

$$\frac{cd \int (d + ex)^{-2(p+1)} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{(d + ex)^{-2p-3} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1123$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{-2p-3} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)} + \frac{cd(d + ex)^{-2(p+1)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p+1)(p+2)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(2 + p)) + (c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*(1 + p)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b
*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2,
0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1129

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*
c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e)
)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p +
2], 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
gosper	$-\frac{(ex+d)^{-2p-2}(cdx+ae)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^p(ae^2p-cd^2p-cdxe+ae^2-2cd^2)}{a^2e^4p^2-2acd^2e^2p^2+c^2d^4p^2+3a^2e^4p-6acd^2e^2p+3c^2d^4p+2a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2+2c^2d^4}$
orering	$-\frac{(ae^2p-cd^2p-cdxe+ae^2-2cd^2)(ex+d)(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{-3-2p}(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^p}{a^2e^4p^2-2acd^2e^2p^2+c^2d^4p^2+3a^2e^4p-6acd^2e^2p+3c^2d^4p+2a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2+2c^2d^4}$
parallelrisch	$x^3(ex+d)^{-3-2p}(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^pc^3d^3e^3-x^2(ex+d)^{-3-2p}(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^pa^2d^2e^4p+x^2(ex+d)^{-3-$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
- (e*x+d)^(-2*p-2)*(c*d*x+a*e)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^p*(a*e^2*p
-c*d^2*p-c*d*e*x+a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/(a^2*e^4*p^2-2*a*c*d^2*e^2*p^2+c^2*d^4*p^2
+3*a^2*e^4*p-6*a*c*d^2*e^2*p+3*c^2*d^4*p+2*a^2*e^4-4*a*c*d^2*e^2+2*c^2*d^4
)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(c^2d^2e^2x^3 + 2acd^3e - a^2de^3 + (3c^2d^3e + (c^2d^3e - acde^3)p)x^2 + (acd^3e - a^2de^3)p + (2c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 2c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 + 2a^2e^4 + (c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)p^2 + 3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 2*a*c*d^3*e - a^2*d*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^3*e + (c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*p)*x^2 + (a*c*d^3*e - a^2*d*e^3)*p + (2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4)*p)*x)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 3)/(2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*a^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*p^2 + 3*(c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*p)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int ((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^p (d + ex)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-3-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**p*(d + e*x)**(-2*p - 3), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p \left(\frac{x(2c^2 d^4 - a^2 e^4 - a^2 e^4 p + c^2 d^4 p + 2ac d^2 e^2)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (d+ex)^{2p+3} (p^2 + 3p + 2)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{c^2 d^2 e^2 x^3}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (d+ex)^{2p+3} (p^2 + 3p + 2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{ade(ae^2 - 2cd^2 + ae^2 p - cd^2 p)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (d+ex)^{2p+3} (p^2 + 3p + 2)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{cde x^2 (3cd^2 - ae^2 p + cd^2 p)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2 (d+ex)^{2p+3} (p^2 + 3p + 2)} \right)$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3),x)`

output `(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p*((x*(2*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4 - a^2*e^4*p + c^2*d^4*p + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3)*(3*p + p^2 + 2)) + (c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3)/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3)*(3*p + p^2 + 2)) - (a*d*e*(a*e^2 - 2*c*d^2 + a*e^2*p - c*d^2*p))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3)*(3*p + p^2 + 2)) + (c*d*e*x^2*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2*p + c*d^2*p))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 3)*(3*p + p^2 + 2))`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d+ex)^{-3-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^3 + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 ex + 3(ex + d)^{2p} d e^2 x^2 + (ex + d)^{2p} e^3 x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-3-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output

```
int((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**3 +  
3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2*e*x + 3*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e**2*x**2 + (d + e*x)*  
*(2*p)*e**3*x**3),x)
```

3.400 $\int (d+ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3148
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3148
Rubi [A] (verified)	3149
Maple [A] (verified)	3150
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3150
Sympy [F]	3151
Maxima [F]	3151
Giac [F]	3151
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3152
Reduce [F]	3152

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (d+ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{-2(1+p)} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(1+p)}$$

output

```
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(p+1)/((e*x+d)^(2*p+2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d+ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{-2(1+p)} ((ae + cd)x)(d+ex)^{1+p}}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]
```

output $((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(1 + p)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + p)*(d + e*x)^{(2*(1 + p))})}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p-2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{-2(p+1)} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{(p + 1)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]`

output $(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1 + p)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(1 + p)*(d + e*x)^{(2*(1 + p))})}$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(ex+d)^{-1-2p}(cdx+ae)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^p}{ae^2p-cd^2p+ae^2-cd^2}$
orering	$-\frac{(ex+d)(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{-2p-2}(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^p}{ae^2p-cd^2p+ae^2-cd^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{x^2(ex+d)^{-2p-2}(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^p c^2 d^2 e^2 + x(ex+d)^{-2p-2}(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^p acd e^3 + x(ex+d)^{-2p-2}}{(ae^2p-cd^2p+ae^2-cd^2)dec}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-2*p-2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)`

output `-(e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2*p-c*d^2*p+a*e^2-c*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e
^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^p`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (d+ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex+d)^{-2p-2}}{cd^2 - ae^2 + (cd^2 - ae^2)p}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-2-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm
m="fricas")`

output `(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e
^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 2)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*p)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int ((d + ex)(ae + cd x))^p (d + ex)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-2-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**p*(d + e*x)**(-2*p - 2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-2-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-2-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= - \left(\frac{x(cd^2 + ae^2)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)(p+1)(d+ex)^{2p+2}} + \frac{ade}{(ae^2 - cd^2)(p+1)(d+ex)^{2p+2}} + \frac{cde x^2}{(ae^2 - cd^2)(p+1)(d+ex)^{2p+2}} \right) (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 2), x)`

output `-((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(p + 1)*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 2)) + (a*d*e)/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(p + 1)*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 2)) + (c*d*e*x^2)/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(p + 1)*(d + e*x)^(2*p + 2)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p} d^2 + 2(ex + d)^{2p} dex + (ex + d)^{2p} e^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-2-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d**2 + 2*(d + e*x)**(2*p)*d*e*x + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e**2*x**2), x)`

3.401 $\int (d+ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3153
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3153
Rubi [A] (verified)	3154
Maple [F]	3156
Fricas [F]	3156
Sympy [F]	3156
Maxima [F]	3157
Giac [F]	3157
Mupad [F(-1)]	3158
Reduce [F]	3158

Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int (d+ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1, 1-p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^p}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 1], [1-p], c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (d+ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)^{-p} (d+ex)^{-2p} ((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{ep}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x ]
```

output

```

-((((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, (c*d*(d +
e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)])/(e*p*((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2))^p*(d +
e*x)^(2*p)))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {1139, 1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^{-2p-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1139 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{-2p} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{2p} \int \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-2p-1} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1138 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{-2p} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^p (ade + cd^2x)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (cxd^2 + aed)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 80 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{-2p} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^p \left(-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} \left(-\frac{ae^2}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{cdxe}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^p dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 79 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{-2p} \left(-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2-ae^2}\right)}{ep}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[(d + e*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p,x]

```

output

$$-\left(\left(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2\right)^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1 - p, (c*d*(d + e*x)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))]/(e^p * \left(-\left(\frac{e*(a*e + c*d*x)}{c*d^2 - a*e^2}\right)\right)^p * (d + e*x)^{(2*p)})\right)$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 1138

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))
```

rule 1139

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^IntPart[m]*((d + e*x)^FracPart[m]/(1 + e*(x/d))^FracPart[m]) Int[(1 + e*(x/d))^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^{-1-2p} (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int ((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^p (d + ex)^{-2p-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(-1-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**p*(d + e*x)**(-2*p - 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx \\ &= \int (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p (ex + d)^{-2p-1} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p*(e*x + d)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d+ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p}{(d+ex)^{2p+1}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 1), x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d+ex)^{-1-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^p}{(ex+d)^{2p} d + (ex+d)^{2p} ex} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(-1-2*p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/((d + e*x)**(2*p)*d + (d + e*x)**(2*p)*e*x), x)`

3.402 $\int (d+ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3159
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3159
Rubi [A] (verified)	3160
Maple [F]	3162
Fricas [F]	3162
Sympy [F(-1)]	3162
Maxima [F]	3163
Giac [F]	3163
Mupad [F(-1)]	3163
Reduce [F]	3164

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2, 2 - p, \frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{(cd^2 - ae^2)(1 - p)}$$

```
output -(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 2],[2-p],c*d*(e*x+d)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1-p)/((e*x+d)^(2*p))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-1-2p} \left(\frac{cd(d+ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^p ((ae + cd)x)(d + ex)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{-cd^2+ae^2}\right)}{cd(1 + p)}$$

```
input Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p),x]
```


output

$$\frac{((d + ex)^{-1 - 2p} * ((c*d*(d + ex))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p * ((a*e + c*d*x) * (d + e*x))^{(1 + p)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)]}{(c*d*(1 + p))}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1139, 1138, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1139$$

$$(d + ex)^{-2p} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{2p} \int \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-2p} (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1138$$

$$(d + ex)^{-2p} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^p (ade + cd^2x)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (cxd^2 + aed)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$(d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + cd^2x)^{-p} \left(\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^p (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \int (cxd^2 + aed)^p \left(\frac{cd^2}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{cexd}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + cd^2x) \left(\frac{cd(d + ex)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)^p (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p, p + 1, p + 2, -\frac{e(ae + cdx)}{cd^2 - ae^2}\right)}{cd^2(p + 1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p), x]$$

output

$$\frac{((a*d*e + c*d^2*x)*((c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))^p*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[p, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))]/(c*d^2*(1 + p)*(d + e*x)^(2*p))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\frac{(a + b*x)^{m+1}}{(b*(m+1)*(b*(b*c - a*d))^n)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d)*(a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))

rule 80

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[n]} / ((b/(b*c - a*d))^{\text{IntPart}[n]} * (b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^{\text{FracPart}[n]}) * \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * \text{Simp}[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n, x], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])

rule 1138

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^m * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / ((1 + e*(x/d))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} * (a/d + (c*x)/e)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) * \text{Int}[(1 + e*(x/d))^{m+p} * (a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))

rule 1139

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{\text{IntPart}[m]} * (d + e*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]} / (1 + e*(x/d))^{\text{FracPart}[m]} * \text{Int}[(1 + e*(x/d))^m * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[d, 0])

Maple [F]

$$\int (ade + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^p (ex + d)^{-2p} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x)`

output `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d)^(2*p), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p/((e*x+d)**(2*p)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d)^(2*p), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^p/(e*x + d)^(2*p), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d+ex)^{-2p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p}{(d + ex)^{2p}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^(2*p), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-2p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^p}{(ex + d)^{2p}} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/((e*x+d)^(2*p)),x)`

output `int((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/(d + e*x)**(2*p),x)`

3.403 $\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

Optimal result	3165
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3165
Rubi [A] (verified)	3166
Maple [A] (verified)	3166
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3167
Sympy [F(-2)]	3168
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3168
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3168
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3169
Reduce [F]	3169

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(1-m)}$$

output $(e*x+d)^{-1+m}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1-m}/c/d/(1-m)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d+ex)^{-1+m}((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{1-m}}{cd(-1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output $-(((d + e*x)^{-1 + m}*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{1 - m})/(c*d*(-1 + m)))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1122$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(1 - m)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c*d*(1 - m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^m (cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{-m}}{cd(m-1)}$
orering	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^m (ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^{-m}}{cd(m-1)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{(-x(ex+d)^m cde-(ex+d)^m ae^2)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{-m}}{dec(m-1)}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{x e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{m-1} - \frac{ae e^{m \ln(ex+d)}}{cd(m-1)}\right) e^{-m \ln(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}$
risc	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)(cdx+ae)^{-m} e^{\frac{i\pi}{2} \operatorname{csgn}(i(ex+d)(cdx+ae))m(-\operatorname{csgn}(i(ex+d)(cdx+ae))+\operatorname{csgn}(i(cd x+ae)))}(-\operatorname{csgn}(i(ex+d)(cdx+ae))+\operatorname{csgn}(i(cd x+ae)))}{cd(m-1)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(c*d*x+a*e)/c/d/(m-1)*(e*x+d)^m/((c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^m)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cdx + ae)(ex + d)^m}{(cdm - cd)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)^m/((c*d*m - c*d)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m)
```


Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid NaN comparison`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = -\frac{cdx + ae}{(cdx + ae)^m cd(m - 1)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c*d*x + a*e)/((c*d*x + a*e)^m*c*d*(m - 1))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx \\ &= -\frac{(ex + d)^m cdxe^{(-m \log(cdx+ae)-m \log(ex+d))} + (ex + d)^m aee^{(-m \log(cdx+ae)-m \log(ex+d))}}{cdm - cd} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-\left((e*x + d)^m * c*d*x * e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + (e*x + d)^m * a*e * e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))}\right) / (c*d*m - c*d)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)^m}{cd(m-1)(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d + e*x)^m / (x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m, x)$$

output

$$-\left((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^m\right) / (c*d*(m - 1)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m)$$
Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(cde x^2 + ae^2 x + cd^2 x + ade)^m} dx$$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)^m / ((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m), x)$$

output

$$\text{int}((d + e*x)**m / (a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**m, x)$$

3.404 $\int (d+ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3170
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3170
Rubi [A] (verified)	3171
Maple [A] (verified)	3171
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3172
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3173
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3173
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3174
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3174
Reduce [F]	3175

Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-1-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1+p}}{cd(1 + p)}$$

output `(e*x+d)^(-1-p)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(p+1)/c/d/(p+1)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-1-p}((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{1+p}}{cd(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-1 - p)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1 + p))/(c*d*(1 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^p dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{-p-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{p+1}}{cd(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-1 - p)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 + p))/(c*d*(1 + p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(cdx+ae)(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^p(ex+d)^{-p}}{cd(p+1)}$
orering	$\frac{(cdx+ae)(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)^p(ex+d)^{-p}}{cd(p+1)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{(x(cd^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^p cde+(cdx^2e+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^p ae^2)(ex+d)^{-p}}{dec(p+1)}$
norman	$\left(\frac{x e^{p \ln(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}}{p+1} + \frac{ae e^{p \ln(ade+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cdx^2e)}}{cd(p+1)} \right) e^{-\ln(ex+d)p}$
risc	$\frac{(cdx+ae)(cdx+ae)^p e^{-\frac{i\pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(ex+d)(cdx+ae))p(-\operatorname{csgn}(i(ex+d)(cdx+ae))+\operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)))}{2}(-\operatorname{csgn}(i(ex+d)(cdx+ae))+\operatorname{csgn}(i(ex+d)(cdx+ae)))}}{cd(p+1)}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*x^2*e)^p/((e*x+d)^p),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(c*d*x+a*e)/c/d/(p+1)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^p/((e*x+d)^p)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (d+ex)^{-p} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(cdx+ae)(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^p}{(cdp+cd)(ex+d)^p}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/((e*x+d)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*d*x+a*e)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+ae^2)*x)^p/((c*d*p+c*d)*(e*x+d)^p)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. $2(44) = 88$.

Time = 134.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x}{ae} & \text{for } c = 0 \wedge d = 0 \wedge p = -1 \\ -\frac{d(d+ex)^{-p}(ade+ae^2x)^p}{e} + x(d+ex)^{-p}(ade+ae^2x)^p & \text{for } c = 0 \\ x(ex)^{-p}(ae^2x)^p & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{\log(\frac{ae}{cd}+x)}{cd} & \text{for } p = -1 \\ \frac{ae(ade+ae^2x+cd^2x+c dex^2)^p}{cdp(d+ex)^p+cd(d+ex)^p} + \frac{cdx(ade+ae^2x+cd^2x+c dex^2)^p}{cdp(d+ex)^p+cd(d+ex)^p} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**p/((e*x+d)**p),x)`

output `Piecewise((x/(a*e), Eq(c, 0) & Eq(d, 0) & Eq(p, -1)), (-d*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x)**p/(e*(d + e*x)**p) + x*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x)**p/(d + e*x)**p, Eq(c, 0)), (x*(a*e**2*x)**p/(e*x)**p, Eq(d, 0)), (log(a*e/(c*d) + x)/(c*d), Eq(p, -1)), (a*e*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/(c*d*p*(d + e*x)**p + c*d*(d + e*x)**p) + c*d*x*(a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/(c*d*p*(d + e*x)**p + c*d*(d + e*x)**p), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \frac{(cdx + ae)(cdx + ae)^p}{cd(p + 1)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/((e*x+d)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*d*x + a*e)*(c*d*x + a*e)^p/(c*d*(p + 1))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{cdxe^{(p \log(cd x + ae) + p \log(ex + d))}}{(ex + d)^p} + \frac{aee^{(p \log(cd x + ae) + p \log(ex + d))}}{(ex + d)^p}}{cdp + cd}$$

input

```
integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/((e*x+d)^p),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(c*d*x*e^(p*log(c*d*x + a*e) + p*log(e*x + d))/(e*x + d)^p + a*e*e^(p*log(c*d*x + a*e) + p*log(e*x + d))/(e*x + d)^p)/(c*d*p + c*d)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(ae + cd x) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^p}{cd(p + 1)(d + ex)^p}$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^p,x)
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^p)/(c*d*(p + 1)*(d + e*x)^p)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^{-p} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^p}{(ex + d)^p} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^p/((e*x+d)^p),x)`

output `int((a*d*e + a*e**2*x + c*d**2*x + c*d*e*x**2)**p/(d + e*x)**p,x)`

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	3176
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	3194

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leaf
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
        If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
            Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
            If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
                Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
                9]]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#                    if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#                    see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```



```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```



```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file